

FCC SAR Measurement and Test Report

For

LM Technologies Ltd.

Unit 19, Spectrum House, 32-34, Gordon House Road, London, NW5 1LP,

United Kingdom

FCC ID: VVXLM842

Test Standards:	FCC Part 2.1093, ANSI / IEEE C95.1 :2005+A1:2010 ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002(R2008)
Product Description:	<u>LM842 WiFi and Bluetooth 5.0 Dual Mode Combination USB Adapter</u>
Tested Model:	<u>LM842</u>
Report No.:	<u>WTX19X12087485W-6</u>
Sample Received Date:	<u>2019-12-20</u>
Tested Date:	<u>2020-01-13 to 2020-01-17</u>
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Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd.

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1. General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant: LM Technologies Ltd.
Address of applicant: Unit 19, Spectrum House, 32-34, Gordon House Road,
London, NW5 1LP, United Kingdom

Manufacturer: LM Technologies Ltd.
Address of manufacturer: Unit 19, Spectrum House, 32-34, Gordon House Road,
London, NW5 1LP, United Kingdom

General Description of EUT:	
Product Name:	LM842 WiFi and Bluetooth 5.0 Dual Mode Combination USB Adapter
Trade Name:	LM Technologies
Model No.:	LM842
Adding Model(s):	842-8420, 842-8421, 842-8422, 842-8423, 842-8424
Rated Voltage:	5.0V
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
<i>Note: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer. The appearance of others models listed in the report is different from main-test model LM842 but the circuit and the electronic construction do not change, declared by the manufacturer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT:	
Wi-Fi(5G)	
Support Standards:	802.11a, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(HT20/40/80)
Frequency Range:	Band 1: 5180-5240MHz, Band 4: 5745-5825MHz
RF Output Power:	ANT A: 10.70dBm(Conducted) ANT B: 10.95Bm(Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM, 256-QAM
Type of Antenna:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	Antenna A: Band 1:3.77dBi; Band 4: 1.22dBi Antenna B: Band 1:3.3dBi; Band 4: 1.53dBi
WIFI(2.4G)	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2462MHz for 802.11n(HT40)
RF Output Power:	ANT A: 14.62dBm(Conducted) ANT B: 14.32Bm(Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps
Quantity of Channels:	11/7
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	Antenna A: -0.08 dBi; Antenna B: -0.46dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.0
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	7.88dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79/40
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-0.08dBi

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the CMC Group, Inc. in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005+A1:2010, ANSI / IEEE C95.3 :2002(R2008), IEEE 1528-2013, and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 and KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 and 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also. KDB 447498 D02 SAR Procedures for Dongle Xmtr v02r01 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR USB DONGLE TRANSMITTERS

1.4 Test Facility

Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen SEM Test Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Building A, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, P.R.C. (518101)

FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Shenzhen SEM Test Technology Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010. Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen SEM. Test Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Frequency Band	Body (5mm Gap)	SAR _{1g} Limit (W/kg)
	Maximum SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
WLAN 2.4GHz	0.038	1.6
WLAN 5.2GHz	0.266	1.6
WLAN 5.8GHz	0.335	1.6
BT	0.023	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	0.369	1.6

Remark:

*The highest reported SAR values for body and simultaneous transmission conditions are **0.335W/kg** and **0.369W/kg** respectively.*

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in RSS-102 ISSUE 5 (2015-03) and FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005+A1:2010, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02

3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4. SAR Measurement System

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

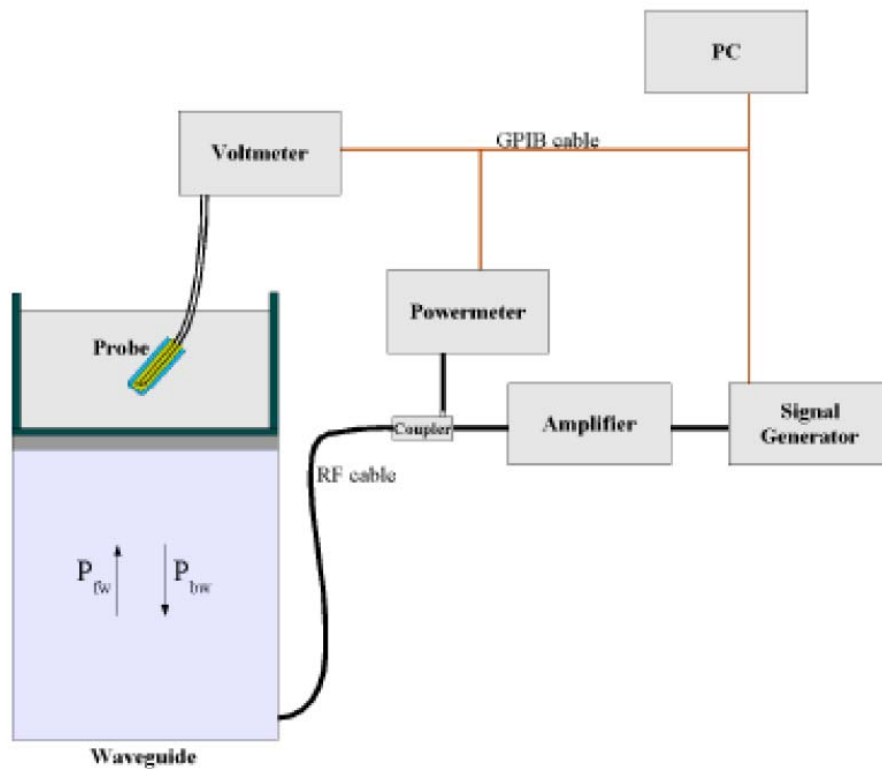
4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE5 SN 09/13 EP168 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter : 5 mm
- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
 - Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
 - Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
 - Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

P_{fw} = Forward Power

P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

l = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3 Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

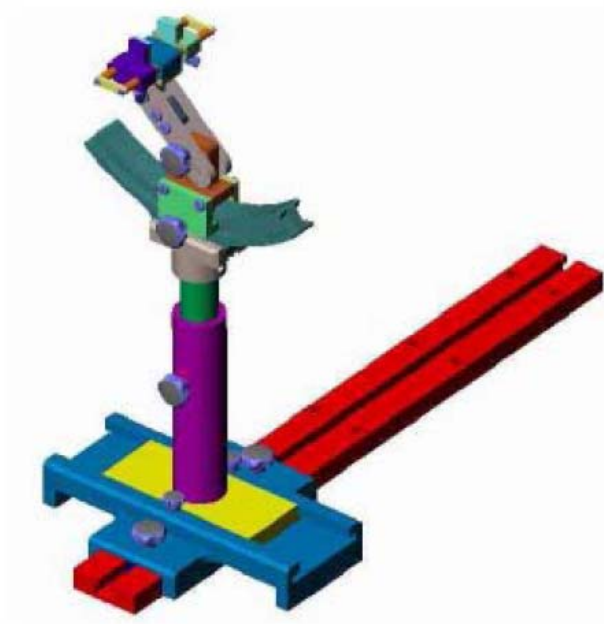
ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

4.6 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP168	2019-05-22	2020-05-21
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	SN 45/15 EPGO280	2019-07-08	2020-07-07
2450MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2019-03-16	2020-03-15
5 GHz Waveguide	MVG	SWG5500	SN 49/16 WGA45	2019-07-15	2020-07-14
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2019-03-16	2020-03-15
SAM Phantom	SATIMO	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Power meter	Keithley	3500	JC-2017-09-001	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Power meter	Keithley	3500	JC-2017-09-001	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Power Sensor	Agilent	11636B	JC-2017-10-002	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY41440400	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	SEMT-1064	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Attenuator	ATTEN	DTS10-6GHz-10dB	/	2019-04-30	2020-04-29
Cable	Zheng DI	2M0RFC	/	2019-03-18	2020-03-17

5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
Body						
2450	68.6	0.1	0	0	0	31.3

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Hexyl Carbitol (%)	Triton X-100 (%)
Body			
5200-5800	78.6	10.7	10.7

5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
750	0.89	41.9	0.96	55.5
835	0.90	41.5	0.97	55.2
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	1.52	53.3
2450	1.80	39.2	1.95	52.7
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5200	4.66	36.0	5.30	49.0
5300	35.9	4.76	5.42	48.9
5600	5.07	35.5	5.77	48.5
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2

5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Body Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (°C)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading (σ)	Target (σ)	Delta (%)	Reading (ϵ_r)	Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (%)		
2402	21.3	1.90	1.95	-2.56	51.96	52.70	-1.40	±5	2020-01-13
2441	21.3	1.93	1.95	-1.03	52.03	52.70	-1.27	±5	2020-01-13
2480	21.3	1.90	1.95	-2.56	52.10	52.70	-1.14	±5	2020-01-13
2412	21.3	1.91	1.95	-2.05	52.01	52.70	-1.31	±5	2020-01-13
2437	21.3	1.92	1.95	-1.54	52.05	52.70	-1.23	±5	2020-01-13
2462	21.3	1.89	1.95	-3.08	51.89	52.70	-1.54	±5	2020-01-13
5180	21.3	5.21	5.30	-1.70	48.50	49.0	-1.02	±5	2020-01-13
5200	21.3	5.23	5.30	-1.32	48.65	49.0	-0.71	±5	2020-01-13
5240	21.3	5.25	5.30	-0.94	48.68	49.0	-0.65	±5	2020-01-13
5745	21.3	5.70	6.00	-5.00	48.24	48.2	0.08	±5	2020-01-13
5785	21.3	5.75	6.00	-4.17	48.06	48.2	-0.29	±5	2020-01-13
5825	21.3	5.77	6.00	-3.83	48.13	48.2	-0.15	±5	2020-01-13

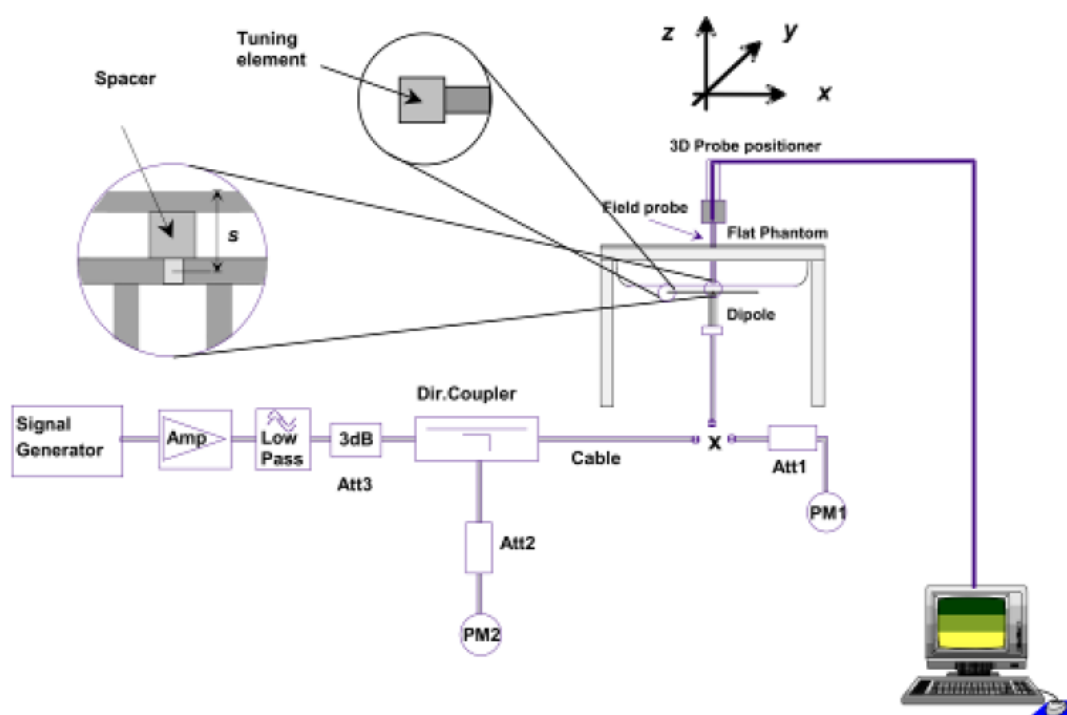
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 2450MHz and 5000MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm(250 mW) before dipole is connected.
The output power on 5 GHz Waveguide must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before 5 GHz Waveguide is connected.

