SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

CLC Hong Kong Limited

2209, Concordia Plaza, North Tower, No.1 Science Museum Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

FCC ID: Y7WPLUMZ351

Report Type:	**Product Type:**
Original Report	Gator Plus II

Test Engineer:	Rocky Xiao (Rocky Xiao)
Report Number:	RDG150722001-20
Report Date:	2015-07-31
Reviewed By:	Sula Huang RF Leader (Sula Huang)
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<table>
<tr><th colspan="4">Attestation of Test Results</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="6">EUT Information</td><td>Company Name</td><td colspan="2">CLC Hong Kong Limited</td></tr>
<tr><td>EUT Description</td><td colspan="2">Gator Plus II</td></tr>
<tr><td>FCC ID</td><td colspan="2">Y7WPLUMZ351</td></tr>
<tr><td>Model Number:</td><td colspan="2">Z351</td></tr>
<tr><td>Serial Number:</td><td colspan="2">150722001</td></tr>
<tr><td>Test Date</td><td colspan="2">2015-07-28</td></tr>
<tr><th colspan="2">MODE</th><th>Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)</th><th>Limit(W/Kg)</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">GSM 850</td><td>1g Head SAR</td><td>0.331</td><td rowspan="11">1. 6</td></tr>
<tr><td>1g Body SAR</td><td>1.102</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">PCS 1900</td><td>1g Head SAR</td><td>0.351</td></tr>
<tr><td>1g Body SAR</td><td>0.43</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">WCDMA 850</td><td>1g Head SAR</td><td>0.549</td></tr>
<tr><td>1g Body SAR</td><td>0.414</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">WCDMA 1900</td><td>1g Head SAR</td><td>0.662</td></tr>
<tr><td>1g Body SAR</td><td>0.54</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Simultaneous</td><td>1g Head SAR</td><td>1.051</td></tr>
<tr><td>1g Body SAR</td><td>1.297</td></tr>
<tr><td>Hotspot</td><td>1g Body SAR</td><td>1.297</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="6">Applicable Standards</td><td colspan="3">ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005
IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002
IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093
Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">IEEE1528:2013
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">IEC 62209-2:
2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">KDB procedures
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</td></tr>
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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RDG150722001-20	Original Report	2015-07-31

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of CLC Hong Kong Limited and their product, Model: Z351, FCC ID: Y7WPLUMZ351 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Gator Plus II
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS/EGPRS Multi-Class 12, WCDMA R99 (Voice+Data),HSUPA Rel 6,HSDPA Rel 7, DC-HSDPA Rel 8, HSPA+ Rel 6 WLAN Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WLAN: 2412MHz-2462MHz Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 33.53 dBm PCS 1900: 28.84 dBm WCDMA 850: 22.63 dBm WCDMA 1900: 23.12 dBm WLAN: 9.57 dBm Bluetooth BDR/EDR: 4.56 dBm Bluetooth LE: -2.53 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	121 mm (L) × 67 mm (W) × 17 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

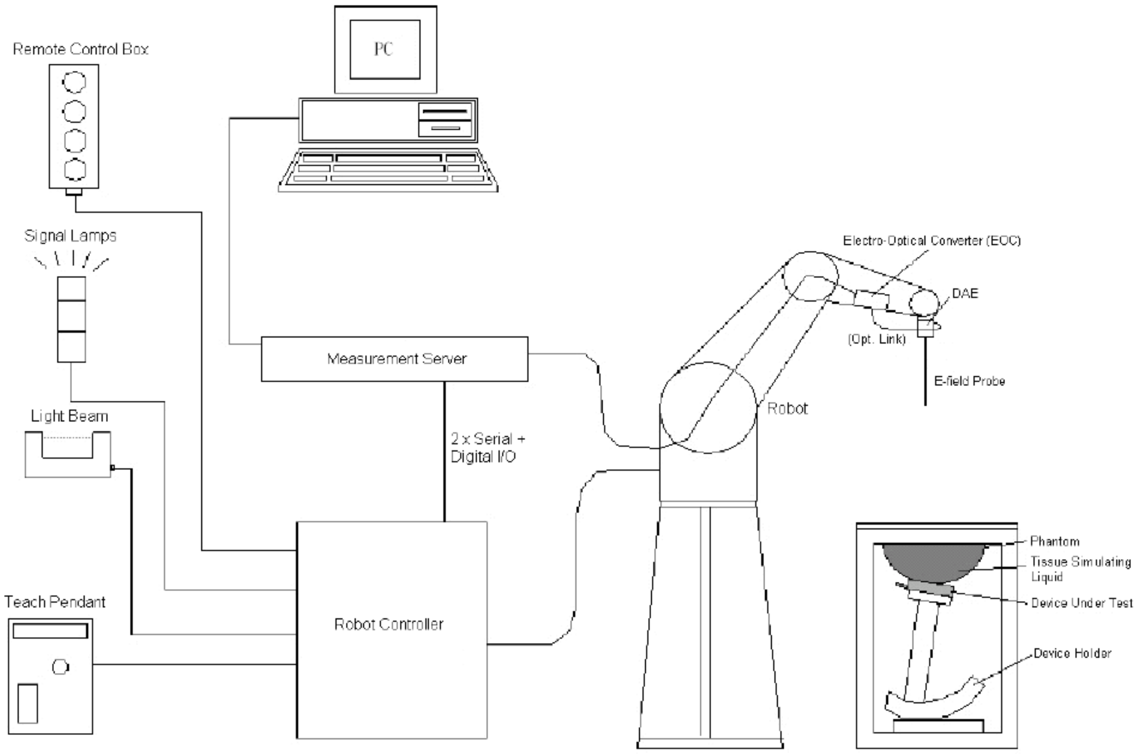
The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:

DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:
_ Left hand
_ Right hand
_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table. For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.
The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)
A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.
Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ±20%. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent _=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm,with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

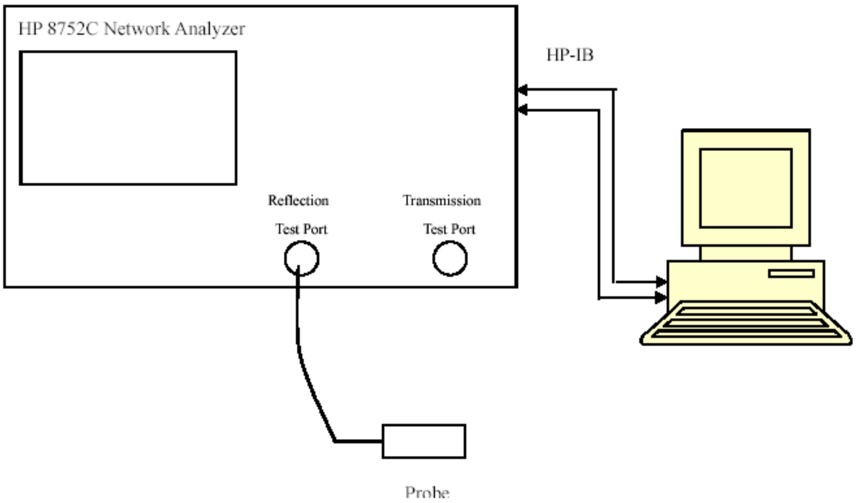
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-08
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2013-10-09	2016-10-09
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ε_r	σ (S/m)	ε_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\varepsilon_r$	Δσ (S/m)	
824.2	Head	42.93	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.45	-2.22	42.93
	Body	55.16	0.96	55.2	0.97	-0.07	-1.03	55.16
826.4	Head	42.9	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.37	-2.22	42.9
	Body	55.11	0.97	55.2	0.97	-0.16	0	55.11
836.6	Head	42.89	0.89	41.5	0.9	3.35	-1.11	42.89
	Body	55.12	0.98	55.2	0.97	-0.14	1.03	55.12
846.6	Head	42.8	0.9	41.5	0.9	3.13	0	42.8
	Body	55.01	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.34	2.06	55.01
848.8	Head	42.72	0.9	41.5	0.9	2.94	0	42.72
	Body	55.01	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.34	2.06	55.01
1850.2	Head	39.84	1.36	40	1.4	-0.4	-2.86	±5
	Body	55.27	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.7	-2.63	±5
1852.4	Head	39.84	1.36	40	1.4	-0.4	-2.86	±5
	Body	55.22	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.6	-2.63	±5
1880	Head	39.76	1.38	40	1.4	-0.6	-1.43	±5
	Body	53.72	1.54	53.3	1.52	0.79	1.32	±5
1907.6	Head	39.56	1.41	40	1.4	-1.1	0.71	±5
	Body	53.59	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.54	-1.97	±5
1909.8	Head	39.58	1.41	40	1.4	-1.05	0.71	±5
	Body	53.4	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.19	-1.97	±5

**Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-07-28.*

Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824	42.8892	19.1555	824	55.1596	21.055
824.5	42.9809	19.1396	824.5	55.1501	20.9323
825	42.9445	19.1407	825	55.1567	20.9899
825.5	42.9308	19.2013	825.5	55.2069	20.9468
826	42.917	19.125	826	55.0977	21.056
826.5	42.8967	19.1599	826.5	55.1138	21.0274
827	42.9162	19.1537	827	55.0451	21.0052
827.5	42.893	19.1478	827.5	55.1542	20.983
828	42.972	19.2294	828	55.1122	20.9687
828.5	42.9436	19.1841	828.5	55.2008	21.0004
829	42.924	19.2522	829	55.1406	20.9263
829.5	42.9388	19.1676	829.5	55.0586	20.9268
830	42.997	19.2062	830	55.0966	20.9331
830.5	42.9247	19.2324	830.5	55.1329	20.9953
831	42.9161	19.1934	831	55.1169	20.9681
831.5	42.8845	19.1735	831.5	55.1717	20.9967
832	42.9414	19.2045	832	55.2196	20.9466
832.5	42.9417	19.2432	832.5	55.0854	20.9109
833	42.9762	19.2014	833	55.1087	20.9251
833.5	42.9027	19.2367	833.5	55.1027	20.9522
834	42.8919	19.2268	834	55.1774	21.0105
834.5	42.8886	19.2123	834.5	55.0985	20.9484
835	42.9668	19.2051	835	55.0851	20.9317
835.5	42.9212	19.1477	835.5	55.0717	20.9987
836	42.9477	19.1549	836	55.1268	21.0351
836.5	42.8903	19.1804	836.5	55.1268	21
837	42.8714	19.1705	837	55.0902	21.0053
837.5	42.8522	19.2104	837.5	55.0026	20.9357
838	42.871	19.2158	838	55.0852	20.9911
838.5	42.8761	19.1822	838.5	55.1476	20.9897
839	42.9414	19.1805	839	55.0755	20.9613
839.5	42.8988	19.1479	839.5	55.0882	21.0049
840	42.905	19.1206	840	55.0198	21.0099
840.5	42.856	19.064	840.5	55.1898	20.9881
841	42.9004	19.1845	841	55.0509	20.9971
841.5	42.8617	19.1407	841.5	55.0214	20.9631
842	42.885	19.1175	842	55.071	20.9705
842.5	42.8123	19.1502	842.5	55.0072	20.9611
843	42.8314	19.055	843	55.0484	20.993
843.5	42.8126	19.0652	843.5	55.0067	20.9529
844	42.7933	19.0966	844	55.0831	20.9455
844.5	42.8613	19.0039	844.5	55.0717	21.0166
845	42.7747	19.058	845	55.0946	20.9503
845.5	42.8252	19.0595	845.5	55.0418	20.9236
846	42.8632	19.0113	846	55.0369	20.977
846.5	42.8111	19.035	846.5	55.0149	20.9312
847	42.7326	19.1044	847	55.0052	20.9714
847.5	42.7533	18.9947	847.5	55.0448	20.9884
848	42.7784	19.0037	848	55.0054	21.0101
848.5	42.7081	19.0349	848.5	55.0065	20.8983
849	42.7202	18.9698	849	55.0133	20.9338

