

# **TEST REPORT**

<b>Applicant:</b>	Janam Technologies LLC
<b>Address of Applicant:</b>	100 CROSSWAYS PARK WEST, SUITE 105, WOODBURY, New York, United States 11797
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Janam Technologies LLC
<b>Address of Manufacturer:</b>	100 CROSSWAYS PARK WEST, SUITE 105, WOODBURY, New York, United States 11797
<b>Product name:</b>	XM20 MOBILE BARCODE TERMINAL
<b>Model:</b>	XM20
<b>Rating(s):</b>	Lithium battery : DC 5.5V 1200mA
<b>Trademark:</b>	XM
<b>Standards:</b>	47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C: 2011 section 15.247 ANSI C63.4 : 2003
<b>FCC ID:</b>	UTWXM20
<b>Data of Receipt:</b>	2013-07-24
<b>Date of Test:</b>	2013-07-25~2013-08-03
<b>Date of Issue:</b>	2013-08-05
<b>Test Result</b>	<b>Pass*</b>

\* In the configuration tested, the test item complied with the standards specified above.

**Authorized for issue by:**

**Test by:**

Jumy Qiu

**Reviewed by:**

Pauler Li

Aug.05.2013 Jumy Qiu

Aug.05.2013

Pauler Li

Project Engineer

Project Manager

Date

Name/Position

Signature

Date

Name/Position

Signature

**Possible test case verdicts:**

test case does not apply to the test object ...: N/A

test object does meet the requirement .....: P (Pass)

test object does not meet the requirement ...: F (Fail)

**Testing Laboratory information:**

Testing Laboratory Name .....: I-Test Laboratory

Address.....: 1-2 floor, South Block, Building A2 , No 3 Keyan Lu, Science City, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, P.R. China

Testing location : Same as above

Tel : 0086-20-32209330

Fax : 0086-20-62824387

E-mail : itl@i-testlab.com

**General remarks:**

**The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.**

**The results contained in this report reflect the results for this particular model and serial number. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that all production models meet the intent of the requirements detailed within this report.**

**This report would be invalid test report without all the signatures of testing technician and approver.**

**This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory.**

**General product information:**

N/A

## 1 Test Summary

Test	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth ( -20dB)	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (a)(1);	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9 & DA 00-705	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separated	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1);	DA 00-705	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	DA 00-705	PASS
Dwell Time	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii);	DA 00-705	PASS
Maximum Peak Output Power	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(b)(1);	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.10 & DA 00-705	PASS
Conducted Spurious Emission (30 MHz to 25 GHz)	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d);	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7 & DA 00-705	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emission (9 kHz to 25 GHz)	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d);	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 & DA 00-705	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (d) &15.205	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9 & DA 00-705	PASS
Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	FCC PART 15 C section 15.207;	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2 & DA 00-705	PASS
<b>Remark:</b>			
N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details.			
EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.			
Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.			
Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.			
RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.			
ANSI C63.10: the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2009 in the whole report.			
DA 00-705: "Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems"			

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### 3 General Information

#### 3.1 Client Information

Applicant: Janam Technologies LLC  
Address of Applicant: 100 CROSSWAYS PARK WEST, SUITE 105, WOODBURY, New York, United States 11797

#### 3.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Name: XM20 MOBILE BARCODE TERMINAL  
Model No.: XM20  
Trade Mark: XM  
Operating Frequency: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz  
Channels: 79 channels with 1MHz step  
Type of Modulation GFSK  
Dwell time Per channel is less than 0.4s.  
Antenna Type Chip Antenna  
Antenna gain: 0dBi max  
Speciality: Bluetooth 2.0  
Function: Barcode scan with Bluetooth and WIFI transfer function

#### 3.3 Details of E.U.T.

EUT Power Supply: Lithium battery :3.7Vx1  
Rated power: /  
Test mode: The program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed. Channel lowest (2402MHz), middle (2441MHz) and highest (2480MHz) are chosen for Bluetooth full testing.  
Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the Modulation of GFSK.  
Power cord: /

#### 3.4 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit for fixed frequency by testing lab.

### 3.5 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

Guangzhou ITL Co., Ltd.

1-2 floor, South Block, Building A2 , No 3 Keyan Lu, Science City, Guangzhou, Guangdong Province, P.R. China

0086-20-32209330

itl@i-testlab.com

No tests were sub-contracted.

### 3.6 Deviation from Standards

Biconical and log periodic antennas were used instead of dipole antennas.

### 3.7 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

### 3.8 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.

### 3.9 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- **CNAS( Lab code:L4957)**
- **FCC ( Registration No.:935596)**
- **IC (Registration NO.:8368A)**

### 3.10 Measurement Uncertainty

The below measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level (base on a coverage factor (k=2).)

Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio frequency	$\pm 1.06 \times 10^{-7}$
total RF power, conducted	1.37 dB
RF power density , conducted	2.89 dB
All emissions, radiated	$\pm 3.35$ dB
Temperature	$\pm 0.23$ °C
Humidity	$\pm 0.3$ %
DC and low frequency voltages	$\pm 0.3$ %

## 4 Instruments Used during Test

No	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY51250936	2013.02.01	2014.01.31
2	Pre Amplifier	HP	8447F	3113A05905	2012.09.07	2013.09.06
3	Pre Amplifier	Mini-circuits	MLA-0120-A02-34	2648A04738	2013.06.08	2014.06.07
4	Biconilog Antenna	ETS•Lindgren	3142D	00108096	2013.01.29	2014.01.28
5	Horn Antenna	A-INFOMW	JXTXLB-10180-N	J203109061213 3	2012.12.18	2013.12.17
6	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100124	2013.06.08	2014.06.07
7	LISN	R&S	ENV216	100120	2013.06.08	2014.06.07
8	50Ω Coaxial Cable	Mini-circuits	CBL	ITL-115	2012.09.07	2013.09.06
9	Semi-Anechoic chamber	ETS•Lindgren	FACT3 2.0	ITL-100	2013.04.11	2014.04.10
10	Loop Antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	002489	2013.01.23	2014.01.22
11	Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	ITL-118	2013.06.08	2014.06.07

## 5 Test Results

### 5.1 E.U.T. test conditions

<b>Test Voltage:</b>	DC 5.5V
<b>Temperature:</b>	23.2 -25.0 °C
<b>Humidity:</b>	38-50 % RH
<b>Atmospheric Pressure:</b>	1000 -1010 mbar
<b>Test frequencies and frequency range:</b>	According to the 15.31(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band Specified in the following table:

According to the 15.33 (a) For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:

#### Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

Frequency range in which	Number of	Location in frequency range
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

#### Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz,
At or above 10 GHz to below	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz,
At or above 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz,

EUT channels and frequencies list for bluetooth:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	11	2413	22	2424
1	2403	12	2414	23	2425
2	2404	13	2415	24	2426
3	2405	14	2416	25	2427
4	2406	15	2417	26	2428
5	2407	16	2418	27	2429
6	2408	17	2419	28	2430
7	2409	18	2420	29	2431
8	2410	19	2421	30	2432
9	2411	20	2422	31	2433
10	2412	21	2423	32	2434
33	2435	49	2451	65	2467
34	2436	50	2452	66	2468
35	2437	51	2453	67	2469
36	2438	52	2454	68	2470
37	2439	53	2455	69	2471
38	2440	54	2456	70	2472
39	2441	55	2457	71	2473
40	2442	56	2458	72	2474
41	2443	57	2459	73	2475
42	2444	58	2460	74	2476
43	2445	59	2461	75	2477
44	2446	60	2462	76	2478
45	2447	61	2463	77	2479
46	2448	62	2464	78	2480
47	2449	63	2465		
48	2450	64	2466		

Test frequencies are the lowest channel: 0 channel(2402 MHz), middle channel: 39 channel(2441 MHz) and highest channel: 78 channel(2480 MHz)

## 5.2 Antenna requirement

### Standard requirement

15.203 requirement:

For intentional device. According to 15.203. an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### EUT Antenna

The antenna is a Chip antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is 0dBi.

**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**

### 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

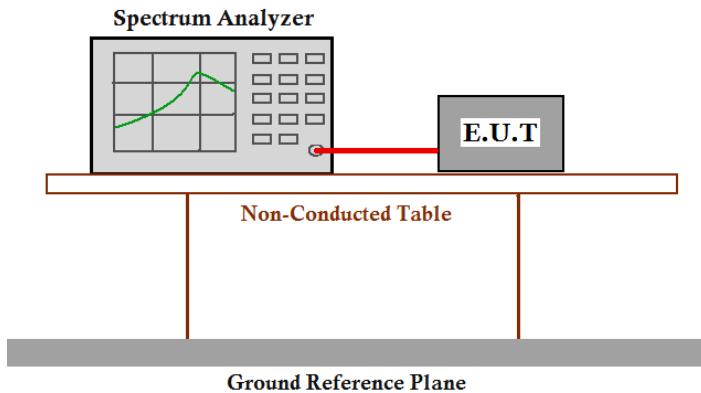
**Test Requirement:** FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

**Test Method:** ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9 & DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Compliance test in normal mode (DH1), normal mode (DH3) and normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Test Configuration:**



**Test Procedure:**

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth, centring on a hopping channel;
3. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20dB bandwidth VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max Hold.
4. Mark the peak frequency and -20dB points bandwidth.

**Test result (-20dB bandwidth)****Normal mode ( DH1 ) :**

<b>Test Channel</b>	<b>Bandwidth(MHz)</b>	<b>2/3 bandwidth(MHz)</b>
Lowest	1.116	0.744
Middle	1.118	0.745
Highest	1.113	0.742

**Normal mode ( DH3 ) :**

<b>Test Channel</b>	<b>Bandwidth(MHz)</b>	<b>2/3 bandwidth(MHz)</b>
Lowest	1.132	0.755
Middle	1.127	0.751
Highest	1.132	0.755

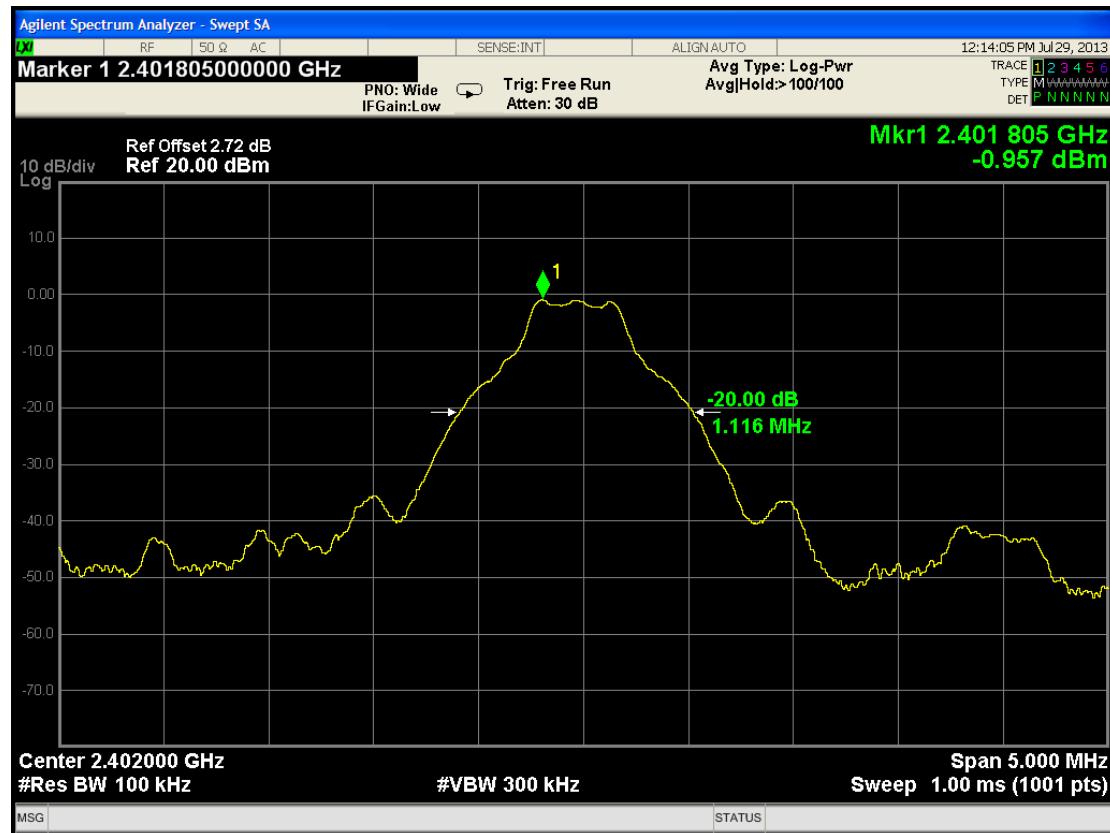
**Normal mode ( DH5 ) :**

<b>Test Channel</b>	<b>Bandwidth(MHz)</b>	<b>2/3 bandwidth(MHz)</b>
Lowest	1.128	0.752
Middle	1.131	0.754
Highest	1.131	0.754

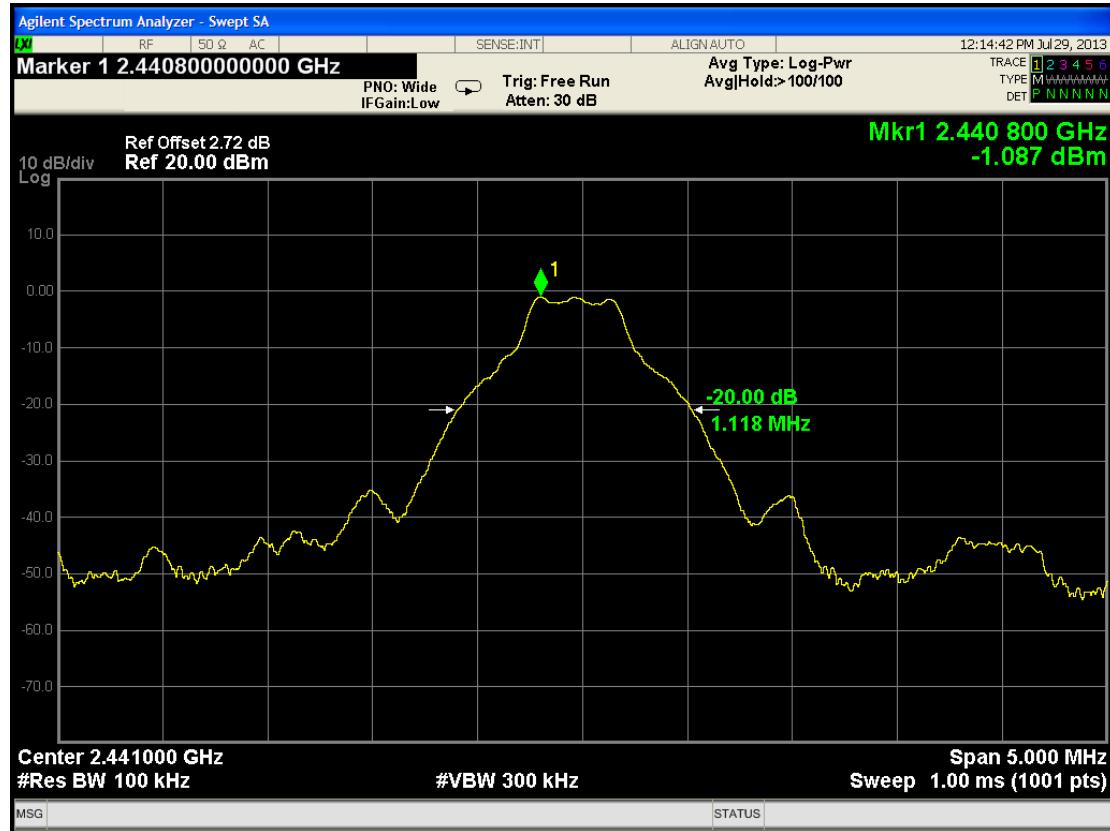
Result plot as follows:

DH1:

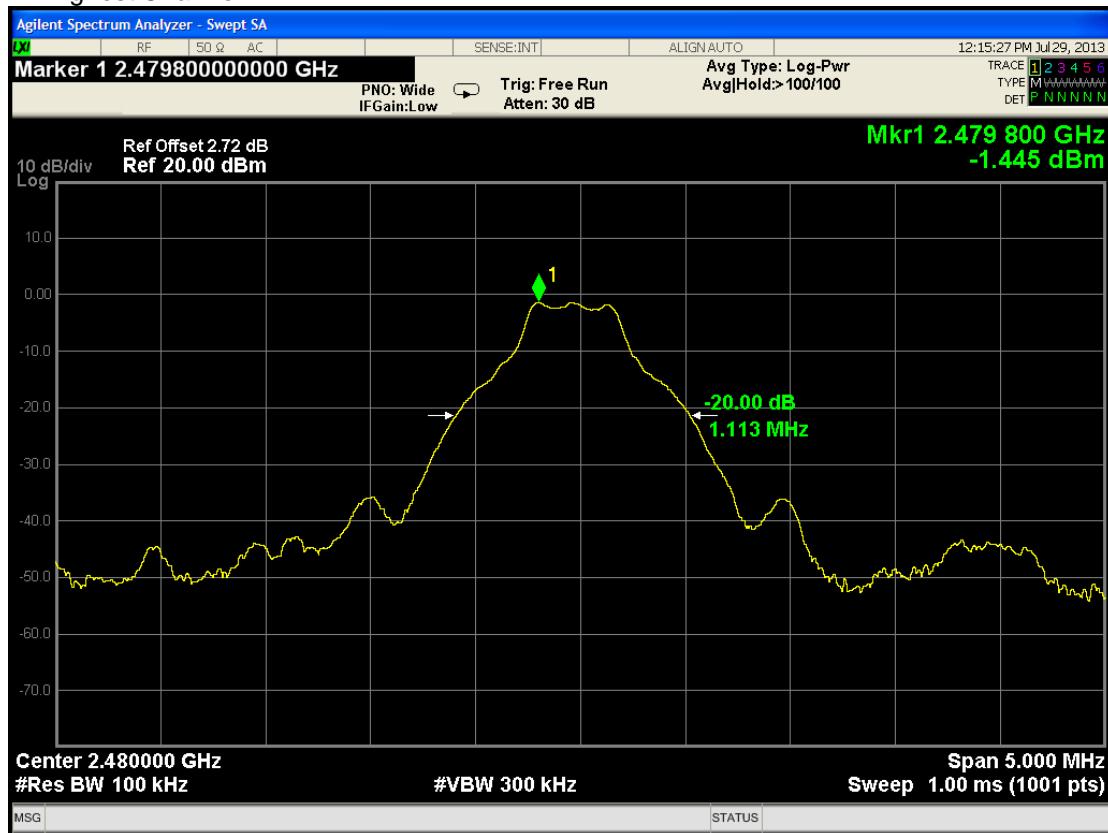
Lowest Channel:



Middle Channel:

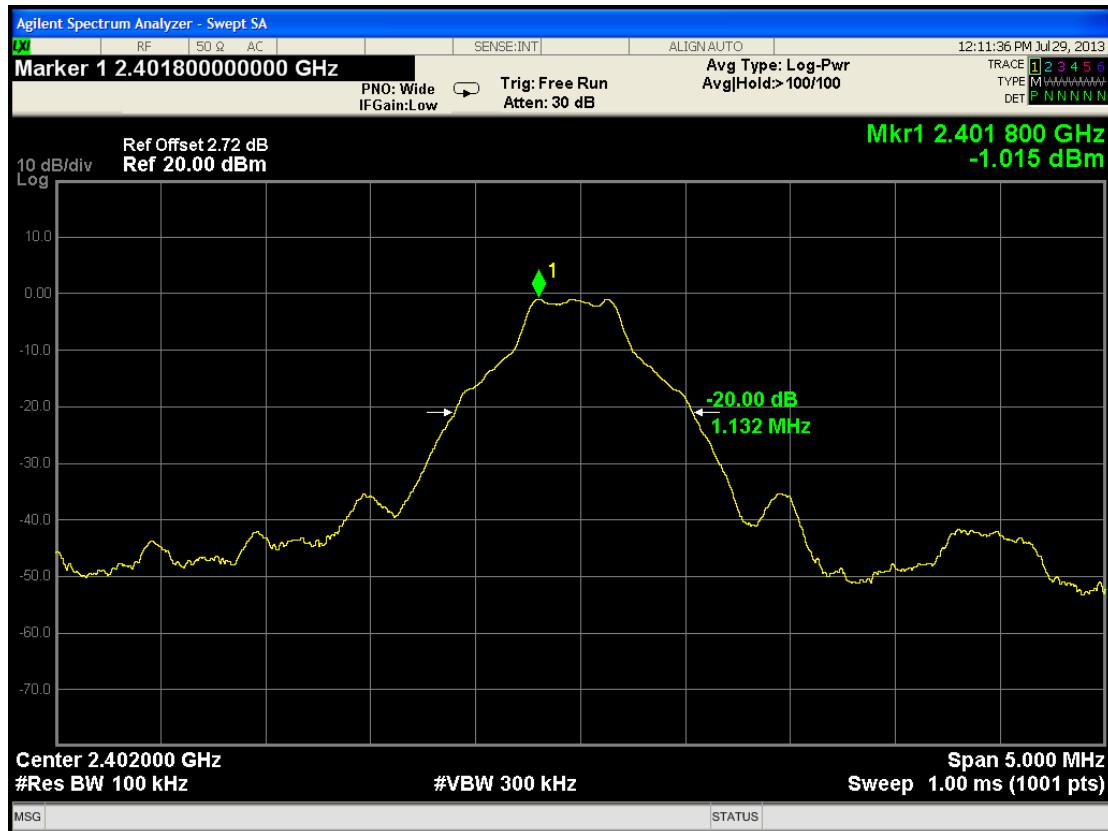


## Highest Channel:

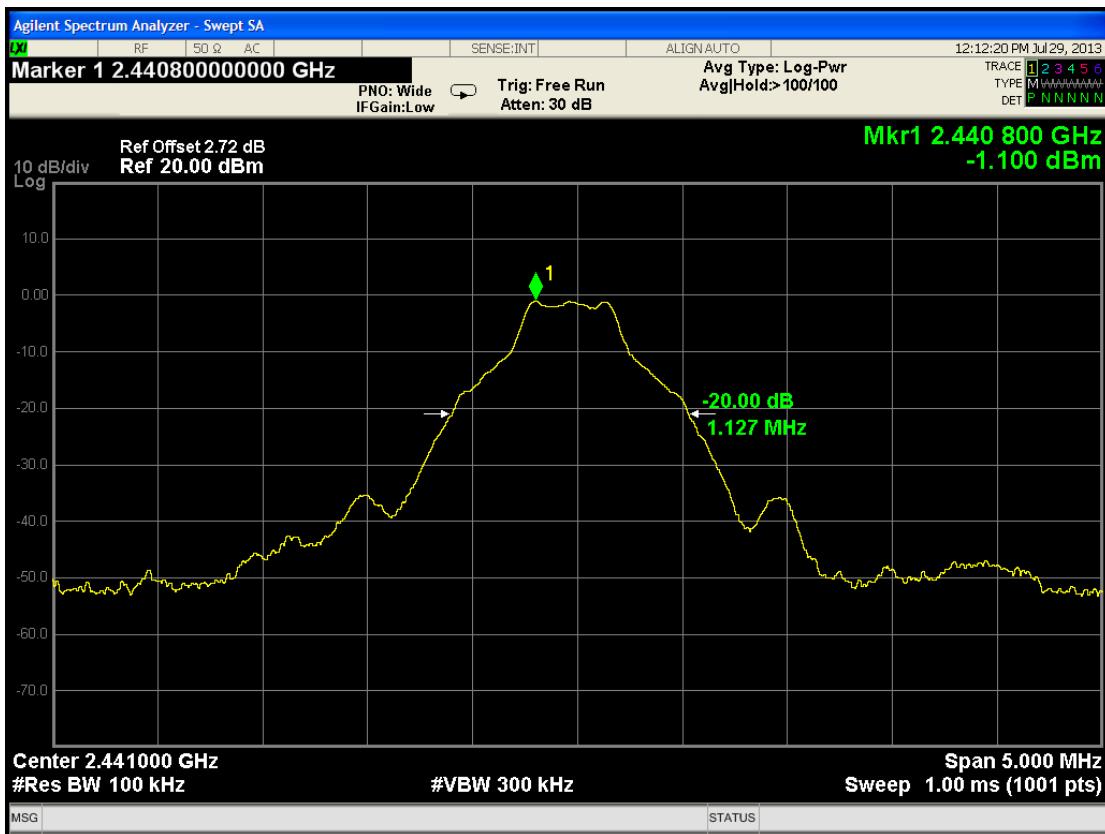


DH3:

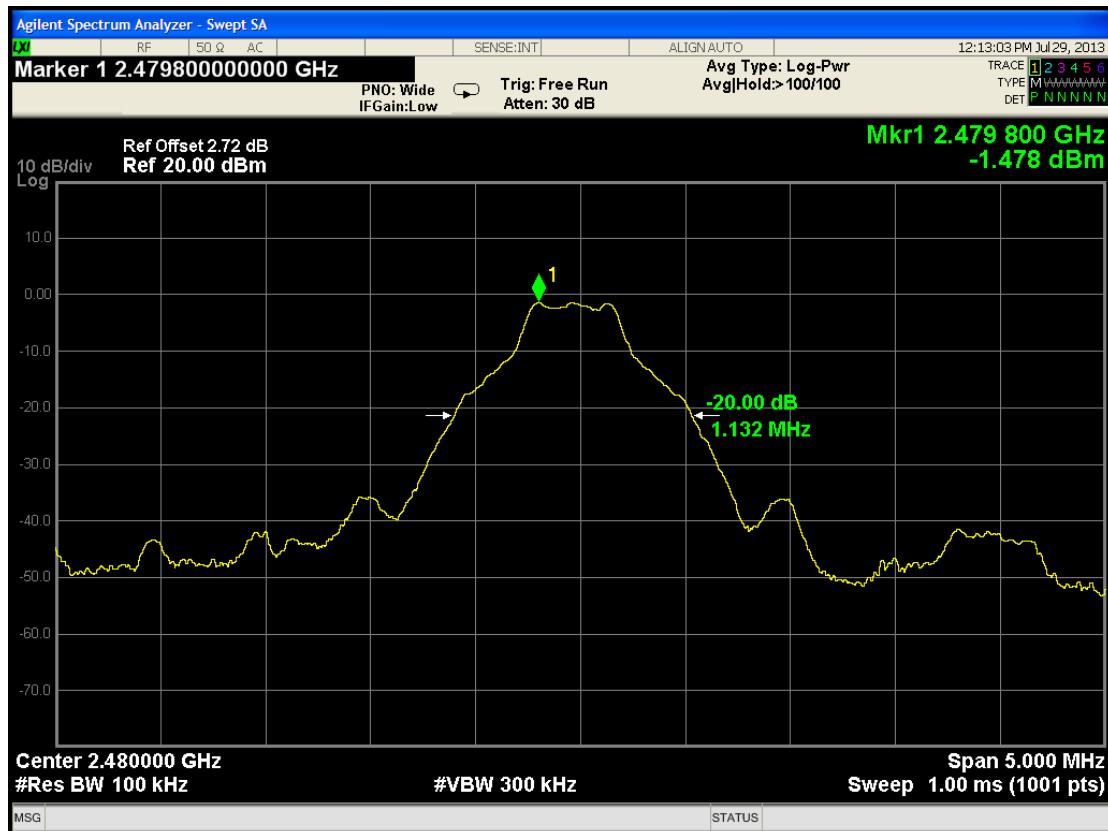
## Lowest channel:



### Middle channel:

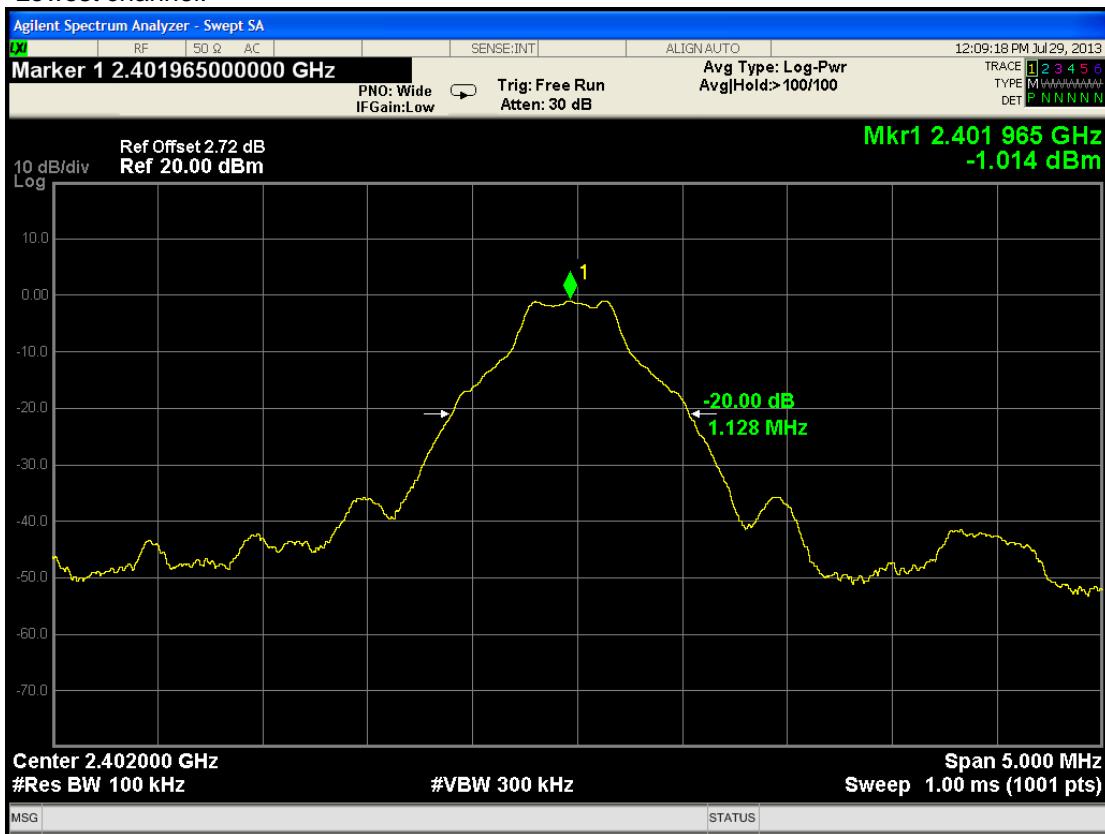


### Highest channel:

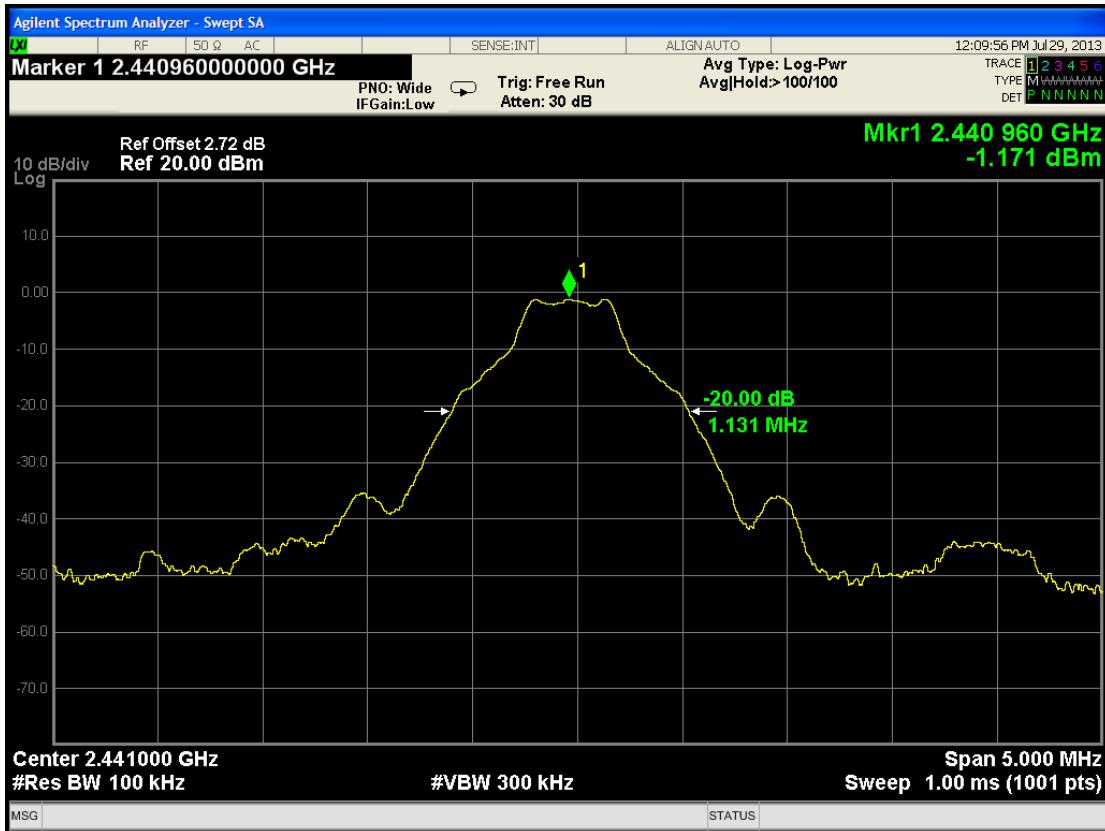


DH5:

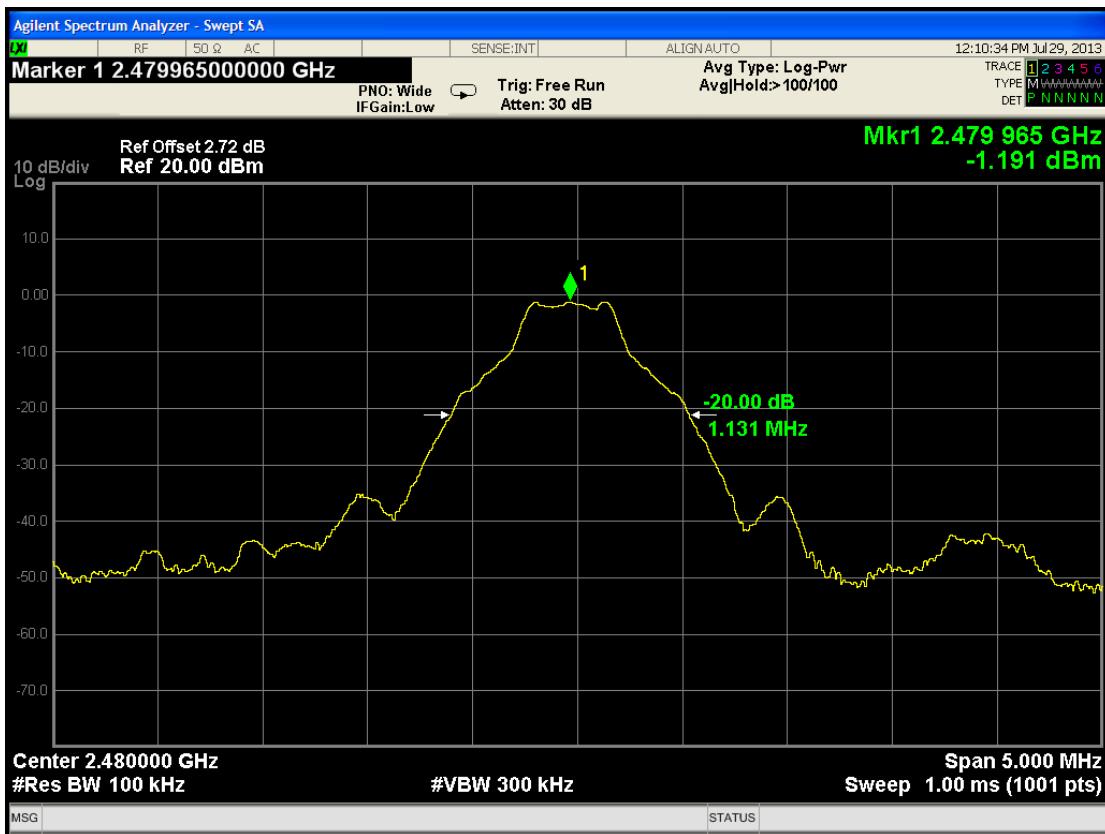
Lowest channel:



Middle channel:



## Highest channel:



## 5.4 Carrier Frequencies Separated

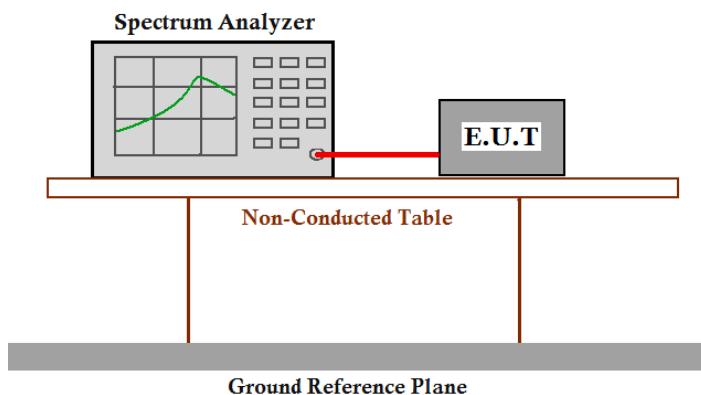
**Test Requirement:** FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a),(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

**Test Method:** DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Compliance test in normal mode (DH1), normal mode (DH3) and normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Test Configuration:**



**Test Procedure:**

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max, hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

**Test result:****DH1**

<b>Test Channel</b>	<b>Carrier Frequencies Separated</b>	<b>Pass/Fail</b>
Lower Channels (channel 0 and channel 1)	1.00 MHz	Pass
Middle Channels (channel 39 and channel 40)	1.00 MHz	Pass
Upper Channels (channel 77 and channel 78)	1.00 MHz	Pass
<p>Remark:</p> <p>The limit is maximum two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth: 0.745 MHz</p>		

**DH3**

<b>Test Channel</b>	<b>Carrier Frequencies Separated</b>	<b>Pass/Fail</b>
Lower Channels (channel 0 and channel 1)	1.00 MHz	Pass
Middle Channels (channel 39 and channel 40)	1.00 MHz	Pass
Upper Channels (channel 77 and channel 78)	1.00 MHz	Pass
<p>Remark:</p> <p>The limit is maximum two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth:0.755MHz</p>		

## DH5

Test Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separated	Pass/Fail
Lower Channels (channel 0 and channel 1)	1.00 MHz	Pass
Middle Channels (channel 39 and channel 40)	1.00 MHz	Pass
Upper Channels (channel 77 and channel 78)	1.00 MHz	Pass
<p>Remark:</p> <p>The limit is maximum two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth: 0.754MHz</p>		

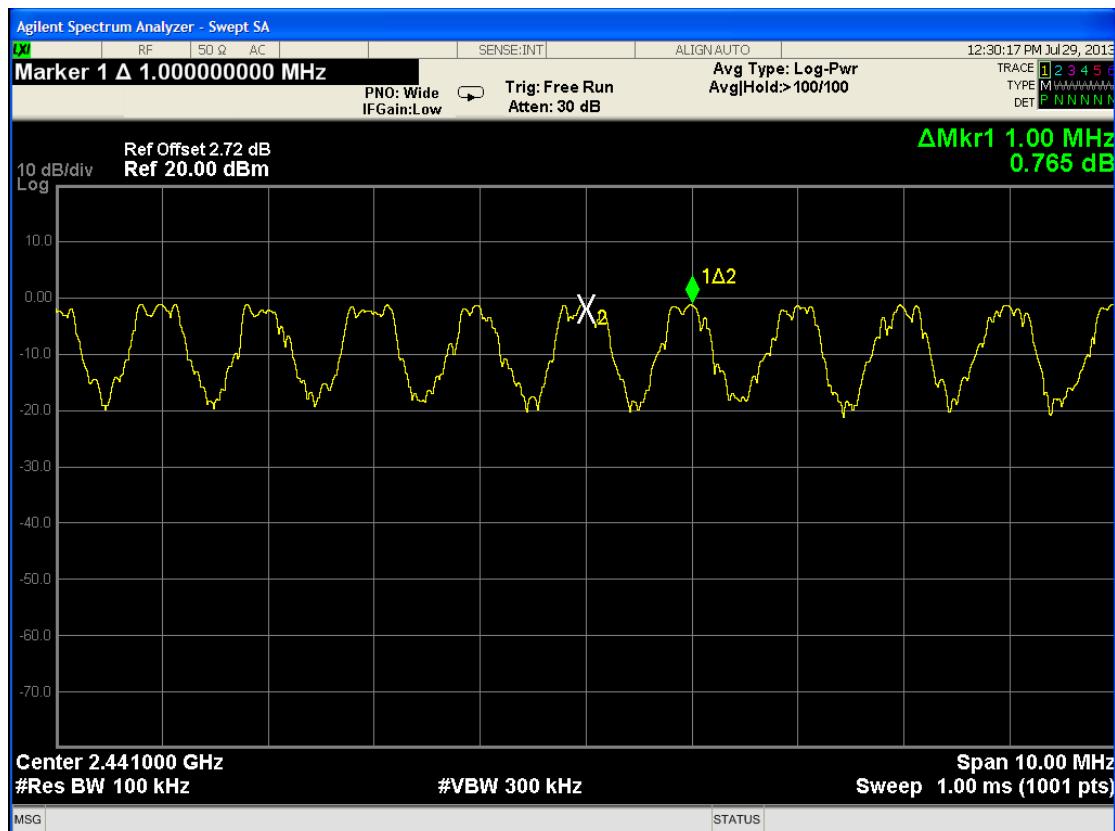
**Carrier Frequencies Separated plot:**

DH1

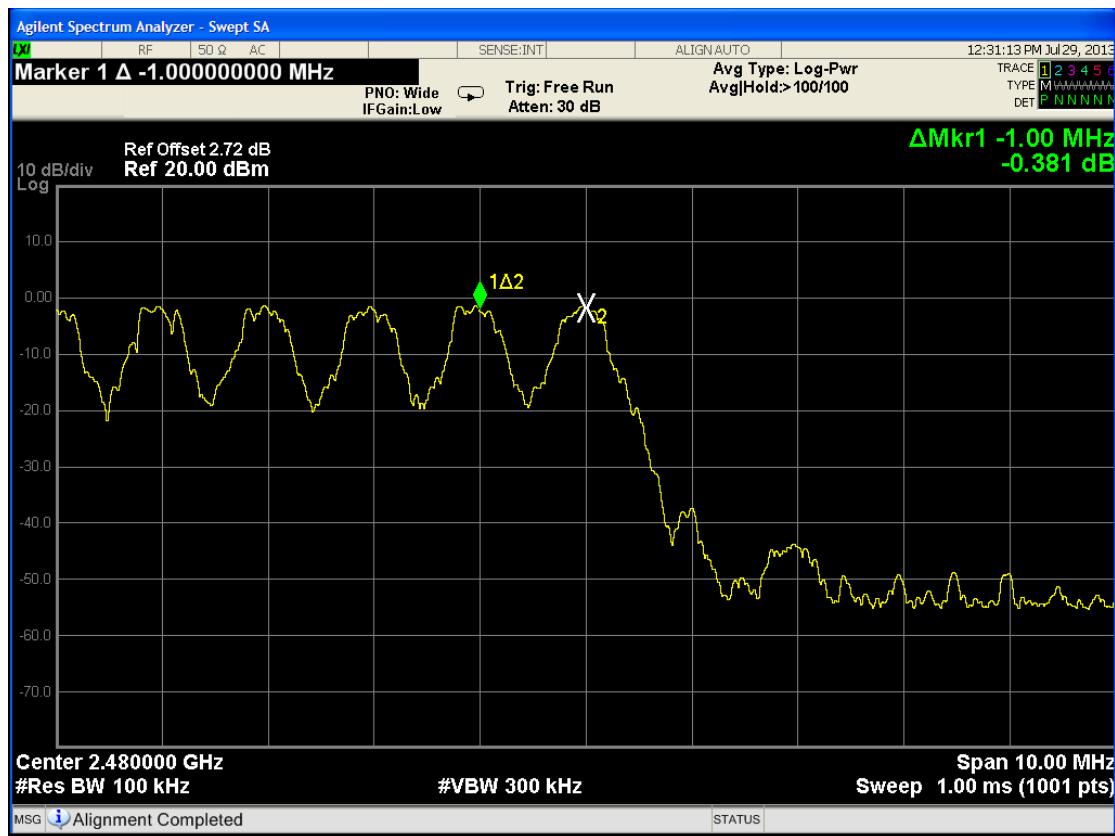
## 1. Lowest Channels:



## 2. Middle Channels:

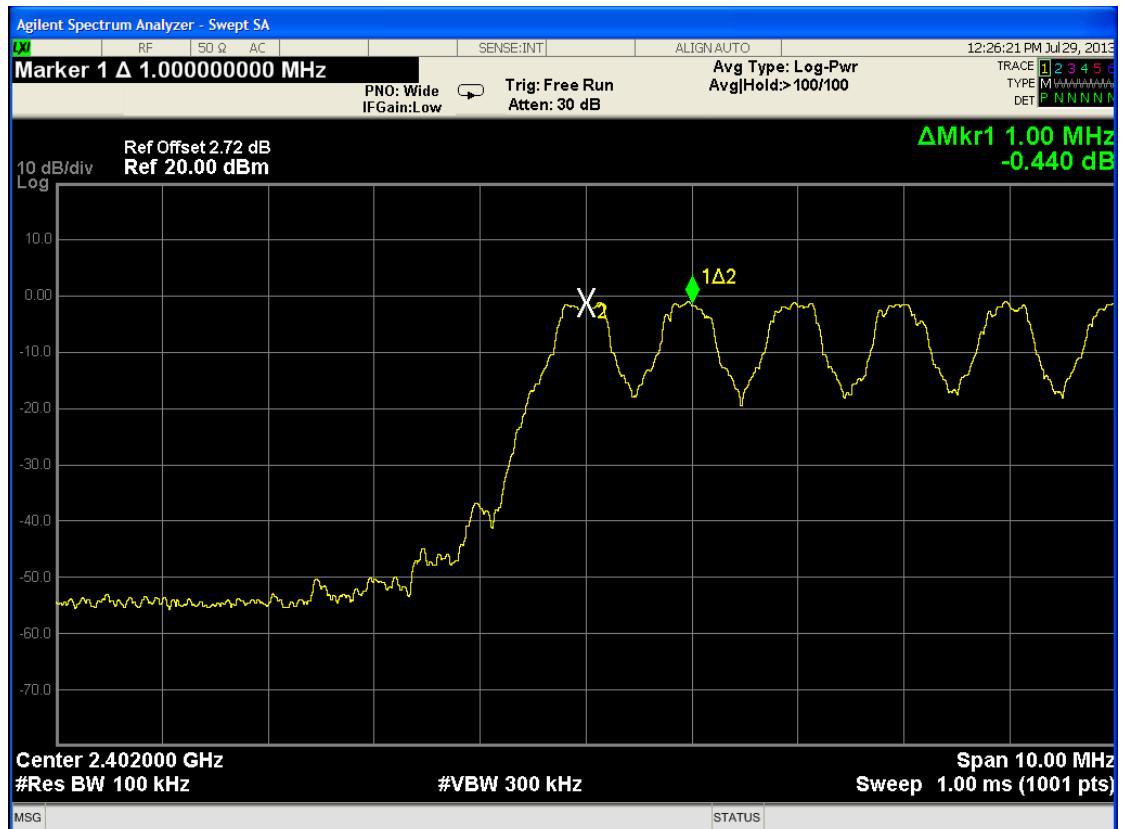


## 3. Highest Channels

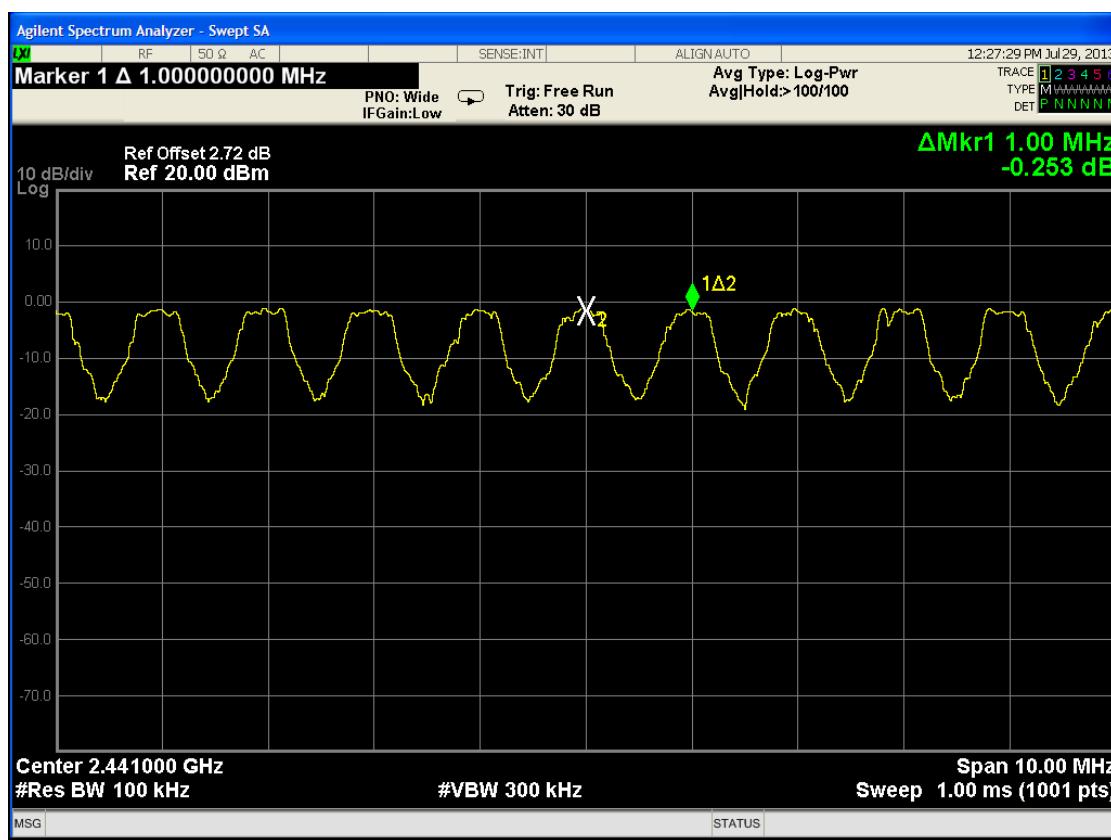


DH3

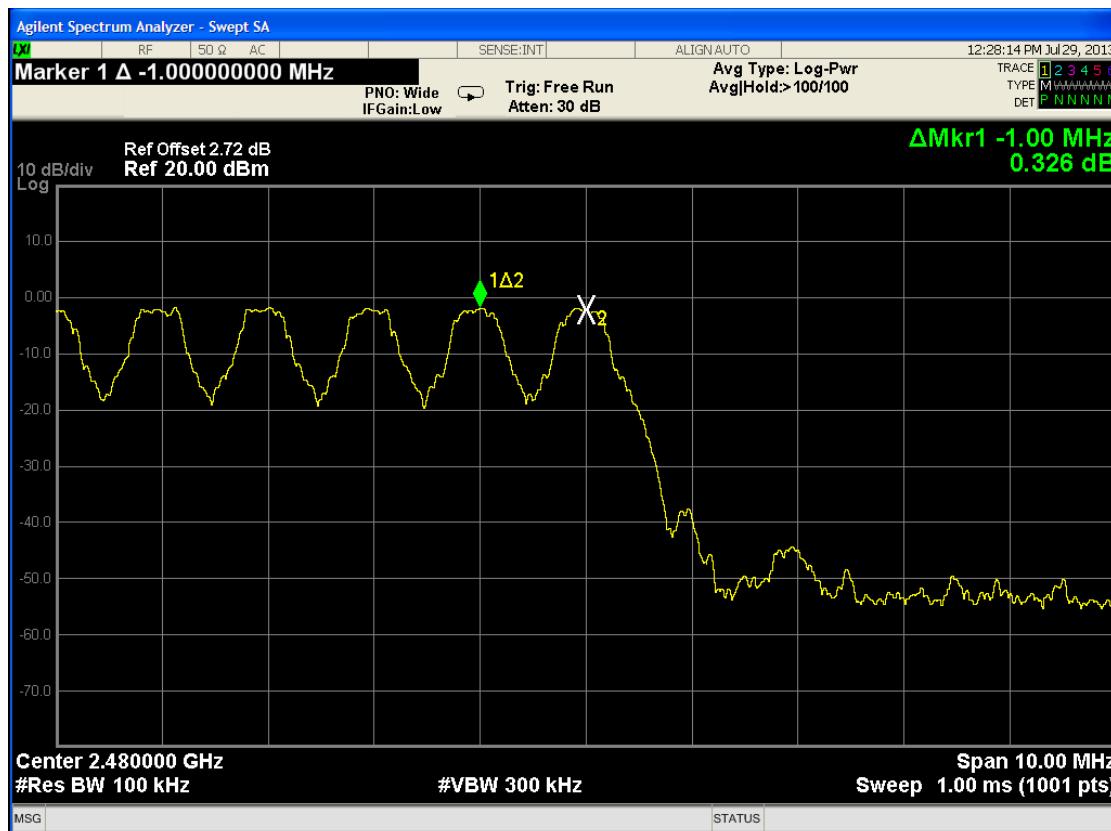
## 1. Lowest Channels:



## 2. Middle Channels:

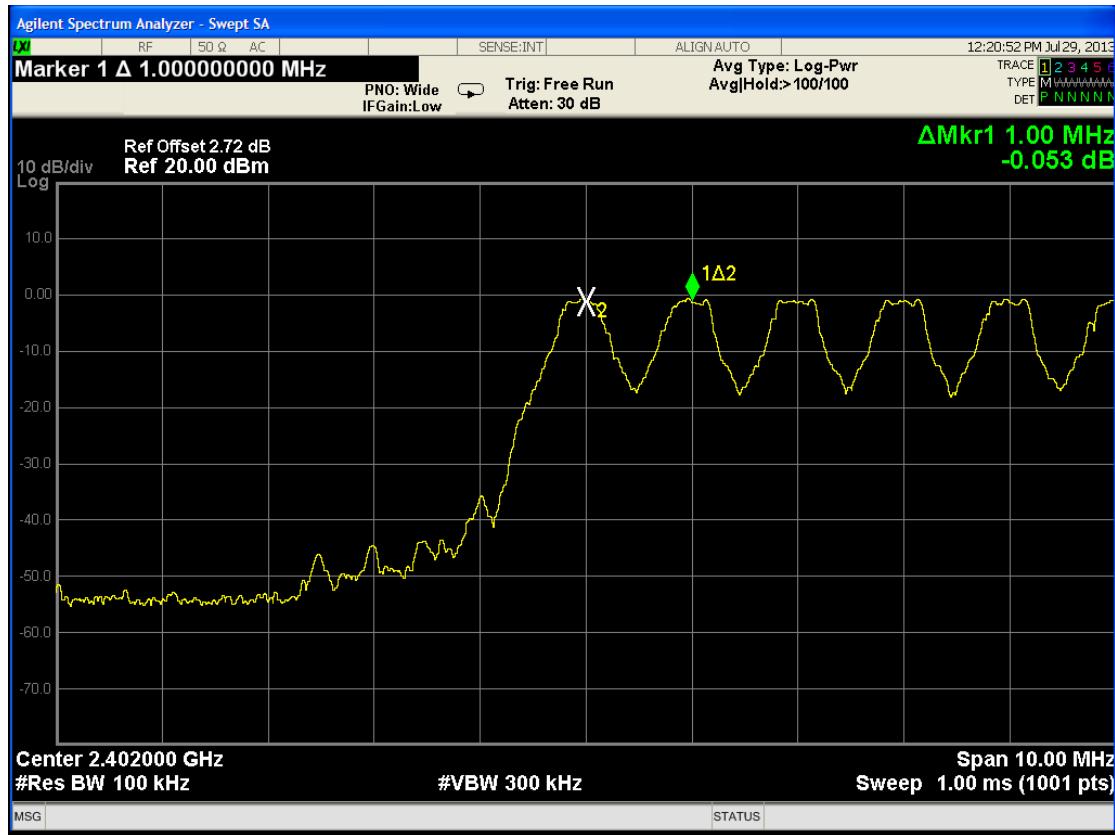


## 3. Highest Channels

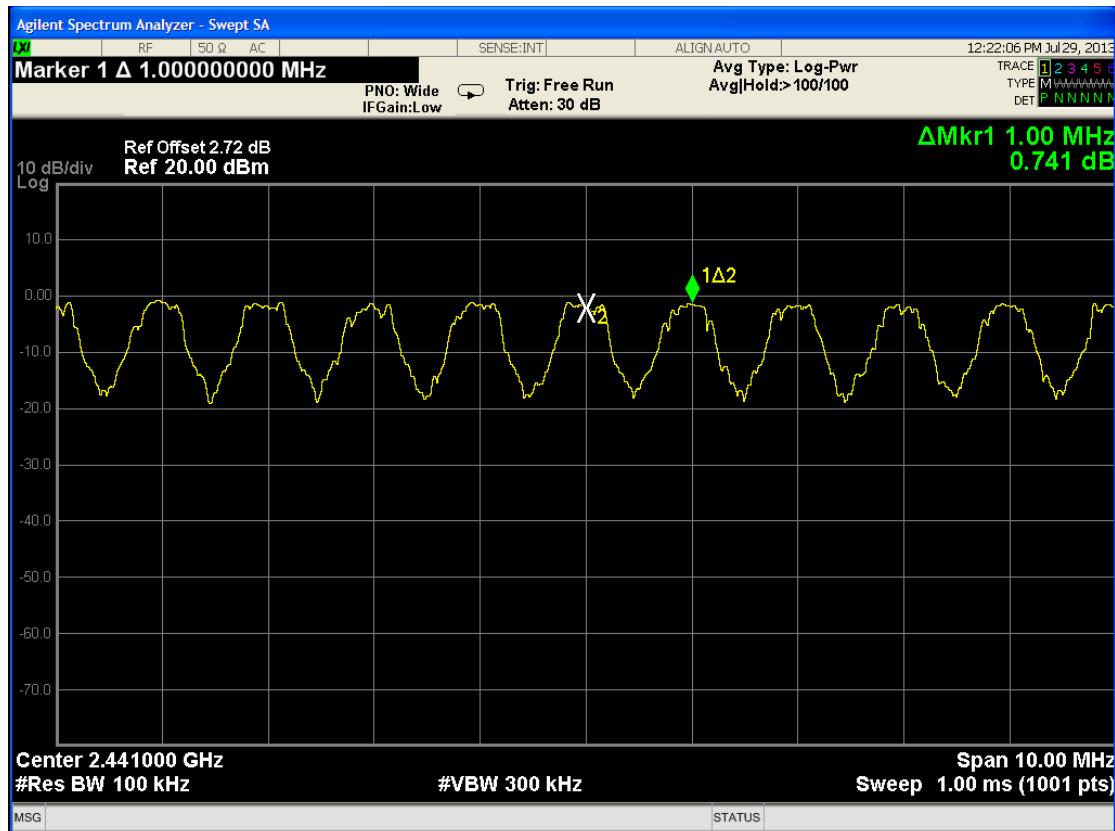


DH5

## 1. Lowest Channels:



## 2. Middle Channels:



### 3. Highest Channels



## 5.5 Hopping Channel Number

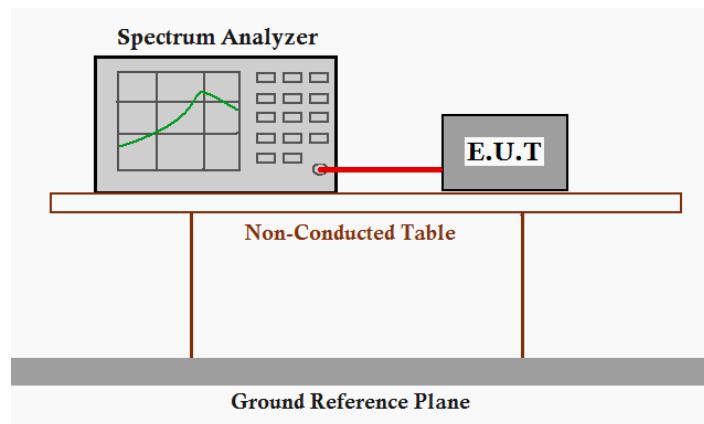
**Test Requirement:** FCC Part15 C section 15.247

(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

**Test Method:** DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Compliance test in hopping with normal mode (DH1), normal mode (DH3) and normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Test Configuration:**

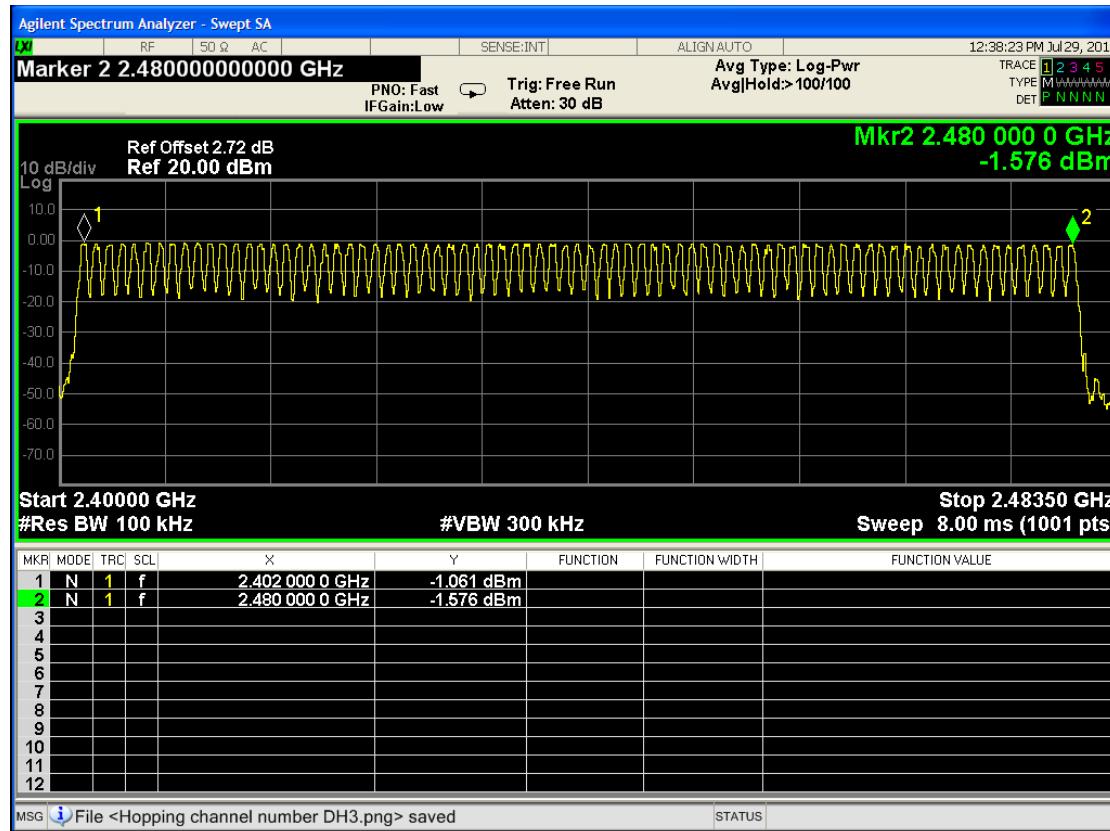


**Test Procedure:**

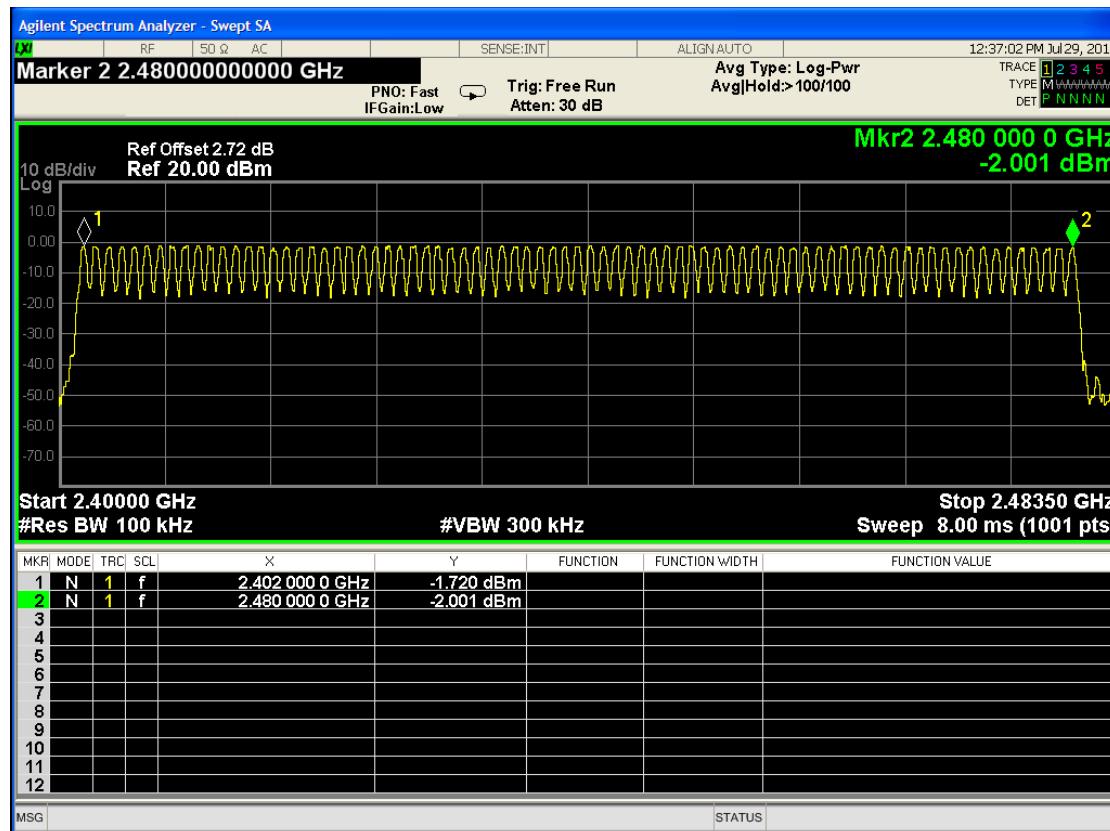
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW = 300 kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: start frequency = 2400MHz. stop frequency = 2483.5MHz. Submit the test result graph.

**Test result:** Total channels are 79 channels.

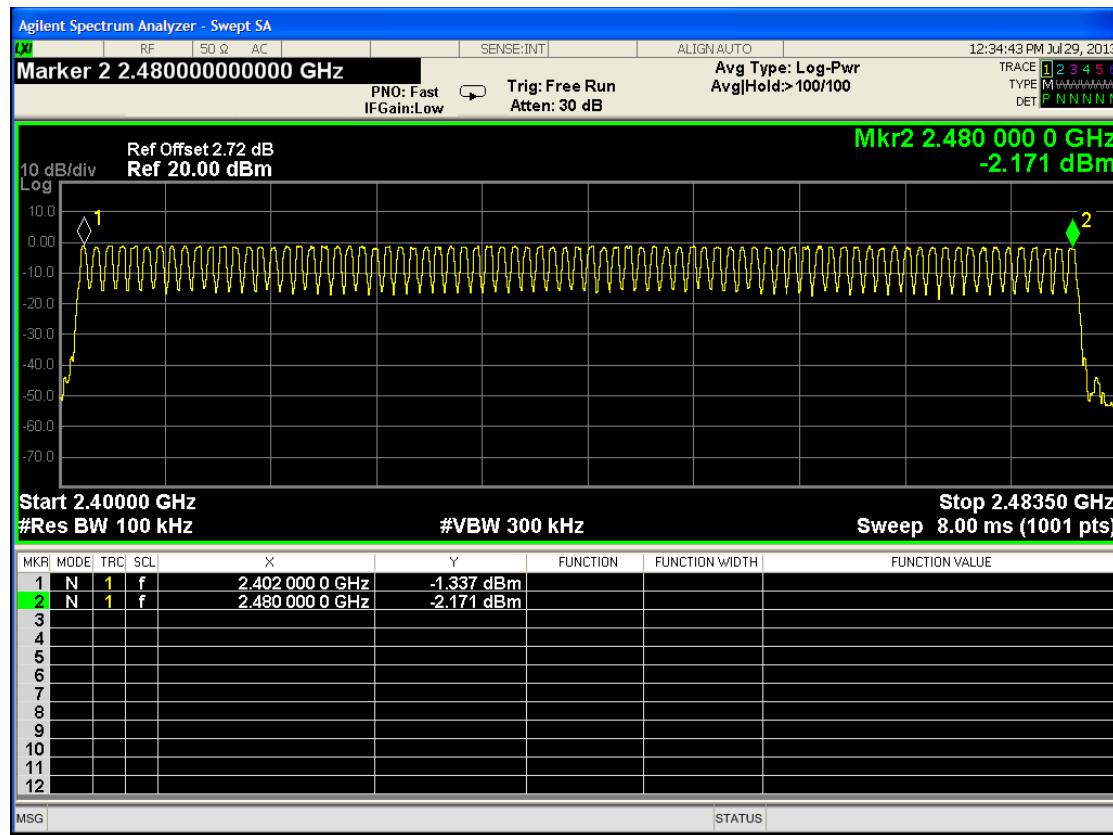
DH1:



DH3:



DH5:



Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

## 5.6 Dwell Time

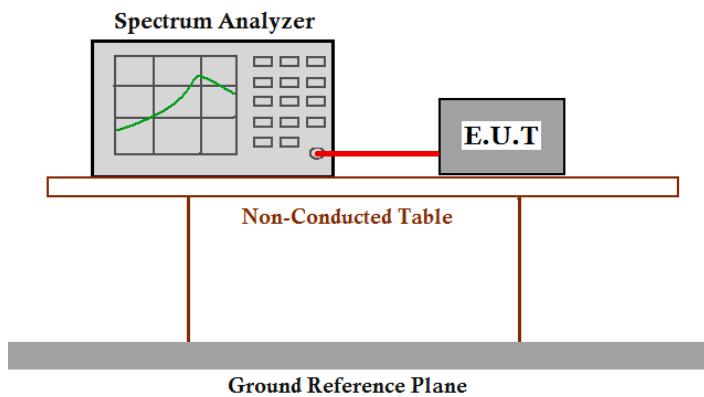
**Test Requirement:** FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

**Test Method:** DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Compliance test in hopping with Normal mode (DH1, DH3 and DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Test Configuration:**



**Test Procedure:**

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. Centered on a hopping channel;
3. Set RBW = 1 MHz and VBW = 1 MHz Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Detector Function = Peak. Trace = View;
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.). Repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s). An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.

**Test Result:**

The test period:  $T = 0.4 \text{ Second/Channel} \times 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

**Normal mode (DH1, DH3 and DH5)****1. Channel 0: 2.402GHz**

$$\text{DH1 time slot} = 0.37(\text{ms}) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 118.4\text{ms}$$

$$\text{DH3 time slot} = 1.65 (\text{ms}) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 264.0\text{ms}$$

$$\text{DH5 time slot} = 2.89 (\text{ms}) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 308.3\text{ms}$$

**2. Channel 39: 2.441GHz**

$$\text{DH1 time slot} = 0.37(\text{ms}) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 118.4\text{ms}$$

$$\text{DH3 time slot} = 1.65(\text{ms}) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 264.0\text{ms}$$

$$\text{DH5 time slot} = 2.89(\text{ms}) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 308.3\text{ms}$$

**3. Channel 78: 2.480GHz**

$$\text{DH1 time slot} = 0.37 (\text{ms}) * (1600/(2*79)) * 31.6 = 118.4\text{ms}$$

$$\text{DH3 time slot} = 1.65 (\text{ms}) * (1600/(4*79)) * 31.6 = 264.0\text{ms}$$

$$\text{DH5 time slot} = 2.89 (\text{ms}) * (1600/(6*79)) * 31.6 = 308.3\text{ms}$$

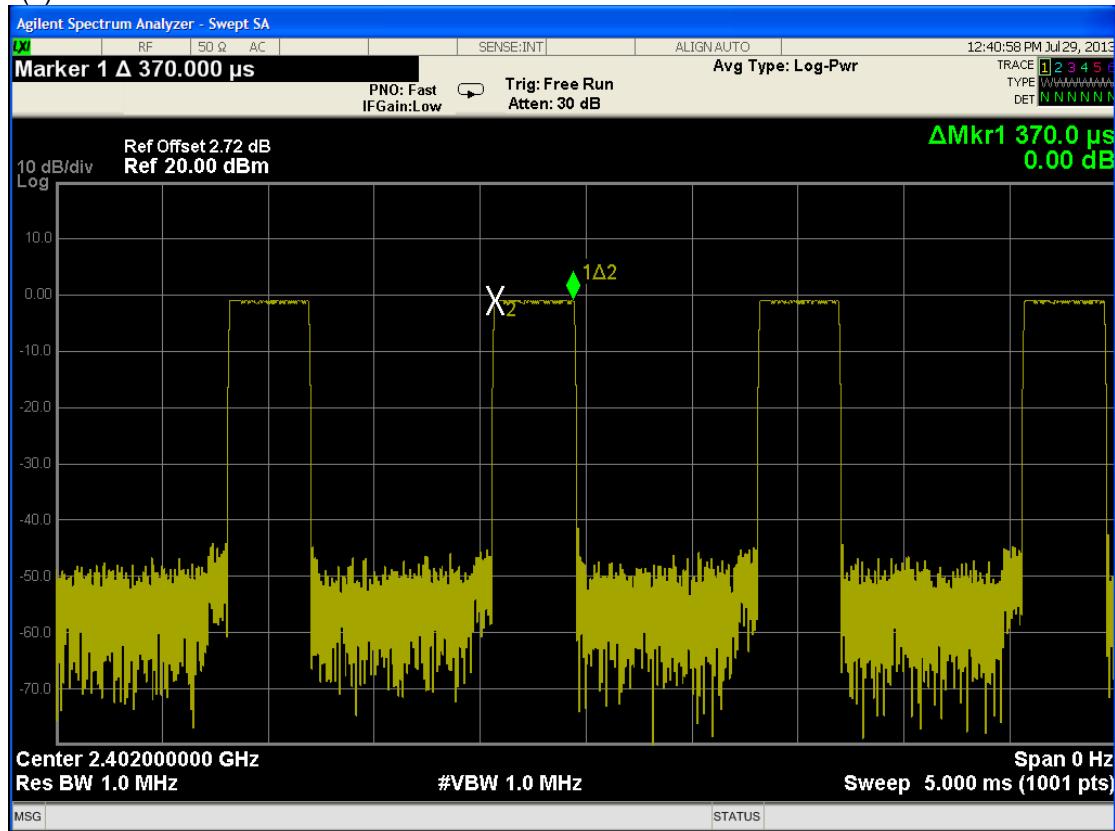
The results are not greater than 0.4 seconds

**The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**

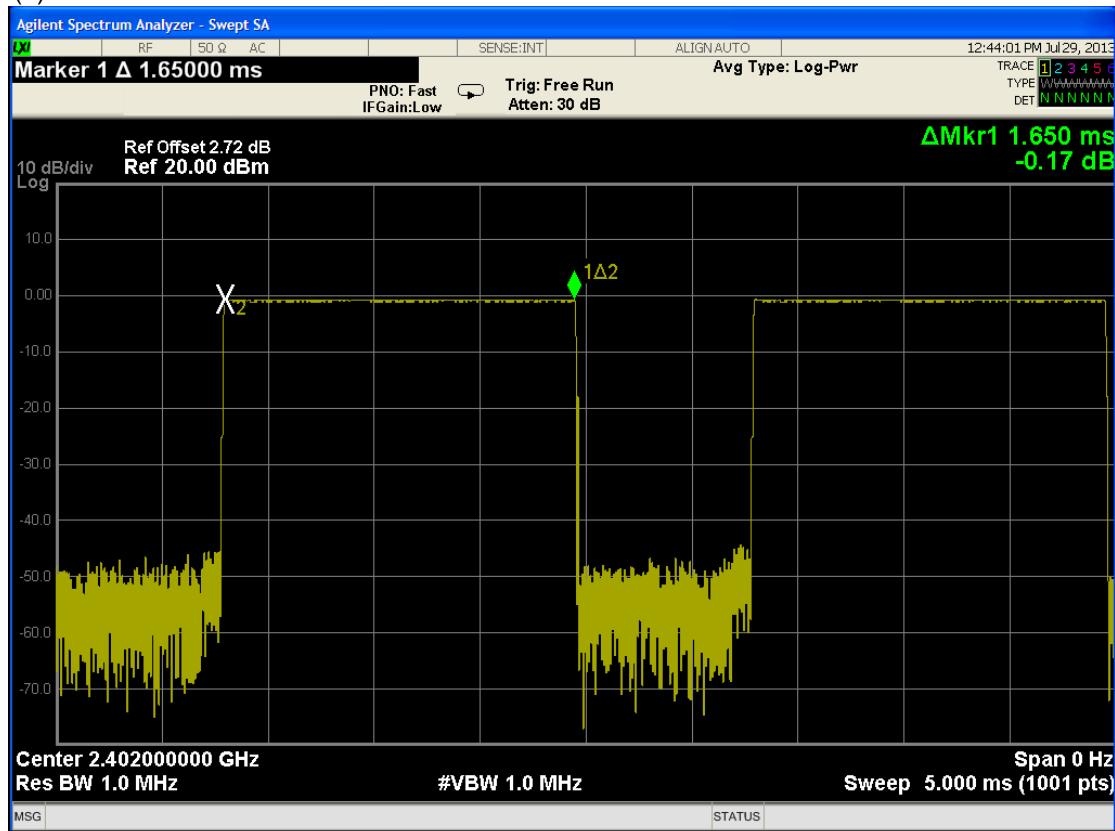
Please refer the graph as below:

Lowest channel (2.402 MHz):

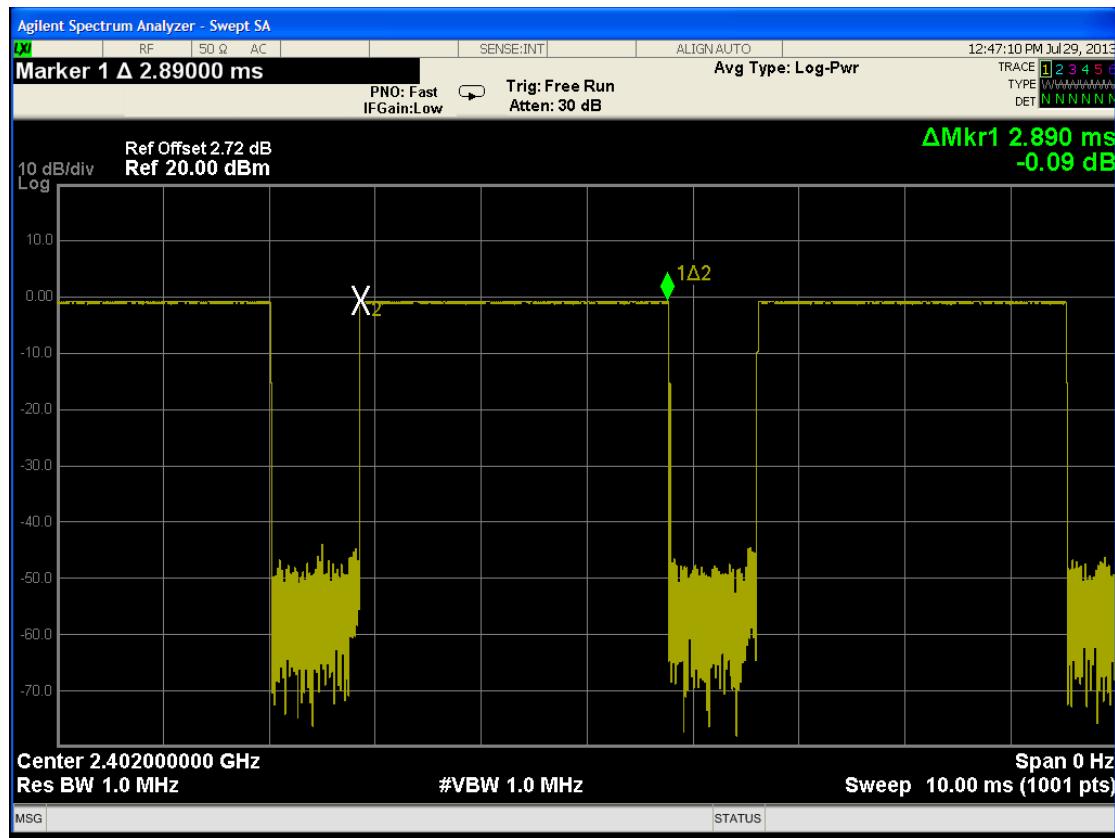
(1) DH1



(2) DH3

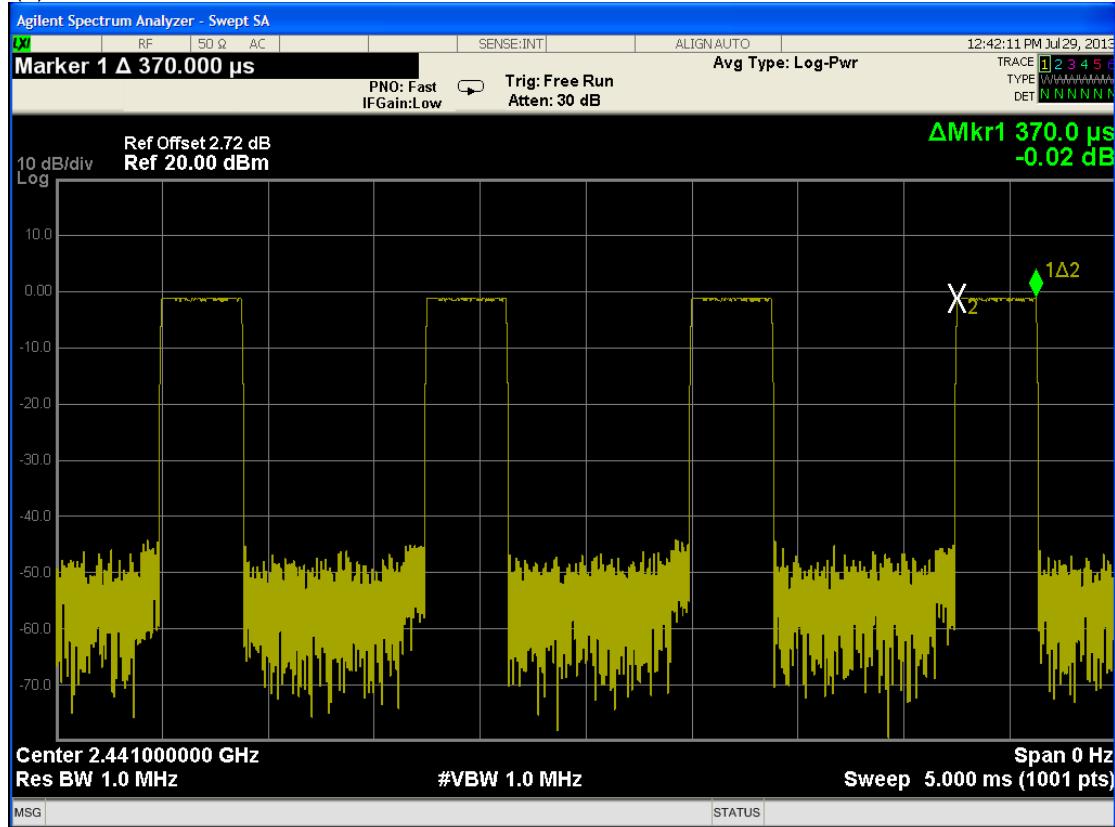


(3) DH5

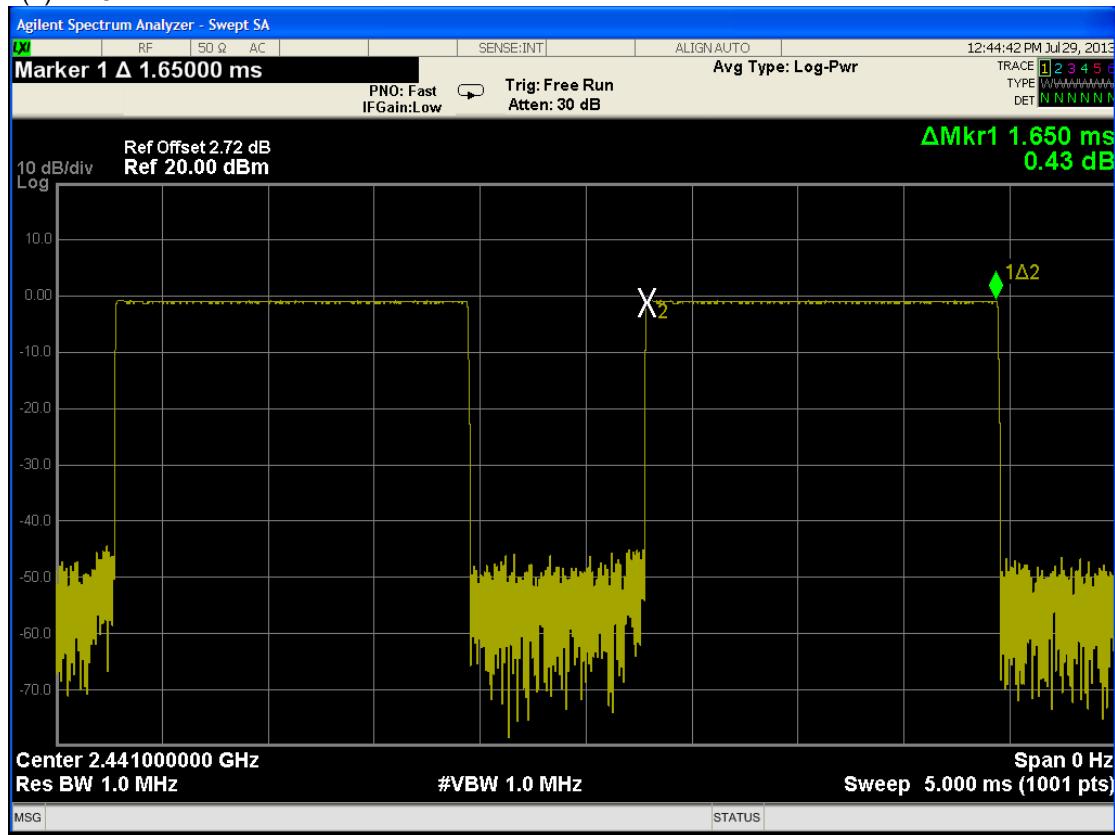


2. Middle channel (2.441 GHz):

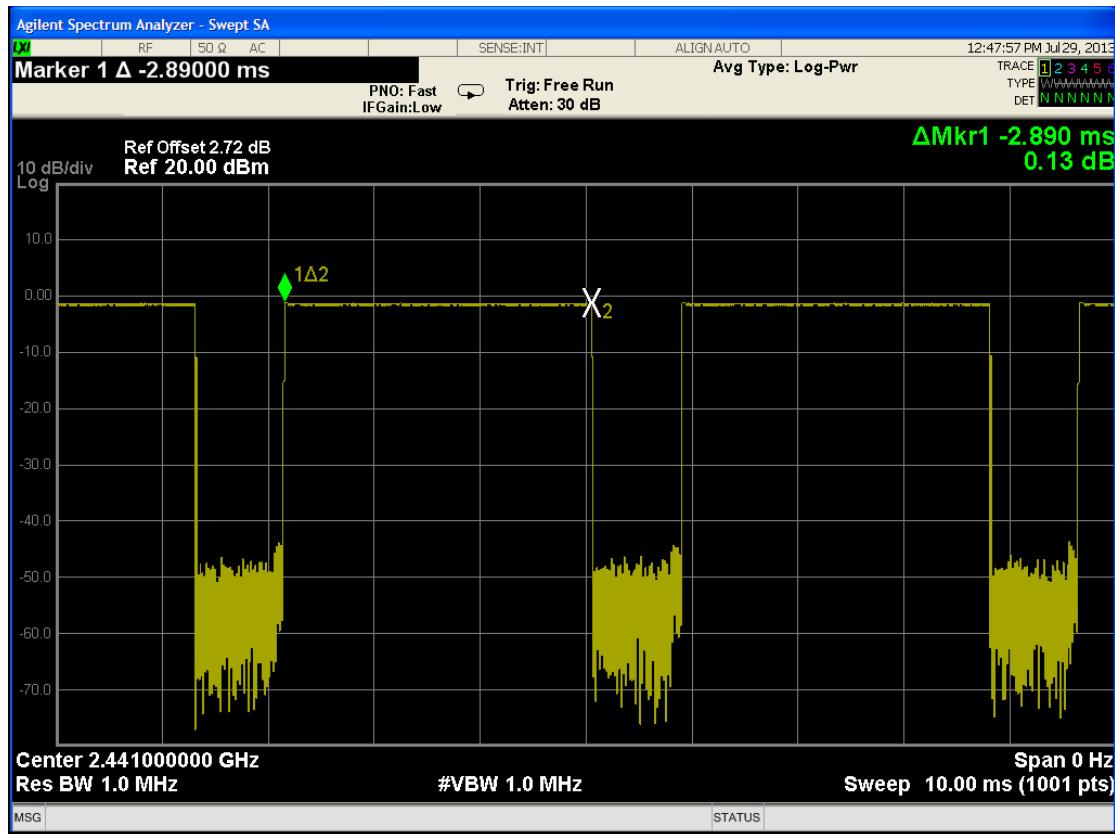
(1) DH1



(2) DH3

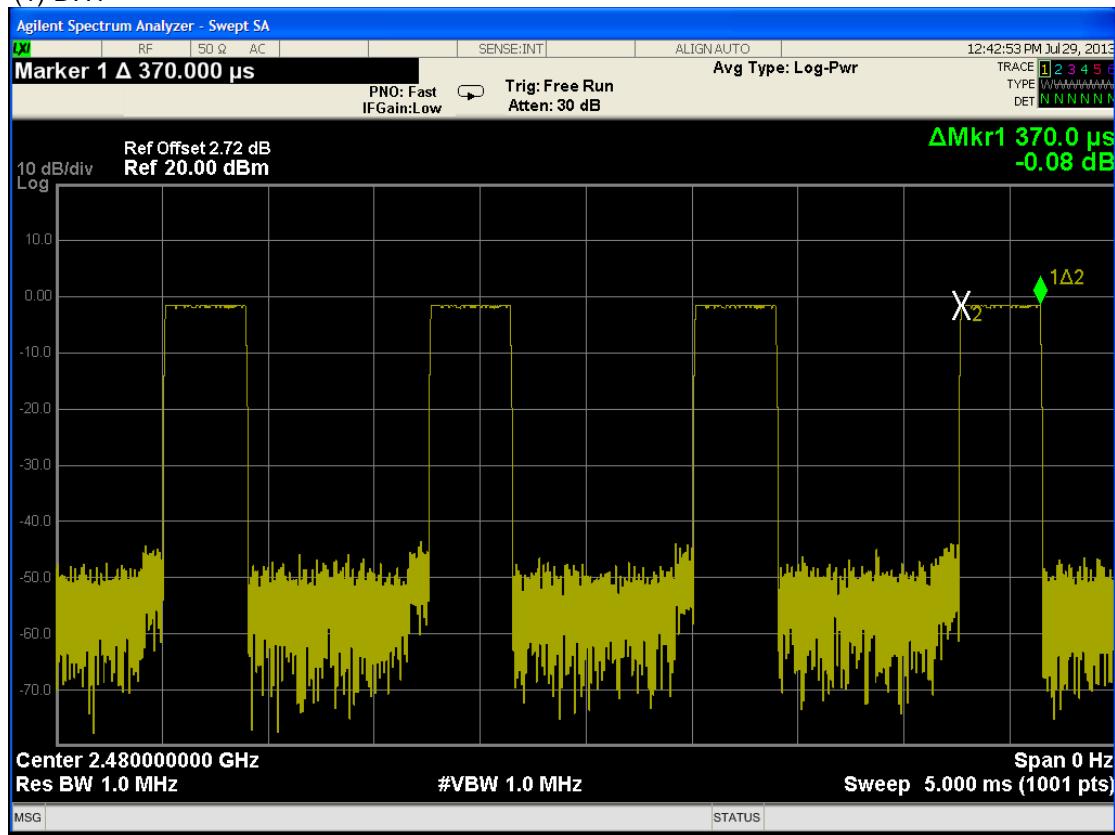


(3) DH5

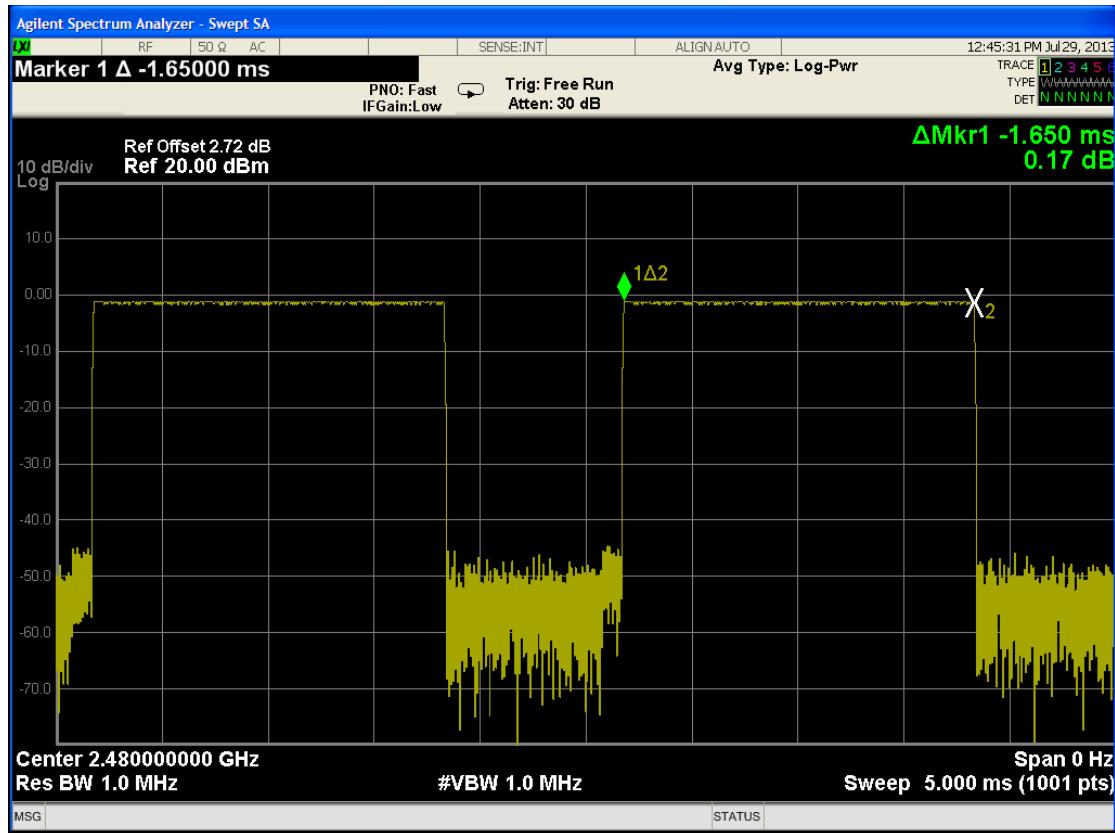


### 3. Highest channel (2.480 GHz):

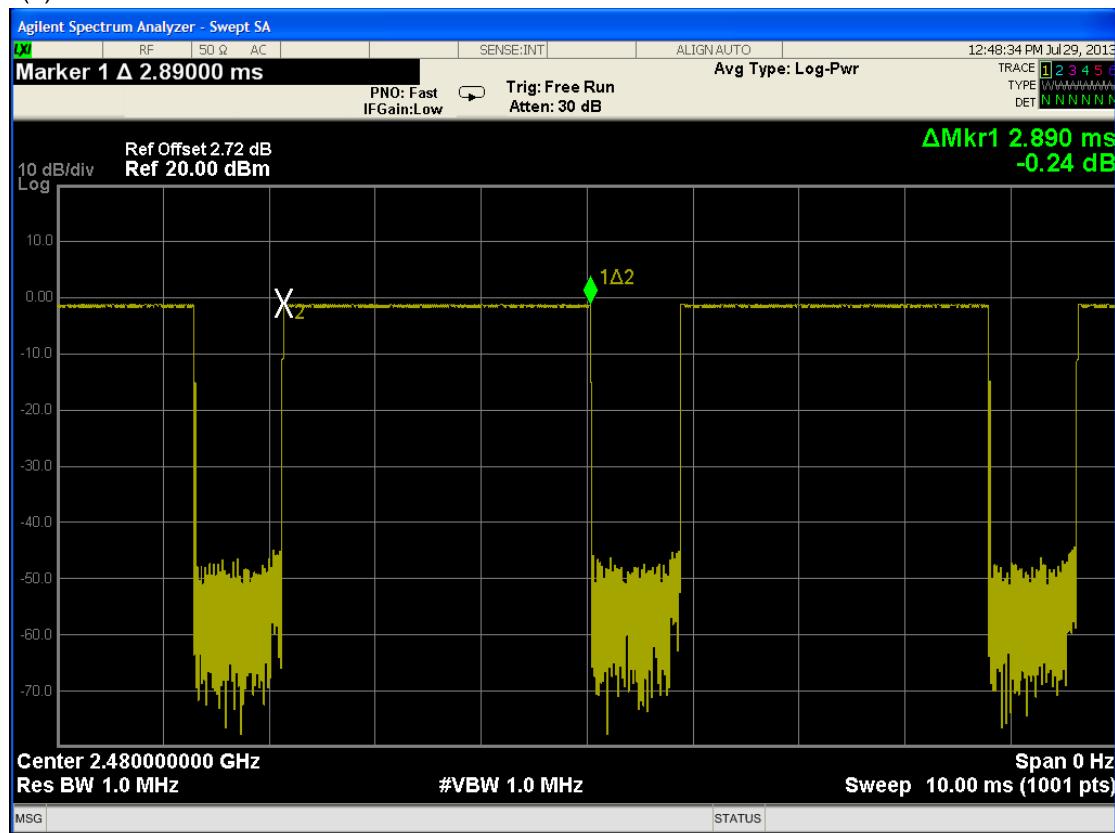
(1) DH1



(2) DH3



(3) DH5



Remark:

In communication data link mode (expect inquiry or page mode) the hopping rate is 1600 per second, the 79 channels will be randomly selected for RF channel, and each channel have equal probability to be selected. The hop selection scheme is defined in Clause 2.6 of Part B of Volume 2 of core specification of Bluetooth.

The Dwell time must be calculated via following formula:

$$\text{Dwell time} = \text{Pulse width} \times (\text{Hopping rate} / \text{Number of channels}) \times \text{Period}$$

$$\text{Period} = 0.4 \text{ (seconds/channel)} \times 79 \text{ (channel)} = 31.6 \text{ seconds}$$

So

$$\text{Dwell time DH1} = \text{slot time} \times (1600/2/79) \times 31.6$$

$$\text{Dwell time DH3} = \text{slot time} \times (1600/4/79) \times 31.6$$

$$\text{Dwell time DH5} = \text{slot time} \times (1600/6/79) \times 31.6$$

The RF channel will remain fixed for duration of a packet, that means for DH3 packet the RF frequency will remain unchanged during 3 slots (1slot=1/1600=625us), and for DH5 packet the RF frequency will remain unchanged during 5 slots, illustrated the principle as below:

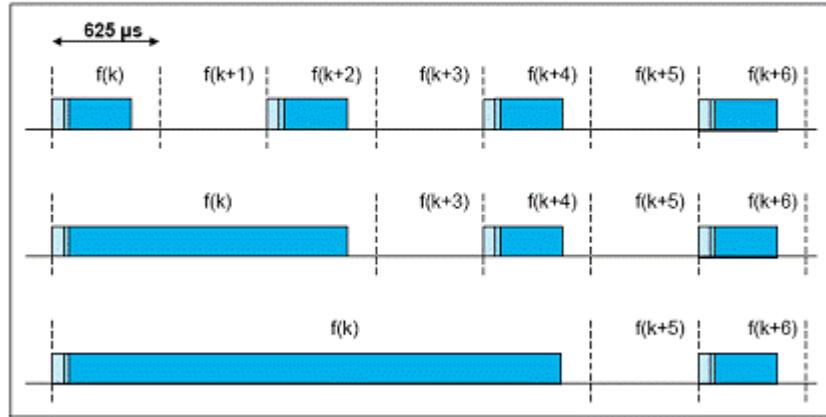


Figure 2.14: Single- and multi-slot packets.

Therefore, in a certain period for different packet types, the quantities of hops (not hopping rate 1600) are different, accurately, the quantity of hops for DH1 is double of DH3's and triple of DH5's. "for DH1 packet, 1 hop in 1 slot; for DH3 packet,  $\frac{1}{2}$  hop in 1 slot; for DH5 packet,  $\frac{1}{3}$  hop in 1 slot.", explained as below:

From the illustrated hopping scheme:

For DH1, in two slots, there are two hops, i.e.  $f(k)$  in Slot(k),  $f(k+1)$  in Slot(k+1), means DH1 1 hop in 1 slot;

For DH3, in four slots, there are two hops, i.e.  $f(k)$  in Slot(k) & Slot(k+1) & Slot(k+2),  $f(k+3)$  in

Slot(k+3), means DH3 2 hops in four slots  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}$  hop in 1 slot;

For DH5, in six slots, there are two hops, i.e.  $f(k)$  in Slot(k) & Slot(k+1) & Slot(k+2) & Slot(k+3) & Slot(k+4),  $f(k+5)$  in Slot(k+5), means DH3 2 hops in six slots  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{3}$  hop in 1 slot.

The Hopping rate in the formula should not be fixed value, for DH1, it is  $1600/2$ ; for DH3, it is  $1600/4$ ; for DH5, it is  $1600/6$ . To calculate Dwell time of data transmission of Bluetooth system, the worst case is for Bluetooth PICONET that contains two devices only (although Bluetooth PICONET can support up to eight devices), and for Bluetooth data transmission, after device A sending a packet to device B, device A must get response packet from device B to continue data transmission;

For DH1 packet: assume device A is EUT, the worst case is after device A sending a DH1 packet to device B, device A gets a DH1 response packet from device B, that means device A needs 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving, therefore, the actual hopping rate of device A is half of 1600, i.e. 800 hops per second for EUT;

For DH3 packet: assume device A is EUT, the worst case is after device A sending a DH3 packet to device B, device A gets a DH1 response packet from device B, that means device A needs 3 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving, therefore, the actual hopping rate of device A is quarter of 1600, i.e. 400 hops per second for EUT;

For DH5 packet: assume device A is EUT, the worst case is after device A sending a DH5 packet to device B, device A gets a DH1 response packet from device B, that means device A needs 5 time slots for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving, therefore, the actual hopping rate of device A is sixth of 1600, i.e.  $1600/6=266.7$  hops per second for EUT;

## 5.7 Maximum Peak Output Power

**Test Requirement:** FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(b)(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

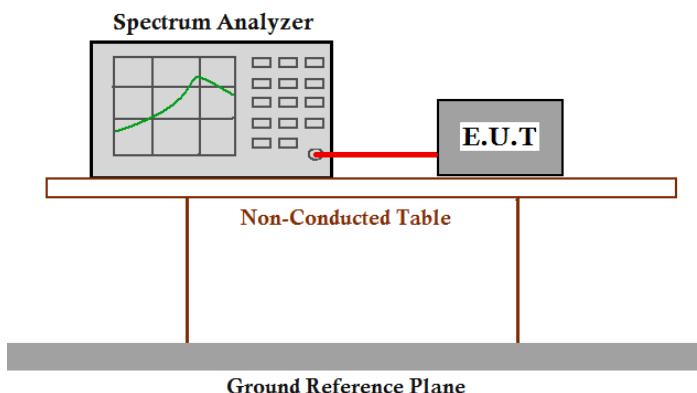
Refer to the result "Hopping channel number" of this document. The 1 watt (30.0 dBm) limit applies.

**Test Method:** ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.10 & DA 00-705

**Test Limit:** 1 watt (30.0dBm)

**Test mode:** Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal (DH1), normal mode (DH3) and normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Test Configuration:**



**Test Procedure:**

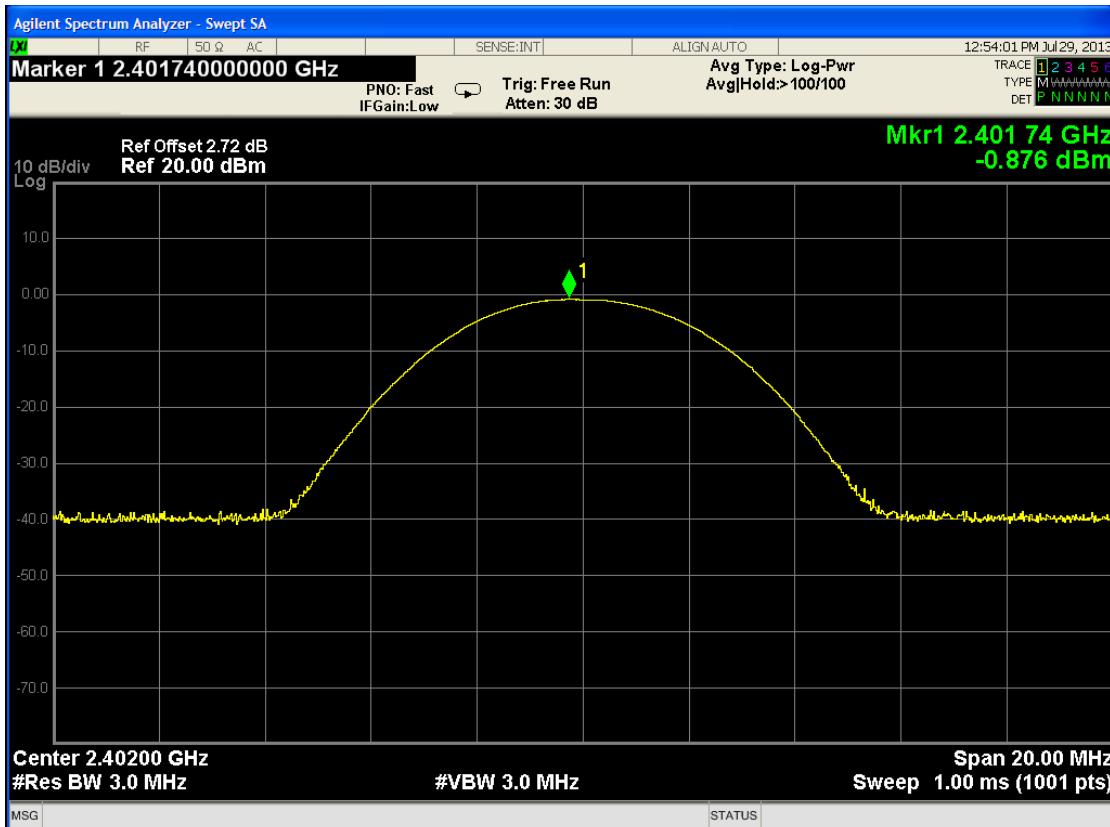
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 3MHz. VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.

Test result with normal mode::				
<b>DH1</b>				
Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2402	-0.876	30.0	Pass
Middle	2441	-0.950	30.0	Pass
Highest	2480	-0.985	30.0	Pass
<b>DH3</b>				
Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2402	-0.605	30.0	Pass
Middle	2441	-0.693	30.0	Pass
Highest	2480	-1.065	30.0	Pass
<b>DH5</b>				
Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2402	-0.618	30.0	Pass
Middle	2441	-0.745	30.0	Pass
Highest	2480	-1.081	30.0	Pass
<b>Remark: cable loss=2.72dB</b>				
<b>Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.</b>				
<b>Test result plot as follows:</b>				

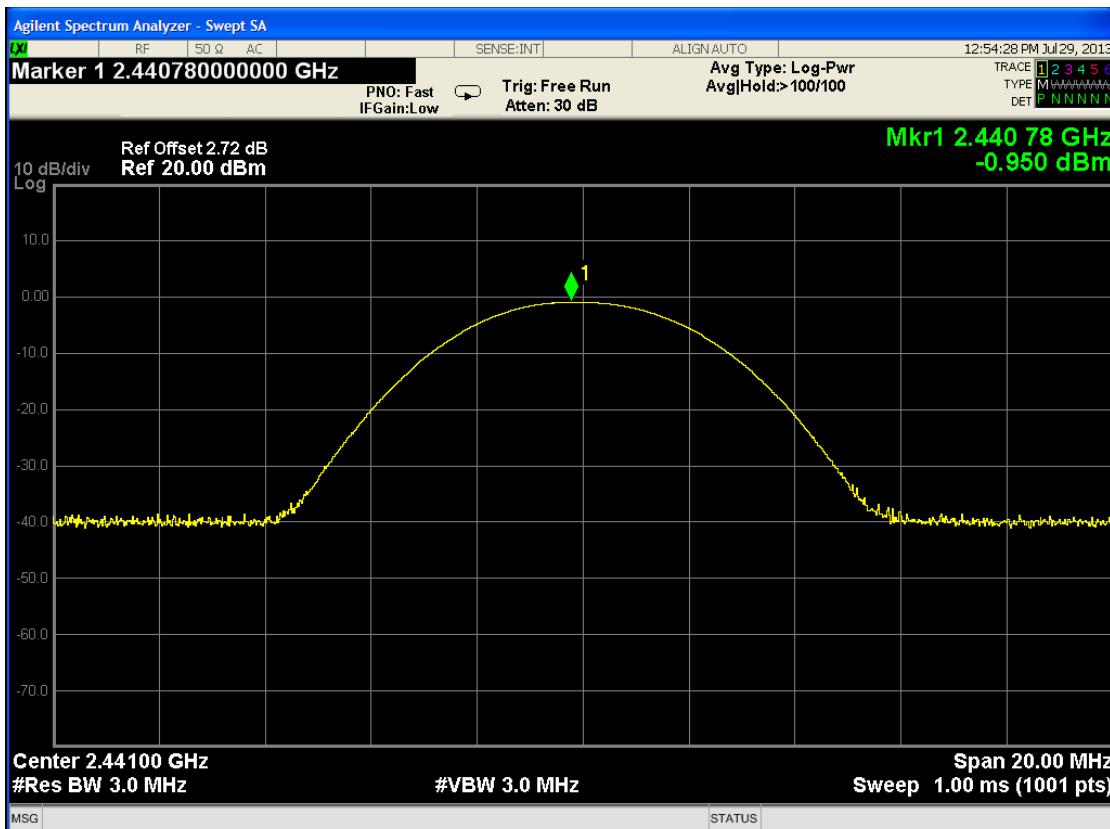
Normal mode:

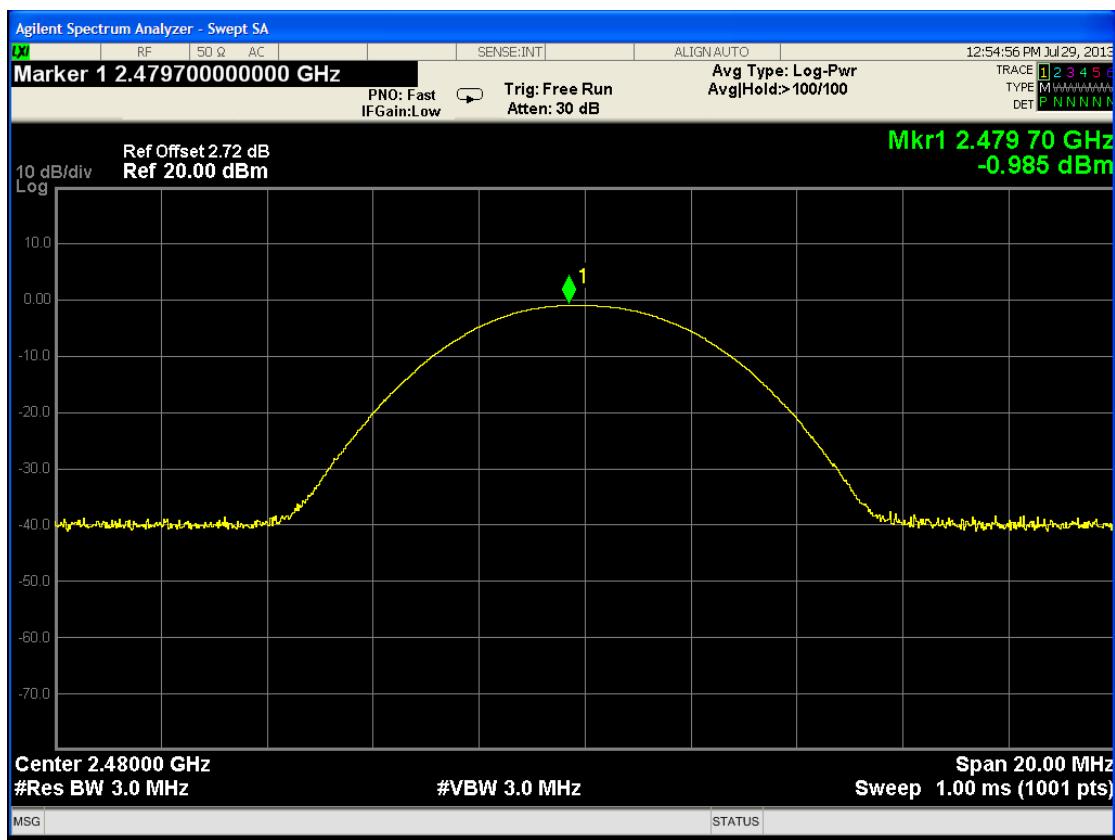
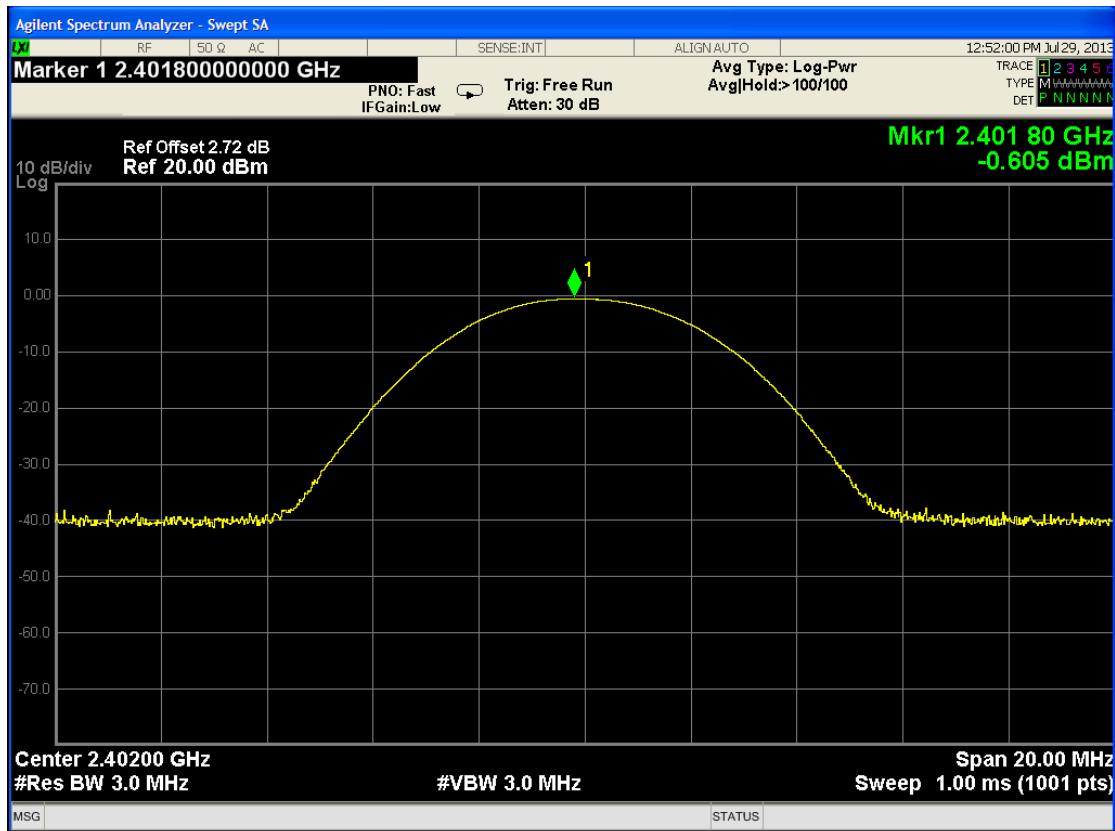
DH1

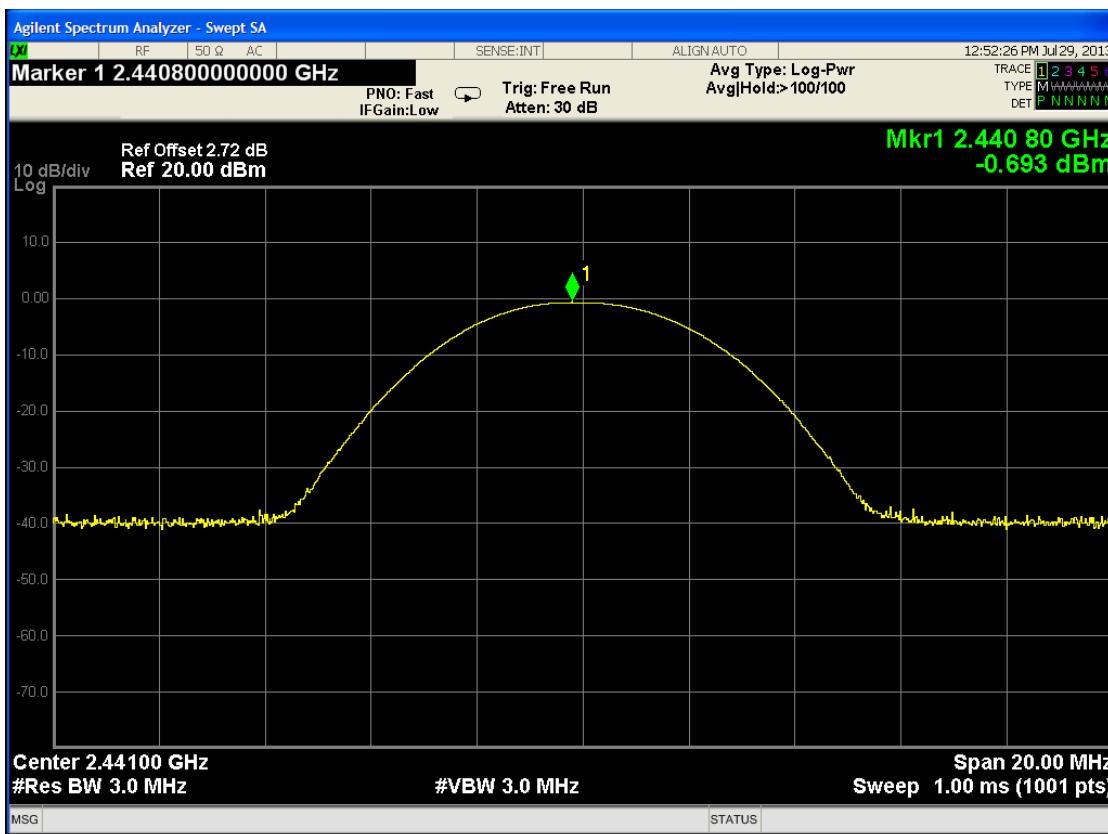
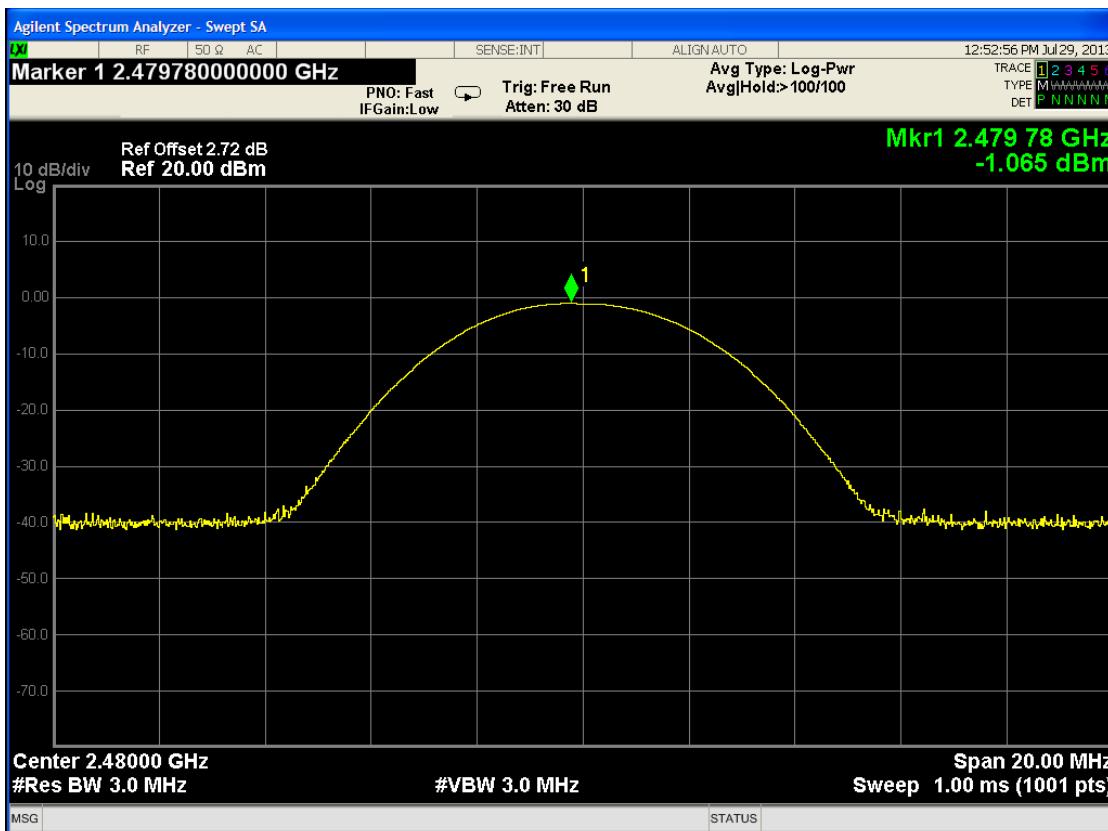
Lowest Channel:



Middle Channel:

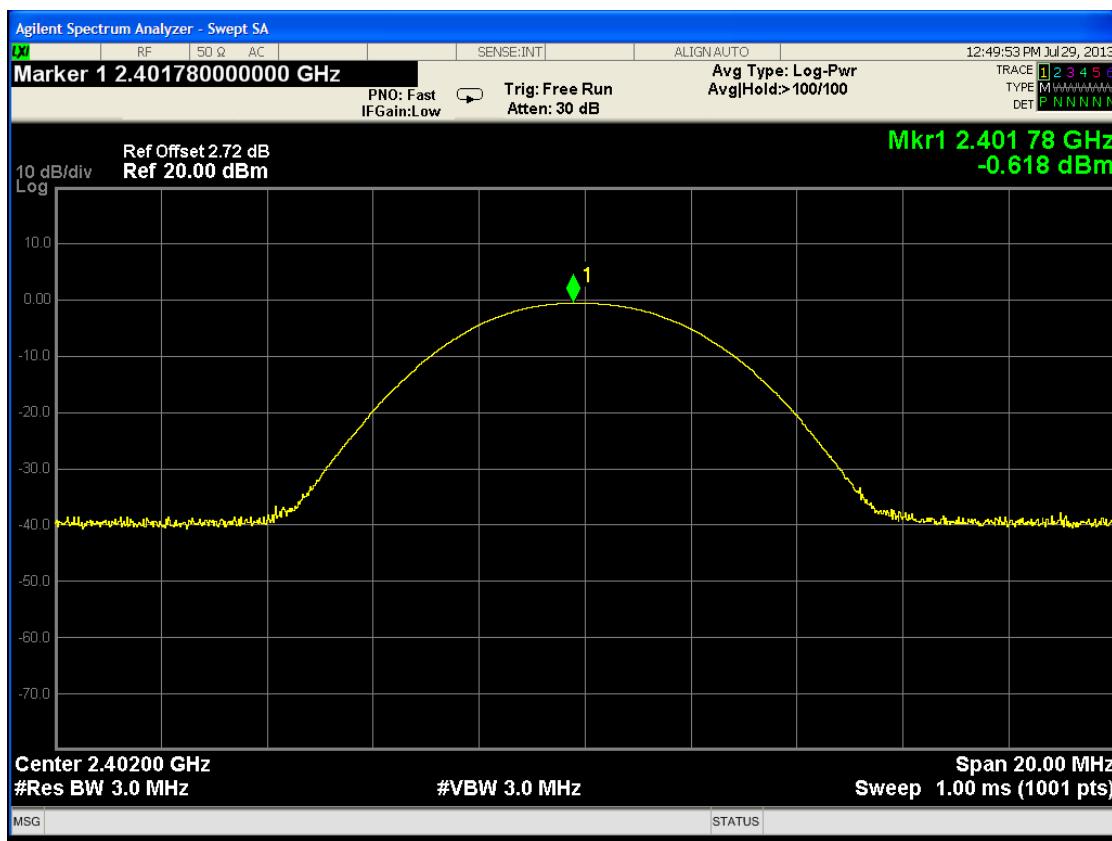


**Highest Channel:****DH3****Lowest Channel:**

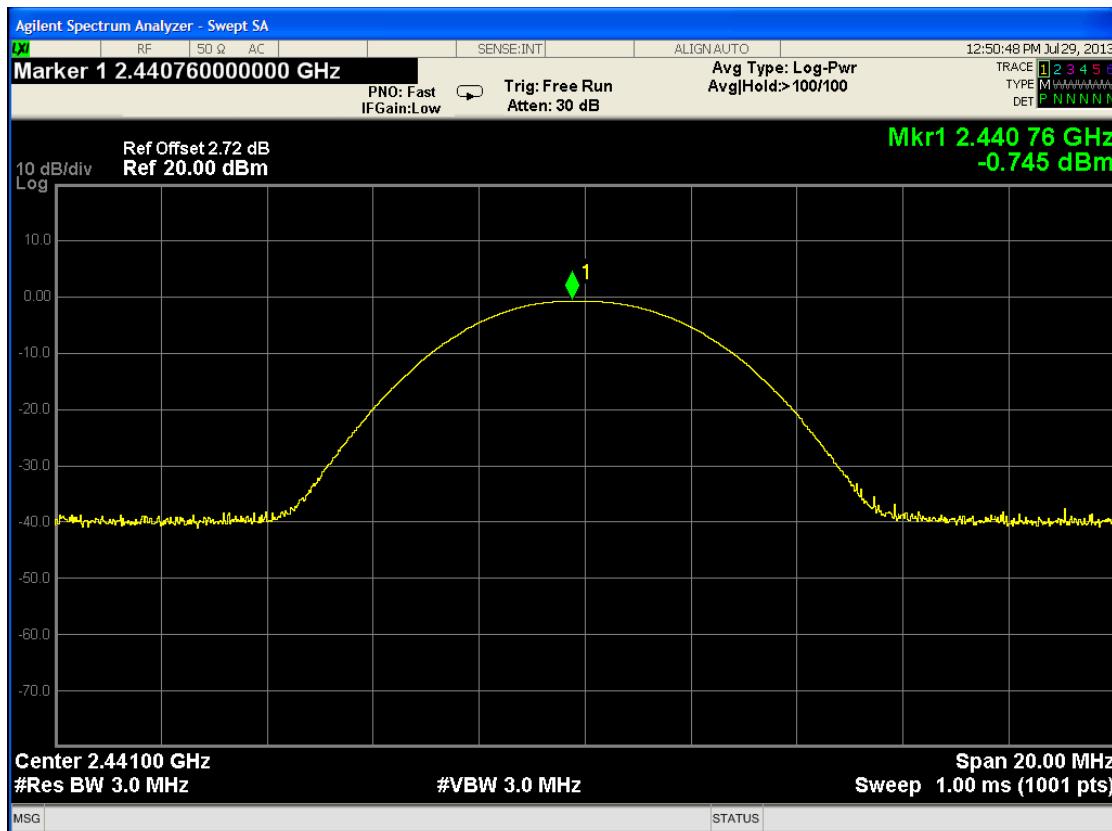
**Middle Channel:****Highest Channel:**

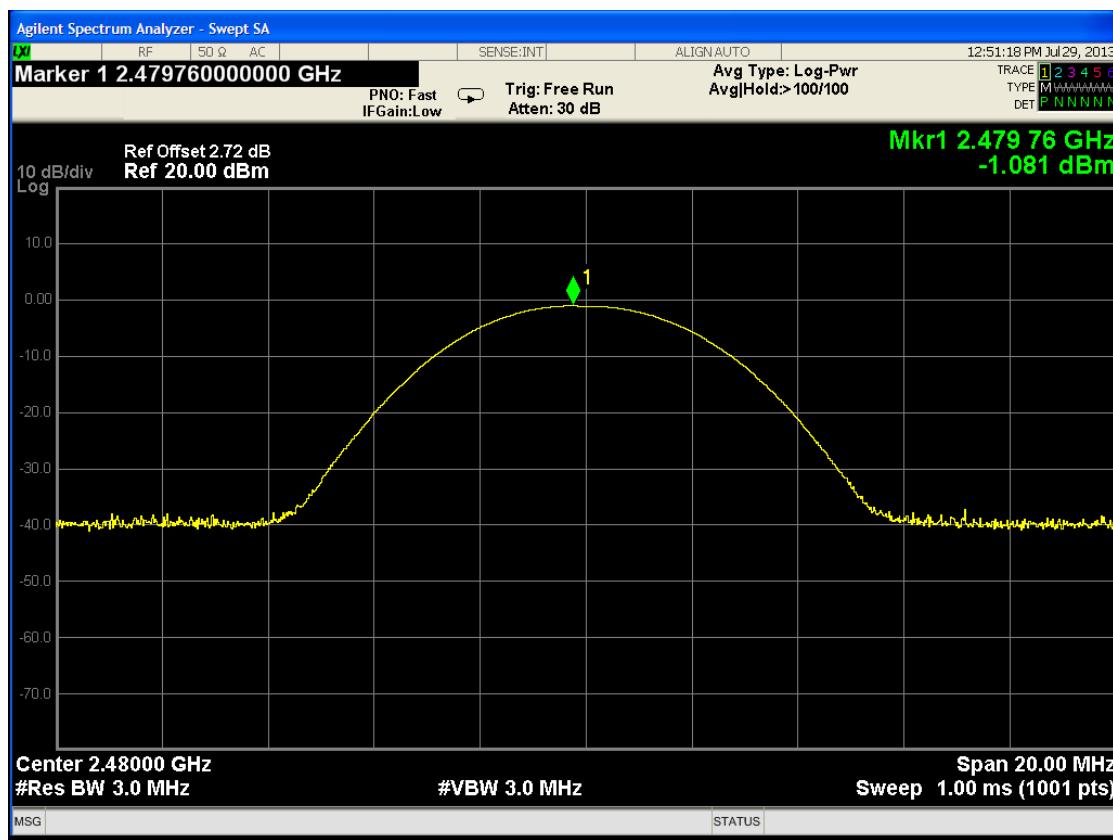
DH5:

Lowest Channel:



Middle Channel:



**Highest Channel:**

## 5.8 Conducted Spurious Emissions

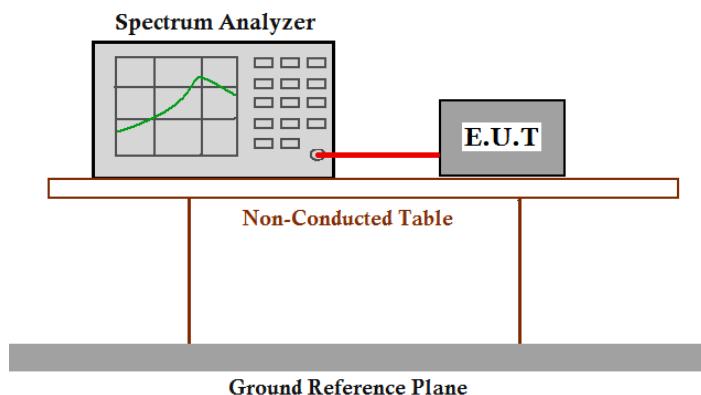
**Test Requirement:** FCC Part15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

**Test Method:** ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7 & DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal (DH1), normal mode (DH3) and normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Test Configuration:**



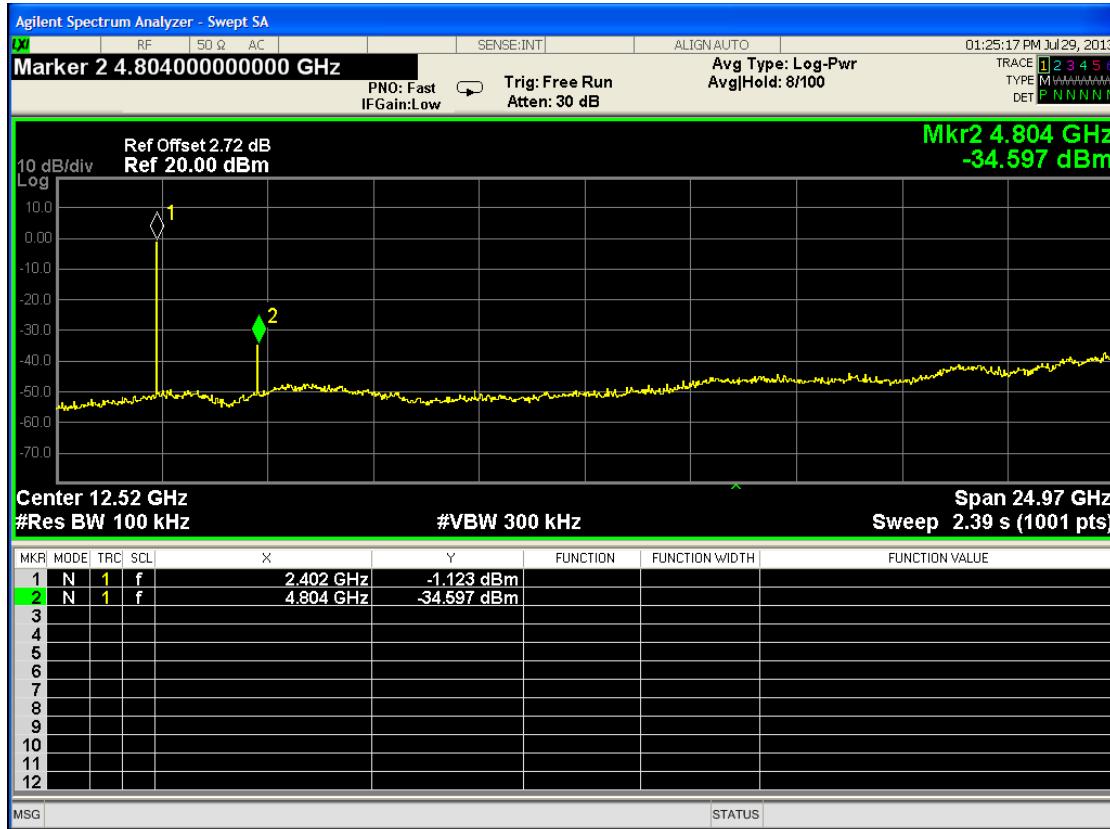
**Test Procedure:**

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak (Max. hold).

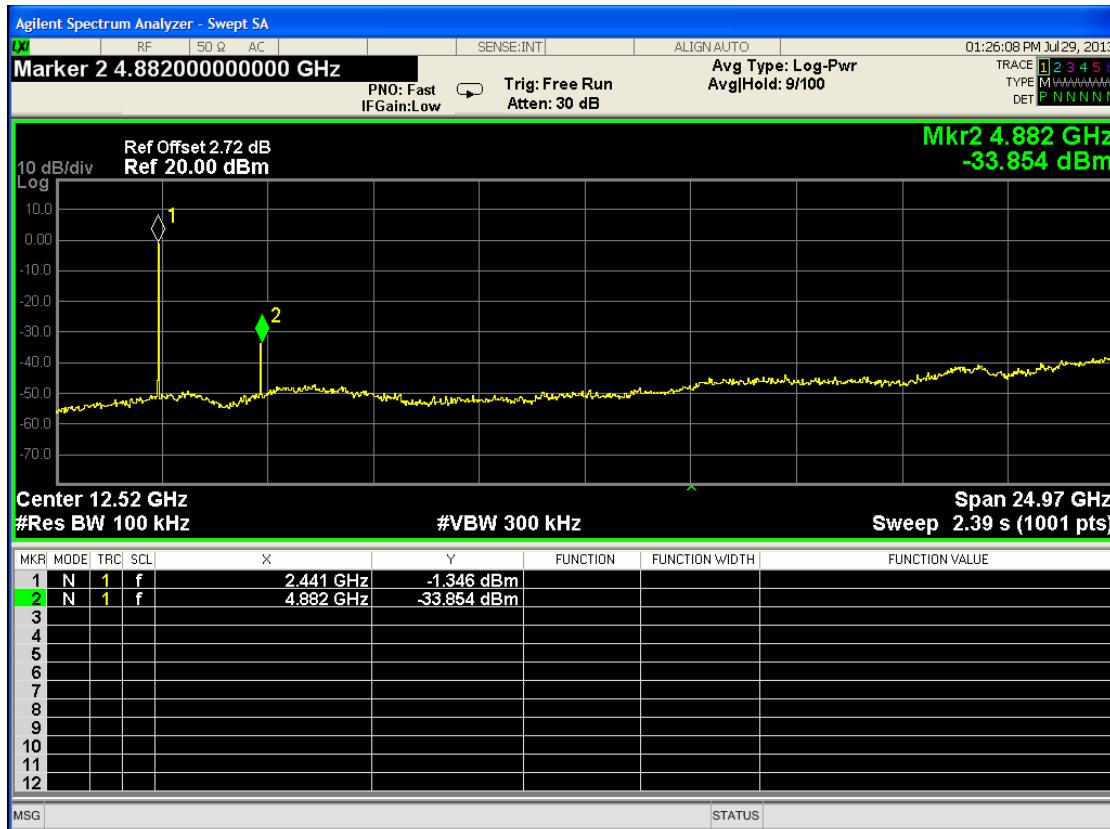
**Test result plot as follows (Normal mode):**

PH1

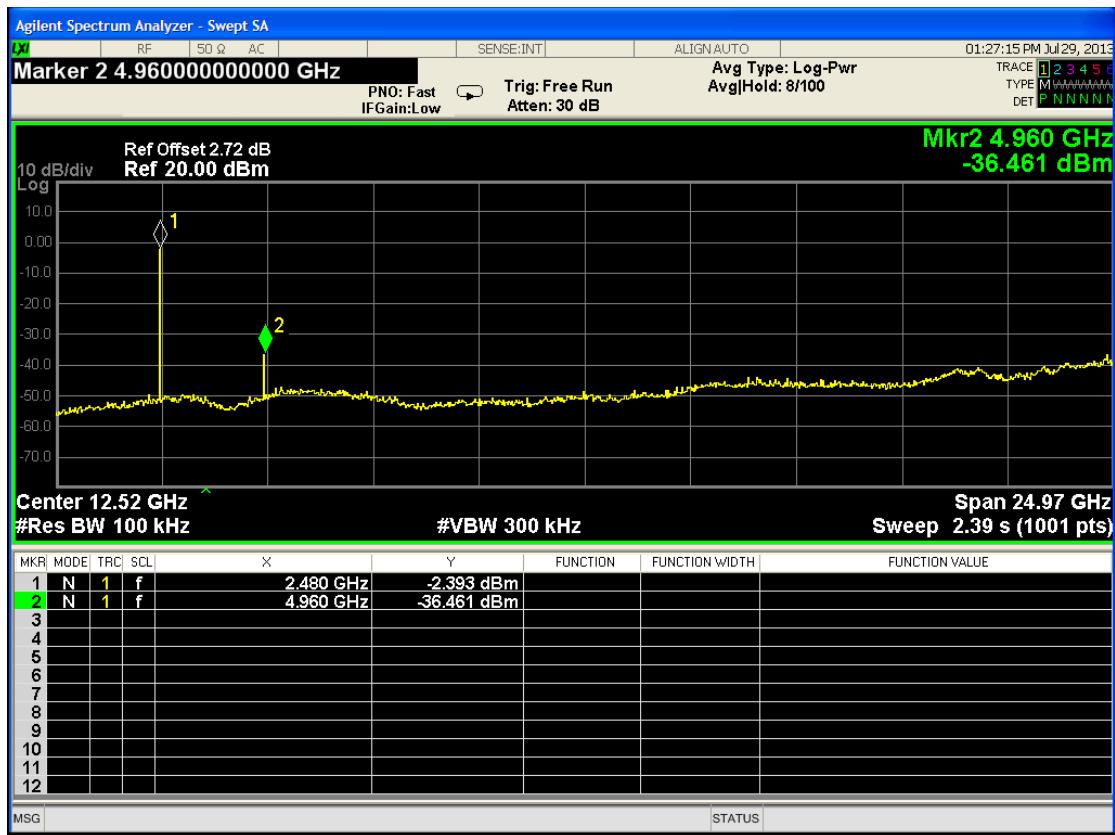
## Lowest Channel:



## Middle Channel

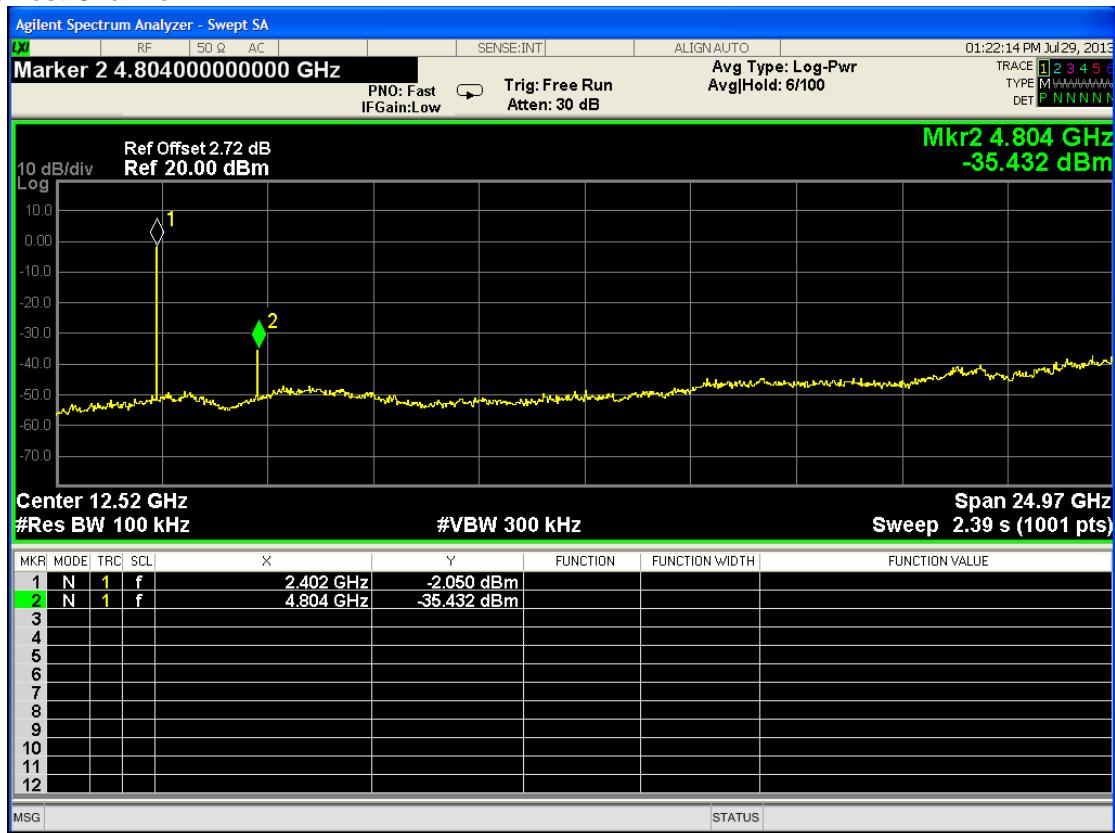


## Highest channel

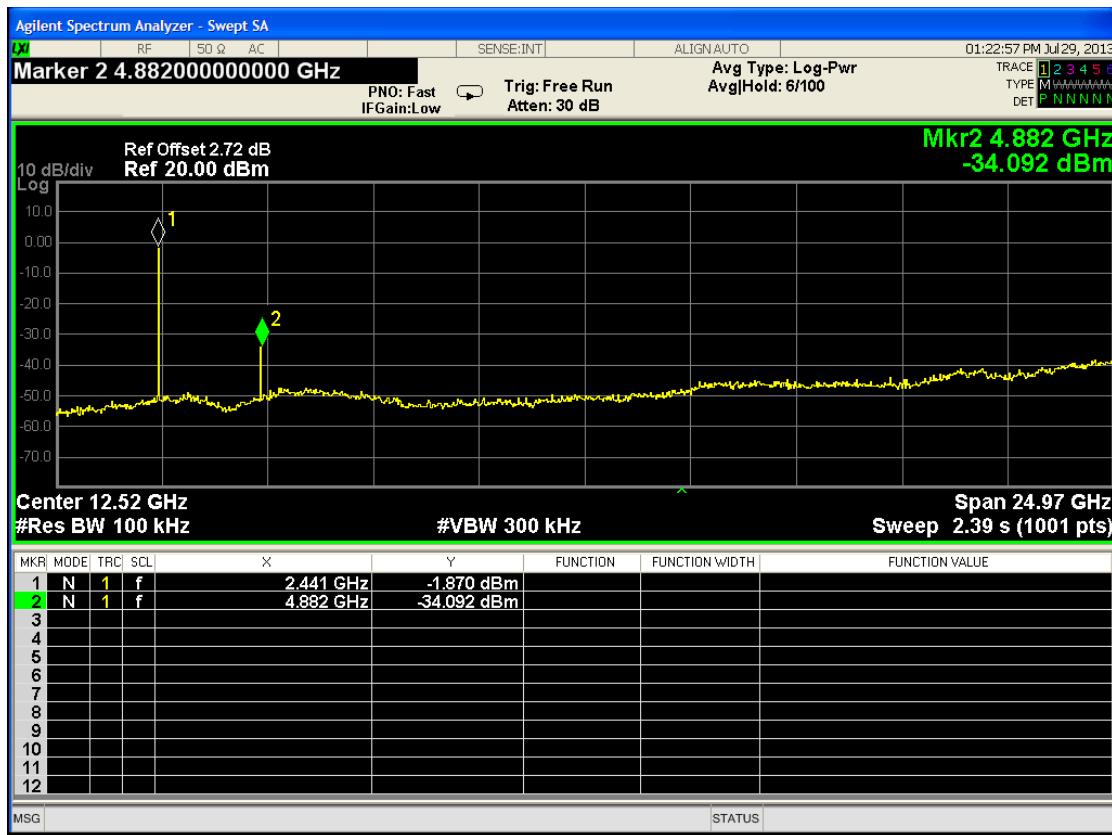


## DH3

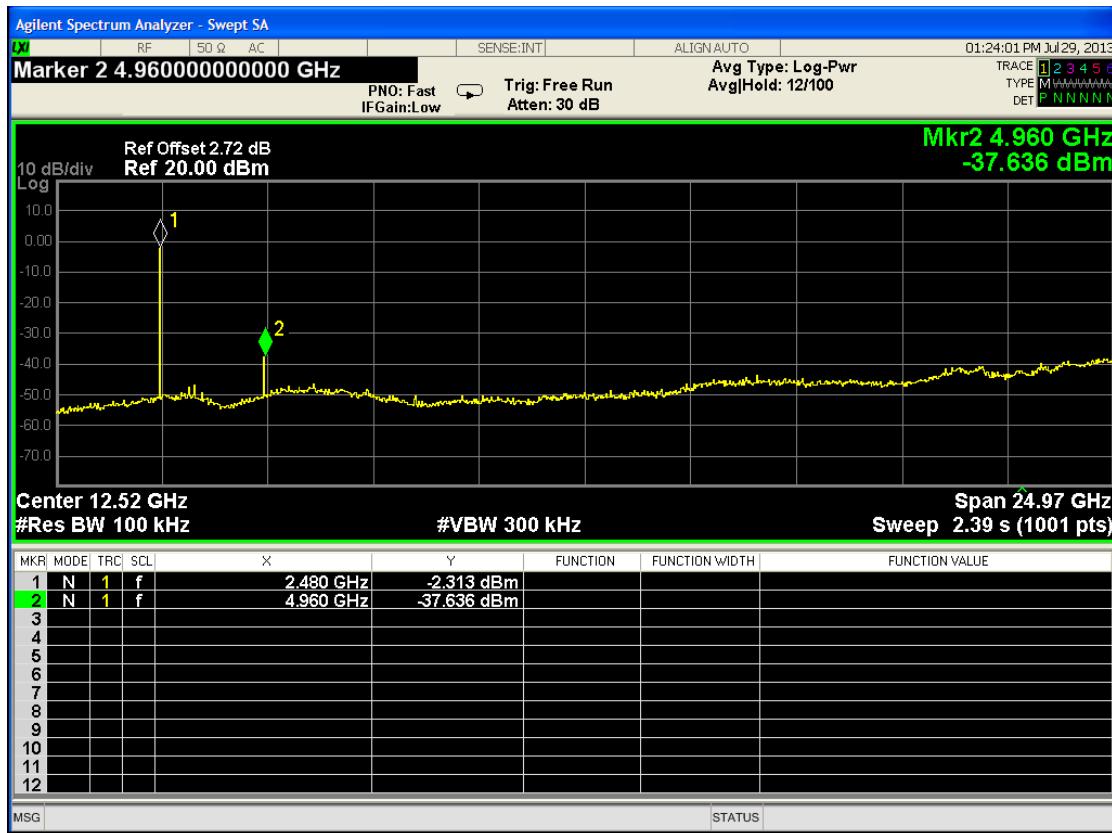
## Lowest Channel:



## Middle Channel

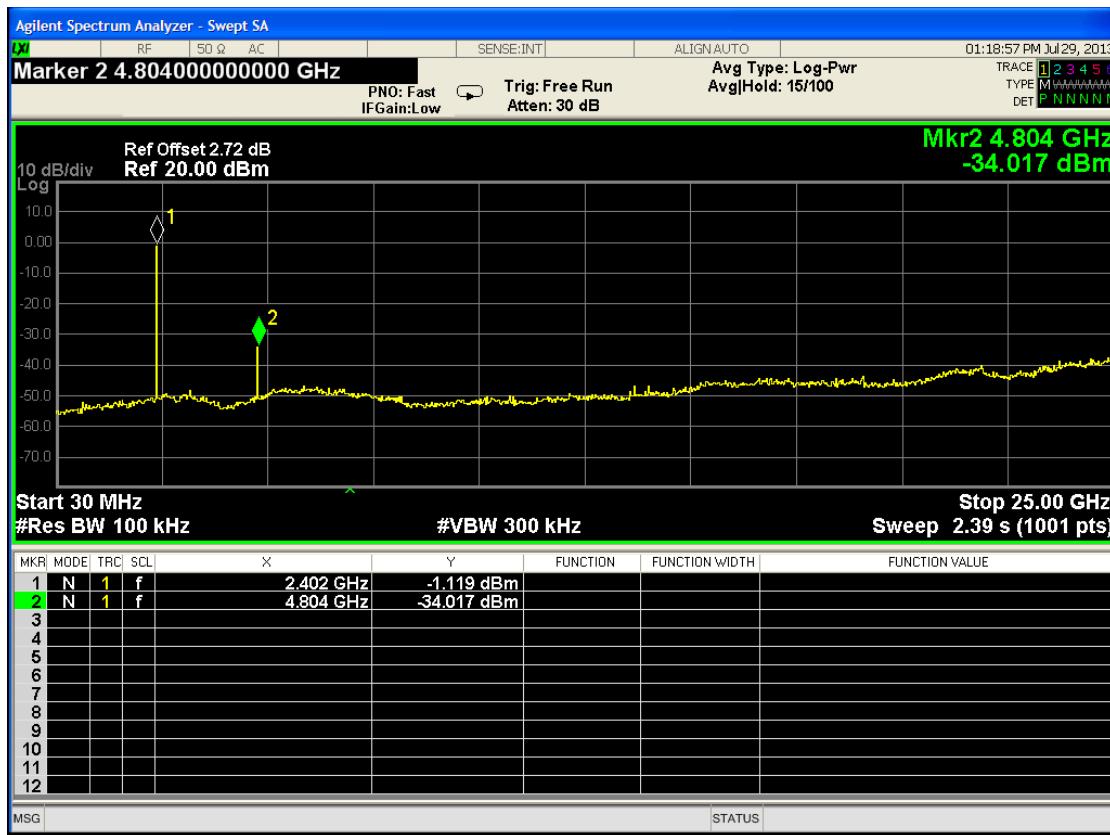


## Highest channel

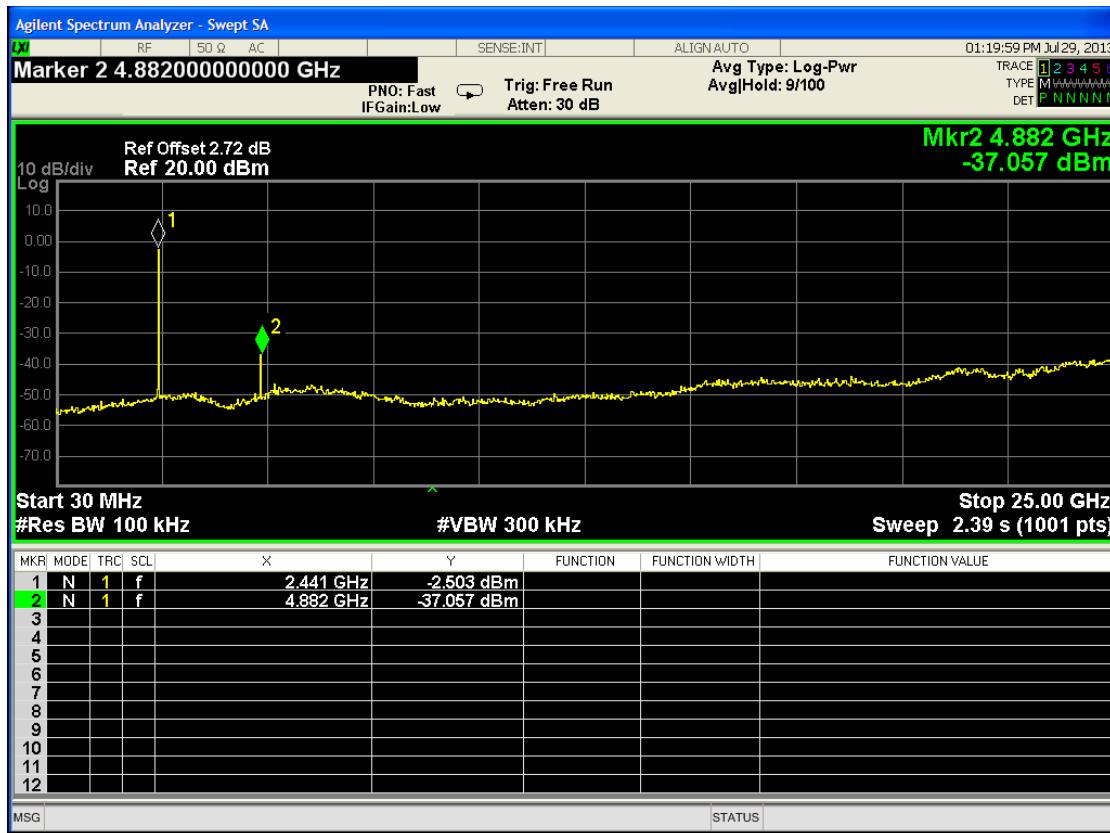


DH5

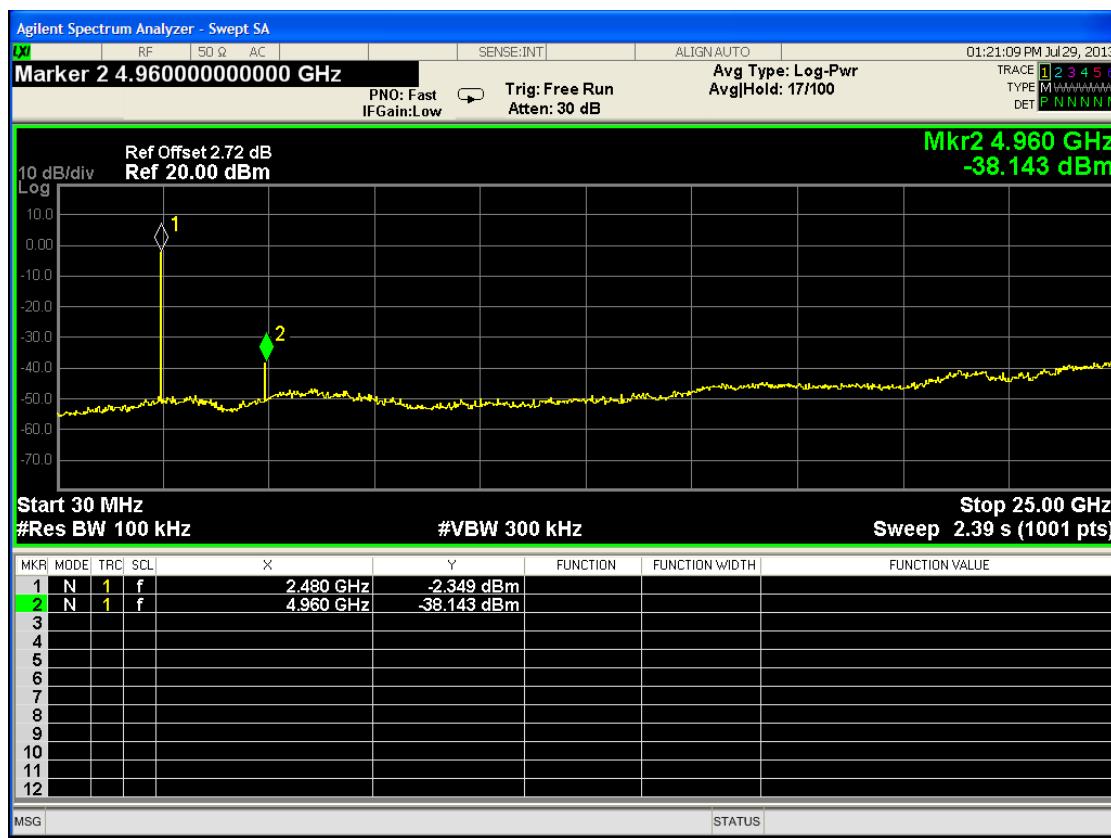
Lowest Channel:



Middle Channel



## Highest channel



**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**

## 5.9 Radiated Spurious Emissions

**Test Requirement:** FCC Part15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, and provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

**Test Method:** ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 & DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest, middle and highest channel with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Detector:** For PK value:

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz, 9kHz for <30MHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For AV value:

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz, 9kHz for <30MHz

VBW = 10 Hz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

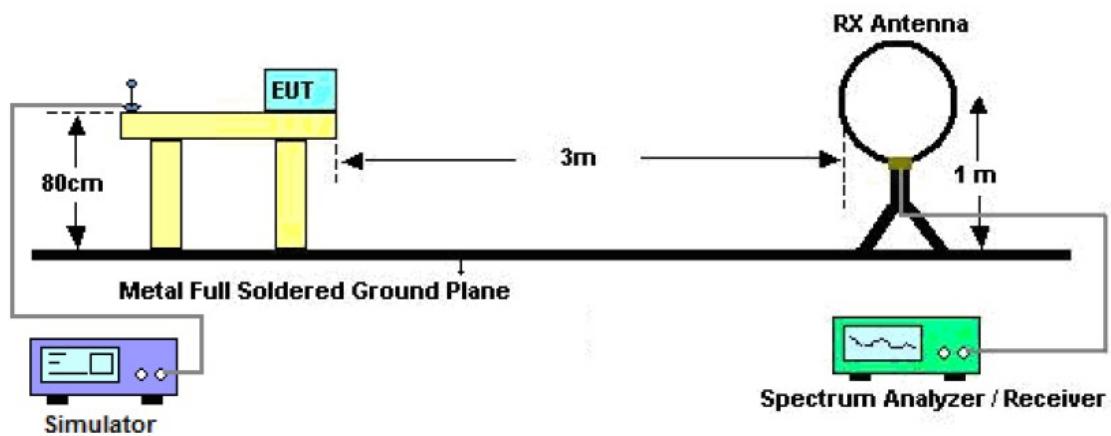
**15.209 Limit:** Section 15.209(a)

Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

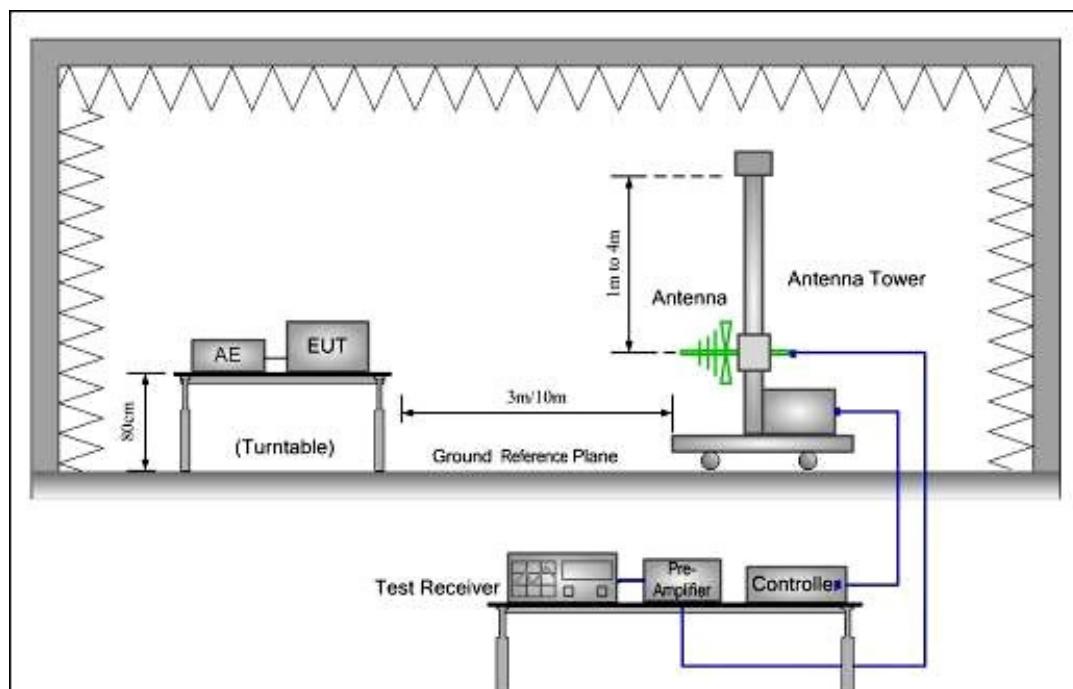
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**Test Configuration:**

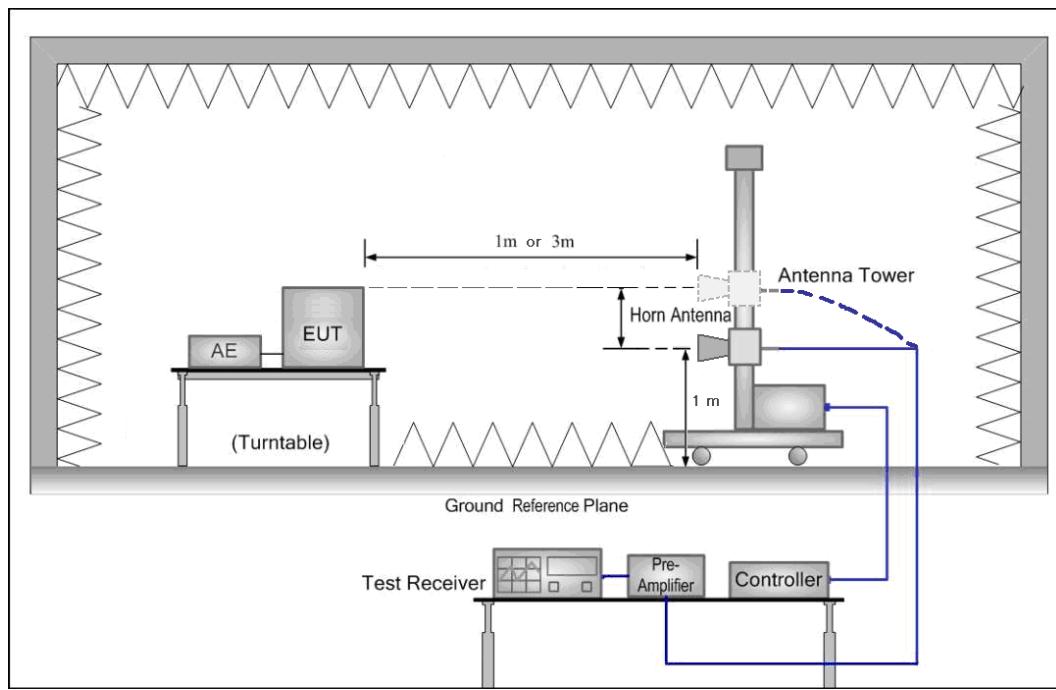
- 1) 9kHz to 30MHz emissions:



- 2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:



## 3) 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions:



**Test Procedure:** The procedure used was ANSI Standard C63.4:2003. The receiver was scanned from 30MHz to 25GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.

Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from  $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$ , in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit.

Submit this data.

### 5.9.1 Harmonic and other spurious emissions

#### Test at low Channel in transmitting status

9kHz~30MHz Test result

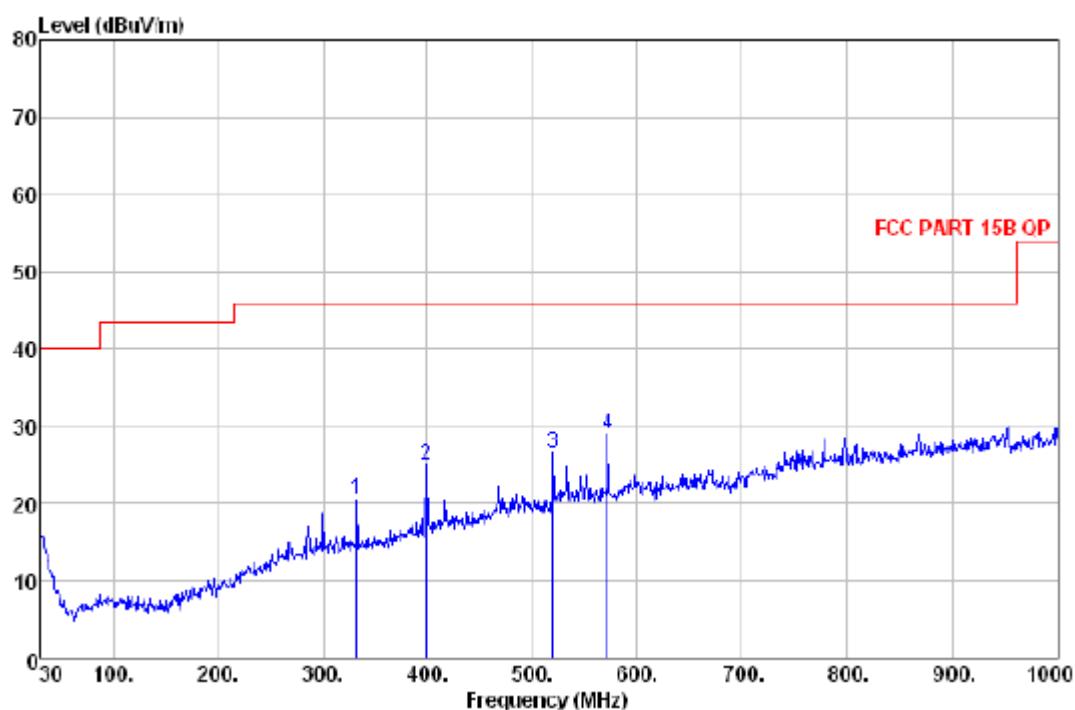
The Low frequency, which started from 9kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not report

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

Horizontal:

Peak scan

Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Remark	Antenna	Cable	Limit	Margin A/pos	T/pos
				Factor dB/ $\mu$	Loss dB	Line dB $\mu$ V/m	dB	cm
1	332.640	20.54	QP	13.92	2.23	46.00	-25.46	100
2	398.600	25.04	QP	15.94	2.44	46.00	-20.96	100
3	519.850	26.52	QP	18.79	2.83	46.00	-19.48	200
4	672.230	28.80	QP	10.64	2.08	46.00	-17.11	200

Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

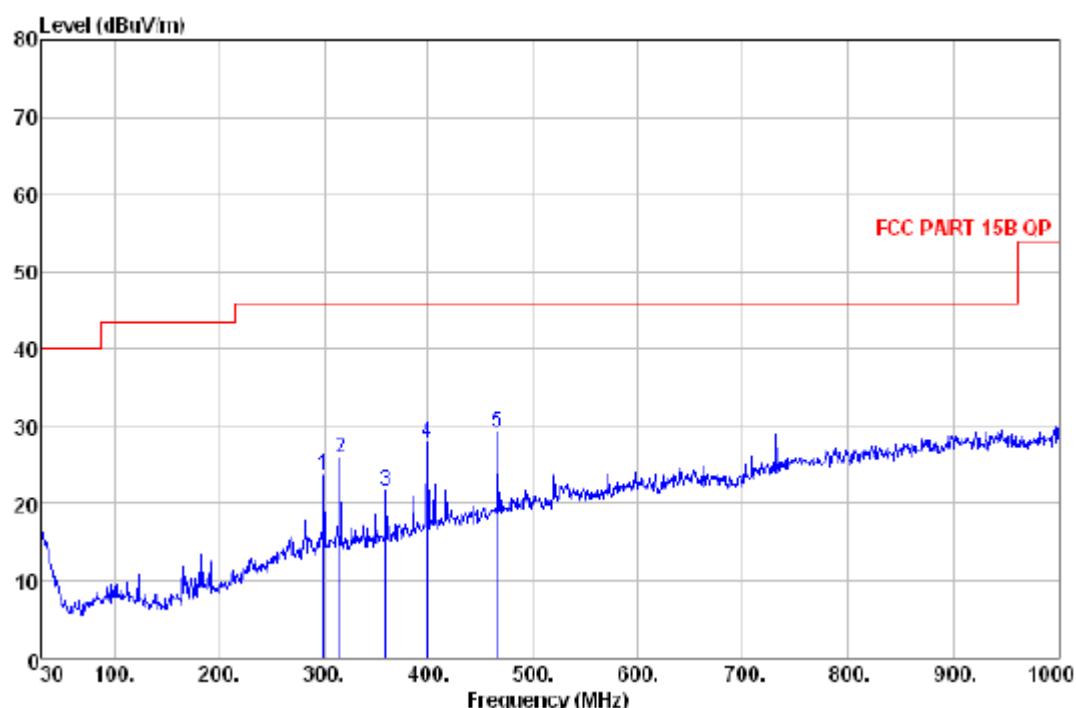
## Test at low Channel in transmitting status

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

**Vertical:**

Peak scan

Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/n	Remark	Antenna Factor dB/n	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB	A/pos cm	I/pos deg
1	299.660	23.53	QP	13.79	2.12	46.00	-22.47	100	81
2	316.150	25.75	QP	13.85	2.18	46.00	-20.25	100	0
3	358.830	21.60	QP	14.34	2.31	46.00	-24.40	100	88
4	398.600	27.88	QP	15.94	2.44	46.00	-18.12	200	56
5	465.530	29.24	QP	17.69	2.67	46.00	-16.76	200	89

Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

1~25 GHz Harmonics &amp; Spurious Emissions. Peak &amp; Average Measurement

**Peak Measurement:**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna polarization
4804.00	34.32	9.59	27.62	35.30	51.59	74.00	V
7206.00	34.88	12.15	27.33	34.01	53.71	74.00	V
4804.00	34.32	9.59	27.62	34.53	50.82	74.00	H
7206.00	34.88	12.15	27.33	34.32	54.02	74.00	H

**Average Measurement:**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna polarization
4804.00	34.32	9.59	27.62	20.31	36.6	54.00	V
7206.00	34.88	12.15	27.33	19.86	39.56	54.00	V
4804.00	34.32	9.59	27.62	20.01	36.3	54.00	H
7206.00	34.88	12.15	27.33	19.92	39.62	54.00	H

## Test at Middle Channel in transmitting status

9kHz~30MHz Test result

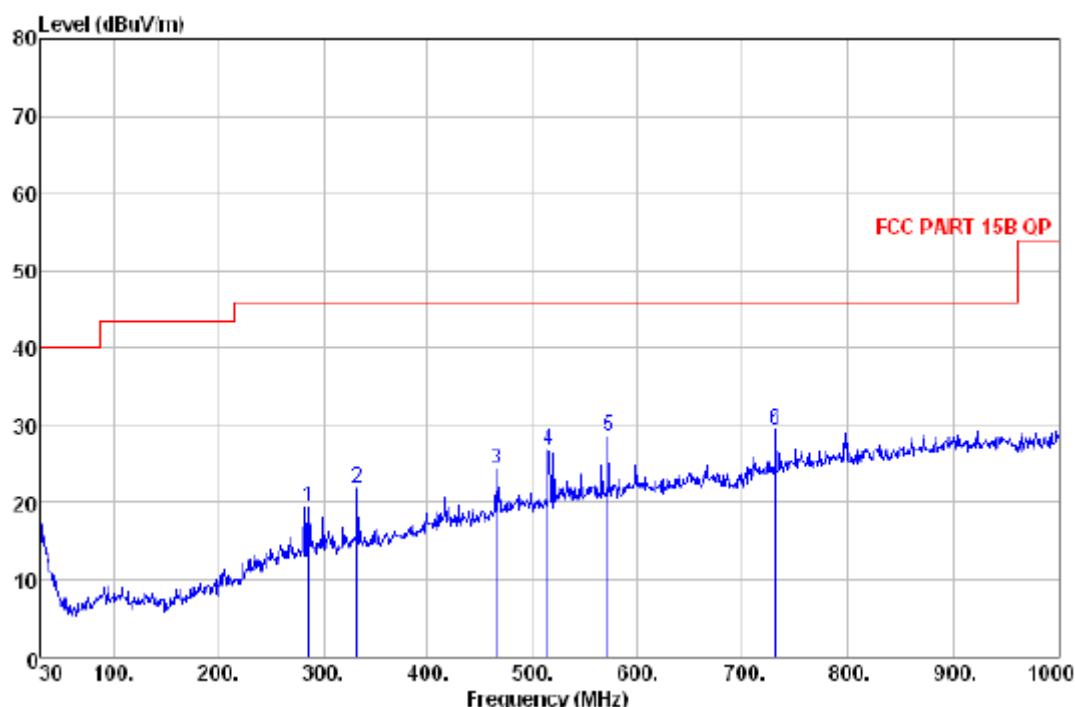
The Low frequency, which started from 9kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not report

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

**Horizontal:**

Peak scan

Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Remark	Antenna Factor dB/m	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dBuV/m	Margin dB	A/pos cm	I/pos deg
1	286.080	19.39	QP	13.53	2.07	46.00	-26.61	100	88
2	332.640	21.77	QP	13.92	2.23	46.00	-24.23	100	123
3	465.530	24.28	QP	17.09	2.67	46.00	-21.72	100	32
4	515.000	26.77	QP	18.60	2.82	46.00	-19.23	200	6
5	572.230	28.62	QP	19.64	2.98	46.00	-17.38	200	85
6	731.310	29.40	QP	21.12	3.40	46.00	-16.60	200	66

Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

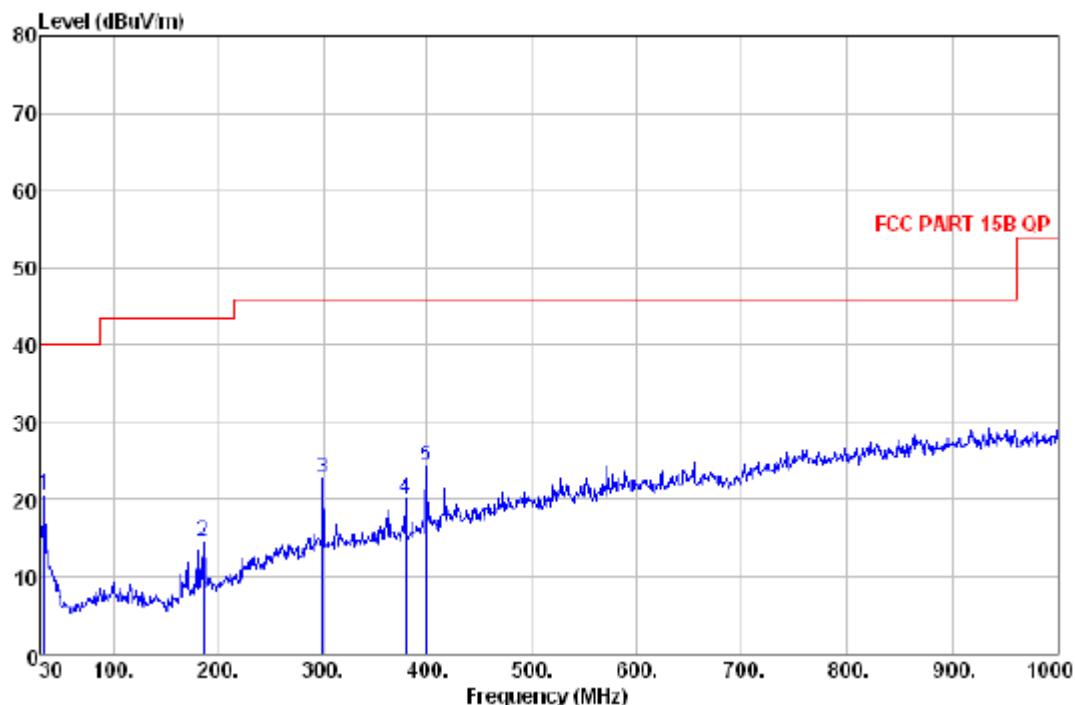
## Test at Middle Channel in transmitting status

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

### Vertical:

Peak scan

Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Remark	Antenna Factor dB/n	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dBuV/m	Margin A/pos T/pos		
							dB	cm	deg
1	33.880	20.58	QP	15.67	0.66	40.00	-19.42	100	45
2	185.200	14.40	QP	8.32	1.64	43.50	-29.10	100	87
3	299.660	22.77	QP	13.79	2.12	46.00	-23.23	100	138
4	379.200	19.98	QP	15.27	2.37	46.00	-26.02	200	183
5	398.600	24.34	QP	15.94	2.44	46.00	-21.66	200	12

Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

**Peak Measurement:**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna polarization
4882.00	34.33	9.59	27.60	35.42	51.74	74.00	V
7323.00	34.92	12.17	27.31	34.08	53.86	74.00	V
4882.00	34.33	9.59	27.60	35.53	51.85	74.00	H
7323.00	34.92	12.17	27.31	34.42	54.2	74.00	H

**Average Measurement:**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna polarization
4882.00	34.33	9.59	27.60	22.30	38.62	54.00	V
7323.00	34.92	12.17	27.31	22.01	41.79	54.00	V
4882.00	34.33	9.59	27.60	22.54	38.86	54.00	H
7323.00	34.92	12.17	27.31	22.13	41.91	54.00	H

## Test at high Channel in transmitting status

9kHz~30MHz Test result

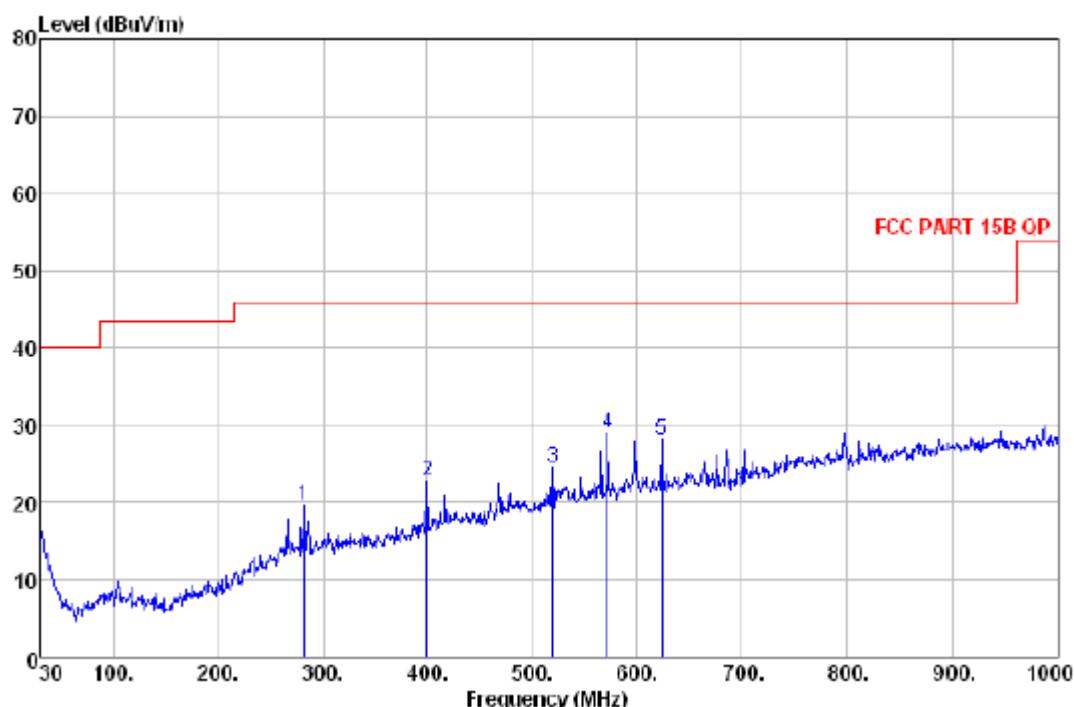
The Low frequency, which started from 9kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not report

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

**Horizontal:**

Peak scan

Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Remark	Antenna Factor dB/n	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB	A/pos cm	T/pos deg
1	282.200	19.70	QP	13.27	2.05	46.00	-26.30	100	123
2	399.570	22.84	QP	15.98	2.45	46.00	-23.16	100	78
3	519.850	24.61	QP	18.79	2.83	46.00	-21.39	100	32
4	572.200	20.90	QP	19.04	2.80	46.00	17.10	200	100
5	623.640	28.02	QP	20.07	3.13	46.00	-17.98	200	24

**Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss**

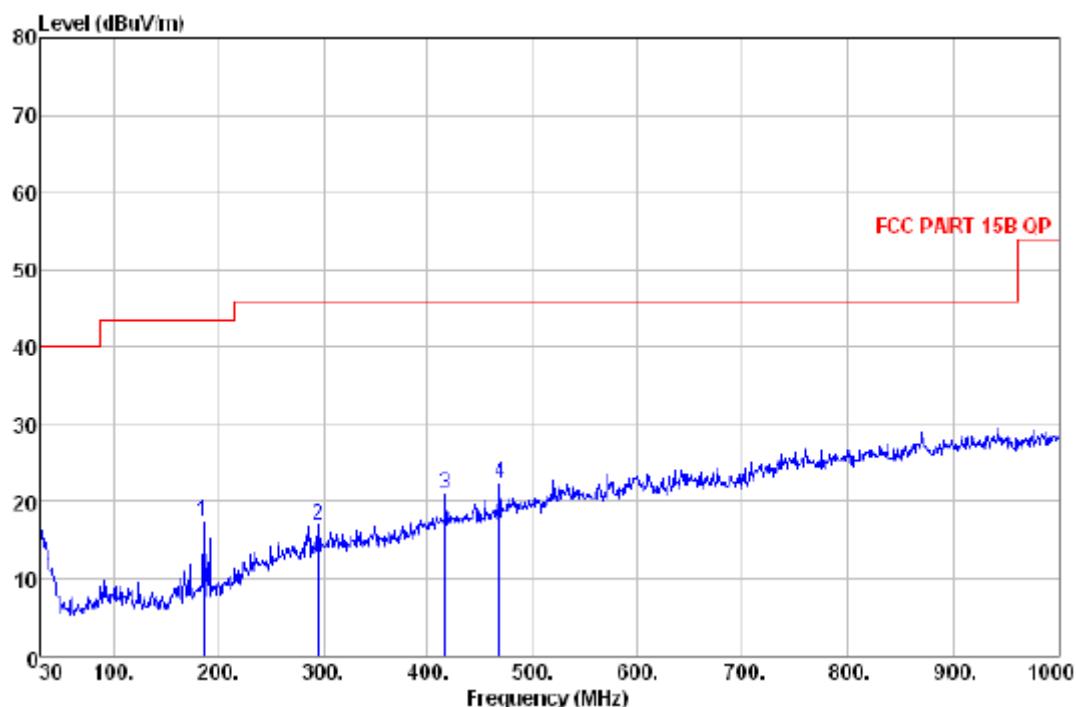
## Test at High Channel in transmitting status

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions .Quasi-Peak Measurement

### Vertical:

Peak scan

Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V/m	Remark	Antenna Factor dB/n	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB	A/pos cm	T/pos deg
1	185.200	17.28	QP	8.32	1.64	43.50	-26.22	100	45
2	295.780	16.99	QP	13.72	2.11	46.00	-29.01	100	89
3	410.000	20.99	QP	10.40	2.51	40.00	-20.01	200	76
4	468.440	22.34	QP	17.89	2.68	46.00	-23.66	200	8

Level=Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss

## 1~25 GHz Harmonics &amp; Spurious Emissions. Peak &amp; Average Measurement

**Peak Measurement:**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna polarization
4960.00	34.36	9.60	27.61	35.33	51.68	74.00	V
7440.00	34.98	12.19	27.30	34.51	54.38	74.00	V
4960.00	34.36	9.60	27.61	34.57	50.92	74.00	H
7440.00	34.98	12.19	27.30	33.91	53.78	74.00	H

**Average Measurement:**

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Antenna polarization
4960.00	34.36	9.60	27.61	21.30	37.65	54.00	V
7440.00	34.98	12.19	27.30	19.03	38.90	54.00	V
4960.00	34.36	9.60	27.61	20.52	36.87	54.00	H
7440.00	34.98	12.19	27.30	18.34	38.21	54.00	H

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor. Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

Final Test Level = Receiver Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Factor – Preamplifier Factor.

No any other emissions level which are attenuated less than 20dB below the limit.

According to 15.31(o), The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators and emissions from unintentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this Part.

Hence there no other emissions have been reported.

Remark:

- 1) For this intentional radiator operates below 25 GHz. The spectrum shall be investigated to the tenth harmonics of the highest fundamental frequency. And above the third harmonic of this intentional radiator, the disturbance is very low. So the test result only displays to 3<sup>rd</sup> harmonic.
- 2) As shown in Section, for frequencies above 1000 MHz. the above field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.
- 3) The test only perform the EUT in transmitting status since the test frequencies were over 1GHz only required transmitting status.

**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**

## 5.10 Radiated Emissions which fall in the restricted bands

**Test Requirement:** FCC Part15 C Section 15.247

(d) In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

**Test Method:** ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 & DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Measurement Distance:** 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

**15.209 Limit:** Section 15.209(a)

Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

**Detector:** For PK value:

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For AV value:

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW = 10 Hz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

**Test Result:****1. Low Channel (2402MHz)**

Antenna polarization: Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Average Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Peak Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Average Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2310.000	26.65	6.45	27.78	35.04	21.27	40.36	26.59
2390.000	26.56	6.46	27.79	34.85	21.34	40.08	26.57
2500.000	25.70	6.62	27.80	35.28	21.00	39.80	25.52
2483.500	25.79	6.61	27.80	35.49	22.34	40.09	26.94

Antenna polarization: Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Average Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Peak Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Average Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2310.000	26.65	6.45	27.78	35.01	22.32	40.33	27.64
2390.000	26.56	6.46	27.79	35.57	21.46	40.80	26.69
2500.000	25.70	6.62	27.80	35.46	22.42	39.98	26.94
2483.500	25.79	6.61	27.80	36.24	21.69	40.84	26.29

**2. Middle Channel (2441MHz)**

Antenna polarization: Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Average Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Peak Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Average Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2310.000	26.65	6.45	27.78	35.08	21.54	40.40	26.86
2390.000	26.56	6.46	27.79	34.98	22.32	40.21	27.55
2500.000	25.70	6.62	27.80	35.24	21.48	39.76	26.00
2483.500	25.79	6.61	27.80	36.24	22.88	40.84	27.48

Antenna polarization: Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Average Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Peak Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Average Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2310.000	26.65	6.45	27.78	34.51	22.40	39.83	27.72
2390.000	26.56	6.46	27.79	35.40	21.45	40.63	26.68
2500.000	25.70	6.62	27.80	35.02	21.62	39.54	26.14
2483.500	25.79	6.61	27.80	35.43	22.58	40.03	27.18

### 3. High Channel (2480MHz)

Antenna polarization: Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Average Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Peak Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Average Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2310.000	26.65	6.45	27.78	35.40	21.98	40.72	27.30
2390.000	26.56	6.46	27.79	34.42	21.75	39.65	26.98
2500.000	25.70	6.62	27.80	35.65	21.11	40.17	25.63
2483.500	25.79	6.61	27.80	35.03	21.23	39.63	25.83

Antenna polarization: Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss(dB)	Preamp factor(dB)	Peak Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Average Reading Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Peak Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Average Emission Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2310.000	26.65	6.45	27.78	35.32	22.01	40.64	27.33
2390.000	26.56	6.46	27.79	35.42	22.46	40.65	27.69
2500.000	25.70	6.62	27.80	34.16	21.49	38.68	26.01
2483.500	25.79	6.61	27.80	35.34	20.52	39.94	25.12

Remark: No any other emission which falls in restricted bands can be detected and be reported.

**Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.**

## 5.11 Band Edges Requirement

**Test Requirement:** FCC Part15 C section 15.247

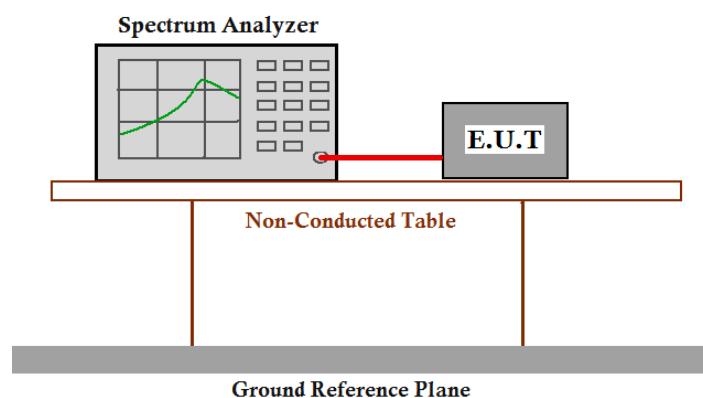
(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

**Frequency Band:** 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

**Test Method:** ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9 & DA 00-705

**Test Status:** Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), and highest (2480 MHz) channel and hopping mode with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal (DH1 normal mode (2DH5) and normal mode (3DH5) as the worst case was found.

**Test Configuration:**



**Test Procedure:** Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with suitable frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.

The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

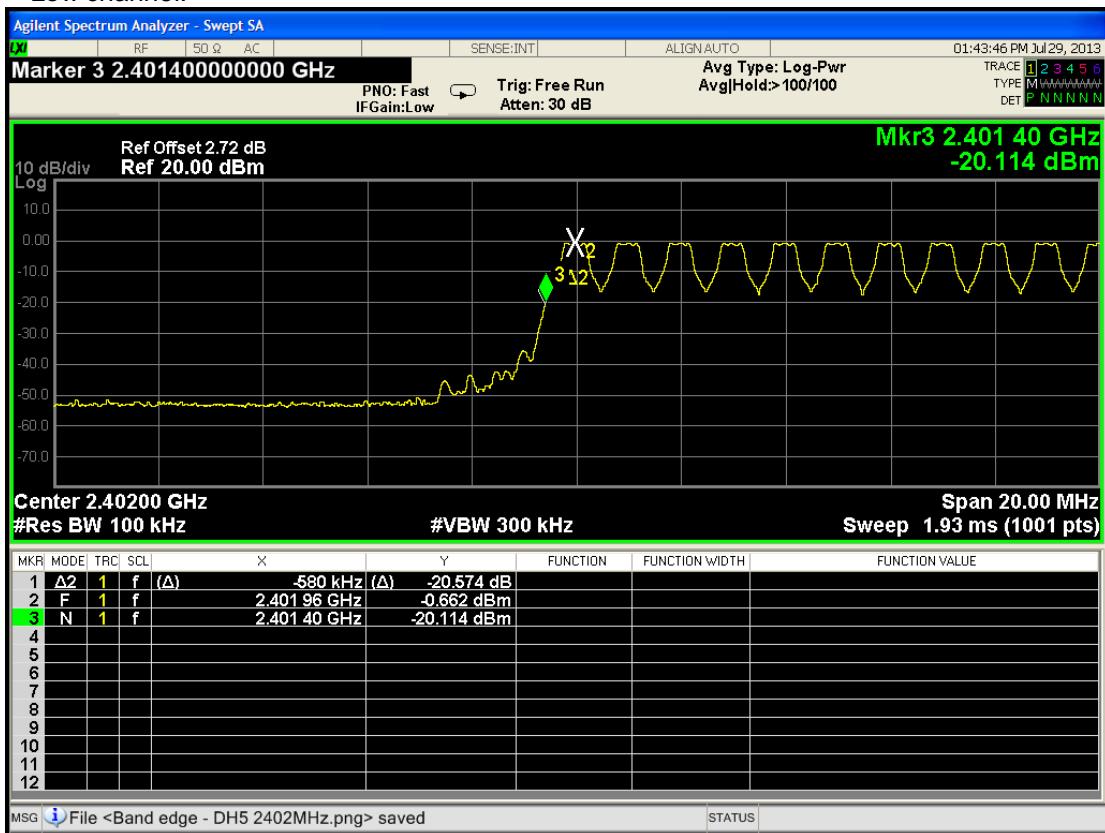
The Lower Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The Upper Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

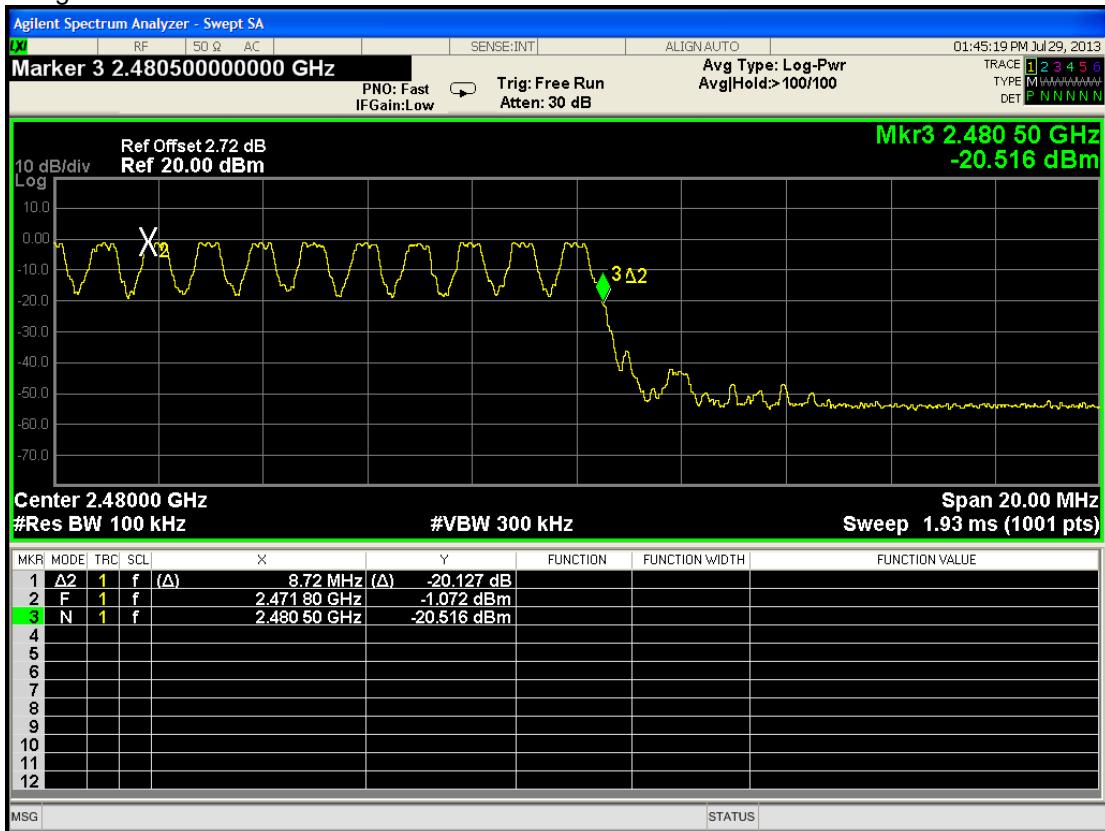
The graph as below. Represents the emissions take for this device.

DH1

### Low channel:

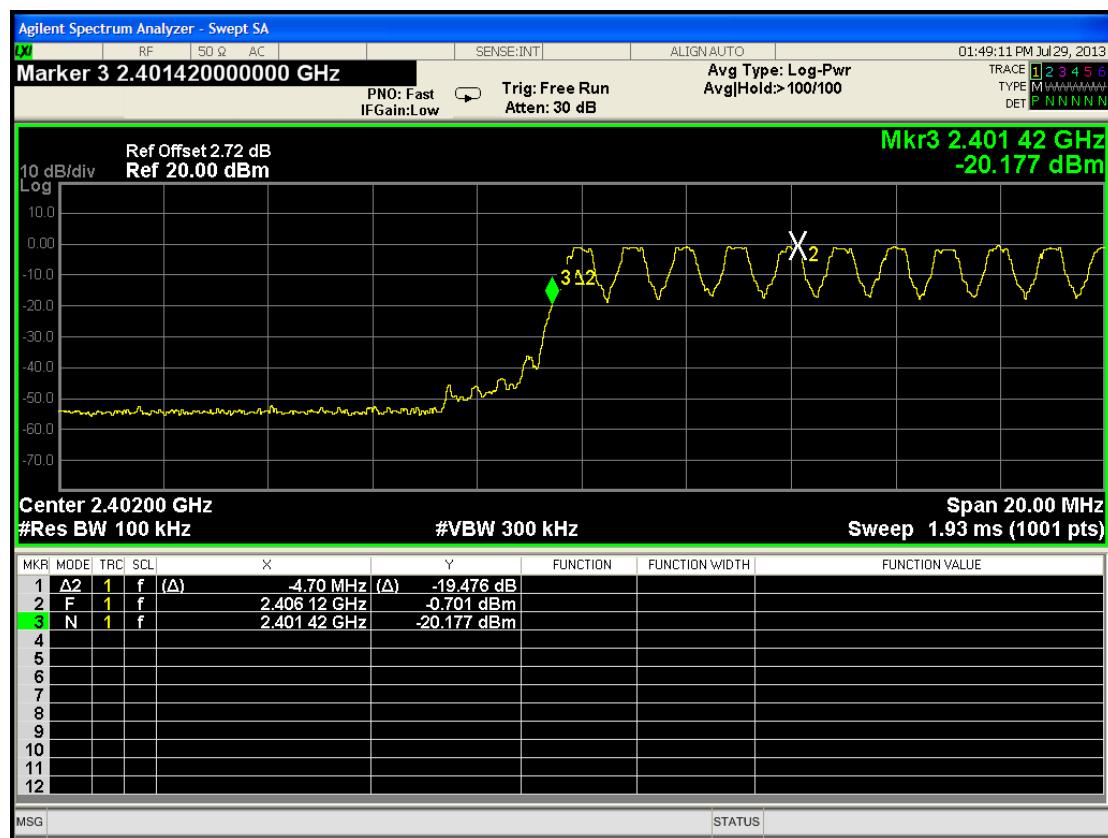


High channel:

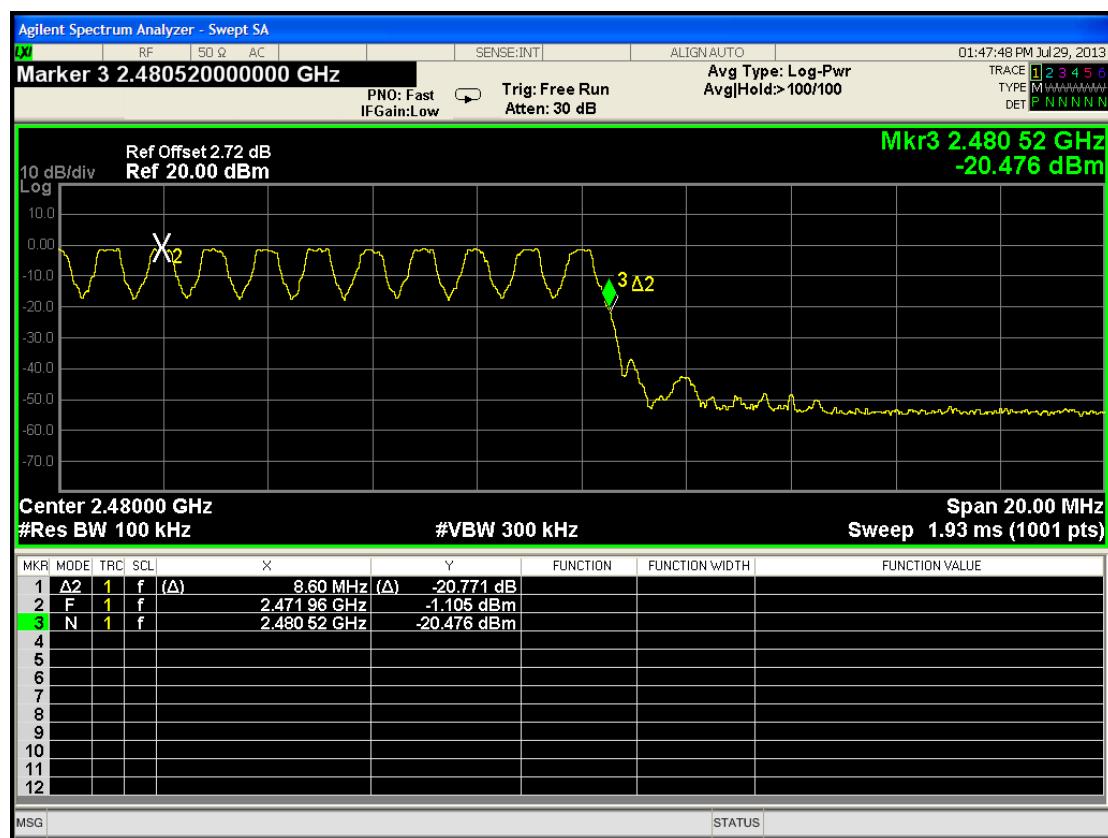


DH3

Low channel:

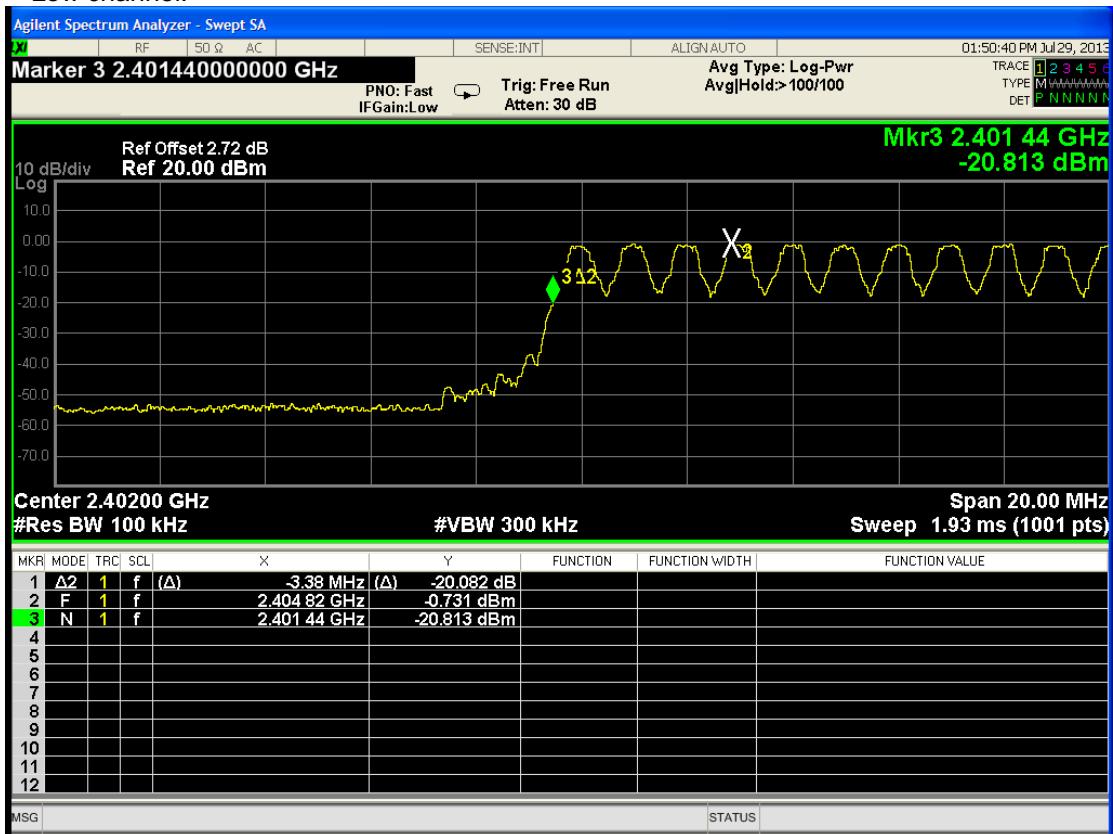


High channel:

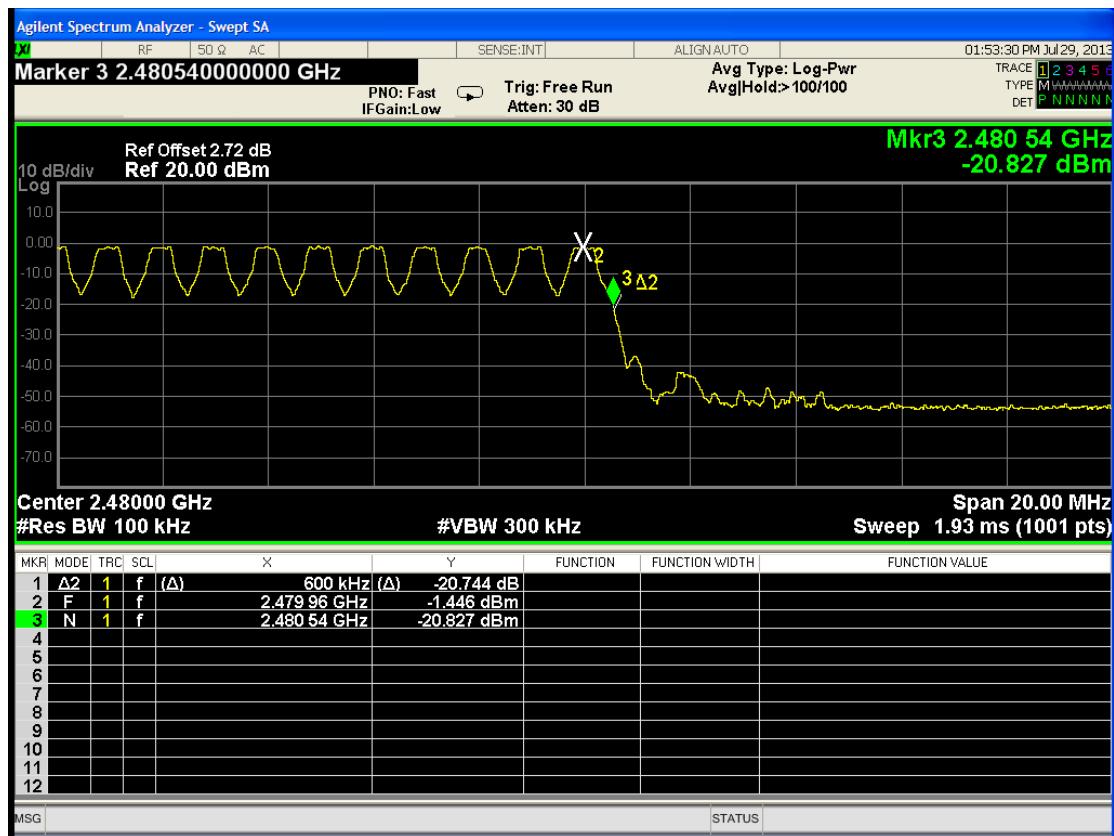


DH5:

Low channel:



High channel:



Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

## 5.12 Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals 150 kHz to 30 MHz

**Test Requirement:** FCC Part 15 C section 15.207

**Test Method:** ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2 & DA 00-705

**Frequency Range:** 150 kHz to 30 MHz

**Detector:** Peak for pre-scan (9 kHz Resolution Bandwidth)

### Test Limit

**Limits for conducted disturbance at the mains ports of class B**

<b>Frequency Range</b>	<b>Class B Limit dB(µV)</b>	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

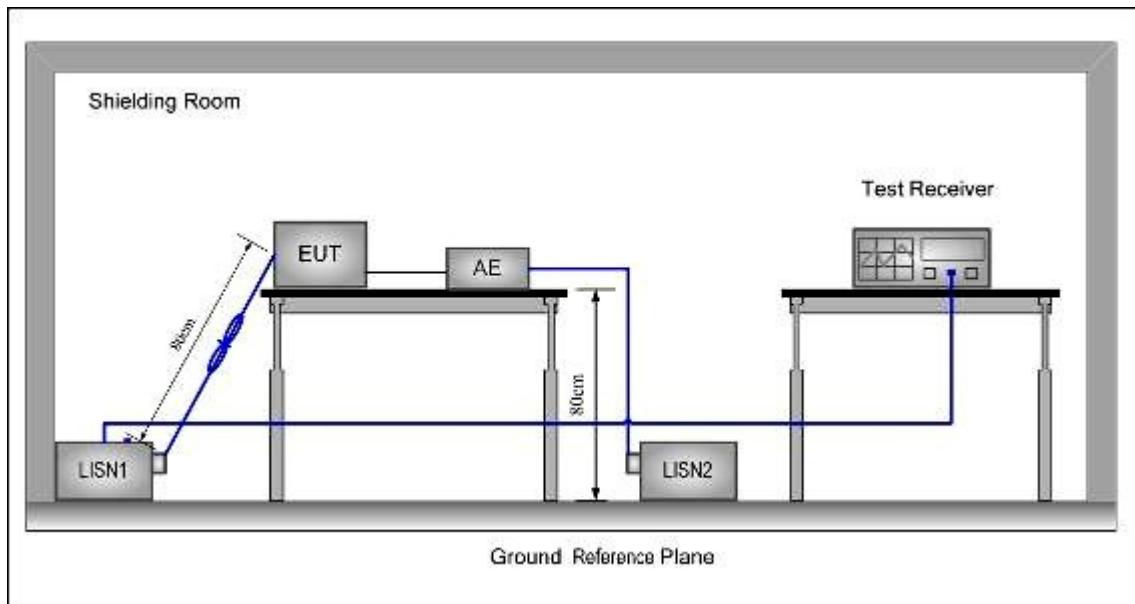
NOTE 1 The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0,15 MHz to 0,50 MHz.

### EUT Operation:

Test in normal operating mode. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

## Test Configuration:



## Test procedure:

1. The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
2. The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a  $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H} + 5\Omega$  linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
3. The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane, but separated from metallic contact with the ground reference plane by 0.1m of insulation.
4. The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

### 5.12.1 Measurement Data

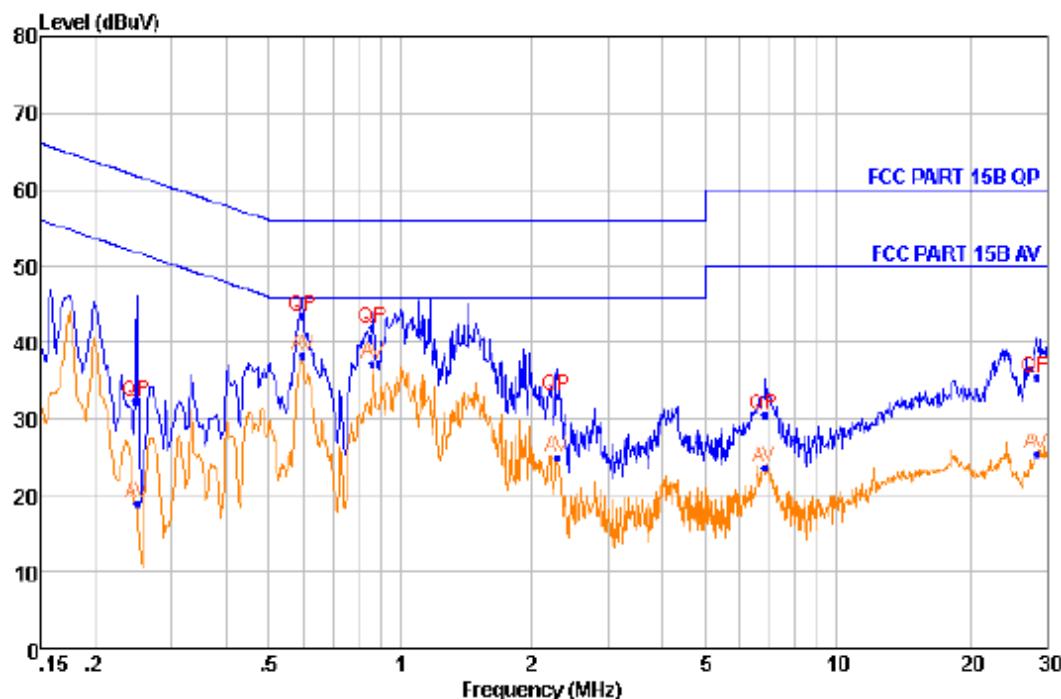
An initial pre-scan was performed on the live and neutral lines with peak detector.

Quasi-Peak and Average measurement were performed at the frequencies with maximized peak emission were detected. For EUT the communicating was worst case mode.

**The following Quasi-Peak and Average measurements were performed on the EUT Live line**

Peak Scan:

Level (dB $\mu$ V)



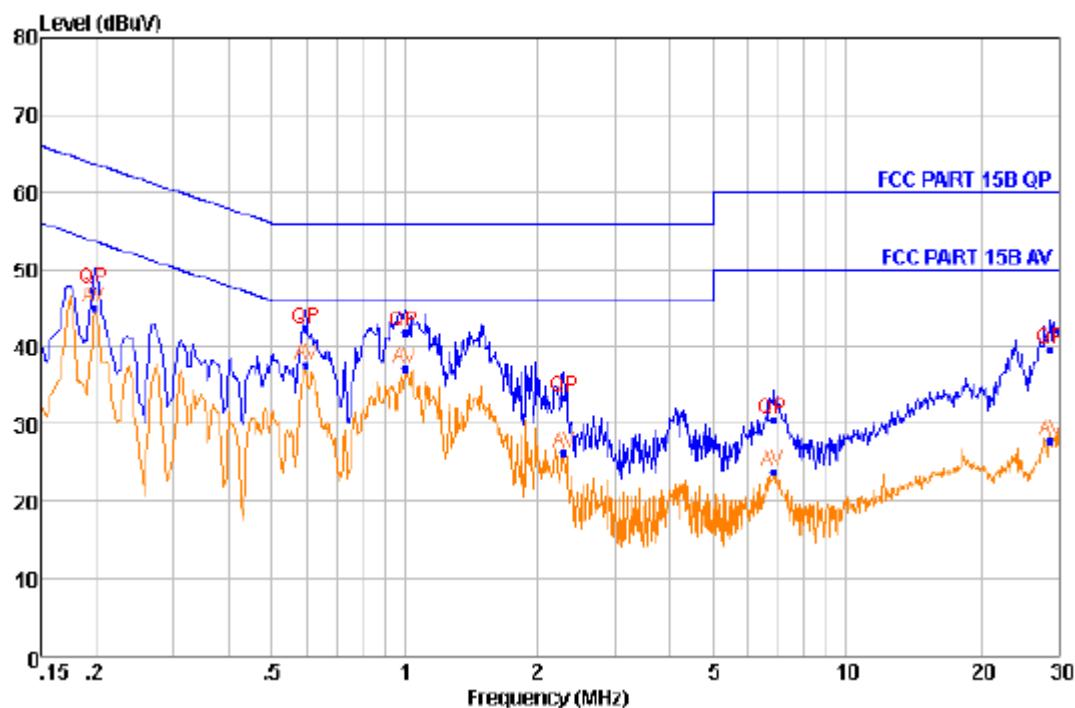
Quasi-peak and Average measurement

No.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V	Remark	LISM Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dB $\mu$ V	Margin dB
1	0.249	32.22	QP	9.67	0.23	61.80	-29.58
2	0.249	18.97	Average	9.67	0.23	51.78	-32.81
3	0.597	43.41	QP	9.68	0.28	56.00	-12.59
4	0.597	38.30	Average	9.68	0.28	46.00	-7.70
5	0.865	42.00	QP	9.69	0.30	56.00	-14.00
6	0.865	31.31	Average	9.69	0.30	46.00	-8.69
7	2.280	32.92	QP	9.69	0.35	56.00	-23.08
8	2.280	25.00	Average	9.64	0.35	46.00	-21.00
9	6.823	30.52	QP	9.69	0.42	60.00	-29.48
10	6.823	23.56	Average	9.69	0.42	50.00	-26.44
11	28.382	35.43	QP	9.66	0.60	60.00	-24.57
12	28.382	25.50	Average	9.66	0.60	50.00	-24.50

**Note:** 1. Margin = Limit Line - Level  
2. Level = Read level + LISM Factor + Cable Loss

**Neutral Line**

Peak Scan:

Level (dB $\mu$ V)

Quasi-peak and Average measurement

NO.	Freq MHz	Level dB $\mu$ V	Remark	LISN Factor dB	Cable Loss dB	Limit Line dB $\mu$ V	Margin dB
1	0.197	47.45	QP	9.63	0.22	63.73	-16.28
2	0.198	44.95	Average	9.63	0.22	63.71	-8.76
3	0.597	42.27	QP	9.64	0.28	56.00	-13.73
4	0.597	37.55	Average	9.64	0.28	46.00	-8.45
5	1.003	41.93	QP	9.63	0.31	56.00	-14.07
6	1.003	37.26	Average	9.63	0.31	46.00	-8.74
7	2.293	33.34	QP	9.62	0.35	56.00	-22.66
8	2.293	26.37	Average	9.62	0.35	46.00	-19.63
9	6.823	30.59	QP	9.62	0.42	60.00	-29.41
10	6.823	23.94	Average	9.62	0.42	50.00	-26.06
11	28.698	39.57	QP	9.62	0.50	60.00	-20.43
12	28.698	27.90	Average	9.62	0.50	50.00	-22.10

**Note:** 1. Margin = Limit Line - Level  
 2. Level = Read level + LISN Factor + Cable Loss