

RADIO TEST REPORT – 444710-4TRFWL

Type of assessment: Limited Modular approval	
Applicant: Technologies HumanWare Inc.	Product: BT + WIFI module
Model: PCBA-0131-A1.0	
FCC ID: XT5-0131	IC Registration number: 8670A-0131
 Specifications: FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407 RSS-247, Issue 2, Feb 2017, Section 6 	
Date of issue: December 17, 2021	
Yong Huang, Wireless/EMC Specialist	M3
Tested by	Signature Adelbera i-



Reviewed by

Andrey Adelberg, Senior EMC/RF Specialist



Lab locations

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Test site identifier	Organization	Ottawa/Almonte	Montreal	Cambridge	
	FCC:	CA2040	CA2041	CA0101	
	ISED:	2040A-4	2040G-5	24676	
Website	www.nemko.cor	<u>n</u>			

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contained in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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Section 1 Report summary

Test specifications 1.1

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart E, Clause 15.407	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devises operating in the 5.15–5.35 GHz, 5.47–5.725 GHz, 5.725–5.85 GHz, and 5.925–7.125 GHz bands.
RSS-247, Issue 2, Feb 2017, Section 6	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices. Technical requirements for licence-exempt local area network devices and digital transmission systems operating in the 5 GHz band

1.2 Test methods

789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part
New Rules v02r01 (December 14, 2017)	15, Subpart E
ANSI C63.10 v2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

1.3 **Exclusions**

DFS requirements are not included in this report, it will be assessed in separate report.

1.4 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard except as noted in section 1.3 above. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies In full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See "Summary of test results" for full details.

Test report revision history 1.5

Table 1.5-1: Test report revision history

Revision #	Date of issue	Details of changes made to test report
TRF	December 17, 2021	Original report issued



Section 2 Engineering considerations

2.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT for compliance

There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

2.2 Technical judgment

As provided by client, the RF module under test is applying for limited single- modular approval, compliance is demonstrated with specific host.

2.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

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Section 3 Test conditions

3.1 Atmospheric conditions

Temperature	15 °C – 35 °C
Relative humidity	20 % – 75 %
Air pressure	86 kPa (860 mbar) – 106 kPa (1060 mbar)

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

3.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages ±5 %, for which the equipment was designed.



Section 4 Measurement uncertainty

4.1 Uncertainty of measurement

UKAS Lab 34 and TIA-603-B have been used as guidance for measurement uncertainty reasonable estimations with regards to previous experience and validation of data. Nemko Canada, Inc. follows these test methods in order to satisfy ISO/IEC 17025 requirements for estimation of uncertainty of measurement for wireless products.

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of K = 2 with 95% certainty.

Table 4.1-1: Measurement uncertainty calculations

Test name	Measurement uncertainty, ±dB
All antenna port measurements	0.55
Occupied bandwidth	4.45
Conducted spurious emissions	1.13
Radiated spurious emissions	3.78
AC power line conducted emissions	3.55

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Section 5 Information provided by the applicant

5.1 Disclaimer

This section contains information provided by the applicant and has been utilized to support the test plan. Inaccurate information provided by the applicant can affect the validity of the results contained within this test report. Nemko accepts no responsibility for the information contained within this section and the impact it may have on the test plan and resulting measurements.

5.2 Applicant/Manufacture

Applicant name	Technologies HumanWare Inc.
Applicant address	1800, Jean-Berchmans-Michaud street Drummondville, (Quebec), Canada J2C 7G7
Manufacture name	Same as applicant
Manufacture address	Same as applicant

5.3 EUT information

Product	BT + WIFI module
Model	PCBA-0131-A1.0
Host Model	DA2
Model variant(s)	None
Serial number	None
Part number	PCBA-0131
Power supply requirements	3.0 to 3.6 Vdc, 300 mA , From host AC: 120 V, 50/60 Hz power cord
Product description and theory	The PCBA-0131 RF module integrates a PCB antenna. The module allows the host to connect to Wifi networks via a SDIO
of operation	interface. It also allows the host to use the Bluetooth protocol via a UART interface.

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5.4 Radio technical information

Device type	☐ Outdoor access point
	☐ Indoor access point
	☐ Fixed point-to-point access point
	☐ Client device
	☐ Device installed in vehicles
Frequency band	5725–5850 MHz (U-NII-3)
Frequency Min (MHz)	20 MHz bandwidth: 5745
	40 MHz bandwidth: 5755
	80 MHz bandwidth: 5775
Frequency Max (MHz)	20 MHz bandwidth: 5825
	40 MHz bandwidth: 5795
	80 MHz bandwidth:5775
Channel numbers	20 MHz bandwidth: 149 to 165
	40 MHz bandwidth: 151 to 159
	80 MHz bandwidth:155
RF power Max (W), Conducted	20 MHz bandwidth: 0.0229(13.6 dBm)
	40 MHz bandwidth: 0.0219(13.4 dBm)
	80 MHz bandwidth: 0.0209(13.2 dBm)
Field strength, dBμV/m @ 3 m	N/A
Measured BW (kHz), 99% OBW	20 MHz bandwidth: 17800
	40 MHz bandwidth: 36600
	80 MHz bandwidth: 75800
Type of modulation	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM (QPSK, BPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM)
Emission classification	W7D
Transmitter spurious, dBμV/m @ 3 m	51.0, average @ 18GHz
Antenna information	Molex 211964 2.4GHz/5GHz Ceramic SMT antenna, max peak gain: 2.1 dBi at 2.4 GHz band and 2.2 dBi at 5 GHz
	band.
Firmware/Software information	8821cs-txpowerlimits-addition to wifi-bt-continous-2021-06-29

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5.5 EUT setup details

5.5.1 Radio exercise details

Operating conditions	The EUT is soldered on Humanware Digital Talking Book Machine Main PCB, the DA2. The DA2 provides 3.1Vdc power
	to the EUT. The DA2 also interfaces to the EUT with a digital interface (SDIO and UART). The DA2 runs on Linux and has
	the appropriate drivers to control the EUT.
	In order to control the EUT in the appropriate mode, the DA2 is connected to a laptop with a serial to USB
	communication adapter. The operator uses a terminal interface on the laptop to communicate with the DA2.
	The DA2 has a special build for this purpose, the "certification-rtwpriv-wifi-bt-continous-2021-06-10"
Transmitter state	Transmitter set in to continuous mode.

Test Channel for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)

Band	Channel	Frequency	
U-NII Band I	·		
Low	36	5180MHz	
Mid	40	5200MHz	
High	48	5240MHz	
U-NII Band II-A	·		
Low	52	5260MHz	
Mid	60	5300MHz	
High	64	5320MHz	
U-NII Band II-C			
Low	100	5500MHz	
Mid	116	5580MHz	
High	140	5700MHz	
U-NII Band III			
Low	149	5745MHz	
Mid	157	5785MHz	
High	165	5825MHz	

Test Channel for 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40)

rest Chamber for 802.1111	(11140)/ ac(11140)		
Band	Channel	Frequency	
U-NII Band I	·	·	
Low	38	5190MHz	
High	46	5230MHz	
U-NII Band II-A	·	•	
Low	54	5270MHz	
High	62	5310MHz	
U-NII Band II-C	·	·	
Low	102	5510MHz	
Mid	110	5550MHz	
High	134	5670MHz	
U-NII Band III			
Low	151	5755MHz	
High	159	5795MHz	

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5.5.1 EUT setup configuration

Test Channel for 802.11ac(VHT80)