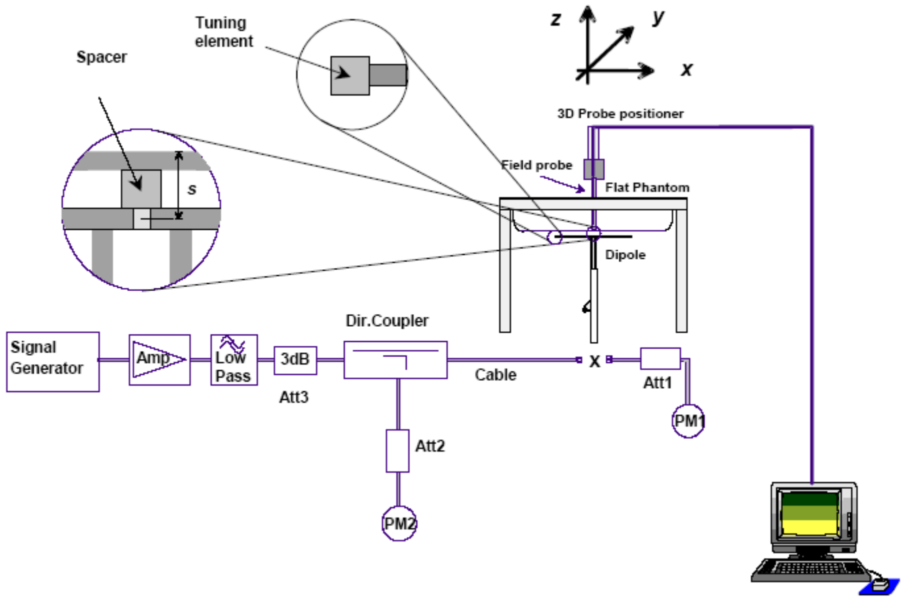
1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850	39.8218	13.2369	1850	55.2458	14.3995
1851	39.889	13.2192	1851	55.3748	14.3505
1852	39.8501	13.1686	1852	55.2591	14.3721
1853	39.8368	13.1708	1853	55.159	14.2883
1854	39.8922	13.1642	1854	55.0732	14.1651
1855	39.8914	13.1975	1855	55.0597	14.271
1856	39.8349	13.1949	1856	54.8949	14.2765
1857	39.8839	13.1861	1857	54.7515	14.2043
1858	39.8474	13.1768	1858	54.6193	14.1083
1859	39.8156	13.2216	1859	54.5848	14.0525
1860	39.8485	13.2447	1860	54.4563	14.1588
1861	39.8483	13.231	1861	54.5088	14.0973
1862	39.8985	13.2372	1862	54.3272	14.0936
1863	39.8376	13.162	1863	54.2217	14.1286
1864	39.7987	13.1981	1864	54.1429	14.146
1865	39.874	13.2102	1865	54.0954	14.1504
1866	39.8113	13.1902	1866	53.9726	14.1691
1867	39.8209	13.1903	1867	53.8769	14.1823
1868	39.7919	13.2091	1868	53.828	14.2526
1869	39.868	13.3172	1869	53.7472	14.2298
1870	39.8745	13.2394	1870	53.6752	14.2748
1871	39.8123	13.2061	1871	53.6415	14.3059
1872	39.8147	13.2245	1872	53.6794	14.3375
1873	39.8227	13.2068	1873	53.6419	14.4622
1874	39.7107	13.2617	1874	53.6206	14.4118
1875	39.7728	13.1973	1875	53.6022	14.4915
1876	39.7377	13.2281	1876	53.6134	14.5497
1877	39.7942	13.2206	1877	53.6583	14.6533
1878	39.7713	13.2053	1878	53.6435	14.7117
1879	39.7318	13.2223	1879	53.6707	14.6663
1880	39.7624	13.2369	1880	53.7227	14.7582
1881	39.7357	13.22	1881	53.7369	14.7625
1882	39.7234	13.2732	1882	53.7825	14.7833
1883	39.7333	13.2813	1883	53.7897	14.7878
1884	39.7414	13.2771	1884	53.8767	14.7871
1885	39.6993	13.3062	1885	53.9742	14.8102
1886	39.6914	13.3246	1886	54.1154	14.8111
1887	39.6505	13.2951	1887	54.1616	14.7714
1888	39.6808	13.2429	1888	54.2597	14.8371
1889	39.6648	13.3435	1889	54.2388	14.7505
1890	39.6726	13.294	1890	54.2567	14.7446
1891	39.673	13.3154	1891	54.333	14.7593
1892	39.6823	13.3147	1892	54.4044	14.7017
1893	39.6588	13.3137	1893	54.3608	14.6818
1894	39.6981	13.2765	1894	54.3419	14.6663
1895	39.6403	13.2767	1895	54.3478	14.6294
1896	39.6507	13.2845	1896	54.4265	14.5007
1897	39.6401	13.2984	1897	54.4141	14.4905
1898	39.6448	13.2822	1898	54.4018	14.4332
1899	39.6612	13.2782	1899	54.24	14.366
1900	39.664	13.322	1900	54.2128	14.3579

1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	**e'**	**e''**	**Frequency (MHz)**	**e'**	**e''**
1901	39.6377	13.3208	1901	54.1175	14.2903
1902	39.5864	13.3435	1902	54.0626	14.2299
1903	39.6247	13.2756	1903	53.9485	14.2375
1904	39.6296	13.329	1904	53.9047	14.1195
1905	39.652	13.3321	1905	53.7849	14.1212
1906	39.6009	13.3843	1906	53.7209	14.0994
1907	39.5401	13.3121	1907	53.6272	14.1317
1908	39.5683	13.2931	1908	53.5645	14.0499
1909	39.5906	13.3365	1909	53.4534	14.0319
1910	39.5777	13.2868	1910	53.3843	14.0702

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of ±10%. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015/7/28	835	Head	1g	9.81	9.773	0.38	±10
		Body	1g	9.19	9.736	-5.61	±10
	1900	Head	1g	40.8	39.481	3.34	±10
		Body	1g	39.4	39.715	-0.79	±10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

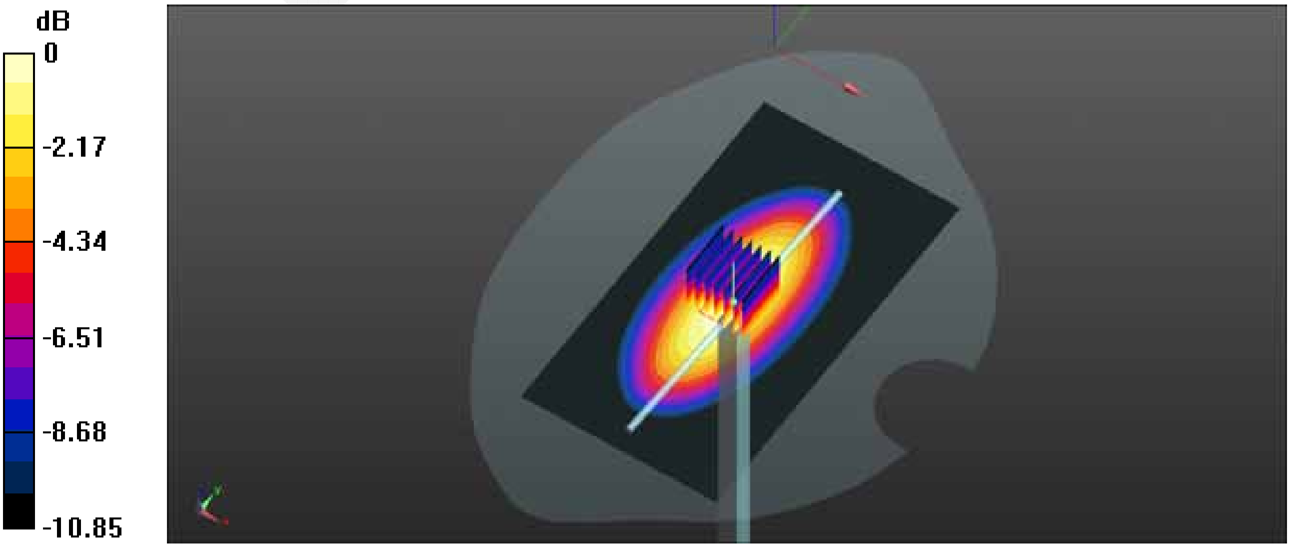
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.892 S/m; ε_r = 42.967; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.4 W/kg

System Performance 835MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 107.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.6 W/kg



0 dB = 10.6 W/kg = 10.25 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.972 S/m; ε_r = 55.085; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.59 W/kg

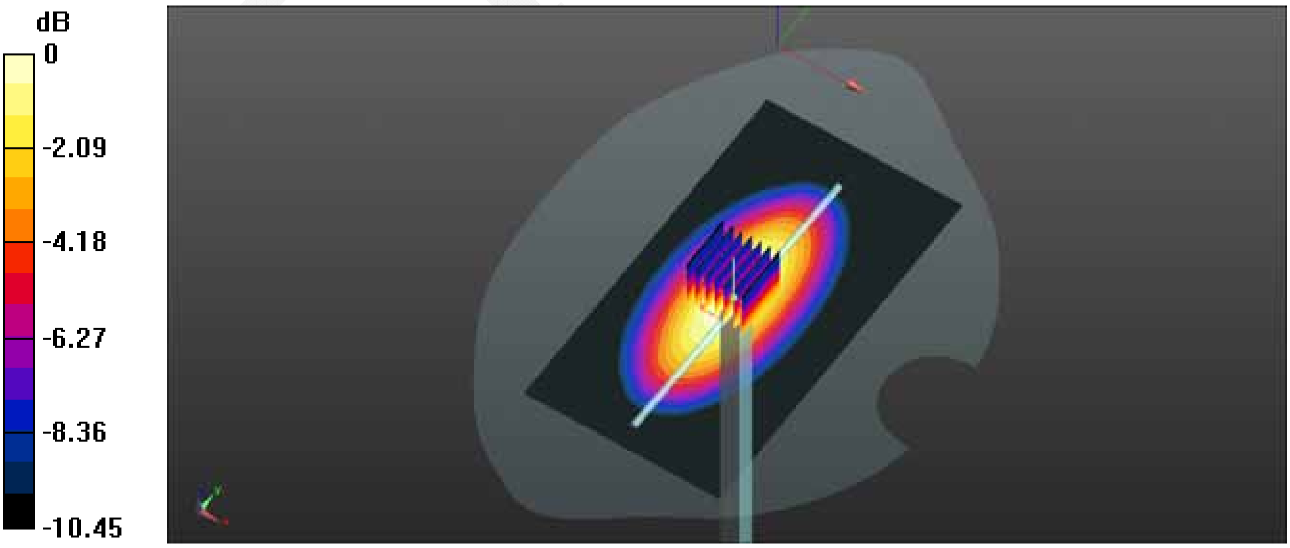
System Performance 835MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.19 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.58 W/kg



0 dB = 9.58 W/kg = 9.81 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

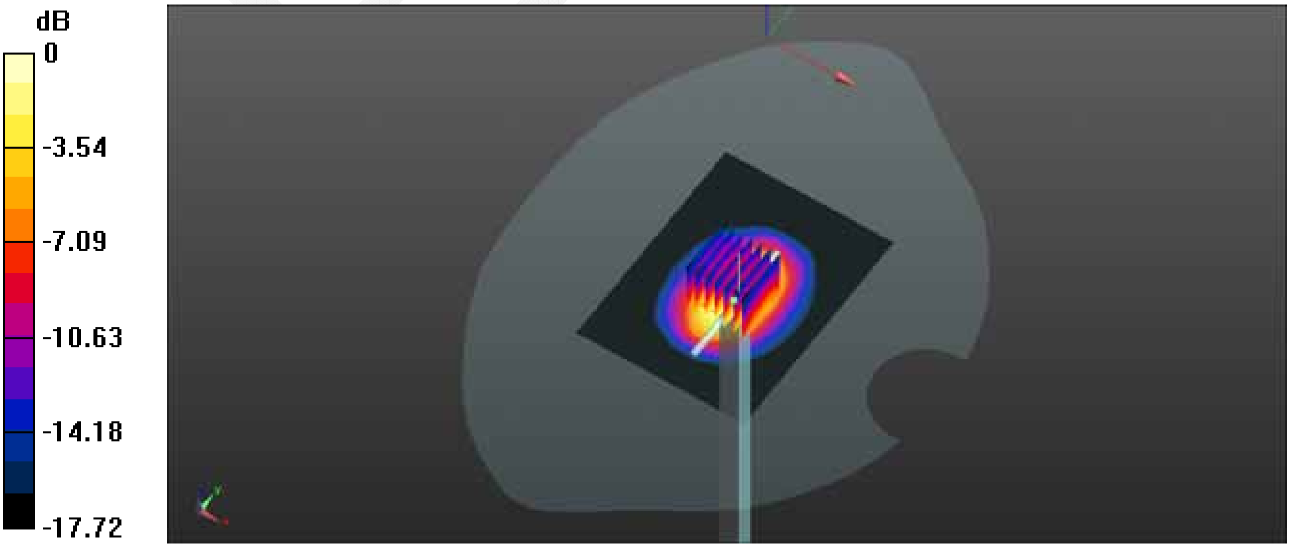
Communication System:CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.408 S/m; ε_r = 39.664; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.2 W/kg

System Performance 1900MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 174.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 40.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.2 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.7 W/kg



0 dB = 45.7 W/kg = 16.60 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory:Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

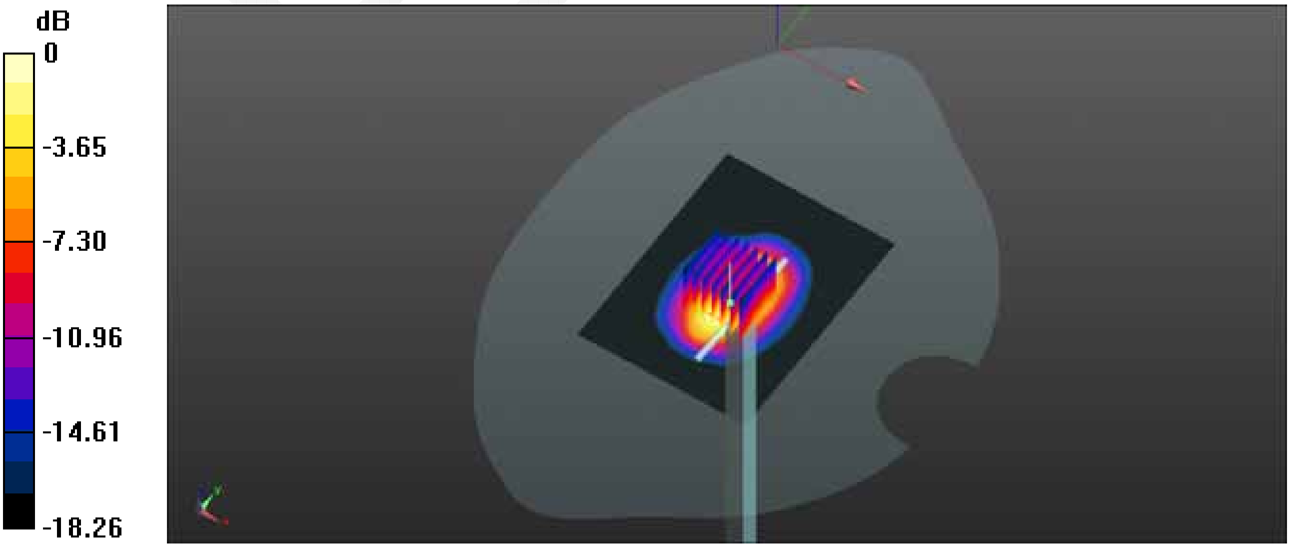
Communication System:CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.518$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.213$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz Body /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 47.3 W/kg

System Performance 1900MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 163.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 73.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 39.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 19.8 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.8 W/kg