6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g}	Measured SAR _{1g}	Normalized SAR _{1g}	Tolerance
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)
Body				
2450	50.41	12.59	50.36	-0.10

Frequency	Liquid	Power (mw)	Targeted SAR _{1g}	Measured SAR _{1g}	Normalized SAR _{1g}	Tolerance
5200	Body	100	154.45	16.681	166.81	8.00
5800	Body	100	170.71	16.946	169.46	-0.73

Targeted and Measurement SAR

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.

7. EUT Testing Position

7.1 EUT Antenna Position



Vertical-Front Side

Block Diagram for EUT Antenna Position

7.2 EUT Testing Position

Body mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Body SAR tests, Test distance: 5mm				
Antennas	Vertical-Front	Vertical-Back	Horizontal-Up	Horizontal-Down
WLAN(2.4G)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN(5.2G)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
WLAN(5.8G)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Remark:

- Referring to RSS-102 ISSUE 5 (2015-03), KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 and KDB 447498 D01 v06, this device is overall diagonal dimension(>20cm) tablet, tested in direct contact (no gap) with flat phantom.
- Referring to KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, Exposures from antennas through the front (top) surface of the display section of a full-size tablet, away from the edges, are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.

8. SAR Measurement Procedures

8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. SAR Test Result

9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

WLAN(2.4G) - Maximum Average Power ANT A					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	14.26	15.0
		CH 06	2437	14.17	15.0
		CH 11	2462	14.62	15.0
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	12.08	12.5
		CH 06	2437	12.44	12.5
		CH 11	2462	12.34	12.5
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS0	CH 01	2412	12.15	12.5
		CH 06	2437	12.24	12.5
		CH 11	2462	12.33	12.5
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS0	CH 03	2422	11.95	12.5
		CH 07	2442	12.36	12.5
		CH 11	2452	12.45	12.5

WLAN(2.4G) - Maximum Average Power ANT B					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	14.32	14.5
		CH 06	2437	14.17	14.5
		CH 11	2462	14.00	14.5
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	12.72	12.5
		CH 06	2437	12.50	12.5
		CH 11	2462	12.60	12.5
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS0	CH 01	2412	12.11	12.5
		CH 06	2437	12.43	12.5
		CH 11	2462	12.42	12.5
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS0	CH 03	2422	12.21	12.5
		CH 07	2442	12.30	12.5
		CH 11	2452	11.69	12.5

Remark:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements ,when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing

is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

3 . For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

WLAN(5.2G) - Maximum Average Power ANT A				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up power
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
802.11a	CH 36	5180	10.47	11.0
	CH 40	5200	10.33	11.0
	CH 48	5240	10.08	11.0
802.11n (20MHz)	CH 36	5180	9.31	11.0
	CH 40	5200	10.70	11.0
	CH 48	5240	9.33	11.0
802.11n (40MHz)	CH 38	5190	9.24	9.5
	CH 46	5230	9.08	9.5
802.11ac (80MHz)	CH 42	5210	8.58	9.5

WLAN(5.2G) - Maximum Average Power ANT B				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up power
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
802.11a	CH 36	5180	10.95	11.0
	CH 40	5200	10.58	11.0
	CH 48	5240	10.70	11.0
802.11n (20MHz)	CH 36	5180	10.55	11.0
	CH 40	5200	10.70	11.0
	CH 48	5240	10.20	11.0
802.11n (40MHz)	CH 38	5190	10.67	11.0
	CH 46	5230	10.69	11.0
802.11ac (80MHz)	CH 42	5210	10.60	11.0

WLAN(5.8G) - Maximum Average Power ANT A				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up power
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
802.11a	CH 149	5745	9.80	10.5
	CH 157	5785	9.78	10.5
	CH 165	5825	10.23	10.5
802.11n (20MHz)	CH 149	5745	9.48	10.5
	CH 157	5785	9.96	10.5
	CH 165	5825	10.06	10.5
802.11n (40MHz)	CH 151	5755	10.17	10.5
	CH 159	5795	9.20	10.5
802.11ac (80MHz)	CH155	5775	9.59	10.0

WLAN(5.8G) - Maximum Average Power ANT B				
Test Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average Power	Tune-up power
		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
802.11a	CH 149	5745	10.41	11.0
	CH 157	5785	9.94	11.0
	CH 165	5825	10.61	11.0
802.11n (20MHz)	CH 149	5745	10.72	11.0
	CH 157	5785	9.41	11.0
	CH 165	5825	9.27	11.0
802.11n (40MHz)	CH 151	5755	9.39	10.0
	CH 159	5795	9.54	10.0
802.11ac (80MHz)	CH155	5775	9.32	10.0

Remark:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, SAR is not required for the following U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands conditions.

a. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

b. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

2. When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined by applying the following steps sequentially.

- 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations in a frequency band with the same specified maximum output power.
- 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- 4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power ANT B			
Test Mode	Data Rate	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
GFSK	1Mbps	7.38	8.0
4* π 4DQPSK	2Mbps	7.64	8.0
8DPSK	3Mbps	7.88	8.0

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power ANT B					
Test Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)
BLE	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	7.17	8.0
		CH 19	2440	6.85	8.0
		CH 39	2480	6.65	8.0

Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is 7.88dBm, Maximum Tune-Up output power is 8.0dBm.

9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

Body SAR

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test ANT A									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
1.	802.11b	Horizontal-Up Side	11	2462	14.62	15.0	1.0914	0.033	0.0360
2.	802.11b	Horizontal-Down Side	11	2462	14.62	15.0	1.0914	0.029	0.0317
3.	802.11b	Vertical-Back Side	11	2462	14.62	15.0	1.0914	0.023	0.0251
4.	802.11b	Vertical-Front Side	11	2462	14.62	15.0	1.0914	0.021	0.0229
5.	802.11b	Horizontal-Up Side	01	2412	14.26	15.0	1.1858	0.028	0.0332
6.	802.11b	Horizontal-Up Side	06	2437	14.17	15.0	1.2106	0.025	0.0303

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test ANT B									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
7.	802.11b	Horizontal-Up Side	01	2412	14.32	14.5	1.0423	0.036	0.0375
8.	802.11b	Horizontal-Down Side	01	2412	14.32	14.5	1.0423	0.026	0.0271
9.	802.11b	Vertical-Back Side	01	2412	14.32	14.5	1.0423	0.021	0.0219
10.	802.11b	Vertical-Front Side	01	2412	14.32	14.5	1.0423	0.022	0.0229
11.	802.11b	Horizontal-Up Side	06	2412	14.17	14.5	1.0789	0.032	0.0345
12.	802.11b	Horizontal-Up Side	11	2437	14.00	14.5	1.1220	0.027	0.0303

BT –Body SAR Test ANT B									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
13.	BT	Horizontal-Up Side	78	2480	7.88	8.0	1.0280	0.022	0.0226
14.	BT	Horizontal-Down Side	78	2480	7.88	8.0	1.0280	0.018	0.0185
15.	BT	Vertical-Back Side	78	2480	7.88	8.0	1.0280	0.015	0.0154
16.	BT	Vertical-Front Side	78	2480	7.88	8.0	1.0280	0.016	0.0164
17.	BT	Horizontal-Up Side	00	2402	7.38	8.0	1.1535	0.019	0.0219
18.	BT	Horizontal-Up Side	39	2441	7.64	8.0	1.0864	0.021	0.0228

WLAN 5.2GHz-- Body SAR Test ANT A									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
19.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.066	0.0707
20.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Down Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.058	0.0621
21.	11n (20MHz)	Vertical-Back Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.042	0.0450
22.	11n (20MHz)	Vertical-Front Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.041	0.0439
23.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	36	5180	9.31	11.0	1.4757	0.063	0.0930
24.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	48	5240	9.33	11.0	1.4689	0.060	0.0881

WLAN 5.2GHz-- Body SAR Test ANT B									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
25.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.233	0.2497
26.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Down Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.125	0.1339
27.	11n (20MHz)	Vertical-Back Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.062	0.0664
28.	11n (20MHz)	Vertical-Front Side	40	5200	10.70	11.0	1.0715	0.036	0.0386
29.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	36	5180	10.55	11.0	1.1092	0.226	0.2507
30.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	48	5240	10.20	11.0	1.2023	0.221	0.2657

WLAN 5.8GHz-- Body SAR Test ANT A									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
31.	802.11a	Horizontal-Up Side	165	5825	10.23	10.5	1.0641	0.315	0.3352
32.	802.11a	Horizontal-Down Side	165	5825	10.23	10.5	1.0641	0.077	0.0819
33.	802.11a	Vertical-Back Side	165	5825	10.23	10.5	1.0641	0.064	0.0681
34.	802.11a	Vertical-Front Side	165	5825	10.23	10.5	1.0641	0.055	0.0585
35.	802.11a	Horizontal-Up Side	149	5745	9.80	10.5	1.1749	0.220	0.2585
36.	802.11a	Horizontal-Up Side	157	5785	9.78	10.5	1.1803	0.213	0.2514

WLAN 5.8GHz-- Body SAR Test ANT B									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
37.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	149	5745	10.72	11.0	1.0666	0.237	0.2528
38.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Down Side	149	5745	10.72	11.0	1.0666	0.125	0.1333
39.	11n (20MHz)	Vertical-Back Side	149	5745	10.72	11.0	1.0666	0.086	0.0917
40.	11n (20MHz)	Vertical-Front Side	149	5745	10.72	11.0	1.0666	0.067	0.0715
41.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	157	5785	9.41	11.0	1.4421	0.224	0.3230
42.	11n (20MHz)	Horizontal-Up Side	165	5825	9.27	11.0	1.4894	0.223	0.3321

