

Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Test Report

APPLICANT : ZTE CORPORATION
EQUIPMENT : LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital
Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : ZTE
MODEL NAME : N9137
FCC ID : SRQ-N9137
T-RATING : T3
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR §20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011

We, Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Mark Qu / Manager



Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA760302-01B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 28, 2018



1. General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Equipment Name	LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
FCC ID	SRQ-N9137
HW Version	N9137HW1.0
SW Version	N9137UV1.0.0B01
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Exposure category	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure
Date Tested	2018/09/26
Frequency Band	CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1914.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	CDMA2000 : 1xEV-DO(Rev.0)/1xEV-DO(Rev.A) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth v4.1 LE, Bluetooth v4.2 LE
Remark: This is a variant report. The product equality declaration could be referred to Appendix D. Based on the similarity between current and previous project, only LTE Bands full T-coil testing, CDMA test data were released from original test report (Sporton Report Number HA760302B).	



2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	Sporton International (Kunshan) Inc.
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone, Jiangsu Province 215335, China TEL : 86-512-57900158 FAX : 86-512-57900958
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. : SAR01-KS
Applicant	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01



4. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
CDMA	BC0	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	BC1			WLAN, BT		No
	EVDO	DT	No	WLAN, BT	NA	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
Wi-Fi	2450	DT	No	CDMA,LTE	NA	No
BT	2450	DT	No	CDMA,LTE	NA	No

Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

Remark:

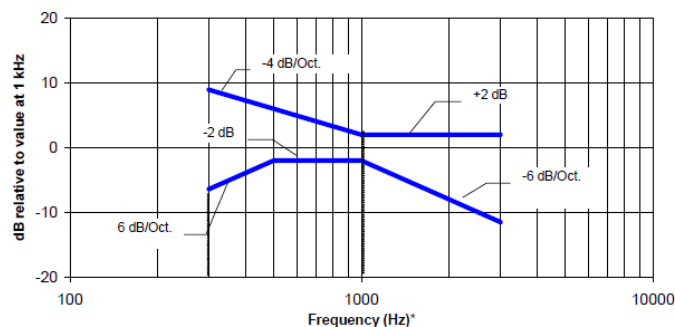
- For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.

5. Measurement standards for T-Coil

5.1 Frequency Response

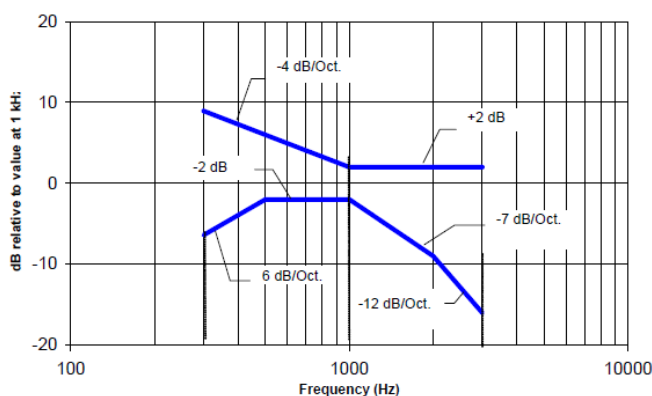
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength ≤ -15 dB at 1 kHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

5.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories



6. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4,

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at $f = 1$ kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at f_i) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (f_i) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i.e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

6.1 Test Flow Chart

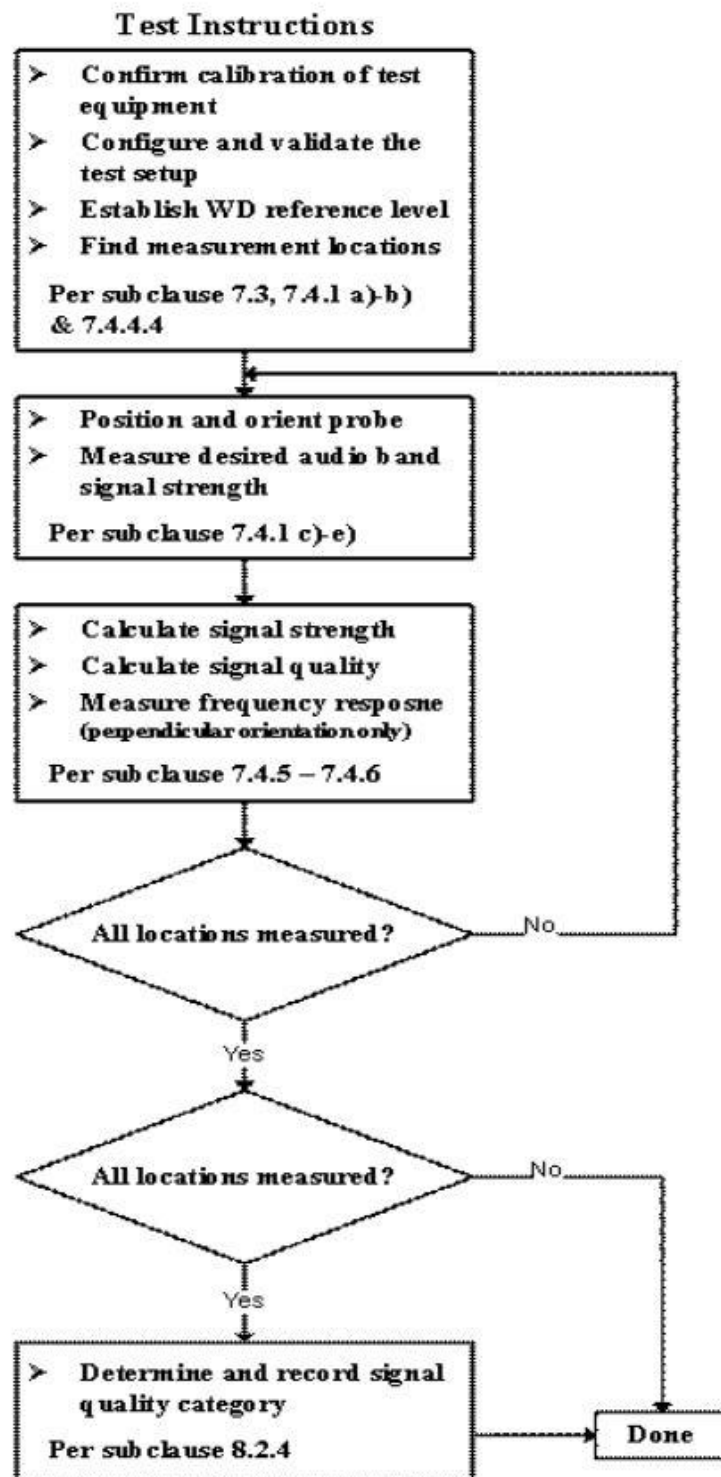
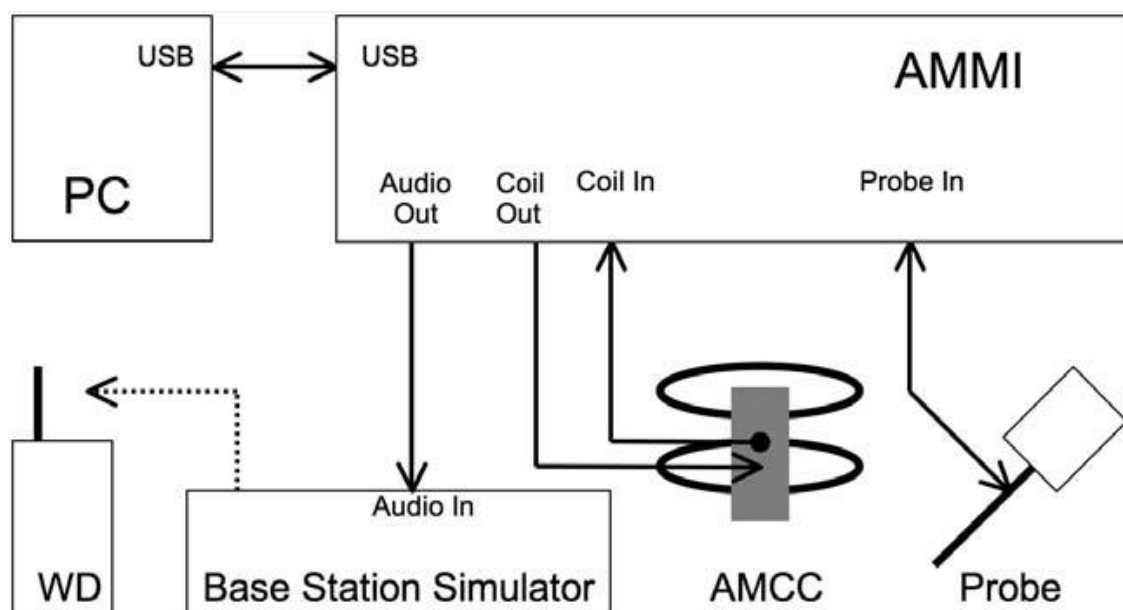


Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

6.2 Test Setup Diagram



General Note:

1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
 - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
2. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." configuration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
3. The test setup used for VoLTE over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE when the device during the IMS connection.



