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Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	2017.01.06	First edition

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 EUT Description

EUT Type	FEATURE PHONE
Hardware Version	u3gA
Software Version	TEL_MX_BLADE_A520V1.0.0
EUT supports Radios application	GPRS
Multi Slot Class	GPRS: Multi slot Class12
Frequency Range	GSM 1900MHz: Tx: 1850.2 - 1909.8MHz (at intervals of 200kHz); Rx: 1930.2 - 1989.8MHz (at intervals of 200kHz)
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	GSM 1900: 30.39dBm
Type of Modulation	GSM/GPRS:GMSK
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain	GSM 1900: -0.23dBi
Remark	EUT support dual SIM card slots, both SIM ware evaluate. Show only worst-case SIM card 1 data here.

1.2 Maximum ERP/EIRP Power, Frequency Tolerance, and Emission Designator

System	Type of Modulation	Emission Designator	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)	Maximum EIRP(W)
GSM 1900	GMSK	249KGXW	0.02	0.698

1.3 Test Standards and Results

1. 47 CFR Part 2, 24(E)
2. ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010
3. FCC KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v02r02

Remark:

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.

Test detailed items/section required by FCC rules and results are as below:

No.	Section	Description	Limit	Result
	FCC			
1	2.1046	Conducted Output Power	Reporting Only	PASS
2	24.232(d)	Peak to Average Ratio	< 13dBm	PASS
3	2.1049 24.238(b)	Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting Only	PASS
4	2.1055 24.235	Frequency Stability	$\leq \pm 2.5\text{ppm}$	PASS
5	2.1051 24.238	Conducted Out of Band Emissions	$< 43+10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS
6	2.1051 24.238	Band Edge	$< 43+10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS
7	24.232	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	< 2Watts	PASS
8	2.1053 24.238	Radiated Spurious Emissions	$< 43+10\log_{10}(P[\text{Watts}])$	PASS

1.4 Test Configuration of Equipment under Test

Antenna port conducted and radiated test items were performed according to KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v02r02 with maximum output power.

Radiated measurements were performed with rotating EUT in different three orthogonal test planes to find the maximum emission.

Radiated emissions were investigated as following frequency range:

1. 30 MHz to 20000 MHz for GSM1900.

All modes and data rates and positions were investigated.

Test modes are chosen to be reported as the worst case configuration below:

Test Modes		
Band	Radiated TCs	Conducted TCs
GSM 1900	GSM Link	GSM Link
	GPRS Link	GPRS Link

Note: The maximum power levels are chosen to test as the worst case configuration as follows:
GPRS mode for GMSK modulation,

1.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 7dB and 10dB attenuator.

Example:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Offset (dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)} \\ &= 7 + 10 = 17 \text{ (dB)}\end{aligned}$$

1.6 Facilities and Accreditations

1.6.1 Test Facilities

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories

(identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: February 28, 2015. Valid time is until February 27, 2018.

FCC-Registration No.: 317478

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 317478, Renewal date Jul. 18, 2014, valid time is until Jul. 18, 2017

1.6.2 Test Environment Conditions

During the measurement, the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature (°C):	15°C - 35°C
Relative Humidity (%):	30% - 60%
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa):	86KPa-106KPa

2. 47 CFR PART 2, PART 22H & 24E REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Conducted RF Output Power

2.1.1 Definition

A system simulator was used to establish communication with the EUT. Its parameters were set to enforce EUT transmitting at the maximum power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

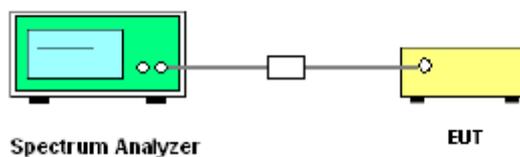
2.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.1.3 Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output port was connected to the system simulator.
2. Set EUT at maximum power through system simulator.
3. Select lowest, middle, and highest channels for each band and different modulation.
4. Measure and record the power level from the system simulator.

2.1.4 Test Setup



2.1.5 Test Results of Conducted Output Power

1. Test Verdict:

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Power dBm	Verdict
GSM 1900MHz	512	1850.2	29.36	PASS
	661	1880.0	29.13	PASS
	810	1909.8	28.75	PASS
GPRS 1900MHz	512	1850.2	29.35	PASS
	661	1880.0	29.10	PASS
	810	1909.8	28.74	PASS

Note 1: For the GPRS model, all the slots were tested and just the worst data was record in this report.

2.2 Peak to Average Ratio

2.2.1 Definition

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

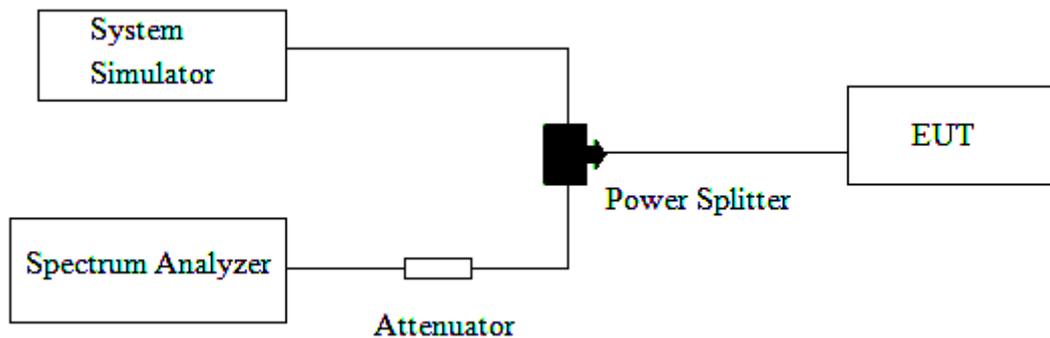
2.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 5.7.1.
2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. For GSM/GPRS operating modes:
 - a. Set EUT in maximum power output.
 - b. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, Peak detector on spectrum analyzer for first trace.
 - c. Set the RBW = 10KHz, VBW = 30KHz, RMS detector on spectrum analyzer for second trace.
 - d. The wanted burst signal is triggered by spectrum analyzer, and measured respectively the peak level and Mean level without burst-off time, after system simulator has synchronized with the spectrum analyzer.
4. For UMTS operating modes:
 - a. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option on the spectrum analyzer.
 - b. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.
5. Record the deviation as Peak to Average Ratio.

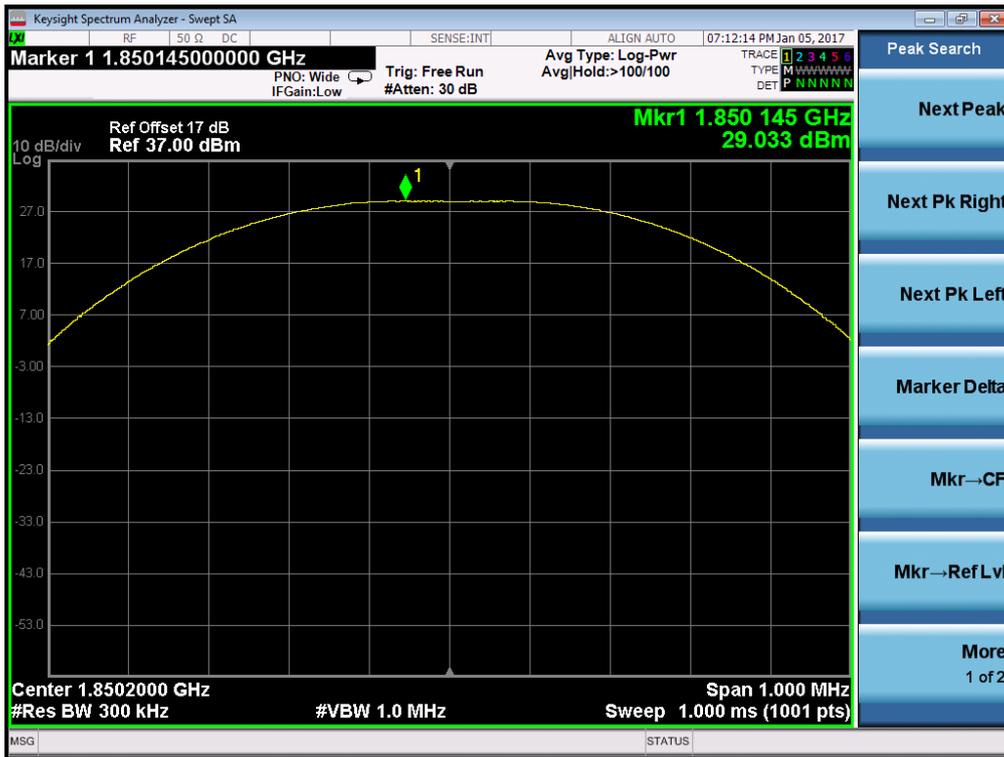
2.2.4 Test Setup



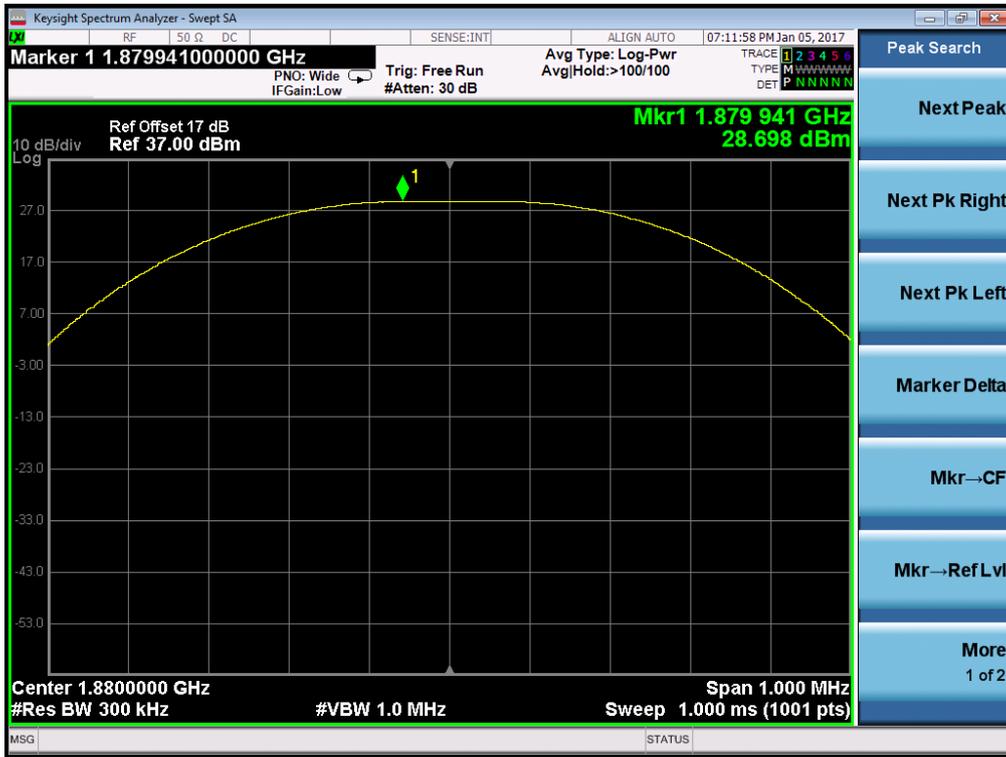
2.2.5 Test Results of Peak-to-Average Ratio

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak to Average ratio		Limit dB	Verdict
			dB	Refer to Plot		
GSM 1900MHz	512	1850.2	3.448	Plot A1 to A3	13	PASS
	661	1880.0	2.373			PASS
	810	1909.8	2.126			PASS
GPRS 1900MHz	512	1850.2	3.715	Plot B1 to B3	13	PASS
	661	1880.0	3.555			PASS
	810	1909.8	2.065			PASS

