FCC SAR TEST REPORT

TESTING
CNAS L3572

Issued to

ZTE Corporation

For

GSM Digital Mobile Phone

Model Name	:	ZTE F231
Trade Name	:	ZTE
Brand Name	:	ZTE
FCC ID	:	SRQ-F231
Standard	:	47CFR 2.1093
		IEEE 1528-2013
MAX SAR	:	Head: 0.273W/kg
		Body: 0.667W/kg
Test date	:	2014-1- 17 to 2014-1-22
Issue date	:	2014-1-24

by

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.

FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,Block 67, BaoAn District,
ShenZhen, GuangDong Province P. R. China 518101

Tested by	Zou Jian	**Approved by**	Zeng Dexin	**Reviewed by**	Zhu Zhan
	Zou Jian		Zeng Dexin		Zhu Zhan
	(Test Engineer)		(Chief Engineer)		(SAR Specialist)
Date	2014.1.24	**Date**	2014.1.24	**Date**	2014.1.24

DIRECTORY

Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	Jan. 24, 2014	First edition

1. TESTING LABORATORY

1.1 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory

Address: FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China 518101

1.2 Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572

1.3 List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Type	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Aglient (8960, SN:10752)	2013-9-26	1year
3	Network Analyzer	Agilent(E5071B ,SN:MY42404762)	2013-9-26	1year
4	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2013-9-24	1year
5	Signal Generator	Rohde&Schwarz (SMP_02)	2013-9-24	1year
6	Power Amplifier	PRANA (Ap32 SV125AZ)	2013-9-24	1year
7	Power Meter	Agilent (E4416A, SN:MY45102093)	2013-5-07	1year
8	Power Sensor	Agilent (N8482A, SN:MY41091706)	2013-5-07	1year
9	Directional coupler	Giga-tronics(SN:1829112)	2013-9-24	1year
10	Probe	Satimo (SN:SN 37/08 EP80)	2013-9-25	1year
11	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent (85033E)	2013-9-24	1year
12	Phantom	Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2013-9-24	1year
13	Liquid	Satimo(Last Calibration: 2014-1-17 to 2014-1-22)	N/A	N/A
14	Dipole 835MHz	Satimo (SN 20/08 DIPC 99)	2013-9-25	1year
15	Dipole 1900MHz	Satimo (SN 30/13 DIP1G900-261)	2013-9-25	1year

2. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Note: the Following data is based on the information by the applicant.

2.1 Identification of Applicant

Company Name:	ZTE Corporation
Address:	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China.

2.2 Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name:	ZTE Corporation
Address:	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China.

2.3 Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name:	ZTE F231
Trade Name:	ZTE
Brand Name:	ZTE
Hardware Version:	L693095002AB01
Software Version:	S233_V1_Z1_SEFI_DFFM101
Frequency Bands:	GSM 850MHz/PCS1900MHz; Bluetooth;
Modulation Mode:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK; EDGE:8PSK; BT: GFSK/Π/4-DQPSK /8-DPSK
Multislot Class:	GPRS:Class 12; EDGE:Class 12
GPRS Class:	Class B
DTM:	Not support
Antenna type:	Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage:	Identical prototype
Battery Model:	Li3709T42P3h504047
Battery specification:	900mAh3.7V
3GPP Version:	Release 7
Hotspot function:	No

2.3.1 Photographs of the EUT

Please refer to the report SZ14010044E01about the EUT photographs.

2.3.2 Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the Following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	L693095002AB01	S233_V1_Z1_SEFI_DFFM101

2.4 Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	**47 CFR§2.1093**	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
2	**IEEE 1528-2013**	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.
3	**KDB 447498 D01v05r01**	General RF Exposure Guidance
4	**KDB 865664 D01v01r01**	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
5	**KDB 865664 D02v01r01**	SAR Reporting

2.5 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.6 Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 ... 25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30 ... 75 %
Air Pressure:	980 ... 1020 hPa
Test frequency:	GSM 850MHz /PCS1900MHz;
Operation mode:	Call established
Power Level:	GSM 850 MHz Maximum output power(level 5)
	PCS1900 MHz Maximum output power(level 0)

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.
The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 125, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.
The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.
The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be Middle than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

3. SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are Middle than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)
SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by,

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C}\left(\frac{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{T}}{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{t}}\right)$$

Where C is the specific head capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and $|E|$ is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the Following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The Following figure shows the system.

The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2 Probe

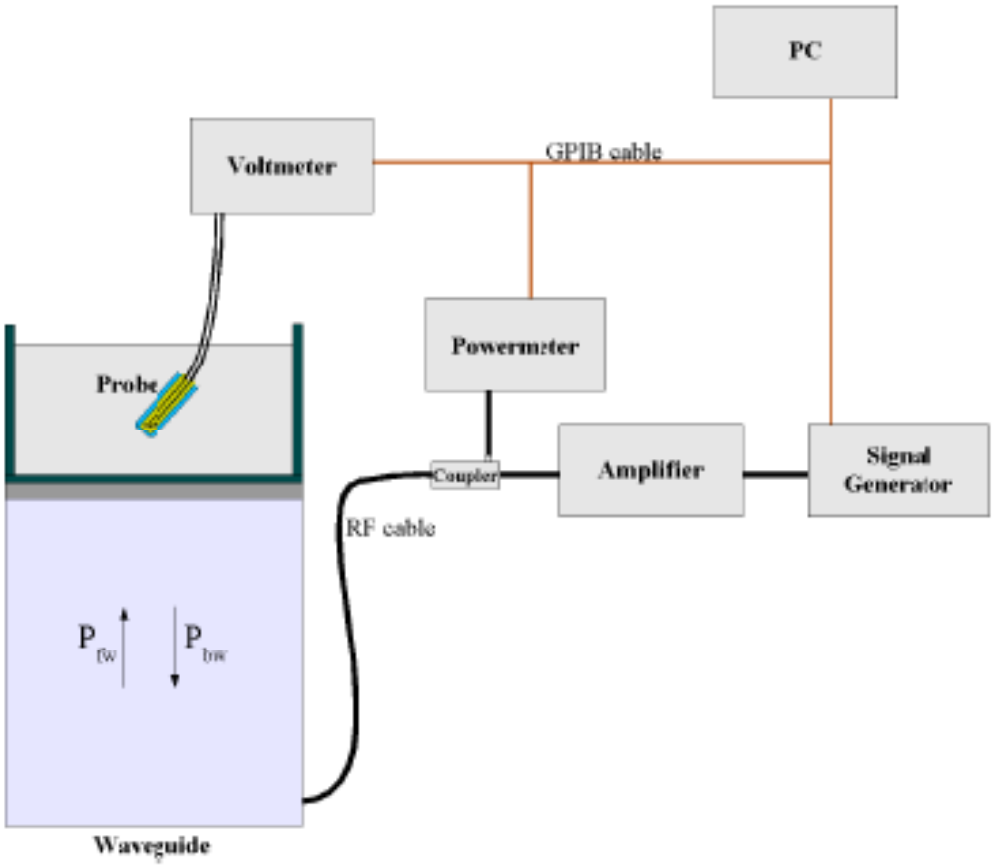
For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with Following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
  (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: ＜0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: ＜0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: ＜0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835 to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annex technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\,(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta}\cos^2\left(\pi\frac{y}{a}\right)e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

Pfw = Forward Power

Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

ı = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO
After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N) \qquad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \qquad (N=1,2,3)$$

Where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3 Probe Calibration Process

4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm^2 .

4.3.3 Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulating head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C}\left(\frac{\delta \mathbf{T}}{\delta \mathbf{t}}\right)$$

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

δT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to ΔT/Δt, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

Where:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm^3 for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is Middle than 1°.

Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in below table.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids

Frequency Band (MHz)	835.00		1900.00	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by weight)				
Deionised Water	50.36	50.20	54.90	40.40
Salt(NaCl)	1.25	0.90	0.18	0.50
Sugar	0.00	48.50	0.00	58.00
Tween 20	48.39	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	0.00	0.20	0.00	1.00
Bactericide	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.10
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92.	0.00
Diethylenglycol monohexylether	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Measured dielectric parameters				
Dielectric Constant	41.50	56.10	39.90	53.30
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.95	1.42	1.52

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 22.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Date	**Freq.(MHz)**	**Liquid Parameters**	**Meas.**	**Target**	**Delta(%)**	**Limit±(%)**
2014/1/22	Head 835	Relative Permittivity(εr):	41.37	41.50	-0.31	5
		Conductivity(σ):	0.91	0.90	1.11	5
	Body 835	Relative Permittivity(εr):	56.12	56.10	0.04	5
		Conductivity(σ):	0.93	0.95	-2.11	5
2014/1/17	Head 1900	Relative Permittivity(εr):	39.87	39.90	-0.08	5
		Conductivity(σ):	1.43	1.42	0.70	5
	Body 1900	Relative Permittivity(εr):	53.31	53.30	0.02	5
		Conductivity(σ):	1.50	1.52	-1.32	5

6. UNCERTAINTY ASSESSMENT

The Following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

6.1 UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR EUT SAR TEST

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/ e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.7	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.0	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.6	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.8	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.0	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.1	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	N-1
Output power Power drift -	6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.3	∞

SAR drift measurement								3	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.55	10.67	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.11	21.33	

6.2 UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

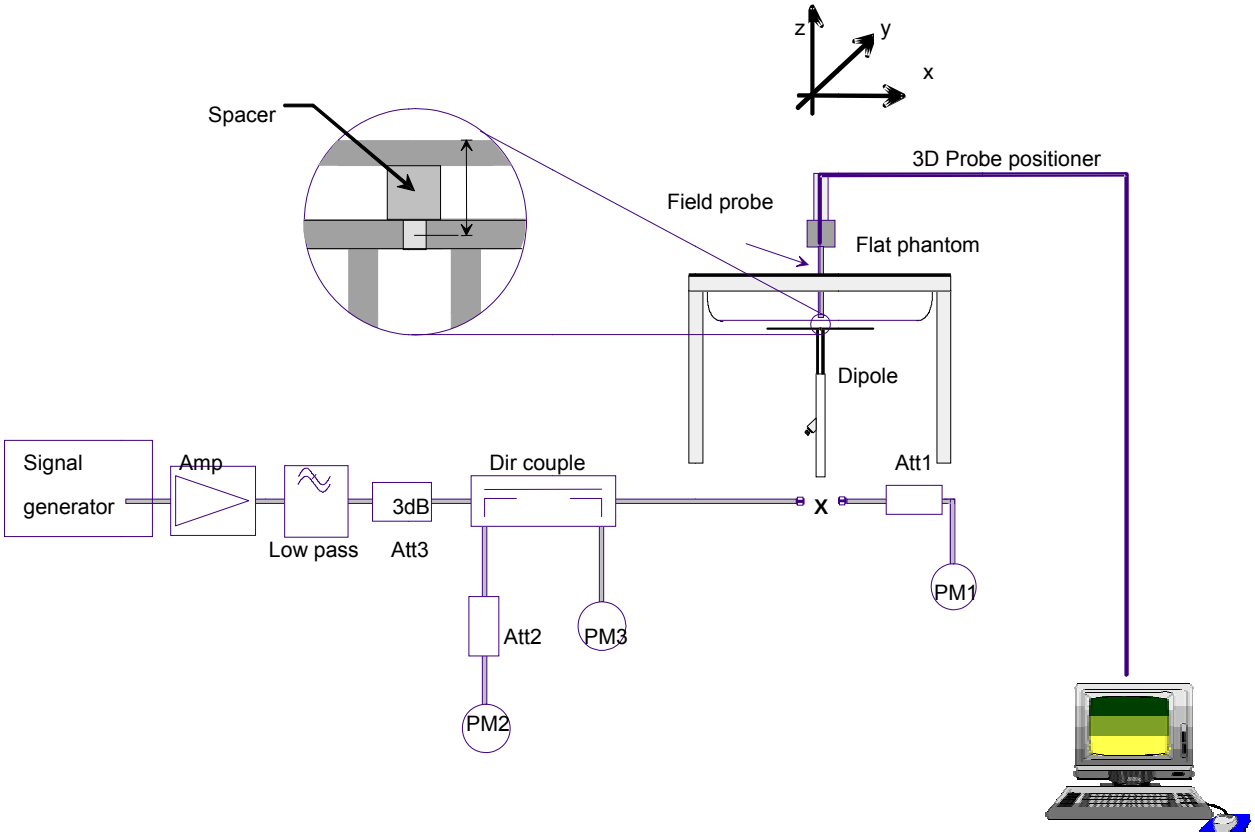
a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+-%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.7	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.0	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.6	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.8	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.5	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.0	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.1	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.7	∞

Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	2.83	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				8.83	8.37	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				17.66	16.73	

7. SAR MEASUREMENT EVALUATION

7.1 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The power meter PM1 measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz,100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

7.2 Validation Results

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

Frequency	835MHz(H)	835MHz(B)	1900MHz(H)	1900MHz(B)
Target value (1g)	9.710 W/Kg	10.020 W/Kg	39.390 W/Kg	42.330 W/Kg
Test value (1g 250 mW input)	2.446 W/Kg (1.22)	2.489 W/Kg (1.22)	9.653 W/Kg (1.17)	9.921 W/Kg (1.17)
Normalized value (1g)	9.784 W/Kg	9.956 W/Kg	38.612 W/Kg	39.684 W/Kg

Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 66~73.

8. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

8.1 Information on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its Highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the “cheek” and “tilted” positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

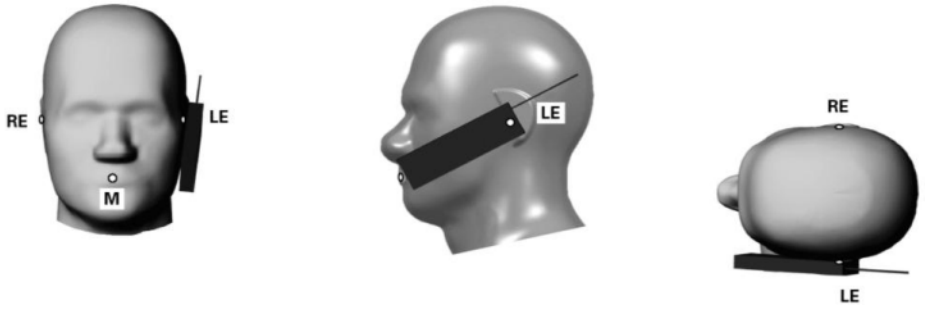


Illustration for Cheek Position

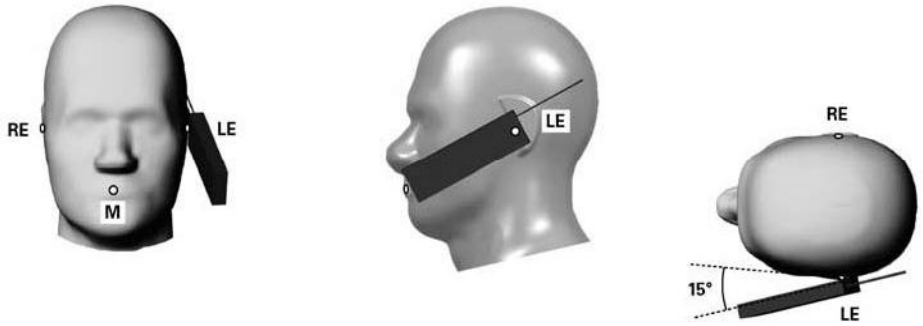


Illustration for Tilted Position

Description of the “cheek” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the “tilted” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the “cheek” position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

8.2 Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.

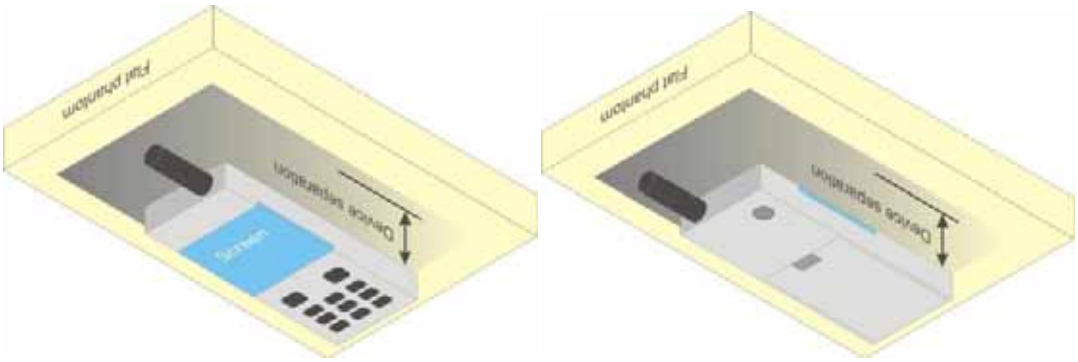


Illustration for Body Worn Position

8.3 Measurement procedure

The Following steps are used for each test position

1. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
2. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
3. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
4. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

8.4 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

9. MEASUREMENT OF CONDUCTED PEAK OUTPUT POWER

1. GSM Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	34.12
	190	836.6	33.95
	251	848.8	33.05
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	30.38
	661	1880.0	29.49
	810	1909.8	29.00

2. GPRS Mode Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	34.01	31.98	30.44	29.50
	190	836.6	33.90	31.87	30.33	29.39
	251	848.8	33.00	30.97	29.43	28.49
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	30.33	28.30	26.76	25.82
	661	1880.0	29.40	27.37	25.83	24.89
	810	1909.8	28.15	26.12	24.58	23.64

GPRS Time-based Average Power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	24.98	25.96	26.18	26.49
	190	836.6	24.87	25.85	26.07	26.38
	251	848.8	23.97	24.95	25.17	25.48
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	21.30	22.28	22.50	22.81
	661	1880.0	20.37	21.35	21.57	21.88
	810	1909.8	19.12	20.10	20.32	20.63

3. EGPRS Mode Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	34.28	32.18	30.70	29.72
	190	836.6	34.05	31.95	30.47	29.49
	251	848.8	33.18	31.08	29.60	28.62
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	29.87	27.77	26.29	25.31
	661	1880.0	29.48	27.38	25.90	24.92
	810	1909.8	29.20	27.10	25.62	24.64

EGPRS Time-based Average Power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)			
			Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
GSM 850	128	824.2	25.25	26.16	26.44	26.71
	190	836.6	25.02	25.93	26.21	26.48
	251	848.8	24.15	25.06	25.34	25.61
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	20.84	21.75	22.03	22.30
	661	1880.0	20.45	21.36	21.64	21.91
	810	1909.8	20.17	21.08	21.36	21.63

Timeslot consignations:

No. Of Slots	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation	1Up4Down	2Up2Down	3Up2Down	4Up1Down
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:2	1:2.67	1:2
Correct Factor	-9.03dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB

5. Bluetooth peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power(dBm)		
			GFSK	Π/4-DQPSK	8-DPSK
BT	0	2402	3.136	2.943	2.990
	39	2441	5.582	5.349	5.469
	78	2480	5.771	5.478	5.629

10. TEST RESULTS LIST

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Phantom Configurations		Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head		Cheek/Touch	128	0.201	1.091	0.219
		Ear/Tilt		0.146		0.159
Left Side Of Head		Cheek/Touch		0.175		0.191
		Ear/Tilt		0.123		0.134
Body (10mm Separation)	GSM	Back upward		0.267		0.291
		Front upward		0.171		0.187
	EDGE	Back upward		0.637	1.047	0.667
		Front upward		0.415		0.435
	GPRS	Back upward		0.617	1.067	0.658

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 1900MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.						
Phantom Configurations		Device Test Positions	Device Test channel	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/Kg), 1g
Right Side Of Head		Cheek/Touch	512	0.266	1.028	0.273
		Ear/Tilt		0.095		0.098
Left Side Of Head		Cheek/Touch		0.161		0.166
		Ear/Tilt		0.073		0.075
Body (10mm Separation)	GSM	Back upward		0.186		0.191
		Front upward		0.137		0.141
	GPRS	Back upward		0.312	1.042	0.325
		Front upward		0.172		0.179
	EDGE	Back upward		0.259	1.045	0.271

Note:

1. GPRS/EDGE test Scenario(Based on the Max. Time-based Average Power)

Band	Channel	Slots	Power level	Duty Cycle
GPRS850	128	4	5	1:2
EDGE850	128	4	5	1:2
GPRS1900	512	4	0	1:2
EDGE1900	512	4	0	1:2

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR for the mid-band channel or the channel with the Highest output power satisfy the following conditions, testing of the other channels in the band is not required. (Per KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r01)
   ≤ 0.8 W/kg and transmission band ≤ 100 MHz
   ≤ 0.6 W/kg and, 100 MHz < transmission bandwidth ≤ 200 MHz
   ≤ 0.4 W/kg and transmission band > 200 MHz

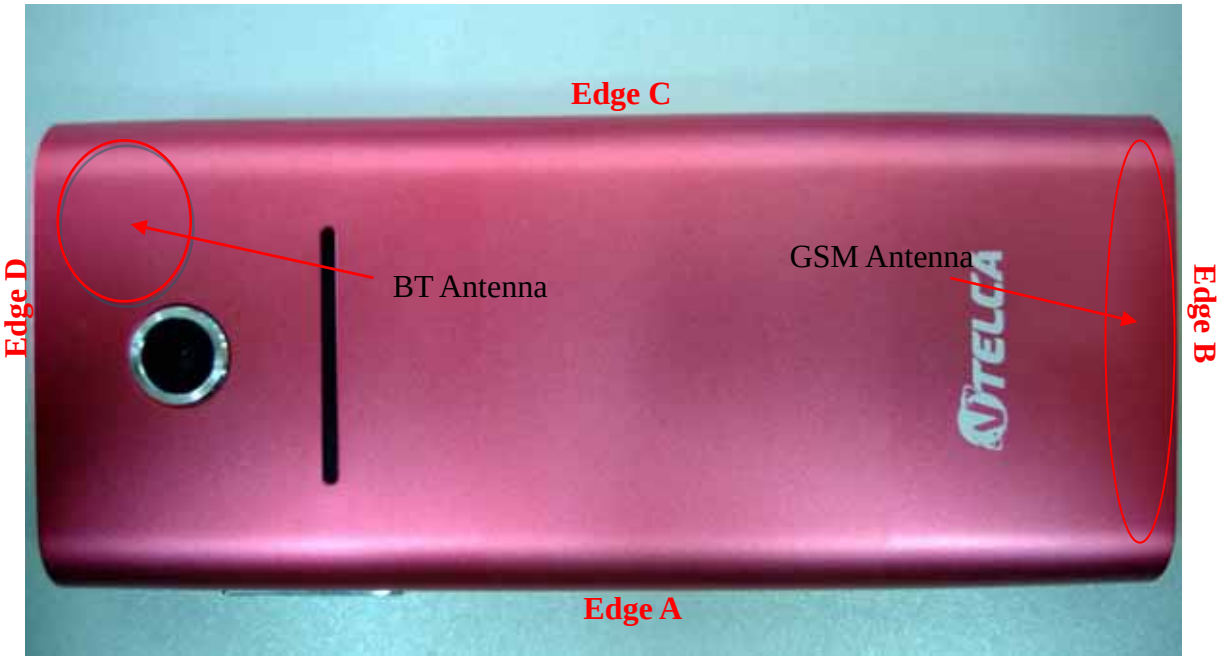
2.BT SAR test is conducted according to section 12 stand-alone SAR evaluation of this report.

3. Scaling Factor calculation

Band	Tune-up power tolerance (dBm)	SAR test channel Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
GSM 850	PCL = 5, PWR = 34+-0.5	34.12	1.091
GPRS 850	PCL = 5, PWR =29.2+-0.5(4 slots)	29.50	1.047
EDGE 850	PCL = 5, PWR =29.5+-0.5(4 slots)	29.72	1.067
PCS 1900	PCL = 0, PWR =30+-0.5	30.38	1.028
GPRS 1900	PCL=0, PWR= 25.5+-0.5(4 slots)	25.82	1.042
EDGE 1900	PCL=0, PWR= 25+-0.5(4 slots)	25.31	1.045

11. MULTIPLE TRANSMITTERS EVALUATION

The are two transmitters build in EUT, as following:



Stand-alone SAR

Test distance: 5mm		
Band	**SAR Test Exclusion Threshold(mW) Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01**	**Highest power(mW)**
BT	**10**	3.981

According to the chart above, BT SAR is required for head, and BT body SAR is not required.

