

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**S** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**C** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

#### References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007  
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011  
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.8
<b>Phantom</b>	HAC Test Arch	
<b>Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center</b>	10 mm	
<b>Scan resolution</b>	dx, dy = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
<b>Input power drift</b>	< 0.05 dB	

**Maximum Field values at 835 MHz**

<b>H-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	<b>0.446 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	163.8 V/m = 44.29 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	155.5 V/m = 43.84 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>159.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 15 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	104.7 V/m = 40.40 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	102.5 V/m = 40.21 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>103.6 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)****Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	18.0 dB	44.3 $\Omega$ - 10.4 j $\Omega$
835 MHz	29.9 dB	49.2 $\Omega$ + 3.0 j $\Omega$
900 MHz	16.8 dB	52.2 $\Omega$ - 14.7 j $\Omega$
950 MHz	19.5 dB	44.6 $\Omega$ + 8.5 j $\Omega$
960 MHz	14.4 dB	52.5 $\Omega$ + 19.7 j $\Omega$

**3.2 Antenna Design and Handling**

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

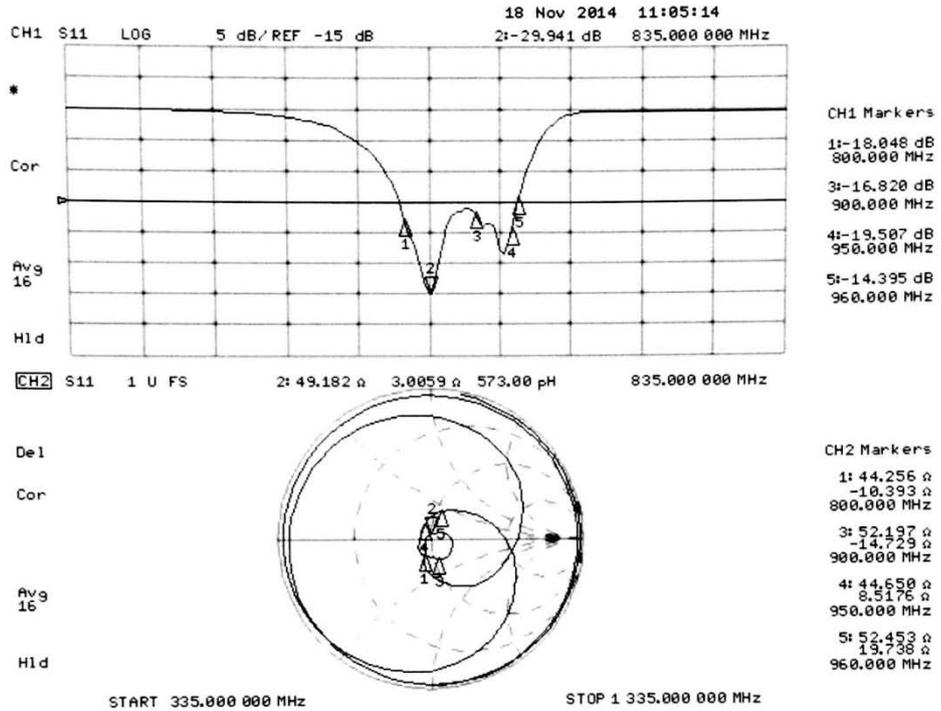
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



### Impedance Measurement Plot



**DASY5 H-field Result**

Date: 17.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1133**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW : Frequency: 835 MHz  
 Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: RF Section  
 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

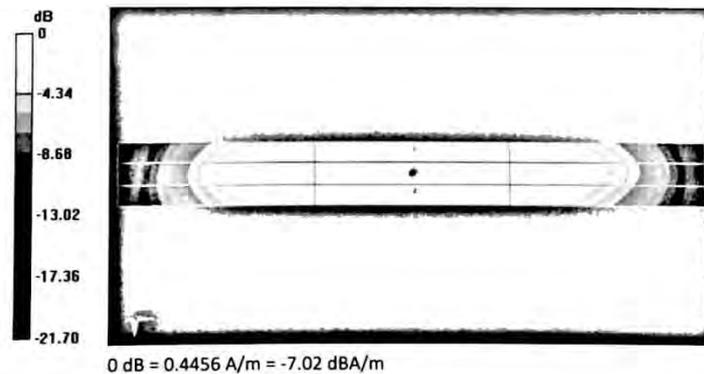
- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 30.12.2013
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm  
 Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm  
 Reference Value = 0.4740 A/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB  
 PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.  
 H-field emissions = 0.4456 A/m  
**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.368 A/m	0.390 A/m	0.373 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.415 A/m	0.446 A/m	0.428 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.367 A/m	0.394 A/m	0.379 A/m





**DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 17.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1133**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: RF Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm  
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm  
Reference Value = 116.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB  
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB  
RF audio interference level = 44.29 dBV/m  
**Emission category: M3**

