



*Full*

# TEST REPORT

**No. ECIT-2013-0072-RF**

*For*

**Client : ZTE Corporation**

**Production : GSM Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone**

**FCC ID : SRQ-ZTES521**

**Model Name : ZTE S521**

**Hardware Version: WC1M11B1-2**

**Software Version: ZTE\_S521\_01**

**Issued date: 2013-06-07**

**Note:**

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of ECIT Shanghai.

**Test Laboratory:**

ECIT Shanghai, East China Institute of Telecommunications

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## 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Testing Location

Company Name: ECIT Shanghai, East China Institute of Telecommunications  
Address: 7F, G Area, No. 668, Beijing East Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai,  
P. R. China  
Postal Code: 200001  
Telephone: 00862163843300  
Fax: 00862163843301  
FCC Registration NO.: SRQ-ZTES521

### 1.2. Testing Environment

Normal Temperature: 15-35°C  
Extreme Temperature: -10/+55°C  
Relative Humidity: 20-75%

### 1.3. Project data

Project Leader: Liu jianquan  
Testing Start Date: 05,28,2013  
Testing End Date: 06,07,2013

### 1.4. Signature

Wang Daming  
(Testing Engineer)

Yu Naiping  
(Reviewed this test report)

ZhengZhongbin  
Director of the laboratory  
(Approved this test report)



## **2. Client Information**

### **2.1. Applicant Information**

Company Name: ZTE Corporation  
Address /Post: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park,  
Nanshan District,Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China  
Country: China

### **2.2. Manufacturer Information**

Company Name: ZTE Corporation  
Address /Post: ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park,  
Nanshan District,Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China  
Country: China



### 3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

#### 3.1. About EUT

EUT Description	GSM Dual-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Model name	ZTE S521
FCC ID	SRQ-ZTES521
Frequency	GSM850/1900;
Extreme Temperature	-10/+55°C
Nominal Voltage	3.7V
Extreme High Voltage	4.2V
Extreme Low Voltage	3.5V

#### 3.2. Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version	Date of receipt
NO.1	004401782609263	WC1M11B1-2	ZTE_S521_01	2013-05-28

\*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

#### 3.3. Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	SN
AE1	RF cable	---
AE2	Dummy Battery	---

\*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

#### 3.4. Statements

The product name ZTE S521 include two independent names, supporting GSM850/1900, manufactured by ZTE Corporation is a new product for testing.

ECIT has verified that the compliance of the tested device specified in section 5 of this test report is successfully evaluated according to the procedure and test methods as defined in type certification requirement listed in section 5 of this test report.



## 4. Reference Documents

### 4.1. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
FCC Part 24	PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	V 10.1.09
FCC Part 22	PUBLIC MOBILE SERVICES	V 10.1.09
ANSI-TIA-603-C	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards	2004
ANSI C63.4	Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	2003
KDB971168	Procedures for Compliance Measurement of the Fundamental Emission Power of Licensed Wideband (> 1 MHz) Digital Transmission Systems	2010



## 5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Item	Test items	FCC rules	result
1	Output Power	22.913(a)/24.232(c)	Pass
2	Emission Limit	2.1051/22.917/24.238	Pass
3	Conducted Emission	15.107/15.207	Pass
4	99%Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049(h)(i)	Pass
5	-26dB Emission Bandwidth	22.917(b)/§24.238(b)	Pass
6	Band Edge at antenna terminals	22.917(b)/24.238(b)	Pass
7	Frequency stability	2.1055/24.235	Pass
8	Conducted Spurious mission	2.1057/22.917/24.238	Pass

## 6. Test Equipments Utilized

### Climate chamber

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Due date
1	Climate chamber	SH-641	92012011	ESPEC	2013-08-13

### Radiated emission test system

The test equipments and ancillaries used are as follows.

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Due date
1	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	123102	R&S	2013-09-10
2	TestReceiver	ESU40	100307	R&S	2013-11-07
3	Trilog Antenna	VULB9163	19-162515	Schwarzbeck	2014-11-11
4	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	ETS-3117	00135885	ETS	2014-04-29
5	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	ETS-3117	00135890	ETS	2014-04-28
6	Test receiver	ESCI	101235	R&S	2013-11-07
7	2-Line V-Network	ENV216	101380	R&S	2013-11-07



8	Biconical VHF-UHF broad band antenna	SWB-VUBA9 117	9117-266	SCHWARZBECK	2013/11/11
9	Horn antenna(18.0 -26.5GHz)	3160_09	LM6321	ETS-LINDGR EN	2013/11/22
10	Signal conditioning unit(0.1-18G Hz)	SCU18	10155	R/S	2013/11/03
11	Signal conditioning unit(0.1-18G Hz)	SCU18	10146	R/S	2013/11/03
12	Horn antenna(18.0 -26.5GHz)	3160_09	00086671	ETS-LINDGR EN	2013/06/15
13	Amplifier	AFS4-001026 50-42-8P-4	1405286	MITEQ	2013/06/09
14	Amplifier	SCV26	10025	R&S	2013/11/09

**Conducted test system**

No.	Name	Type	SN	Manufacture	Cal. Due Date
1	Spectrum Analyzer	FSQ26	101096	R&S	2013-10-17
2	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	123102	R&S	2013-09-10
3	DC Power Supply	ZUP60-14	LOC-220Z006 -0007	TDL-Lambda	2013-11-30



4	Weinschel power splitter	1870A	10264	Weinschel	2013-12-15
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## 7. Test Environment

**Shielding Room1** (6.0 metersx3.0 metersx2.7 meters) did not exceed following limits along the conducted RF performance testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Uniformity of field strength	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 80MHz to 3000 MHz

**Control room** did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. =30 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 10 kΩ
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω

**Fully-anechoic chamber1** (6.8 metersx3.08 metersx3.53 meters) did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 10 kΩ
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Uniformity of field strength	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 80MHz to 3000 MHz

**Fully-anechoic chamber2** (Tapered Section: 8.75 metersx3.66 metersx3.66 meters, Rectangular Section: 7.32 metersx3.97 metersx3.66 meters) did not exceed following limits along the EMC testing:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
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Relative humidity	Min. = 35 %, Max. = 60 %
Shielding effectiveness	> 110 dB
Electrical insulation	> 10 k $\Omega$
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 $\Omega$
Uniformity of field strength	Between 0 and 6 dB, from 30MHz to 40000MHz

## ANNEX A: MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### A.1 OUTPUT POWER (§22.913(a)/§24.232(c))

#### A.1.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio. Communication tester (CMU-200) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains peak output power and EIRP measurements for the EUT. In all cases, output power is within the specified limits.

**Note: we had test all function of EUT, and only the worst case was shown in this report.**

#### A.1.2 Conducted

##### A.1.2.1 Method of Measurements

The EUT was set up for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation.

The power was measured with Rhode & Schwarz Spectrum Analyzer FSQ(peak).

These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 1850.2 MHz, 1880.0MHz and 1909.8MHz for PCS1900 band; 824.4MHz, 836.6MHz and 848.8MHz for GSM850 band. (bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range).

These measurements were done at 3 frequencies, 1852.4 MHz, 1880.0MHz and 1907.6MHz for WCDMA Band II; 826.4MHz, 836.6MHz and 846.6MHz for WCDMA Band V. (bottom, middle and top of operational frequency range).

##### Limit:

GSM850	Power step	Nominal Peak output power (dBm)
GSM	5	33

GSM1900	Power step	Nominal Peak output power (dBm)
GSM	0	30



**WCDMA Limit:**

22.913(a) Mobile stations are limited to 7watts.

24.232(c) Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts.

**Test Procedure:**

The transmitter output power was connected to calibrated attenuator, the other end of which was connected to signal analyzer. Transmitter output power was read off the power in dBm. The power outputs at the transmitter antenna port was determined by adding the value of attenuator to the signal analyzer reading.

**GSM Test Condition:**

RBW	VBW	Sweep time	Span
1MHz	1MHz	300ms	10MHz

**WCDMA Test Condition:**

RBW	VBW	Sweep time	Span
10MHz	10MHz	800ms	50MHz

**Measurement results:**

GSM 850 (GMSK)		
Channel/fc(MHz)	Peak power (dBm)	AV power (dBm)
Mid 189/836.4	31.39	31.31
Low 128/824.2	31.22	31.14
High 251/848.8	31.40	31.33

GSM 1900(GMSK)		
Channel/fc(MHz)	Peak power (dBm)	AV power (dBm)
Mid 661/1880	28.02	27.74
Low 512/1850.2	27.93	27.62
High 810/1909.8	27.84	27.54

**Conclusion: PASS**

**A.299%Occupied Bandwidth (§2.1049(h)(i))**

**A.2.1 Occupied Bandwidth Results**

Similar to conducted emissions; occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA BANDII and WCDMA BANDV.

**Test Procedure:**

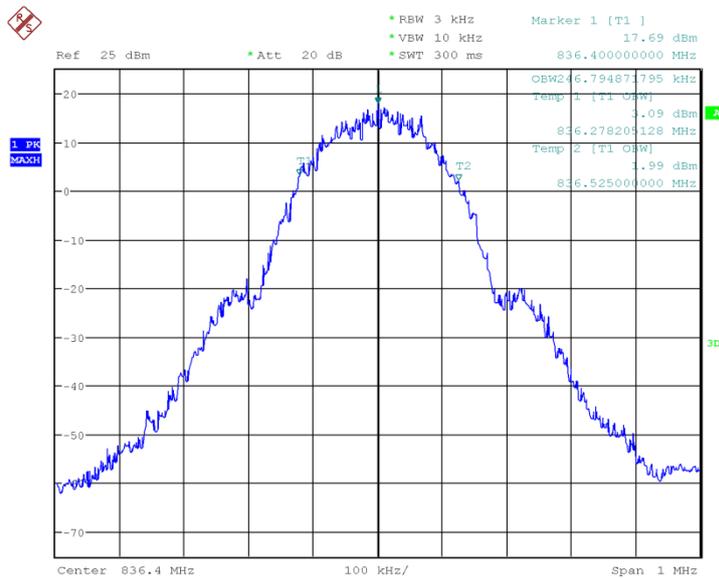
The EUT output RF connector was connected with a short cable to the signal analyzer, RBW was set to about 1% of emission BW, VBW >= 3 times RBW, 99% bandwidth were measured, the occupied bandwidth is delta frequency between the two points where the display line intersects the signal trace.

Test result:

GSM850		
Test channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth(KHz)
Mid 189	836.4	246.795
Low 128	824.2	246.795
High 251	848.8	246.795

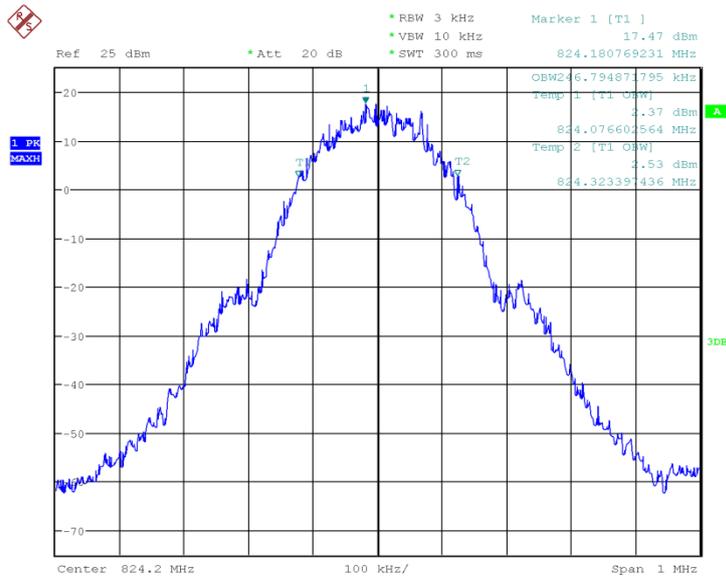
**Conclusion: PASS**

**GSM 850**



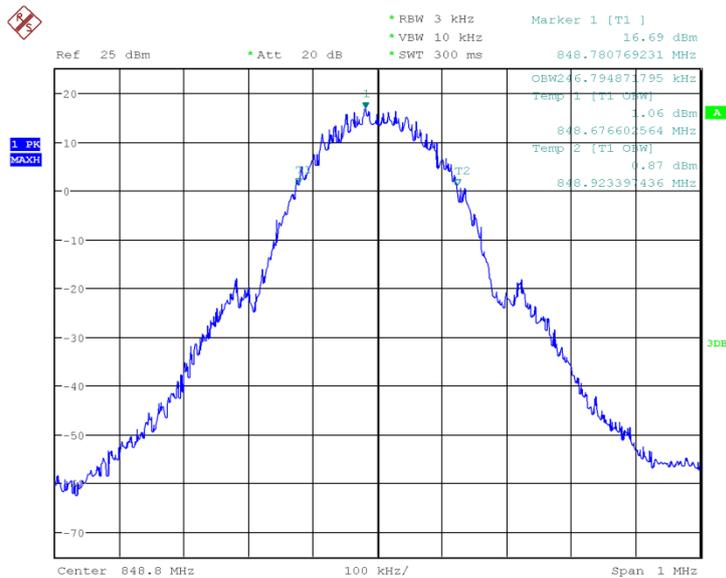
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:25:03

**Channel 189-Occupied Bandwidth (99%)**



Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:25:58

**Channel 128-Occupied Bandwidth (99%)**



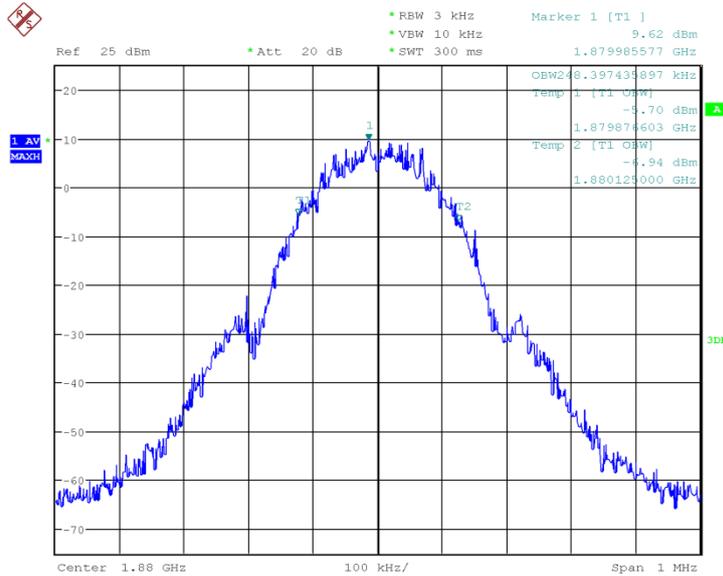
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:26:46