The SAR test for BT is not required for highest power is not exceed the power threshold for 2450MHz at the test distance of 5mm.

The BT stand-alone body SAR is not required, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance,mm*)]·[√f(GHz)/*x*] W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm;
where *x* = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and *x* = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
(Max power= 3.981 mW ; *min. test separation distance*=5mm for head, 10mm for body; *f*=2.4GHz)
BT estimated Head SAR = 0.164 W/Kg (1g); BT estimated Body SAR = 0.082W/Kg (1g)

Simultaneous SAR

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities				
No.	**Transmitter Combinations**	**Scenario Supported ?**	**Supported for Mobile Hotspot ?**	**Explanation**
1	GSM(Voice)+GSM(Data)	No	No	**Note 1**
2	GSM(Voice)+BT	**Yes**	No	**Note 2**

Not applicable	Applicable	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1	2	2	2	/

Note:

1. EUT system architecture does not support simultaneous voice and data, multiple voice channels, or multiple data channels during a single session on the cellular net work.
2. Supported for voice plus background data.
3. When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the BT transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions.
4. GSM supports voice and data transmission, though not simultaneously.
5. Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT, because the software mechanism have been incorporated to guarantee that the Bluetooth transmitters would not simultaneously operate.
6. For Scenario **No.2**, GSM is tested separately, the GSM mode do not supports voice and data transmission simultaneously, voice (GSM) and data (GPRS/EDGE) is tested separately.

1. Applicable Multiple Scenario Evaluation

Test Position	GSM SARMax (W/Kg)	Bluetooth SAR(W/Kg)	∑1-g SARMax(W/Kg)
			BT&Main Ant
Head SAR	0.273	0.164	0.437
Body SAR	0.667	0.082	0.749

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and GSM, because the sum of 1g SARMax is **0.749**W/Kg < 1.6W/Kg for BT and GSM.

(According to KDB 447498D01v05, the sum of the Highest *reported* SAR of each antenna does not exceed the limit, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation is not required.)

ANNEX A GRAPH TEST RESULTS

BAND	PARAMETERS
GSM850	Measurement 1: Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 2: Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 3: Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 4: Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 5: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 6: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 7: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in EDGE mode Measurement 8: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in EDGE mode Measurement 9: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
GSM1900	Measurement 10: Right Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 11: Right Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 12: Left Head with Cheek device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 13: Left Head with Tilt device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 14: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 15: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GSM mode Measurement 16: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode Measurement 17: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode Measurement 18: Flat Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in EDGE mode

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 35 seconds

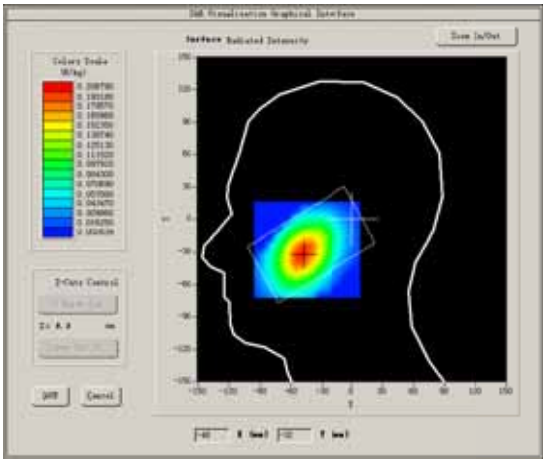
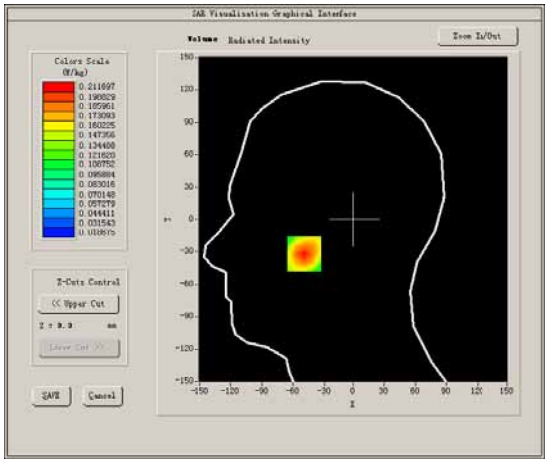
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

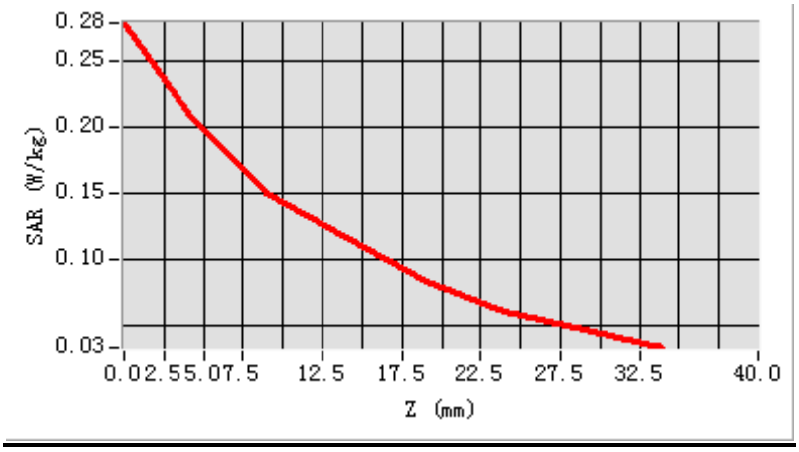
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.371485
Conductivity (S/m)	0.907374
Power drift (%)	1.980000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.73
Crest factor:	1:8

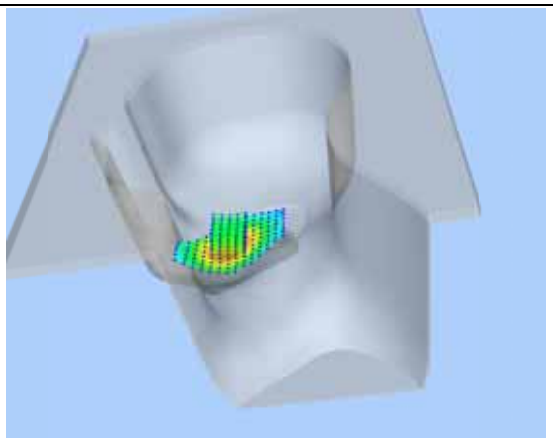
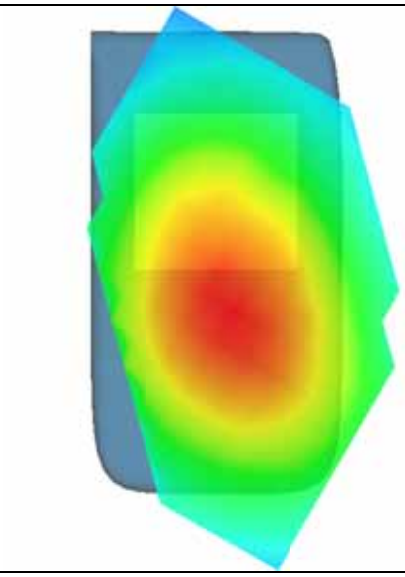
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-32.00
SAR Peak: 0.28 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.135453
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.200868

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 6 seconds

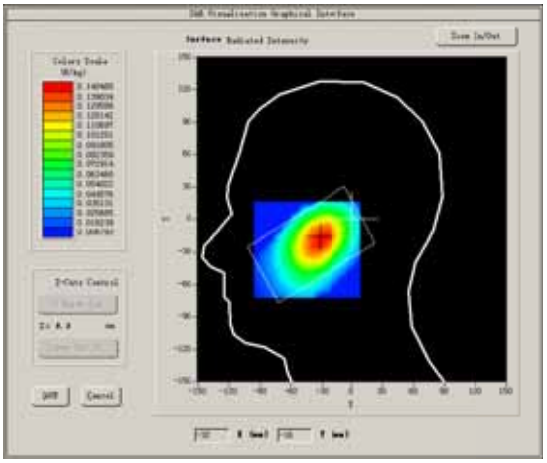
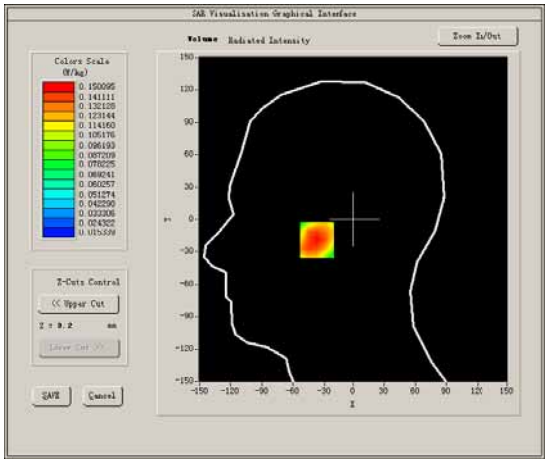
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

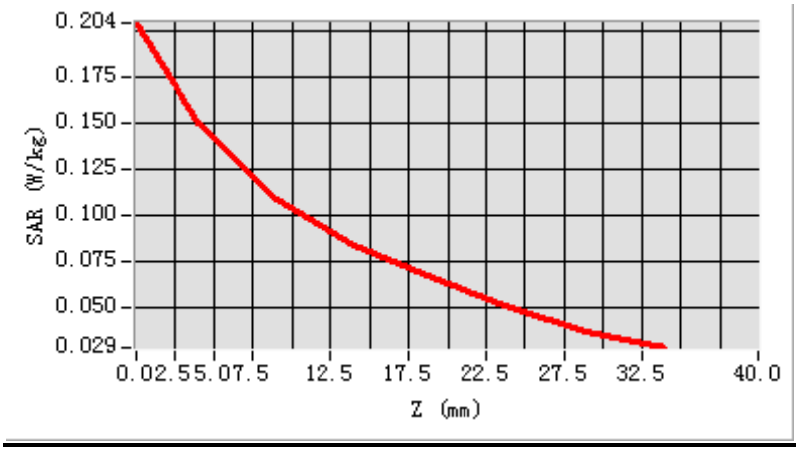
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.371485
Conductivity (S/m)	0.907374
Power drift(%)	-0.780000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.73
Crest factor:	1:8

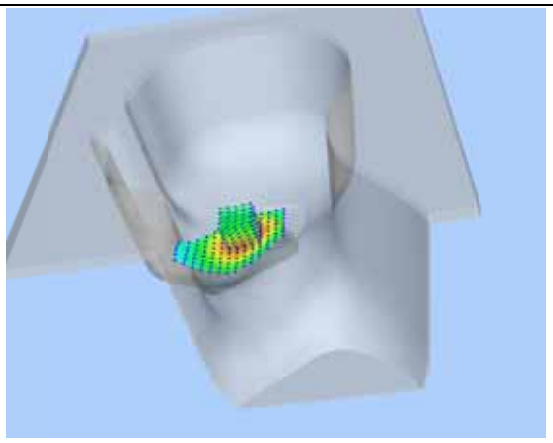
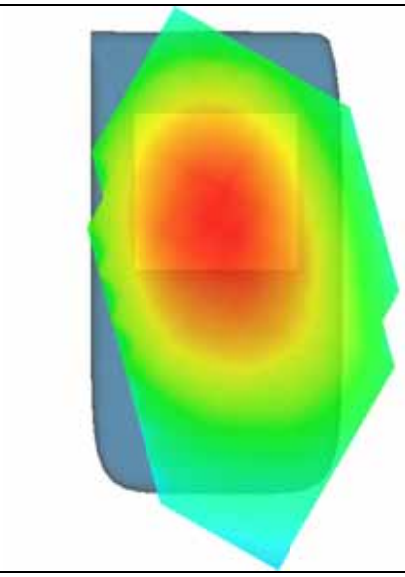
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-32.00, Y=-19.00
SAR Peak: 0.20 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.101370
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.146273