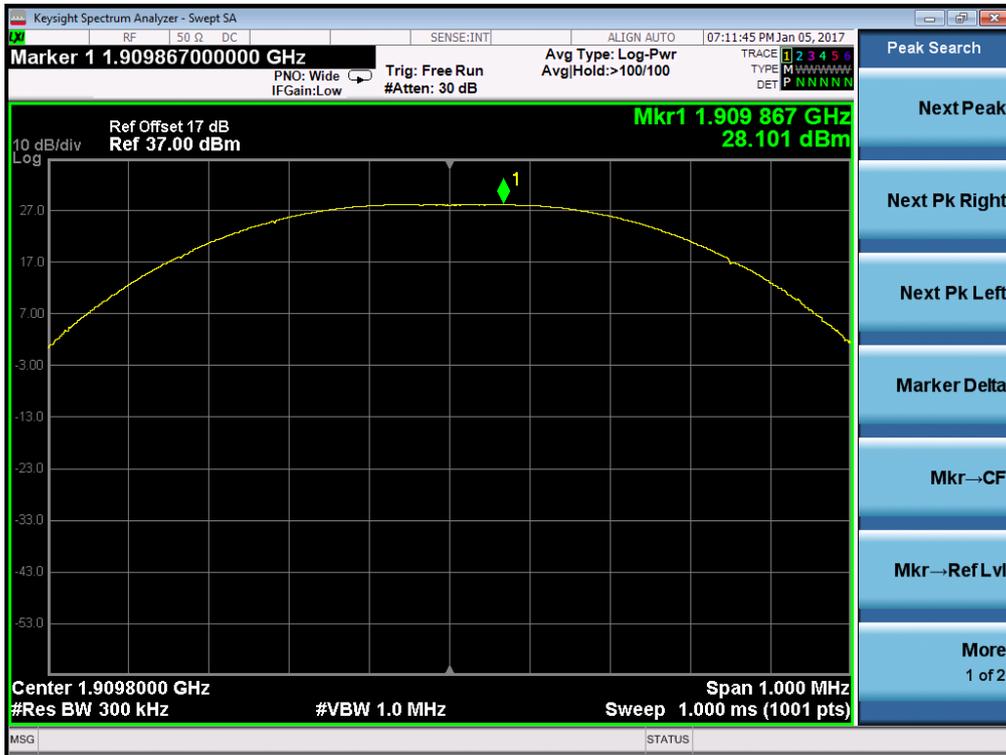
Test Results (Plots) of Peak-to-Average Ratio



(Plot A1: GSM 1900 MHz Channel = 512)



(Plot A2: GSM 1900 MHz Channel = 661)



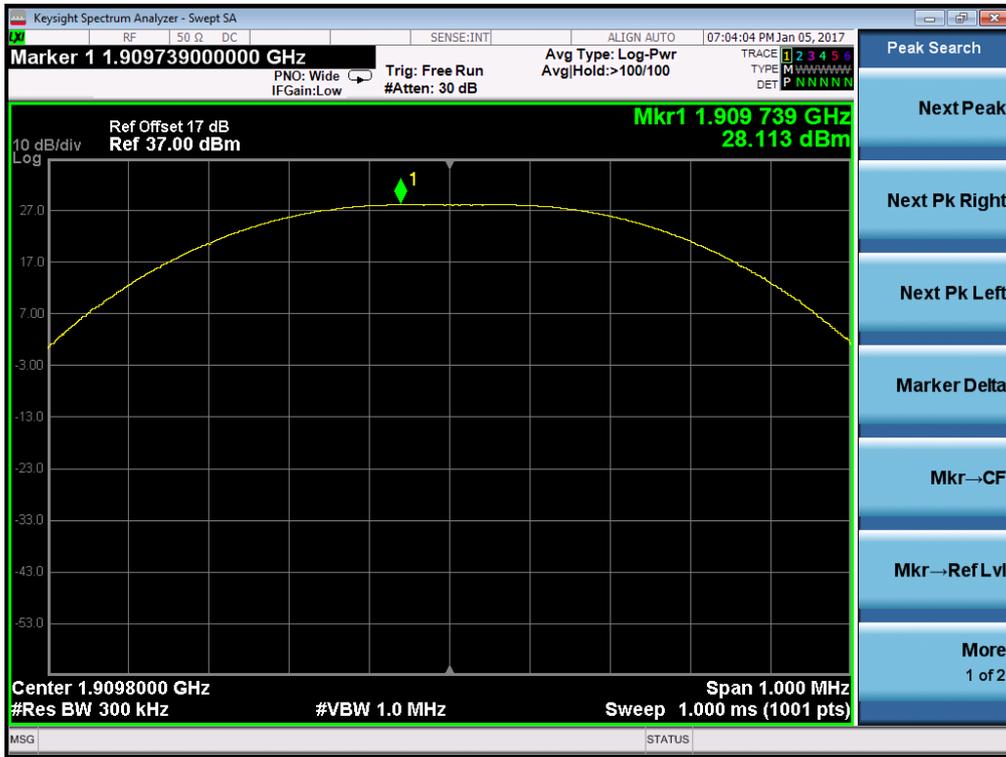
(Plot A3: GSM 1900MHz Channel = 810)



(Plot B1: GPRS 1900 MHz Channel = 512)



(Plot B2: GPRS 1900 MHz Channel = 661)



(Plot B3: GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 810)

2.3 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Bandwidth Measurement

2.3.1 Definition

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5% of the total mean transmitted power.

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, located at the 2 sides of the carrier frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

2.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.3.3 Test Procedures

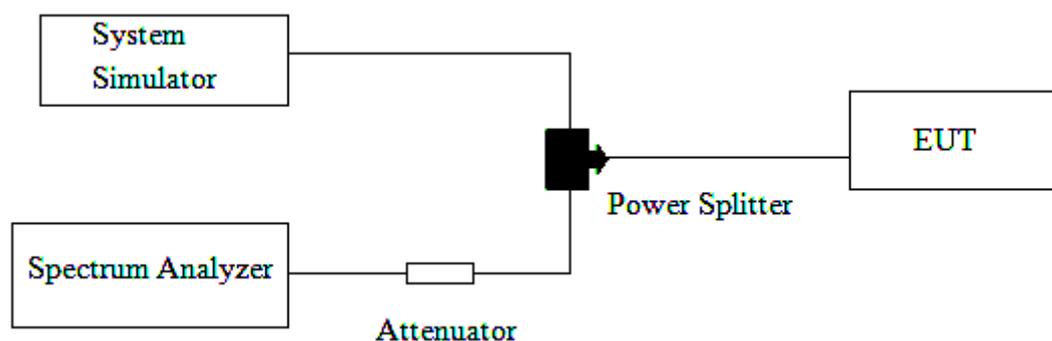
1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 4.2.
2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The RF output of the EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator.

The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

4. The 99% occupied bandwidth were measured, set RBW= 1% of span, VBW= 3*RBW, sample detector, trace maximum hold.

5. The 26dB bandwidth were measured, set RBW= 1% of EBW, VBW= 3*RBW, peak detector, trace maximum hold.

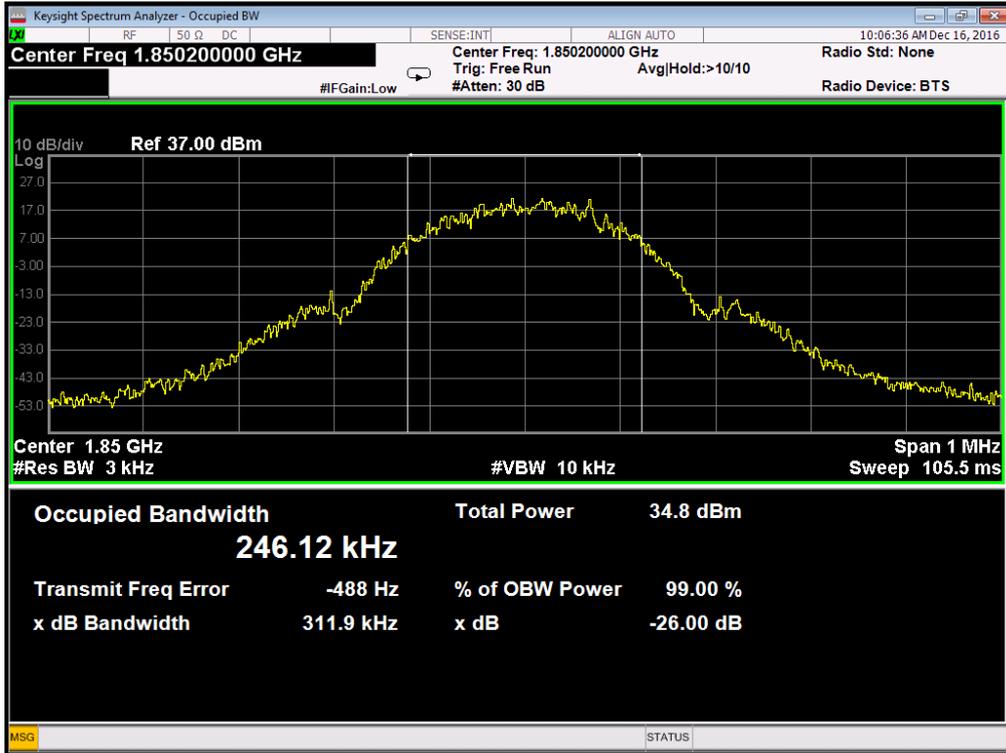
2.3.4 Test Setup



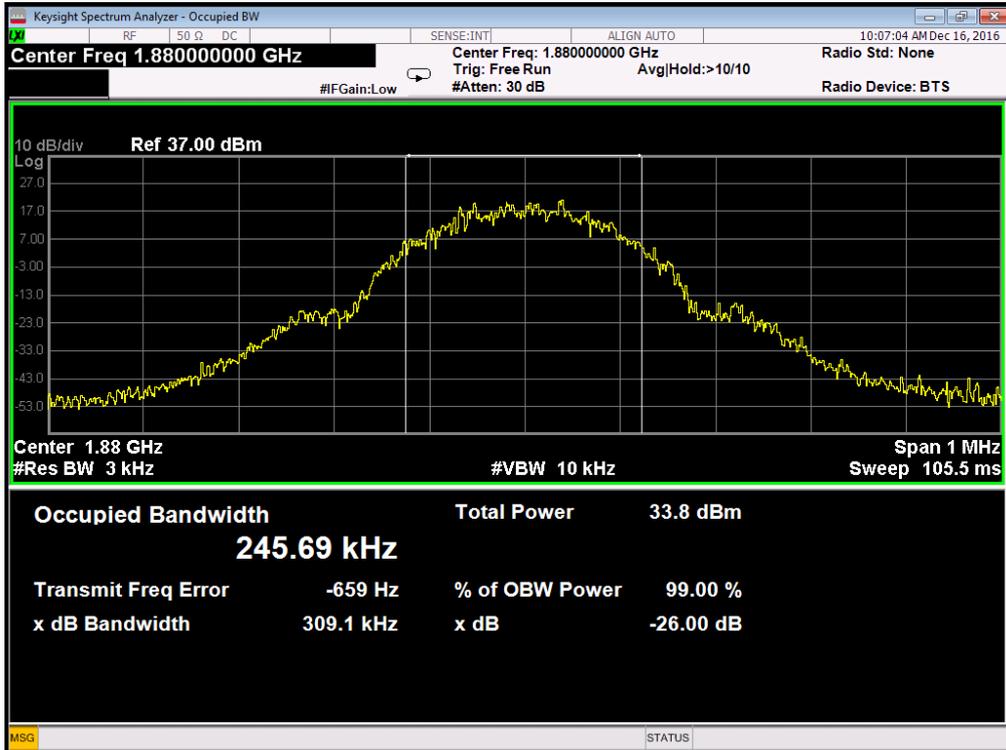
2.3.5 Test Results of 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Bandwidth