**Channel 251-Occupied Bandwidth (99%)**

GSM 1900		
Test channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth(KHz)
Mid 661	1880	248.397
Low 512	1850.2	248.397
High 810	1909.8	243.590

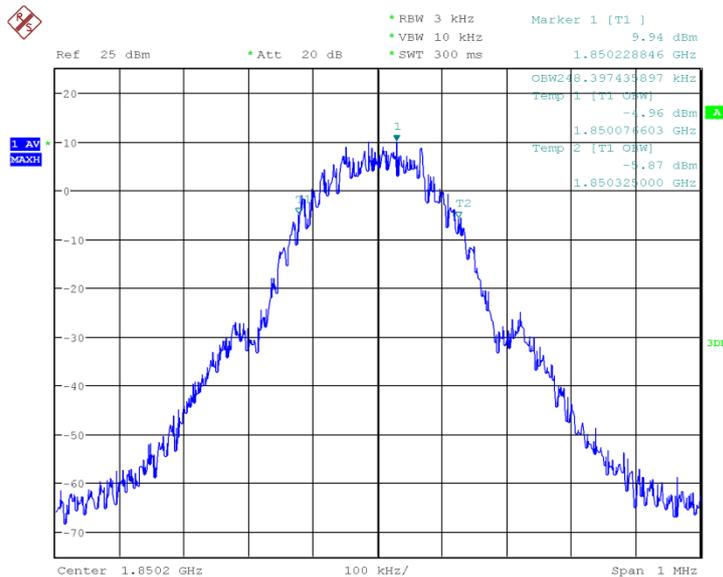


Conclusion: PASS  
GSM 1900



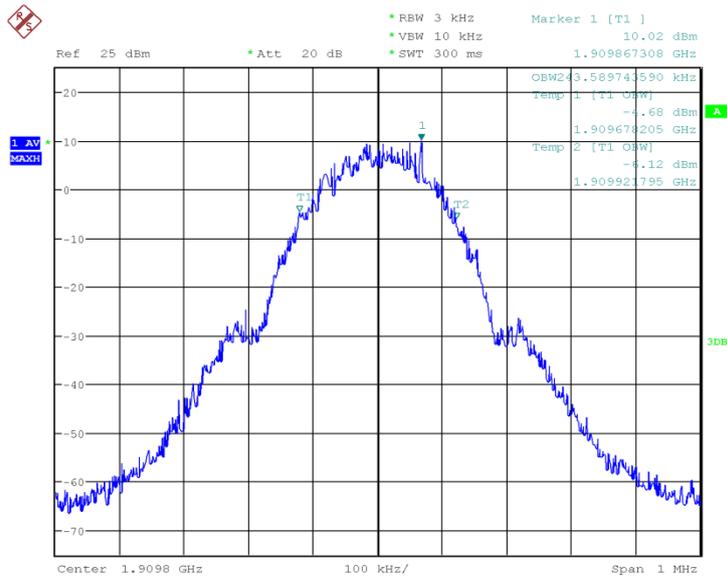
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:11:58

### Channel 661-Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:10:50

### Channel 512-Occupied Bandwidth



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:09:49

### Channel 810-Occupied Bandwidth

### A.3 -26dB Emission Bandwidth(§22.917(b)/§24.238(b))

#### A.3.1 -26dB Emission Bandwidth

Similar to conducted emissions; occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA BANDII and WCDMA BANDV.

**Test Procedure:**

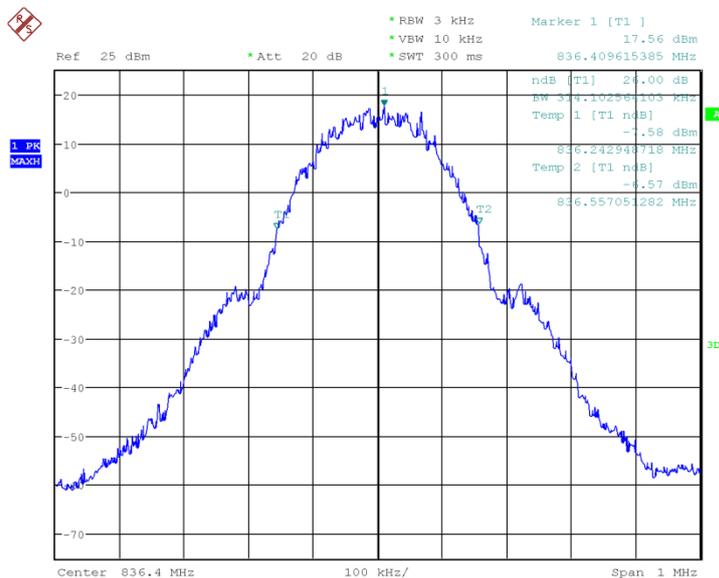
The table below lists the measured -26dB BW. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test results:

GSM850		
Test channel	Frequency (MHz)	-26dBc Emission Bandwidth(KHz)
Mid 189	836.4	324.103
Low 128	824.2	325.705
High 251	848.8	324.103

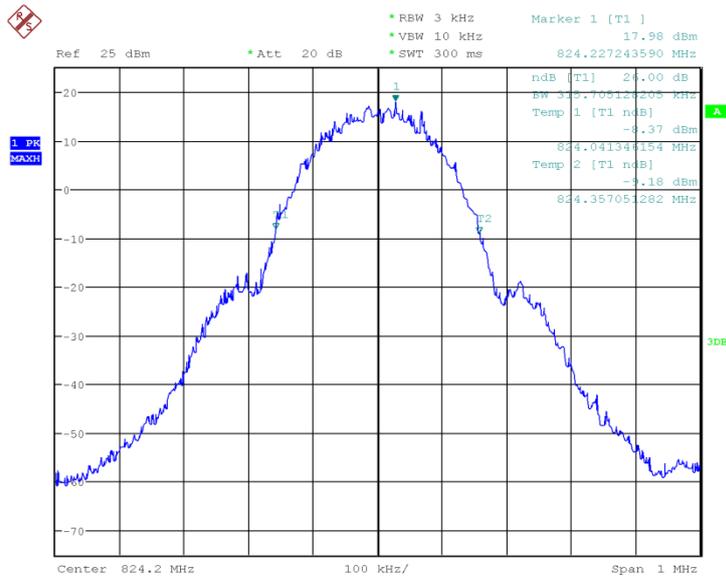
**Conclusion: PASS**

**GSM 850**



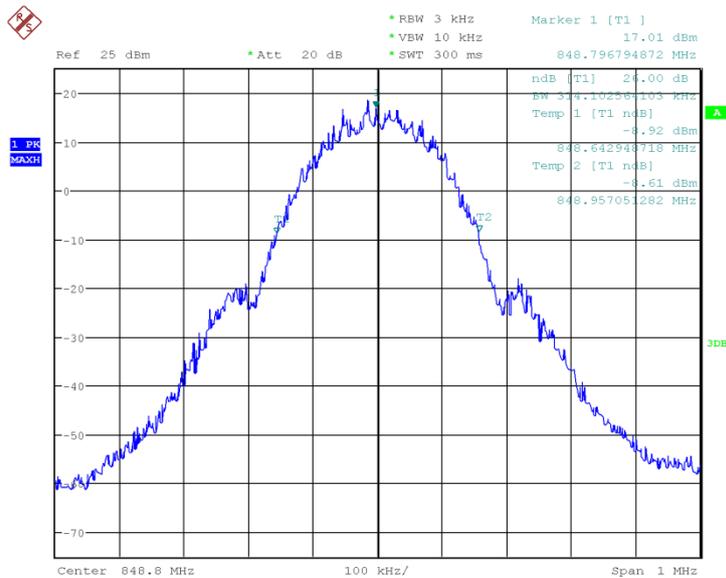
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:31:59

**Channel 189-Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)**



Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:30:24

**Channel 128- Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)**



Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:27:28

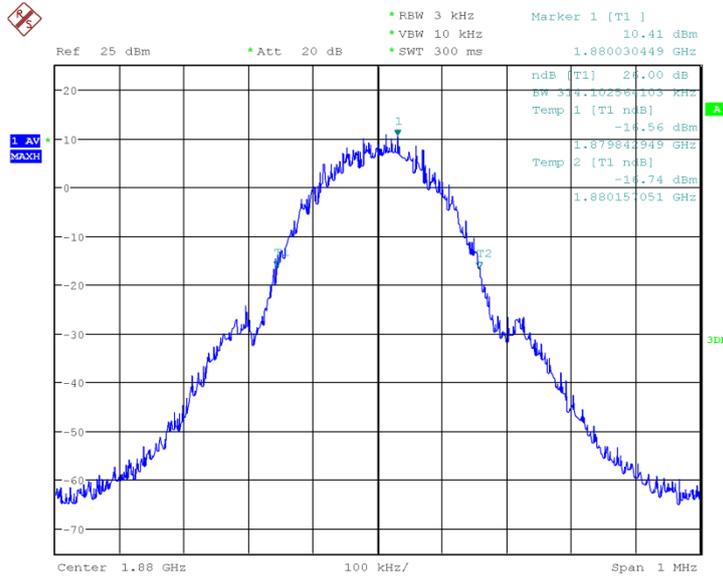
**Channel 251- Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)**

GSM 1900		
Test channel	Frequency (MHz)	-26dBc Emission Bandwidth(KHz)
Mid 661	1880	324.103
Low 512	1850.2	324.103



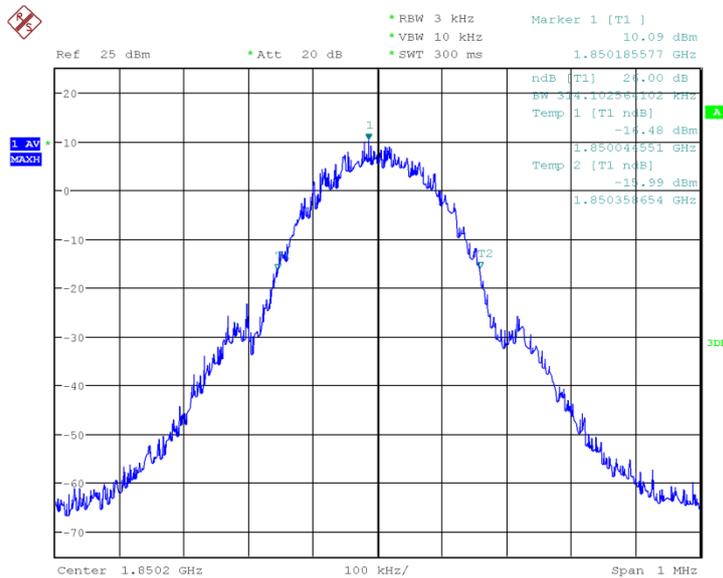
High 810	1909.8	320.897
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Conclusion: PASS  
GSM 1900



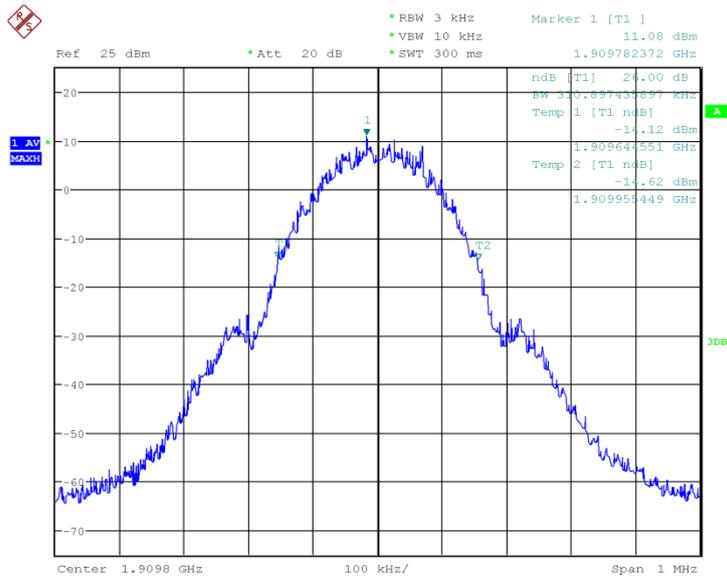
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:13:24

### Channel 661- Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:14:23

### Channel 512- Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:15:54

### Channel 810- Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc BW)

### A.4Band Edge at antenna terminals(§22.917(b)/§24.238(b))

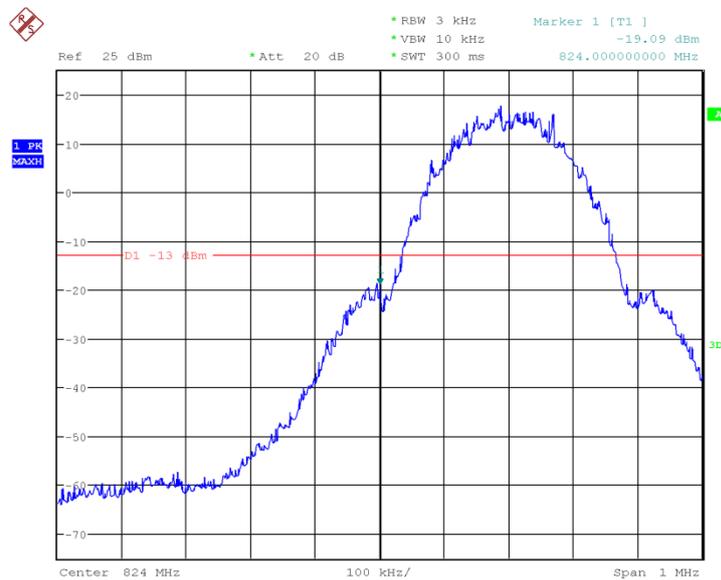
#### Limit:

The magnitude of each spurious and harmonic emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specification in the instruction manual and/or alignment procedure, shall not be less than  $43+10\log$  (Mean power in watts) dBc below the mean power output outside a license's frequency block(-13dBm).

