TEST REPORT



DT&C Co., Ltd.

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1. Report No: DRTFCC2008-0246

2. Customer

Name: BLUEBIRD INC.

· Address: 3F, 115, Irwon-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea

3. Use of Report: FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Smart POS Payment Terminal / SP500

FCC ID: SS4SP500

5. Test Method Used: KDB971168 D01v03, ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016, ANSI C63.26-2015

Test Specification: §2, §22, §24

6. Date of Test: 2020.03.02 ~ 2020.08.03

7. Location of Test: Permanent Testing Lab On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment: See appended test report.

9. Test Result: Refer to the attached Test Result

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Affirmation Tested by Name : Jungwoo Kim Reviewed by Name : JaeJin Lee (Signature)

2020.08.21.

DT&C Co., Ltd.

Not abided by KS Q ISO / IEC 17025 and KOLAS accreditation.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net





Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Revised by	Reviewed by
DRTFCC2008-0246	Aug. 21, 2020	Initial issue	Jungwoo Kim	JaeJin Lee

Table of Contents

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

_	. GENERAL INFORMATION	4
2	. INTRODUCTION	5
	2.1 EUT DESCRIPTION	5
	2.2 TESTING ENVIRONMENT	5
	2.3 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	5
	2.4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	5
	2.5 TEST FACILITY	
3	. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS	6
	3.1 ERP & EIRP (Effective Radiated Power & Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power)	6
	3.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	8
	3.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	. 10
	3.4 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL	. 11
	3.5 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL	. 12
	3.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	. 13
	3.7 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	
4	LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT	15
	. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	
	EMISSION DESIGNATOR AND SAMPLE CALCULATION	
1	TEST DATA	19
	TAREAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	4.0
	7.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	. 19
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	19 19
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	19 19 19
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	19 19 19
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	19 19 19 20
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth) 7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	19 19 20 21
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth) 7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	19 19 20 21 22
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth) 7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850)	19 19 20 21 22
	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth) 7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850) 7.8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1900)	19 19 20 21 22 24
8	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth) 7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850) 7.8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1900)	19 19 20 21 24 25 26
8	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth) 7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850) 7.8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1900) TEST PLOTS 8.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	19 19 20 21 22 24 25 26
8	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)	19 19 20 21 22 24 25 26 27
8	7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth) 7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850) 7.8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1900) TEST PLOTS 8.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	19 19 20 21 22 24 25 26 26



1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name : BLUEBIRD INC.

Address : 3F, 115, Irwon-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea

FCC ID : SS4SP500

FCC Classification : PCS Licensed Transmitter (PCB)

EUT : Smart POS Payment Terminal

Model Name : SP500

Add Model Name : NA

Serial Number : Radiated(SP500A4LAA1SSD22007), Conducted(SP500A4LAA1SSD22003)

Supplying power : DC 7.26 V

Antenna Type : FPCB Antenna

Mode	Tx Frequency	Emission	ERP (Max. Power)		EIRP (Max. Power)	
Wode	(MHz)	Designator	dBm	W	dBm	W
WCDMA850	826.4 ~ 846.6	4M17F9W	19.27	0.085	-	-
HSUPA850	826.4 ~ 846.6	4M17F9W	18.68	0.074	-	-
WCDMA1900	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6	4M18F9W	-	-	25.25	0.335
HSUPA1900	1 852.4 ~ 1 907.6	4M16F9W	-	-	24.69	0.294

FCC ID: SS4SP500



2. INTRODUCTION

2.1 EUT DESCRIPTION

This EUT contains the following capabilities: WCDMA/HSUPA 850/1900, Multi-band LTE, 802.11b/g/n WLAN(2.4GHz) 802.11a/n WLAN(5GHz), Bluetooth(BDR, EDR, LE), NFC.

2.2 TESTING ENVIRONMENT

Ambient Condition		
Temperature	+22 °C ~ +25 °C	
Relative Humidity	41 % ~ 46 %	

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

2.3 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

2.4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014. All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Radiated Disturbance (Below 1 GHz)	4.9 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated Disturbance (Above 18 GHz)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)

2.5 TEST FACILITY

DT&C Co., Ltd.

The 3 m test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 17042.

The test site complies with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4-2014.

- FCC & IC MRA Designation No.: KR0034

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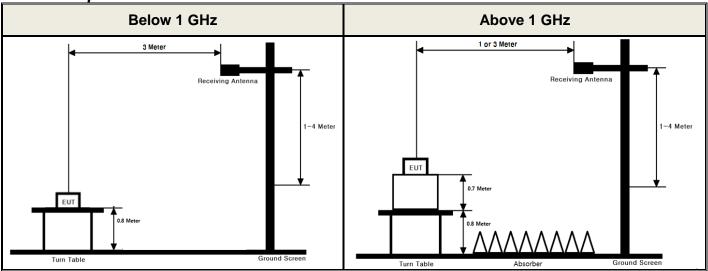


3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.1 ERP & EIRP (Effective Radiated Power & Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power)

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

Test Set-up



These measurements were performed at 3 m test site. The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 or 1.5 meters above a turntable which is flush with the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. For measurements above 1 GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.

Test Procedure

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 Section 2.2.17
- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.2.2
- ANSI 63.26-2015 Section 5.2.4.4.1

Test setting

- 1. Set span to 2 x to 3 x the OBW.
- 2. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW.
- 3. Set VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- 4. Set number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW.
- 5. Sweep time:
 - 1) Set = auto-couple, or
 - 2) Set \geq [10 \times (number of points in sweep) \times (transmission period)] for single sweep (automation-compatible) measurement. Transmission period is the on and off time of the transmitter.
- 6. Detector = power averaging (rms).
- 7. If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
- 8. If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously, then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each sweep. Verify that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration. Time gating can also be used under similar constraints (i.e., configured such that measurement data is collected only during active full-power transmissions).
- 9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246 FCC ID: SS4SP500

10. Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.