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M3</b>	Grid 2 <b>M3</b>	Grid 3 <b>M3</b>
<b>43.73 dBV/m</b>	<b>44.29 dBV/m</b>	<b>44.13 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b>
<b>37.87 dBV/m</b>	<b>38.64 dBV/m</b>	<b>38.57 dBV/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M3</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
<b>43.08 dBV/m</b>	<b>43.84 dBV/m</b>	<b>43.75 dBV/m</b>

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 115.7 V/m: Power Drift = 0.02 dB

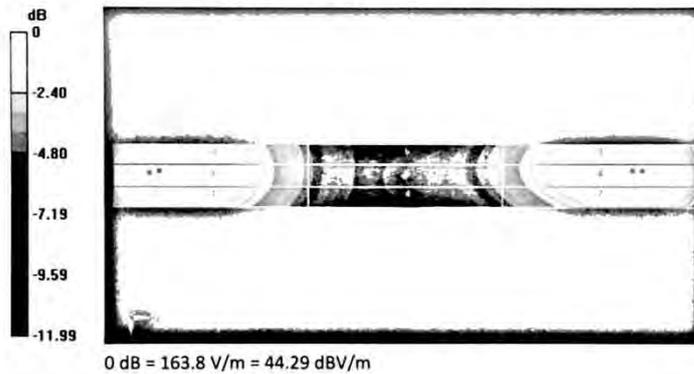
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.40 dBV/m

**Emission category: M3**

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
40.11 dBV/m	40.4 dBV/m	40.35 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.34 dBV/m	35.74 dBV/m	35.71 dBV/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
39.77 dBV/m	40.21 dBV/m	40.16 dBV/m



**ANNEX E: CD1880V3 Dipole Calibration Certificate**

**Calibration Laboratory of  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **TA-Shanghai (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD1880V3-1115\_Nov14**

<b>CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE</b>			
Object	CD1880V3 - SN: 1115		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air		
Calibration date:	November 17, 2014		
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.			
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.			
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)			
<b>Primary Standards</b>	<b>ID #</b>	<b>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</b>	<b>Scheduled Calibration</b>
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	30-Dec-13 (No. ER3-2336_Dec13)	Dec-14
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	30-Dec-13 (No. H3-6065_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
<b>Secondary Standards</b>	<b>ID #</b>	<b>Check Date (in house)</b>	<b>Scheduled Check</b>
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	
			Issued: November 19, 2014
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

**Calibration Laboratory of  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**References**

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007  
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011  
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

**Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.8
<b>Phantom</b>	HAC Test Arch	
<b>Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center</b>	10 mm	
<b>Scan resolution</b>	dx, dy = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1880 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
<b>Input power drift</b>	< 0.05 dB	

**Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz**

<b>H-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	<b>0.453 A/m <math>\pm</math> 8.2 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	141.8 V/m = 43.03 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	134.7 V/m = 42.58 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>138.3 V/m <math>\pm</math> 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 15 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	88.8 V/m = 38.97 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.6 V/m = 38.95 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>88.7 V/m <math>\pm</math> 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

**Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)****Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	30.7 dB	52.5 $\Omega$ + 1.6 j $\Omega$
1880 MHz	21.0 dB	45.6 $\Omega$ + 7.3 j $\Omega$
1900 MHz	21.7 dB	47.7 $\Omega$ + 7.7 j $\Omega$
1950 MHz	28.9 dB	50.0 $\Omega$ + 3.6 j $\Omega$
2000 MHz	18.6 dB	40.8 $\Omega$ + 5.6 j $\Omega$

**3.2 Antenna Design and Handling**

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

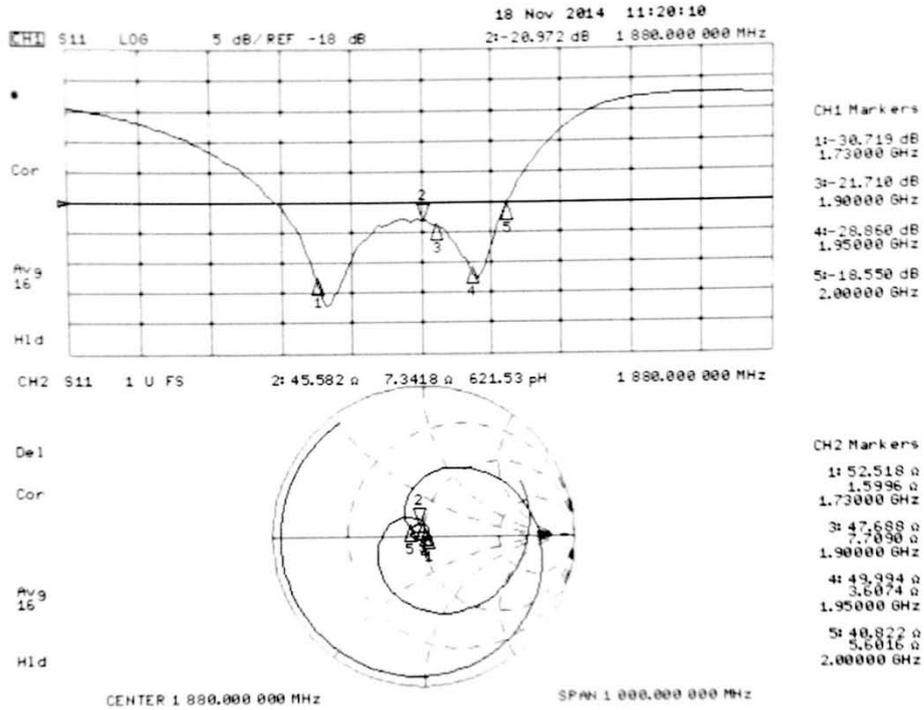
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.