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration:9 minutes 0 seconds

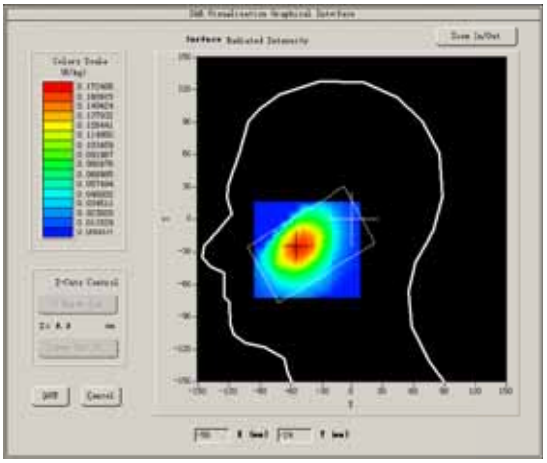
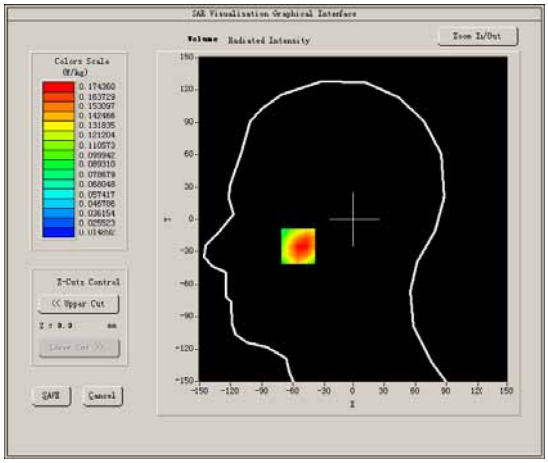
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

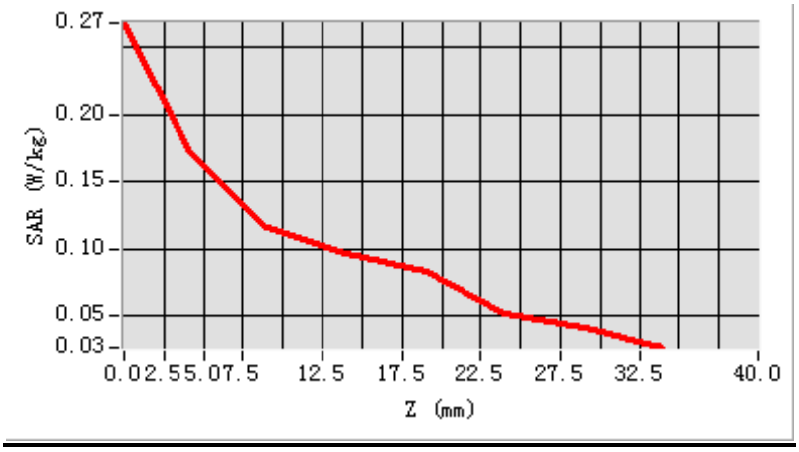
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.371485
Conductivity (S/m)	0.907374
Power drift (%)	1.680000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.73
Crest factor:	1:8

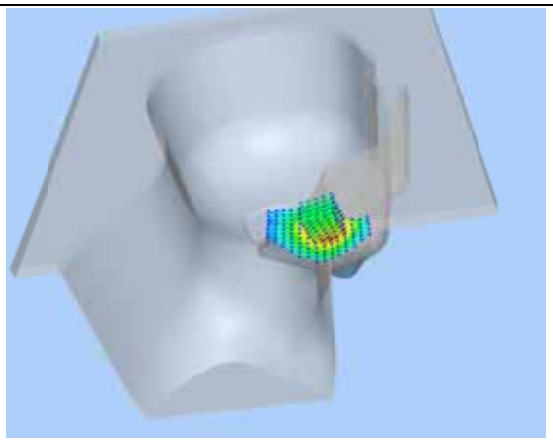
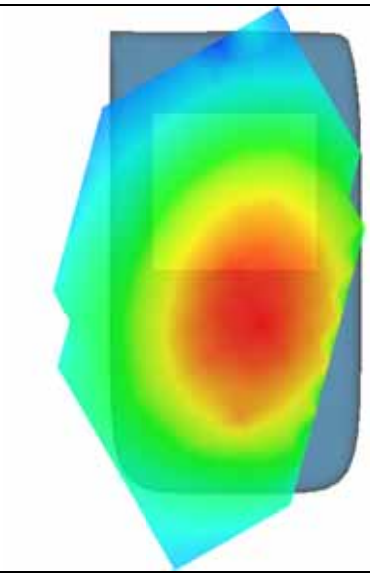
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-55.00, Y=-25.00
SAR Peak: 0.27 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.114859
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.174697

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 24 seconds

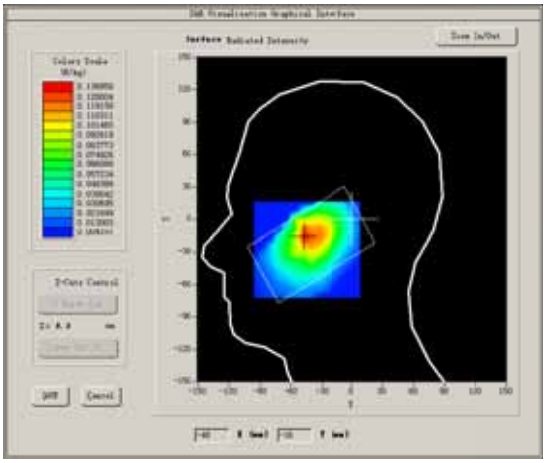
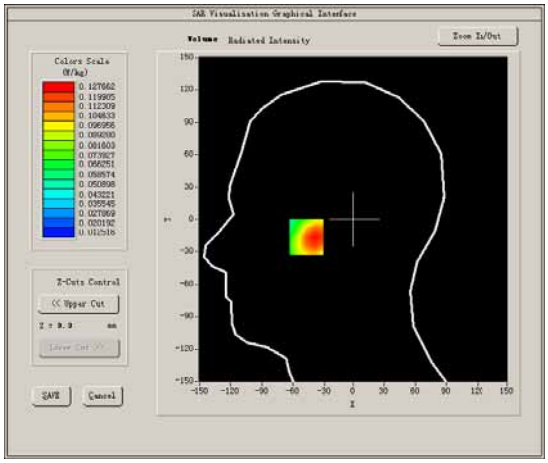
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.371485
Conductivity (S/m)	0.907374
Power drift(%)	-0.780000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.73
Crest factor:	1:8

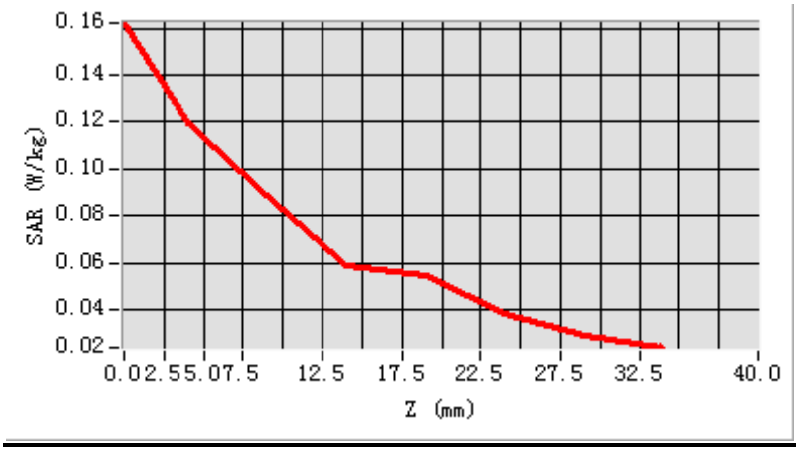
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

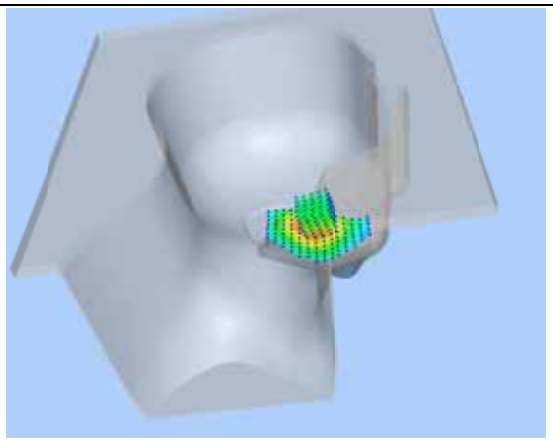
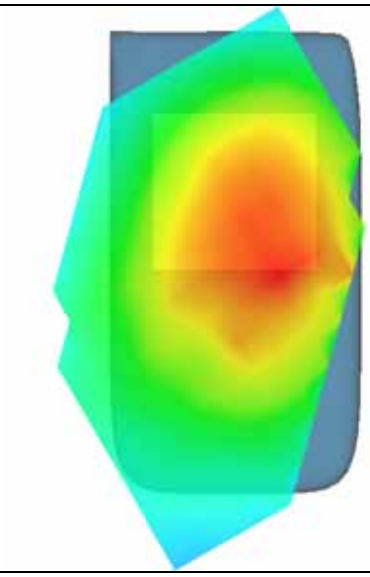
Maximum location: X=-47.00, Y=-15.00

SAR Peak: 0.18 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.083750
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.123260

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 26 seconds

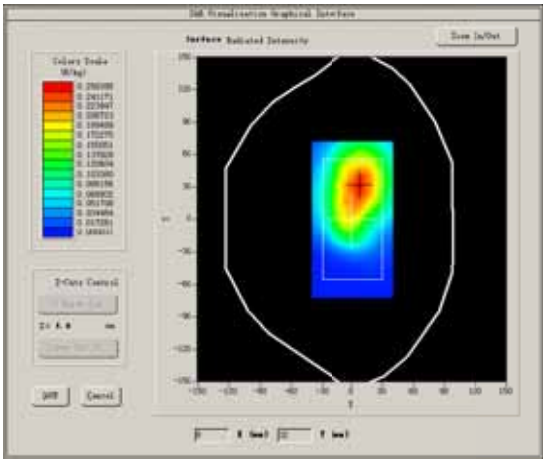
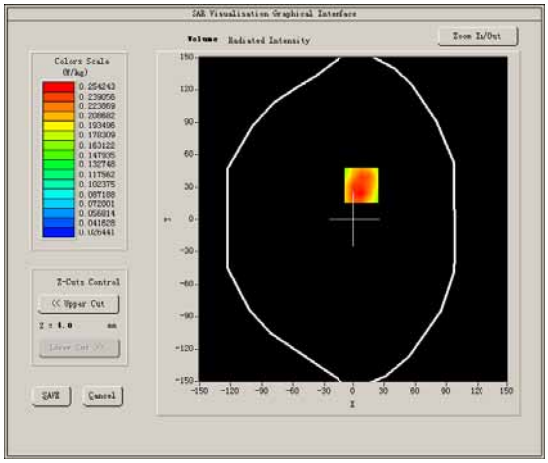
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.123528
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931684
Power drift (%)	-3.010000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.99
Crest factor:	1:8

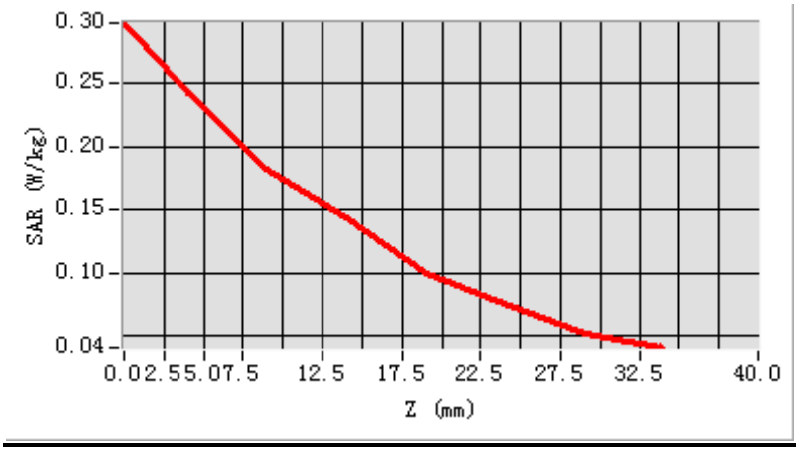
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