The receiver antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer.

A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. The conducted power at the terminal of the substitute antenna is measured.

The ERP / EIRP is calculated using the following formula:

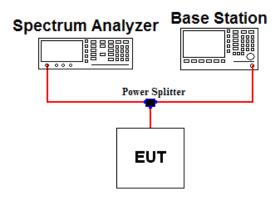
ERP / EIRP = The conducted power at the substitute antenna's terminal [dBm] + Substitute Antenna gain [dBd for ERP, dBi for EIRP]

For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn antenna and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.



3.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

Test set-up



Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.7.2
- ANSI C63,26-2015 Section 5.2.3.4

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT.

The spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The present of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

Test setting

The spectrum Analyzer's CCDF measurement function is enabled.

- 1. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ OBW or specified reference bandwidth.
- 2. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve.
- 3. Set the measurement interval as follows:
 - 1) For continuous transmissions, set to the greater of $[10 \times (number of points in sweep) \times (transmission symbol period)]$ or 1 ms.
 - 2) For burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize. Set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
 - 3) If there are several carriers in a single antenna port, the peak power shall be determined for each individual carrier (by disabling the other carriers while measuring the required carrier) and the total peak power calculated from the sum of the individual carrier peak powers.
- 4. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
- 5. The peak power level is calculated form the sum of the PAPR value from step d) to the measured average power.

Alternate Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.7.3
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.6

Use one of the measurement procedures of the peak power and record as P_{Pk}.

Use one of the measurement procedures of the average power and record as P_{Avq}.

Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

PAPR (dB) = P_{Pk} (dBm or dBW) - P_{Avg} (dBm or dBW).

Where,

PAPR peak-to-average power ratio, in dB

PPk measured peak power or peak PSD level, in dBm or dBW

PAvg measured average power or average PSD level, in dBm or dBW

- Peak Power Measurement

- 1. Set the RBW ≥ OBW
- 2. Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
- 3. Set span ≥ 2 x RBW
- 4. Sweep time \geq 10 x (number of points in sweep) x (transmission symbol period).
- 5. Detector = peak
- 6. Trace mode = max hold
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

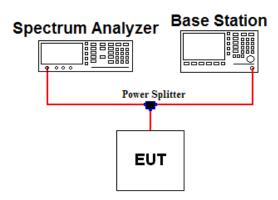
- Average Power Measurement

- 1. Set span to 2 x to 3 x the OBW.
- 2. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW.
- 3. Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
- 4. Set number of measurement points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$..
- 5. Sweep time = 1) auto-couple, or
 - 2) set ≥ [10 x (number of points in sweep) x (transmission period)] for single sweep (automation-compatible (measurement. Transmission period is the on and off time of the transmitter.
- 6. Detector = power averaging (RMS).
- 7. If the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously, then set the trigger to free run.
- 8. If the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously, then use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable Triggering only on full power bursts and configure the EUT to transmit at full power for the entire duration of each Sweep. Verify that the sweep time is less than or equal to the transmission burst duration. Time gating can also be used under similar constraints (i.e., configured such that measurement data is collected only during active full-Power transmissions)
- 9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over multiple symbols, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.
- 10. Compute the power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band or channel power measurement function, with the band/channel limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band or channel power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in linear power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.



3.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)

Test set-up



Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

Offset value information

Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
826.4	7.95	1 852.4	8.99
836.6	8.00	1 880.0	8.99
846.6	8.18	1 907.6	9.04

Note. 1: The offset values from EUT to Spectrum analyzer were measured and used for test.

Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 4.3
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.4.4

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power of a given emission.

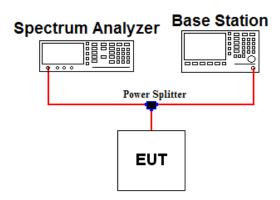
Test setting

- The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99 % occupied bandwidth and the 26 dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
- 2. RBW = 1 % ~ 5 % of the expected OBW & VBW ≥ 3 X RBW
- 3. Detector = Peak
- 4. Trance mode = Max hold
- 5. Sweep = Auto couple
- 6. The trace was allowed to stabilize
- 7. If necessary, step 2 ~ 6 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1 % ~ 5 % of the 99 % occupied bandwidth observed in step 6.



3.4 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

Test set-up



Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

Offset value information

Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Offset Value (dB)
10 000	12.08	20 000	17.89
-	-	-	-

Note. 1: The offset value from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test.

Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 6
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its low, middle, high channel with all bandwidths. The spectrum is scanned from 9 kHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

The power of any spurious emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB, where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

Test setting

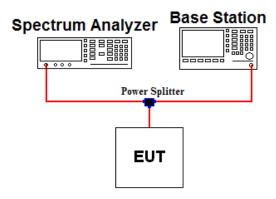
- 1. RBW = 100 kHz(Below 1 GHz) or 1 MHz(Above 1 GHz) & VBW ≥ 3 X RBW (Refer to Note 1)
- 2. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
- 3. Sweep time = Auto couple
- 4. Number of sweep point ≥ 2 X span / RBW
- 5. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Note 1: Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater for Part 22 and 1 MHz or greater for Part 24, 27



3.5 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

Test set-up



Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

Offset value information

- 1				
	Frequency	Offset Value	Frequency	Offset Value
	Range(MHz)	(dB)	Range(MHz)	(dB)
	819 – 823	7.96	1 845 – 1 849	9.00
	819 – 829	7.96	1 845 – 1 855	8.99
	850 - 854	8.21	1 905 – 1 915	9.04
	844 - 854	8.21	1 911 – 1 915	9.04

Note. 1: The offset value from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test.