#### Test procedure:

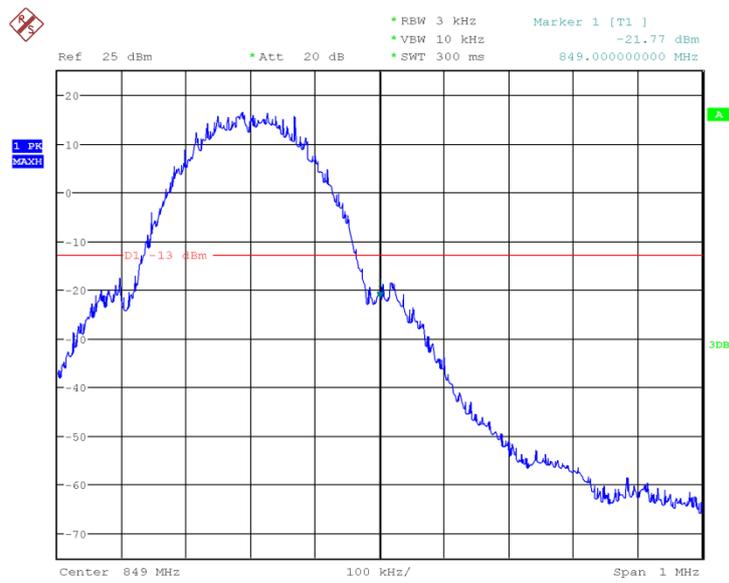
The RF output of the transceiver was connected to a signal analyzer through appropriate attenuation. In the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emissionbandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

#### GSM 850



Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:33:36

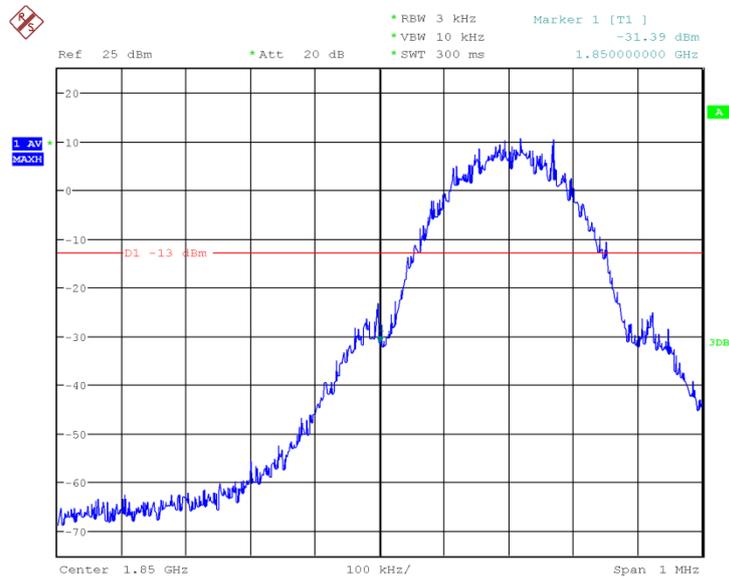
#### Channel 128- LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK



Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:35:07

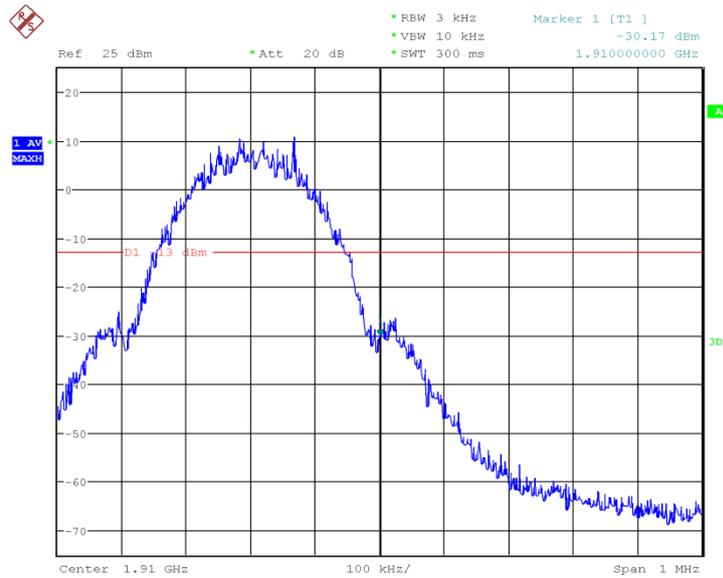
### Channel 251- HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK

### GSM 1900



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:18:57

### Channel 512- LOW BAND EDGE BLOCK



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:17:42

**Channel 810- HIGH BAND EDGE BLOCK**

**Conclusion: PASS**

**A.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY (§2.1055/§24.235)**

**A.5.1 Method of Measurement**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -30°C.
3. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on mid channel of GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA BANDII and WCDMA BANDV, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +50°C. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1 Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50°C.
7. With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.
8. Repeat the above measurements at 10 C increments from +50°C to -30°C. Allow at least 1.5



hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.

9. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

**A.5.2 Measurement Limit**

**A.5.2.1 For Hand carried battery powered equipment**

According to the JTC standard the GSM frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1ppm of the received frequency from the base station. And the WCDMA is 2.5ppm. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec.24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.2VDC and 3.6VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.3VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from over stress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.

**A.5.2.2 For equipment powered by primary supply voltage**

According to the JTC standard the GSM frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1ppm of the received frequency from the base station. And the WCDMA is 2.5ppm. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec.24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

**GSM850 Mid Channel/fc(MHz) 189/836.4**

**Frequency Error VS Temperature**

Power Supply (VDC)	Environment Temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Limit (Hz)
3.3	-30	-10	± 83.64
3.3	-20	-12	± 83.64
3.3	-10	-11	± 83.64
3.3	0	-14	± 83.64
3.3	10	-12	± 83.64
3.3	20	-13	± 83.64
3.3	30	-15	± 83.64
3.3	40	-14	± 83.64
3.3	50	-12	± 83.64



**Frequency Error VS Voltage**

Power Supply (V <sub>Dc</sub> )	Environment Temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Limit (Hz)
3.2	25	-13	±83.64
3.3	25	-11	±83.64
3.6	25	-15	±83.64

**PCS1900 Mid Channel/fc(MHz) 661/1880**

**Frequency Error VS Temperature**

Power Supply (V <sub>Dc</sub> )	Environment Temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Limit (Hz)
3.3	-30	-24	±188
3.3	-20	-25	±188
3.3	-10	-22	±188
3.3	0	-23	±188
3.3	10	-20	±188
3.3	20	-21	±188
3.3	30	-23	±188
3.3	40	-24	±188
3.3	50	-21	±188

**Frequency Error VS Voltage**

Power Supply (V <sub>Dc</sub> )	Environment Temperature(°C)	Frequency error(Hz)	Limit (Hz)
3.2	25	-28	±188
3.3	25	-22	±188
3.6	25	-26	±188

**Conclusion: PASS**

**A.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION**

**A.6.1 GSM Measurement Method**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the

10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the equipment of PCS1900 band, this equates to a frequency range of 30 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 30 MHz to 20 GHz. For GSM850, data taken from 30 MHz to 10 GHz.

2. The sweep time is set automatically by instrument itself. That should be the optimal sweep time for the span and the RBW. If the sweep time is too short, that is sweep is too fast, the sweep result is not accurate; If the sweep time is too long, that is sweep is too low, some frequency components may be lost. The instrument will give a optimal sweep time according the selected span and RBW.

3. The procedure to get the conducted spurious emission is as follows:

The trace mode is set to MaxHold to get the highest signal at each frequency;

Wait 25 seconds;Get the result.

4. Determine EUT transmit frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

**GSM 850 Transmitter**

Channel	Frequency(MHz)
128	824.2
190	836.6
251	848.8

**PCS1900 Transmitter**

Channel	Frequency(MHz)
512	1850.2
661	1880.0
810	1909.8

**A.6.1.1 Measurement Limit**

Part 24.238 and Part 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

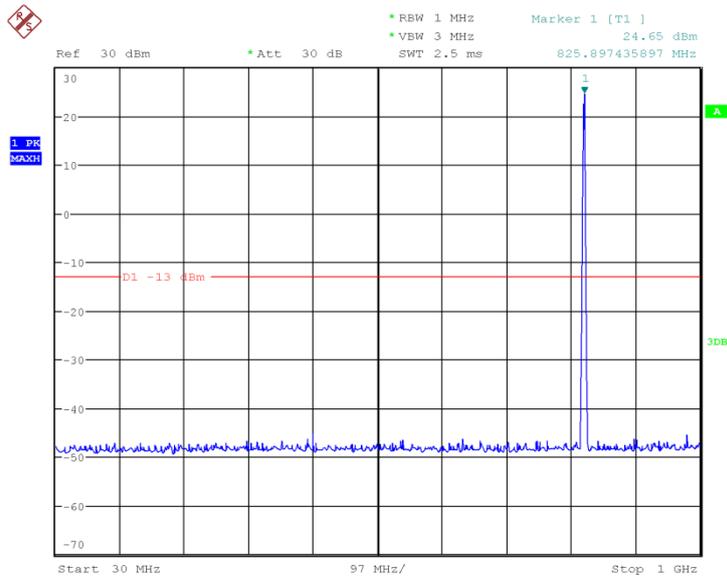
The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

**A6.1.2 Measurement result**

**Spurious emission limit -13dBm.**

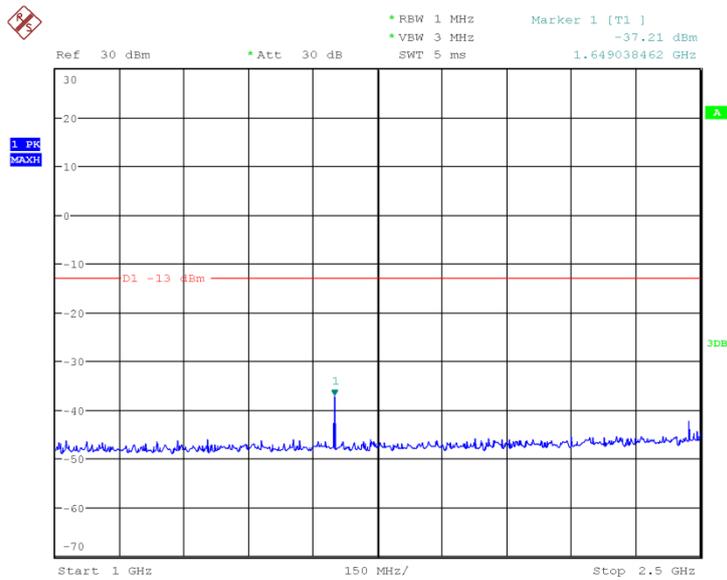
**Note: peak above the limit line is the carrier frequency.**

**A6.1.2.1 GSM850**



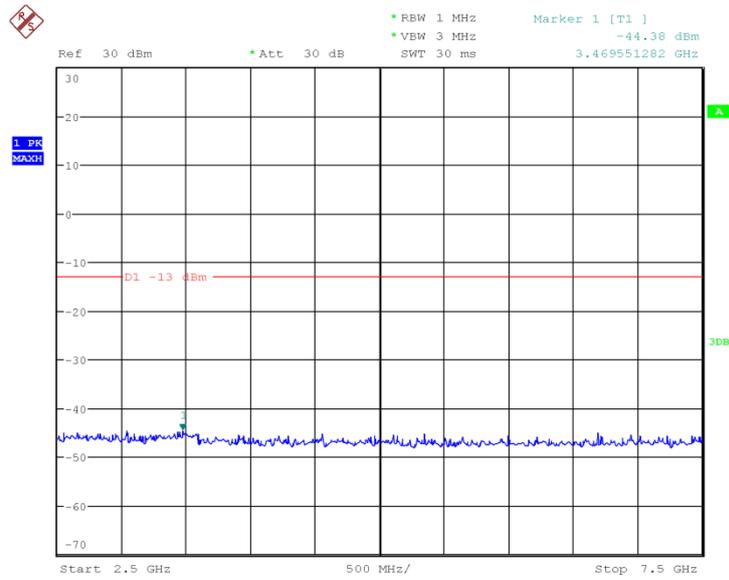
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:46:58

### Channel 128: 30MHz~1GHz



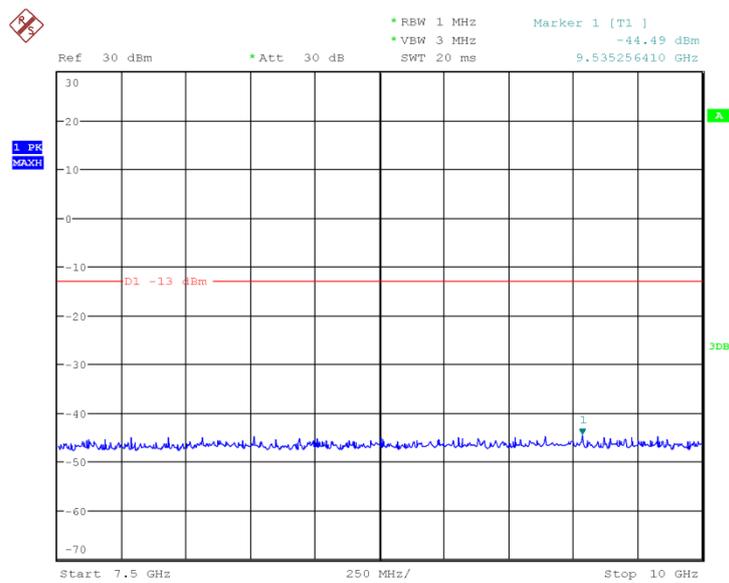
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:47:28