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Body SAR
1	WLAN2.4G 11b/g ANT A + Bluetooth	Yes
2	WLAN2.4G 11b/g ANT B + Bluetooth	Yes
3	WLAN2.4G 11n ANT A + WLAN2.4G 11n ANT B + Bluetooth	Yes
4	WLAN5G 11a ANT A + Bluetooth	Yes
5	WLAN5G 11a ANT B + Bluetooth	Yes
6	WLAN5G 11n/ac ANT A + WLAN5G 11n/ac ANT B + Bluetooth	Yes

Body SAR

WLAN2.4G 11b/g ANT A + Bluetooth

Position	WLAN(2.4G) 11b/g ANT A	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Scaled SAR(W/kg)		
Horizontal- Up Side	0.0360	0.0228	0.059
Horizontal- Down Side	0.0317	0.0185	0.050
Vertical- Back Side	0.0251	0.0154	0.041
Vertical- Front Side	0.0229	0.0164	0.039

WLAN2.4G 11b/g ANT B+ Bluetooth

Position	WLAN(2.4G) 11b/g ANT B	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Scaled SAR(W/kg)		
Horizontal- Up Side	0.0375	0.0228	0.060
Horizontal- Down Side	0.0271	0.0185	0.046
Vertical- Back Side	0.0219	0.0154	0.037
Vertical- Front Side	0.0229	0.0164	0.039

WLAN2.4G 11n ANT A + WLAN2.4G 11n ANT B + Bluetooth

Position	WLAN(2.4G) 11n ANT A	WLAN(2.4G) 11n ANT B	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Scaled SAR(W/kg)			
Horizontal- Up Side	0.0243	0.0243	0.0228	0.071
Horizontal- Down Side	--	--	0.0185	0.019
Vertical- Back Side	--	--	0.0154	0.015
Vertical- Front Side	--	--	0.0164	0.016

WLAN5G 11a ANT A + Bluetooth

Position	WLAN(5G) 11b/g ANT A	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Scaled SAR(W/kg)		
Horizontal- Up Side	0.3352	0.0228	0.358
Horizontal- Down Side	0.0819	0.0185	0.100
Vertical- Back Side	0.0681	0.0154	0.084
Vertical- Front Side	0.0585	0.0164	0.075

WLAN5G 11a ANT B+ Bluetooth

Position	WLAN(5G) 11b/g ANT B	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Scaled SAR(W/kg)		
Horizontal- Up Side	0.2368	0.0228	0.260
Horizontal- Down Side	0.1264	0.0185	0.145
Vertical- Back Side	0.0627	0.0154	0.078
Vertical- Front Side	0.0364	0.0164	0.053

WLAN5G 11n/ac ANT A + WLAN5G 11n/ac ANT B + Bluetooth

Position	WLAN(5G) 11n ANT A	WLAN(5G) 11n ANT B	Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
	Scaled SAR(W/kg)			
Horizontal- Up Side	0.0930	0.2528	0.0228	0.369
Horizontal- Down Side	0.0621	0.1333	0.0185	0.214
Vertical- Back Side	0.0450	0.0917	0.0154	0.152
Vertical- Front Side	0.0439	0.0715	0.0164	0.132

10. Measurement Uncertainty

10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+ - %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+ - %)	10g Ui (+ - %)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	$(1_{Cp})^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞
SAR scaling	E6.5	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E3.2	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	0.90	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞

from target value										
Liquid conductivity measurement uncertainty -	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	∞	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	∞	
Liquid permittivity measurement uncertainty -	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	∞	
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53		
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				25.32	24.43		

10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+ - %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+ - %)	10g Ui (+ - %)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N	1	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1_Cp)^{1/2}$	$(1_Cp)^{1/2}$	1.02	1.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	$(Cp)^{1/2}$	1.63	1.63	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E.2.5	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	N-1
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	12.02	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	6.94	6.94	∞

Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.20	3.20	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E3.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.39	22.43	

Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

MEASUREMENT 1

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

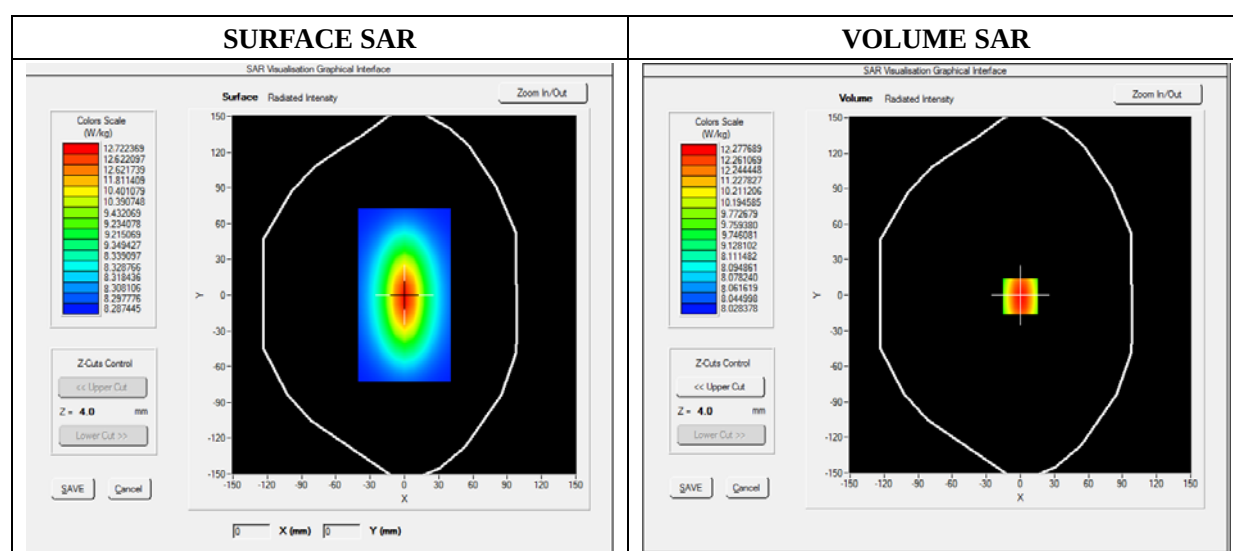
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 05/22/2019

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255
Power Variation (%)	1.369745
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

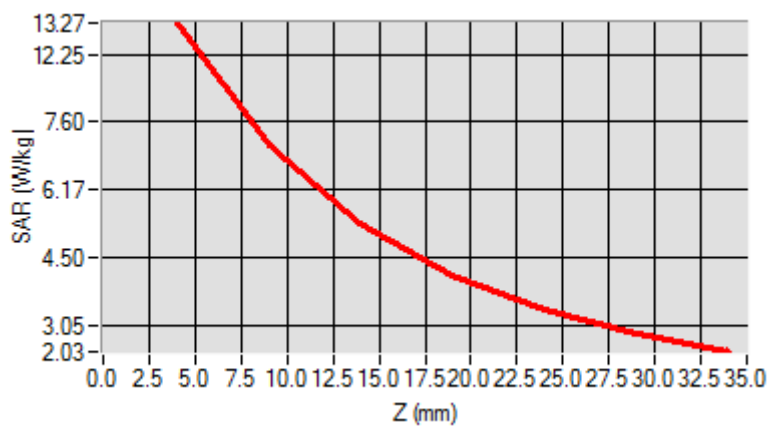


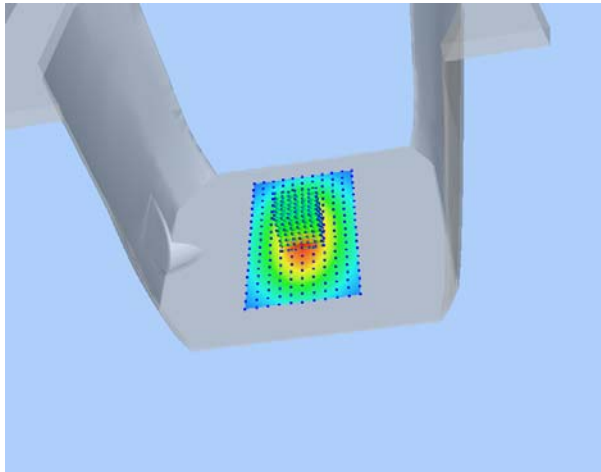
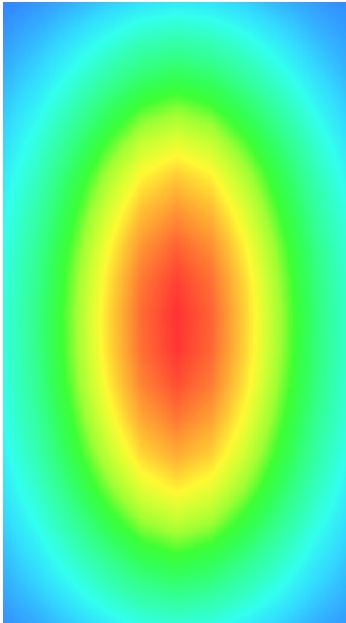
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.119522
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	12.592360

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	13.1911	11.7951	9.2945	8.5400	6.3712	4.6225



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 2

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

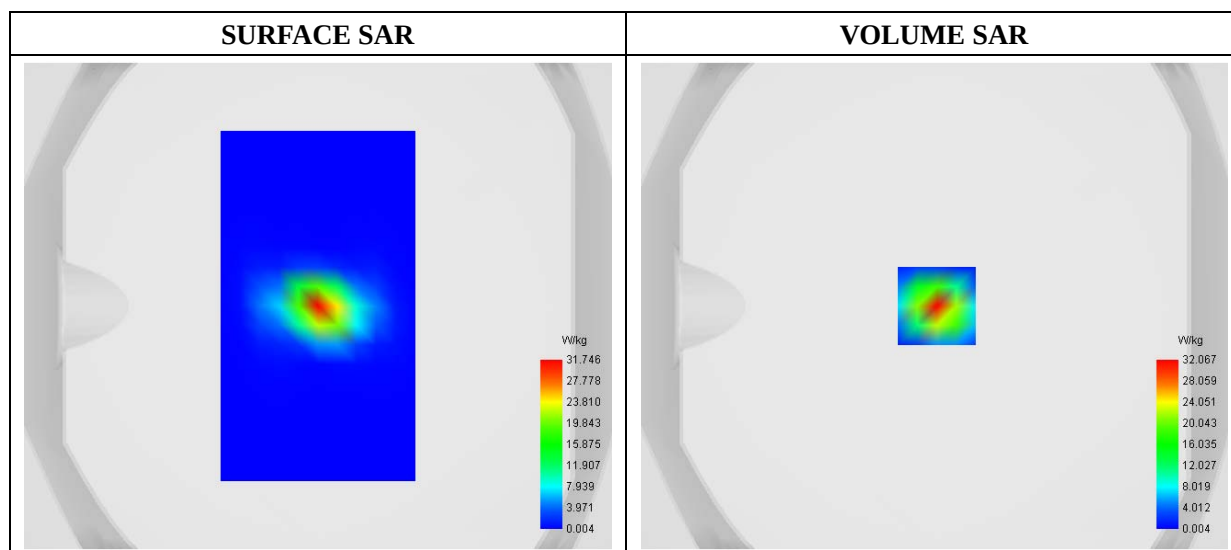
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: 2.54; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5200
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