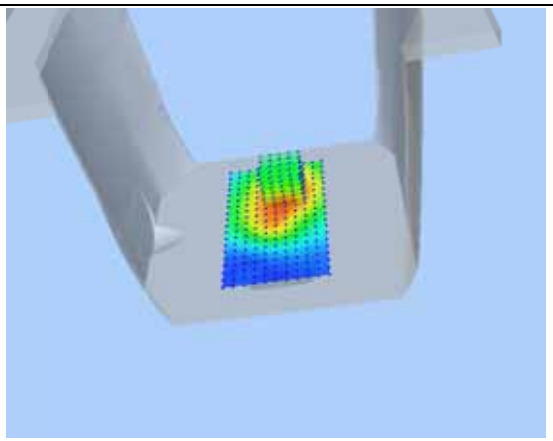
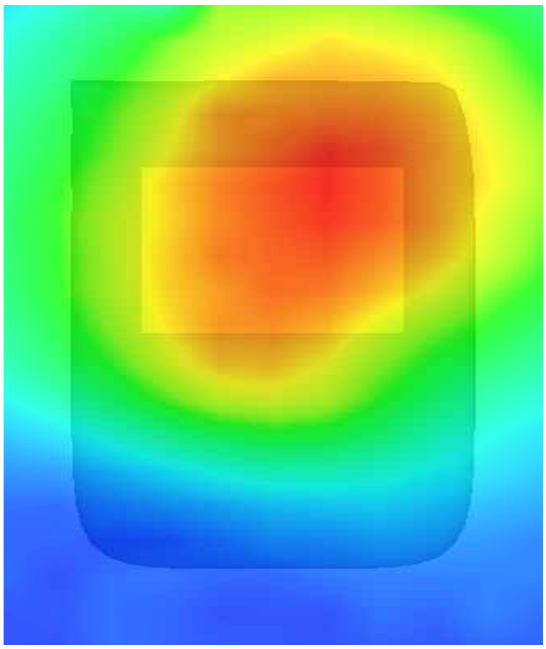
Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=32.00

SAR Peak: 0.38 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.181629
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.266859

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 27 seconds

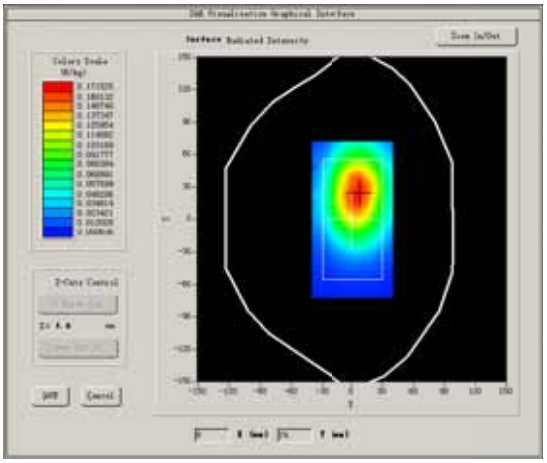
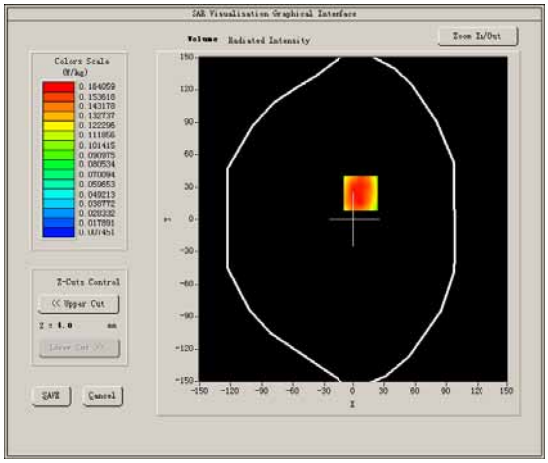
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.123528
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931684
Power drift(%)	-3.220000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.99
Crest factor:	1:8

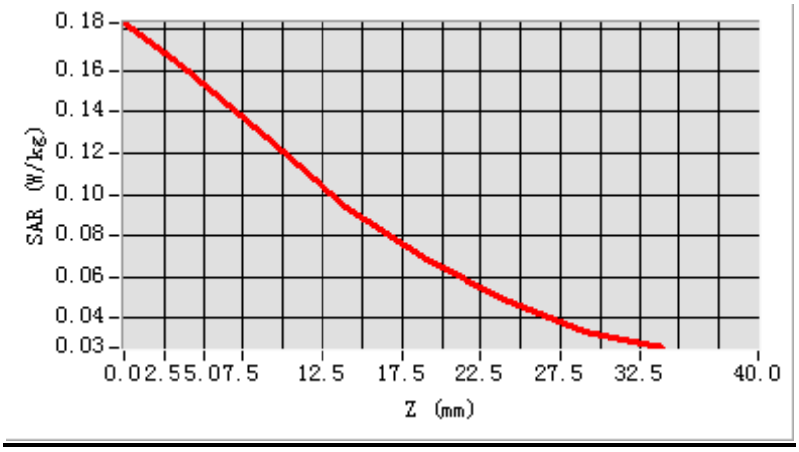
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

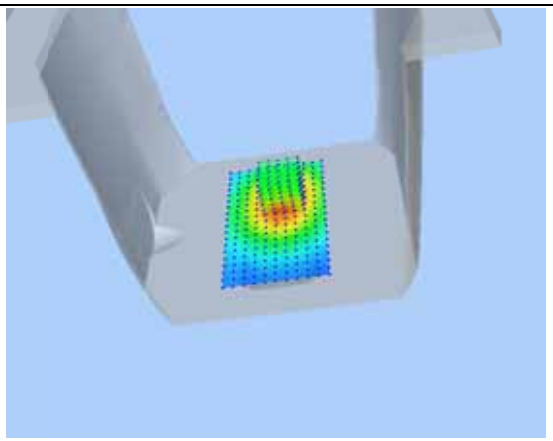
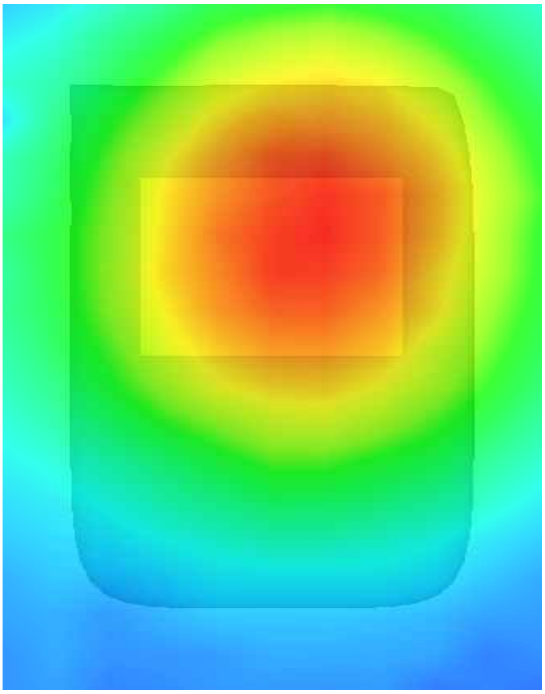
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=24.00

SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.118959
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.170633

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 26 seconds

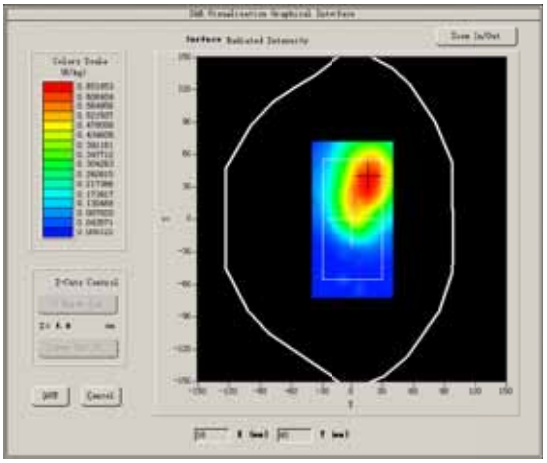
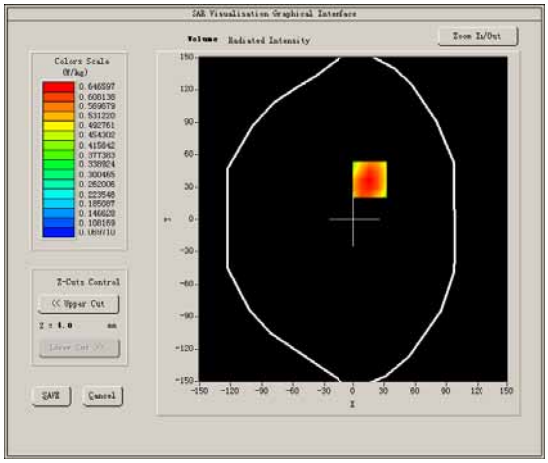
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GPRS

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

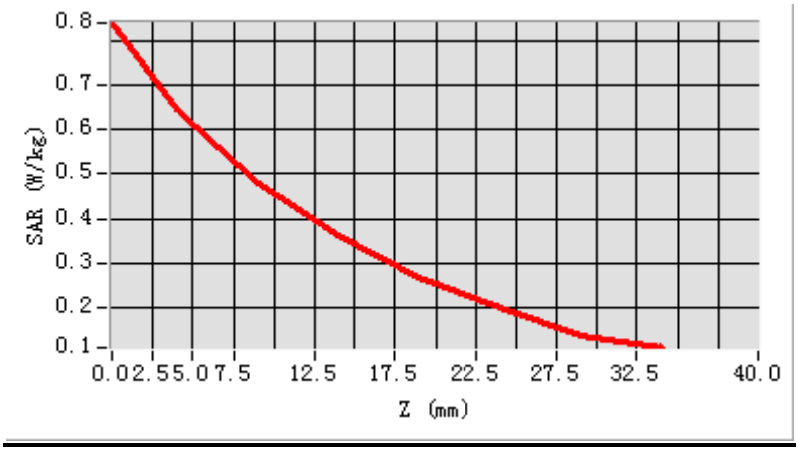
Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.123528
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931684
Power drift(%)	-4.230000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.99
Crest factor:	1:2

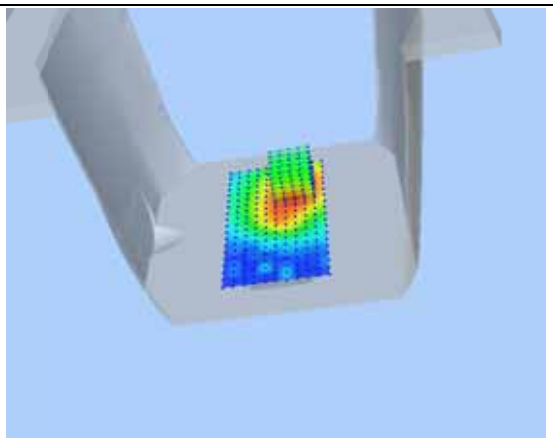
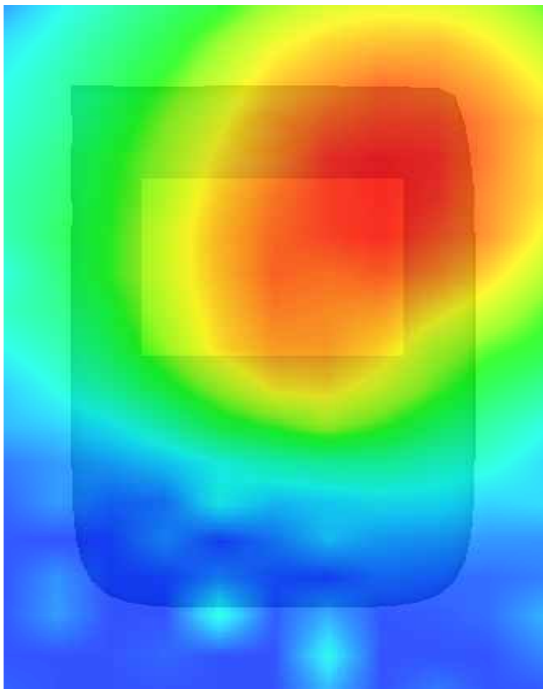
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=37.00
SAR Peak: 0.84 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.441516
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.636813

