



SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.
FCC ID TE7C5LV1
Brand TP-LINK
Product C5L FDD-LTE Smartphone
Model TP601C
Report No. RXA1511-0187SAR01R2
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TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528-2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd**. The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by CNAS or any government agencies.

1.2 Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (recognition number is 428261)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA(Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
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1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

Mode	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)			
	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	10g SAR Extremity (Separation 0mm)
GSM 850	0.478	1.201	1.201	NA
GSM 1900	0.262	1.184	1.184	NA
WCDMA Band II	0.445	0.729	0.729	NA
WCDMA Band IV	0.279	0.486	0.518	NA
WCDMA Band V	0.557	0.635	0.635	NA
LTE FDD 2	0.596	0.886	0.886	NA
LTE FDD 4	0.337	1.256	1.256	NA
LTE FDD 7	0.387	0.913	0.913	NA
Wi-Fi	0.430	0.074	0.074	NA
Bluetooth	0.007	NA	NA	NA
Date of Testing:	November 9, 2015~ November 15, 2015			
Note: The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6 W/kg and 4.0 W/kg) specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.				

Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	10g SAR Extremity (Separation 0mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.026	1.534	1.534	NA
Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.2.				

3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.
Applicant address	Building 24 (floors 1,3,4,5) and 28 (floors1-4) Central Science and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer	TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.
Manufacturer address	Building 24 (floors 1,3,4,5) and 28 (floors1-4) Central Science and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

Accessory Equipment Details

Name	Model	Manufacturer	Capacity	S/N
Battery	NBL-45A2000	TP-LINK TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.	2000mAh	B1151006100980

General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant
EUT Stage:	Production Unit
Model:	TP601C
IMEI/SN/MEID:	SIM 1: 868788020000650 SIM 2: 868788020001666
Hardware Version:	P1
Software Version:	H10S100D03B20151015R1003
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Device Class:	B
Power Class:	GSM 850:4 GSM 1900:1 UMTS Band II/IV/V:3 LTE FDD 2/4/7:3
Power Level	GSM 850:level 5 GSM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II/IV/V:all up bits LTE FDD 2/4/7:max power

Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireless Technology		Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)
GSM	850	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK)	<input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:8-1UP <input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:10-2UP	824 ~ 849
	1900	EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:12-4UP <input type="checkbox"/> Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	1850 ~ 1910
Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
UMTS	Band II	QPSK	HSDPA Category 14	1852 ~ 1908
	Band IV		HSUPA Category 6	1712 ~ 1753
	Band V		DC-HSDPA Category 24 HSPA+ Category 14	826 ~ 847
LTE	FDD 2	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel.8 /category 4	1850 ~ 1910
	FDD 4			1710 ~ 1755
	FDD 7			2500 ~ 2570
Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA). <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No				
BT	2.4G	Version 4.0 LE		2400 ~2483.5
Wi-Fi	2.4G	DSSS,OFDM	802.11b/g/n (HT20/ HT40)	2400 ~2483.5
	Does this device support 2.4G MIMO <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No			



4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11 v02r02
447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04
941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Output power of reductions:

Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

5.3.2 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.³ This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as “otherwise” in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors (β_c , β_d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
 Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
 Note3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 6 HSPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the ‘WCDMA Handset’ and ‘Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices’ sections of this document

Table 5.3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} 47/15 β_{ed2} 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	11484	5.76
	4	4	10		20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
	4	4	10		20000	?

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.
 UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

measurement is required for HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements.³⁵ Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PBA is required for TCB approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.³⁶ Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.

3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.

i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.

b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.

c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.

5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulations with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulations with dual cell operation
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200	QPSK, 16QAM	Not applicable (MIMO not supported)	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800			
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800			
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400			
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600			
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200			
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200			
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400			
Category 9	15	1	20251	172800			
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800			
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	QPSK	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)	
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200			
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600			
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		-
			23370	345600	-		QPSK, 16QAM
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		-
			27952	345600	-		QPSK, 16QAM
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600	-	-	QPSK, 16QAM
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600			
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400			
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			

5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

C)A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5.3.4 WiFi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported SAR* for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the *initial test position* to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported SAR* is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - ◇ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - ◇ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported SAR* is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported SAR* is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - ◇ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.



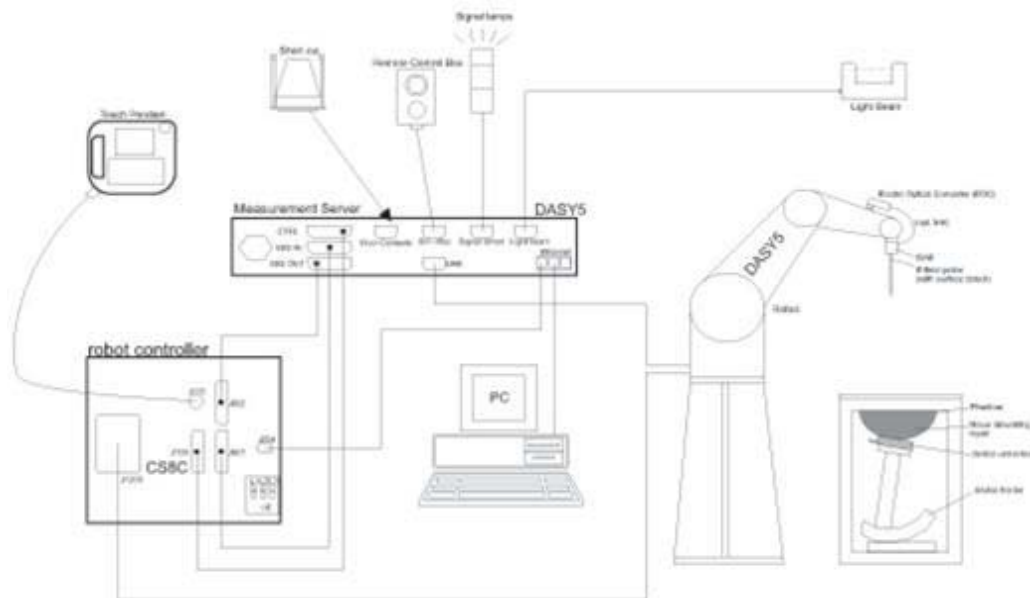
5.3.5 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. And the CBT control the EUT operating with hopping off and data rate set for 3DH5. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based

temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \Delta T / \Delta t$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
 C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = |E|^2 \sigma / \rho$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½ · δ · ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: ΔxArea, ΔyArea	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{zoom} Δy_{zoom}			≤2GHz: ≤8mm 2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm* 4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Uniform grid: $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$		≤5mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
	Graded grid	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
		$\Delta z_{zoom}(n > 1)$: between subsequent points	≤1.5• $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X, y, z		≥30mm	3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm 4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm 5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm
<p>Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.</p> <p>* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.</p>				

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390326	2015-09-08	2016-09-07
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020115	No Calibration Requested	
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2015-03-08	2016-03-07
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2015-05-25	2017-05-24
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50519	2015-03-23	2016-03-22
Dual directional coupler	Agilent	777D	50146	2015-03-23	2016-03-22
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	IXA-020	0401	No Calibration Requested	
Wideband radio communication tester	R&S	CMW 500	113645	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
BT Base Station Simulator	R&S	CBT	100271	2015-05-25	2016-05-24
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3677	2015-01-30	2016-01-29
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1317	2015-01-29	2016-01-28
Validation Kit 835MHz	SPEAG	D835V2	4d020	2014-08-28	2017-08-27
Validation Kit 1750MHz	SPEAG	D1750V2	1033	2014-01-26	2017-01-25
Validation Kit 1900MHz	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d060	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2014-09-01	2017-08-31
Validation Kit 2600MHz	SPEAG	D2600V2	1025	2014-12-08	2017-12-07
Temperature Probe	Tianjin jinming	JM222	AA1009129	2015-03-08	2016-03-07
Hygrothermograph	Tianjin jinming	WS-1	64591	2015-05-25	2016-05-24

8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within ± 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	
head	835	41.45	1.45	56	0	0.1	1.0	41.5	0.90
	1750	55.24	0.31	0	44.45	0	0	40.1	1.37
	1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
	2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
	2600	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	39.0	1.96
body	835	52.5	1.4	45	0	0.1	1.0	55.2	0.97
	1750	69.91	0.12	0	29.97	0	0	53.4	1.49
	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95
	2600	72.6	0.1	0	27.3	0	0	52.5	2.16

Measurements results

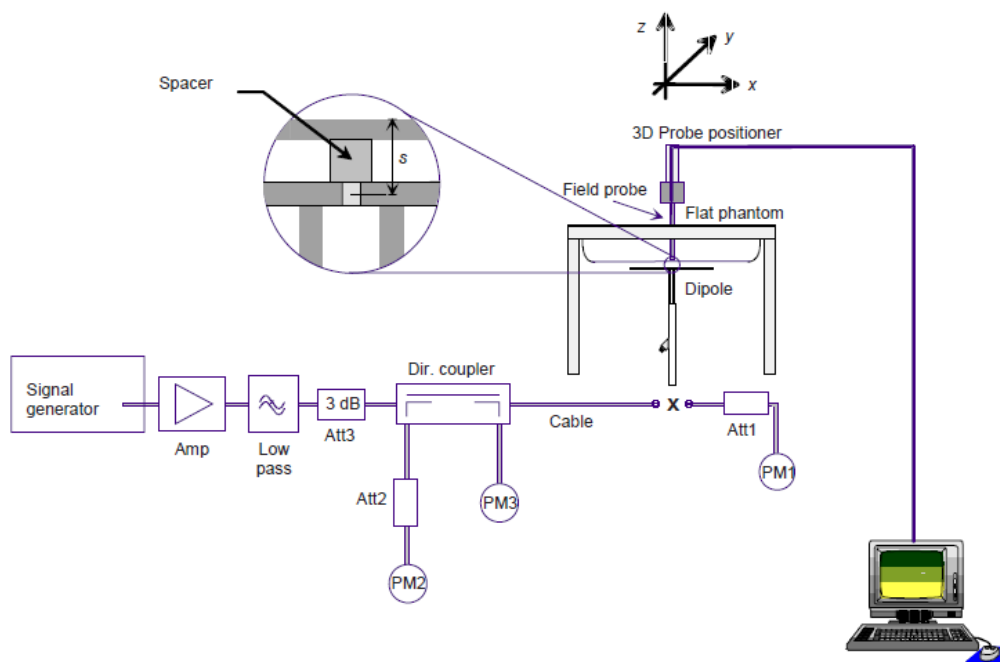
Frequency(MHz)	Test Date	Temp °C	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)		
			ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	Dev ϵ_r (%)	Dev σ (%)	
head	835	2015-11-09	21.5	41.2	0.93	41.5	0.90	-0.72	3.33
	1750	2015-11-10	21.5	40.2	1.34	40.1	1.37	0.25	-2.19
	1900	2015-11-10	21.5	40.7	1.41	40.0	1.40	1.75	0.71
	2450	2015-11-15	21.5	38.6	1.81	39.2	1.80	-1.53	0.56
	2600	2015-11-14	21.5	38.2	2.01	39.0	1.96	-2.05	2.55
body	835	2015-11-09	21.5	54.2	0.96	55.2	0.97	-1.81	-1.03
	1750	2015-11-11	21.5	51.9	1.46	53.4	1.49	-2.81	-2.01
	1900	2015-11-12	21.5	52.6	1.51	53.3	1.52	-1.31	-0.66
	2450	2015-11-15	21.5	52.5	1.98	52.7	1.95	-0.38	1.54
	2600	2015-11-14	21.5	51.5	2.23	52.5	2.16	-1.90	3.24

Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.

8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASYS system.



Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole D835V2 SN: 4d020				
Head Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
8/28/2014	-30.1	/	48.6	/
8/27/2015	-31.1	3.3%	49.7	1.1 Ω
Body Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
8/28/2014	-23.3	/	54.0	/
8/27/2015	-23.9	2.6%	53.5	0.5 Ω

Dipole D1750V2 SN: 1033				
Head Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
1/26/2014	-41.9	/	50.5	/
1/25/2015	-40.6	3.1%	52.4	1.9 Ω
Body Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
1/26/2014	-24.3	/	45.8	/
1/25/2015	-23.5	3.3%	48.5	2.7 Ω

Dipole D1900V2 SN: 5d060				
Head Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
9/1/2014	-22.8	/	54.1	/
8/31/2015	-23.7	3.9%	55.4	1.3 Ω
Body Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
9/1/2014	-21.6	/	57.6	/
8/31/2015	-20.8	3.7%	57.3	0.3 Ω

Dipole D2450V2 SN: 786				
Head Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
9/1/2014	-23.6	/	57.1	/
8/31/2015	-23.9	1.3%	57.4	0.3 Ω
Body Liquid				
Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	$\Delta\Omega$
9/1/2014	-23.7	/	56.0	/
8/31/2015	-24	1.3%	55.8	0.2 Ω

System Check results

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp °C	250mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Limit (±10%)	Plot No.	
Head	835	2015-11-09	21.5	2.44	9.76	9.54	2.31	1
	1750	2015-11-10	21.5	8.95	35.80	37.20	-3.76	2
	1900	2015-11-10	21.5	9.48	37.92	39.20	-3.27	3
	2450	2015-11-15	21.5	13.70	54.80	52.50	4.38	4
	2600	2015-11-14	21.5	13.90	55.60	56.90	-2.28	5
body	835	2015-11-09	21.5	2.41	9.64	9.54	1.05	6
	1750	2015-11-11	21.5	9.24	36.96	38.80	-4.74	7
	1900	2015-11-12	21.5	9.93	39.72	40.00	-0.70	8
	2450	2015-11-15	21.5	12.50	50.00	52.40	-4.58	9
	2600	2015-11-14	21.5	13.50	54.00	56.40	-4.26	10
<p>Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.</p>								

9 Nominal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

GSM 850		Burst Average			Division Factors (dB)	Frame-Average			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
		Power(dBm)				Power(dBm)			
Tx Channel		128	190	251	9.03	128	190	251	33
Frequency(MHz)		824.2	836.6	848.8		824.2	836.6	848.8	
GSM(GMSK)		32.59	32.62	32.63	9.03	23.56	23.59	23.60	33
GPRS/EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	32.54	32.60	32.51	9.03	23.51	23.57	23.48	33
	2Txslots	30.40	30.43	30.26	6.02	24.38	24.41	24.24	31
	3Txslots	29.97	28.96	29.28	4.26	25.71	24.70	25.02	30.5
	4Txslots	27.11	26.95	27.43	3.01	24.10	23.94	24.42	28
EGPRS (8PSK)	1Txslot	26.54	26.12	26.26	9.03	17.51	17.09	17.23	27
	2Txslots	24.14	24.07	23.78	6.02	18.12	18.05	17.76	24.5
	3Txslots	22.36	22.33	22.64	4.26	18.10	18.07	18.38	23
	4Txslots	21.14	21.24	21.97	3.01	18.13	18.23	18.96	22.5
GSM 1900		Power(dBm)			Division Factors (dB)	Power(dBm)			Burst Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Tx Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency(MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8	9.03	1850.2	1880	1909.8	29
GSM(GMSK)		28.34	28.40	28.71		19.31	19.37	19.68	
GPRS/EGPRS (GMSK)	1Txslot	28.33	28.42	28.67	9.03	19.30	19.39	19.64	29
	2Txslots	26.74	26.89	27.15	6.02	20.72	20.87	21.13	28
	3Txslots	25.42	25.47	25.82	4.26	21.16	21.21	21.56	26.5
	4Txslots	23.56	23.72	23.78	3.01	20.55	20.71	20.77	24
EGPRS (8PSK)	1Txslot	25.26	25.35	25.23	9.03	16.23	16.32	16.20	26
	2Txslots	22.24	22.45	22.52	6.02	16.22	16.43	16.50	23
	3Txslots	20.12	21.96	21.04	4.26	15.86	17.70	16.78	22.5
	4Txslots	19.55	19.74	19.76	3.01	16.54	16.73	16.75	20

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

1. Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 3 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 3 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.
2. SAR is not required for EGPRS (8PSK) mode because its output power is less than that of GPRS Mode.

9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCDMA		Band II(dBm)				Band IV(dBm)				Band V(dBm)			
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	4132	4183	4233	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Frequency(MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		826.4	836.6	846.6	
12.2kbps RMC		21.87	21.58	21.34	22	21.56	21.52	21.61	22	21.70	21.66	21.75	22
64kbps RMC		21.76	21.45	21.22		21.40	21.47	21.55		21.54	21.61	21.69	
144kbps RMC		21.87	21.52	21.23		21.47	21.36	21.48		21.61	21.50	21.62	
384kbps RMC		21.74	21.53	21.27		21.52	21.44	21.48		21.66	21.58	21.62	
HSDPA	Sub 1	21.98	21.66	21.34	22	21.56	21.59	21.67	22	21.72	21.63	21.67	22
	Sub 2	21.84	21.45	21.40		21.47	21.57	21.63		21.59	21.69	21.75	
	Sub 3	21.87	21.67	21.34		21.60	21.46	21.61		21.72	21.58	21.73	
	Sub 4	21.78	21.73	21.35		21.59	21.47	21.56		21.71	21.59	21.68	
HSUPA	Sub 1	20.75	20.59	20.15	21	20.45	20.40	20.62	21	20.55	20.50	20.72	21
	Sub 2	19.43	19.29	18.84		19.12	19.11	19.34		19.22	19.21	19.44	
	Sub 3	20.17	19.90	19.32		19.69	19.57	19.83		19.79	19.67	19.93	
	Sub 4	19.46	19.38	18.79		19.15	19.22	19.43		19.25	19.32	19.53	
	Sub 5	20.81	20.62	20.31		20.51	20.45	20.65		20.61	20.55	20.75	
DC-HSDPA	Sub 1	21.69	21.38	21.20	22	21.33	21.37	21.42	22	21.42	21.46	21.51	22
	Sub 2	21.63	21.34	21.15		21.30	21.30	21.36		21.39	21.39	21.45	
	Sub 3	21.47	21.15	21.05		21.17	21.23	21.28		21.26	21.32	21.37	
	Sub 4	21.50	21.19	21.08		21.19	21.21	21.29		21.28	21.30	21.38	
HSPA+	16 QAM	20.52	20.26	20.21	21	20.18	20.17	20.36	21	20.47	20.38	20.58	21

Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps AMR with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

2.When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N _{RB})						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE FDD Band 2				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.71	22.81	22.78	23
		1	2	22.78	22.79	22.55	
		1	5	22.64	22.52	22.68	
		3	0	22.46	22.34	22.47	23
		3	2	22.44	22.42	22.22	
		3	3	22.36	22.32	22.22	
	6	0	21.57	21.56	21.49	22	
	16QAM	1	0	21.80	21.79	22.04	22.5
		1	2	22.01	21.83	21.38	
		1	5	21.37	21.02	21.37	
		3	0	21.46	21.40	21.33	22
		3	2	21.53	21.49	21.20	
		3	3	21.27	21.36	21.08	
		6	0	20.67	20.34	20.28	21
Bandwidth		Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)		
	18615/1851.5				18900/1880	19185/1908.5	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.65	22.66	22.68	23
		1	7	22.73	22.69	22.50	
		1	14	22.54	22.47	22.53	
		8	0	22.14	22.07	22.20	23
		8	4	22.17	22.10	22.00	
		8	7	22.14	22.05	21.95	
		15	0	21.47	21.51	21.44	22
	16QAM	1	0	21.65	21.69	21.94	22.5
		1	7	21.96	21.73	21.33	
		1	14	21.27	20.92	21.22	



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	
		8	0	21.19	21.18	21.11	22
		8	4	21.26	21.22	20.93	
		8	7	20.95	21.14	20.81	
		15	0	20.58	20.27	20.21	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.66	22.69	22.70	23
		1	13	22.74	22.71	22.51	
		1	24	22.56	22.48	22.56	
		12	0	21.49	21.41	21.54	23
		12	6	21.51	21.45	21.33	
		12	13	21.47	21.39	21.29	
		25	0	21.49	21.52	21.45	22
	16QAM	1	0	21.68	21.71	21.96	22.5
		1	13	21.97	21.75	21.34	
		1	24	21.29	20.94	21.25	
		12	0	20.53	20.51	20.44	22
		12	6	20.60	20.56	20.27	
		12	13	20.30	20.47	20.15	
		25	0	20.60	20.28	20.22	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.67	22.72	22.72	23
		1	25	22.75	22.73	22.52	
		1	49	22.58	22.49	22.59	
		25	0	21.52	21.43	21.56	23
		25	13	21.53	21.48	21.34	
		25	25	21.48	21.41	21.31	
		50	0	21.51	21.53	21.46	22
	16QAM	1	0	21.71	21.73	21.98	22.5
		1	25	21.98	21.77	21.35	
		1	49	21.31	20.96	21.28	
		25	0	20.55	20.52	20.45	22
		25	13	20.62	20.58	20.29	
		25	25	20.33	20.48	20.17	
		50	0	20.62	20.29	20.23	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.69	22.75	22.74	23
		1	38	22.76	22.75	22.53	