### Channel 128: 1GHz~2.5GHz



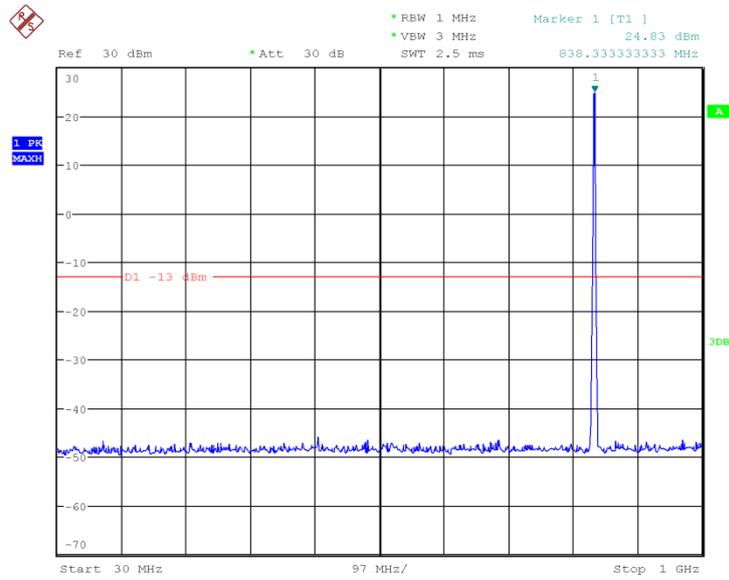
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:47:49

### Channel 128: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz



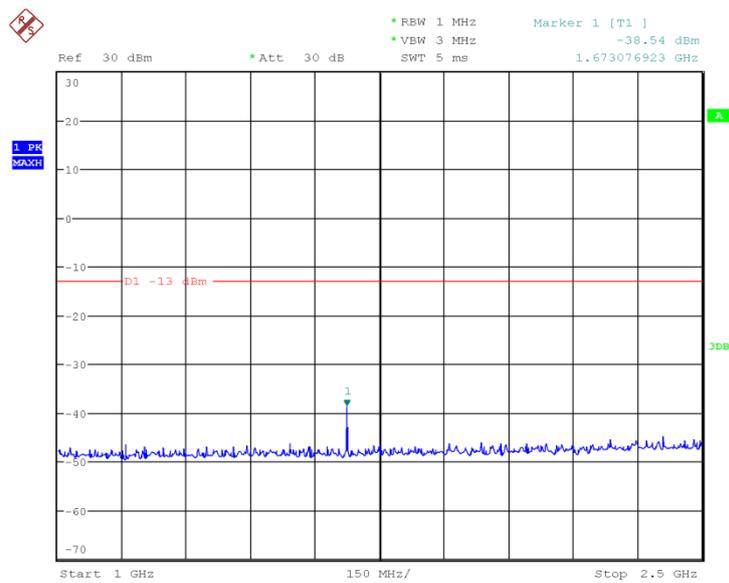
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:48:13

### Channel 128: 7.5GHz~10GHz



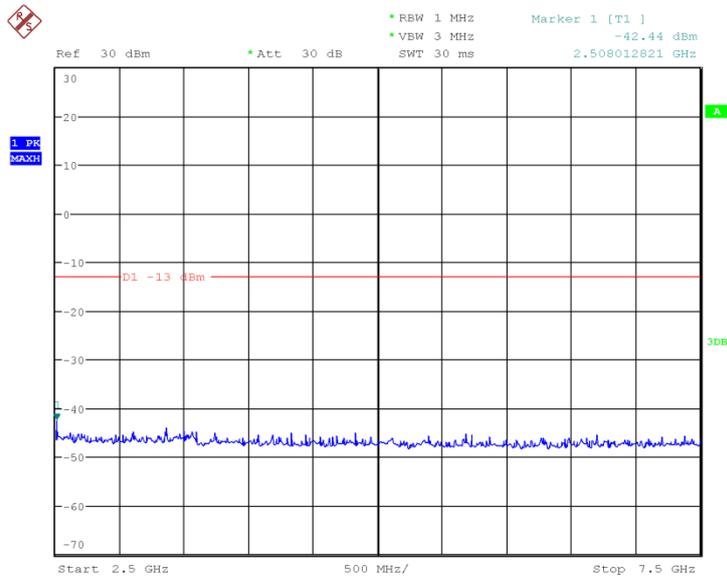
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:48:32

### Channel 190: 30MHz~1GHz



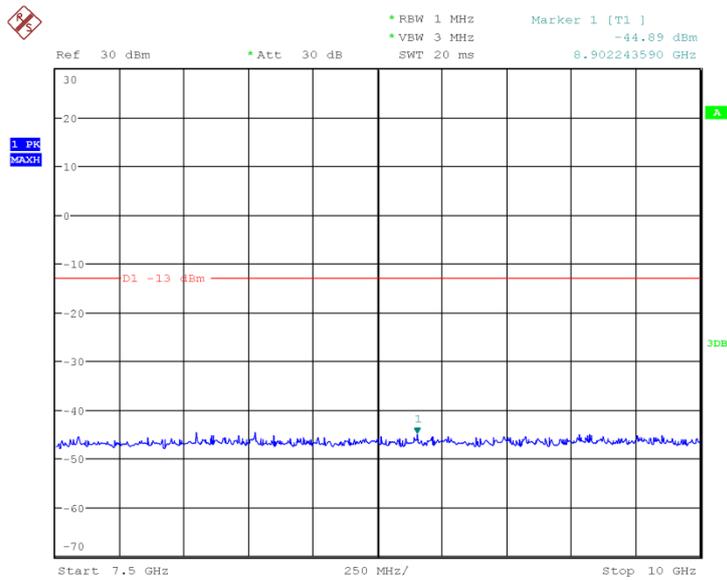
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:48:48

### Channel 190: 1GHz~2.5GHz



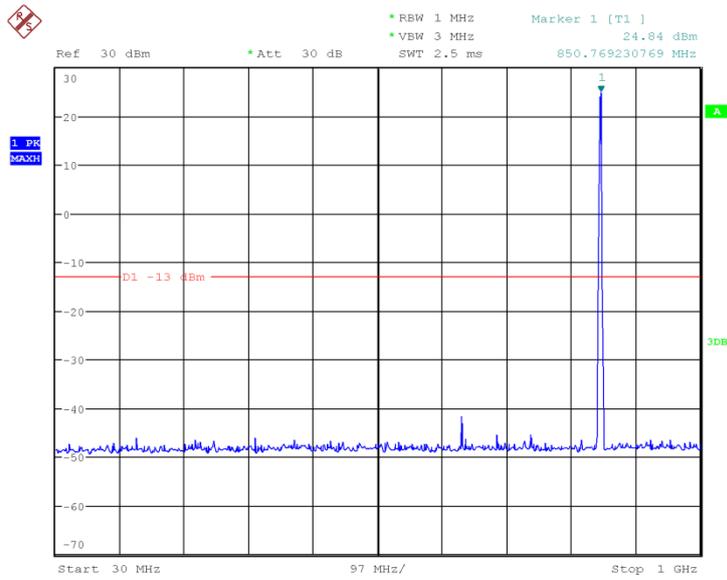
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:49:14

### Channel 190: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz



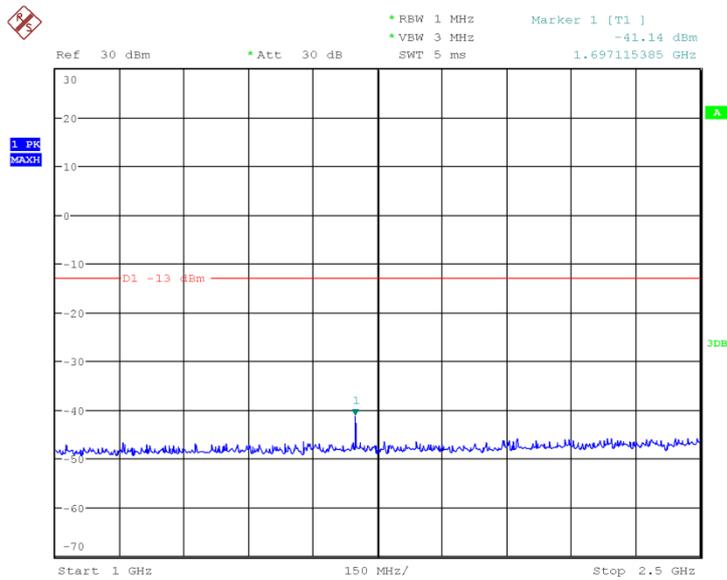
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:49:38

### Channel 190: 7.5GHz~10GHz



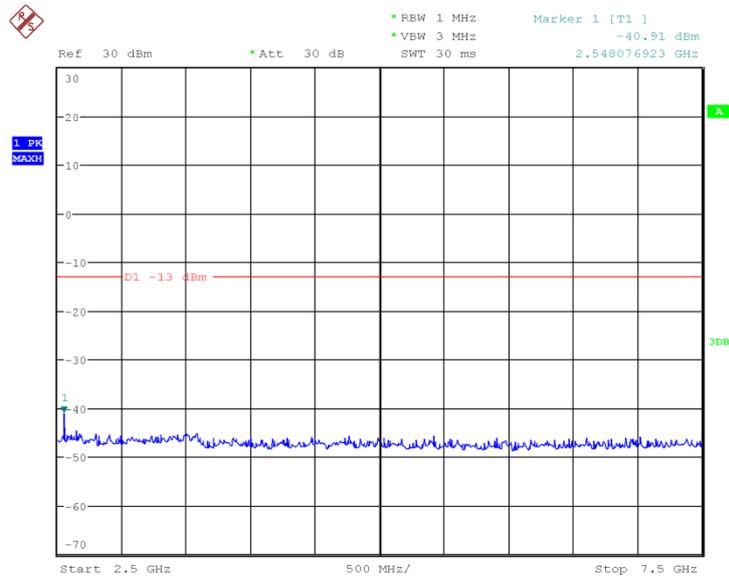
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:50:08

### Channel 251: 30MHz~1GHz



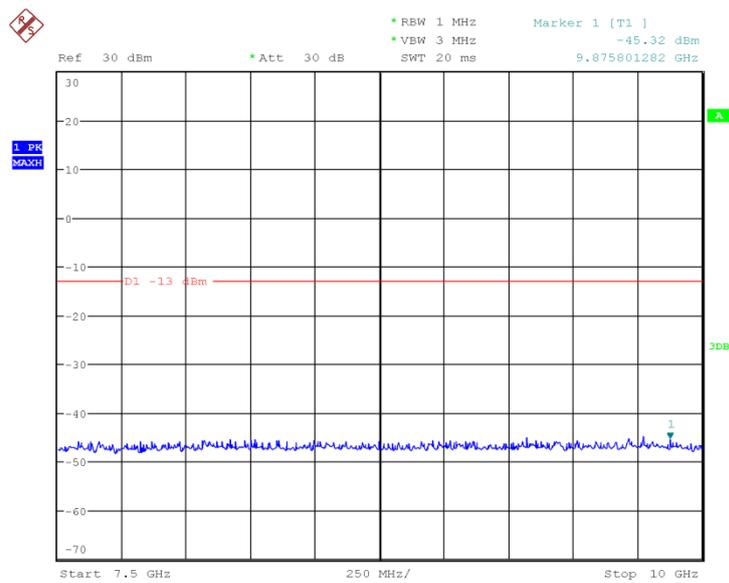
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:50:29

### Channel 251: 1GHz~2.5GHz



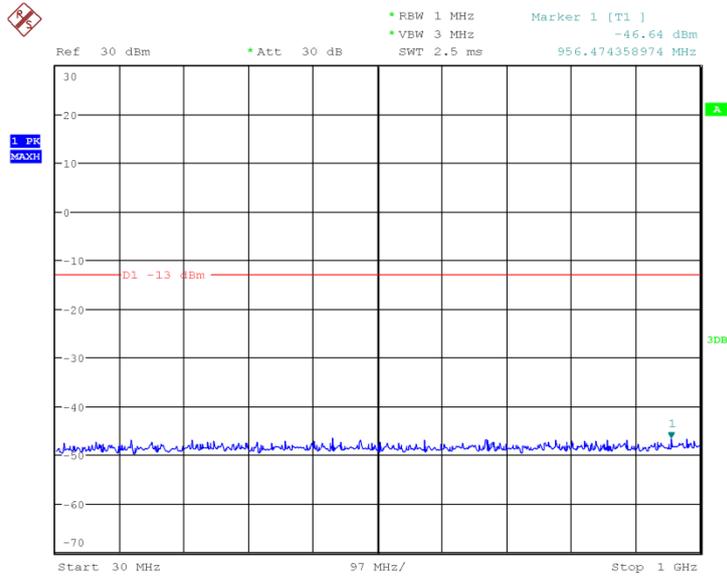
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:50:42

### Channel 251: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz



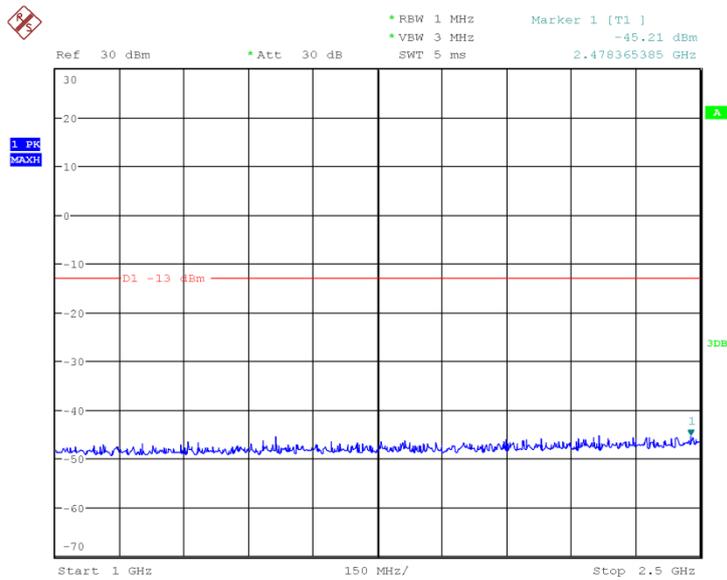
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:50:55

