



## **Appendix E. Power reduction mechanism verification**

According to the May 2017 TCBC Workshop, Demonstration of proper functioning of the detection and triggering mechanisms to support the corresponding RF exposure conditions. The verification is through a base station simulator is used to establish a conducted RF connection and monitor output power under different operating conditions related to the power reduction mechanisms. Detail of power reduction mechanisms referring to Operational Description

### **1. Power verification procedure**

- Establish data connection monitor hotspot power state.
  - LTE is set at 'highest BW, 1RB, RB Offset = 0, QPSK' WCDMA is set RMC 12.2Kbps, 5G FR1 is set at highest BW MHz, 1RF, RB offset = 1
- Establish data connection monitor body worn power state.
  - LTE is set at 'highest BW, 1RB, RB Offset = 0, QPSK' WCDMA is set RMC 12.2Kbps, 5G FR1 is set at highest BW MHz, 1RF, RB offset = 1
  - Body Detect mechanism was performed for the in-hand and on a stationary object (placed on a table)
- This device incorporates the Qualcomm Smart Transmit algorithm feature and through under varying Tx power transmission scenarios in real-time to maintain the time-averaged Tx power compliant with FCC RF exposure requirement.
- In this power validation purpose is to demonstrate of proper functioning of the detection and triggering mechanisms to support the corresponding RF exposure conditions. In order to avoid real-time TX power varying may affect monitor output power related to the power reduction mechanisms, therefore power reduction verification would be disabled WWAN smart transmit feature.
- Verification performed for each technology to demonstrate that the power reduction applies for both technology and call origination.

## 2. Test setup for measuring power



**Figure 1**

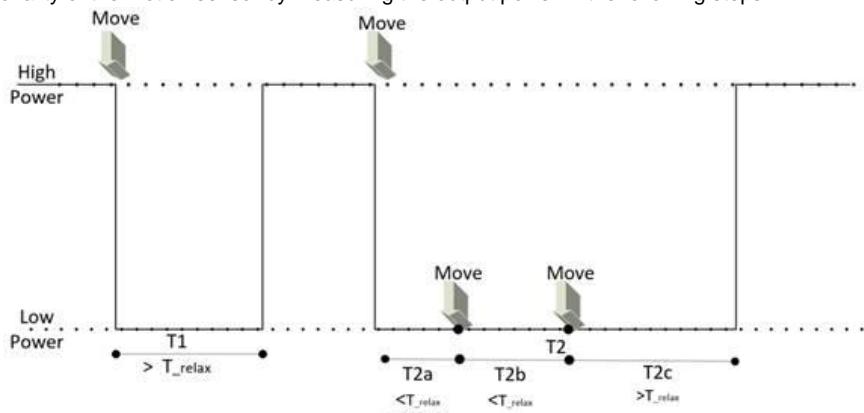
### 3. Verification output Power Results

## Body exposure condition

Body Worn exposure condition	Output Power (data connection)				
	Body Worn (In hand)				
WIFI/BT Status		OFF		ON	
Power state		WWAN DSI 1 WIFI status 0		WWAN DSI 1 WIFI status 1	
Wireless Technology	Antenna	Measured (dBm)	Max. Tune-up (dBm)	Measured (dBm)	Max. Tune-up (dBm)
LTE Band 30	Ant 1	21.68	23	13.32	14
LTE Band 38	Ant 1	23.94	25	16.34	17.5

## **1. Conducted Power verification Plan:**

- According to the May 2017 TCBC Workshop, Demonstration of proper functioning of the detection and triggering mechanisms to support the corresponding RF exposure conditions. The verification is through a base station simulator is used to establish a conducted RF connection and monitor output power under different operating conditions related to the power reduction mechanisms.
- Body Detect mechanism will be performed for the in-hand and on a stationary object (placed on a table).
- Verify the functionality of the motion sensor by measuring the output power in the following steps.



**Figure 1 Illustration of the procedure for the validation of the power reduction**

The device is embedded with motion sensors only, no proximity sensors are installed.

- Placed on a table:** Make the DUT transmit with the maximum output power by using a base station simulator.
  - Confirm that motion sensor is not triggered by letting the DUT remain stationary with no movements for the period  $T_{relax}$  for the motion sensor to reach stationary state.
  - Record  $P_{step1}$  (high power)
- In-hand:** Move the DUT to trigger the motion sensor. Apply the motion of the DUT with respect to movements in intended and reasonably foreseeable use conditions of the DUT.
  - Record  $P_{step2}$  (low power)
- For the validation of  $T_{relax}$ , wait a time period  $T1 > T_{relax}$  and confirm DUT restores to high power ( $P_{step1}$ ).
- Move the DUT to trigger the motion sensor.
- Move DUT within  $T_{relax}$  to ensure  $T_{relax}$  resets when DUT is in motion.

DUT can be moved once or twice within  $T_{relax}$ , (after time periods  $T2a$  and  $T2b$  in Figure 1.) followed by waiting for a time period greater than  $T_{relax}$  (time period  $T2c$  in Figure 1.) for DUT to restore high power. The total time duration of this step is  $T2$ , and the power during the whole period  $T2$  shall be reduced (low power –  $P_{step2}$ ).

Exposure Condition		Output Power (data connection) (dBm)											
		Stationary Placed on a table		In hand		Stationary Placed on a table		In hand				Stationary Placed on a table	
Power state		Full Power $P_{step1}$		Low Power $P_{step2}$		Full Power $P_{step1}$ & $T_1 > T_{relax}$		Low Power $P_{step2}$ & $T_{2a} < T_{relax}$		Low Power $P_{step2}$ & $T_{2b} < T_{relax}$		Full Power $P_{step1}$ & $T_{2c} > T_{relax}$	
Wireless technology	Antenna	Measured	Max. Tune-up	Measured	Max. Tune-up	Measured	Max. Tune-up	Measured	Max. Tune-up	Measured	Max. Tune-up	Measured	Max. Tune-up
LTE Band 30	Ant 1	21.72	23.0	13.38	14	21.68	23.0	13.46	14.0	13.47	14.0	21.76	23.0