		1	74	22.60	22.50	22.62	23	
		36	0	21.55	21.45	21.58		
		36	18	21.55	21.51	21.35		
		36	39	21.49	21.43	21.33		
		75	0	21.53	21.54	21.47	22	
	16QAM	1	0	21.74	21.75	22.00	22.5	
		1	38	21.99	21.79	21.36		
		1	74	21.33	20.98	21.31		
		36	0	20.57	20.53	20.46	22	
		36	18	20.64	20.60	20.31		
		36	39	20.36	20.49	20.19		
		75	0	20.64	20.30	20.26		21
	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
					18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.70	22.78	22.76	23	
		1	50	22.77	22.77	22.54		
		1	99	22.62	22.51	22.65		
		50	0	21.58	21.47	21.60	23	
		50	25	21.57	21.54	21.36		
		50	50	21.50	21.45	21.35		
		100	0	21.55	21.55	21.48		22
	16QAM	1	0	21.77	21.77	22.02	22.5	
		1	50	22.00	21.81	21.37		
		1	99	21.35	21.00	21.34		
		50	0	20.59	20.54	20.47	22	
		50	25	20.66	20.62	20.33		
		50	50	20.39	20.50	20.21		
		100	0	20.65	20.33	20.27		21

LTE TDD Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3	
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.67	22.71	22.69	23
		1	2	22.86	22.75	22.89	
		1	5	22.35	22.63	22.38	
		3	0	22.44	22.38	22.35	23
		3	2	22.25	22.32	22.38	
		3	3	22.19	22.24	22.32	
		6	0	21.48	21.60	21.57	
	16QAM	1	0	21.76	21.60	21.67	22
		1	2	21.71	21.51	21.76	
		1	5	21.18	21.22	21.47	



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5	
		3	0	21.38	21.35	21.45	22
		3	2	21.25	21.39	21.38	
		3	3	21.09	21.22	21.25	
		6	0	20.60	20.51	20.67	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5	
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.62	22.56	22.59	23
		1	7	22.81	22.65	22.84	
		1	14	22.25	22.58	22.23	
		8	0	22.15	22.14	22.11	23
		8	4	22.01	22.03	22.19	
		8	7	22.00	22.00	22.08	
		15	0	21.38	21.55	21.52	
	16QAM	1	0	21.61	21.50	21.57	22
		1	7	21.66	21.41	21.71	
		1	14	21.08	21.12	21.32	
		8	0	21.14	21.16	21.26	22
		8	4	21.01	21.15	21.14	
		8	7	20.93	21.03	21.01	
		15	0	20.50	20.46	20.62	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.63	22.59	22.61	23
		1	13	22.82	22.67	22.85	
		1	24	22.27	22.59	22.26	
		12	0	21.55	21.53	21.50	23
		12	6	21.40	21.43	21.57	
		12	13	21.38	21.39	21.47	
		25	0	21.40	21.56	21.53	
	16QAM	1	0	21.64	21.52	21.59	22
		1	13	21.67	21.43	21.72	
		1	24	21.10	21.14	21.35	
		12	0	20.53	20.54	20.64	22
		12	6	20.40	20.54	20.53	
		12	13	20.33	20.41	20.40	
		25	0	20.52	20.47	20.63	
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.64	22.62	22.63	23
		1	25	22.83	22.69	22.86	



Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.65	22.65	22.65	23
		1	38	22.84	22.71	22.87	
		1	74	22.31	22.61	22.32	
		36	0	21.61	21.57	21.54	23
		36	18	21.44	21.49	21.59	
		36	39	21.40	21.43	21.51	
		75	0	21.44	21.58	21.55	22
	16QAM	1	0	21.70	21.56	21.63	22
		1	38	21.69	21.47	21.74	
		1	74	21.14	21.18	21.41	
		36	0	20.57	20.56	20.66	22
		36	18	20.44	20.58	20.57	
		36	39	20.39	20.43	20.44	
		75	0	20.56	20.49	20.65	21
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.66	22.68	22.67	23
		1	50	22.85	22.73	22.88	
		1	99	22.33	22.62	22.35	
		50	0	21.64	21.59	21.56	23
		50	25	21.46	21.52	21.60	
		50	50	21.41	21.45	21.53	
		100	0	21.46	21.59	21.56	22
	16QAM	1	0	21.73	21.58	21.65	22
		1	50	21.70	21.49	21.75	
		1	99	21.16	21.20	21.44	
		50	0	20.59	20.57	20.67	22



		50	25	20.46	20.60	20.59	
		50	50	20.42	20.44	20.46	
		100	0	20.58	20.50	20.66	21

LTE FDD Band 7				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.87	22.38	22.63	23
		1	13	22.52	22.48	22.56	
		1	24	22.46	22.02	22.22	
		12	0	21.44	21.40	21.37	22
		12	6	21.33	21.14	21.27	
		12	13	21.37	21.22	21.27	
	25	0	21.34	21.31	21.25	22	
	16QAM	1	0	21.34	21.05	21.53	22
		1	13	21.57	21.13	21.53	
		1	24	21.37	20.65	21.16	
		12	0	20.33	20.45	20.35	21
		12	6	20.26	20.27	20.30	
12		13	20.28	20.35	20.14		
25	0	20.29	20.19	20.20	21		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.89	22.41	22.64	23
		1	25	22.53	22.50	22.57	
		1	49	22.48	22.03	22.25	
		25	0	21.47	21.42	21.39	22
		25	13	21.35	21.17	21.28	
		25	25	21.38	21.24	21.29	
	50	0	21.36	21.32	21.26	22	
	16QAM	1	0	21.37	21.07	21.55	22
		1	25	21.58	21.15	21.54	
		1	49	21.39	20.67	21.19	
		25	0	20.35	20.46	20.36	21
		25	13	20.28	20.29	20.32	
25		25	20.31	20.36	20.16		
50	0	20.31	20.20	20.23	21		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
				20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.91	22.44	22.66	23
		1	38	22.54	22.52	22.58	



		1	74	22.50	22.04	22.28	22	
		36	0	21.50	21.44	21.41		
		36	18	21.37	21.20	21.29		
		36	39	21.39	21.26	21.31		
		75	0	21.38	21.33	21.27		
	16QAM	1	0	21.40	21.09	21.57	22	
		1	38	21.59	21.17	21.55		
		1	74	21.41	20.69	21.22		
		36	0	20.37	20.47	20.37	21	
		36	18	20.30	20.31	20.34		
		36	39	20.34	20.37	20.18		
		75	0	20.33	20.21	20.24		
	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
					20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.92	22.47	22.68	23	
		1	50	22.55	22.54	22.59		
		1	99	22.52	22.05	22.31		
		50	0	21.53	21.46	21.43	22	
		50	25	21.39	21.23	21.30		
		50	50	21.40	21.28	21.33		
		100	0	21.40	21.34	21.28		
	16QAM	1	0	21.43	21.11	21.59	22	
		1	50	21.60	21.19	21.56		
		1	99	21.43	20.71	21.25		
		50	0	20.39	20.48	20.38	21	
		50	25	20.32	20.33	20.36		
		50	50	20.37	20.38	20.20		
		100	0	20.35	20.22	20.25		

9.4 WLAN Mode

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
			1/2412	6/2437	11/2462	
2.4G	80.2 11b	1M	15.29	14.14	15.40	16
		2M	15.25	14.11	15.38	
		5.5M	14.99	13.80	15.38	
		11M	14.73	13.59	14.82	
	80.2 11g	6M	13.56	12.29	13.59	14
		9M	13.21	12.10	13.43	
		12M	13.01	11.92	13.24	
		18M	12.82	11.58	12.91	
		24M	12.35	11.33	12.55	
		36M	11.77	10.75	11.99	
		48M	11.30	10.28	11.52	
		54M	11.13	10.12	11.35	
	80.2 11n (HT20)	6.5M	10.43	9.40	10.93	12.5
		13M	10.04	9.14	10.54	
		19.5M	9.73	8.74	10.22	
		26M	9.42	8.38	9.84	
		39M	8.81	7.85	9.32	
		52M	8.41	7.41	8.82	
		58.5M	8.26	7.24	8.67	
	65M	8.04	7.04	8.45		
		Mode	Data Rate	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			3/2422	6/2437	9/2452	
	80.2 11n (HT40)	7.2M	6.80	6.44	6.60	7
		14.4M	6.14	5.80	5.91	
		21.6M	5.61	5.24	5.38	
		28.8M	5.15	4.80	4.92	
		43.3M	4.44	4.12	4.20	
		57.7M	4.03	3.65	3.72	
		65M	3.87	3.48	3.54	
		72.2M	3.60	3.27	3.34	

Note. 1. SAR is not required when the maximum output power in 802.11g/n HT20/HT 40 channels less than 802. 11b.

2. The Tx power is set to 15 for 802.11 b mode, set to 13.5 for 802.11 g mode, is set to 10.5 for 802.11 n HT20/HT40 mode by software. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

9.5 Bluetooth Mode

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
GFSK(dBm)	11.40	10.00	10.30	12
$\pi/4$ DQPSK(dBm)	10.30	8.90	9.10	
8DPSK(dBm)	9.80	8.80	8.90	
BLE	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 19 2440 MHz	Ch 39 2480 MHz	Tune-up Limit (dBm)
GFSK	1.44	0.44	1.12	2

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

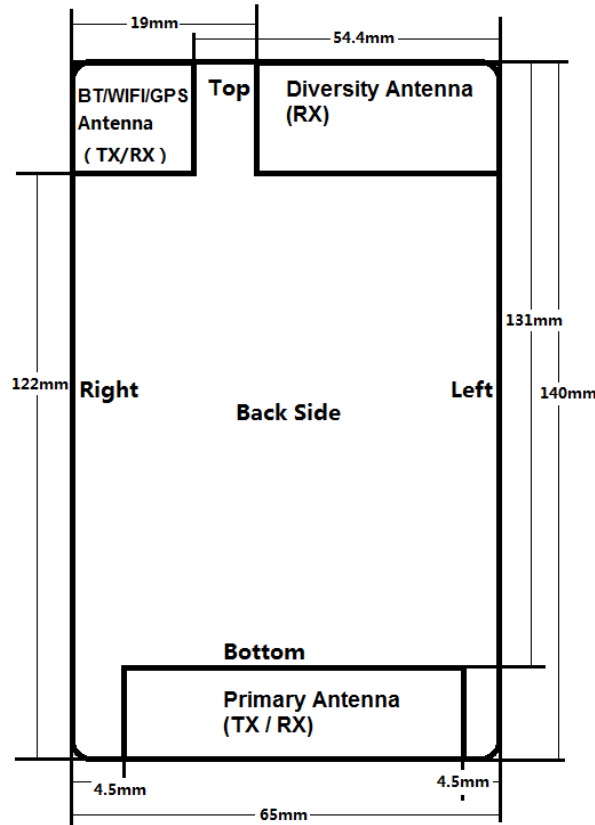
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance(mm)	MAX Power (dBm)	Ratio	Evaluation
Head	5	12	5	Yes
Body	10	12	2.5	No

10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 140 mm x 65 mm						
Overall Diagonal: 145 mm/Display Diagonal: 114 mm						
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antenna	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Primary Antenna	0	0	4.5	4.5	131	0
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	0	0	54.4	0	0	122
Hotspot mode, Positions for SAR tests						
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
GSM 850/1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
UMTS Band II/IV/V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
LTE FDD 2/4/7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
2.4GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A
Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.						

10.2 Measured SAR Results

Table 1: GSM 850

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.62	-0.010	0.261	1.09	0.285	/
Left Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.62	-0.022	0.248	1.09	0.271	/
Right Cheek	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.62	0.080	0.438	1.09	0.478	11
Right Tilt	standard	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.62	-0.190	0.265	1.09	0.289	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	190/836.6	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.62	-0.010	0.414	1.09	0.452	/
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	251/848.8	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	29.28	-0.009	0.861	1.32	1.140	/
	standard	190/836.6	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	28.96	-0.057	0.806	1.43	1.149	/
	standard	128/824.2	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	29.97	0.022	0.672	1.13	0.759	/
Front Side	standard	251/848.8	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	29.28	-0.040	0.907	1.32	1.201	12
	standard	190/836.6	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	28.96	0.034	0.609	1.43	0.868	/
	standard	128/824.2	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	29.97	-0.020	0.684	1.13	0.773	/
Front Side	SIM 2	251/848.8	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	29.28	0.046	0.887	1.32	1.175	/
Front Side	Earphone	251/848.8	GSM	1:8.3	33.00	32.62	0.030	0.400	1.09	0.437	/
Front Side	Repeat	251/848.8	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	29.28	-0.054	0.883	1.32	1.169	/
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	190/836.6	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	28.96	0.031	0.350	1.43	0.499	/
Right Edge	standard	190/836.6	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	28.96	-0.009	0.420	1.43	0.599	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	190/836.6	3 Txslots	1:2.77	30.50	28.96	0.029	0.112	1.43	0.160	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

Measurement Variability

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Front Side	251/848.8	0.907	0.883	1.03

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 2: GSM 1900

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	29.00	28.40	0.030	0.204	1.15	0.234	/
Left Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	29.00	28.40	0.120	0.063	1.15	0.072	/
Right Cheek	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	29.00	28.40	-0.100	0.103	1.15	0.118	/
Right Tilt	standard	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	29.00	28.40	-0.010	0.087	1.15	0.099	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	661/1880	GSM	1:8.3	29.00	28.40	-0.132	0.228	1.15	0.262	13
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	810/1909.8	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.82	-0.033	0.748	1.17	0.875	/
	standard	661/1880	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.47	-0.168	0.909	1.27	1.152	/
	standard	512/1850.2	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.42	-0.040	0.923	1.28	1.184	14
Front Side	standard	661/1880	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.47	-0.152	0.302	1.27	0.383	/
Back Side	SIM 2	512/1850.2	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.42	0.012	0.917	1.28	1.176	/
Back Side	Earphone	512/1850.2	GSM	1:8.3	29.00	28.40	-0.003	0.834	1.15	0.958	/
Back Side	Repeat	512/1850.2	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.42	-0.048	0.911	1.28	1.168	/
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	661/1880	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.47	0.055	0.120	1.27	0.152	/
Right Edge	standard	661/1880	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.47	-0.044	0.037	1.27	0.046	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	810/1909.8	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.82	-0.055	0.739	1.17	0.864	/
	standard	661/1880	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.47	-0.130	0.833	1.27	1.056	/
	standard	512/1850.2	3Txslots	1:2.77	26.50	25.42	-0.044	0.881	1.28	1.130	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

Measurement Variability

Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR (1g)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	512/1850.2	0.923	0.911	1.01

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 3: UMTS Band II

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	-0.107	0.366	1.10	0.403	/
Left Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	-0.029	0.192	1.10	0.211	/
Right Cheek	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	-0.050	0.353	1.10	0.389	/
Right Tilt	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	0.039	0.240	1.10	0.264	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	-0.052	0.404	1.10	0.445	15
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	0.190	0.662	1.10	0.729	16
Front Side	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	0.026	0.375	1.10	0.413	/
Back Side	SIM 2	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	-0.098	0.577	1.10	0.636	/
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	0.145	0.220	1.10	0.242	/
Right Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	0.043	0.119	1.10	0.131	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	9400/1880	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.58	0.057	0.529	1.10	0.583	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
 2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
 4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

Table 4: UMTS Band IV

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.084	0.153	1.12	0.171	/
Left Tilt	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	0.021	0.145	1.12	0.162	/
Right Cheek	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	0.045	0.250	1.12	0.279	/
Right Tilt	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.029	0.128	1.12	0.143	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.039	0.250	1.12	0.279	17
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.103	0.101	1.12	0.113	/
Front Side	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.092	0.435	1.12	0.486	/
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.021	0.093	1.12	0.104	/
Right Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.072	0.078	1.12	0.087	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.085	0.459	1.12	0.513	/
Bottom Edge	SIM 2	1413/1732.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.52	-0.002	0.464	1.12	0.518	18

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

- Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

Table 5: UMTS Band V

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	-0.145	0.515	1.08	0.557	19
Left Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	-0.137	0.308	1.08	0.333	/
Right Cheek	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	0.025	0.510	1.08	0.551	/
Right Tilt	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	0.003	0.365	1.08	0.395	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	-0.020	0.478	1.08	0.517	/
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	0.008	0.587	1.08	0.635	20
Front Side	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	0.037	0.367	1.08	0.397	/
Back Side	SIM 2	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	-0.098	0.577	1.08	0.624	/
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	-0.030	0.300	1.08	0.324	/
Right Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	-0.002	0.239	1.08	0.258	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	4183/836.6	RMC 12.2K	1:1	22.00	21.66	0.041	0.076	1.08	0.082	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
3. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode
4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

Table 6: LTE Band 2 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR (QPSK)											
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	-0.138	0.434	1.05	0.457	21
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	0.030	0.237	1.05	0.249	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	-0.160	0.364	1.05	0.383	/
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	-0.180	0.268	1.05	0.282	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	0.048	0.362	1.38	0.500	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	0.180	0.206	1.38	0.284	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	-0.022	0.337	1.38	0.465	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	-0.100	0.224	1.38	0.309	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	50%RB	0	18900/1880	23	21.60	-0.141	0.432	1.38	0.596	/
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	-0.020	0.632	1.05	0.665	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	0.050	0.391	1.05	0.411	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	-0.020	0.594	1.38	0.820	/
	standard	50%RB	25	18900/1880	23	21.54	-0.170	0.450	1.40	0.630	/
	standard	50%RB	0	18700/1860	23	21.58	-0.020	0.639	1.39	0.886	22
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	0.180	0.293	1.38	0.404	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	18700/1860	22	21.55	0.023	0.467	1.11	0.518	/
Back Side	SIM 2	50%RB	0	18700/1860	23	21.58	0.023	0.628	1.39	0.870	/
Hotspot (QPSK, Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	0.025	0.266	1.05	0.280	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	0.180	0.084	1.05	0.088	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	18900/1880	23	22.78	0.036	0.618	1.05	0.650	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	0.031	0.162	1.38	0.224	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	0.027	0.100	1.38	0.138	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	19100/1900	23	21.60	0.038	0.380	1.38	0.525	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.



Table 7: LTE Band 4 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR (QPSK)											
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	-0.070	0.205	1.03	0.211	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	0.101	0.178	1.03	0.183	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	-0.176	0.328	1.03	0.337	23
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	-0.024	0.155	1.03	0.159	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	0.132	0.220	1.37	0.301	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	-0.066	0.109	1.37	0.149	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	0.090	0.121	1.37	0.165	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	-0.096	0.126	1.37	0.172	/
Right Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	0.030	0.307	1.03	0.316	/
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	0.073	0.976	1.03	1.003	/
	standard	1RB	50	20175/1732.5	23	22.73	-0.024	1.050	1.06	1.117	/
	standard	1RB	50	20050/1720	23	22.85	0.053	0.988	1.04	1.023	/
Front Side	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	-0.037	0.322	1.03	0.331	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	25	20300/1745	23	21.60	-0.01	0.712	1.38	0.982	/
	standard	50%RB	0	20175/1732.5	23	21.59	-0.100	0.715	1.38	0.990	/
	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	-0.010	0.703	1.37	0.962	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	-0.035	0.214	1.37	0.293	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	20175/1732.5	22	21.59	0.050	0.685	1.10	0.753	/
Back Side	SIM 2	1RB	50	20175/1732.5	23	22.73	-0.158	1.180	1.06	1.256	24
Back Side	Repeat	1RB	50	20175/1732.5	23	22.73	0.053	1.108	1.06	1.179	/
Hotspot (QPSK, Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	-0.174	0.123	1.03	0.126	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	0.106	0.106	1.03	0.109	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	50	20300/1745	23	22.88	-0.058	0.594	1.03	0.611	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	-0.165	0.081	1.37	0.111	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	0.008	0.086	1.37	0.117	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20050/1720	23	21.64	-0.159	0.425	1.37	0.581	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in ≥ 0.8 W/kg.



Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR (1g)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	20175/1732.5	1.180	1.108	1.06

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Table 8: LTE Band 7 (20MHz)

Test Position	Cover Type	RB size	RB offset	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR (QPSK)											
Left Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	-0.153	0.328	1.02	0.334	/
Left Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.150	0.098	1.02	0.100	/
Right Cheek	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.307	0.169	1.02	0.172	/
Right Tilt	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.178	0.087	1.02	0.088	/
Left Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.099	0.261	1.11	0.291	/
Left Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.051	0.147	1.11	0.164	/
Right Cheek	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.025	0.191	1.11	0.213	/
Right Tilt	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.000	0.143	1.11	0.159	/
Left Cheek	SIM 2	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	-0.088	0.380	1.02	0.387	25
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	standard	1RB	0	21350/2560	23	22.68	-0.160	0.709	1.08	0.763	/
	standard	1RB	50	21100/2535	23	22.54	0.023	0.731	1.11	0.813	/
	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.028	0.896	1.02	0.913	26
Front Side	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.010	0.448	1.02	0.456	/
Back Side	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.080	0.663	1.11	0.739	/
Front Side	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.022	0.335	1.11	0.373	/
Back Side	standard	100%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.40	0.080	0.538	1.15	0.618	/
Back Side	SIM 2	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.160	0.841	1.02	0.857	/
Back Side	Repeat	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	-0.130	0.849	1.02	0.865	/
Hotspot (QPSK, Distance 10mm)											
Left Edge	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.029	0.112	1.02	0.114	/
Right Edge	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.064	0.176	1.02	0.179	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	1RB	0	20850/2510	23	22.92	0.160	0.489	1.02	0.498	/
Left Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.039	0.088	1.11	0.098	/
Right Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.028	0.137	1.11	0.153	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	standard	50%RB	0	20850/2510	22	21.53	0.025	0.376	1.11	0.419	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

3. For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation ≥ 0.8 W/kg.



Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR (1g)	1 st Repeated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	20850/2510	0.896	0.849	1.06

Note: 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg



Table 9: Wi-Fi

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Max.SAR (W/Kg)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.343	16	15.29	-0.048	0.365	1.18	0.430	27
Left Tilt	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.186	16	15.29	0.050	0.198	1.18	0.233	/
Right Cheek	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.201	16	15.29	0.190	0.214	1.18	0.252	/
Right Tilt	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.145	16	15.29	0.090	0.136	1.18	0.160	/
Body-worn & Hotspot (Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.057	16	15.29	0.085	0.057	1.18	0.067	/
Front Side	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.071	16	15.29	-0.023	0.063	1.18	0.074	28
Hotspot (Distance 10mm)												
Left Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.001	16	15.29	0.022	0.005	1.18	0.005	/
Right Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.064	16	15.29	0.077	0.057	1.18	0.067	/
Top Edge	standard	11/2462	DSSS	1:1	0.040	16	15.29	0.059	0.030	1.18	0.035	/
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.												



Table 10: Bluetooth

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel/Frequency (MHz)	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Max.SAR (W/Kg)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Plot No.
Head SAR												
Left Cheek	standard	0/2402	GFSK	1:1	0.005	12	11.40	-0.021	0.006	1.15	0.007	29
Left Tilt	standard	0/2402	GFSK	1:1	0.003	12	11.40	0.049	0.002	1.15	0.002	/
Right Cheek	standard	0/2402	GFSK	1:1	0.002	12	11.40	0.036	0.002	1.15	0.003	/
Right Tilt	standard	0/2402	GFSK	1:1	0.001	12	11.40	0.181	0.002	1.15	0.002	/
Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.												

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Body	2480	12	10	0.333
<p>For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below.</p> <p>$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]^x \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.</p>					

10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Extremity
GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
WCDMA(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	NA	NA	NA
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
WCDMA(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	NA	Yes	Yes	NA
LTE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA
LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz(data) + Bluetooth(data)	NA	NA	NA	NA

General Note:

1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

About BT and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna

SAR _{1g} (W/kg) Test Position	GSM 850	GSM 1900	UMTS Band II	UMTS Band IV	UMTS Band V	LTE 2	LTE 4	LTE 7	BT	MAX. ΣSAR _{1g}	SPLSR
Left, Touch	0.285	0.262	0.445	0.171	0.557	0.596	0.301	0.387	0.007	0.603	NA
Left, Tilt	0.271	0.072	0.211	0.162	0.333	0.284	0.183	0.164	0.002	0.335	NA
Right, Touch	0.478	0.118	0.389	0.279	0.551	0.465	0.337	0.213	0.003	0.554	NA
Right, Tilt	0.289	0.099	0.264	0.143	0.395	0.309	0.172	0.159	0.002	0.397	NA
Back Side	1.149	1.184	0.729	0.113	0.635	0.886	1.256	0.913	0.333	1.517	NA
Front Side	1.201	0.383	0.413	0.486	0.397	0.411	0.331	0.456	0.333	1.534	NA
Left Edge	0.499	0.152	0.242	0.104	0.324	0.280	0.126	0.114	0.333	0.832	NA
Right Edge	0.599	0.046	0.131	0.087	0.258	0.138	0.117	0.179	0.333	0.932	NA
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.333	0.333	NA
Bottom Edge	0.160	1.130	0.583	0.518	0.082	0.650	0.611	0.498	0.333	1.463	NA

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.
 2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = 1.534 W/kg <1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna.

About Wi-Fi and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna

SAR_{1g} (W/kg) Test Position	GSM 850	GSM 1900	UMTS Band II	UMTS Band IV	UMTS Band V	LTE 2	LTE 4	LTE 7	Wi-Fi	MAX. ΣSAR_{1g}	SPLSR
Left, Touch	0.285	0.262	0.445	0.171	0.557	0.596	0.301	0.387	0.430	1.026	NA
Left, Tilt	0.271	0.072	0.211	0.162	0.333	0.284	0.183	0.164	0.233	0.566	NA
Right, Touch	0.478	0.118	0.389	0.279	0.551	0.465	0.337	0.213	0.252	0.803	NA
Right, Tilt	0.289	0.099	0.264	0.143	0.395	0.309	0.172	0.159	0.160	0.555	NA
Back Side	1.149	1.184	0.729	0.113	0.635	0.886	1.256	0.913	0.067	1.251	NA
Front Side	1.201	0.383	0.413	0.486	0.397	0.411	0.331	0.456	0.074	1.275	NA
Left Edge	0.499	0.152	0.242	0.104	0.324	0.280	0.126	0.114	0.005	0.504	NA
Right Edge	0.599	0.046	0.131	0.087	0.258	0.138	0.117	0.179	0.067	0.666	NA
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.035	0.035	NA
Bottom Edge	0.160	1.130	0.583	0.518	0.082	0.650	0.611	0.498	N/A	1.130	NA

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.
 2. MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} + Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} = 1.275 W/kg < 1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi and GSM/UMTS/LTE Antenna.



5. Measurement Uncertainty

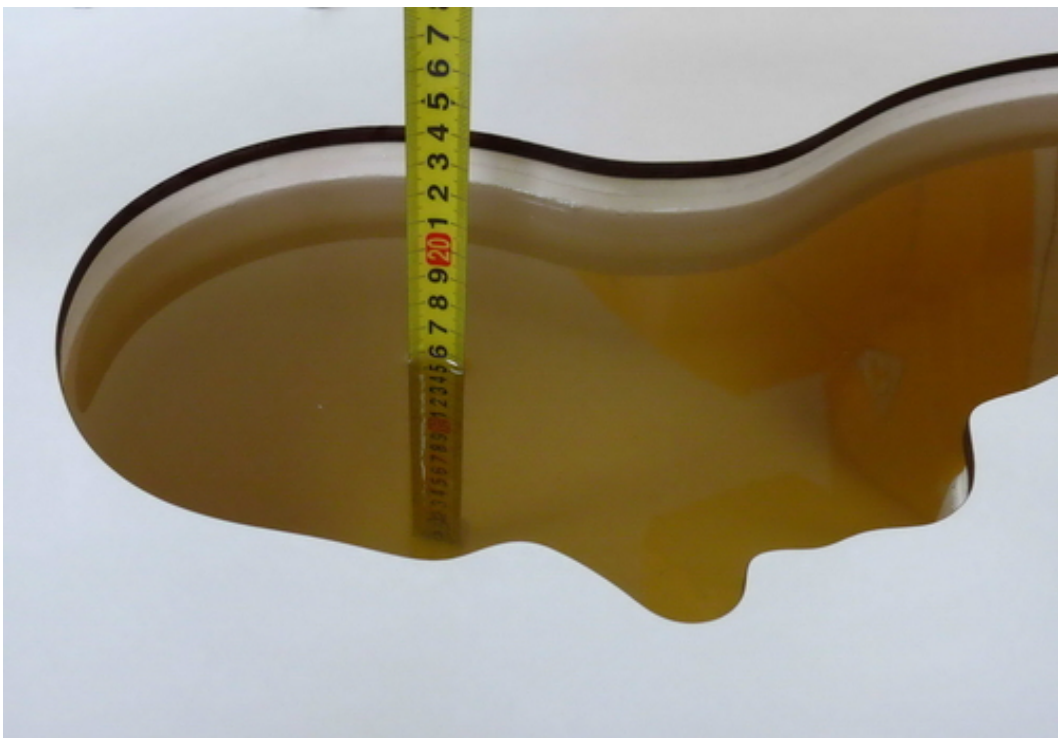
Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

ANNEX A: Test Layout

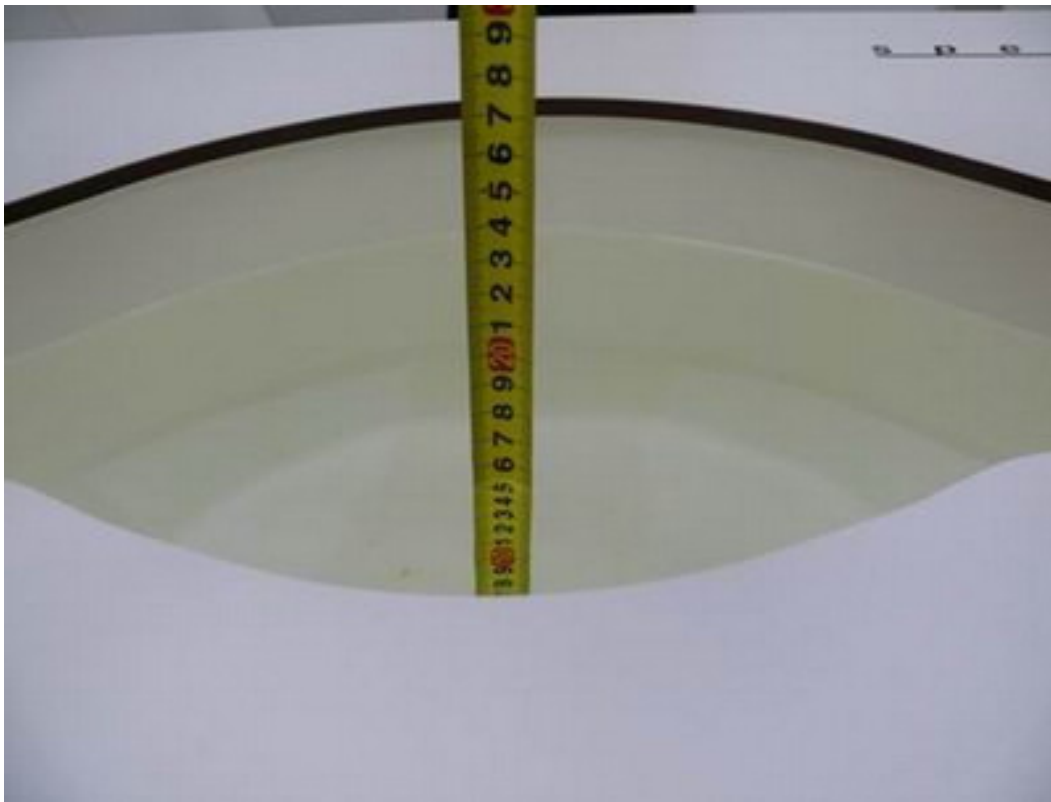




Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (835MHz, 15.4cm depth)



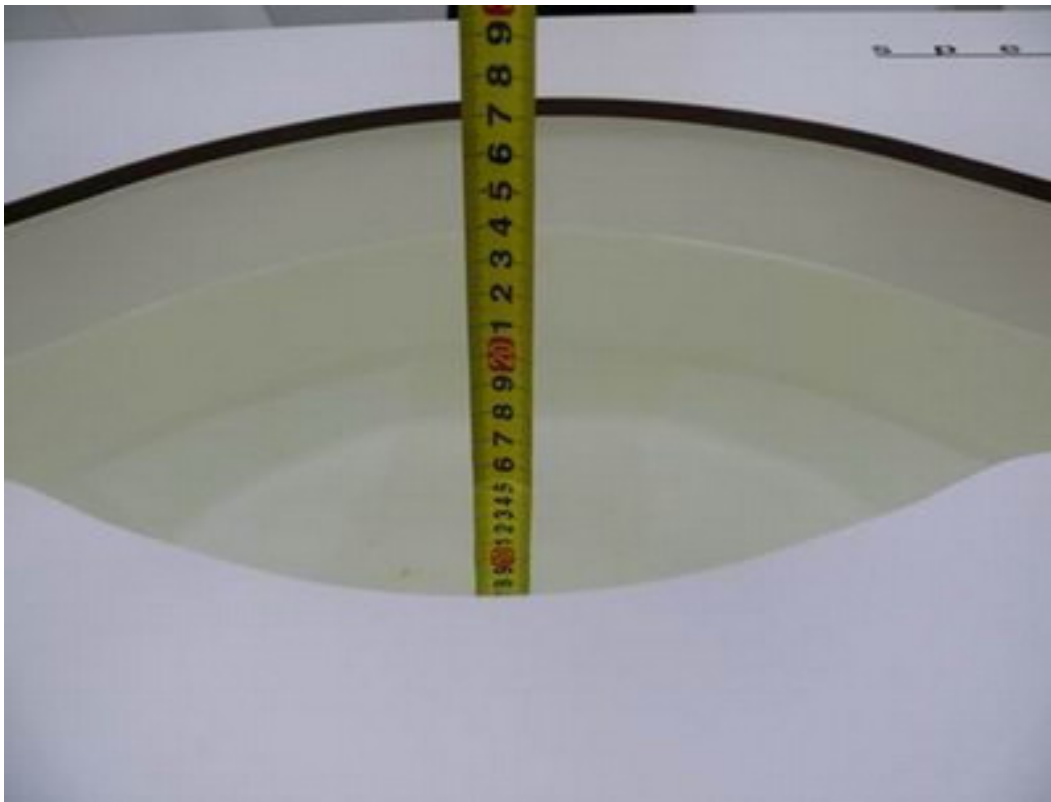
Picture 4: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (835MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 5: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



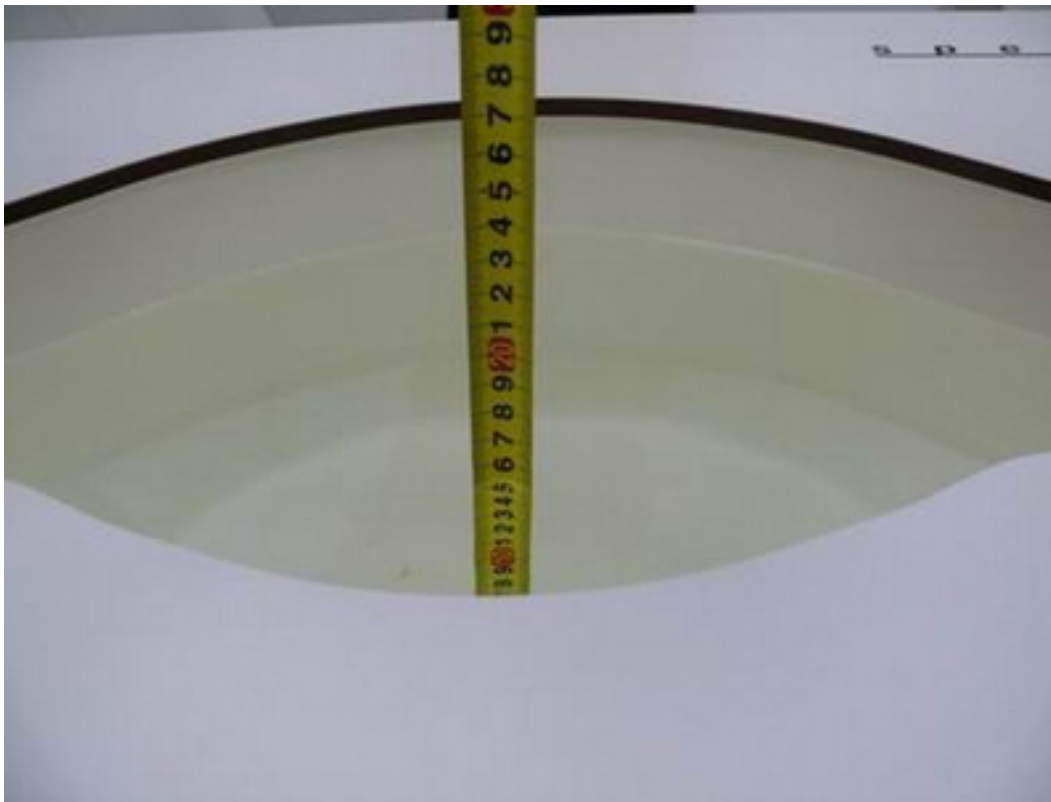
Picture 6: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1750 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 7: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.2cm depth)



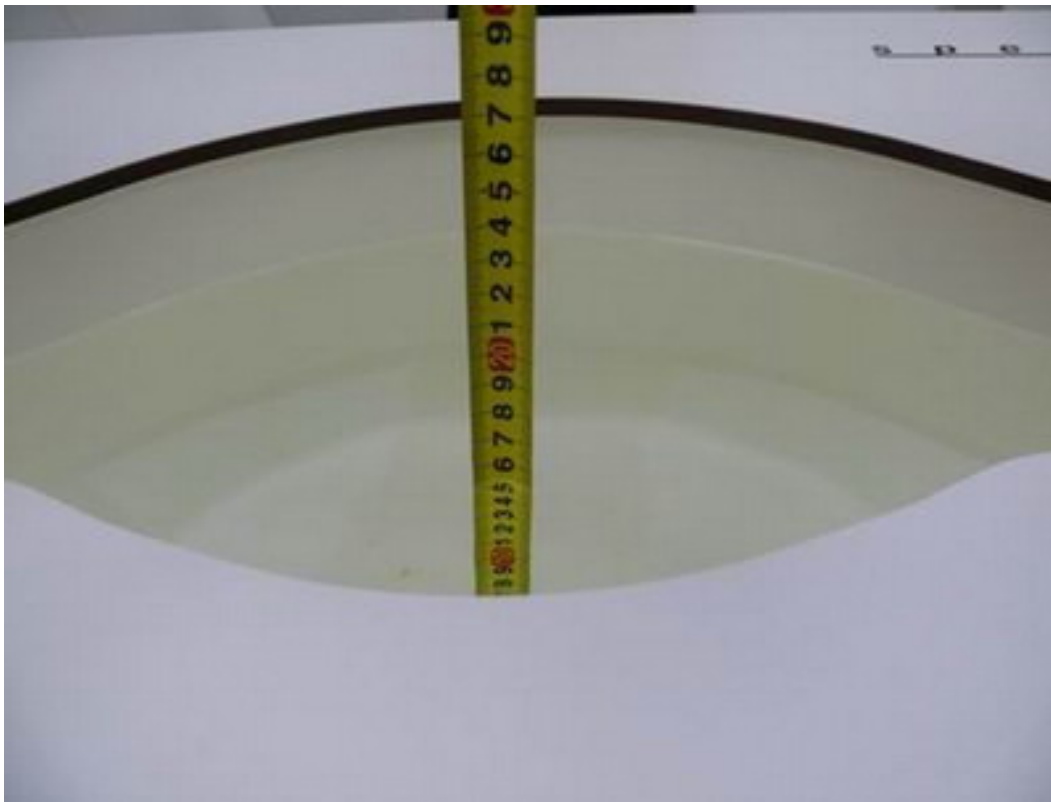
Picture 8: liquid depth in the head Phantom (1900 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 9: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 10: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2450 MHz, 15.4cm depth)



Picture 11: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.3cm depth)



Picture 12: Liquid depth in the head Phantom (2600 MHz, 15.4cm depth)

ANNEX B: System Check Results

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 11/9/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 mW/g

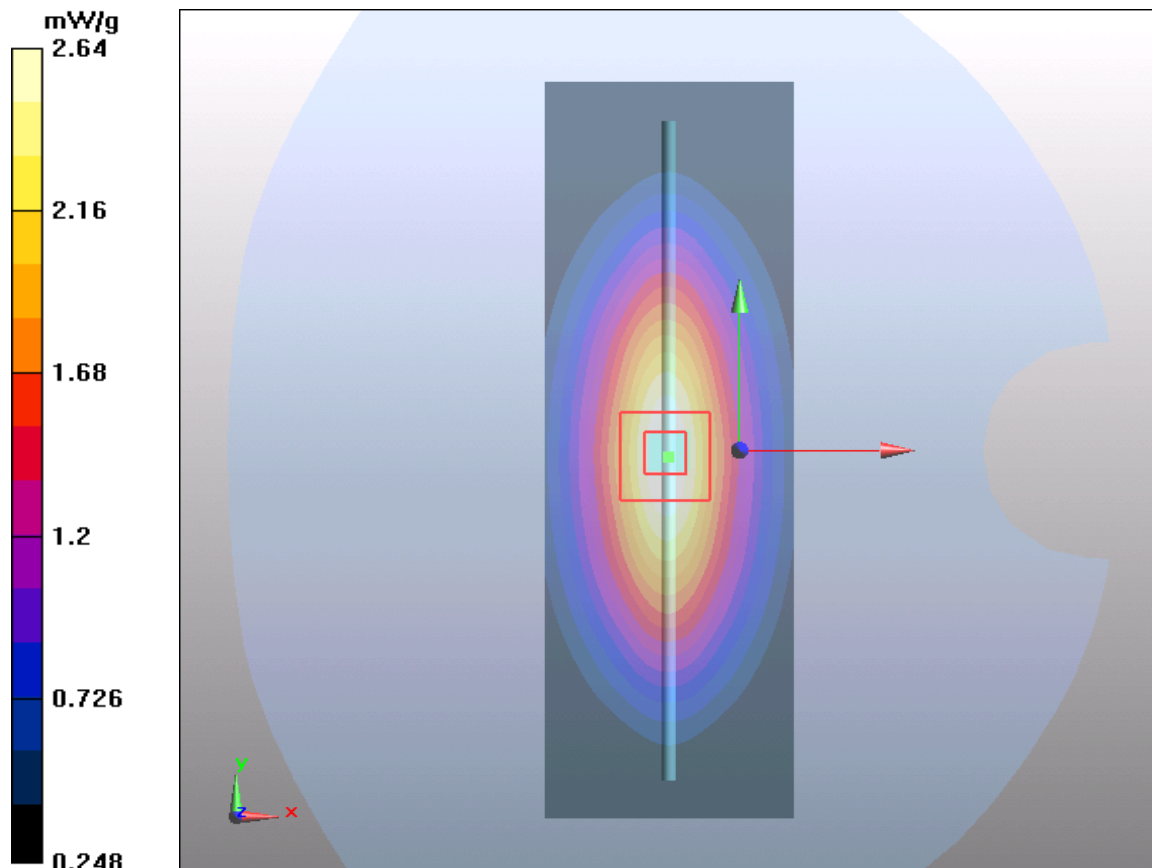


Figure 1 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 11/9/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.45, 9.45, 9.45); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.6 mW/g

