



# FCC RF Test Report

APPLICANT : ZTE CORPORATION  
EQUIPMENT : WCDMA Digital Mobile Phone  
BRAND NAME : ZTE  
MODEL NAME : ZTE Z933  
FCC ID : SRQ-Z933  
STANDARD : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247  
CLASSIFICATION : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on May 20, 2014 and testing was completed on Jun. 04, 2014. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



## **SPORTON INTERNATIONAL L (SHENZHEN) INC.**

No. 3 Building, the third floor of south, Shahe River west, Fengzeyuan warehouse, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. C.



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

REVISION HISTORY..... 3

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT ..... 4

**1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION..... 5**

    1.1 Applicant..... 5

    1.2 Manufacturer..... 5

    1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test..... 5

    1.4 Product Specification subjective to this standard ..... 6

    1.5 Modification of EUT ..... 7

    1.6 Testing Location ..... 7

    1.7 Applicable Standards..... 7

**2 TEST CONFIGURATION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST..... 8**

    2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode..... 8

    2.2 Test Mode..... 9

    2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System..... 10

    2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system ..... 11

    2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup ..... 11

    2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example..... 11

**3 TEST RESULT ..... 12**

    3.1 Number of Channel Measurement ..... 12

    3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement ..... 14

    3.3 Dwell Time Measurement..... 21

    3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement ..... 24

    3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement ..... 37

    3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement ..... 39

    3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement ..... 46

    3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement ..... 56

    3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement..... 67

    3.10 Antenna Requirements..... 71

**4 LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT..... 72**

**5 UNCERTAINTY OF EVALUATION..... 73**

**APPENDIX A. SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	IC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.4(2)	Number of Channels	≥ 15Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Hopping Channel Separation	≥ 2/3 of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(d)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	≤ 0.4sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(a)	20dB Bandwidth	NA	Pass	-
3.4	-	RSS-Gen 4.6.1	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Peak Output Power	≤ 125 mW	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Band Edges	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Spurious Emission	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 3.30 dB at 33.880 MHz
3.9	15.207	RSS-Gen 7.2.4	AC Conducted Emission	15.207(a)	Pass	Under limit 7.13 dB at 0.430 MHz
3.10	15.203 & 15.247(b)	RSS-210 A8.4	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



# 1 General Description

## 1.1 Applicant

**ZTE CORPORATION**

ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China

## 1.2 Manufacturer

**ZTE CORPORATION**

ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China

## 1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	WCDMA Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	ZTE Z933
FCC ID	SRQ-Z933
EUT supports Radios application	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/WCDMA/HSPA/HSPA+ (Downlink Only)/ WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20 Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR/Bluetooth v4.0 LE
HW Version	Z933_V1EMB_B
SW Version	Z933V1.0.0B01
EUT Stage	Pre-Production

**Remark:** The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

## 1.4 Product Specification subjective to this standard

Product Specification subjective to this standard	
<b>Tx/Rx Frequency Range</b>	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
<b>Number of Channels</b>	79
<b>Carrier Frequency of Each Channel</b>	2402+n*1 MHz; n=0~78
<b>Maximum Output Power to Antenna</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 2.33 dBm (0.0017 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 2.27 dBm (0.0017 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 2.57 dBm (0.0018 W)
<b>99% Occupied Bandwidth</b>	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 0.876MHz Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 1.168MHz Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 1.148MHz
<b>Antenna Type</b>	PIFA Antenna with gain 3.00 dBi
<b>Type of Modulation</b>	Bluetooth BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK

## 1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

## 1.6 Testing Location

<b>Test Site</b>	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.			
<b>Test Site Location</b>	No. 3 Building, the third floor of south, Shahe River west, Fengzeyuan warehouse, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. C. TEL: +86-755- 3320-2398			
<b>Test Site No.</b>	<b>Sporton Site No.</b>			<b>FCC/IC Registration No.</b>
	TH01-SZ	03CH01-SZ	CO01-SZ	831040/4086F-1

**Note:** The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2003 requirement.

## 1.7 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- ♦ FCC Public Notice DA 00-705
- ♦ ANSI C63.4-2003
- ♦ IC RSS-210 Issue 8
- ♦ IC RSS-Gen Issue 3
- ♦ NOTICE 2012-DRS0126

### Remark:

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.
3. Per the section 2.2.3 of Notice of 2012-DRS0126, "Receivers Excluded from Industry Canada Requirements", only radiocommunication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz and scanner receivers are subject to Industry Canada requirements.

## 2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Output Power		
		Data Rate / Modulation		
		GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
Ch00	2402MHz	1.25 dBm	1.24 dBm	1.46 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	1.55 dBm	1.53 dBm	1.82 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	2.33 dBm	2.27 dBm	<b>2.57</b> dBm

**Remark:**

1. All the test data for each data rate were verified, but only the worst case was reported.
  2. The data rate was set in 3Mbps for all the test items due to the highest RF output power.
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). Pre-scanned tests, X, Y, Z in three orthogonal panels, and different data rates were conducted to determine the final configuration (X plane as worst plane) from all possible combinations, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 3Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.
  - b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.

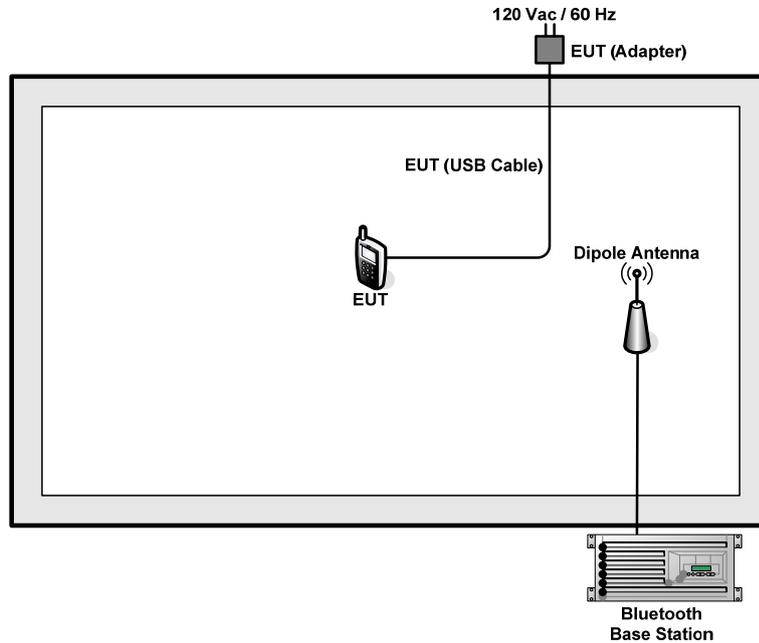
## 2.2 Test Mode

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

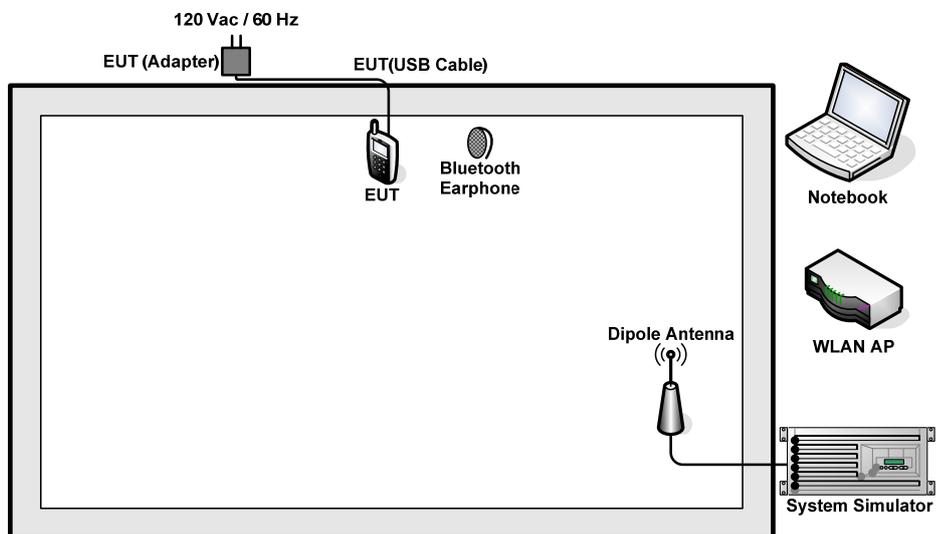
Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
<b>Conducted Test Cases</b>	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
<b>Radiated Test Cases</b>	<b>Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK</b> Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz		
<b>AC Conducted Emission</b>	Mode 1 :GSM850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter)		
<b>Remark:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 3Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission.</li> <li>For Radiated Test Cases, The tests were performance with Adapter and USB Cable.</li> </ol>			

## 2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

### <Bluetooth Tx Mode>



### <AC Conducted Emission Mode>



## 2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	System Simulator	R&S	CMW 500	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
2.	Bluetooth Base Station	R&S	CBT	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
3.	WLAN AP	D-Link	DIR-815	KA2IR815A1	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m
4.	Notebook	Lenovo	G480	FCC DoC	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
5.	Bluetooth Earphone	Nokia	BH-108	PYAHS-107W	N/A	N/A

## 2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth test items, an engineering test program was provided and enabled to make EUT contact with Bluetooth base station for continuous transmitting and receiving signals.

For AC power line conducted emissions, the EUT was set to connect with the WLAN AP under large package sizes transmission.

## 2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

**For all conducted test items:**

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

*Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.*

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 7.5 dB and 10dB attenuator.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)} \\
 &= 7.5 + 10 = 17.5 \text{ (dB)}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3 Test Result

#### 3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

##### 3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

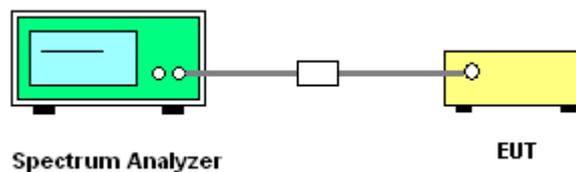
##### 3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

##### 3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

##### 3.1.4 Test Setup



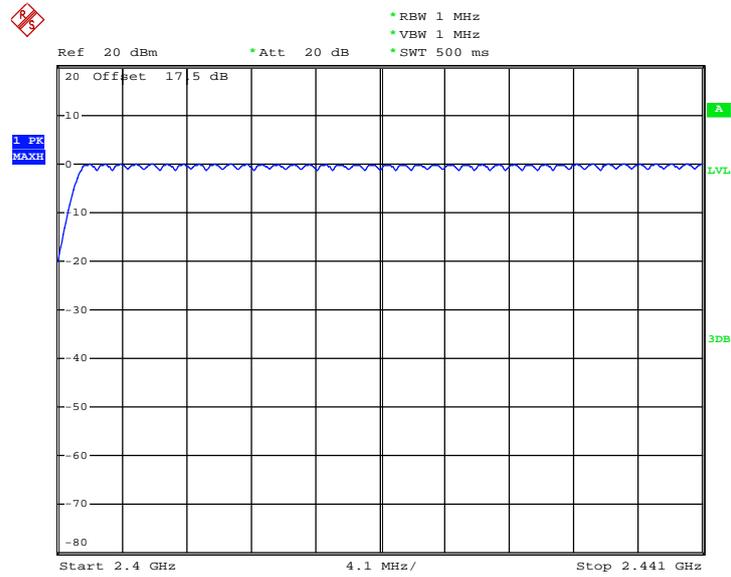
##### 3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

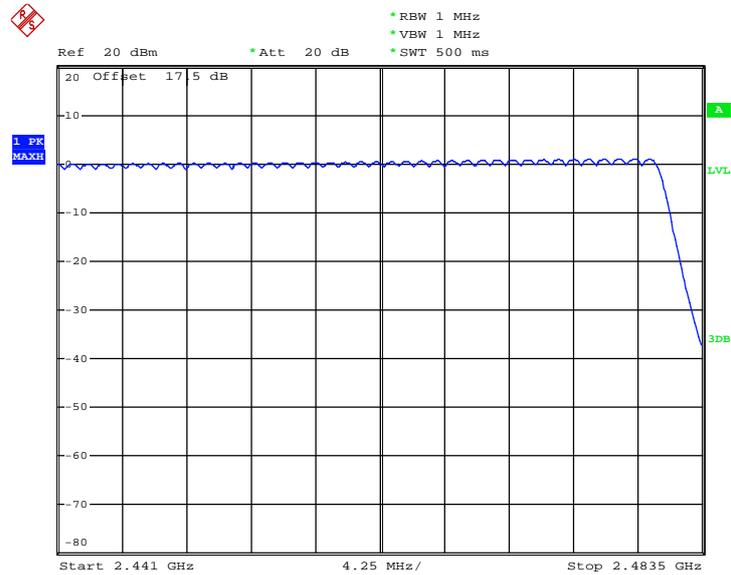
Number of Hopping (Channel)	Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)	Limits (Channel)	Pass/Fail
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:37:06



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:43:06

## 3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

### 3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

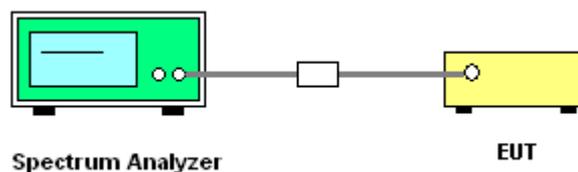
### 3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; RBW  $\geq$  1% of the span;  
VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.2.4 Test Setup



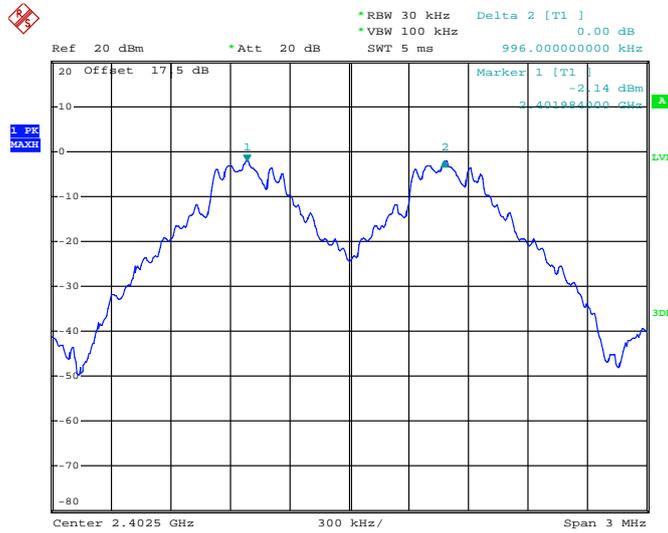


3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	0.996	0.6240	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.6213	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.6240	Pass