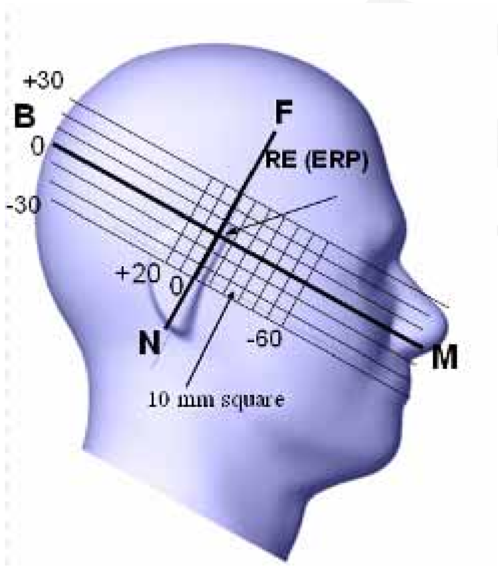
0 dB = 43.8 W/kg = 16.41 dBW/kg

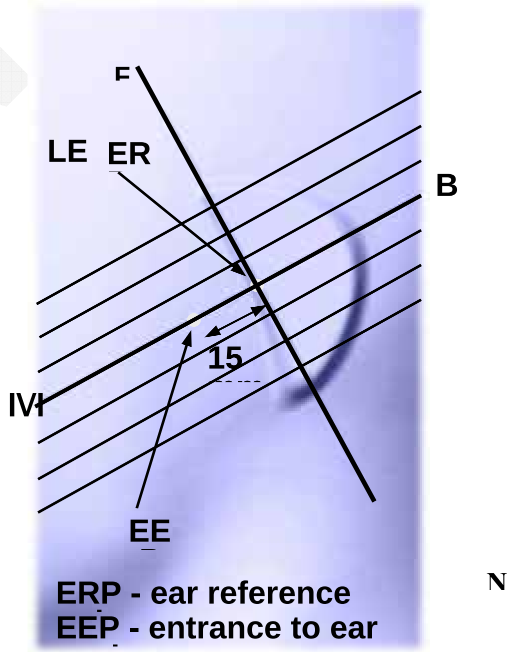
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

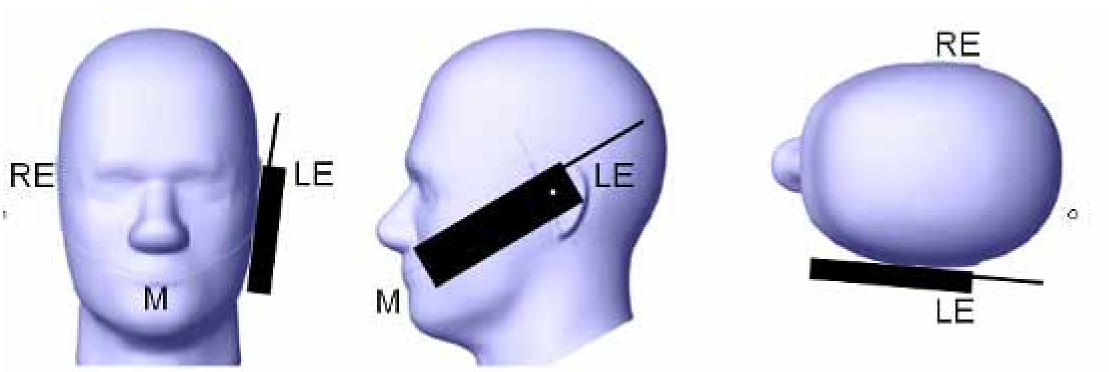
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

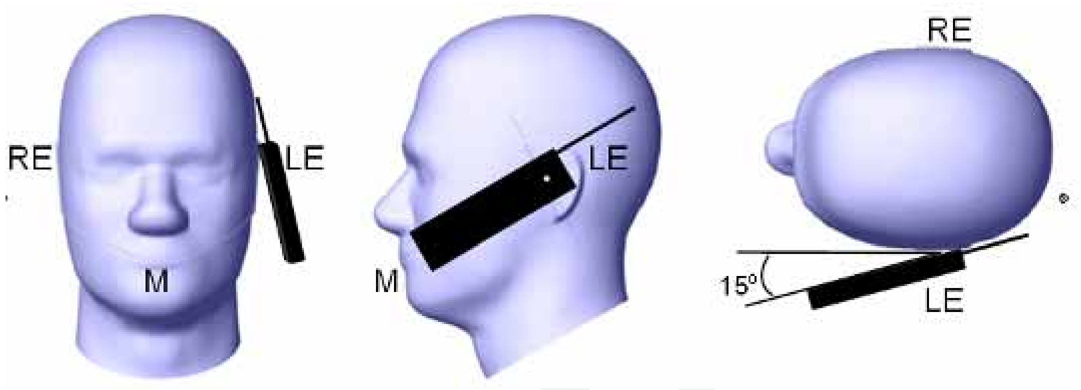
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

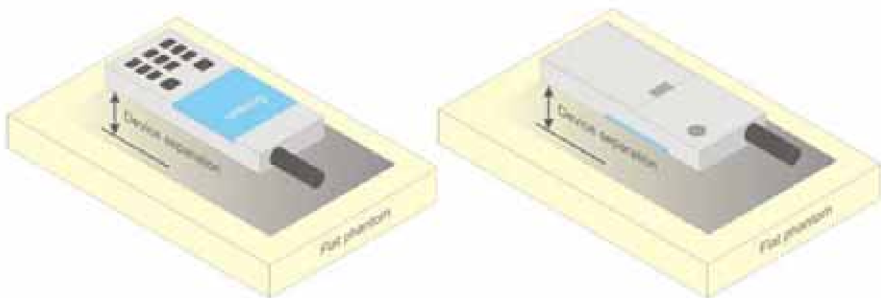


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the “Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

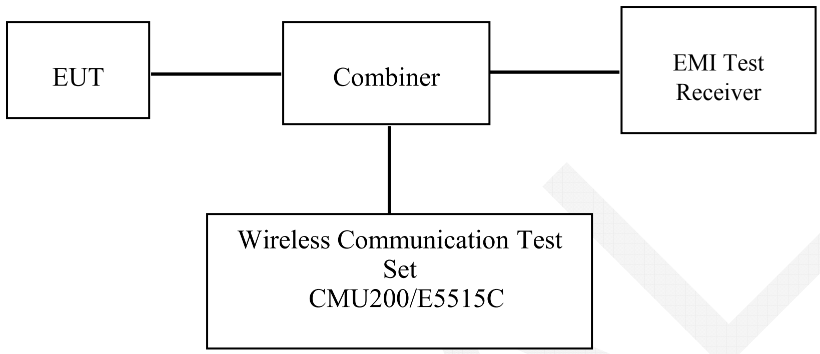
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



GSM/WCDMA

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 or E5515C.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900
Press Connection control to choose the different menus
Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings
Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings
Network Support > GSM + only
MS Signal
    > 33 dBm for GSM 850
    > 30 dBm for GSM 1900
BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel
Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz
Mode > BCCH and TCH
BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)
BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]
Channel Type > Off
P0 > 4 dB
TCH > choose desired test channel
Hopping >Off
AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input
Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900
Press Connection control to choose the different menus
Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings
Connection:Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings
Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM
Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off
MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting
> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma
> 33 dBm for GPRS 850
> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900
BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel
Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz
Mode >BCCH and TCH
BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)
BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off
P0 > 4 dB
Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)
TCH > choose desired test channel
Hopping >Off
Main Timeslot >3
Network:Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS)
Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream
AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input
Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	βc / βd	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	βc	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	βd	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	βd (SF)	64			
	βc/ βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	βhs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	Ahs=βhs/ βc	30/15			

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode Subset	HSUPA 1	HSUPA 2	HSUPA 3	HSUPA 4	HSUPA 5
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	βc	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	βd	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	βec	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	βc/ βd	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	βhs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	Ahs=βhs/ βc	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCls	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	

HSPA+

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Sub-test	β_c (Note3)	β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 30/15 β_{ed}2: 30/15	β_{ed}3: 24/15 β_{ed}4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.
Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Output Power(dBm)			
Mode/Band	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM 850	33.6	33.6	33.6
GPRS 1 TX Slot	33.2	33.2	33.2
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.5	31.5	31.5
GPRS 3 TX Slot	30.4	30.4	30.4
GPRS 4 TX Slot	29.7	29.7	29.7
EDGE 1 TX Slot	26.7	26.7	26.7
EDGE 2 TX Slot	25.4	25.4	25.4
EDGE 3 TX Slot	23.2	23.2	23.2
EDGE 4 TX Slot	21.8	21.8	21.8
GSM 1900	28.9	28.9	28.9
GPRS 1 TX Slot	28.7	28.7	28.7
GPRS 2 TX Slot	27.7	27.7	27.7
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26.6	26.6	26.6
GPRS 4 TX Slot	24.6	24.6	24.6
EDGE 1 TX Slot	25.4	25.4	25.4
EDGE 2 TX Slot	24.1	24.1	24.1
EDGE 3 TX Slot	22.7	22.7	22.7
EDGE 4 TX Slot	21.3	21.3	21.3
WCDMA850	22.7	22.7	22.7
HSDPA	22	22	22
HSUPA	21.9	21.9	21.9
DC-HSDPA	21.3	21.3	21.3
HSPA+	21.3	21.3	21.3
WCDMA1900	23.2	23.2	23.2
HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5
HSUPA	22.6	22.6	22.6
DC-HSDPA	22	22	22
HSPA+	21.9	21.9	21.9
WLAN	9.7	9.7	9.7
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	4.7	4.7	4.7
Bluetooth LE	-2.4	-2.4	-2.4

Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	33.47
	190	836.6	33.45
	251	848.8	33.53
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	28.47
	661	1880	28.62
	810	1909.8	28.84

GPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	33.08	31.37	30.27	29.21
	190	836.6	33.01	31.36	30.24	29.25
	251	848.8	33.12	31.42	30.28	29.64
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	28.36	27.25	26.12	24.22
	661	1880	28.58	27.55	26.47	24.36
	810	1909.8	28.63	27.54	26.15	24.49

EGPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	26.59	25.06	23.02	21.67
	190	836.6	26.45	25.13	23.11	21.57
	251	848.8	26.56	25.28	23.09	21.58
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	25.25	24.01	22.58	21.02
	661	1880	25.33	23.99	22.59	21.01
	810	1909.8	25.24	24.01	22.53	21.17

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	24.08	25.37	26.02	26.21
	190	836.6	24.01	25.36	25.99	26.25
	251	848.8	24.12	25.42	26.03	**26.64**
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	19.36	21.25	21.87	21.22
	661	1880	19.58	21.55	**22.22**	21.36
	810	1909.8	19.63	21.54	21.9	21.49

The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	17.59	19.06	18.77	18.67
	190	836.6	17.45	19.13	18.86	18.57
	251	848.8	17.56	19.28	18.84	18.58
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	16.25	18.01	18.33	18.02
	661	1880	16.33	17.99	18.34	18.01
	810	1909.8	16.24	18.01	18.28	18.17

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
4. According to KDB941225D06-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode

WCDMA:

Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	**22.63**
	4183	836.6	21.87
	4233	846.6	22.56
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	22.61
	9400	1880	22.95
	9538	1907.6	**23.12**

Results (HSDPA)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.69	21.86	21.52	21.75
	4183	836.6	20.95	21.05	20.85	20.79
	4233	846.6	21.61	21.63	21.74	21.7
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.89	21.81	21.84	21.88
	9400	1880	22.23	22.26	22.22	22.26
	9538	1907.6	22.31	22.34	22.31	22.4

Results (HSUPA)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.57	21.81	21.52	21.67	21.58
	4183	836.6	20.97	20.76	20.81	20.81	21.09
	4233	846.6	21.46	21.63	21.71	21.55	21.63
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.92	21.93	21.9	21.91	21.89
	9400	1880	22.18	22.23	22.18	22.22	22.21
	9538	1907.6	22.31	22.45	22.35	22.4	22.39

DC-HSDPA

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.09	21.1	21.05	21.11
	4183	836.6	20.53	20.47	20.51	20.59
	4233	846.6	21.02	21.09	21.17	21.06
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.35	21.3	21.32	21.37
	9400	1880	21.72	21.59	21.7	21.73
	9538	1907.6	21.79	21.88	21.79	21.87

HSPA+

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.1
	4183	836.6	20.56
	4233	846.6	21.16
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.29
	9400	1880	21.64
	9538	1907.6	21.84

Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	0	2402	4.25
	39	2441	**4.56**
	78	2480	4.31
EDR(4-DQPSK)	0	2402	3.73
	39	2441	4.13
	78	2480	3.92
EDR-8DPSK	0	2402	4.19
	39	2441	4.47
	78	2480	4.28
BLE	0	2402	-2.55
	19	2440	-2.53
	39	2480	-2.98

WLAN

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	9.35
	6	2437	8.83
	11	2462	8.70
802.11g	1	2412	9.12
	6	2437	9.33
	11	2462	**9.57**
802.11n HT20	1	2412	9.19
	6	2437	9.22
	11	2462	9.48
802.11n HT40	3	2422	9.16
	6	2437	9.09
	9	2452	9.26

Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.5-23
Relative Humidity:	31 %
ATM Pressure:	1004 mbar

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao on 2015-07-28

GSM 850:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	-2.797	33.47	33.6	1.03	0.319	0.329	/
	836.6	GSM	-0.23	33.45	33.6	1.035	0.32	0.331	**1#**
	848.8	GSM	0.272	33.53	33.6	1.016	0.325	0.33	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-1.595	33.45	33.6	1.035	0.154	0.159	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	3.257	33.45	33.6	1.035	0.297	0.307	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	0.453	33.45	33.6	1.035	0.139	0.144	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	0.634	33.45	33.6	1.035	0.732	0.758	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	2.16	29.21	29.7	1.119	0.936	1.047	/
	836.6	GPRS	-2.051	29.25	29.7	1.109	0.994	1.102	**2#**
	848.8	GPRS	-3.892	29.64	29.7	1.014	1.03	1.044	/
Body-Left (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-3.489	29.25	29.7	1.109	0.274	0.304	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-0.554	29.25	29.7	1.109	0.186	0.206	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	-0.095	29.25	29.7	1.109	0.341	0.378	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:
1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

PCS Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	-3.501	28.47	28.9	1.104	0.305	0.337	/
	1880	GSM	-1.599	28.62	28.9	1.067	0.329	0.351	**3#**
	1909.8	GSM	-3.784	28.84	28.9	1.014	0.337	0.342	/
Left Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	3.453	28.62	28.9	1.067	0.174	0.186	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	3.221	28.62	28.9	1.067	0.295	0.315	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	0.664	28.62	28.9	1.067	0.162	0.173	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	1.103	28.62	28.9	1.067	0.323	0.345	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	3.931	26.12	26.6	1.117	0.352	0.393	/
	1880.0	GPRS	-2.051	26.47	26.6	1.03	0.417	0.43	**4#**
	1909.8	GPRS	-0.79	26.15	26.6	1.109	0.336	0.373	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	2.56	26.47	26.6	1.03	0.104	0.107	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	2.692	26.47	26.6	1.03	0.124	0.128	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	1.53	26.47	26.6	1.03	0.178	0.183	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:
1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