### Channel 251: 7.5GHz~10GHz



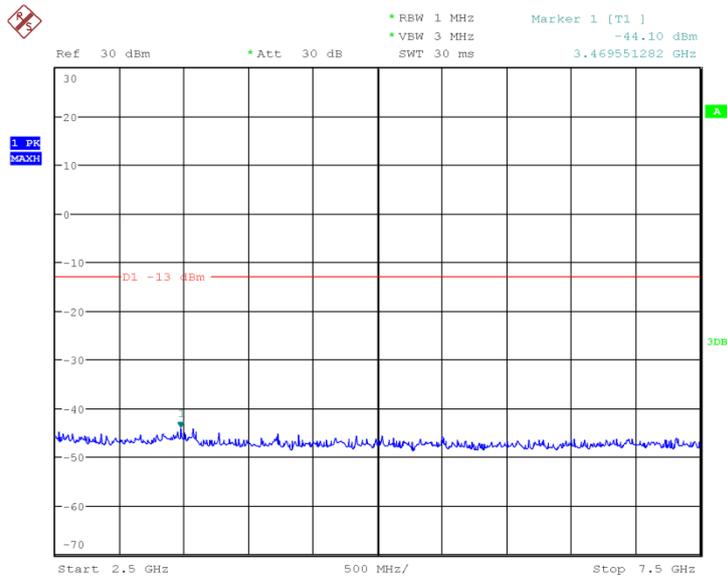
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:51:28

### Channel Idle: 30MHz~1GHz



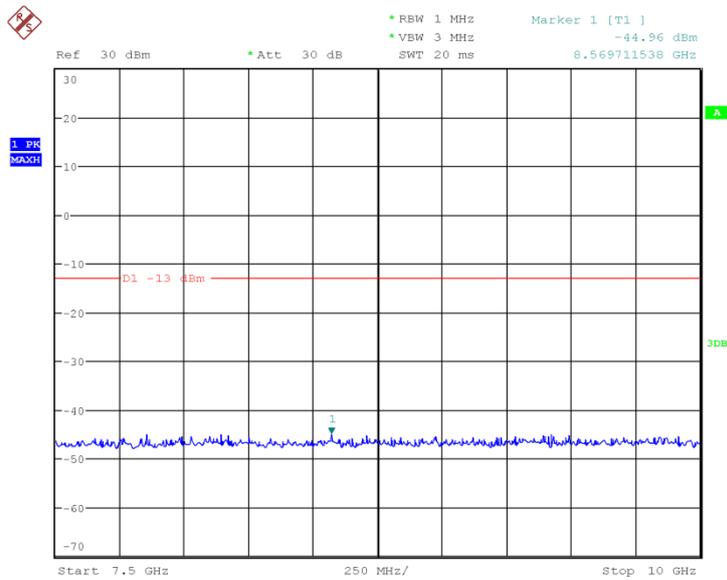
Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:51:43

### Channel Idle: 1GHz~2.5GHz



Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:51:56

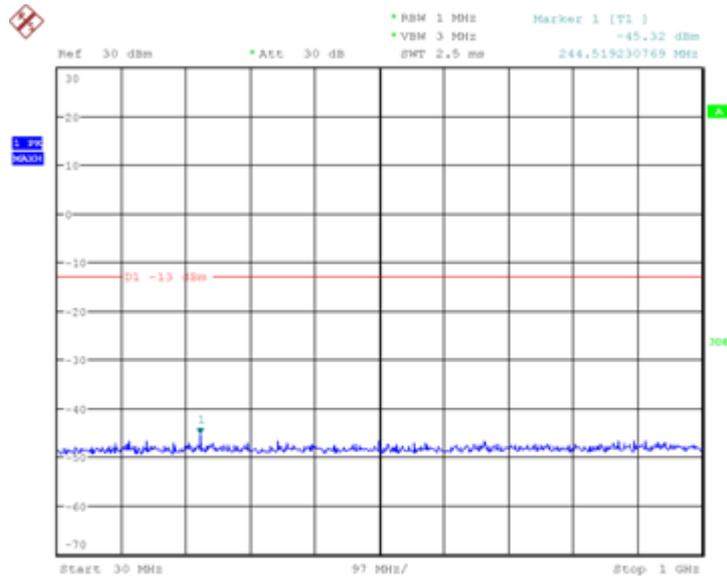
### Channel Idle: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz



Date: 29.MAY.2013 09:52:12

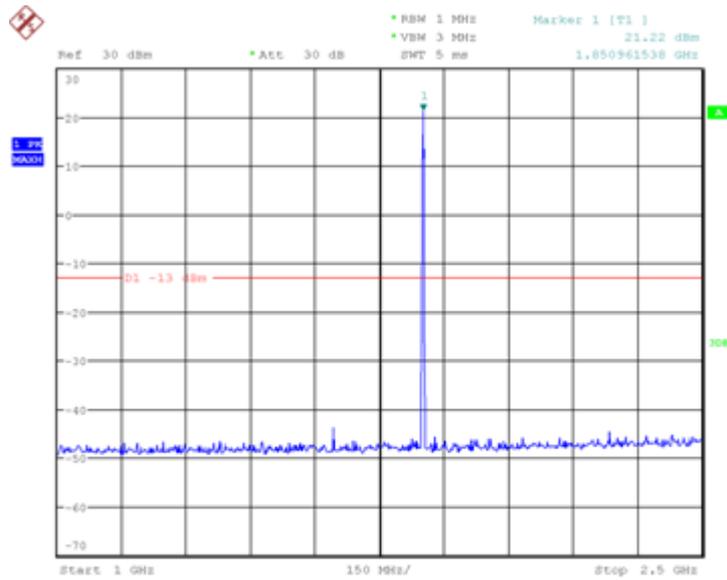
### Channel Idle: 7.5GHz~10GHz

#### A6.1.2.2 GSM1900



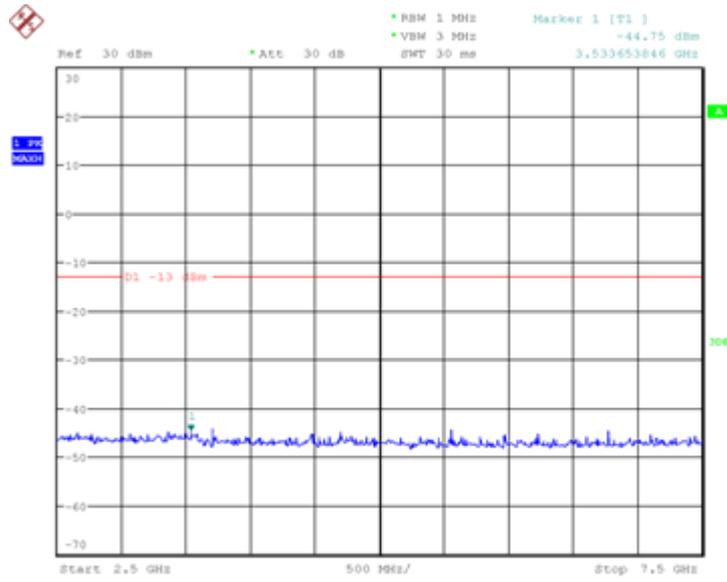
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:25:38

### Channel 512: 30MHz~1GHz



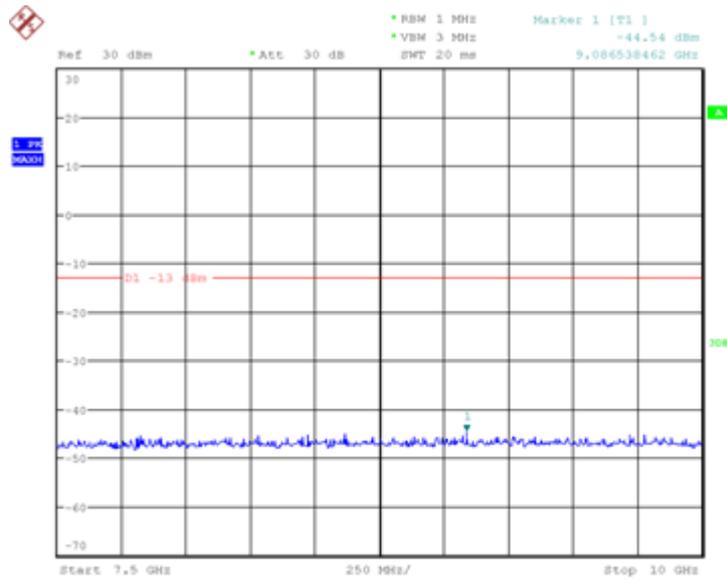
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:25:21

### Channel 512: 1GHz~2.5GHz



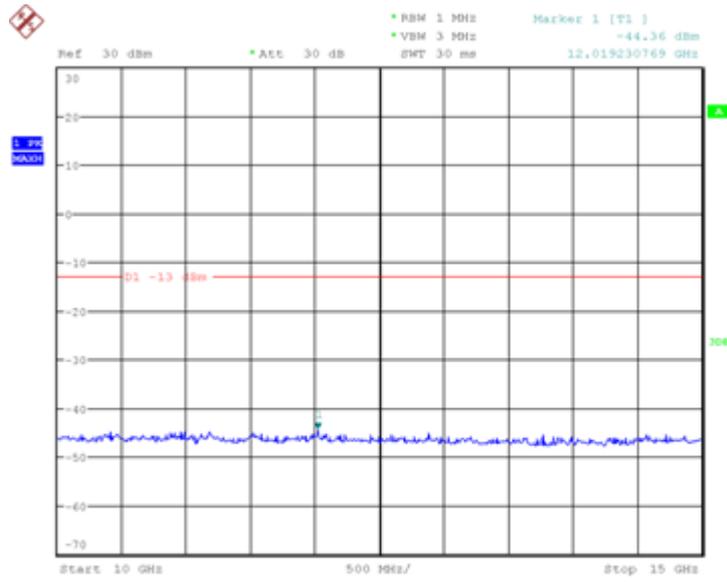
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:26:25

Channel 512: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz



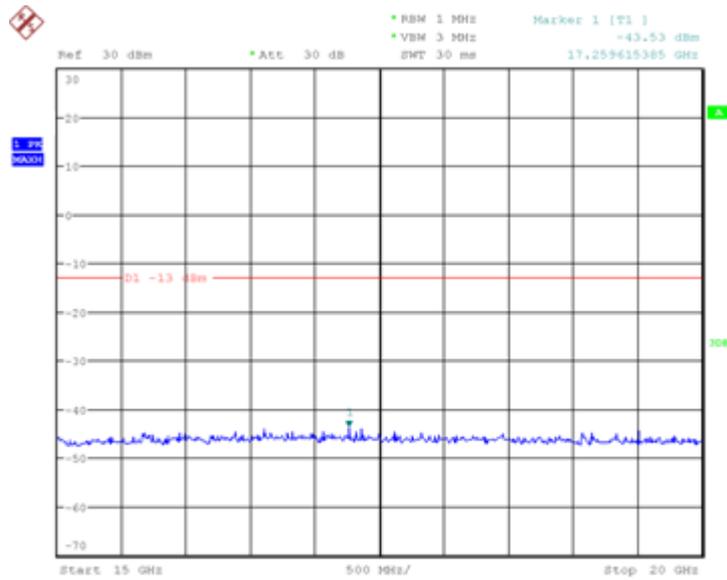
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:26:40

Channel 512: 7.5GHz~10GHz



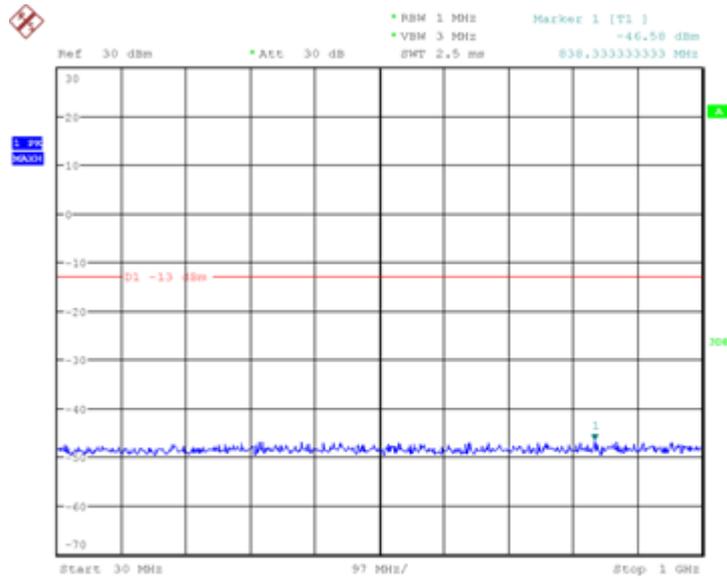
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:27:31

### Channel 512: 10GHz~15GHz



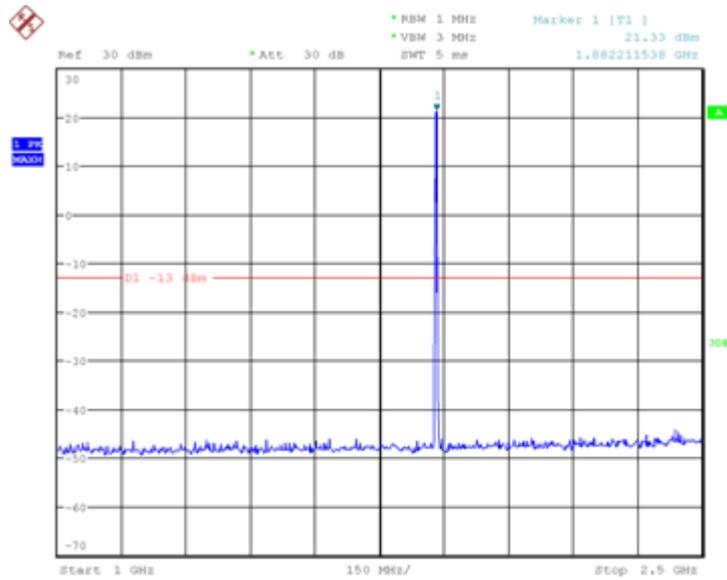
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:28:16

