

SAR TEST REPORT

LG Electronics, MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632

Date of Issue: April 30, 2015
Test Report No.: HCT-A-1504-F004-3
Test Site: HCT CO., LTD.

FCC ID:

ZNFH818P

Equipment Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
Model Name: LG-H818P
Additional Model Name: LGH818P, H818P, LG-H818p, LGH818p, H818p
Testing has been carried out in accordance with: 47CFR §2.1093
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 – 1992
IEEE 1528-2003
Date of Test: April 13, 2015 ~ April 21, 2015, April 28, 2015

This device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in FCC KDB procedures and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC KDB procedures.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Tested By;

Reviewer



Young-Seok Yoo
Test Engineer / SAR Team
Certification Division



Dong-Seob Kim
Technical Manager / SAR Team
Certification Division

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-A-1504-F004	Apr. 22, 2015	Initial Issue
HCT-A-1504-F004-1	Apr. 28, 2015	Body-worn SAR test distance was revised - Revised SAR test distance for body-worn from 15 mm to 10 mm -typo - Sec. 3 was revised. (revised BT SAR value) - Sec. 11.5.2 was revised. (recalculated estimated BT SAR) - Sec. 15.2 was revised. (revised SAR test distance and BT SAR value) Add additional LTE Band 7 Hotspot SAR test values of insufficiency in bottom position. - Sec. 10.1 and 10.2 were revised. (Add addition verification for LTE Band 7 body SAR test) - Sec. 13.2-5 was revised. (Add the Bottom position of 50% RB low and high SAR value) - Attachment 2 was revised. (Add the verification plot for LTE Band 7 body.)
HCT-A-1504-F004-2	Apr. 29, 2015	Add the DC-HSDPA infomation. Sec. 11.1 was revised. (Add the DC-HSDPA description.) Sec. 11.3.6 was added. (Add the procedures of mesurement of DC-HSDPA Conducted Power) (Add the DC-HSDPA Conducted power to WCDMA average conducted power table.)
HCT-A-1504-F004-3	Apr. 30, 2015	Sec. 11.1 was revised. (Typo : Revised - HSDPA Sub-test)

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1. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure 1. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC KDB Procedure, IEEE Standard 1528-2003 & IEEE 1528a-2005 and the following published KDB procedures.

- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 HotSpot SAR v02
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry sheet v01r01
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General SAR Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D03 Handset Wireless Chargers Battery Covers v01r02
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)

3. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

EUT Type	Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC					
FCC ID:	ZNFH818P					
Model:	LG-H818P					
Additional Model Name::	LGH818P, H818P, LG-H818p, LGH818p, H818p					
Trade Name:	LG Electronics, MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.					
Application Type:	Certification					
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:			Prototype			
Band& Mode	Tx. Frequency	Equipment Class	Reported SAR (W/Kg)			
	(MHz)		1gm Head	1gm Body-Worn	1gm Hotspot	10gm Extremity
GSM/GPRS /EDGE 850	824.2 - 848.8	PCE	0.50	0.50	0.63	-
GSM/GPRS/ EDGE 1900	1 850.2 -1 909.8	PCE	0.57	0.39	0.46	-
WCDMA 850	826.4 - 846.6	PCE	0.39	0.45	0.71	-
WCDMA 1900	1 852.4 – 1 907.6	PCE	0.77	0.69	0.74	-
LTE 5	824.7 - 843	PCE	0.34	0.45	0.63	-
LTE 7	2 502.5 – 2 567.5	PCE	0.24	0.93	1.11	-
LTE 17	706.5 ~ 713.5	PCE	0.20	0.32	0.35	-
2.4 GHz WLAN	2 412.0 - 2 462.0	DTS	0.50	0.26	0.26	-
U-NII-1	5 180 - 5 240	NII	-	-	-	-
U-NII-2A	5 260 - 5 320	NII	0.42	0.21	-	0.35
U-NII-2C<5.65GHz	5 500 - 5 580	NII	0.32	0.25	-	0.50
U-NII-2C>5.65GHz +U-NII-3	5660 - 5 825	NII	0.61	0.14	0.23	-
Bluetooth	2 402 – 2 480	DSS/DTS	-	0.17*	-	-
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03			1.38	1.19	1.36	0.50
Date(s) of Tests:	April 13, 2015 ~ April 21, 2015, April 28, 2015					
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna					
GPRS/EGPRS:	Multi-slot Class 33, Mode Class B					
Key Feature(s)	BT 4.1(LE) ,WIFI Hotspot, FM Radio, GPS, NFC					

* Note :

1. There is no differences between model names.
2. BT Body-worn SAR value is estimated SAR value that should not be reported standalone SAR on grants of equipment approval.

3.1 KDB 941225 LTE information

Item.		Description					
Frequency Range:		Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz					
		Band 7: 2 502.5 MHz ~ 2 567.5 MHz					
		Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz					
Channel Bandwidth:		Band 5: 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz					
		Band 7: 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz					
		Band 17: 5 MHz, 10 MHz					
Channel Number & Frequency:							
Band 5							
1.4 MHz		3 MHz		5 MHz		10 MHz	
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)
20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829.0
20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5
20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844.0
Band 7							
5 MHz		10 MHz		15 MHz		20 MHz	
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)
20775	2 502.5	20800	2 505	20825	2 507.5	20850	2 510
21100	2 535.0	21100	2 535	21100	2 535.0	21100	2 535
21425	2 567.5	21400	2 565	21375	2 562.5	21350	2 560
Band 17							
5 MHz				10 MHz			
Ch.		Freq. (MHz)		Ch.		Freq. (MHz)	
23755		706.5		23780		709	
23790		710		23790		710	
23825		713.5		23800		711	
UE Category & Uplink Modulation		UE Category 3, QPSK, 16QAM					
Description of the LTE Transmitter & antenna		This model has two Tx. paths.					
		One is for GSM and WCDMA and LTE. It can not transmit simultaneously.					
		The other is for BT & WLAN. It can not transmit simultaneously.					
		Please find the section 12					
LTE voice/data requirements		Data Only,					
		LTE voice is available via VoIP. Considering the users may install 3rd party software to enable VoIP, LTE Head SAR is also evaluated.					
Identify if MPR is optional or mandatory optional or mandatory		The EUT incorporates MPR as per 3GPP TS 36.101 sec. 6.2.3 ~ 6.2.5					
		The MPR is permanently built-in by design as a mandatory.					
		A-MPR is not implemented in the EUT.					
		See section 11.4 RF output power measurements in the SAR report.					
Maximum average conducted output power(dBm) Identify all other U.S. wireless operating modes, device exposure configurations and frequency bands.				GSM850/ GSM1900, WCDMA850/1900, LTE Band 5, LTE Band 7 and LTE Band 17			
				Head & Body SAR are required.			
Maximum average conducted output power for other Wireless mode and frequency				See section 11 RF output power measurements in the SAR report.			
Simultaneous Transmission condition		This device supports simultaneous transmission. Please find the section 15.					
Power reduction explanation		This device doesn't implements power reduction.					
Description of the test equipment, software, etc.		LTE SAR Testing was performed using a CMW500. UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.					

4.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Pentium IV 3.0 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

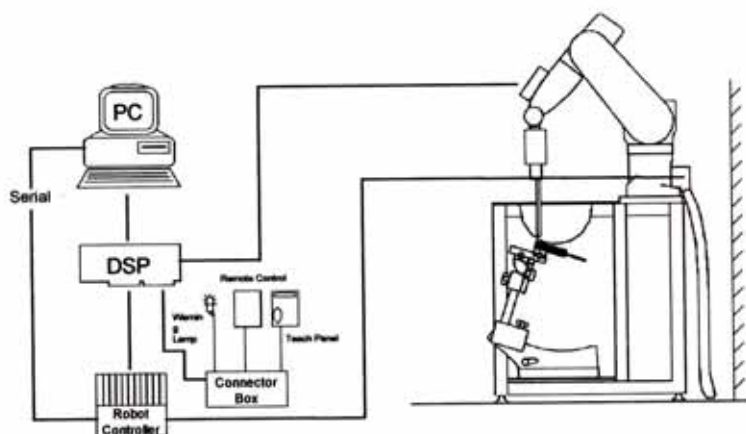


Figure 2. HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

4.2 DASY E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

4.1 ET3DV6 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy: 8 %)
Frequency	10 MHz to > 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g;
Range Linearity:	± 0.2 dB
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces.
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dissymmetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of WCDMA/LTE Phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms



Figure 3. Photograph of the probe and the Phantom

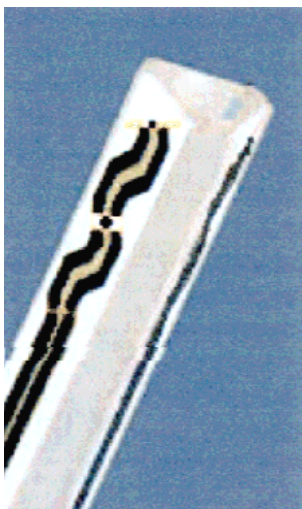


Figure 4. ET3DV6 E-field Probe

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches a maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

4.2.1 EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1810 Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones



Figure 5. Photograph of the probe and the Phantom



Figure 6. EX3DV4 E-field Probe

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches a maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

4.3 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

4.3.1 E-Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with an accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the proper procedure and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E^2| \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm^3 for brain tissue)

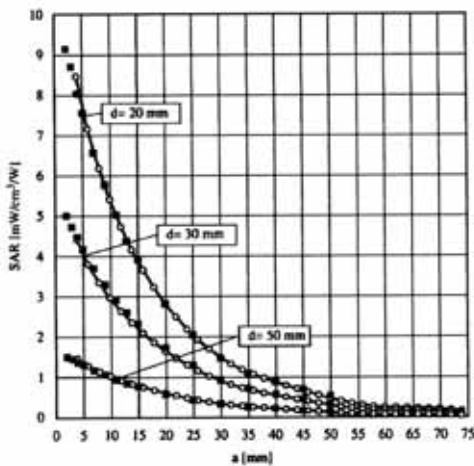


Figure 7. E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900 MHz

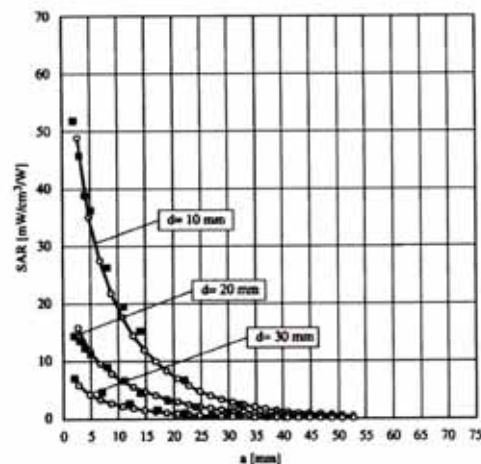


Figure 8. E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.8 GHz

4.3.2 Data Extrapolation

The DASY4 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i} \quad \text{with} \quad \begin{array}{ll} V_i & = \text{compensated signal of channel } i \quad (i=x,y,z) \\ U_i & = \text{input signal of channel } i \quad (i=x,y,z) \\ cf & = \text{crest factor of exciting field} \quad (\text{DASY parameter}) \\ dcp_i & = \text{diode compression poing} \quad (\text{DASY parameter}) \end{array}$$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

V_i	= compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
$Norm_i$	= sensor sensitivity of channel i (i=x,y,z) $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field probes
$ConvF$	= sensitivity of enhancement in solution
E_i	= electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000} \quad \text{with} \quad \begin{array}{ll} SAR & = \text{local specific absorption rate in W/g} \\ E_{tot} & = \text{total field strength in V/m} \\ \sigma & = \text{conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]} \\ \rho & = \text{equivalent tissue density in g/cm}^3 \end{array}$$

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{with} \quad \begin{array}{ll} P_{pwe} & = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in w/cm}^2 \\ E_{tot} & = \text{total electric field strength in V/m} \end{array}$$

4.4 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.



Figure 9. SAM Phantom

Shell Thickness	2.0 mm $\pm$ 0.2 mm (6 $\pm$ 0.2 mm at ear point)
Filling Volume	about 25 L
Dimensions	810 mm x 1 000 mm x 500 mm (H x L x W)

Triple Modular Phantom consists of three identical modules which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid. It includes three reference points for phantom installation. Covers prevent evaporation of the liquid. Phantom material is resistant to DGBE based tissue simulating liquids. The MFP V5.1 will be delivered including wooden support only (non-standard SPEAG support).

Applicable for system performance check from 700 MHz to 6 GHz (MFP V5.1C) or 800 MHz - 6 GHz (MFP V5.1A) as well as dosimetric evaluations for body-worn operation.

Shell Thickness	2.0 mm $\pm$ 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 9.2 L
Dimensions	830 mm x 500 mm (L x W)



Figure 10. MFP V5.1 Triple Modular Phantom

4.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Phantom V 4.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce an infinite number of configurations. To produce the Worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure 11. Device Holder

4.6 Tissue Simulating Mixture Characterization

The mixture is characterized to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the tissue of interest. The tissue dielectric parameters recommended in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 have been used as targets for the compositions, and are to match within 5%, per the FCC recommendations.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)							
	835		1 900		2 450 ~ 2 700		5 200 - 5 800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.45	53.06	54.9	70.17	71.88	73.2	65.52	78.66
Salt (NaCl)	1.45	0.94	0.18	0.39	0.16	0.1	0.0	0.0
Sugar	57.0	44.9	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	1.0	1.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.97	0.0	17.24	10.67
DGBE	0.0	0.0	44.92	29.44	7.99	26.7	0.0	0.0
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	10.67

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]		
Triton X-100(ultra pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether		

Table 4.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

4.7 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	alib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Triple Modular Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot TX90 Lspeag	F13/5R4XF1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot Controller CS8Cspeag-TX90	F13/5R4XF1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	Pavilion t000_puffer	KRJ51201TV	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Light Alignment Sensor	SE UKS 030 AA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D21142605	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE4	652	Mar. 18, 2015	Annual	Mar. 18, 2016
SPEAG	DAE4	614	Sep. 18, 2014	Annual	Sep. 18, 2015
SPEAG	DAE4	1417	Jan. 27, 2015	Annual	Jan. 27, 2016
SPEAG	E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1631	Jan. 28, 2015	Annual	Jan. 28, 2016
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3967	Dec. 22, 2014	Annual	Dec. 22, 2015
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3903	Aug. 28, 2014	Annual	Aug. 28, 2015
SPEAG	Dipole D750V3	1014	Jul. 24, 2014	Annual	Jul. 24, 2015
SPEAG	Dipole D835V2	441	Jan. 23, 2015	Annual	Jan. 23, 2016
SPEAG	Dipole D1900V2	5d061	Jul. 23, 2014	Annual	Jul. 23, 2015
SPEAG	Dipole D2450V2	743	Jul. 24, 2014	Annual	Jul. 24, 2015
SPEAG	Dipole D2600V2	1015	Mar. 25, 2015	Annual	Mar. 25, 2016
SPEAG	Dipole D5GHzV2	1107	Jan. 28, 2015	Annual	Jan. 28, 2016
Agilent	Power Meter(F) E4419B	MY41291386	Oct. 27, 2014	Annual	Oct. 27, 2015
Agilent	Power Sensor(G) 8481	MY41090680	Oct. 27, 2014	Annual	Oct. 27, 2015
HP	Dielectric Probe Kit 85070C	00721521	CBT		
HP	Dual Directional Coupler 778D	16072	Oct. 27, 2014	Annual	Oct. 27, 2015
Agilent	Base Station E5515C	GB44400269	Feb. 09, 2015	Annual	Feb. 09, 2016
HP	Signal Generator 8664A	3744A02069	Oct. 27, 2014	Annual	Oct. 27, 2015
Hewlett Packard	11636B/Power Divider	58698	Mar. 02, 2015	Annual	Mar. 02, 2016
Agilent	N9020A/ SIGNAL ANALYZER	MY50510407	Mar. 23, 2015	Annual	Mar. 23, 2016
HP	Network Analyzer 8753ES	JP39240221	Mar. 23, 2015	Annual	Mar. 23, 2016
R&S	Base Station CMW500	100990	Dec. 05, 2014	Annual	Dec. 05, 2015

NOTE:

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain/body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain/body-equivalent material.
2. CBT(Calibrating Before Testing). Prior to testing, the dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure(calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit(standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent

5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

1. The SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.
2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.
3. Around this point, a volume of 32 mm x 32 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:
 - a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR value, at the same location as procedure #1, was re-measured. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the evaluation is repeated.

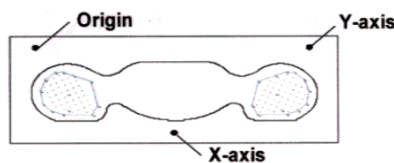


Figure 12. SAR Measurement Point in Area Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extend, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SASR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follow KDB 865664 D01v01r03 quoted below

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

6.1 HEAD POSITION

The device was placed in a normal operating position with the Point A on the device, as illustrated in following drawing, aligned with the location of the RE(ERP) on the phantom. With the ear-piece pressed against the head, the vertical center line of the body of the handset was aligned with an imaginary plane consisting of the RE, LE and M. While maintaining these alignments, the body of the handset was gradually moved towards the cheek until any point on the mouth-piece or keypad contacted the cheek. This is a cheek/touch position. For ear/tilt position, while maintain the device aligned with the BM and FN lines, the device was pivot against ERP back for 15° or until the device antenna touch the phantom. Please refer to IEEE 1528-2003 illustration below.

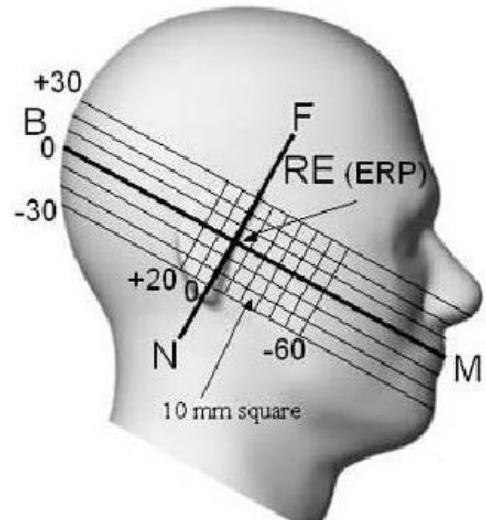


Figure 13. Side view of the phantom

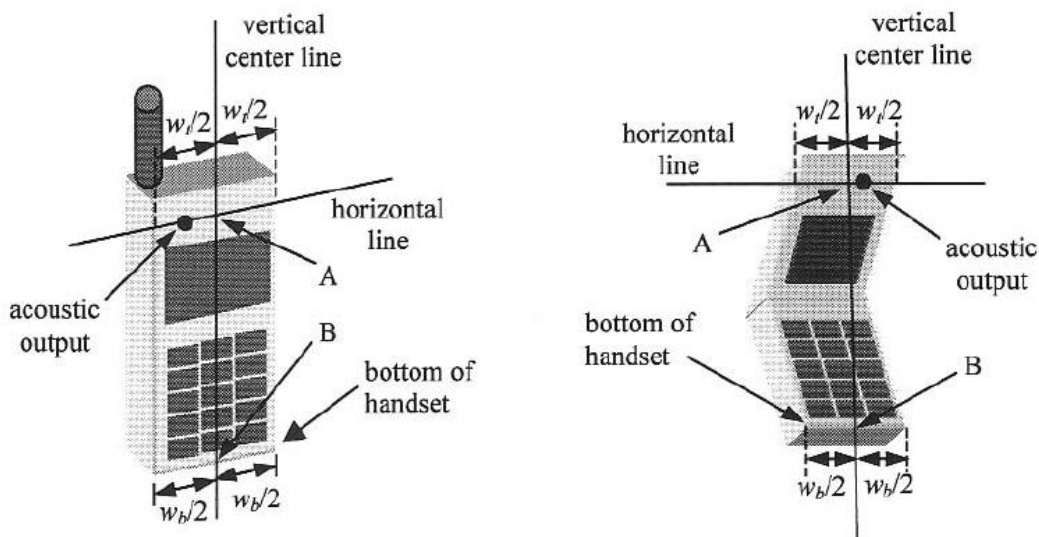


Figure 14. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

6.2 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with each accessory. If multiple accessory share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

Since this EUT does not supply any body worn accessory to the end user a distance of 1.0 cm from the EUT back surface to the liquid interface is configured for the generic test.

