

Applicant:	Kyocera
FCC ID:	V65SCP-3810
Report #:	CT-V65-9D-0609-R0

EXHIBIT 9 APPENDIX D: SAR DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Total pages including cover page = 25

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client

Kyocera USA

Certificate No. D835V2-467 Sep08

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Object	D835V2-SN:46	7	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	edure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	September 16, 2	008	
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages arry facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00864)	Jul-09
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00867)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08)	Apr-09
DAE4	SN: 601	14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08)	Mar-09
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Jest My
			Issued: September 16, 2008

Certificate No: D835V2-467_Sep08 Page 1 of 9

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvE sensitivity in TSL / NORM x.v.z not applicable or not measured N/A

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D835V2-467_Sep08

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.35 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	9.35 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	6.12 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-467_Sep08 Page 3 of 9

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.3 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.7 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.49 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.96 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	9.49 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.64 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	6.34 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-467_Sep08 Page 4 of 9

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.3 Ω -1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.3 Ω -5.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.363 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 27, 2002

Certificate No: D835V2-467_Sep08 Page 5 of 9

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 12.09.2008 12:33:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:467

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

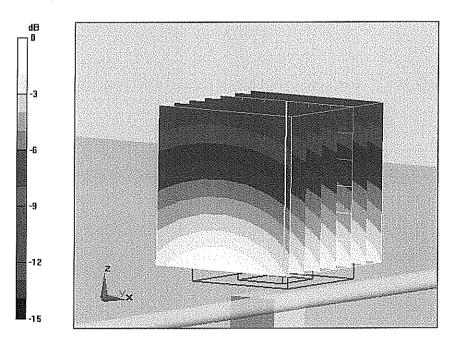
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119; SEMCAD X Version 13.2 Build 87

Pin=250mW; dip=15mm; dist=3.4mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg

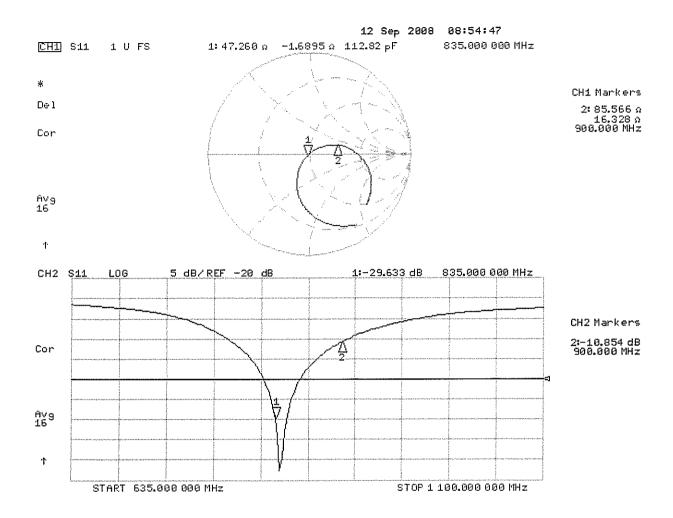
SAR(1 g) = 2.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 mW/g



0 dB = 2.65 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-467 Sep08

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 16.09.2008 10:27:28

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:467

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(5.9, 5.9, 5.9); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

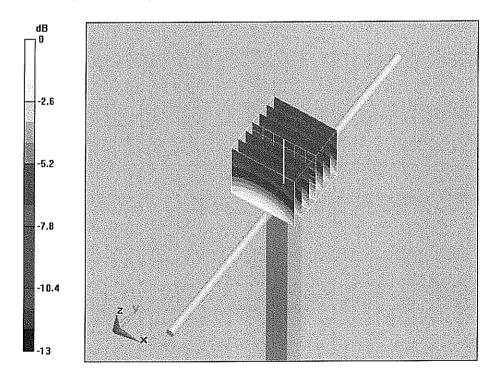
Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119; SEMCAD X Version 13.2 Build 87