Test Procedure

- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 6
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.7

All out of band emissions are measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its lowest and highest channel with all modulations.

The power of any spurious emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB, where P is the transmitter power in Watts.

Test setting

- 1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
- 2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
- 3. RBW ≥ 1 % of the emission
- 4. VBW ≥ 3 X RBW
- 5. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
- 6. Sweep time = Auto couple or 1 s for band edge
- 7. Number of sweep point ≥ 2 X span / RBW
- 8. The trace was allowed to stabilize

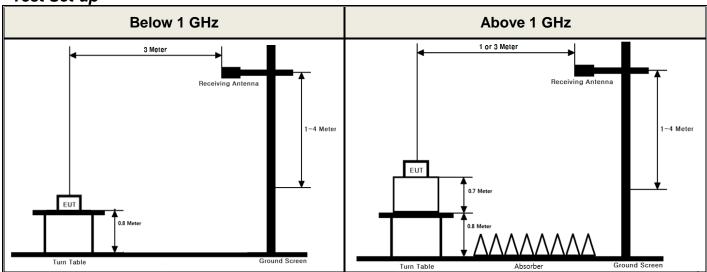
Note 1: In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of **at least one percent** of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed to demonstrate compliance with the out-of-band emissions limit.

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.



3.6 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Set-up



Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

These measurements were performed at 3 m test site. The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table 0.8 or 1.5 meters above a turntable which is flush with the ground plane and 3 meters from the receive antenna. For measurements above 1 GHz absorbers are placed on the floor between the turn table and the antenna mast in such a way so as to maximize the reduction of reflections. For measurements below 1 GHz, the absorbers are removed.

Test Procedure

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 Section 2.2.12
- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 5.8
- ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.5

Test setting

- 1. RBW = 100 kHz for below 1 GHz and 1 MHz for above 1 GHz / VBW ≥ 3 X RBW
- 2. Detector = RMS & Trace mode = Max hold
- 3. Sweep time = Auto couple
- 4. Number of sweep point ≥ 2 X span / RBW
- 5. The trace was allowed to stabilize

The receive antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For radiated spurious emission measurements below 1 GHz, a half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same spectrum analyzer reading.

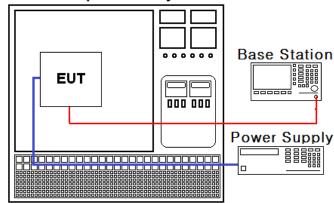
For radiated spurious emission measurements above 1 GHz, a Horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT. This Horn antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same spectrum analyzer reading. The difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.



Test Set-up

Constant Temp & Humidity Chamber

3.7 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Test Procedure

- ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016
- KDB971168 D01v03 Section 9

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

a.) **Temperature:**

The temperature is varied from -30 °C to +50 °C in 10 °C increments using an environmental chamber.

b.) Primary Supply Voltage:

The primary supply voltage is varied from 85 % to 115 % of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Specification:

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block for Part 24, 27. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ±0.000 25 % (±2.5 ppm) of the center frequency for Part 22.

Time Period and Procedure:

- The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature.
 (20 °C to provide a reference)
- 2. The equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
- Frequency measurements are made at 10 °C intervals ranging from -30 °C to +50 °C.
 A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.



4. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal. Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	19/06/26 20/06/24	20/06/26 21/06/24	MY50410163
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	19/12/16	20/12/26	MY48010133
DC power supply	Agilent Technologies	66332A	19/06/25 20/06/24	20/06/25 21/06/24	MY43001172
Multimeter	FLUKE	17B+	19/12/16	20/12/16	36390701WS
Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	19/12/16	20/12/16	016681
Temp & Humi	SJ Science	SJ-TH-S50	19/06/25 20/06/23	20/06/25 21/06/23	U5542113
Radio Communication Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	E5515E	19/06/28 20/06/24	20/06/28 21/06/24	MY52113012
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	19/12/18	20/12/18	120612-2
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	19/12/18	20/12/18	120612-1
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	19/12/16	20/12/16	255571
Signal Generator	ANRITSU	MG3695C	19/12/16	20/12/16	173501
Loop Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	6502	19/09/18	21/09/18	00226186
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160	19/04/23	21/04/23	9160-3362
Dipole Antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	FCC-4	19/03/26	21/03/26	710A
Dipole Antenna	Schwarzbeck	UHA9105	20/04/10	22/04/10	2262
HORN ANT	ETS	3117	20/04/24	22/04/24	00140394
HORN ANT	ETS	3117	20/03/26	22/03/26	00152145
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	19/04/23	21/04/23	154
HORN ANT	A.H.Systems	SAS-574	19/07/03	21/07/03	155
Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	19/06/24 20/06/24	20/06/24 21/06/24	1020
PreAmplifier	H.P	8447D	19/12/16	20/12/16	2944A07774
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	19/06/27 20/06/24	20/06/27 21/06/24	3008A02108
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-935- 1000-15000-40SS	19/06/24 20/06/24	20/06/24 21/06/24	7
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHKX12-2580- 3000-18000-80SS	19/06/24 20/06/24	20/06/24 21/06/24	3
High-pass filter	Wainwright	WHNX8.5/26.5G- 6SS	19/06/24 20/06/24	20/06/24 21/06/24	1
Cable	DTNC	Cable	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-01
Cable	DTNC	Cable	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-04
Cable	Junkosha	MWX315	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-05
Cable	Junkosha	MWX221	20/01/13	21/01/13	M-06
Cable	Radiall	Cable	20/01/16	21/01/16	RF-84

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

Note1: The measurement antennas were calibrated in accordance to the requirements of ANSI C63.5-2017.