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26dB bandwidth	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Refer to Plot
GSM 1900MHz	512	1850.2	312	246	Plot B1
	661	1880.0	309	246	Plot B2
	810	1909.8	311	247	Plot B3
GPRS 1900MHz	512	1850.2	314	242	Plot D1
	661	1880.0	317	249	Plot D2
	810	1909.8	311	246	Plot D3

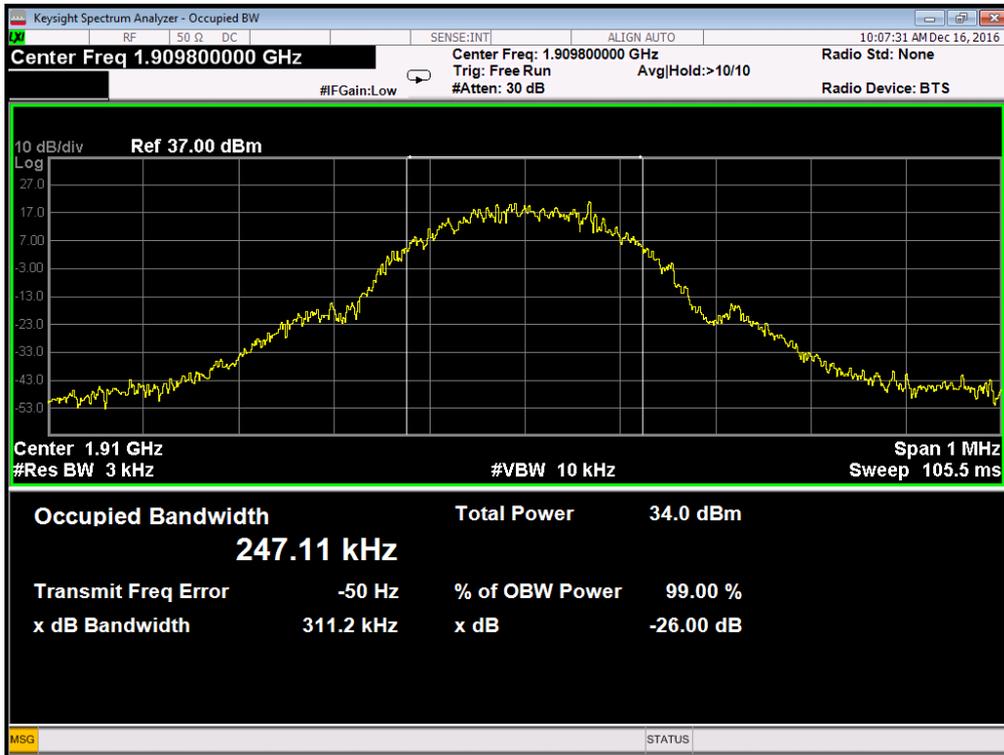
2.3.6 Test Results (Plots) of 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Bandwidth



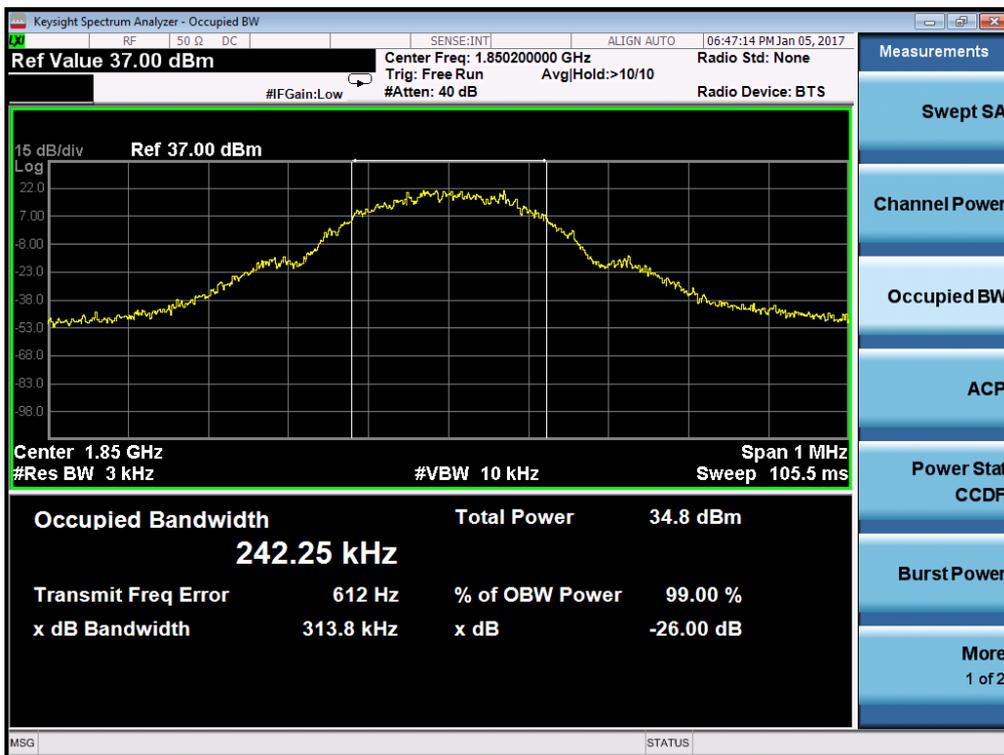
(Plot B1: GSM 1900MHz Channel = 512 Occupied bandwidth)



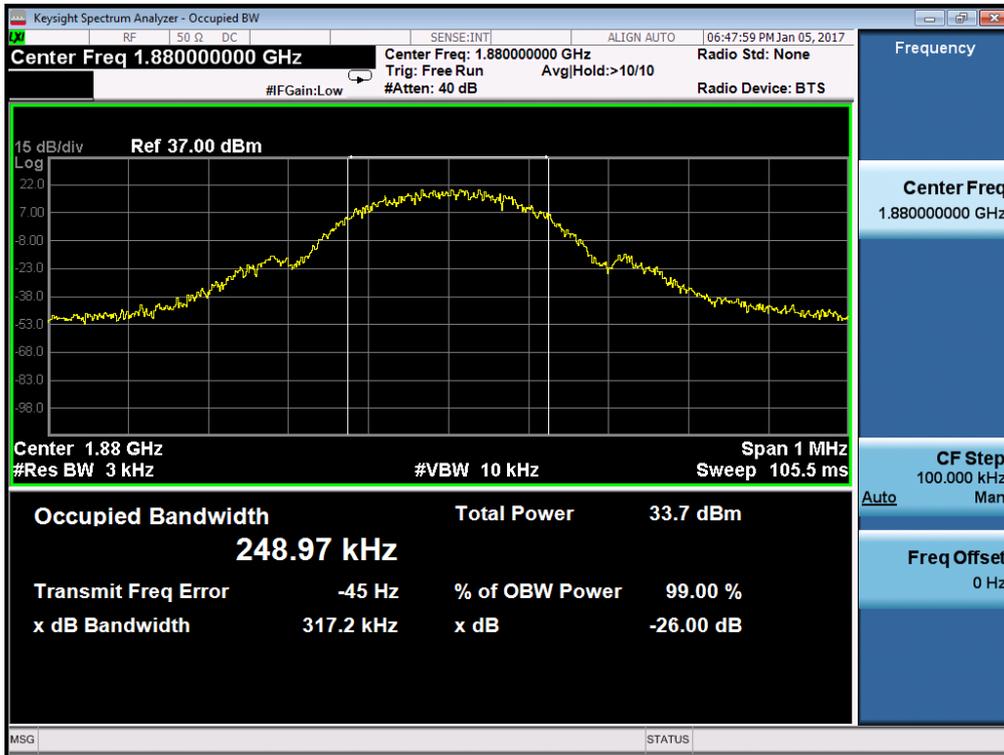
(Plot B2: GSM 1900MHz Channel = 661 Occupied bandwidth)



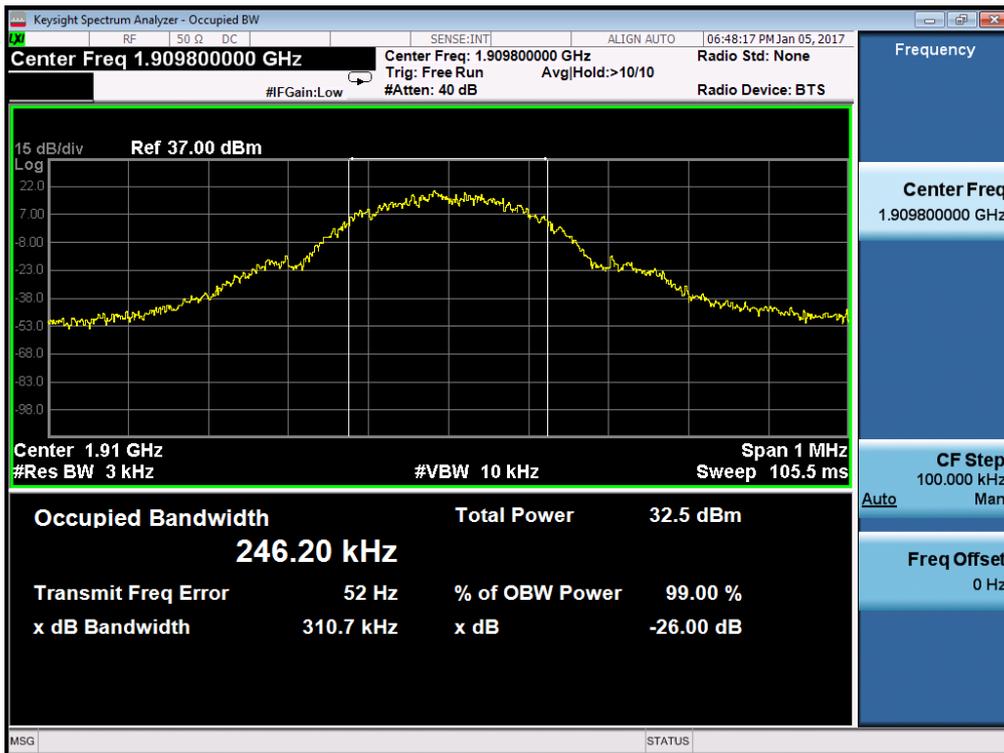
(Plot B3: GSM 1900MHz Channel = 810 Occupied bandwidth)



(Plot D1: GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 512 Occupied bandwidth)



(Plot D2: GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 661 Occupied bandwidth)



(Plot D3: GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 810 Occupied bandwidth)

2.4 Frequency Stability

2.4.1 Requirement

The frequency stability shall be measured by variation of ambient temperature and variation of primary supply voltage to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within $\pm 0.00025\%$ ($\pm 2.5\text{ppm}$) of the center frequency.

2.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

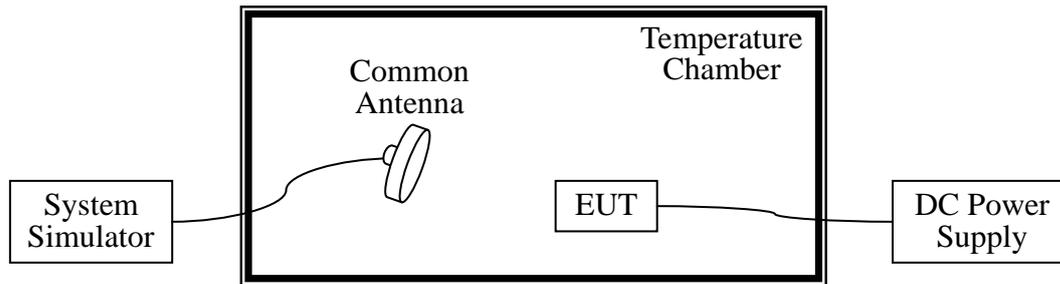
2.4.3 Test Procedures for Temperature Variation

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 9.0.
2. The EUT was set up in the thermal chamber and connected with the system simulator.
3. With power OFF, the temperature was decreased to -30°C and the EUT was stabilized before testing. Power was applied and the maximum change in frequency was recorded within one minute.
4. With power OFF, the temperature was raised in 10°C steps up to 50°C . The EUT was stabilized at each step for at least half an hour. Power was applied and the maximum frequency change was recorded within one minute.