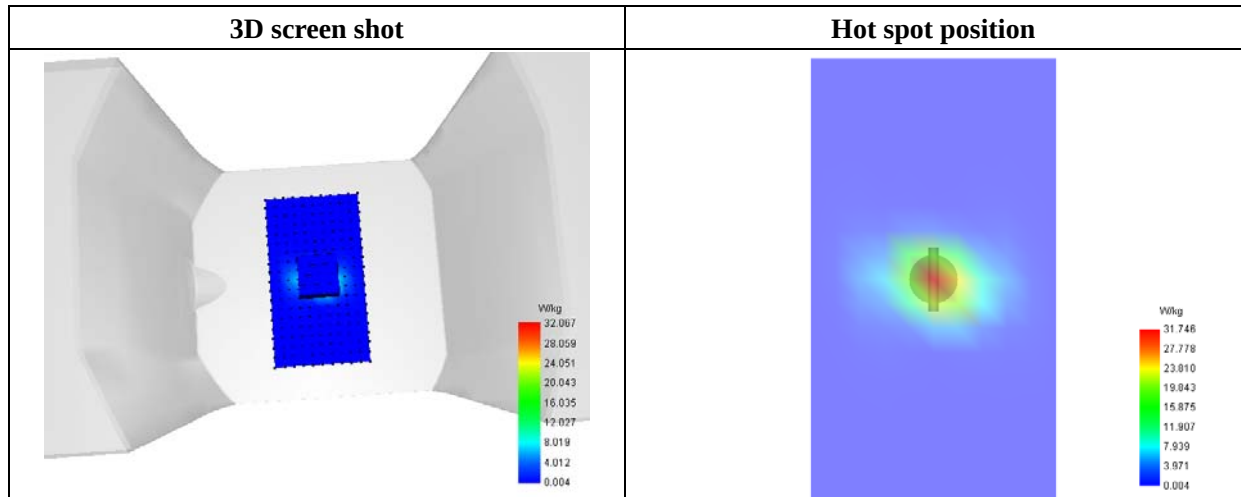
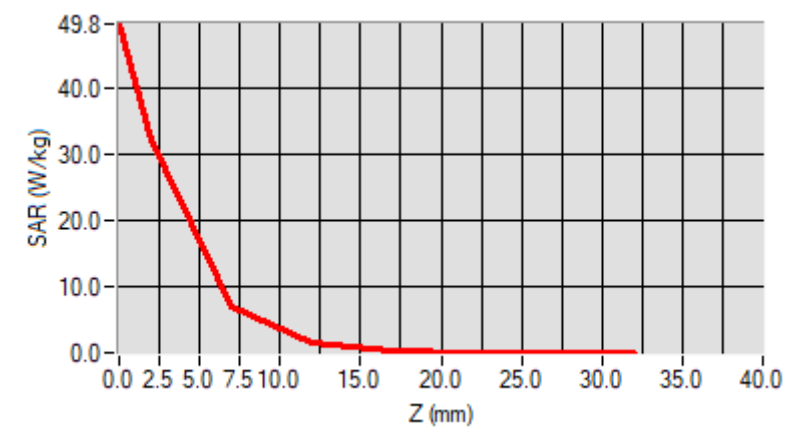
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	48.601223
Conductivity (S/m)	5.241212
Power Variation (%)	0.943782
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.947588
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.681175

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	7.00	12.00	17.00	22.00	27.00
SAR (W/Kg)	49.8193	32.0669	7.0244	1.5969	0.3410	0.0635	0.0070



MEASUREMENT 3

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

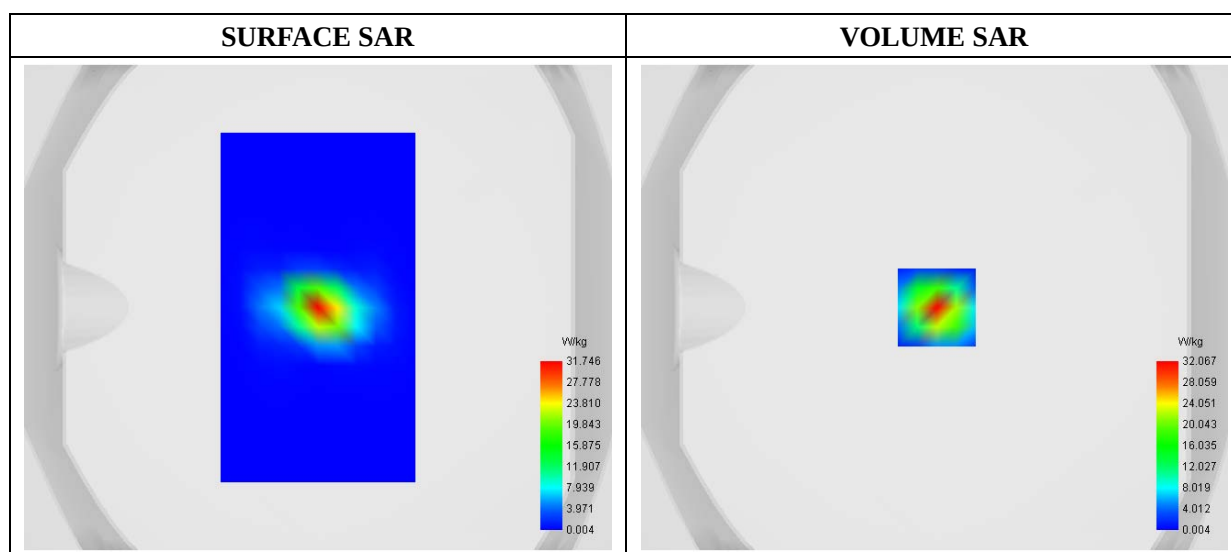
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF:2.58; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5800
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

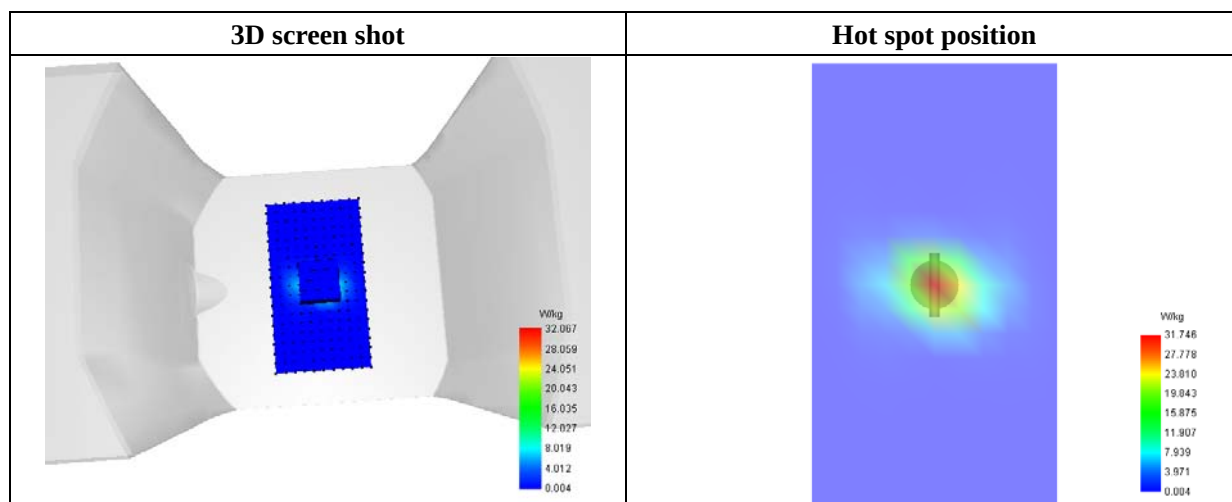
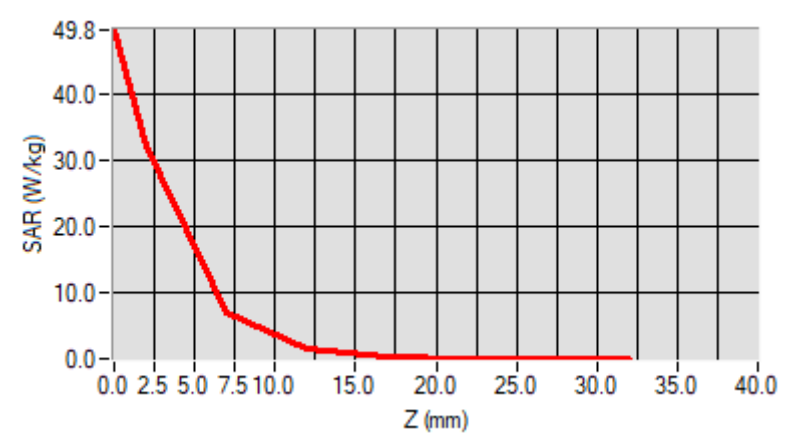
Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	48.101939
Conductivity (S/m)	5.761487
Power Variation (%)	0.836292
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.047588
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.946175

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	7.00	12.00	17.00	22.00	27.00
SAR (W/Kg)	49.8193	32.0669	7.0244	1.5969	0.3410	0.0635	0.0070



Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Tablet	WiFi(2.4G)_11b ANT A	<u>Measurement 1:</u> Flat Plane with Horizontal-Up side device position on High Channel in 802.11b mode
Tablet	WiFi(2.4G)_11b ANT B	<u>Measurement 7:</u> Flat Plane with Horizontal-Up side device position on Low Channel in 802.11b mode
Tablet	BT	<u>Measurement 13:</u> Flat Plane with Horizontal-Up side device position on High Channel in BT mode
Tablet	WiFi(5.2G)_11n(20MHz) ANT A	<u>Measurement 19:</u> Flat Plane with Horizontal-Up side device position on Low Channel in 802.11n(20MHz) mode
Tablet	WiFi(5.2G)_11n(20MHz) ANT B	<u>Measurement 25:</u> Flat Plane with Horizontal-Up side device position on Low Channel in 802.11 n(20MHz) mode
Tablet	WiFi(5.8G)_11a ANT A	<u>Measurement 31:</u> Flat Plane with Horizontal-Up side device position on High Channel in 802.11n mode
Tablet	WiFi(5.8G)_11a ANT B	<u>Measurement 37:</u> Flat Plane with Horizontal-Up side device position on Low Channel in 802.11n mode
<i>Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.</i>		