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 8

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 24 seconds

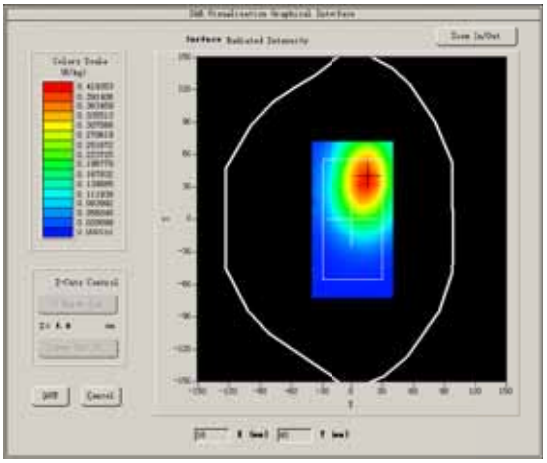
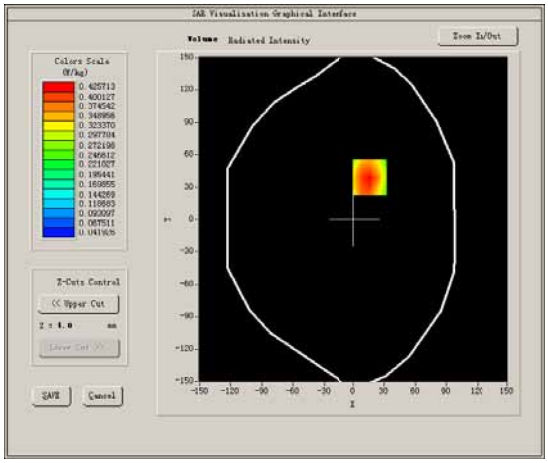
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GPRS

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.123528
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931684
Power drift(%)	-2.210000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.99
Crest factor:	1:2

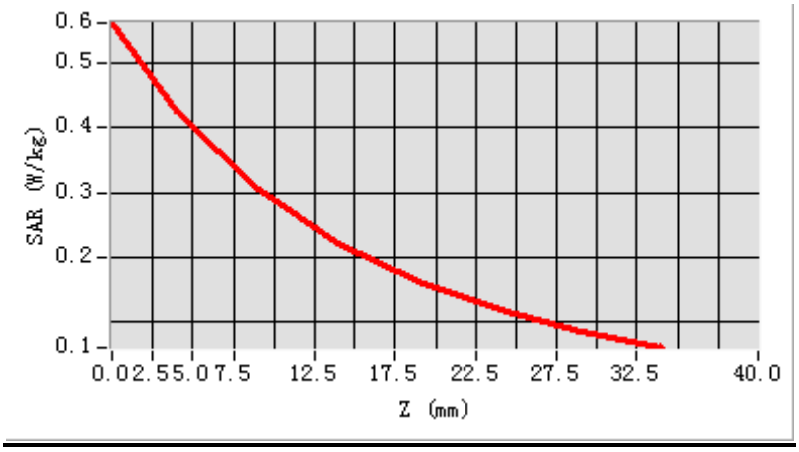
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

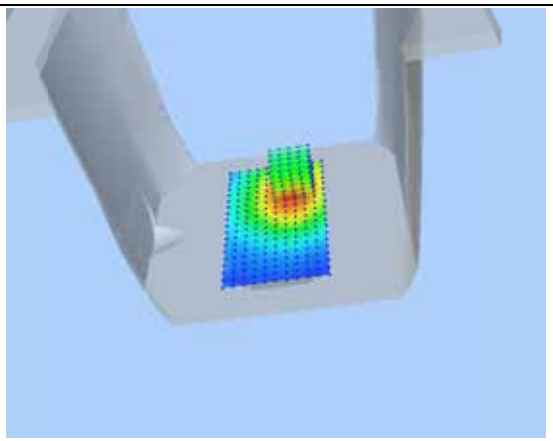
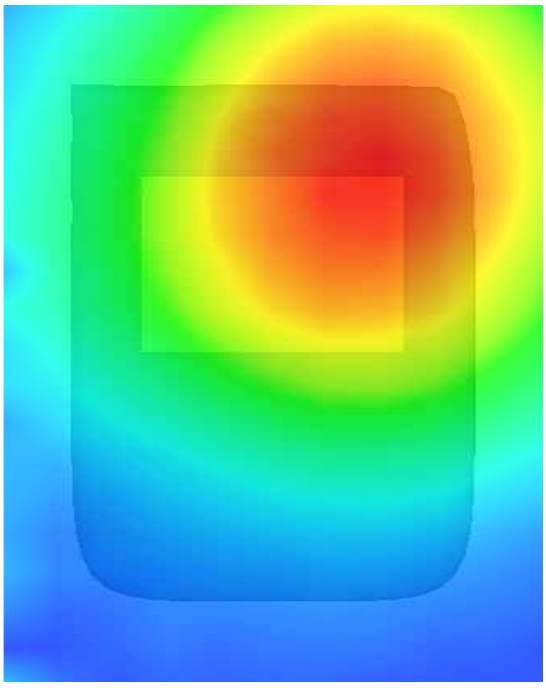
Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=39.00

SAR Peak: 0.57 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.278263
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.415499

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 9

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 25 seconds

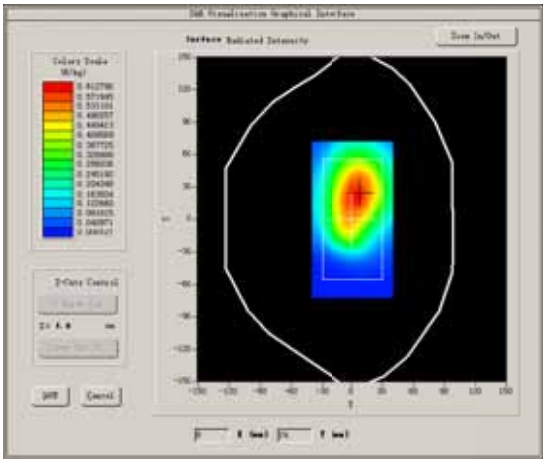
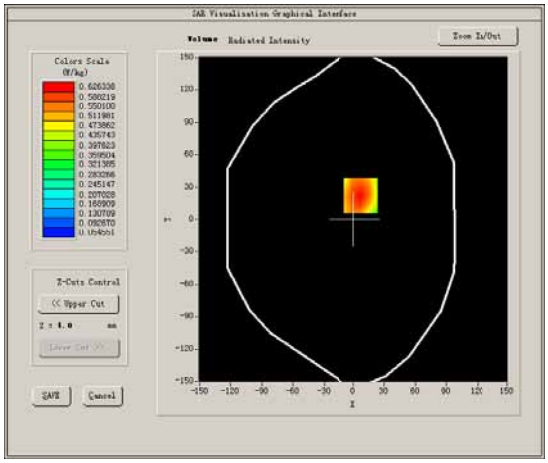
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	EGPRS

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	842.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.123528
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931684
Power drift(%)	-2.280000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.99
Crest factor:	1:2

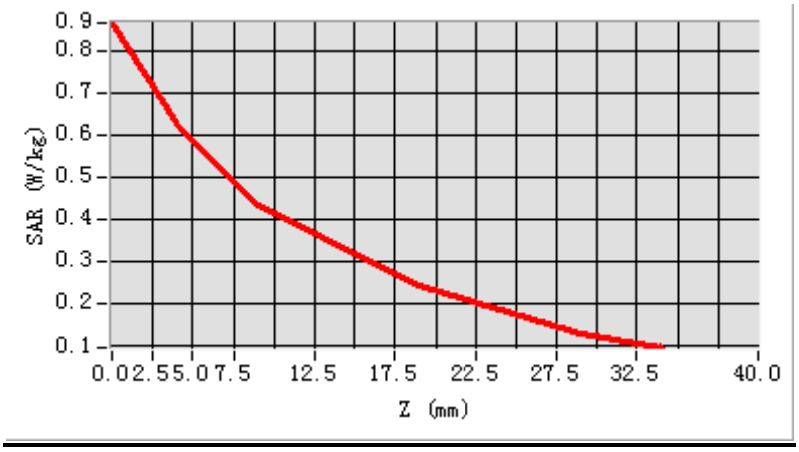
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

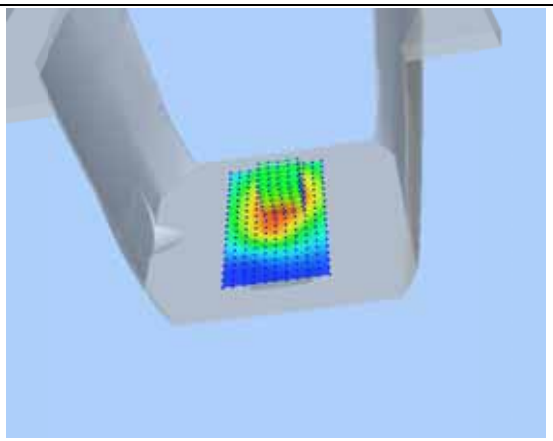
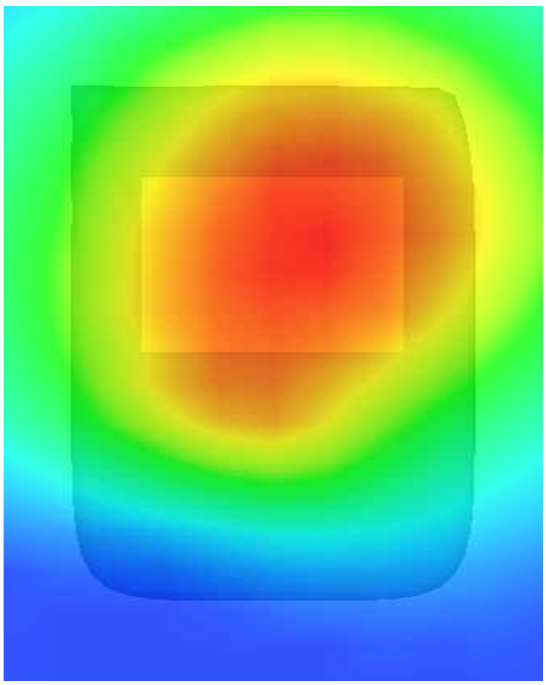
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=22.00

SAR Peak: 0.86 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.416333
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.616913

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 10

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 16 seconds

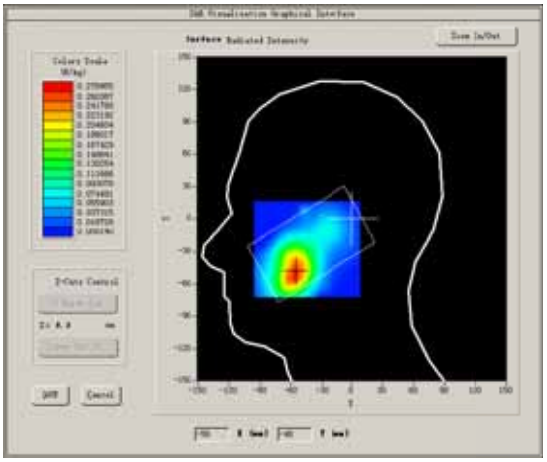
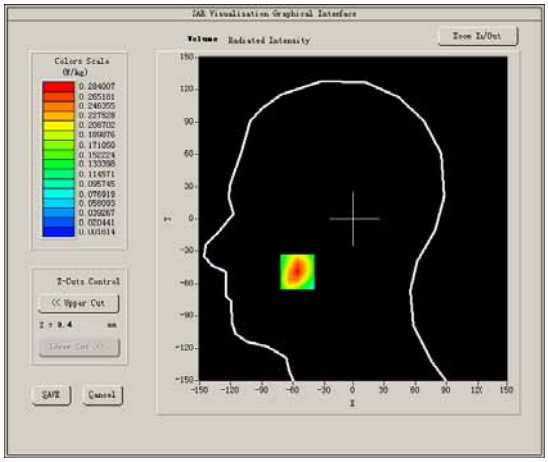
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.874286
Conductivity (S/m)	1.432495
Power drift(%)	-3.920000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.00
Crest factor:	1:8