1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal
2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine	---	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Calculation formula:

- Audio Level at -16dBm0 = ((-16dBm0) – (3.14dBm0)) + X dBv
- Calculated Gain at -16dBm0 = 10((audio level at -16dBm0 – Y dBm0) / 20) * 10
- Gating setting at -16dBm0 = required gain factor * calculated gain

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0
			3.14
100	40	3.25	5.73
8.20	18.27	-18.48	-16

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.20
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.49
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.50

6.3 Cabling of System for VoLTE

The principal cabling of the T-Coil setup is shown in Fig. 5.5 All cables provided with the basic setup have a length of approximately 5 m.

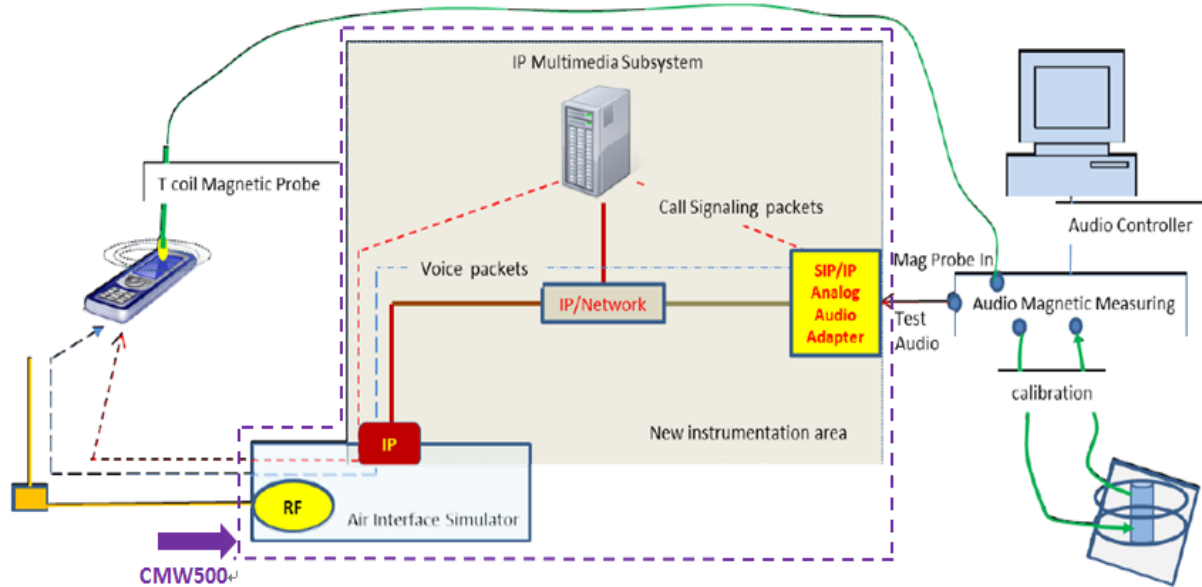


Fig. 5.5 T-Coil setup cabling

6.4 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

- ◆ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ◆ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

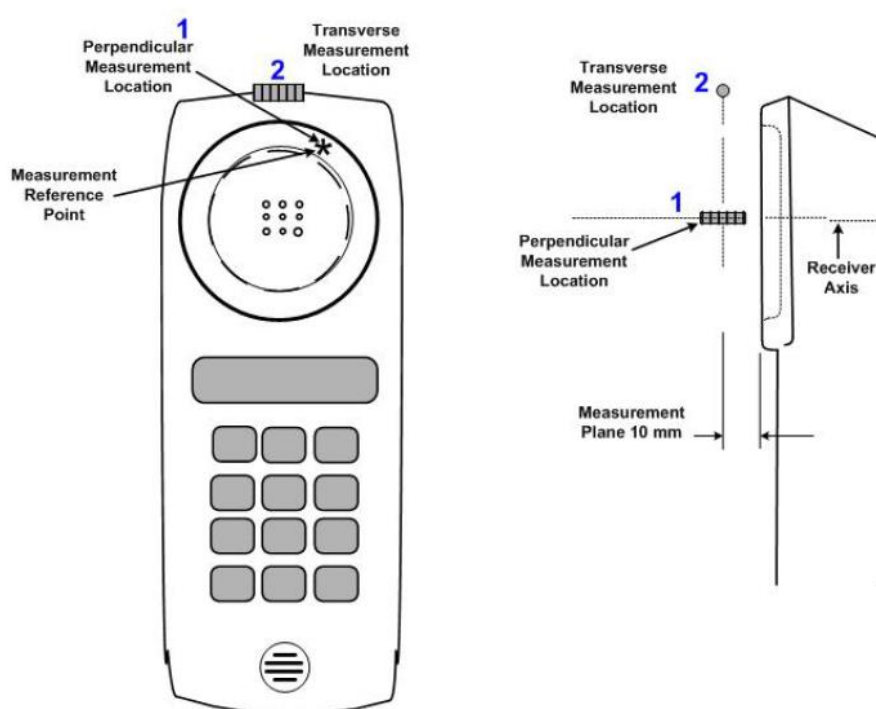


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

**7. Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3093	2018/5/25	2019/5/24
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	2018/5/28	2019/5/27
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	NA	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1128	NCR	NCR
TESTO	Hygro meter	608-H1	1241332102	2018/8/20	2019/8/19
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	143030	2017/10/19	2018/10/18

Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"



8. HAC T-Coil Test Results

8.1 Preliminary Scan for VoLTE T-coil performance

General Note:

1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19 2011.
2. For VoLTE radio configuration investigation is choose either one codec and an investigation was performed on all frequency band, data rates and modulations and RB configuration to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case configuration would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
3. Choose worst case from radio configuration investigation. After investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

<Radio Configuration Investigation>

Air Interface	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality (dB)
LTE B2	20	QPSK	1	0	18900	2.67	-26.09	28.76
LTE B2	20	QPSK	50	0	18900	2.78	-26.10	28.88
LTE B2	20	QPSK	100	0	18900	2.81	-28.30	31.11
LTE B2	20	16QAM	1	0	18900	2.71	-26.53	29.24
LTE B2	15	QPSK	1	0	18900	2.69	-28.65	31.34
LTE B2	10	QPSK	1	0	18900	2.74	-28.28	31.02
LTE B2	5	QPSK	1	0	18900	2.69	-29.01	31.70
LTE B2	3	QPSK	1	0	18900	2.77	-28.95	31.72
LTE B2	1.4	QPSK	1	0	18900	2.75	-29.09	31.84

<AMR Codec Investigation>

VoLTE AMR Codec						
Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-8.88	-14.59	-7.1	-9.13	Axial	B2 / 20M / 18900
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-38.91	-43.34	-38.38	-40.05		
Signal Quality (dB)	30.03	28.75	31.28	30.92		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<EVS Codec Investigation>

VoLTE EVS Codec							
Codec	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	-5.38	-7.76	-8.12	-7.65	-5.38	-7.55	Axial
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-35.87	-38.72	-38.67	-37.84	-35.87	-38.34	
Signal Quality (dB)	30.49	30.96	30.55	30.19	30.49	30.79	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	

**8.2 Magnitude Result for VoLTE**

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 (dB A/m)	ABM2 (dB A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
1	LTE Band 2	20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_6.6Kbps_Voice	18900	Axial (Z)	-14.59	-43.34	28.75	T3	-50.26	1.99	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-13.33	-48.73	35.40	T4	-50.19		
2	LTE Band 4	20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_6.6Kbps_Voice	20175	Axial (Z)	-6.59	-35.02	28.43	T3	-49.98	1.85	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-13.74	-45.32	31.58	T4	-50.01		
3	LTE Band 5	10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_6.6Kbps_Voice	20525	Axial (Z)	-6.66	-37.86	31.20	T4	-49.86	2	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-13.68	-48.62	34.94	T4	-49.99		
4	LTE Band 12	10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_6.6Kbps_Voice	23095	Axial (Z)	-10.84	-41.95	31.11	T4	-50.29	1.52	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-17.20	-50.03	32.83	T4	-50.19		
5	LTE Band 13	10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_6.6Kbps_Voice	23230	Axial (Z)	-9.21	-39.94	30.73	T4	-50.54	1.58	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-14.61	-49.56	34.95	T4	-50.19		
6	LTE Band 25	20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_6.6Kbps_Voice	26340	Axial (Z)	-8.29	-36.50	28.21	T3	-49.98	1.42	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-13.67	-47.48	33.81	T4	-50.27		

Remark:

1. There is a special HAC mode software on this EUT.
2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
3. Test Engineer : Nick Hu

9. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) ABM1	(Ci) ABM2	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2) (±%)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference Level	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
AMCC Geometry	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
AMCC Current	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe Positioning during Calibr.	0.1	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Noise Contribution	0.7	R	1.732	0.014	1	0.0	0.4
Frequency Slope	5.9	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.3	3.4
Probe System							
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	R	1.732	1	1	0.3	0.3
Acoustic Noise	1.0	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
Probe Angle	2.3	R	1.732	1	1	1.3	1.3
Spectral Processing	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	0.6	N	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
Field Distribution	0.2	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test Signal							
Ref. Signal Spectral Response	0.6	R	1.732	0	1	0.0	0.3
Positioning							
Probe Positioning	1.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
Phantom Thickness	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
DUT Positioning	1.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
External Contributions							
RF Interference	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
Test Signal Variation	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Combined Std. Uncertainty						4.0%	6.1%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						8.1%	12.2%

Table 8.2 Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement



10. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook



Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

1_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch18900 (Z)

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

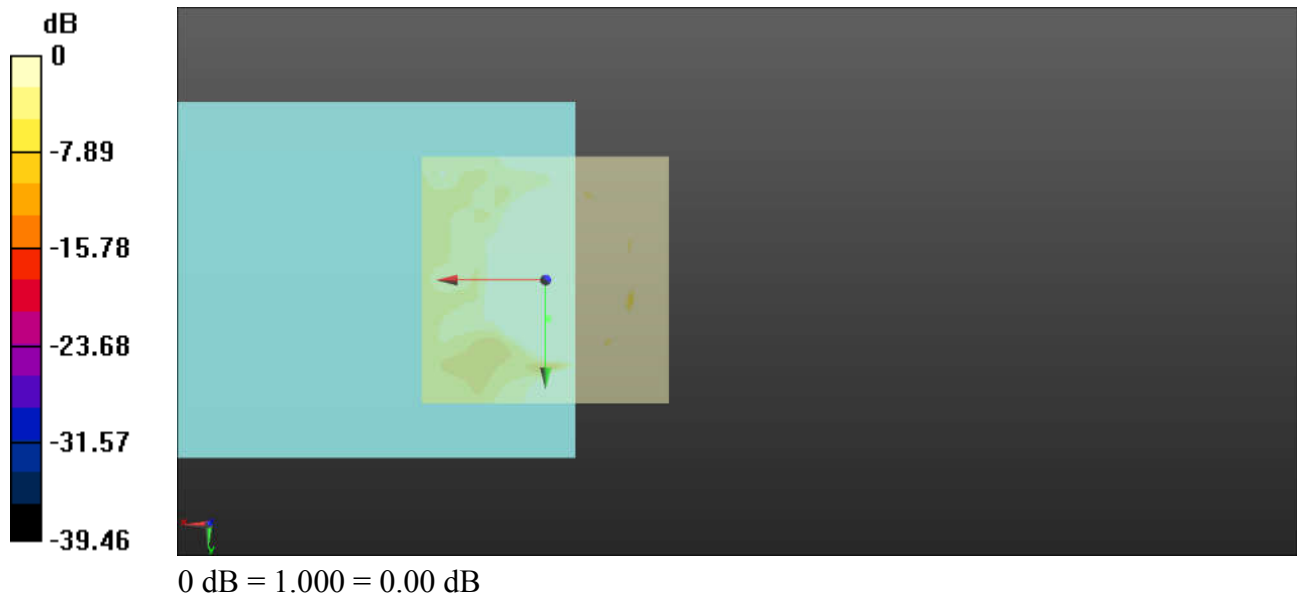
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 28.75 dB

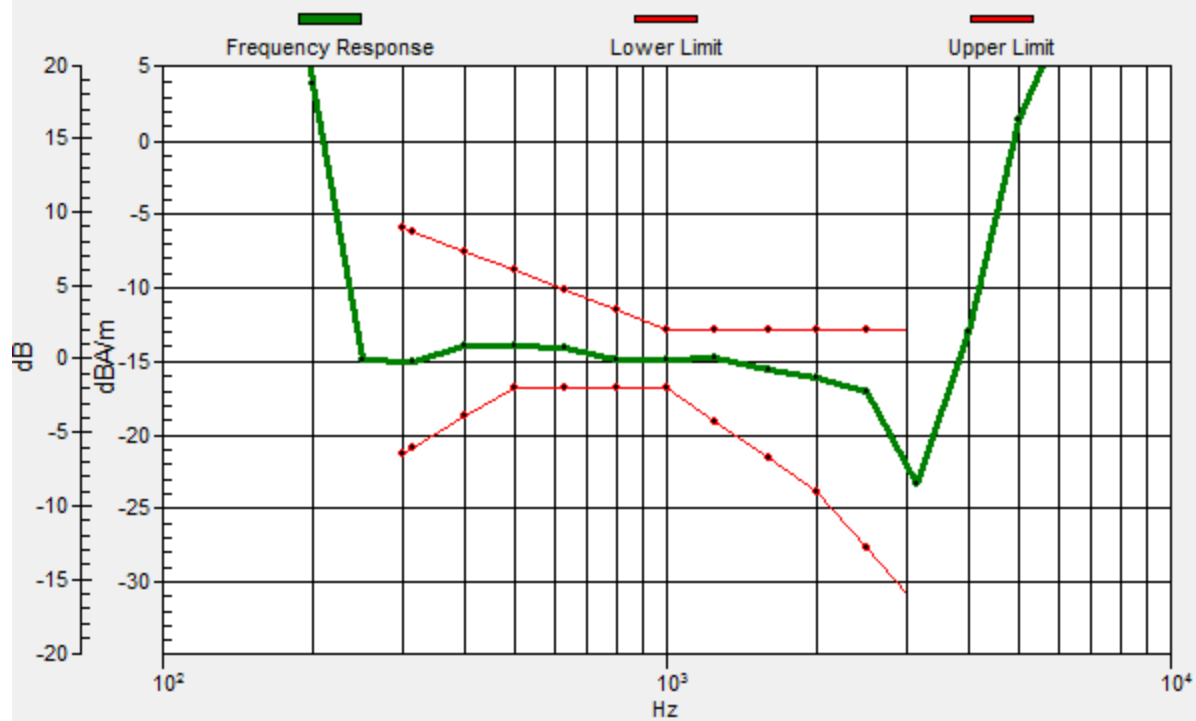
ABM1 comp = -14.59 dBA/m

Location: -0.4, 7.9, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: -0.5, 7.8, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.99dB



1_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch18900 (Y)

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

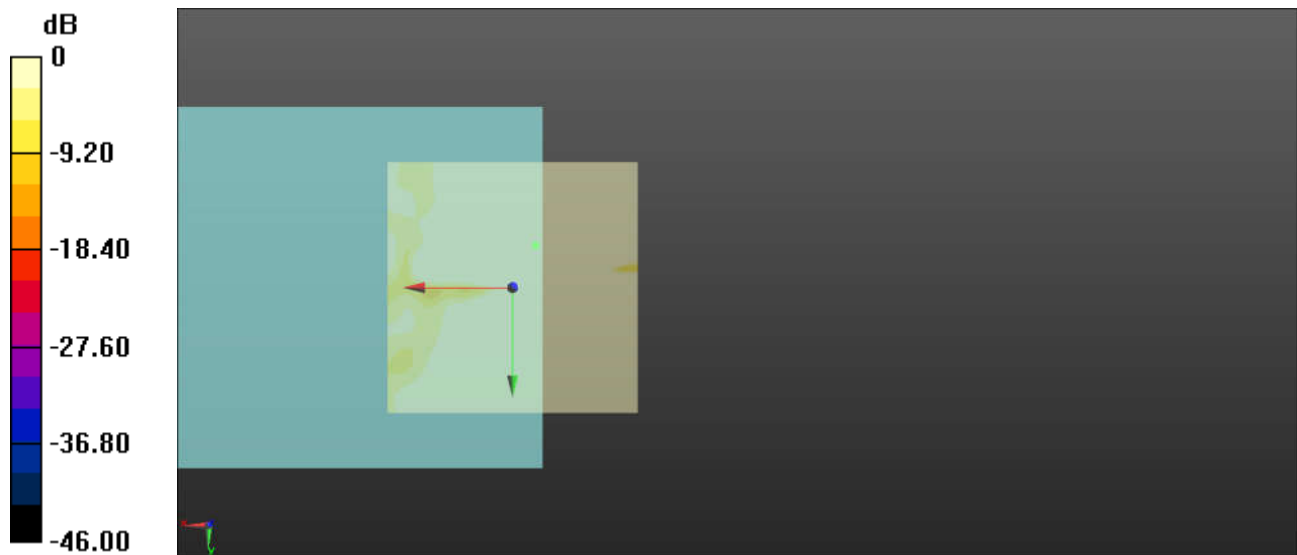
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 35.40 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.33 dBA/m