Band	Channel	Frequency
U-NII Band I		
Only	42	5210MHz
U-NII Band II-A		
Only	58	5290MHz
U-NII Band II-C		
Low	106	5530MHz
High	122	5610MHz
U-NII Band III		
Only	155	5775MHz

Test Mode:

Mode	Data rate
802.11a	6 Mbps
802.11n(HT20)/ 802.11ac(VHT20)	6.5 Mbps
80211n(HT40) /802.11ac(VHT40)	13.5 Mbps
802.11ac(VHT80)	29.3 Mbps



5.5.1 EUT setup configuration

Table 5.5-1: EUT sub assemblies

Description	Brand name Model, Part number, Serial number, Revision level	
Digital Talking Book Machine	Humanware	MN: DA2 SN: ALPHA-COND-1 PN: ASSY-1100
BT + WIFI module	Humanware	MN: PCBA-0131-A1.0, PN: PCBA-0131 Rev: A1.0

Table 5.5-2: Support equipment

Description	Brand name	Model, Part number, Serial number, Revision level	
Serial communication board	Humanware	PN: PCBA-0097B Rev: P2	
AC power adapter	InnoVision	MN: GW18W-050300UV	

EUT setup configuration, continued

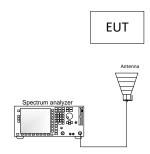


Figure 5.5-1: Radiated testing block diagram

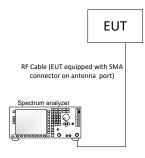


Figure 5.5-2: Antenna port testing block diagram



Section 6 Summary of test results

6.1 Testing location

Test location (s) Montreal

6.2 Testing period

Test start date	June 22, 2021	Test end date	June 26, 2021

6.3 Sample information

Receipt date	June 10, 2021	Nemko sample ID number(s)

6.4 FCC Part 15 Subpart A and C, general requirements test results

Table 6.4-1: FCC general requirements results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.207(a)	Conducted limits	Pass
§15.31I	Variation of power source	Pass
§15.31(m)	Number of tested frequencies	Pass
§15.203	Antenna requirement	Pass
Notes:	EUT is an AC powered device.	

6.5 FCC Part §15.407 test results

Table 6.5-1: FCC §15.407 requirements results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.403	Emission bandwidth	Pass
§15.407(a)(3)	Power and density limits within 5.725–5.85 GHz band	Pass
§15.407(b)(4)	Undesirable emission limits for 5.725–5.85 GHz band	Pass
§15.407(b)(8)	AC power line conducted limits	Pass
§15.407(e)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices within the 5.725–5.85 GHz band	Pass
§15.407(g)	Frequency stability	Pass
§15.407(h)(1) ¹	Transmit power control (TPC)	Not applicable
§15.407(h)(2) ¹	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	Not applicable
§15.407(k)	Automated frequency coordination (AFC) system	Not applicable

Notes ¹DFS and TPC requirements are only applicable to 5.25–5.35 GHz and 5.47–5.725 GHz bands



6.6 ISED RSS-Gen, Issue 5, test results

Table 6.6-1: RSS-Gen requirements results

Clause	Test description	Verdict
7.3	Receiver radiated emission limits	Not applicable
7.4	Receiver conducted emission limits	Not applicable
6.9	Operating bands and selection of test frequencies	Pass
8.8	AC power-line conducted emissions limits	Pass

Notes: ¹According t

¹According to sections 5.2 and 5.3 of RSS-Gen, Issue 5 the EUT does not have a stand-alone receiver neither scanner receiver, therefore exempt from receiver requirements.

6.7 ISED RSS-247, Issue 2, test results

EUT is an AC powered device.

Table 6.7-1: ISED RSS-247 requirements results

Section	Test description	Verdict
6.1 ¹	Types of Modulation	Pass
6.2.4.1	Power limits for 5725–5850 MHz band	Pass
6.2.4.1	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth for 5725–5850 MHz band	Pass
6.2.4.2	Unwanted emission limits for 5725–5850 MHz band	Pass
6.3	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) for devices operating in the bands 5250–5350 MHz, 5470–5600 MHz and 5650–5725 MHz	Not applicable

Notes: ¹ The EUT employs digital modulations, such as: 802.11a/n/ac (20–80 MHz)



Section 7 Test equipment

7.1 Test equipment list

Table 7.1-1: Equipment list

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
3 m EMI test chamber (Emissions)	TDK	SAC-3	FA002532e	2 year	February 25, 2022
Flush mount turntable	Sunol	FM2022	FA002550	_	NCR
Controller	Sunol	SC104V	FA002551	_	NCR
Antenna mast	Sunol	TLT2	FA002552	_	NCR
3 Phase AC Power Supply	apc AC Power	AFC-33045T	FA002677	_	VOU
Power Meter	HIOKI	PW3337	FA002727	1 year	March 15, 2022
Receiver/spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	FA002071	1 year	March 16, 2022
Bilog antenna (20–2000 MHz)	Sunol	JB1	FA002517	1 year	March 3, 2022
Horn antenna (1–18 GHz)	EMCO	3115	FA001451	1 year	February 16, 2022
Horn antenna (18–40 GHz)	EMCO	3116	FA002487	2 year	March 4, 2023
Pre-amplifier (0.5–18 GHz)	Com-Power	PAM-118A	FA002561	1 year	September 22, 2021
Pre-amplifier (18–40 GHz)	Com-Power	PAM-840	FA002508	1 year	September 24, 2021
2.4 GHz band Notch Filter	Microwave Circuits	N0324413	FA002693	_	VOU
Spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV 40	FA002731	1 year	March 23, 2022
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	FA002514	1 year	January 29, 2022
50 Ω coax cable	C.C.A.	None	FA002605	_	VOU
50 Ω coax cable	C.C.A.	None	FA002831	_	VOU

Notes: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use



Testing data Variation of power source FCC Part 15 Subpart A

Section 8 Testing data

8.1	Variation of power :	source				
8.1.1	References, definitio	ns and limits				
the e	ntentional radiators, measo emission, as appropriate, sh	urements of the variation of the input power or the hall be performed with the supply voltage varied be the equipment tests shall be performed using a new	etween 85% and 115% o			
8.1.2	Test summary					
Verdict		Pass				
Tested by	1	Yong Huang	Test date		June 17,	2021
a) b) c) d)	provided with the device For devices, where opera to minimum and maximu For devices with wide rar voltage. For devices obtaining pov a support power supply,	,	r sold with a specific add ominal rated value may ion and document in the owest and 15% above t etc.), a test jig is necess	apter, then cause dan e report. he highest	a typical p nages or lo	power adapter shall be used ss of intended function, tes nominal rated supply
8.1.4	Test data					
EUT Powe	If EUT is battery operated	owered, was the noticeable output power variation d, was the testing performed using fresh batteries? ttery operated, was the testing performed using fu		☑ AC☐ YES☐ YES☐ YES	□ DC ⊠ NO □ NO □ NO	□ Battery □ N/A ☑ N/A ☑ N/A

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Section 8
Test name

Testing data
Number of frequencies
FCC Part 15 Subpart A and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.2 Number of frequencies

8.2.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC §15.31:

(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table.

RSS-Gen, Clause 6.9:

Except where otherwise specified, measurements shall be performed for each frequency band of operation for which the radio apparatus is to be certified, with the device operating at the frequencies in each band of operation shown in table below. The frequencies selected for measurements shall be reported in the test report.