### Channel 512: 15GHz~20GHz



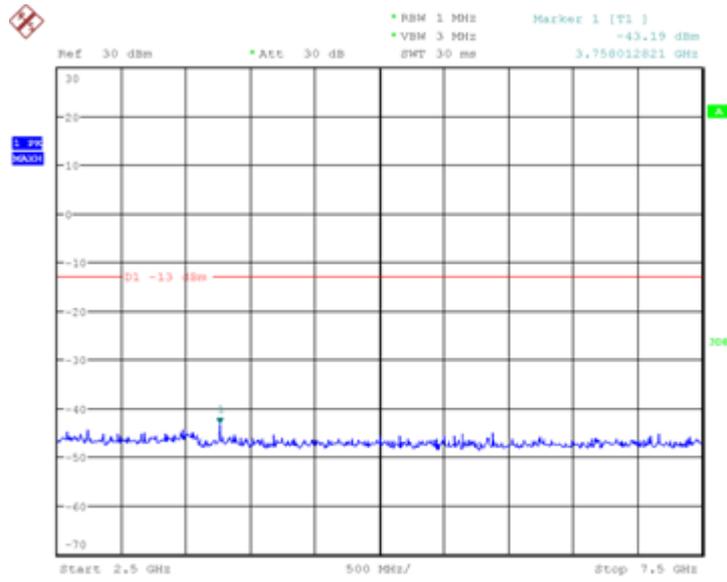
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:28:36

### Channel 661: 30MHz~1GHz



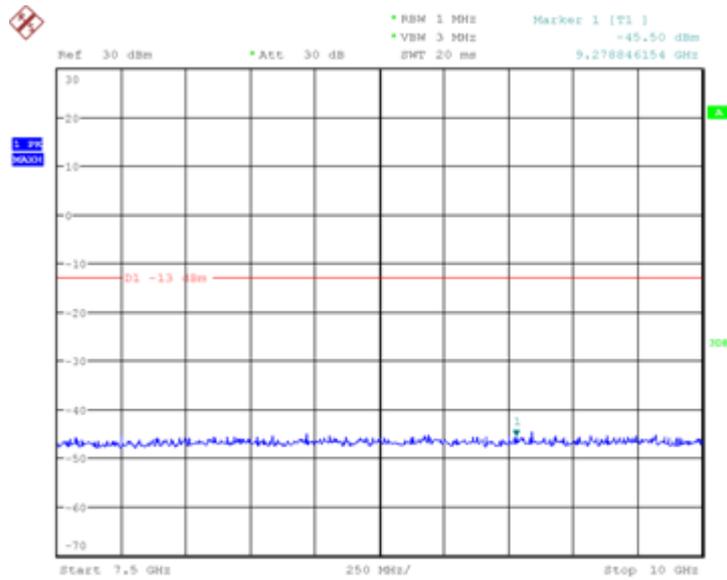
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:28:54

### Channel 661: 1GHz~2.5GHz



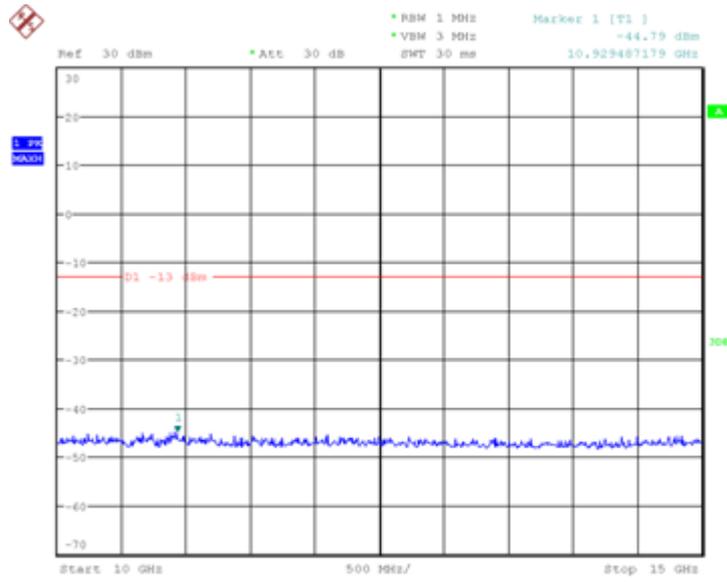
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:29:13

### Channel 661: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz



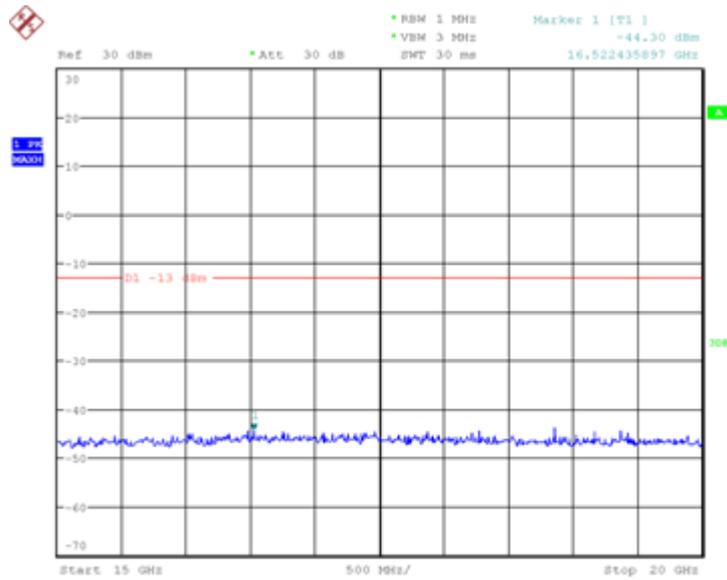
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:29:34

### Channel 661: 7.5GHz~10GHz



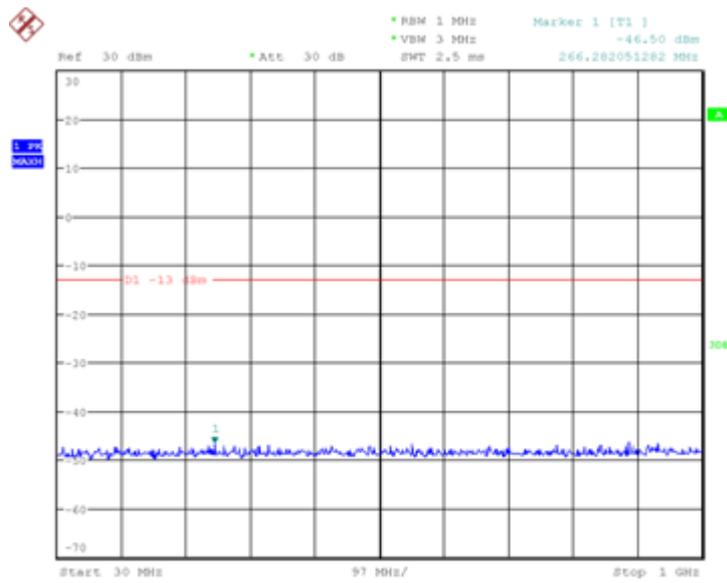
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:29:54

### Channel 661: 10GHz~15GHz



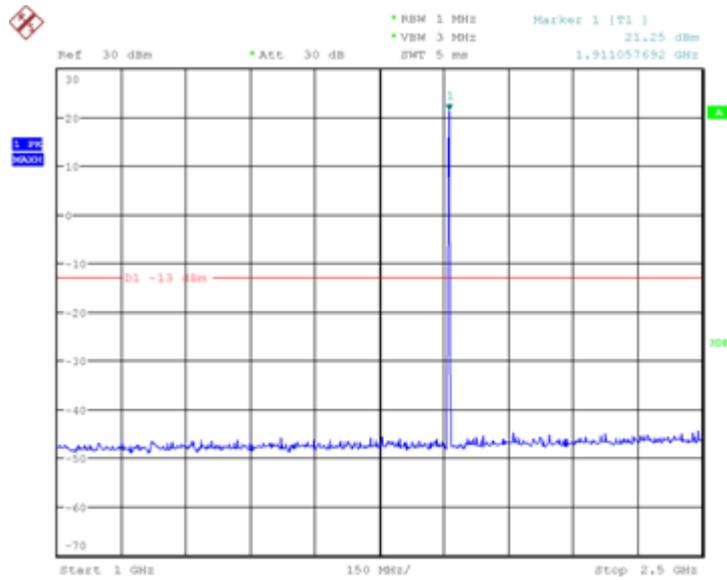
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:30:13

### Channel 661: 15GHz~20GHz



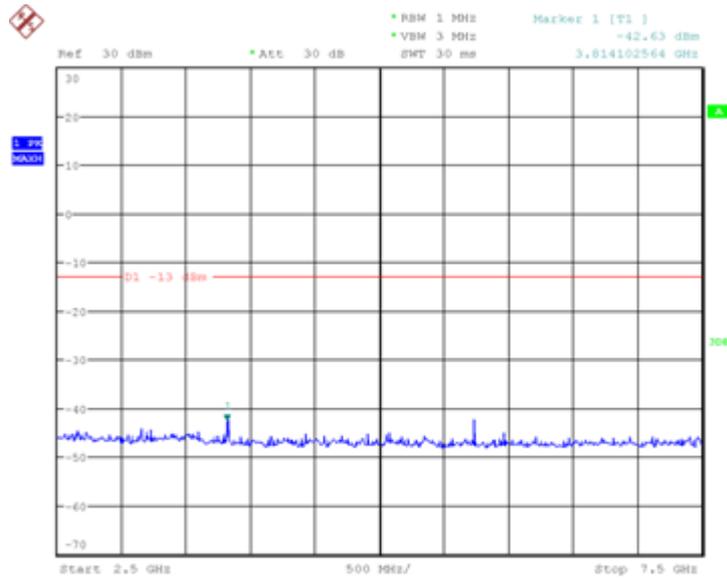
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:30:49

### Channel 810: 30MHz~1GHz



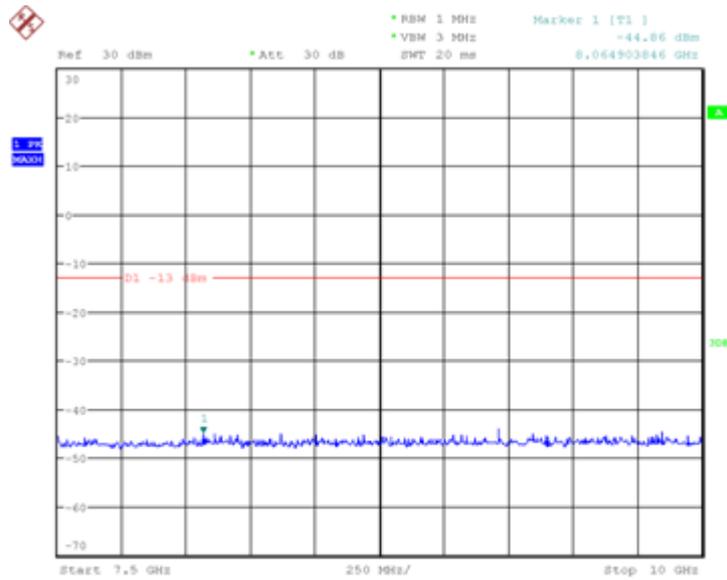
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:31:24

### Channel 810: 1GHz~2.5GHz



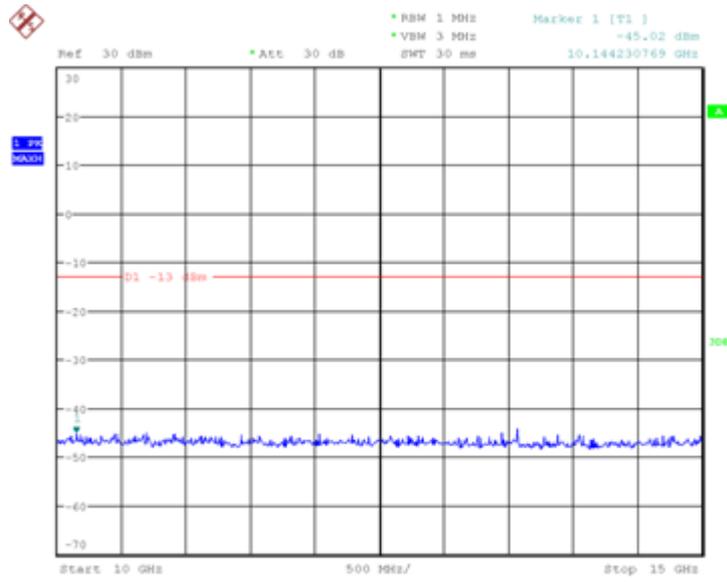
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:31:54

### Channel 810: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz



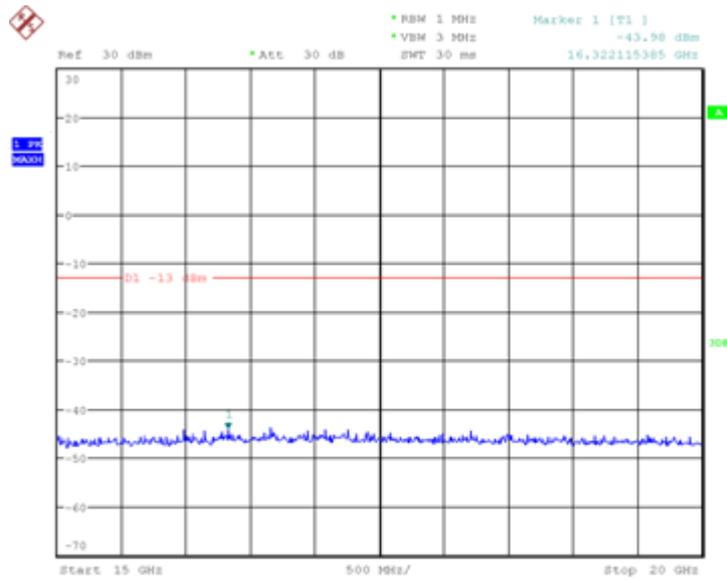
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:32:14