2.4.4 Test Procedures for Voltage Variation

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 9.0.
2. The EUT was placed in a temperature chamber at $25\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ and connected with the system simulator.
3. The power supply voltage to the EUT was varied from BEP to 115% of the nominal value measured at the input to the EUT.
4. The variation in frequency was measured for the worst case.

2.4.5 Test Setup



2.4.6 Test Results of Frequency Stability

1. GSM 1900MHz Band

Band:	GSM 1900	Channel:	661
Limit(ppm):	2.5	Frequency:	1880.0MHz

Power (VDC)	Temperature (°C)	GSM		GPRS		Result
		Freq. Dev. (Hz)	Deviation (ppm)	Freq. Dev. (Hz)	Deviation (ppm)	
3.7	-30	38	0.02	31	0.02	PASS
	-20	36	0.02	36	0.02	
	-10	41	0.02	32	0.02	
	0	40	0.02	30	0.02	
	+10	35	0.02	32	0.02	
	+20	37	0.02	29	0.02	
	+30	32	0.02	35	0.02	
	+40	33	0.02	30	0.02	
	+50	26	0.02	32	0.02	
4.2	+25	32	0.02	39	0.02	
3.5	+25	29	0.02	37	0.02	

2.5 Conducted Out of Band Emissions

2.5.1 Requirement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

It is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer and scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

2.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 6.0.
2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by an RF cable and attenuator.

The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

4. The middle channel for the highest RF power within the transmitting frequency was measured.
5. The conducted spurious emission for the whole frequency range was taken.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

7. The limit line is derived from $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)

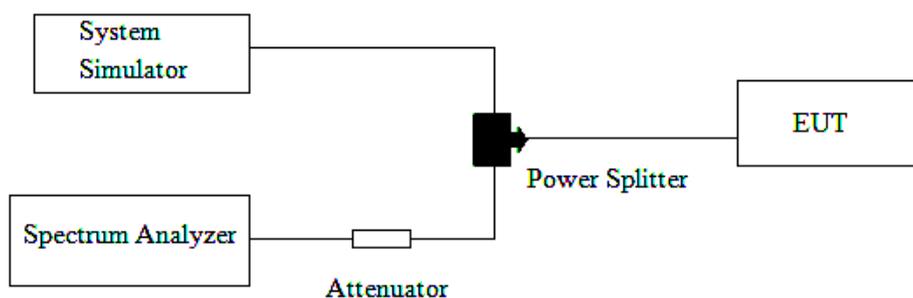
$$= P(W) - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$$

$$= [30 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$$

$$= -13\text{dBm.}$$

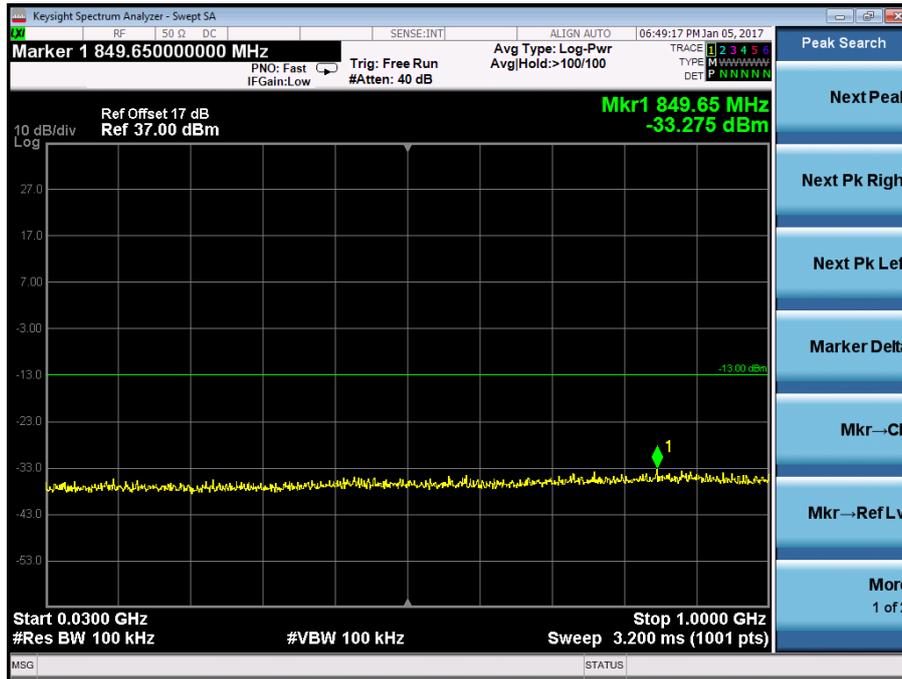
8. For 9KHz to 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

2.5.4 Test Setup

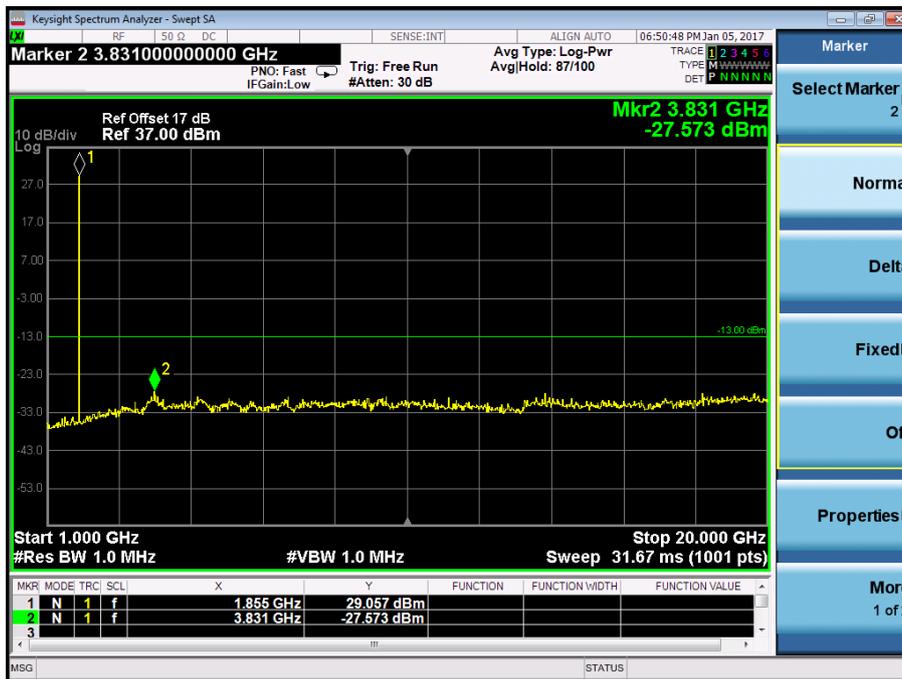


2.5.5 Test Result (Plots) of Conducted Spurious Emission

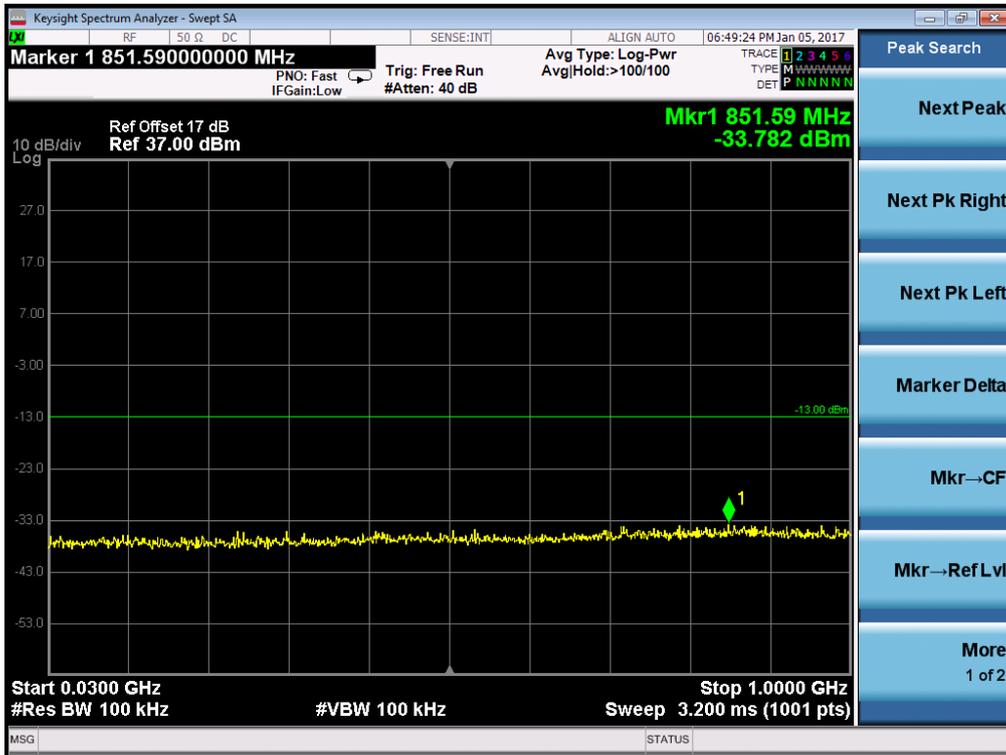
Note: For 9 KHz to 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value, so we not provide the test result here.



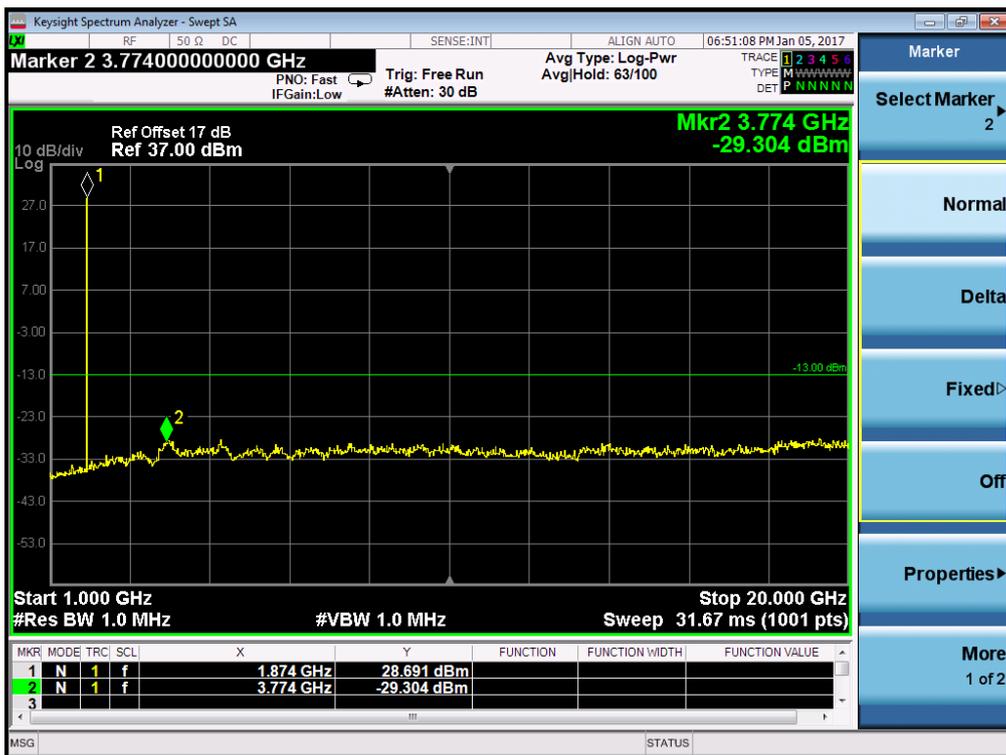
GSM 1900MHz Channel = 512, 30MHz to 1GHz