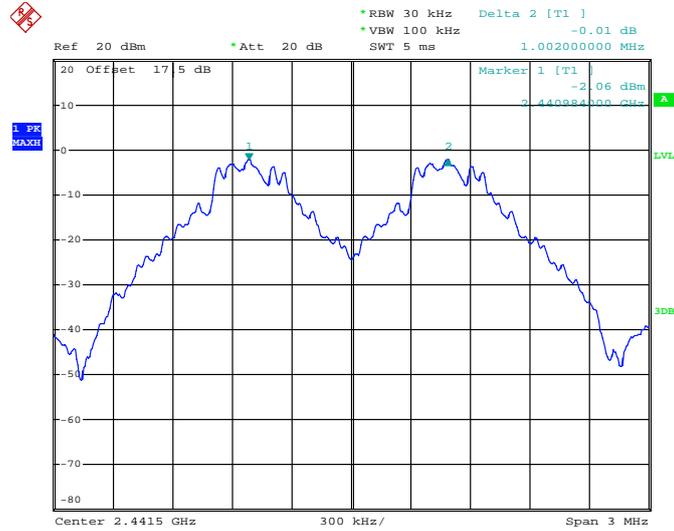
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:04:49

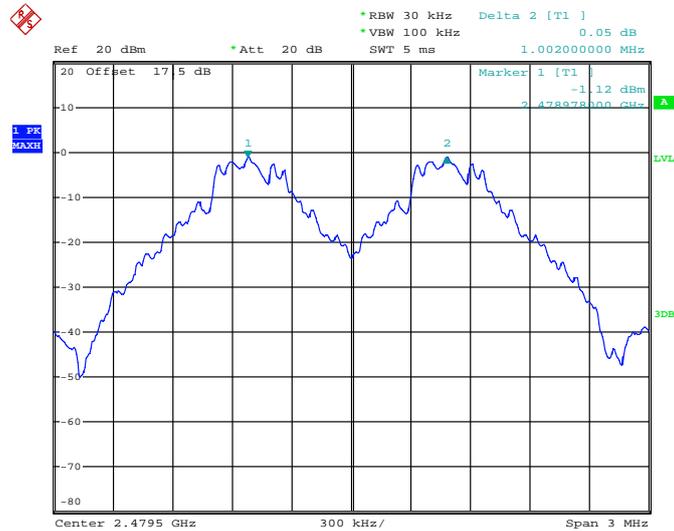


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:05:55

### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



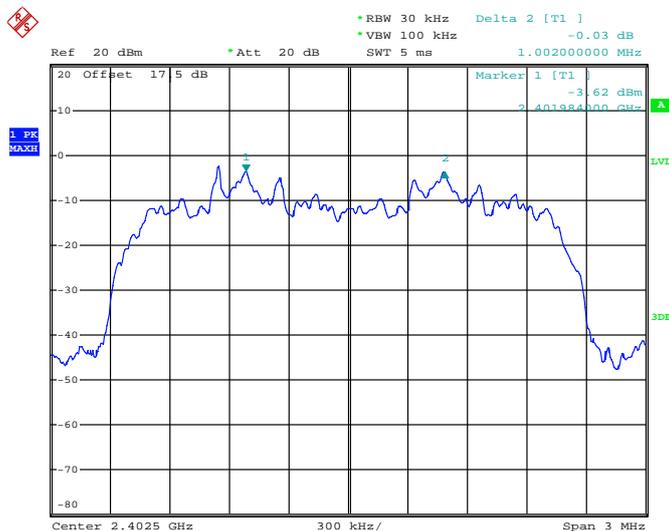
Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:06:41



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8440	Pass
39	2441	0.996	0.8440	Pass
78	2480	0.996	0.8440	Pass

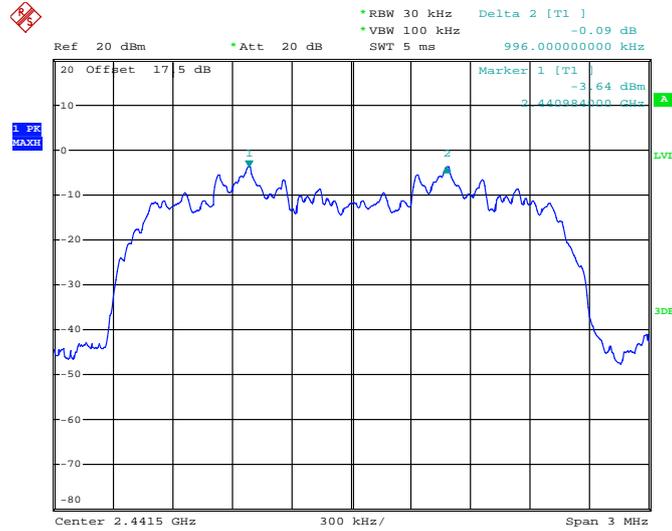
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:07:22

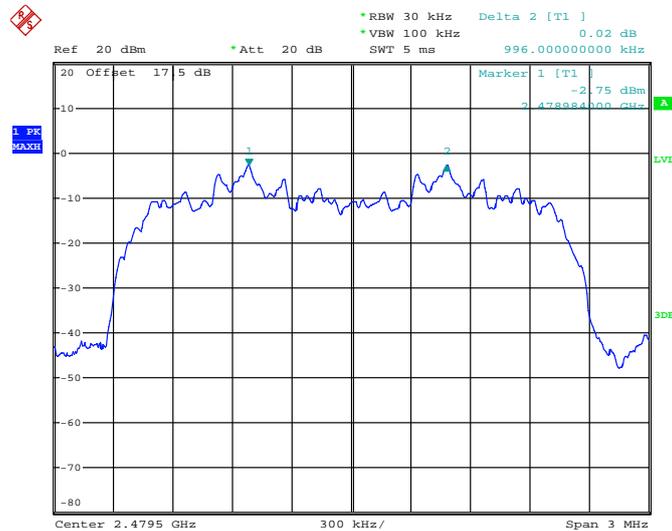


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:08:12

### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



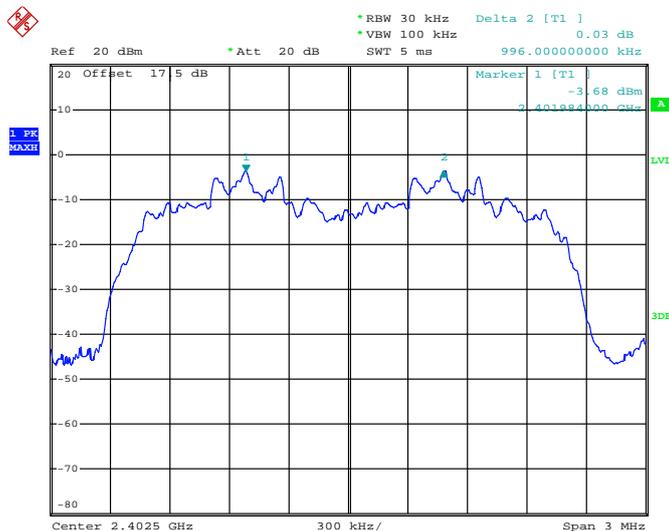
Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:08:55



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	0.996	0.8240	Pass
39	2441	0.996	0.8240	Pass
78	2480	1.008	0.8240	Pass

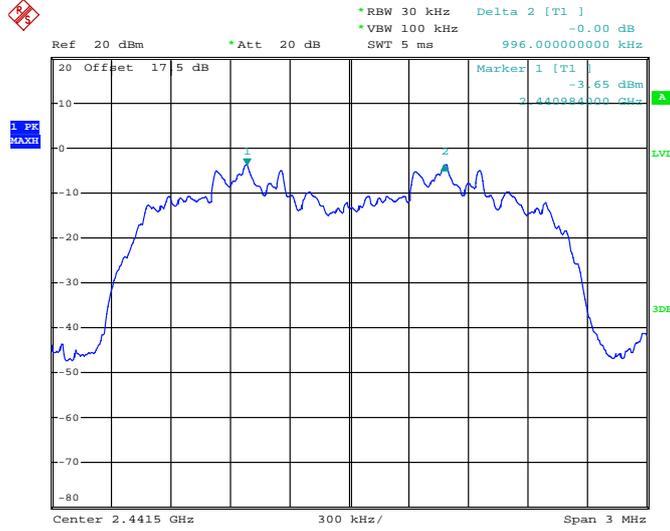
Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:09:38

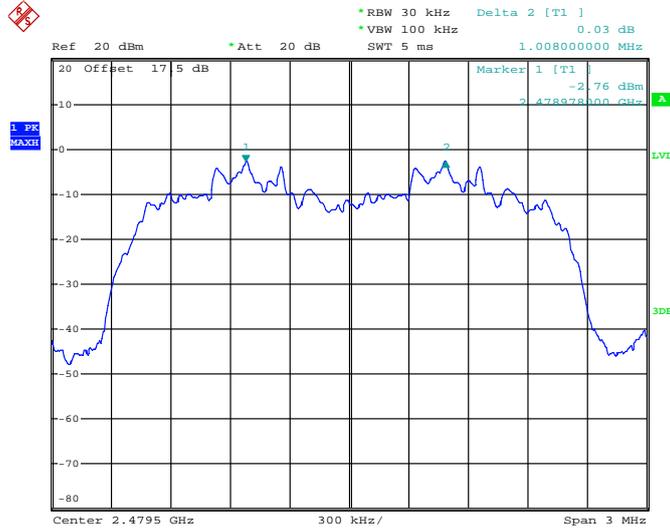


### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:10:21

### Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:11:05

### 3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

#### 3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

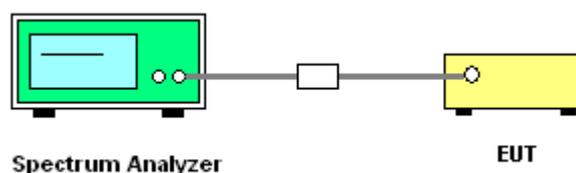
#### 3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.3.4 Test Setup



**3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time**

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3DH5	<b>Temperature :</b>	24~26°C
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Blithe Li	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	50~53%

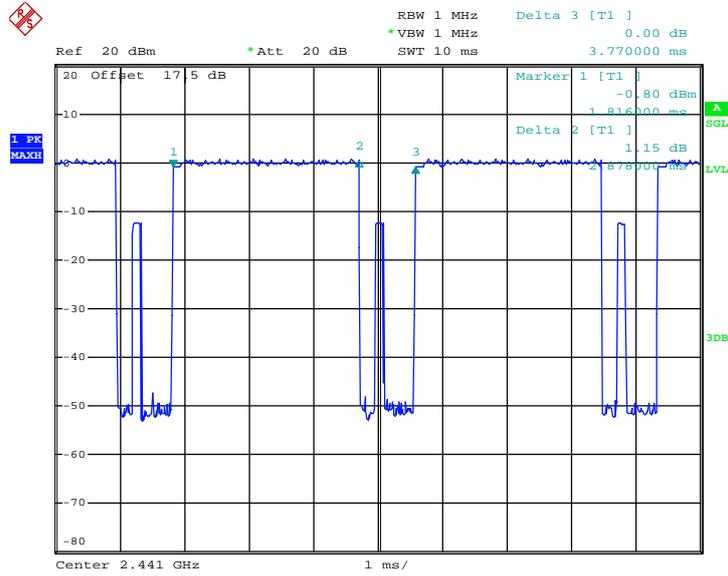
Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.878	0.31	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.33	2.878	0.15	0.4	Pass

**Remark:**

- In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
- In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800 hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels.  
With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s),  
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
- Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time



### Package Transfer Time Plot



Date: 31.MAY.2014 01:21:49

### 3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

#### 3.4.1 Limit of 20dB and 99% Bandwidth

Reporting only

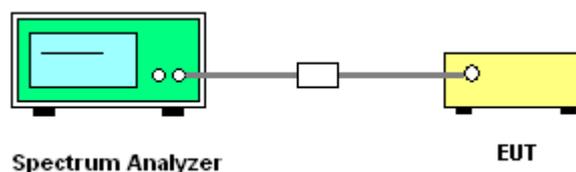
#### 3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.  
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;  
RBW  $\geq$  1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;  
Trace = max hold.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 99 % Bandwidth measurement.  
For 99% Bandwidth measurement, the RBW=30kHz, and VBW = 100kHz. Sweep = auto ;  
Detector function = sample. Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

#### 3.4.4 Test Setup



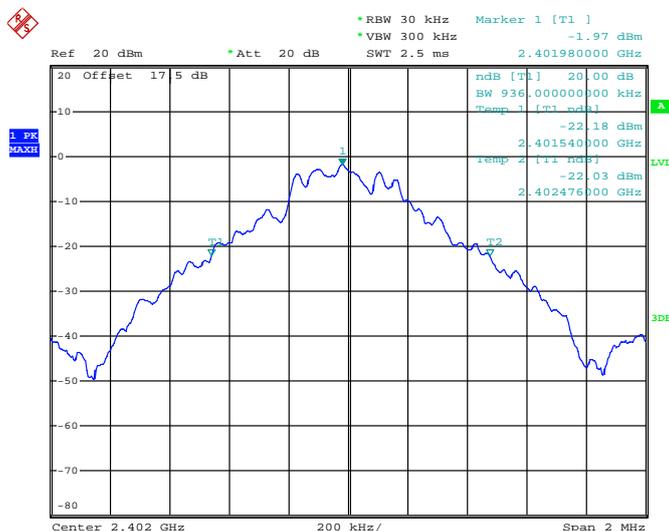


3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.936
39	2441	0.932
78	2480	0.936