Note2: The cable is not a regular calibration item, so it has been calibrated by DT & C itself.



5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Part Section(s)	Parameter	Status Note 1
2.1046	Conducted Output Power	C ^{Note2}
22.913(a) 24.232(c)	Effective Radiated Power Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	С
2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	С
2.1051 22.917(a) 24.238(a)	Band Edge Emissions at Antenna Terminal Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	С
24.232(d)	Peak to Average Ratio	С
2.1053 22.917(a) 24.238(a)	Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions	
2.1055 22.355 24.235	Frequency Stability	С

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

Note 1: C=Comply NC=Not Comply NT=Not Tested NA=Not Applicable

Note 2: Refer to RF exposure report.

6. EMISSION DESIGNATOR AND SAMPLE CALCULATION

A. Emission Designator

WCDMA850 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = **4M17F9W**WCDMA OBW = 4.167 0 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Information

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA1900 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 4M18F9W

WCDMA OBW = 4.175 9 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Information

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

HSUPA850 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 4M17F9W

HSUPA OBW = 4.169 2 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Information

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

HSUPA1900 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 4M16F9W

HSUPA OBW = 4.161 8 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Information

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246 FCC ID: SS4SP500

B. For substitution method

- 1) The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter height for frequency below 1 GHz and 1.5 meter height for frequency above 1 GHz respectively above ground.
- 2) The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna mounted on the antenna tower.
- 3) During the test, the turn table is rotated until the maximum signal is found.
- 4) Record the field strength meter's level. (ex. Spectrum reading level is -8.5 dBm)
- 5) Replace the EUT with dipole/Horn antenna that is connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- 6) Increase the signal generator output till the field strength meter's level is equal to the item (4). (ex. Signal generator level is -18.04 dBm)
- 7) The gain of the cable and amplifier between the signal generator and terminals of substituted antenna is 46.92 dB at test frequency.
- 8) Record the level at substituted antenna terminal. (ex. 28.88 dBm)
- 9) The result is calculated as below;

<u>EIRP(dBm) = LEVLE@ANTENNA TERMINAL + TX Antenna Gain (dBi)</u> <u>ERP(dBm) = LEVLE@ANTENNA TERMINAL + TX Antenna Gain (dBd)</u>

Where, TX Antenna Gain (dBd) = TX Antenna Gain (dBi) -2.15 dB



7. TEST DATA

7.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

- Plots of the EUT's Peak- to- Average Ratio are shown in Clause 8.1

7.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)

Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Test Result (kHz)
	4 132	826.4	4 167.00
WCDMA850	4 183	836.6	4 163.20
	4 233	846.6	4 160.90
	4 132	826.4	4 169.20
HSUPA850	4 183	836.6	4 164.90
	4 233	846.6	4 135.40
	9 262	1 850.2	4 155.90
WCDMA1900	9 400	1 880.0	4 175.90
	9 538	1 909.8	4 135.10
	9 262	1 850.2	4 149.30
HSUPA1900	9 400	1 880.0	4 161.80
	9 538	1 909.8	4 156.70

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

7.3 SPURIOUS MISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

- Plots of the EUT's Conducted Spurious Emissions are shown in Clause 8.3

7.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

- Plots of the EUT's Band Edge are shown in Clause 8.4

Report No.: **DRTFCC2008-0246** FCC ID: **SS4SP500**

7.5 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER

- Test Notes

This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported in WCDMA mode with HSDPA inactive at 12.2 kbps RMC and TPC bits set to "1"

This EUT was tested with the fully charged battery. Also, we have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.

The worst case data is reported.

- WCDMA850 data

Mode	СН	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	ERP (W)	Note.
WCDMA850	4 132	826.4	Н	19.92	-0.65	19.27	0.085	-
WCDMA850	4 183	836.6	Н	19.91	-0.74	19.17	0.083	-
WCDMA850	4 233	846.6	Н	19.40	-0.83	18.57	0.072	-
HSUPA850	4 132	826.4	Н	19.33	-0.65	18.68	0.074	-

7.6 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER

- WCDMA1900 data

Mode	СН	Frequency (MHz)	Ant. Pol. (H/V)	LEVEL@ TX ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Note.
WCDMA1900	9 262	1 852.4	V	17.38	4.88	22.26	0.168	-
WCDMA1900	9 400	1 880.0	V	18.40	4.60	23.00	0.200	-
WCDMA1900	9 538	1 907.6	V	20.82	4.43	25.25	0.335	-
HSUPA1900	9 538	1 907.6	V	20.26	4.43	24.69	0.294	•

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

7.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

- Test Notes

1. This EUT was tested under all configurations and the highest power is reported in WCDMA mode with HSDPA inactive at 12.2 kbps RMC and TPC bits set to "1"

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

- This EUT was tested with the fully charged battery. Also, we have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization of detecting antenna.
- The worst case data is reported.
- 2. Limit Calculation = 43 + 10 log₁₀(P[Watts])
- 3. The frequency spectrum is examined from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency of the transmitter. No other spurious and harmonic emissions were reported greater than listed emissions above table.