WCDMA 850 Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	826.4	12.2k RMC	0.208	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.513	0.521	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	-0.688	21.87	22.7	1.211	0.453	0.549	**5#**
	846.6	12.2k RMC	-3.532	22.56	22.7	1.033	0.498	0.514	/
Left Head Tilt	826.4	12.2k RMC	-2.44	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.227	0.231	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	826.4	12.2k RMC	-1.225	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.466	0.473	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	826.4	12.2k RMC	-1.1	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.209	0.212	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	826.4	12.2k RMC	1.509	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.372	0.378	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	0.462	21.87	22.7	1.211	0.342	0.414	**6#**
	846.6	12.2k RMC	0.486	22.56	22.7	1.033	0.353	0.365	/
Body-Left (10mm)	826.4	12.2k RMC	-2.475	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.127	0.129	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	826.4	12.2k RMC	-0.683	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.106	0.108	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	826.4	12.2k RMC	-2.309	22.63	22.7	1.016	0.136	0.138	/
	836.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

1. When the 1-g SAR is≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

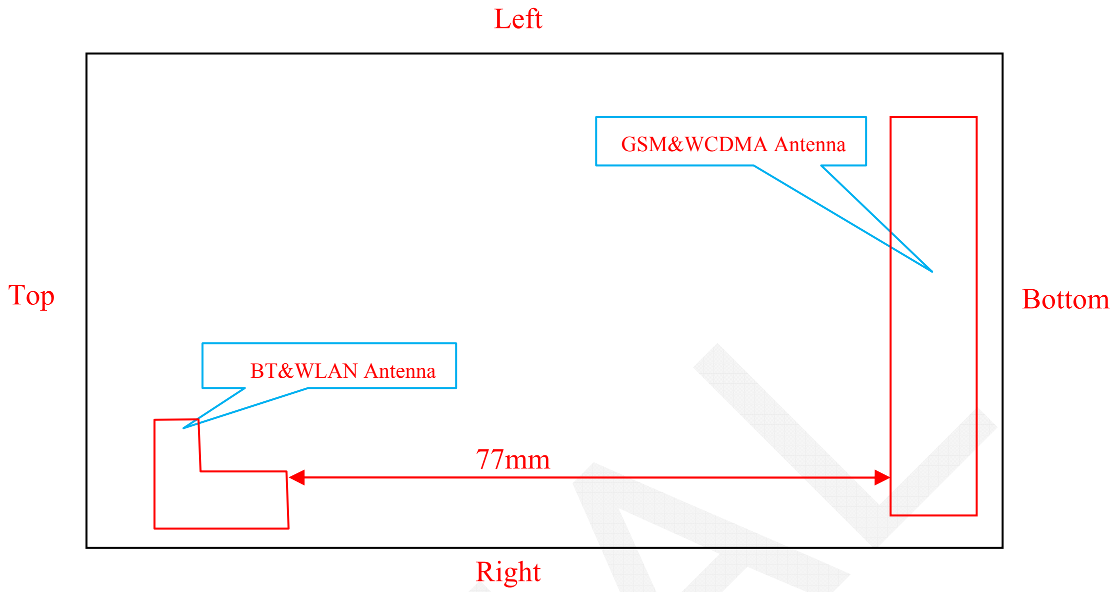
WCDMA 1900 Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1852.4	12.2k RMC	2.618	22.61	23.2	1.146	0.548	0.628	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	-0.688	22.95	23.2	1.059	0.625	0.662	**7#**
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	3.034	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.642	0.654	/
Left Head Tilt	1852.4	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	-0.83	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.319	0.325	/
Right Head Cheek	1852.4	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	2.288	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.604	0.615	/
Right Head Tilt	1852.4	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	-1.758	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.288	0.293	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1852.4	12.2k RMC	3.997	22.61	23.2	1.146	0.446	0.511	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	-0.688	22.95	23.2	1.059	0.51	0.54	**8#**
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	1.915	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.524	0.534	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1852.4	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	-0.138	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.087	0.089	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1852.4	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	-1.782	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.123	0.125	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1852.4	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	12.2k RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	12.2k RMC	3.423	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.142	0.145	/

1. When the 1-g SAR is≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT&WLAN and GSM&WCDMA Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	√	×	77
GSM + WLAN	√	√	77
WCDMA+Bluetooth	√	×	77
WCDMA + WLAN	√	√	77

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2450	9.7	9.33	0	2.92	3	YES
Bluetooth	2450	4.7	2.95	0	0.92	3	YES

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where
1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2450	9.7	9.33	0	0.389
WLAN Body	2450	9.7	9.33	10	0.195
BT Head	2450	4.7	2.95	0	0.123
BT Body	2450	4.7	2.95	10	0.061

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)] · [√f(GHz)/x]
W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;
where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.
When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		SAR1	SAR2	< 1.6W/kg
GSM 850+BT	Left Head Cheek	0.331	0.123	0.454
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.123	0.282
	Right Head Cheek	0.307	0.123	0.43
	Right Head Tilt	0.144	0.123	0.267
	Body-Back-Headset	0.758	0.061	0.819
	Body-Back	1.102	0.061	1.163
	Body-Right	0.304	0.061	0.365
	Body-Left	0.206	0.061	0.267
	Body-Bottom	0.378	0.061	0.439
PCS 1900+BT	Left Head Cheek	0.351	0.123	0.474
	Left Head Tilt	0.186	0.123	0.309
	Right Head Cheek	0.315	0.123	0.438
	Right Head Tilt	0.173	0.123	0.296
	Body-Back-Headset	0.345	0.061	0.406
	Body-Bottom	0.43	0.061	0.491
	Body-Right	0.107	0.061	0.168
	Body-Left	0.128	0.061	0.189
	Body-Back	0.183	0.061	0.244
GSM 850 +WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.331	0.389	0.72
	Left Head Tilt	0.159	0.389	0.548
	Right Head Cheek	0.307	0.389	0.696
	Right Head Tilt	0.144	0.389	0.533
	Body-Back-Headset	0.758	0.195	0.953
	Body-Bottom	0.378	0.195	0.573
GSM 850 +WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	1.102	0.195	**1.297**
	Body-Right	0.304	0.195	0.499
	Body-Left	0.206	0.195	0.401
PCS 1900 +WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.351	0.389	0.74
	Left Head Tilt	0.186	0.389	0.575
	Right Head Cheek	0.315	0.389	0.704
	Right Head Tilt	0.173	0.389	0.562
	Body-Back-Headset	0.345	0.195	0.54
	Body-Bottom	0.183	0.195	0.378
PCS 1900 +WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.43	0.195	0.625
	Body-Right	0.107	0.195	0.302
	Body-Left	0.128	0.195	0.323

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		SAR1	SAR2	< 1.6W/kg
WCDMA 850 +BT	Left Head Cheek	0.549	0.123	0.672
	Left Head Tilt	0.231	0.123	0.354
	Right Head Cheek	0.473	0.123	0.596
	Right Head Tilt	0.212	0.123	0.335
	Body-Back	0.414	0.061	0.475
	Body-Right	0.129	0.061	0.19
	Body-Left	0.108	0.061	0.169
	Body-Bottom	0.138	0.061	0.199
WCDMA 1900 +BT	Left Head Cheek	0.662	0.123	0.785
	Left Head Tilt	0.325	0.123	0.448
	Right Head Cheek	0.615	0.123	0.738
	Right Head Tilt	0.293	0.123	0.416
	Body-Back	0.54	0.061	0.601
	Body-Right	0.089	0.061	0.15
	Body-Left	0.125	0.061	0.186
	Body-Bottom	0.145	0.061	0.206
WCDMA 850 +WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.549	0.389	0.938
	Left Head Tilt	0.231	0.389	0.62
	Right Head Cheek	0.473	0.389	0.862
	Right Head Tilt	0.212	0.389	0.601
	Body-Bottom	0.138	0.195	0.333
WCDMA 850 +WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.414	0.195	0.609
	Body-Right	0.129	0.195	0.324
	Body-Left	0.108	0.195	0.303
WCDMA 1900 +WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.662	0.389	**1.051**
	Left Head Tilt	0.325	0.389	0.714
	Right Head Cheek	0.615	0.389	1.004
	Right Head Tilt	0.293	0.389	0.682
	Body-Bottom	0.145	0.195	0.34
WCDMA 1900 +WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.54	0.195	0.735
	Body-Right	0.089	0.195	0.284
	Body-Left	0.125	0.195	0.32

Note:

Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.

Conclusion:

Σ SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#:GSM 850 Left-Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

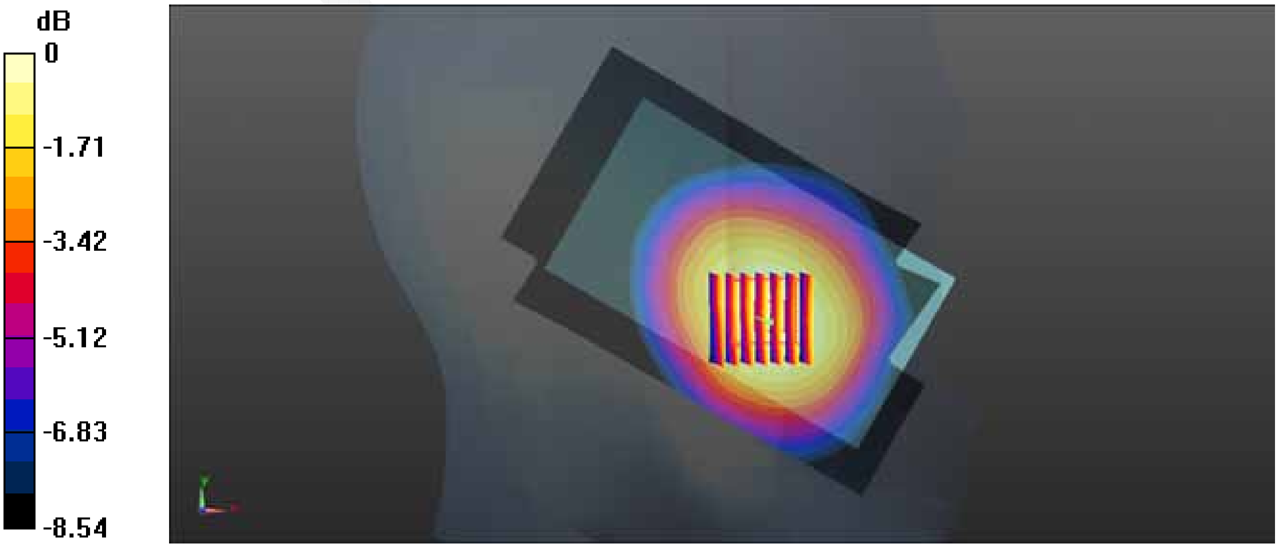
Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1: 8
Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.893 S/m; ε_r = 42.89; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.342 W/kg

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.401 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.396 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.320 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.243 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.334 W/kg



0 dB = 0.334 W/kg = -4.76 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 2#:GSM 850 Back Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

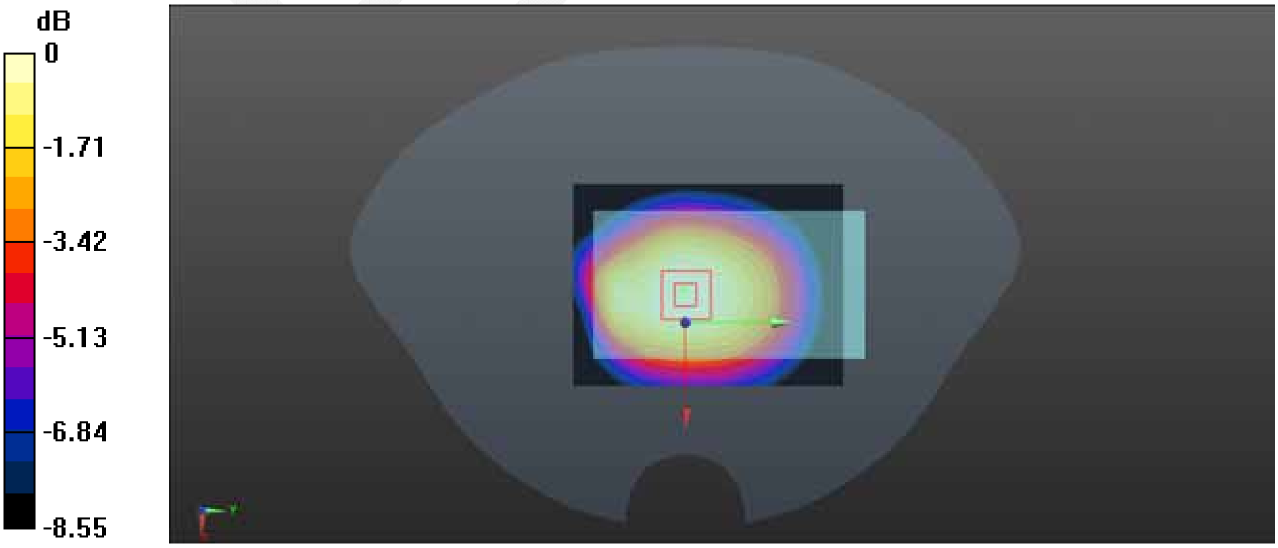
Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 SLOTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.977 S/m; ε_r = 55.127; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 32.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) =1.15W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.994 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.689 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 W/kg



0 dB = 1.05 W/kg = 0.21 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 3#:GSM 1900Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