Location: -4.6, -8.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0.00 dB

2_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch20175 (Z)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

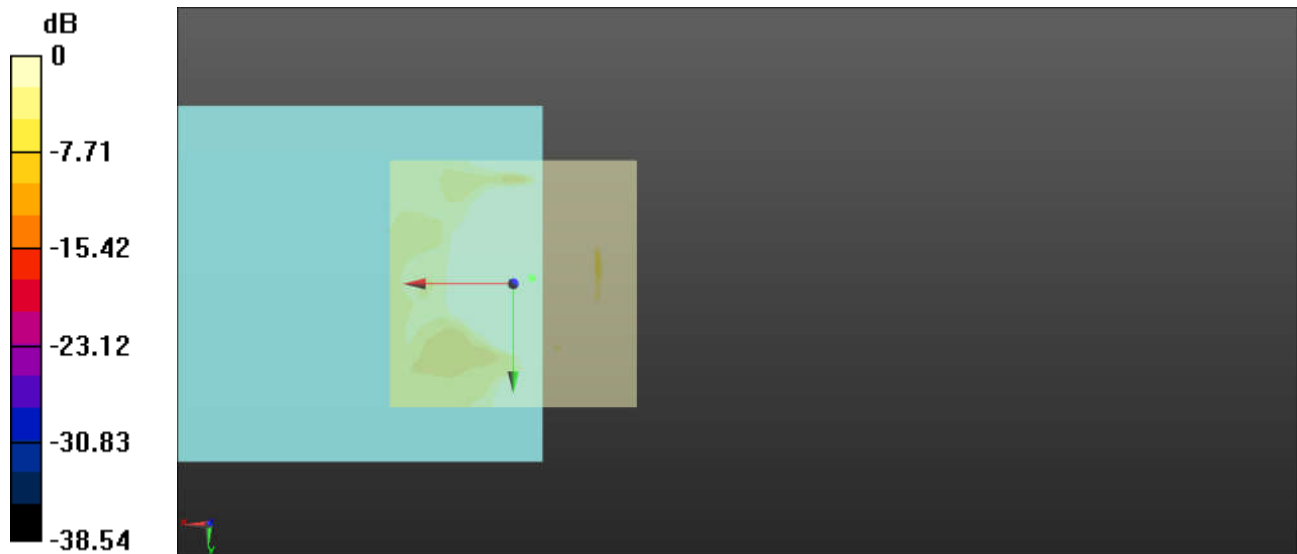
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 28.43 dB

ABM1 comp = -6.59 dBA/m

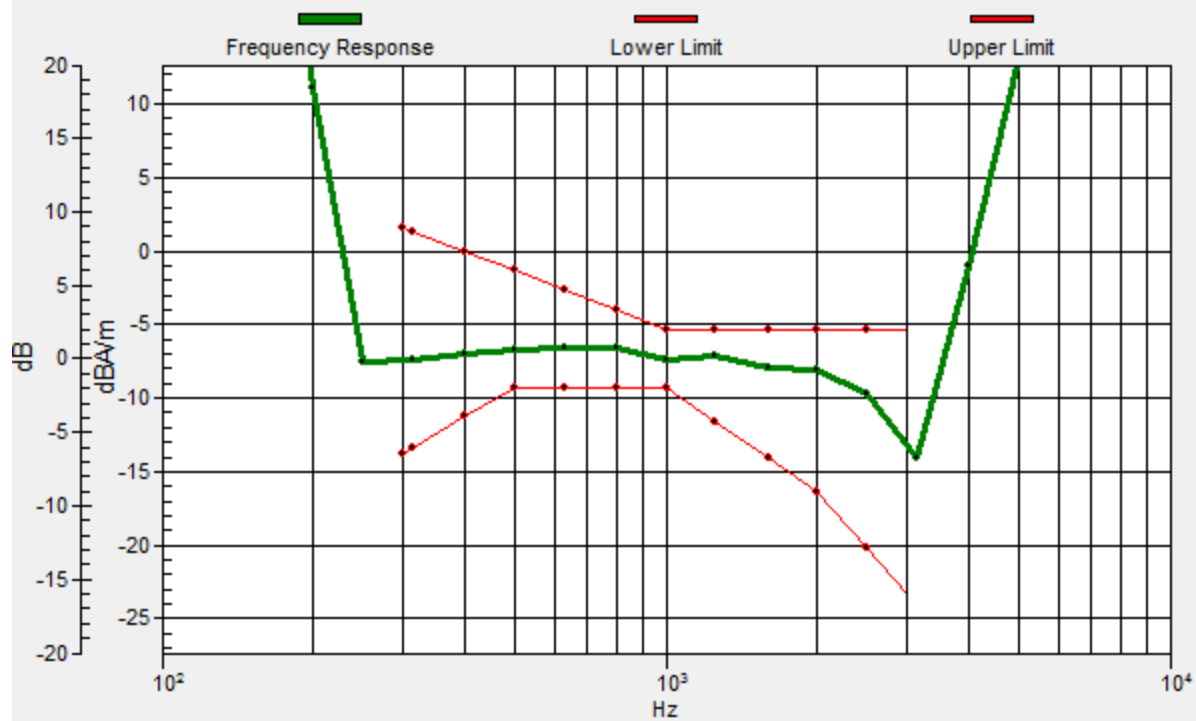
Location: -3.7, -1.3, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0.00 dB

General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: -3.9, -1.1, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.85dB



2_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch20175 (Y)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

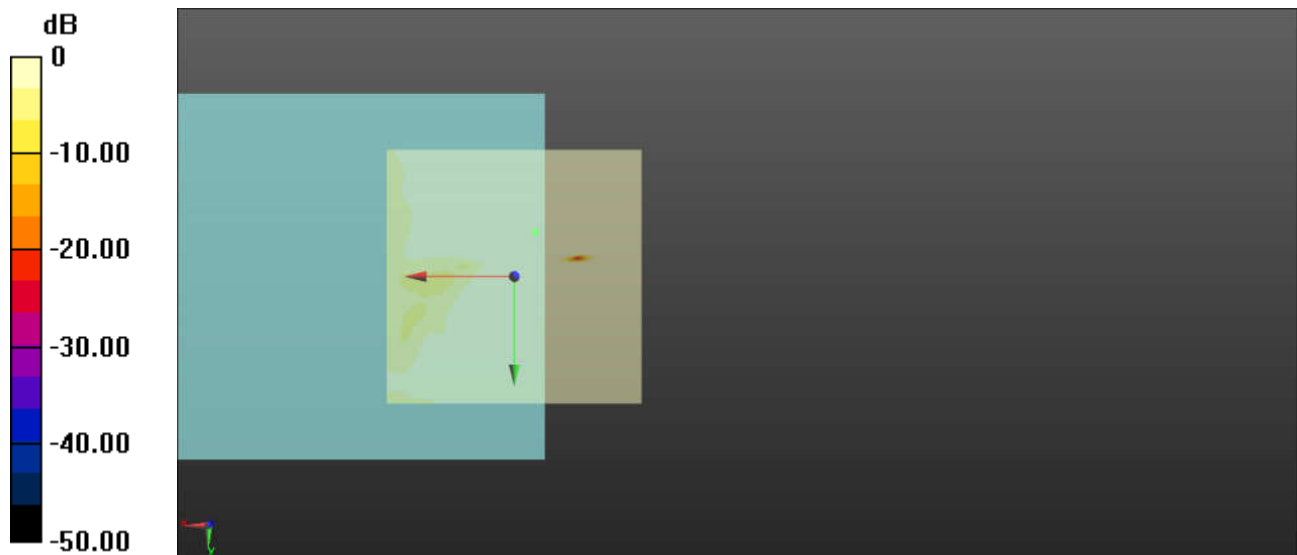
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 31.58 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.74 dBA/m

Location: -4.2, -8.8, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0.00 dB

3_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch20525(Z)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