Table 8.2-1: Frequency Range of Operation

Frequency range over which the device		Location of measurement frequency inside the
operates (in each band)	Number of test frequencies required	operating frequency range
1 MHz or less	1	Center (middle of the band)
1–10 MHz	2	1 near high end, 1 near low end
Greater than 10 MHz	3	1 near high end, 1 near center and 1 near low end

Notes: "near" means as close as possible to or at the centre / low end / high end of the frequency range over which the device operates.

8.2.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Yong Huang	Test date	June 21, 2021

8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

ANSI C63.10, Clause 5.6.2.1:

The number of channels tested can be reduced by measuring the center channel bandwidth first and then applying the following relaxations as appropriate:

- a) For each operating mode, if the measured channel bandwidth on the middle channel is at least 150% of the minimum permitted bandwidth, then it is not necessary to measure the bandwidth on the high and low channels.
- b) For multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) systems, if the measured channel bandwidth on testing the middle channel exceeds the minimum permitted bandwidth by more than 50% on one transmit chain, then it is not necessary to repeat testing on the other chains.
- c) If the measured channel bandwidth on the middle channel is less than 50% of the maximum permitted bandwidth, then it is not necessary to measure the bandwidth on the high and low channels.

ANSI C63.10, Clause 5.6.2.2:

For devices with multiple operating modes, measurements on the middle channel can be used to determine the worst-case mode(s). The worst-case modes are as follows:

- a) Band edge requirements—Measurements on the mode with the widest bandwidth can be used to cover the same channel (center frequency) on modes with narrower bandwidth that have the same or lower output power for each modulation family (e.g., OFDM and direct sequence spread spectrum).
- b) Spurious emissions—Measure the mode with the highest output power and the mode with the highest output power spectral density for each modulation family (e.g., OFDM and direct sequence spread spectrum).
- c) In-band PSD—Measurements on the mode with the narrowest bandwidth can be used to cover all modes within the same modulation family of an equal or lower output power provided the result is less than 50% of the limit.

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Testing data
Number of frequencies

FCC Part 15 Subpart A and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.2.4 Test data

Table 8.2-2: Test channels selection

Modulation	Start of Frequency range, MHz	End of Frequency range, MHz	Frequency range bandwidth, MHz	Low channel, MHz	Mid channel, MHz	High channel, MHz
802.11a	5725	5850	125	5745	5785	5825
802.11n HT20/ 802.11ac VHT20	5725	5850	125	5745	5785	5825
802.11n HT40/ 802.11ac VHT40	5725	5850	125	5755		5795
802.11ac VHT80	5725	5850	125		5775	

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Testing data Antenna requirement

FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.3 Antenna requirement

8.3.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

RSS-Gen, Clause 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report.

8.3.2 Test summary

Verdict		Pass					
Tested by		Yong Huang		Test date		June 18, 2021	
8.3.1	Observations, setting	s and special notes					
None							
8.3.2	Test data						
Must the E	UT be professionally insta	lled?	☐ YES	⊠ NO			
Does the El	UT have detachable anter	ına(s)?	☐ YES	\boxtimes NO			
	If detachable, is the anter	nna connector(s) non-standard?	☐ YES	\square NO	⊠ N/A		

Table 8.3-1: Antenna information

Antenna type	Manufacturer	Model number	Maximum gain	Connector type
PCB Ceramic SMT antenna	Molex	211964	2.1 dBi for 2.4 GHz band	Surface mount
			2.2 dBi for 5 GHz band	

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Testing data

AC power line conducted emissions limits FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.4 AC power line conducted emissions limits

8.4.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC §15.407(b):

(8) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in § 15.207.

FCC §15.207:

(a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

ANSI C63.10, Clause 6.2:

If the EUT normally receives power from another device that in turn connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements shall be made on that device with the EUT in operation to demonstrate that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power. If the EUT is operated only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines (600 VAC or less) to operate the EUT (such as an adapter), then ac power-line conducted measurements are not required.

For direct current (dc) powered devices where the ac power adapter is not supplied with the device, an "off-the-shelf" unmodified ac power adapter shall be used. If the device is supposed to be installed in a host (e.g., the device is a module or PC card), then it is tested in a typical compliant host.

RSS-Gen, Clause 8.8:

A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in table below.

Unless the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in table below. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

Table 8.4-1: Conducted emissions limit

	Conducted en	missions limit, dBμV
Frequency of emission, MHz	Quasi-peak	Average**
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5–5	56	46
5–30	60	50

Notes:

- * The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.
- ** A linear average detector is required.

8.4.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Yong Huang	Test date	June 10, 2021

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Testing data

AC power line conducted emissions limits FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Port under test – Coupling device	AC input of host – Artificial Mains Network (AMN)
EUT power input during test	120 V _{AC} , 60 Hz;
EUT setup configuration	Table top
Measurement details	A preview measurement was generated with the receiver in continuous scan mode. Emissions detected within 10 dB or above the limit were re-measured with the appropriate detector against the correlating limit and recorded as the final measurement.
Additional notes:	 The EUT was set up as tabletop configuration per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The spectral scan has been corrected with transducer factors (i.e. cable loss, LISN factors, and attenuators) for determination of compliance. Correction factor (dB) = LISN factor IL (dB) + cable loss (dB) + attenuator (dB) Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.

Receiver settings:

Resolution bandwidth	9 kHz
Video bandwidth	30 kHz
Detector mode	Peak and Average (Preview), Quasi-peak and CAverage (Final)
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measurement time	100 ms (Preview), 160 ms (Final)

8.4.4 Test data

Table 8.4-2: Conducted emissions results on phase line

Frequency, MHz	Quasi-Peak result, dBμV	Quasi-Peak limit, dBμV	Quasi-Peak margin, dB	Correction factor, dB
0.580	43.2	56.0	12.8	10.0
0.859	44.0	56.0	12.0	9.9
1.430	43.6	56.0	12.4	9.9
Frequency, MHz	CAverage result, dBμV	CAverage limit, dBμV	CAverage margin, dB	Correction factor, dB
- 1 17		• , ,	0 0,	
0.857	38.0	46.0	8.0	9.9
· "		46.0 46.0		9.9 9.9

Table 8.4-3: Conducted emissions results on neutral line

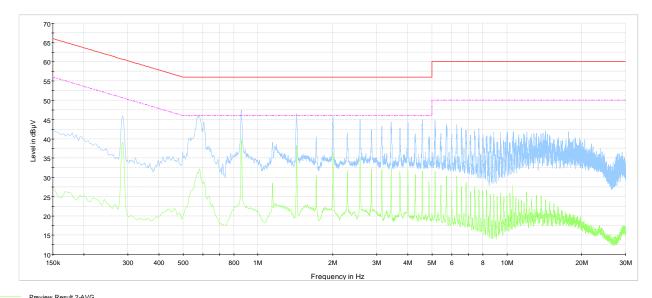
Frequency, MHz	Quasi-Peak result, dBμV	Quasi-Peak limit, dBμV	Quasi-Peak margin, dB	Correction factor, dB
0.578	38.7	56.0	17.3	10.0
0.857	40.5	56.0	15.5	9.9
1.430	40.0	56.0	16.0	9.9
Frequency, MHz	CAverage result, dBμV	CAverage limit, dBμV	CAverage margin, dB	Correction factor, dB
0.859	34.4	46.0	11.6	9.9
0.033	V ·	1010		
1.430	31.5	46.0	14.5	9.9