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

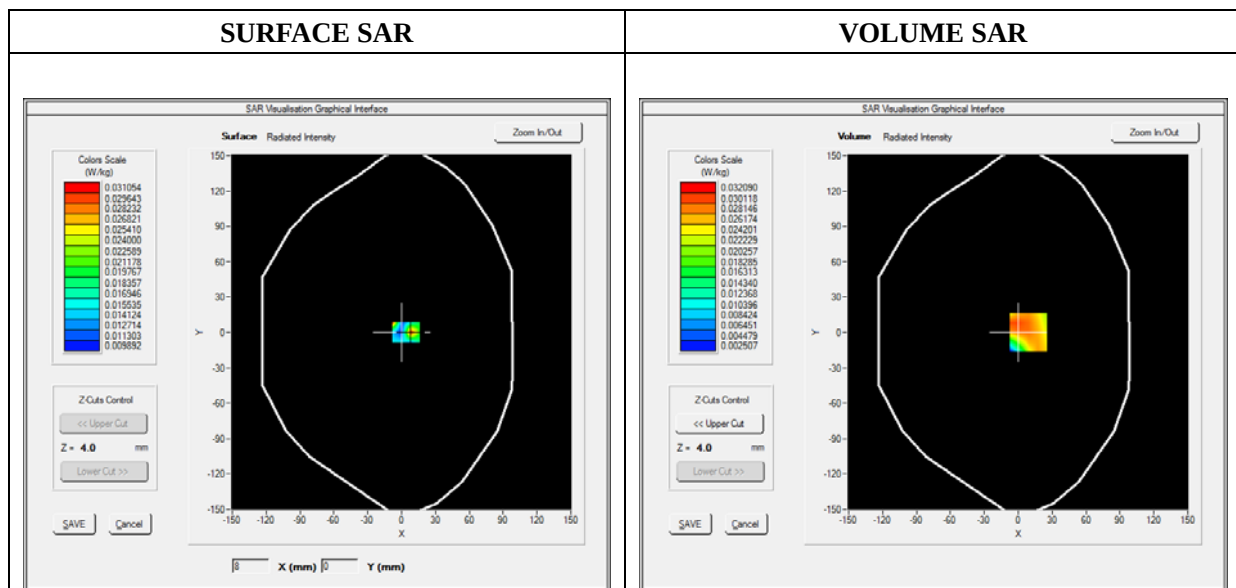
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 05/22/2019

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	WiFi_802.11b ANT A
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.700125
Conductivity (S/m)	1.891400
Power Variation (%)	2.403721
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

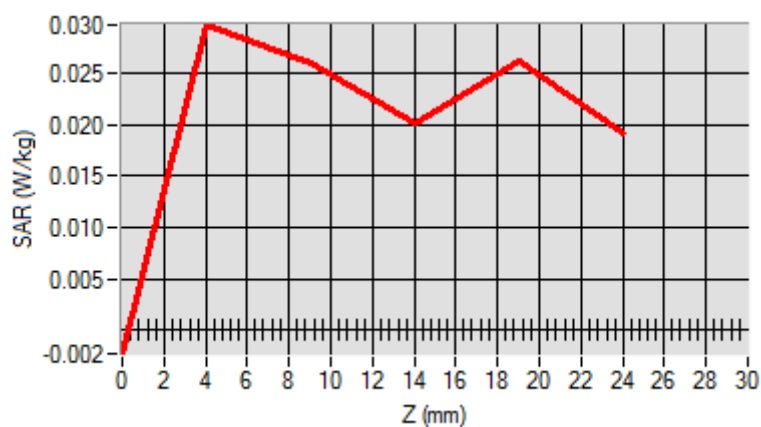


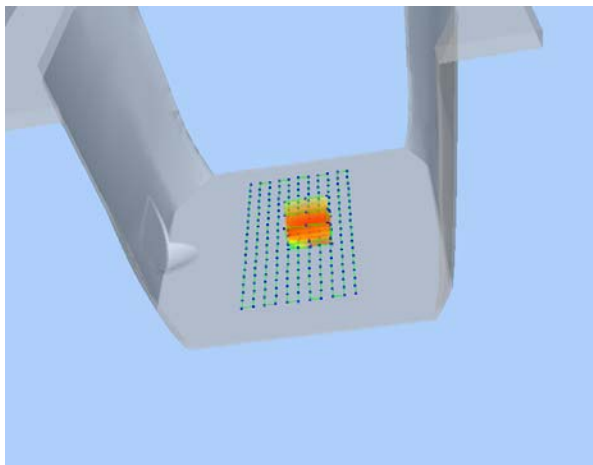
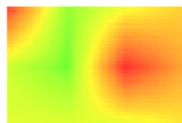
Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 0.06 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.027659
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.033382

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	-0.0023	0.0297	0.0259	0.0202	0.0262



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Tablet measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

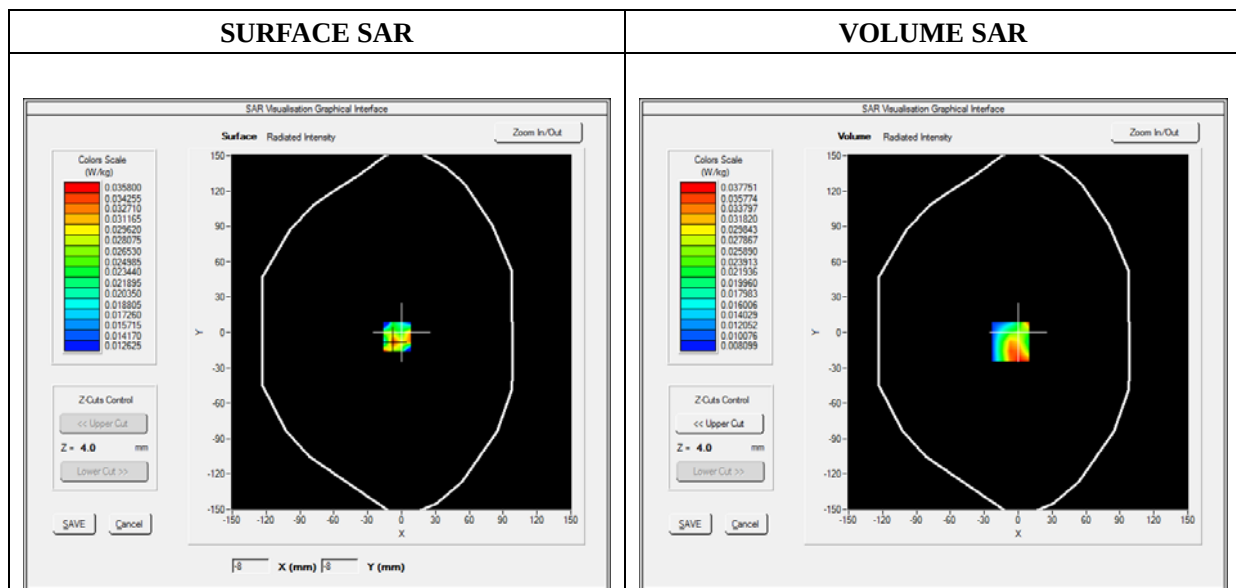
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.64; Calibrated: 05/22/2019

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	WiFi_802.11b ANT B
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.009525
Conductivity (S/m)	1.912036
Power Variation (%)	0.908877
Ambient Temperature	22.0
Liquid Temperature	22.3

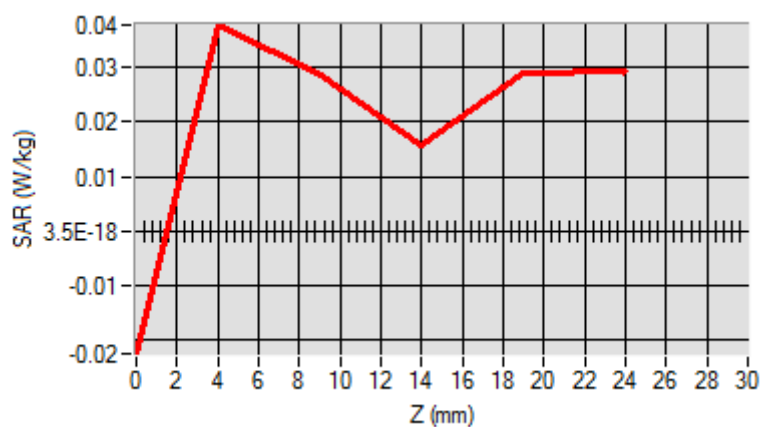


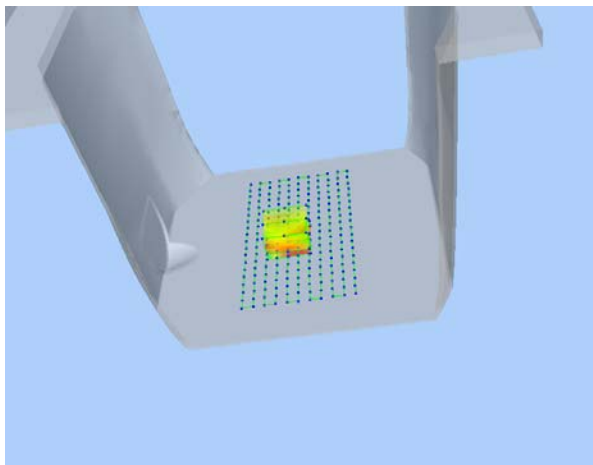
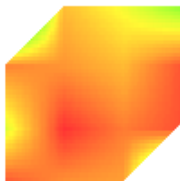
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-8.00

SAR Peak: 0.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.025730
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.035741

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	-0.0224	0.0377	0.0287	0.0157	0.0289



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 13

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

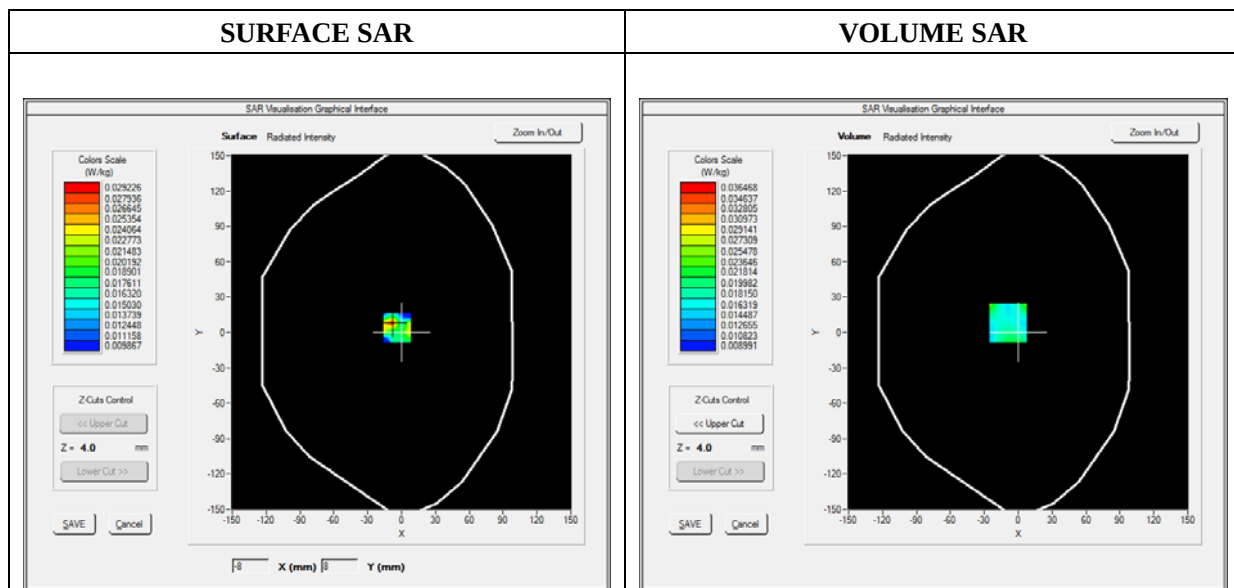
E-field Probe: SSE5 - SN 09/13 EP168; ConvF: 5.80; Calibrated: 05/22/2019