"See the Test SET-UP Photo"

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), Including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worstcase positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

6.3 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r02 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna ≥ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10-g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2W/kg.

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error Description	Tol ($\pm$ %)	Prob. dist.	Div.	c_i	Standard Uncertainty ($\pm$ %)	v_{eff}
1. Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.00	N	1	1	6.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.73	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.73	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.70	R	1.73	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1.00	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Max SAR Eval	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
2. Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	2.90	N	1.00	1	2.90	145
Device Holder	3.60	N	1.00	1	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
3. Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.73	1	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	2.07	N	1	0.64	1.60	9
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	5.02	N	1	0.6	1.50	9
Combine Standard Uncertainty					10.85	
Coverage Factor for 95 %					$k=2$	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					21.70	

Table 7.1 Uncertainty (700 MHz- 2 600 MHz)

Error Description	Tol (± %)	Prob. dist.	Div.	C _i	Standard Uncertainty (± %)	V _{eff}
1. Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	6.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.73	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.73	0.7	3.88	∞
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.70	R	1.73	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1.00	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.8	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Max SAR Eval	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
2. Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	2.90	N	1.00	1	2.90	145
Device Holder	3.60	N	1.00	1	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
3. Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.73	1	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	2.07	N	1	0.64	1.32	9
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	5.02	N	1	0.6	3.01	9
Combine Standard Uncertainty					11.43	
Coverage Factor for 95 %					k=2	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					22.86	

Table 7.2 Uncertainty (5 000 - 5 900 MHz)

8. ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 8.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

NOTES:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

9. SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

Per FCC KCB 865664 D02v01r01, SAR system validation status should be document to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR System #	Probe	Probe Type	Probe Calibration Point		Dipole	Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
						Measured Permittivity	Measured Conductivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
10	1631	ET3DV6	Head	750	1014	42.1	0.91	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
10	1631	ET3DV6	Body	750	1014	55.7	0.97	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
10	1631	ET3DV6	Head	835	441	41.6	0.88	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
10	1631	ET3DV6	Body	835	441	55.1	0.98	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
10	1631	ET3DV6	Head	1900	5d061	39.7	1.41	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
10	1631	ET3DV6	Body	1900	5d061	52.1	1.52	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	2450	743	38.2	1.79	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	2450	743	53.2	1.95	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	2600	1015	39.2	1.98	PASS	PASS	PASS	NA	N/A	NA
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	2600	1015	52.7	2.14	PASS	PASS	PASS	NA	N/A	NA
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	2600	1015	52.7	2.14	PASS	PASS	PASS	NA	N/A	NA
8	3967	EX3DV4	Head	5300	1107	35.7	4.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	5300	1107	48.5	5.38	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Head	5600	1107	35.2	4.99	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	5600	1107	47.8	5.72	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Head	5800	1107	35.1	5.29	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	5800	1107	47.3	5.94	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

SAR System Validation Summary 1g

SAR System #	Probe	Probe Type	Probe Calibration Point		Dipole	Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
						Measured Permittivity	Measured Conductivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	5300	1107	48.5	5.38	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	5600	1107	47.8	5.72	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	5800	1107	47.3	5.94	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

SAR System Validation Summary – Extremity SAR Considerations

Note;

All measurement were performed using probes calibrated for CW signal only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03. SAR system were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664 D01v01r03.

10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

Freq.	Date	Probe	Dipole	Liquid	Liquid Temp.	Parameter	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation	Limit
[MHz]					[°C]	s			[%]	[%]
750	Apr. 17, 2015	1631	1014	Head	21.5	ϵ_r	41.9	42.797	+ 2.14	± 5
						σ	0.89	0.908	+ 2.02	± 5
750	Apr. 17, 2015	1631		Body	21.5	ϵ_r	55.5	54.355	- 2.06	± 5
						σ	0.96	0.975	+ 1.56	± 5
835	Apr. 13, 2015	1631	441	Head	19.2	ϵ_r	41.5	42.731	+ 2.97	± 5
						σ	0.90	0.906	+ 0.67	± 5
835	Apr. 15, 2015	1631		Body	20.8	ϵ_r	55.2	56.793	+ 2.89	± 5
						σ	0.97	0.98	+ 1.03	± 5
1 900	Apr. 14, 2015	1631	5d061	Head	21.5	ϵ_r	40.0	38.946	- 2.64	± 5
						σ	1.40	1.387	- 0.93	± 5
1 900	Apr. 16, 2015	1631		Body	23.1	ϵ_r	53.3	52.181	- 2.10	± 5
						σ	1.52	1.472	- 3.16	± 5
2 450	Apr. 20, 2015	3903	743	Head	20.8	ϵ_r	39.2	39.445	+ 0.62	± 5
						σ	1.80	1.81	+ 0.56	± 5
2 450	Apr. 20, 2015	3903		Body	20.8	ϵ_r	52.7	52.74	+ 0.08	± 5
						σ	1.95	1.94	- 0.51	± 5
2 600	Apr. 21, 2015	3903	1015	Head	20.8	ϵ_r	39.0	39.015	+ 0.04	± 5
						σ	1.96	2.036	+ 3.88	± 5
2 600	Apr. 21, 2015	3903		Body	20.8	ϵ_r	52.5	54.353	+ 3.53	± 5
						σ	2.16	2.204	+ 2.04	± 5
2 600	Apr. 28, 2015	3903		Body	22.7	ϵ_r	52.5	54.349	+ 3.52	± 5
						σ	2.16	2.203	+ 1.99	± 5
5 300	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Head	20.0	ϵ_r	35.9	35.768	- 0.37	± 5
						σ	4.76	4.677	- 1.74	± 5
5 300	Apr. 17, 2015	3967		Body	20.0	ϵ_r	48.9	47.636	- 2.58	± 5
						σ	5.42	5.302	- 2.18	± 5
5 600	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Head	20.0	ϵ_r	35.5	35.174	- 0.92	± 5
						σ	5.07	4.944	- 2.49	± 5
5 600	Apr. 17, 2015	3967		Body	20.0	ϵ_r	48.5	47.047	- 3.00	± 5
						σ	5.77	5.685	- 1.47	± 5
5 800	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Head	20.0	ϵ_r	35.3	34.56	- 2.10	± 5
						σ	5.27	5.231	- 0.74	± 5
5 800	Apr. 17, 2015	3967		Body	20.0	ϵ_r	48.2	46.79	- 2.93	± 5
						σ	6.00	6.083	+ 1.38	± 5

The Tissue dielectronic parameters were measured prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070C Dielectronic Probe Kit and Agilent Network Analyzer.

10.2 System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 750 MHz / 835 MHz / 1 900 MHz / 2 450 MHz / 2 600 MHz / 5 300 MHz / 5 600 MHz / 5 800 MHz by using the system Verification kit.
(Graphic Plots Attached)

System Verification Results

Freq.	Date	Probe (S/N)	Dipole (S/N)	Liquid	Amb. Temp.	Liquid Temp.	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (SPEAG)	Measured SAR _{1g}	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g}	Deviation	Limit [%]
[MHz]					[°C]	[°C]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	[%]	[%]
750	Apr. 17, 2015	1631	1014	Head	21.7	21.5	8.31	0.823	8.23	- 0.96	± 10
750	Apr. 17, 2015	1631		Body	21.7	21.5	8.63	0.852	8.52	- 1.27	± 10
835	Apr. 13, 2015	1631	441	Head	19.1	19.2	9.21	0.942	9.42	+ 2.28	± 10
835	Apr. 15, 2015	1631		Body	21.0	20.8	9.34	0.927	9.27	- 0.75	± 10
1 900	Apr. 14, 2015	1631	5d061	Head	21.7	21.5	40.6	3.99	39.9	- 1.72	± 10
1 900	Apr. 16, 2015	1631		Body	23.3	23.1	40.8	4.25	42.5	+ 4.17	± 10
2 450	Apr. 20, 2015	3903	743	Head	21.0	20.8	53.2	5.41	54.1	+ 1.69	± 10
2 450	Apr. 20, 2015	3903		Body	21.0	20.8	51.3	5.29	52.9	+ 3.12	± 10
2 600	Apr. 21, 2015	3903	1015	Head	21.0	20.8	56.5	5.53	55.3	- 2.12	± 10
2 600	Apr. 21, 2015	3903		Body	21.0	20.8	55.4	5.65	56.5	+ 1.99	± 10
2 600	Apr. 28, 2015	3903		Body	22.9	22.7	55.4	5.64	56.4	+ 1.81	± 10
5 300	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Head	20.2	20.0	80.8	8.36	83.6	+ 3.47	± 10
5 300	Apr. 17, 2015	3967		Body	20.2	20.0	73.5	7.3	73	- 0.68	± 10
5 600	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Head	20.2	20.0	81.5	8.23	82.3	+ 0.98	± 10
5 600	Apr. 17, 2015	3967		Body	20.2	20.0	77.7	8.12	81.2	+ 4.50	± 10
5 800	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Head	20.2	20.0	77.8	7.85	78.5	+ 0.90	± 10
5 800	Apr. 17, 2015	3967		Body	20.2	20.0	75.3	7.74	77.4	+ 2.79	± 10

System Verification Results – Extremity SAR

Freq.	Date	Probe (SN)	Dipole (SN)	Liquid	Amb. Temp.	Liquid Temp.	1 W Target SAR _{10g} (SPEAG)	Measured SAR _{10g}	1 W Normalized SAR _{10g}	Deviation	Limit
[MHz]					[°C]	[°C]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	[%]	[%]
5 300	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Body	20.2	20.0	20.6	2.05	20.5	- 0.49	± 10
5 600	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Body	20.2	20.0	21.6	2.27	22.7	+ 5.09	± 10
5 800	Apr. 17, 2015	3967	1107	Body	20.2	20.0	20.7	2.17	21.7	+ 4.83	± 10

10.3 System Verification Procedure

SAR measurement was prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at each frequency band by using the system Verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

- Cabling the system, using the Verification kit equipment.
- Generate about 100 mW Input Level from the Signal generator to the Dipole Antenna.
- Dipole Antenna was placed below the Flat phantom.
- The measured one-gram SAR at the surface of the phantom above the dipole feed-point should be within 10 % of the target reference value.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Note;

SAR Verification was performed according to the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03.

11. RF CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power. The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR. SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted Power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

11.1 Output Power Specifications.

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v05r02.

GSM

GSM850	GSM1900
Target Power : 33.2 dBm	Target Power : 30.2 dBm
GPRS850	PCS1900
GPRS 1tx : 33.2 dBm / EGPRS 1tx : 26.2 dBm	GPRS 1tx : 30.2 dBm / EGPRS 1tx : 25.2 dBm
GPRS 2tx : 31.2 dBm / EGPRS 2tx : 25.2 dBm	GPRS 2tx : 28.2 dBm / EGPRS 2tx : 24.2 dBm
GPRS 3tx : 29.2 dBm / EGPRS 3tx : 24.2 dBm	GPRS 3tx : 26.2 dBm / EGPRS 3tx : 23.2 dBm
GPRS 4tx : 27.2 dBm / EGPRS 4tx : 23.2 dBm	GPRS 4tx : 24.2 dBm / EGPRS 4tx : 22.2 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5 dB/ +0.5 dB	

WCDMA

WCDMA850	WCDMA1900
Target Power : 24.2 dBm	Target Power : 24.2 dBm
HSDPA Sub-test 1 :24.2 dBm	HSDPA Sub-test 1 :24.2 dBm
HSDPA Sub-test 2: 24.2 dBm	HSDPA Sub-test 2: 24.2 dBm
HSDPA Sub-test 3: 23.7 dBm	HSDPA Sub-test 3: 23.2 dBm
HSDPA Sub-test 4: 23.7 dBm	HSDPA Sub-test 4: 23.2 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5 dB/ +0.5 dB	
* MPR Tune-up Tolerance : -0.5 dB/ +0.5 dB	

* The HSUPA and DC-HSDPA transmitter power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on Qualcomm's HSPA chipset solutions

LTE

Mode/Band	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 7	LTE Band 17
Target Power	24.2dBm	24.2 dBm	24.2 dBm
Tune-up Tolerance : -1.5 dB/ +0.5 dB			

* MPR condition

RB Size	1	1	50%	100%	1	1	50%	100%
Mode	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	16-QAM	16-QAM	16-QAM	16-QAM
MPR	0	0	1	1	1	1	2	2
Tune-up Tolerance : -0.5 dB/ +0.5 dB								

Wifi

IEEE 802.11 (in dBm)							
2.4 GHz WIFI	Mode / Band	802.11a	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n (20MHz)	802.11n (40MHz)	802.11ac
	Maximum	N/A	17.5	14.5	13.5	N/A	13
	Nominal	N/A	16.5	13.5	12.5	N/A	12
5 GHz WIFI	Mode / Band	802.11a	802.11n (20MHz)	802.11n (40MHz)	802.11ac (20MHz)	802.11ac (40MHz)	802.11ac (80MHz)
	Maximum	12	12	10	12	10	11.5
	Nominal	11	11	9	11	9	10.5

BT.

Bluetooth (Average Power)	(in dBm)	1Mbps(GFSK)	2Mbps(DPSK)	3Mbps(8DPSK)	LE
	Maximum	9	5.5	5.5	5.5
	Nominal	8	4.5	4.5	4.5

11.2 GSM

Conducted output power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.



SAR Test for WWAN were performed with a base station simulator Agilent E5515C. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. Set base station emulator to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power during all tests. Please refer to the below worst case SAR operation setup.

- GSM voice: Head SAR, Body SAR
- GPRS Multi-slots : Body SAR with GPRS/EDGE Multi-slot Class 33 with CS 1 (GMSK)

Note;

This EUT'S GSM, GPRS and EDGE device class is B, DTM Multislot class :N/A

Per KDB 941225 D01v03, GMSK GPRS and EDGE mode is the primary mode.

CS1/MCS7 coding scheme was used in GPRS/EDGE output power measurements and SAR Testing, as a condition where GMSK modulation was ensured. Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4/ MCS5 – MCS9 settings do not have any impact on the output levels in the GPRS/EDGE modes.

GSM Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1				EDGE Data			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)
GSM 850	128	32.85	32.89	30.97	29.25	22.13	26.52	25.29	24.52	23.52
	190	33.03	33.02	31.11	28.87	27.17	26.64	25.15	24.34	23.38
	251	32.83	32.84	30.92	29.18	27.06	26.65	25.48	24.66	23.62
GSM 1900	512	30.10	30.11	28.22	26.26	24.38	25.28	24.40	23.46	22.68
	661	30.12	30.14	28.14	26.12	24.36	25.12	24.06	23.11	22.53
	810	30.09	30.09	28.36	26.40	24.44	25.20	24.32	23.38	22.64

GSM Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1				EDGE Data			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)
GSM 850	128	23.82	23.86	24.95	24.99	19.12	17.49	19.27	20.26	20.51
	190	24.00	23.99	25.09	24.61	24.16	17.61	19.13	20.08	20.37
	251	23.80	23.81	24.90	24.92	24.05	17.62	19.46	20.40	20.61
GSM 1900	512	21.07	21.08	22.20	22.00	21.37	16.25	18.38	19.20	19.67
	661	21.09	21.11	22.12	21.86	21.35	16.09	18.04	18.85	19.52
	810	21.06	21.06	22.34	22.14	21.43	16.17	18.30	19.12	19.63

Note:

Time slot average factor is as follows:

- 1 Tx slot = 9.03 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 9.03 dB
- 2 Tx slot = 6.02 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 6.02 dB
- 3 Tx slot = 4.26 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 4.26 dB
- 4 Tx slot = 3.01 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 3.01 dB

11.3 WCDMA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA/HSUPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is Measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

11.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3 GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC(transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

11.3.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

11.3.3 Body SAR Measurement

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all “1s”.

11.3.4 Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is Measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

Sub-Test 1 Setup for Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(2)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
 Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
 Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

11.3.5 Handsets with Release 6 HSPA (HSDPA/HSUPA)

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75 % of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.1 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP is applicable for head exposure, SAR is not required when the maximum output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured using 12.2 kbps RMC; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body measurement should be used to test for head exposure.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note : Per KDB 941225 D01v03, the 12.2kbps RMC is the primary mode.

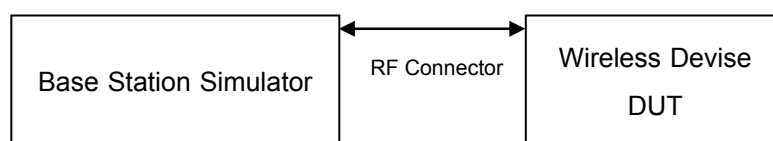
11.3.6 DC-HSDPA

UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

DC-HSDPA Considerations:

- 3GPP Specification 34.121-1 Release 8 Ver 8.10.0 was used for DC-HSDPA guidance
- H-Set 12(QPSK) was confirmed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements
- Measured maximum output powers for DC-HSDPA were not greater than 1/4 dB higher than the WCDMA 12.2 kbps RMC maximum output and as a result, SAR is not required for DC-HSDPA
- The DUT supports UE category 24 for HSDPA

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSUPA subtests may be up to 1 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model.



WCDMA850

3GPP	Mode	3GPP 34.121	Cellular Band [dBm]		
Release		Subtest			
Version			UL 4132 DL 4357	UL 4183 DL 4408	UL 4233 DL 4458
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	24.02	24.29	24.06
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.95	24.28	24.03
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.99	23.34	23.07
5		Subtest 2	22.89	23.22	22.93
5		Subtest 3	22.46	22.80	22.50
5		Subtest 4	22.46	22.81	22.50
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.24	22.53	22.27
6		Subtest 2	21.57	21.90	21.62
6		Subtest 3	22.10	22.40	22.12
6		Subtest 4	22.07	22.38	22.10
6		Subtest 5	22.20	22.51	22.27
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.06	23.26	23.15
8		Subtest 2	22.89	23.12	22.99
8		Subtest 3	22.43	22.66	22.53
8		Subtest 4	22.43	22.67	22.54

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

WCDMA1900

3GPP	Mode	3GPP 34.121	PCS Band [dBm]		
Release		Subtest			
Version			UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	24.21	24.52	24.35
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	24.19	24.48	24.34
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	24.20	24.50	23.62
5		Subtest 2	24.05	24.41	23.50
5		Subtest 3	23.58	23.93	23.05
5		Subtest 4	23.58	23.92	23.04
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	23.03	22.68	22.73
6		Subtest 2	22.65	22.88	22.09
6		Subtest 3	22.87	22.59	22.57
6		Subtest 4	23.05	23.09	22.58
6		Subtest 5	22.97	22.63	22.71
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	24.19	24.47	23.63
8		Subtest 2	24.03	24.36	23.52
8		Subtest 3	23.58	23.92	23.09
8		Subtest 4	23.58	23.93	23.10

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

11.4 LTE

SAR testing was performed according to the FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r03 publication.

This DUT is developed base on MPR. The MPR is mandatory.

The device will not operate with any other MPR setting than that stated in the table as indicated.

SAR Testing was performed using a CMW500. UE transmits with Maximum output power during SAR testing.

A-MPR has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the R&S CMW500.