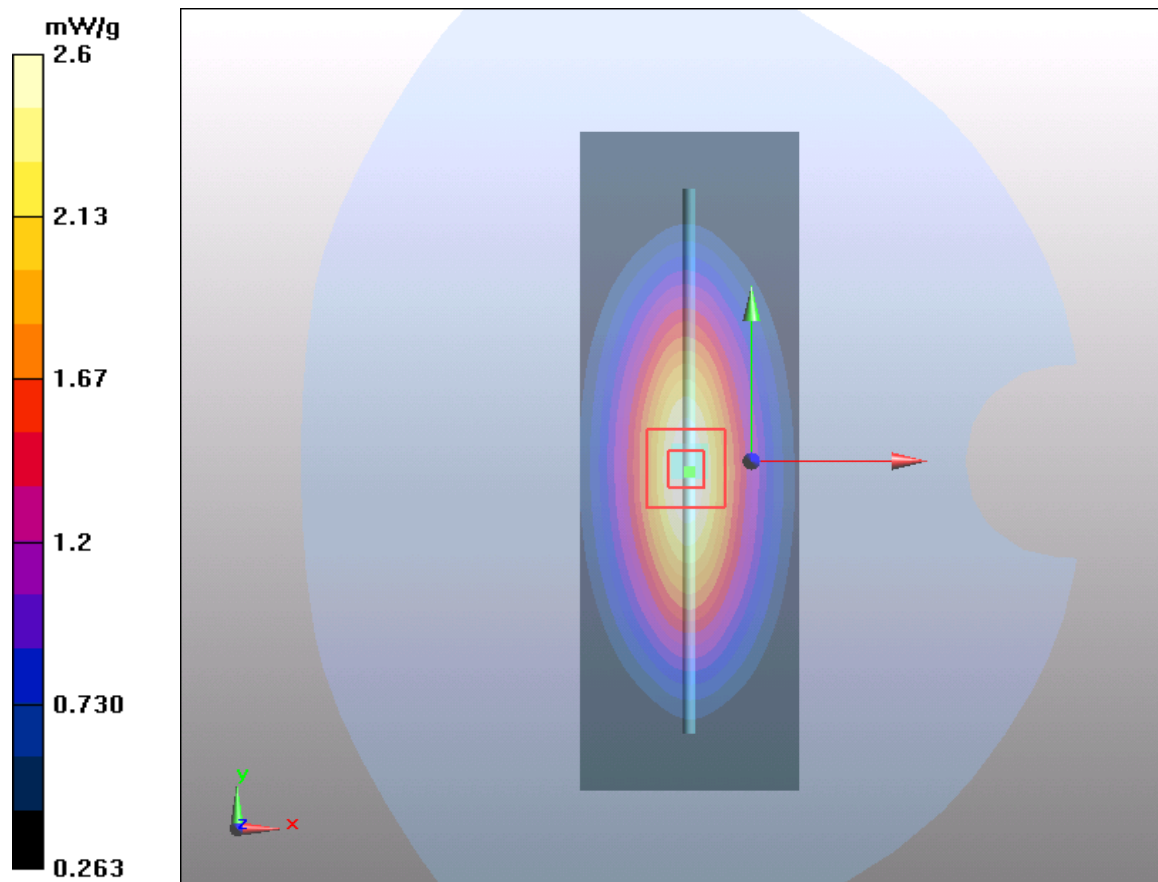


Figure 2 System Performance Check 835MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 11/10/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.34 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.78 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$,
 $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 80 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.95 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 4.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.46 mW/g

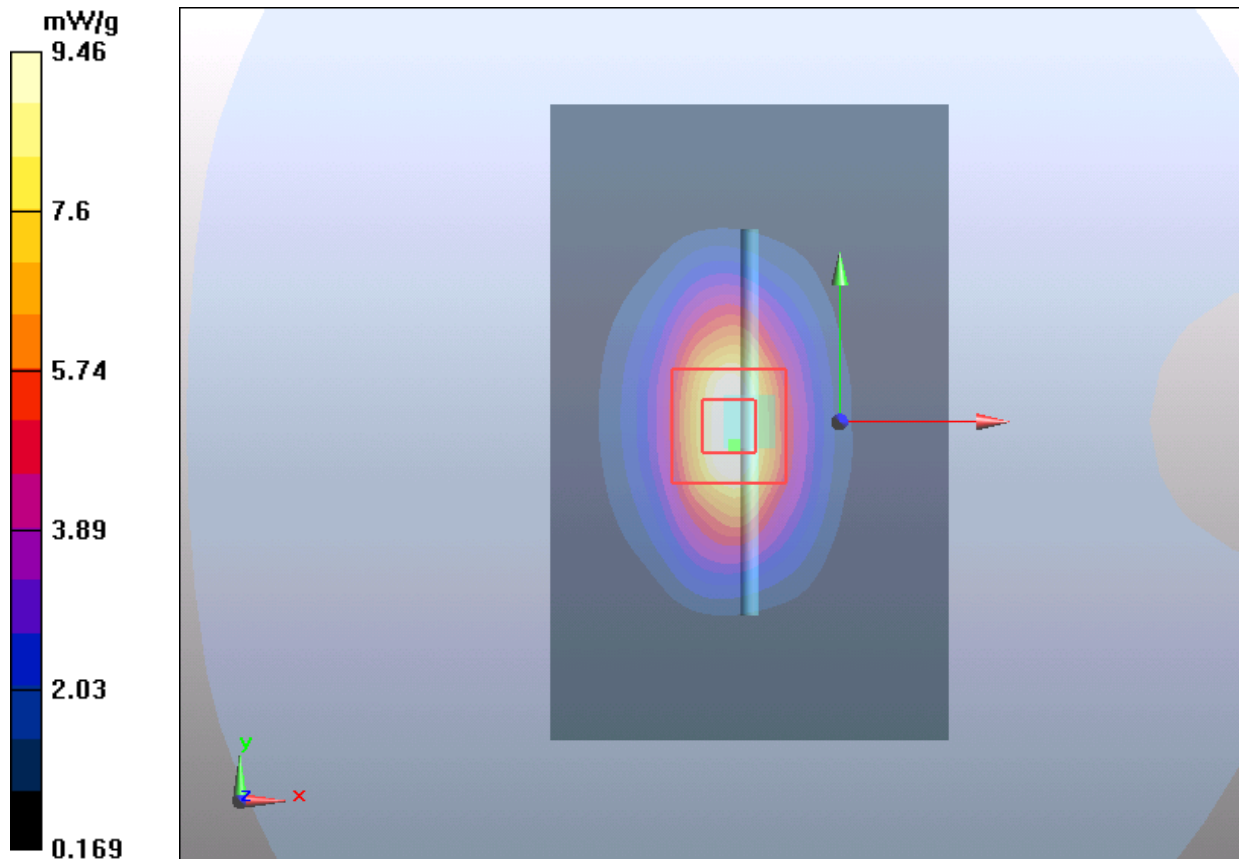


Figure 3 System Performance Check 1750MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1750 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1033

Date: 11/11/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 77.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 mW/g

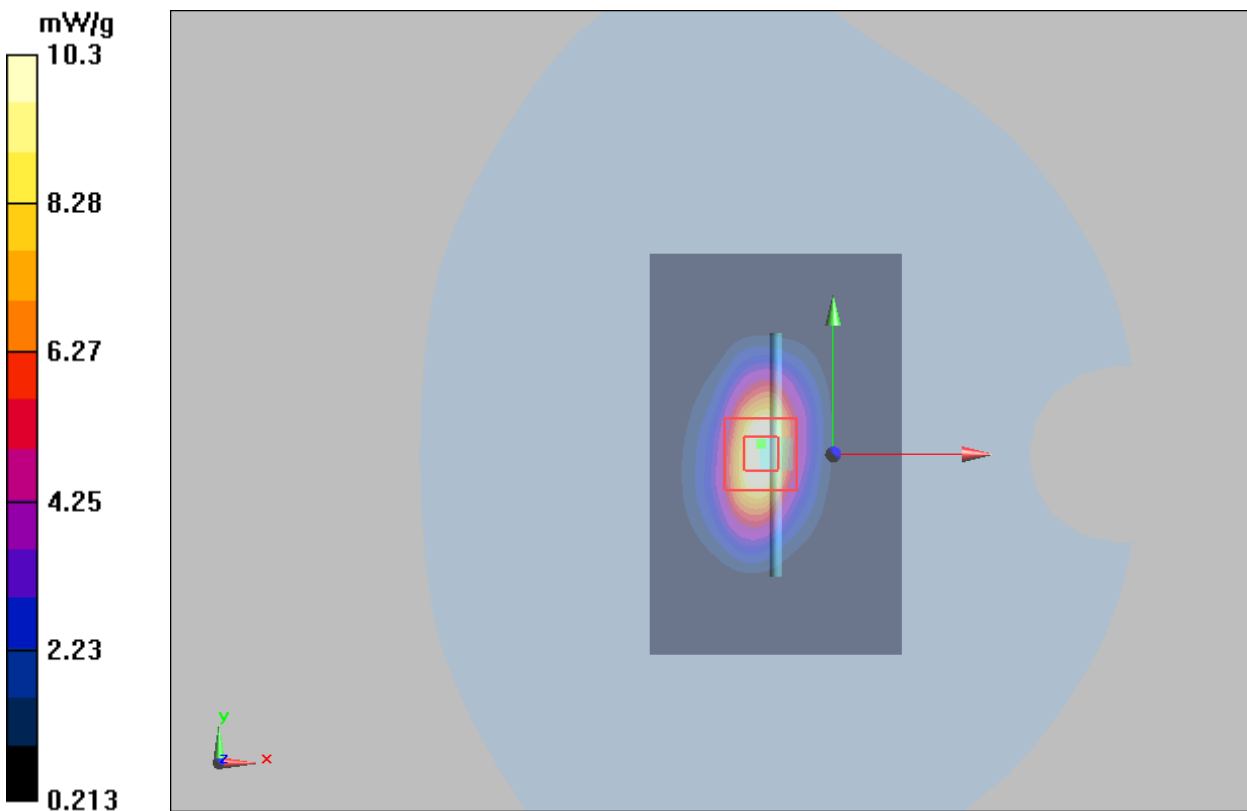


Figure 4 System Performance Check 1750MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 11/10/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g

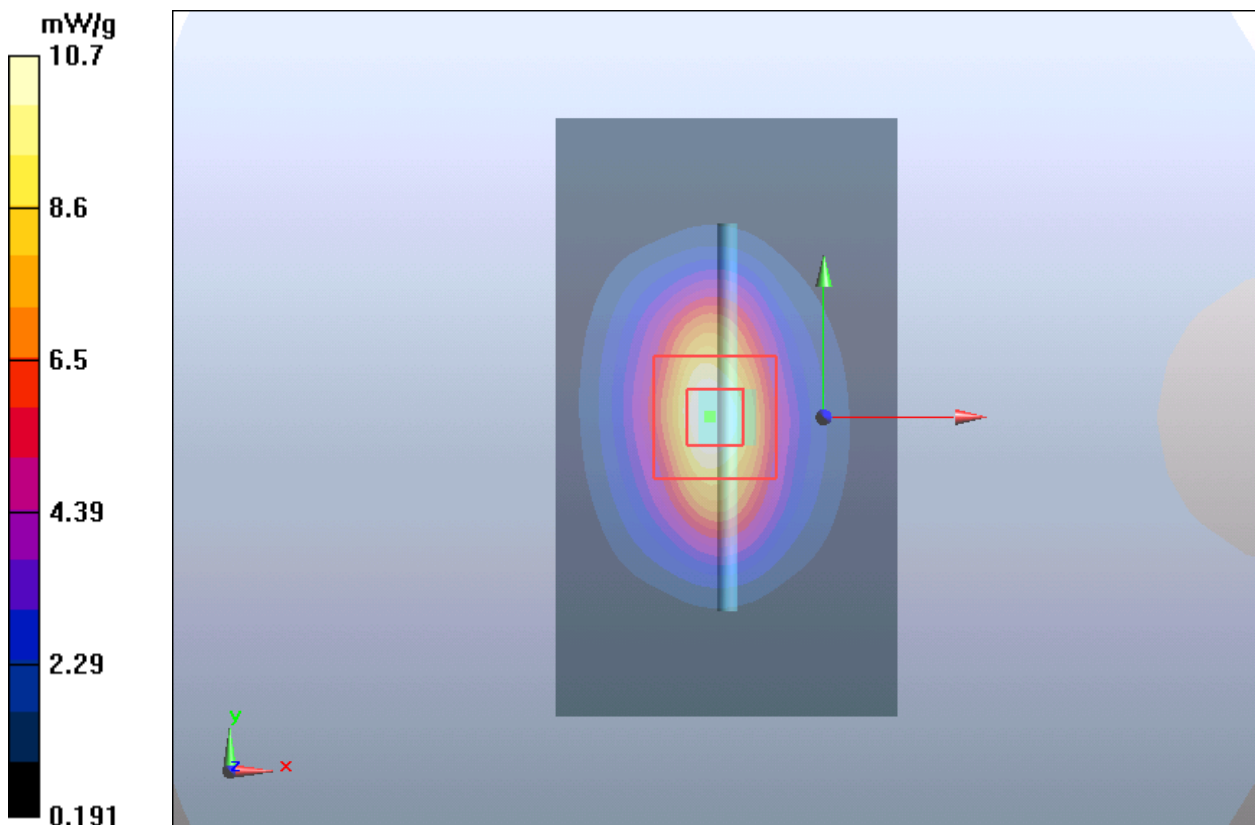


Figure 5 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 11/12/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 82.3 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.93 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

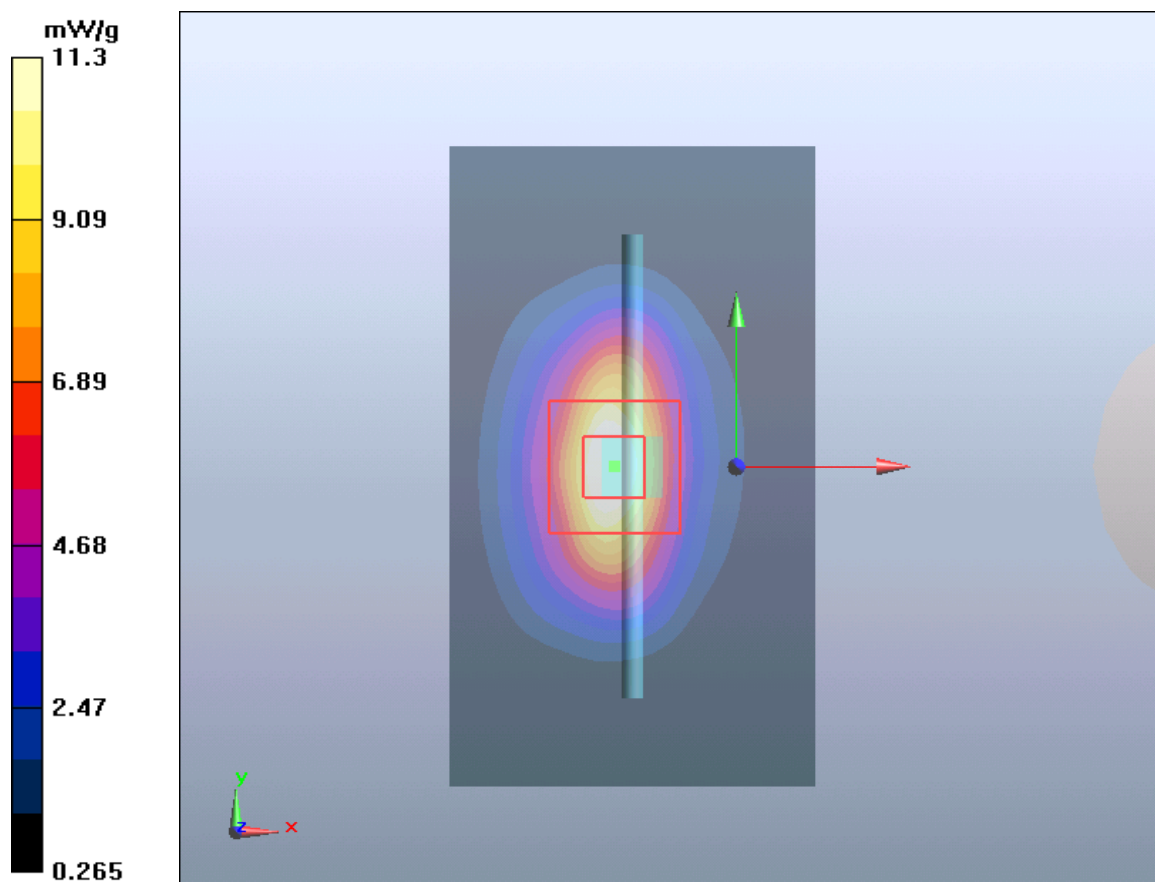


Figure 6 System Performance Check 1900MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 11/15/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g

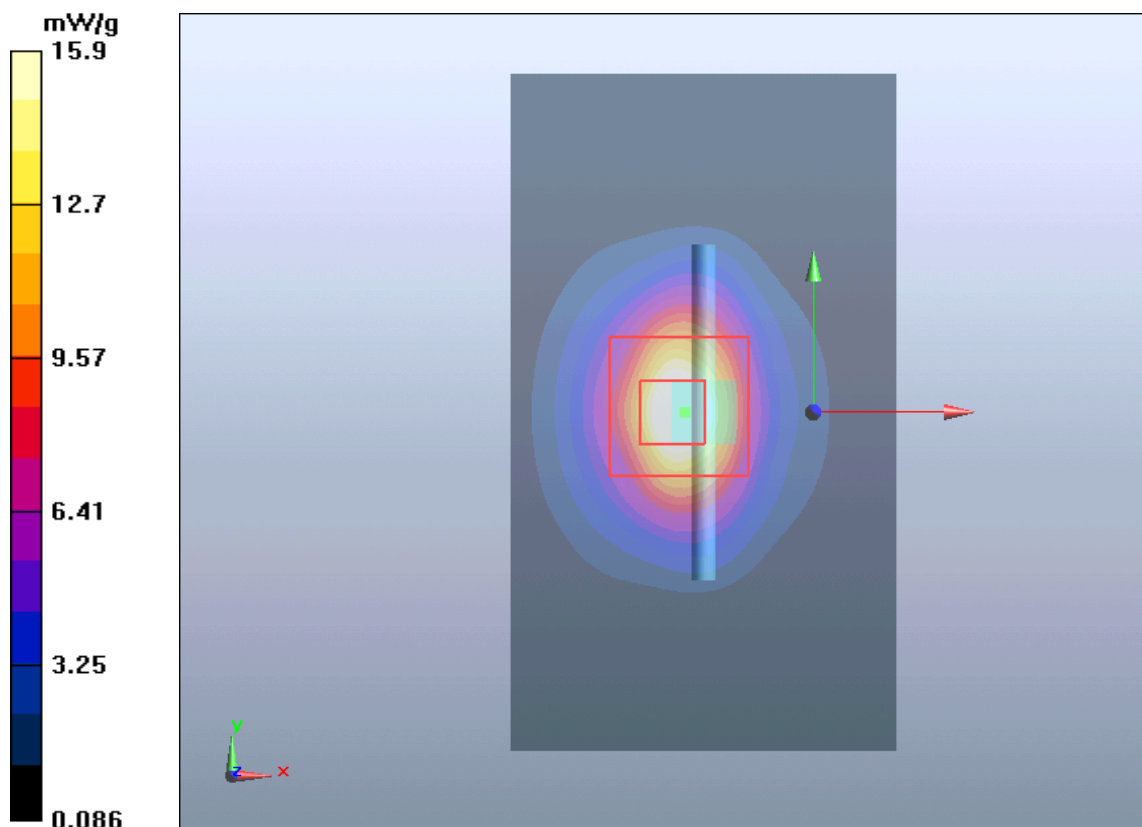


Figure 7 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 11/15/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1524