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	BT
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2480.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.102561
Conductivity (S/m)	1.930102
Power Variation (%)	2.403721
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

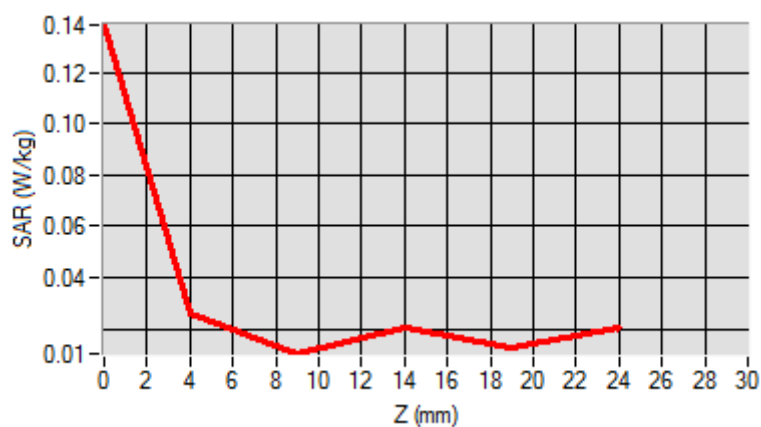


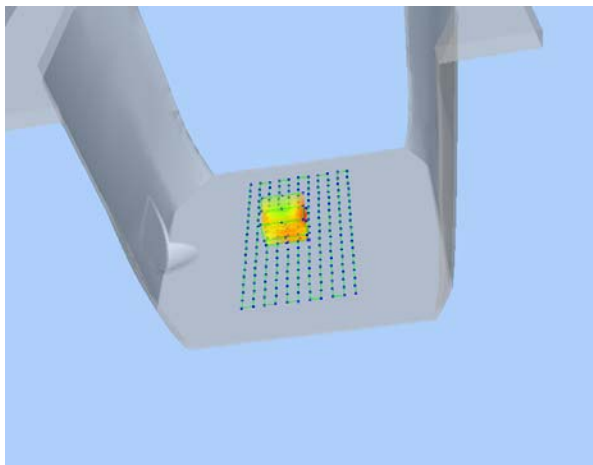
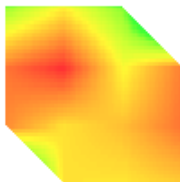
Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=8.00

SAR Peak: 0.05 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.017484
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.022108

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.1385	0.0262	0.0103	0.0206	0.0123



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 19

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

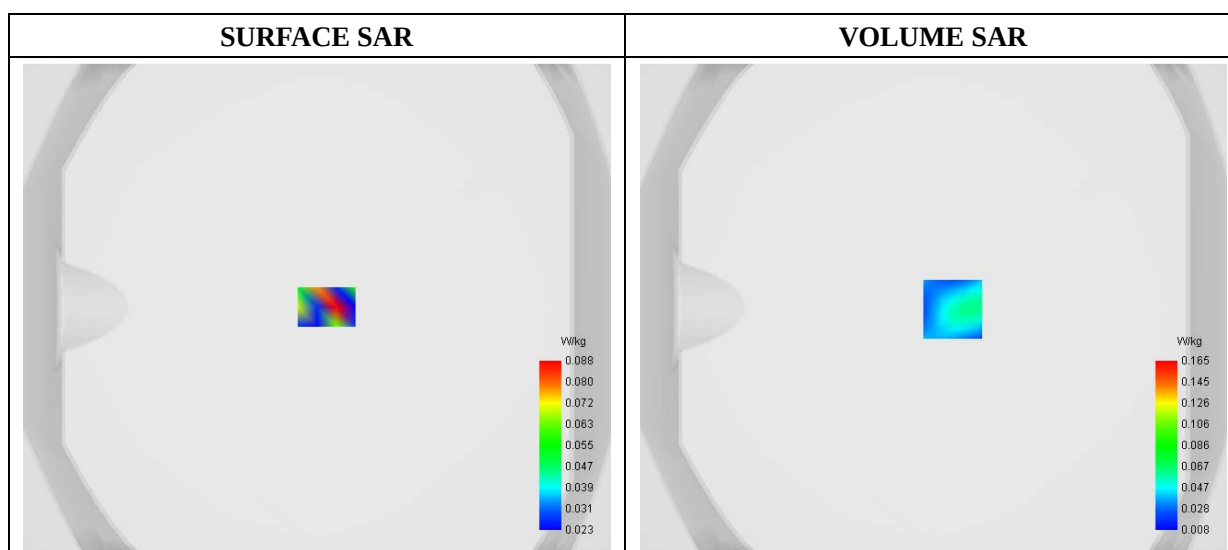
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: 2.54; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	WiFi(5.2G)_802.11n(20MHz) ANT A
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

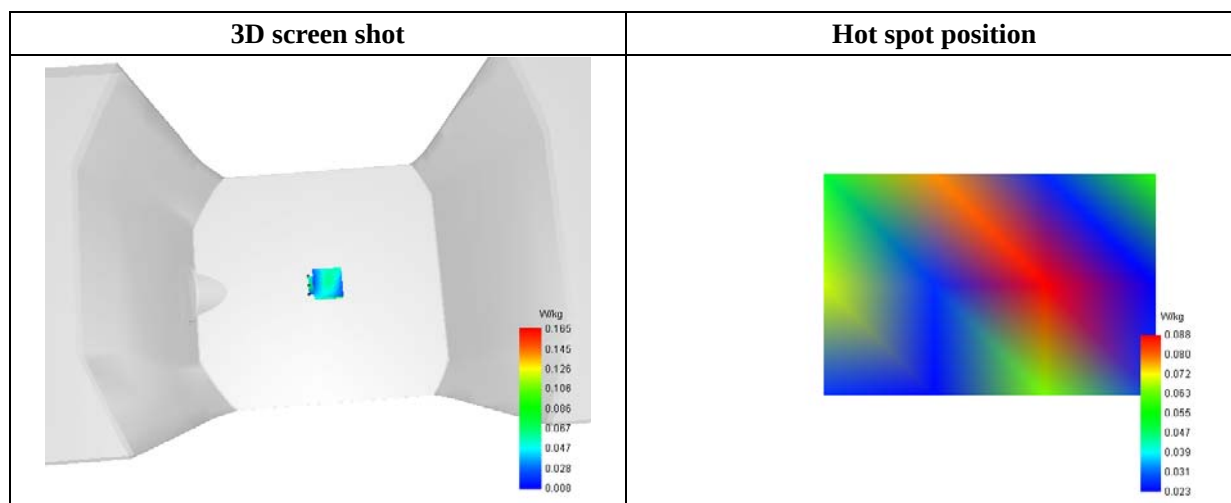
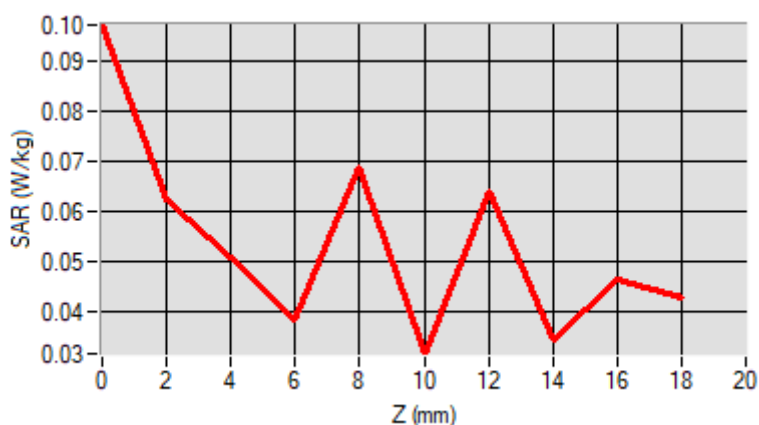
Frequency (MHz)	5180.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	48.502135
Conductivity (S/m)	5.211501
Power Variation (%)	0.848378
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.052996
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.065753

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0973	0.0625	0.0509	0.0384	0.0690	0.0317	0.0640	0.0346	0.0464



MEASUREMENT 25

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

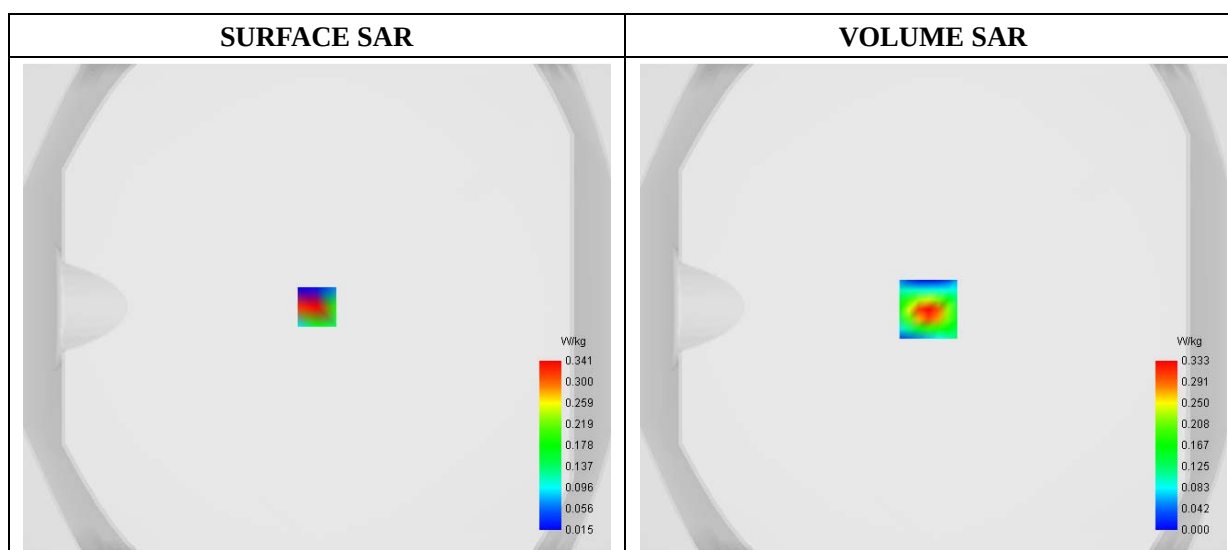
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: 2.54; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	WiFi(5.2G)_802.11n(20MHz) ANT B
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