- WCDMA850 data

Channel (ERP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBd)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
		1 654.01	V	-56.00	4.06	-51.94	-13.00	38.94
4 132 (0.085 W)	826.4	2 476.02	٧	-52.02	3.61	-48.41	-13.00	35.41
(0.000 11)		3 301.00	V	-54.78	5.25	-49.53	-13.00	36.53
		1 674.68	V	-55.05	3.61	-51.44	-13.00	38.44
4 183 (0.083 W)	836.6	2 505.77	V	-52.30	3.77	-48.53	-13.00	35.53
(0.000 11)		3 351.68	V	-54.39	5.45	-48.94	-13.00	35.94
		1 694.52	V	-56.49	3.17	-53.32	-13.00	40.32
4 233 (0.072 W)	846.6	2 536.55	V	-52.69	3.90	-48.79	-13.00	35.79
(0.0.2 11)		3 394.53	V	-53.95	5.54	-48.41	-13.00	35.41

- HSUPA850 data

Channel (ERP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBd)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4 132 (0.074 W)	826.4	1 653.09	V	-56.73	4.08	-52.65	-13.00	39.65
		2 476.92	V	-52.14	3.61	-48.53	-13.00	35.53
		3 306.32	V	-54.18	5.28	-48.90	-13.00	35.90

- WCDMA1900 data

Channel (EIRP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
		3 706.72	V	-46.00	8.31	-37.69	-13.00	24.69
9 262 (0.168 W)	1 852.4	5 560.16	Н	-39.57	10.56	-29.01	-13.00	16.01
(61.66.11)		7 401.58	Н	-49.74	12.00	-37.74	-13.00	24.74
	1 880.0	3 757.51	V	-46.16	8.42	-37.74	-13.00	24.74
9 400 (0.200 W)		5 637.00	Н	-39.66	10.73	-28.93	-13.00	15.93
(0.2001)		7 514.50	Н	-49.42	12.13	-37.29	-13.00	24.29
	1 907.6	3 812.72	V	-47.41	8.50	-38.91	-13.00	25.91
9 538 (0.335 W)		5 722.51	Н	-39.73	10.60	-29.13	-13.00	16.13
(5.555 11)		7 627.50	Н	-49.31	12.20	-37.11	-13.00	24.11

- HSUPA1900 data

Channel (EIRP)	Tx Freq. (MHz)	Freq. (MHz)	POL (H/V)	LEVEL@ ANTENNA TERMINAL (dBm)	Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)	Correct Generator Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
9 538 (0.294 W)	1 907.6	3 816.49	V	-47.49	8.50	-38.99	-13.00	25.99
		5 722.86	Н	-39.42	10.60	-28.82	-13.00	15.82
		7 632.47	Н	-48.23	12.20	-36.03	-13.00	23.03



7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

- Test Notes.

Based on the results of the frequency stability test at the center channel the frequency deviation results measured are very small. As such it is determined that the channels at the band edge would remain in-band when the maximum measured frequency deviation noted during the frequency stability tests is applied. Therefore the device is determined to remain operating in band over the temperature and voltage range as tested.

Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

7.8.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA850)

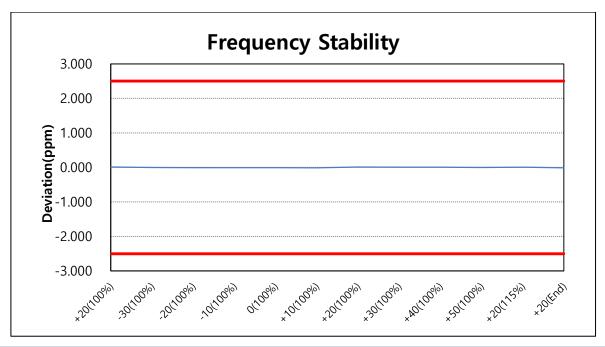
OPERATING FREQUENCY : 836,600,000 Hz

CHANNEL : <u>4 183(Mid)</u>

REFERENCE VOLTAGE : 7.26 V DC

DEVIATION LIMIT : $\pm 0.000 25 \%$ or 2.5 ppm

VOLTAGE	POWER	TEMP	FREQ	Deviation		
(%)	(V DC)	(℃)	(Hz)	(ppm)	(%)	
100 %		+20(Ref)	836,600,005	+0.006	+0.000 000 60	
100 %		-30	836,599,997	-0.004	-0.000 000 36	
100 %		-20	836,600,011	+0.013	+0.000 001 31	
100 %	7.00	-10	836,599,998	-0.002	-0.000 000 24	
100 %		0	836,600,009	+0.011	+0.000 001 08	
100 %	7.26	+10	836,600,005	+0.006	+0.000 000 60	
100 %		+20	836,600,005	+0.006	+0.000 000 60	
100 %		+30	836,599,997	-0.004	-0.000 000 36	
100 %		+40	836,600,005	+0.006	+0.000 000 60	
100 %		+50	836,599,999	-0.001	-0.000 000 12	
115 %	8.35	+20	836,600,006	+0.007	+0.000 000 72	
BATT.ENDPOINT	6.60	+20	836,600,011	+0.013	+0.000 001 31	





7.8.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (WCDMA1900)

OPERATING FREQUENCY : <u>1,880,000,000</u> Hz

CHANNEL : <u>9 400(Mid)</u> REFERENCE VOLTAGE : <u>7.26 V DC</u>

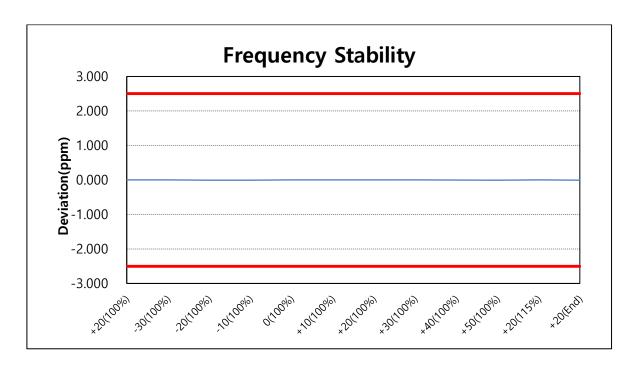
LIMIT : The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the

fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency

block.

