

TEST REPORT

FCC/IC UNII Test for VT253G9AN&VT253G9KN
Certification

APPLICANT
HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD.

REPORT NO.
HCT-RF-2005-FI003-R1

DATE OF ISSUE
May 21, 2020

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for VT253G9AN
&VT253G9N

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Additional Model

FCC: VT252G9AN, VT252G9AU, VT253G9AU, VT262G9AN, VT263G9AN,
VT262G9AU, VT263G9AU

IC: VT252G9KN, VT263G9KN, VT262G9KN

Applicant	HYUNDAI MOBIS CO., LTD. 203, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 135-977, South Korea
EUT Type Model Name	Car Audio System FCC: VT253G9AN, IC: VT253G9KN
FCC ID	TQ8-VT253G9AN
IC	5074A-VT253G9KN
Modulation type	OFDM
FCC Classification	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure(NII)
FCC Rule Part(s)	Part 15.407
IC Rule Part(s)	RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017) RSS-Gen Issue 5_Amendment 1 (March 2019)

This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.

Tested by
Jeong Ho Kim

(signature)

Technical Manager
Jong Seok Lee

(signature)

(signature)
HCT CO., LTD.
Soo Chan Lee
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REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description
0	May 12, 2020	Initial Release
1	May 21, 2020	1. Page 6 : Max Output Power Revised. 2. Page 35,39,45 : Typo correction 3. Page 47~55 : IC 99% BW test data & Plot added.

The result shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC / IC Rules under normal use and maintenance

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT DESCRIPTION

FCC Model	VT253G9AN	
IC Model	VT253G9KN	
FCC Additional Model	VT252G9AN, VT252G9AU, VT253G9AU, VT262G9AN, VT263G9AN, VT262G9AU, VT263G9AU	
IC Additional Model	VT252G9KN, VT263G9KN, VT262G9KN	
EUT Type	Car Audio System	
Power Supply	DC 14.4 V	
Modulation Type	OFDM : 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac	
Frequency Range (MHz)	U-NII-1	20MHz BW : 5180 - 5240 40MHz BW : 5190 - 5230 80MHz BW : 5210
	U-NII-2A	20MHz BW : 5260 - 5320 40MHz BW : 5270 - 5310 80MHz BW : 5290
	U-NII-2C	20MHz BW : 5500 - 5720 40MHz BW : 5510 - 5710 80MHz BW : 5530 - 5690
	U-NII-3	20MHz BW : 5745 - 5825 40MHz BW : 5755 - 5795 80MHz BW : 5775
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: Wi-Fi Dual Band Antenna Peak Gain : U-NII-1: 0.59 dBi, U-NII-2A: 2.00 dBi, U-NII-2C: 4.58 dBi, U-NII-3: 4.19 dBi	
Straddle channel	Supported	
TDWR Band	Not Supported	
Dynamic Frequency Selection	Slave without radar detection	
Date(s) of Tests	March 30, 2020 ~ April 27, 2020	
PMN (Product Marketing Number)	VT253G9KN, VT252G9KN, VT263G9KN, VT262G9KN	
HVIN (Hardware Version Identification Number)	VT253G9KN, VT252G9KN, VT263G9KN, VT262G9KN	
FVIN (Firmware Version Identification Number)	IKFLUSA.0000.V034.001.200410	
HMN (Host Marketing Name)	N/A	
EUT serial numbers	Radiated : 96560-G9MC0VCA Conducted : 96560-G9MC0VCA	

2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum total conducted average output power as follows:

Band	Mode	RF Output Power (dBm)	RF Output Power (W)
U-NII-1	802.11a	8.93	0.008
	802.11n (HT20)	8.73	0.007
	802.11n (HT40)	4.19	0.003
	802.11ac (VHT20)	8.67	0.007
	802.11ac (VHT40)	4.09	0.003
	802.11ac (VHT80)	3.87	0.002
U-NII-2A	802.11a	8.89	0.008
	802.11n (HT20)	8.91	0.008
	802.11n (HT40)	8.33	0.007
	802.11ac (VHT20)	8.63	0.007
	802.11ac (VHT40)	8.51	0.007
	802.11ac (VHT80)	7.57	0.006
U-NII-2C	802.11a	7.10	0.005
	802.11n (HT20)	7.44	0.006
	802.11n (HT40)	6.82	0.005
	802.11ac (VHT20)	6.96	0.005
	802.11ac (VHT40)	6.86	0.005
	802.11ac (VHT80)	7.06	0.005
U-NII-3	802.11a	6.90	0.005
	802.11n (HT20)	6.78	0.005
	802.11n (HT40)	6.32	0.004
	802.11ac (VHT20)	6.78	0.005
	802.11ac (VHT40)	6.43	0.004
	802.11ac (VHT80)	6.75	0.005

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 dated December 14, 2017 entitled “Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E” and ANSI C63.10 (Version : 2013) ‘the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices’ were used in the measurement.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E. / RSS-Gen issue 5, RSS-247 issue 2.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6.6.5 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

For ISCED, test facility was accepted dated February 14, 2019 (CAB identifier: KR0032).

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR § 15.203, § 15.407:

“An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.”

- (1) The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of § 15.203, § 15.407

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k=2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

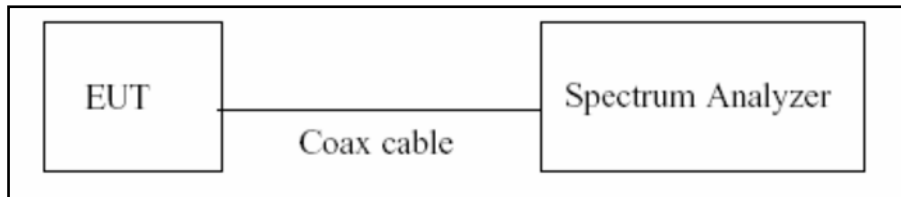
The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ($\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.05

8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

8.1. Duty Cycle

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure B.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

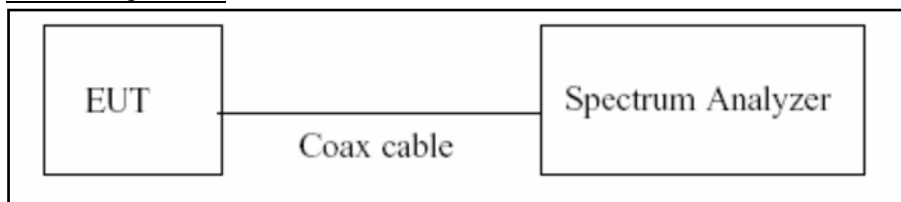
1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ($\geq$ RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep > 100
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure T_{total} and T_{on}
8. Calculate Duty Cycle = $T_{\text{on}} / T_{\text{total}}$ and Duty Cycle Factor = $10\log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

8.2. 6dB Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth

Limit

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure(26dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
2. VBW > RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

Test Procedure (6dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = 100 kHz
2. $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Allow the trace to stabilize
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note:

1. We tested X dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.
2. DFS test channels should be defined. So, We performed the OBW test to prove that no part of the fundamental emissions of any channels belong to UNII1 and UNII3 band for DFS.
3. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

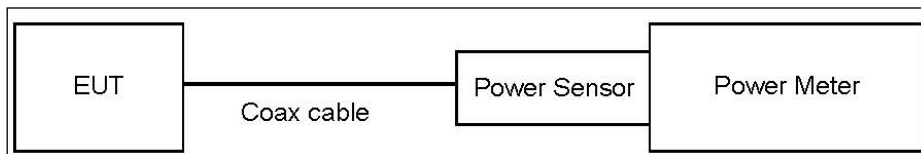
8.3. Output Power Measurement

Limit

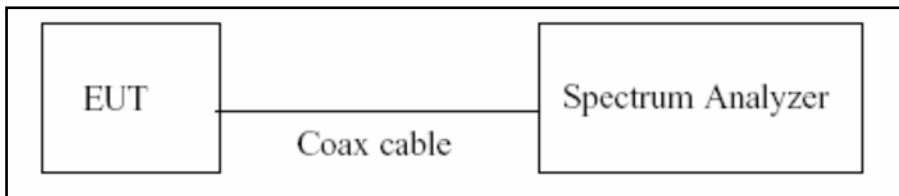
Band	Limit
UNII 1	- Master : Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm) - Slave : Not exceed 250 mW(=23.98 dBm)
UNII 2A, 2C	Not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, (where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.)
UNII 3	Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm)

Test Configuration

Power Meter



Spectrum Analyzer(Only Straddle Channel)



Test Procedure(Power Meter)

We tested according to Procedure E.3.a in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Test Procedure(Spectrum Analyzer)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

We tested according to Procedure E.2.d) in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1 MHz.
4. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.
5. Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 x span/RBW.
6. Sweep time = auto.
7. Detector = RMS.
8. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to "free run".
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
10. Integrated bandwidth = OBW
11. Add $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Sample Calculation

Total Power(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(20 dB) + Cable loss(1ea) + EUT Cable loss(for Conducted)

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	22.0
UNII 2A	22.0
UNII 2C	22.1
UNII 3	22.1

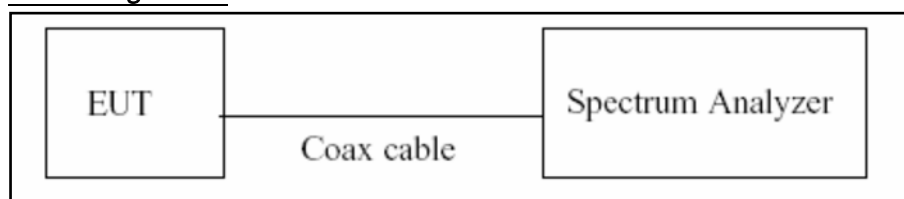
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.4. Power Spectral Density

Limit

Band	Limit
UNII 1	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 2A, 2C	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 3	30 dBm/500 kHz

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

We tested according to Procedure F in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth(EBW) of the signal.
2. RBW = 1 MHz(510 kHz for UNII 3)
3. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
4. Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 x span/RBW.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
7. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
9. Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
10. If Method SA-2 was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

Sample Calculation

Total PSD(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(20 dB) + Cable loss(1ea) + EUT Cable loss(for Conducted)

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	22.0
UNII 2A	22.0
UNII 2C	22.1
UNII 3	22.1

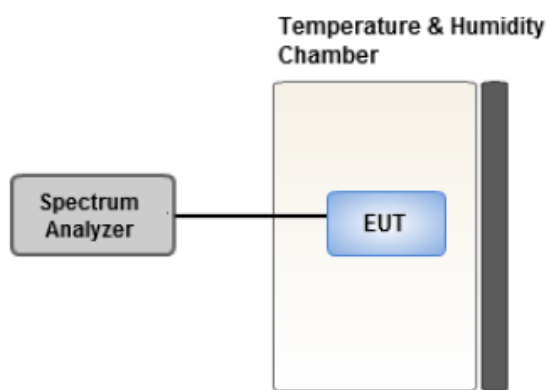
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.5. Frequency Stability

Limit

Maintained within the band

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C.
2. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.
3. The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
4. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.

8.6. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56 ^(a)	56 to 46 ^(a)
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

^(a)Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

8.7. Radiated Test

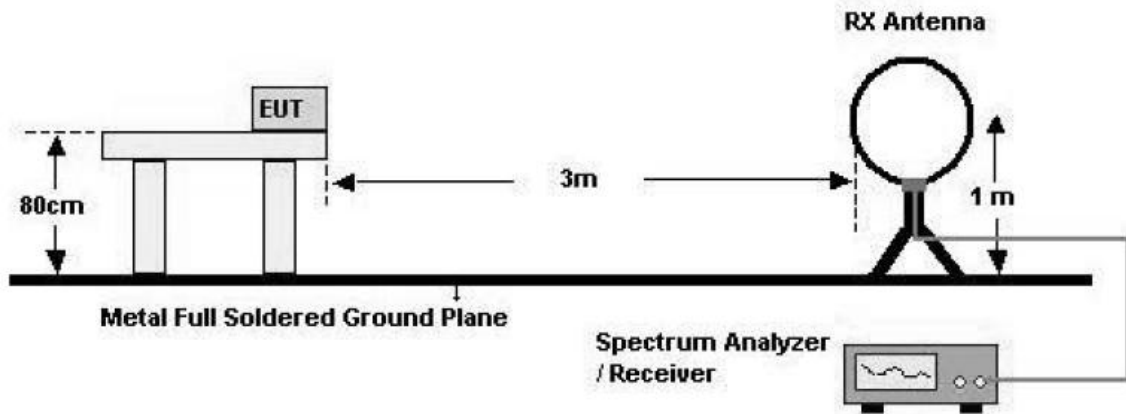
Limit

1. UNII 1: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
2. UNII 2A, 2C: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
3. UNII 3: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
4. All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209.

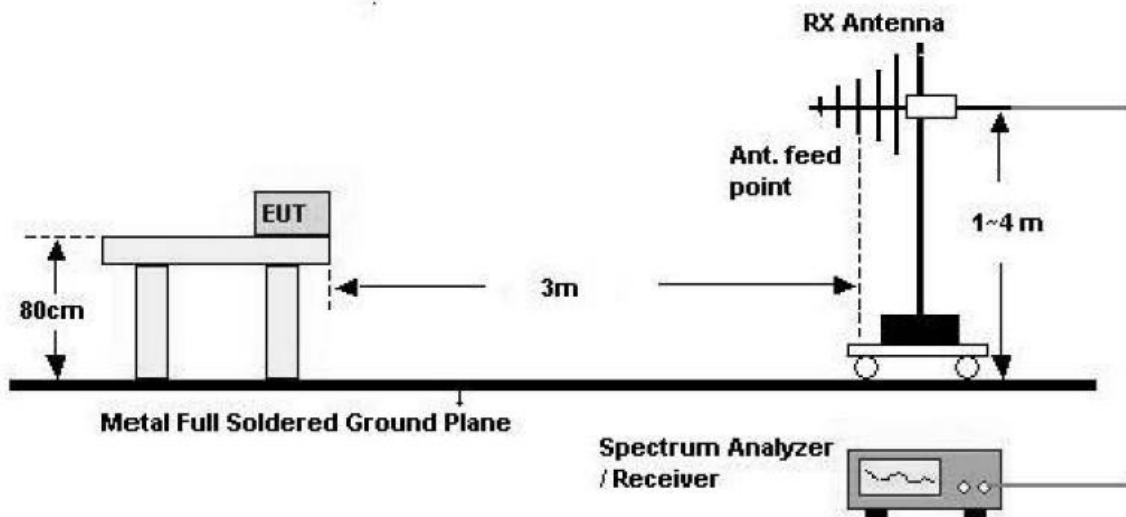
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Test Configuration

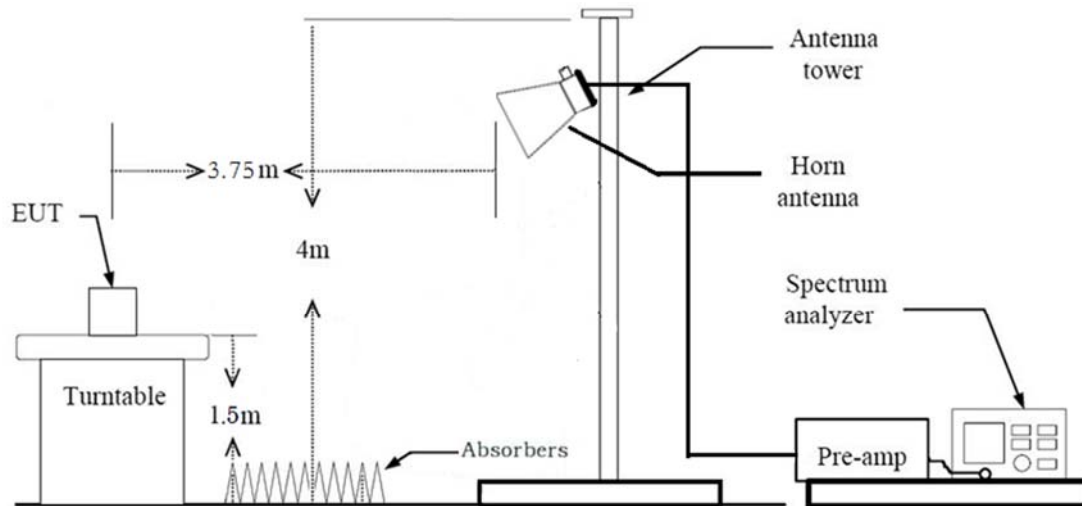
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) = $40\log(3\text{ m}/300\text{ m}) = -80\text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) = $40\log(3\text{ m}/30\text{ m}) = -40\text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
 - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Maxhold
 - RBW = 9 kHz
 - VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

KDB 414788 OFS and Chamber Correlation Justification

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. The Hybrid antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.

6. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 x RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

In general, (1) is used mainly

7. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
8. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.

9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a

factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor
11. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.

- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measured Frequency Range :

- 4500MHz ~ 5150MHz
- 5350MHz ~ 5460MHz
- 5460MHz ~ 5470MHz
- (75 MHz or more below the 5725MHz) ~ 5725MHz
- 5850MHz ~ (75 MHz or more above the 5850MHz)

11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

The actual setting value of VBW

Mode	Worst Data rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	The actual setting value of VBW (Hz)
802.11a	6	0.933	0.299	1000
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0	0.929	0.320	1000
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0	0.868	0.616	3000
802.11ac(VHT20)	MCS 0	0.929	0.318	1000
802.11ac(VHT40)	MCS 0	0.870	0.606	3000
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0	0.766	1.158	10000

8.8. Receiver Spurious Emissions

Limit

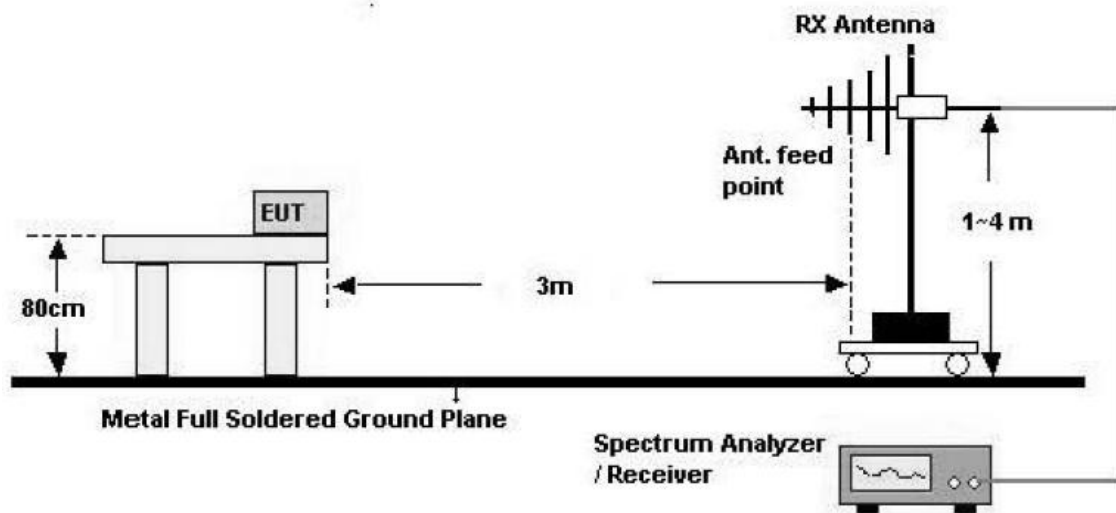
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

Measurements for compliance with the limits in table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres.

Test Configuration

30 MHz - 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Receiver Spurious Emissions (Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. The Hybrid antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.

6. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

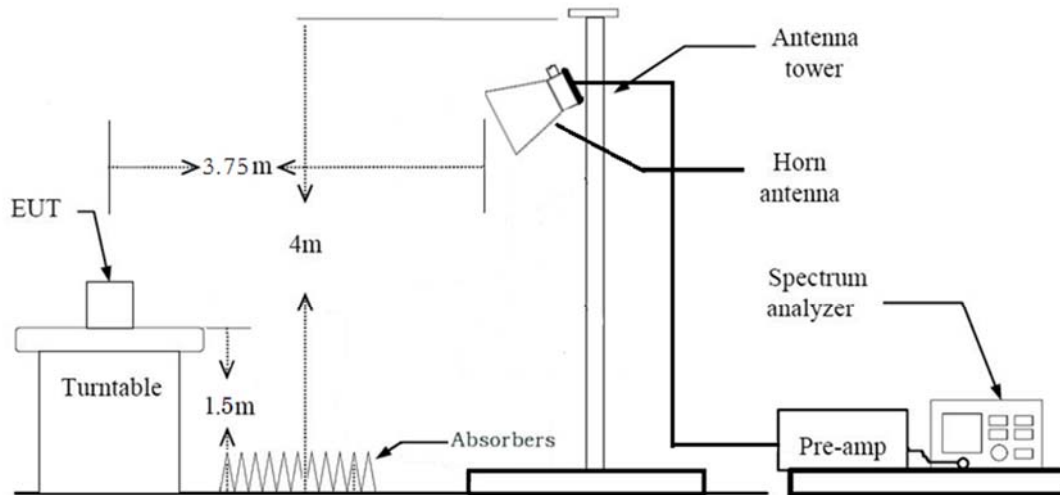
- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 x RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

7. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)

Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting
 - (1) Measurement Type(Peak):
 - Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
 - Detector = Peak

- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Average):

- We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode
- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

8.9. Worst case configuration and mode

Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone + Shark Antenna
2. EUT Axis
 - Radiated Spurious Emissions : H
 - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : X-V
3. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
 - 802.11a : 6Mbps
 - 802.11n : MCS0
 - 802.11ac : MCS0
4. All position of loop antenna were investigated and the test result is a no critical peak found at all positions.
 - Position : Horizontal, Vertical, Parallel to the ground plane
5. VT253G9AN(FCC)& VT253G9KN(IC), Additional Model were tested and the worst case results are reported.
(Worst case : VT253G9AN(FCC)& VT253G9KN(IC))

AC Power line Conducted Emissions

1. We don't perform powerline conducted emission test. Because this EUT is used with vehicle.

Conducted test

1. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
2. VT253G9AN(FCC)& VT253G9KN(IC), Additional Model were tested and the worst case results are reported.
(Worst case : VT253G9AN(FCC)& VT253G9KN(IC))

9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Part

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26dB Bandwidth	§ 15.407 (for Power Measurement)	N/A	Conducted	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	§ 15.407(e)	>500 kHz (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power	§ 15.407(a)(1)	< 250 mW(5150-5250 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) <1 W(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	§ 15.407(a)(1),(5)	<11 dBm/ MHz (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5250-5350 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5470-5725 MHz) <30 dBm/500 kHz(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Frequency Stability	§ 15.407(g) § 2.1055	Maintained within the band		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	15.207	<FCC 15.207 limits		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	§ 15.407(b)	<-27 dBm/MHz EIRP (UNII1, 2A, 2C) cf. Section 8.7 (UNII 3)	Radiated	PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	15.205, 15.407(b)(5), (6)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		PASS

IC

Test Description	IC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
99% Bandwidth	RSS-GEN, 6.7	N/A	CONDUCTED	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	> 500 kHz (5725~5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power,	RSS-247, 6.2	< 250 mW or $11+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5470-5600, 5650-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	< 1 W (5725-5850 MHz)		
Maximum e.i.r.p	RSS-247, 6.2	< 30 mW or $1.76+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5150-5250 MHz) < 30 mW or $1.76+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 1 W or $17+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		PASS
Power Spectral Density	RSS-247 6.2	<10 dBm/ MHz(e.i.r.p.) (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/MHz(Conducted) (5250-5350 MHz, 5470-5600 MHz, 5650-5725 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	<30 dBm/500 kHz(Conducted) (5725-5850 MHz)		
Frequency Stability	RSS-GEN 8.11	should be kept within at least the central 80% of its permitted operating frequency band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	RSS-GEN, 8.8	RSS-GEN section 8.8 table 4		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	RSS-247, 6.2.1.2	26 dBc at 5250~5350 MHz (5150~5350 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2	<-27 dBm/ MHz EIRP (5150-5350 MHz, 5470-5725 MHz)	RADIATED	PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.2	cf. Section 9.8.1 (UNII 3)		PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	RSS-Gen, 8.9 RSS-Gen, 8.10	RSS-Gen section 8.9 table 5, 6 section 8.10 table 7		PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	RSS-GEN, 5 RSS-GEN, 7.3	RSS-GEN section 7.3 table 3		PASS

10. TEST RESULT

10.1 DUTY CYCLE

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11a	6	1.428	1.530	0.933	0.299
	9	0.960	1.062	0.904	0.439
	12	0.724	0.826	0.877	0.572
	18	0.492	0.593	0.829	0.814
	24	0.372	0.473	0.786	1.043
	36	0.256	0.358	0.715	1.456
	48	0.196	0.297	0.660	1.805
	54	0.180	0.281	0.641	1.934

Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11n (HT20)	0	1.335	1.437	0.929	0.320
	1	0.688	0.788	0.873	0.589
	2	0.472	0.574	0.824	0.843
	3	0.364	0.465	0.783	1.064
	4	0.256	0.357	0.717	1.444
	5	0.200	0.301	0.664	1.775
	6	0.184	0.286	0.643	1.915
	7	0.167	0.269	0.622	2.062
802.11n (HT40)	0	0.664	0.765	0.868	0.616
	1	0.351	0.452	0.776	1.100
	2	0.248	0.349	0.711	1.484
	3	0.196	0.297	0.660	1.805
	4	0.146	0.245	0.595	2.257
	5	0.118	0.218	0.540	2.677
	6	0.110	0.209	0.524	2.804
	7	0.101	0.202	0.503	2.985

Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11ac (VHT20)	0	1.344	1.446	0.929	0.318
	1	0.690	0.792	0.871	0.599
	2	0.476	0.576	0.826	0.828
	3	0.368	0.469	0.784	1.055
	4	0.260	0.362	0.718	1.437
	5	0.203	0.305	0.667	1.761
	6	0.188	0.290	0.649	1.876
	7	0.171	0.273	0.628	2.023
	8	0.152	0.254	0.599	2.223
802.11ac (VHT40)	0	0.668	0.768	0.870	0.606
	1	0.356	0.457	0.779	1.087
	2	0.252	0.353	0.713	1.469
	3	0.200	0.302	0.663	1.784
	4	0.148	0.250	0.593	2.270
	5	0.120	0.221	0.543	2.648
	6	0.111	0.213	0.523	2.819
	7	0.104	0.206	0.507	2.947
	8	0.097	0.197	0.494	3.064
	9	0.089	0.189	0.473	3.251
802.11ac (VHT80)	0	0.331	0.432	0.766	1.158
	1	0.188	0.289	0.651	1.867
	2	0.139	0.241	0.578	2.380
	3	0.116	0.217	0.535	2.716
	4	0.092	0.193	0.477	3.213
	5	0.080	0.182	0.441	3.558
	6	0.076	0.178	0.428	3.684
	7	0.072	0.173	0.413	3.837
	8	0.068	0.170	0.401	3.967
	9	0.064	0.166	0.384	4.160

10.2 26DB BANDWIDTH & 99 % BANDWIDTH

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.1.

802.11a Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	21.20	16.658
5200	40	21.27	16.654
5240	48	20.92	16.644
5260	52	20.97	16.604
5300	60	21.03	16.642
5320	64	21.04	16.606
5500	100	21.07	16.657
5580	116	21.10	16.628
5720	144	21.24	16.659
5745	149	21.12	16.634
5785	157	21.09	16.649
5825	165	21.21	16.706

802.11n(HT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	21.36	17.793
5200	40	21.49	17.800
5240	48	21.53	17.767
5260	52	21.42	17.783
5300	60	21.13	17.719
5320	64	21.08	17.763
5500	100	21.38	17.787
5580	116	21.43	17.758
5720	144	21.40	17.853
5745	149	21.32	17.804
5785	157	21.34	17.799
5825	165	21.45	17.784

802.11n(HT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	39.66	36.142
5230	46	39.53	36.127
5270	54	39.47	36.095
5310	62	39.89	36.136
5510	102	39.53	36.084
5550	110	39.50	36.127
5710	142	39.52	36.115
5755	151	39.88	36.133
5795	159	39.49	36.162

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	21.70	17.754
5200	40	21.64	17.794
5240	48	21.36	17.780
5260	52	21.25	17.766
5300	60	21.47	17.790
5320	64	21.45	17.825
5500	100	21.52	17.825
5580	116	21.38	17.794
5720	144	21.43	17.795
5745	149	21.14	17.786
5785	157	21.34	17.750
5825	165	21.17	17.760

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	39.47	36.082
5230	46	39.76	36.105
5270	54	39.35	36.055
5310	62	39.38	36.100
5510	102	39.66	36.127
5550	110	39.77	36.107
5710	142	39.55	36.092
5755	151	39.99	36.150
5795	159	39.50	36.152

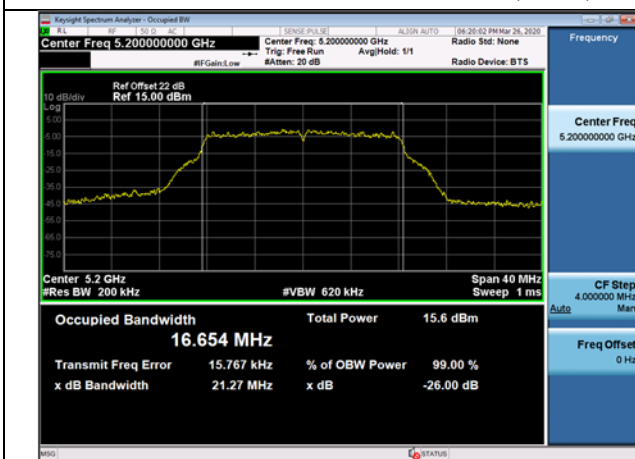
802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5210	42	81.48	75.677
5290	58	81.46	75.602
5530	106	80.91	75.479
5690	138	80.81	75.510
5775	155	81.66	75.501

■ Test Plots(802.11a)

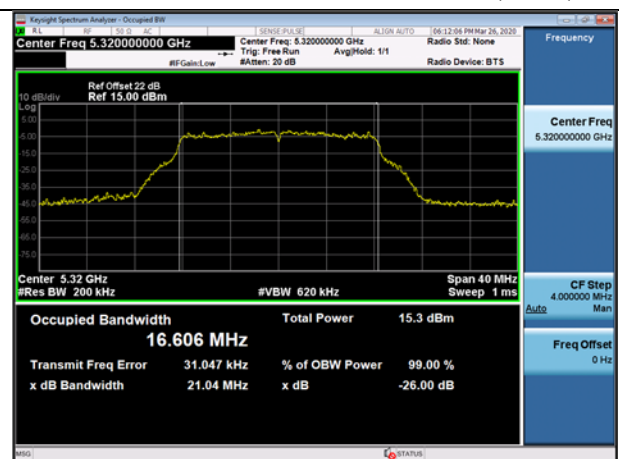
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

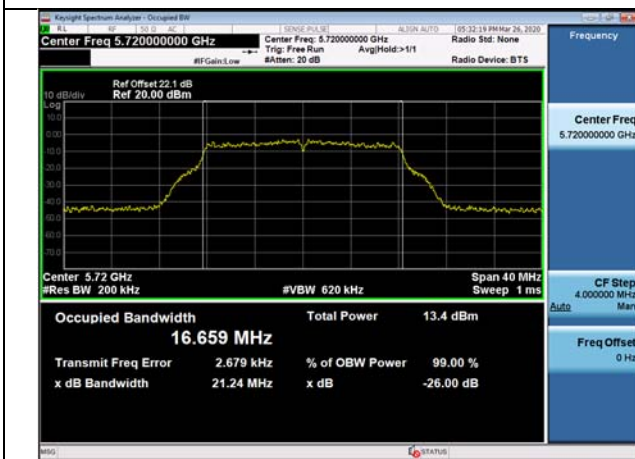
802.11a UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 40)



802.11a UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 64)



802.11a UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 144)



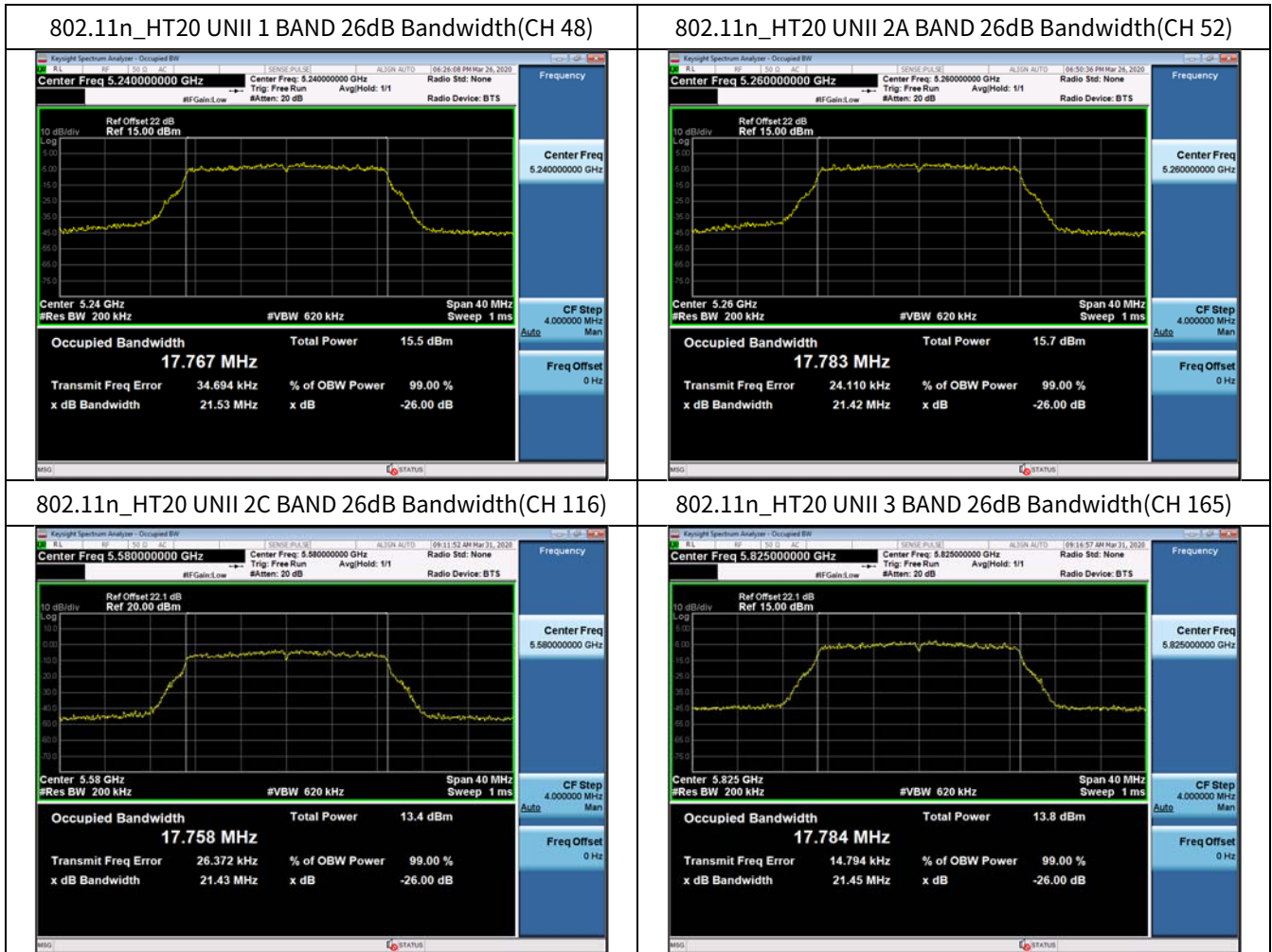
802.11a UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 165)



■ Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

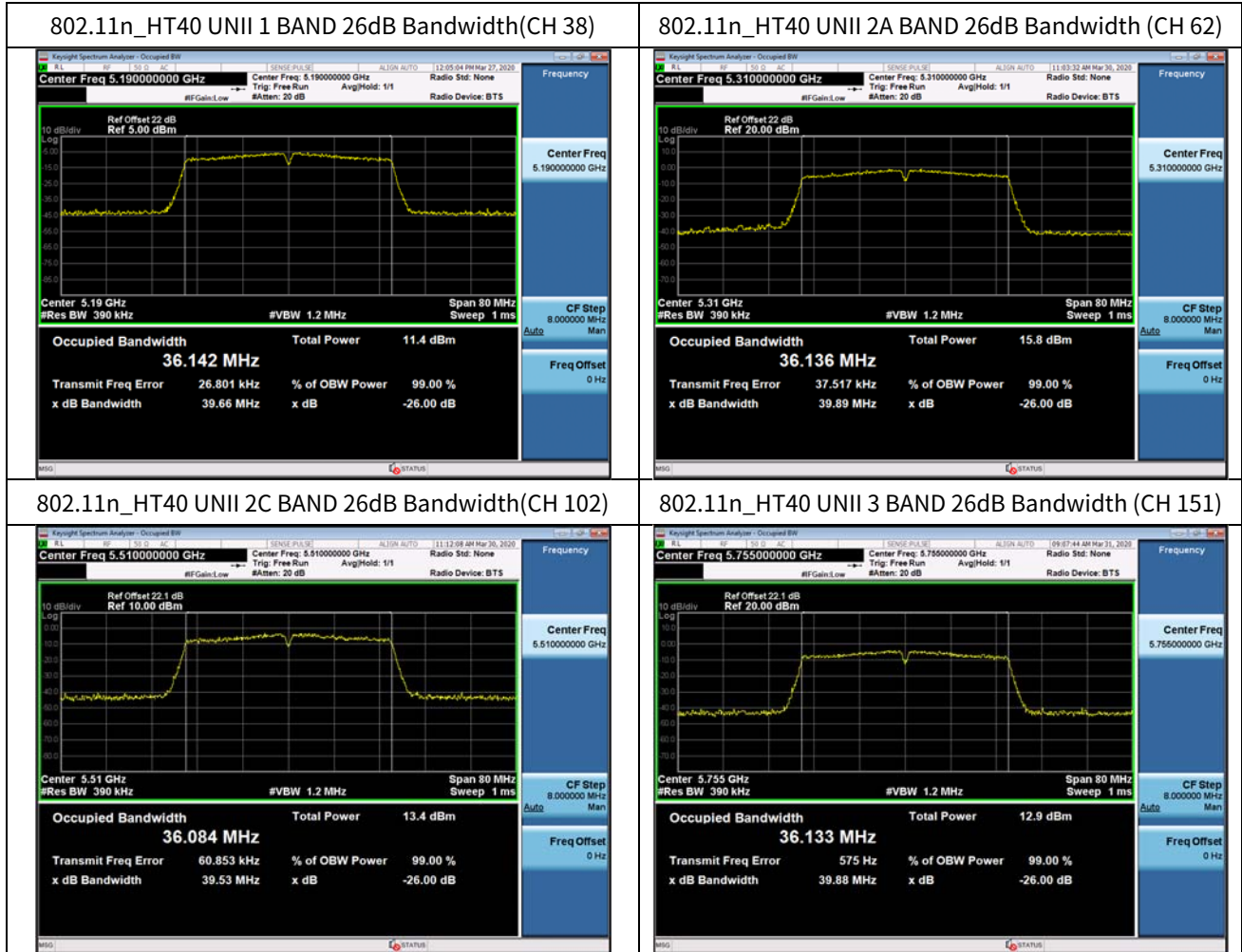
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

Note:

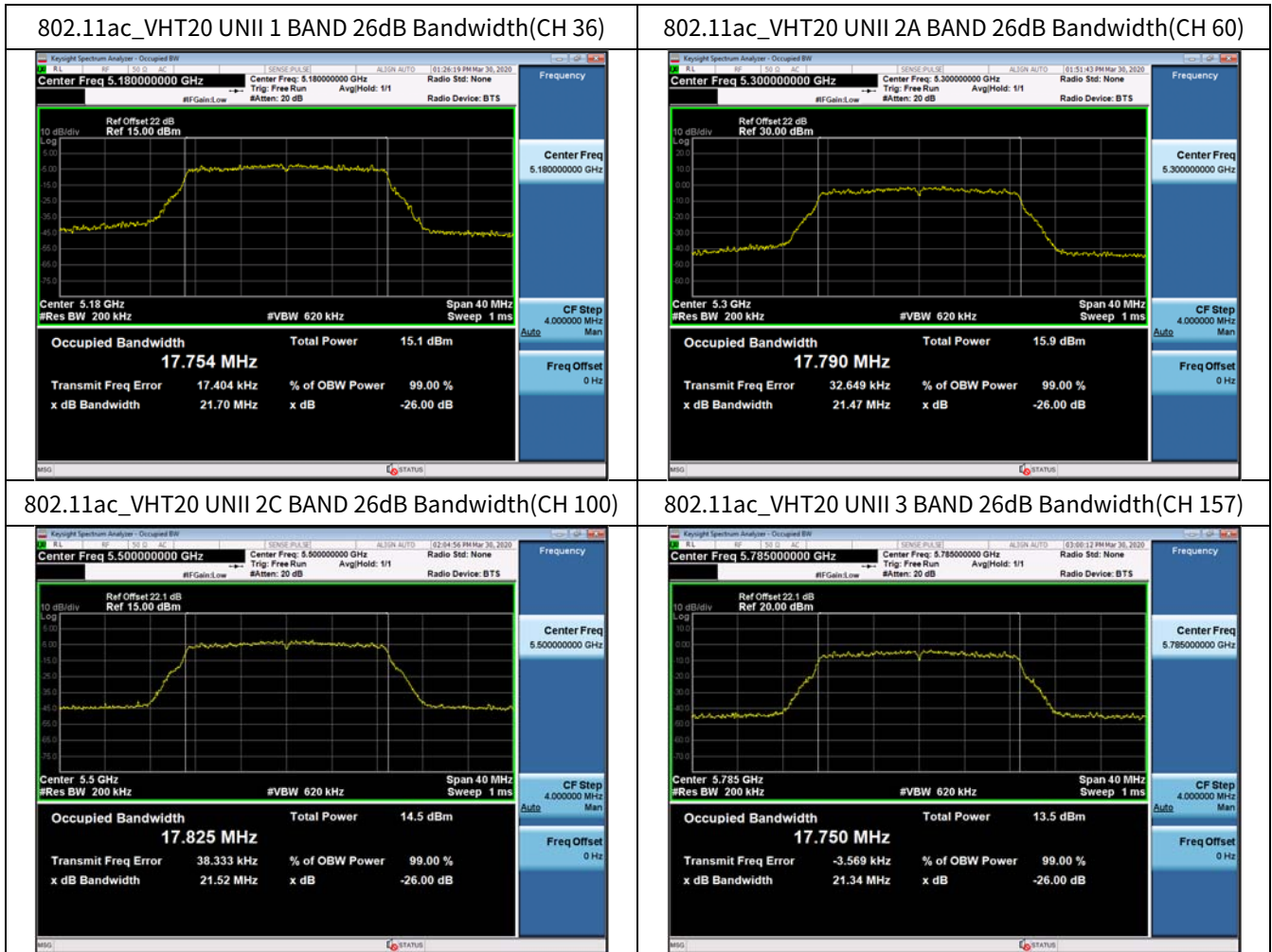
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

Note:

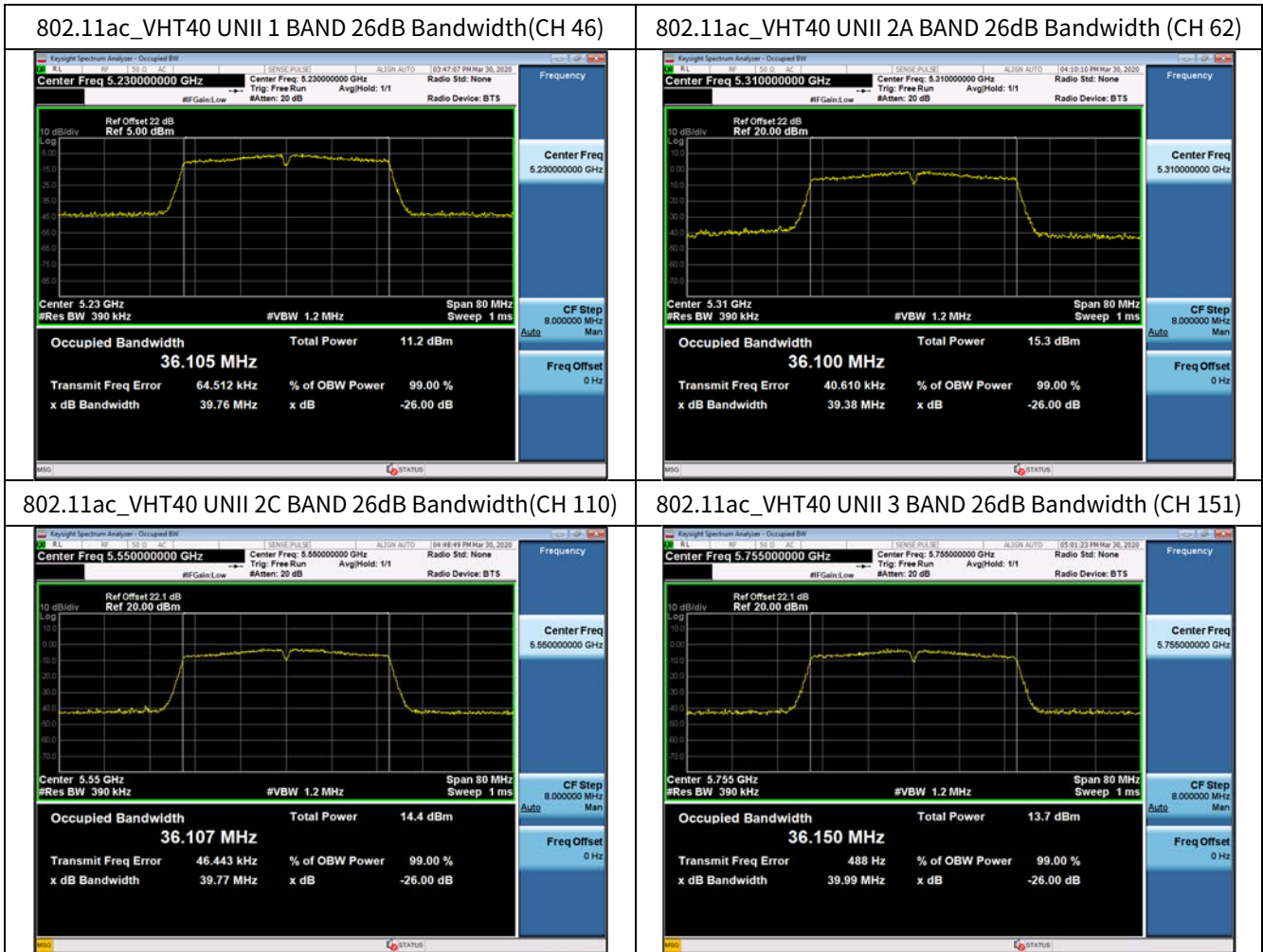
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.



Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

Note:

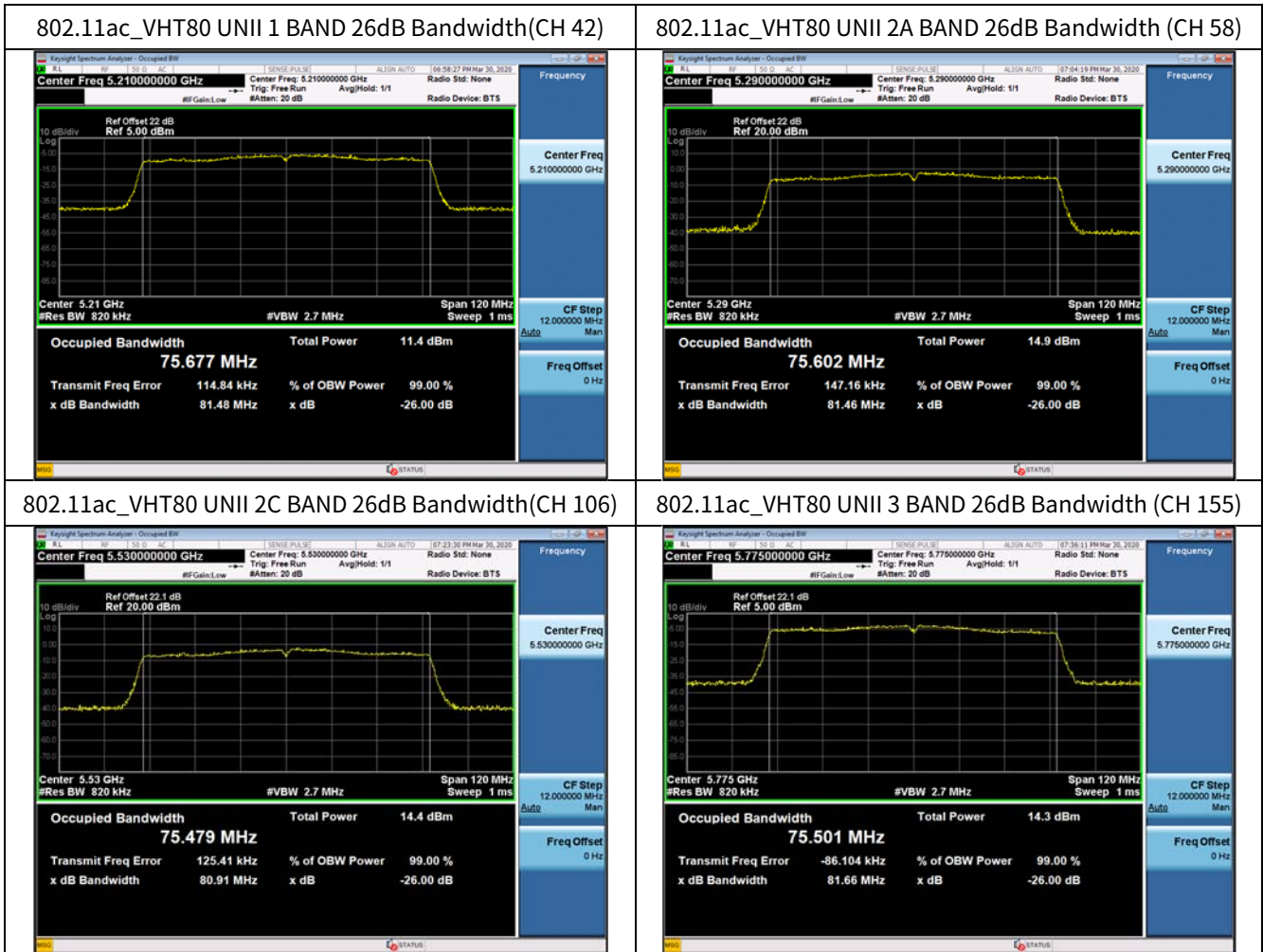
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT80))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.



10.3 6DB BANDWIDTH

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	16.07	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	16.35	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	16.38	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	17.59	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	17.60	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	17.55	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	35.50	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.45	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	17.56	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	17.31	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	17.57	> 0.5	Pass

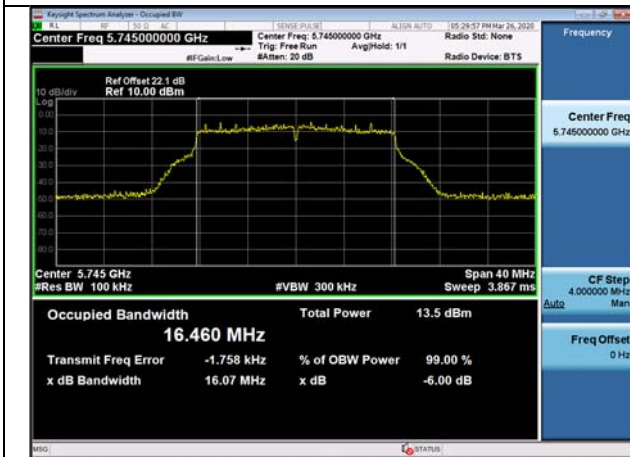
802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	35.54	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.55	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5775	155	75.74	> 0.5	Pass

Test Plots

Note: In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.

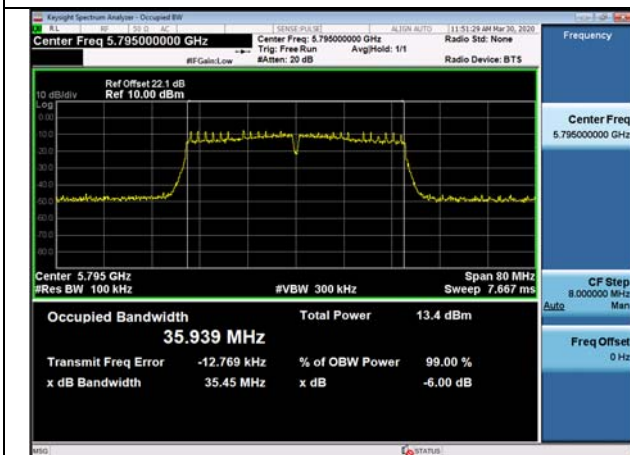
802.11a (CH.149)



802.11n(HT20) (CH.165)



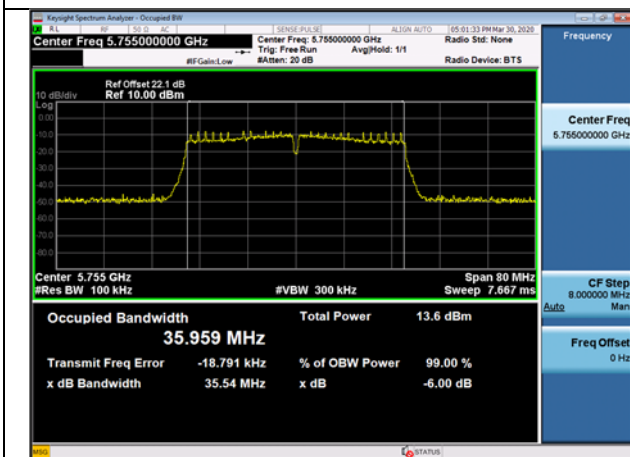
802.11n(HT40) (CH.159)



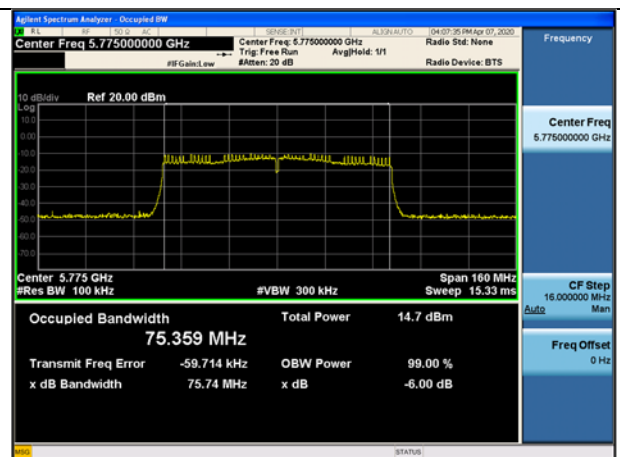
802.11ac(VHT20) (CH.157)



802.11ac(VHT40) (CH.151)



802.11ac(VHT80) (CH.155)



99 % Bandwidth measurement(IC)

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5180	36	17.185
5200	40	17.159
5240	48	17.160
5260	52	17.126
5300	60	17.117
5320	64	17.176
5500	100	17.174
5580	116	17.145
5720	144	17.184
5745	149	17.148
5785	157	17.156
5825	165	17.170

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5180	36	18.220
5200	40	18.150
5240	48	18.182
5260	52	18.192
5300	60	18.180
5320	64	18.162
5500	100	18.180
5580	116	18.194
5720	144	18.187
5745	149	18.239
5785	157	18.160
5825	165	18.189

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5190	38	36.314
5230	46	36.324
5270	54	36.208
5310	62	36.086
5510	102	36.111
5550	110	36.131
5710	142	36.116
5755	151	36.325
5795	159	36.251

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5180	36	18.166
5200	40	18.212
5240	48	18.265
5260	52	18.209
5300	60	18.194
5320	64	18.174
5500	100	18.123
5580	116	18.203
5720	144	18.133
5745	149	18.133
5785	157	18.239
5825	165	18.186

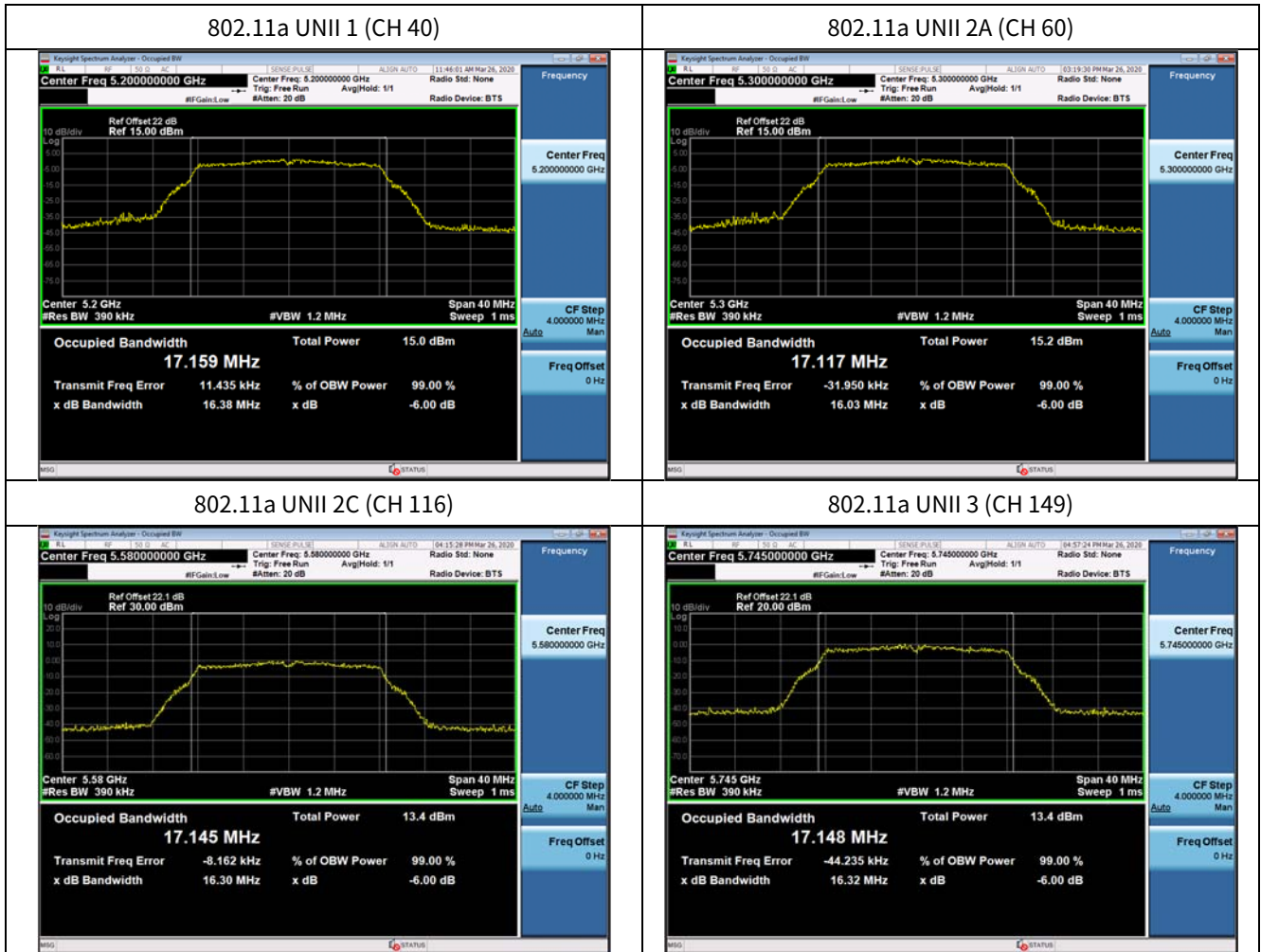
802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5190	38	36.236
5230	46	36.275
5270	54	36.279
5310	62	36.277
5510	102	36.330
5550	110	36.252
5710	142	36.276
5755	151	36.163
5795	159	36.263

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5210	42	76.086
5290	58	75.688
5530	106	75.705
5690	138	75.593
5775	155	75.575

■ Test Plots(802.11a)

Note:

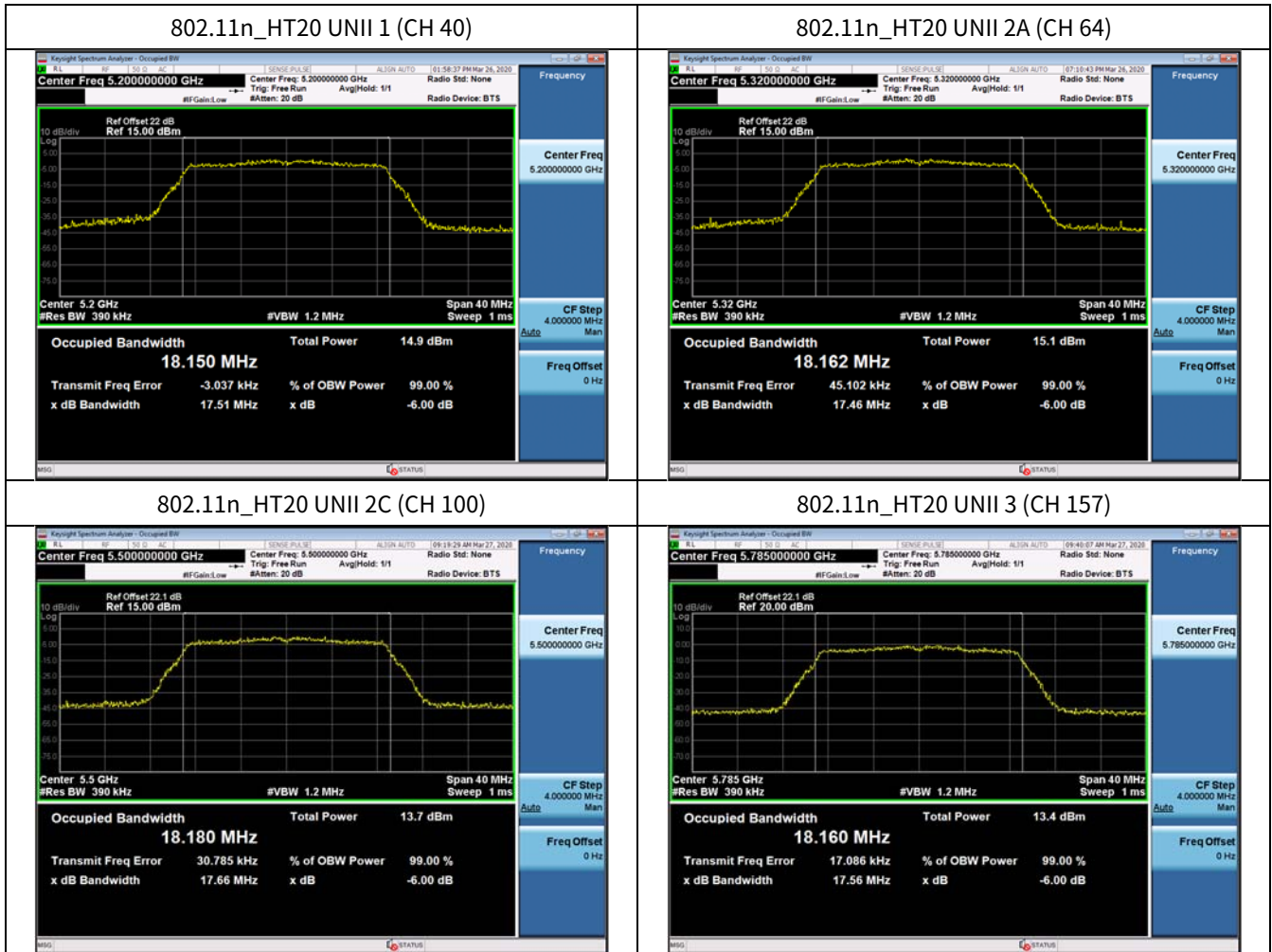
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

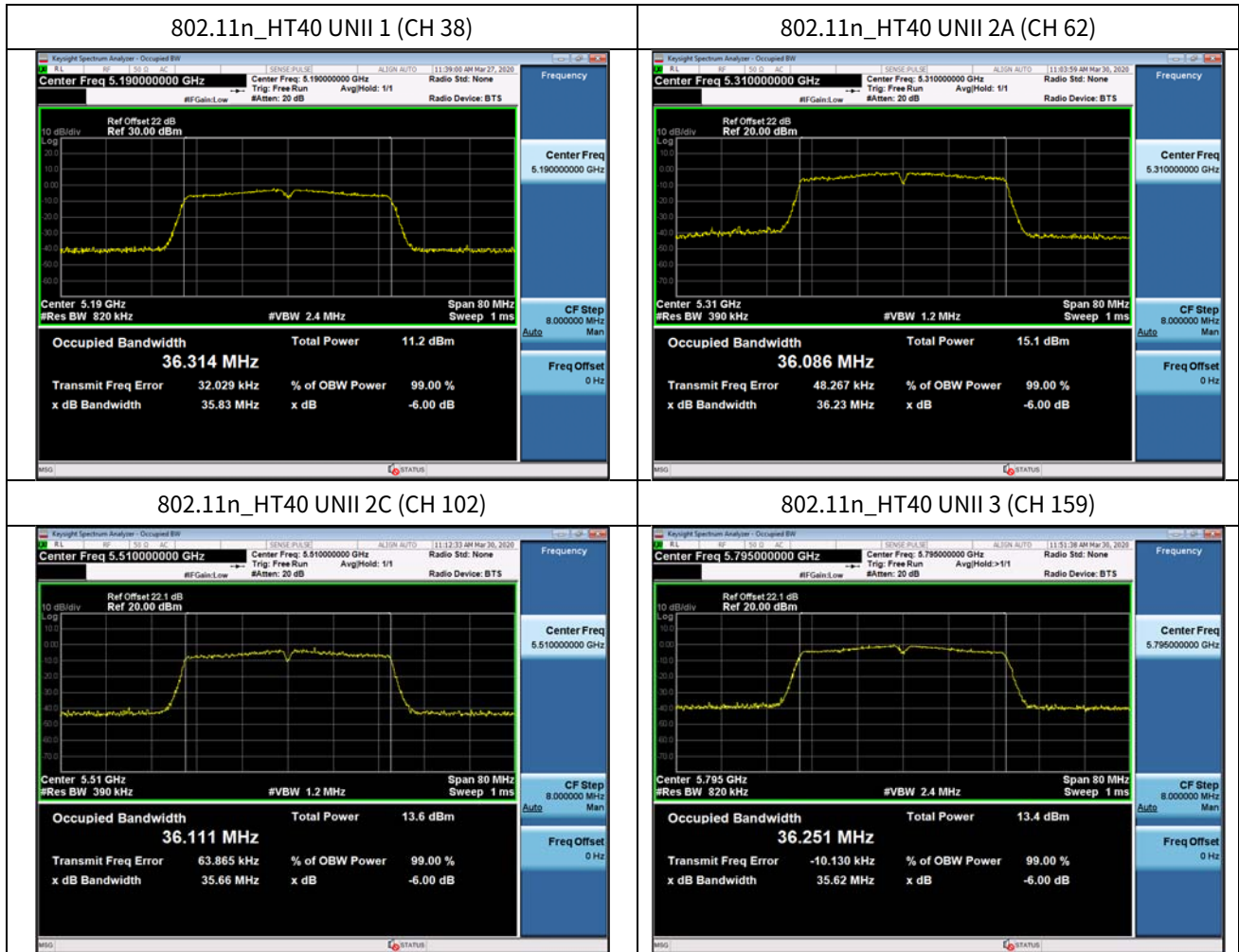
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

Note:

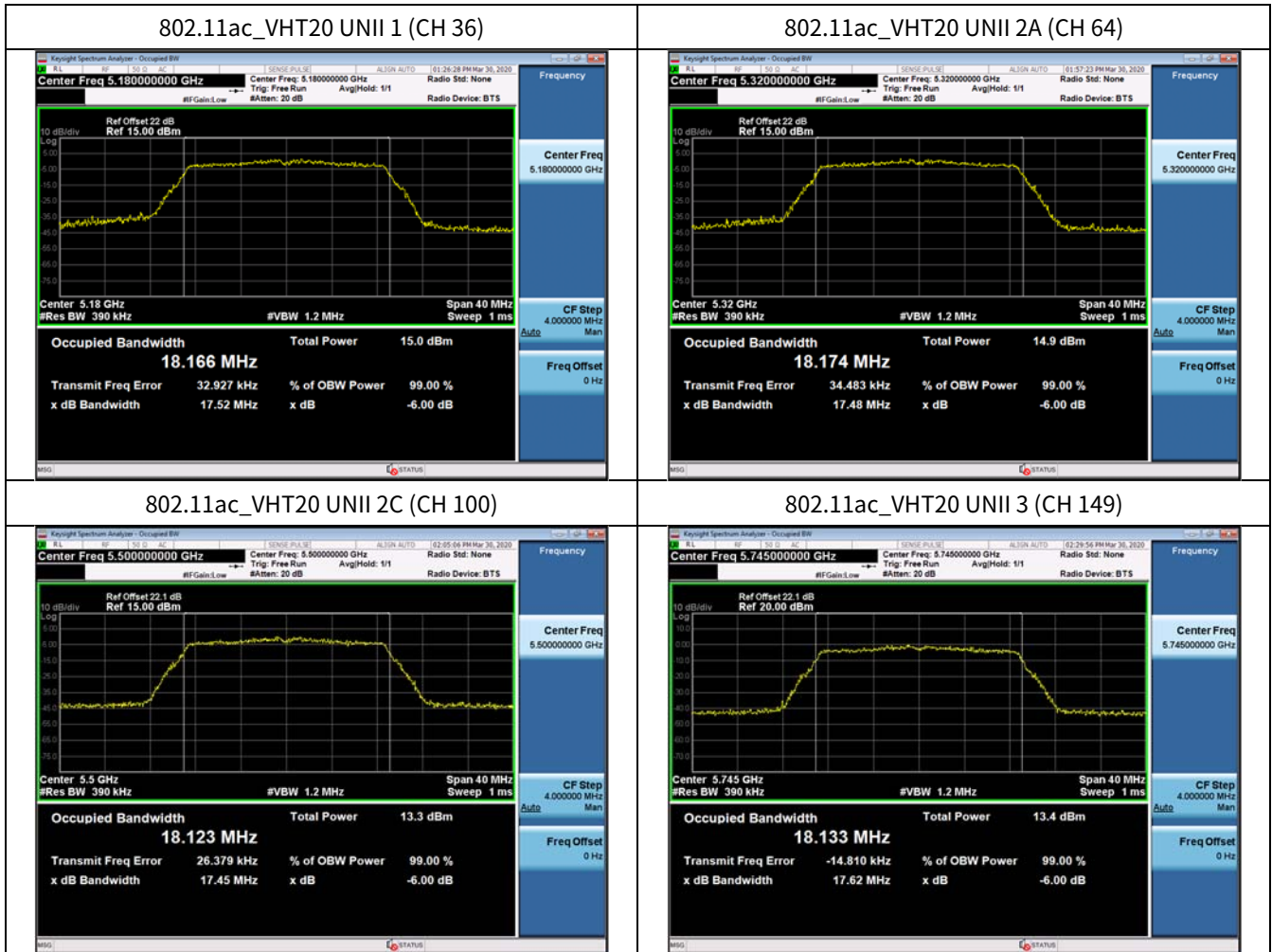
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

Note:

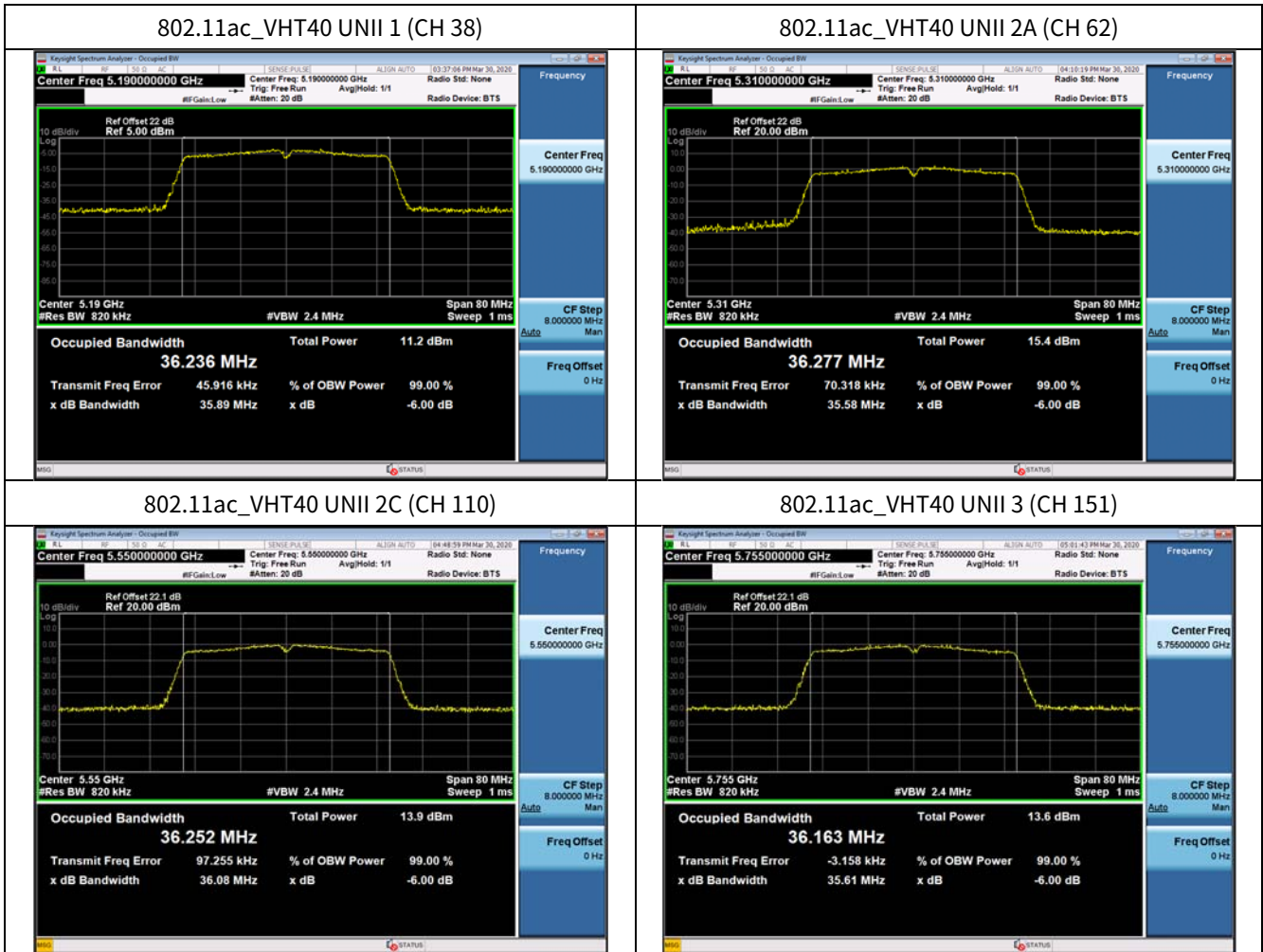
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

Note:

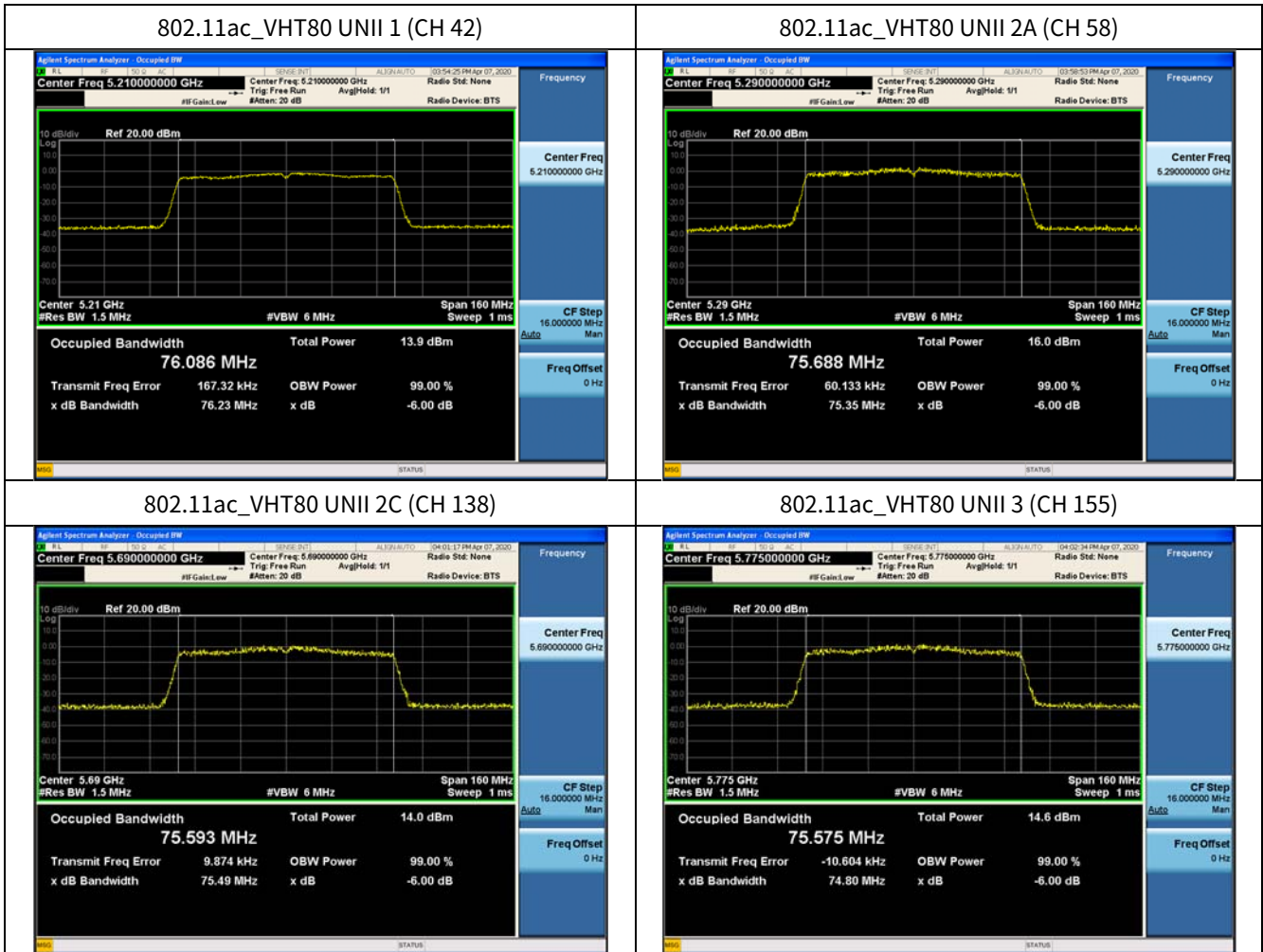
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



■ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT80))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



10.4 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.3.

802.11a Mode		Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	Total Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	Limit [dBm]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.						
5180	36	8.36	0.57	8.93	0.59	9.52	14.10
5200	40	8.21	0.44	8.65	0.59	9.24	
5240	48	8.13	0.57	8.70	0.59	9.29	
5260	52	8.32	0.57	8.89	2.00	10.89	14.09
5300	60	8.14	0.57	8.72	2.00	10.72	
5320	64	8.32	0.30	8.62	2.00	10.62	
5500	100	6.87	0.57	7.44	-	-	23.34
5580	116	6.52	0.57	7.10	-	-	
5720	144	6.07	0.57	6.64	-	-	
5745	149	6.16	0.57	6.73	-	-	30.00
5785	157	6.60	0.30	6.90	-	-	
5825	165	6.27	0.57	6.84	-	-	

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	Total Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	Limit [dBm]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.						
5180	36	7.89	0.84	8.73	0.59	9.32	14.35
5200	40	7.65	0.84	8.49	0.59	9.08	
5240	48	7.78	0.84	8.62	0.59	9.21	
5260	52	8.32	0.59	8.91	2.00	10.91	14.35
5300	60	7.74	0.84	8.58	2.00	10.58	
5320	64	7.88	0.59	8.47	2.00	10.47	
5500	100	6.57	0.59	7.16	-	-	23.60
5580	116	6.03	0.84	6.88	-	-	
5720	144	6.18	0.32	6.50	-	-	
5745	149	5.70	0.84	6.54	-	-	30.00
5785	157	5.93	0.84	6.78	-	-	
5825	165	6.44	0.32	6.76	-	-	

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	Total Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	Limit [dBm]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.						
5180	36	8.07	0.60	8.67	0.59	9.26	14.35
5200	40	7.77	0.60	8.37	0.59	8.96	
5240	48	7.69	0.83	8.52	0.59	9.11	
5260	52	7.80	0.83	8.63	2.00	10.63	14.35
5300	60	8.17	0.32	8.48	2.00	10.48	
5320	64	7.98	0.32	8.30	2.00	10.30	
5500	100	6.13	0.83	6.96	-	-	23.58
5580	116	6.40	0.32	6.72	-	-	
5720	144	5.92	0.60	6.52	-	-	
5745	149	6.26	0.32	6.58	-	-	30.00
5785	157	5.81	0.83	6.64	-	-	
5825	165	6.46	0.32	6.78	-	-	

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	Total Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	Limit [dBm]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.						
5190	38	2.38	1.81	4.19	0.59	4.78	14.77
5230	46	2.19	1.81	4.00	0.59	4.59	14.77
5270	54	6.84	1.48	8.33	2.00	10.33	14.77
5310	62	7.58	0.62	8.20	2.00	10.20	14.77
5510	102	5.34	1.48	6.82	-	-	23.98
5550	110	5.20	1.48	6.69	-	-	23.98
5710	142	5.60	0.62	6.21	-	-	23.98
5755	151	4.78	1.48	6.27	-	-	30.00
5795	159	4.83	1.48	6.32	-	-	30.00

802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	Total Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	Limit [dBm]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.						
5190	38	1.72	2.27	3.98	0.59	4.57	14.77
5230	46	3.01	1.09	4.09	0.59	4.68	14.77
5270	54	5.87	2.65	8.51	2.00	10.51	14.77
5310	62	6.76	1.47	8.23	2.00	10.23	14.77
5510	102	4.21	2.65	6.86	-	-	23.98
5550	110	3.85	2.82	6.67	-	-	23.98
5710	142	4.99	1.47	6.46	-	-	23.98
5755	151	5.81	0.61	6.42	-	-	30.00
5795	159	4.16	2.27	6.43	-	-	30.00

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor [dB]	Total Power [dBm]	Ant Gain [dBi]	EIRP [dBm]	Limit [dBm]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.						
5210	42	1.49	2.38	3.87	0.59	4.46	14.77
5290	58	3.41	4.16	7.57	2.00	9.57	14.77
5530	106	4.68	2.38	7.06	-	-	23.98
5690	138	4.87	1.87	6.74	-	-	23.98
5775	155	4.37	2.38	6.75	-	-	30.00

10.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11a Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	-1.883	0.572	-1.311	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	-1.945	0.439	-1.506	
5240	48	-2.098	0.572	-1.526	
5260	52	-1.608	0.572	-1.036	
5300	60	-2.231	0.572	-1.659	
5320	64	-1.773	0.299	-1.474	
5500	100	-3.164	0.572	-2.592	
5580	116	-3.803	0.572	-3.231	
5720	144	-3.931	0.572	-3.359	
5745	149	-6.498	0.572	-5.926	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	-6.250	0.299	-5.951	
5825	165	-6.318	0.572	-5.746	

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	-2.438	0.843	-1.595	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	-2.694	0.843	-1.851	
5240	48	-2.576	0.843	-1.733	
5260	52	-2.046	0.589	-1.457	
5300	60	-2.577	0.843	-1.734	
5320	64	-2.680	0.589	-2.091	
5500	100	-3.880	0.589	-3.291	
5580	116	-6.963	0.843	-6.120	
5720	144	-4.417	0.320	-4.097	
5745	149	-9.490	0.843	-8.647	30 dBm/500k Hz
5785	157	-7.031	0.843	-6.188	
5825	165	-6.904	0.320	-6.584	

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-9.827	1.805	-8.022	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	-11.462	1.805	-9.657	
5270	54	-6.943	1.484	-5.459	
5310	62	-5.383	0.616	-4.767	
5510	102	-7.507	1.484	-6.023	
5550	110	-6.981	1.484	-5.497	
5710	142	-7.829	0.616	-7.213	
5755	151	-10.554	1.484	-9.070	30 dBm /500kHz
5795	159	-10.793	1.484	-9.309	

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	-2.509	0.599	-1.910	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	-2.955	0.599	-2.356	
5240	48	-2.975	0.828	-2.147	
5260	52	-2.031	0.828	-1.203	
5300	60	-2.351	0.318	-2.033	
5320	64	-2.304	0.318	-1.986	
5500	100	-4.180	0.828	-3.352	
5580	116	-4.143	0.318	-3.825	
5720	144	-4.204	0.599	-3.605	
5745	149	-6.990	0.318	-6.672	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	-7.511	0.828	-6.683	
5825	165	-6.688	0.318	-6.370	

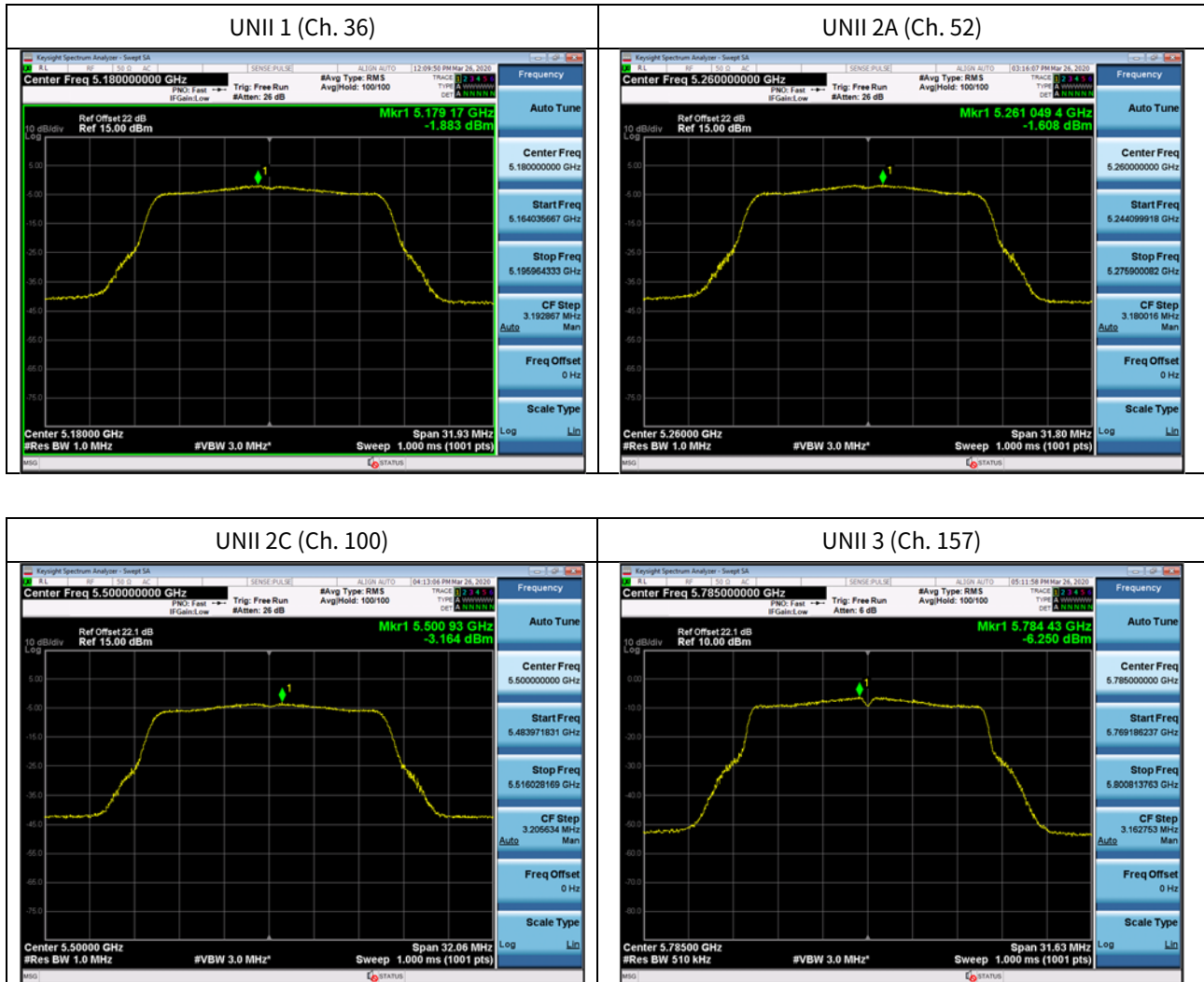
802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-9.652	2.270	-7.382	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	-10.252	1.087	-9.165	
5270	54	-6.642	2.648	-3.994	
5310	62	-7.591	1.469	-6.122	
5510	102	-8.890	2.648	-6.242	
5550	110	-9.184	2.819	-6.365	
5710	142	-8.079	1.469	-6.610	30 dBm/500kHz
5755	151	-10.450	0.606	-9.844	
5795	159	-12.340	2.270	-10.070	

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5210	42	-13.377	2.380	-10.997	11 dBm/MHz
5290	58	-10.908	4.160	-6.748	
5530	106	-10.179	2.380	-7.799	
5690	138	-10.998	1.867	-9.131	
5775	155	-14.097	2.380	-11.717	30 dBm/500kHz

Test Plots(802.11a)

Note:

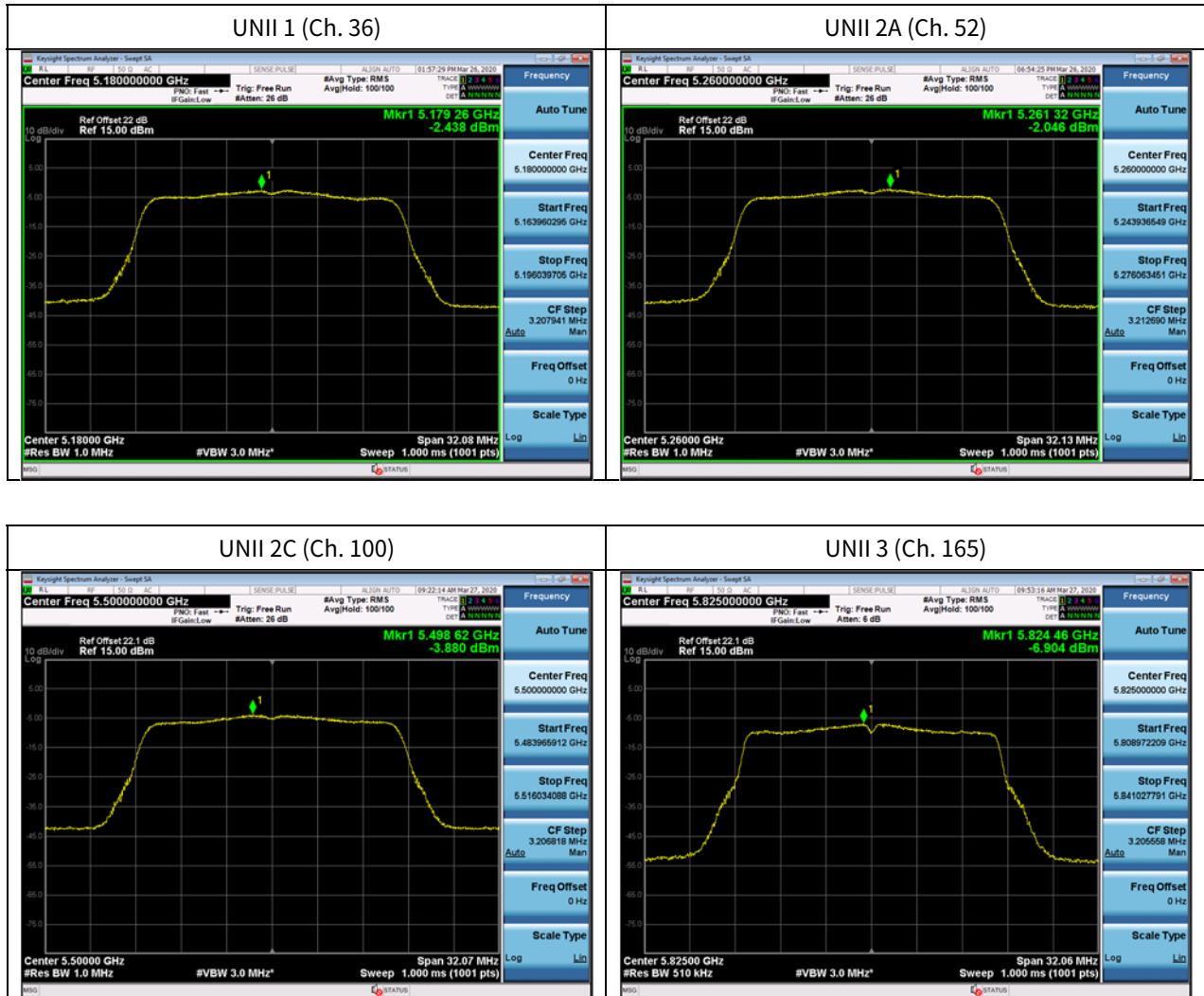
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

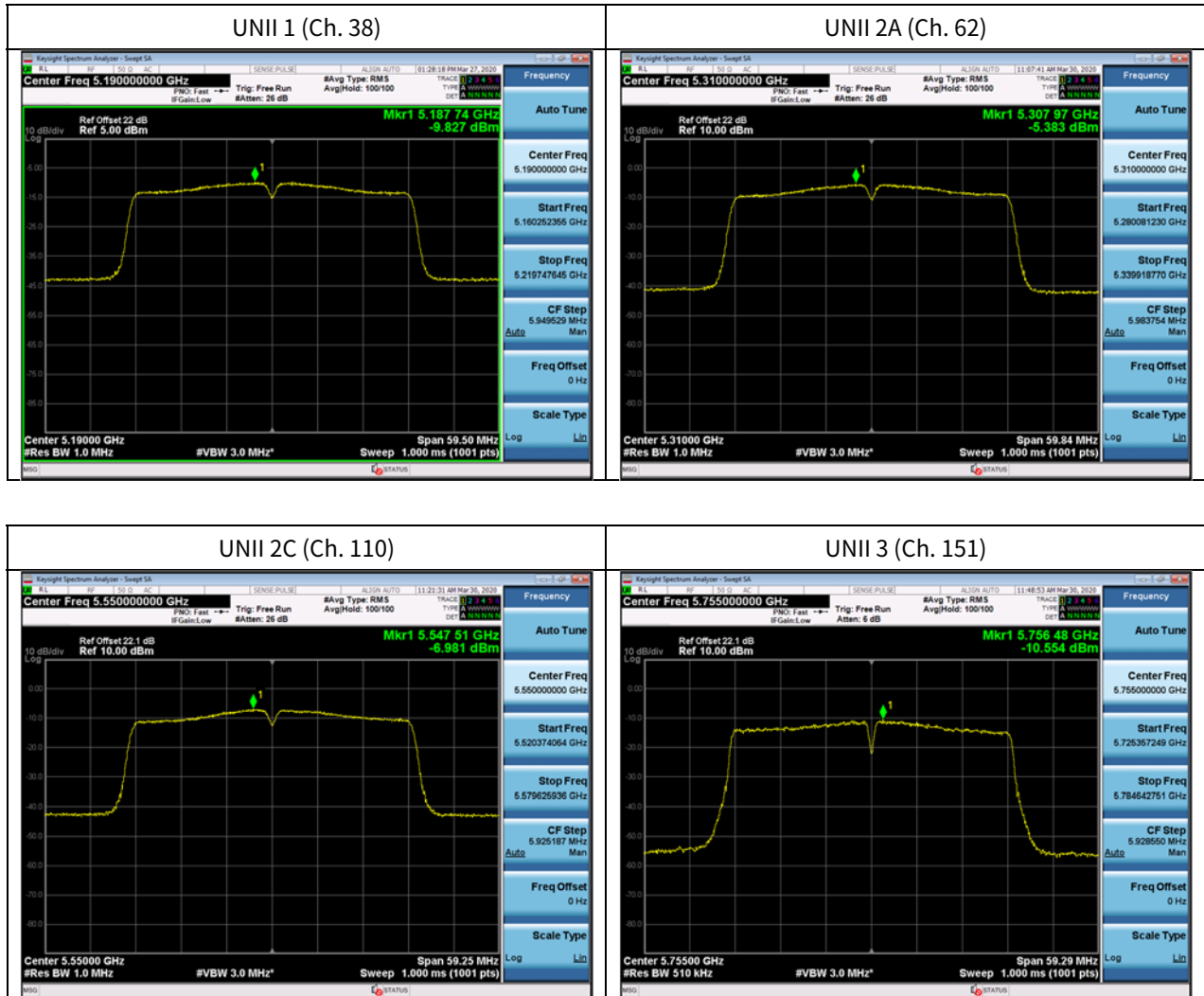
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



■ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

Note:

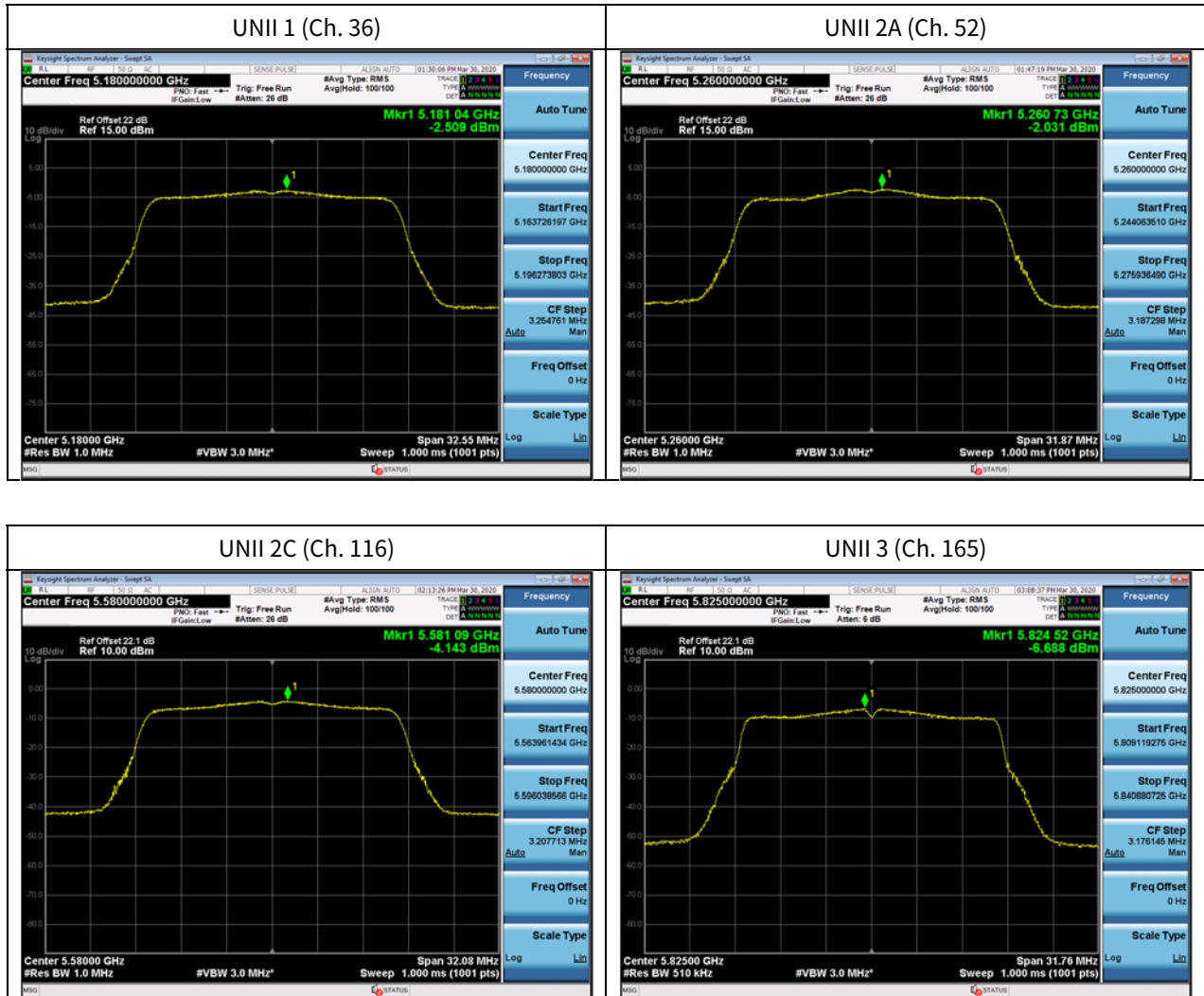
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

Note:

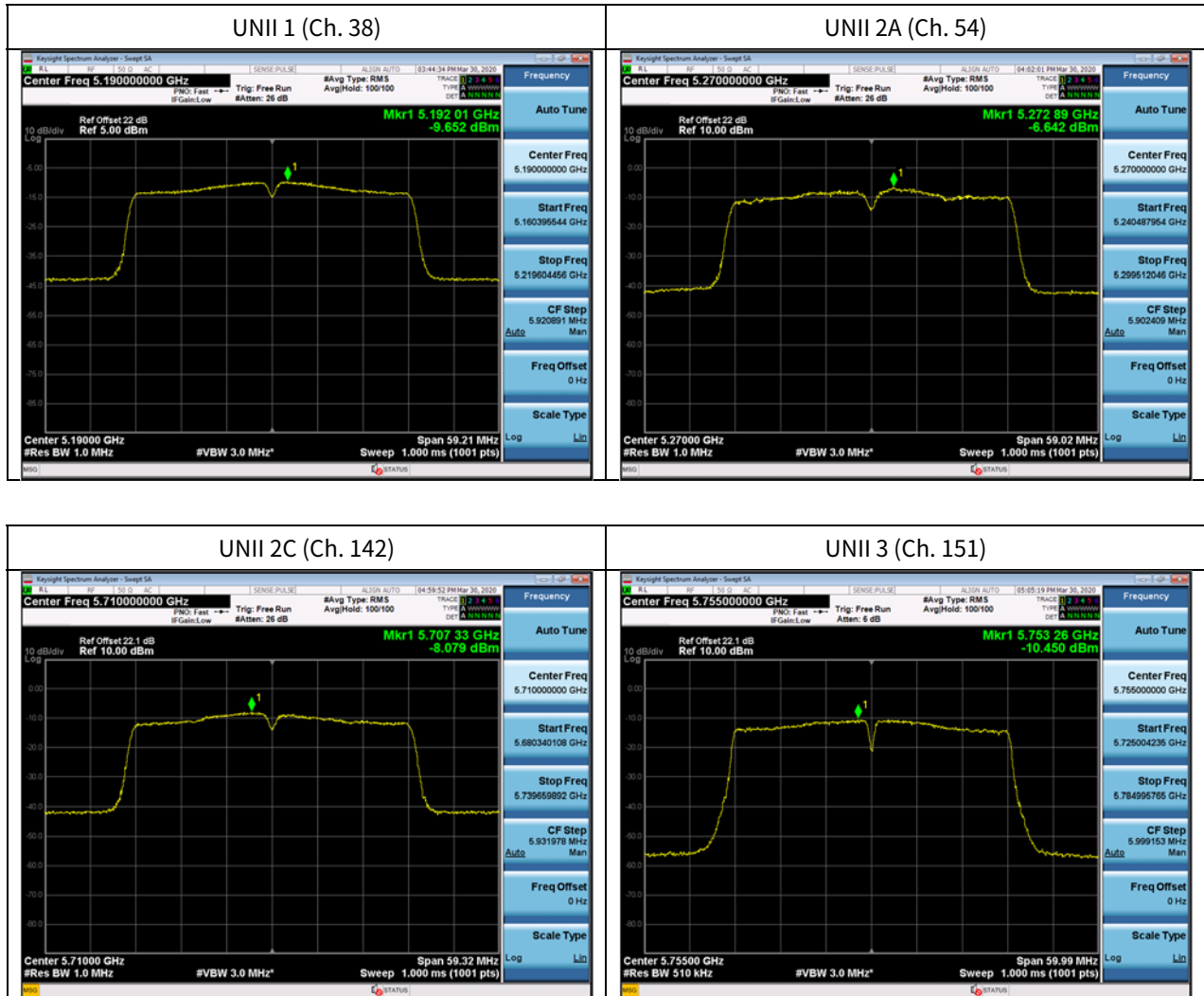
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



■ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

Note:

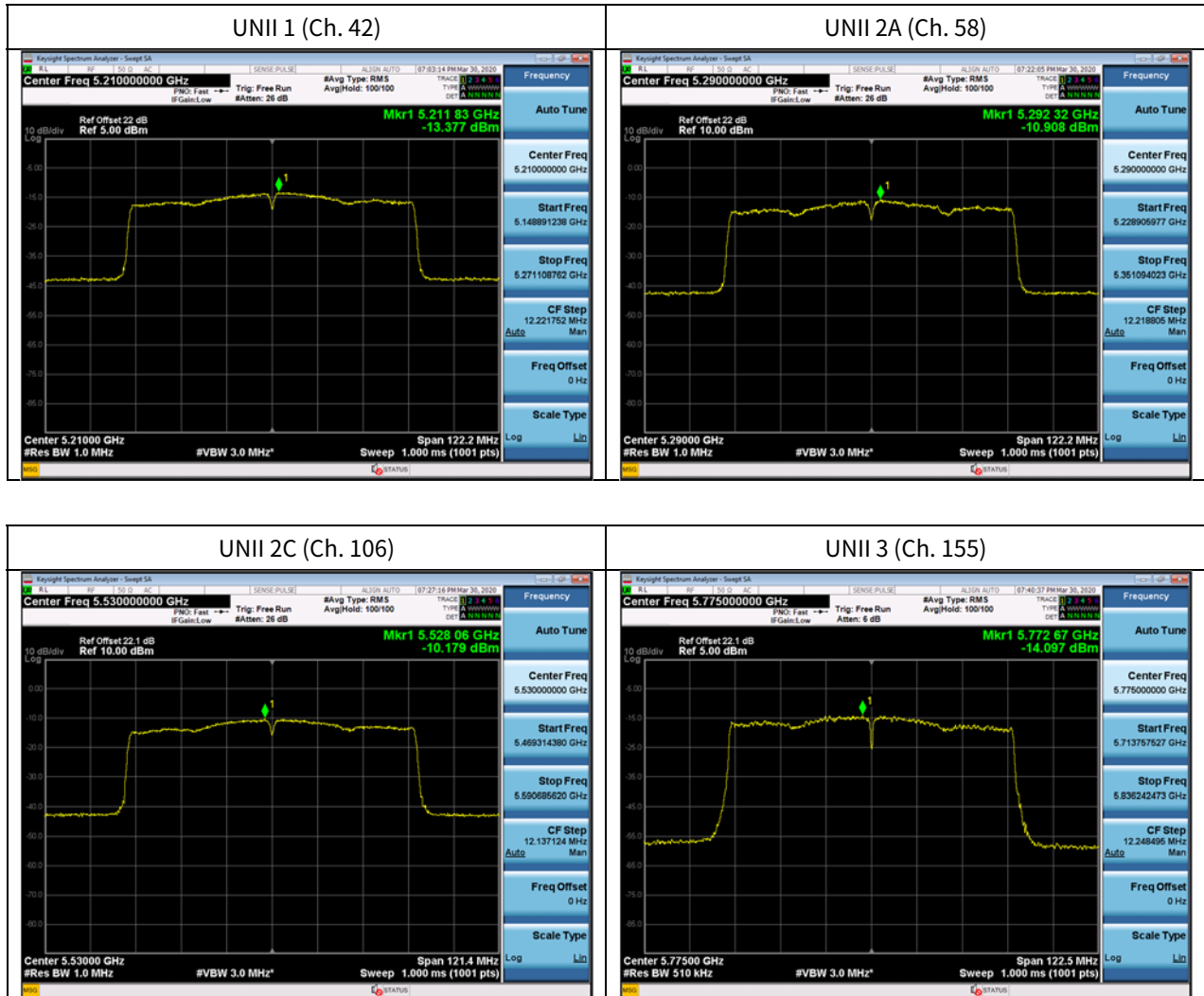
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



■ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT80))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



10.6 FREQUENCY STABILITY.

10.6.1 80MHz BW

Startup after the EUT is energized

OPERATING BAND: UNII Band 1
 OPERATING FREQUENCY: 5,210,000,000 Hz
 CHANNEL: 42
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 14.4 VDC

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency (kHz)	Frequency Error (kHz)
100%	14.40	+20(Ref)	5210078.36	78.36
100%		-30	5210030.18	30.18
100%		-20	5210058.35	58.35
100%		-10	5210031.69	31.69
100%		0	5210038.88	38.88
100%		+10	5210018.71	18.71
100%		+30	5210084.22	84.22
100%		+40	5210040.27	40.27
100%		+50	5210085.16	85.16
111%	16.00	+20	5210039.28	39.28
Batt. Endpoint	9.00	+20	5210067.02	67.02

Note:

Based on the results of the frequency stability test shown above the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency error noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.