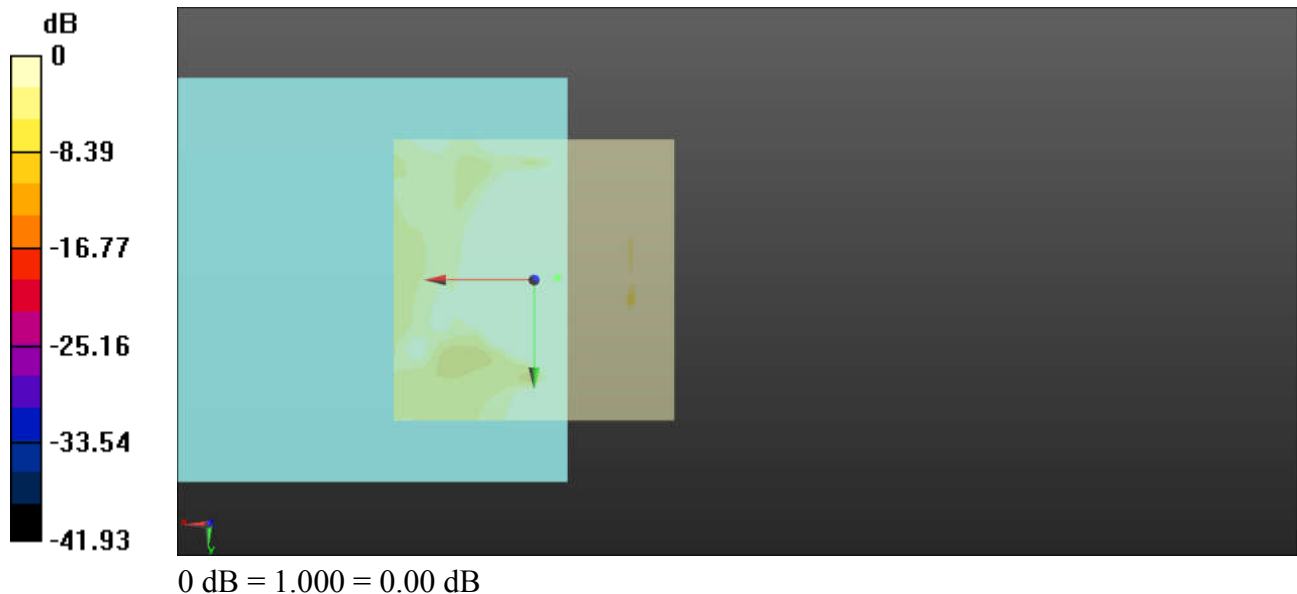
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 31.20 dB

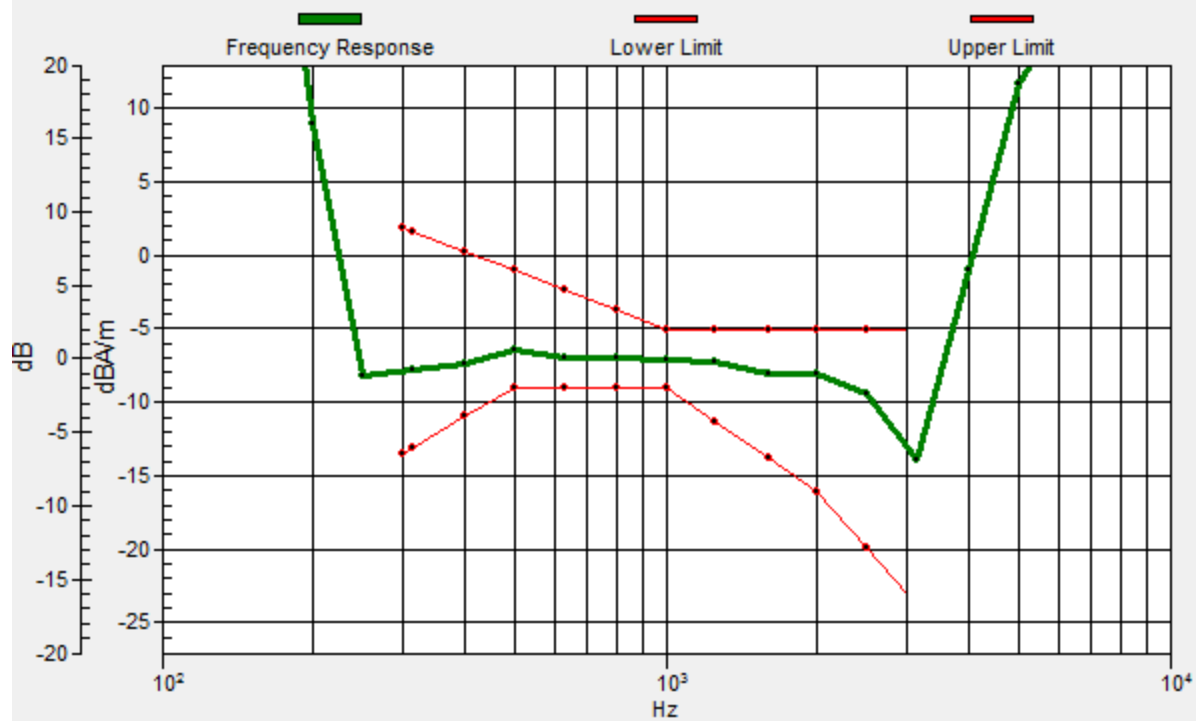
ABM1 comp = -6.66 dBA/m

Location: -4.2, -0.4, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: -4.2, -0.5, 3.7 mm Diff: 2dB



3_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch20525(Y)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

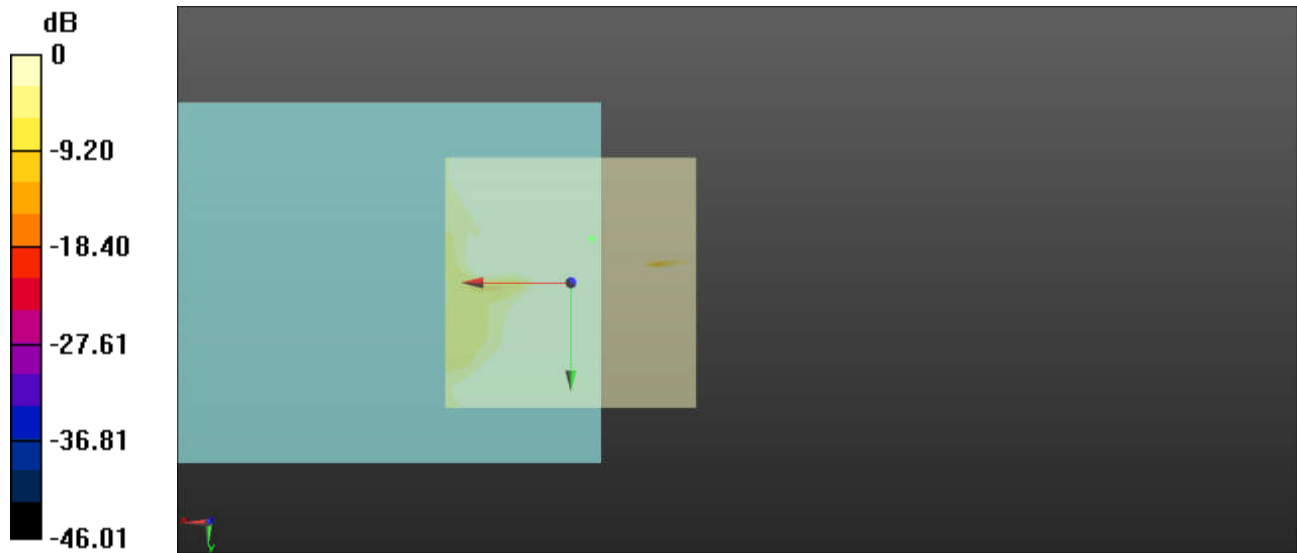
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.94 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.68 dBA/m

Location: -4.2, -8.8, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0.00 dB

4_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch23095(Z)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 20183.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

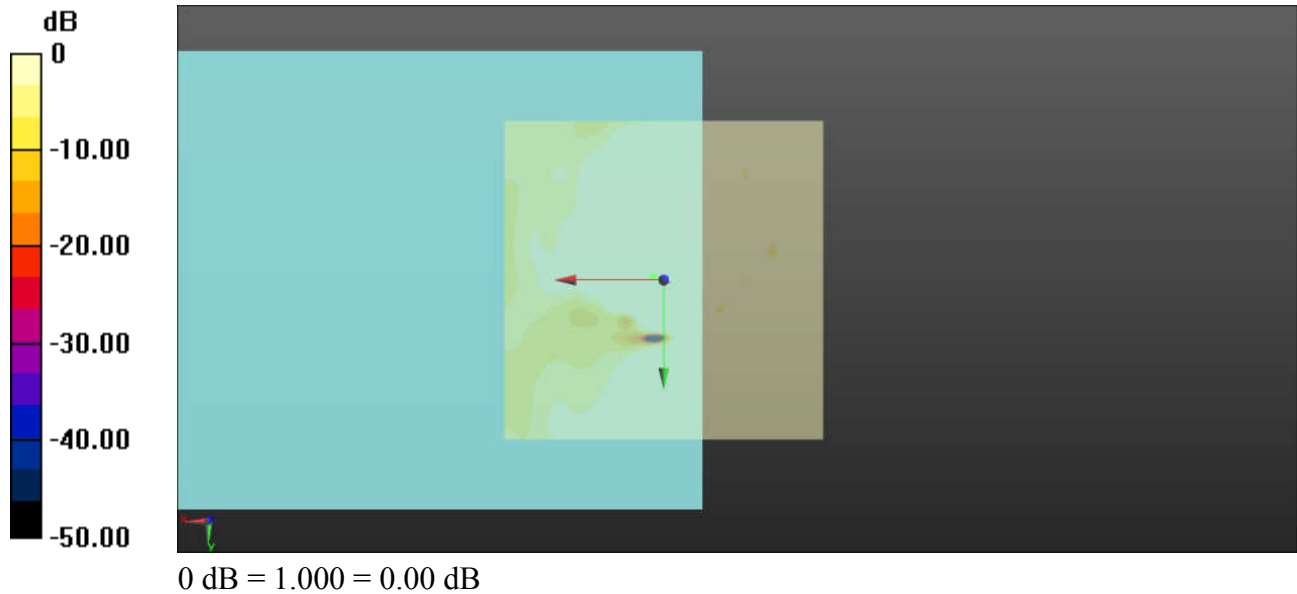
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 31.11 dB