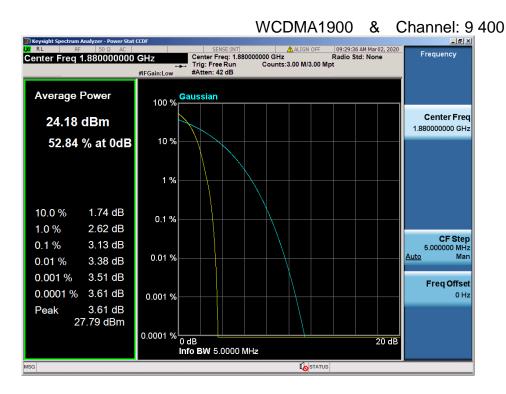
Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246

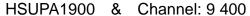
VOLTAGE	POWER	TEMP	FREQ	Deviation		
(%)	(V DC)	(℃)	(Hz)	(ppm)	(%)	
100 %		+20(Ref)	1,880,000,002	+0.001	+0.000 000 11	
100 %		-30	1,879,999,993	-0.004	-0.000 000 37	
100 %		-20	1,879,999,989	-0.006	-0.000 000 59	
100 %	7.00	-10	1,880,000,006	+0.003	+0.000 000 32	
100 %		0	1,880,000,009	+0.005	+0.000 000 48	
100 %	7.26	+10	1,879,999,999	-0.001	-0.000 000 05	
100 %		+20	1,880,000,002	+0.001	+0.000 000 11	
100 %		+30	1,879,999,995	-0.003	-0.000 000 27	
100 %		+40	1,880,000,006	+0.003	+0.000 000 32	
100 %		+50	1,880,000,010	+0.005	+0.000 000 53	
115 %	8.35	+20	1,880,000,012	+0.006	+0.000 000 64	
BATT.ENDPOINT	6.60	+20	1,879,999,989	-0.006	-0.000 000 59	



8. TEST PLOTS

8.1 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

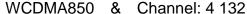






Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246 FCC ID: SS4SP500

8.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99 % Bandwidth)

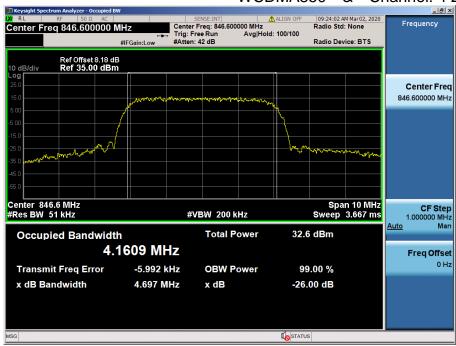




WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 183



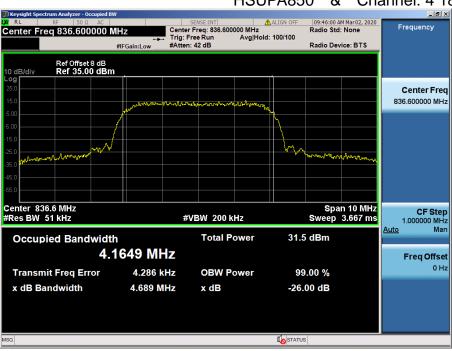
WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 233



HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 132



HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 183



HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 233

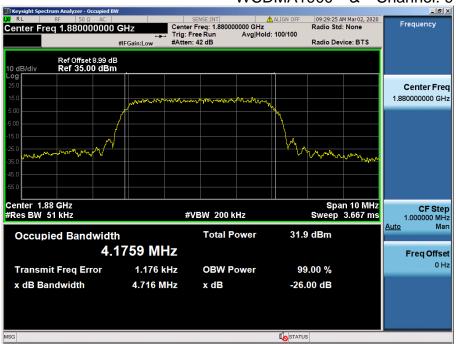


Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246 FCC

WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 262



WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 400



WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 538



HSUPA1900 & Channel: 9 262



HSUPA1900 & Channel: 9 400

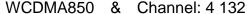


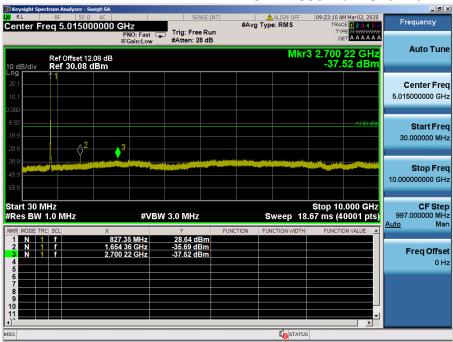
TDt&C

HSUPA1900 & Channel: 9 538

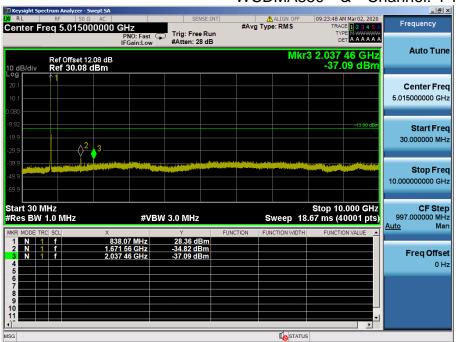


8.3 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL

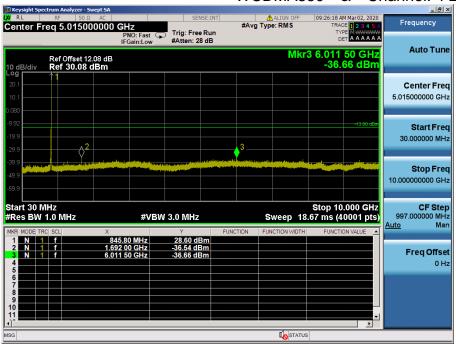




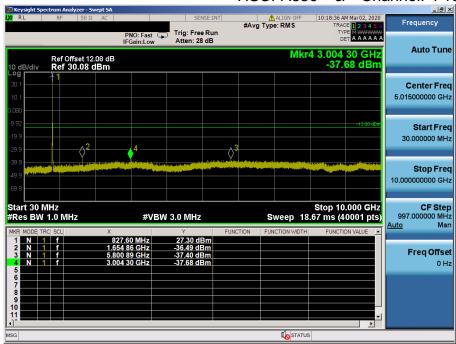
WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 183