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 mW/g

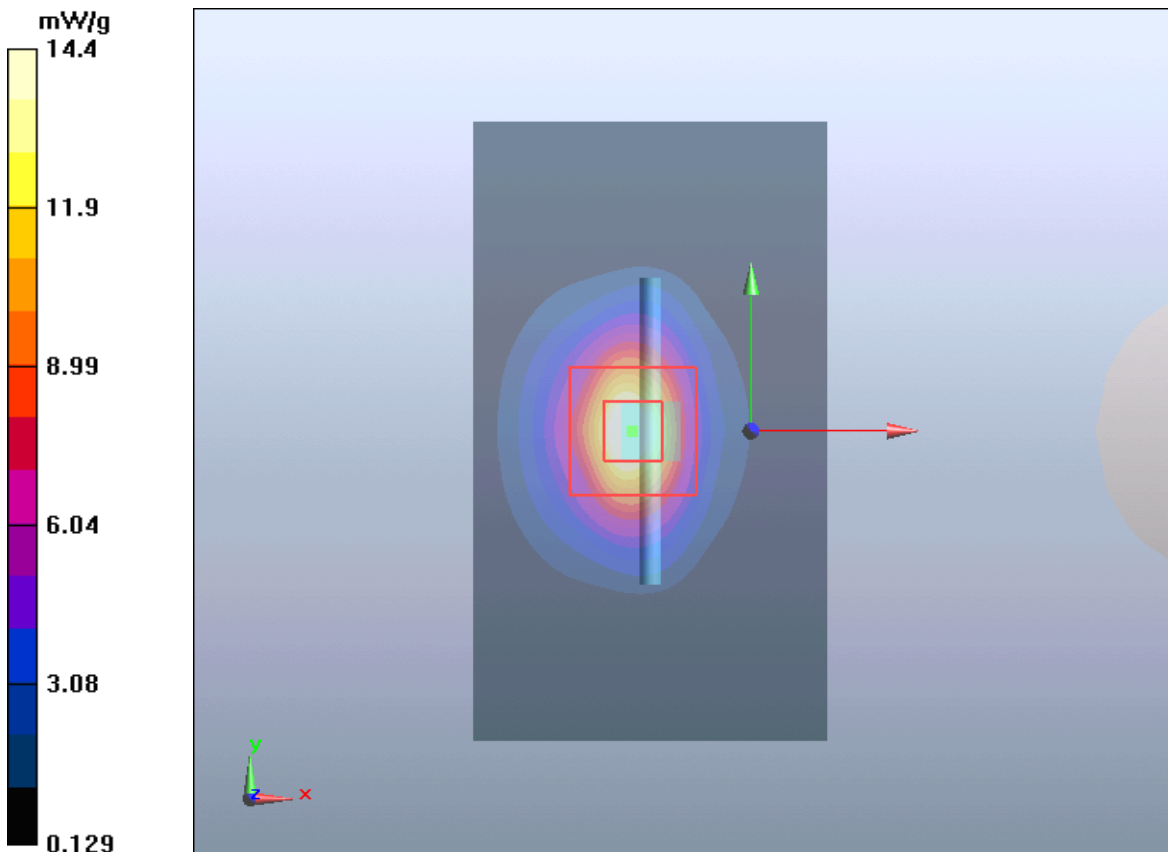


Figure 8 System Performance Check 2450MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 11/14/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.439 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.617 mW/g

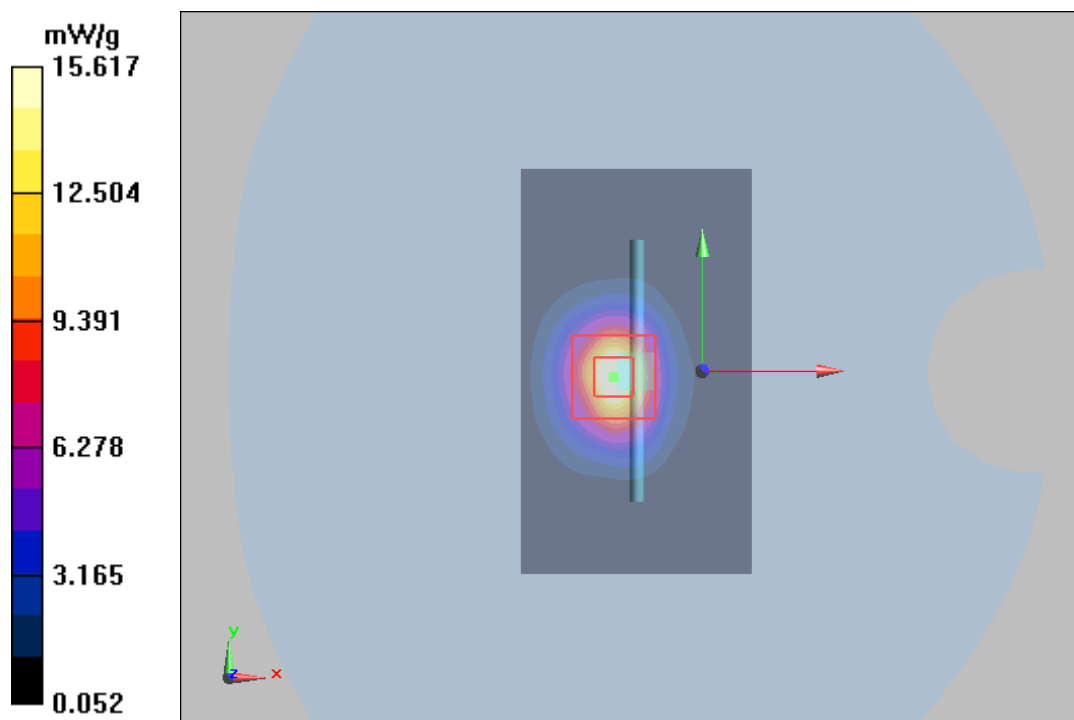


Figure 9 System Performance Check 2600MHz 250mW

System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 11/14/2015

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.23$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g

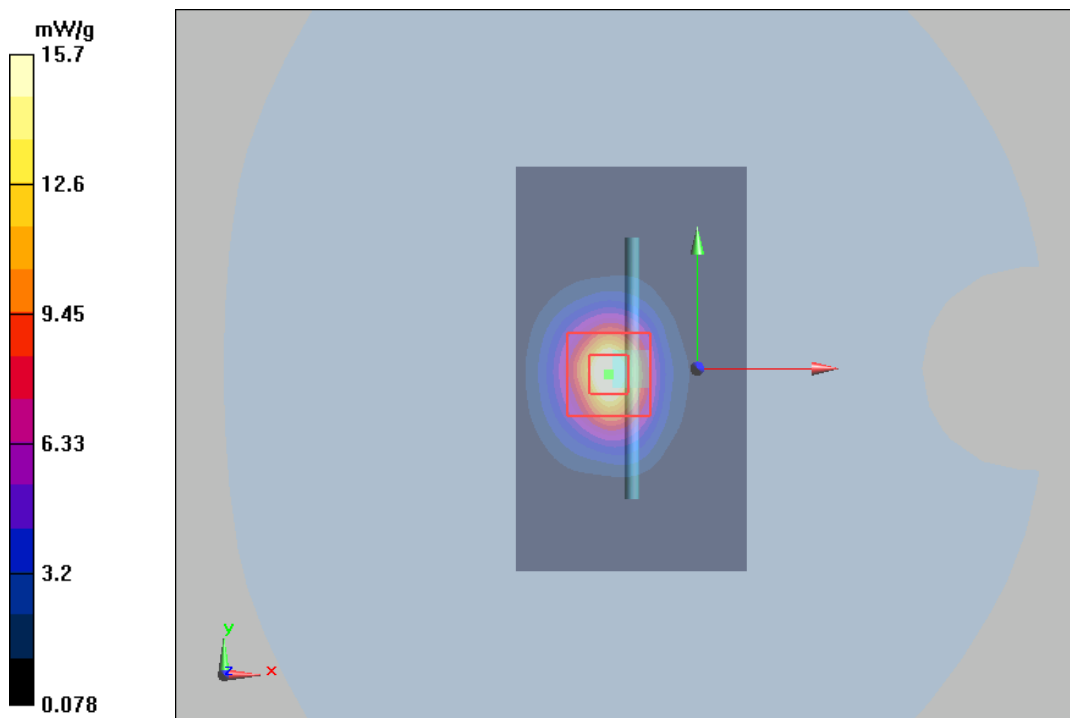


Figure 10 System Performance Check 2600MHz 250mW

ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle (SIM 1)

Date: 11/9/2015

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.885 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.372$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.462 W/kg

Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.934 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.539 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.451 W/kg

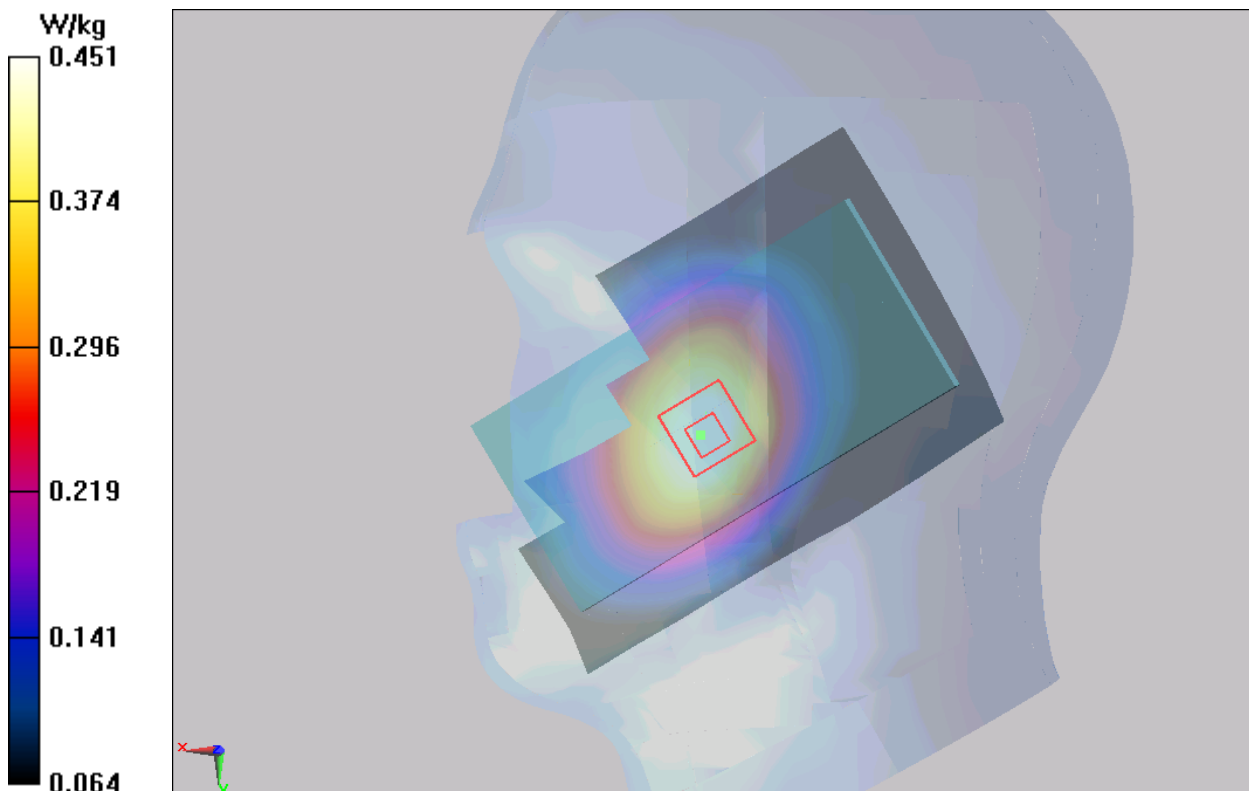


Figure 11 Right Hand Touch Cheek GSM 850 Channel 190

GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Front Side High (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/9/2015

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 3TX (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76694

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.037$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.45, 9.45, 9.45); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side High/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.966 W/kg

Front Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.907 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.667 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.952 W/kg

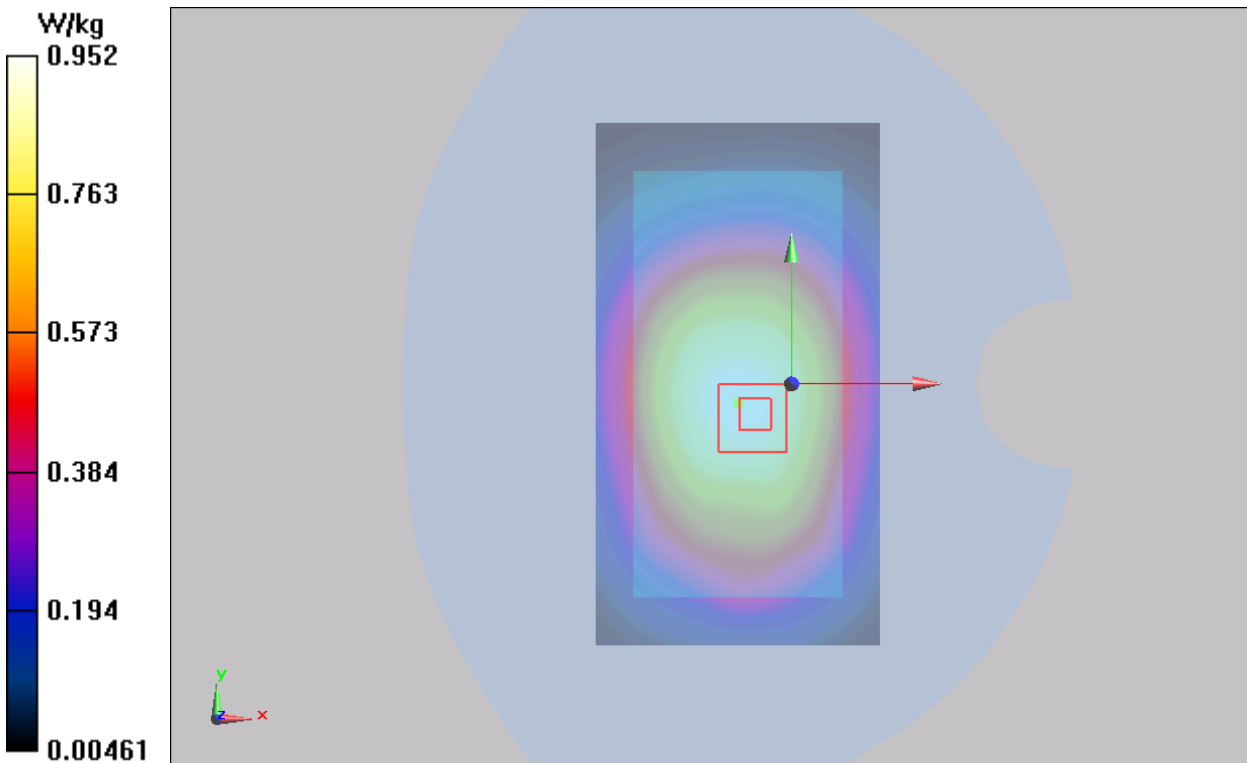


Figure 12 Body, Front Side, GSM 850 GPRS (3Txslots) Channel 251

GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 11/10/2015

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.257 W/kg

Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.668 V/m; Power Drift = -0.132 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.350 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 W/kg

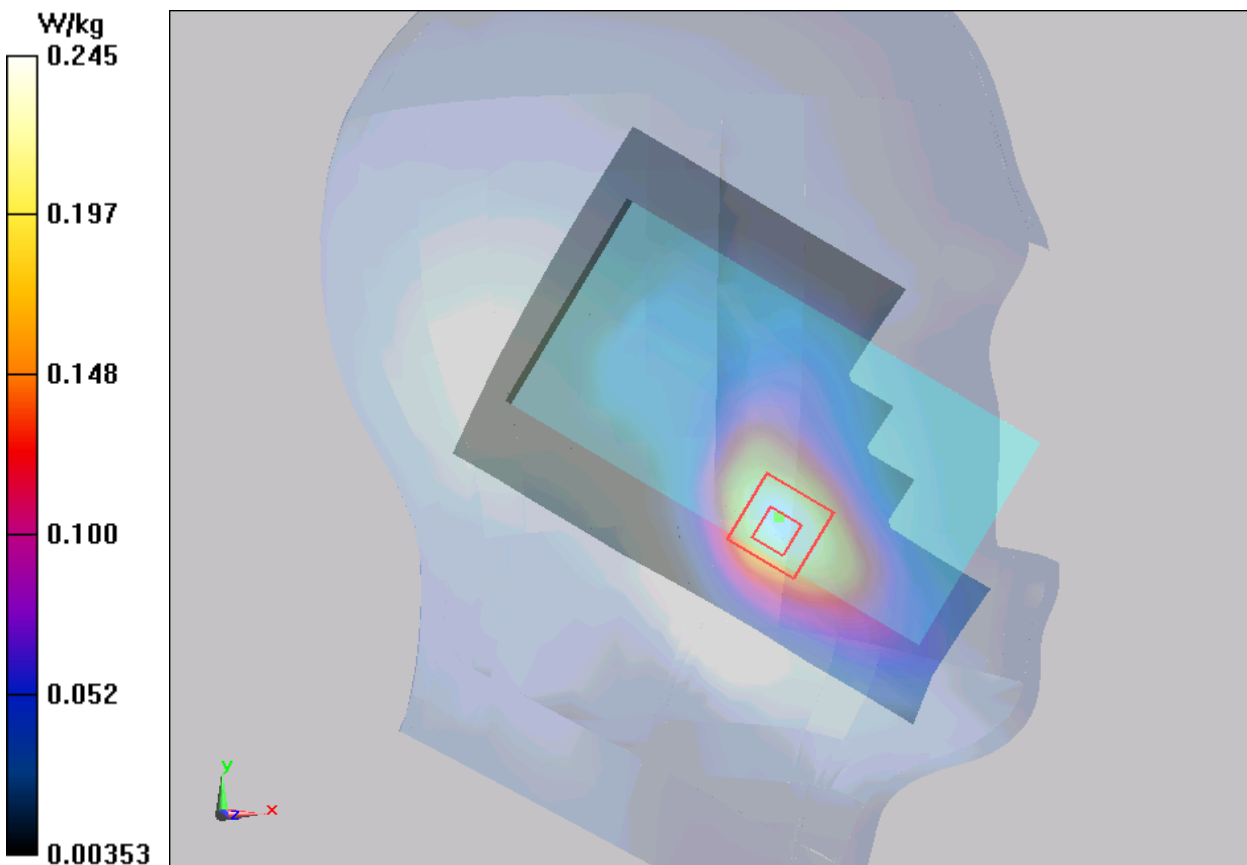


Figure 13 Left Hand Touch Cheek GSM 1900 Channel 661

GSM 1900 GPRS (3Txslots) Back Side Low (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/12/2015

Communication System: PCS 1900+GPRS(3Up); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.767

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.748 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.923 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg

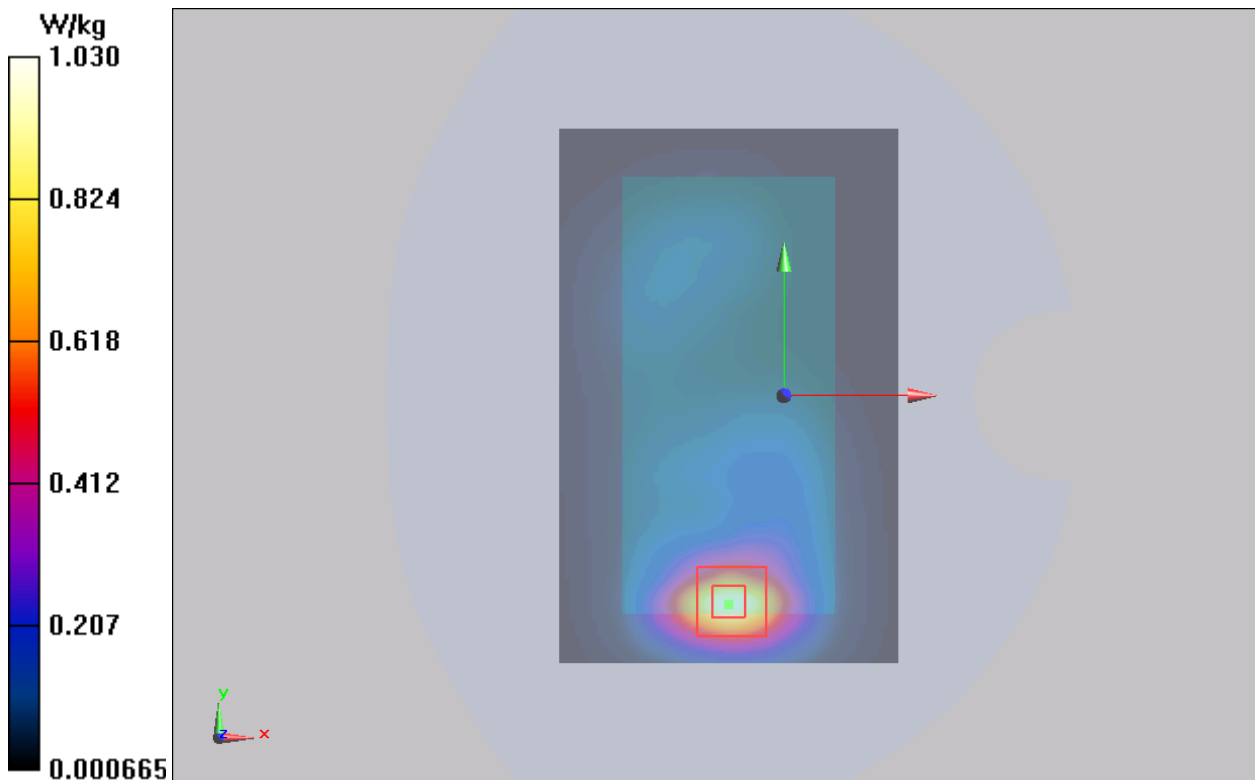


Figure 14 Body, Back Side, GSM 1900 GPRS (3Txslots) Channel 512

UMTS Band II Left Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 11/10/2015