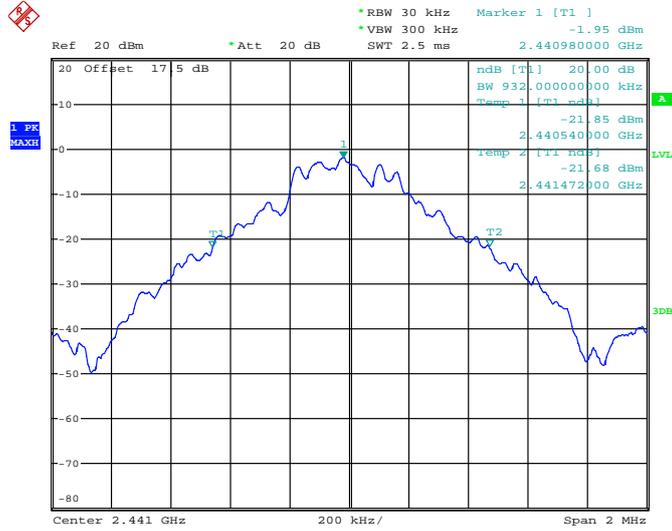
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:14:22

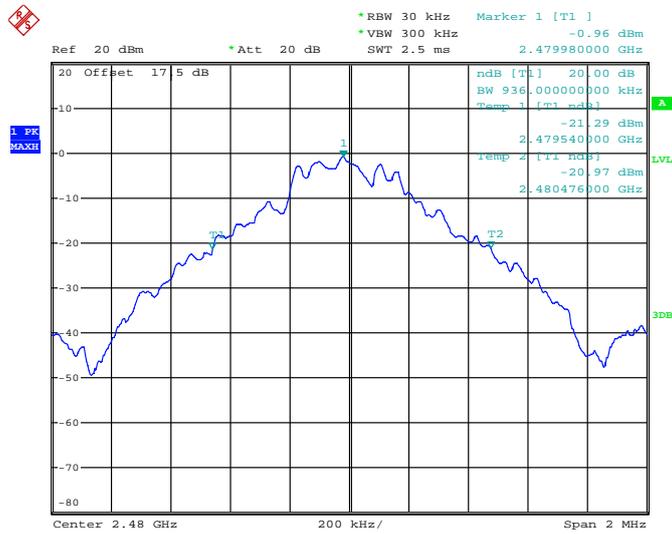


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:15:04

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



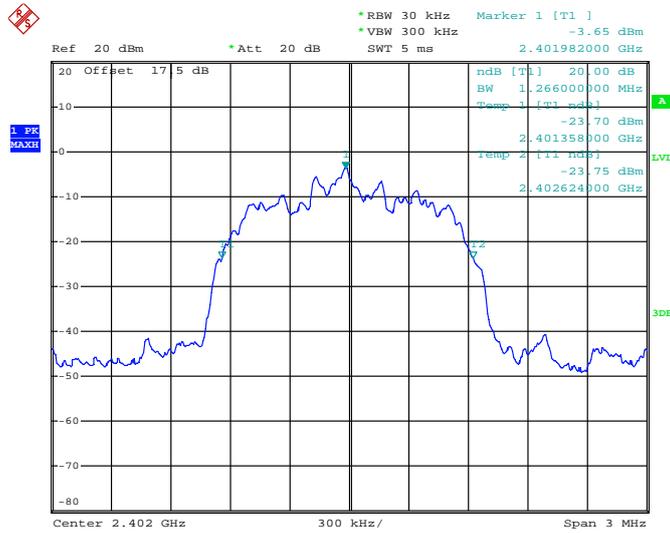
Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:15:31



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.266
39	2441	1.266
78	2480	1.266

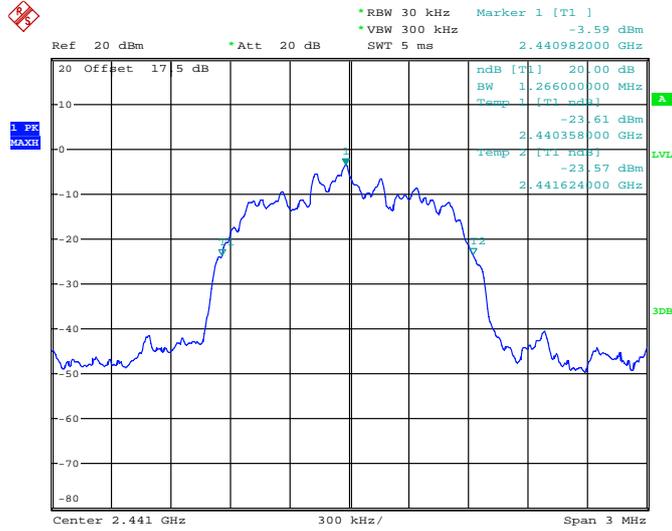
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:16:37

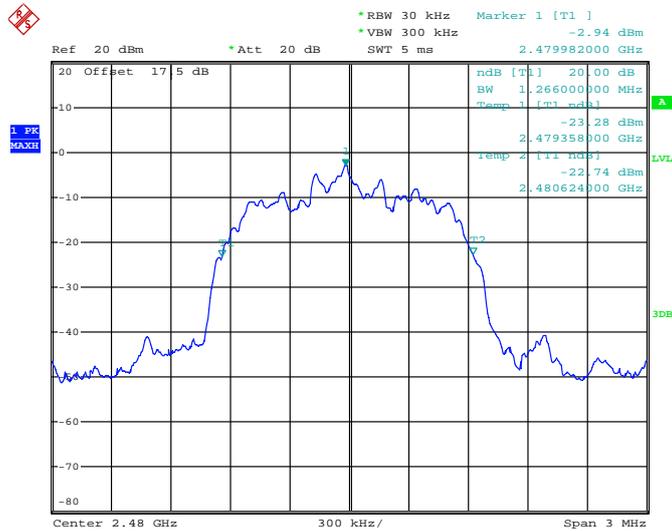


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:18:24

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



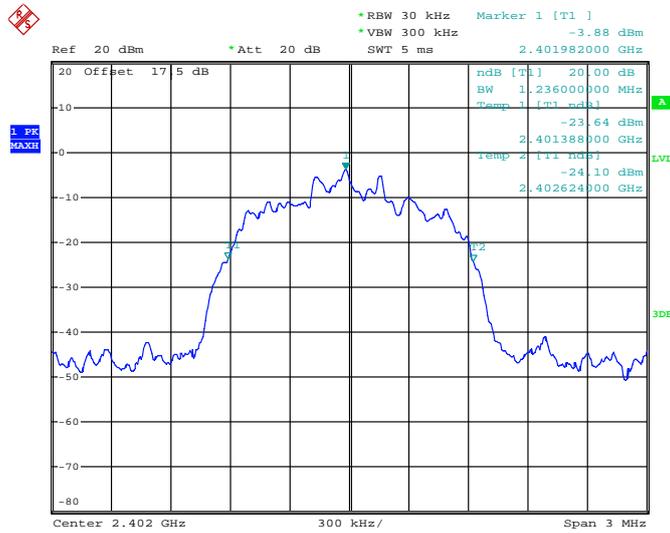
Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:19:12



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.236
39	2441	1.236
78	2480	1.236

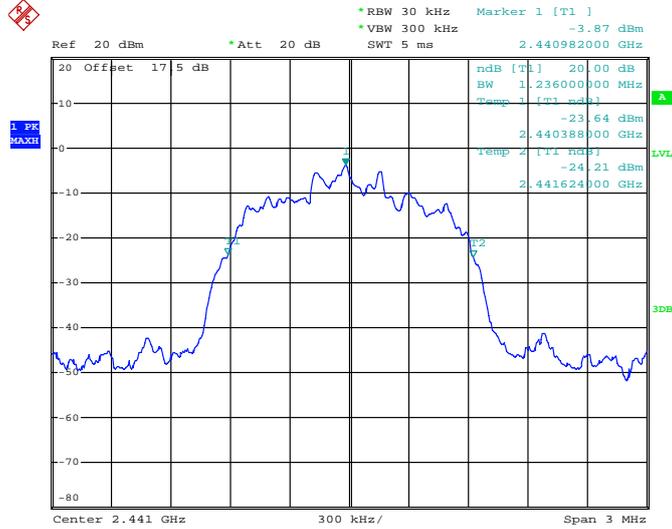
20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:19:56

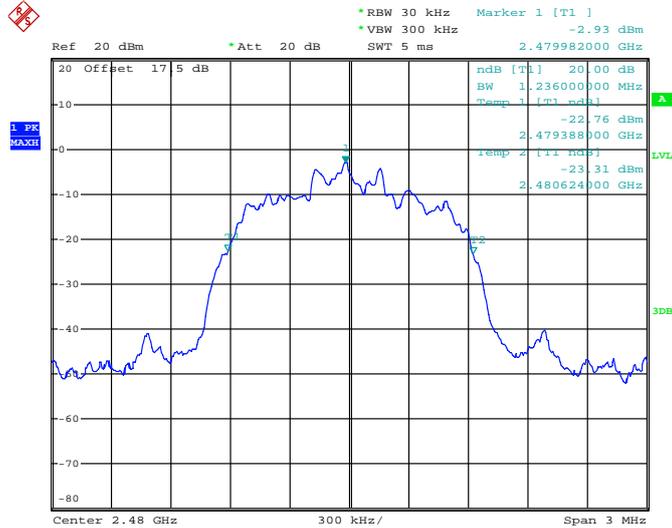


20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:20:46

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



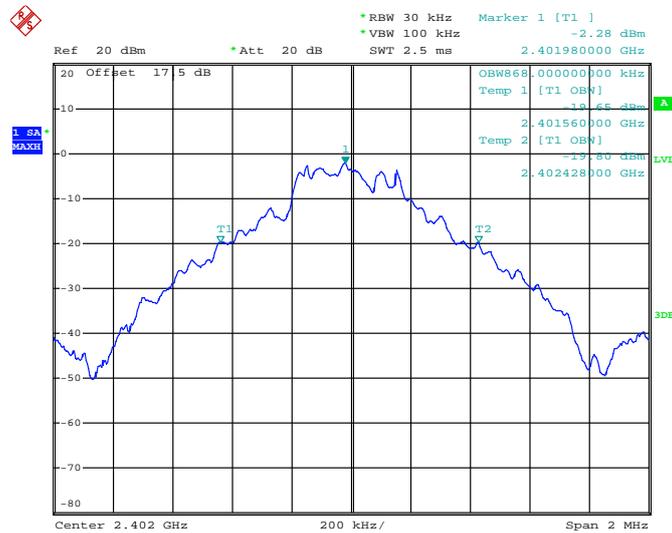
Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:21:29

### 3.4.6 Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.868
39	2441	0.876
78	2480	0.876

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:22:07

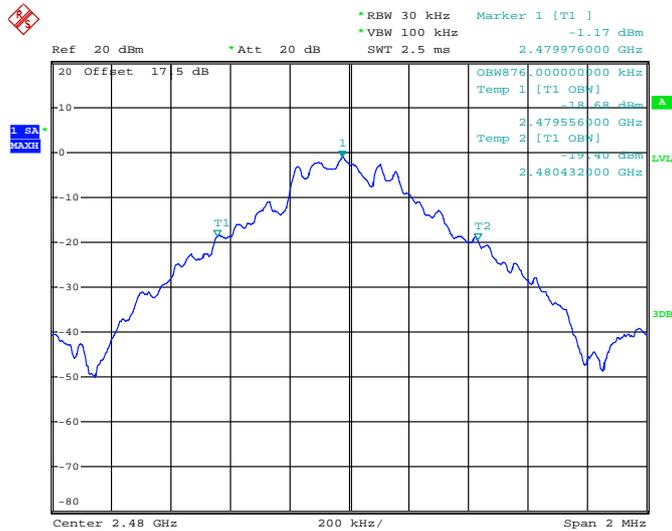


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:22:43

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



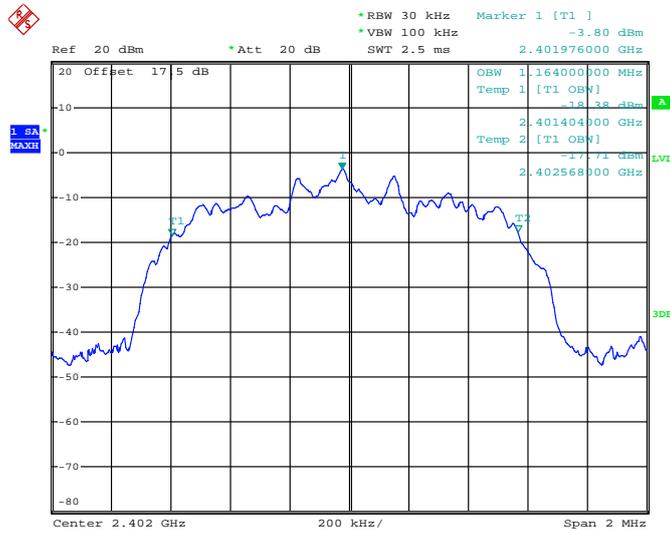
Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:23:19



Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.164
39	2441	1.164
78	2480	1.168

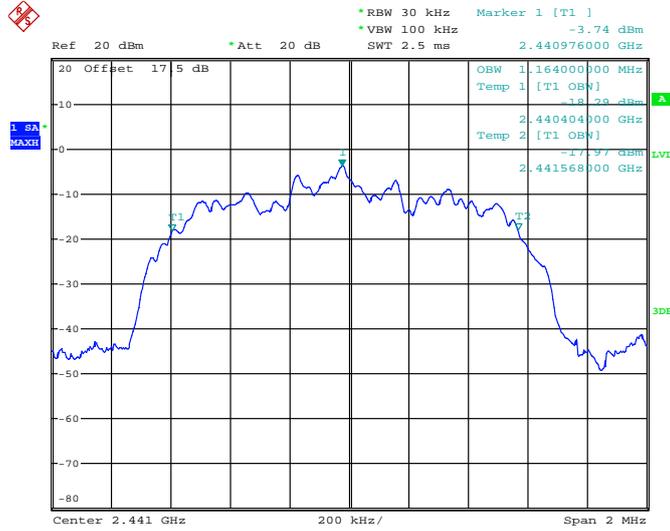
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:23:55