- LTE Band 5

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20407 824.7 MHz	20525 836.5 MHz	20643 848.3 MHz
1.4 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.38	24.41	24.69
		1	3	24.46	24.41	24.64
		1	5	24.52	24.50	24.68
		3	0	24.32	24.36	24.28
		3	1	24.44	24.51	24.27
		3	3	24.25	24.29	24.50
	16QAM	6	0	23.01	23.05	23.03
		1	0	23.61	23.67	23.32
		1	3	23.68	23.68	23.46
		1	5	23.48	23.68	23.34
		3	0	23.20	23.38	23.34
		3	1	23.30	23.40	23.42
		3	3	23.19	23.39	23.34
		6	0	21.85	21.74	21.96

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20415 825.5 MHz	20525 836.5 MHz	20635 847.5 MHz
3 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.58	24.68	24.40
		1	7	24.41	24.24	24.34
		1	14	24.64	24.57	24.42
		8	0	23.09	23.16	23.03
		8	3	23.08	23.08	23.08
		8	7	22.99	23.09	23.06
		15	0	23.03	23.08	23.05
	16QAM	1	0	23.69	23.68	23.40
		1	7	23.51	23.65	23.19
		1	14	23.65	23.56	23.53
		8	0	21.93	21.94	21.86
		8	3	21.92	21.85	21.89
		8	7	21.83	21.82	21.95
		15	0	21.84	21.74	21.84

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20425 826.5 MHz	20525 836.5 MHz	20625 846.5 MHz
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.32	24.51	24.41
		1	12	24.04	24.15	23.86
		1	24	24.23	24.51	24.24
		12	0	22.94	23.13	22.89
		12	6	22.99	23.09	22.89
		12	11	22.99	23.09	22.90
		25	0	22.98	23.02	22.89
	16QAM	1	0	23.43	23.50	23.68
		1	12	23.61	23.66	23.57
		1	24	23.43	23.44	23.67
		12	0	21.69	21.91	21.71
		12	6	21.77	21.90	21.81
		12	11	21.91	21.86	21.85
		25	0	21.99	21.82	21.75

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20450 829 MHz	20525 836.5 MHz	20600 844 MHz
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.25	24.52	24.48
		1	24	24.58	24.50	24.15
		1	49	24.46	24.39	24.19
		25	0	22.94	22.83	22.64
		25	12	22.93	22.84	22.77
		25	24	22.88	22.9	22.85
		50	0	22.87	22.81	22.81
	16QAM	1	0	23.59	23.53	23.50
		1	24	23.67	23.59	23.44
		1	49	23.51	23.39	23.66
		25	0	21.67	21.62	21.55
		25	12	21.74	21.71	21.66
		25	24	21.63	21.66	21.58
		50	0	21.57	21.54	21.58

- LTE Band 7

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20775 2502.5MHz	21100 2535MHz	21425 2567.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.89	24.07	24.36
		1	12	23.86	24.11	24.24
		1	24	23.87	24.19	24.14
		12	0	23.02	23.29	23.35
		12	6	23.04	23.42	23.40
		12	11	22.97	23.33	23.38
		25	0	23.00	23.36	23.34
	16QAM	1	0	22.70	23.11	23.18
		1	12	22.71	23.10	23.22
		1	24	22.73	23.06	23.12
		12	0	22.08	22.38	22.48
		12	6	22.10	22.46	22.50
		12	11	21.99	22.38	22.41
		25	0	22.09	22.47	22.46

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20800 2505MHz	21100 2535MHz	21400 2565MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.83	24.13	24.33
		1	24	23.87	24.19	24.46
		1	49	24.07	24.28	24.20
		25	0	22.96	23.13	23.40
		25	12	22.95	23.20	23.43
		25	24	23.01	23.18	23.41
		50	0	22.96	23.19	23.42
	16QAM	1	0	23.06	23.21	23.47
		1	24	22.85	23.32	23.46
		1	49	23.00	23.30	23.35
		25	0	22.05	22.22	22.43
		25	12	21.99	22.34	22.51
		25	24	22.04	22.26	22.45
		50	0	21.99	22.29	22.47

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20825 2507.5MHz	21100 2535MHz	21375 2562.5MHz
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.12	24.07	24.20
		1	36	24.27	24.20	24.06
		1	74	24.17	24.18	24.09
		36	0	23.46	23.20	23.19
		36	18	23.46	23.27	23.14
		36	38	23.38	23.23	23.14
		75	0	23.38	23.24	23.10
	16QAM	1	0	23.01	23.29	23.46
		1	36	23.36	23.28	23.44
		1	74	23.27	23.20	23.41
		36	0	22.44	22.32	22.17
		36	18	22.47	22.37	22.16
		36	38	22.45	22.35	22.16
		75	0	22.42	22.28	22.12

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)		
				20850 2510MHz	21100 2535MHz	21350 2560MHz
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.14	24.33	24.18
		1	49	24.35	24.30	24.10
		1	99	24.25	24.18	24.04
		50	0	23.46	23.29	23.18
		50	25	23.46	23.28	23.18
		50	49	23.45	23.32	23.23
		100	0	23.46	23.26	23.15
	16QAM	1	0	23.50	23.48	23.47
		1	49	23.48	23.49	23.46
		1	99	23.49	23.41	23.47
		50	0	22.44	22.33	22.27
		50	25	22.45	22.34	22.23
		50	49	22.42	22.37	22.23
		100	0	22.40	22.31	22.24

- LTE Band 17

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)
				23790 710 MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.31
		1	12	24.33
		1	24	24.21
		12	0	22.75
		12	6	22.80
		12	11	22.75
		25	0	22.70
	16QAM	1	0	22.84
		1	12	22.78
		1	24	22.89
		12	0	21.70
		12	6	21.66
		12	11	21.67
		25	0	21.66

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)
				23790 710 MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.22
		1	24	24.51
		1	49	24.63
		25	0	22.87
		25	12	22.74
		25	24	22.80
		50	0	22.85
	16QAM	1	0	23.22
		1	24	23.17
		1	49	23.03
		25	0	21.79
		25	12	21.68
		25	24	21.71
		50	0	21.73

Note: LTE Band 17 at 5 MHz & 10 MHz Bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a device supports overripping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the mid channel of the group of overiapping channels should be selected for testing.

11.3 WiFi

SAR Testing for 802.11 Transmitters

General Device Setup

Normal Network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 – 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor 85 % is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in both U-NOO-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, SAR measurement using OFDM SAR test procedures is not required for U-NII-1 unless the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is > 1.2 W/kg according to KDB 248227 D01v02. When different maximum output powers are specified for the bands, SAR measurement for the U-NII band with the lower maximum output power is not required unless the highest reported SAR for the U-NII band with the higher maximum output power, adjusted by the ration of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands, is >1.2 W/kg.

U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz are grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 band or 15.247 5.8 GHz band to enable tow SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channel. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS is that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated bands, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11 ac or 802.11 g and 802.11 n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n and 802.11 ac or 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

Initial Test configuration procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output power is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements.

Subsequent Test configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR test for the subsequent test configurations are required.

IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Channel	802.11b (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]
802.11b	2412	1	16.45
	2437	6	17.03
	2462	11	16.35

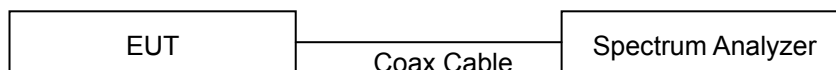
IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power– 20 MHz Bandwidth

Mode	Freq. [MHz]	Channel	802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]
			Data Rate (6Mbps)
802.11a	5180	36	10.66
	5200	40	10.55
	5220	44	10.59
	5240	48	10.63
	5260	52	10.63
	5280	56	10.61
	5300	60	10.64
	5320	64	10.59
	5500	100	11.47
	5540	108	11.53
	5580	116	11.57
	5660	132	11.45
	5745	149	11.54
	5825	165	11.49

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission mode with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.

Test Configuration



11.5 Test Exclusions Applied

11.5.1 WCDMA

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01V03, 12.2 kbps RMC is the primary mode and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) is the secondary mode.

Per KDB 941225 D01v03, The SAR test exclusion is applied to the secondary mode by the following equation.

$$\text{Adjusted SAR} = \text{Highest Reported SAR} * \frac{\text{Secondary Max tune - up (mW)}}{\text{Primary Max tune tune - up(mW)}} \leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg.}$$

Based on the highest Reported SAR, the secondary mode is not required.

$$[0.771 * (295/295)] = 0.771 \text{ W/kg} \leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$$

And the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance in secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode.

11.5.2 BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, The 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Distance (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance	≤ 3.0
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	
Bluetooth	2 480	8	10	1.26

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required $[(8/10)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 1.26 < 3.0$.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, The 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Distance (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 7.5$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance	≤ 7.5
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	
Bluetooth	2 480	8	5	2.52

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth and antenna to use separation distance, Extremity Bluetooth SAR was not required $[(8/5)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 2.52 < 7.5$

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 IV.C.1iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 4.3.22, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1-g and 10g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated 1g SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel mW})}{\text{Min Separation Distance}}$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated 1gSAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2 480	8	10	0.17

$$\text{Estimated 10g SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{18.75} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel mW})}{\text{Min Separation Distance}}$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated 10g SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2 480	8	5	0.34

Note :

1) Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. The Estimated 1g and 10g SAR results were determined according to FCC KDB447498 D01v05r02.

2) The frequency of Bluetooth using for estimated SAR was selected highest channel of Bluetooth for highest estimated SAR.

12. SAR Test configuration

12.1 Sides for SAR Testing Configurations

Mode	Rear	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
GSM/GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
GSM/GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WCDMA 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WCDMA 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 17	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
5 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

*** Note;**

All test configurations are based on front view.

This EUT's overall diagram dimension is 163.36mm and it is >160 mm and < 200 mm, it is considered a "phablet". Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR or Extremity SAR.

If the edges were greater than 2.5cm from the transmitting antenna, SAR test exclusion could be applied according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02.

The distances between the transmit antennas and edges of the device are included in the filing.

13. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

13.1-1 Measurement Results (GSM850 Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
836.6	190	GSM 850	33.7	33.03	0.14	Standard	Left Ear	0.246	1.167	0.287	-
836.6	190		33.7	33.03	0.12	Standard	Left Tilt	0.155	1.167	0.181	-
836.6	190		33.7	33.03	-0.07	Standard	Right Ear	0.317	1.167	0.370	-
836.6	190		33.7	33.03	0.15	Standard	Right Tilt	0.159	1.167	0.186	-
836.6	190	GPRS 3Tx	29.7	28.87	-0.12	Standard	Left Ear	0.304	1.211	0.368	-
836.6	190		29.7	28.87	-0.04	Standard	Left Tilt	0.198	1.211	0.240	-
836.6	190		29.7	28.87	-0.12	Standard	Right Ear	0.411	1.211	0.498	1
836.6	190		29.7	28.87	-0.06	Standard	Right Tilt	0.215	1.211	0.260	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13.1-2 Measurement Results (GSM1900 Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
1 880.0	661	GSM 1900	30.7	30.12	0.16	Standard	Left Ear	0.347	1.143	0.397	-
1 880.0	661		30.7	30.12	0.12	Standard	Left Tilt	0.122	1.143	0.139	-
1 880.0	661		30.7	30.12	-0.19	Standard	Right Ear	0.159	1.143	0.182	-
1 880.0	661		30.7	30.12	0.15	Standard	Right Tilt	0.139	1.143	0.159	-
1 880.0	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.7	26.12	0.05	Standard	Left Ear	0.497	1.143	0.568	2
1 880.0	661		26.7	26.12	-0.11	Standard	Left Tilt	0.176	1.143	0.201	-
1 880.0	661		26.7	26.12	-0.16	Standard	Right Ear	0.200	1.143	0.229	-
1 880.0	661		26.7	26.12	-0.03	Standard	Right Tilt	0.181	1.143	0.207	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13.1-3 Measurement Results (WCDMA850 Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	24.7	24.29	0.19	Standard	Left Ear	0.268	1.099	0.295	-
836.6	4183		24.7	24.29	0.01	Standard	Left Tilt	0.173	1.099	0.190	-
836.6	4183		24.7	24.29	0.09	Standard	Right Ear	0.351	1.099	0.386	3
836.6	4183		24.7	24.29	0.02	Standard	Right Tilt	0.171	1.099	0.188	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13.1-4 Measurement Results (WCDMA1900 Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
1 880	9400	WCDMA 1900	24.7	24.52	0.01	Standard	Left Ear	0.740	1.042	0.771	4
1 880	9400		24.7	24.52	-0.06	Standard	Left Tilt	0.259	1.042	0.270	-
1 880	9400		24.7	24.52	-0.07	Standard	Right Ear	0.338	1.042	0.352	-
1 880	9400		24.7	24.52	-0.18	Standard	Right Tilt	0.298	1.042	0.311	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13.1-5 Measurement Results (LTE Band 5 10MHz Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	RB Size	RB Offset	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power									
829	20450	QPSK	24.7	24.58	-0.04	Standard	Left Ear	1	24	0.244	1.028	0.251	-
829	20450		23.7	22.94	0.16	Standard	Left Ear	25	0	0.164	1.191	0.195	-
829	20450		24.7	24.58	-0.16	Standard	Left Tilt	1	24	0.161	1.028	0.166	-
829	20450		23.7	22.94	-0.02	Standard	Left Tilt	25	0	0.121	1.191	0.144	-
829	20450		24.7	24.58	-0.16	Standard	Right Ear	1	24	0.329	1.028	0.338	5
829	20450		23.7	22.94	-0.06	Standard	Right Ear	25	0	0.220	1.191	0.262	-
829	20450		24.7	24.58	-0.11	Standard	Right Tilt	1	24	0.180	1.028	0.185	-
829	20450		23.7	22.94	-0.05	Standard	Right Tilt	25	0	0.118	1.191	0.141	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram					

13.1-6 Measurement Results (LTE Band 7 20MHz Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	RB Size	RB Offset	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power									
2510	20850	QPSK	24.7	24.35	-0.13	Standard	Left Ear	1	49	0.133	1.084	0.144	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.14	Standard	Left Ear	50	0	0.089	1.057	0.094	-
2510	20850		24.7	24.35	0.14	Standard	Left Tilt	1	49	0.125	1.084	0.135	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.09	Standard	Left Tilt	50	0	0.090	1.057	0.095	-
2510	20850		24.7	24.35	-0.19	Standard	Right Ear	1	49	0.223	1.084	0.242	6
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.18	Standard	Right Ear	50	0	0.204	1.057	0.216	-
2510	20850		24.7	24.35	0.17	Standard	Right Tilt	1	49	0.079	1.084	0.086	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.12	Standard	Right Tilt	50	0	0.062	1.057	0.066	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram					

13.1-7 Measurement Results (LTE Band 17 10MHz Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	RB Size	RB Offset	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power									
710	23790	QPSK	24.7	24.63	0.07	Standard	Left Ear	1	49	0.158	1.016	0.161	-
710	23790		23.7	22.87	0.03	Standard	Left Ear	25	0	0.097	1.211	0.117	-
710	23790		24.7	24.63	-0.05	Standard	Left Tilt	1	49	0.114	1.016	0.116	-
710	23790		23.7	22.87	-0.03	Standard	Left Tilt	25	0	0.070	1.211	0.085	-
710	23790		24.7	24.63	0.01	Standard	Right Ear	1	49	0.194	1.016	0.197	7
710	23790		23.7	22.87	0.07	Standard	Right Ear	25	0	0.117	1.211	0.142	-
710	23790		24.7	24.63	0.08	Standard	Right Tilt	1	49	0.091	1.016	0.092	-
710	23790		23.7	22.87	0.06	Standard	Right Tilt	25	0	0.065	1.211	0.079	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram					

13.1-8 Measurement Results (DTS Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Phantom Position	Cover Type	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan (W/kg)	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power										
2437	6	802.11b (1Mbps)	17.5	17.03	-0.01	Left Ear	Standard	99.04	0.619	0.448	1.114	1.010	0.504	8
			17.5	17.03	0.03	Left Tilt	Standard	99.04	0.671	0.435	1.114	1.010	0.489	-
			17.5	17.03	-	Right Ear	Standard	99.04	0.398	-	1.114	1.010	-	-
			17.5	17.03	-	Right Tilt	Standard	99.04	0.405	-	1.114	1.010	-	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram							

13.1-9 Measurement Results (NII Head SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Cover Type	Phantom Position	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan (W/kg)	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor (Power)	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducte Power											
5 300	60	802.11a	12	10.64	-	Standard	Left Ear	6Mbps	95.29	0.501	-	1.368	1.047	-	-
			12	10.64	0.10	Standard	Left Tilt	6Mbps	95.29	0.760	0.292	1.368	1.047	0.418	-
			12	10.64	-	Standard	Right Ear	6Mbps	95.29	0.480	-	1.368	1.047	-	-
			12	10.64	-0.17	Standard	Right Tilt	6Mbps	95.29	0.537	0.236	1.368	1.047	0.338	-
5 580	116	802.11a	12	11.57	-	Standard	Left Ear	6Mbps	95.29	0.409	-	1.104	1.047	-	-
			12	11.57	-	Standard	Left Tilt	6Mbps	95.29	0.480	-	1.104	1.047	-	-
			12	11.57	-	Standard	Right Ear	6Mbps	95.29	0.554	-	1.104	1.047	-	-
			12	11.57	0.17	Standard	Right Tilt	6Mbps	95.29	0.646	0.278	1.104	1.047	0.321	-
5 745	149	802.11a	12	11.54	-	Standard	Left Ear	6Mbps	95.29	1.03	-	1.112	1.047	-	-
			12	11.54	0.18	Standard	Left Tilt	6Mbps	95.29	1.35	0.524	1.112	1.047	0.610	9
			12	11.54	-0.07	Standard	Right Ear	6Mbps	95.29	1.26	0.497	1.112	1.047	0.579	-
			12	11.54	-	Standard	Right Tilt	6Mbps	95.29	1.04	-	1.368	1.047	-	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

13.2-1 Measurement Results (GSM850 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
836.6	190	GPRS 3Tx	29.7	28.87	-0.01	Rear	1.0 cm	0.409	1.211	0.495	10
836.6	190		29.7	28.87	-0.07	Front	1.0 cm	0.519	1.211	0.628	11
836.6	190		29.7	28.87	-0.04	Left	1.0 cm	0.166	1.211	0.201	-
836.6	190		29.7	28.87	0.01	Right	1.0 cm	0.287	1.211	0.347	-
836.6	190		29.7	28.87	-0.02	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.320	1.211	0.387	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13. 2-2 Measurement Results (GSM1900 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
1 880.0	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.7	26.12	-0.07	Rear	1.0 cm	0.344	1.143	0.393	12
1 880.0	661		26.7	26.12	-0.00	Front	1.0 cm	0.403	1.143	0.461	13
1 880.0	661		26.7	26.12	-0.03	Left	1.0 cm	0.391	1.143	0.447	-
1 880.0	661		26.7	26.12	0.11	Right	1.0 cm	0.069	1.143	0.079	-
1 880.0	661		26.7	26.12	0.10	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.302	1.143	0.345	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13.2-3 Measurement Results (WCDMA850 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	24.7	24.29	-0.04	Rear	1.0 cm	0.412	1.099	0.453	14
836.6	4183		24.7	24.29	0.07	Front	1.0 cm	0.646	1.099	0.710	15
836.6	4183		24.7	24.29	-0.05	Left	1.0 cm	0.199	1.099	0.219	-
836.6	4183		24.7	24.29	-0.03	Right	1.0 cm	0.280	1.099	0.308	-
836.6	4183		24.7	24.29	-0.03	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.361	1.099	0.397	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13. 2-4 Measurement Results (WCDMA1900 Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR(mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR(mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	24.7	24.52	-0.04	Rear	1.0 cm	0.663	1.042	0.691	16
1 880.0	9400		24.7	24.52	0.18	Front	1.0 cm	0.601	1.042	0.626	-
1 880.0	9400		24.7	24.52	0.03	Left	1.0 cm	0.714	1.042	0.744	17
1 880.0	9400		24.7	24.52	-0.09	Right	1.0 cm	0.114	1.042	0.119	-
1 880.0	9400		24.7	24.52	0.05	Bottom	1.0 cm	0.527	1.042	0.549	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

13.2-5 Measurement Results (LTE Band 5 10MHz Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	RB Size	RB Offset	Separation Distance	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power									
829	20450	QPSK	24.7	24.58	0.06	Rear	1	24	1.0 cm	0.439	1.028	0.451	18
829	20450		23.7	22.94	-0.03	Rear	25	0	1.0 cm	0.283	1.191	0.337	-
829	20450		24.7	24.58	0.13	Front	1	24	1.0 cm	0.613	1.028	0.630	19
829	20450		23.7	22.94	-0.03	Front	25	0	1.0 cm	0.399	1.191	0.475	-
829	20450		24.7	24.58	-0.03	Left	1	24	1.0 cm	0.219	1.028	0.225	-
829	20450		23.7	22.94	-0.05	Left	25	0	1.0 cm	0.141	1.191	0.168	-
829	20450		24.7	24.58	0.14	Right	1	24	1.0 cm	0.362	1.028	0.372	-
829	20450		23.7	22.94	0.12	Right	25	0	1.0 cm	0.242	1.191	0.288	-
829	20450		24.7	24.58	0.02	Bottom	1	24	1.0 cm	0.355	1.028	0.365	-
829	20450		23.7	22.94	-0.01	Bottom	25	0	1.0 cm	0.241	1.191	0.287	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