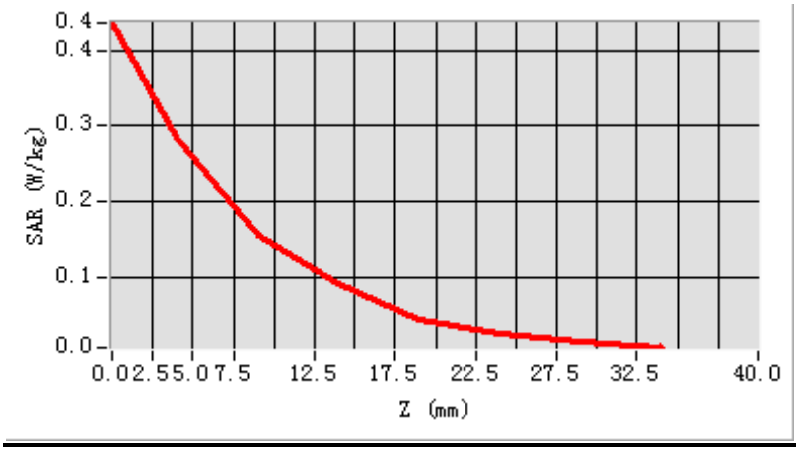
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

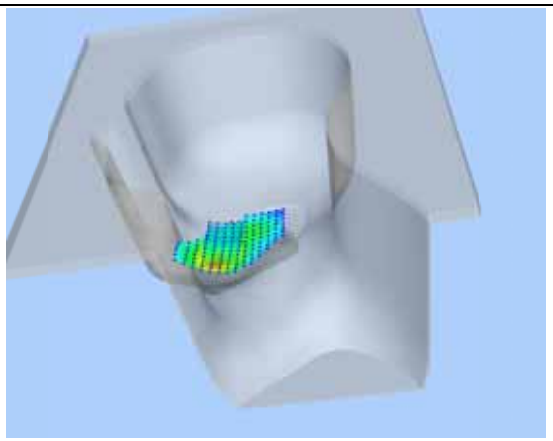
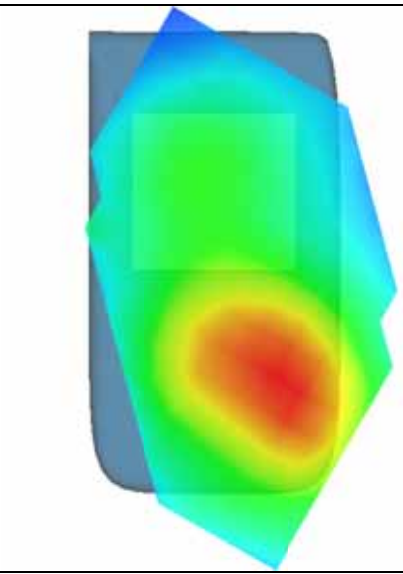
Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-49.00

SAR Peak: 0.43 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.140564
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.265603

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 11

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 33 seconds

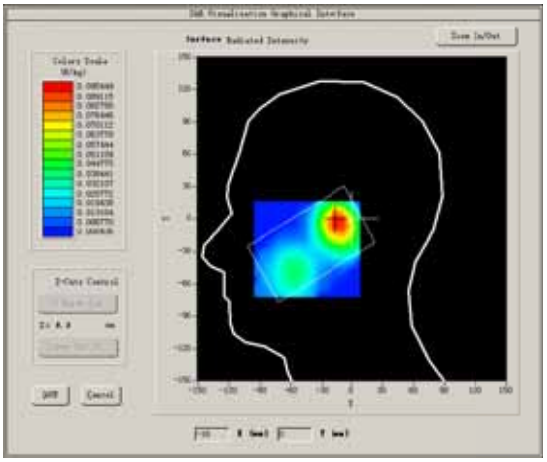
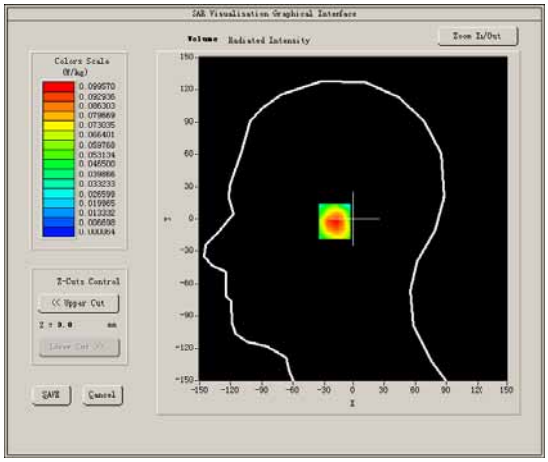
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

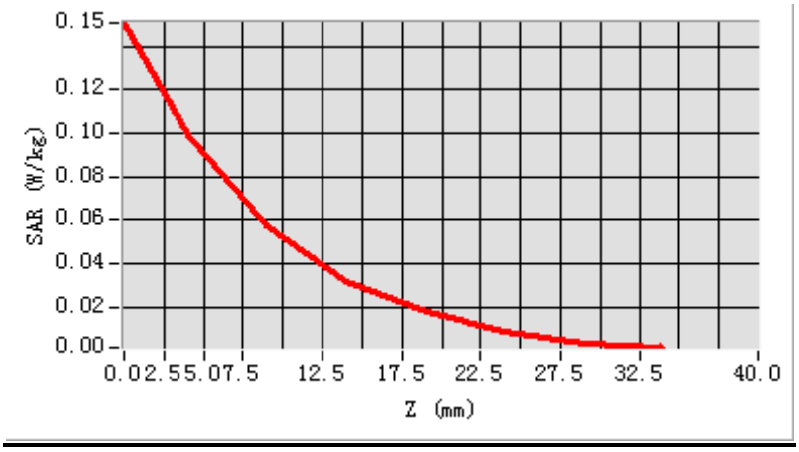
Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.874286
Conductivity (S/m)	1.432495
Power drift(%)	4.620000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.00
Crest factor:	1:8

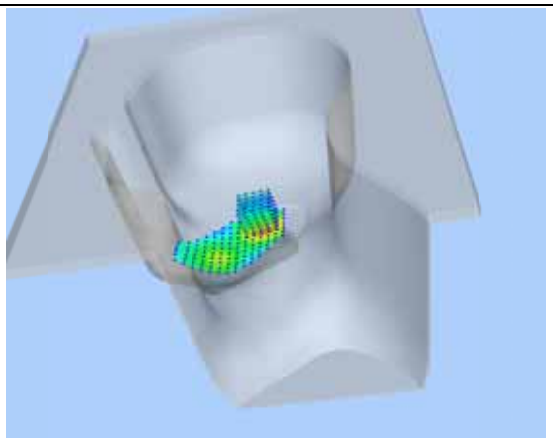
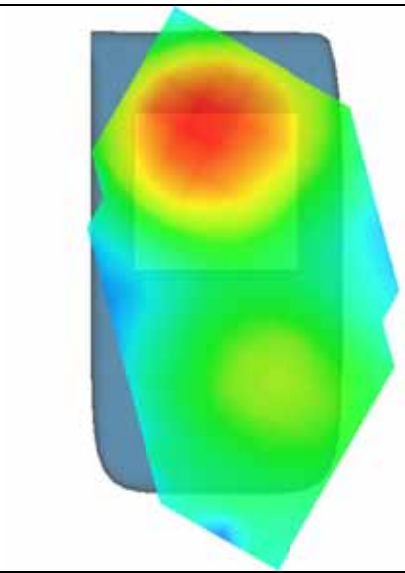
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-14.00, Y=-2.00
SAR Peak: 0.15 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.050949
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.095171

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 12

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 53 seconds

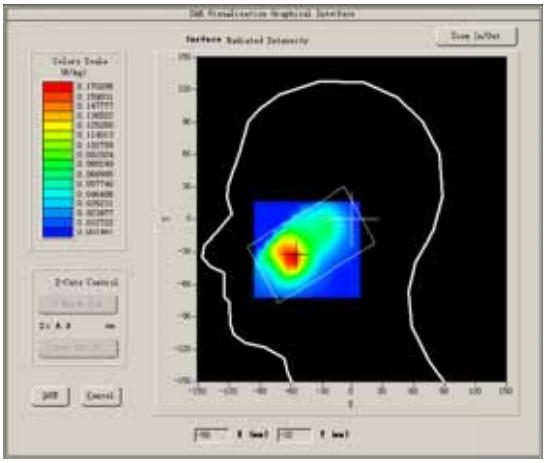
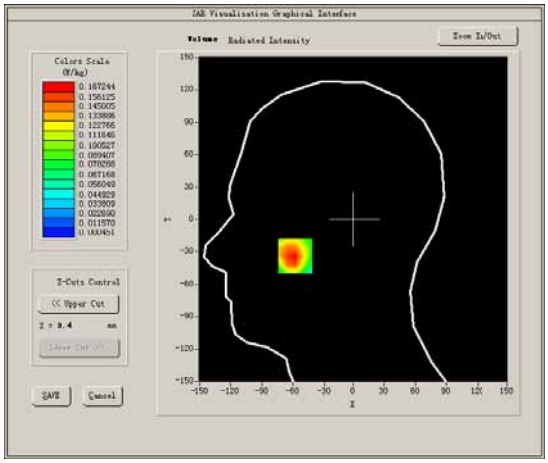
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

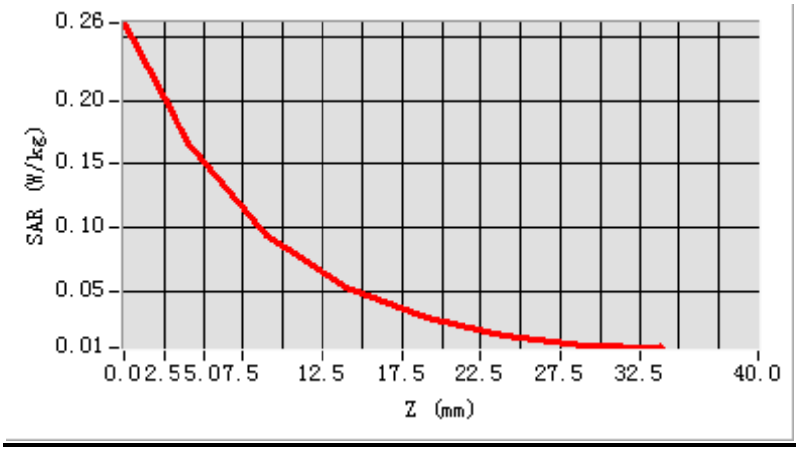
Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.874286
Conductivity (S/m)	1.432495
Power drift(%)	-4.600000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.00
Crest factor:	1:8

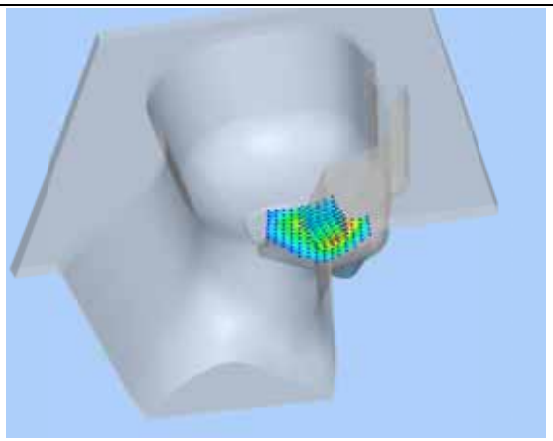
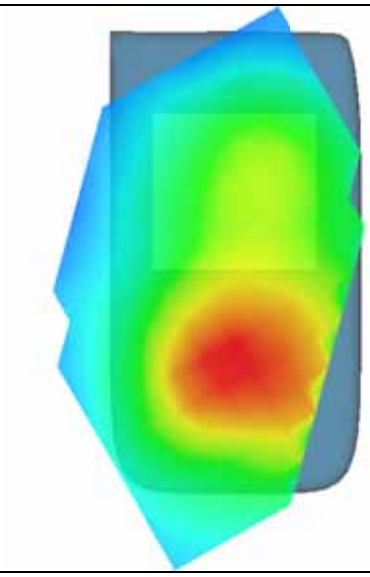
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-58.00, Y=-34.00
SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.086410
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.161290