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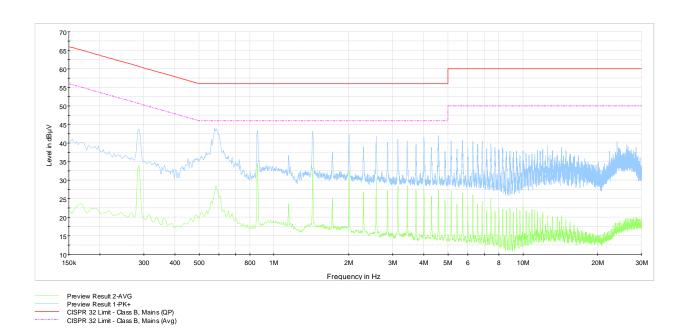
AC power line conducted emissions limits FCC Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

Test data, continued



Preview Result 2-AVG
Preview Result 1-PK+
CISPR 32 Limit - Class B, Mains (QP)
CISPR 32 Limit - Class B, Mains (Avg)

Plot 8.4-1: Conducted emissions on phase line



Plot 8.4-2: Conducted emissions on neutral line



Testing data Emission bandwidth and 6 dB BW

FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

8.5 Emission bandwidth and 6 dB BW

8.5.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC §15.403:

For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

FCC §15.407:

(e) Within the 5.725–5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

RSS-247, Clause 2.6.4:

Frequency band 5725-5850 MHz:

6.2.4.1 Power limits

For equipment operating in the band 5725–5850 MHz, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

8.5.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Yong Huang	Test date	June 24, 2021

8.5.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The emission bandwidth was tested per ANSI C63.10, Clause 12.4 and KDB 789033 D02, Clause II(C)(1). Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth	approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth
Video bandwidth	> RBW
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

The 6 dB bandwidth was tested per ANSI C63.10, Clause 11.8 and KDB 789033 D02, Clause II(C)(2). Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	≥3 × RBW
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

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Testing data

Emission bandwidth and 6 dB BW FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

8.5.4 Test data

Table 8.5-1: 26 dB bandwidth results

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	26 dB bandwidth, MHz
	5745	21.4
802.11a	5785	21.4
	5825	21.5
	5745	22.0
802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20	5785	21.8
	5825	21.7
802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40	5755	43.2
802.1111 H140/802.11ac VH140	5795	43.6
802.11ac VHT80	5775	82.6

Table 8.5-2: 6 dB bandwidth results

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	6 dB bandwidth, MHz	Minimum limit, MHz	Minimum margin, MHz
	5745	16.560	0.500	16.060
802.11a	5785	16.560	0.500	16.060
	5825	16.500	0.500	16.000
802.11n HT20/802.11ac	5745	17.720	0.500	17.220
VHT20	5785	17.640	0.500	17.140
VIIIZO	5825	17.640	0.500	17.140
802.11n HT40/802.11ac	5755	36.390	0.500	35.890
VHT40	5795	36.400	0.500	35.900
802.11ac VHT80	5775	76.168	0.500	75.668

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Testing data

Emission bandwidth and 6 dB BW FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

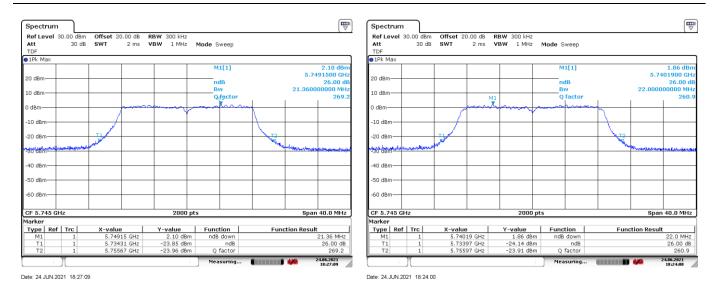


Figure 8.5-1: 26 dB bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot

Figure 8.5-2: 26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20, sample

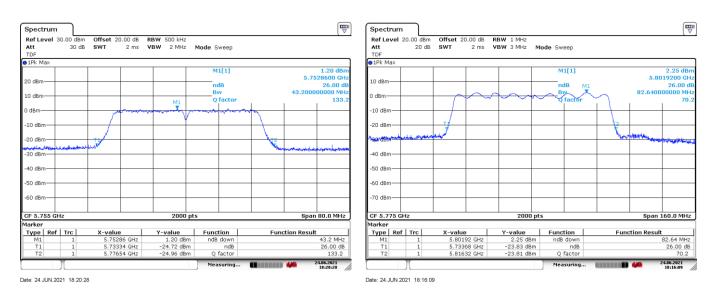


Figure 8.5-3: 26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40, sample plot

Figure 8.5-4: 26 dB bandwidth on 802.11ac VHT80, sample plot

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Testing data

Emission bandwidth and 6 dB BW FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

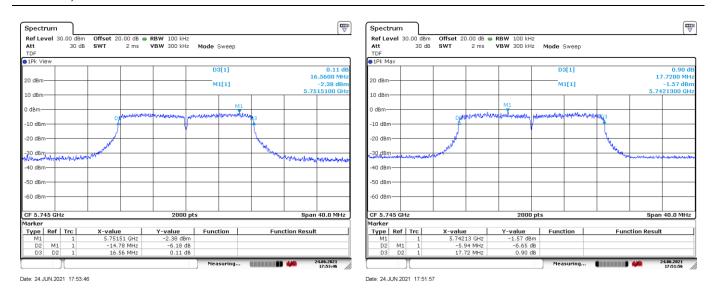


Figure 8.5-5: 6 dB bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot

Figure 8.5-6: 6 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20, sample

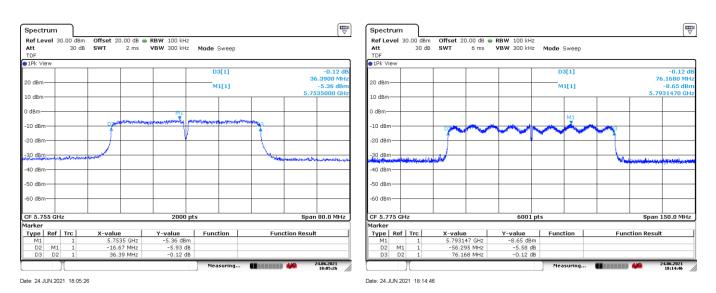


Figure 8.5-7: 6 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40, sample plot

Figure 8.5-8: 6 dB bandwidth on 802.11ac VHT80, sample plot

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Testing data Occupied bandwidth

ANSI C63.10-2013 and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.6 Occupied bandwidth

8.6.1 References, definitions and limits

ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.9.3:

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

RSS-Gen, Clause 6.7:

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

8.6.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Yong Huang	Test date	June 24, 2021

8.6.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The emission bandwidth was tested per ANSI C63.10, Clause 6.9.3 and KDB 789033 D02, Clause II(D). Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth:	300/500/1000 kHz
Video bandwidth:	≥3 × RBW
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

8.6.4 Test data

Table 8.6-1: 99% bandwidth results

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	99% bandwidth, MHz
	5745	16.8
802.11a	5785	16.8
	5825	16.8
	5745	17.8
802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20	5785	17.8
	5825	17.8
802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40	5755	36.5
802.1111 H140/802.11dt VH140	5795	36.6
802.11ac VHT80	5775	75.8

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Testing data
Occupied bandwidth