13.2-6 Measurement Results (LTE Band 7 20MHz Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	RB Size	RB Offset	Separation Distance	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power									
2510	20850	QPSK	24.7	24.35	-0.13	Rear	1	49	1.0 cm	0.852	1.089	0.924	20
2535	21100		24.7	24.33	-0.16	Rear	1	0	1.0 cm	0.796	1.089	0.867	-
2560	21350		24.7	24.18	-0.08	Rear	1	0	1.0 cm	0.826	1.127	0.931	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.02	Rear	50	0	1.0 cm	0.648	1.057	0.685	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	-0.09	Rear	100	0	1.0 cm	0.640	1.057	0.676	-
2510	20850		24.7	24.35	-0.10	Front	1	49	1.0 cm	0.450	1.084	0.488	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.15	Front	50	0	1.0 cm	0.386	1.057	0.408	-
2510	20850		24.7	24.35	-0.14	Left	1	49	1.0 cm	0.154	1.084	0.167	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	-0.05	Left	50	0	1.0 cm	0.120	1.057	0.127	-
2510	20850		24.7	24.35	-0.05	Right	1	49	1.0 cm	0.221	1.084	0.240	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	-0.09	Right	50	0	1.0 cm	0.196	1.057	0.207	-
2510	20850		24.7	24.35	0.01	Bottom	1	49	1.0 cm	1.02	1.084	1.106	21
2535	21100		24.7	24.33	0.07	Bottom	1	0	1.0 cm	0.884	1.089	0.963	-
2560	21350		24.7	24.18	-0.08	Bottom	1	0	1.0 cm	0.900	1.127	1.014	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.17	Bottom	50	0	1.0 cm	0.778	1.057	0.822	-
2535	21100		23.7	23.32	0.12	Bottom	50	49	1.0 cm	0.676	1.091	0.738	-
2560	21350		23.7	23.23	0.17	Bottom	50	49	1.0 cm	0.738	1.114	0.822	-
2510	20850		23.7	23.46	0.03	Bottom	100	0	1.0 cm	0.750	1.057	0.793	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

13.2-7 Measurement Results (LTE Band 17 10MHz Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	RB Size	RB Offset	Separation Distance	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power									
710	23790	QPSK	24.7	24.63	-0.18	Rear	1	49	1.0 cm	0.313	1.016	0.318	22
710	23790		23.7	22.87	0.10	Rear	25	0	1.0 cm	0.200	1.211	0.242	-
710	23790		24.7	24.63	-0.14	Front	1	49	1.0 cm	0.344	1.016	0.350	23
710	23790		23.7	22.87	-0.11	Front	25	0	1.0 cm	0.232	1.211	0.281	-
710	23790		24.7	24.63	0.04	Left	1	49	1.0 cm	0.137	1.016	0.139	-
710	23790		23.7	22.87	-0.11	Left	25	0	1.0 cm	0.095	1.211	0.115	-
710	23790		24.7	24.63	-0.09	Right	1	49	1.0 cm	0.214	1.016	0.217	-
710	23790		23.7	22.87	0.06	Right	25	0	1.0 cm	0.153	1.211	0.185	-
710	23790		24.7	24.63	0.03	Bottom	1	49	1.0 cm	0.158	1.016	0.161	-
710	23790		23.7	22.87	0.01	Bottom	25	0	1.0 cm	0.113	1.211	0.137	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

13. 2-8 Measurement Results (WLAN Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Data Rate	Separation Distance	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan (W/kg)	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducte Power											
2437	6	802.11b	17.5	17.03	0.11	Rear	1Mbps	1.0 cm	99.04	0.379	0.229	1.114	1.010	0.258	24
			17.5	17.03	-	Front	1Mbps	1.0 cm	99.04	0.146	-	1.114	1.010	-	-
			17.5	17.03	-	Left	1Mbps	1.0 cm	99.04	0.0383	-	1.114	1.010	-	-
			17.5	17.03	-	Right	1Mbps	1.0 cm	99.04	0.0745	-	1.114	1.010	-	-
			17.5	17.03	-	Top	1Mbps	1.0 cm	99.04	0.221	-	1.114	1.010	-	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

13. 2-9 Measurement Results (5GHz WLAN Hotspot SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Data Rate	Separation Distance	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan (W/kg)	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducte Power											
5 745	149	802.11a	12	11.54	0.00	Rear	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.351	0.122	1.052	1.047	0.142	25
			12	11.54	-	Front	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.267	-	1.052	1.047	-	-
			12	11.54	-	Left	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.0521	-	1.052	1.047	-	-
			12	11.54	-	Right	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.074	-	1.052	1.047	-	-
			12	11.54	0.11	Top	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.512	0.206	1.052	1.047	0.229	26
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram							

13.3-1 Measurement Results (WLAN Body-worn SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Data Rate	Separation Distance	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan (W/kg)	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power											
2437	6	802.11b	17.5	17.03	0.11	Rear	1Mbps	1.0 cm	99.04	0.379	0.229	1.114	1.010	0.258	24
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992- Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

13.3-2 Measurement Results (NII Body-worn SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Data Rate	Separation Distance	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan (W/kg)	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power											
5 300	60	802.11a	12	10.64	0.16	Rear	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.367	0.144	1.368	1.047	0.206	-
5 580	116	802.11a	12	11.57	0.00	Rear	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.624	0.220	1.104	1.047	0.254	27
5 745	149	802.11a	12	11.54	0.00	Rear	6Mbps	1.0 cm	95.29	0.351	0.122	1.112	1.047	0.142	25
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992- Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

13.3-3 Measurement Results (Body-worn SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Separation Distance	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power							
836.6	190	GSM 850	33.7	33.03	0.01	Rear	1.0 cm	0.305	1.167	0.356	28
836.6	190	GPRS 3Tx	29.7	28.87	-0.01	Rear	1.0 cm	0.409	1.211	0.495	10
1 880.0	661	GSM 1900	30.7	30.12	-0.12	Rear	1.0 cm	0.251	1.143	0.287	29
1 880.0	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.7	26.12	-0.07	Rear	1.0 cm	0.344	1.143	0.393	12
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	24.7	24.29	-0.04	Rear	1.0 cm	0.412	1.099	0.453	14
1 880.0	9400	WCDMA1900	24.7	24.52	-0.04	Rear	1.0 cm	0.663	1.042	0.691	16
829	20450	LTE Band 5	24.7	24.58	0.06	Rear(1RB, 24offset)	1.0 cm	0.439	1.028	0.451	18
829	20450	LTE Band 5	23.7	22.94	-0.03	Rear(25RB, 0offset)	1.0 cm	0.283	1.191	0.337	-
2 560	21350	LTE Band 7	24.7	24.35	-0.13	Rear (1RB, 49offset)	1.0 cm	0.852	1.089	0.924	20
2510	20850	LTE Band 7	24.7	24.33	-0.16	Rear (1RB, 0offset)	1.0 cm	0.796	1.089	0.867	-
2535	21100	LTE Band 7	24.7	24.18	-0.08	Rear (1RB, 0offset)	1.0 cm	0.826	1.127	0.931	-
2560	21350	LTE Band 7	23.7	23.46	0.02	Rear (50RB, 0offset)	1.0 cm	0.648	1.057	0.685	-
2510	20850	LTE Band 7	23.7	23.46	-0.09	Rear (100RB, 0offset)	1.0 cm	0.640	1.057	0.676	-
710	23790	LTE Band 17	24.7	24.63	-0.18	Rear (1RB, 49offset)	1.0 cm	0.313	1.016	0.318	22
710	23790	LTE Band 17	23.7	22.87	0.10	Rear (25RB, 0offset)	1.0 cm	0.200	1.211	0.242	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992- Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram			

13.3-4 Measurement Results (NII Hand SAR)

Frequency		Mode	Power (dBm)		Power Drift (dB)	Configuration	Data Rate	Separation Distance	Duty Cycle (%)	Peak SAR of Area Scan (W/kg)	Measured SAR (mW/g)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	Scaled SAR (mW/g)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		Tune-Up Limit	Conducted Power											
5 300	60	802.11a	12	10.64	0.10	Rear	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	3.93	0.246	1.368	1.047	0.352	-
5 300	60		12	10.64	-	Front	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	0.702	-	1.368	1.047	-	-
5 300	60		12	10.64	-	Left	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	0.0563	-	1.368	1.047	-	-
5 300	60		12	10.64	-	Right	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	0.133	-	1.368	1.047	-	-
5 300	60		12	10.64	-	Top	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	3.79	-	1.368	1.047	-	-
5 580	116	802.11a	12	11.57	0.00	Rear	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	6.84	0.435	1.104	1.047	0.503	30
5 580	116		12	11.57	-	Front	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	1.79	-	1.104	1.047	-	-
5 580	116		12	11.57	-	Left	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	0.0713	-	1.104	1.047	-	-
5 580	116		12	11.57	-	Right	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	0.171	-	1.104	1.047	-	-
5 580	116		12	11.57	-	Top	6Mbps	0 cm	95.29	4.04	-	1.104	1.047	-	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population									Hand 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 10 gram						

13.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, FCC KDB Procedure.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r02, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluation using a headset cable were required.
8. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02, this is considered a "Phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160mm and less than 200mm. therefore, extremity SAR tests are required when wireless router mode dose not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR >1.2 W/kg. Extremity SAR was not evaluated for 2.4GHz WIFI and GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS since Hotspot 1g SAR for these band s was <1.2 W/kg

GSM/GPRS Test Notes:

1. This EUT'S GSM and GPRS device class is B.
2. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and the body-worn configurations therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
3. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
4. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB 941225 D01v03: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power was evaluated for SAR.
5. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is 1/2 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
6. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.

UMTS Notes:

1. The 12.2 kbps RMC mode is the primary mode.
2. UMTS mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB 941225 D01v03. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and Adjusted SAR value was less than 1.2 W/kg.
3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the channel highest output power channel was used.
4. UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v03. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices in FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r03.
2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r01:
When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100%RB allocation and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1RB, 50%RB and 100%RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.
Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1RB allocation and 50%RB allocation were less than 1.45W/Kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results.
4. A-MPR was dialed for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.
5. Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
6. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:
7. Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel.
Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are >0.8 W/kg, Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation <1.45 W/kg.
Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is <1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK.
Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is <1.45 W/kg and its

WLAN Notes:

1. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR results is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB 248227 D01v02 for 2.4 GHz WiFi single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB 248227 D01v02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission mode were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated WLAN test reports.
6. Only channels in the U-NII-2C (> 5.65 GHz WIFI) & U-NII-3 aggregate band that support wireless router were considered for hotspot SAR tests.
7. For SAR compliance, this device always uses power reduction when the device is in a held-to-ear RF exposure condition with WiFi data modes. Therefore, WiFi Head SAR was evaluated at reduced power levels.
8. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02, this device is considered a "Phablet" since its diagonal distance, 160.0 mm, is equal as 160 mm. Therefore hand SAR tests are required. Because wireless router operations are not supported for 5 GHz NII WIFI and Bluetooth, hand SAR was evaluated for 5 GHz NII WIFI and Bluetooth. However, hand SAR was not evaluated for 2.4 GHz WIFI and 5 GHz DTS WIFI since Hotspot SAR for 2.4 GHz WIFI and 5 GHz DTS WIFI were < 1.2 W/kg."

14. SAR Measurement Variability and Uncertainty

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Frequency		Modulation	Battery	Configuration	Original SAR (mW/g)	Repeated SAR (mW/g)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Plot No.
MHz	Channel							
2 510	20850	LTE 7	Standard	Bottom (1RB, 49offset)	1.02	1.00	1.02	31

15. Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

Applicable Combination	Head	Body-Worn	Wireless Router	Extremity	Note
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
GSM Voice + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
GPR/EDGE + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
GPR/EDGE + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
GPR/EDGE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
UMTS+ 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
UMTS+ 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
UMTS+ 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
LTE+ 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LTE+ 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
LTE+ 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	

- 2.4 GHz WLAN, 5GHz WLAN, and 2.4GHz Bluetooth share antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously
- All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- UMTS +WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN hotspot scenario.
- Wireless Router is only supported for 5GHz WLAN Band U-NII-3 and 2.4GHz WLAN, GC only in U-NII B1
- 5 GHz WiFi SAR value for simultaneous condition used highest SAR value in a same position.
- Per Apr. 2015 TCB Workshop, the worst case WiFi reported SAR for each configurations were considered for simultaneous SAR exclusion via summation of standalone SAR, regardless of whether the WiFi channels has WiFi Hotspot capability, for simplicity to determine compliance. The actual simultaneous transmission SAR will not exceed the summed SAR values

15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Head

Simultaneous Transmission Summation with 2.4 GHz WIFI

Band	Scaled SAR	2.4 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM 850	0.370	0.504	0.874
GPRS 850	0.498	0.504	1.002
GSM 1900	0.397	0.504	0.901
GPRS 1900	0.568	0.504	1.072
WCDMA 850	0.386	0.504	0.890
WCDMA1900	0.771	0.504	1.275
LTE Band 5	0.338	0.504	0.842
LTE Band 7	0.242	0.504	0.746
LTE Band 17	0.197	0.504	0.701

Simultaneous Transmission Summation with 5 GHz WIFI

Band	Scaled SAR	5 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM 850	0.370	0.610	0.980
GPRS 850	0.498	0.610	1.108
GSM 1900	0.397	0.610	1.007
GPRS 1900	0.568	0.610	1.178
WCDMA 850	0.386	0.610	0.996
WCDMA1900	0.771	0.610	1.381
LTE Band 5	0.338	0.610	0.948
LTE Band 7	0.242	0.610	0.852
LTE Band 17	0.197	0.610	0.807

15.2 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Body-Worn

Simultaneous Transmission Summation with 2.4 GHz WLAN(1.0 cm)

Band	Scaled SAR	2.4 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM 850	0.356	0.258	0.614
GPRS 850	0.495	0.258	0.753
GSM 1900	0.287	0.258	0.545
GPRS 1900	0.393	0.258	0.651
WCDMA 850	0.453	0.258	0.711
WCDMA1900	0.691	0.258	0.949
LTE Band 5	0.451	0.258	0.709
LTE Band 7	0.931	0.258	1.189
LTE Band 17	0.318	0.258	0.576

Simultaneous Transmission Summation with 5 GHz WIFI (1.0 cm)

Band	Scaled SAR	5 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM 850	0.356	0.254	0.610
GPRS 850	0.495	0.254	0.749
GSM 1900	0.287	0.254	0.541
GPRS 1900	0.393	0.254	0.647
WCDMA 850	0.453	0.254	0.707
WCDMA1900	0.691	0.254	0.945
LTE Band 5	0.451	0.254	0.705
LTE Band 7	0.931	0.254	1.185
LTE Band 17	0.318	0.254	0.572

Simultaneous Transmission Summation with Bluetooth (1.0 cm)

Band	Scaled SAR	Estimated SAR BT SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM 850	0.356	0.17	0.526
GPRS 850	0.495	0.17	0.665
GSM 1900	0.287	0.17	0.457
GPRS 1900	0.393	0.17	0.563
WCDMA 850	0.453	0.17	0.623
WCDMA1900	0.691	0.17	0.861
LTE Band 5	0.451	0.17	0.621
LTE Band 7	0.931	0.17	1.101
LTE Band 17	0.318	0.17	0.488

* Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used for SAR summation for body-worn back side at 10mm to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

15.3 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot

Simultaneous Transmission Summation with 2.4 GHz WIFI (1.0 cm)

Band	Scaled SAR	2.4 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM 850	0.628	0.258	0.886
GSM 1900	0.461	0.258	0.719
WCDMA 850	0.710	0.258	0.968
WCDMA1900	0.744	0.258	1.002
LTE Band 5	0.630	0.258	0.888
LTE Band 7	1.106	0.258	1.364
LTE Band 17	0.350	0.258	0.608

Simultaneous Transmission Summation with 5GHz WIFI (1.0 cm)

Band	Scaled SAR	5 GHz WIFI Scaled SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
GSM 850	0.628	0.229	0.857
GSM 1900	0.461	0.229	0.690
WCDMA 850	0.710	0.229	0.939
WCDMA1900	0.744	0.229	0.973
LTE Band 5	0.630	0.229	0.859
LTE Band 7	1.106	0.229	1.335
LTE Band 17	0.350	0.229	0.579

15.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. And therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.

16. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1992.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

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Attachment 1. – SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 19.2 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 19.4 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 13, 2015
 Plot No. 1

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 GPRS 3TX (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.908 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.706$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_L
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/GSM850 Head Right Touch GPRS 3TX 190ch/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 W/kg

LG-H818P/GSM850 Head Right Touch GPRS 3TX 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.521 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.510 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.411 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 W/kg



0 dB = 0.435 W/kg = -3.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 14, 2015
 Plot No. 2

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 3TX (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.368 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.022$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_R
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/GSM1900 Head Left Touch GPRS 3TX 661ch/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.559 W/kg

LG-H818P/GSM1900 Head Left Touch GPRS 3TX 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

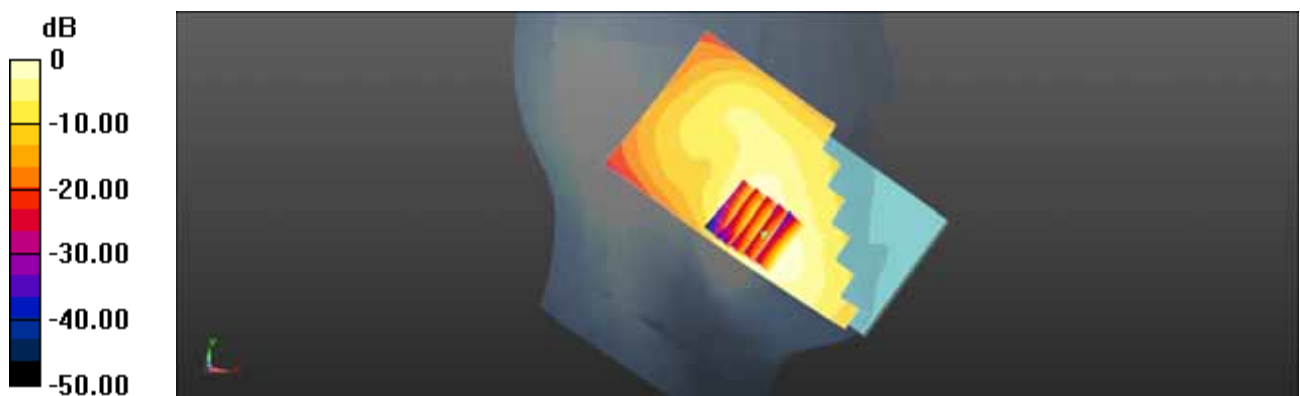
$dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.274 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.730 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.497 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 W/kg



0 dB = 0.559 W/kg = -2.53 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 19.2 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 19.4 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 13, 2015
 Plot No. 3

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

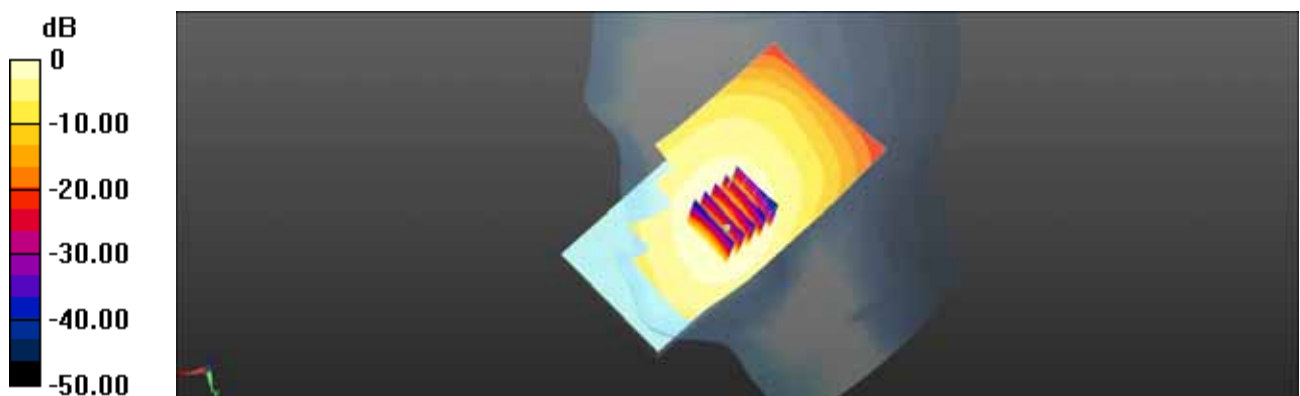
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.908 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.706$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_L
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/WCDMA850 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.372 W/kg