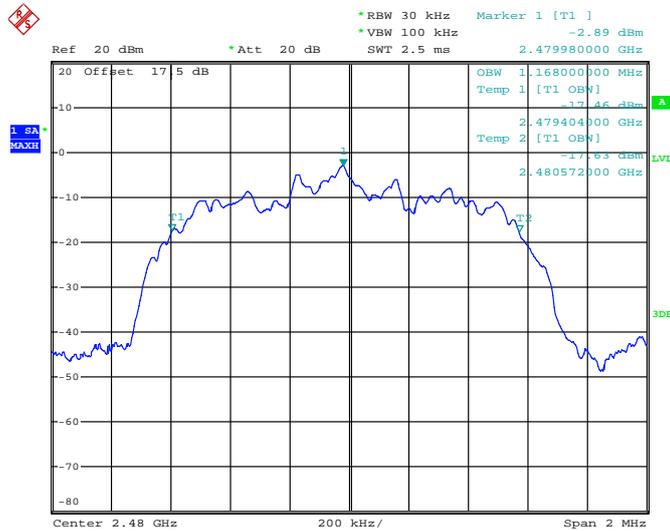


### 99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:24:32

### 99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



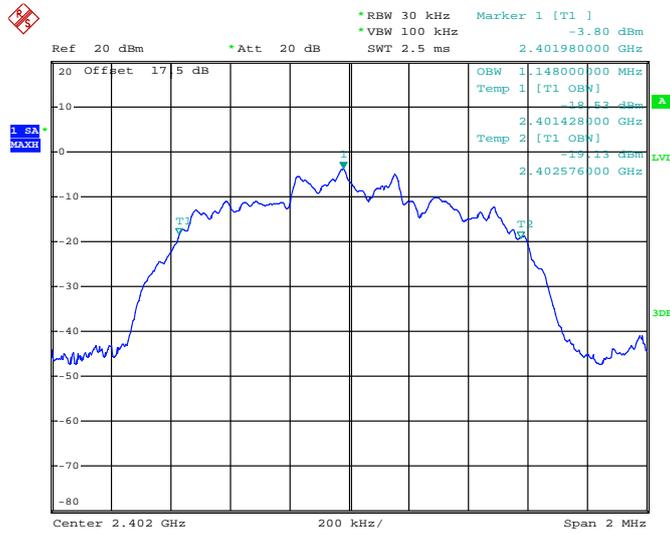
Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:25:08



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.148
39	2441	1.148
78	2480	1.148

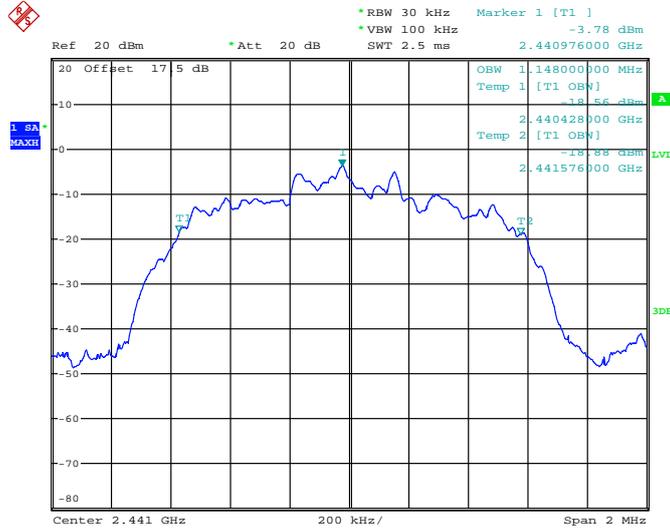
99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:25:44

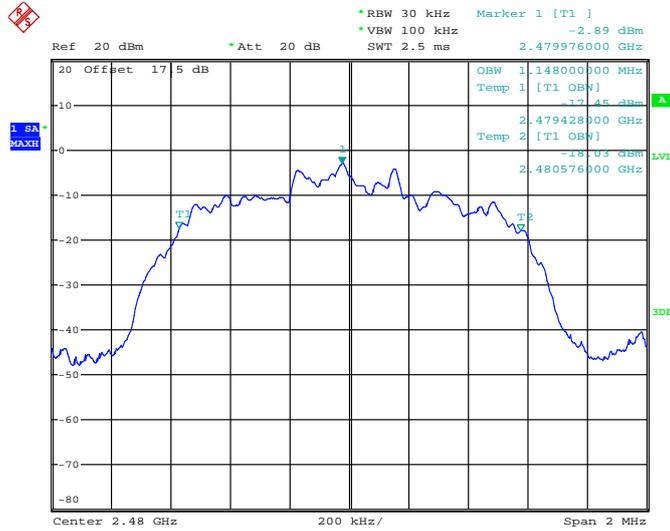


99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:26:21

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:26:57

Note : The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

## 3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement

### 3.5.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.

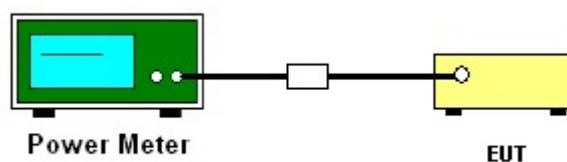
### 3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

### 3.5.4 Test Setup





3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	1.25	20.97	Pass
39	2441	1.55	20.97	Pass
78	2480	2.33	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	1.24	20.97	Pass
39	2441	1.53	20.97	Pass
78	2480	2.27	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	1.46	20.97	Pass
39	2441	1.82	20.97	Pass
78	2480	2.57	20.97	Pass

## 3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

### 3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

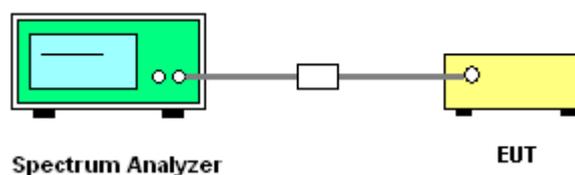
### 3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 100kHz ( $\geq 1\%$  span=10MHz ), VBW = 300kHz ( $\geq$  RBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

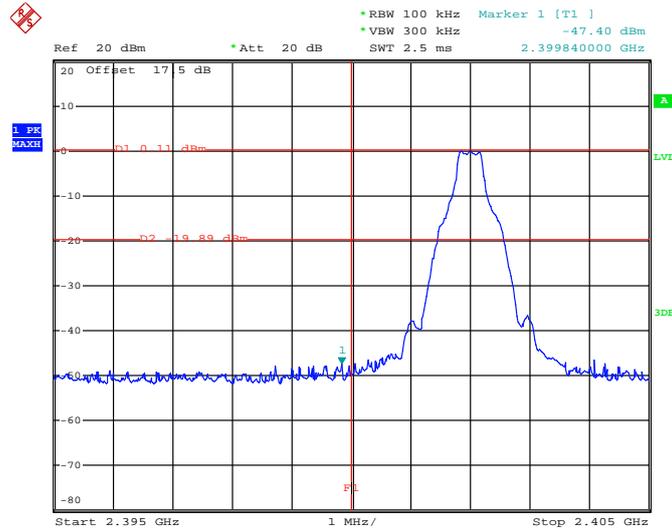
### 3.6.4 Test Setup



### 3.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

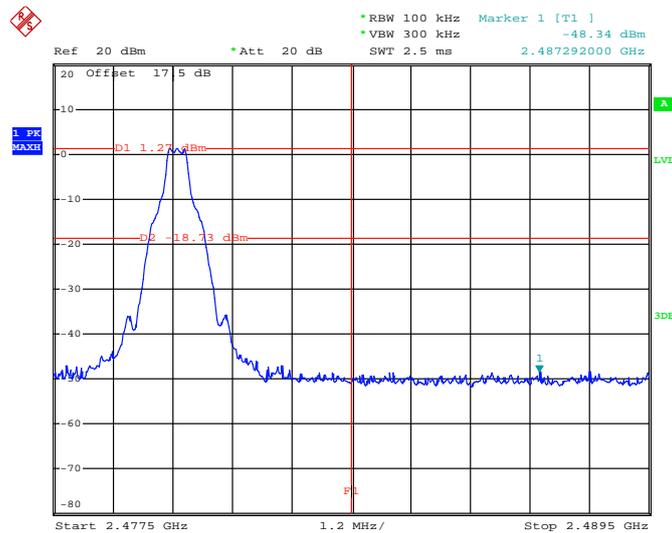
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:19:18

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

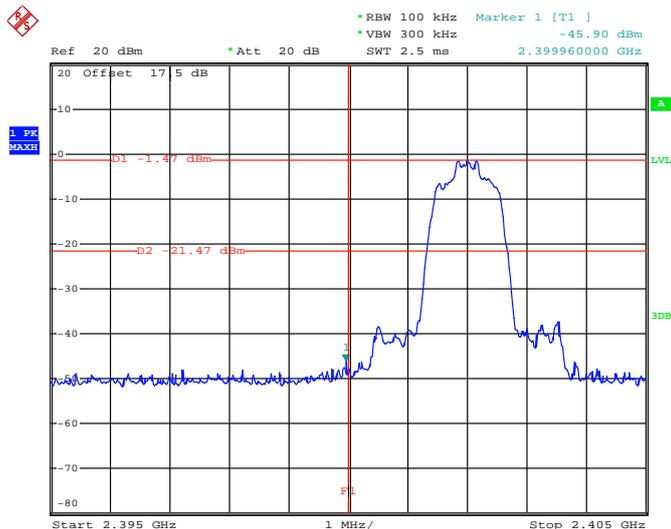


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:27:56



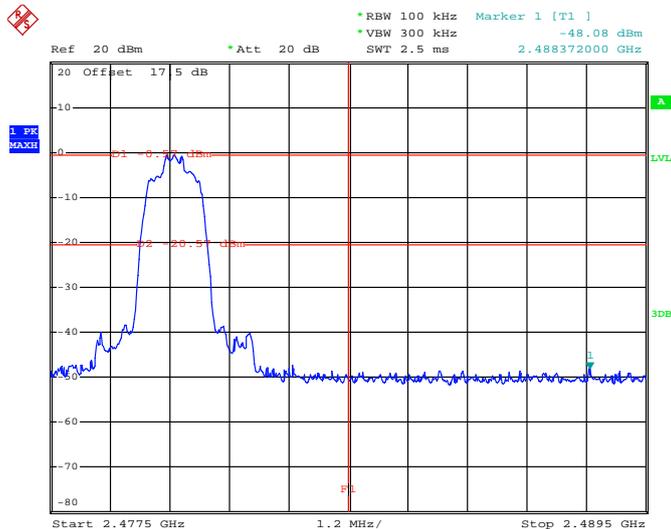
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:20:36

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

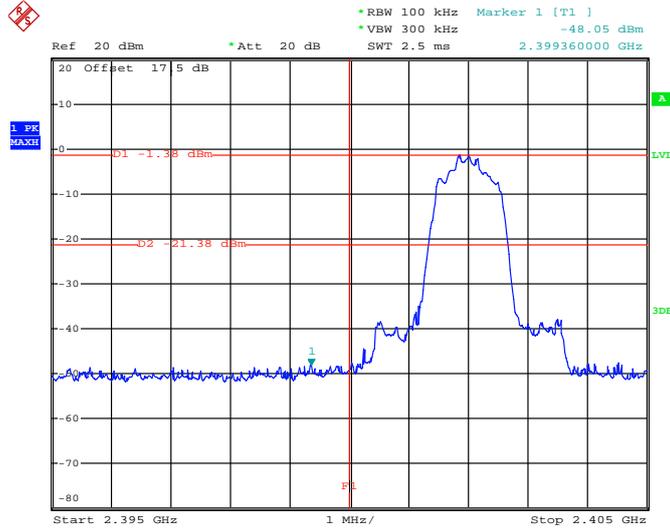


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:30:18



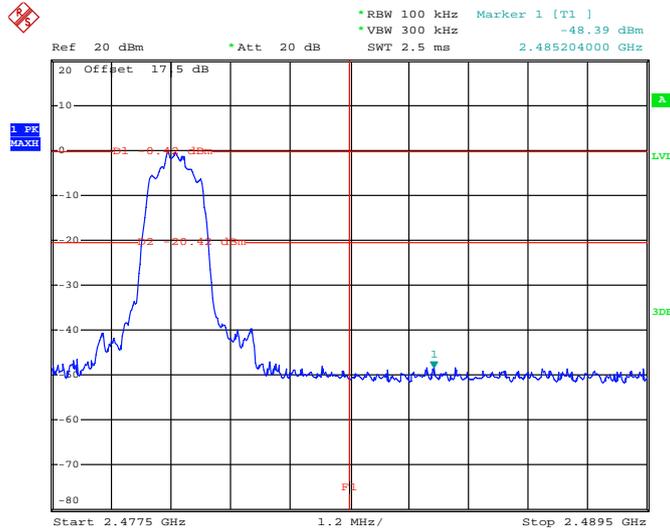
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:23:25

High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

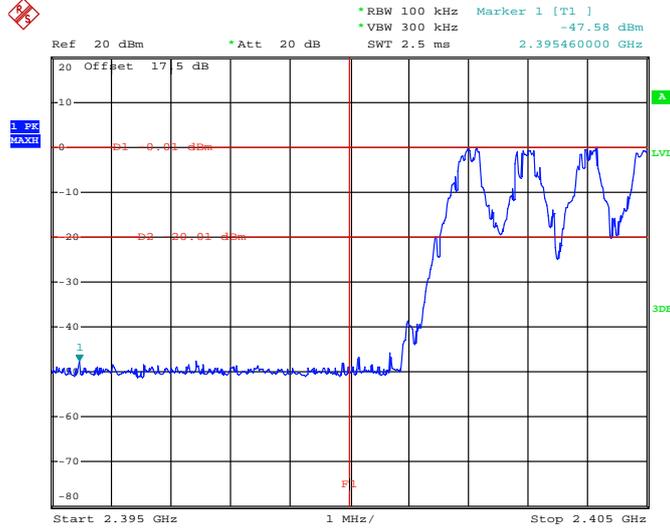


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:35:45

### 3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges

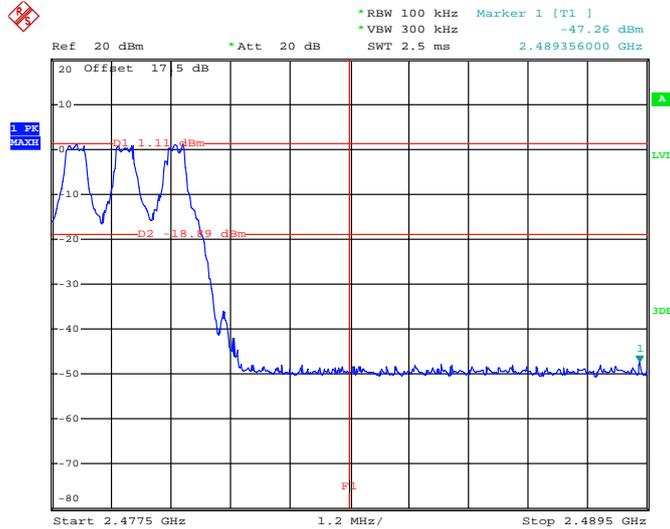
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

1Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:20:10

1Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

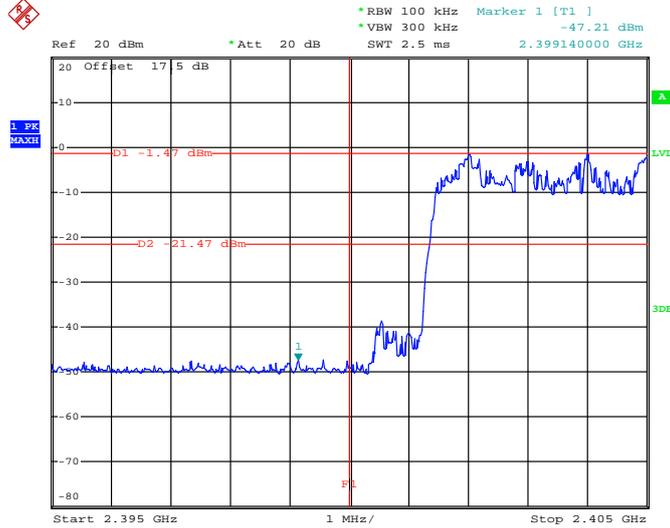


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:29:53



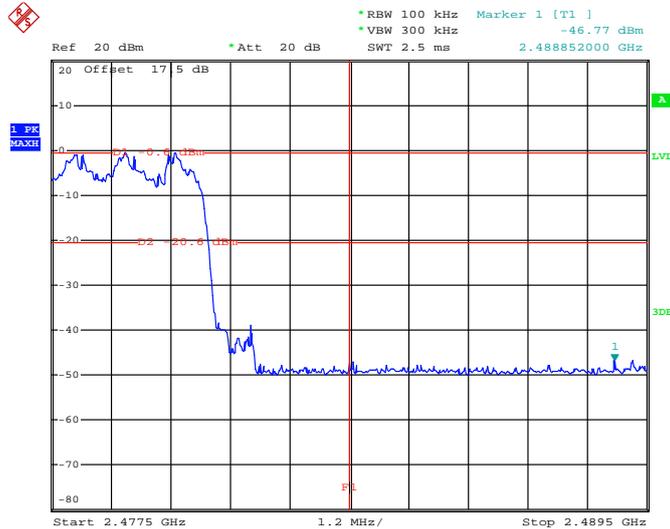
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

2Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:22:59

2Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot

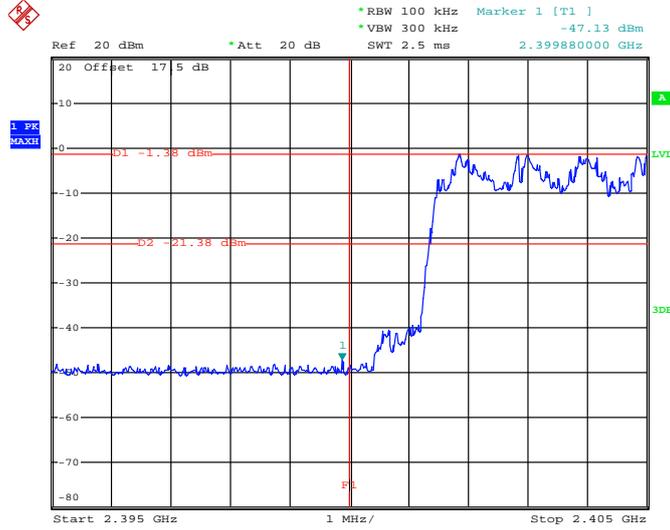


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:35:19



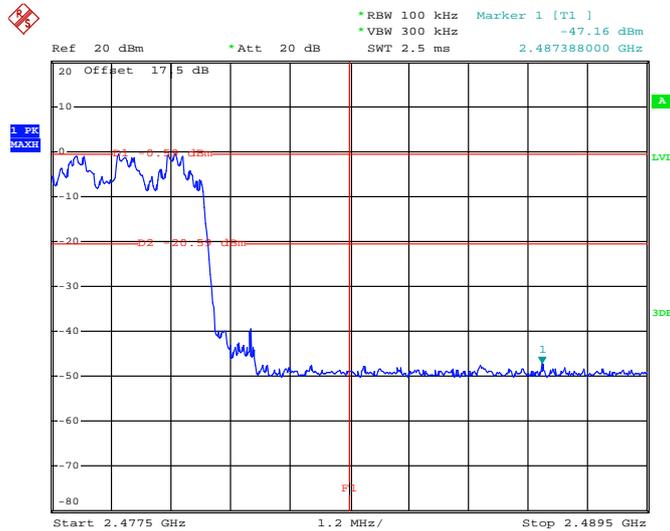
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Blithe Li	Relative Humidity :	50~53%

3Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:25:44

3Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:38:14

## 3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

### 3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

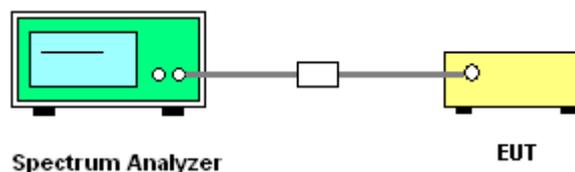
### 3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

### 3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

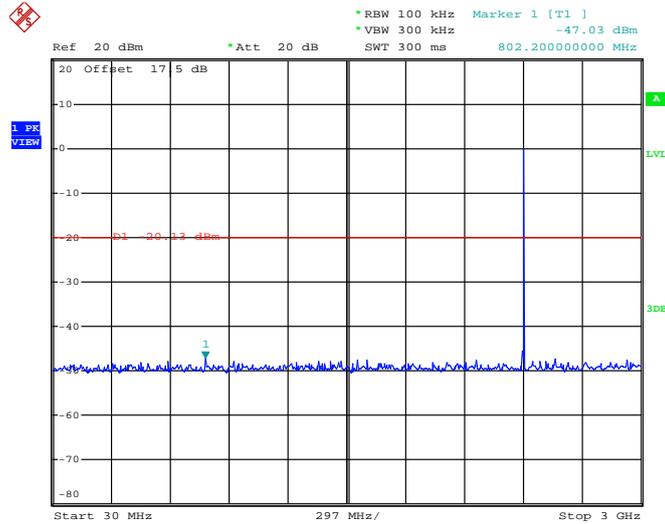
### 3.7.4 Test Setup



### 3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

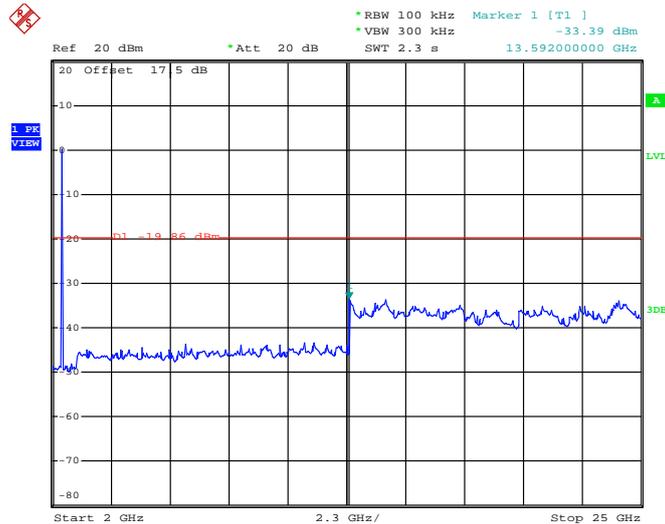
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:44:23

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

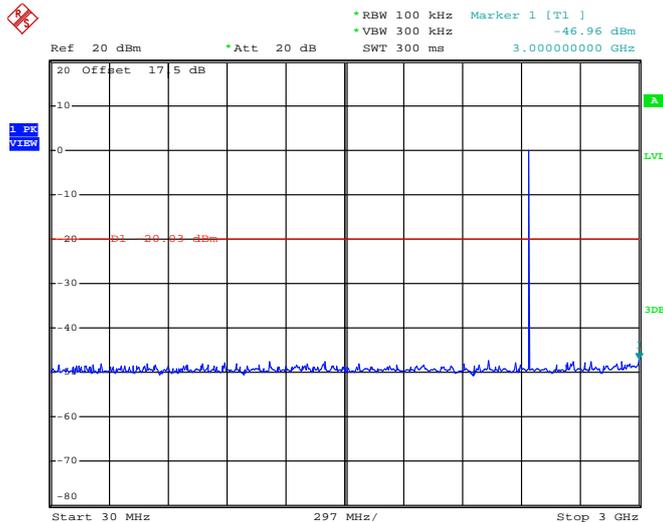


Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:45:15



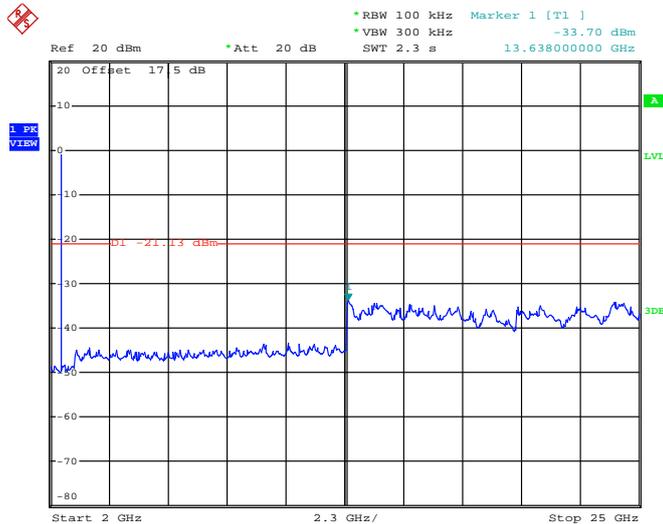
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:46:07

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

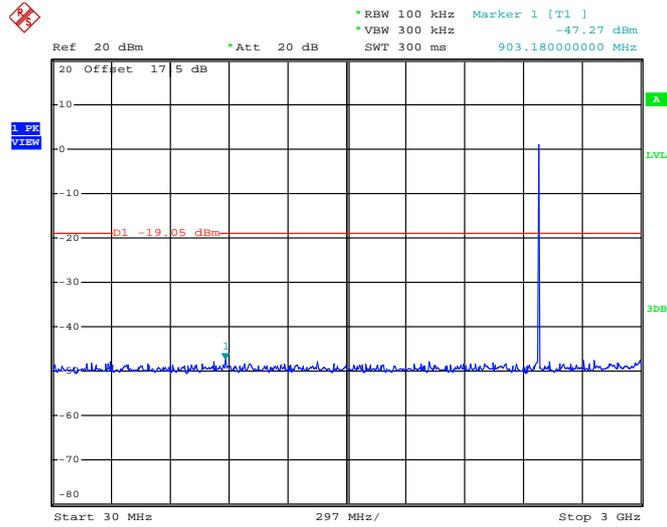


Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:46:59



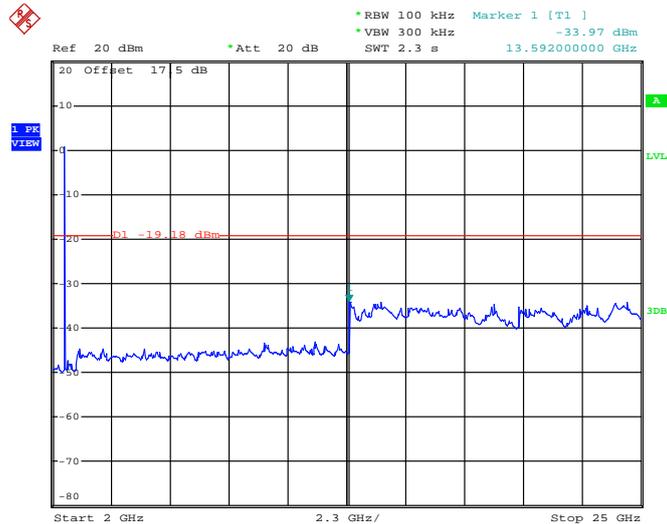
Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:47:51

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

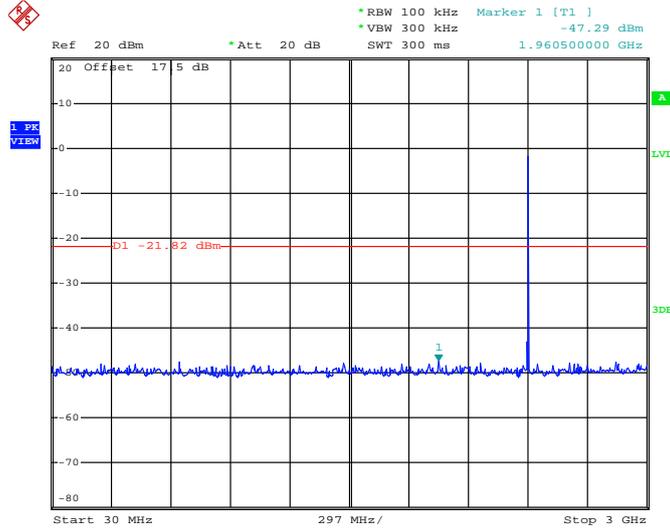


Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:48:43



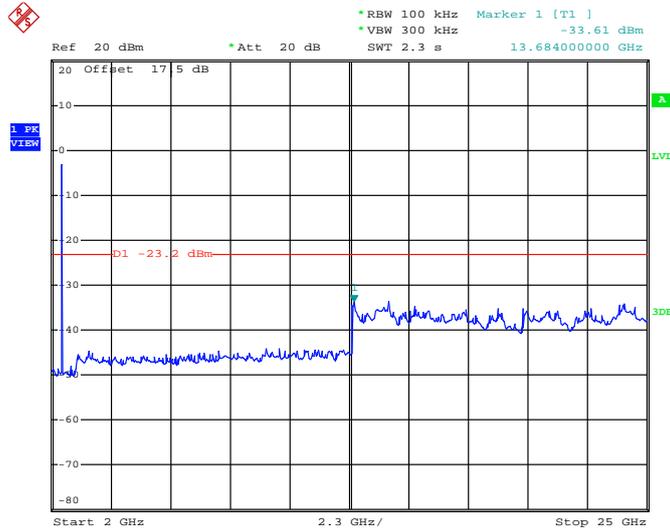
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:04:27