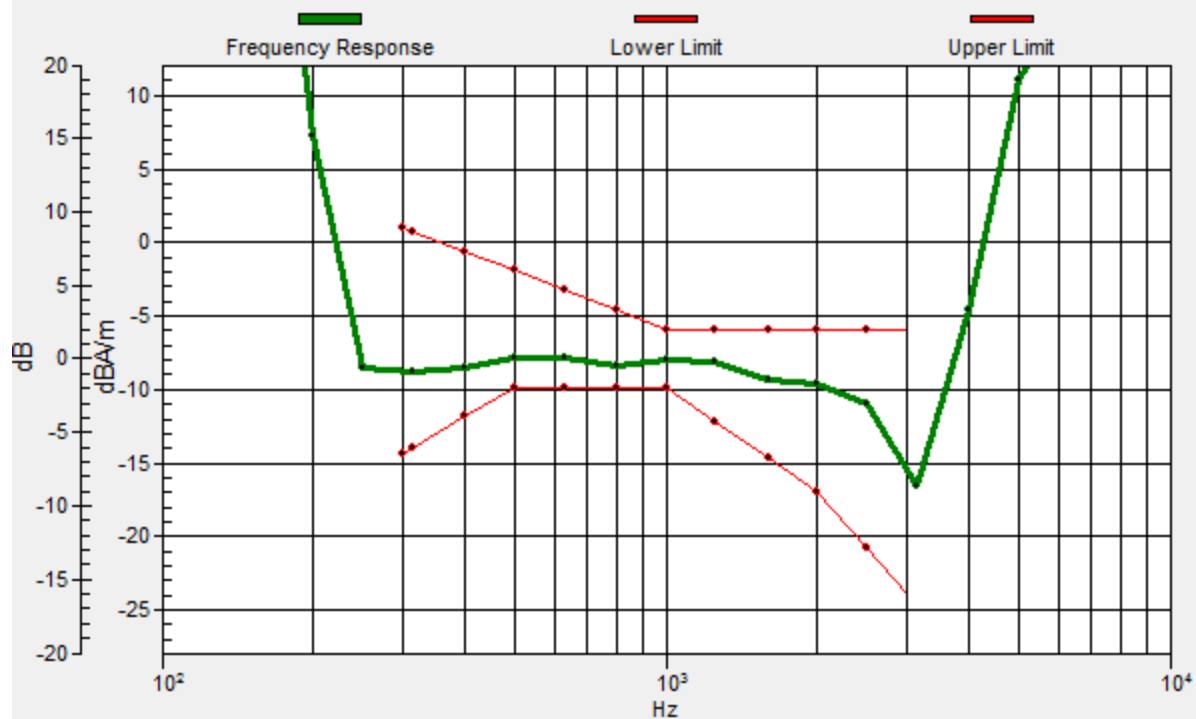
ABM1 comp = -10.84 dBA/m

Location: 1.7, -0.4, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: 1.5, -0.4, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.52dB



4_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch23095(Y)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.0 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

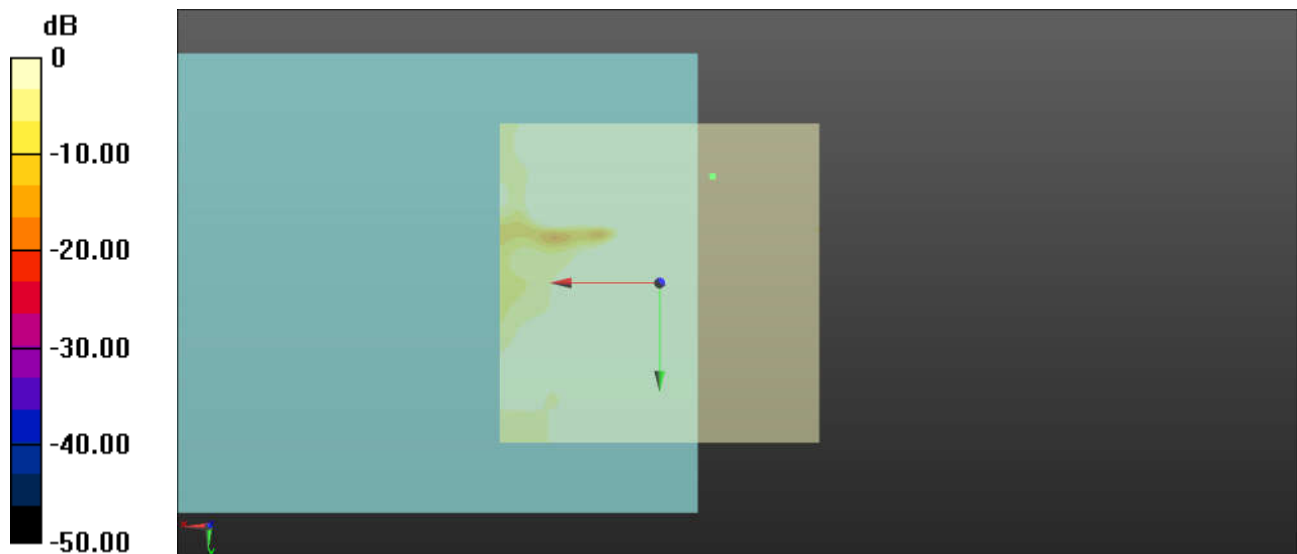
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 32.83 dB

ABM1 comp = -17.20 dBA/m

Location: -8.3, -16.7, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0.00 dB

5_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch23230 (Z)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

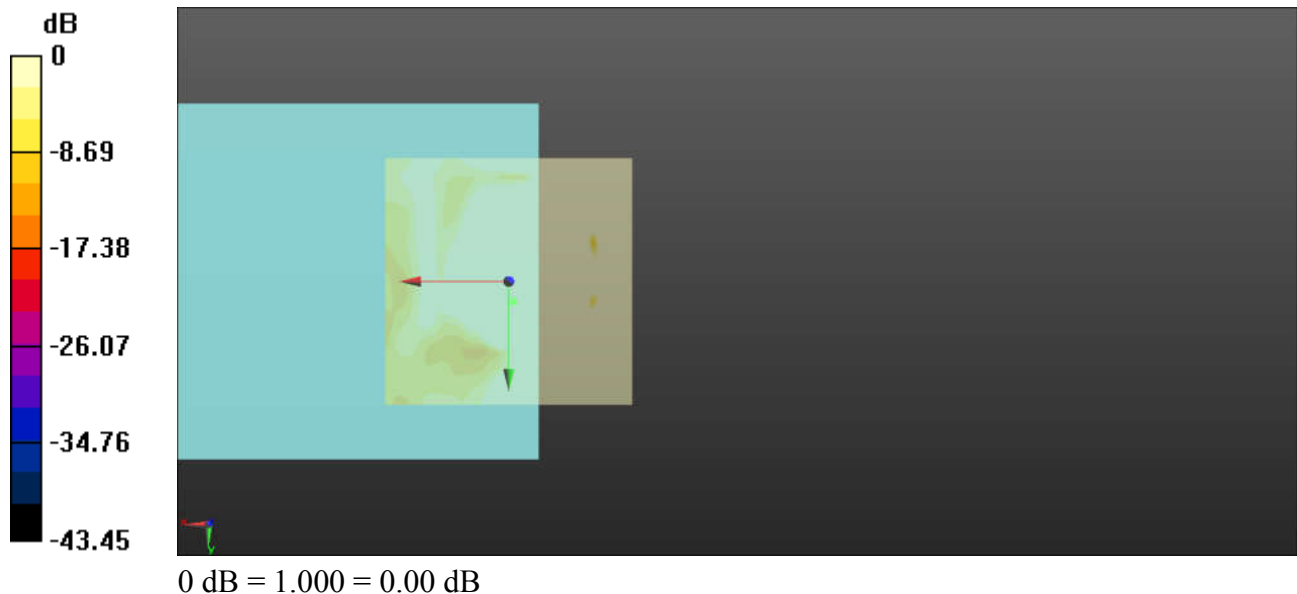
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 30.73 dB