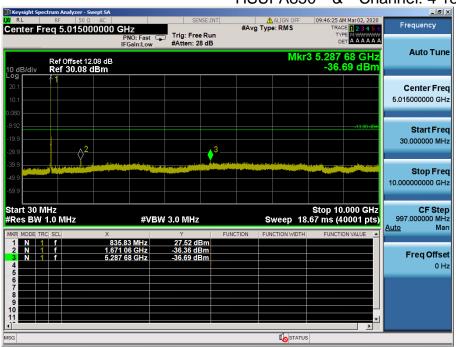


WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 233

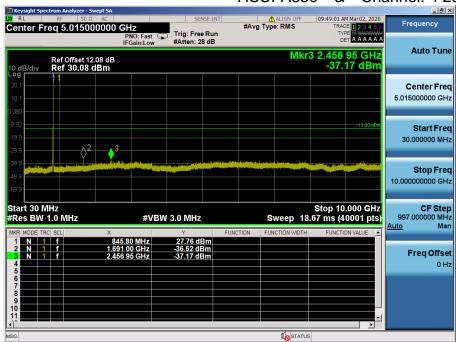


HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 132



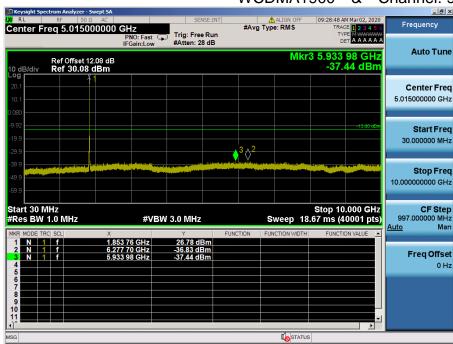


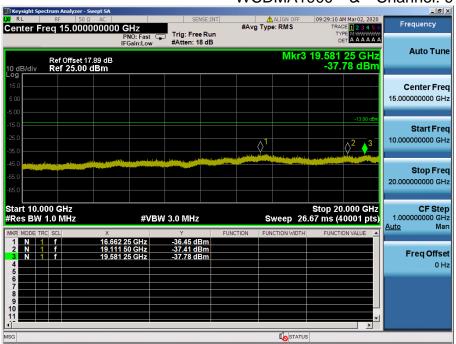






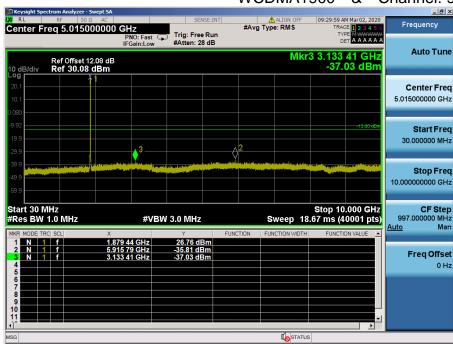
WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 262

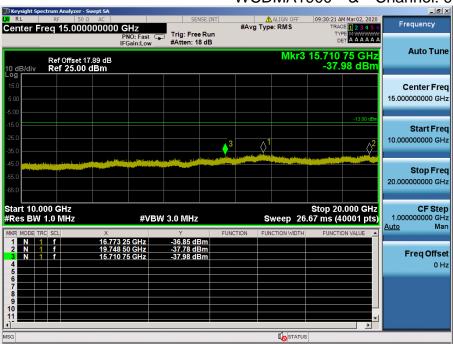






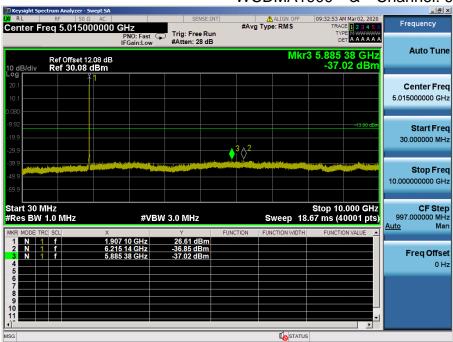
WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 400

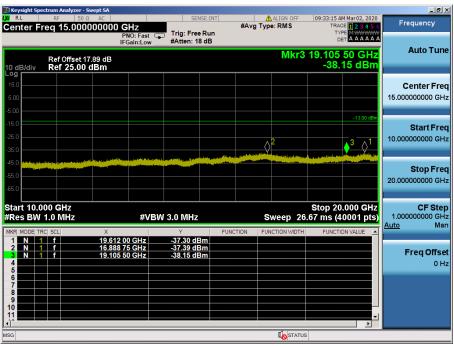






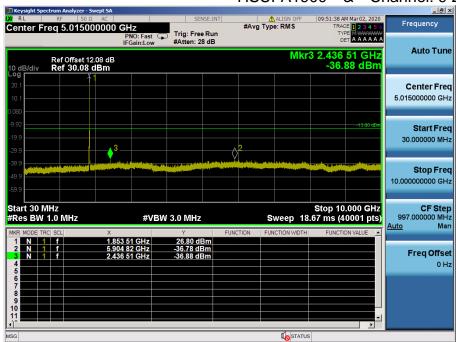
WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 538