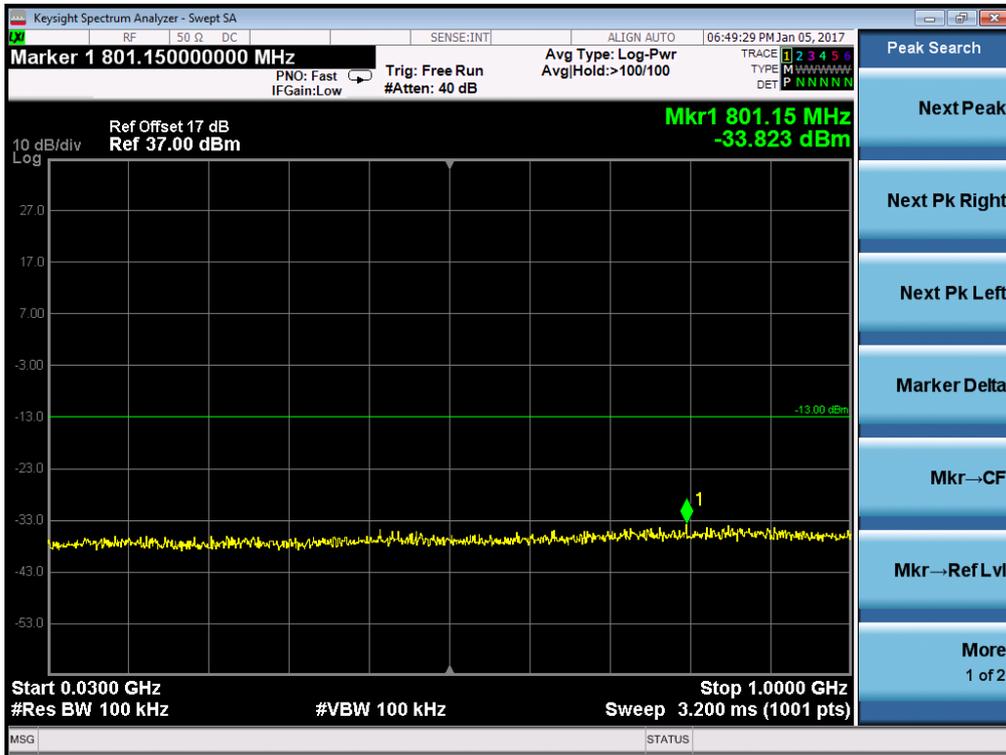
GSM 1900MHz Channel = 512, 1GHz to 20GHz



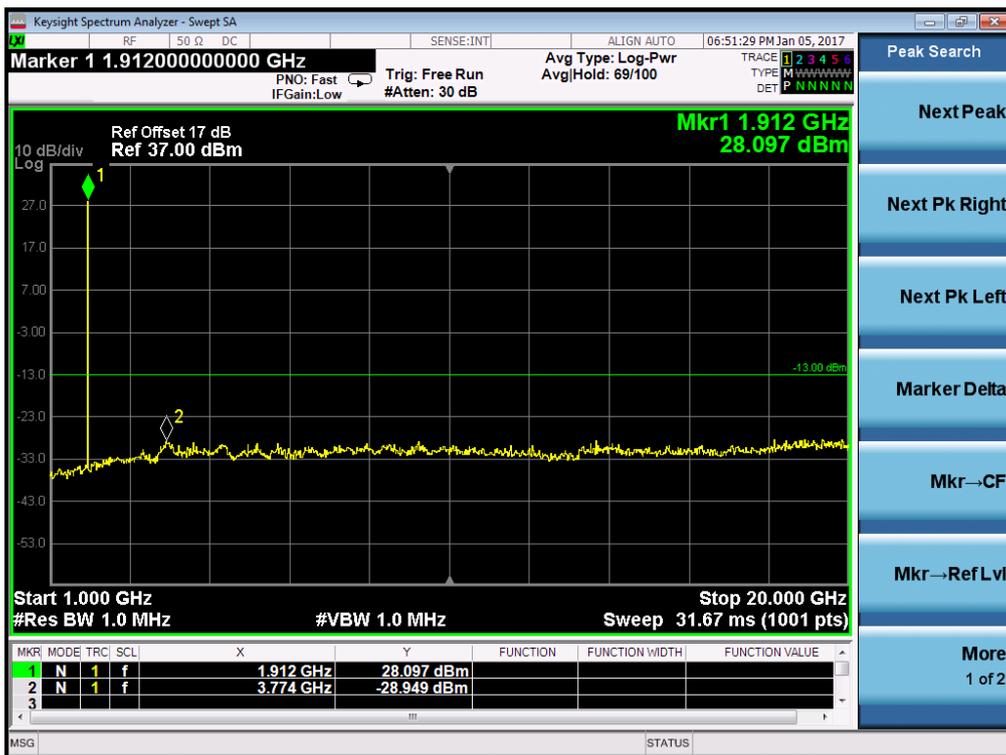
GSM 1900MHz Channel = 661, 30MHz to 1GHz



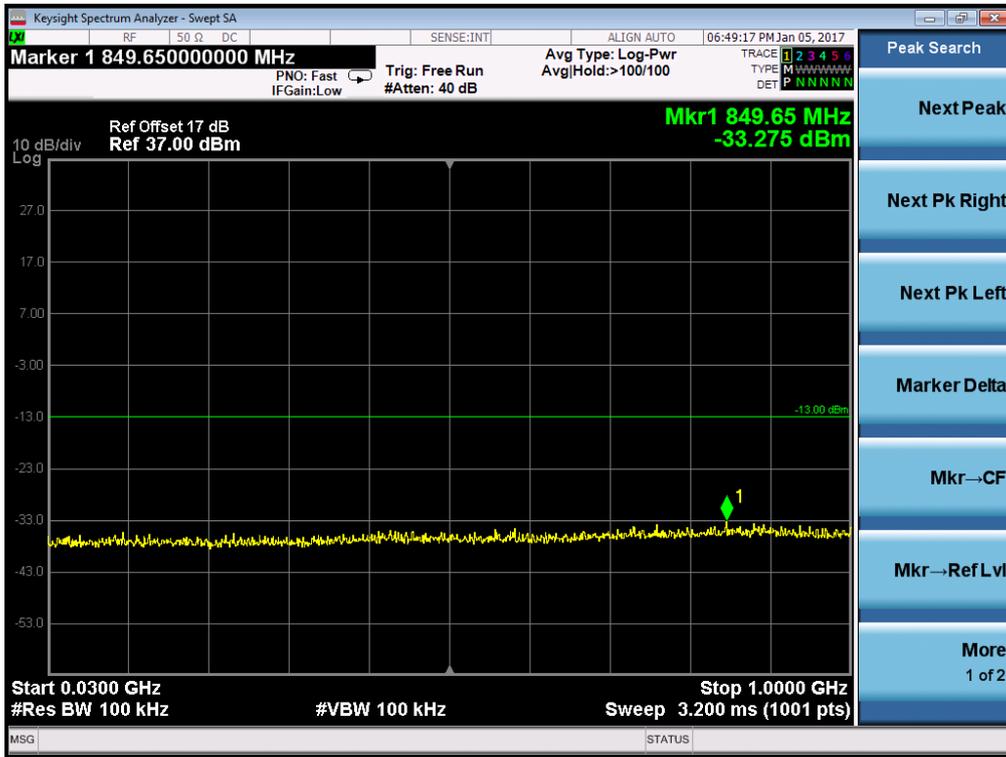
GSM 1900MHz Channel = 661, 1GHz to 20GHz



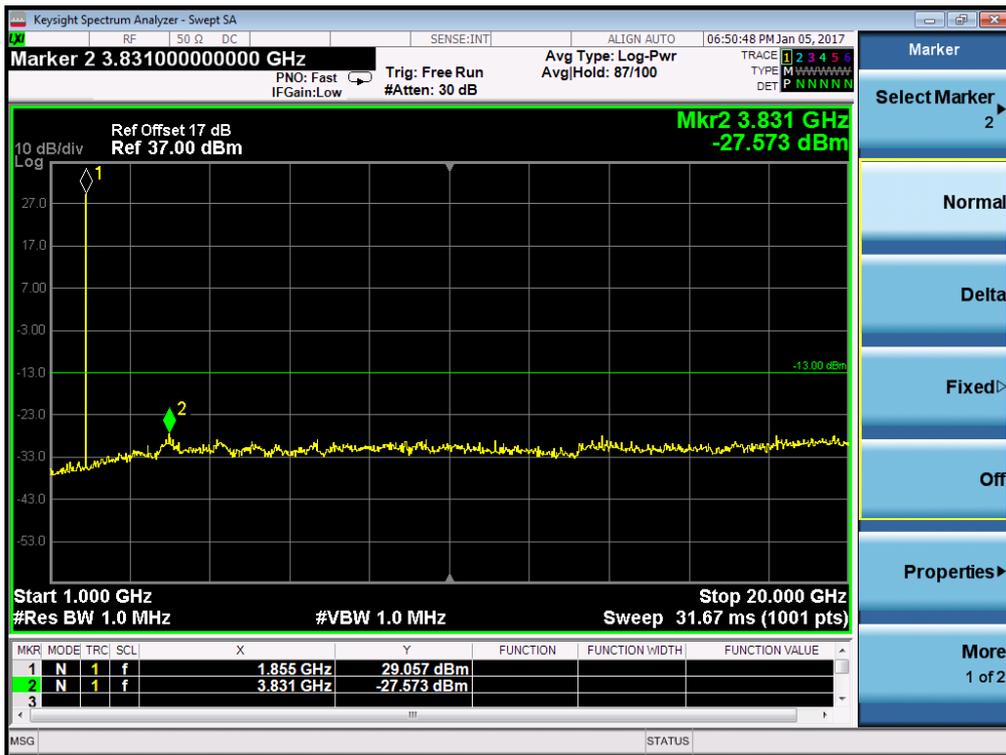
GSM 1900MHz Channel = 810, 30MHz to 1GHz



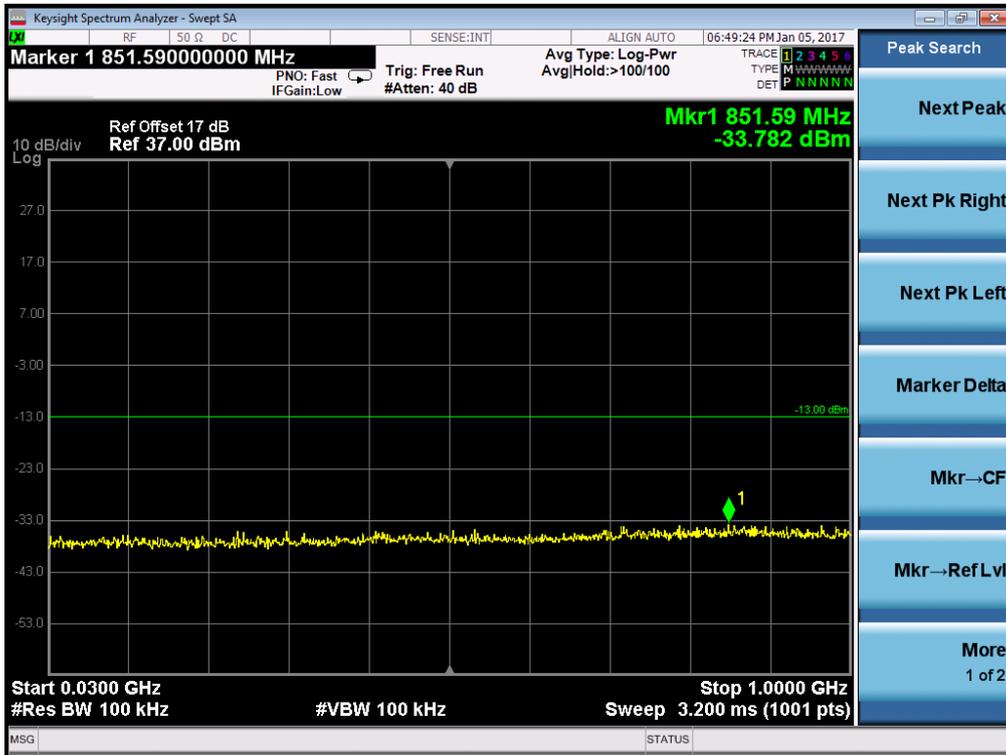
GSM 1900MHz Channel = 810, 1GHz to 20GHz