ANSI C63.10-2013 and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

Test data, continued

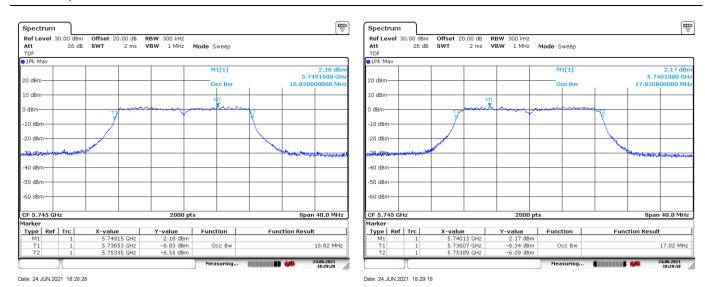


Figure 8.6-1: 99% bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot

Figure 8.6-2: 99% bandwidth on 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20, sample

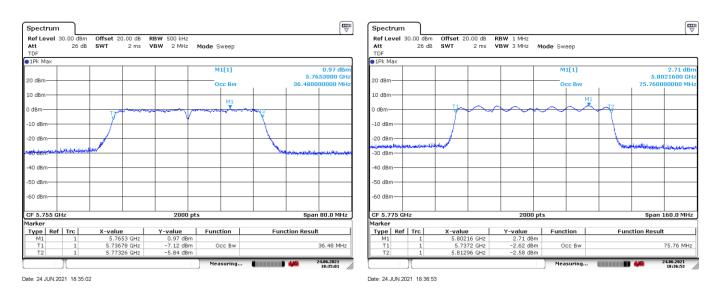


Figure 8.6-3: 99% bandwidth on 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40, sample plot

Figure 8.6-4: 99% bandwidth on 802.11ac VHT80, sample plot

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Testing data

Transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. requirements for 5725–5850 MHz band FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

8.7 Transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. requirements for 5725–5850 MHz band

8.7.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC §15.407:

- (a) Power limits:
- (3) For the band 5.725–5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (11) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.
- (12) Power spectral density measurement. The maximum power spectral density is measured as either a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test or a radiated measurement. Measurements in the 5.725–5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in all other bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

RSS-247, Clause 6.2:

Power and unwanted emissions limits

The output power and e.i.r.p. of the equipment wanted emission shall be measured in terms of average value.

- 6.2.4 Frequency band 5725-5850 MHz
- 6.2.4.1 Power limits

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The output power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the output power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information.

8.7.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Yong Huang	Test date	June 24, 2021

8.7.3 Observations, settings and special notes

EUT is client device. EUT was configured to continuous transmit mode during tests.

Power spectral density was tested per ANSI C63.10, Clause 12.5 and 789033 D02, Clause II(F).

Conducted output power was tested per ANSI C63.10, Clause 12.3 and 789033 D02, Clause II(E) using method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter).

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth	500 kHz
Video bandwidth	2 MHz
Frequency span	Enough to encompass the entire 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the signal
Detector mode	RMS
Trace mode	Power Averaging over 100 sweeps

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Testing data

Transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. requirements for 5725-5850~MHz~band

FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

8.7.4 Test data

Table 8.7-1: Output power measurements results

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	Conducted output power, dBm	Power limit, dBm	Margin, dB
	5745	13.2	30.0	16.8
802.11a	5785	12.9	30.0	17.1
	5825	13.6	30.0	16.4
802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20	5745	13.0	30.0	17.0
	5785	12.5	30.0	17.5
	5825	13.3	30.0	16.7
802.11n HT40/802.11ac	5755	13.4	30.0	16.6
VHT40	5795	13.3	30.0	16.7
802.11ac VHT80	5775	13.2	30.0	16.8

Table 8.7-2: PPSD measurements results

Modulation	Frequency, MHz	PPSD, dBm/500kHz	PPSD limit, dBm/500 kHz	Margin, dB
	5745	0.4	30.0	29.6
802.11a	5785	0.4	30.0	29.6
	5825	1.0	30.0	29.0
802.11n HT20/802.11ac	5745	-0.2	30.0	30.2
VHT20	5785	0.7	30.0	29.3
	5825	0.5	30.0	29.5
802.11n HT40/802.11ac	5755	-3.3	30.0	33.3
VHT40	5795	-3.5	30.0	33.5
802.11ac VHT80	5775	-5.3	30.0	35.3

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Testing data

Transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. requirements for 5725–5850 MHz band FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

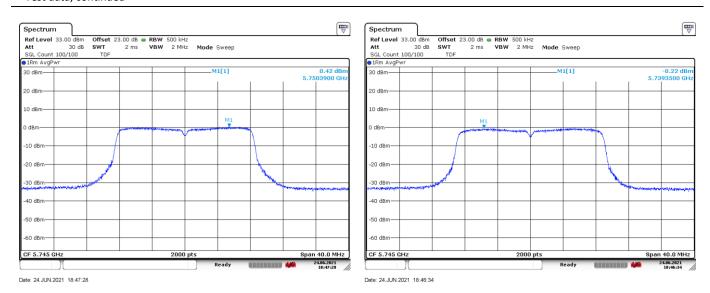


Figure 8.7-1: PPSD on 802.11a, sample plot

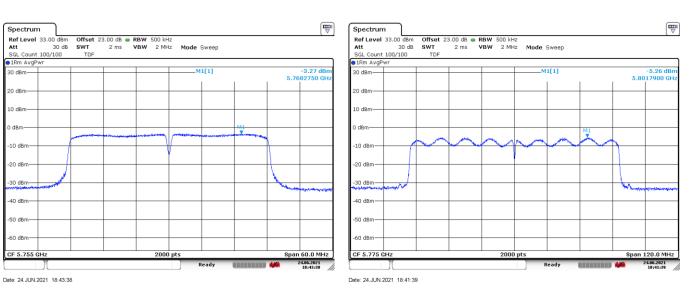


Figure 8.7-3: PPSD on 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40, sample plot

Figure 8.7-4: PPSD on 802.11ac VHT80, sample plot

Figure 8.7-2: PPSD on 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20, sample plot

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Testing data

Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

8.8 Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions

8.8.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC §15.407:

- (b) Undesirable emission limits.
 - Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725–5.85 GHz band:
- (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
- (7) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (8) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in § 15.207.
- (9) The provisions of § 15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (10) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

RSS-247, Clause 6.2:

Power and unwanted emissions limits

The power and e.i.r.p. of the equipment unwanted emission shall be measured in peak value. However, the equipment is required to comply with the provisions in RSS-Gen with respect to emissions falling within restricted frequency bands which are listed in the same standard.

If the transmission is in bursts, the provisions of RSS-Gen for pulsed operation shall apply.

The outermost carrier frequencies or channels shall be used when measuring unwanted emissions. Such carrier or channel centre frequencies are to be indicated in the test report.

- 6.2.4 Frequency band 5725–5850 MHz
- 6.2.4.2 Unwanted emission limits

Devices operating in the band 5725–5850 MHz shall have e.i.r.p. of unwanted emissions comply with the following:

- a. 27 dBm/MHz at frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;
- b. 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;
- c. 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz above or below the band edges; and
- d. -27 dBm/MHz at frequencies more than 75 MHz above or below the band edges.

Table 8.8-1: FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen - Radiated emission limits

Field strength of emissions				
Frequency, MHz	μV/m	dBμV/m	Measurement distance, m	
0.009-0.490	2400/F	$67.6 - 20 \times log_{10}(F)$	300	
0.490-1.705	24000/F	$87.6 - 20 \times log_{10}(F)$	30	
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30	
30–88	100	40.0	3	
88–216	150	43.5	3	
216–960	200	46.0	3	
above 960	500	54.0	3	

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test.