### Impedance Measurement Plot



**DASY5 H-field Result**

Date: 17.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1115**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz  
 Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: RF Section  
 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

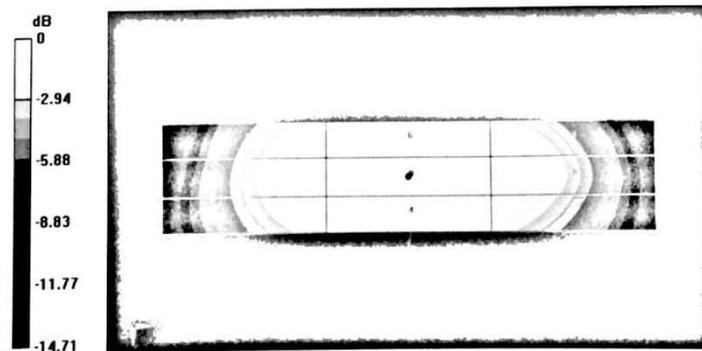
- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 30.12.2013
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm  
 Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm  
 Reference Value = 0.4780 A/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB  
 PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.  
 H-field emissions = 0.4530 A/m  
**Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)**

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.391 A/m	0.413 A/m	0.398 A/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0.426 A/m	0.453 A/m	0.438 A/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.392 A/m	0.420 A/m	0.403 A/m



0 dB = 0.4530 A/m = -6.88 dBA/m



**DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 17.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1115**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz  
Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: RF Section  
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm  
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm  
Reference Value = 140.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB  
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB  
RF audio interference level = 43.03 dBV/m  
**Emission category: M1**

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M1</b> 42.53 dBV/m	Grid 2 <b>M1</b> 43.03 dBV/m	Grid 3 <b>M1</b> 42.75 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b> 38.23 dBV/m	Grid 5 <b>M2</b> 38.92 dBV/m	Grid 6 <b>M2</b> 38.87 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M1</b> 42 dBV/m	Grid 8 <b>M1</b> 42.58 dBV/m	Grid 9 <b>M1</b> 42.48 dBV/m

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 141.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

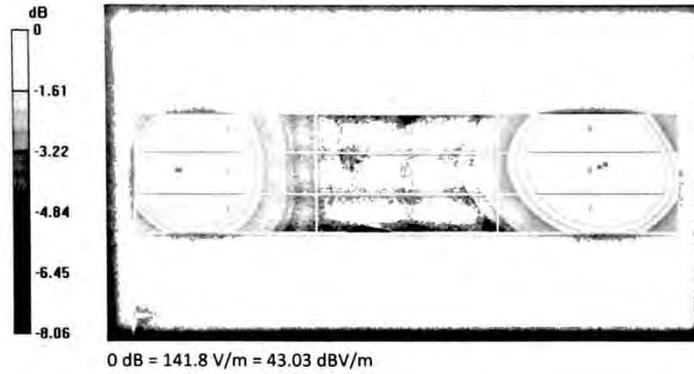
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.97 dBV/m

**Emission category: M2**

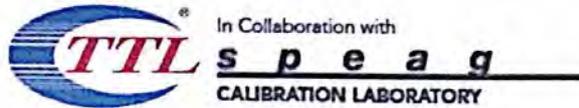
MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2 38.72 dBV/m	Grid 2 M2 38.95 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 38.83 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2 36.45 dBV/m	Grid 5 M2 36.73 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 36.71 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.69 dBV/m	Grid 8 M2 38.97 dBV/m	Grid 9 M2 38.91 dBV/m





# ANNEX F: DAE4 Calibration Certificate



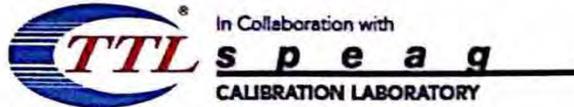
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Client : TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z15-97194

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object	DAE4 - SN: 871		
Calibration Procedure(s)	FD-Z11-2-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)		
Calibration date:	November 17, 2015		
<p>This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity&lt;70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p>			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	06-July-15 (CTTL, No:J15X04257)	July-16
Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	
Issued: November 18, 2015			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



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**Glossary:**

DAE data acquisition electronics  
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.



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**DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.728 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.712 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.156 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98308 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93782 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97048 ± 0.7% (k=2)

**Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	90.5° ± 1°
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