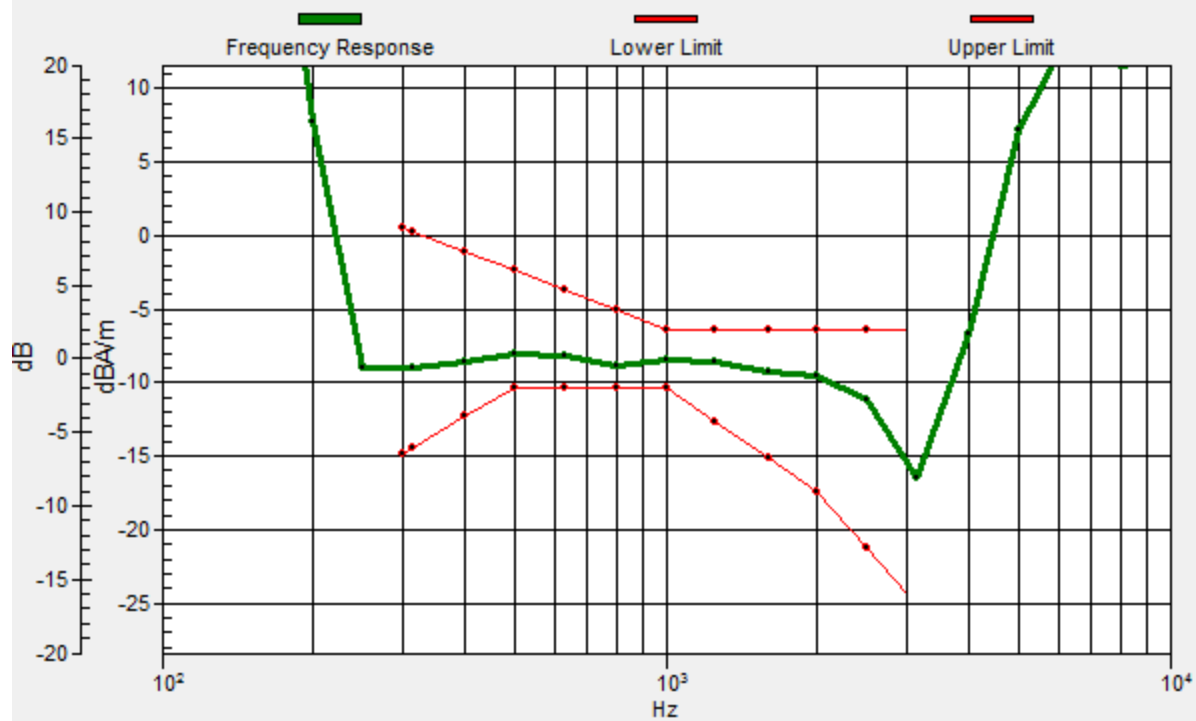
ABM1 comp = -9.21 dBA/m

Location: -0.8, 4.2, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: -1, 4, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.58dB



4_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch23230 (Y)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

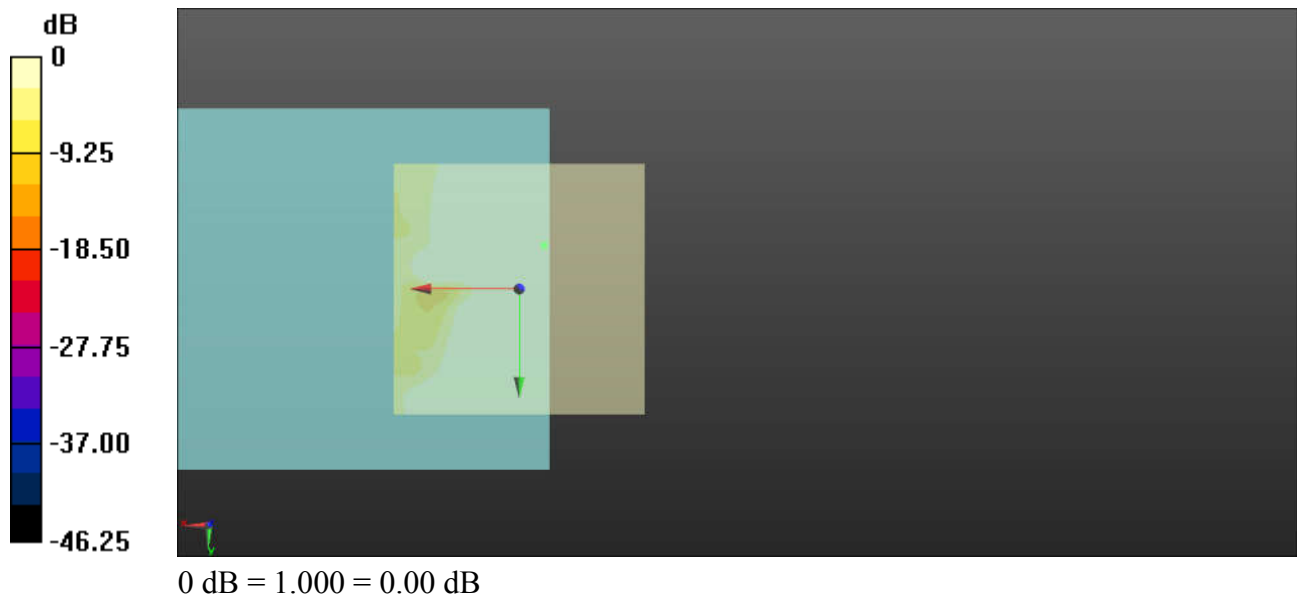
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 34.95 dB

ABM1 comp = -14.61 dBA/m

Location: -5, -8.8, 3.7 mm



6_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 25_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch26340 (Z)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

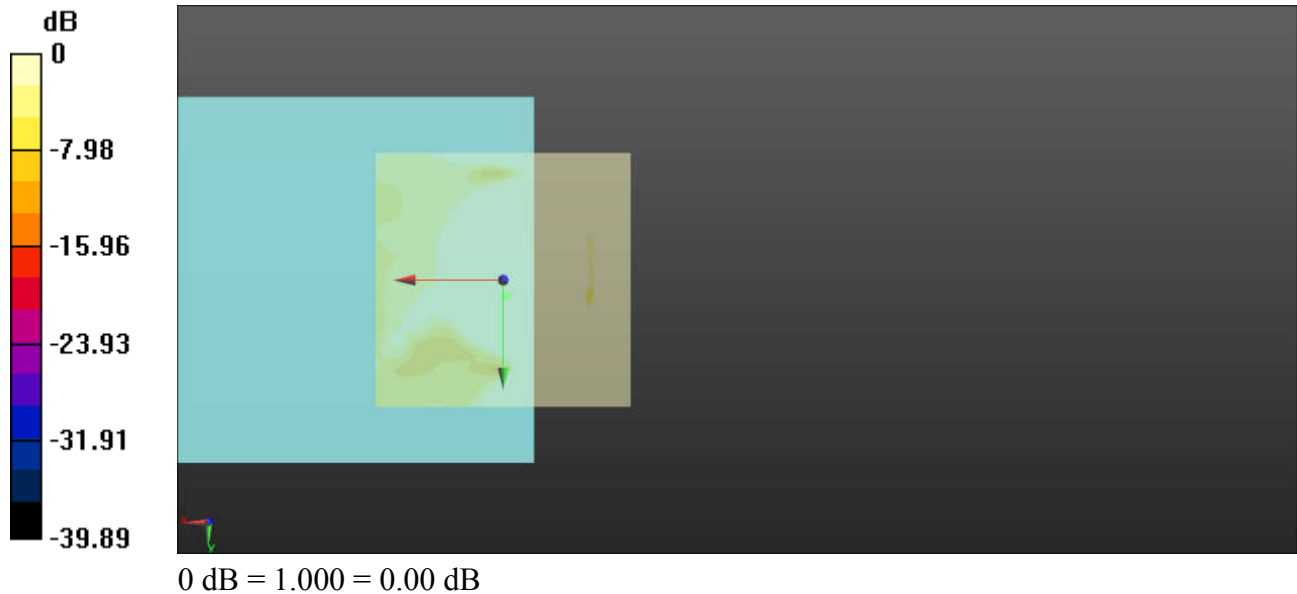
General Scans/z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (121x121x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 28.21 dB