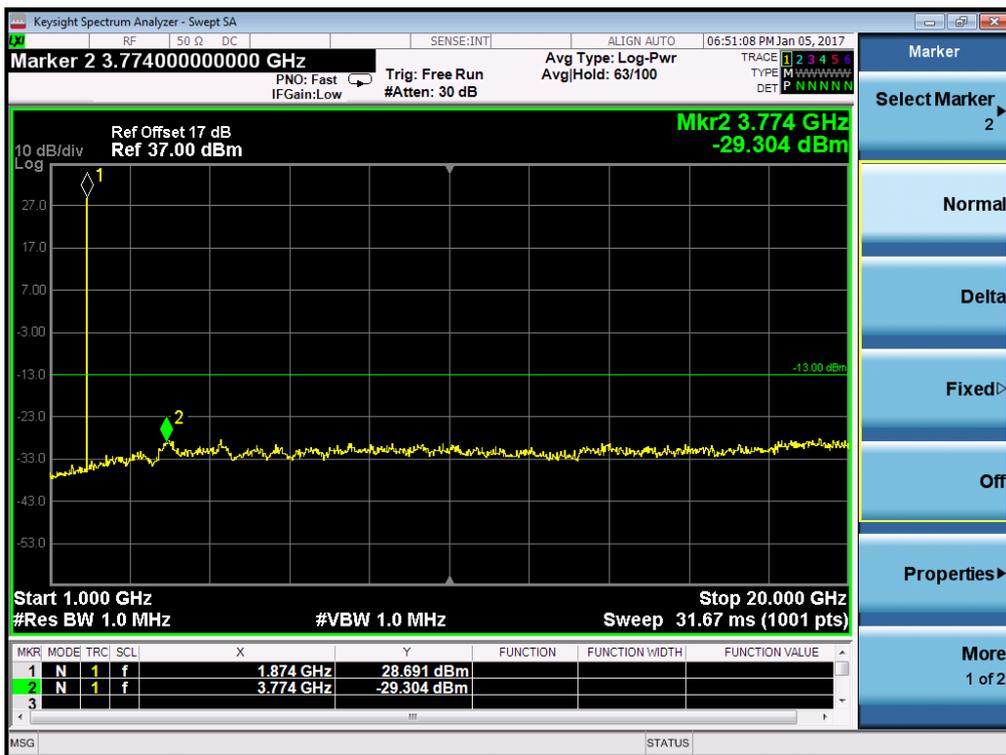
GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 512, 30MHz to 1GHz



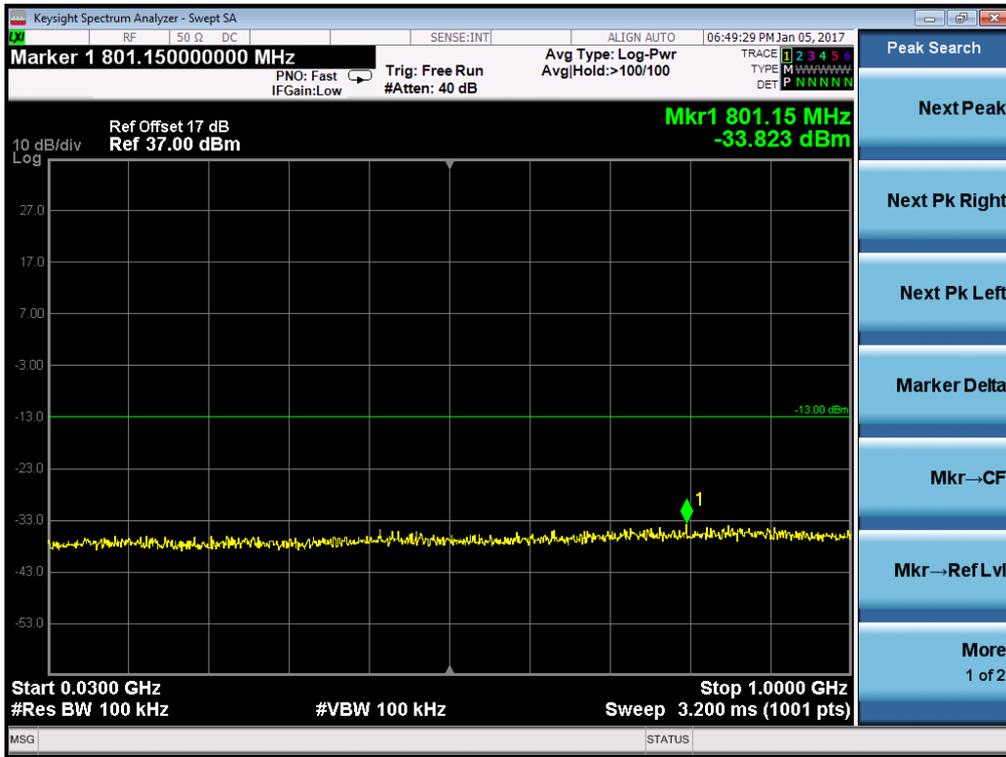
GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 512, 1GHz to 20GHz



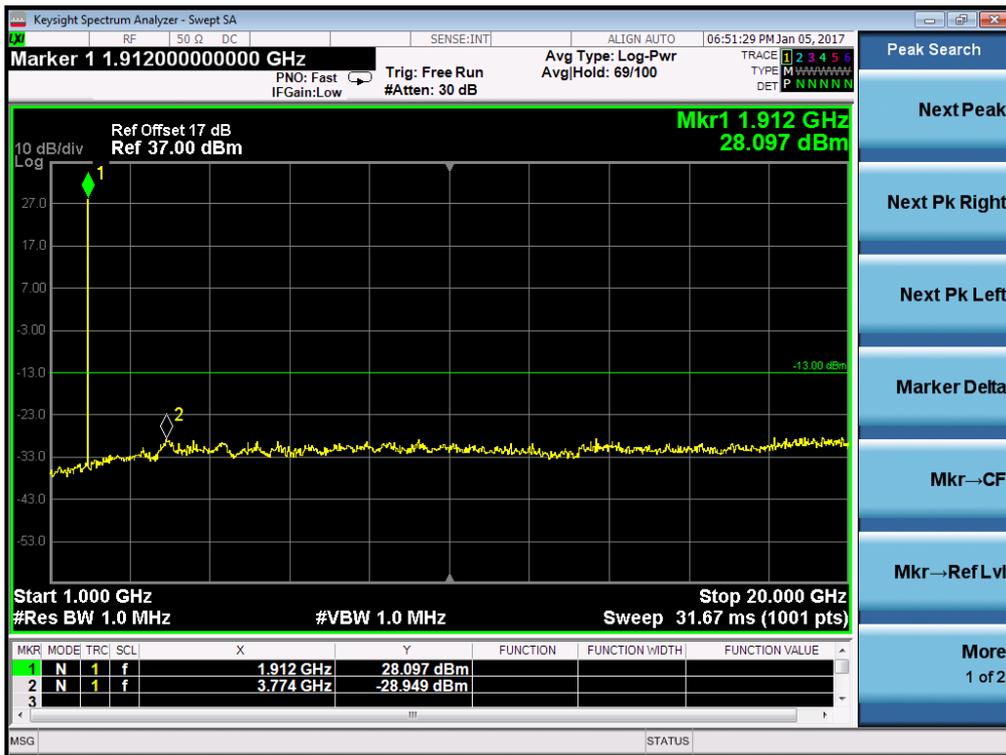
GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 661, 30MHz to 1GHz



GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 661, 1GHz to 20GHz



GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 810, 30MHz to 1GHz



GPRS 1900MHz Channel = 810, 1GHz to 20GHz

2.6 Band Edge

2.6.1 Requirement

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be lower than the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.

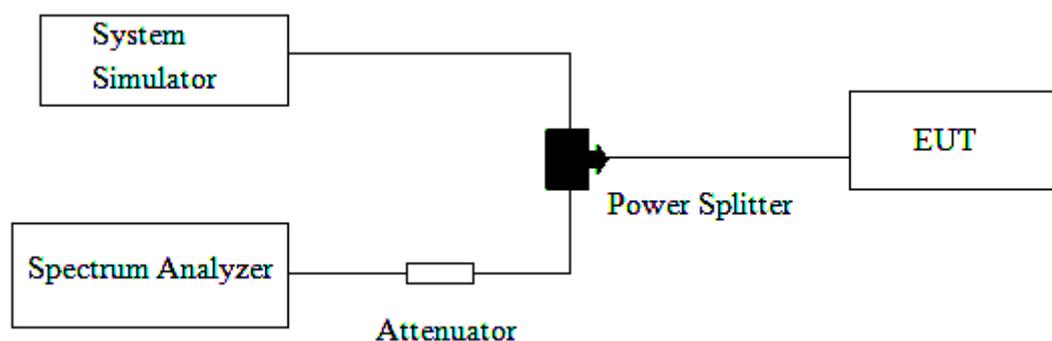
2.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 6.0.
2. The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer and system simulator via a power divider.
3. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by an RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
4. The band edges of low and high channels for the highest RF powers were measured.
5. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
6. The limit line is derived from $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
 $= P(W) - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$
 $= [30 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dBm)} - [43 + 10\log(P)] \text{ (dB)}$
 $= -13\text{dBm}.$

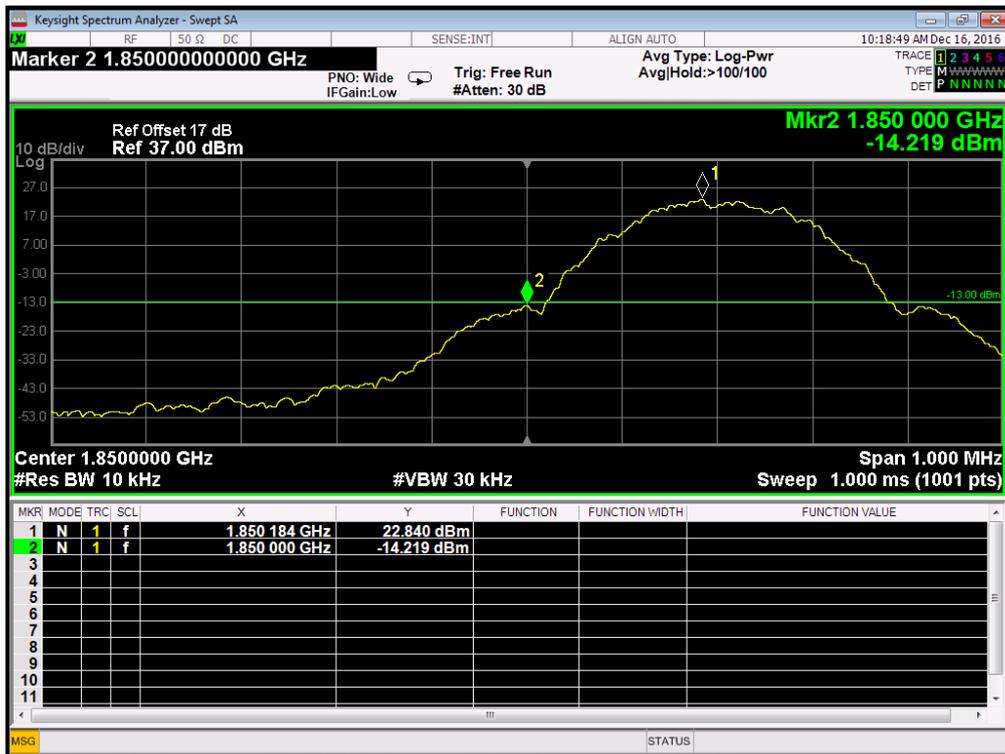
2.6.4 Test Setup



2.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edge

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Refer to Plot	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
GSM 1900MHz	512	1850.2	-14.219	Plat C	-13	PASS
	810	1909.8	-17.111	Plot D		PASS
GPRS 1900MHz	512	1850.2	-13.559	Plat G	-13	PASS
	810	1909.8	-13.797	Plot H		PASS