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

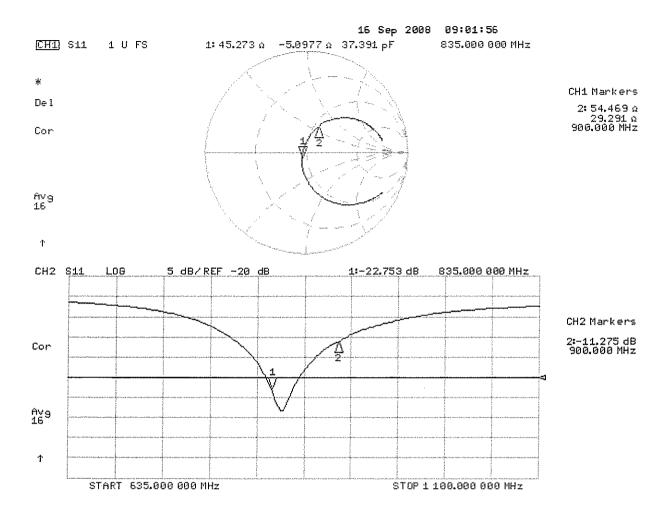
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 mW/g



0 dB = 2.79 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

Kyocera USA

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d016-Sep08

(e/Albr/Alion (elraide/Ali D1900V2 - SN 5d016 Object QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits Calibration date: September 15, 2008 Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) ID# Primary Standards Oct-08 Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736) Jul-09 01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00864) Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) Jul-09 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00867) Type-N mismatch combination Арг-09 SN: 3025 28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08) Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 SN: 601 14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08) Mar-09 ID# Scheduled Check Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) In house check: Oct-09 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-08 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Function Signature Name Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: September 17, 2008 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d016 Sep08 Page 2 of 9

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.7 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSLconditionSAR measured250 mW input power10.3 mW / gSAR normalizednormalized to 1W41.2 mW / gSAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹normalized to 1W40.6 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.37 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d016_Sep08

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	1.6 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	39.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.31 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	20.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d016_Sep08

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω + 4.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.0 Ω + 4.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.195 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 04, 2002

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d016_Sep08

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 11.09.2008 14:48:18

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

• Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119; SEMCAD X Version 13.2 Build 87

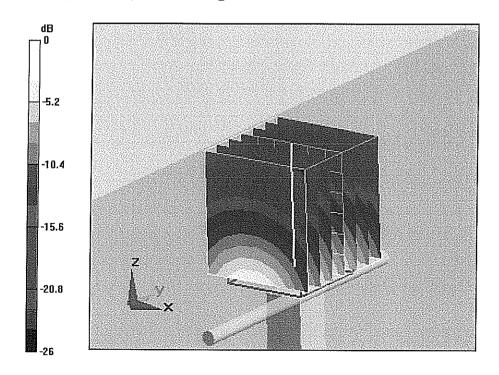
Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.4mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.4mm, probe 0deg)

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00747 dB

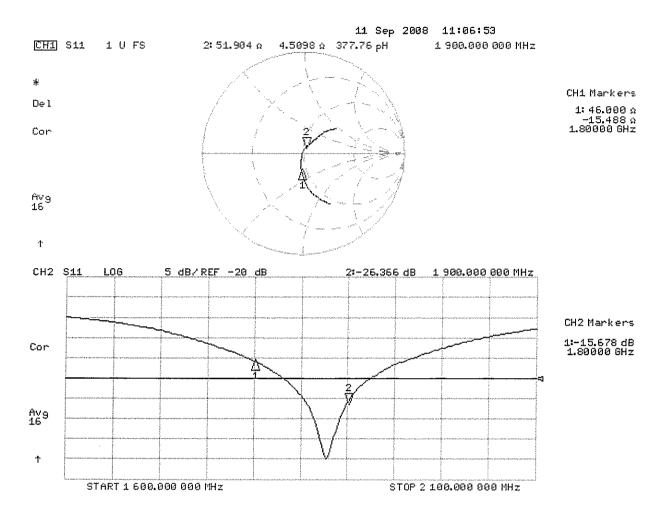
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.37 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 mW/g



