

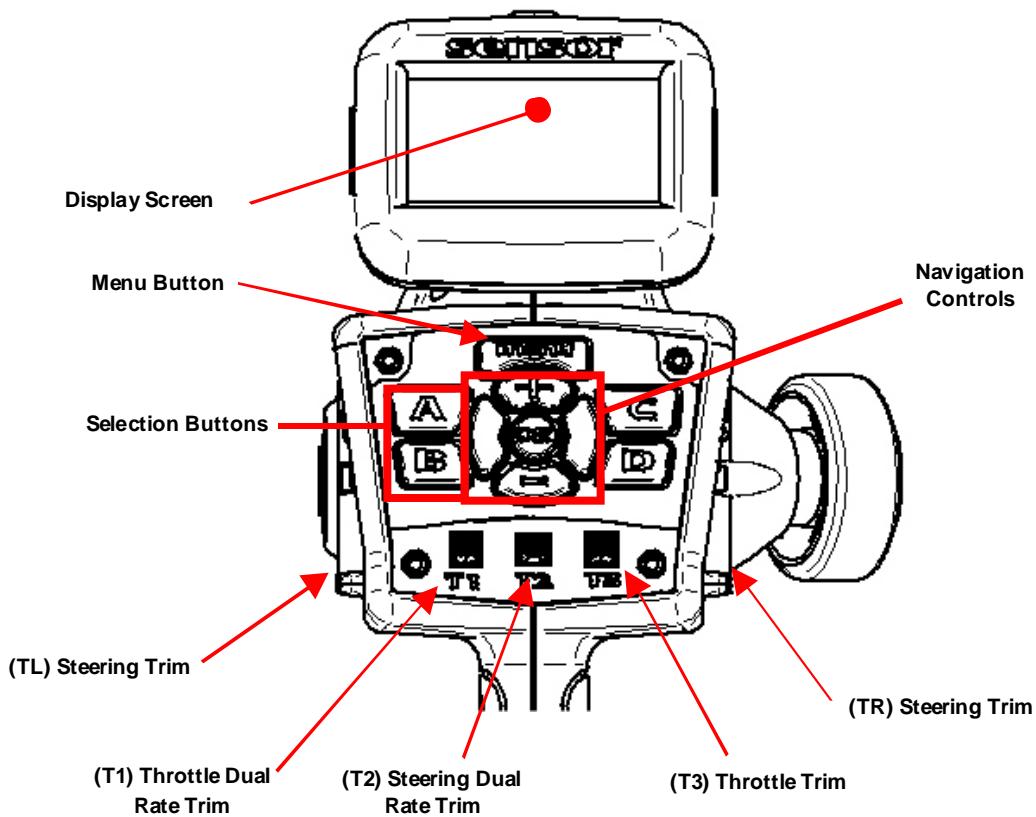
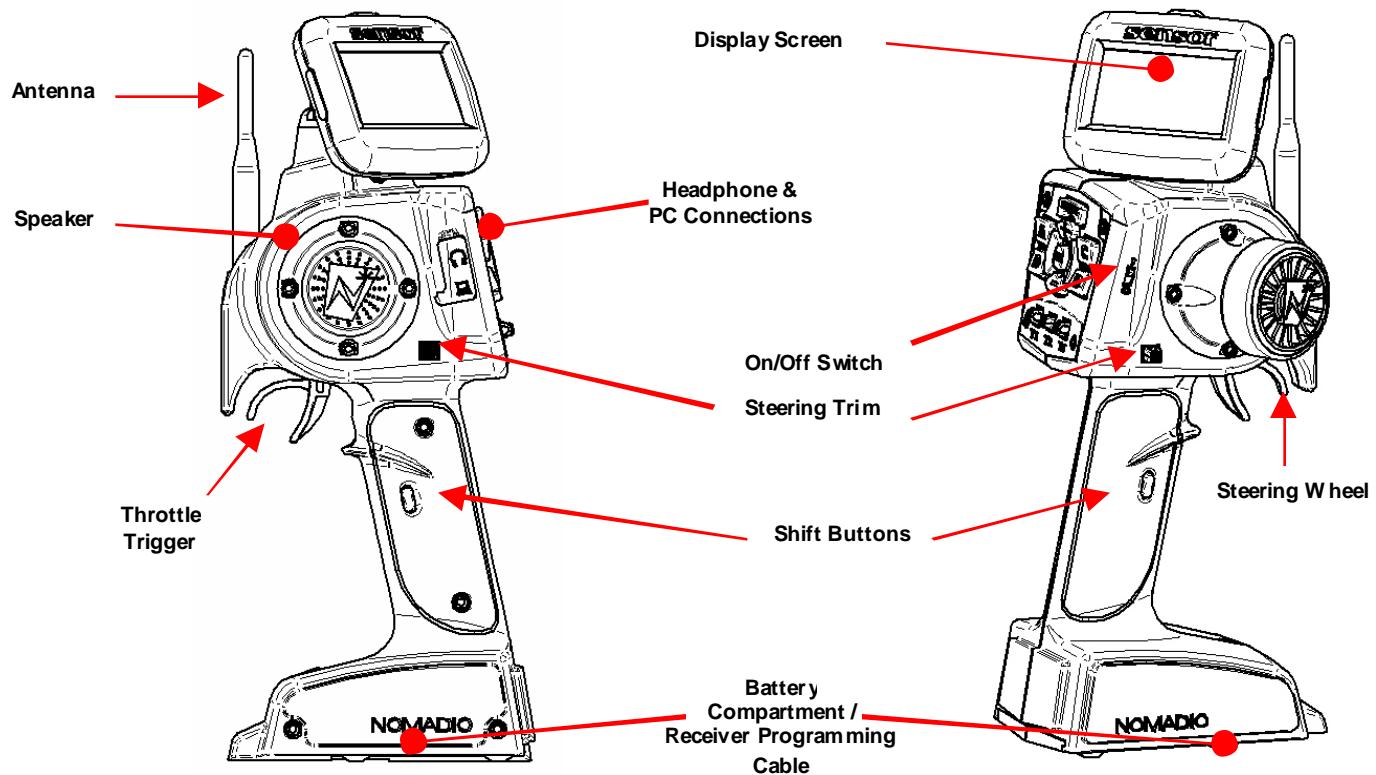
# **sensor**

## **USERS GUIDE**

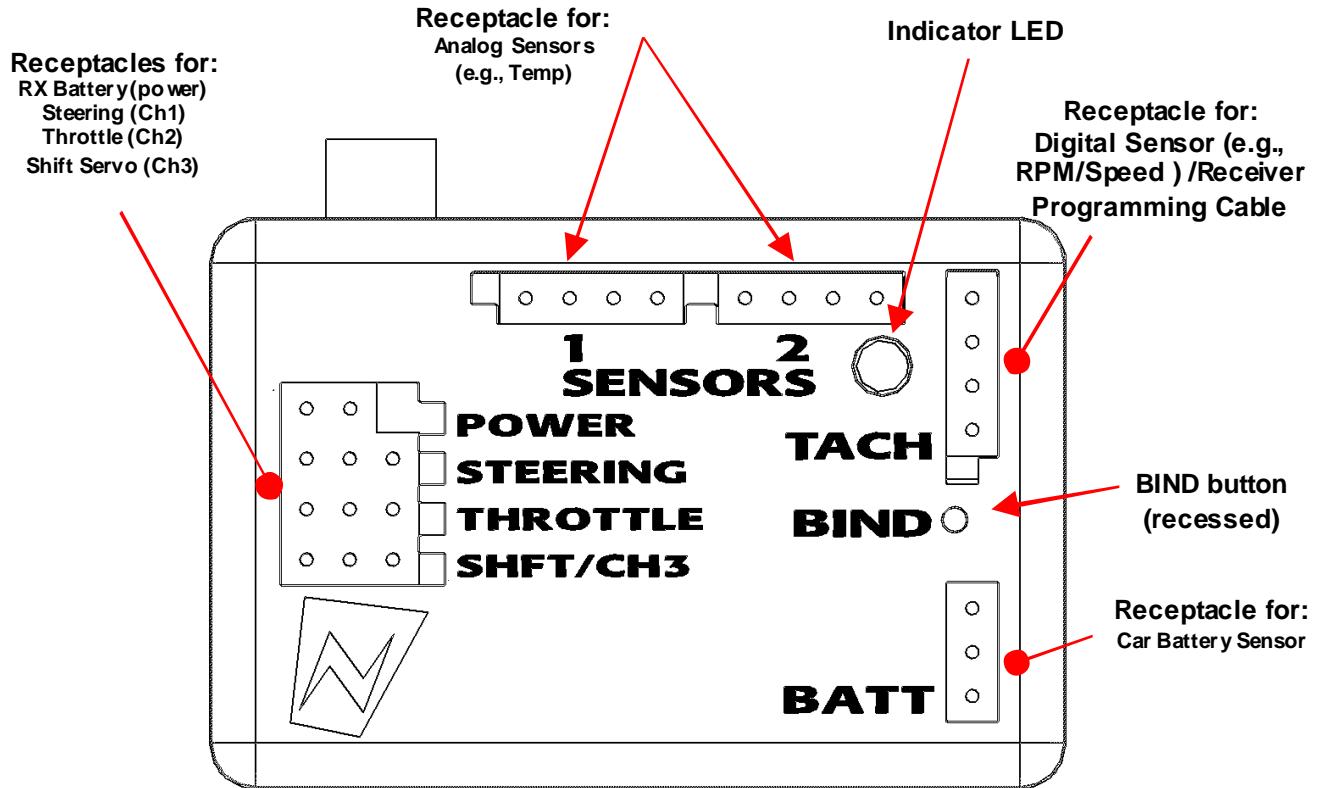
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Published July 2005



## Sensor Quick Reference



# Transceiver Quick Reference



<b>Sensor Quick Reference</b>	<b>11</b>	Binding your transceiver the first time.....	14
<b>Transceiver Quick Reference</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>Sensor Controls</b> .....	<b>15</b>
<b>Statement of Compliance</b> .....	<b>2</b>	Top Menu Lev el.....	16
<b>Getting to know your Sensor</b> .....	<b>3</b>	Steering Functions.....	16
Power Switch.....	3	Throttle Functions.....	30
Display Screen.....	3	Shift Servo Functions.....	46
Menu Button.....	3	ModelManagement.....	56
Navigation Buttons.....	3	Controller Setup.....	60
Selection Buttons.....	4	Failsafes.....	64
Trim Buttons.....	4		
Grip Buttons.....	4		
Connection Ports.....	4		
<b>Charging and Installing Batteries</b> .....	<b>5</b>	<b>Sensor Digital RC Desktop</b> .....	<b>66</b>
Charging the Supplied NiMH Batteries.....	5	Minimum System Requirements.....	66
Installing the Batteries.....	5	Installing the RC Desktop.....	66
<b>Adjusting the Screen</b> .....	<b>6</b>	Connecting the Sensor to your C computer.....	73
<b>Converting for Left Handed Use</b> .....	<b>7</b>	Using the Sensor Digital RC Desktop.....	73
<b>Installing the Transceiver</b> .....	<b>9</b>	Registration.....	74
Mounting the Transceiver.....	9	Receiving Settings From the Sensor.....	76
Connecting the Transceiver.....	9	Editing Settings.....	77
<b>Installing the Sensors</b> .....	<b>10</b>	Saving Settings.....	77
Receiver Battery Sensor.....	10	Sending Settings to the Sensor.....	78
Voltage Sensor.....	10	Installing Sensor Firmware .....	78
Temperature Sensor.....	10		
Connecting the Temperature Sensor.....	11		
<b>Binding the Transceiver</b> .....	<b>12</b>	<b>Specifications</b> .....	<b>79</b>
How the Binding Process Works.....	12	Sensor Controller.....	79
		Transceiver .....	79
		<b>Support</b> .....	<b>80</b>
		<b>Nomadio 3 Year Limited Warranty</b> .....	<b>81</b>
		Warranty Coverage.....	81
		Exclusions and Limitations.....	81

# Statement of Compliance



## FCC Compliance Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced technician for help.

• This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with RSS-210 of Industry Canada. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:  
1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and  
2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.  
• The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

*Warning: Changes or modifications made to this equipment not expressly approved by Nomadio may void the FCC authorization to operate this equipment.*

## RF Exposure Statement

This transmitter has been tested and meets the FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with the Nomadio accessories supplied or designated for this product, and provided at least 20 cm separation between the antenna and the user's body is maintained. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.



Sensor and its software are designed and manufactured in the United States of America.

# Getting to know your Sensor

## Power Switch



This switch turns the Sensor on and off.

## Display Screen



**Driving screen**

This is the screen you'll be seeing 95% of the time while using the Sensor. It displays radio and battery status, telemetry data that you select, and your servo information.



**Menu screen**

This screen is the gateway to the Sensor's menu system, which is described in detail later. You can always go back to the driving screen by just pressing the menu key.

## Menu Button



Pressing this button toggles Sensor between the driving screen and the top level function menu, or returns to the previous level from a sub-menu.

## Navigation Buttons



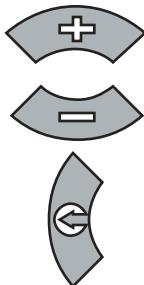
**Button**

**In the driving screen**

**In the function menu**

Moves to next higher menu item.

Moves to next lower menu item.



Displays previous reading.

Decreases selected value.



Displays next reading.

- Increases selected value.
- Goes to next sub-menu.
- Goes to selected sub-menu
- Saves the change to the selected setting.

## Selection Buttons

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### In the function menu



**A** Sets the currently edited value to its maximum value.

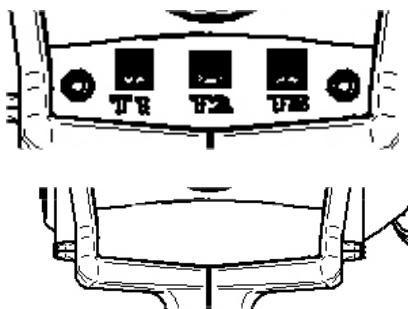
**B** Sets the currently edited value to its minimum value.

**C** Cancels any changes made and resets value to where it was before you started editing.

**D** Resets the value to the factory default

## Trim Buttons

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**T1** Adjusts the throttle dual rate setting.

**T2** Adjusts the steering dual rate setting.

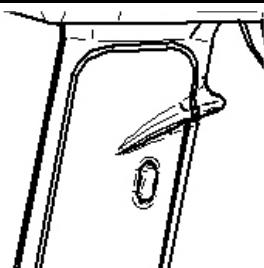
**T3** Adjusts the throttle trim setting.

**Left steering trim button** Adjusts the steering trim to the left or right

**Right steering trim button** Adjusts the steering trim to the left or right.

## Grip Buttons

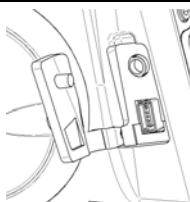
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Performs shifting action on channel 3.

## Connection Ports

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**Headphone port**

Accepts a 1/8" stereo headphone jack. The output is the same in each ear (mono).

**Computer port**

This connects to the USB port of your computer using the supplied cable.

## Charging and Installing Batteries

The Sensor is powered by four AA-size batteries (1.2~1.5V). You may use the four AA-size 1.2V NiMH batteries provided with the Sensor, or you may use AA-size alkaline batteries (1.5V). Before using your Sensor, make sure the batteries are fully charged.

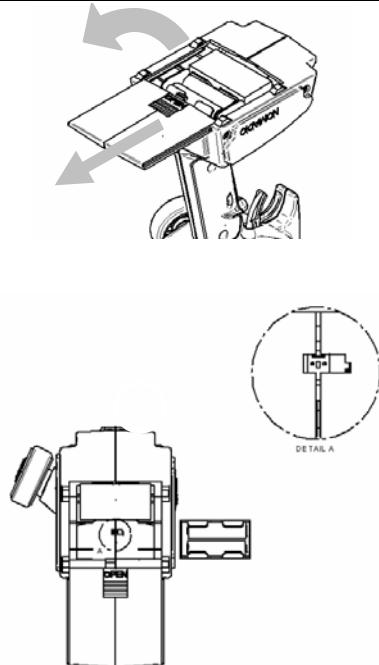
The Sensor is reverse voltage protected: installing batteries backwards cannot damage it. If the batteries are backwards, simply reverse the battery connector.

Also inside the battery compartment is the 4 wire Receiver Programming Cable. This cable can be plugged into the receiver's TACH pins in order to upgrade the software on the receiver. The RC Desktop will instruct you when a software upgrade is available.

### Charging the Supplied NiMH Batteries

When using the supplied NiMH batteries, charge the batteries for 12-14 hours (using the supplied charger) before using the Sensor. Be sure to get the polarity correct when installing the batteries into the charger.

### Installing the Batteries



1. Slide and remove the battery compartment cover at the bottom of the Sensor.

2. Remove the battery holder.

**NOTE:**

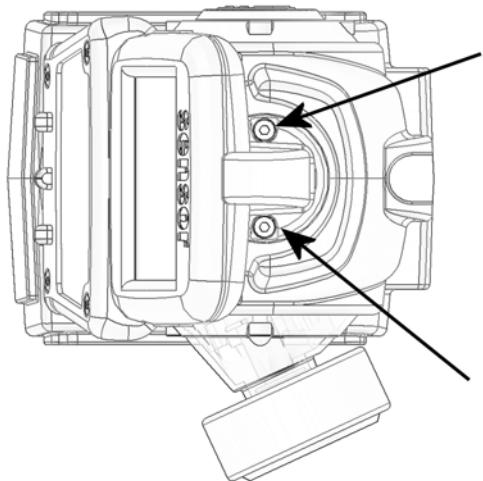
The battery holder wires connect to a receptacle in the battery compartment. It is not necessary to unplug the connector when you remove the battery holder. However, if you do unplug the connector, note its orientation first. If you plug it in wrong, your Sensor will not turn on - no damage will be done to your Sensor, just remove and reverse it.

3. Install the batteries in the battery holder. Observe proper polarity.
4. Plug the battery holder connector into the receptacle in the battery compartment.
5. Place the battery holder in the battery compartment. Make sure the wires do not pinch.
6. Slide the battery compartment cover into place.

## Adjusting the Screen

The display screen at the top of the Sensor can be repositioned for easier viewing.

*Tools needed: 7/64" hex wrench*

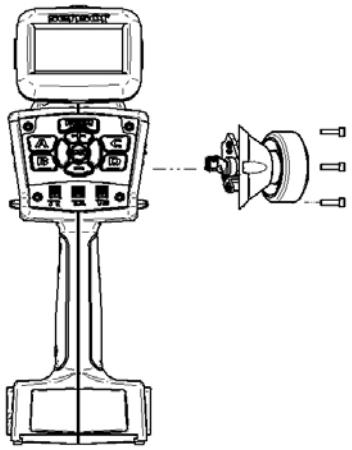


1. Make sure Sensor is turned off before moving the screen.
2. Using the hex wrench, loosen the two screws holding the display screen.
3. Reposition the display screen.
4. Retighten the screws

# Converting for Left Handed Use

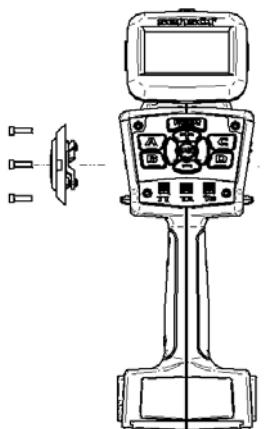
You can easily convert the Sensor to left-handed use. *Tools needed:* #2 Phillips screwdriver, 7/64" hex wrench

## A: Remove the Steering Wheel Assembly



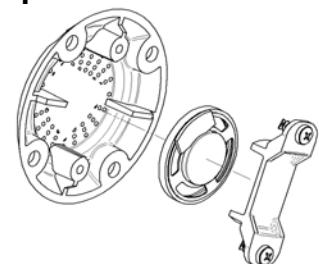
- A1. Make sure the Sensor is turned off
- A2. Carefully remove the Nomadio emblem in the center of the steering wheel. It is held in place by friction and pulls toward you, it does not twist.
- A3. Use the Phillips screwdriver to loosen and remove the screw holding the steering wheel. Remove the steering wheel.
- A4. Use the hex wrench to remove the three screws holding the steering wheel assembly.
- A5. Carefully pull the steering wheel assembly away from the Sensor body.
- A6. Carefully unplug the connector from the steering wheel assembly.

## B: Remove the Speaker Assembly

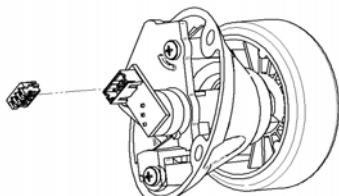


- B1. Use the hex wrench to remove the four screws holding the speaker assembly.
- B2. Pull the speaker assembly away from the Sensor body.
- B3. Use the Phillips screwdriver to remove the two speaker clamp screws holding the speaker to the plastic cover.

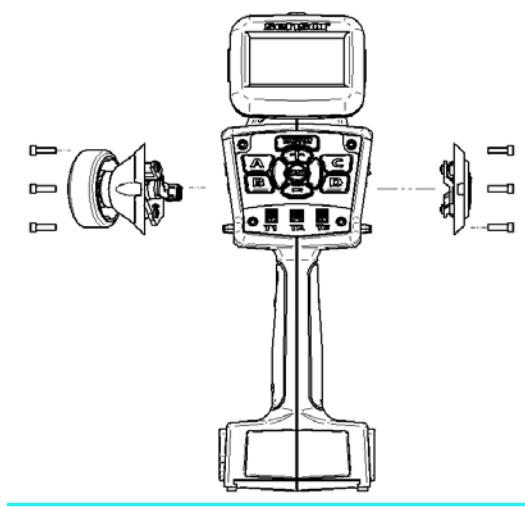
## C: Swap the Assemblies



- C1. Pass the steering wheel connector wire through the Sensor body so it comes out the LEFT side hole (where the speaker used to be).
- C2. Pass the speaker through the Sensor body so it comes out the RIGHT side hole (where the steering wheel used to be).



## D: Re-assemble



- D1. Reattach the speaker to the plastic cover using the two screws. Be careful not to over tighten and break the speaker clamp.
- D2. Reconnect the steering wheel wire connector to the steering wheel.
- D3. Reattach the speaker assembly to the **RIGHT** side of the Sensor body.
- D4. Reattach the steering wheel assembly to the **LEFT** side of the Sensor body.
- D5. Reattach the steering wheel.  
Make sure the steering wheel has full left-and-right movement.
- D6. Reinsert the Nomadio emblem in the center of the steering wheel.

# Installing the Transceiver

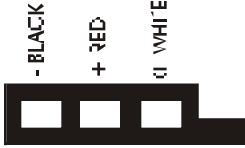
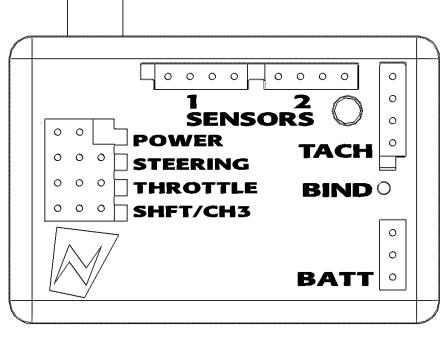
## Mounting the Transceiver

- Install the transceiver so it is protected from vibration or shock.
- Use double-sided tape or Velcro® to mount the transceiver.
- Position the transceiver where it will not contact other solid components.
- Mount the transceiver away from moving parts, sharp corners, and possible contaminants (fuel, dirt, etc.).
- When possible, waterproof and protect the transceiver by wrapping it in foam rubber and placing it in a rubber balloon or plastic bag. If you accidentally get moisture or fuel inside the transceiver, intermittent or erratic operation may result.
- Position the transceiver so the sensors can be easily connected to it.

### Antenna

- The thinner portion at the end of the antenna wire must be outside the vehicle body
- DO NOT CUT the antenna wire

## Connecting the Transceiver

 	<p><b>Servo Input Plugs</b> The transceiver is designed to use Futaba J-style input plugs with wiring order as shown in the diagram.</p> <p>Servo lead wires <b>MUST</b> be in this order. If the servo wires are in a different order, you must re-order the wires in the input plug. Check with your servo manufacturer about the color and order of the servo lead wiring.</p> <p>When you insert the servo input plug into the transceiver, note that the input plug may have an alignment tab. Orient the alignment tab properly before inserting the input plug.</p> <p>To remove an input plug from the transceiver, pull the input plug rather than the servo wires.</p>
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## Servo Connection

Connect the servos to the appropriate positions in the transceiver:

Connect...	...into transceiver receptacle
Receiver battery	"Power"
Steering servo	"Steering"
Throttle servo or ESC	"Throttle"
Shifting servo	"Shft/CH3"

## Installing the Sensors

Your Sensor radio system comes with several sensors that you can install in your vehicle and connect to the transceiver. When properly installed and connected, these sensors will send information back to the Sensor so that you can monitor the readings while you drive.

### Receiver Battery Sensor

The transceiver monitors the receiver battery voltage from the POWER receptacle. There is no installation necessary for this sensor.

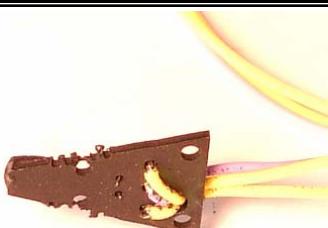
### Voltage Sensor

The voltage sensor is used to monitor the voltage of a separate battery pack (for example, an electric car's main battery pack). In a Nitro car, this sensor is not needed.



1. Connect the RED wire of voltage sense to the positive terminal of your battery pack and the BLACK wire of the voltage sense to the negative terminal of the battery pack you want to monitor.
2. Carefully route, protect, and secure the sensor wires.
3. Plug the voltage sensor into the BATT receptacle.

### Temperature Sensor



The temperature sensor is used to monitor the temperature of a vehicle component such as a main battery pack, electric motor, or nitro engine.

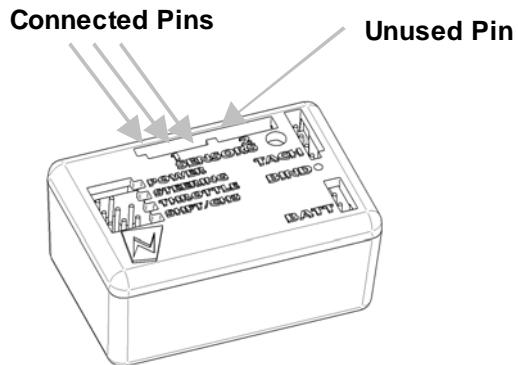
#### Installation

The tip of the triangular temperature sensor is the active measuring element. Install the sensor so that this tip is pressed against the item whose temperature you wish to measure.

The sensor has been designed to be thin enough to fit between the fins on a heat sink. Two sets of holes are provided to wire-tie the sensor in place if desired. Alternately, a high-temperature epoxy may be used to secure the sensor.

When installing on a nitro motor, place the sensor as low as possible on the head, opposite the exhaust port. The sensor may also be installed on an electric motor, battery pack, or ESC heat sink.

## Connection



### Connecting the Temperature Sensor

After you install the temperature sensor in the vehicle, plug it into the "Sensor 1" or "Sensor 2" receptacle.

The four-pin connector on the sensor cable has only three wires populated. The unpopulated pin should be the one furthest from the connector key in the receiver plastic.

The Sensor transceiver will automatically detect which sensors are installed.

## Binding the Transceiver

The binding process "locks" the Sensor and a transceiver together so that they listen only to each other.

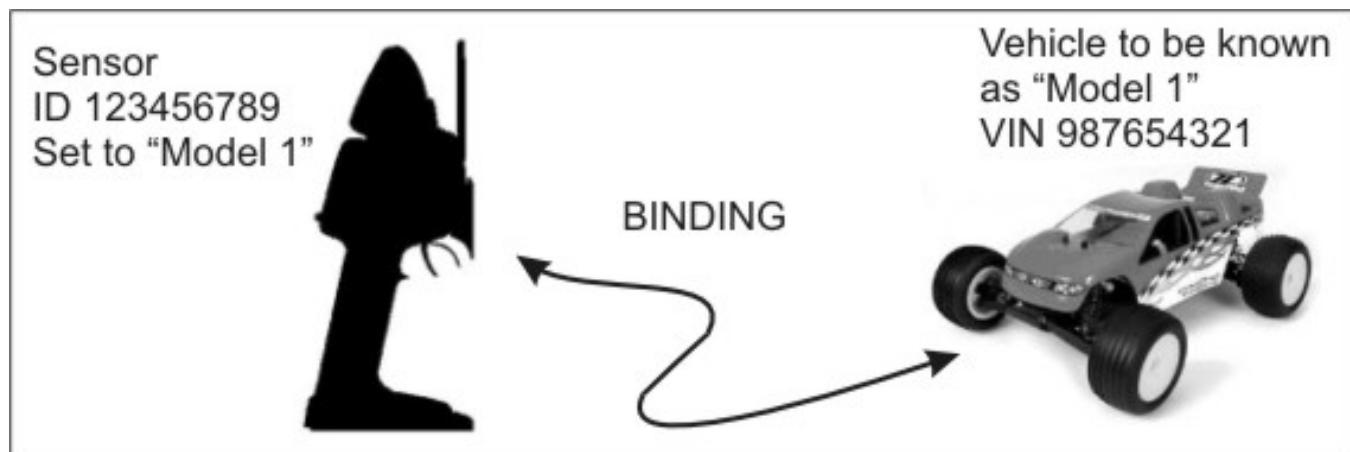
Since the Sensor has eight model memories, it is possible that your Sensor will be used to communicate with eight transceivers. You must therefore perform the binding process once for each transceiver that will communicate with your Sensor.

Note that the Sensor cannot communicate with all of the transceivers at the same time, but rather the Sensor will communicate only with the transceiver associated with the Sensor's currently active model. For more information, see "Managing Models" later in this instruction manual.

### How the Binding Process Works

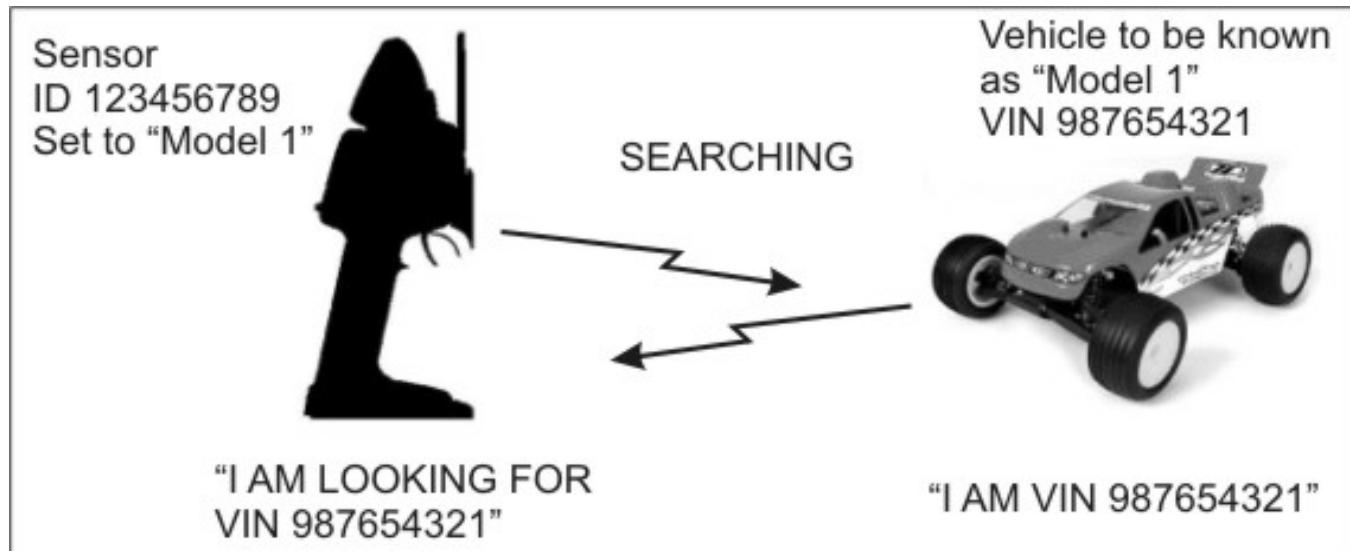
The binding process is set in motion by depressing the "bind" button on the transceiver when the Sensor is in "bind mode." The transceiver broadcasts an inquiry message, indicating that it is looking for a Sensor to bind to.

The Sensor responds back to the transceiver, indicating its ID number (for example, the Sensor ID may be 123456789). The transceiver responds back to the Sensor, indicating its own VIN number (for example, the VIN may be 987654321). After that, the binding process is complete.

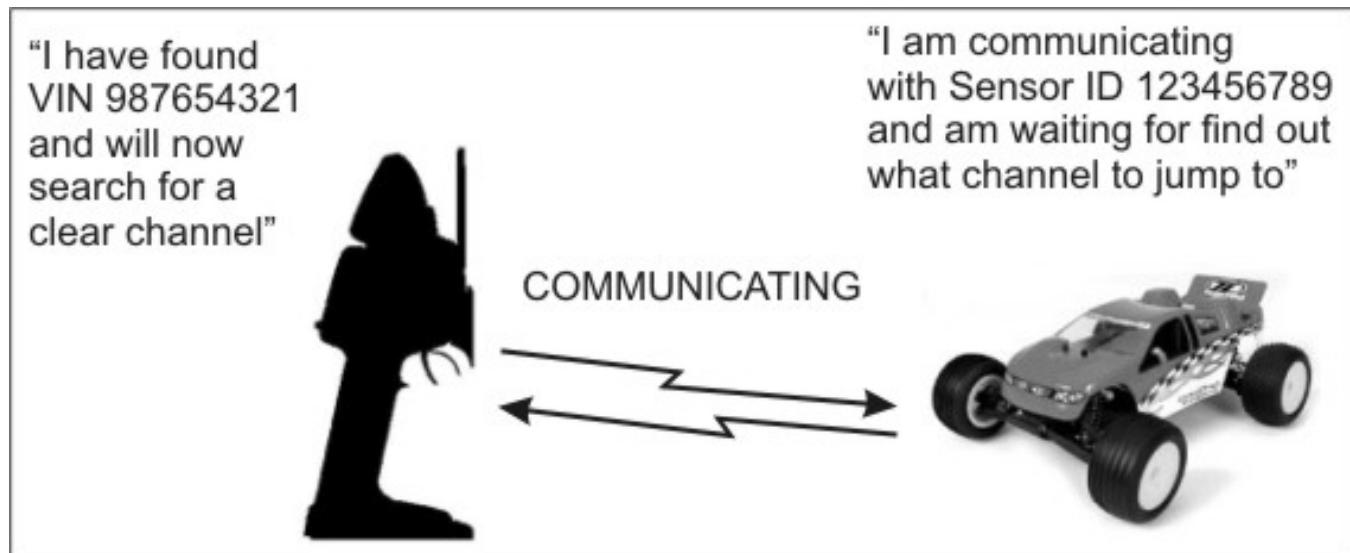


Now, every time you turn on the Sensor and set it to the appropriate model ID (see "Managing Models" later in this manual), the Sensor goes to a special "lookup channel" and searches for messages from the appropriate VIN.

When you turn on the vehicle's transceiver, the transceiver goes to the lookup channel and broadcasts its VIN so it can be found by the appropriate Sensor.



When the Sensor finds the appropriate VIN, the connection is made. The Sensor then searches for a clear frequency channel; when one is found, the Sensor "tells" the transceiver to jump to that clear frequency channel.



## Binding your transceiver the first time

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1. Install a transceiver into your vehicle.  
(For this example, install a transceiver into your electric touring car, which will be known to the Sensor as "Model 1.")
2. In the Sensor's "Manage Models" function menu, go to "Active Model" and select the appropriate model ID for the vehicle you are going to bind to. (For this example, select "Model 1.")
3. After putting your model on a stand to prevent runaways, power up the vehicle and transceiver.
4. Bring the Sensor close to the model. This will help the transceiver and Sensor to "find" each other more easily.
5. In the Sensor's "Manage Models" function menu, select "Rebind."
6. Using an extended paperclip, depress and hold the transceiver's "bind" button until the onboard LED illuminates.
- 7: Confirm binding on your Sensor by pressing the "OK" as the transceiver VIN number is displayed.

*The binding process is now complete!*

## Sensor Controls

The functions of the Sensor are controlled through the function menu and/or trim controls.

### To perform this action...

Toggles between the driving screen and the function menu or returns to the previous level from a sub-menu

Menu: Go to the selected sub-menu

### Press...



Menu: Move to the next higher menu item.

Menu: Move to the next lower menu item.

Menu: Go to the selected sub-menu.

Drive: Display next statistic.

Menu: Decrease the selected value setting.

Drive: Display previous statistic.



Menu: Set currently edited value to maximum.

Menu: Set currently edited value to minimum.

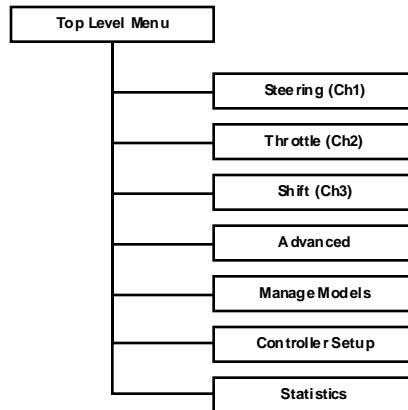
Menu: Cancel changes made to the current parameter.

Menu: Reset currently edited value to factory default.

## Top Menu Level

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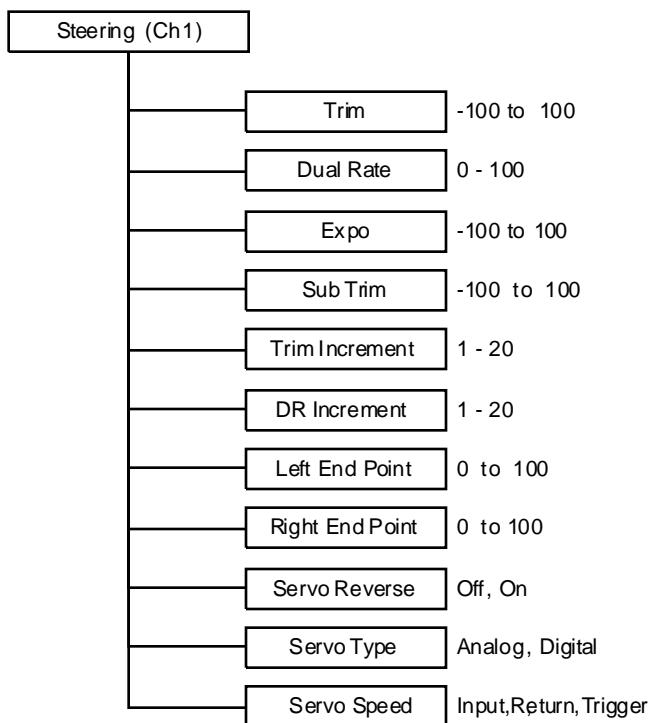
The following illustration shows the function menu structure for the top level menu. All main sub-menus may be accessed from the top menu level.



## Steering Functions

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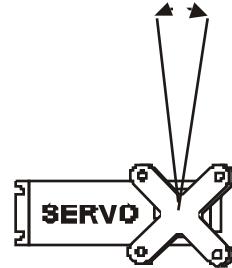
The following illustration shows the function menu structure for the steering functions:



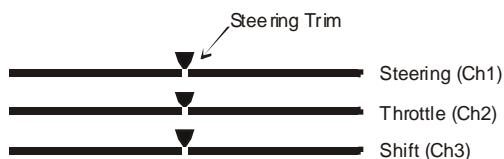
## Steering Trim



Steering trim adjusts the center point of the steering servo by adjusting the center point within the steering servo's total travel range. Unlike steering sub-trim, the steering left and right end points are unaffected by steering trim; by moving the center point of the steering servo using trim, the center position moves closer to one end point or the other.

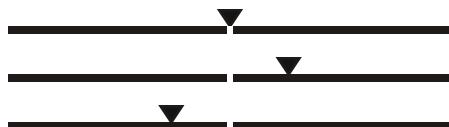


Steering trim should be used only after you have initially adjusted steering sub-trim.



On the driving screen, steering trim is represented by the position of the pointer on the upper bar.

As you change the steering trim, it is shown graphically on the driving screen trim indicator bars:



Steering trim is centered in range (value = 0)

Steering trim is offset to the RIGHT (+ve value)

Steering trim is offset to the LEFT (-ve value)

If you find that you have to use a large amount of steering trim to get the vehicle to drive straight, you should consider resetting the steering trim to 0 and re-adjusting the servo horn on the servo output shaft.

## Adjusting Steering Trim using the Function Menu

Use the navigation controls to adjust steering trim as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



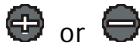
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



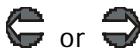
: then



3. Navigate to **Trim**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Steering trim is centered within the servo range.
	-ve value (-100 → -1)	Steering trim is to the LEFT.
	+ve value (1 → 100)	Steering trim is to the RIGHT.

## Adjusting Steering Trim using the Steering Trim Buttons

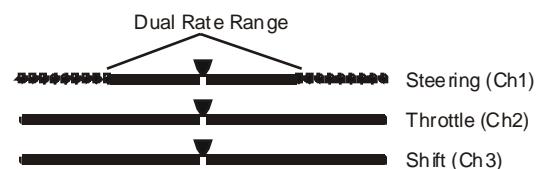
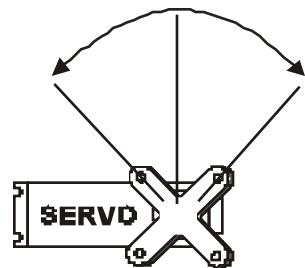
You can use the steering trim buttons on the left and right sides of the Sensor to adjust steering trim. Push the trim button forward to advance the trim, backward to reduce it. If you have a sound attached to the trim adjustment you will hear the sound each time the trim is changed.

**A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.**

## Steering Dual Rate



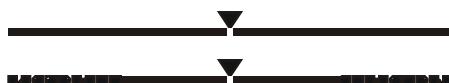
Steering dual rate adjusts the range of servo movement when the steering wheel is fully turned in either the left or right direction. This is used to increase or decrease the steering sensitivity across the entire servo range. The steering dual rate value is applied to both left and right sides, and is expressed as a percentage of servo range (configured by end point adjustments).



On the driving screen, steering dual rate range is represented by the solid length of the upper bar.

The total length of the bar (solid and dotted) represents the servo range. The length of the solid bar represents the range set by the dual rate value.

As you change the dual rate setting it is shown graphically on the driving screen trim indicator bars:



Full servo range is used.



Lower dual rate value reduces servo range.

## Adjusting Steering Dual Rate using the Function Menu

Use the navigation controls to adjust steering dual rate as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Dual Rate**.



4. Change the value.

Value	Description
0	Steering servo range is set to minimum (0%).
1-99	Steering servo range is set to a percentage of full range. For example, value "50" gives 50% of full servo range.
100	Steering servo range is set to full (100%)

## Adjusting Steering Dual Rate using the Trim Button

You can also use the T2 trim button to adjust the steering dual rate.

## Dual Rate and End Point Adjustment

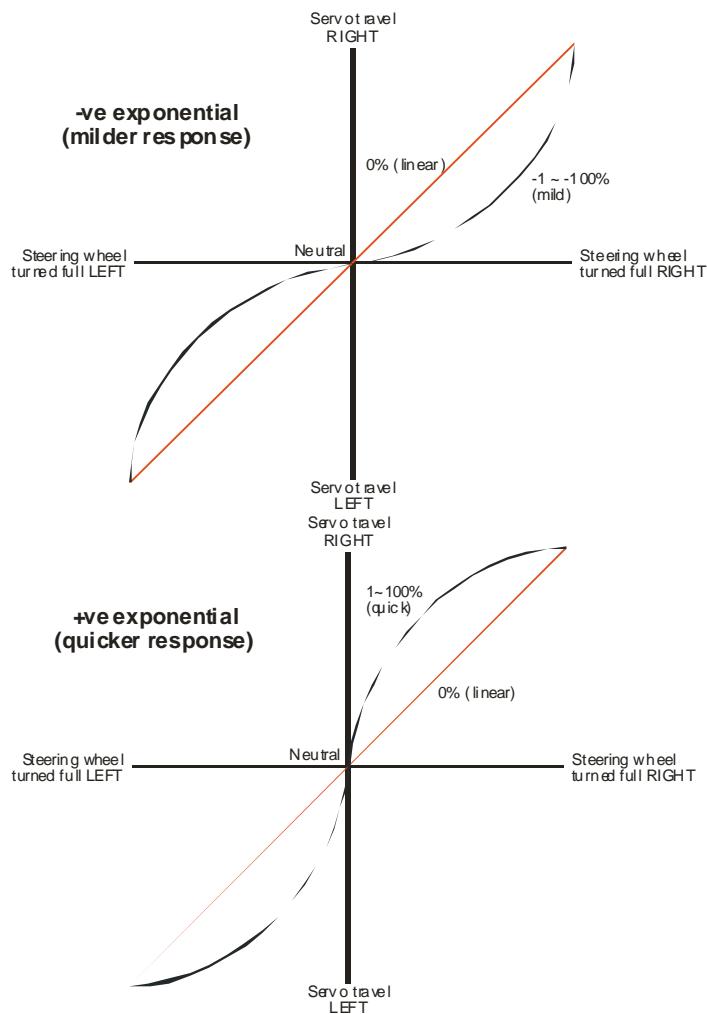
Full servo range is determined by the left and right end point adjustments. The dual rate value determines the relative servo range between the left and right end points. The servo will never move beyond the set end point adjustments, no matter what dual rate setting is applied.

## Steering Exponential



Steering exponential adjusts how quickly or slowly the steering servo responds with respect to the amount that the steering wheel is turned. This affects the sensitivity of the steering servo near its neutral position (center).

Adjusting the steering exponential value affects both left and right steering response at the same rate.



A negative (-ve) exponential value gives a milder steering response near the steering neutral point, making it LESS responsive to steering inputs at the steering wheel.

A positive (+ve) exponential value gives a quicker steering response near the steering neutral point, making it MORE responsive to steering inputs at the steering wheel.

## Adjusting Steering Exponential

Use the navigation controls to adjust steering exponential as follows:

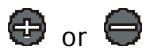
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



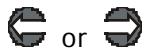
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Expo**.



4. Change the value.



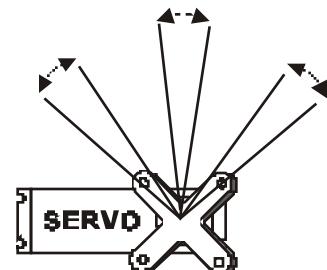
	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Neutral steering response (linear).
<b>C</b> or <b>D</b>	-ve value (-1 to -100)	Milder steering response near center.
	+ve value (1 to 100)	Quicker steering response near center.

## Steering Sub-Trim

Steering sub-trim adjusts the center point of the steering servo. This differs from steering trim in that steering sub-trim adjusts the servo's entire travel range; by moving the center point of the servo, the left and right end points (left, right) stay the same relative "distance" from the servo center.



Steering sub-trim should be initially adjusted after you have assembled your vehicle's steering system; after you begin driving the vehicle, use steering trim to make fine adjustments to center the steering within the total steering range.



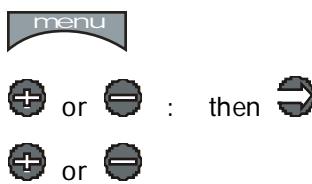
If you find that you have to use a large amount of steering sub-trim to get the vehicle to drive straight, you should consider resetting the steering sub-trim to 0 and re-adjusting the servo horn on the servo output shaft.

## Adjusting Steering Sub-trim

Use the navigation controls to adjust steering sub-trim as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.
3. Navigate to **Sub Trim**.

4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Steering sub-trim is centered within the servo range.
4. Change the value.	-ve value (-100 → -1)	Steering sub-trim is to the LEFT.
	+ve value (1 → 100)	Steering sub-trim is to the RIGHT.

## Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Steering Trim Increment



Steering trim increment adjusts the sensitivity of the steering trim buttons on the left and right sides of the Sensor, by adjusting the amount that the servo trim value increments for one "step" of adjustment.

For example, setting the trim increment value to "5" changes the steering trim value by 5 each time that a steering trim button is pressed once.

Adjusting the steering trim increment value affects both left and right steering trim at the same rate.

## Adjusting Steering Trim Increment

Use the navigation controls to adjust steering trim increment as follows:

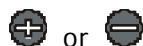
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Trim Increment**.



4. Change the value.



**Value**

1-20

### Description

Steering trim value changes by set increment.  
Use smaller values for finer trim control.  
Use larger values for coarser trim control.

## Steering Dual Rate Increment



Steering dual rate increment adjusts the sensitivity of the steering dual rate by adjusting the amount dual rate value increments for one "step" of adjustment.

For example, setting the dual rate increment value to "5" changes the steering dual rate value by 5 each time that a steering dual rate trim button is pressed once.

## Adjusting Steering Dual Rate Increment

Use the navigation controls to adjust steering dual rate increment as follows:

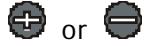
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



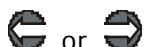
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **DR Increment**.



4. Change the value.



**Value**

1-20

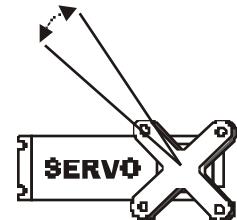
### Description

Steering dual rate value changes by set increment.  
Use smaller values for finer dual rate control.  
Use larger values for coarser dual rate control.

## Steering Left End Point



The steering left end point value adjusts how far the steering servo turns to the LEFT with respect to its full range of motion to the left. End point adjustment should be adjusted prior to other steering settings, as the left end point value affects other steering settings.



The left end point is set independently of the right end point (which adjusts how far the steering servo turns to the RIGHT).

The left end point setting should be used to do the following:

- Limit steering throw to reduce mechanical binding or servo strain that may occur on full servo throw to the left. For example, if the servo is trying to turn the steering system to the left farther than it is mechanically able.
- Adjust steering throw to change steering characteristics when turning to the left. For example, if the current amount of steering throw to the left causes oversteer or understeer when turning to the left.

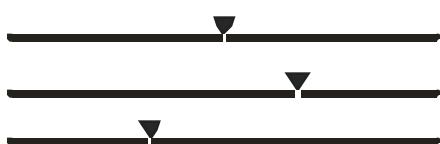


On the driving screen, the left end point is represented by the length of the bar to the left of the pointer on the upper bar.

The greater the left length of the bar, the greater the left end point value.

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by the end point settings (left and right) and trim settings.**

Changing the left end point value has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars.



Left end point value is approximately the same as the right end point value.

Increased left end point value (more servo travel to the left is possible).

Decreased left end point value (less servo travel to the left is possible).

The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by the steering end point settings (left and right) and trim setting; increasing the left end point value may visually appear to have the same effect as decreasing the right end point value.

### Adjusting the Left End Point

The left end point value is a relative value, and is expressed as the percentage of full travel to the left. For example, setting the left end point value to "50" allows the steering servo to turn only 50% of full travel to the left.

Use the navigation controls to adjust the left end point as follows:

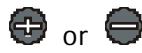
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



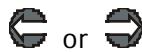
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Left End Point**.



4. Change the value.



Value	Description
0	Minimum left end point; allows NO turning motion to the left.
1-99	Left end point value is set to a percentage of full left-turning range. For example, a value of "50" gives 50% of full left-turning range.
100	Maximum left end point; allows FULL left-turning range.

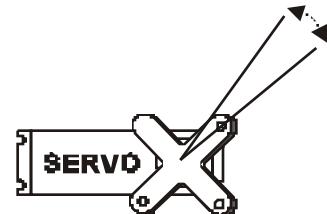
### Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Steering Right End Point



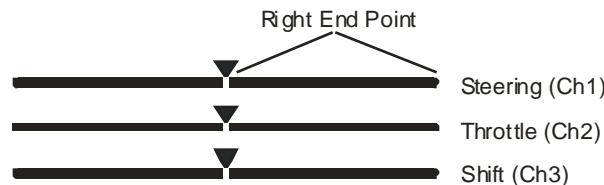
The steering right end point value adjusts how far the steering servo turns to the **RIGHT** with respect to its full range of motion to the right. End point adjustment should be adjusted prior to other steering settings, as the right end point value affects other steering settings.



The right end point is set independently of the left end point (which adjusts how far the steering servo turns to the **LEFT**).

The right end point setting should be used to do the following:

- Limit steering throw to reduce mechanical binding or servo strain that may occur on full servo throw to the right. For example, if the servo is trying to turn the steering system to the right farther than it is mechanically able.
- Adjust steering throw to change steering characteristics when turning to the right. For example, if your car is oversteering when turning to the right, then reduce the Right End Point value to reduce the range of the steering servo on the right.

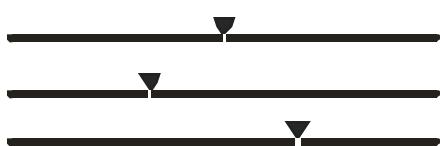


On the driving screen, the right end point is represented by the length of the bar to the right of the pointer on the upper bar.

The greater the right length of the bar, the greater the right end point value.

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by the end point values (left and right) and trim setting.**

Changing the right end point value has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars.



Right end point value is approximately the same as the left end point value.

Increased right end point value (more servo travel to right is possible).

Decreased right end point value (less servo travel to right is possible).

The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by the steering end point values (left and right) and trim setting; increasing the right end point value may visually appear to have the same effect as decreasing the left end point value.

### Adjusting the Right End Point

The right end point value is a relative value, and is expressed as the percentage of full travel to the right. For example, setting the right end point value to "50" allows the steering servo to turn only 50% of full travel to the right.

Use the navigation controls to adjust the right end point as follows:

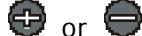
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



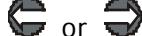
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Right End Point**.



4. Change the value.



Value	Description
0	Minimum right end point; allows NO turning motion to the right.
1-99	Right end point setting is set to a percentage of full right-turning range. For example, a value of "50" gives 50% of full right-turning range.
100	Maximum right end point; allows FULL right-turning range.

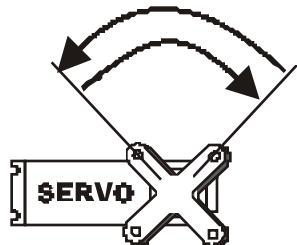
### Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Steering Servo Reverse



Steering servo reversing reverses the direction the servo moves upon receiving an input from the steering wheel.



## Changing the Steering Servo Reverse Setting

Use the navigation controls to change the steering servo reverse setting as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



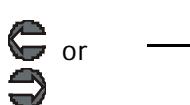
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Servo Reverse**.



4. Change the value.



Value	Description
Off	Standard servo direction.
On	Reversed servo direction.

## Steering Servo Type



Steering servo type lets you select the type of steering servo (analog or digital) in the vehicle. Analog servos are sent signals at 50 frames/sec, while Digital servos are sent signals at 100 frames/sec.

If you have high end analog servos, they may operate better with the digital setting, try both settings and choose the best performance.

## Changing the Steering Servo Type

Use the navigation controls to change the steering servo type as follows:

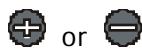
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Servo Type**.



4. Change the value.



Value	Description
Analog	Steering servo is analog.
Digital	Steering servo is digital.

## Steering Speed



Steering speed allows you to limit the maximum speed that the steering servo will be driven to match your movements on the wheel. There are three parameters that can be adjusted to precisely set up your limiting.

Trigger sets the minimum amount of control input before the speed limiter becomes active. At 0%, limiting is always active (input is always  $\geq 0\%$ ). At 50%, limiting is only active if the wheel is turned half way or more.

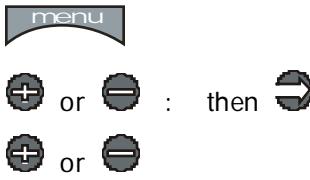
Input speed determines the limited speed that is applied to motions away from center that are above the trigger setting. 100 is maximum servo movement rate. 1 is minimum rate. Default is 100 (full speed)

Return speed determines the limited speed that is applied to motions back toward center that are above the trigger setting. 100 is maximum servo movement rate. 1 is minimum rate. Default is 100 (full speed)

## Changing the Steering Speed

Use the navigation controls to change the steering servo type as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.
3. Navigate to **Steering Speed**.



4. Change the values.

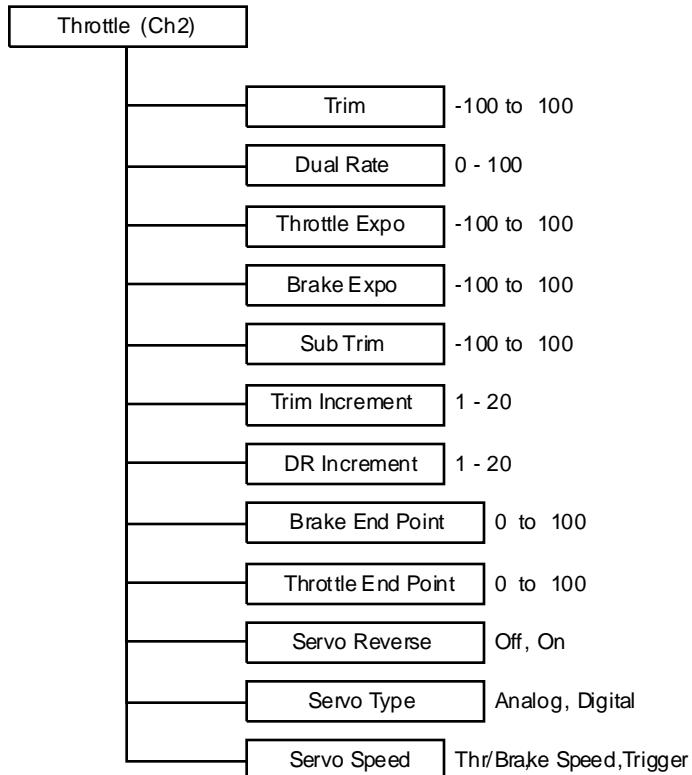
	Value	Description
		Input Speed
		Return Speed
		Trigger

## Interaction with other parameters

Servo Speed is applied after Expo. The trigger level for Servo Speed refers to the curved input value.

## Throttle Functions

The following illustration shows the function menu structure for the throttle functions:

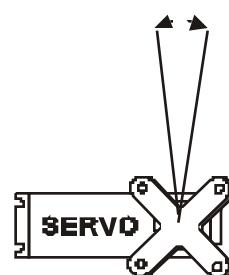


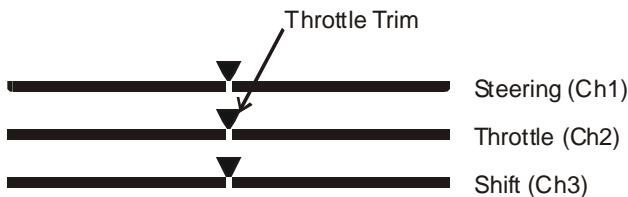
### Throttle Trim



Throttle trim adjusts the resting (centered) position of the throttle servo horn (electric or nitro vehicle) or the neutral point of an ESC (electric vehicle).

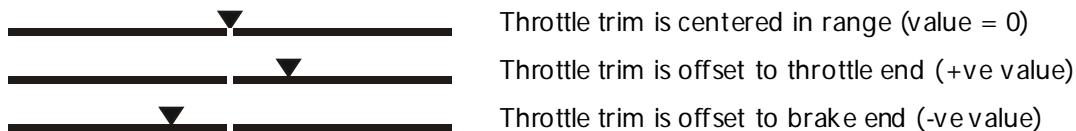
When initially setting up the vehicle, the throttle trim setting should be set to 0. On a throttle servo, the servo horn should be positioned as appropriate on the servo.





On the driving screen, throttle trim is represented by the position of the pointer on the middle bar.

Changing the throttle trim has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars:



## Adjusting Throttle Trim using the Function Menu

Use the navigation controls to adjust throttle trim as follows:

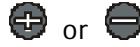
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



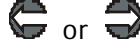
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Trim**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Throttle trim is centered within servo range.
	-ve value (-100 → -1)	Throttle trim is to the BRAKE end.
	+ve value (1 → 100)	Throttle trim is to the THROTTLE end.

## Adjusting Throttle Trim using the Trim Button

You can also use the T3 trim button to adjust throttle trim.

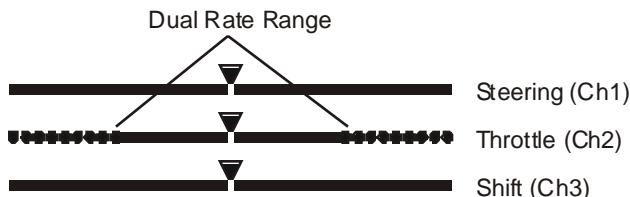
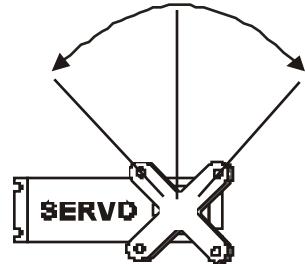
### Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Throttle Dual Rate



Throttle dual rate adjusts the range of servo movement when the throttle trigger is moved from full brake to full throttle position. This is used to increase or decrease the throttle sensitivity across the entire servo range. The throttle dual rate value is applied to both throttle and brake end, and is expressed as a percentage of servo range (configured by end point adjustments).



On the driving screen, throttle dual rate range is represented by the solid length of the middle bar.

The total length of the bar (solid and dotted) represents the servo range. The length of the solid bar represents the servo range set by the dual rate value.

Changing the dual rate setting has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars:



Full servo range is used.



Lower dual rate value reduces servo range.

## Adjusting Throttle Dual Rate using the Function Menu

Use the navigation controls to adjust throttle dual rate as follows:

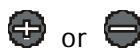
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Dual Rate**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Throttle/brake range is set to minimum (0%).
	1-99	Throttle/brake range is set to a percentage of full range. For example, value "50" gives 50% of full servo range.
	100	Throttle/brake range is set to full (100%)

## Adjusting Throttle Dual Rate using the Trim Button

You can also use the T1 trim button to adjust throttle dual rate.

## Dual Rate and End Point Adjustment

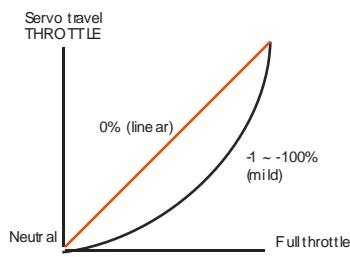
Full servo range is determined by the throttle and brake end point adjustments. The dual rate value determines the relative servo range between the throttle and brake end points. The servo will never move beyond the set end point adjustments, no matter what dual rate setting is applied.

## Throttle Exponential

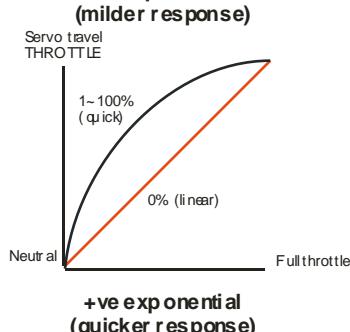


Throttle exponential adjusts how quickly or slowly the throttle servo responds with respect to the amount that the throttle trigger is moved to the THROTTLE end. This affects the sensitivity of the throttle servo near its neutral position.

Adjusting the throttle exponential does not affect the brake exponential; these settings are set individually.



A negative (-ve) exponential value gives a milder throttle response near the throttle neutral point, making it LESS responsive to braking inputs at the throttle trigger.



A positive (+ve) exponential value gives a quicker throttle response near the throttle neutral point, making it MORE responsive to braking inputs at the throttle trigger.

## Adjusting Throttle Exponential

Use the navigation controls to adjust throttle exponential as follows:

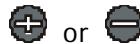
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Throttle Expo**.



4. Change the value.



**Value**

**Description**

0

Neutral throttle response (linear).

-ve value  
(-1 to -100)

Milder throttle response near neutral.

+ve value

Quicker throttle response near neutral.

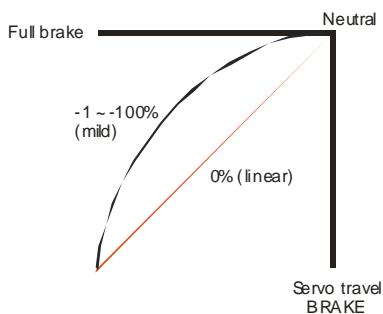
(1 to 100)

## Brake Exponential

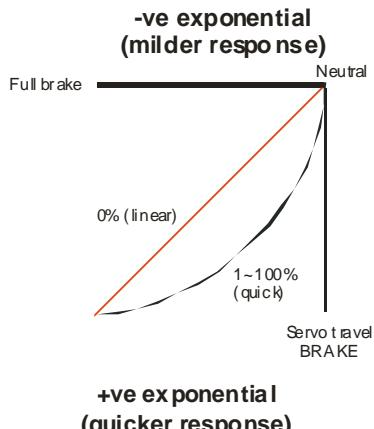


Brake exponential adjusts how quickly or slowly the throttle servo responds with respect to the amount that the throttle trigger is moved to the BRAKE end. This affects the sensitivity of the throttle servo near its neutral position.

Adjusting the brake exponential does not affect the throttle exponential; these settings are set individually.



A negative (-ve) exponential value gives a milder braking response near the throttle neutral point, making it LESS responsive to braking inputs at the throttle trigger.



A positive (+ve) exponential value gives a quicker braking response near the throttle neutral point, making it MORE responsive to braking inputs at the throttle trigger.

## Adjusting Brake Exponential

Use the navigation controls to adjust brake exponential as follows:

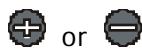
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



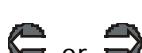
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Brake Expo**.



4. Change the value.

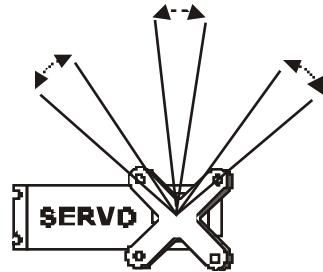


Value	Description
0	Neutral braking response (linear).
-ve value (-1 to -100)	Milder braking response near neutral.
+ve value (1 to 100)	Quicker braking response near neutral.

## Throttle Sub-Trim



Throttle sub-trim adjusts the center point of the throttle servo. This differs from throttle trim in that throttle sub-trim adjusts the servo's entire travel range; by moving the center point of the servo, the throttle and brake end points (throttle, brake) stay the same relative "distance" from the servo center.



Throttle sub-trim should be initially adjusted before using throttle trim, which is used to make fine adjustments to center the throttle within the total steering range.

If you find that you have to use a large amount of throttle sub-trim to adjust the throttle position, you should consider resetting the steering sub-trim to 0 and re-adjusting the servo horn on the servo output shaft.

## Adjusting Throttle Sub-trim

Use the navigation controls to adjust throttle sub-trim as follows:

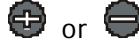
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



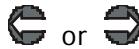
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Sub Trim**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Throttle sub-trim is centered within the servo range.
	-ve value (-100 → -1)	Throttle sub-trim is to the BRAKE end.
	+ve value (1 → 100)	Throttle sub-trim is to the THROTTLE end.

## Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Throttle Trim Increment



Throttle trim increment adjusts the sensitivity of the throttle trim button, by adjusting the amount that the throttle trim value changes for one "step" of adjustment.

For example, setting the throttle trim increment value to "5" changes the throttle trim value by 5 each time that the throttle trim button is pressed once.

## Adjusting Throttle Trim Increment

Use the navigation controls to adjust throttle trim increment as follows:

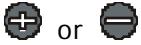
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



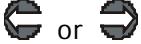
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Trim Increment**.



4. Change the value.



Value	Description
1-20	Throttle trim value changes by set increment. Use smaller values for finer trim control. Use larger values for coarser trim control.

## Throttle Dual Rate Increment



Throttle dual rate increment adjusts the sensitivity of the throttle dual rate by adjusting the amount throttle dual rate value increments for one "step" of adjustment.

For example, setting the throttle dual rate increment value to "5" changes the throttle dual rate value by 5 each time that the throttle dual rate trim button is pressed once.

## Adjusting Throttle Dual Rate Increment

Use the navigation controls to adjust throttle dual rate increment as follows:

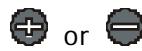
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



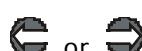
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu



3. Navigate to **DR Increment**.



4. Change the value.

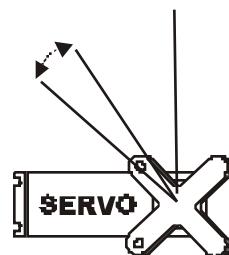


Value	Description
1-20	Throttle dual rate value changes by set increment. Use smaller values for finer dual rate control. Use larger values for coarser dual rate control.

## Brake End Point



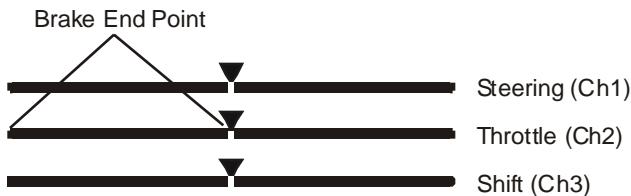
The brake end point value adjusts how far the throttle goes to the BRAKE end with respect to its full range of motion to the brake end. End point adjustment should be adjusted prior to other throttle settings, as the brake end point value affects other throttle settings.



The brake end point is set independently of the throttle end point (which adjusts how far the throttle moves to the THROTTLE end).

The brake end point setting should be used to do the following:

- Limit throttle throw to reduce mechanical binding or servo strain that may occur on full servo throw to the brake end. For example, if the servo is trying to pull a mechanical brake linkage farther than it is mechanically able.
- Adjust braking range to reduce the full braking force of the vehicle.

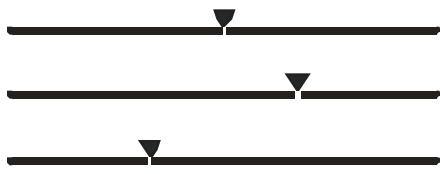


On the driving screen, the brake end point is represented by the length of the bar to the left of the pointer on the middle bar.

The greater the left length of the bar, the greater the brake end point value.

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point settings (throttle and brake) and trim setting.**

Changing the brake end point value has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars.



Brake end point value is approximately the same as the throttle end point value.

Increased brake end point value (more servo travel for BRAKING is possible).

Decreased brake end point value (less servo travel for BRAKING is possible).

The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point settings (throttle and brake) and trim setting; increasing the brake end point value may visually appear to have the same effect as decreasing the throttle end point value.

## Adjusting the Brake End Point

The brake end point value is a relative value, and is expressed as the percentage of full travel to the BRAKE end. For example, setting the brake end point value to "50" allows the throttle to go to only 50% of full brake.

Use the navigation controls to adjust the brake end point as follows:

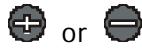
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



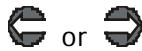
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Brake End Point**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Minimum brake end point; allows NO brake travel.
	1-99	Brake end point value is set to a percentage of full braking travel. For example, a value of "50" gives 50% full brake travel.
	100	Maximum brake end point; allows FULL brake travel.

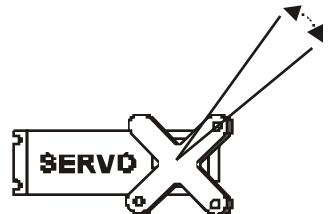
## Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Throttle End Point



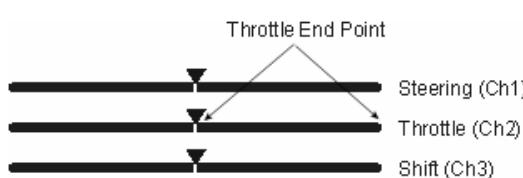
The throttle end point value adjusts how far the throttle goes to the THROTTLE end with respect to its full range of motion to the throttle end. End point adjustment should be adjusted prior to other throttle settings, as the throttle end point value affects other throttle settings.



The throttle end point is set independently of the brake end point (which adjusts how far the throttle servo turns to the BRAKE end).

The throttle end point setting should be used to do the following:

- Limit throttle throw to reduce mechanical binding or servo strain that may occur on full servo throw to the throttle end. For example, if the servo is trying to pull a mechanical throttle linkage farther than it is mechanically able.
- Adjust throttle range to reduce the top speed of the vehicle.

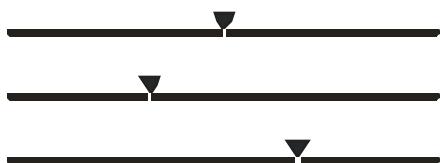


On the driving screen, the throttle end point is represented by the length of the bar to the right of the pointer on the middle bar.

The greater the right length of the bar, the greater the throttle end point value.

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point values (throttle and brake) and trim setting.**

Changing the throttle end point value has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars.



Throttle end point value is approximately the same as the brake end point value.

Increased throttle end point value (more servo travel for THROTTLE is possible).

Decreased throttle end point value (less servo travel for THROTTLE is possible).

The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point values (throttle and brake) and trim setting; increasing the throttle end point value may visually appear to have the same effect as decreasing the brake end point value.

### Adjusting the Throttle End Point

The throttle end point value is a relative value, and is expressed as the percentage of full travel to the THROTTLE end. For example, setting the throttle end point value to "50" allows the throttle to go to only 50% of full travel to the throttle end.

Use the navigation controls to adjust the throttle end point as follows:

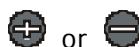
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Throttle End Point**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Minimum throttle end point; allows NO throttle. Throttle end point value is set to a percentage of full throttle travel.
	1-99	For example, a value of "50" gives 50% full throttle travel.
	100	Maximum throttle end point; allows FULL throttle travel.

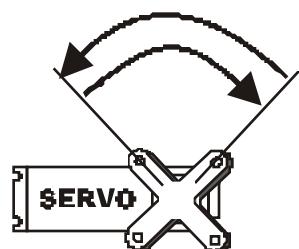
### Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

### Throttle Servo Reverse



Throttle servo reversing reverses the direction the throttle servo moves upon receiving an input from the throttle trigger.



## Changing the Throttle Servo Reverse Setting

Use the navigation controls to change the throttle servo reverse setting as follows:

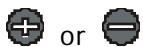
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



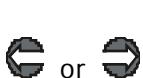
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Servo Reverse**.



4. Change the value.



**Value**  
Off  
On

**Description**

Standard servo direction.  
Reversed servo direction.

## Throttle Servo Type



Throttle servo type lets you select the type of throttle servo (analog or digital) in the vehicle. Analog servos are sent signals at 50 frames/sec, while Digital servos are sent signals at 100 frames/sec.

If you are running an electric car with an ESC, it may perform better with the digital setting. Some ESCs may not operate at all with the higher frame rate. Try both settings and choose the best performance.

## Changing the Throttle Servo Type

Use the navigation controls to change the throttle servo type as follows:

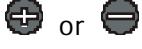
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



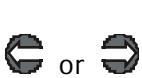
2. Navigate to the **Throttle (Ch2)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Servo Type**.



4. Change the value.



**Value**  
Analog  
Digital

**Description**

Throttle servo is analog.  
Throttle servo is digital.

## Throttle Speed

Throttle speed allows you to limit the maximum speed that the throttle servo will be driven to match your movements on the trigger. There are four parameters that can be adjusted to precisely set up your limiting.



Throttle Speed determines the percentage of full speed that is applied to the throttle movements that are above the throttle trigger setting. 100 is maximum servo movement rate. 1 is minimum rate. Default is 100 (full speed).

Brake Speed determines the percentage of full speed that is applied to braking movements that are above the trigger setting. 100 is maximum servo movement rate. 1 is minimum rate. Default is 100 (full speed).

Throttle Trigger sets the minimum amount of control input before the speed limiter becomes active. At 0%, limiting is always active (input is always  $\geq 0\%$ ). At 50%, limiting is only active if the throttle is on half way or more.

Brake Trigger sets the minimum amount of control input before the speed limiter becomes active. At 0%, limiting is always active (input is always  $\geq 0\%$ ). At 50%, limiting is only active if the brake is on half way or more.

## Changing the Throttle Speed

Use the navigation controls to change the steering servo type as follows:

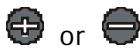
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



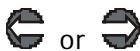
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Throttle Speed**.



4. Change the values.



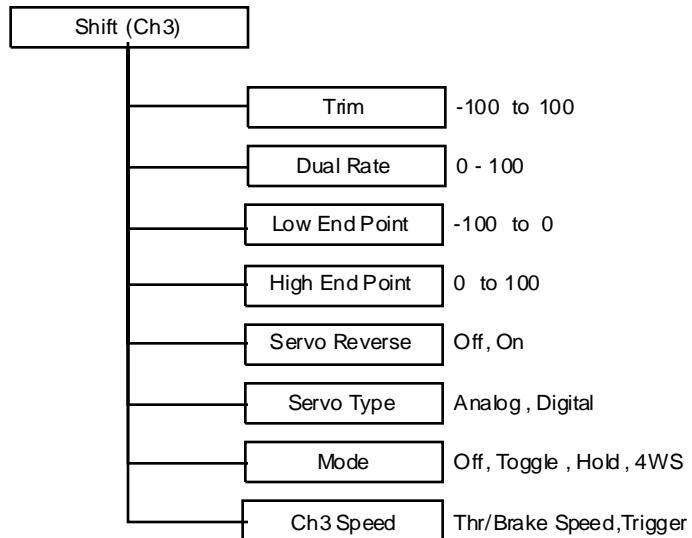
Value	Description
Throttle Speed	The amount of limiting applied to servo throttle motion once the trigger amount has been exceeded.
Brake Speed	The amount of limiting applied to servo brake motion once the trigger amount has been exceeded.
Throttle Trigger	The percentage of full throttle range that will be limited.
Brake Trigger	The percentage of full braking range that will be limited.

## Interaction with other Settings

- Servo Speed is applied after Expo. The trigger levels refer to the curved input value.
- ABS is applied after Brake Speed, so Brake Speed can limit how quickly the brake input moves to the ABS Active region, but once there ABS pulses happen at full speed.
- Servo Speed is applied after AutoStart, so if the AutoStart Level is set higher than the Throttle Speed Trigger, the servo movement will be slowed.
- Idle Up only takes effect when the trigger is centered. Throttle Speed can slow down the return to center, and therefore slow down Idle Up activation. Once Idle Up is started, the servo will jump to the set position.

## Shift Servo Functions

The following illustration shows the function menu structure for the shift servo functions:

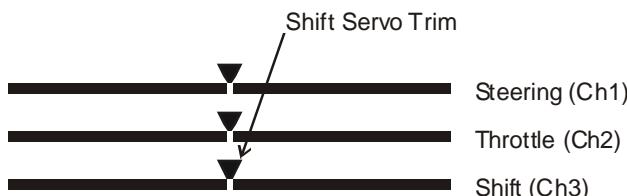
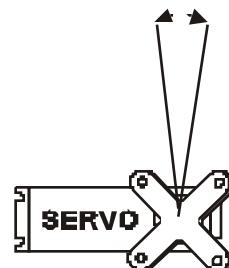


### Shift Servo Trim



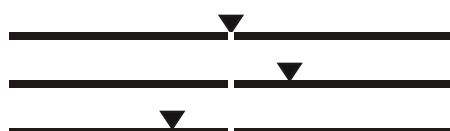
Shift servo trim adjusts the resting (centered) position of the shift servo.

When initially setting up the vehicle, the shift servo trim setting should be set to 0. On the shift servo, the servo horn should be positioned as appropriate on the servo.



On the driving screen, shift servo trim is represented by the position of the pointer on the bottom bar.

Changing the shift servo trim has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars:



Shift servo trim is centered in range (value = 0)

Shift servo trim is offset to high end (+ve value)

Shift servo trim is offset to low end (-ve value)

## Adjusting Shift Servo Trim

Use the navigation controls to adjust shift servo trim as follows:

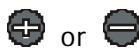
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



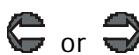
2. Navigate to the **Shift (Ch3)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Trim**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Shift servo trim is centered within the servo range.
	-ve value (-100 → -1)	Shift servo trim is to the LOW end.
	+ve value (1 → 100)	Shift servo trim is to the HIGH end.

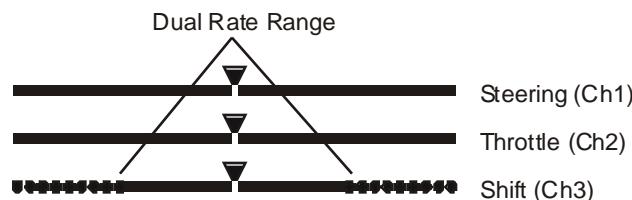
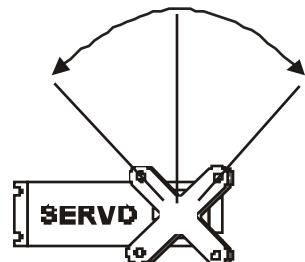
## Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Shift Servo Dual Rate



Shift servo dual rate adjusts the range of servo movement when the grip buttons are activated. The shift servo dual rate value is applied to both low and high ends, and is expressed as a percentage of servo range (configured by end point adjustments).



On the driving screen, shift servo dual rate range is represented by the solid length of the bottom bar.

The total length of the bar (solid and dotted) represents the servo range. The length of the solid bar represents the servo range as set by the dual rate value.

Changing the dual rate setting has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars:



Full servo range is used.

Lower dual rate value reduces servo range.

## Adjusting Shift Servo Dual Rate

Use the navigation controls to adjust shift servo dual rate as follows:

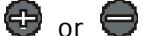
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Shift (Ch3)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Dual Rate**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Shift servo range is set to minimum (0%).
	1-99	Shift servo range is set to a percentage of full range. For example, value "50" gives 50% of full servo range.
	100	Shift servo range is set to full (100%)

## Dual Rate and End Point Adjustment

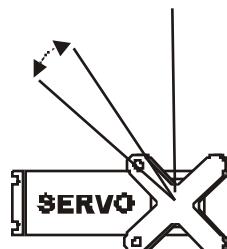
Full servo range is determined by the shift servo low and high end point adjustments. The dual rate value determines the relative servo range between the low and high end points. The servo will never move beyond the set end point adjustments, no matter what dual rate setting is applied.

### Low End Point



The shift servo low end point value adjusts the shift servo's starting position at reset. This is intended to be low gear and goes with the downshift sound event. The end point adjustments should be adjusted prior to other settings.

The low end point is set independently of the high end point (which adjusts how far the shift servo moves to the HIGH end).



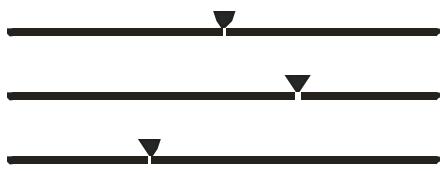


On the driving screen, the low end point is represented by the length of the bar to the left of the pointer on the lower bar.

The greater the left length of the bar, the greater the low end point value.

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point settings (low and high) and trim setting.**

Changing the low end point value has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars.



Low end point value is approximately the same as the high end point value.

Increased low end point value (more servo travel on LOW end is possible).

Decreased low end point value (less servo travel on LOW end is possible).

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point settings (low and high) and trim setting; increasing the low end point value may visually appear to have the same effect as decreasing the high end point value.**

### Adjusting the Low End Point

The low end point value is a relative value, and is expressed as the percentage of full travel to the LOW end. For example, setting the low end point value to "50" allows the servo to move only 50% of full travel to the low end.

Use the navigation controls to adjust the low end point as follows:

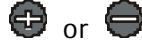
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



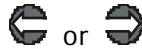
2. Navigate to the **Shift (Ch3)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Low End Point**.



4. Change the value.



Value	Description
0	Minimum low end point; allows NO travel to low end.
1-99	Low end point value is set to a percentage of travel range to low end. For example, a value of "50" gives 50% of full travel to low end.
100	Maximum low end point; allows FULL travel to low end.

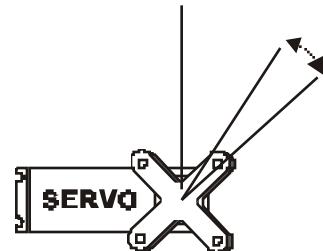
## Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

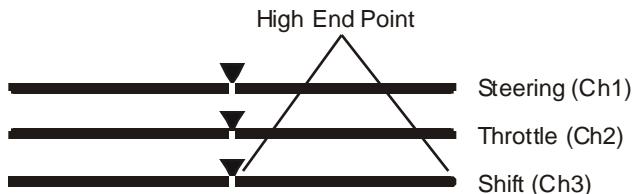
### High End Point



The shift servo high end point value adjusts the shift servo's ending position after shifting upwards. This is intended to be high gear and goes with the upshift sound event. The end point adjustments should be adjusted prior to other settings.



The high end point is set independently of the low end point (which adjusts how far the shift servo moves to the LOW turns end).

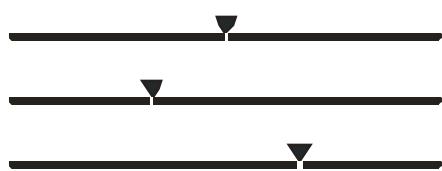


On the driving screen, the high end point is represented by the length of the bar to the right of the pointer on the upper bar.

The greater the right length of the bar, the greater the high end point value.

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point settings (low and high) and trim setting.**

Changing the high end point value has the following visual effect on the driving screen bars.



High end point value is approximately the same as the low end point value.

Increased high end point value (more servo travel on HIGH end is possible).

Decreased high end point value (less servo travel on HIGH end is possible).

**The position of the pointer on the bar is affected by end point settings (low and high) and trim setting; increasing the high end point value may visually appear to have the same effect as decreasing the low end point value.**

## Adjusting the High End Point

The high end point value is a relative value, and is expressed as the percentage of full travel to the HIGH end. For example, setting the high end point value to "50" allows the servo to move only 50% of full travel to the high end.

Use the navigation controls to adjust the high end point as follows:

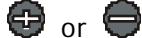
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Shift (Ch3)** menu.



3. Navigate to **High End Point**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	0	Minimum high end point; allows NO travel to high end.
	1-99	High end point value is set to a percentage of travel range to high end. For example, a value of "50" gives 50% of full travel to high end.
	100	Maximum high end point; allows FULL travel to high end.

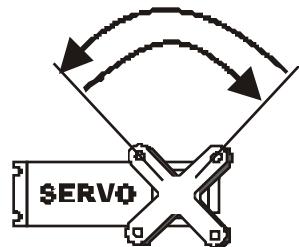
## Trim and EPA Interaction

A trim (or sub-trim) setting of 100 is equivalent to an End Point setting of 20.

## Shift Servo Reverse



Shift servo reversing reverses the direction the shift servo moves upon receiving an input from the grip buttons.



## Changing the Shift Servo Reverse Setting

Use the navigation controls to change the shift servo reverse setting as follows:

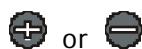
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Shift (Ch3)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Servo Reverse**.



4. Change the value.



Value	Description
Off	Standard servo direction.
On	Reversed servo direction.

## Shift Servo Type



Shift servo type lets you select the type of shift servo (analog or digital) in the vehicle. Analog servos are sent signals at 50 frames/sec, while Digital servos are sent signals at 100 frames/sec.

## Changing the Shift Servo Type

Use the navigation controls to change the shift servo type as follows:

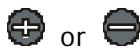
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



2. Navigate to the **Shift (Ch3)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Servo Type**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Analog	Shift servo is analog.
	Digital	Shift servo is digital.

## Shift Servo Mode



Shift servo mode controls the operation of the shift function.

## Changing the Shift Servo Mode

Use the navigation controls to change the shift servo mode as follows:

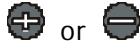
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



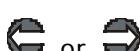
2. Navigate to the **Shift (Ch3)** menu.



3. Navigate to **Mode**.



4. Change the value.



	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Off	No action; shift servo stays at trim position.
	Toggle	Shift servo starts at Low. Pressing the grip button moves the shift servo to High. Releasing and pressing the grip button again moves the shift servo back to Low.
	Hold	Servo starts at Low. Holding the grip button moves the shift servo to High. Releasing the grip button moves the servo back to Low.
	4WS	4-wheel steering mode. Shift servo output is controlled by the steering wheel, just like the steering servo.
	Thr/Brake	Throttle/Brake mode. Shift servo output is controlled by the trigger, just like the Throttle servo

Note that in 4WS or Thr/Brake mode the settings on this screen (End Points, Dual Rate, Trim, Reverse, Type, and Servo Speed) still take effect. The Expo setting from the master channel is used, for Thr/Brake Auto Start, Idle Up, and ABS apply.

## Ch3 Speed

Ch3 speed allows you to limit the maximum speed that the shift servo will be driven to match your movements on the button. There are four parameters that can be adjusted to precisely set up your limiting.



Input/Throttle Speed determines the percentage of full speed that is applied to the throttle movements that are above the throttle trigger setting. 100 is maximum servo movement rate. 1 is minimum rate. Default is 100 (full speed)

Return/Brake Speed determines the percentage of full speed that is applied to braking movements that are above the trigger setting. 100 is maximum servo movement rate. 1 is minimum rate. Default is 100 (full speed)

Trigger sets the minimum amount of control input before the speed limiter becomes active. At 0%, limiting is always active (input is always  $\geq 0\%$ ). At 50%, limiting is only active if the throttle is half way or more.

Brake Trigger sets the minimum amount of control input before the speed limiter becomes active. At 0%, limiting is always active (input is always  $\geq 0\%$ ). At 50%, limiting is only active if the brake is half way or more.

The parameters of this function operate differently depending on which mode CH3 is currently set for. (See Shift Servo Mode above).

Shift Servo mode set for <b>4WS</b>	Shift Servo mode set for <b>Thr/Brake</b>
Input/Throttle Speed acts as Input Speed	Input/Throttle Speed is Throttle Speed
Return/Brake Speed acts as Return Speed	Return/Brake Speed acts as Brake Speed
Trigger acts as Trigger	Trigger acts as Throttle Trigger
Brake Trigger is not used	Brake Trigger acts as Brake Trigger

## Changing the Ch3 Speed

Use the navigation controls to change the steering servo type as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



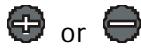
2. Navigate to the **Steering (Ch1)** menu.



: then



3. Navigate to **Throttle Speed**.



4. Change the values.



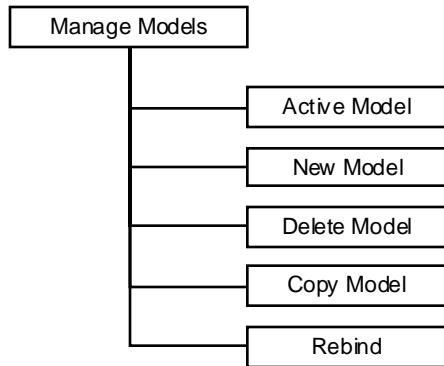
	<b>Value</b>	<b>Description</b>
	Input/Throttle Speed	The amount of limiting applied to servo throttle motion once the trigger amount has been exceeded.
	Return/Brake Speed	The amount of limiting applied to servo brake motion once the trigger amount has been exceeded.
	Trigger	The percentage of full throttle range that will be limited.
	Brake Trigger	The percentage of full braking range that will be limited.

## Interaction with other Settings

- Servo Speed does not apply to CH3 when in Toggle, Hold, or Off modes
- Servo Speed is applied after Expo. The trigger levels refer to the curved input value.
- ABS is applied after Brake Speed, so Brake Speed can limit how quickly the brake input moves to the ABS Active region, but once there ABS pulses happen at full speed.
- Servo Speed is applied after AutoStart, so if the AutoStart Level is set higher than the Throttle Speed Trigger, the servo movement will be slowed.
- Idle Up only takes effect when the trigger is centered. Throttle Speed can slow down the return to center and therefore slow down Idle Up activation. Once Idle Up is started, the servo will jump to the set position.

## Model Management

The following illustration shows the function menu structure for the model management functions:



### Active Model



The Sensor can store all settings for up to eight vehicles. The Active Model function is used to select the model to be used.

When binding with a transceiver in a vehicle, you must first select the active model to identify the vehicle.

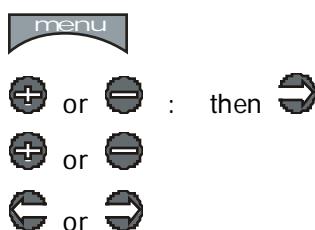
When preparing to operate a vehicle, select the active model, then turn on the vehicle and Sensor. The Sensor searches for the transceiver with the VIN associated with the selected active model.

For more information, see "The Binding Process" earlier in this manual.

### Selecting the Active Model

Use the navigation controls to select the active model as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Manage Models** menu.
3. Navigate to **Active Model**.
4. Select the active model.



## New Model



You can create a new model settings profile if there are any model memories remaining. Creating a new model allows you to store the settings for another model.

By default, the new model setting is given the number of the next highest model number (For example, if there are currently 4 model settings, creating a new model will create "Model 5" and make it the default model.)

You can change the model name from your PC using the Digital RC Desktop.

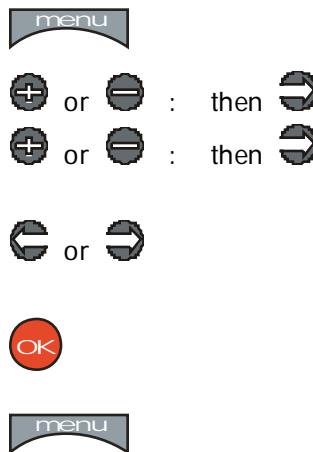
### Creating a New Model

Use the navigation controls to create a new model as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Manage Models** menu.
3. Navigate to and activate **New Model**.
4. At the confirmation screen:
  - Select **Yes** to create a new default model.
  - Select **No** to cancel the operation.
5. Confirm your selection.

6. The "connecting" screen appears.

You can press the "Menu" button to cancel.



## Delete Model

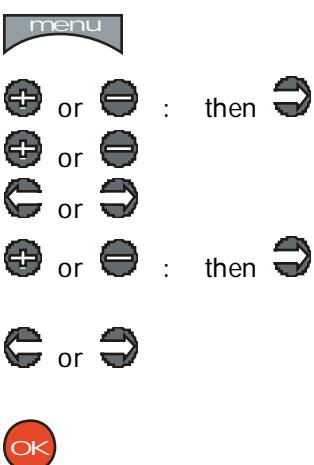


You can delete a model settings profile. This removes all stored settings for the model from memory.

## Deleting a Model

Use the navigation controls to delete a model as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Manage Models** menu.
3. Navigate to **Active Model**.
4. Navigate to the model you want to delete.
5. Navigate to and activate **Delete Model**.
6. At the confirmation screen:
  - Select **Yes** to delete the active model.
  - Select **No** to cancel the operation.
7. Confirm your selection.



## Copy Model

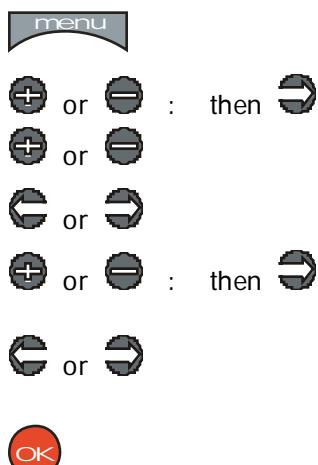


You can copy settings from one model profile to create a new duplicate model. If all model profiles already exist, you cannot copy a model.

## Copying a Model

Use the navigation controls to copy a model as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Manage Models** menu.
3. Navigate to **Active Model**.
4. Navigate to the model for which you want to copy the settings.
5. Navigate to and activate **Copy Model**.
6. At the confirmation screen:
  - Select **Yes** to create a new duplicate model.
  - Select **No** to cancel the operation.
7. Confirm your selection.



8. A new duplicate model is created and set as active model.

## Rebinding



You can rebind to the transceiver in a specific model (identified by a model profile).

### Rebinding to a Model

Use the controls to rebind to a model as follows:

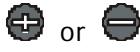
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



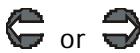
2. Navigate to the **Manage Models** menu.



3. Navigate to **Active Model**.



4. Navigate to the model you want to rebind with.



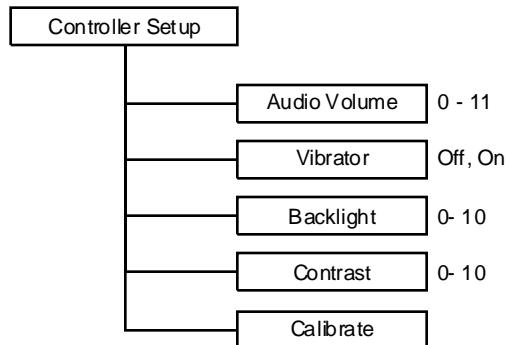
5. Navigate to and activate **Rebind**.



6. If the receiver was previously bound to a different Sensor, turn on the model and perform the binding process again by activating the Bind button until the LED illuminates. Otherwise, just turn on the model.

## Controller Setup

The following illustration shows the function menu structure for the controller setup functions:



### Audio Volume

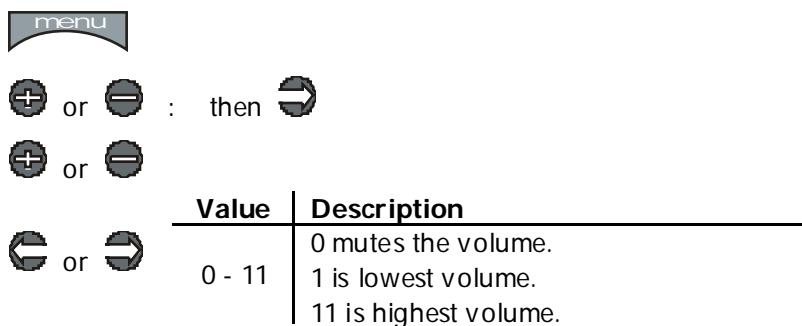


You can set the audio volume to one of eleven settings. While many RC controllers let you adjust the sound to just ten settings, Sensor gives you one more. It's one louder.

### Setting the Audio Volume Level

Use the navigation controls to set the audio volume as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Controller Setup** menu.
3. Navigate to **Audio Volume**.
4. Adjust the volume level.



## Vibrator

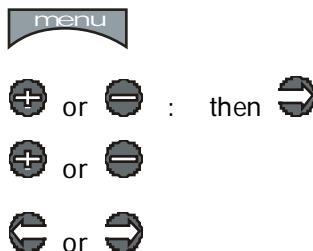


As you might guess, this option lets you turn the vibration option on and off.

### Turning the Vibrator On/Off

Use the navigation controls to turn the vibrator on/off as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Controller Setup** menu.
3. Navigate to **Vibrator**.
4. Turn the vibration option on/off.



## Backlight



You can set the brightness of the display screen backlight. The use of the backlight consumes power and will reduce the running time of your Sensor controller.

## Adjusting the Display Backlight Level

Use the navigation controls to adjust the display backlight level as follows:

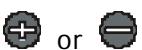
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



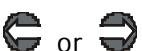
2. Navigate to the **Controller Setup** menu.



3. Navigate to **Backlight**.



4. Adjust the display screen backlight level.



Value	Description
0 - 10	0 turns backlight off. (Maximum battery life) 10 is the brightest backlight level.

## Contrast



You can set the contrast of the display screen to make it lighter or darker for better visibility at your preferred viewing angle.

## Adjusting the Display Contrast Level

Use the navigation controls to adjust the display contrast level as follows:

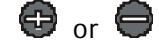
1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



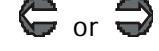
2. Navigate to the **Controller Setup** menu.



3. Navigate to **Contrast**.



4. Adjust the display contrast level.



Value	Description
0 - 10	0 is lowest contrast level (faintest). 10 is the highest contrast level (darkest).

## Calibrate

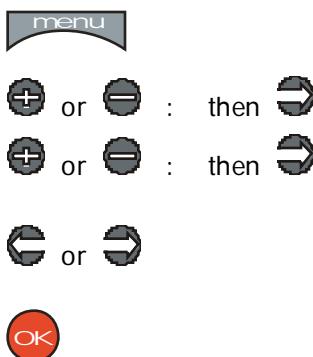


You can recalibrate the Sensor steering and throttle controls. This does not change any of the steering or throttle settings that are stored in the memory profile.

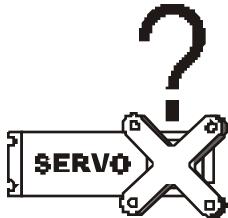
## Recalibrating the Sensor

Use the navigation controls to recalibrate the Sensor as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.
2. Navigate to the **Controller Setup** menu.
3. Navigate to and activate **Calibrate**.
4. At the confirmation screen:
  - Select **Yes** to recalibrate
  - Select **No** to cancel the operation
5. Confirm your selection.
6. Perform the calibration routine by following the on-screen commands.



## Failsafes



You can set up the failsafe positions of the servos so that in the event of loss of signal, the servos go to their set failsafe positions. Default failsafe positions are centered steering and trim.

### Setting Failsafe Modes

Use the navigation controls to set the failsafe modes as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



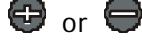
2. Navigate to the **Advanced** menu.



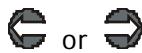
3. Navigate to the **Failsafe** menu.



4. Navigate to **Steering**.

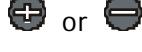


5. Change the steering servo failsafe setting.

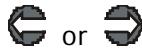


Value	Description
Hold	Steering servo holds last known position.
Set	Steering servo goes to set failsafe position.

6. Navigate to **Throttle**.

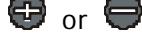


7. Change the throttle servo failsafe setting.

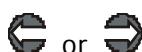


Value	Description
Hold	Throttle servo holds last known position.
Set	Throttle servo goes to set failsafe position.

8. Navigate to **Shift**.



9. Change the shift servo failsafe setting.



Value	Description
Hold	Shift servo holds last known position.
Set	Shift servo goes to set failsafe position.

## Setting Failsafe Positions

Use the navigation controls to set the failsafe positions as follows:

1. Access the top function menu from the driving screen.



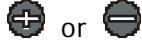
2. Navigate to the **Advanced** menu.



3. Navigate to the **Failsafe** menu.

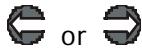


4. Navigate to **Set Failsafes**.



5. At the confirmation screen:

- Select **Yes** to capture the servo failsafe settings.
- Select **No** to abandon the operation.



6. Confirm your selection.



7. A 3-second countdown begins on the display screen.

Before the countdown ends, use the Sensor controls to set the servo failsafe positions. (For example, on a nitro car set steering to centered and throttle to full brake.)

At the end of the countdown, a confirmation message indicates that the servo failsafe positions were stored.

8. To test the failsafe positions, turn off the Sensor and observe the reactions of the connected servos. The servos should go to the failsafe positions you just set.

## Sensor Digital RC Desktop

The innovative Sensor Digital RC Desktop can be used to program the functionality of your Sensor using your computer. The supplied adaptor cable is used to connect your Sensor to an available USB port on your computer, allowing your Sensor and the RC Desktop to communicate and exchange information. The RC Desktop interface has the same menu structure as that contained within your Sensor; and has been designed to be very easy to use.

Information may be transferred between your Sensor and the RC Desktop so that you can download your current setting information to your computer, make changes, and then upload the newer settings. Updating the Sensor firmware is as easy as uploading a file, or using your Internet connection to retrieve the latest firmware file directly from Nomadio and upload it to your Sensor in one easy step.

After you start using your Sensor and install your RC Desktop, we strongly recommend that you perform the registration process so that you can receive special incentives and privileges, and be kept abreast of the latest Nomadio developments and news. The online registration process is fast and easy, and requires an Internet connection.

### Minimum System Requirements

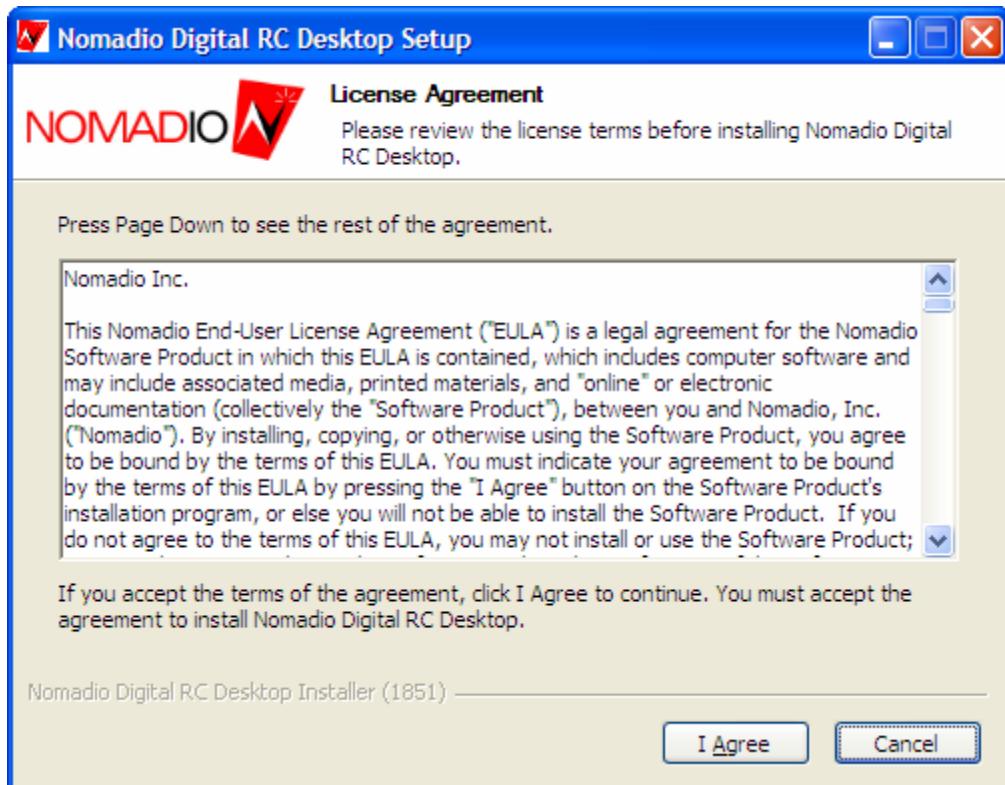
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<b>Processor:</b>	Pentium 3
<b>RAM:</b>	128MB
<b>HDD space:</b>	100MB
<b>CD-ROM:</b>	Available CD-ROM drive
<b>Display:</b>	VGA or better
<b>Ports:</b>	Available USB port (1.1 or 2.0 port recommended)
<b>OS:</b>	Windows 2000, XP

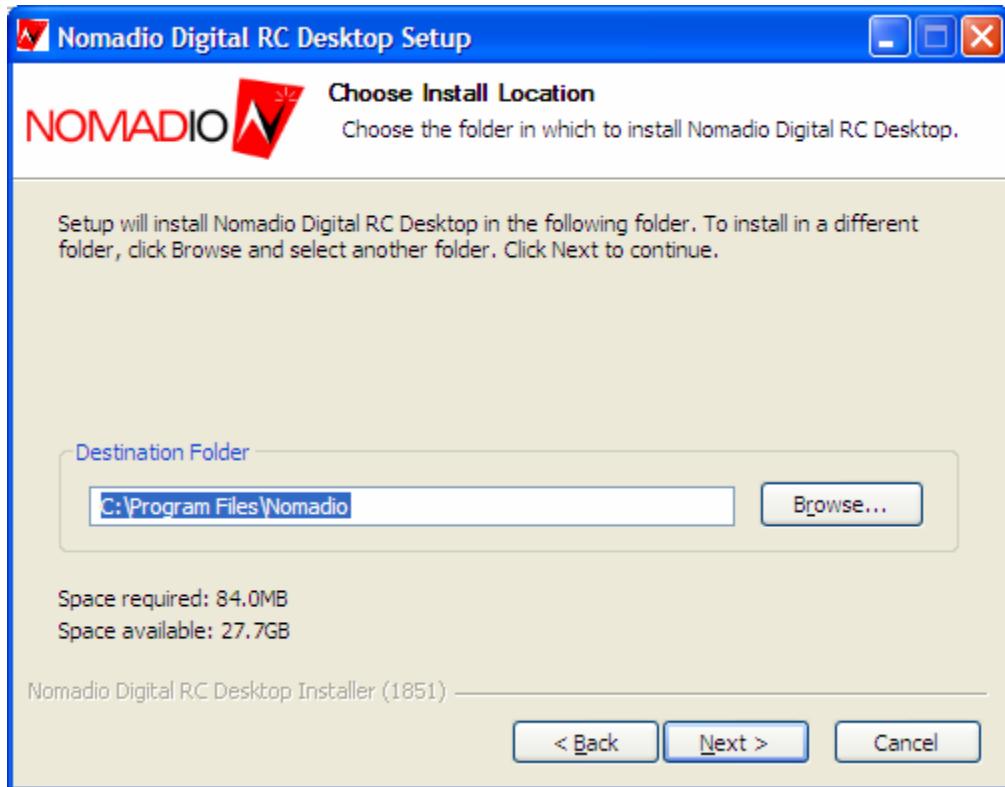
### Installing the RC Desktop

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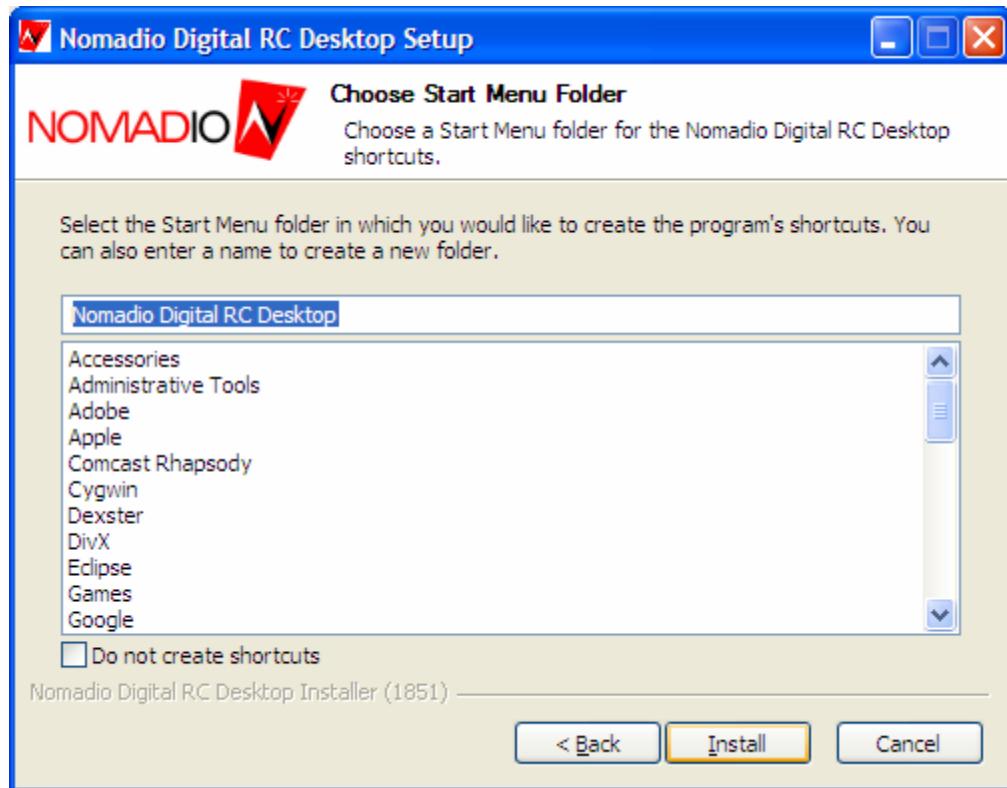
1. Install the Nomadio Digital RC Desktop CD into your computer's CD-ROM drive.
2. If your computer has AutoPlay enabled, the installation wizard begins automatically. If AutoPlay is not enabled, locate and run the **RCDesktopSetup.exe** file located in the root directory on the CD-ROM.



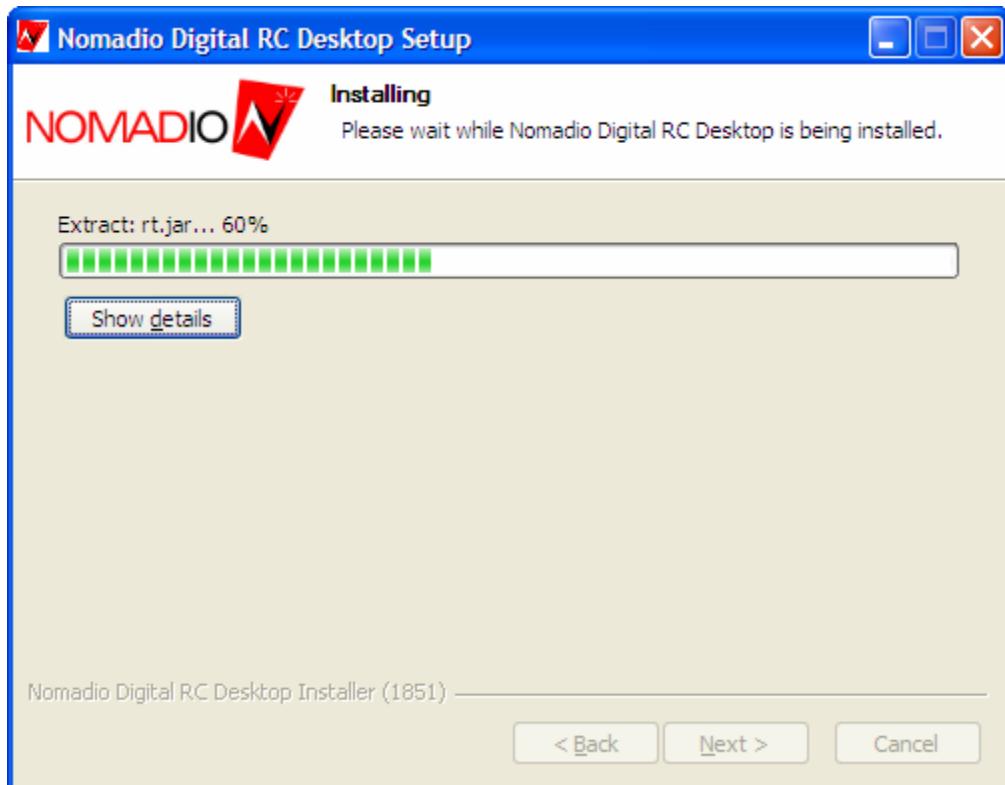
3. When the installation begins you will be presented with a Setup Wizard that begins with the Nomadio License Agreement. Click **I Agree** to continue.



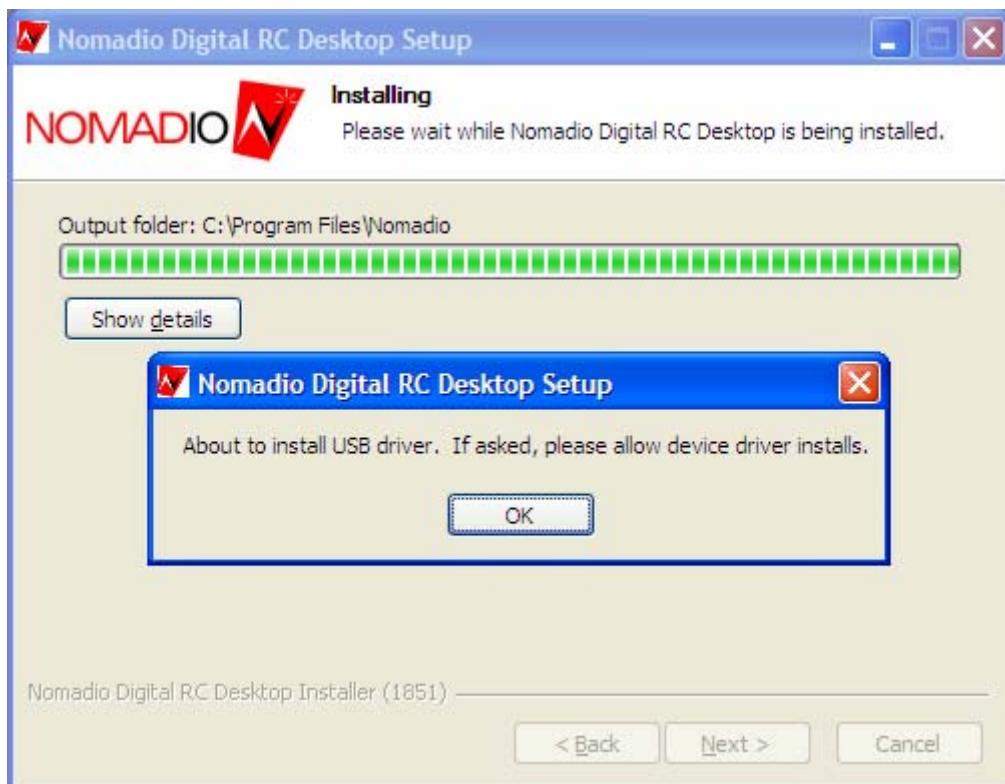
4. Next choose the destination folder for the Digital RC Desktop by either typing in the path or clicking the **Browse** button and picking the folder you wish to use. Click the **Next** button to continue.



5. At the next screen, select the Start Menu folder for the Digital RC Desktop's shortcuts. Click the **Do not create shortcuts** checkbox if you do not want shortcuts created. Click **Install** to continue the Setup Wizard.



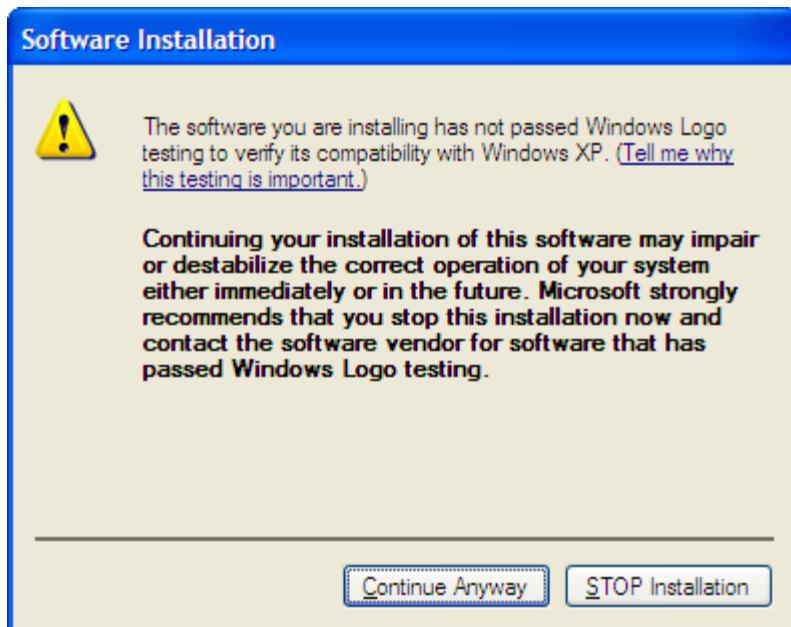
6. The Setup Wizard will next install all of the files required.



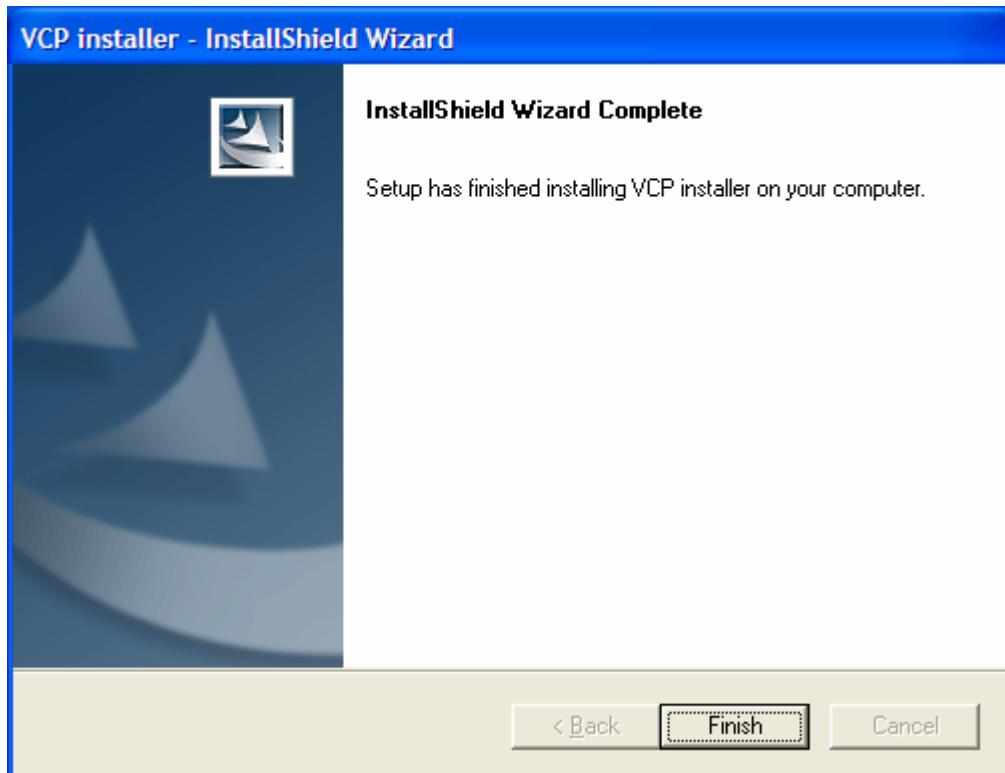
7. After installing the required files, the Setup Wizard will install the Universal Serial Bus device drivers that will allow the Digital RC Desktop to communicate with the Sensor.



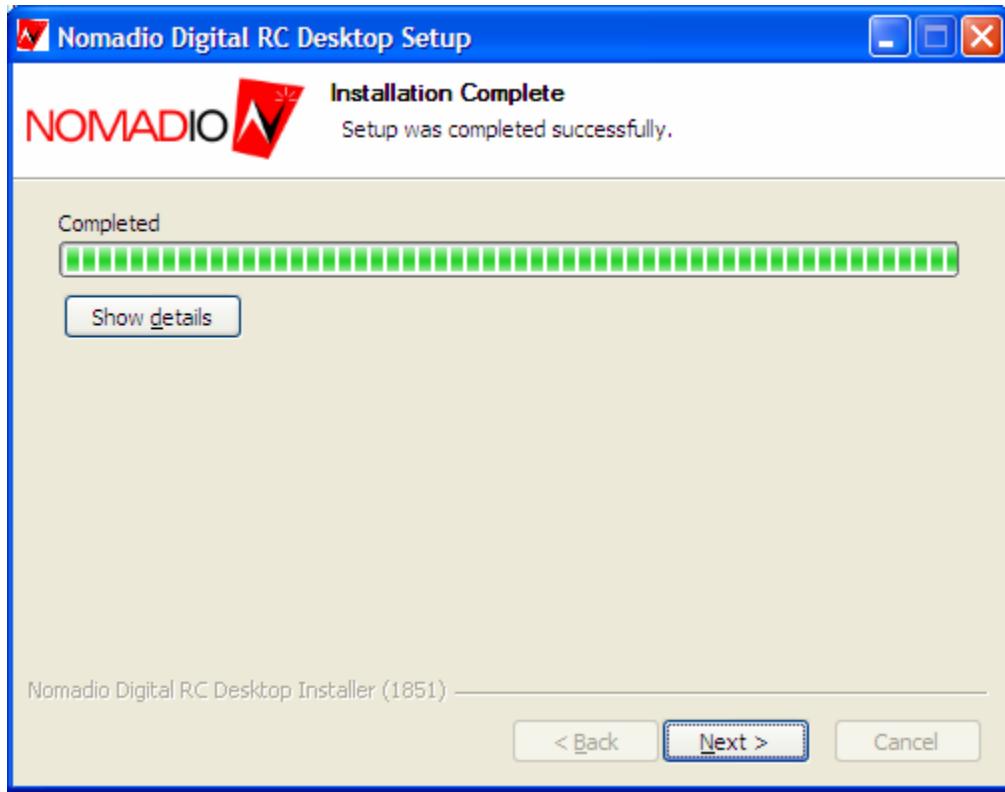
8. You will then be shown the License Agreement for the device drivers. Choose **I accept the terms of the license agreement** and then click **Next** to continue.



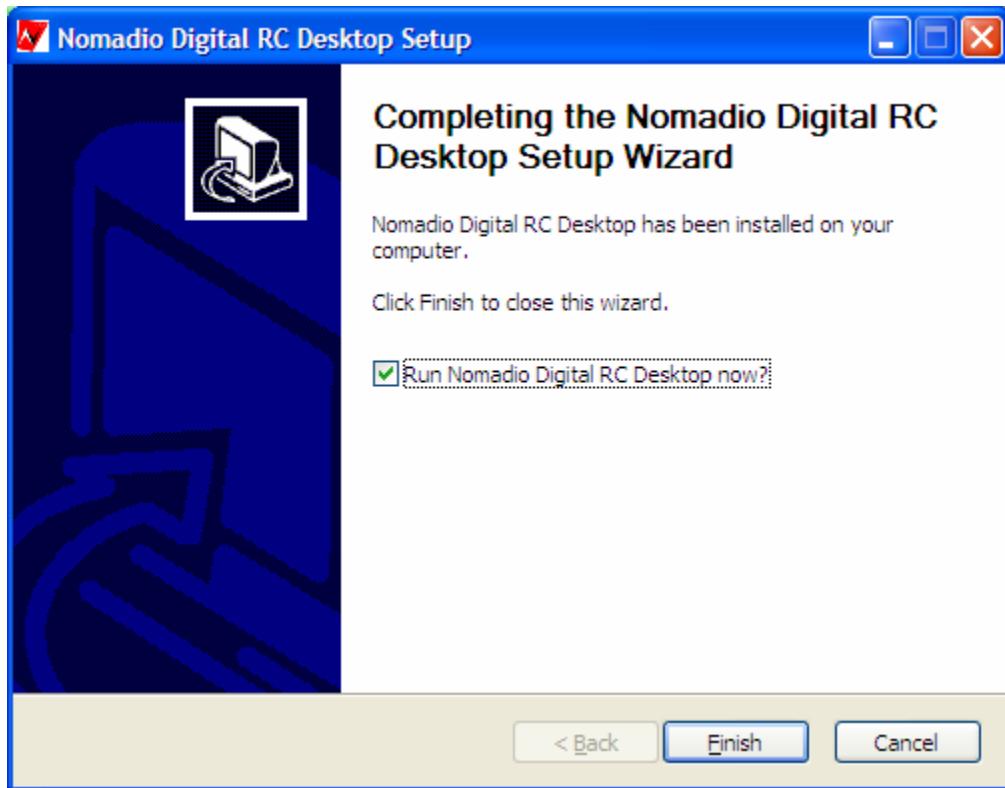
9. On Windows XP you will be prompted if you want to install each of the two device drivers. Nomadio is actively working towards achieving Windows Logo Certification and currently passes all the required tests available from Windows Hardware Quality Labs. Click **Continue Anyway** to continue the installation.



10. Once the device drivers are installed, click **Finish** to complete the device driver setup.



11. Digital RC Desktop Setup is now almost done. Click **Next** to continue.



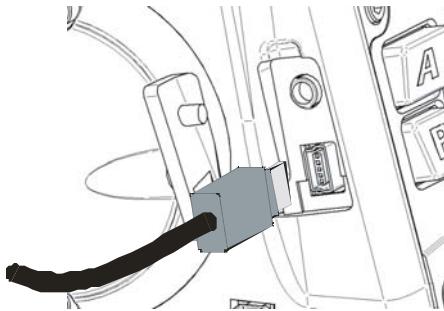
12. Leave the **Run Nomadio Digital RC Desktop now?** checkbox selected for the Setup Wizard to launch the program after exiting the Setup Wizard. Click **Finish** to exit the Nomadio Digital RC Desktop Setup.

## Connecting the Sensor to your Computer

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To connect your Sensor to your computer, do the following:

1. Plug the small end of the supplied adaptor cable into the receptacle on the left side of the Sensor.
2. Plug the other end of the cable into an available USB port on your computer.  
Your computer will recognize the Sensor as being connected via a new serial communications port.

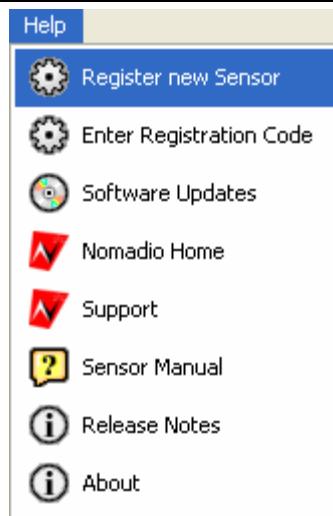
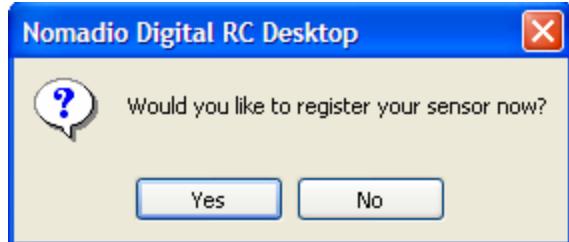


## Using the Sensor Digital RC Desktop

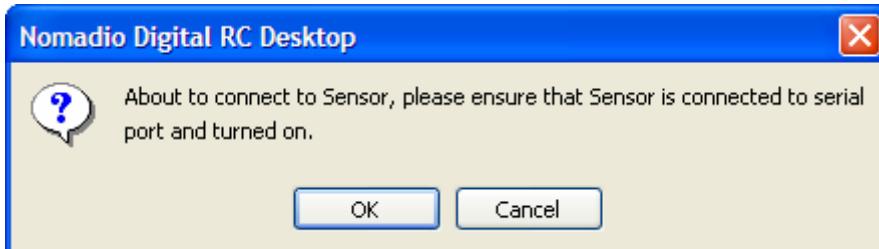
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<b>To start the RC Desktop</b>	From the <b>START</b> menu, click <b>(All) Programs, Nomadio Digital RC Desktop</b> , then <b>Nomadio Digital RC Desktop</b> .
<b>To make changes to the settings</b>	Navigate through the functions of the RC Desktop, and make changes as appropriate to global settings, or to settings for individual models.
<b>To open a saved settings file</b>	From the <b>File</b> menu, click <b>Open...</b>
<b>To save the current settings into a file</b>	From the <b>File</b> menu, click <b>Save</b> .
<b>To receive the current settings from the Sensor</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Connect the Sensor to your computer.</li><li>2. Turn on the Sensor.</li><li>3. From the <b>File</b> menu, click <b>Receive Settings from Sensor</b>.</li></ol>
<b>To send the RC Desktop's current settings to the Sensor</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Connect the Sensor to your computer.</li><li>2. Turn on the Sensor.</li><li>3. From the <b>File</b> menu, click <b>Send Settings to Sensor</b>.</li></ol>
<b>To install the latest firmware into the Sensor</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Connect the Sensor to your computer.</li><li>2. Turn on the Sensor.</li><li>3. From the <b>Firmware</b> menu, click <b>Install Latest Firmware</b>.</li></ol>
<b>To install firmware from a file into the Sensor</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Connect the Sensor to your computer.</li><li>2. Turn on the Sensor.</li><li>3. From the <b>Firmware</b> menu, click <b>Install Firmware from File</b>.</li></ol>
<b>To update the RC Desktop to the latest version</b>	From the <b>Help</b> menu, click <b>Software Updates</b> .

## Registration



1. When you start the Digital RC Desktop the first time, you will be prompted to register. Click **Yes** to continue. If you click **No**, you can register you will be prompted again the next time you start the Digital RC Desktop. You can register immediately by choosing the **Help** menu and then choosing **Register new Sensor**.



2. The Digital RC Desktop will now read your Sensor's ID. Connect and turn on your Sensor and click **OK**.

Thank you for choosing Nomadio Sensor and Digital RC Desktop.  
Please fill in the form below to register your Sensor.  
Benefits of registering include free software updates and a free speed sensor.  
When you click the Register button an email will be sent to you with a link to the next step in the registration process.

First Name:

Last Name:

Address Line 1:

Address Line 2:

City:

State/Province:

Zip/Postal code:

Country/Region:

Phone Number:

E-Mail:  (Required: Confirmation sent here)

Sensor ID:

What cars do you drive?

**Register**

3. Your web browser will then be opened to a web page that will ask you for registration information. Your Sensor ID will be automatically read from your Sensor and filled in.
4. When you click the **Register** button, a confirmation e-mail will be sent to you. This will e-mail will contain a link back to Nomadio's registration site where you will be able to get your registration code.



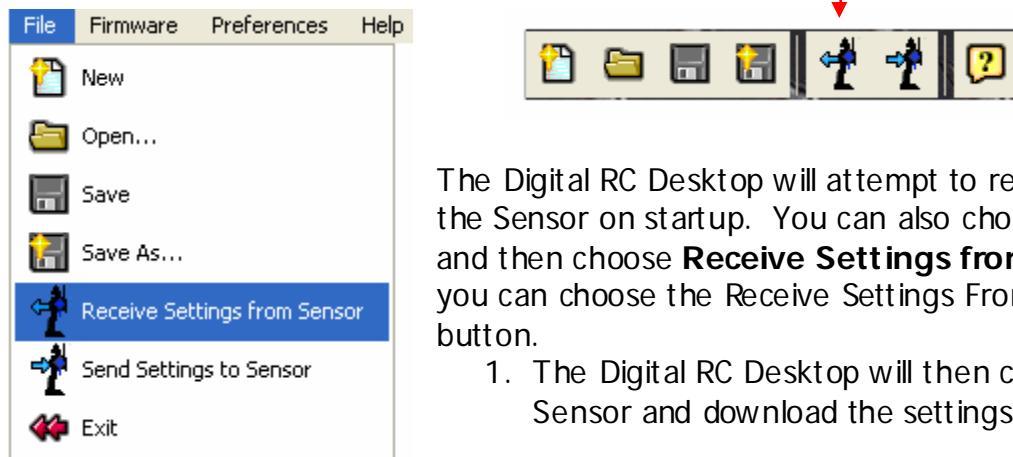
5. Enter your registration code in the Digital RC Desktop and click the **OK** button. If you press **Cancel**, you can enter your registration code by choosing the **Help** menu and choosing **Enter Registration Code**.



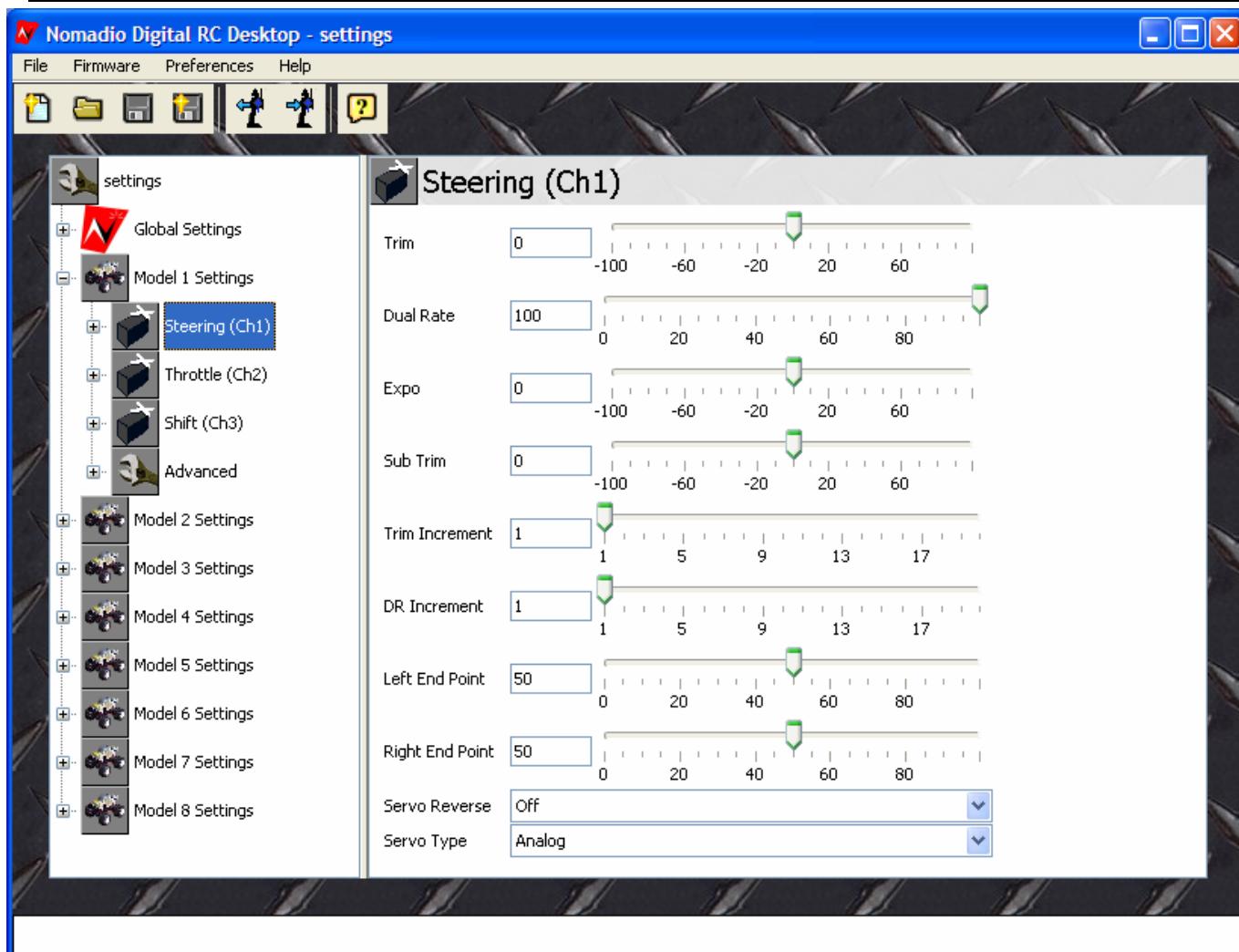
6. You are now registered.

## Receiving Settings From the Sensor

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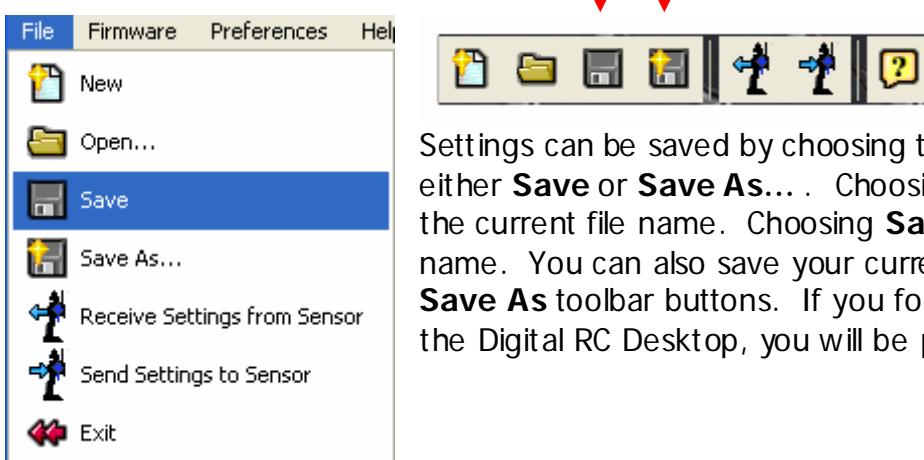


## Editing Settings



Simply use the settings menu on the left side of the screen to find the settings you wish to edit. Individual settings appear in the right side of the screen. Changes can be saved to a file on your PC and/or sent to the Sensor.

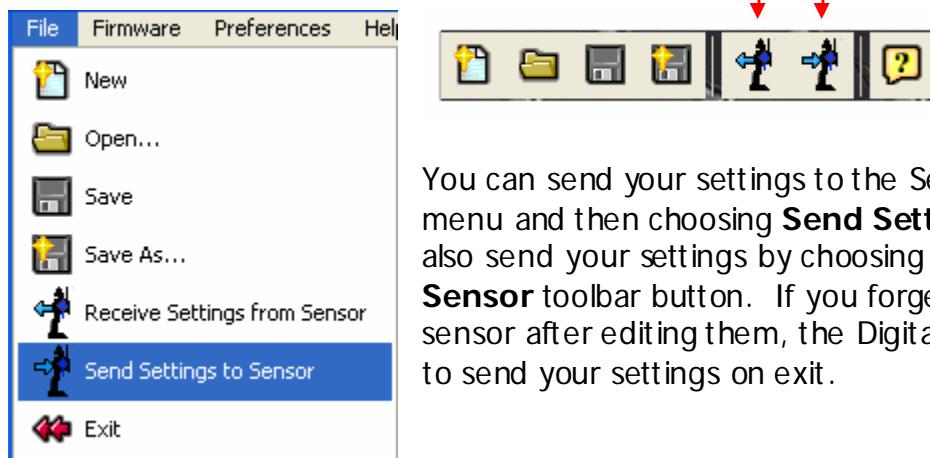
## Saving Settings



Settings can be saved by choosing the **File** menu and choosing either **Save** or **Save As...**. Choosing **Save** saves the settings to the current file name. Choosing **Save As...** lets you pick a file name. You can also save your current settings use the **Save** and **Save As** toolbar buttons. If you forget to save and then try to exit the Digital RC Desktop, you will be prompted to save.

## Sending Settings to the Sensor

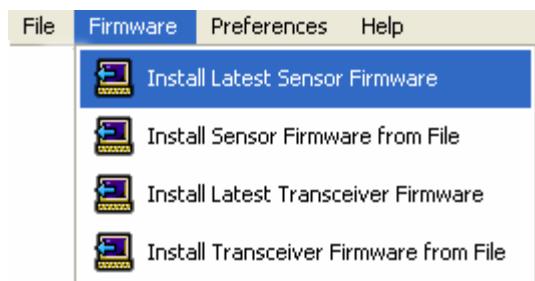
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You can send your settings to the Sensor by choosing the **File** menu and then choosing **Send Settings to Sensor**. You can also send your settings by choosing the **Send Settings to Sensor** toolbar button. If you forget to send your settings to the sensor after editing them, the Digital RC Desktop will prompt you to send your settings on exit.

## Installing Sensor Firmware

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To install new Sensor Firmware, choose the **Firmware** menu and then choose **Install Latest Firmware**. To pick the file to use, choose **Install Firmware from File**.

# Specifications

\* Specifications subject to change without notice.

## Sensor Controller

**Radio Type:** digital spread spectrum 2.4Ghz  
**Radio Mode:** direct sequence spread spectrum  
**Range:** 1000ft. (approximate)  
**Frame Rate:** 100 frames per second  
**Latency:** 10 millisecond max, 5ms typical  
**Dimensions:** 300mm x 139mm x 125mm (HWD)  
**Weight (w/Batteries):** 674g  
**Servo Channels:** 4  
**Rechargeable Batteries:** NiMH (*included*)  
**Charger:** included  
**Model Memory:** 8 named, custom graphics and sound  
**Controller Battery Voltage Monitor:** graphic and real-time  
**Car Battery Voltage Monitor:** graphic and real-time  
**Timers:** operation and lap timers  
**Trims:** adjustable trims and sub-trims  
**Controls:** dual rate, endpoints, exponential, mixing and servo speed adjust on all channels

**Anti-Lock:** brake anti-lock with cyde, delay, and depth  
**Idle Up:** yes  
**Speaker:** .75" w/headphone jack  
**Audio:** programmable WAV file audio and tones  
**Tactile Alarm:** programmable vibrator  
**Display:** movable backlit monochrome LCD  
**Resolution:** 128 x 64 pixels  
**Auto Modes:** auto display and display only  
**Presets:** failsafe and autostart  
**Telemetry:** 3 channels of real time telemetry  
**Telemetry Sensors:** speed, temperature and battery  
**Servos Supported:** any combination of analog and digital  
**Left-Handed Operation:** yes (*user modifiable*)  
**PC Connectivity:** USB serial for customization, analysis and updates  
**Antenna:** fixed 3" antenna  
**Architecture:** software upgradeable

## Transceiver

**Dimensions:** 47.7 x 30.2 x 19mm  
**Weight:** 34g (*including antenna*)  
**Antenna length:** 22.8cm  
**Antenna thickness:** 1.8mm

## Support

Nomadio is committed to providing the best support in the RC market for its products. If you have any issues with your Sensor, please visit our support website at

<http://support.nomadio.net>

**Nomadio Support**  
Nomadio's Tech Support Site

FAQ | Search | Memberlist | Usergroups | Profile | Private Messages | Log out (Nomadio\_Roy)

**Nomadio Support Forum Index**

You have no new messages  
You last visited on Wed Jun 01, 2005 10:13 pm  
The time now is Fri Jun 03, 2005 3:57 pm  
All times are GMT - 5 Hours

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[View your posts](#)  
[View unanswered posts](#)

Forum	Topics	Posts	Last Post
News and Announcements What's new with Nomadio.	2	9	Thu Jun 02, 2005 10:09 pm Guest
Sensor Support Issues Have an issue with your Sensor? Here's where you go to get answers. Moderator <a href="#">Nomadio_Alex</a>	6	17	Fri Jun 03, 2005 11:43 am <a href="#">Nomadio_Frank</a>
New Ideas Have ideas on how to make Sensor better? We want to hear them! Come in and tell us. Moderator <a href="#">Nomadio_Alex</a>	6	19	Fri Jun 03, 2005 11:31 am <a href="#">Nomadio_Frank</a>

**Who is Online**

Our users have posted a total of 45 articles  
We have 27 registered users  
The newest registered user is [P2gee](#)

In total there is 1 user online :: 0 Registered, 1 Hidden and 0 Guests [ [Administrator](#) ] [ [Moderator](#) ]  
Most users ever online was 5 on Tue May 31, 2005 10:22 am  
Registered Users: None  
This data is based on users active over the past five minutes

There you will find a wealth of knowledge from other Sensor users as well as Nomadio's support staff. Should you need to contact Nomadio directly web support staff will give you the information necessary to get you running.

# Nomadio 3 Year Limited Warranty

## **Warranty Coverage**

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Nomadio's warranty obligations are limited to the terms set forth below:

Nomadio, as defined below, warrants this Nomadio-branded hardware product against defects in materials and workmanship under normal use for a period of THREE (3) YEARS from the date of retail purchase by the original end-user purchaser ("Warranty Period"). If a hardware defect arises and a valid claim is received within the Warranty Period, at its option, Nomadio will either (1) repair the hardware defect at no charge, using new or refurbished replacement parts, or (2) exchange the product with a product that is new or which has been manufactured from new or serviceable used parts and is at least functionally equivalent to the original product, or (3) refund the purchase price of the product. Nomadio may request that you replace defective parts with new or refurbished user-installable parts that Nomadio provides in fulfillment of its warranty obligation. A replacement product or part, including a user-installable part that has been installed in accordance with instructions provided by Nomadio, assumes the remaining warranty of the original product or ninety (90) days from the date of replacement or repair, whichever provides longer coverage for you. When a product or part is exchanged, any replacement item becomes your property and the replaced item becomes Nomadio's property. Parts provided by Nomadio in fulfillment of its warranty obligation must be used in products for which warranty service is claimed. When a refund is given, the product for which the refund is provided must be returned to Nomadio and becomes Nomadio's property.

## **Exclusions and Limitations**

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This Limited Warranty applies only to hardware products manufactured by or for Nomadio that can be identified by the "Nomadio" trademark, trade name, or logo affixed to them. The Limited Warranty does not apply to any non-Nomadio hardware products or any software, even if packaged or sold with Nomadio hardware.

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Nomadio does not warrant that the operation of the product will be uninterrupted or error-free. Nomadio is not responsible for damage arising from failure to follow instructions relating to the product's use.

This warranty does not apply: (a) to damage caused by use with non-Nomadio products; (b) to damage caused by accident, abuse, misuse, flood, fire, earthquake or other external causes; (c) to damage caused by operating the product outside the permitted or intended uses described by Nomadio; (d) to damage caused by service (including upgrades and expansions) performed by anyone who is not a representative of Nomadio or an Nomadio Authorized Service Provider; (e) to a product or part that has been modified to significantly alter functionality or capability without the written permission of Nomadio; (f) to consumable parts, such as batteries, unless damage has occurred due to a defect in materials or workmanship; or (g) if any Nomadio serial number has been removed or defaced.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THIS WARRANTY AND REMEDIES SET FORTH ABOVE ARE EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, REMEDIES AND CONDITIONS, WHETHER ORAL OR WRITTEN, STATUTORY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. AS PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, NOMADIO SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL STATUTORY OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND WARRANTIES AGAINST HIDDEN OR LATENT DEFECTS. IF NOMADIO CANNOT LAWFULLY DISCLAIM STATUTORY OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES THEN TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, ALL SUCH WARRANTIES SHALL BE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE DURATION OF THIS EXPRESS WARRANTY AND TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT SERVICE AS DETERMINED BY NOMADIO IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION. No Nomadio reseller, agent, or employee is authorized to make any modification, extension, or addition to this warranty.

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## **Consumer Protection Laws**

FOR CONSUMERS WHO ARE COVERED BY CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS OR REGULATIONS IN THEIR COUNTRY OF PURCHASE OR, IF DIFFERENT, THEIR COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE, THE BENEFITS CONFERRED BY THIS WARRANTY ARE IN ADDITION TO ALL RIGHTS AND REMEDIES CONVEYED BY SUCH CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS AND REGULATIONS. Some countries, states and provinces do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or exclusions or limitations on the duration of implied warranties or conditions, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary by country, state or province. This Limited Warranty is governed by and construed under the laws of the country in which the product purchase took place. Nomadio, the warrantor under this Limited Warranty, is identified at the end of this document according to the country or region in which the product purchase took place.

## **Obtaining Warranty Service**

Please access and review the online help resources referred to in the documentation accompanying this hardware product before requesting warranty service. If the product is still not functioning properly after making use of these resources, please contact the Nomadio representatives or, if applicable, a Nomadio Authorized Service Provider located using the information provided in the documentation. An Nomadio representative or Nomadio Authorized Service Provider will help determine whether your product requires service and, if it does, will inform you how Nomadio will provide it. Nomadio or its Nomadio Authorized Service Providers will provide warranty service on products that are tendered or presented for service during the Warranty Period, as permitted by law. If the purchaser is outside the United States, service will be limited to the options available in the country where service is requested. Warranty service may be restricted to the country where the product is purchased. Service options, parts availability and response times will vary according to country. You may be responsible for shipping and handling charges if the product cannot be serviced in the country it is in. In accordance with applicable law, Nomadio may require that you furnish proof of purchase details and/or comply with registration requirements before receiving warranty service. Please refer to the accompanying documentation for more details on this and other matters on obtaining warranty service.

If your product is capable of storing data or software programs, you should make periodic back up copies of the data and programs contained on the product's storage media to protect your data and as a precaution against possible operational failures. Before you deliver your product for warranty service it is your responsibility to keep a separate backup copy of your user data, and disable any security passwords. Repaired products will be returned to you in factory-fresh condition. You will be responsible for reinstalling all such data and passwords. Nomadio and its Authorized Service Providers are not liable for any damage to or loss of any data, or other information stored on any media, or any non-Nomadio product or part not covered by this warranty. Recovery and reinstallation of user data are not covered under this Limited Warranty.