LG-H818P/WCDMA850 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 6.981 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.447 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.351 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 W/kg



0 dB = 0.372 W/kg = -4.30 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 14, 2015
 Plot No. 4

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.368 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.022$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_R
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/WCDMA1900 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.844 W/kg

LG-H818P/WCDMA1900 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 9.752 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.740 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.471 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.787 W/kg



0 dB = 0.844 W/kg = -0.74 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 19.2 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 19.4 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 13, 2015
 Plot No. 5

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.899 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.823$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_L
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 5 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 24offset 20450ch/Area Scan (61x111x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.350 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 5 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 24offset 20450ch/Zoom Scan

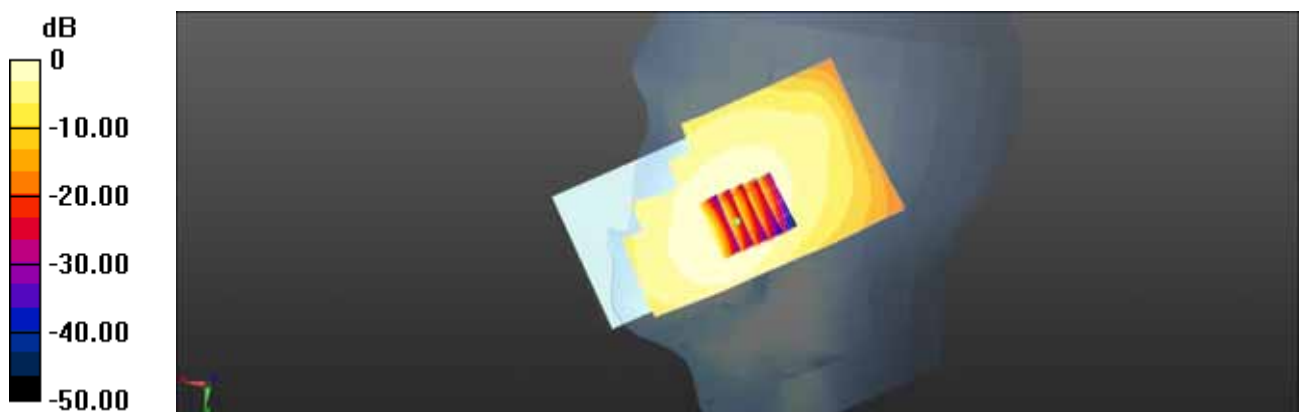
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.282 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.425 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 W/kg



0 dB = 0.350 W/kg = -4.56 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 21, 2015
 Plot No. 6

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE 7; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.932 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.324$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_F
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Head Right Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Area Scan (81x141x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.308 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Head Right Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan

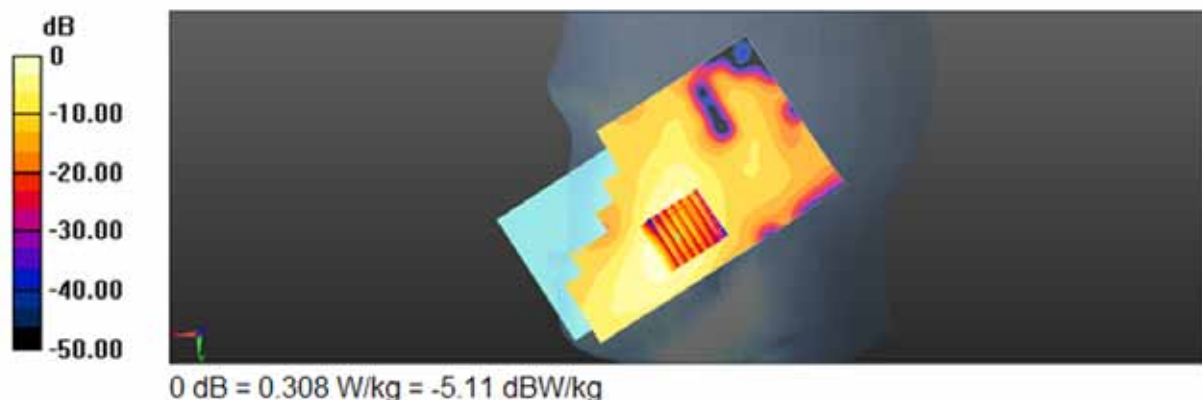
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.018 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.223 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 W/kg



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 7

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.874 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_L
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 17 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 49offset 23790ch/Area Scan (61x111x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 17 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 49offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.940 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.194 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.201 W/kg



0 dB = 0.202 W/kg = -6.94 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 20, 2015
 Plot No. 8

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

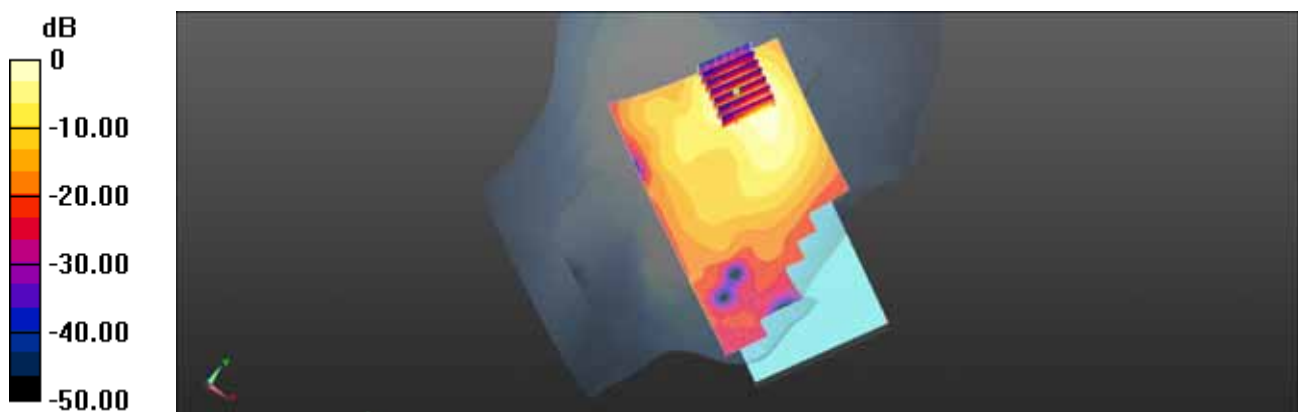
Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.794 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.457$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_F
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/802.11b Head Left Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.619 W/kg

LG-H818P/802.11b Head Left Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 9.503 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.448 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.750 W/kg



0 dB = 0.619 W/kg = -2.08 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.2 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 9

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

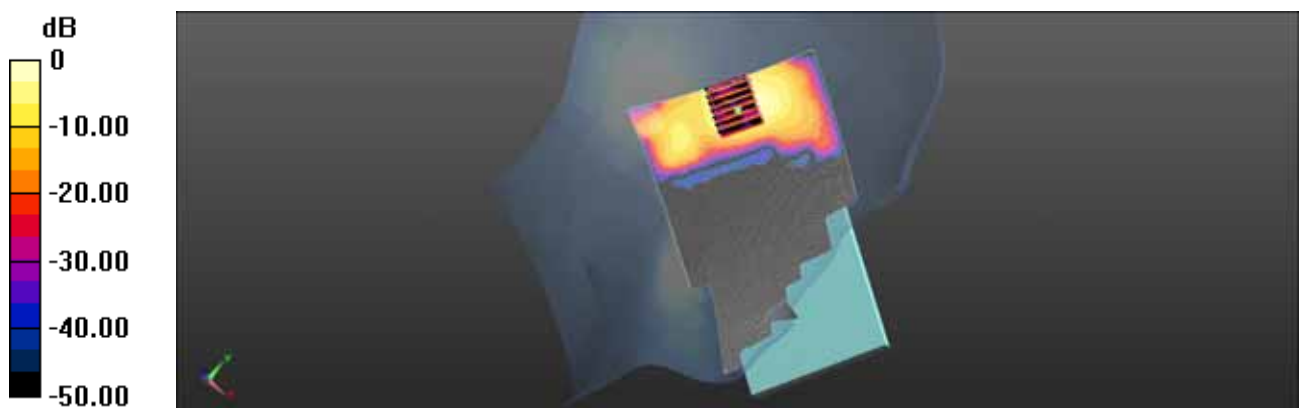
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.182 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.636$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: SAM_Front_2014_03_03
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/802.11a Head Left Tilt 6Mbps 149ch/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.35 W/kg

LG-H818P/802.11a Head Left Tilt 6Mbps 149ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 11.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.32 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.524 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg = 1.31 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015
 Plot No. 10

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 GPRS 3TX; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.791$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/GSM850 Body Rear 3Tx 190ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$,
 $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.414 W/kg

LG-H818P/GSM850 Body Rear 3Tx 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$,
 $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 20.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.516 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.409 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.409 W/kg



0 dB = 0.414 W/kg = -3.83 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015
 Plot No. 11

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 GPRS 3TX; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.791$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/GSM850 Body Front 3Tx 190ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$,
 $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.551 W/kg

LG-H818P/GSM850 Body Front 3Tx 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$,
 $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 19.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.868 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.519 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.297 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 W/kg



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 16, 2015
 Plot No. 12

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

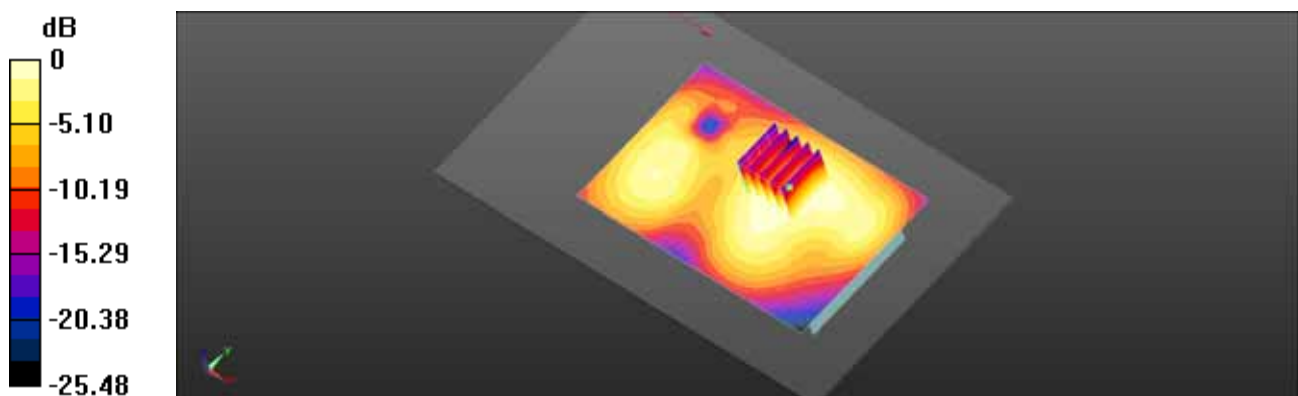
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 3TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.449 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.263$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/GSM1900 Body Rear 3Tx 661ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.367 W/kg

LG-H818P/GSM1900 Body Rear 3Tx 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 7.589 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.461 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.344 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 W/kg



0 dB = 0.367 W/kg = -4.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 16, 2015
 Plot No. 13

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

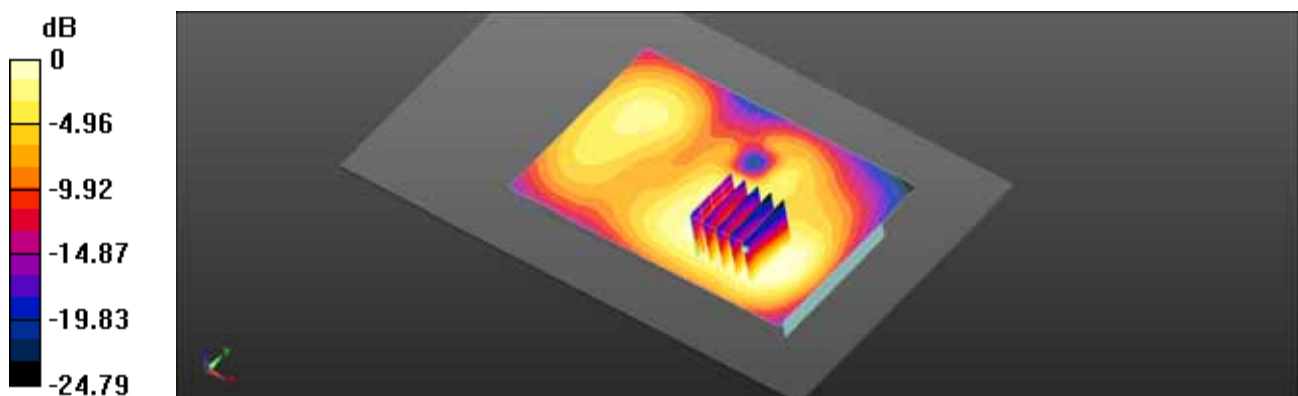
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 3TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.449 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.263$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/GSM1900 Body Front 3Tx 661ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$,
 $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.421 W/kg

LG-H818P/GSM1900 Body Front 3Tx 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$,
 $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 7.165 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.929 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.403 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.423 W/kg



0 dB = 0.421 W/kg = -3.76 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015
 Plot No. 14

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

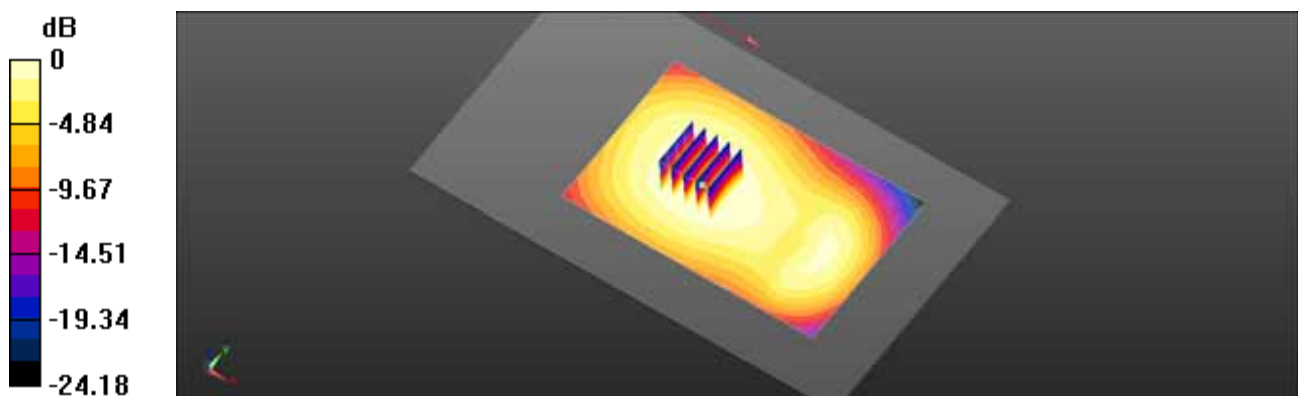
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.791$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/WCDMA850 Body Rear 4183ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.436 W/kg

LG-H818P/WCDMA850 Body Rear 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 21.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.491 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.412 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 W/kg



0 dB = 0.436 W/kg = -3.60 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015
 Plot No. 15

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

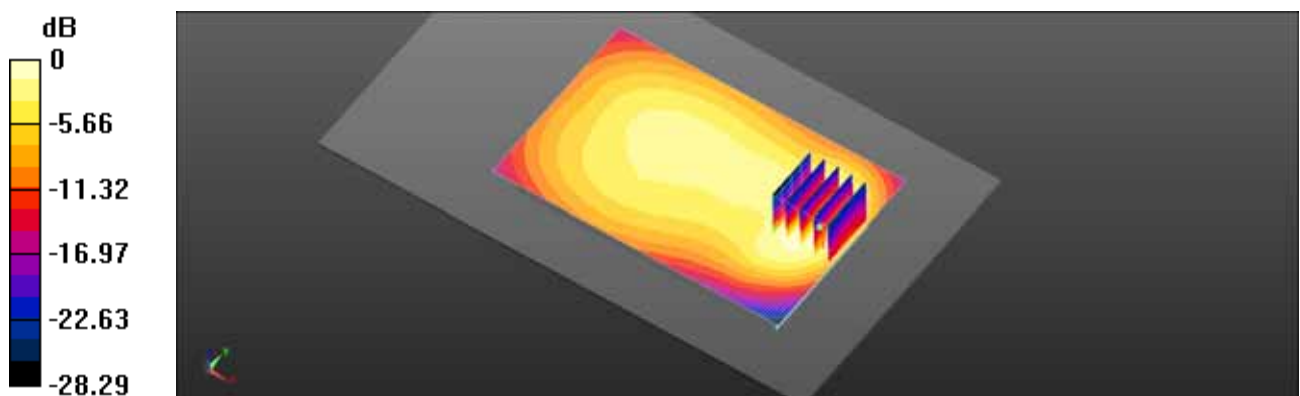
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.791$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/WCDMA850 Body Front 4183ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.652 W/kg

LG-H818P/WCDMA850 Body Front 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 19.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.646 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.682 W/kg



0 dB = 0.652 W/kg = -1.86 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 16, 2015
 Plot No. 16

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

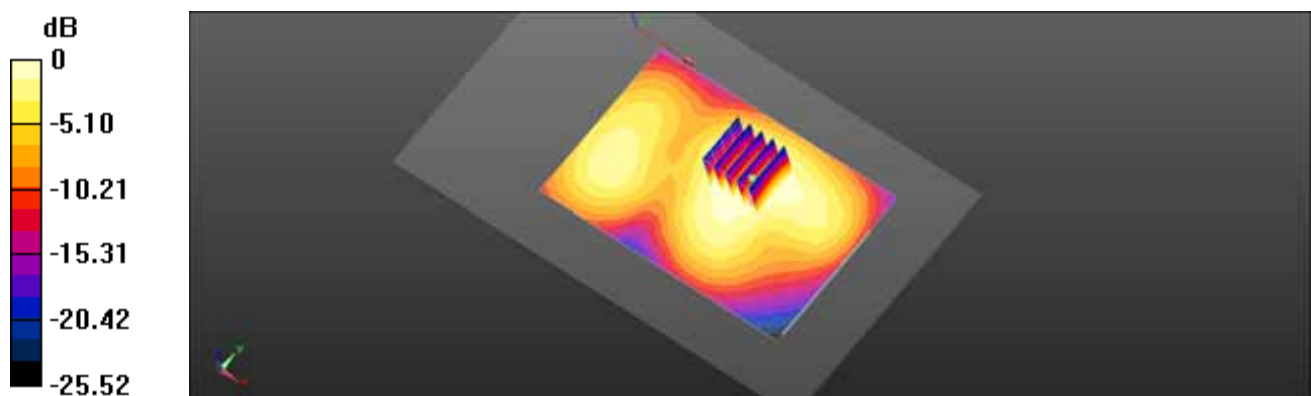
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.449 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.263$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/WCDMA1900 Body Rear 9400ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.710 W/kg

LG-H818P/WCDMA1900 Body Rear 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 12.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.900 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.663 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.443 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 W/kg



0 dB = 0.710 W/kg = -1.49 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC

Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C
Test Date: Apr. 16, 2015
Plot No. 17

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.449 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.263$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

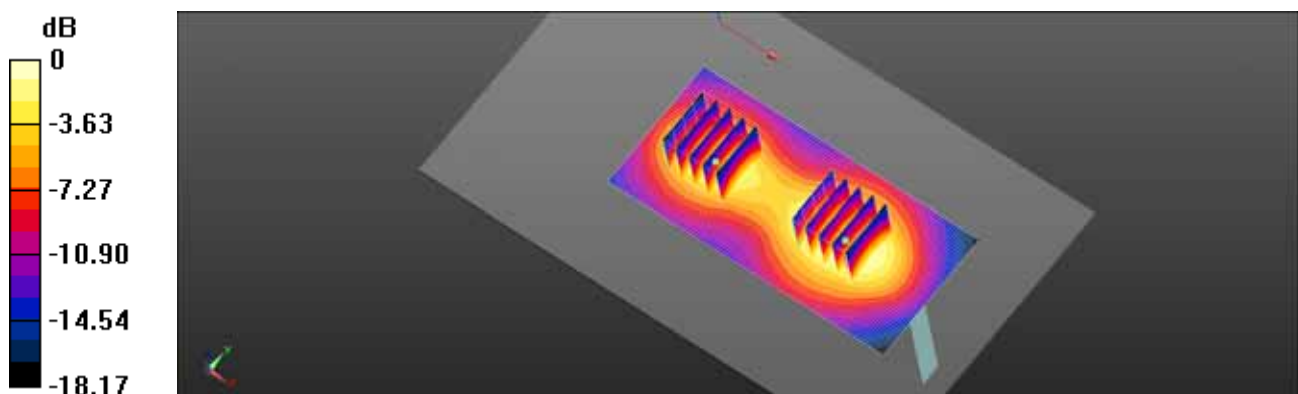
LG-H818P/WCDMA1900 Body Left 9400ch/Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated
grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.773 W/kg