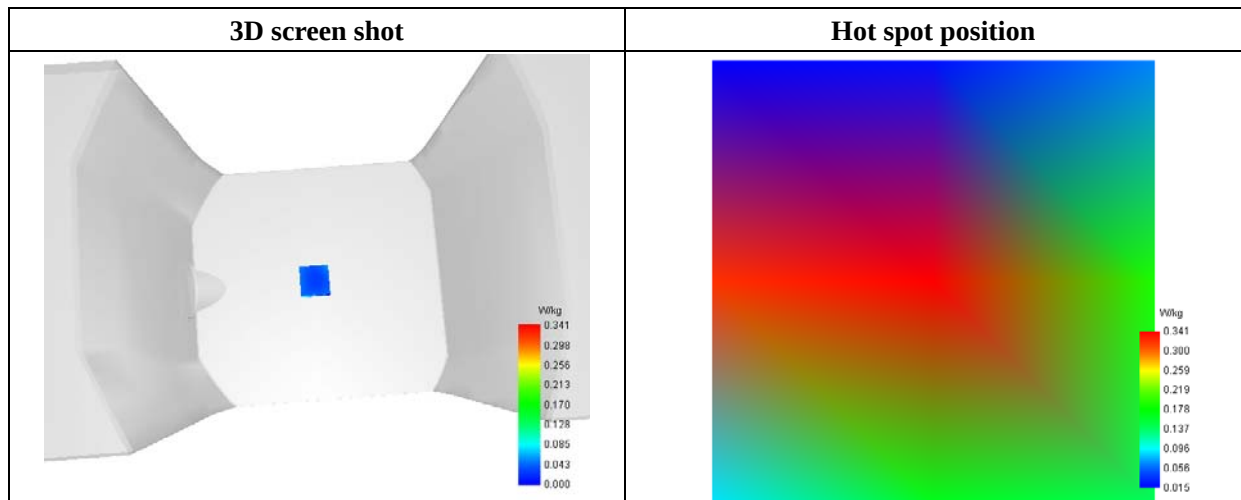
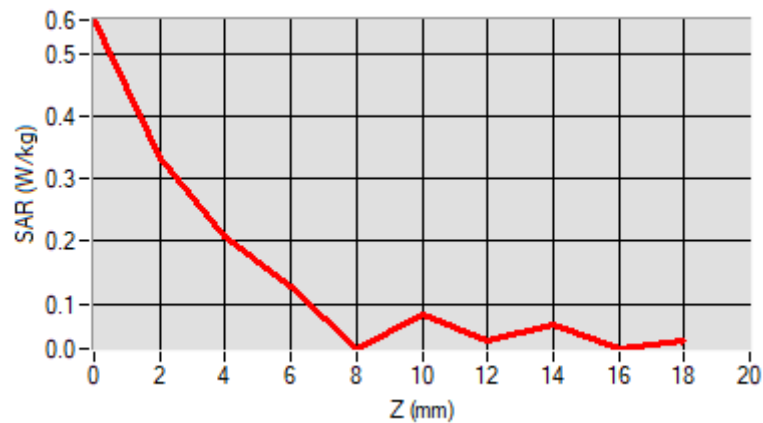
Frequency (MHz)	5180.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	48.502135
Conductivity (S/m)	5.211501
Power Variation (%)	0.848378
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.090096
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.226381

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5535	0.3330	0.2068	0.1274	0.0289	0.0844	0.0431	0.0661	0.0296	0.0296



MEASUREMENT 31

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

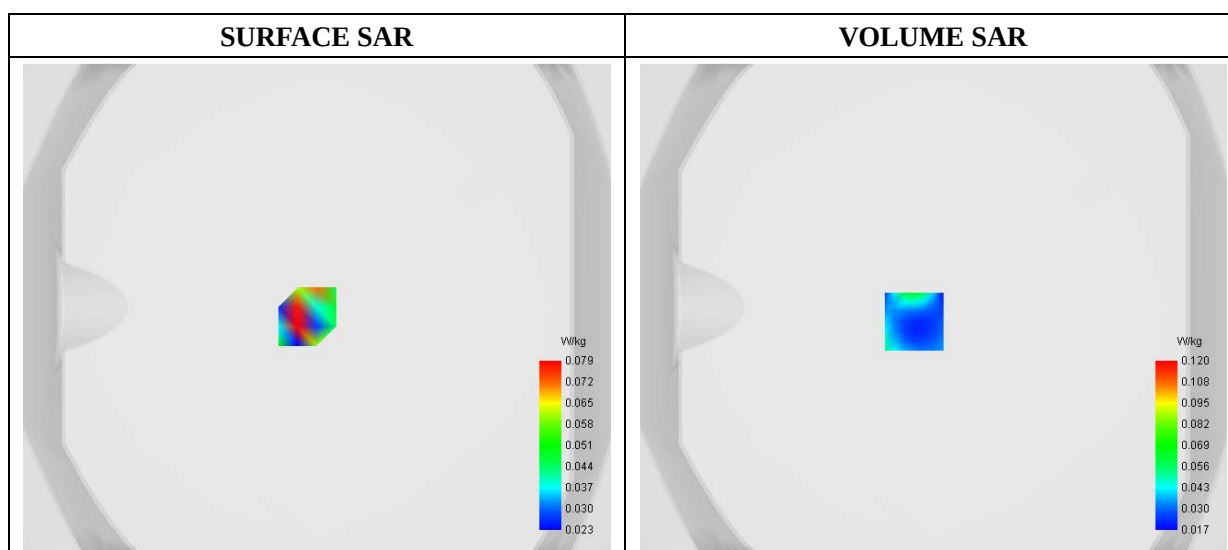
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: 2.58; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	WiFi(5.8G)_ 802.11a ANT A
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

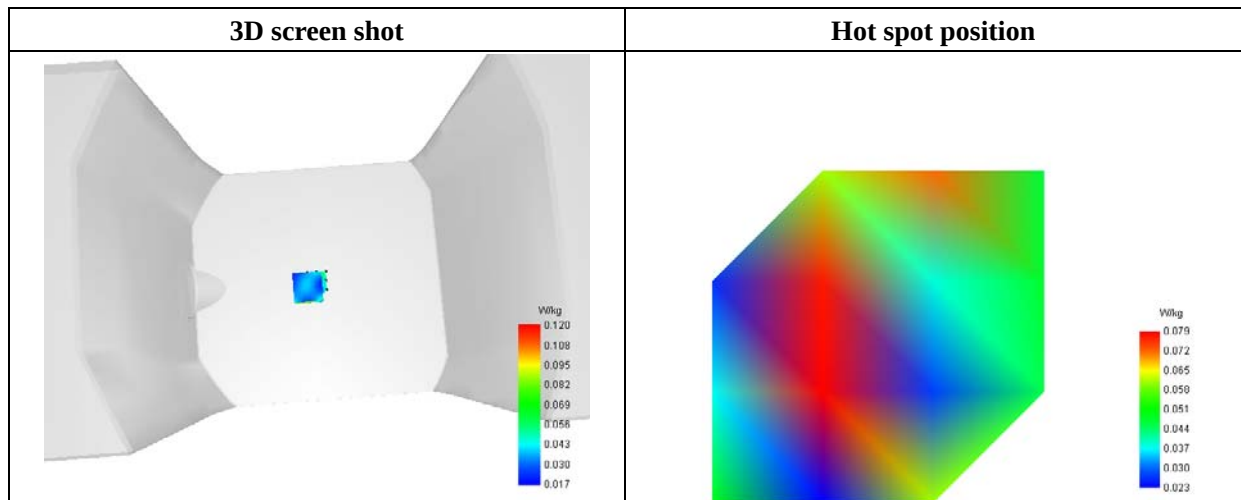
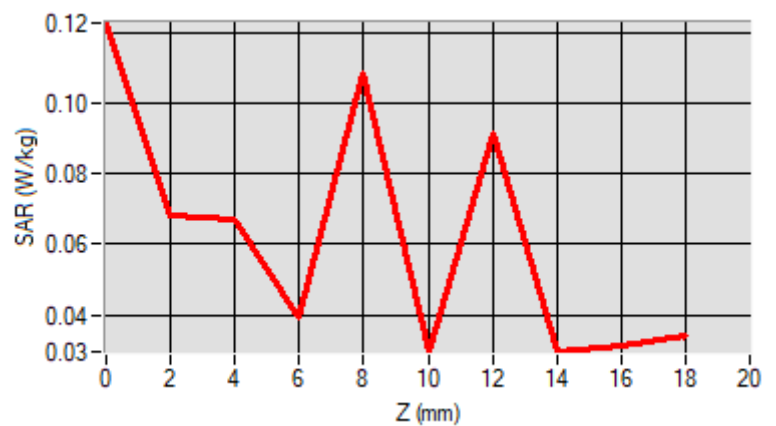
Frequency (MHz)	5825.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	48.126945
Conductivity (S/m)	5.773251
Power Variation (%)	1.155771
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-6.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.054539
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.076985

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.1226	0.0681	0.0671	0.0394	0.1082	0.0298	0.0913	0.0296	0.0315	0.0315



MEASUREMENT 37

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 01/13/2020

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

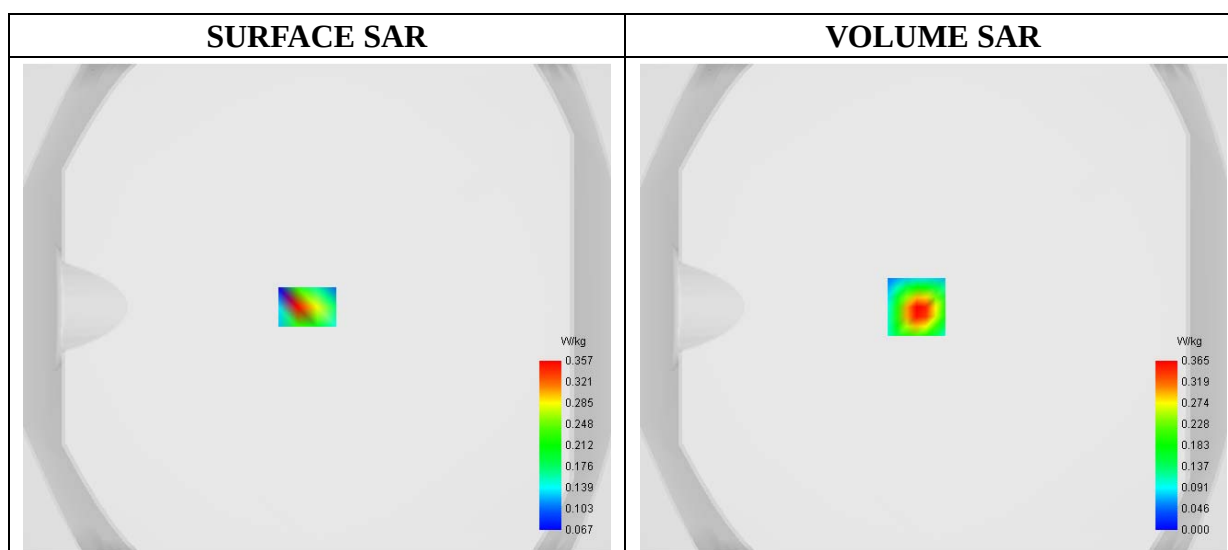
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: 2.58; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Horizontal-Up
Band	WiFi(5.8G)_ 802.11a ANT B
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle: 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