2.6.6 Test Result (Plots) of Conducted Band Edge



(Plot C: GSM 1900 Channel = 512)



(Plot D: GSM 1900 Channel = 810)



(Plot G: GPRS 1900 Channel = 512)



(Plot H: GPRS 1900 Channel = 810)

2.7 Transmitter Radiated Power (EIRP)

2.7.1 Requirement

The substitution method, in ANSI / TIA / EIA-603-D-2010, was used for ERP/EIRP measurement, and the spectrum analyzer configuration follows KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas. License Digital Systems v02r02. The ERP of mobile transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts (Cellular Band) and the EIRP of mobile transmitters are limited to 2 Watts (PCS Band) and 1 Watts (AWS Band).

2.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.7.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 5.2.2.2 (for GSM/ GPRS) and ANSI / TIA-603-D-2010 Section 2.2.17.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable 1.5 meters high in a fully anechoic chamber.
3. The EUT was placed 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
4. GSM operating modes: Set RBW= 1MHz, VBW= 3MHz, RMS detector over burst;
5. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiated power.
6. The height of the receiving antenna is adjusted to look for the maximum ERP/EIRP.
7. Taking the record of maximum ERP/EIRP.
8. A dipole antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
9. The conducted power at the terminal of the dipole antenna is measured.
10. Repeat step 3 to step 5 to get the maximum ERP/EIRP of the substitution antenna.
11. $ERP/EIRP = P_s + E_t - E_s + G_s = P_s + R_t - R_s + G_s$

P_s (dBm): Input power to substitution antenna.

G_s (dBi or dBd): Substitution antenna Gain.

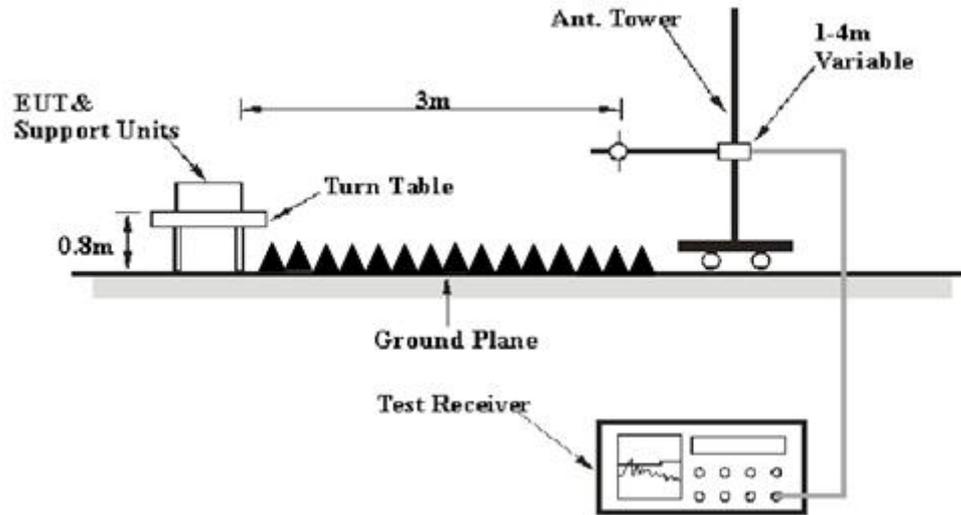
$$E_t = R_t + AF \quad E_s = R_s + AF$$

AF (dB/m): Receive antenna factor

R_t: The highest received signal in spectrum analyzer for EUT.

R_s: The highest received signal in spectrum analyzer for substitution antenna.

2.7.4 Test Setup



2.7.5 Test Result of Transmitter Radiated Power

Test Notes:

1. This device employs GMSK technology with GSM capabilities. All configurations were investigated and the worst case emissions were found in GSM mode.
2. This unit was tested with its standard battery.
3. The worst case test configuration was found in the vertical positioning where the EUT is laying on its side. The data reported in the tables below were measured in this test setup.

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PCL	Antenna Pol (H/V)	Measured EIRP dBm	Limit dBm	Verdict
GSM 1900MHz	512	1850.2	0	V	27.13	33	PASS
				H	28.35		
	661	1880.0	0	V	27.08		PASS
				H	28.44		
	810	1909.8	0	V	27.09		PASS
				H	28.14		

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PCL	Antenna Pol (H/V)	Measured EIRP dBm	Limit dBm	Verdict
GPRS 1900MHz	512	1850.2	0	V	27.08	33	PASS
				H	28.31		
	661	1880.0	0	V	27.11		PASS
				H	28.38		
	810	1909.8	0	V	26.89		PASS
				H	28.10		

2.8 Radiated Spurious Emissions

2.8.1 Requirement

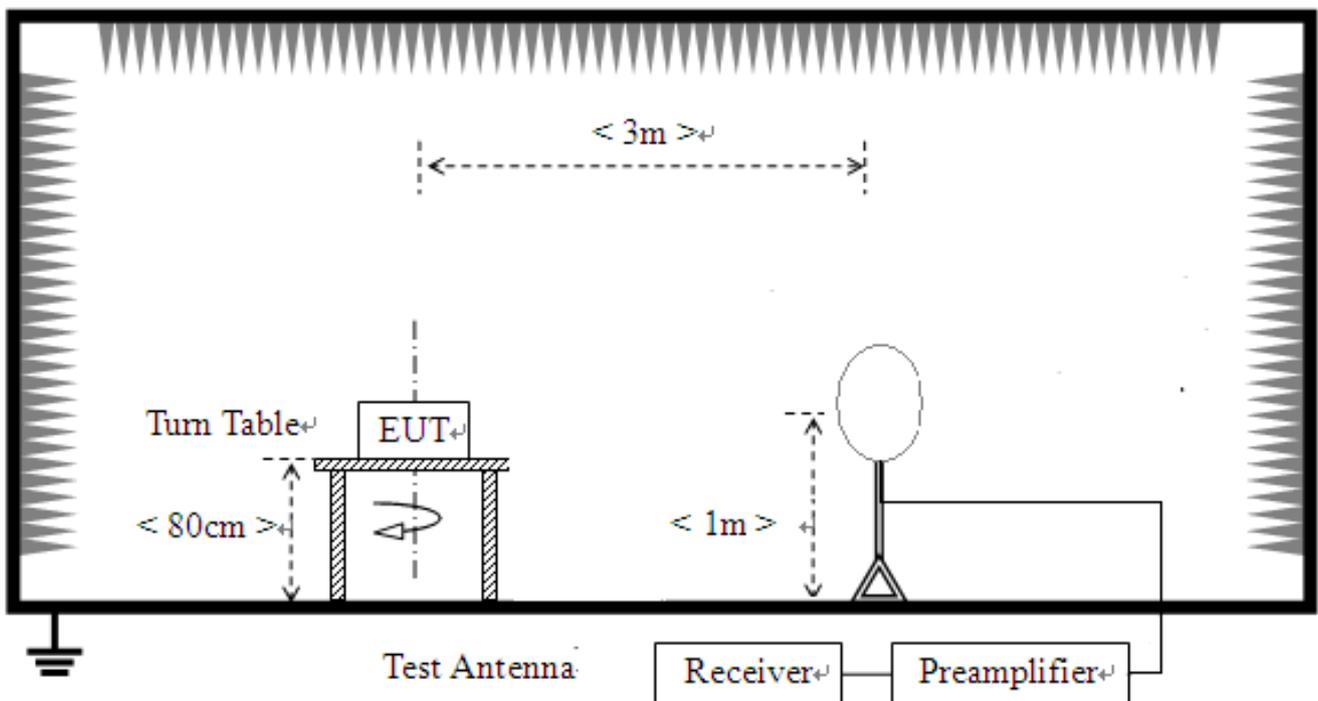
The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. The spectrum is scanned from 30 MHz up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic.

2.8.2 Measuring Instruments

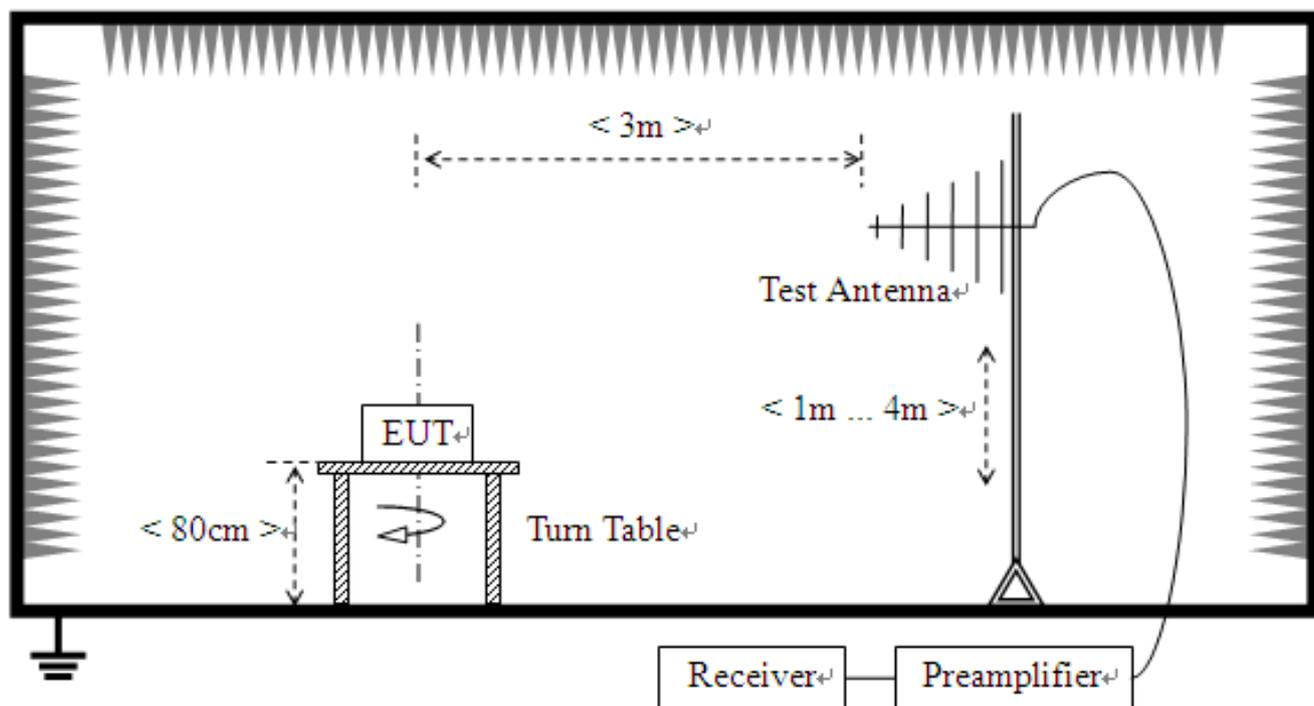
The measuring equipment is listed in the section 3 of this test report.