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

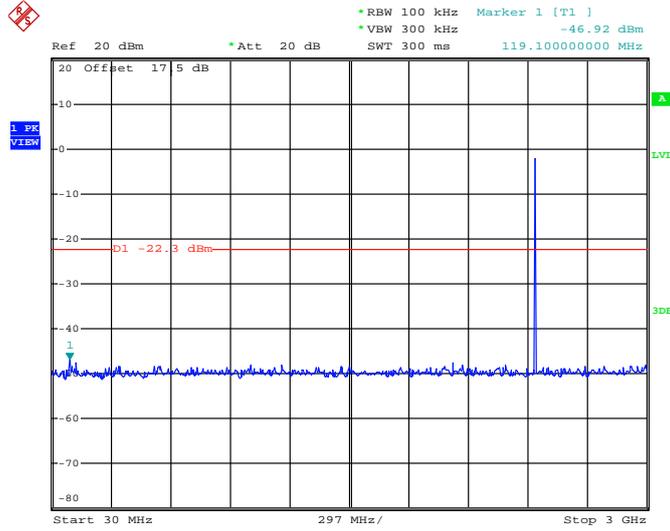


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:04:48



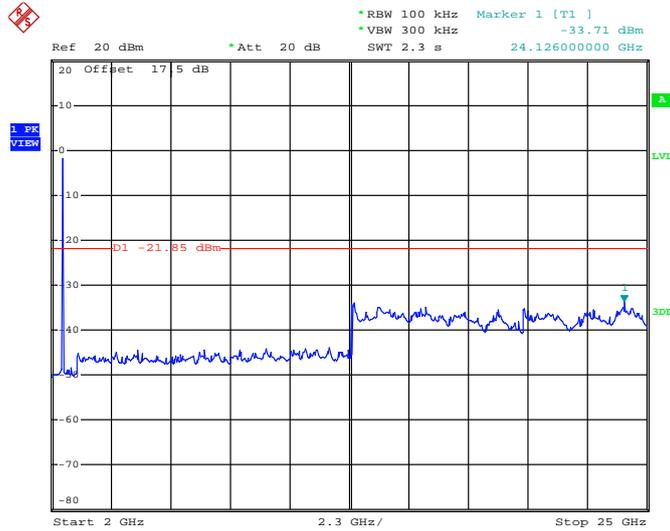
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:05:40

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

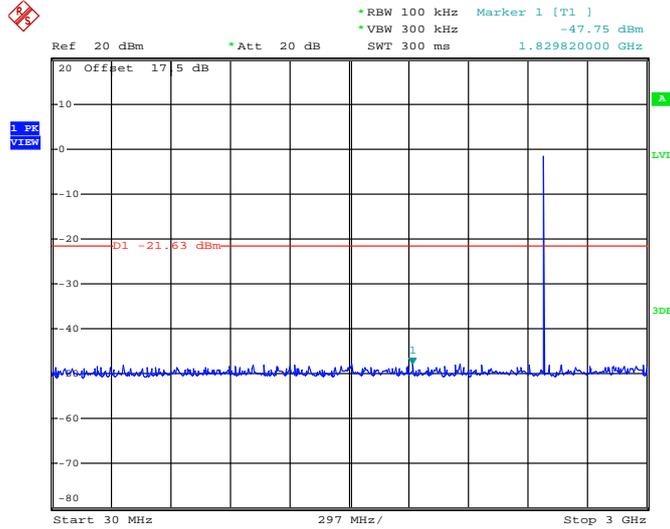


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:06:01



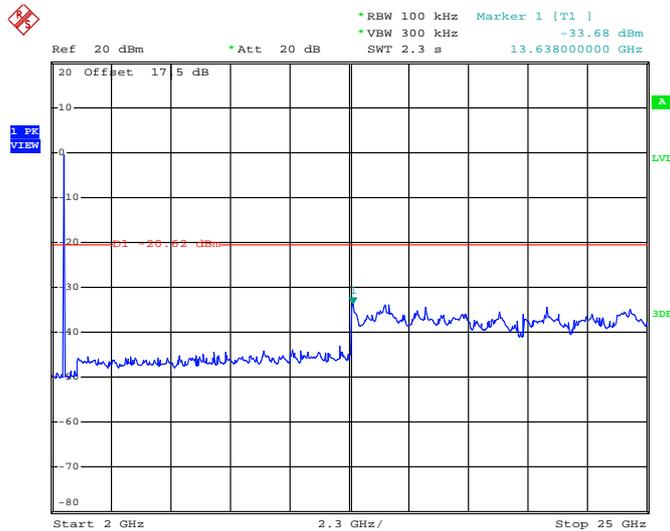
Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:12:02

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

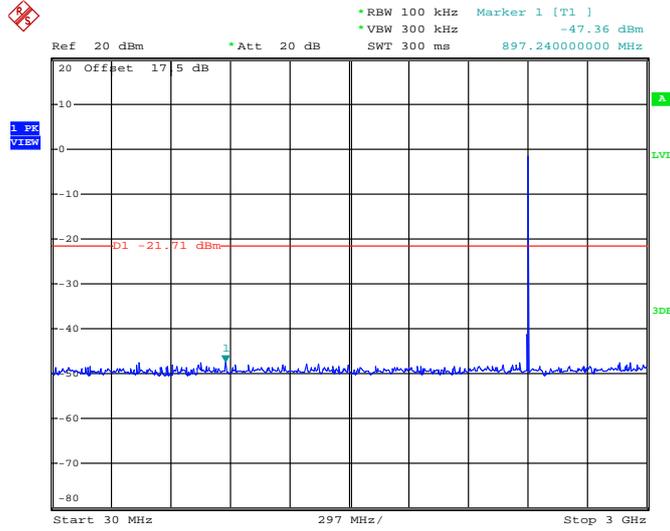


Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:12:24



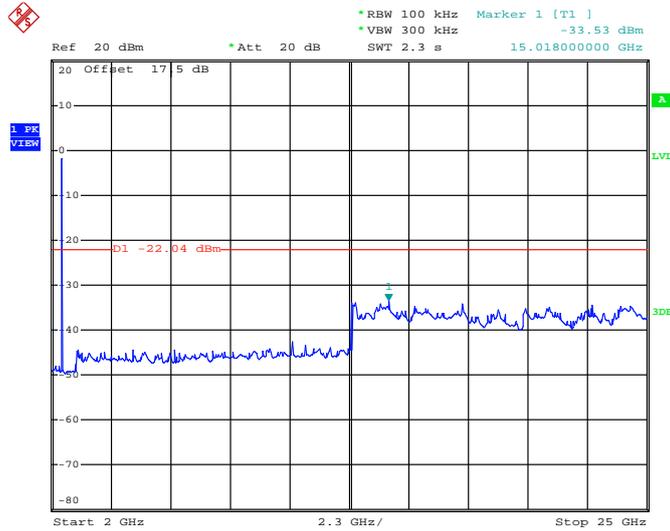
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:27:51

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

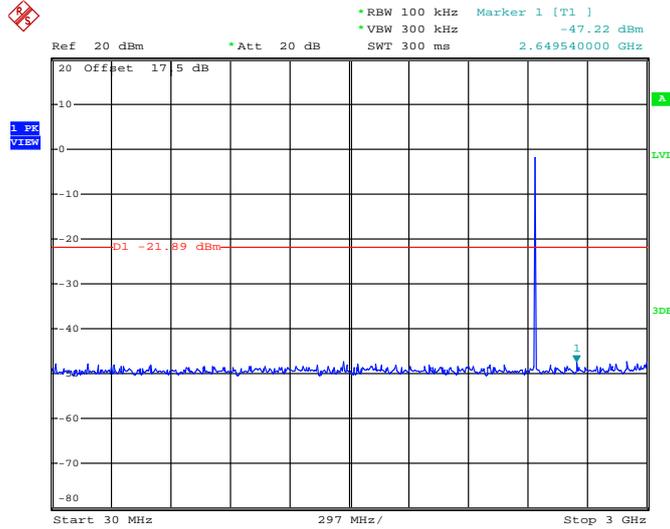


Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:28:43



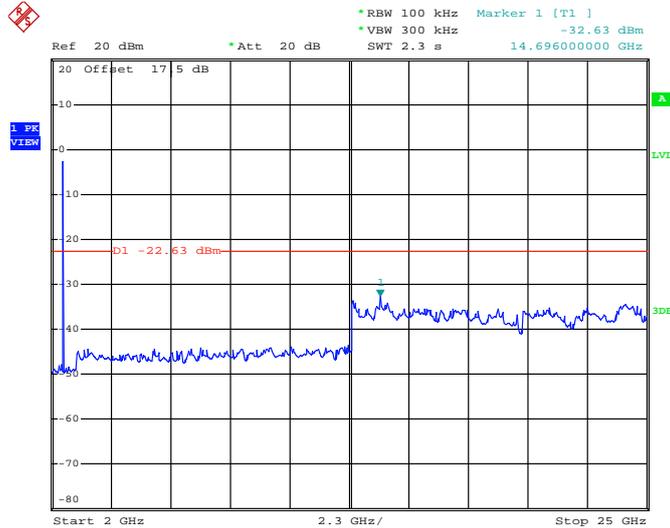
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:29:36

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

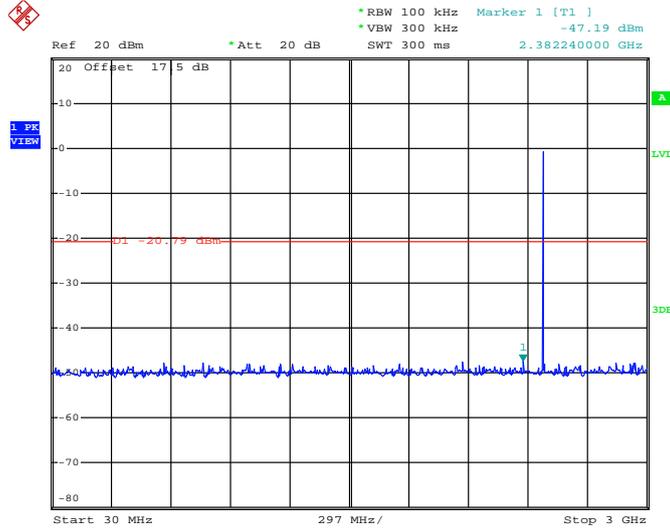


Date: 4.JUN.2014 14:30:27



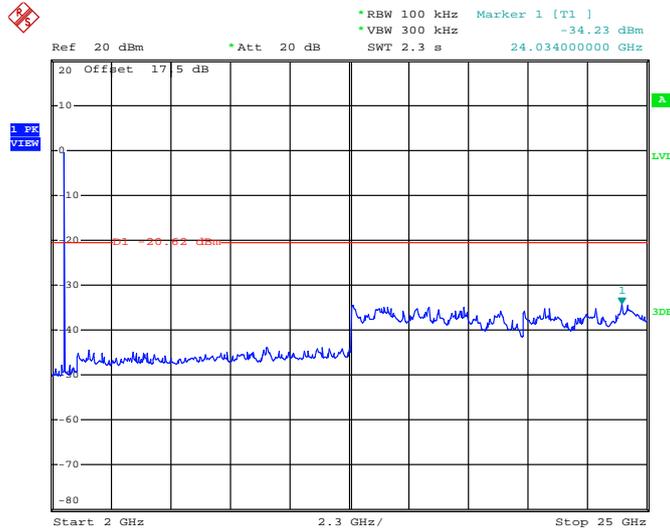
Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	50~53%
		Test Engineer :	Blithe Li

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:17:46

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



Date: 4.JUN.2014 15:18:07



### **3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement**

#### **3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Field Strength (microvolts/meter)</b>	<b>Measurement Distance (meters)</b>
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### **3.8.2 Measuring Instruments**

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



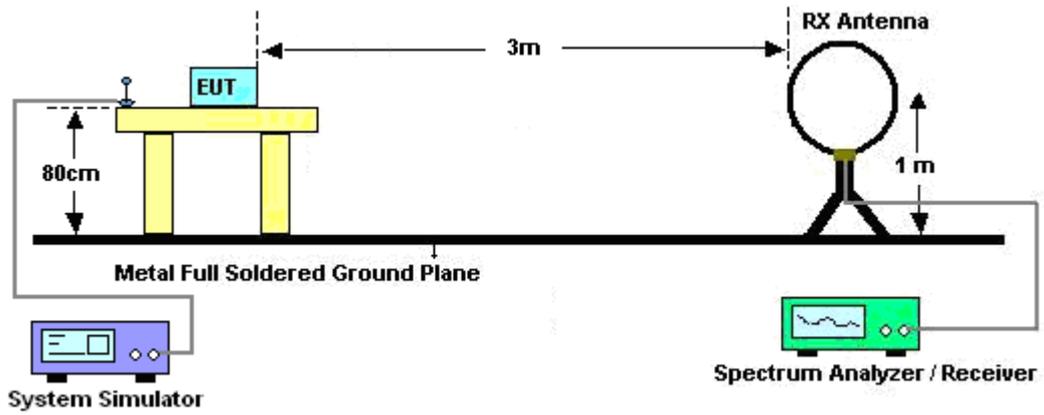
### 3.8.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
5. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
6. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
  - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz, RBW=1MHz for  $f > 1$ GHz ; VBW  $\geq$  RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
  - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).  
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds  
On time =  $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$   
Where  $N_1$  is number of type 1 pulses,  $L_1$  is length of type 1 pulses, etc.  
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level +  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
7. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