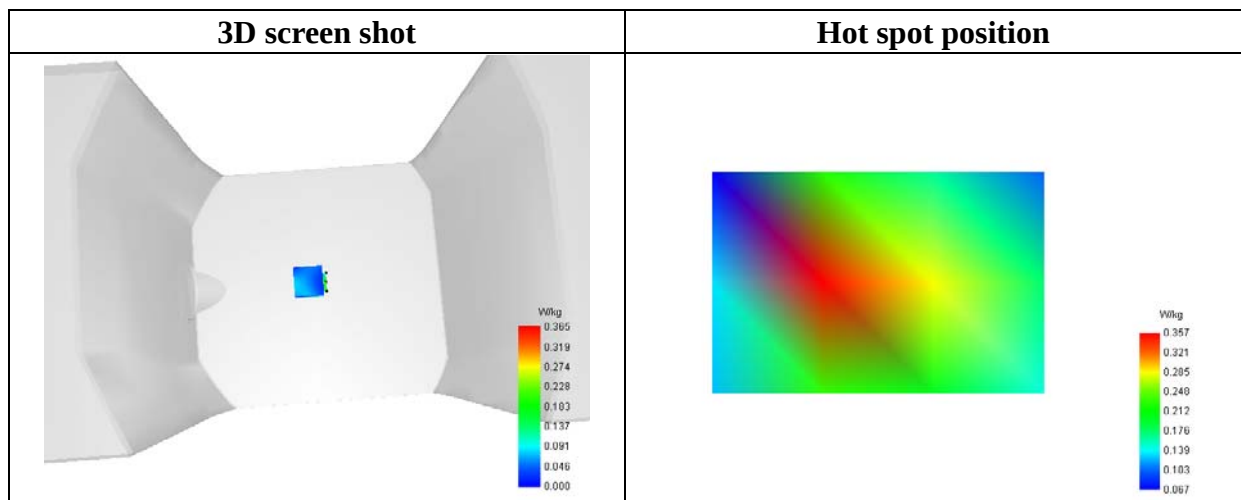
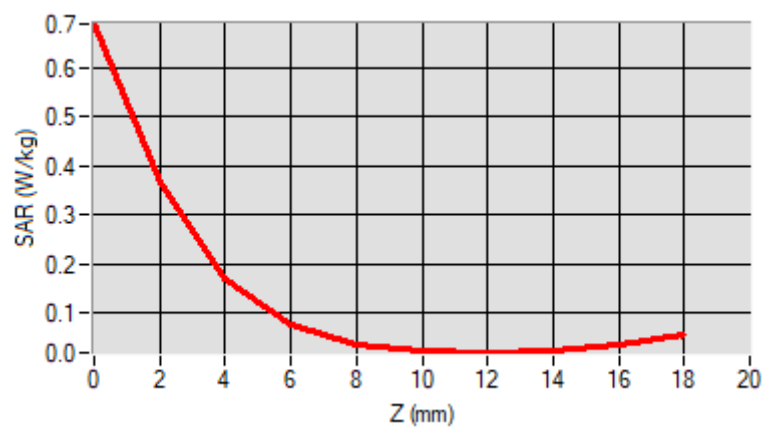
Frequency (MHz)	5745.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	48.126945
Conductivity (S/m)	5.773251
Power Variation (%)	1.155771
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2



Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=0.00

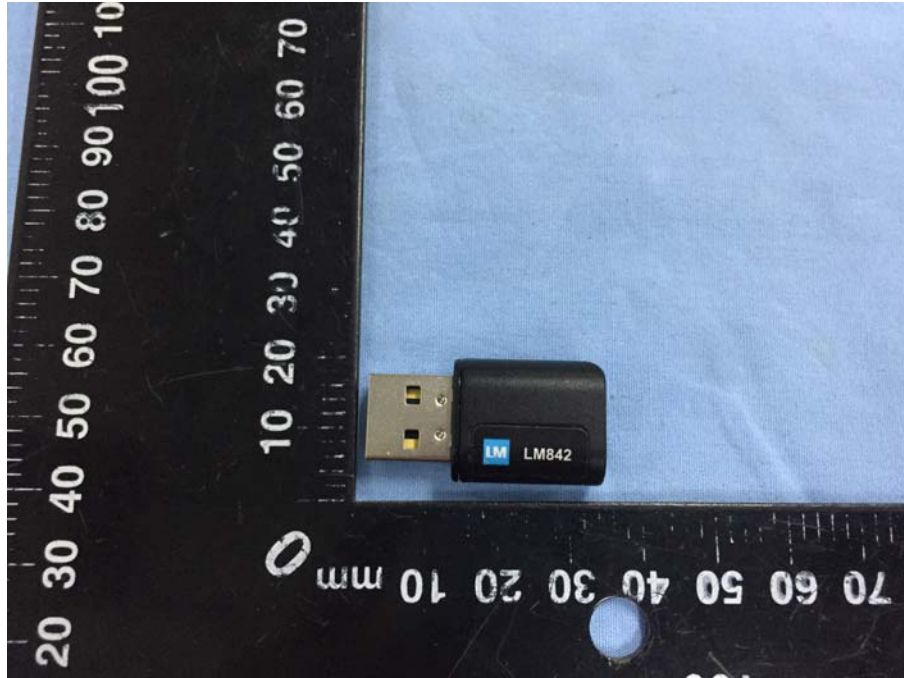
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.097929
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.237042

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6897	0.3646	0.1717	0.0755	0.0353	0.0211	0.0190	0.0246	0.0374



Annex C. EUT Photos

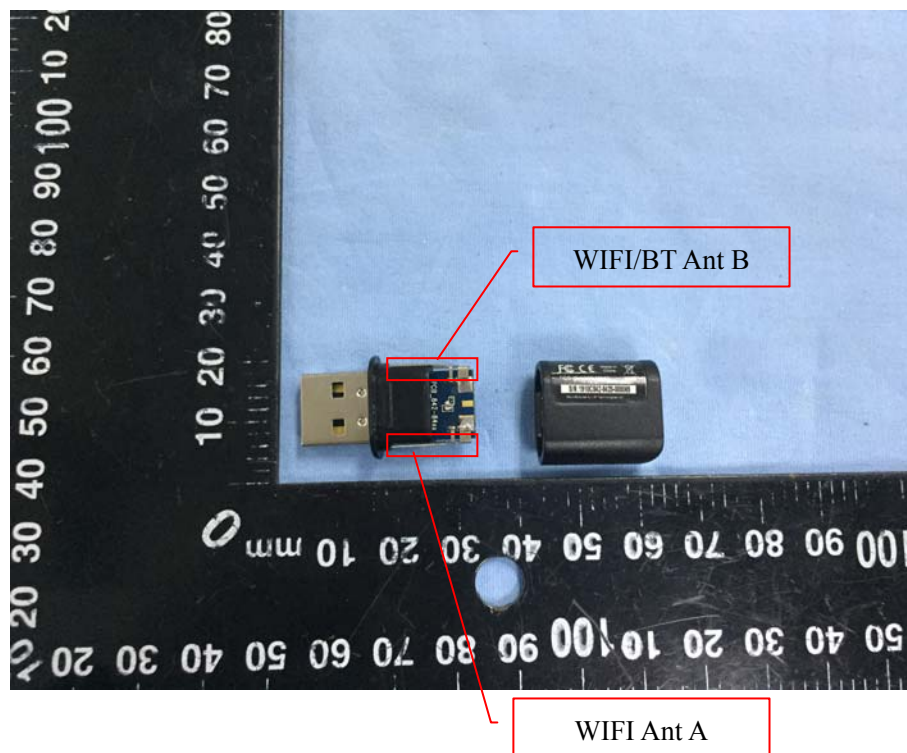
EUT View_1



EUT View_2



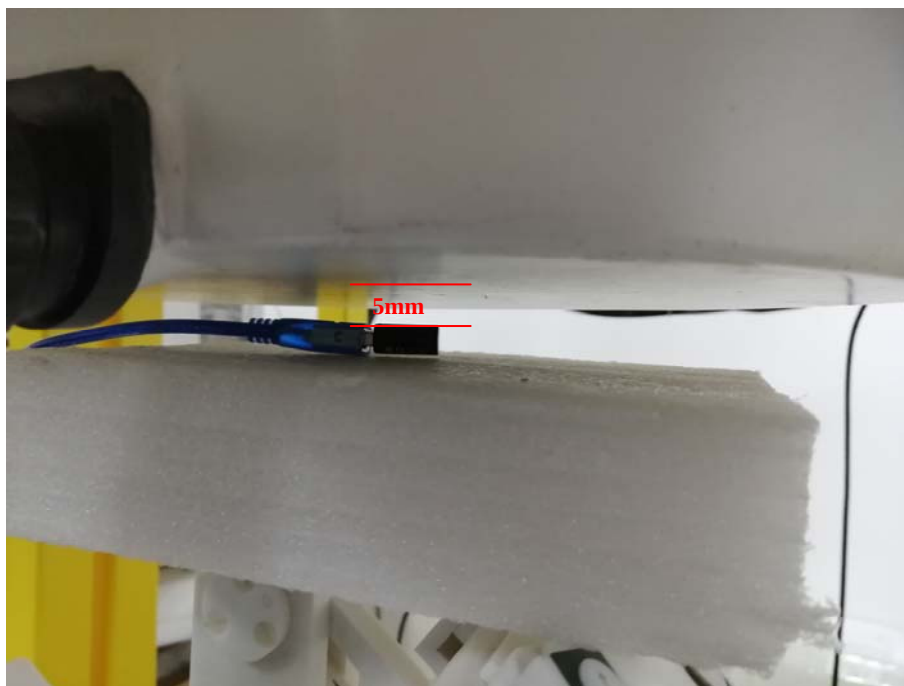
Antenna View



Annex D. Test Setup Photos

Body mode Exposure Conditions

Horizontal-UP



Horizontal-Down



Vertical-Front



Vertical-Back



Annex E. Calibration Certificate

Please refer to the exhibit for the calibration certificate

******* END OF REPORT *******