### Channel 810: 7.5GHz~10GHz



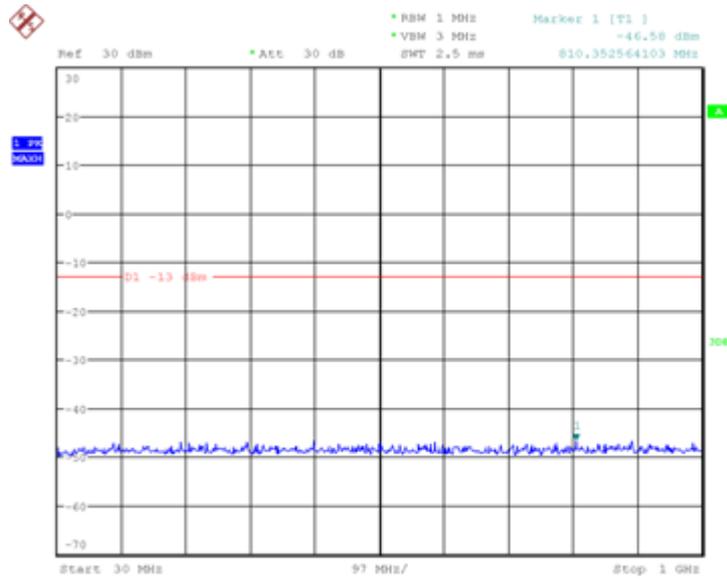
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:32:32

### Channel 810: 10GHz~15GHz



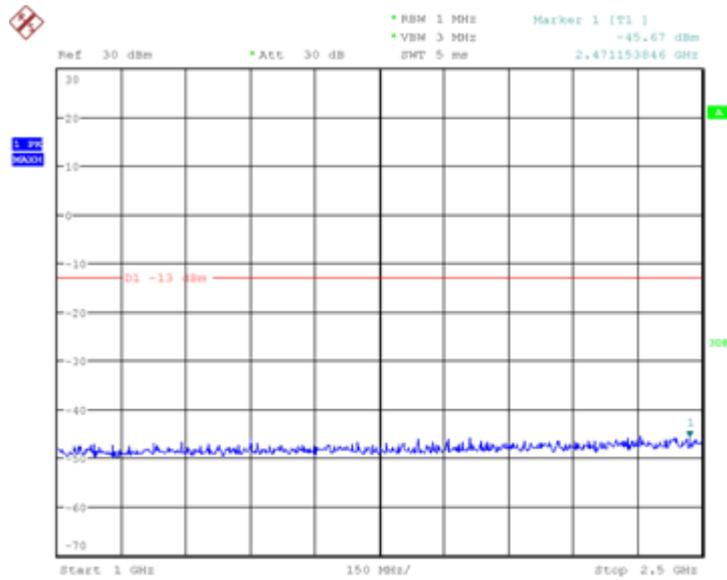
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:33:04

### Channel 810: 15GHz~20GHz



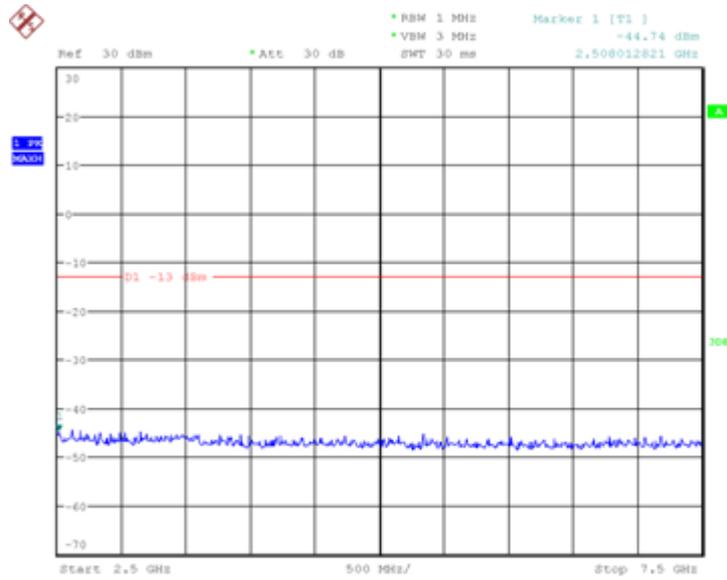
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:33:30

**Channel Idle: 30MHz~1GHz**



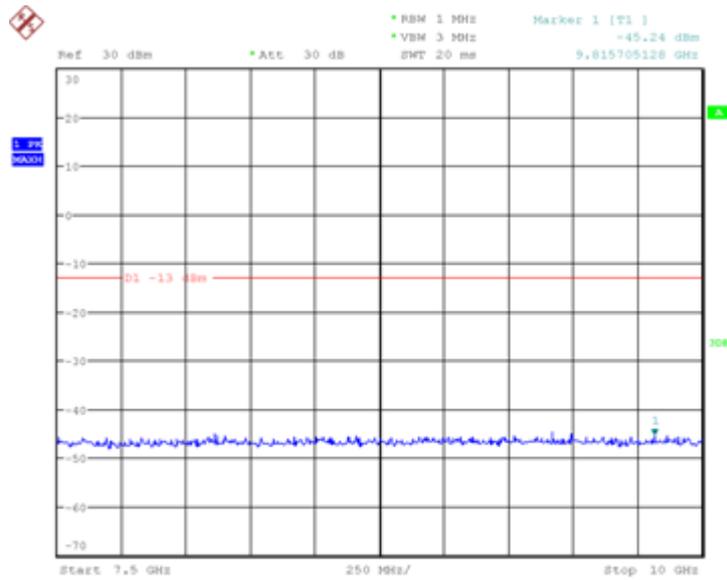
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:33:43

**Channel Idle: 1GHz~2.5GHz**



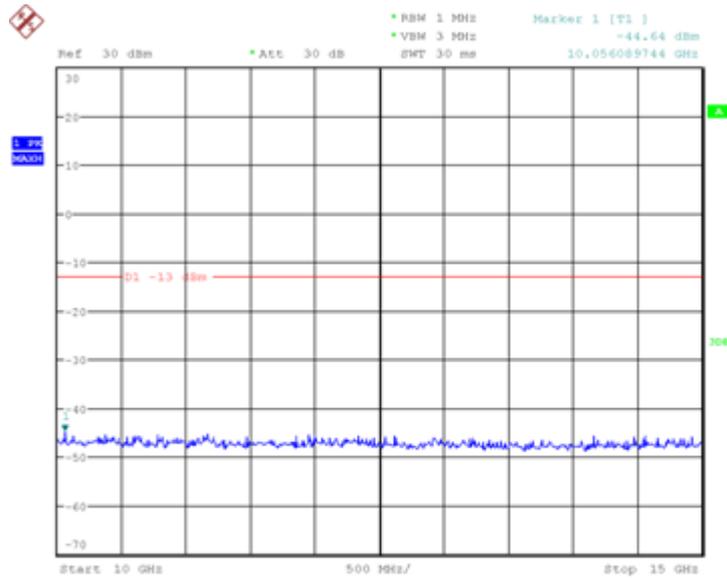
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:33:59

**Channel Idle: 2.5GHz~7.5GHz**



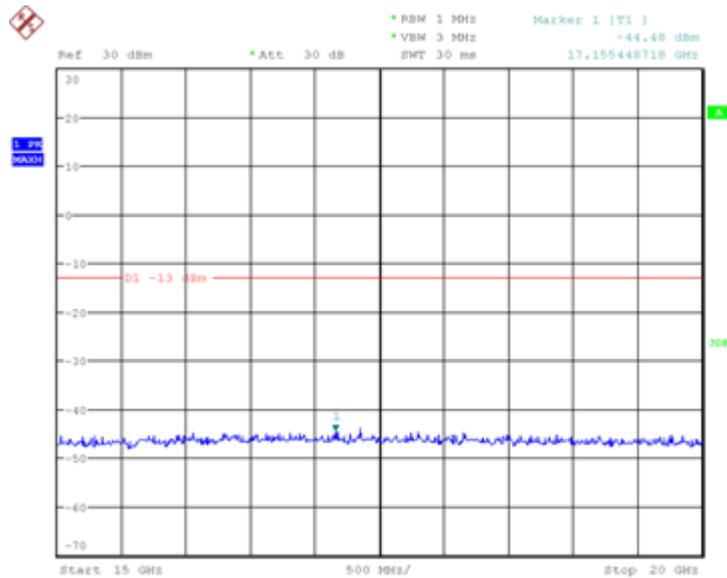
Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:34:20

**Channel Idle: 7.5GHz~10GHz**



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:34:31

**Channel Idle: 10GHz~15GHz**



Date: 29.MAY.2013 10:34:45

**Channel Idle: 15GHz~20GHz**

**Conclusion:PASS**

**A.7 RADIATED**

**A.7.1 ERP**

**A.7.1.1 GSM ERP**

**A.7.1.1.1 Description**

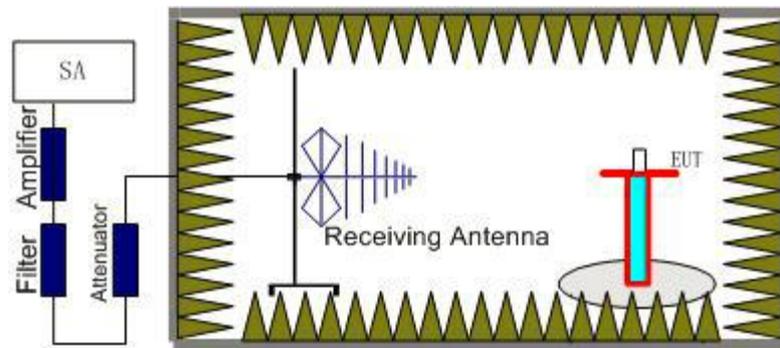
This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT.

Rule Part 24.232(c) specifies, "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. Peak power"and 24.232(c) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage."Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies " The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts."

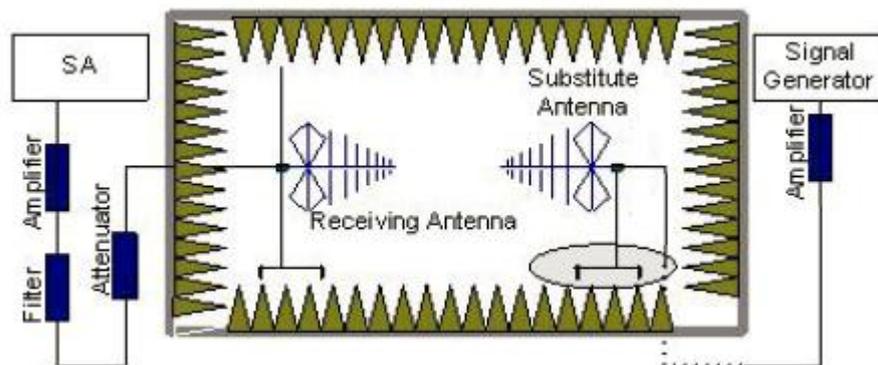
**A.7.1.1.2 Method of Measurement**

The measurements procedures in TIA-603C-2004 are used.

1. EUT was placed on a 1.5 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from thereceive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUTfor emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers tofigure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUTthrough 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emissionmeasurements of all transmit frequencies in three channels (High, Middle, Low) weremeasured with peak detector.



2. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level duringthe test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
3. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below.



In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at thereference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest isconnected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interferewith the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is applied to the input of thesubstitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of thereceiver reach the previously recorded ( $P_r$ ). The power of signal source ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is recorded. Thetest should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antennapolarization.

4. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should

beconnect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna.

The cable loss ( $P_{cl}$ ), the Substitution Antenna Gain ( $G_a$ ) and the Amplifier Gain ( $P_{Ag}$ ) should berecorded after test.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

$$\text{Power(EIRP)} = P_{\text{Mea}} + P_{\text{Ag}} + P_{\text{cl}} + G_a$$

5. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15dBi) and known input power.

6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole,  $\text{ERP} = \text{EIRP} - 2.15\text{dBi}$ .

**GSM 850-ERP 22.913(a)**

**Limits**

	Power Step	Burst Peak ERP (dBm)
GSM	5	≤38.45dBm (7W)

**Measurement result**

**GSM**

Frequency(MHz)	$P_{\text{Mea}}$ (dBm)	$P_{\text{cl}}$ (dB)	$P_{\text{Ag}}$ (dB)	$G_a$ Antenna Gain(dBd)	PeakERP(dBm)	Polarization
824.2	-33.34	3.05	-69.4	3.11	29.9	V
836.6	-32.94	3.05	-69.4	3.11	30.3	H
848.8	-33.34	3.05	-69.4	3.11	29.9	H

Frequency: 824.2MHz

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Peak ERP(dBm)} &= P_{\text{Mea}}(-33.34\text{dBm}) - P_{\text{cl}}(3.05\text{dB}) - P_{\text{Ag}}(-69.4\text{dB}) - G_a(3.11\text{dBd}) \\ &= 29.9\text{dBm} \end{aligned}$$

**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = VBW = 3MHz**

**PCS 1900-EIRP 24.232(c)**

**Limits**

	Power Step	Burst Peak ERP (dBm)
GSM	0	≤33dBm (2W)

**Measurement result**

**GSM**

Frequency(MHz)	$P_{\text{Mea}}$ (dBm)	$P_{\text{cl}}$ (dB)	$P_{\text{Ag}}$ (dB)	$G_a$ Antenna Gain(dBi)	PeakEIRP(dBm)	Polarization
1850.2	-41.56	3.54	-69.4	-2.9	29.3	H
1880.0	-41.56	3.54	-69.4	-2.9	29.3	H
1909.8	-40.96	3.54	-69.4	-2.9	29.8	H

Frequency: 1850.2MHz

Peak EIRP(dBm)=  $P_{Mea}(-41.56\text{dBm}) - P_{cl}(3.54\text{dB}) - P_{Ag}(-69.4\text{dB}) - G_a(-2.9\text{dB}) + 2.15\text{dBi} = 29.3\text{dBm}$

**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = VBW = 3MHz**

**Note: the EUT was displayed in several different direction, the worst cases were shown.**

**A.7.2 EMISSION LIMIT (§2.1051/§22.917/§24.238)**

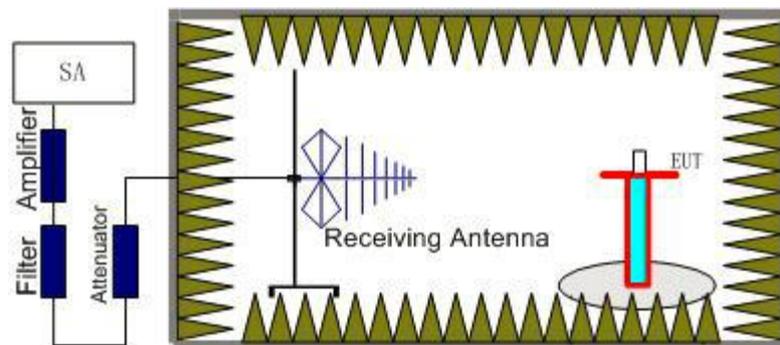
**A.7.2.1 GSM Measurement Method**

The measurement procedures in TIA-603C-2004 are used.