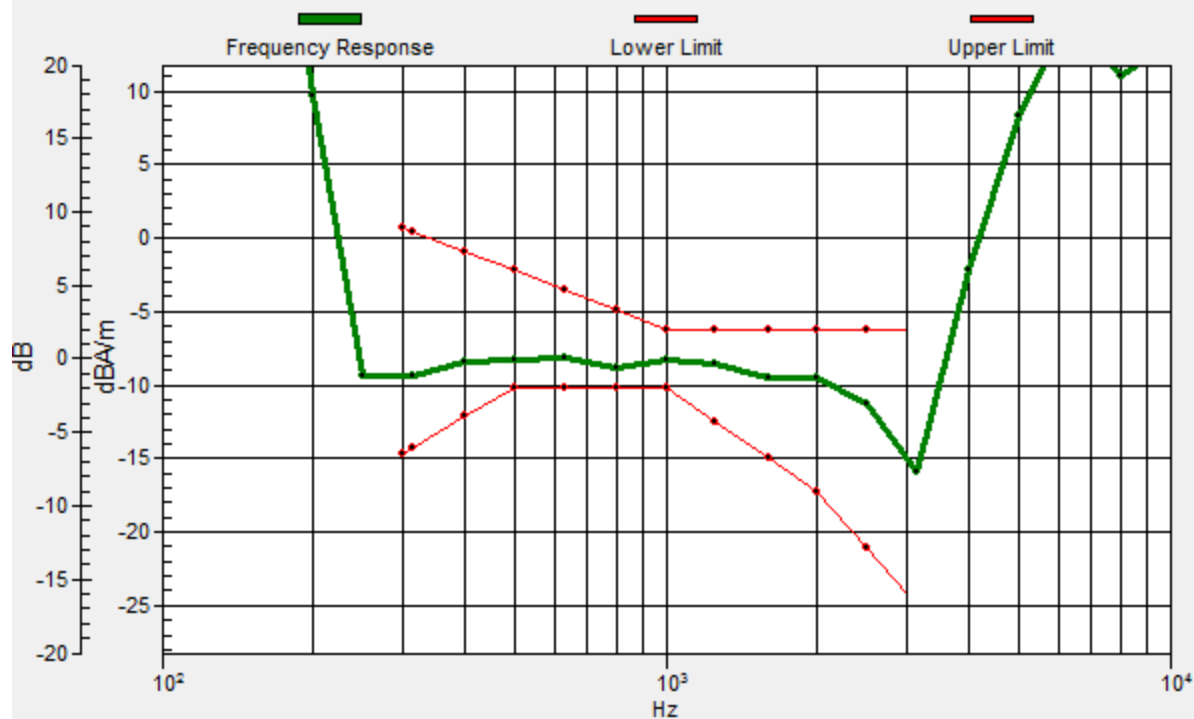
ABM1 comp = -8.29 dBA/m

Location: -0.4, 3.3, 3.7 mm



General Scans/z (axial) wideband at best S/N/ABM Freq Resp(x,y,z,f)

Loc: -0.5, 3.3, 3.7 mm Diff: 1.42dB



6_HAC_T-Coil_LTE Band 25_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_WB AMR6.60Kbps_Ch26340 (Y)

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: AM1DV3 - 3093; ; Calibrated: 2018.5.25
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2018.5.28
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.11 (7439)

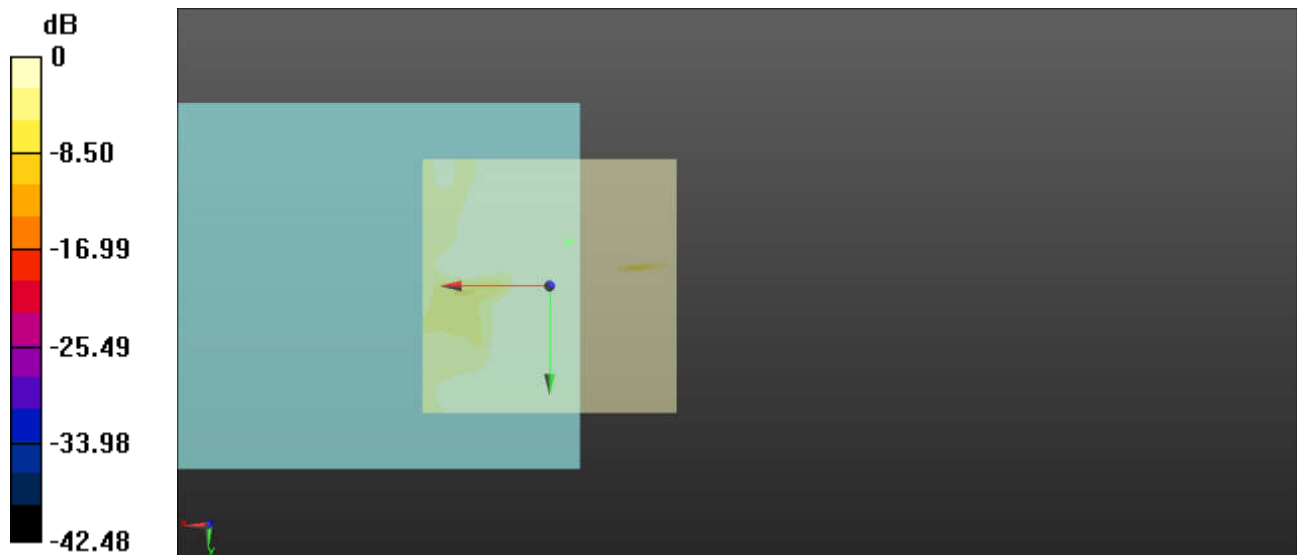
General Scans/y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z)

(121x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

ABM1/ABM2 = 33.81 dB

ABM1 comp = -13.67 dBA/m

Location: -3.7, -8.8, 3.7 mm



0 dB = 1.000 = 0.00 dB



Appendix B. Calibration Data

The DASy calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Sporton**

Certificate No: **AM1DV3-3093_May18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **AM1DV3 - SN: 3093**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-24.v4**
Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range

Calibration date: **May 25, 2018**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	31-Aug-17 (No. 21092)	Aug-18
Reference Probe AM1DV2	SN: 1008	03-Jan-18 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Jan18)	Jan-19
DAE4	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
AMCC	SN: 1050	01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-17)	Oct-19
AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument	SN: 1062	26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-17)	Oct-19

Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: May 28, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

[References]

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [3] DASY5 manual, Chapter: Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Extension

Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1+2]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface.

The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below.

The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1+2] without additional shielding.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *Coordinate System:* The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [3], with the tip pointing to “southwest” orientation.
- *Functional Test:* The functional test preceding calibration includes test of Noise level
RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected.
Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.
- *Connector Rotation:* The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.
- *Sensor Angle:* The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.

Sensitivity: With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the coil.

AM1D probe identification and configuration data

Item	AM1DV3 Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe
Type No	SP AM1 001 BA
Serial No	3093

Overall length	296 mm
Tip diameter	6.0 mm (at the tip)
Sensor offset	3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip)
Internal Amplifier	20 dB

Manufacturer / Origin	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland
Manufacturing date	March 3, 2011

Calibration data

Connector rotation angle	(in DASY system)	169.5 °	+/- 3.6 ° (k=2)
Sensor angle	(in DASY system)	1.12 °	+/- 0.5 ° (k=2)
Sensitivity at 1 kHz	(in DASY system)	0.00728 V / (A/m)	+/- 2.2 % (k=2)

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



In Collaboration with
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CALIBRATION LABORATORY



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校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

Client : **Sporton**

Certificate No: **Z18-60139**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE4 - SN: 1210**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-002-01**
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date: **May 28, 2018**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05859)	June-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: May 30, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.099 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)	404.918 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)	405.030 $\pm$ 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99627 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.98106 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)	3.99708 $\pm$ 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	122.5° $\pm$ 1 °
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Appendix D. Product Equality Declaration

ZTE CORPORATION

Product Change Description

As the applicant of the below model, [ZTE Corporation] declares that the product,

[N9137]

[ZTE Corporation]

is the variant of the initial certified product,

[N9137]

[ZTE Corporation]

[Project Number:17ZTE252]

SOFTWARE MODIFICATIONS:

Protocol Stack changes: NO

MMS/STK changes: NO

JAVA changes: NO

Other changes detailed:

1.disable the GSM/UMTS Bands and CDMA BC10, LTE B26/B41 Bands

2.added the VoLTE feature.

3.disable the VoIP and VoWifi

HARDWARE MODIFICATION:

Band changes: NO

Power Amplifier changes: NO

Antenna changes: NO

PCB Layout changes: NO

Components on PCB changes: NO

LCD changes: NO

Speaker changes: NO

Camera changes: NO

Vibrator changes: NO

Bluetooth changes: NO

FM changes: NO

Other changes: NO

MECHANICAL MODIFICATIONS:

Use new metal front/back cover or keypad: NO

Mechanical shell changes: NO

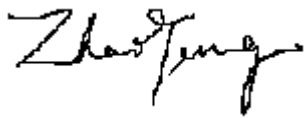
Other changes detailed: NO

ACCESSORY MODIFICATIONS:

Battery changes:

AC Adaptor changes:

Earphone changes:



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