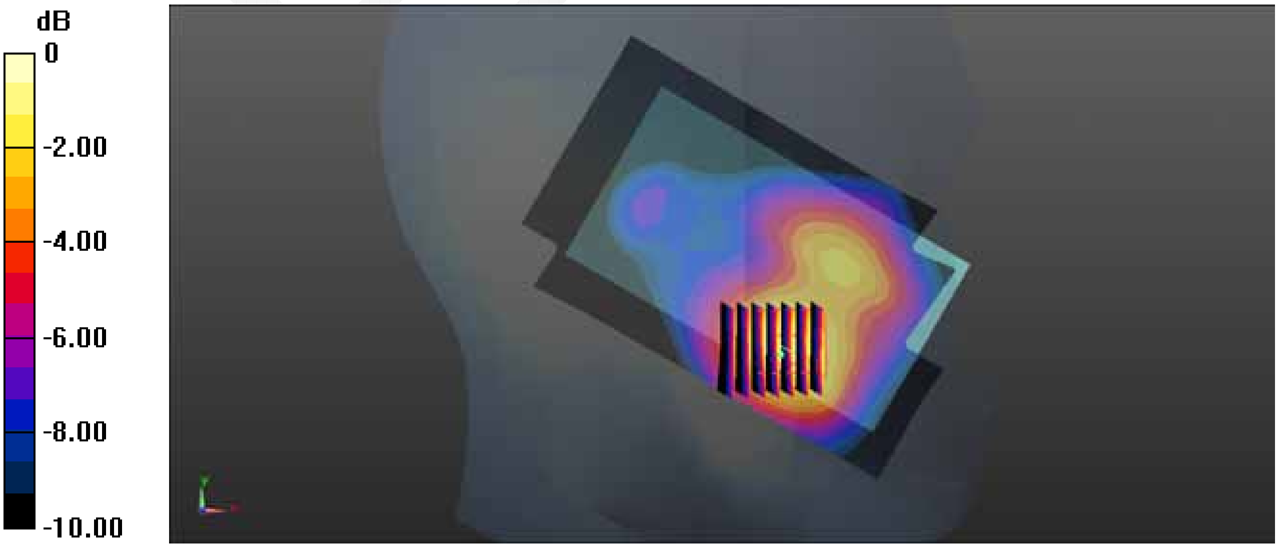
Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1: 8
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.384 S/m; ε_r = 39.762; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/PCS1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.340 W/kg

Head/PCS1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.249 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.523 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.364 W/kg



0 dB = 0.364 W/kg = -4.39 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 4#:PCS 1900 Back Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

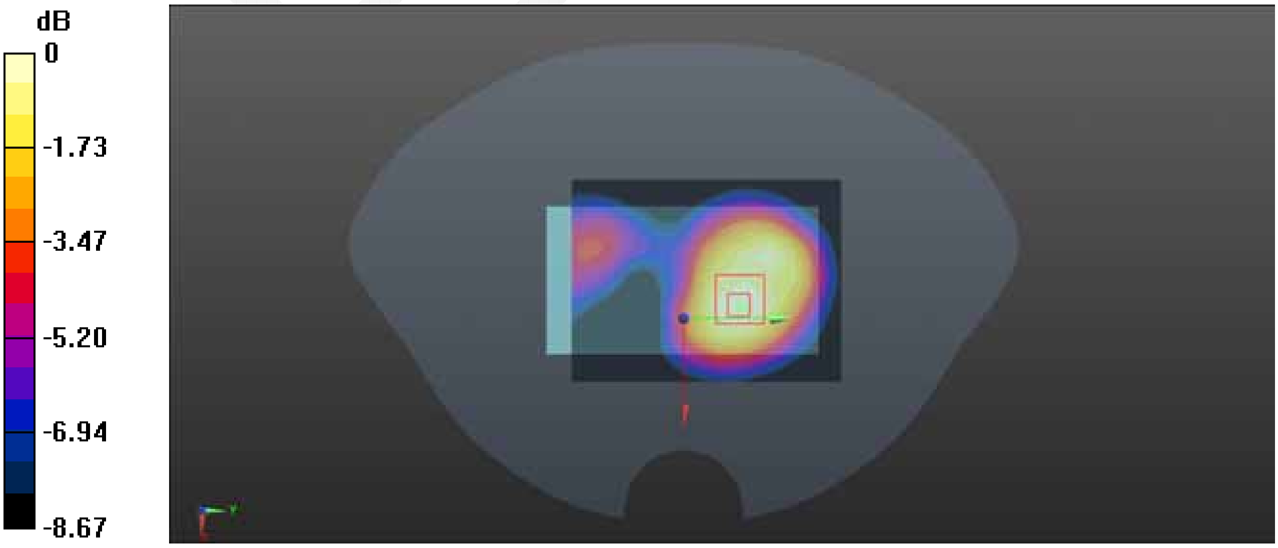
Communication System: Generic GPRS-3 SLOTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.667
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.544 S/m; ε_r = 53.723; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.453 W/kg

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.249 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.502 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.417 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.456 W/kg



0 dB = 0.456 W/kg = -3.41 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 5#:WCDMA 850 Left-Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

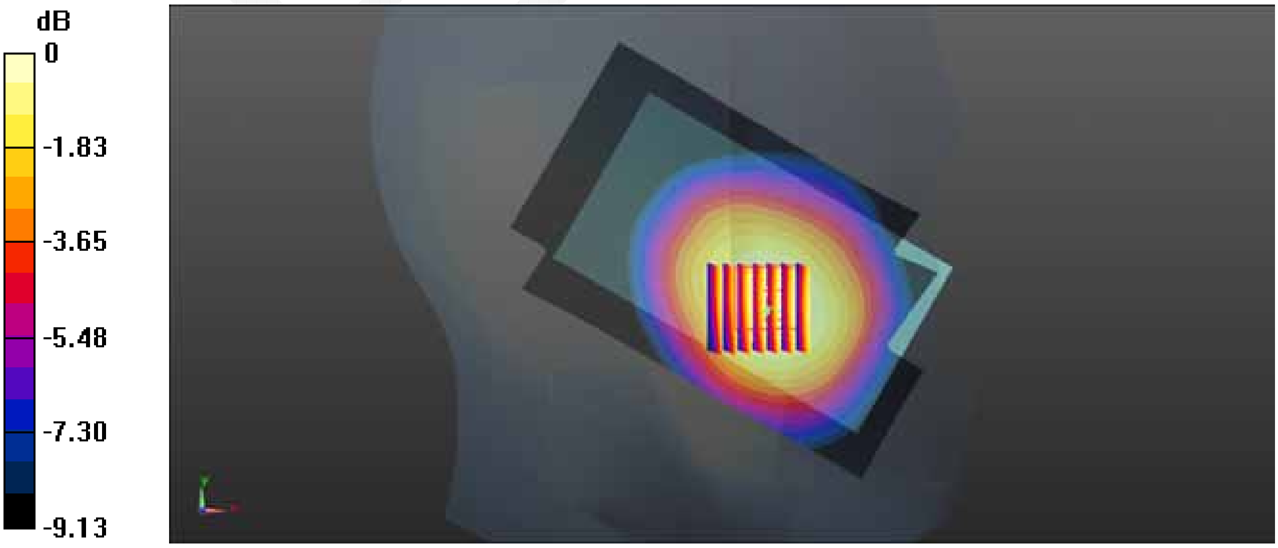
Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.893 S/m; ε_r = 42.89; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.498 W/kg

Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.632 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.560 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.453 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 W/kg



0 dB = 0.476 W/kg = -3.22 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 6#:WCDMA 850 Back Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

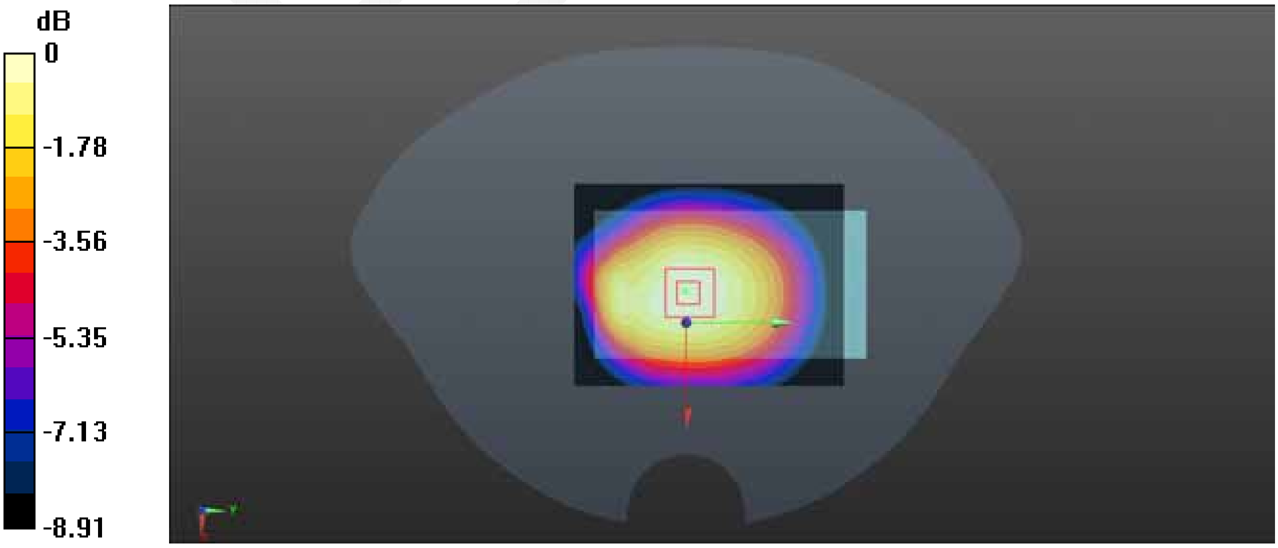
Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.977 S/m; ε_r = 55.127; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.354 W/kg

Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.32 V/m; Power Drift =0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.470 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.342 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



0 dB = 0.361 W/kg = -4.42 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 7#:WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

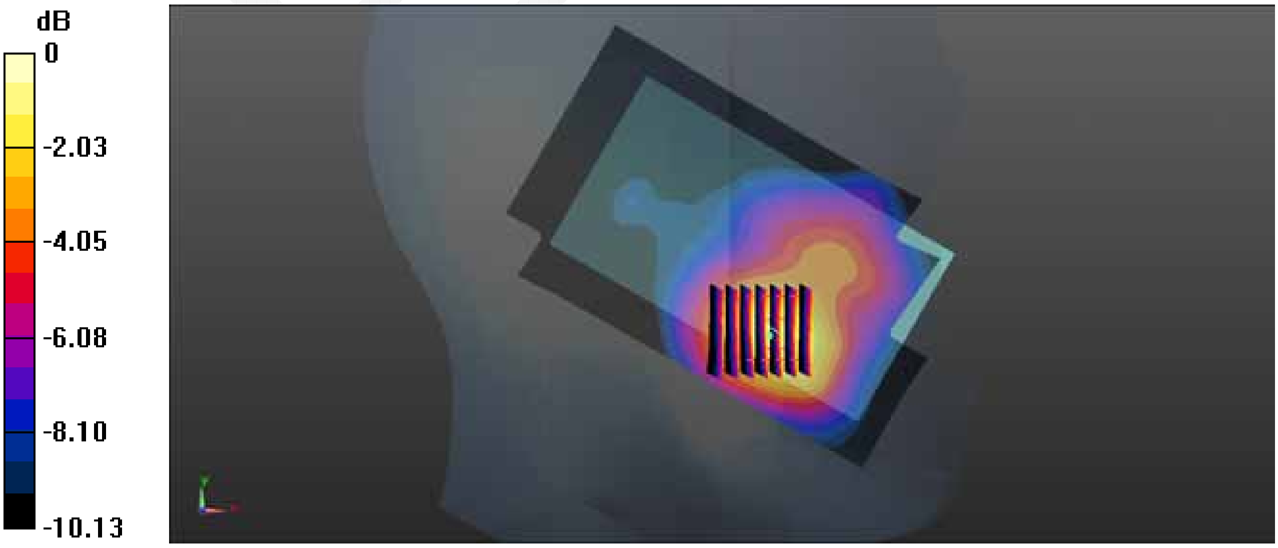
Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.384 S/m; ε_r = 39.762; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.650 W/kg

Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.459 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.996 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.625 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.681 W/kg



0 dB = 0.681 W/kg = -1.67 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 8#:WCDMA 1900 Back Middle Channel

DUT: CLC; Type: Z351

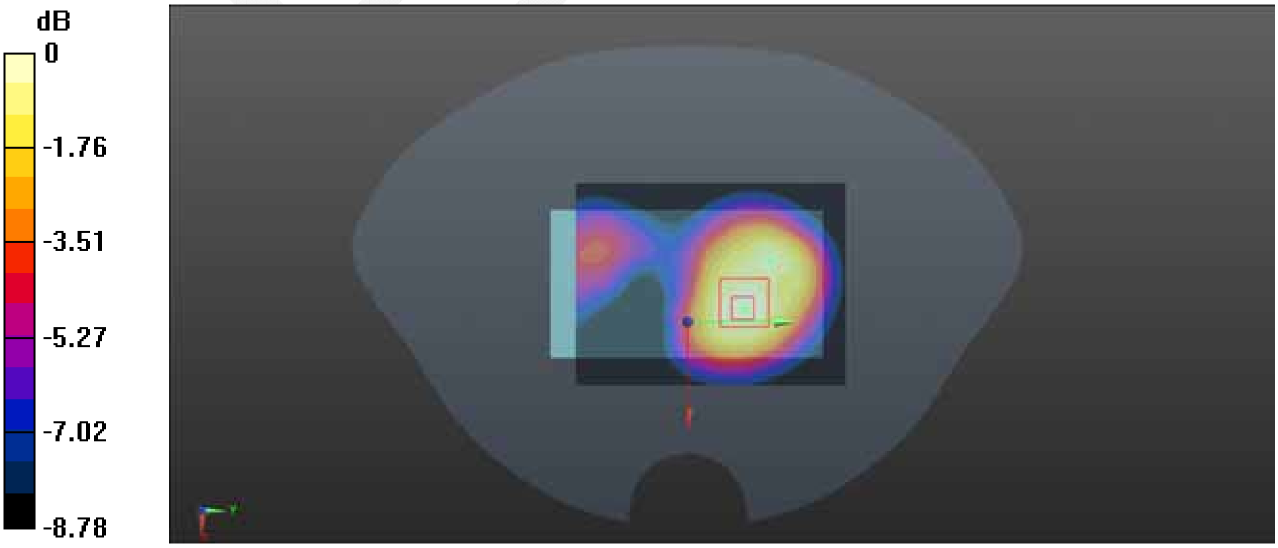
Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.544 S/m; ε_r = 53.723; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 W/kg

Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.612 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.510 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.559 W/kg