The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238 and Part 22.917. The spectrum is scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of PCS1900 and GSM850.

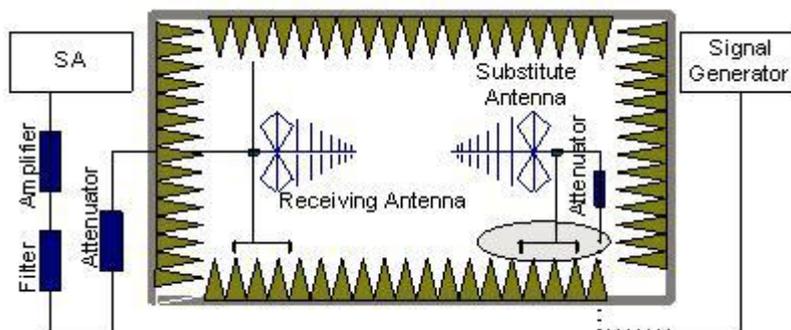
**The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:**

1. EUT was placed on a 1.5 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.5m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic were measured with peak detector.



2. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).

3. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. The test setup refers to figure below.



In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere

with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded ( $P_r$ ). The power of signal source ( $P_{Mea}$ ) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.

4. The Path loss ( $P_{pl}$ ) between the Signal Source with the Substitution Antenna and the Substitution Antenna Gain ( $G_a$ ) should be recorded after test.

A amplifier should be connected in for the test.

The Path loss ( $P_{pl}$ ) is the summation of the cable loss and the gain of the amplifier.

The measurement results are obtained as described below:

$$\text{Power(EIRP)} = P_{Mea} + P_{pl} + G_a$$

5. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.

6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole,  $ERP = EIRP - 2.15\text{dBi}$

#### A.7.2.1.1 Measurement Limit

Part 24.238 and Part 22.917 specify that the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power ( $P$ ) by a factor of at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB.

The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power ( $P$ ) by at least  $43 + 10 \log(P)$  dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

#### A.7.2.1.2 Measurement Results

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880 MHz and 1909.8 MHz) and GSM850 band (824.2MHz, 836.6MHz, 848.8MHz) . It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 ,GSM850 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

#### A.7.2.1.3 Measurement Results

Table:

Frequency	Channel	Frequency Range	Result
GSM850	Low	30MHz~10GHz	P
	Middle	30MHz~10GHz	P
	High	30MHz~10GHz	P
GSM1900	Low	30MHz~20GHz	P



	Middle	30MHz~20GHz	P
	High	30MHz~20GHz	P

**GSM Mode Channel 128**

**Final result:**

Frequency(MHz)	PMea (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction dBm	Peak ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
3297	-38.91	3.05	-3.11	2.15	-41	-13	V
4945.2	-48.51	3.05	-3.11	2.15	-50.6	-13	V
6594.4	-42.58	3.07	-3.4	2.15	-44.4	-13	V
7418.4	-47.58	3.57	-3.7	2.15	-49.6	-13	V
9066.4	-45.79	4.26	-7.4	2.15	-44.8	-13	V

**GSM Mode Channel 190**

**Final result:**

Frequency (MHz)	PMea (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction dBm	Peak ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
1673.4	-40.47	4.18	-4.9	2.15	-41.9	-13	V
5859	-49.59	4.26	-7.7	2.15	-48.3	-13	V
5021.4	-51.72	4.43	-9	2.15	-49.3	-13	V
6985.6	-49.72	5.83	-12.3	2.15	-45.4	-13	V

**GSM Mode Channel 251**

**Final result:**

Frequency (MHz)	PMea (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction dBm	Peak ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
1697.4	-39.51	4.24	-4.9	2.15	-41	-13	V
5941.8	-51.35	4.4	-7.7	2.15	-50.2	-13	V
6789.6	-47.62	4.83	-9	2.15	-45.6	-13	V
8488	-56.6	5.85	-12.3	2.15	-52.3	-13	V

**GSM Mode Channel 512**

**Final result:**

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction dBm	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
3700.2	-48.23	4.42	-6.2	2.15	-48.6	-13	V
7400.4	-41.21	5.24	-9.5	2.15	-39.1	-13	V
14802	-47.82	6.13	-14.6	2.15	-41.5	-13	V
3700.2	-48.23	4.42	-6.2	2.15	-48.6	-13	V

**GSM Mode Channel 661**

**Final result:**

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction dBm	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
3759.6	-47.06	4.59	-6.2	2.15	-47.6	-13	V
7520.4	-40.43	5.62	-9.5	2.15	-38.7	-13	H
15039.2	-48.76	6.59	-14.6	2.15	-42.9	-13	H

**GSM Mode Channel 810**

**Final result:**

Frequency (MHz)	P <sub>Mea</sub> (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction dBm	Peak EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
3819	-46.65	4.3	-7.2	2.15	-45.9	-13	V
5730	-43.94	5.71	-10.5	2.15	-41.3	-13	V
9548.4	-55.13	6.42	-18.5	2.15	-45.2	-13	V

**Conclusion: PASS**

**Note: the EUT was displayed in several different direction, the worst cases were shown.**

**A.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION (§15.107§15.207)**

The measurement procedure in ANSI C63.4-1003 is used. Conducted Emission is measured with travel charger.

**A.8.1 Limit**

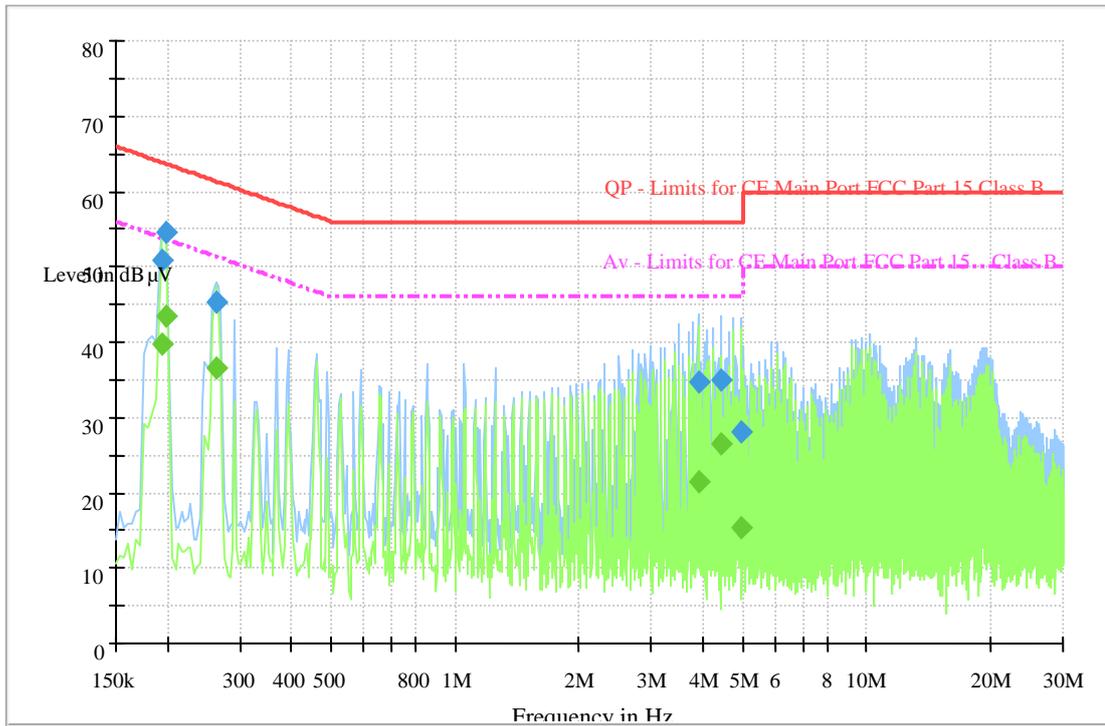
Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average

0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\*Decreases with logarithm of the frequency

**A.8.2 Measurement result**

**GSM850:**



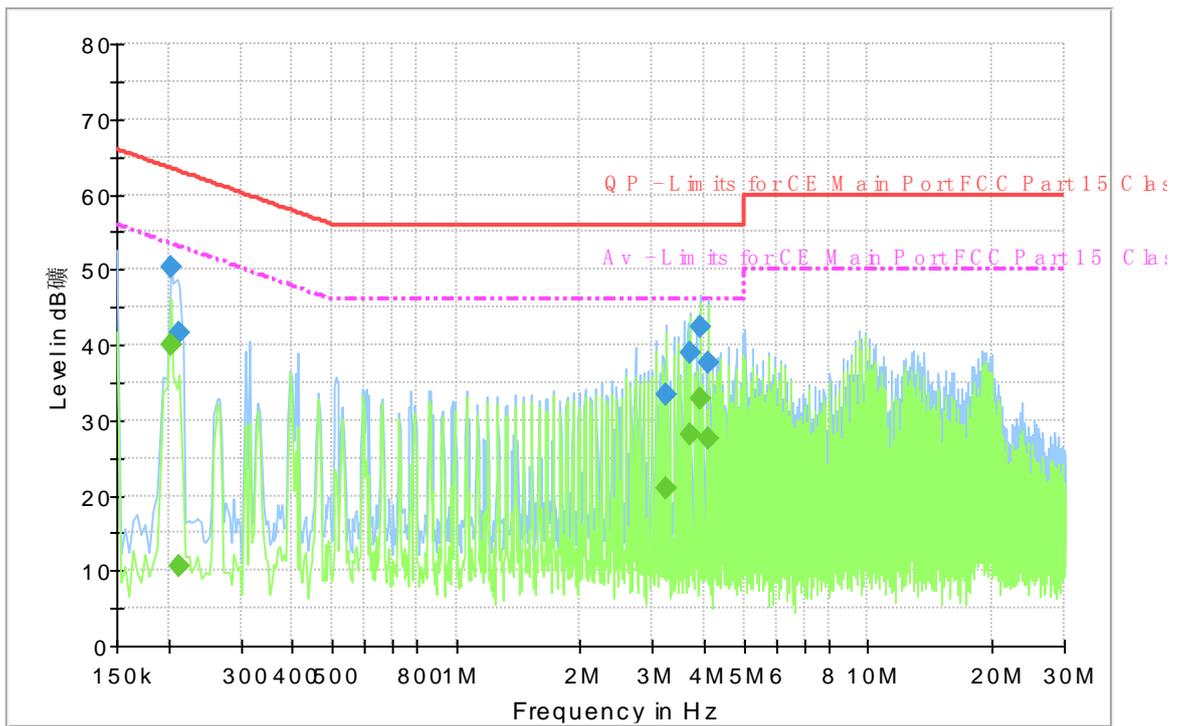
**Final Result1**

Frequency(MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Meas. Time(ms)	Bandwidth(kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr.(dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit(dBuV)
0.194775	50.7	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	13.1	63.8
0.198506	54.5	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	9.2	63.7
0.261938	45.3	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	16.1	61.4
3.896175	34.7	3000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	21.3	56.0
4.426012	35.0	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	21.0	56.0
4.952119	28.1	3000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	27.9	56.0

Final Result2

Frequency(MHz)	Average (dBuV)	Meas. Time(ms)	Bandwidth(kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr.(dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit(dBuV)
0.194775	39.7	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	14.2	53.8
0.198506	43.4	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	10.3	53.7
0.261938	36.6	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	14.7	51.4
3.896175	21.4	3000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	24.6	46.0
4.426012	26.4	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	19.6	46.0
4.952119	15.4	3000.0	9.000	On	N	9.8	30.6	46.0

PCS1900





**Final Result1**

Frequency(MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	Meas. Time(ms)	Bandwidth(kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr.(dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit(dBuV)
0.202238	50.4	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	13.1	63.5
0.213431	41.5	3000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	21.6	63.1
3.243206	33.4	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	22.6	56.0
3.709612	38.9	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	17.1	56.0
3.911100	42.5	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	13.5	56.0
4.108856	37.7	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	18.3	56.0

**Final Result2**

Frequency(MHz)	Average (dBuV)	Meas. Time(ms)	Bandwidth(kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr.(dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit(dBuV)
0.202238	40.0	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	10.0	13.5	53.5
0.213431	10.7	3000.0	9.000	On	N	9.9	42.4	53.1
3.243206	21.0	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	25.0	46.0
3.709612	28.1	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	17.9	46.0
3.911100	32.8	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	13.2	46.0
4.108856	27.7	3000.0	9.000	On	L1	9.8	18.3	46.0

**ANNEX B Deviations from Prescribed Test Methods**

No deviation from Prescribed Test Methods.

\*\*\*\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*\*\*\*