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 mW/g

Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.602 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.404 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 mW/g

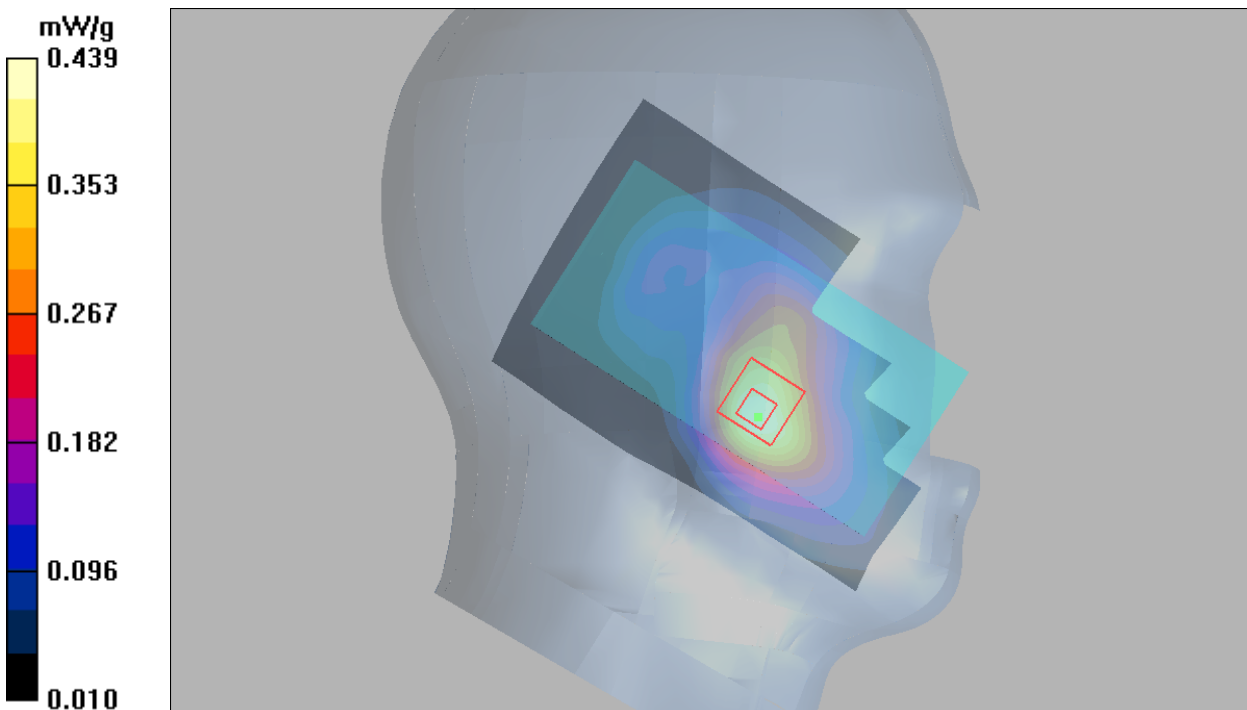


Figure 15 Left Hand Touch Cheek UMTS Band II Channel 9400

UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/12/2015

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.494$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.613$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.778 W/kg

Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.681 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.662 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.374 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.671 W/kg

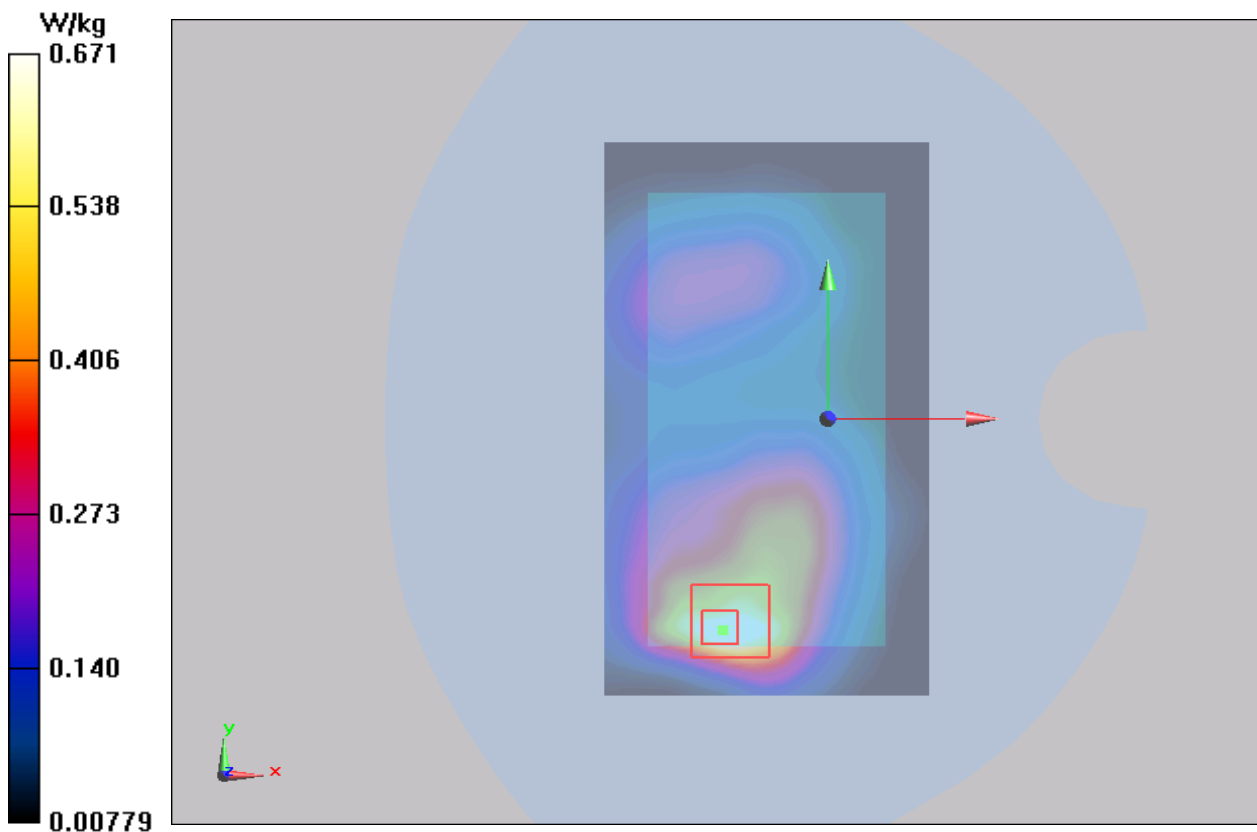


Figure 16 Body, Back Side, UMTS Band II Channel 9400

UMTS Band IV Right Cheek Middle (SIM 2)

Date: 11/10/2015

Communication System: WCDMA Band IV; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1733 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.32 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500\text{mm}$, $dy=1.500\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.274 mW/g

Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.359 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.277 mW/g

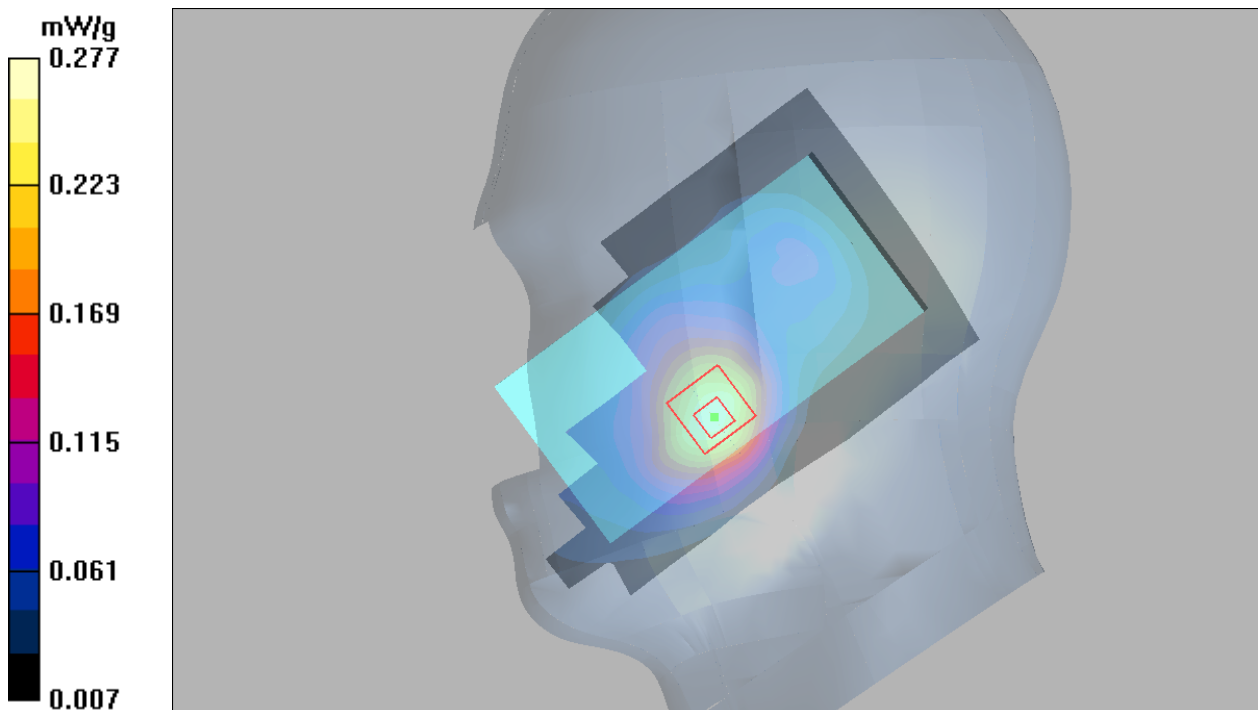


Figure 17 Right Hand Touch Cheek UMTS Band IV Channel 1413

UMTS Band IV Bottom Edge Middle (SIM 2, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/11/2015

Communication System: WCDMA Band IV; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1733 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.44 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Bottom Edge Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.000mm, dy=1.000mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.560 mW/g

Bottom Edge Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.798 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.464 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.249 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 mW/g

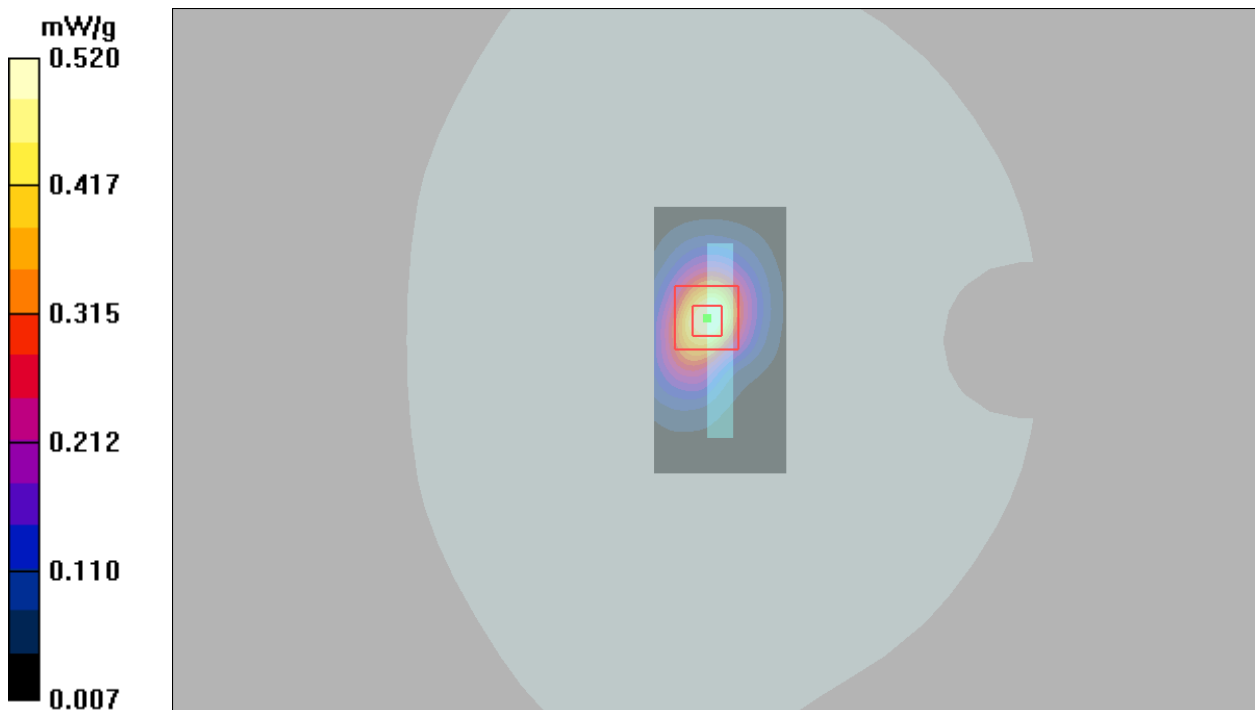


Figure 18 Body, Bottom Edge, UMTS Band IV Channel 1413

UMTS Band V Left Cheek Middle (SIM 1)

Date: 11/9/2015

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.885 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.30, 9.30, 9.30); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 11; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500\text{mm}$, $dy=1.500\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 mW/g

Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.145dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.791 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.515 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.382 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.529 mW/g

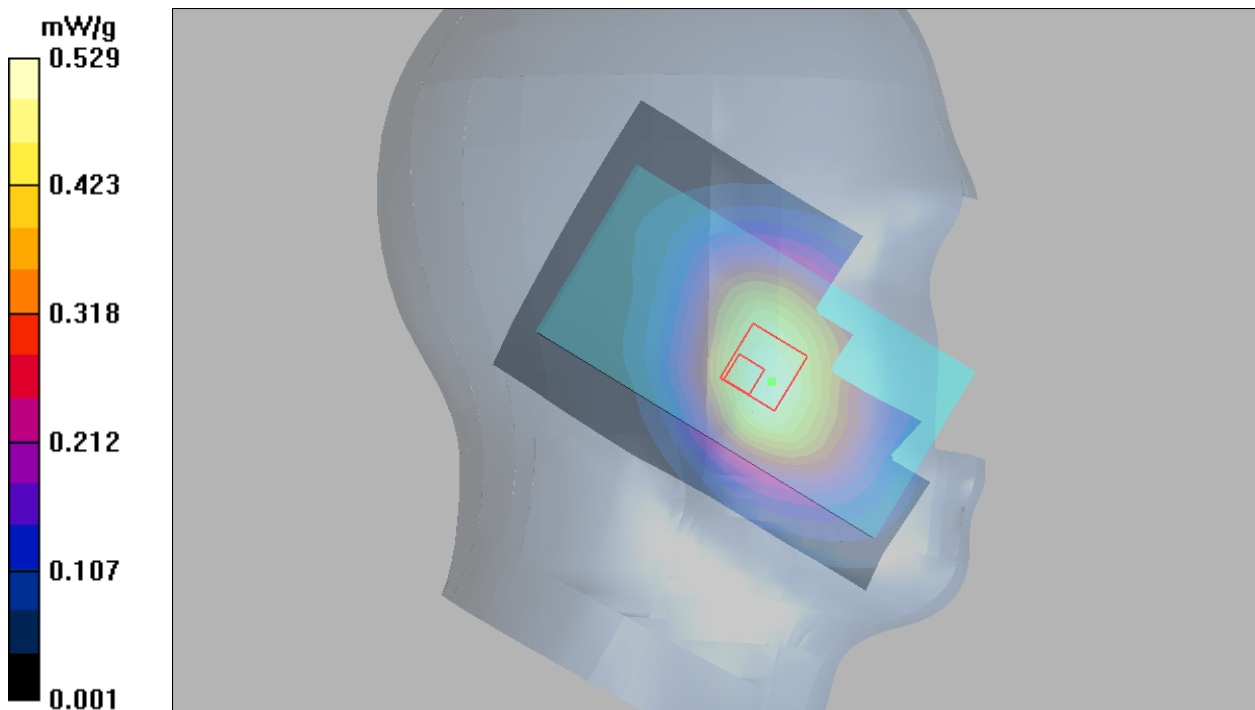


Figure 19 Left Hand Touch Cheek UMTS Band V Channel 4183

UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/9/2015

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.967$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.45, 9.45, 9.45); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 11; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.617 mW/g

Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.587 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.430 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.619 mW/g

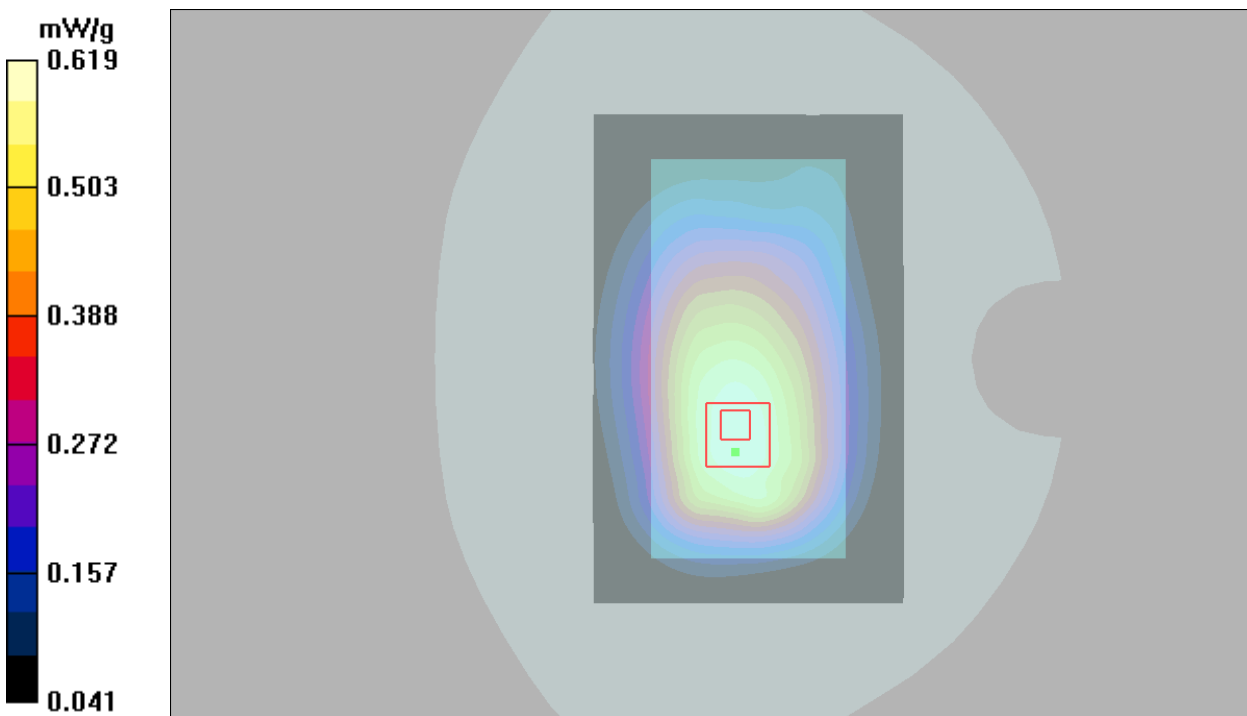


Figure 20 Body, Back Side, UMTS Band V Channel 4183

LTE Band 2 1RB Left Cheek Middle (SIM 1)

Date: 11/10/2015

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 W/kg

Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.682 V/m; Power Drift = -0.138dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.648 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.434 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg

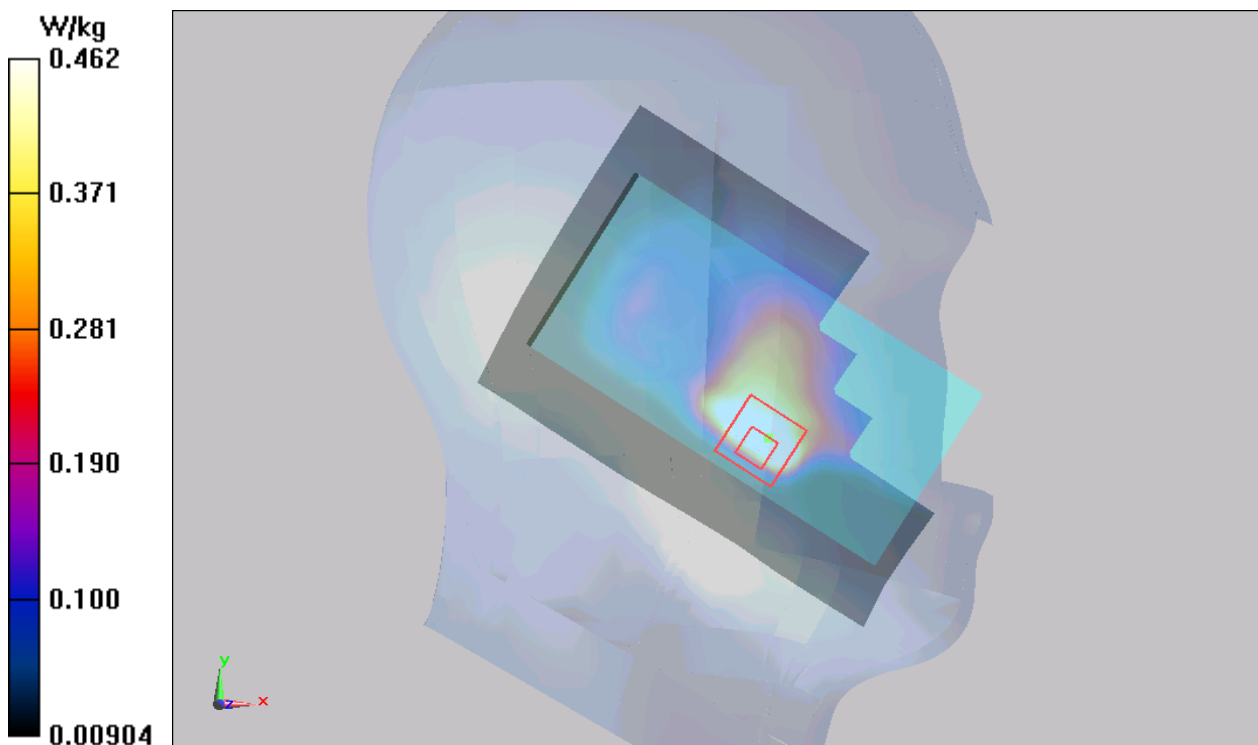


Figure 21 Left Hand Touch Cheek LTE Band 2 1RB Channel 18900

LTE Band 2 50%RB Back Side Low (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/12/2015

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.474$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.653$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.746 W/kg

Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.821 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.639 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.642 W/kg

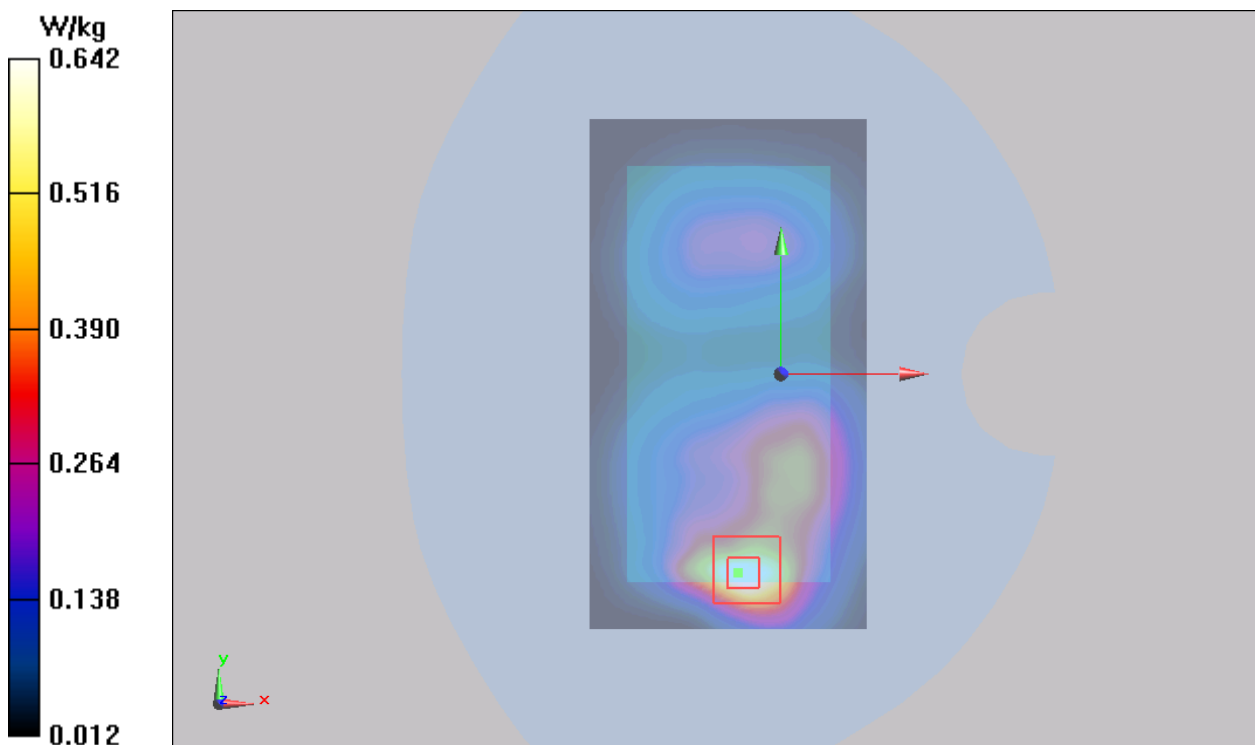


Figure 22 Body, Back Side, LTE Band 2 50%RB Channel 18700

LTE Band 4 1RB Right Cheek High (SIM 1)

Date: 11/10/2015

Communication System: LTE Band 4; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.33 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: $22.3 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ Liquid Temperature: $21.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(8.02, 8.02, 8.02); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek High/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid: $dx=1.500\text{mm}$, $dy=1.500\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.359 mW/g

Right Cheek High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.475 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 mW/g

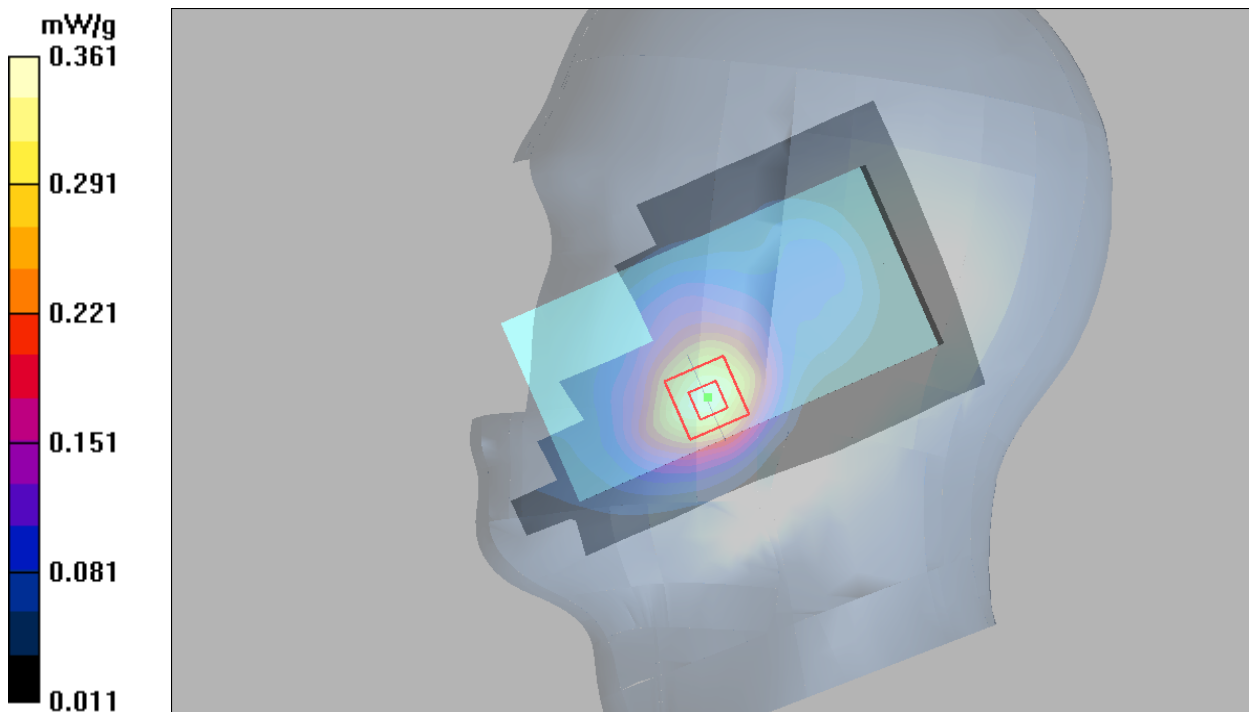


Figure 23 Right Hand Touch Cheek LTE Band 4 1RB Channel 20300

LTE Band 4 50%RB Back Side Middle (SIM 2, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/11/2015

Communication System: LTE Band 4; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1246

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500mm, dy=1.500mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.46 mW/g

Back Side High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.158dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.622 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 mW/g

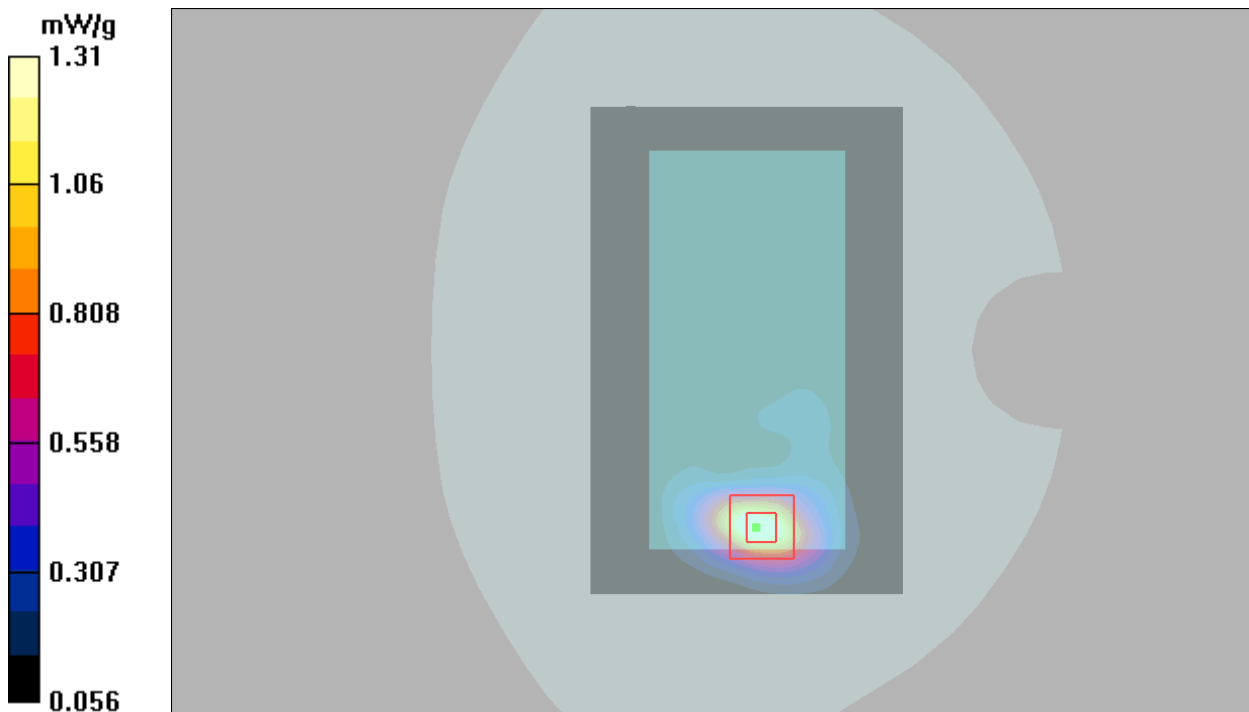


Figure 24 Body, Left Edge, LTE Band 4 50%RB Channel 20175

LTE Band 7 1RB Left Cheek Low (SIM 2)

Date: 11/14/2015

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.911$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.494$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(6.94, 6.94, 6.94); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Low/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.434 W/kg

Left Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.450 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.693 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.380 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.423 W/kg

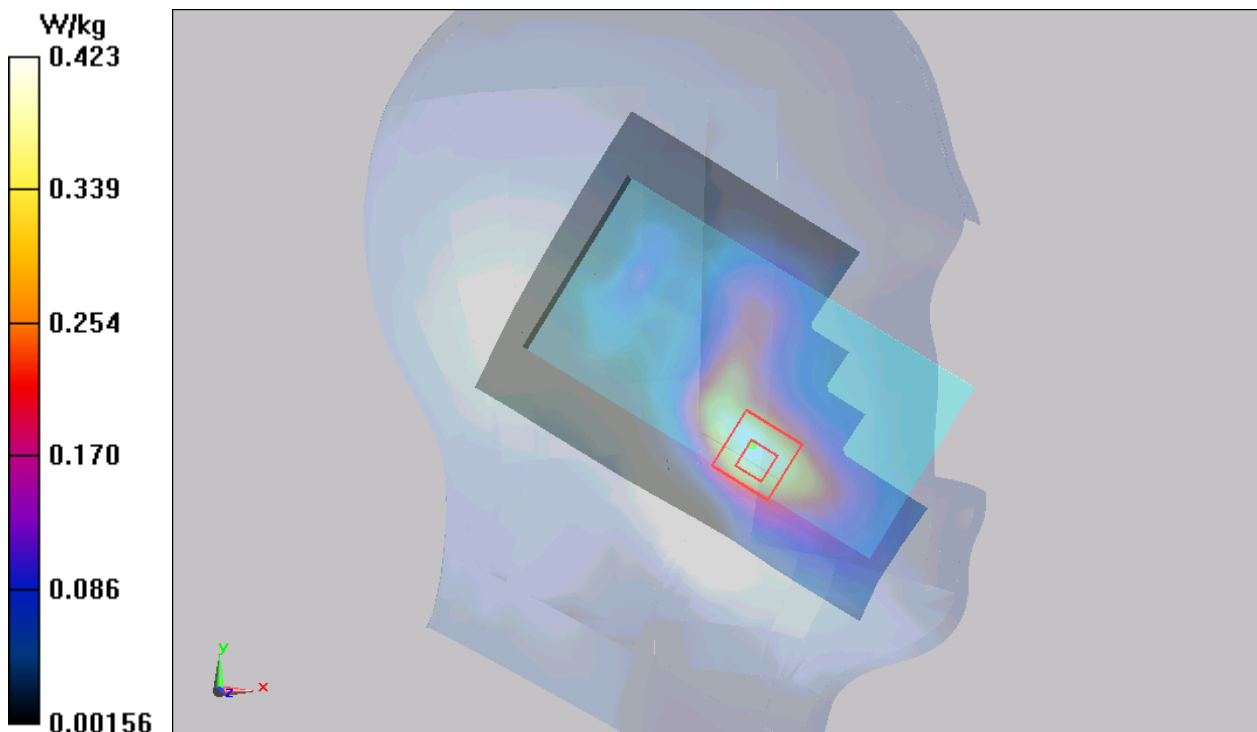


Figure 25 Left Hand Touch Cheek LTE Band 7 1RB Channel 20850

LTE Band 7 1RB Back Side Low (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/14/2015

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.128$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.771$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Low/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

Back Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.028 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.896 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.479 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.901 W/kg

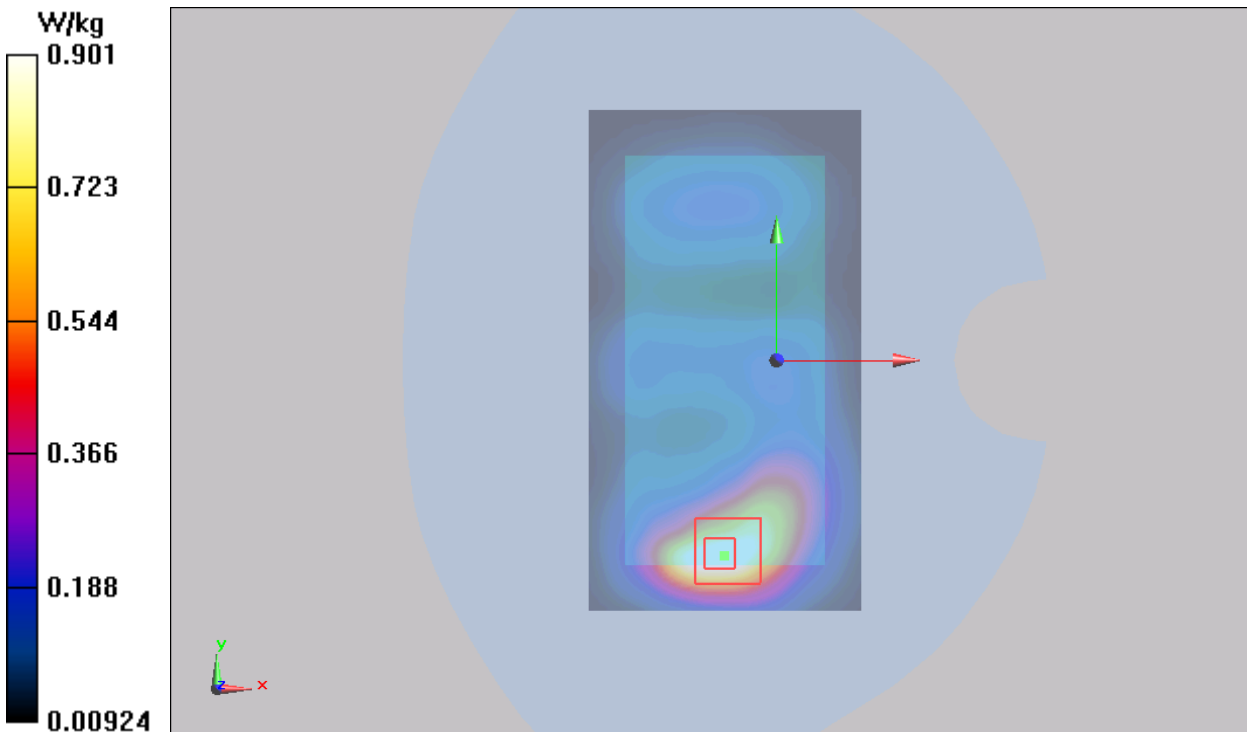


Figure 26 Body, Back Side, LTE Band 7 1RB Channel 20850

802.11b Left Cheek High (SIM 1)

Date: 11/15/2015

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.824$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.584$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek High/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.439 W/kg

Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.866 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.805 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.365 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.360 W/kg

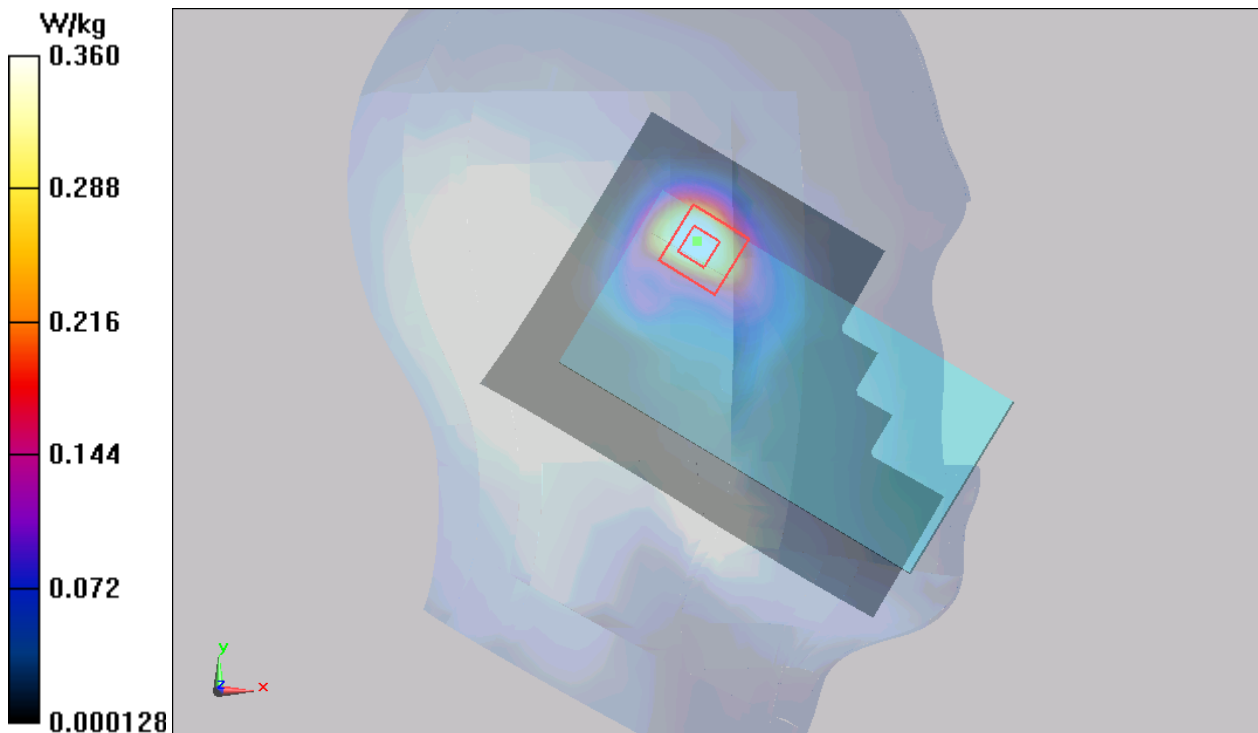


Figure 27 Left Hand Touch Cheek 802.11b Channel 11

802.11b Front Side High (SIM 1, Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/15/2015