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Testing data

Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

References, definitions and limits, continued

Table 8.8-2: ISED restricted frequency bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	12.57675–12.57725	399.9–410	7.25–7.75
0.495-0.505	13.36–13.41	608–614	8.025–8.5
2.1735–2.1905	16.42-16.423	960–1427	9.0–9.2
3.020-3.026	16.69475-16.69525	1435–1626.5	9.3–9.5
4.125-4.128	16.80425-16.80475	1645.5–1646.5	10.6–12.7
4.17725-4.17775	25.5–25.67	1660–1710	13.25–13.4
4.20725-4.20775	37.5–38.25	1718.8–1722.2	14.47–14.5
5.677-5.683	73–74.6	2200–2300	15.35–16.2
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	2310–2390	17.7–21.4
6.26775-6.26825	108–138	2483.5–2500	22.01–23.12
6.31175–6.31225	149.9–150.05	2655–2900	23.6–24.0
8.291-8.294	156.52475–156.52525	3260-3267	31.2–31.8
8.362-8.366	156.7–156.9	3332–3339	36.43–36.5
8.37625-8.38675	162.0125-167.17	3345.8–3358	
8.41425-8.41475	167.72–173.2	3500-4400	Above 38.6
12.29–12.293	240–285	4500-5150	Above 38.0
12.51975-12.52025	322–335.4	5350-5460	

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in Table 8.8-2 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

Table 8.8-3: FCC restricted frequency bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2690–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358	36.43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6
13.36–13.41			

8.8.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Yong Huang	Test start date	June 23, 2021



Testing data Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

8.8.3 Observations, settings and special notes

- As part of the current assessment, the test range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz has been fully considered and compared to the actual frequencies utilized within
 the EUT. Since the EUT contains a transmitter in the GHz range, the EUT has been deemed compliant without formal testing in the 9 kHz to 30 MHz test
 range, therefore formal test results (tabular data and/or plots) are not provided within this test report.
- EUT was set to transmit continuously.
- Conducted measurements were performed on antenna port, the reference level offset was adjusted to include antenna gains. Cabinet radiation were performed while the antenna connectors was terminated with 50 Ω load.
- Radiated measurements were performed at a distance of 3 m below 18 GHz and 1 m above 18 GHz.
- The spurious emission was tested per ANSI C63.10, Clause 12.7 and 789033 D02, Clause II(G).

Spectrum analyser for peak conducted measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser for peak conducted measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser for average conducted measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz for frequencies where peak results were above the average limit:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	RMS
Trace mode:	Power average
Number of averaging traces:	100

Spectrum analyser for peak conducted measurements outside restricted bands:

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

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Testing data Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

8.8.4 Test data

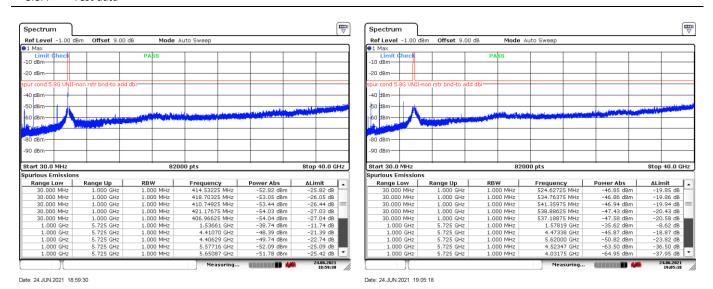


Figure 8.8-1: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on low channel, 802.11a

Figure 8.8-2: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on mid channel, 802.11a

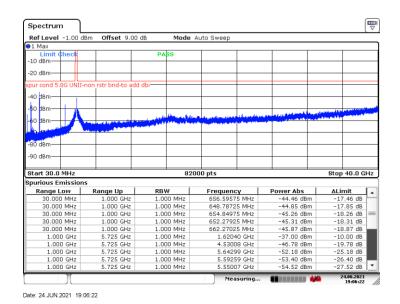


Figure 8.8-3: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on high channel, 802.11a

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Testing data
Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions

FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

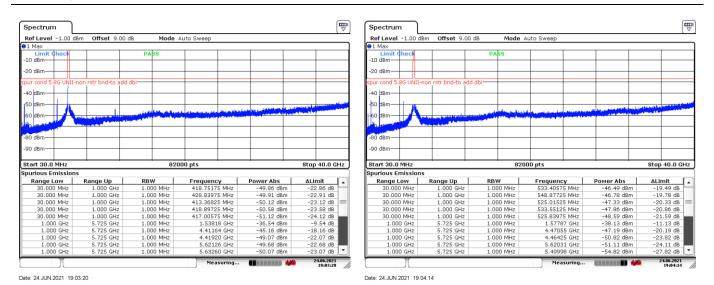


Figure 8.8-4: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on low channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

Figure 8.8-5: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on mid channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

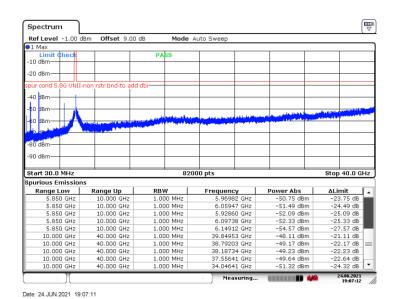


Figure 8.8-6: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on high channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

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Testing data

Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

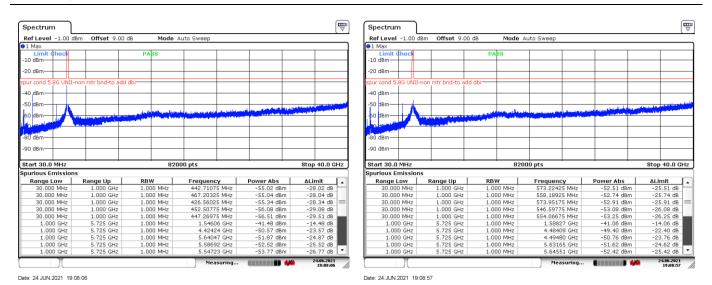


Figure 8.8-7: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on low channel, 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40

Figure 8.8-8: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, Tx on mid channel, 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40

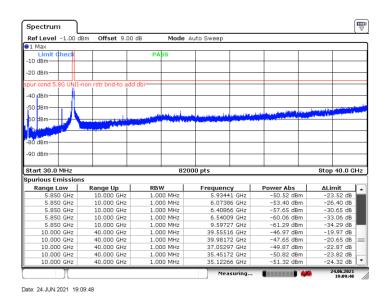


Figure 8.8-9: Spurious emissions outside restricted bands, 802.11ac VHT80

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Testing data Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

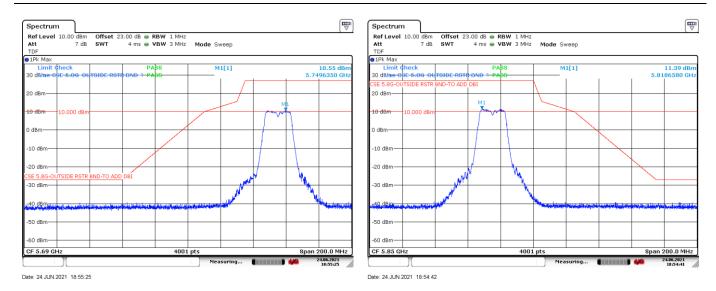


Figure 8.8-10: Lower band edge, Tx on low channel, 802.11a

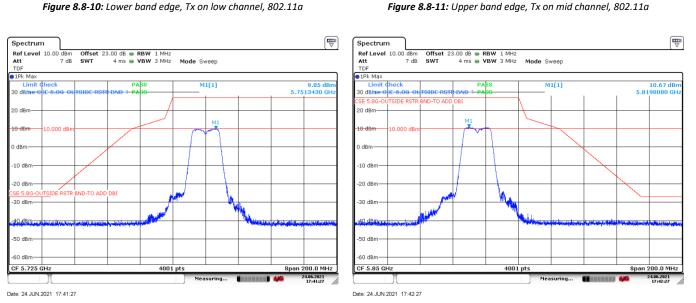


Figure 8.8-12: Lower band edge, Tx on low channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