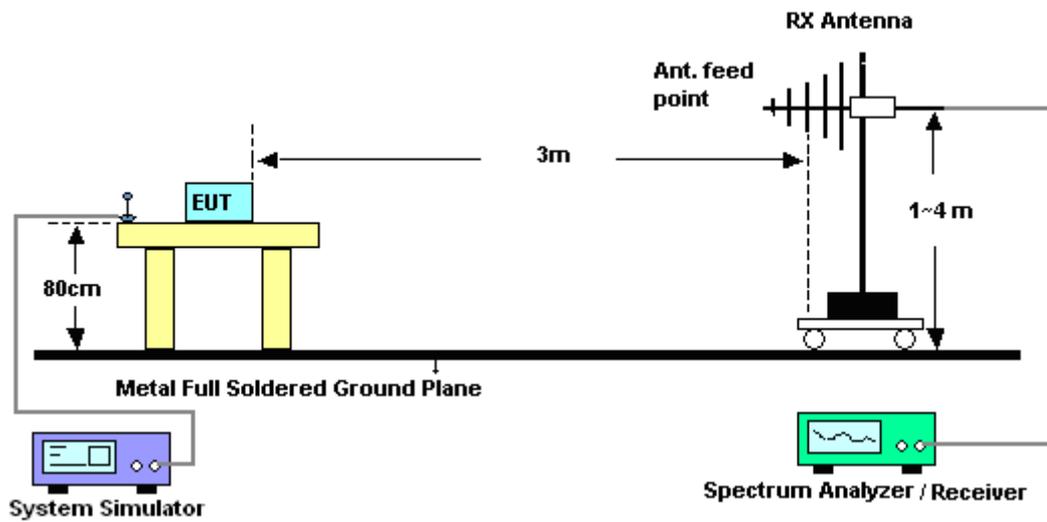
Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-24.76dB) derived from  $20 \log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$ . This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

### 3.8.4 Test Setup

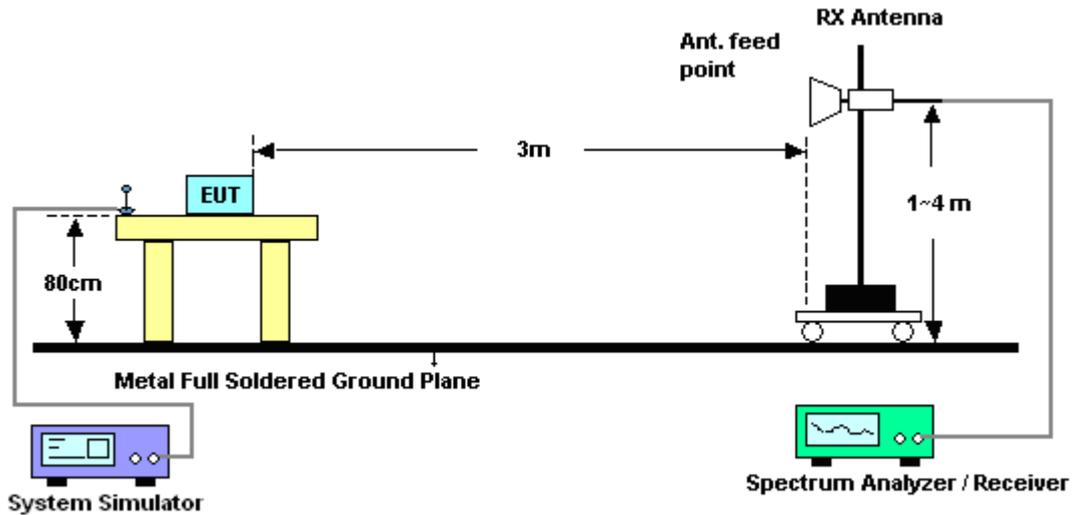
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz

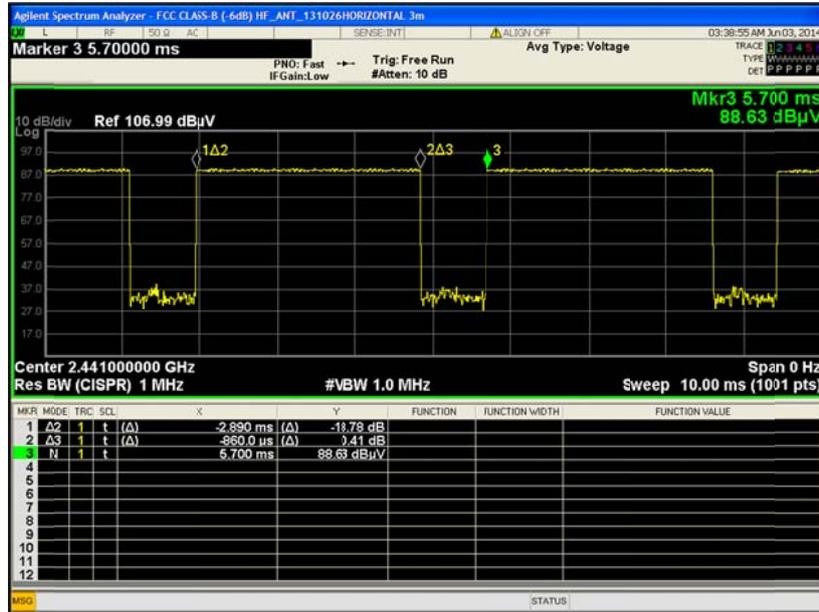


### 3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

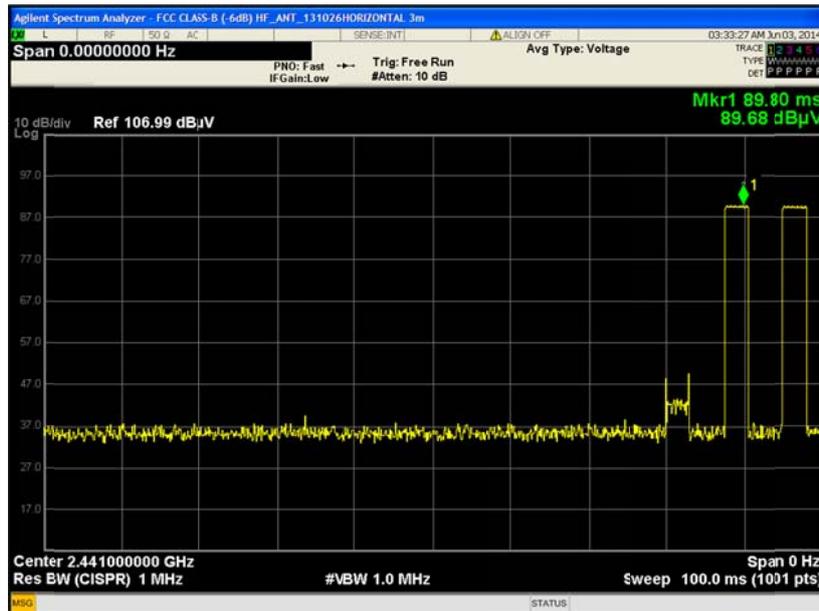
The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

### 3.8.6 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

#### 3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



#### 3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



**Note:**

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds =  $2 * 2.89 / 100 = 5.78 \%$
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor =  $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle}) = -24.76 \text{ dB}$
3. 3DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.

**Duty Cycle Correction Factor Consideration for AFH mode:**

Bluetooth normal hopping rate is 1600Hz and reduced to 800Hz in AFH mode; due to the reduced number of hopping frequencies, with the same packet configuration the dwell time in each channel frequency within 100msec period is longer in AFH mode than normal mode.

In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed; the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is

$$2.89 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.8 \text{ ms}$$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period.  $[100\text{ms} / 57.6\text{ms}] = 2$  hops

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.89 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.78 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time,

$$20 \times \log(5.78 \text{ ms}/100\text{ms}) = -24.76 \text{ dB}$$

3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	48~49%
		Test Engineer :	Leo Liao

ANTENNA POLARITY : HORIZONTAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2382.18	48.07	-25.93	74	40.37	31.9	5.59	29.79	200	24	Peak
2382.18	23.31	-30.69	54	-	-	-	-	200	24	Average

ANTENNA POLARITY : VERTICAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2373.45	48.13	-25.87	74	40.43	31.9	5.59	29.79	117	74	Peak
2373.45	23.37	-30.63	54	-	-	-	-	117	74	Average

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48~49%
		Test Engineer :	Leo Liao

ANTENNA POLARITY : HORIZONTAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2492.02	48.72	-25.28	74	40.23	32.5	5.74	29.75	100	28	Peak
2492.02	23.96	-30.04	54	-	-	-	-	100	28	Average

ANTENNA POLARITY : VERTICAL										
Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level ( dBμV )	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2499.3	48.41	-25.59	74	39.92	32.5	5.74	29.75	104	296	Peak
2499.3	23.65	-30.35	54	-	-	-	-	104	296	Average

Note: Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + duty cycle correction factor(-24.76dB)

### 3.8.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10<sup>th</sup> Harmonic)

**Note:** Pre-scanned all test modes and only choose the worst case mode recorded in the test report for radiated spurious emission below 1GHz.

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	24~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	00	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	48~49%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Leo Liao	<b>Polarization :</b>	Horizontal
<b>Remark :</b>	2402 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dB $\mu$ V/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dB $\mu$ V/m )	Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2402	96.56	-	-	88.74	31.98	5.62	29.78	200	24	Peak
2402	71.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	24	Average
4804	34.73	-39.27	74	49.91	33.78	8.33	57.29	151	219	Peak
4804	9.97	-44.03	54	-	-	-	-	151	219	Average

**Note:** 1. Other harmonics are lower than background noise.

2. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + duty cycle correction factor( -24.76)

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	24~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	00	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	48~49%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Leo Liao	<b>Polarization :</b>	Vertical
<b>Remark :</b>	2402 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dB $\mu$ V/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dB $\mu$ V/m )	Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2402	89.58	-	-	81.76	31.98	5.62	29.78	117	74	Peak
2402	64.82	-	-	-	-	-	-	117	74	Average
4804	35.45	-38.55	74	50.63	33.78	8.33	57.29	151	219	Peak
4804	10.69	-43.31	54	-	-	-	-	151	219	Average

**Note:** 1. Other harmonics are lower than background noise.

2. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + duty cycle correction factor( -24.76)



<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	24~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	39	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	48~49%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Leo Liao	<b>Polarization :</b>	Horizontal
<b>Remark :</b>	2441 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2441	98.77	-	-	90.61	32.24	5.68	29.76	190	26	Peak
2441	74.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	190	26	Average
4882	35.68	-38.32	74	50.51	33.93	8.41	57.17	115	258	Peak
4882	10.92	-43.08	54	-	-	-	-	115	258	Average
7323	34.75	-39.25	74	47.99	33.9	10	57.14	152	309	Peak
7323	9.99	-44.01	54	-	-	-	-	152	309	Average

- Note:** 1. Other harmonics are lower than background noise.  
 2. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + duty cycle correction factor( -24.76)

<b>Test Mode :</b>	3Mbps	<b>Temperature :</b>	24~25°C
<b>Test Channel :</b>	39	<b>Relative Humidity :</b>	48~49%
<b>Test Engineer :</b>	Leo Liao	<b>Polarization :</b>	Vertical
<b>Remark :</b>	2441 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
2441	91.46	-	-	83.3	32.24	5.68	29.76	194	18	Peak
2441	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	194	18	Average
4882	34.52	-39.48	74	49.35	33.93	8.41	57.17	115	258	Peak
4882	9.76	-44.24	54	-	-	-	-	115	258	Average
7323	36.51	-37.49	74	49.75	33.9	10	57.14	152	309	Peak
7323	11.75	-42.25	54	-	-	-	-	152	309	Average

- Note:** 1. Other harmonics are lower than background noise.  
 2. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + duty cycle correction factor( -24.76)



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48~49%
Test Engineer :	Leo Liao	Polarization :	Horizontal
Remark :	2480 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
33.88	25.02	-14.98	40	37.45	16.7	0.8	29.93	200	0	Peak
123.12	26.21	-17.29	43.5	42.83	11.96	1.36	29.94	-	-	Peak
374.35	27.87	-18.13	46	40.17	15.4	2.23	29.93	-	-	Peak
602.3	22.02	-23.98	46	30.58	18.6	2.76	29.92	-	-	Peak
741.98	24.22	-21.78	46	30.74	20.36	3.05	29.93	-	-	Peak
923.37	25	-21	46	30.41	21.14	3.39	29.94	-	-	Peak
2480	97.49	-	-	89.13	32.41	5.71	29.76	100	28	Peak
2480	72.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	28	Average
4960	35.47	-38.53	74	49.88	34.12	8.49	57.02	118	289	Peak
4960	10.71	-43.29	54	-	-	-	-	118	289	Average
7440	36.43	-37.57	74	49.41	33.97	10.04	56.99	158	273	Peak
7440	11.67	-42.33	54	-	-	-	-	158	273	Average

Note: 1. Other harmonics are lower than background noise.

2. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + duty cycle correction factor( -24.76)



Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~25°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48~49%
Test Engineer :	Leo Liao	Polarization :	Vertical
Remark :	2480 MHz is fundamental signal which can be ignored.		

Frequency ( MHz )	Level ( dBμV/m )	Over Limit ( dB )	Limit Line ( dBμV/m )	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor ( dB )	Cable Loss ( dB )	Preamp Factor ( dB )	Ant Pos ( cm )	Table Pos ( deg )	Remark
33.88	36.7	-3.3	40	49.13	16.7	0.8	29.93	100	0	Peak
120.21	21.47	-22.03	43.5	38.16	11.9	1.35	29.94	-	-	Peak
215.27	19.66	-23.84	43.5	38.6	9.25	1.74	29.93	-	-	Peak
371.44	23.63	-22.37	46	35.94	15.4	2.22	29.93	-	-	Peak
611.03	22.84	-23.16	46	31.38	18.6	2.78	29.92	-	-	Peak
775.93	24.88	-21.12	46	31.89	19.8	3.12	29.93	-	-	Peak
2480	88.8	-	-	80.44	32.41	5.71	29.76	104	296	Peak
2480	64.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	296	Average
4960	34.75	-39.25	74	49.16	34.12	8.49	57.02	118	289	Peak
4960	9.99	-44.01	54	-	-	-	-	118	289	Average
7440	36.26	-37.74	74	49.24	33.97	10.04	56.99	158	273	Peak
7440	11.5	-42.5	54	-	-	-	-	158	273	Average

Note: 1. Other harmonics are lower than background noise.

2. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + duty cycle correction factor( -24.76)

### 3.9 AC Conducted Emission Measurement

#### 3.9.1 Limit of AC Conducted Emission

For equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

\*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

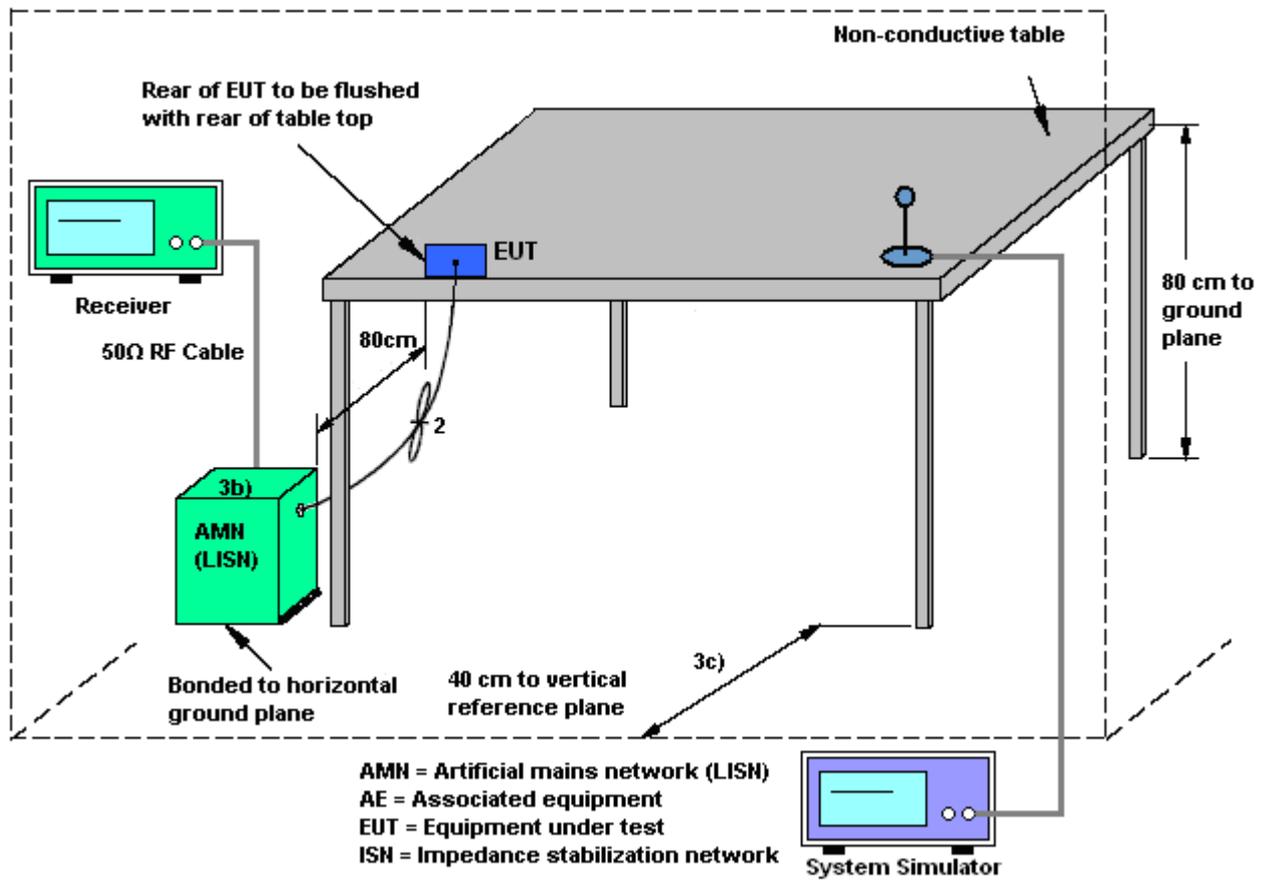
#### 3.9.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

#### 3.9.3 Test Procedures

1. The EUT was placed 0.4 meter from the conducting wall of the shielding room was kept at least 80 centimeters from any other grounded conducting surface.
2. Connect EUT to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
3. All the support units are connecting to the other LISN.
4. The LISN provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
5. The FCC states that a 50 ohm, 50 microhenry LISN should be used.
6. Both sides of AC line were checked for maximum conducted interference.
7. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz was searched.
8. Set the test-receiver system to Peak Detect Function and specified bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

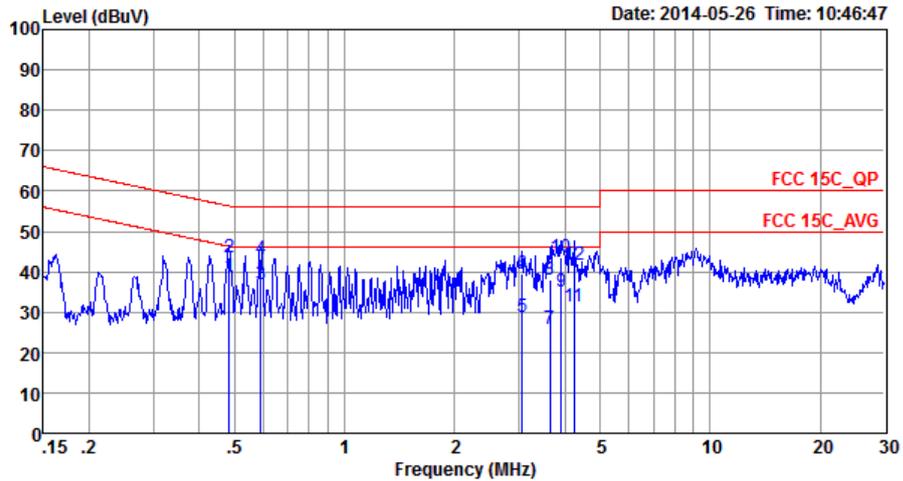
### 3.9.4 Test Setup





3.9.5 Test Result of AC Conducted Emission

Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	21~22°C
Test Engineer :	Jack Tian	Relative Humidity :	41~42%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Line
Function Type :	GSM850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter)		

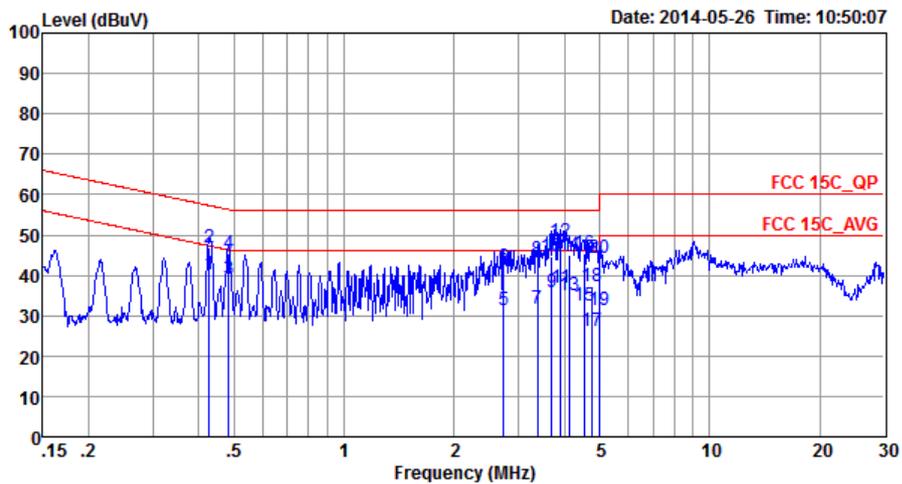


Site : C001-SZ  
 Condition: FCC 15C\_QP LISN\_L\_20140304 LINE

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1 *	0.48	38.75	-7.52	46.27	28.29	0.30	10.16	Average
2	0.48	43.65	-12.62	56.27	33.19	0.30	10.16	QP
3	0.59	36.79	-9.21	46.00	26.40	0.24	10.15	Average
4	0.59	42.99	-13.01	56.00	32.60	0.24	10.15	QP
5	3.06	28.62	-17.38	46.00	18.10	0.31	10.21	Average
6	3.06	39.42	-16.58	56.00	28.90	0.31	10.21	QP
7	3.64	25.77	-20.23	46.00	15.20	0.35	10.22	Average
8	3.64	37.97	-18.03	56.00	27.40	0.35	10.22	QP
9	3.92	35.09	-10.91	46.00	24.49	0.37	10.23	Average
10	3.92	43.69	-12.31	56.00	33.09	0.37	10.23	QP
11	4.25	31.32	-14.68	46.00	20.71	0.38	10.23	Average
12	4.25	41.82	-14.18	56.00	31.21	0.38	10.23	QP



Test Mode :	Mode 1	Temperature :	21~22°C
Test Engineer :	Jack Tian	Relative Humidity :	41~42%
Test Voltage :	120Vac / 60Hz	Phase :	Neutral
Function Type :	GSM850 Idle + Bluetooth Link + WLAN Link + USB Cable (Charging from Adapter)		



Site : C001-SZ  
 Condition: FCC 15C\_QP LISN\_N\_20140304 NEUTRAL

	Freq	Level	Over Limit	Limit Line	Read Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	
1 *	0.43	40.16	-7.13	47.29	29.61	0.39	10.16	Average
2	0.43	46.76	-10.53	57.29	36.21	0.39	10.16	QP
3	0.48	39.06	-7.21	46.27	28.49	0.41	10.16	Average
4	0.48	45.46	-10.81	56.27	34.89	0.41	10.16	QP
5	2.74	31.52	-14.48	46.00	20.90	0.41	10.21	Average
6	2.74	41.92	-14.08	56.00	31.30	0.41	10.21	QP
7	3.38	31.76	-14.24	46.00	21.10	0.44	10.22	Average
8	3.38	44.06	-11.94	56.00	33.40	0.44	10.22	QP
9	3.70	35.67	-10.33	46.00	25.00	0.45	10.22	Average
10	3.70	44.77	-11.23	56.00	34.10	0.45	10.22	QP
11	3.92	36.78	-9.22	46.00	26.09	0.46	10.23	Average
12	3.92	48.28	-7.72	56.00	37.59	0.46	10.23	QP
13	4.14	35.09	-10.91	46.00	24.39	0.47	10.23	Average
14	4.14	44.89	-11.11	56.00	34.19	0.47	10.23	QP
15	4.53	32.51	-13.49	46.00	21.80	0.48	10.23	Average
16	4.53	45.31	-10.69	56.00	34.60	0.48	10.23	QP
17	4.77	26.32	-19.68	46.00	15.60	0.48	10.24	Average
18	4.77	37.42	-18.58	56.00	26.70	0.48	10.24	QP
19	5.00	31.43	-18.57	50.00	20.70	0.49	10.24	Average
20	5.00	44.13	-15.87	60.00	33.40	0.49	10.24	QP



## **3.10 Antenna Requirements**

### **3.10.1 Standard Applicable**

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### **3.10.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction**

An embedded-in antenna design is used.

### **3.10.3 Antenna Gain**

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP30	101400	9kHz~30GHz	Mar. 03, 2014	May 31, 2014~ Jun. 04, 2014	Mar. 02, 2015	Conducted (TH01-SZ)
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218010	13dBm~-20dBm	Mar. 03, 2014	May 31, 2014~ Jun. 04, 2014	Mar. 02, 2015	Conducted (TH01-SZ)
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207253	0.3GHz~40GHz	Mar. 03, 2014	May 31, 2014~ Jun. 04, 2014	Mar. 02, 2015	Conducted (TH01-SZ)
ESCIO TEST Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100724	9kHz~3GHz	Feb. 21, 2014	Jun. 03, 2014	Feb. 20, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9038A	MY522601 85	20Hz~26.5GHz	May 26, 2014	Jun. 03, 2014	May 25, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100354	9kHz~30MHz	May 09, 2014	Jun. 03, 2014	May 08, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	23188	30MHz~2GHz	Oct. 26, 2013	Jun. 03, 2014	Oct. 25, 2014	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	ETS Lindgren	3117	00119436	1GHz~18GHz	Oct. 26, 2013	Jun. 03, 2014	Oct. 25, 2014	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Double Ridged Horn Antenna	COM-POWER	AH-840	101073	18GHz~40GHz	Jan. 27, 2014	Jun. 03, 2014	Jan. 26, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Amplifier	ADVANTEST	BB525C	E9007003	9kHz~3000MHz	Feb. 21, 2014	Jun. 03, 2014	Feb. 20, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Amplifier	Yiai	AV3860B	04030	2GHz~26.5GHz	May 08, 2014	Jun. 03, 2014	May 07, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
AC Source(AVR)	Chroma	61601	616010001 985	100Vac~250Vac	Mar. 25, 2014	Jun. 03, 2014	Mar. 24, 2015	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Turn Table	EM Electronics	EM 1000	N/A	0~360 degree	NCR	Jun. 03, 2014	NCR	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
Antenna Mast	EM Electronics	EM 1000	N/A	1 m~4 m	NCR	Jun. 03, 2014	NCR	Radiation (03CH01-SZ)
ESCIO TEST Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100724	9kHz~3GHz	Feb. 21, 2014	May 26, 2014	Feb. 20, 2015	Conduction (CO01-SZ)
AC LISN	EMCO	3816/2SH	00103912	9kHz~30MHz	Mar. 04, 2014	May 26, 2014	Mar. 03, 2015	Conduction (CO01-SZ)
AC LISN (for auxiliary equipment)	EMCO	3816/2SH	00103892	9kHz~30MHz	Mar. 04, 2014	May 26, 2014	Mar. 03, 2015	Conduction (CO01-SZ)
AC Power Source	Chroma	61602	616020000 891	100Vac~250Vac	Dec. 17, 2013	May 26, 2014	Dec. 16, 2014	Conduction (CO01-SZ)



## 5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

### Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	2.31
---	------

### Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ( $U = 2Uc(y)$ )	3.90
---	------