LG-H818P/WCDMA1900 Body Left 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 16.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.714 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.761 W/kg

LG-H818P/WCDMA1900 Body Left 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 16.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.809 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.552 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.592 W/kg



0 dB = 0.773 W/kg = -1.12 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with

Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015
Plot No. 18

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.973 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

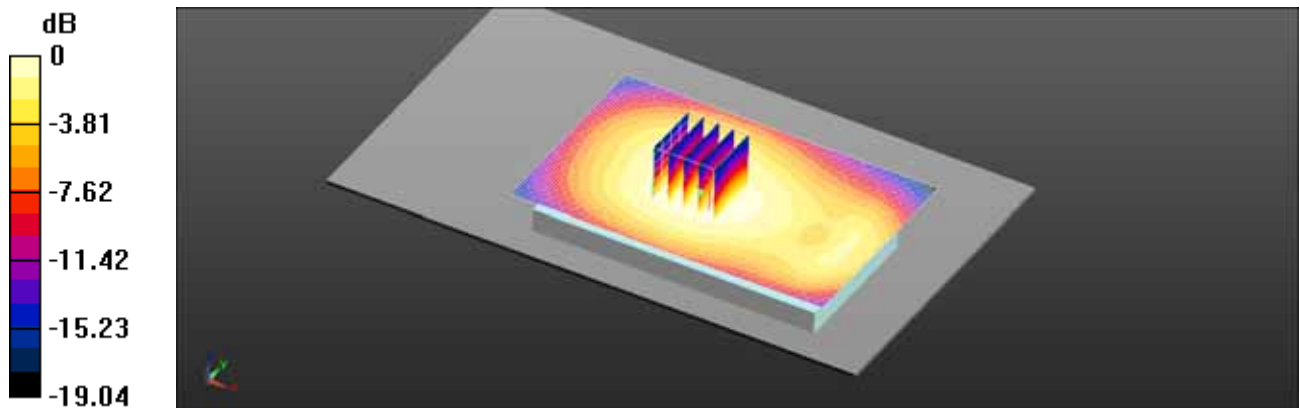
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 24offset 20450ch/Area Scan (71x111x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.469 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 24offset 20450ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 21.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.439 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.340 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg



0 dB = 0.469 W/kg = -3.29 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC

Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015
Plot No. 19

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.973 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.86$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

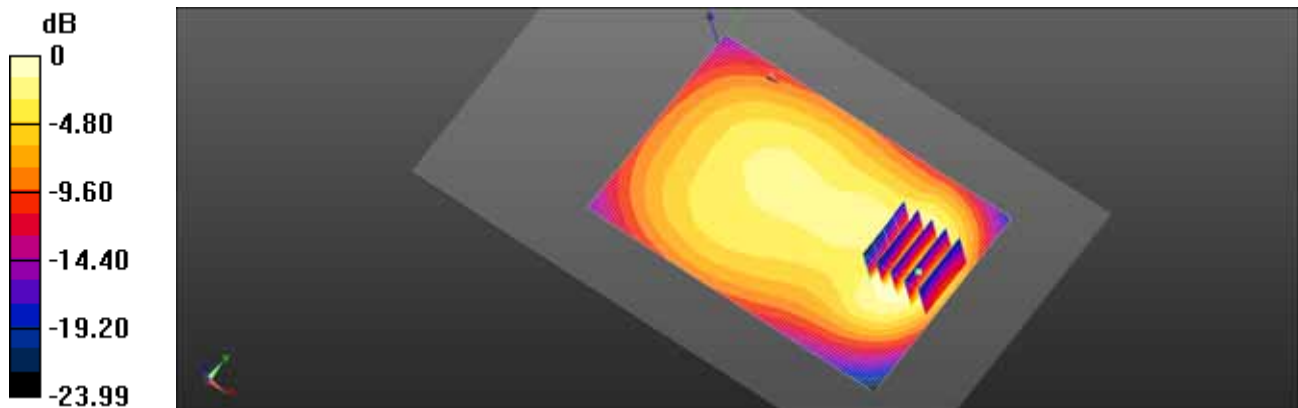
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 5 Body Front QPSK 10MHz 1RB 24offset 20450ch/Area Scan (71x111x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.606 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 5 Body Front QPSK 10MHz 1RB 24offset 20450ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 18.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.613 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.344 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 W/kg



0 dB = 0.606 W/kg = -2.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 21, 2015
 Plot No. 20

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 7 (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.086 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.611$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Area Scan (81x141x1):

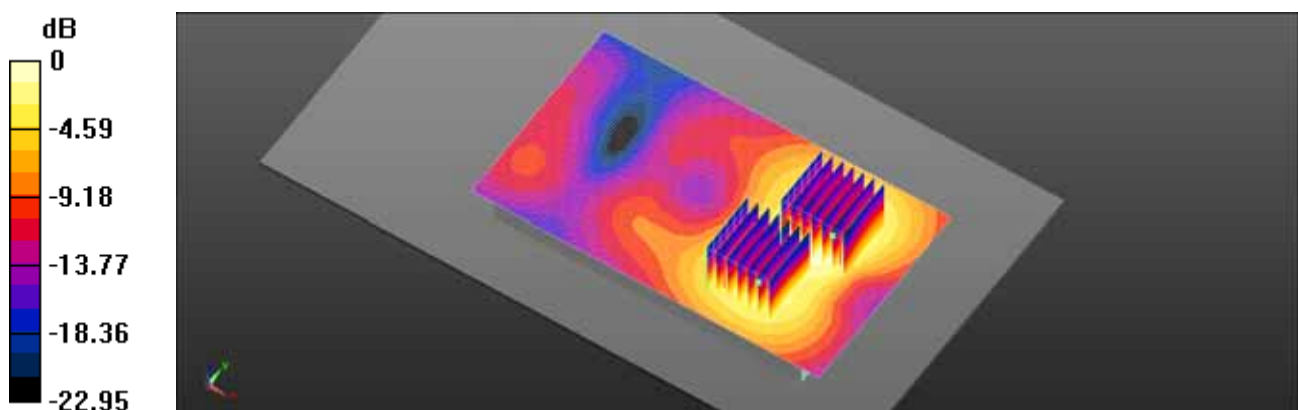
Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 5.887 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.852 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 5.887 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.539 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.770 W/kg



0 dB = 1.23 W/kg = 0.91 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 21, 2015
 Plot No. 21

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 7 (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.086 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.611$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

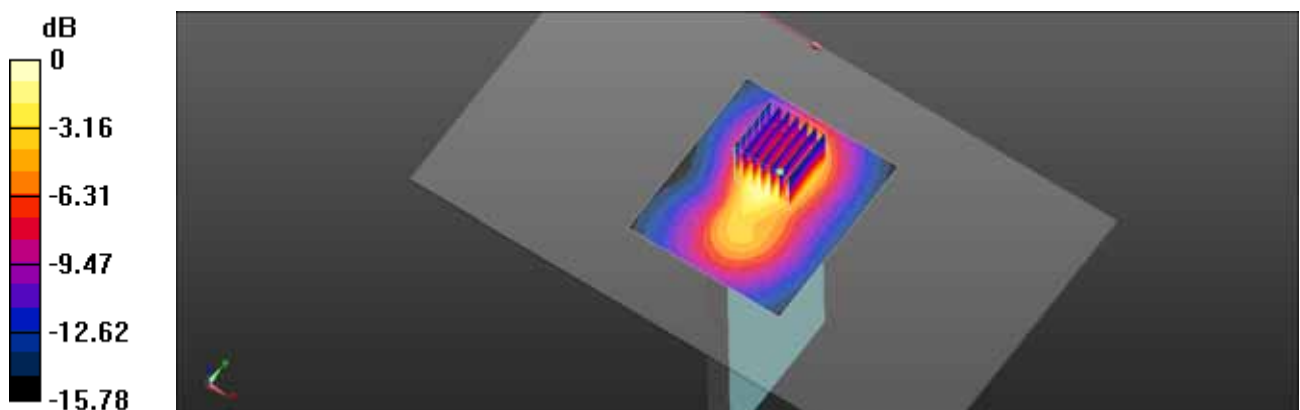
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Body Bottom QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Area Scan (81x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.53 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Body Bottom QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 22.13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.00 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.48 W/kg



0 dB = 1.53 W/kg = 1.84 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 22

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.938 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.798$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 49offset 23790ch/Area Scan (71x111x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.324 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 49offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

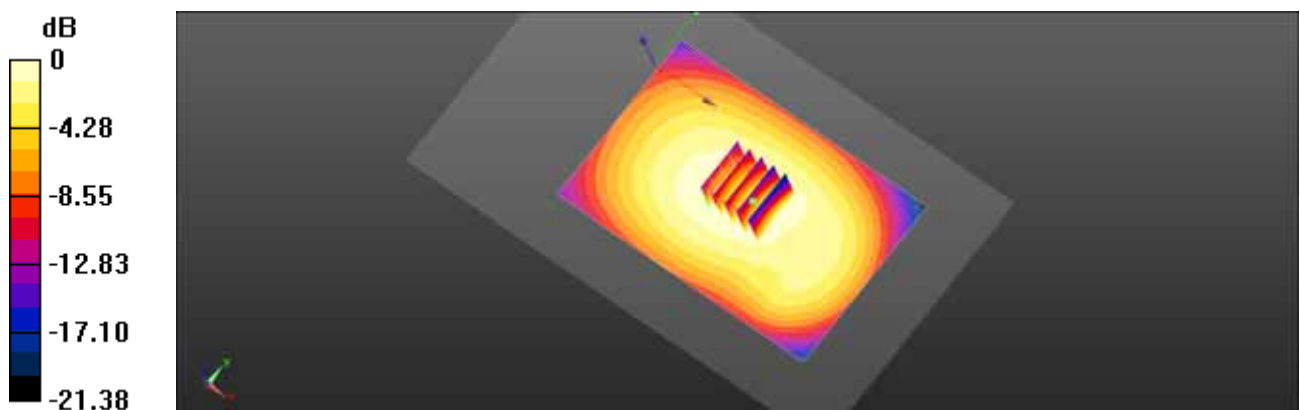
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.334 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.313 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.271 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.315 W/kg



0 dB = 0.324 W/kg = -4.89 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.7 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 23

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.938 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.798$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

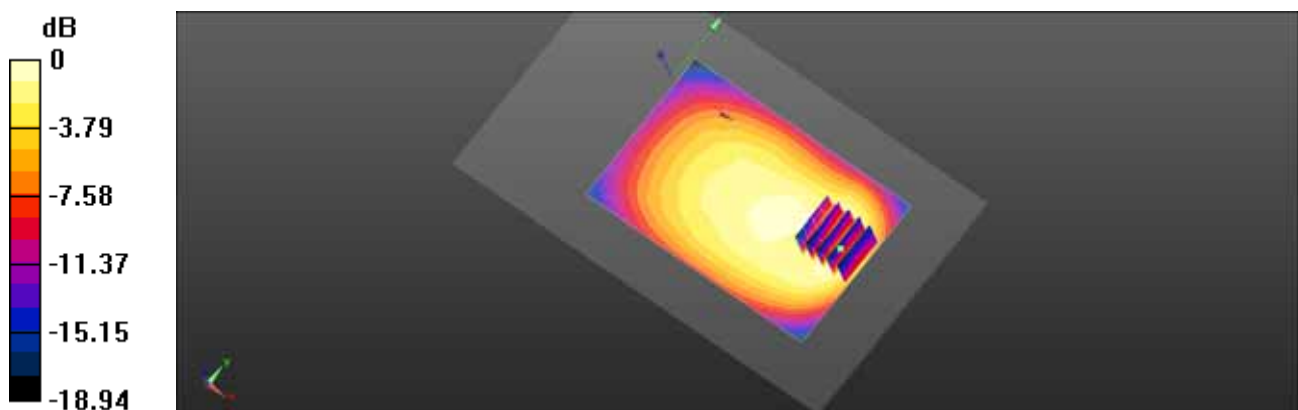
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 17 Body Front QPSK 10MHz 1RB 49offset 23790ch/Area Scan (71x111x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.360 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 17 Body Front QPSK 10MHz 1RB 49offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 16.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.526 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.344 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.370 W/kg



0 dB = 0.360 W/kg = -4.43 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 20, 2015
 Plot No. 24

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

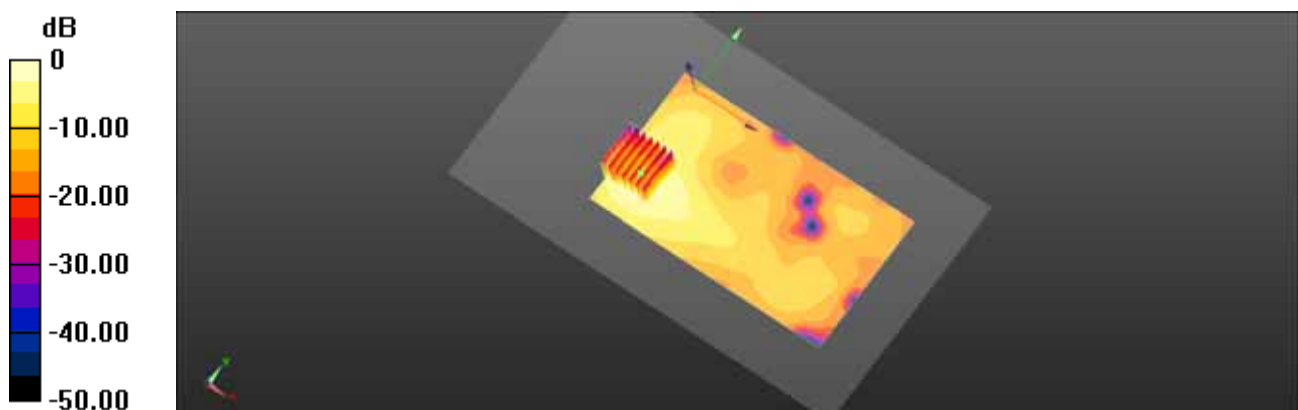
Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.921$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.78$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.379 W/kg

LG-H818P/802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 2.846 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.492 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.229 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 W/kg



0 dB = 0.379 W/kg = -4.21 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.2 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 25

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.131 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.643$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C-2014-02-21
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 149ch Body Worn/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.351 W/kg

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 149ch Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

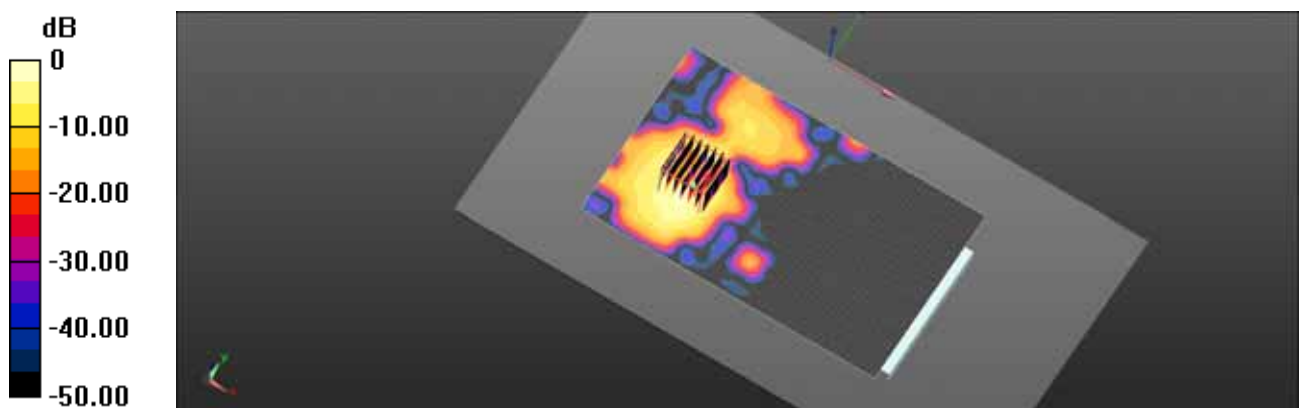
$dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.557 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 W/kg



0 dB = 0.351 W/kg = -4.54 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.2 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 26

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

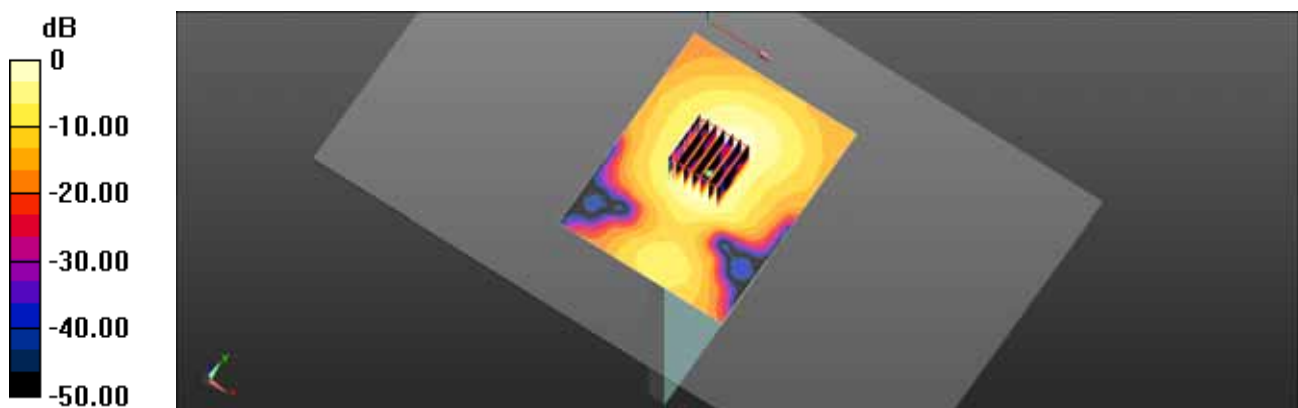
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.131 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.643$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C-2014-02-21
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Top 6Mbps 149ch/Area Scan (101x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.512 W/kg

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Top 6Mbps 149ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 10.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.922 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.206 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 W/kg



0 dB = 0.512 W/kg = -2.91 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.2 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 27

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5580 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.718 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(3.85, 3.85, 3.85); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C-2014-02-21
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 116ch Body Worn/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.624 W/kg

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 116ch Body Worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

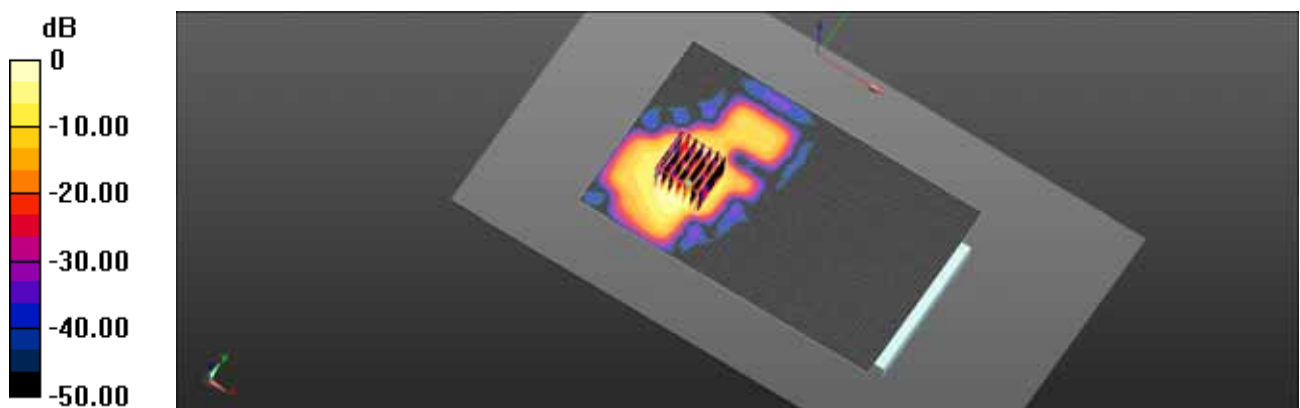
$dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.932 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.220 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 W/kg