Figure 8.8-13: Upper band edge, Tx on mid channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

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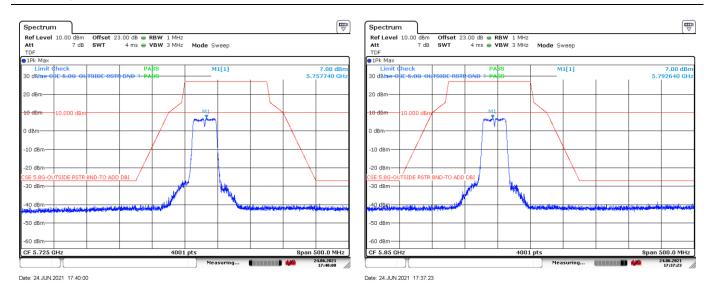


Figure 8.8-14: Lower band edge, Tx on low channel, 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40

Figure 8.8-15: Upper band edge, Tx on mid channel, 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40

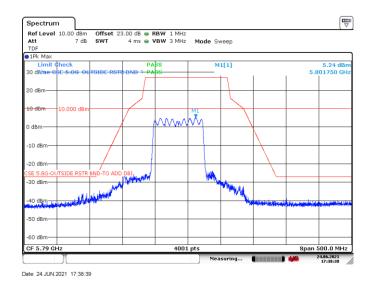


Figure 8.8-16: Lower and upper band edge, Tx on low channel, 802.11ac VHT80

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Testing data

Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

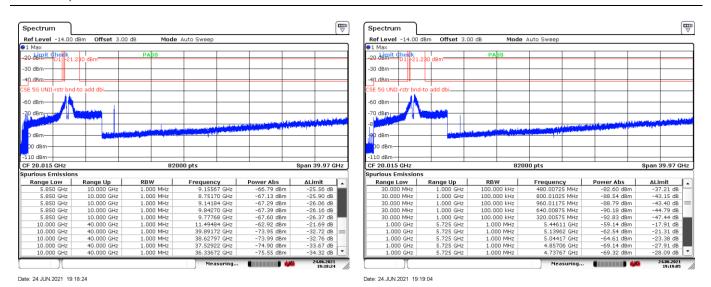


Figure 8.8-17: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on low channel, 802.11a

Figure 8.8-18: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on mid channel, 802.11a

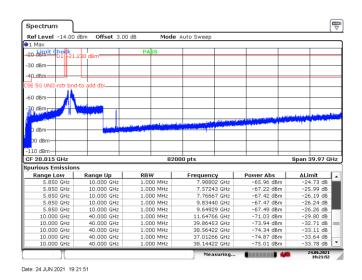


Figure 8.8-19: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on high channel, 802.11a

Note: Peak limit EIRP equivalent: 74 dB μ V/m - 95.23 dB = -21.23 dBm Average limit EIRP equivalent: 54 dB μ V/m - 95.23 dB = -41.23 dBm

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Testing data

Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

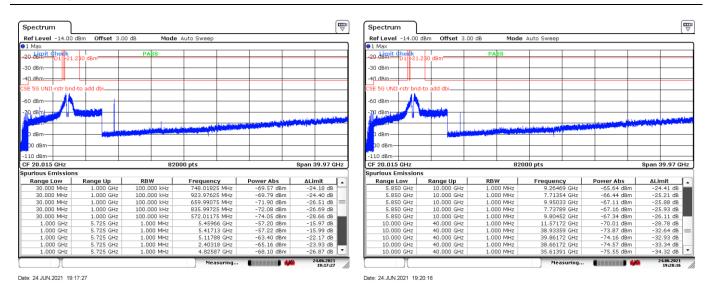


Figure 8.8-20: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on low channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

Figure 8.8-21: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on mid channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

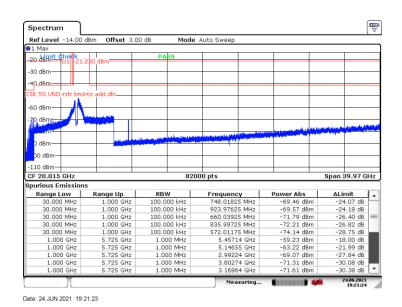


Figure 8.8-22: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on high channel, 802.11n HT20/802.11ac VHT20

Note: Peak limit EIRP equivalent: 74 dB μ V/m - 95.23 dB = -21.23 dBm Average limit EIRP equivalent: 54 dB μ V/m - 95.23 dB = -41.23 dBm

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Testing data

Spurious unwanted (undesirable) emissions FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-247, Issue 2

Test data, continued

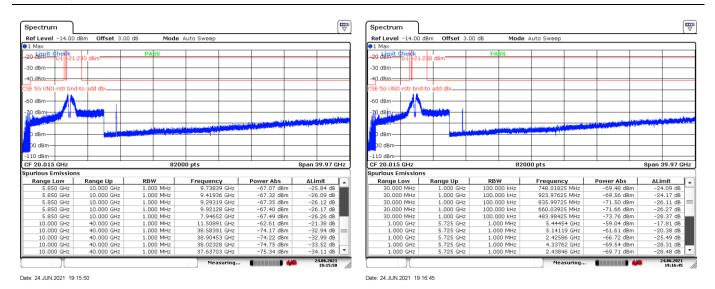


Figure 8.8-23: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on low channel, 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40

Figure 8.8-24: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, Tx on high channel, 802.11n HT40/802.11ac VHT40

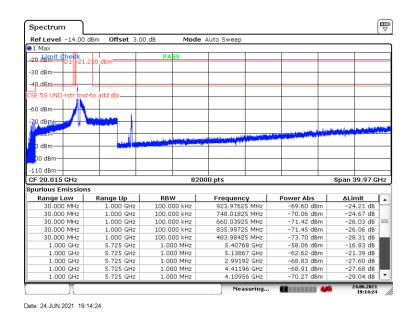


Figure 8.8-25: Spurious emissions within restricted bands, 802.11ac VHT80

Note: Peak limit EIRP equivalent: 74 dB μ V/m - 95.23 dB = -21.23 dBm Average limit EIRP equivalent: 54 dB μ V/m - 95.23 dB = -41.23 dBm

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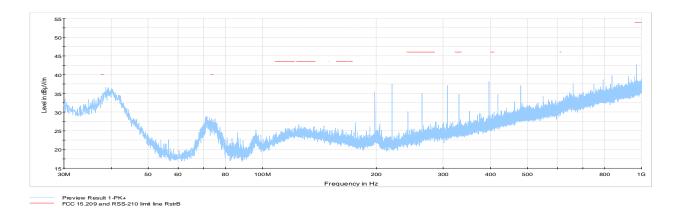


Figure 8.8-26: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz , Tx on low channel

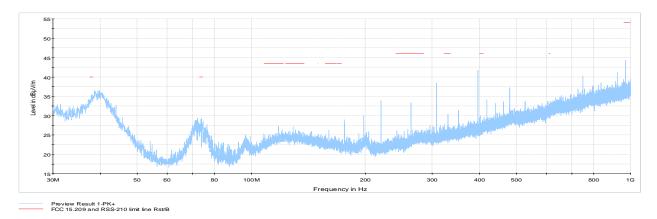


Figure 8.8-27: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz , Tx on mid channel

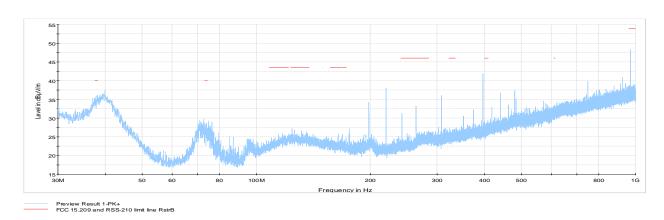


Figure 8.8-28: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 30 MHz to 1 GHz , Tx on high channel

Note: EUT was investigated in all modulation modes, only worst case is presented. Emissions were verified to be below the $-27~\mathrm{dBm/MHz}$ limit.