0 dB = 0.559 W/kg = -2.53 dBW/kg

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BACL China (Vitec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-7329_Feb15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:7329
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	February 5, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 9, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):* in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset:* The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle:* The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

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Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured:	December 11, 2014
Calibrated:	February 5, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	96.7	97.6	94.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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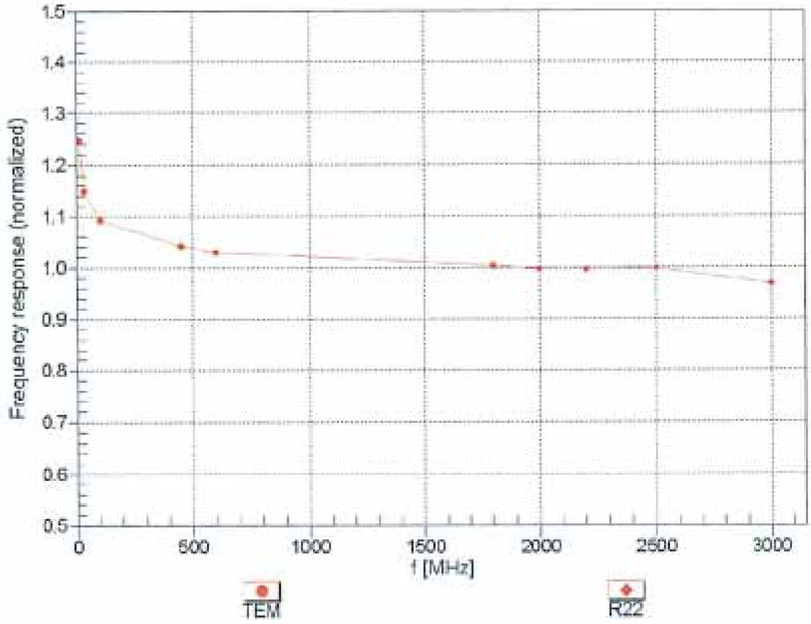
EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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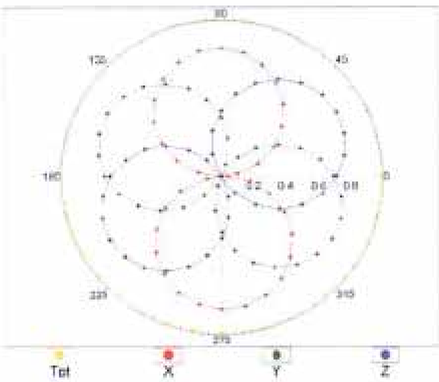
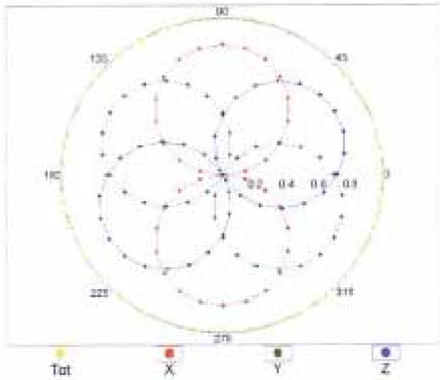
EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

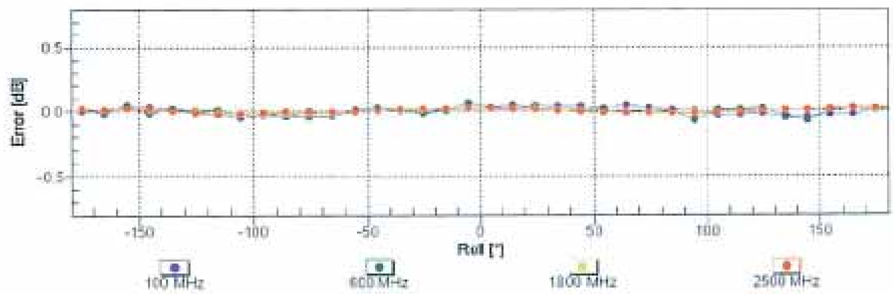
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0°$

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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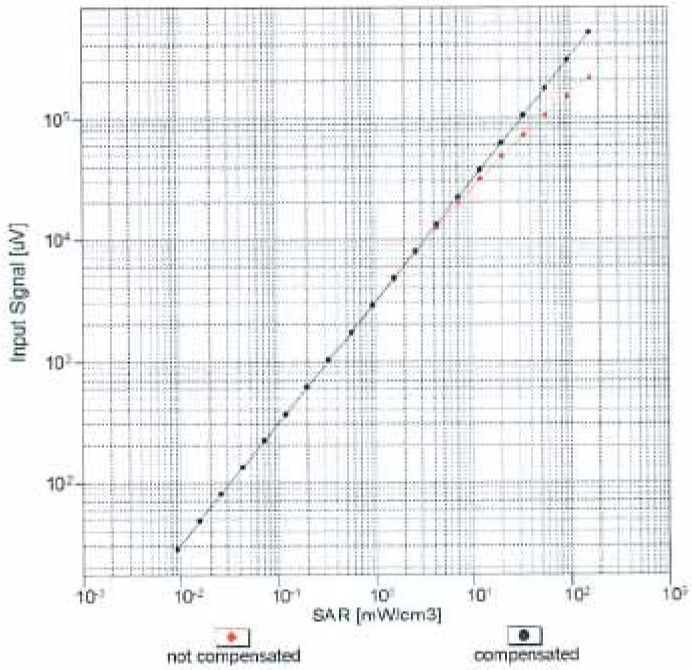
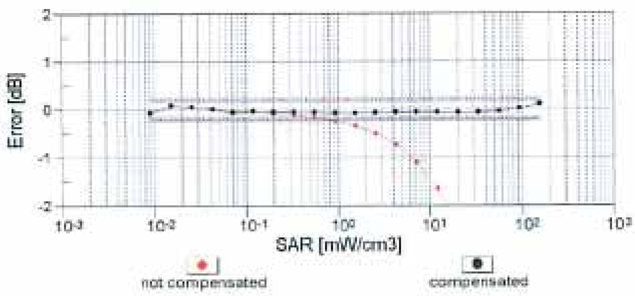
EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Dynamic Range f(SAR$_{head}$)
(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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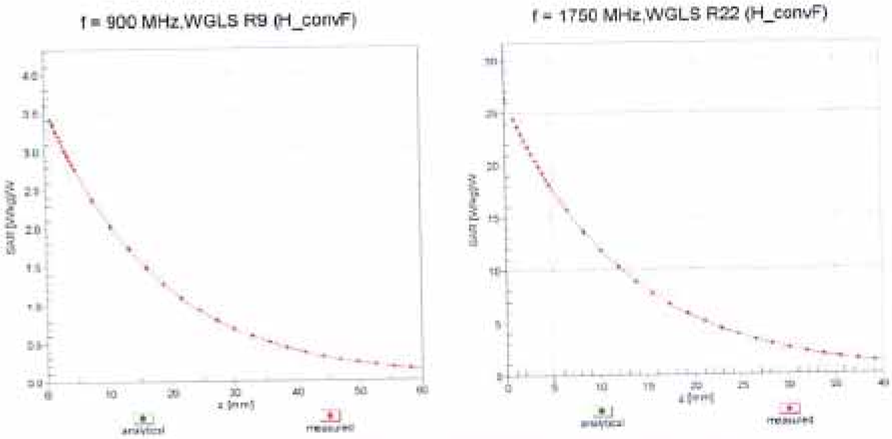
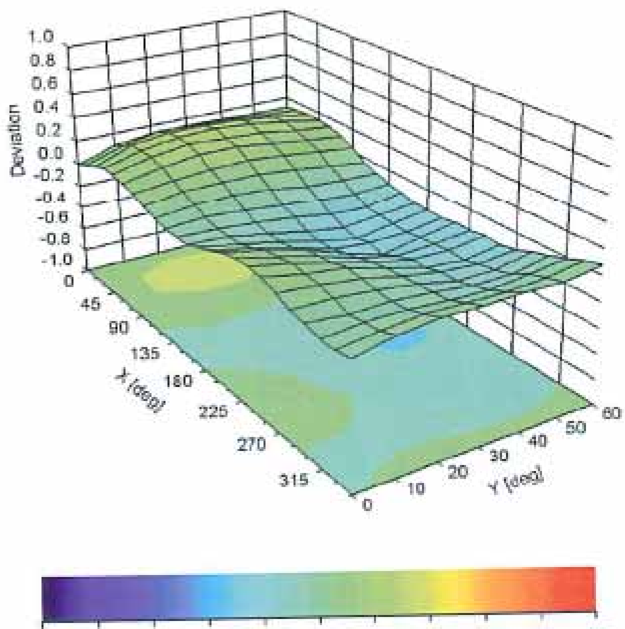
EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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EX3DV4– SN:7329 February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15 Page 11 of 11

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1599
Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014
Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: ______________________

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
Kanata, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613)435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

Length: 162.2 mm
Height: 89.4 mm

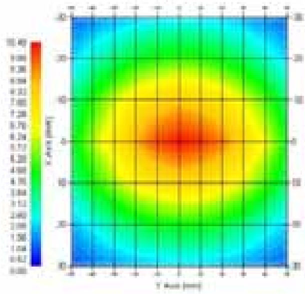
Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

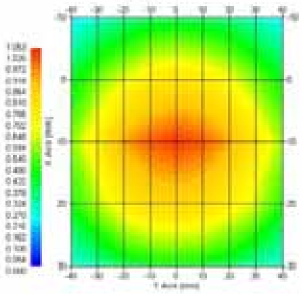
System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513

Body
Area Scan



Head
Area Scan



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	**8.32% (16.64% K=2)**

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Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001 Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

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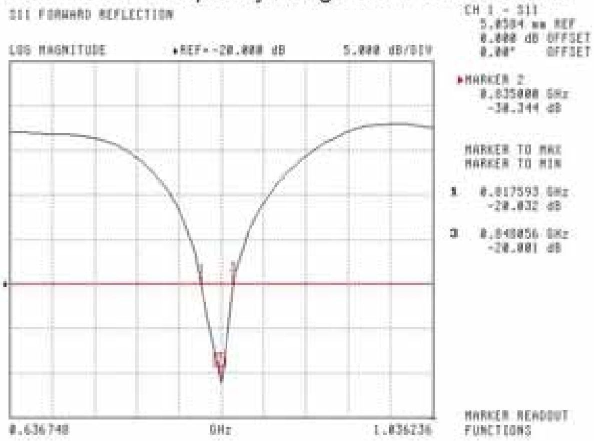
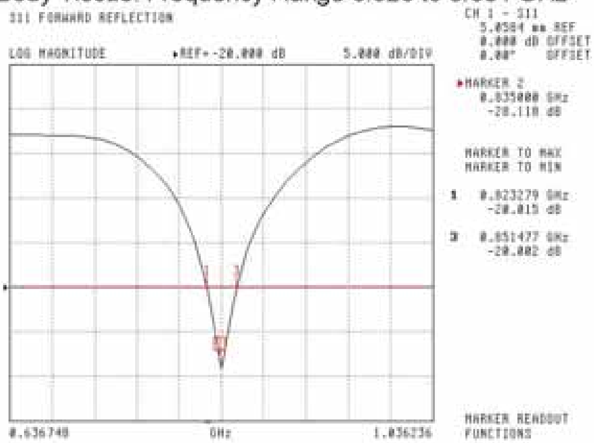
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz



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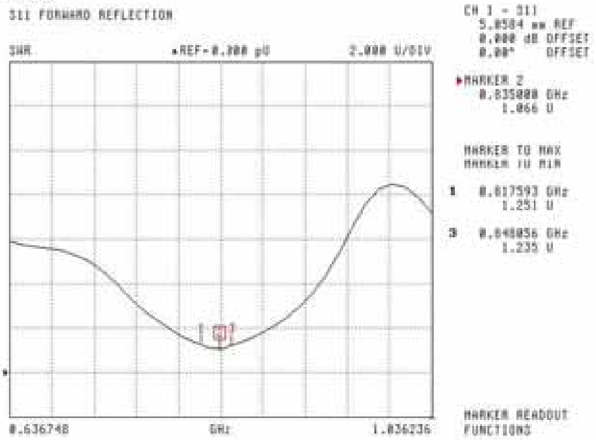
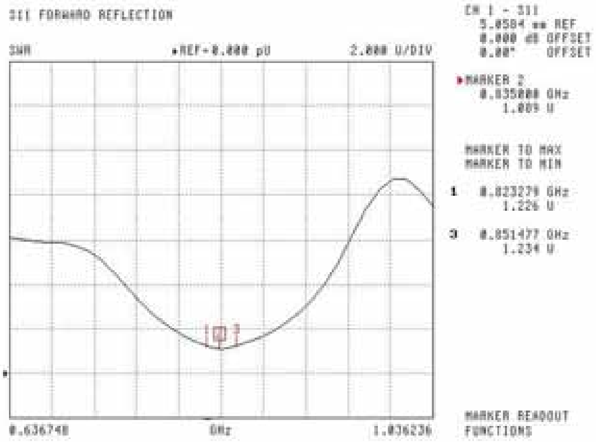
SWR

Head



Body



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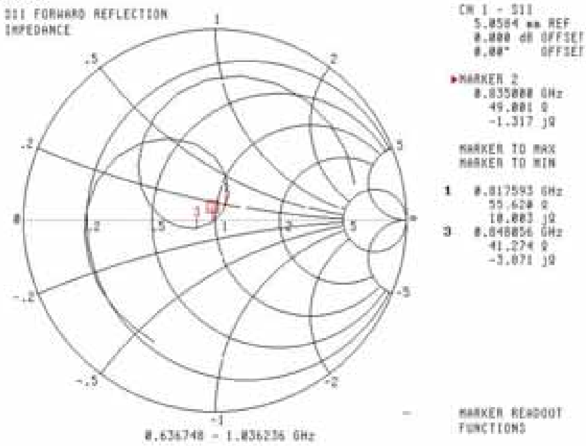
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head