0 dB = 0.624 W/kg = -2.05 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with
 Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015
 Plot No. 28

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.791$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/GSM850 Body Rear 190ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.319 W/kg

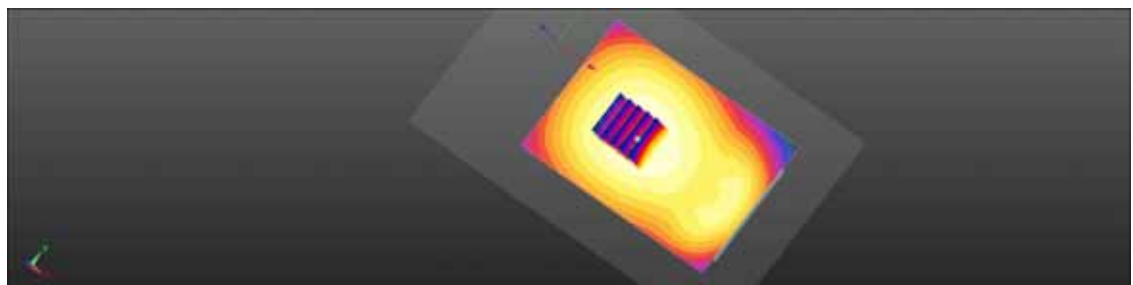
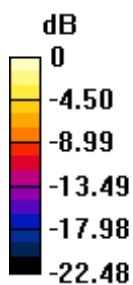
LG-H818P/GSM850 Body Rear 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.305 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.236 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.320 W/kg



0 dB = 0.319 W/kg = -4.96 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 23.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 16, 2015
 Plot No. 29

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.449 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.263$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

LG-H818P/GSM1900 Body Rear 661ch/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 W/kg

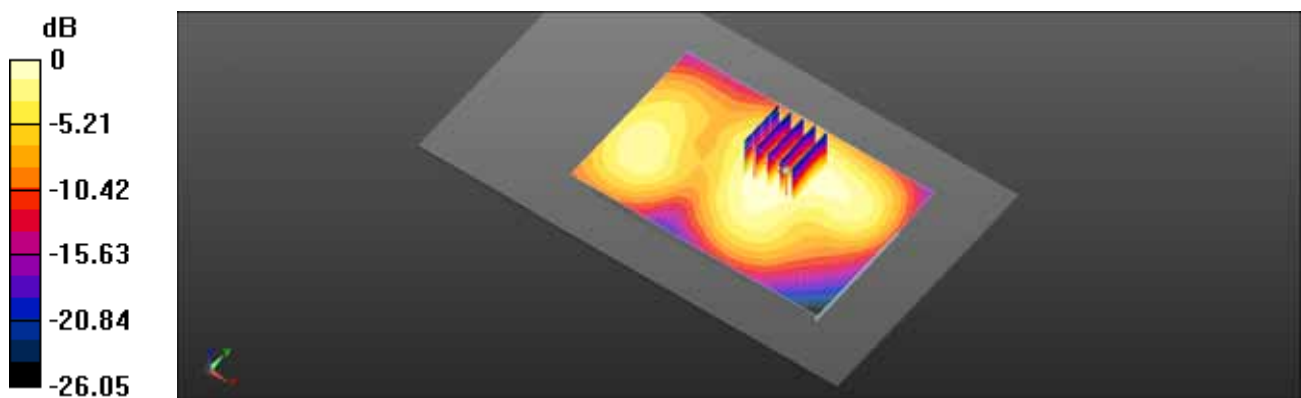
LG-H818P/GSM1900 Body Rear 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.556 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.251 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.260 W/kg



0 dB = 0.264 W/kg = -5.78 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.2 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015
 Plot No. 30

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

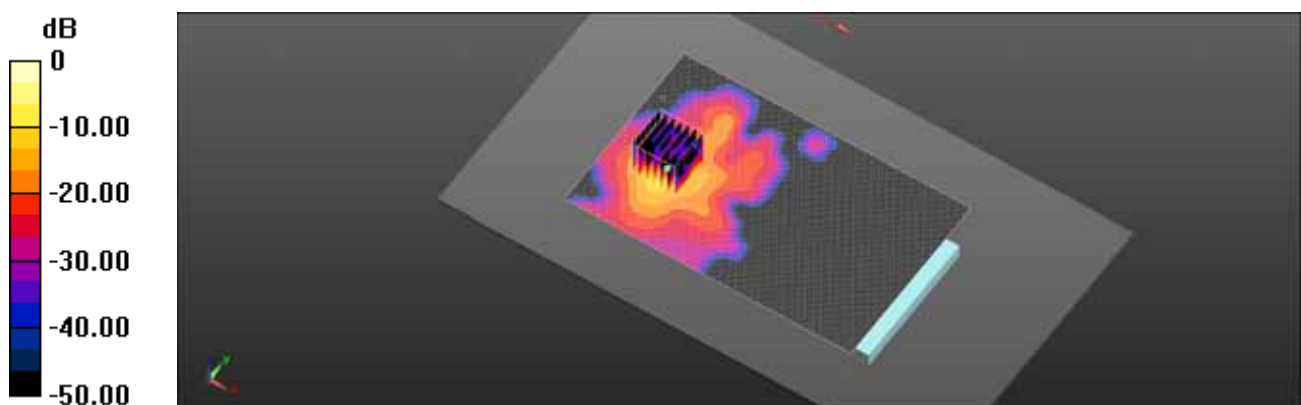
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5580 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.718 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(3.85, 3.85, 3.85); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C-2014-02-21
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 116ch/Area Scan (101x161x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.84 W/kg

LG-H818P/802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 116ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.435 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.11 W/kg



0 dB = 6.84 W/kg = 8.35 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Cellular/PCS GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth, WLAN, NFC
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: Apr. 21, 2015
 Plot No. 31

DUT: LG-H818P; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 7 (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.086 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.611$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

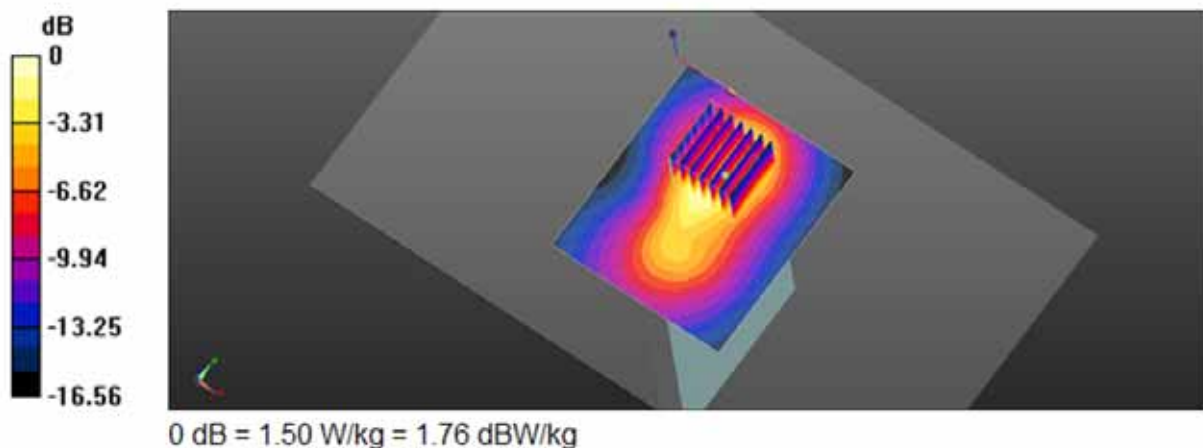
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Body Bottom QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Area Scan (81x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg

LG-H818P/LTE Band 7 Body Bottom QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 21.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.509 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg



Attachment 2. – Dipole Verification Plots

■ Verification Data (750 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.5 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

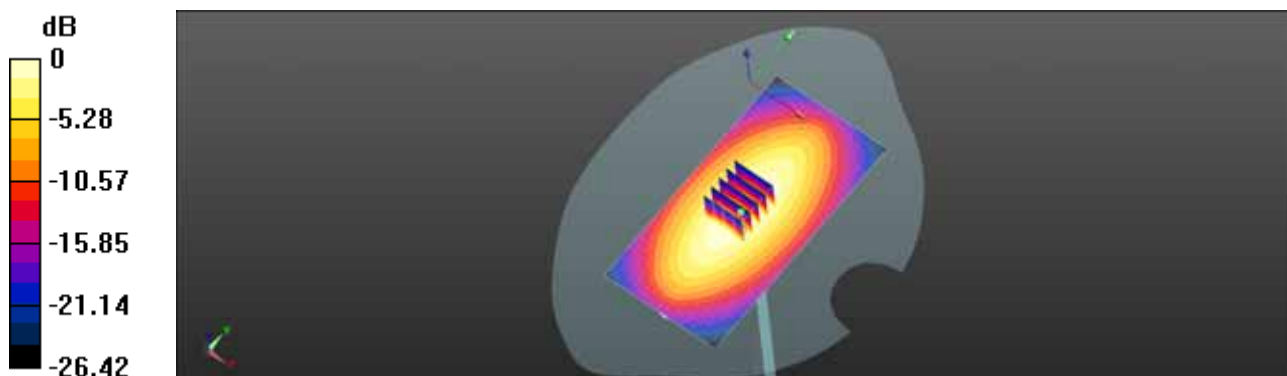
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.908 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.797$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_L
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

750MHz SAR Verification/750MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.888 W/kg

750MHz SAR Verification/750MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 32.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.823 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.540 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.887 W/kg



0 dB = 0.888 W/kg = -0.52 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (750 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.5 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

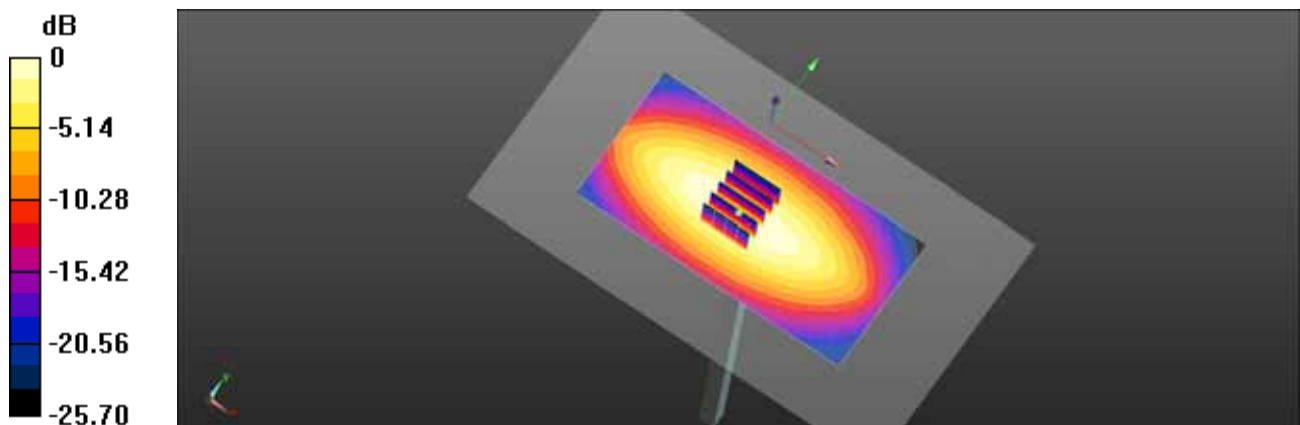
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.975 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.355$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

SAR Verification/750MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (121x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.933 W/kg

SAR Verification/750MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 31.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.852 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.583 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.930 W/kg



0 dB = 0.933 W/kg = -0.30 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.2 °C
Test Date: Apr. 13, 2015

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

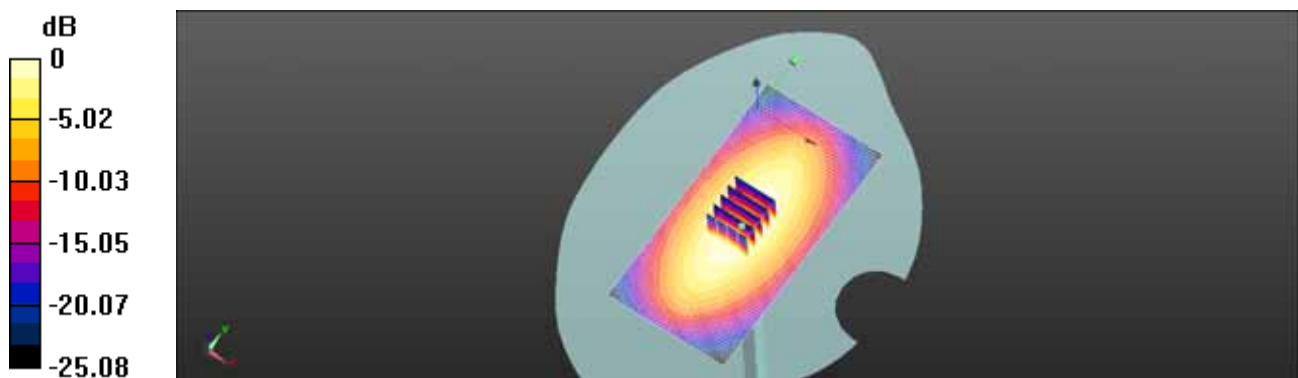
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.906 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.731$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_L
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

835MHz SAR Verification/835MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (61x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

835MHz SAR Verification/835MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 34.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.942 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.621 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



0 dB = 1.02 W/kg = 0.07 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
Test Date: Apr. 15, 2015

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

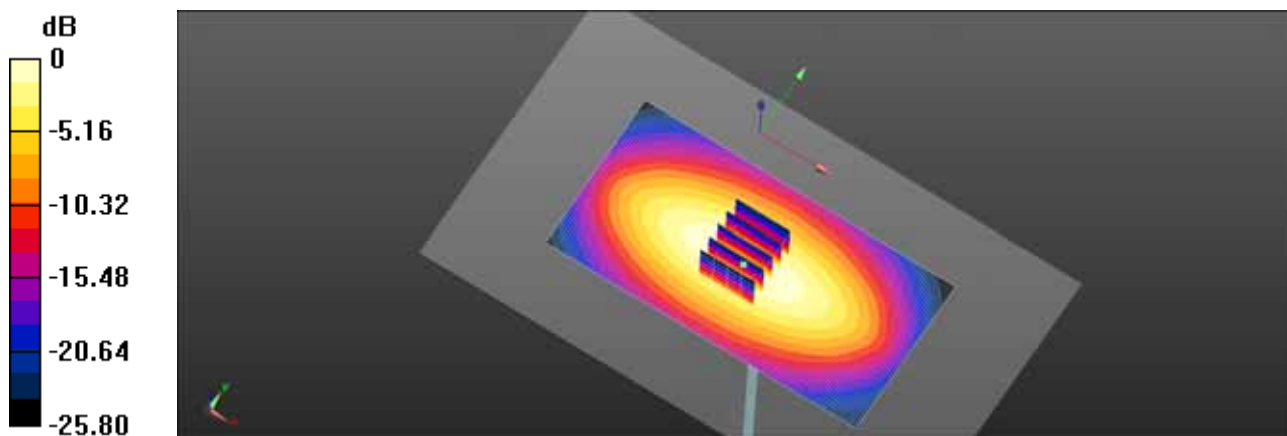
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.793$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

SAR Verification/835MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (121x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR Verification/835MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 33.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.927 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.621 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.06 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 21.5 °C
Test Date: Apr. 14, 2015

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

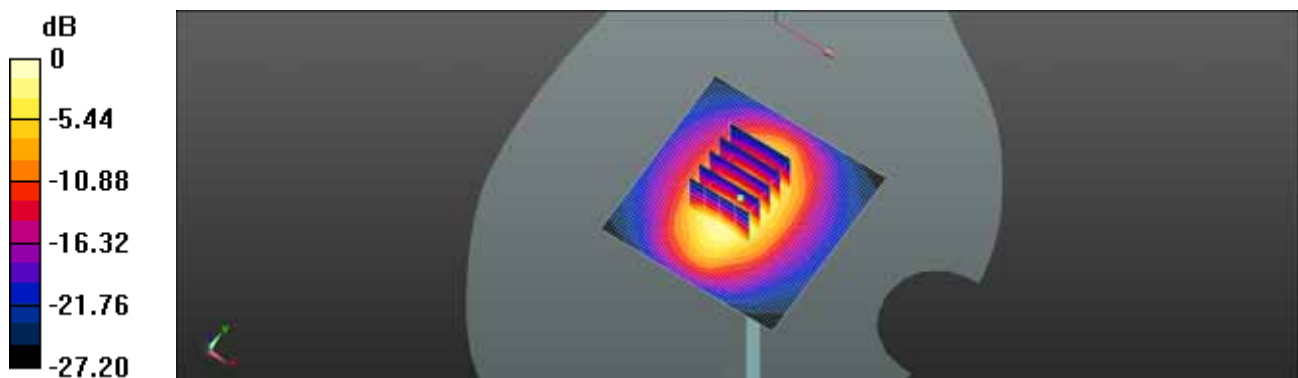
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.387$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.946$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_L
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

SAR Verification/1900MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.57 W/kg

SAR Verification/1900MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 59.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.20 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.46 W/kg



0 dB = 4.57 W/kg = 6.60 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 23.1 °C
Test Date: Apr. 16, 2015

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

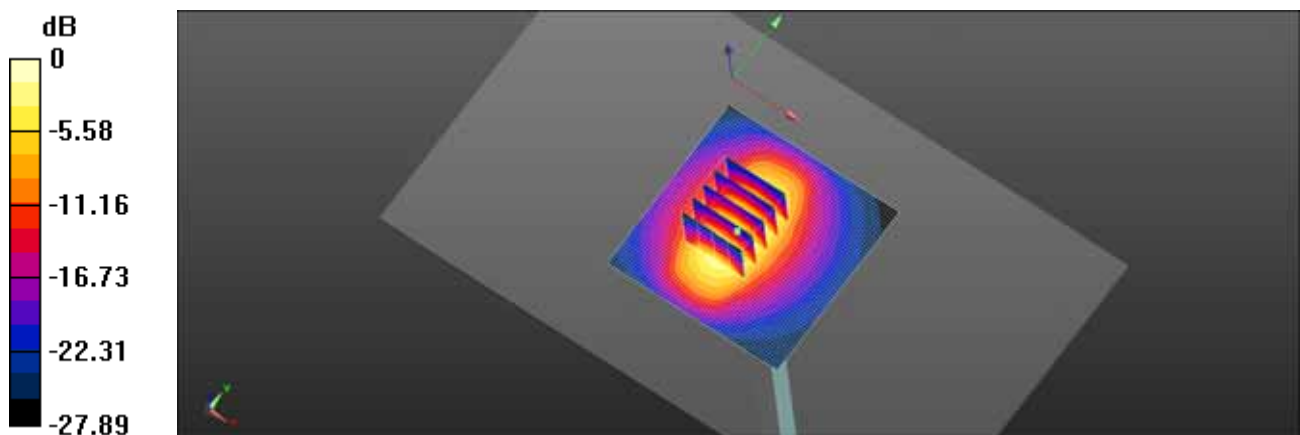
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.472$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.181$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1631; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2015-01-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn652; Calibrated: 2015-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

SAR Verification/1900MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.98 W/kg

SAR Verification/1900MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 51.30 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.59 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.73 W/kg



0 dB = 4.98 W/kg = 6.97 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
Test Date: Apr. 20, 2015

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.445$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.39, 7.39, 7.39); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_F
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

2450MHz SAR Verification/2450MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.50 W/kg