0 dB = 12.2 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 15.09.2008 14:13:19

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.6 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 119; SEMCAD X Version 13.2 Build 87

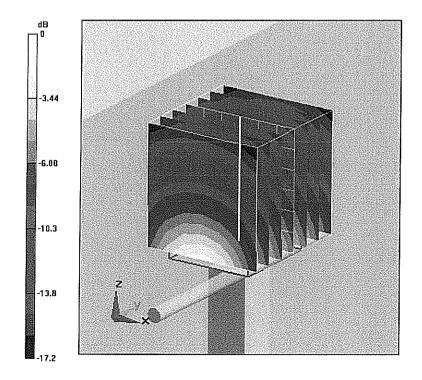
Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.4mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.4mm, probe 0deg)

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00376 dB

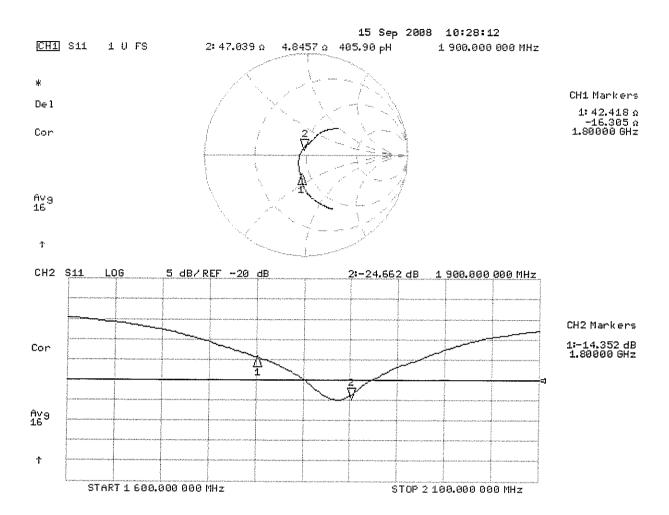
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 mW/g



0 dB = 12.5 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

Kyocera USA

Certificate No: D2450V2-776 Apr08

OALIBRATION GERTIFICATE			
Object	D2450V2 - SNI 7	76	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	April 22, 2008		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
The measurements and the uncer	rtainties with confidence p	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages a by facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	E critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	08-Aug-07 (No. 217-00721)	Aug-08
DAE4	SN: 3025 SN: 601	01-Mar-08 (No. ES3-3025_Mar08) 14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08)	Mar-09 Mar-09
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
0.11	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	La Colonia
			Issued: April 23, 2008
his calibration certificate shall no	t be reproduced except in	full without written approval of the laboratory	<i></i>

Certificate No: D2450V2-776_Apr08 Page 1 of 6

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.1 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	54.5 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.38 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	25.5 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.3 Ω + 9.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.156 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 04, 2005

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DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 22.04.2008 16:04:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN776

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB:

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.83 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 01.03.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA;;

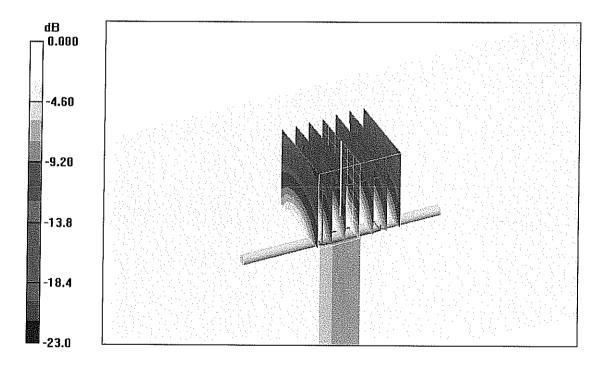
Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.5 V/m: Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.38 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 mW/g



0 dB = 16.3 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