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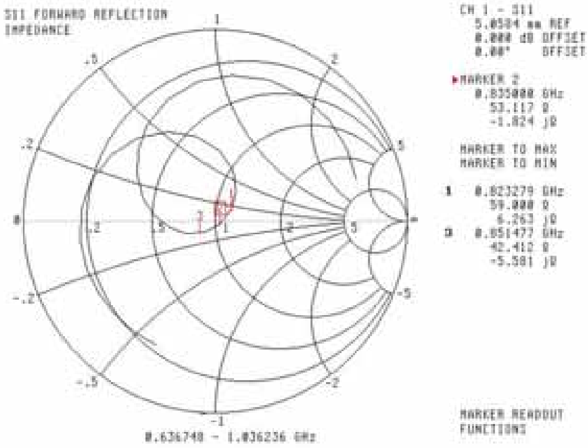

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Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1601
Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014
Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: ______________________

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
Kanata, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613)435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

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Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

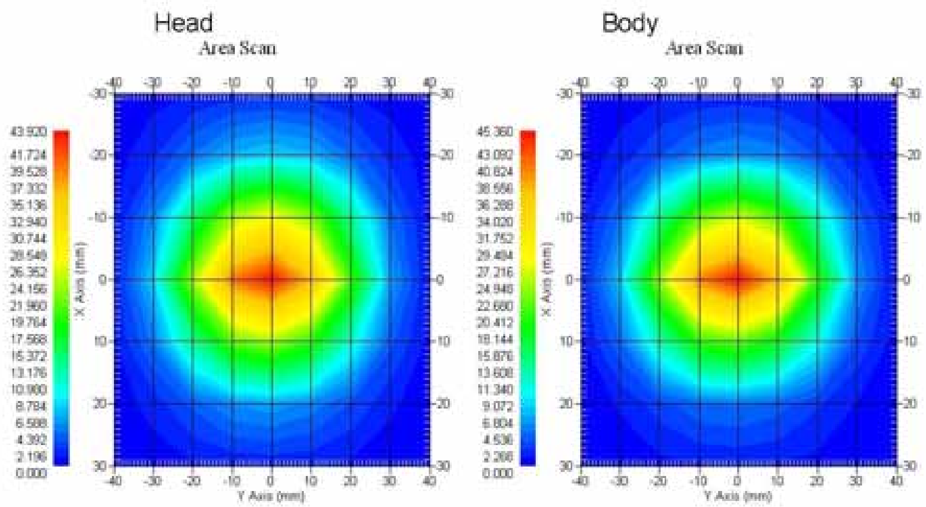
Length: 67.1 mm
Height: 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



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Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 “Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures”
- Part 2: “Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)”
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	**8.32% (16.64% K=2)**

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

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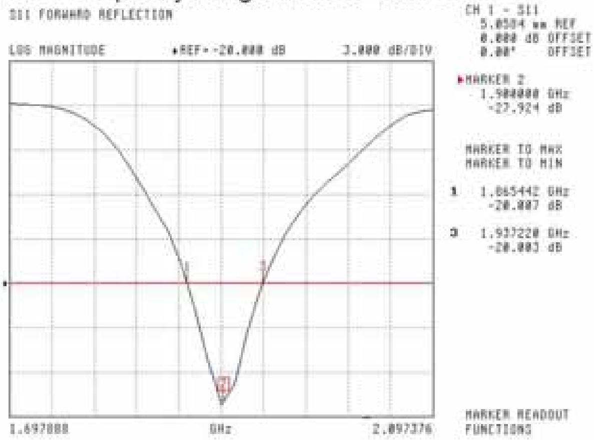
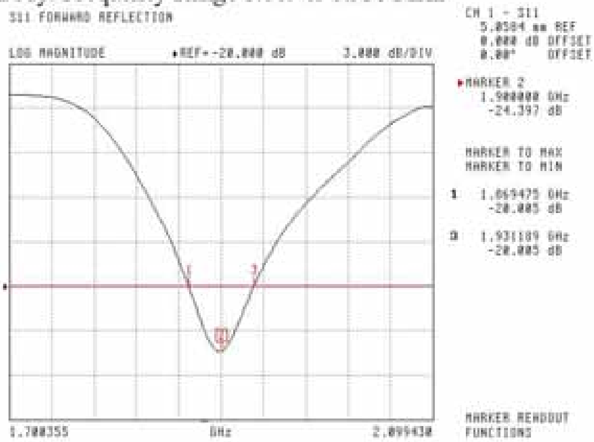
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head: Frequency Range 1.865 to 1.937 GHz



Body: Frequency Range 1.869 to 1.931 MHz



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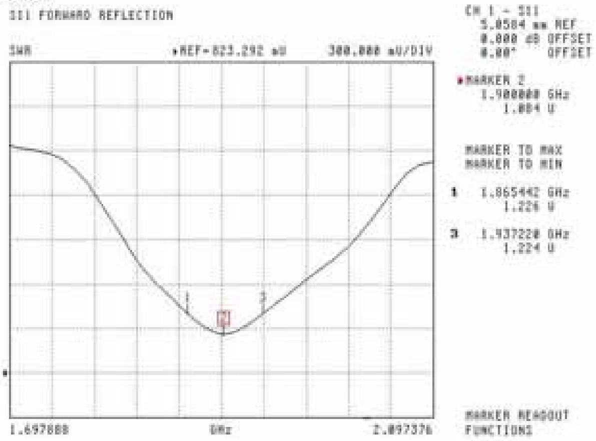
SWR

Head



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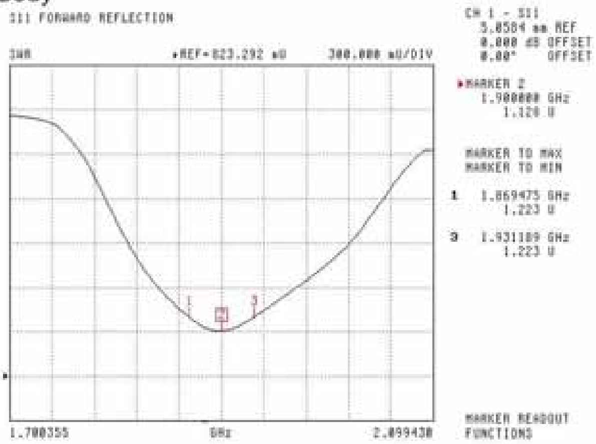

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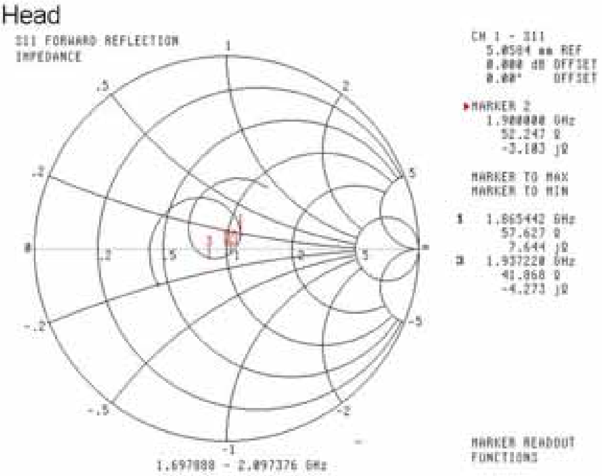
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head



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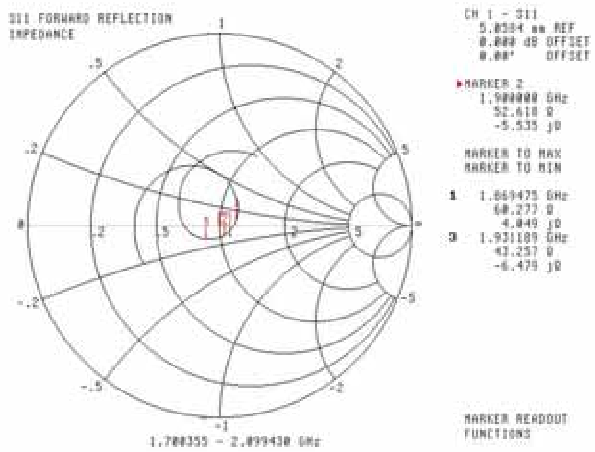

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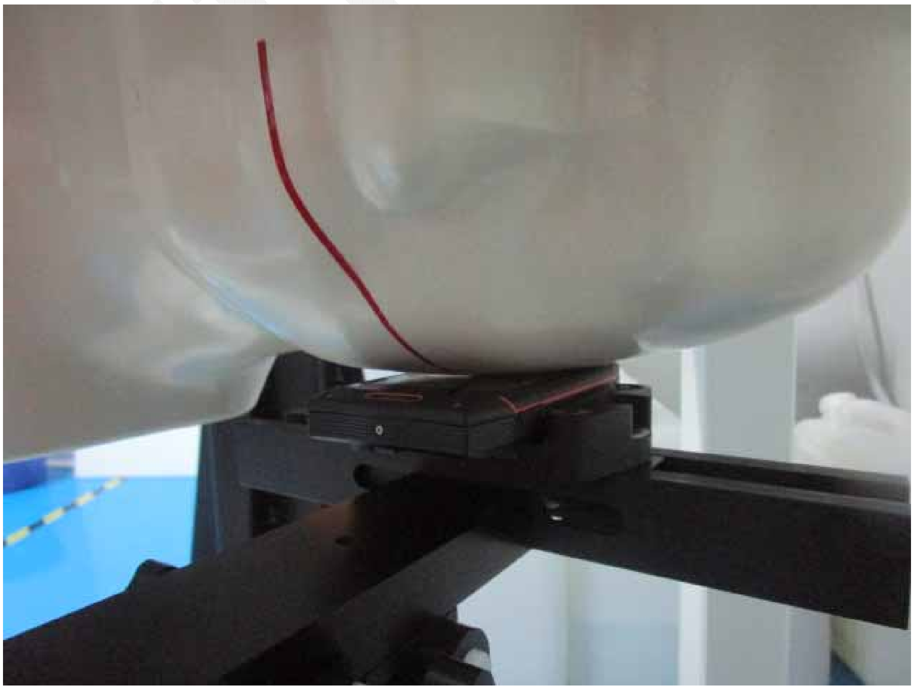
Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

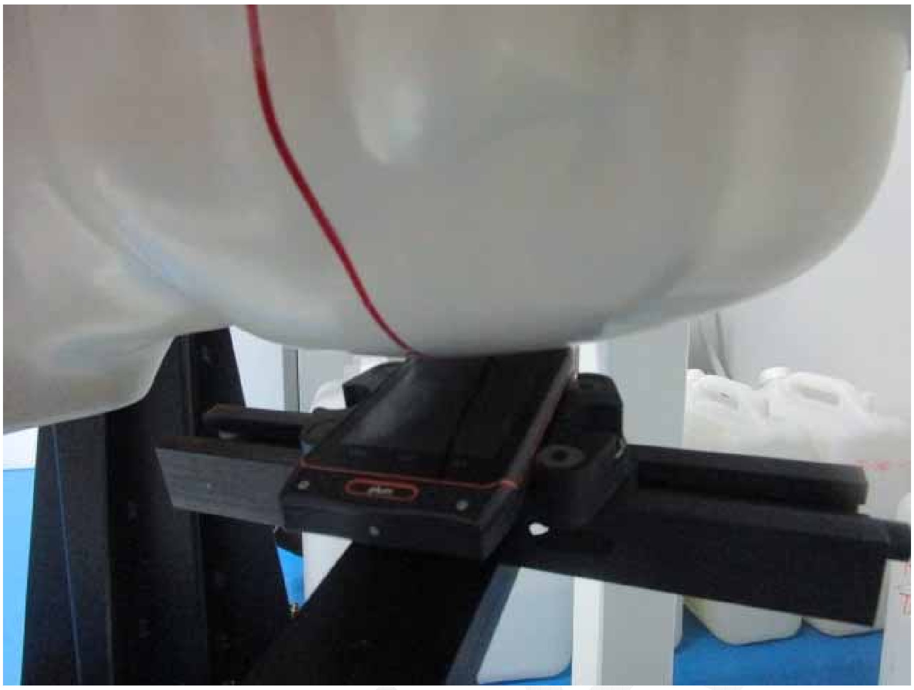
APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth ≥ 15cm