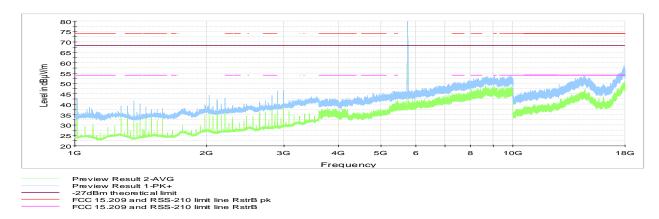


Figure 8.8-29: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 1 to 18 GHz, Tx on low channel

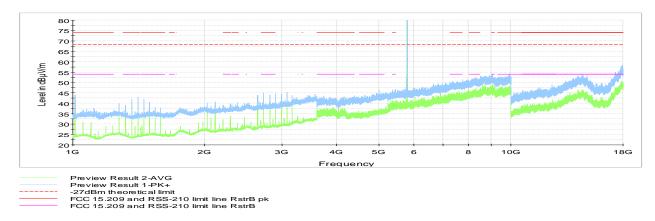


Figure 8.8-30: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 1 to 18 GHz , Tx on mid channel

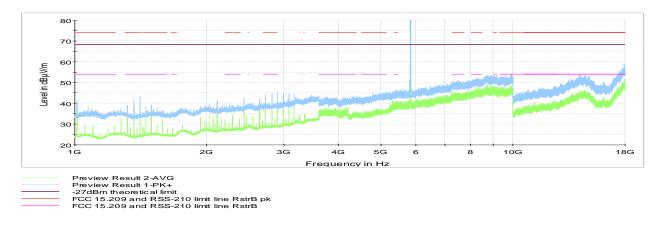


Figure 8.8-31: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 1 to 18 GHz , Tx on high channel

EUT was investigated in high/mid/low channels of 802.11a/802.11ac modes, only worst case is presented. Note:



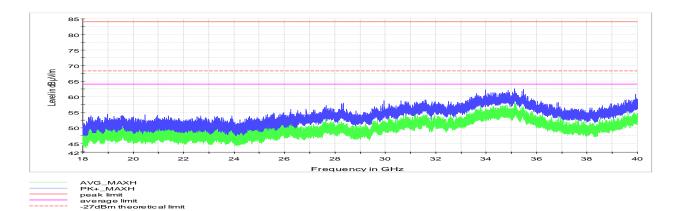


Figure 8.8-32: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 18 to 40 GHz, Tx on low channel

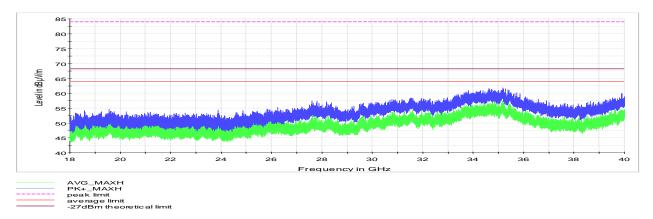


Figure 8.8-33: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 18 to 40 GHz, Tx on low channel

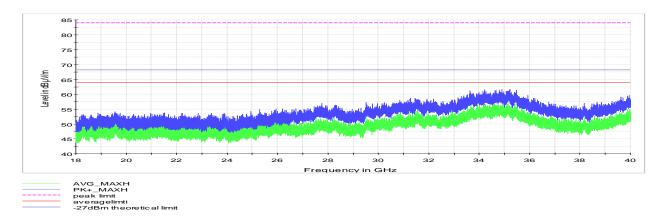


Figure 8.8-34: Cabinet Radiated spurious emission 18 to 40 GHz, Tx on low channel

Note: EUT was investigated in high/mid/low channels of 802.11a/802.11a/802.11ac modes, only worst case is presented.

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Section 8
Test name

Testing data
Frequency stability

FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.9 Frequency stability

8.9.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC §15.407:

(g) Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual.

RSS-Gen, Clause 8.11:

If the frequency stability of the licence-exempt radio apparatus is not specified in the applicable RSS, the fundamental emissions of the radio apparatus should be kept within at least the central 80% of its permitted operating frequency band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

8.9.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Yong Huang	Test date	June 26, 2021

8.9.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Frequency stability test was performed as per ANSI C63.10, Clause 6.8 and 789033 D02, Clause II(A)(3). Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth:	10 Hz
Video bandwidth:	10 Hz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

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Testing data
Frequency stability

Specification FCC Part 15 Subpart E and RSS-Gen, Issue 5

8.9.4 Test data

Table 8.9-1: Frequency drift measurement

Test conditions	Nominal frequency,	Frequency, GHz	Drift, Hz
	GHz		
+45 °C, Nominal	5.745000000	5.745019970	18090
+30 °C, Nominal	5.745000000	5.745004050	2170
+20 °C, +15 %	5.745000000	5.745001880	0
+20 °C, Nominal	5.745000000	5.745001880	reference
+20 °C, −15 %	5.745000000	5.745001880	0
+10 °C, Nominal	5.745000000	5.744997100	-4780
0 °C, Nominal	5.745000000	5.745001160	-720

Table 8.9-2: Lower band edge drift calculation

	-26 dBc lower cross		Drifted lower cross		
Modulation	point, GHz	Max negative drift, Hz	point, GHz	Band edge, GHz	Margin, MHz
802.11a	5.73431	4780	5.734305220	5.725	9.30522
802.11n HT20	5.75597	4780	5.755965220	5.725	30.96522
/802.11ac VHT20					
802.11n HT40	5.77654	4780	5.776535220	5.725	51.53522
/802.11ac VHT40					
802.11ac VHT80	5.73368	4780	5.733675220	5.725	8.67522

Notes: Drifted lower cross point = -26 dBc lower cross point – max negative drift.

Table 8.9-3: Upper band edge drift calculation

	-26 dBc upper cross		Drifted upper cross		
Modulation	point, GHz	Max positive drift, Hz	point, GHz	Band edge, GHz	Margin, MHz
802.11a	5.83567	18090	5.835688090	5.85	14.311910000
802.11n HT20	5.83573	18090	5.835748090	5.85	14.251910000
/802.11ac VHT20	5.05575	10090	3.033740090	5.05	14.231910000
802.11n HT40	5.81674	18090	5.816758090	5.85	33.241910000
/802.11ac VHT40					33.241910000
802.11ac VHT80	5.81632	18090	5.816338090	5.85	33.661910000

Notes: Drifted upper cross point = -26 dBc upper cross point + max positive drift.

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Section 9 EUT photos

9.1 External photos



Figure 9.1-1: Front view photo





Figure 9.1-2: Rear view photo





Figure 9.1-3: Side view photo



Figure 9.1-4: Side view photo



Figure 9.1-5: Top view photo



Figure 9.1-6: Bottom view photo

End of the test report