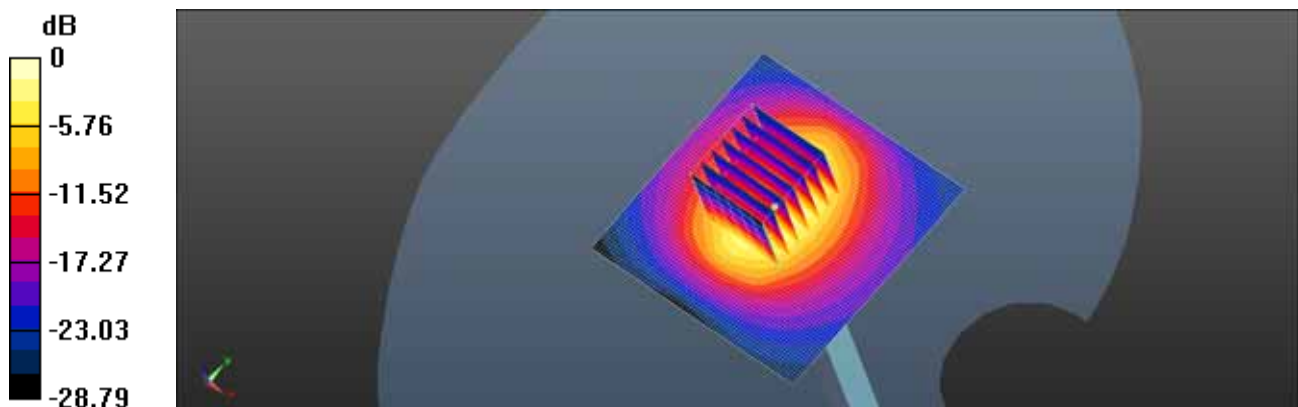
2450MHz SAR Verification/2450MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 68.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.48 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.44 W/kg



0 dB = 8.50 W/kg = 9.29 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
Test Date: Apr. 20, 2015

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.74$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 2.7mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

2450MHz SAR Verification/2450MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.10 W/kg

2450MHz SAR Verification/2450MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

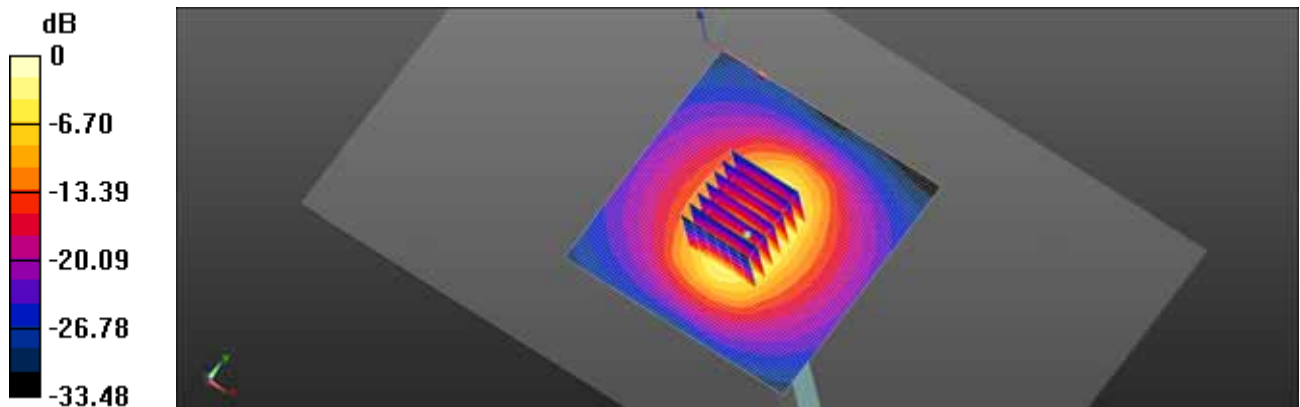
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.54 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.12 W/kg



0 dB = 6.10 W/kg = 7.85 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
Test Date: Apr. 21, 2015

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

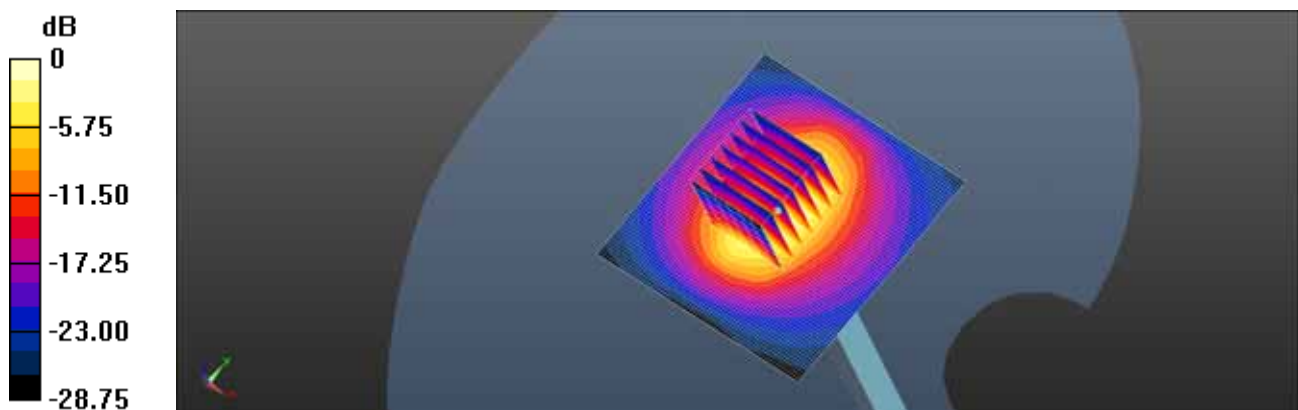
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.036$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.015$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0 Front
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

2600MHz SAR Verification/2600MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.54 W/kg

2600MHz SAR Verification/2600MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 55.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.56 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.45 W/kg



0 dB = 8.54 W/kg = 9.32 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
Test Date: Apr. 21, 2015

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

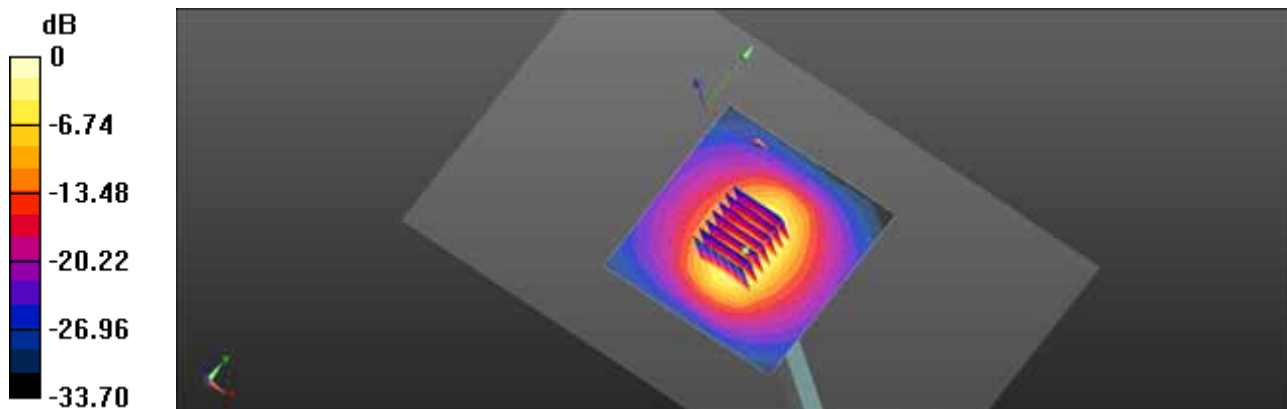
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.204$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.353$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 2.7mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

2600MHz SAR Verification/2600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.57 W/kg

2600MHz SAR Verification/2600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 53.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.72 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.59 W/kg



0 dB = 6.57 W/kg = 8.17 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 22.7 °C
Test Date: Apr. 28, 2015

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.203$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.349$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 2.7mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2015-01-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);

SAR Verification/2600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.56 W/kg

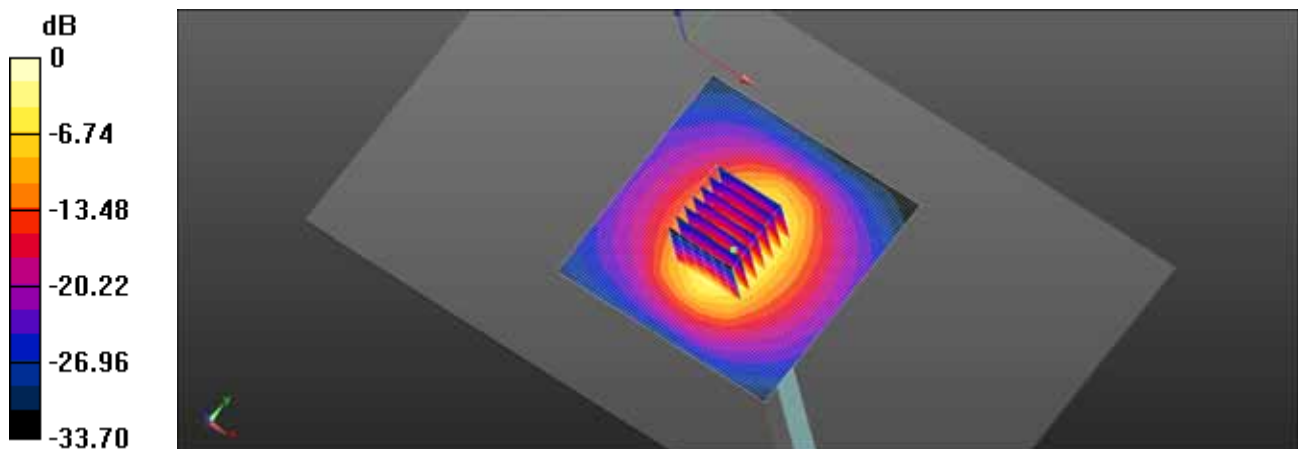
SAR Verification/2600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.72 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.59 W/kg



0 dB = 6.56 W/kg = 8.17 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 300 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.677$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.768$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_Right_2014_02_25
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Verification 5.3GHz Head/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.4 W/kg

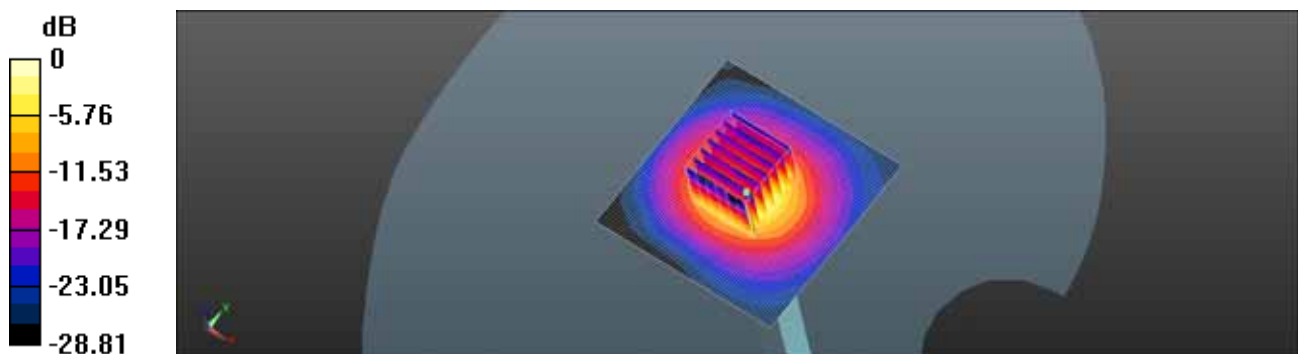
Verification 5.3GHz Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 73.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 20.4 W/kg = 13.09 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 300 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.302$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.636$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C-2014-02-21
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Verification 5.3GHz Body/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.2 W/kg

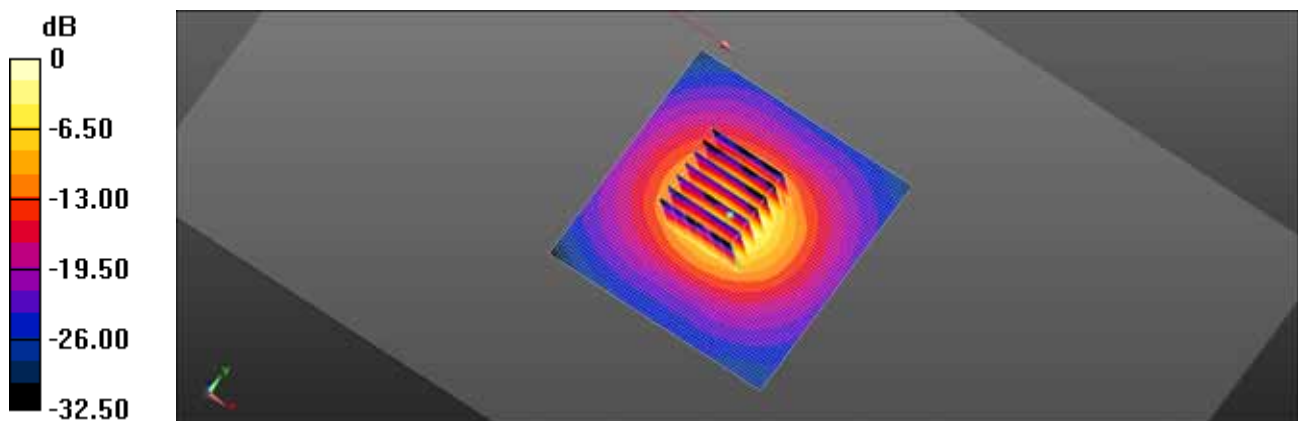
/Verification 5.3GHz Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 67.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



0 dB = 17.2 W/kg = 12.36 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.944$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.174$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_Right_2014_02_25
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Verification 5.6GHz/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.2 W/kg

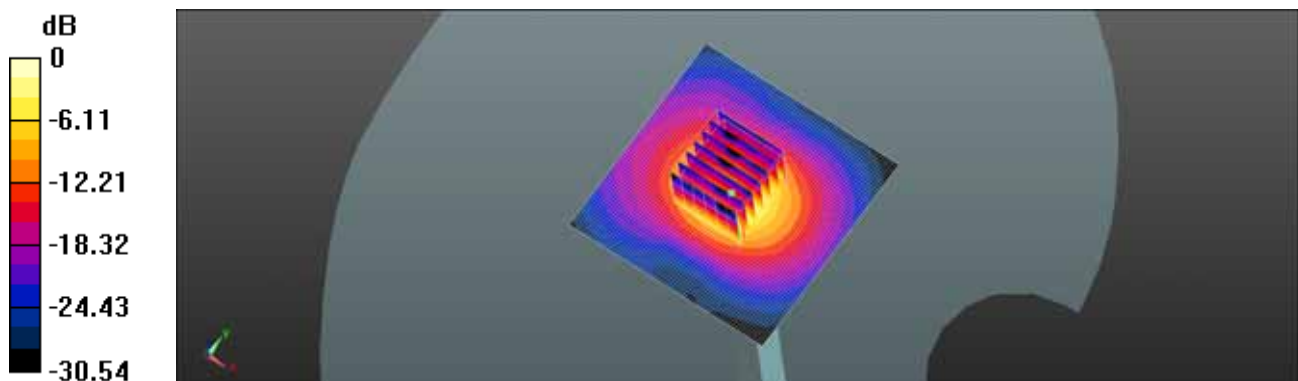
Verification 5.6GHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 73.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 21.2 W/kg = 13.25 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

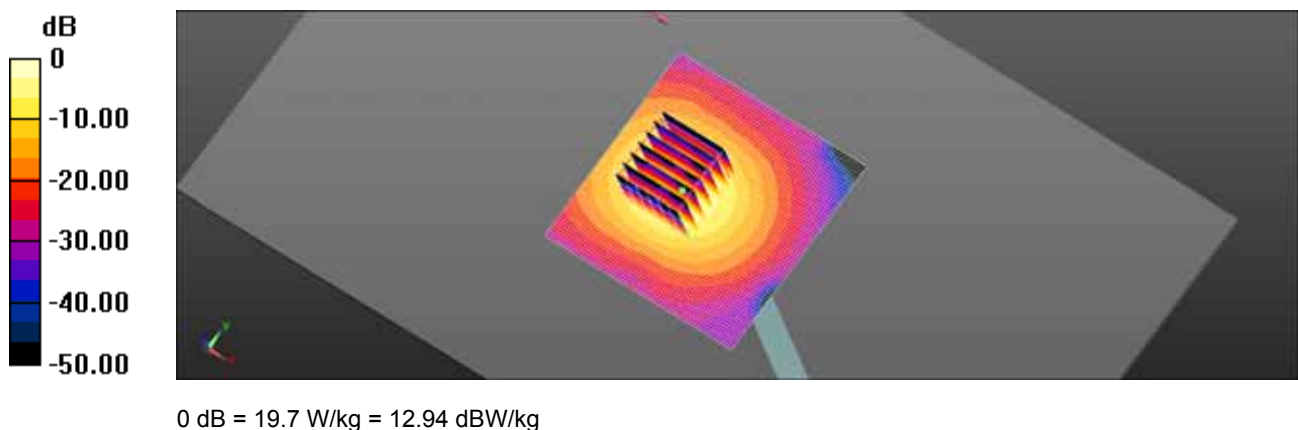
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.685$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.047$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(3.85, 3.85, 3.85); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5GHz SAR Verification/5600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.7 W/kg

5GHz SAR Verification/5600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 44.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



■ Verification Data (5 800 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.231$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_Right_2014_02_25
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Verification 5.8GHz Head/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.3 W/kg

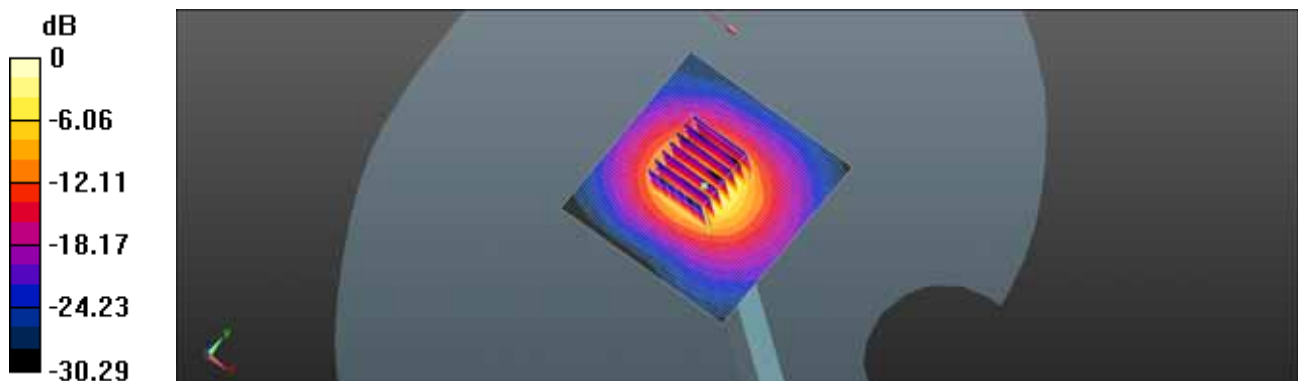
Verification 5.8GHz Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 70.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 39.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 20.3 W/kg = 13.07 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 800 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: Apr. 17, 2015

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.083 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.79$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.12, 4.12, 4.12); Calibrated: 2014-12-22;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn614; Calibrated: 2014-09-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5GHz SAR Verification/5800MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

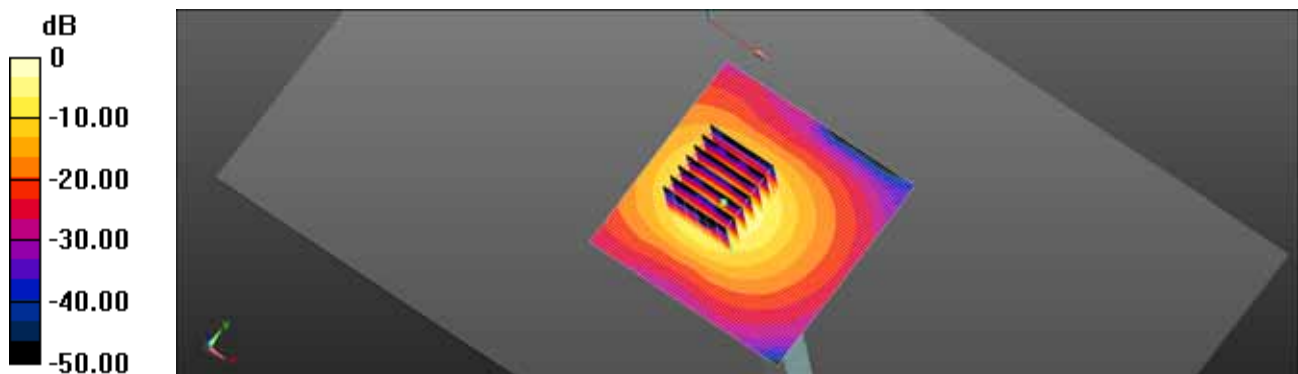
5GHz SAR Verification/5800MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 41.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg (SAR corrected for target medium)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg