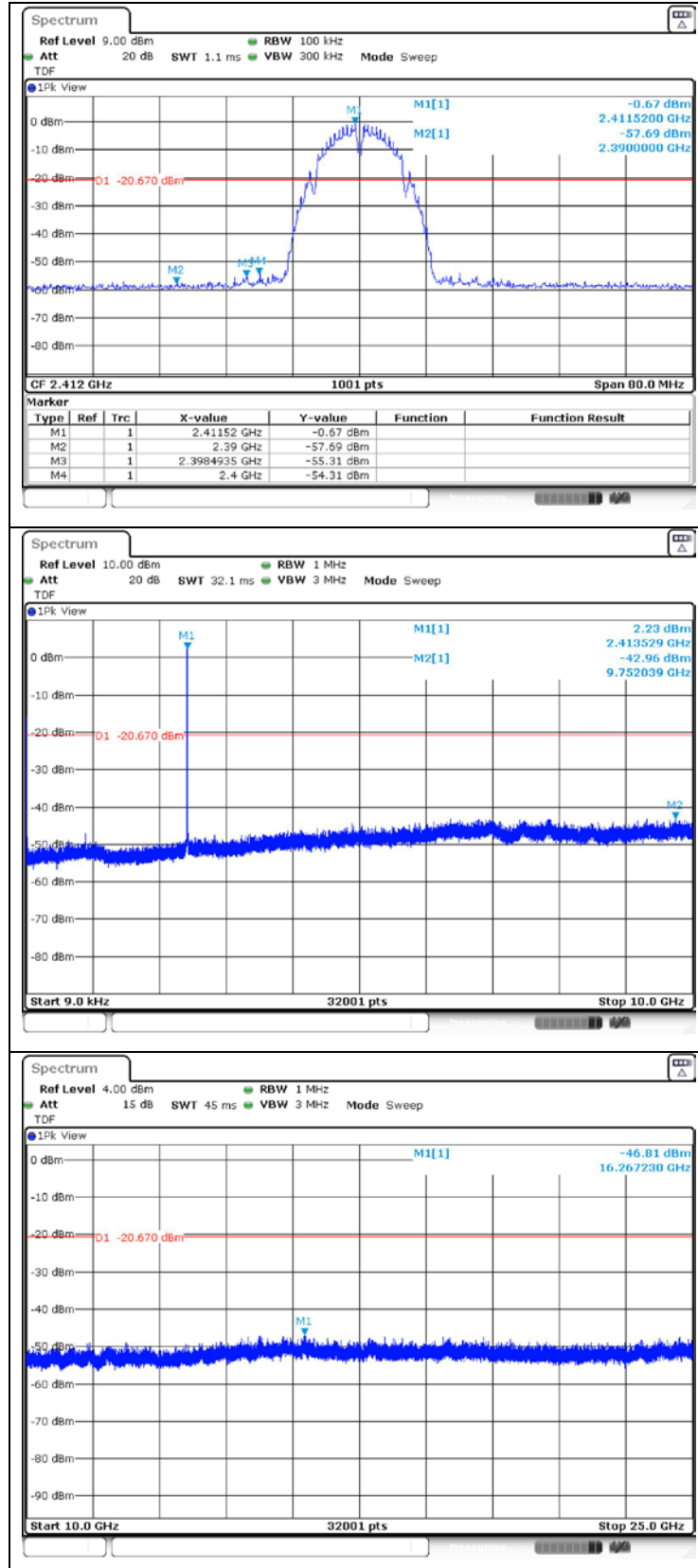


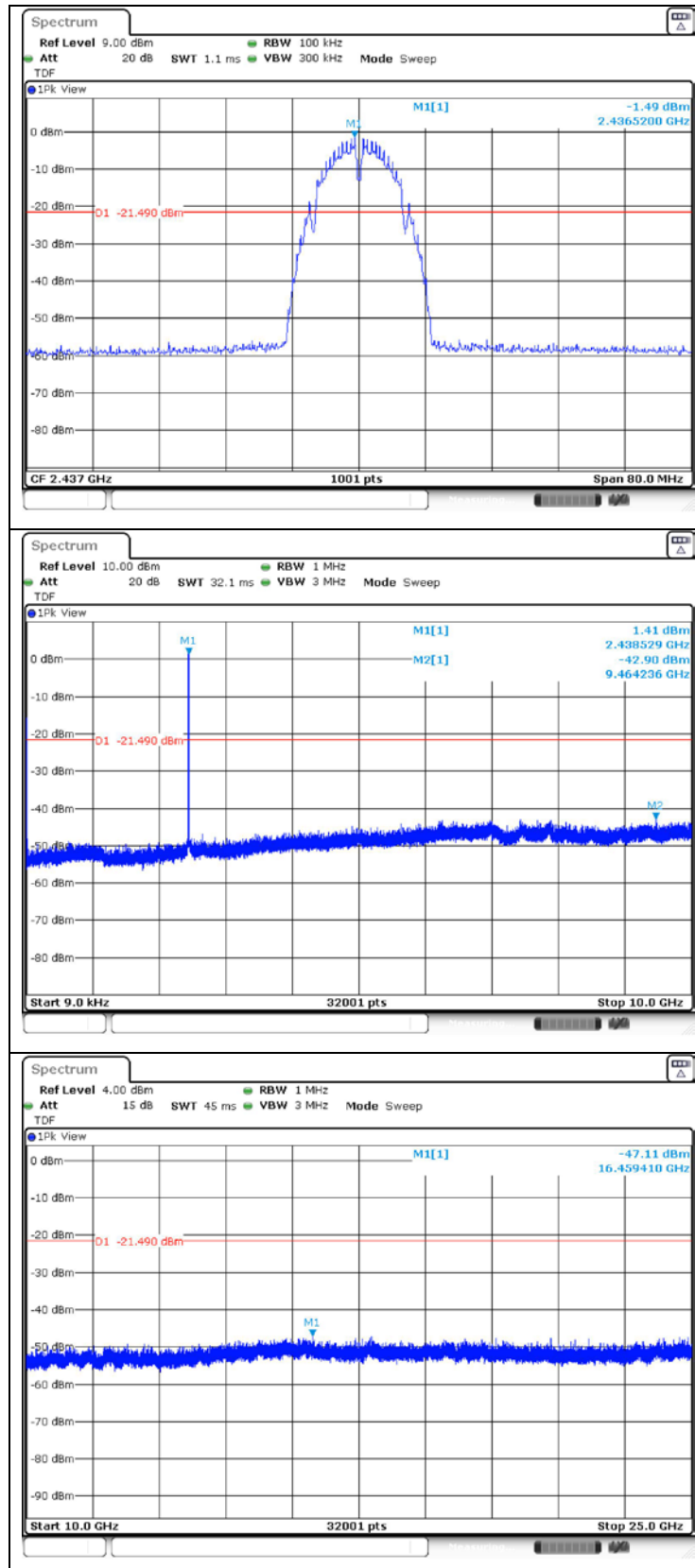
2.4.3. Plot of Conducted Spurious Emissions

DSSS: 802.11b (1 Mbps)

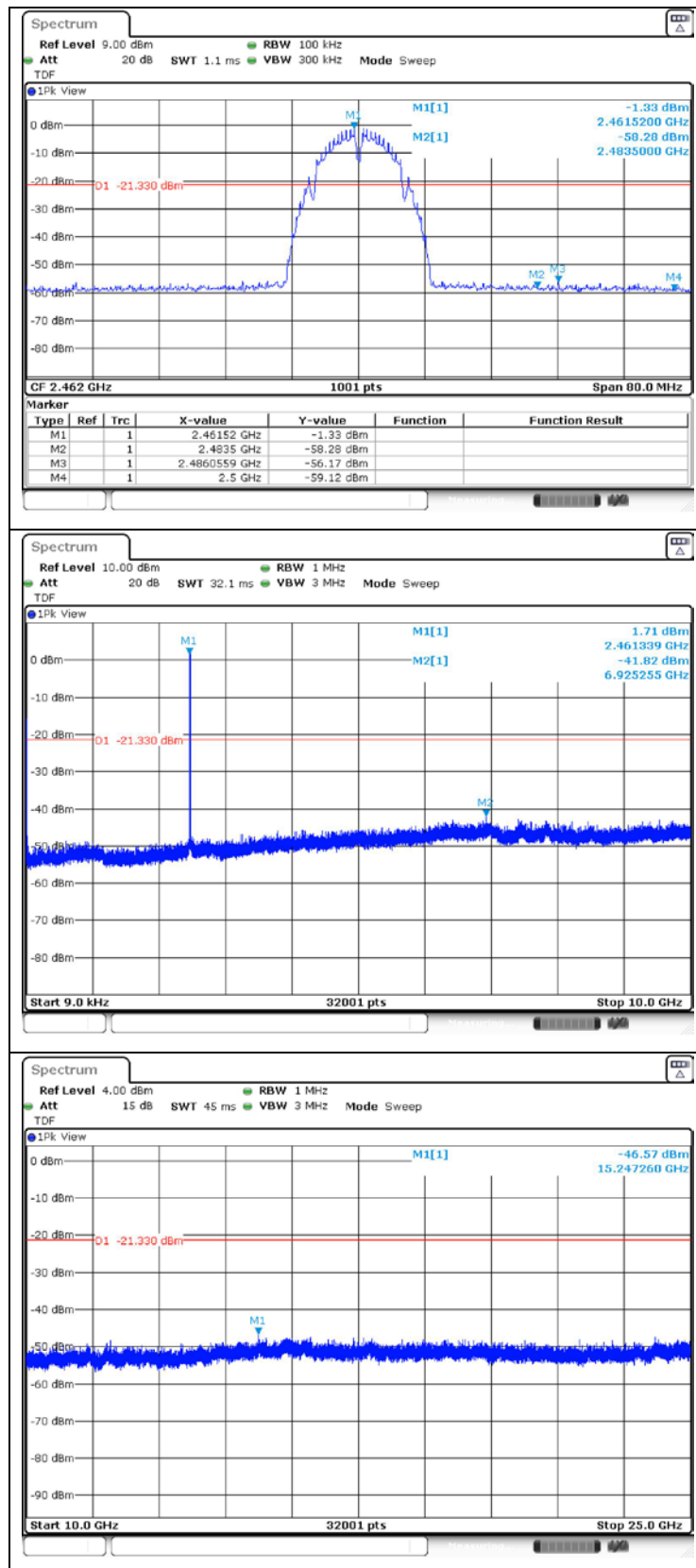
Low Channel



Middle Channel

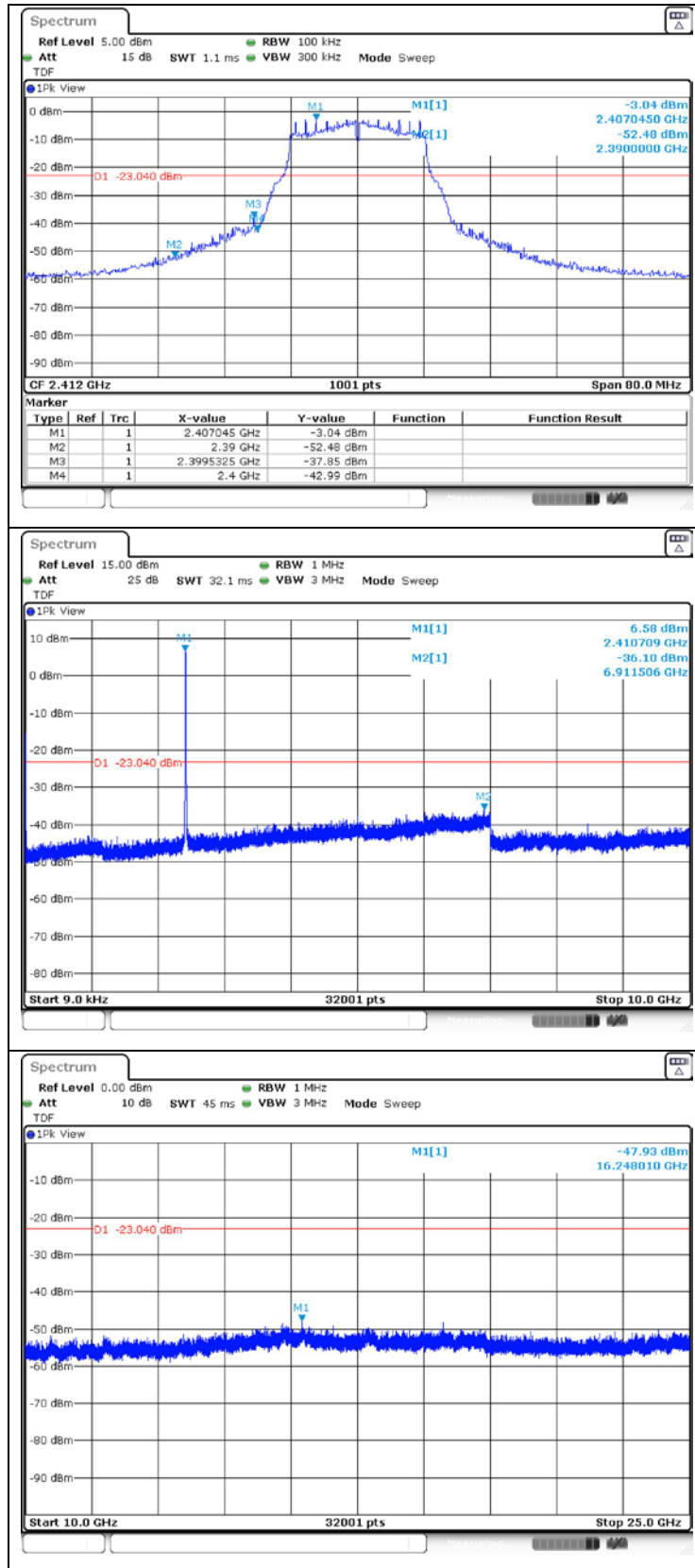


High Channel

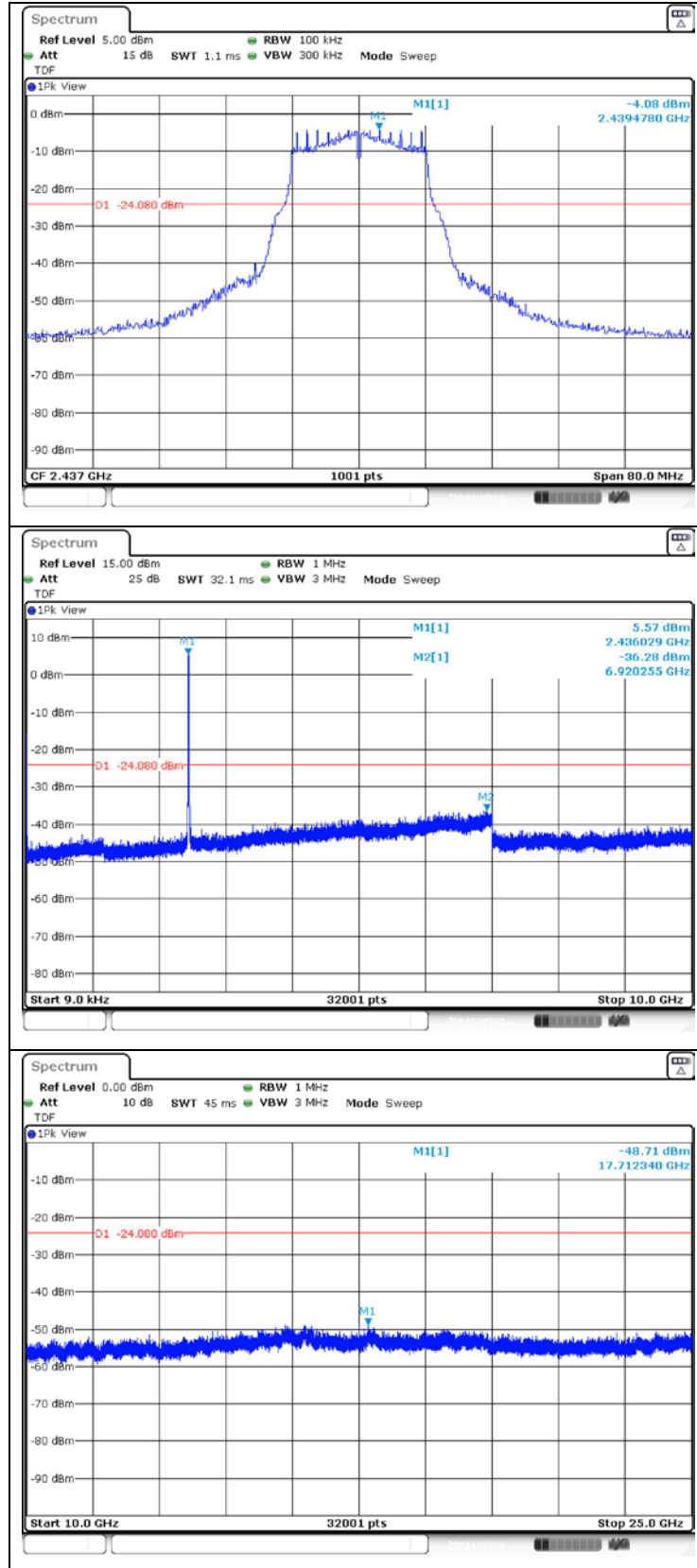


OFDM: 802.11g (6 Mbps)

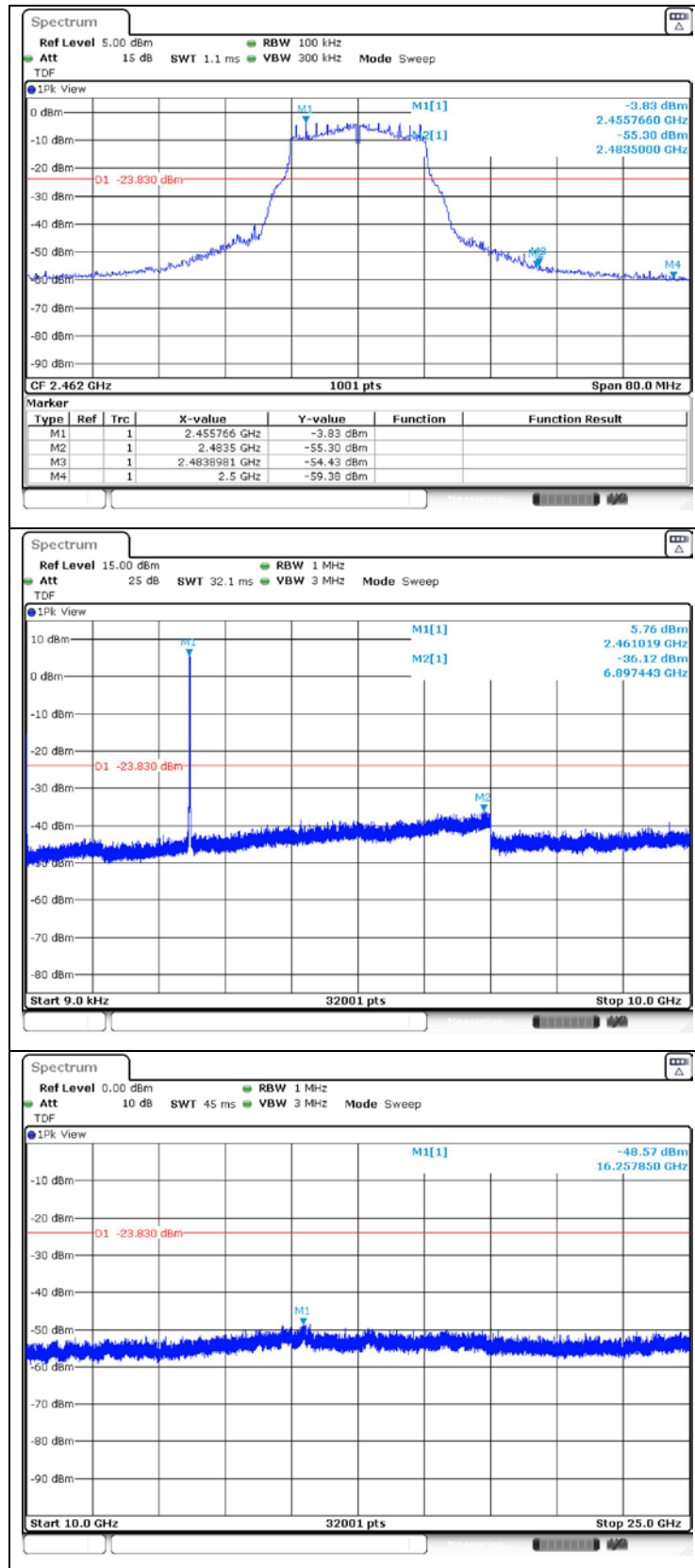
Low Channel



Middle Channel

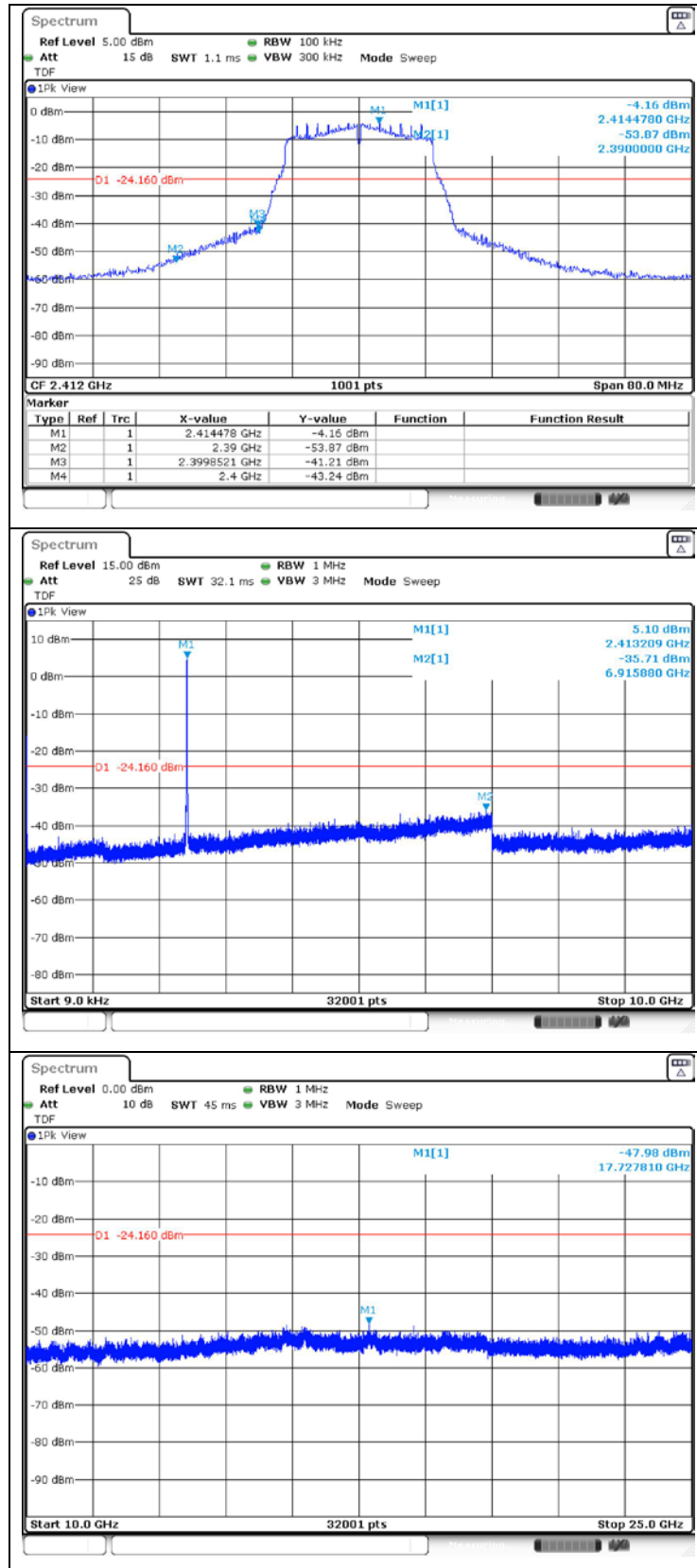


High Channel

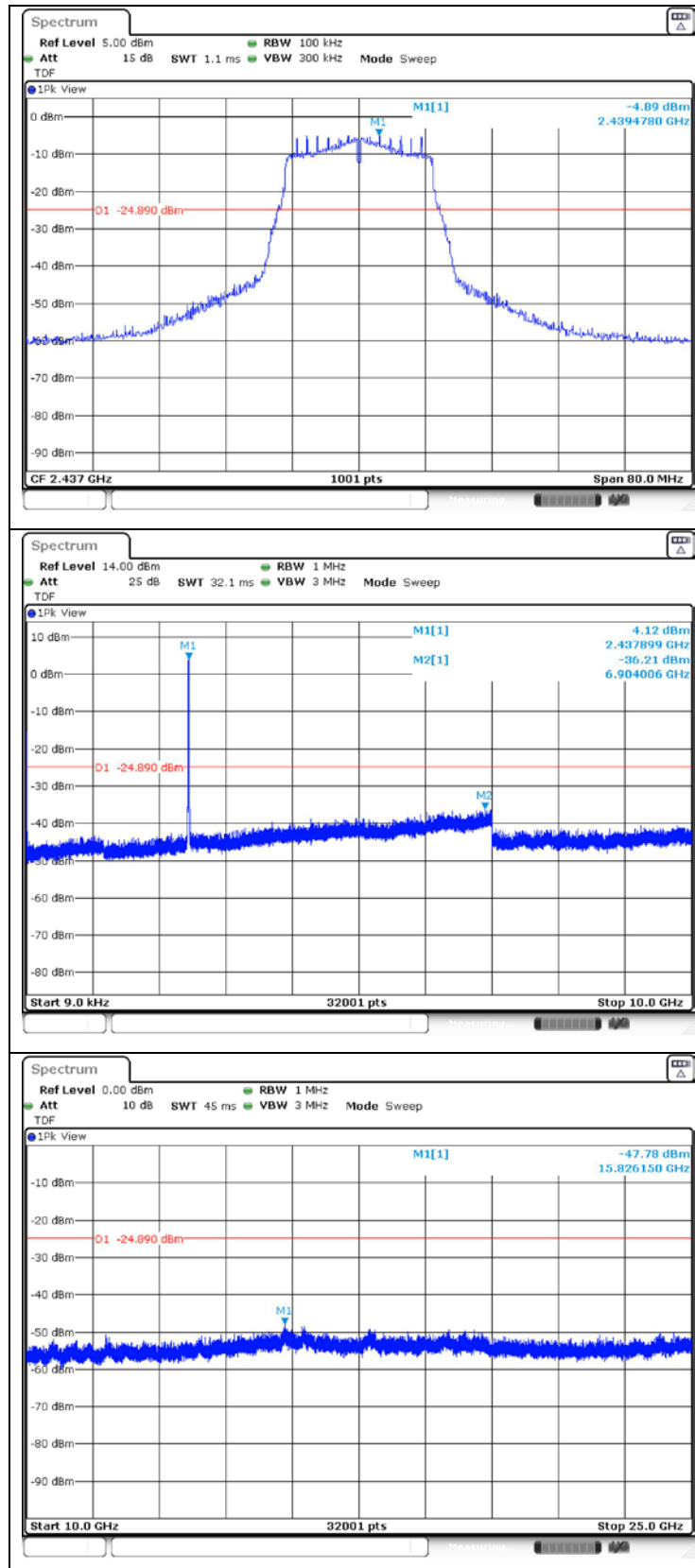


OFDM: 802.11n_HT20 (MCS0)

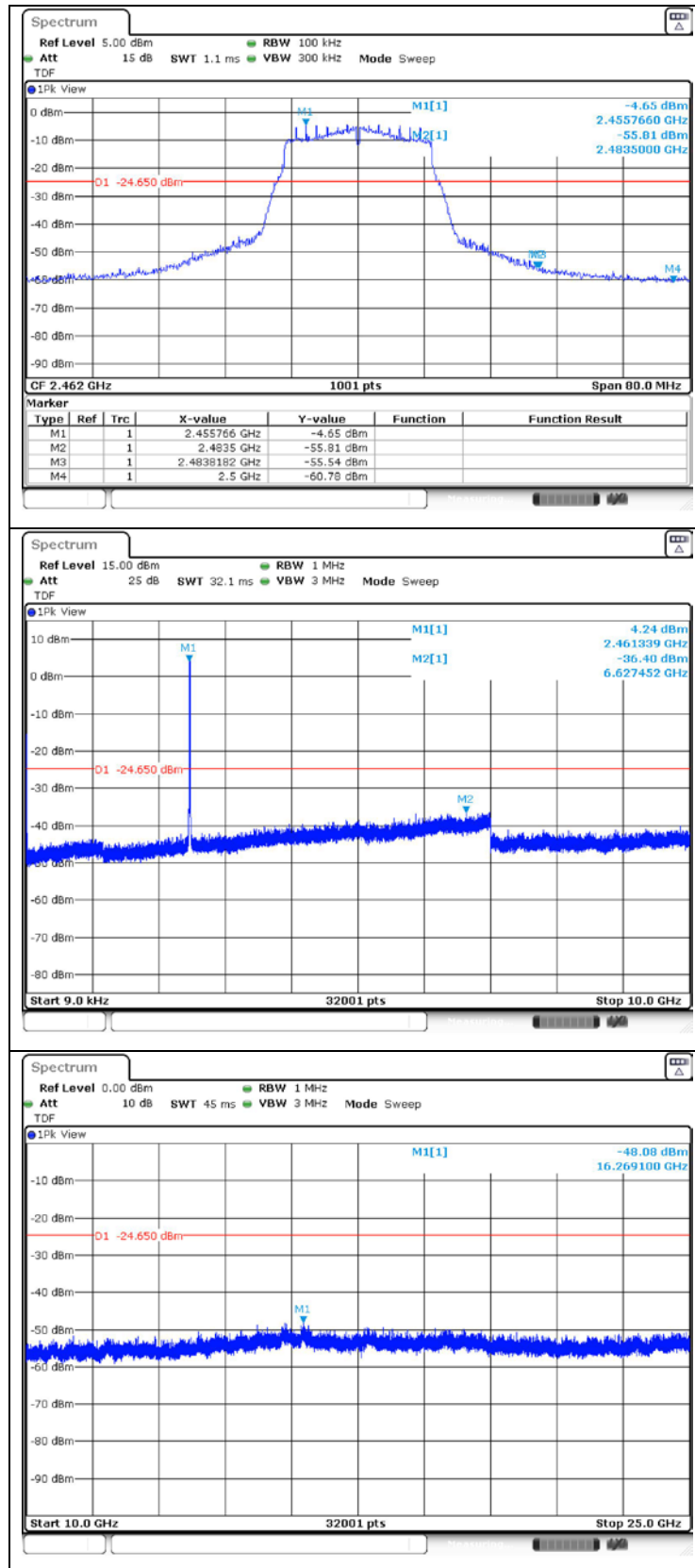
Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel



3. 6 dB Bandwidth & 99 % Bandwidth

3.1. Test Setup



3.2. Limit

3.2.1. FCC

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2 400-2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725-5 850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

3.2.2. IC

According to RSS-247 Issue 2, 5.2(a), the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

3.3. Test Procedure

3.3.1. 6 dB Bandwidth

The test follows section 11.8 DTS bandwidth of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Tests performed using section 11.8.1 Option 1.

- Option 1:

1. Set RBW to = 100 kHz.
2. Set the VBW $\geq$ [3 x RBW].
3. Detector = peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

3.3.2. 99 % Bandwidth

- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99 % emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99 % emission bandwidth).

3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

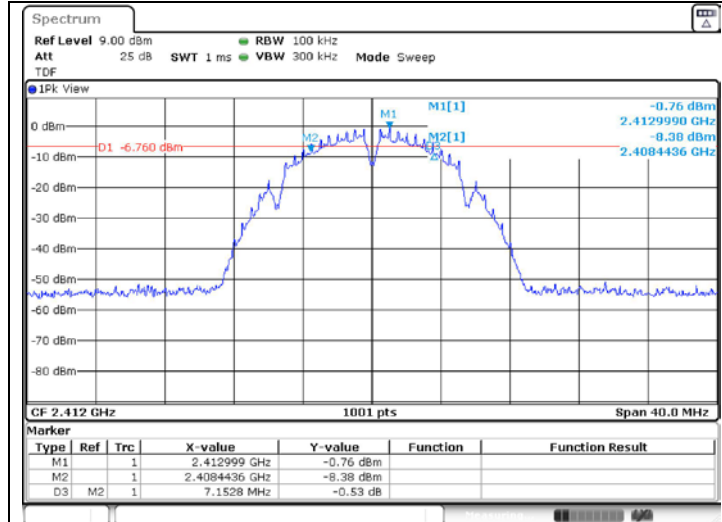
Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99 % Bandwidth (MHz)
DSSS (802.11b)	1	Low	2 412	7.153	10.270
		Middle	2 437	7.153	10.270
		High	2 462	7.153	10.230
OFDM (802.11g)	6	Low	2 412	16.344	16.903
		Middle	2 437	16.344	16.943
		High	2 462	16.384	16.903
OFDM (802.11n_HT20)	MCS0	Low	2 412	17.143	18.062
		Middle	2 437	17.343	18.022
		High	2 462	17.582	17.982

- Test plots

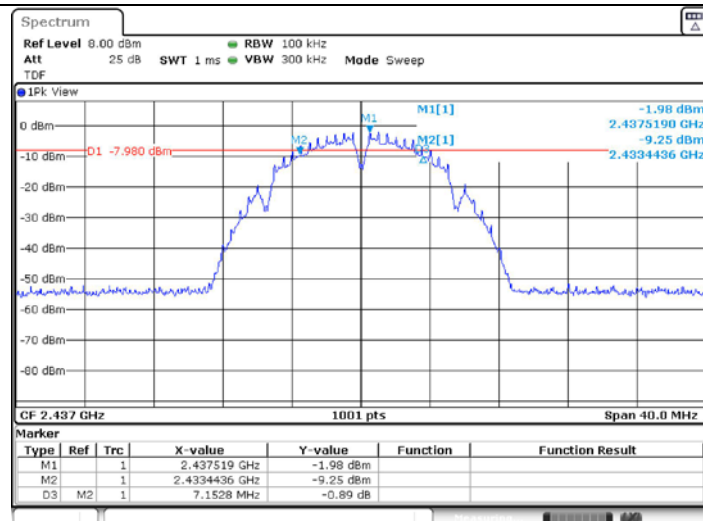
6 dB Bandwidth

DSSS: 802.11b

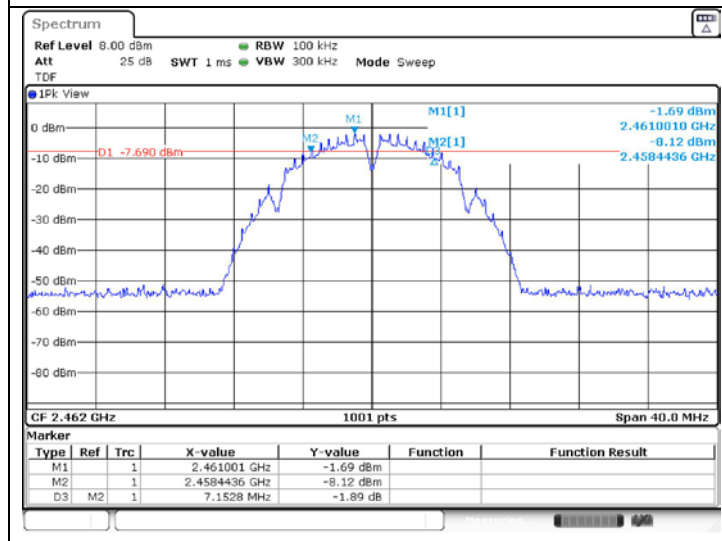
Low Channel



Middle Channel

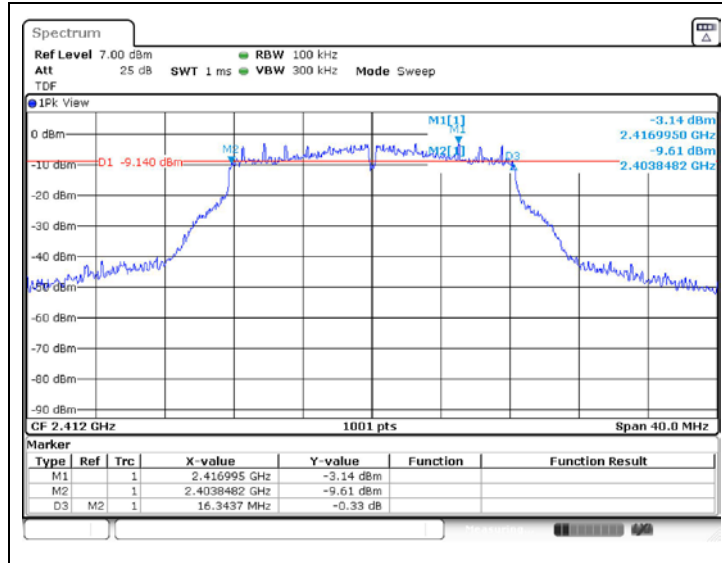


High Channel

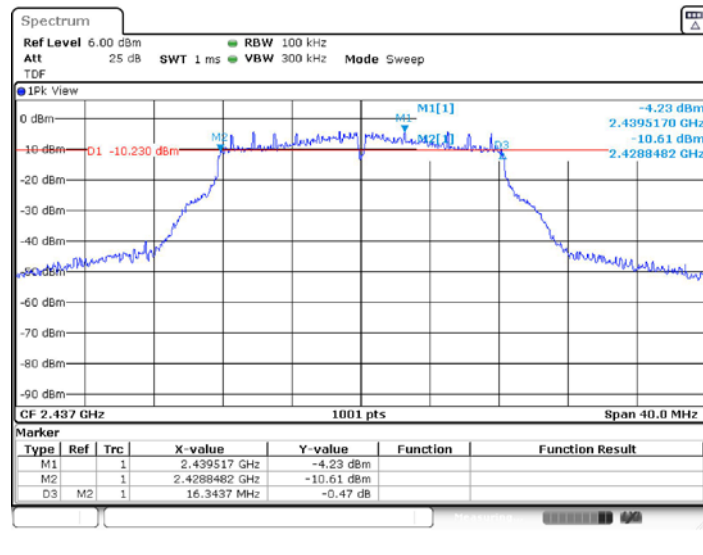


OFDM: 802.11g

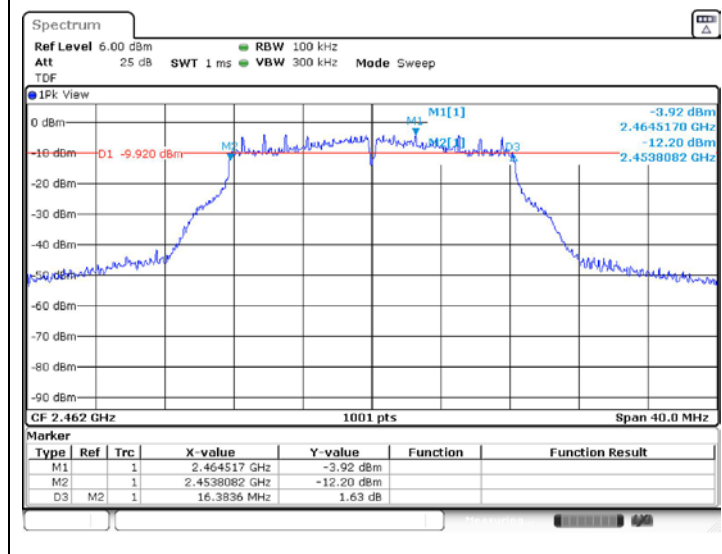
Low Channel



Middle Channel

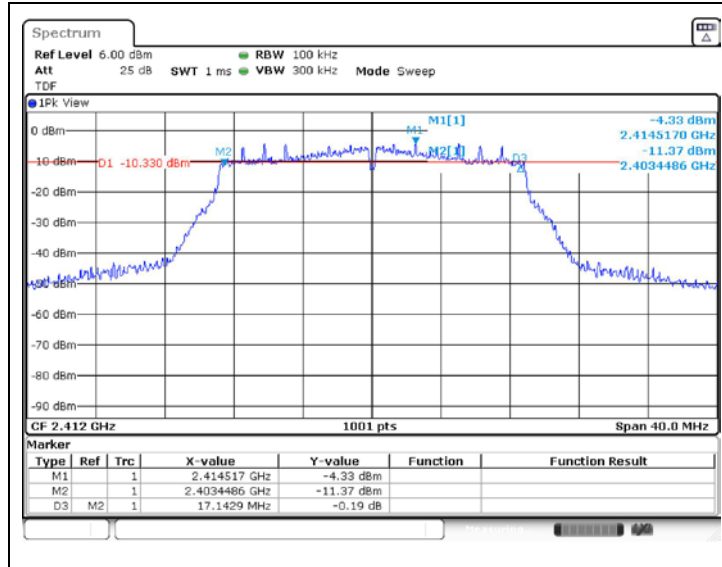


High Channel

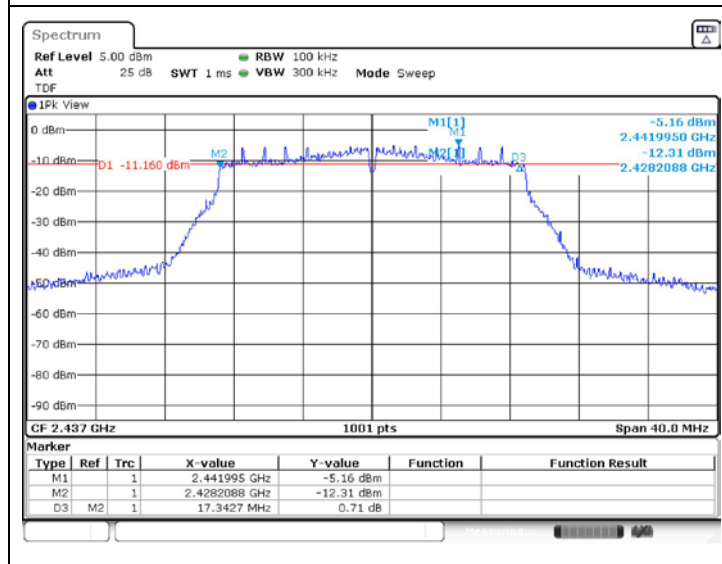


OFDM: 802.11n_HT20

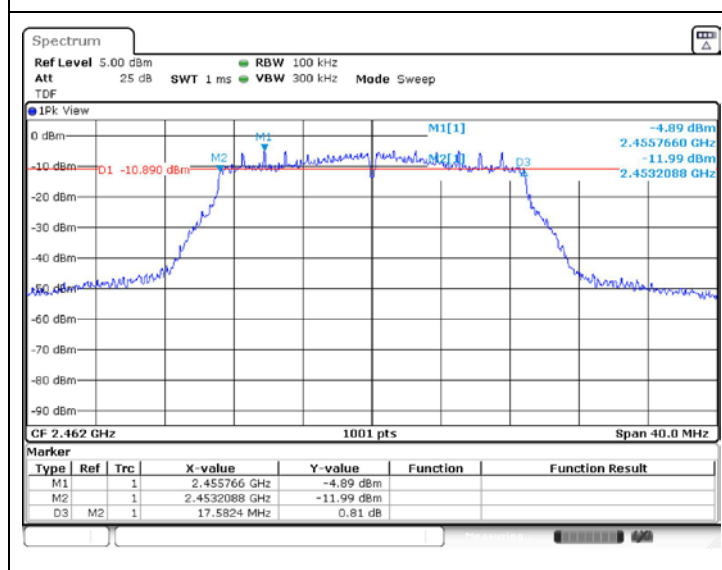
Low Channel



Middle Channel



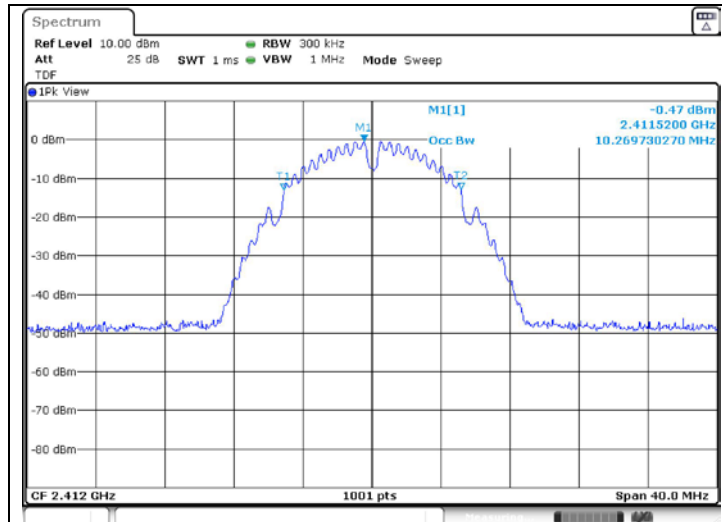
High Channel



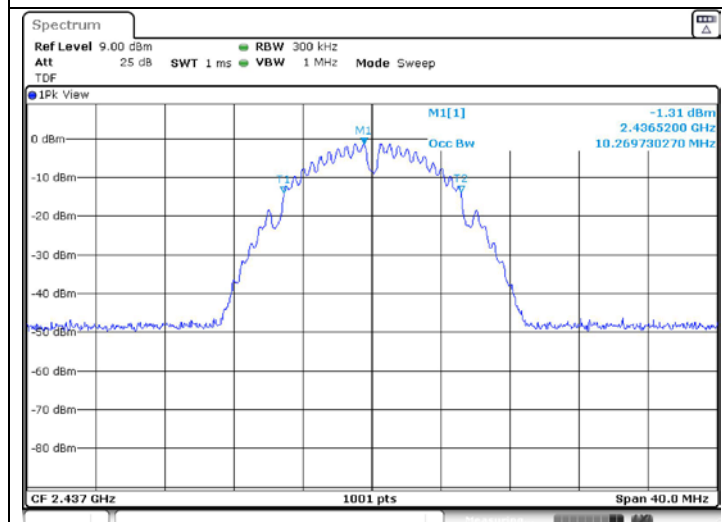
99 % Bandwidth

DSSS: 802.11b

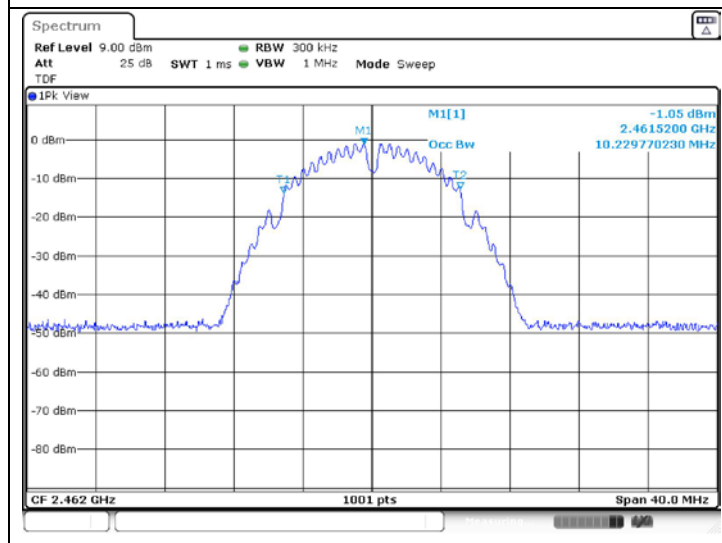
Low Channel



Middle Channel

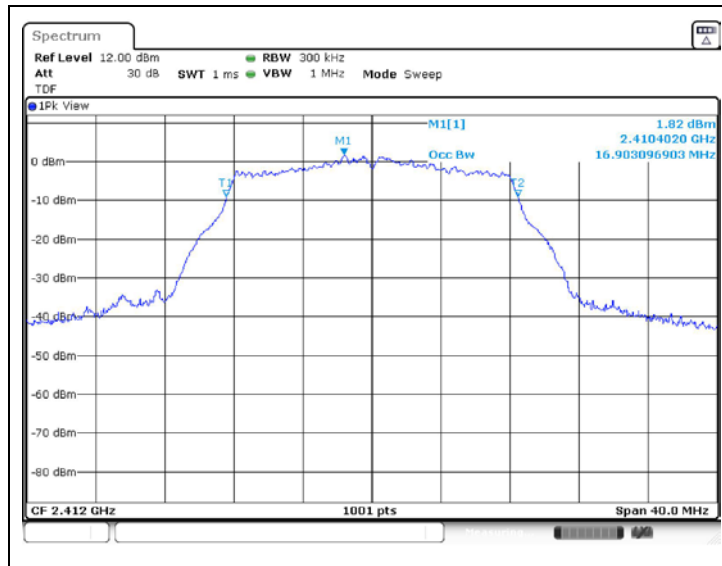


High Channel

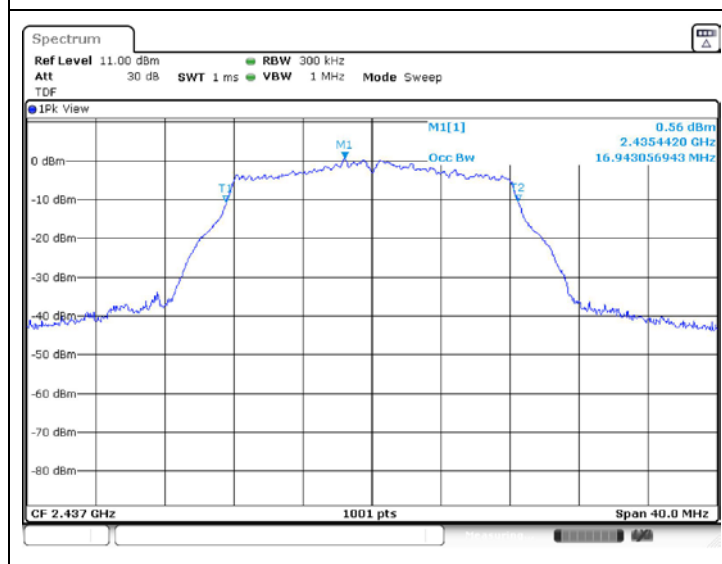


OFDM: 802.11g

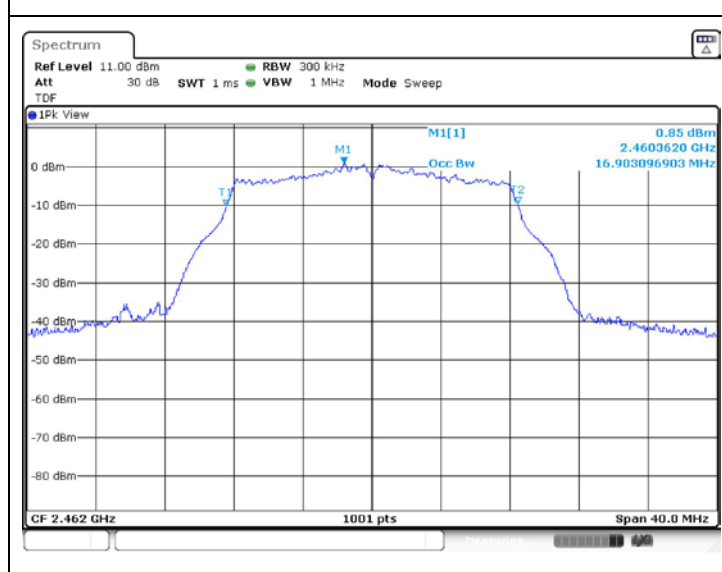
Low Channel



Middle Channel

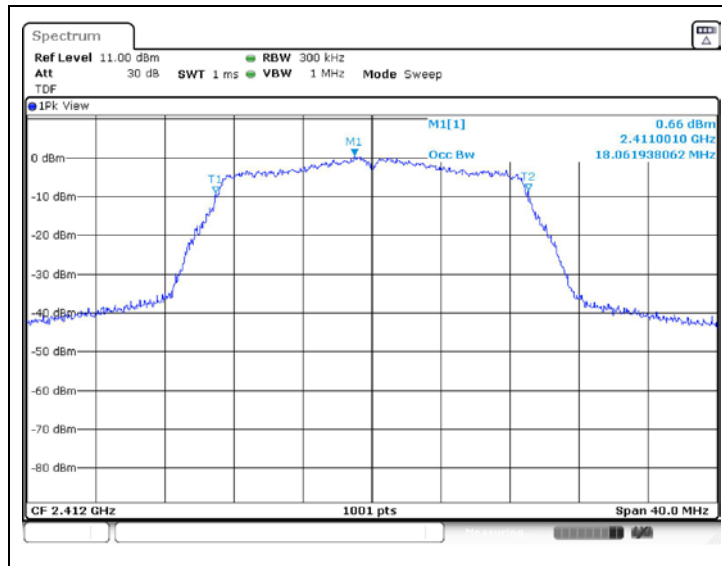


High Channel

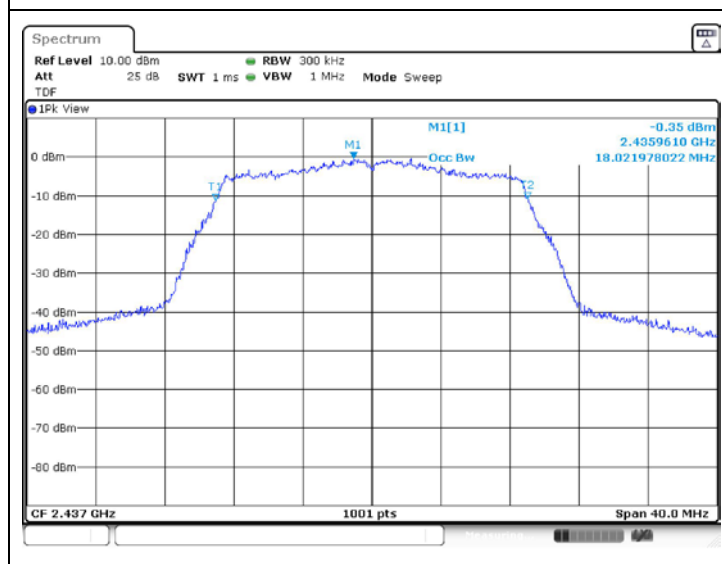


OFDM: 802.11n_HT20

Low Channel



Middle Channel



High Channel