2.8.3 Test Setup

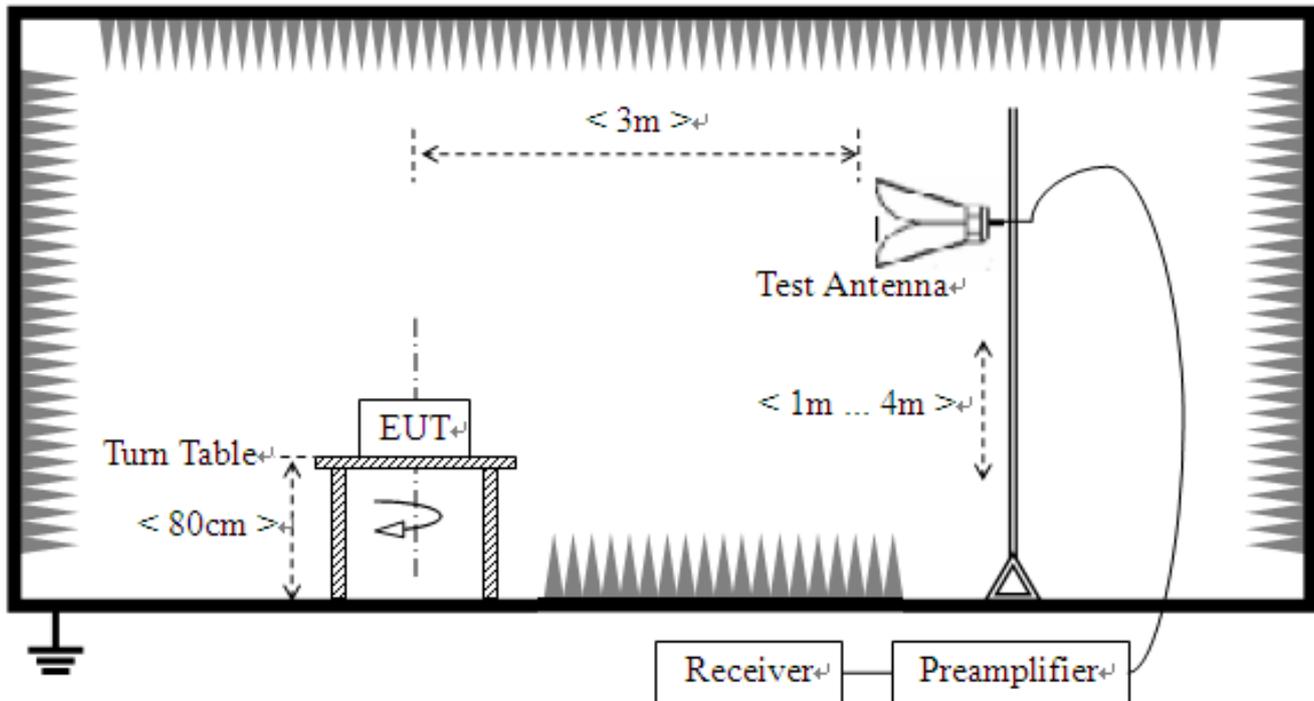
For radiated emissions from 9 kHz to 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz

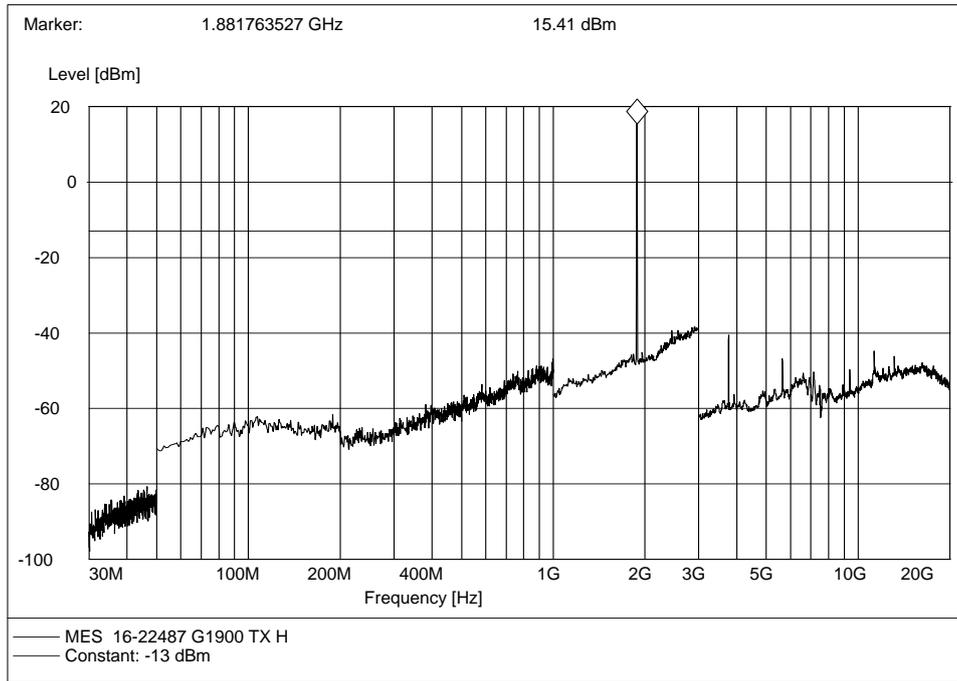


2.8.4 Test Procedures

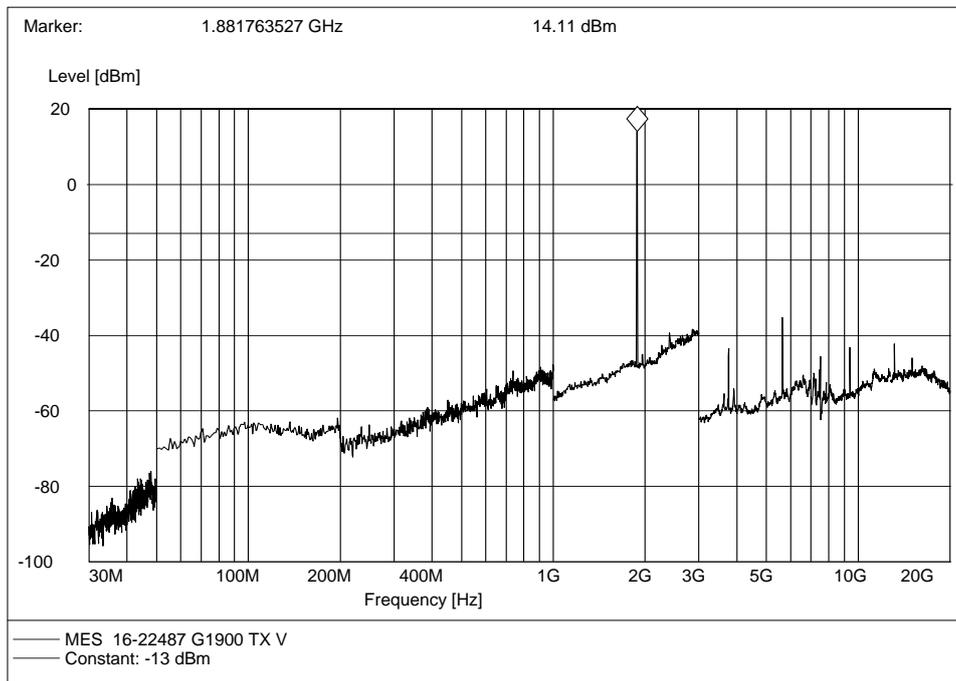
1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 D01v02r02 Section 5.8 and ANSI / TIA-603-D-2010 Section 2.2.12.
2. The EUT was placed on a rotatable wooden table 0.8 meters above the ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the receiving antenna, which was mounted on the antenna tower.
4. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest spurious emission.
5. The height of the receiving antenna is varied between one meter and four meters to search for the maximum spurious emission for both horizontal and vertical polarizations.
6. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 3MHz, taking record of maximum spurious emission.
7. A horn antenna was substituted in place of the EUT and was driven by a signal generator.
8. Tune the output power of signal generator to the same emission level with EUT maximum spurious emission.
9. Taking the record of output power at antenna port.
10. Repeat step 7 to step 8 for another polarization.
11. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
12. The limit line is derived from $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB below the transmitter power P(Watts)
 $= P(W) - [43 + 10\log(P)]$ (dB)
 $= [30 + 10\log(P)]$ (dBm) - $[43 + 10\log(P)]$ (dB)
 $= -13\text{dBm}$.
13. This device employs GMSK technology with GSM and GSM capabilities. All configurations were investigated and the worst case emissions were found in GSM mode.
14. This unit was tested with its standard battery.
15. All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction and low, middle, high channel. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.
16. The spectrum is measured from 9 KHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency of the transmitter using CISPR quasi peak detector below 1GHz. The worst case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20dB of the respective limits were not reported.
17. For 9KHz to 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

2.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions

Note: For 9 KHz to 30MHz: the amplitude of spurious emissions is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value, so we not provide the test result here.



GSM 1900MHz, Test Antenna Horizontal



GSM 1900MHz, Test Antenna Vertical

3. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT

Radiated Emission					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal
1	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	ShwarzBeck	VULB9163	538	11/13/2016
2	EMI TEST RECEIVER	Rohde&Schwarz	ESI 26	100009	11/13/2016
3	EMI TEST Software	Audix	E3	N/A	N/A
4	TURNTABLE	ETS	2088	2149	N/A
5	ANTENNA MAST	ETS	2075	2346	N/A
6	EMI TEST Software	Rohde&Schwarz	ESK1	N/A	N/A
7	HORNANTENNA	ShwarzBeck	9120D	1011	11/13/2016
8	Amplifer	Sonoma	310N	E009-13	11/13/2016
9	JS amplifer	Rohde&Schwarz	JS4-00101800-2 8-5A	F201504	11/13/2016
10	High pass filter	Compliance Direction systems	BSU-6	34202	11/13/2016
11	HORNANTENNA	ShwarzBeck	9120D	1012	11/13/2016
12	Amplifer	Compliance Direction systems	PAP1-4060	120	11/13/2016
13	Loop Antenna	Rohde&Schwarz	HFH2-Z2	100020	11/13/2016
14	TURNTABLE	MATURO	TT2.0	----	N/A
15	ANTENNA MAST	MATURO	TAM-4.0-P	----	N/A
16	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	25841	11/13/2016
17	ULTRA-BROADBAND ANTENNA	Rohde&Schwarz	HL562	100015	11/13/2016
18	UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION	Rohde&Schwarz	CMU200	112012	11/13/2016

Maximum Peak Output Power / Power Spectral Density / 6dB Bandwidth / Band Edge Compliance of RF Emission / Spurious RF Conducted Emission					
Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde&Schwarz	FSP	1164.4391.40	11/13/2016
3	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	ATO-67098	07/19/2016
4	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2480B	100798	11/13/2016
5	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	100258	11/13/2016
6	UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION	Rohde&Schwarz	CMU200	112012	11/13/2016

4. UNCERTAINTY OF EVALUATION

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2

Measurement	Frequency	Uncertainty
Conducted Emission	9kHz~30MHz	3.39dB
Radiated Emission	9kHz~30MHz	2.20dB
	30MHz~1000MHz	2.45dB
	1G~18GHz	2.21dB
	18G~40GHz	1.96dB

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

**** END OF REPORT ****