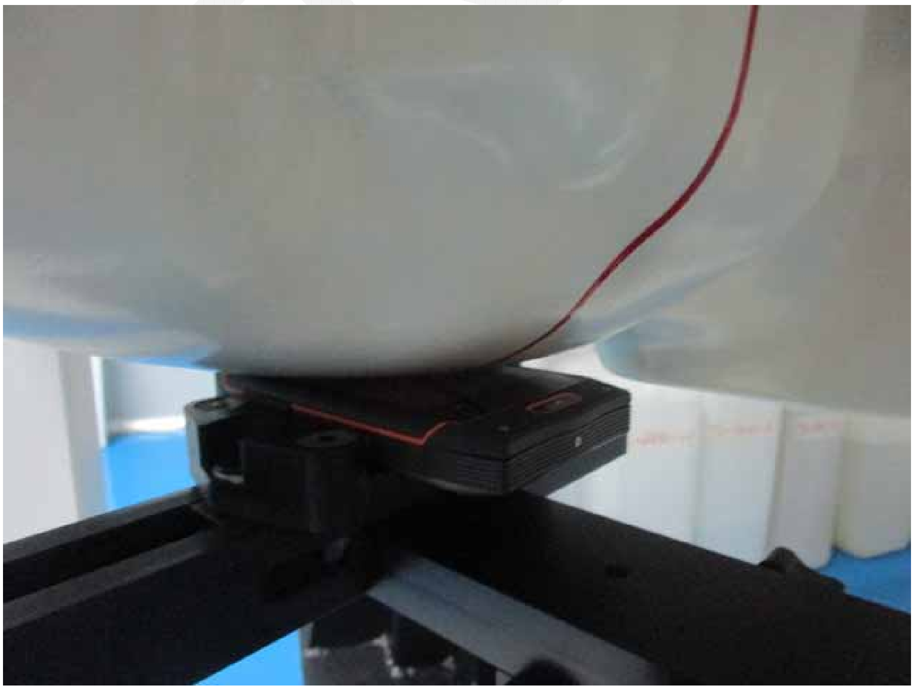
Left Head Cheek



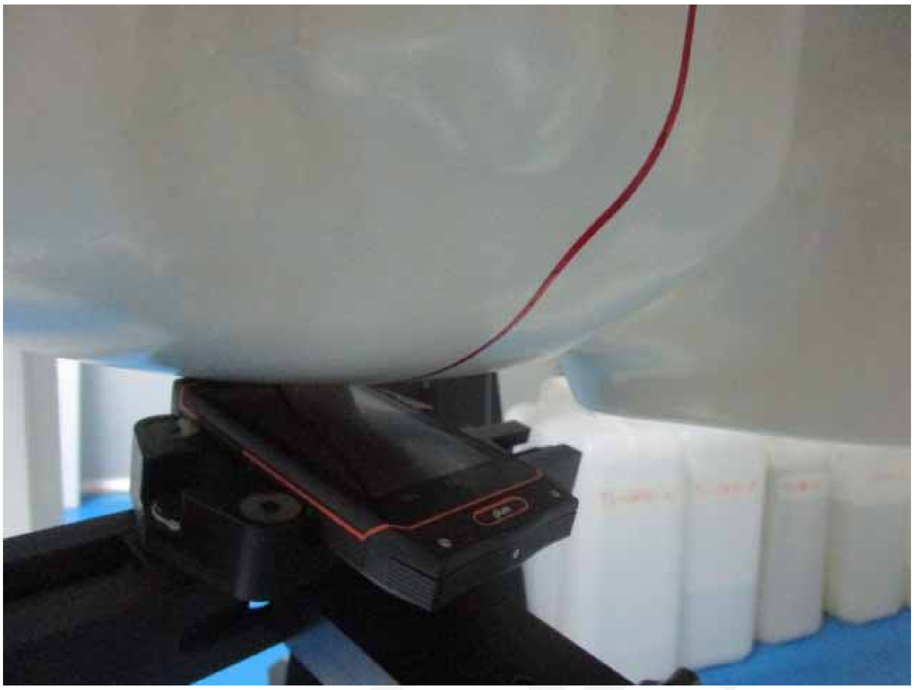
Left Head Tilt



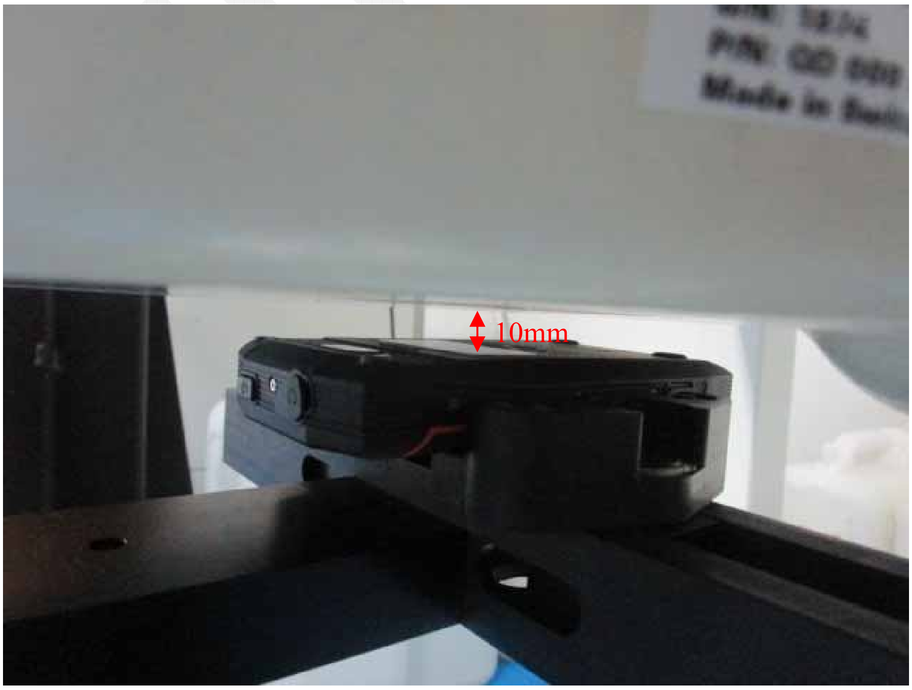
Right Head Cheek



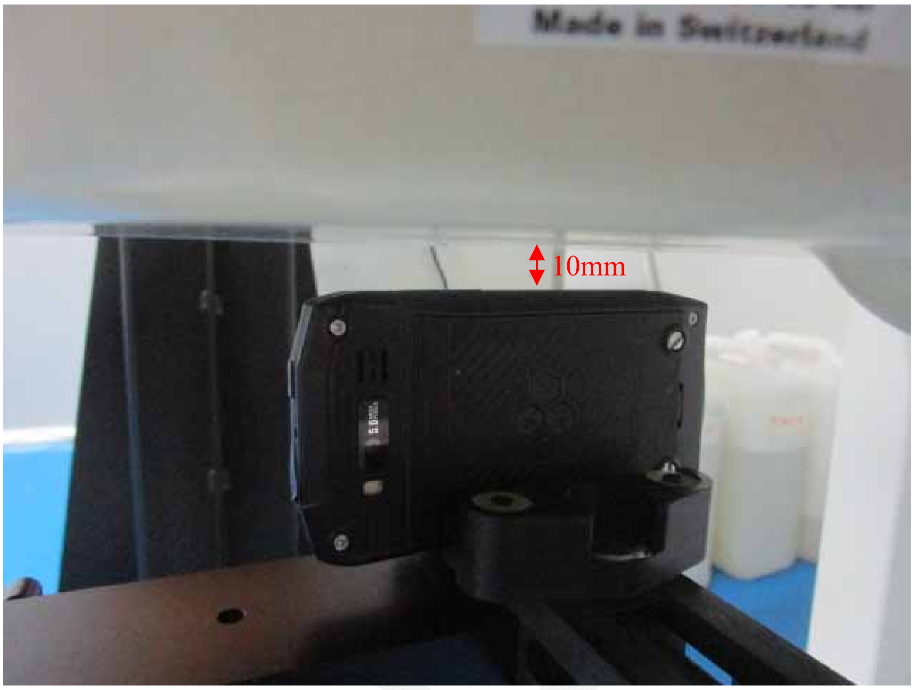
Right Head Tilt



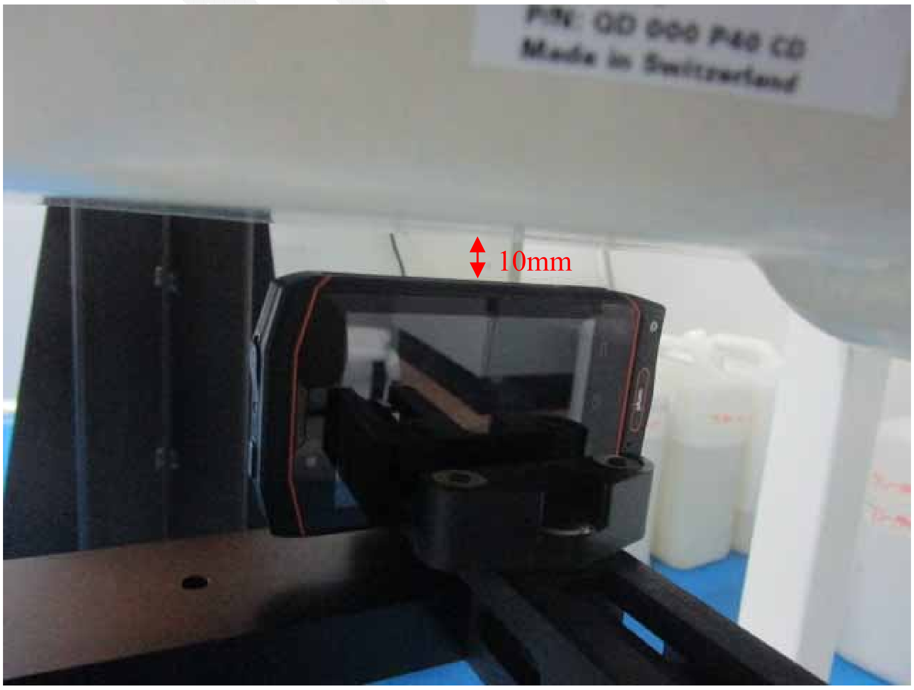
Body -Worn-Back (10mm)



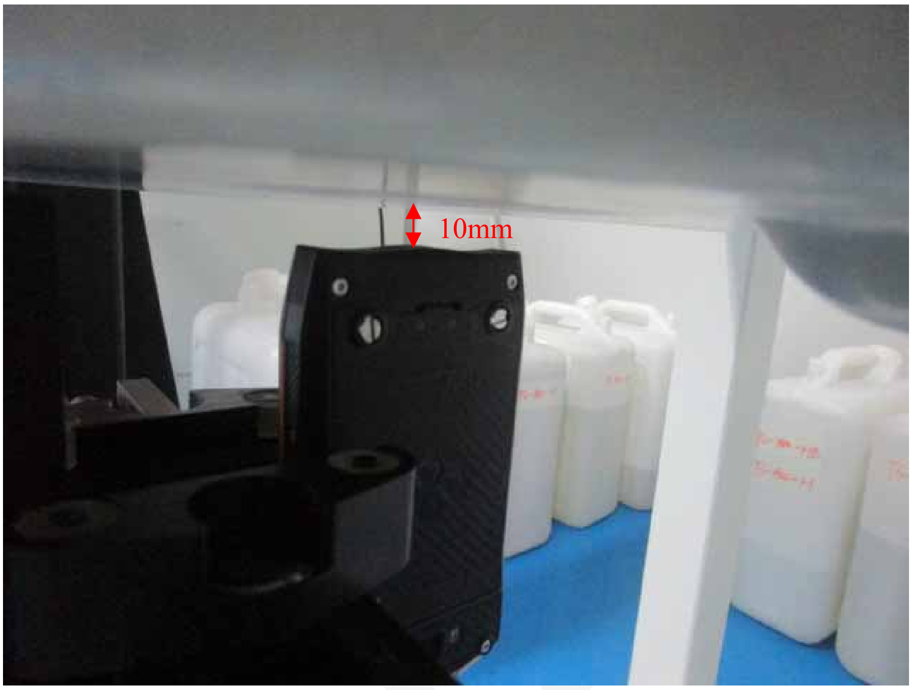
Body -Worn-Left (10mm)



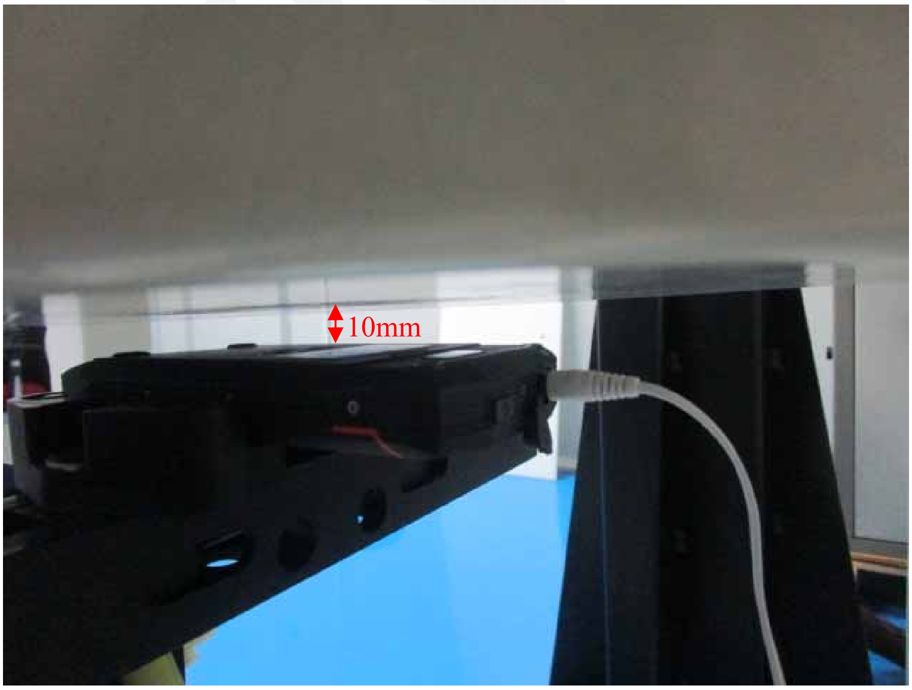
Body -Worn-Right (10mm)



Body -Worn-Bottom(10mm)



Body -Headset-Back(10mm)



APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

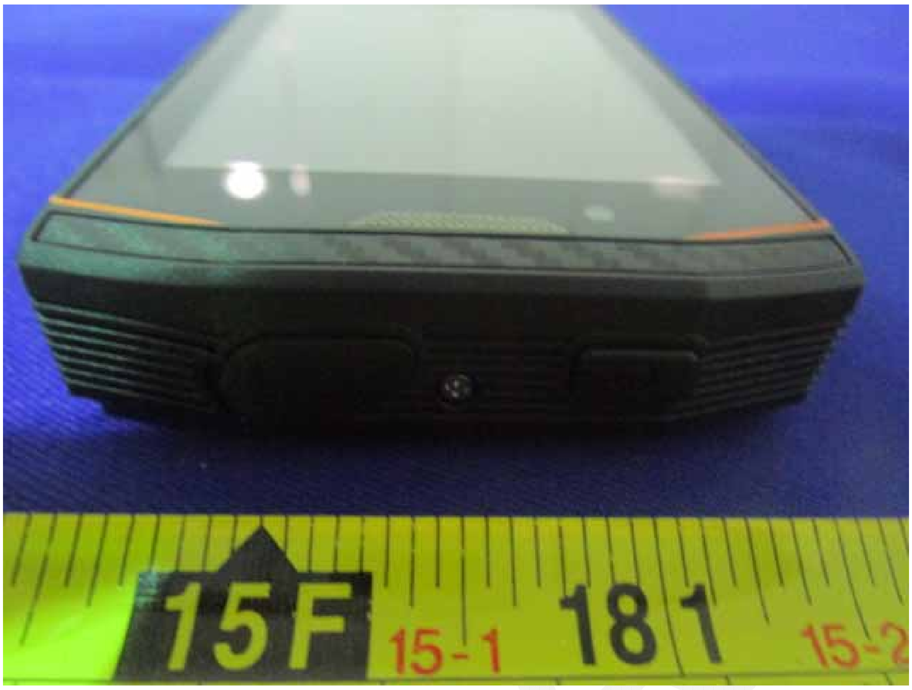
EUT – Front View

EUT – Back View

EUT –Left Side View

EUT –Right Side View

EUT –Top Side View



EUT –Bottom Side View

EUT – Uncover View

******* END OF REPORT *******