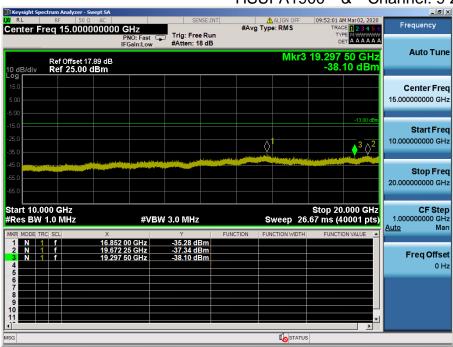






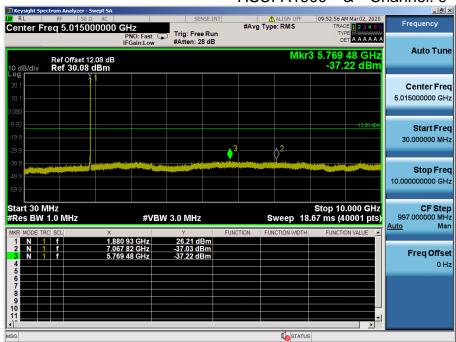
HSUPA1900 & Channel: 9 262

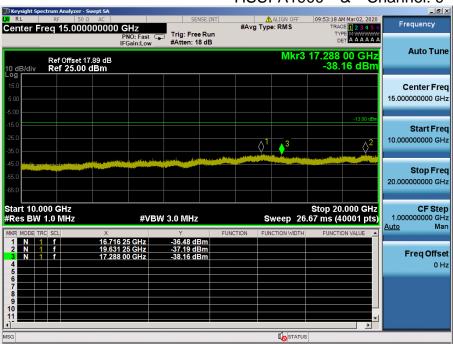






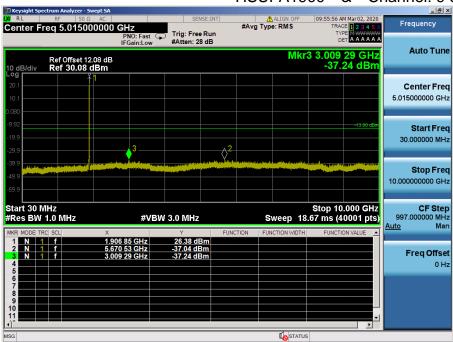
HSUPA1900 & Channel: 9 400

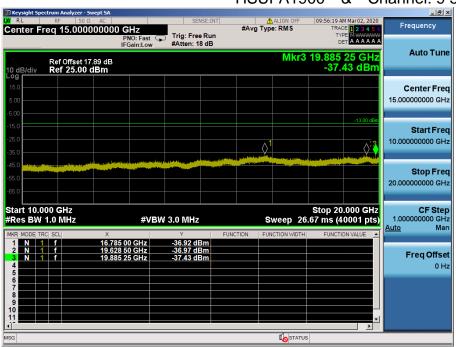






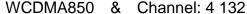
HSUPA1900 & Channel: 9 538





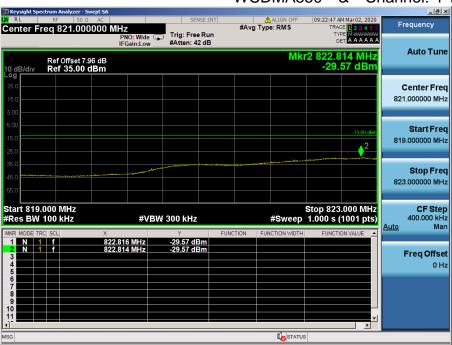
Report No.: DRTFCC2008-0246 FCC ID: SS4SP500

8.4 BAND EDGE EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL





WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 132





WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 233

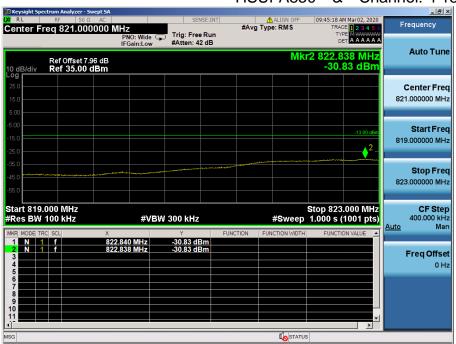


WCDMA850 & Channel: 4 233



HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 132





TDt&C

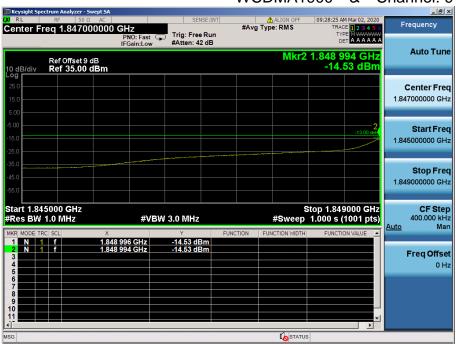
HSUPA850 & Channel: 4 233





WCDMA1900 & Channel: 9 262





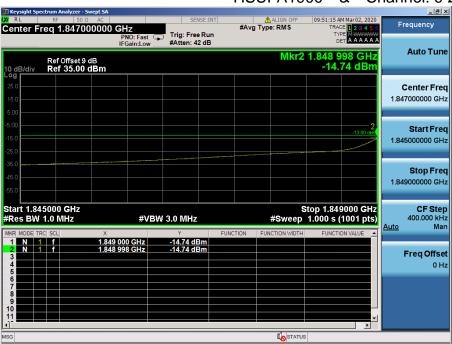
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