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.993$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.463$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side High/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0875 W/kg

Front Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.534 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.104 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.063 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0648 W/kg

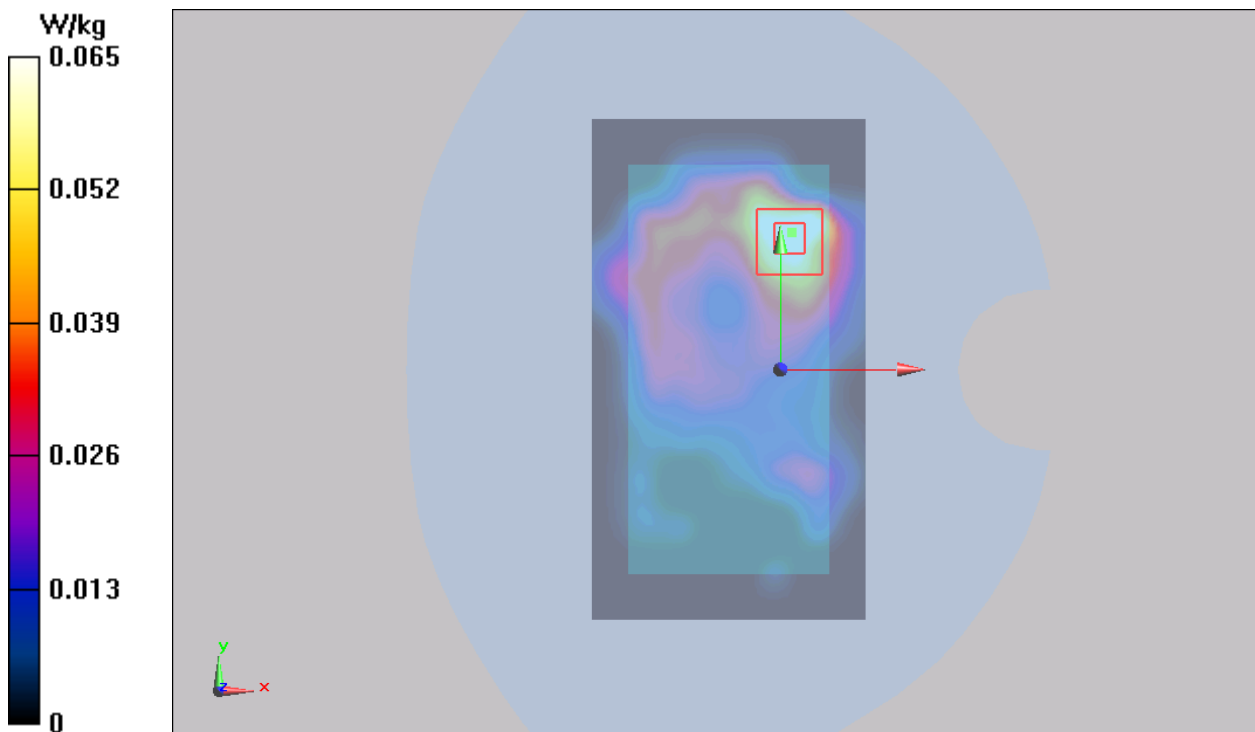


Figure 28 Body, Back Side, 802.11b Channel 11

Bluetooth Right Cheek Low (SIM 1)

Date: 11/15/2015

Communication System: UID 0, BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2402$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.766$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.959$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.22, 7.22, 7.22); Calibrated: 1/30/2015;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 1/29/2015

Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Low/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0124 W/kg

Left Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.8260 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0120 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0062 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00272 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00682 W/kg

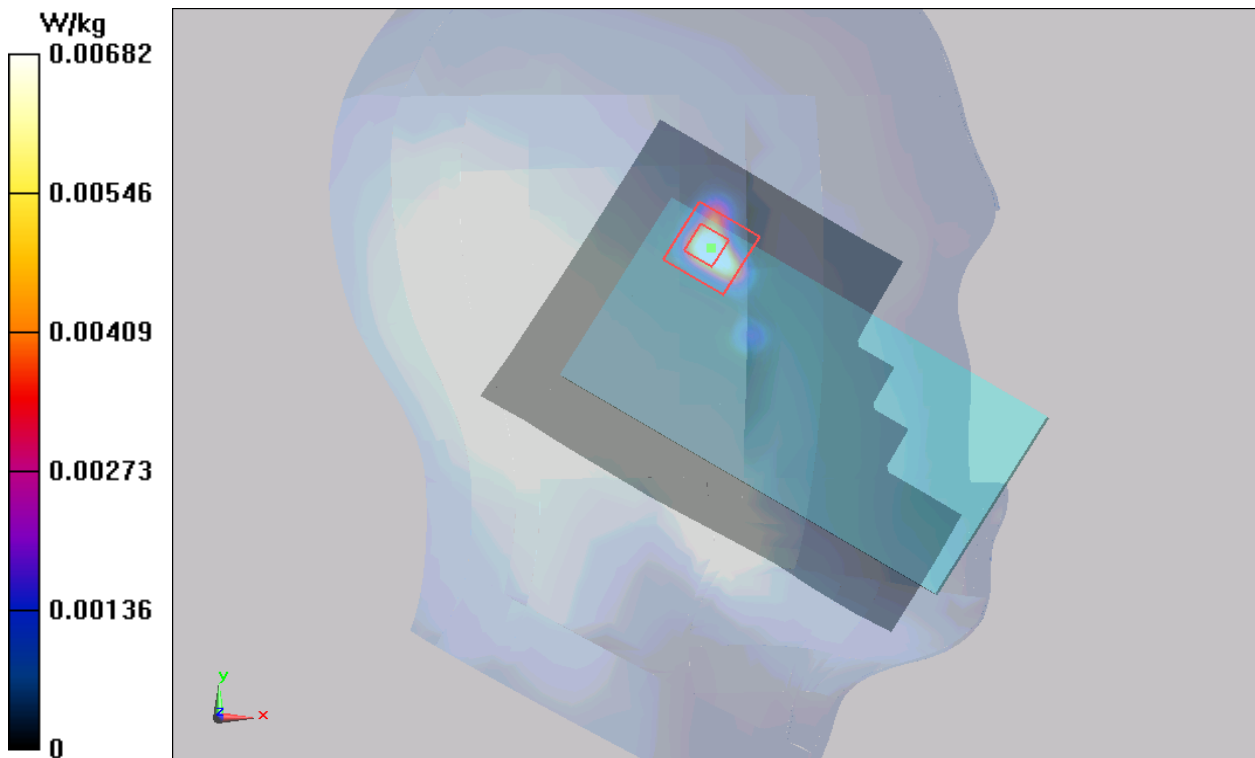


Figure 29 Right Hand Touch Cheek Bluetooth Channel 0



ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate



In Collaboration with
s p e a g
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



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Client **TA-ShangHai**

Certificate No: **Z15-97010**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3677**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FD-Z11-2-004-01**
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: **January 30, 2015**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-14(TMC, No.JZ14-1103)	Mar-16
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-14(TMC, No.JZ14-1104)	Mar-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	28-Aug-14(SPEAG, No.EX3-3617_Aug14)	Aug-15
DAE4	SN 777	17-Sep-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-777_Sep14)	Sep -15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02145)	Jun-15
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	15-Feb-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-781)	Feb-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: January 31, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

- TSL tissue simulating liquid
- NORM_{x,y,z} sensitivity in free space
- ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM_{x,y,z}
- DCP diode compression point
- CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
- A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters
- Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis
- Polarization θ θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i
 $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z}* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VR_{x,y,z}: A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z}* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



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Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3677

Calibrated: January 30, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.41	0.46	0.40	±10.8%
DCP(mV) ^B	101.9	102.0	104.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	182.5	±2.3%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		198.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		179.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.30	0.84	± 12%
835	41.5	0.90	9.30	9.30	9.30	0.19	1.05	± 12%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.21	1.14	± 12%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.24	1.04	± 12%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.22	7.22	7.22	0.65	0.68	± 12%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.94	6.94	6.94	0.33	0.95	± 12%
5200	36.0	4.66	5.55	5.55	5.55	0.42	1.18	± 13%
5300	35.9	4.76	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.45	1.05	± 13%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.42	1.26	± 13%
5800	35.3	5.27	5.01	5.01	5.01	0.48	1.13	± 13%

^C Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.15	1.46	±12%
835	55.2	0.97	9.45	9.45	9.45	0.17	1.35	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.74	7.74	7.74	0.18	1.36	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.18	1.31	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.37	1.08	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.40	0.97	±12%
5200	49.0	5.30	4.96	4.96	4.96	0.45	1.42	±13%
5300	48.9	5.42	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.46	1.48	±13%
5600	48.5	5.77	4.36	4.36	4.36	0.49	1.80	±13%
5800	48.2	6.00	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.50	1.20	±13%

^C Frequency validity of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

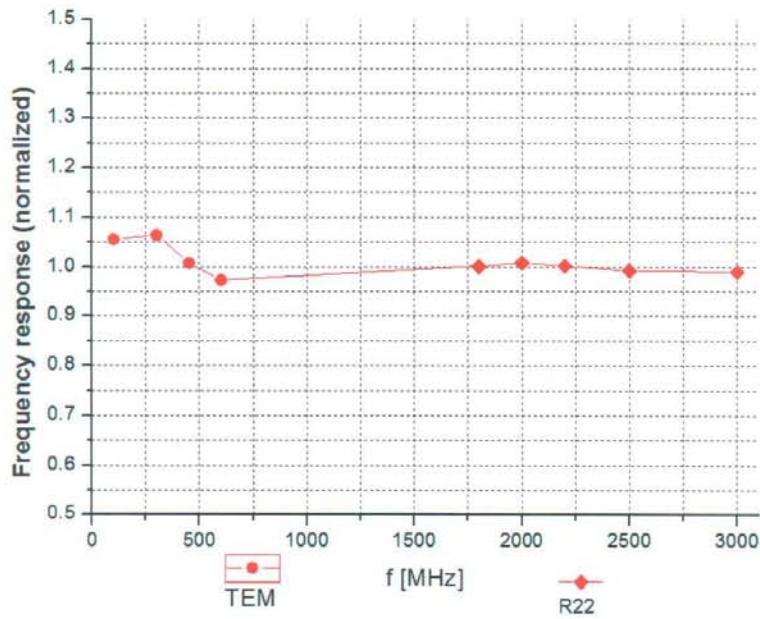
^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.5\%$ (k=2)

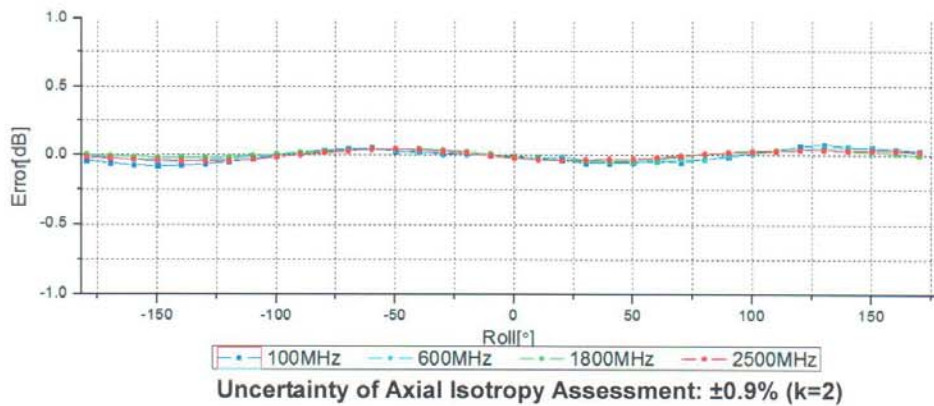
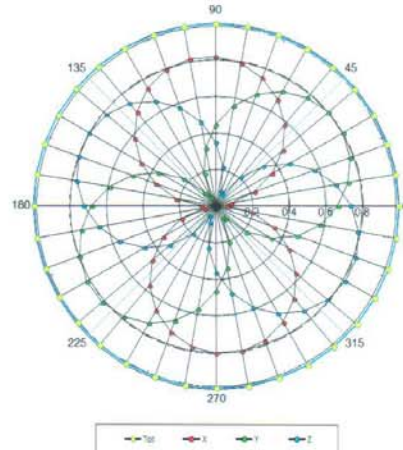
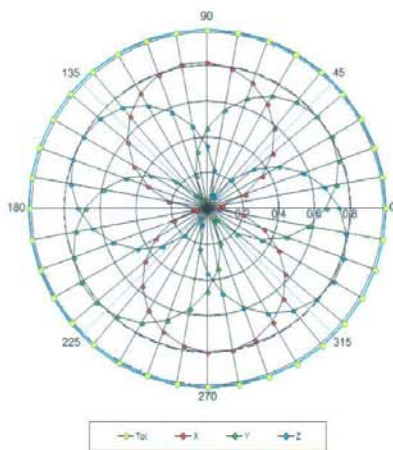


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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

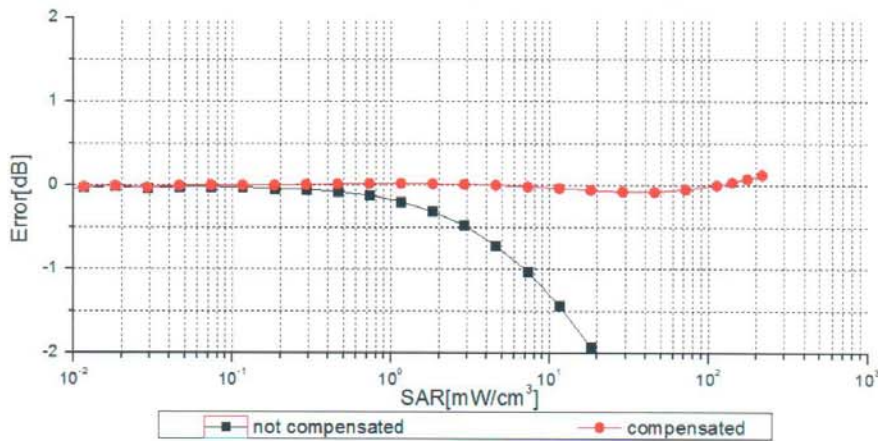
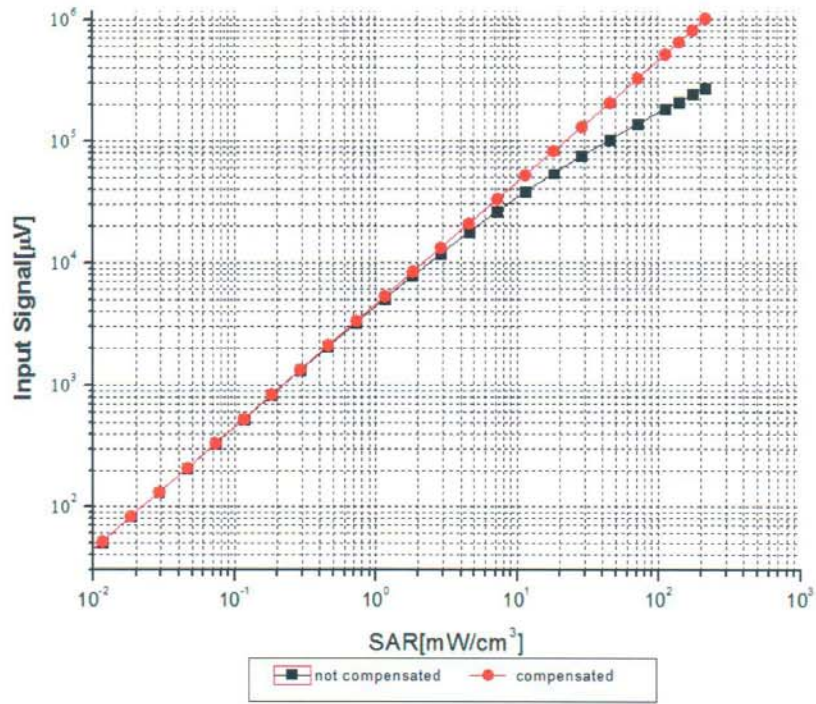
f=1800 MHz, R22





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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

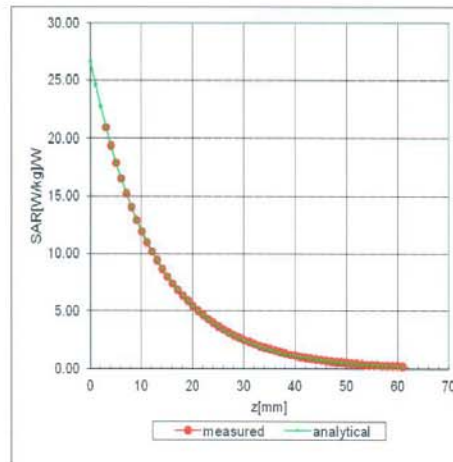
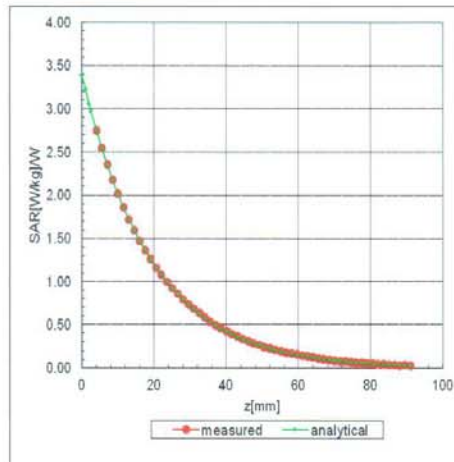


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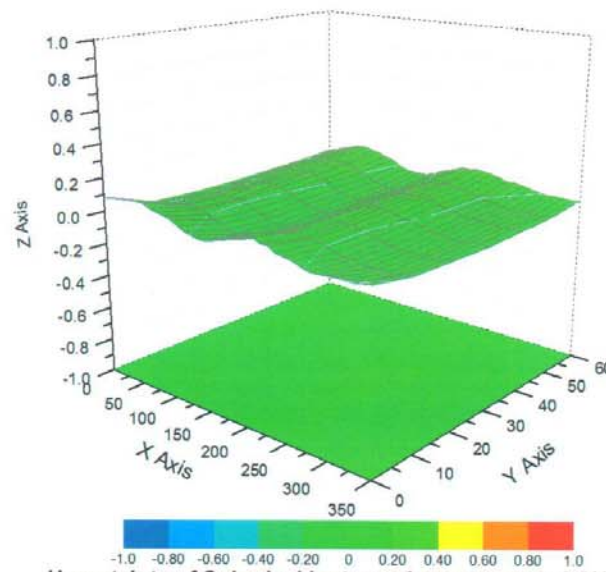
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=835 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.8\%$ (K=2)



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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3677

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	116.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

**ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate**

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Client **TA(Shanghai)**Certificate No: **Z14-97073****CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d020**Calibration Procedure(s) **TMC-OS-E-02-194
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**Calibration date: **August 28, 2014**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

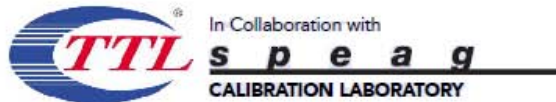
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRVD	102083	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-443)	Sep-14
Power sensor NRV-Z5	100595	11-Sep-13 (TMC, No. JZ13-443)	Sep -14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN 3149	5- Sep-13 (SPEAG, No.ES3-3149_Sep13)	Sep-14
DAE3	SN 536	23-Jan-14 (SPEAG, DAE3-536_Jan14)	Jan -15
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49070393	13-Nov-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-394)	Nov-14
Network Analyzer E8362B	MY43021135	19-Oct-13 (TMC, No.JZ13-278)	Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: September 4, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

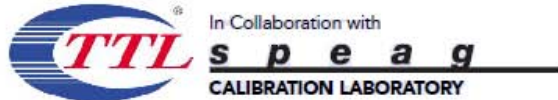
Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1222
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.5 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.39 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.54 mW/g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.26 mW/g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.7 ± 6 %	0.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.54 mW/g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.31 mW/g ± 20.4 % (k=2)