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 13

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration:8 minutes 3 seconds

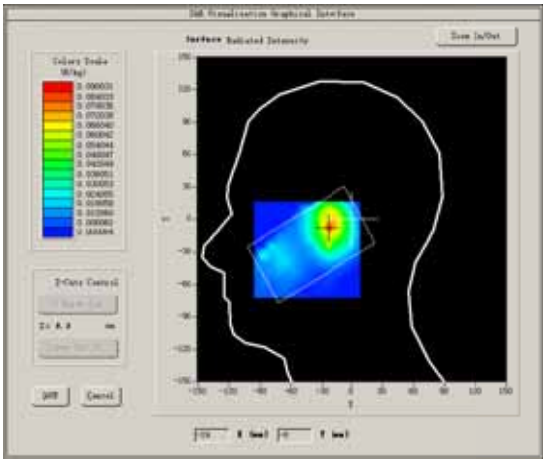
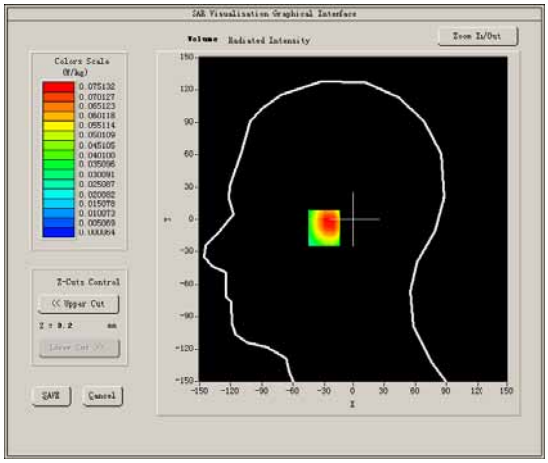
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

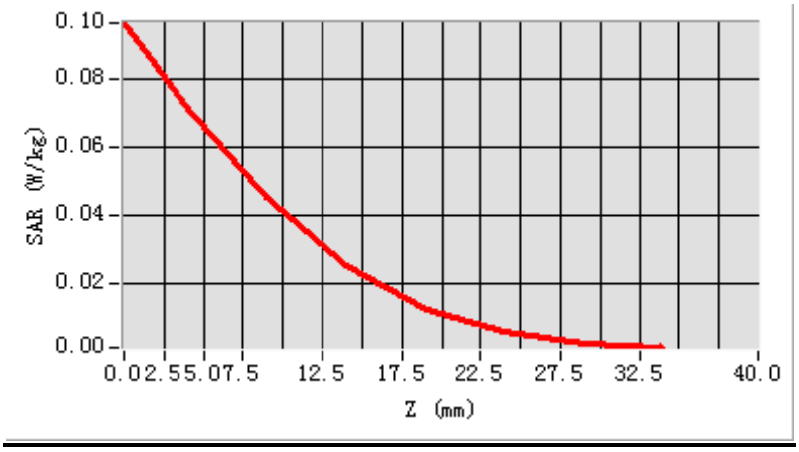
Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.874286
Conductivity (S/m)	1.432495
Power drift(%)	-3.320000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.00
Crest factor:	1:8

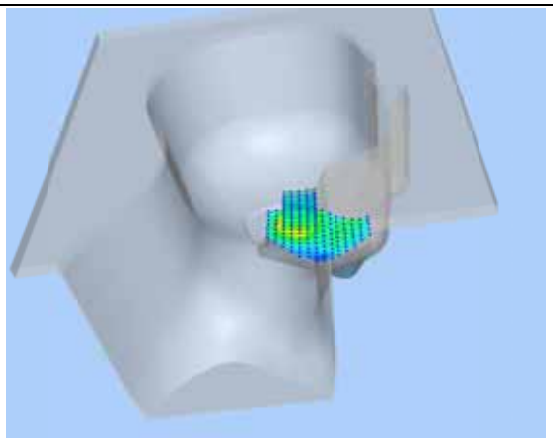
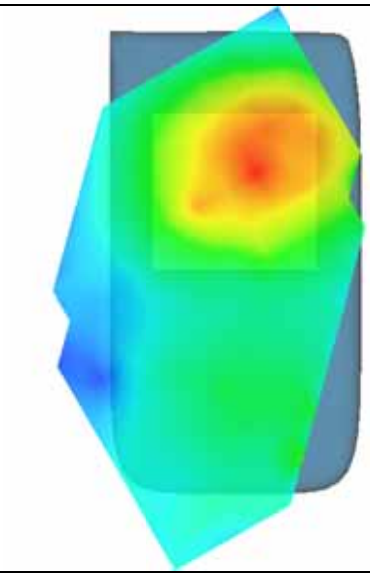
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=-8.00
SAR Peak: 0.12 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.039811
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.072509

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 14

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 25 seconds

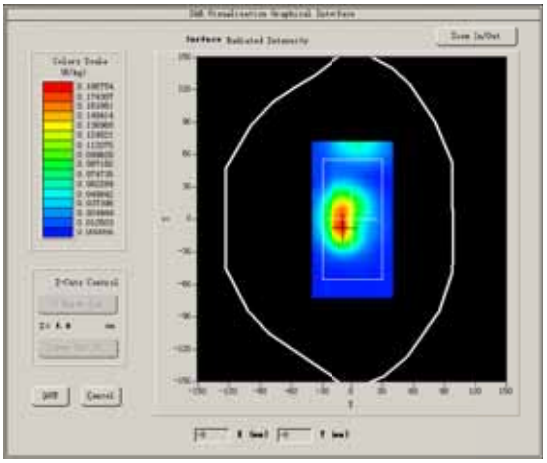
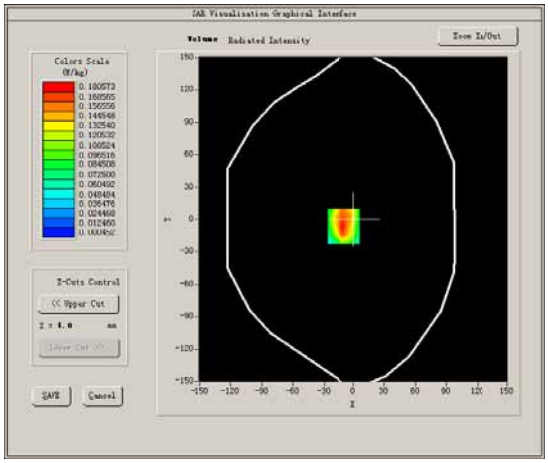
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

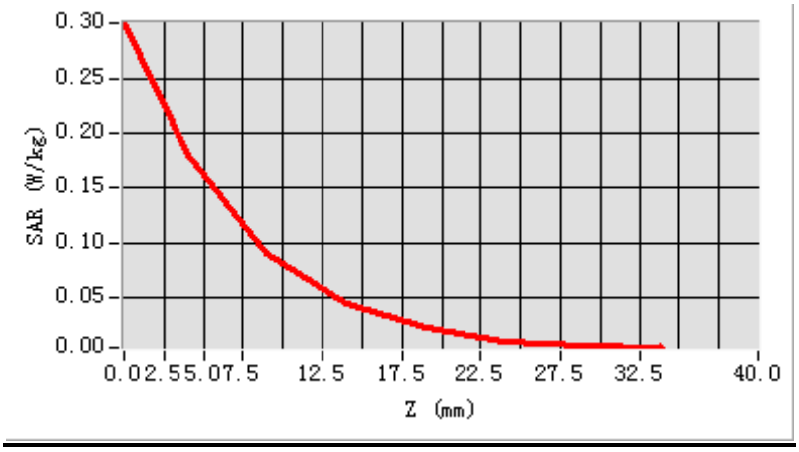
Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.314962
Conductivity (S/m)	1.496849
Power drift(%)	0.180000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.17
Crest factor:	1:8

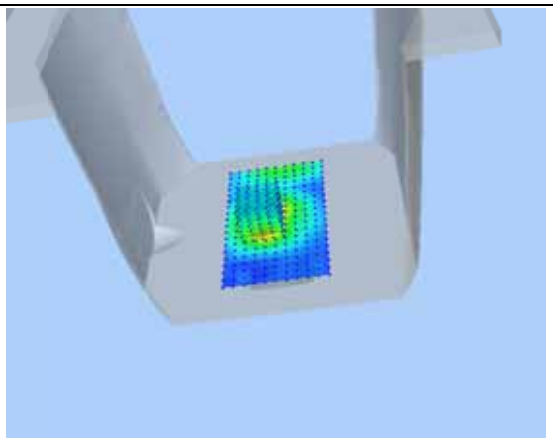
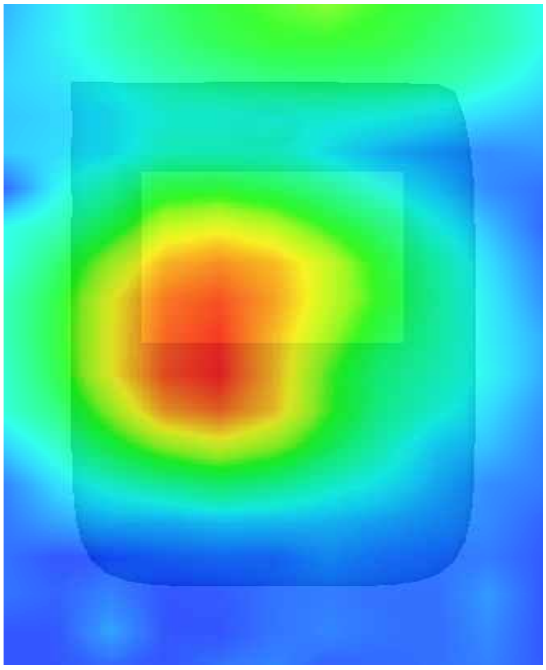
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=-6.00
SAR Peak: 0.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.091214
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.186067

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 15

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 27 seconds

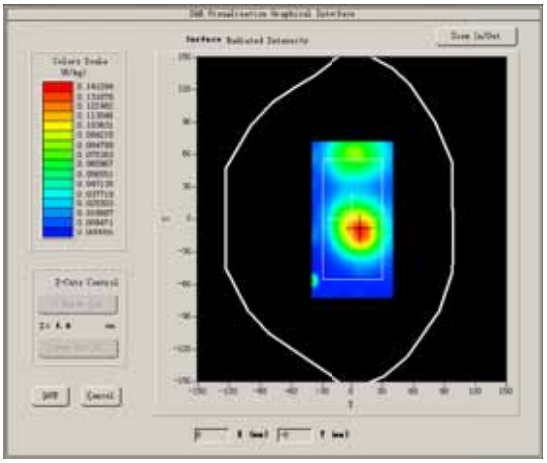
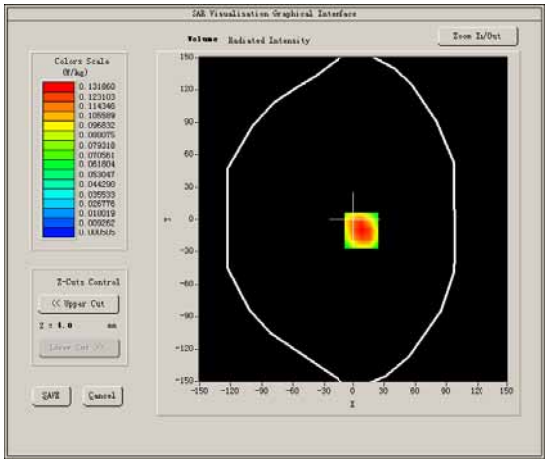
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

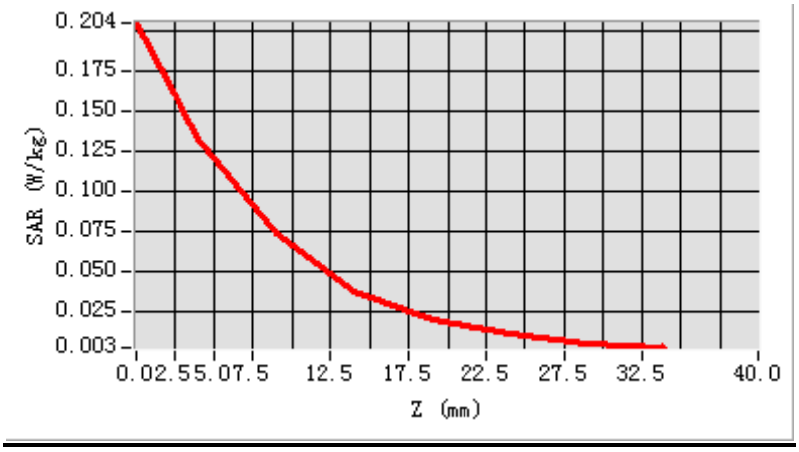
Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.314962
Conductivity (S/m)	1.496849
Power drift(%)	-0.280000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.17
Crest factor:	1:8

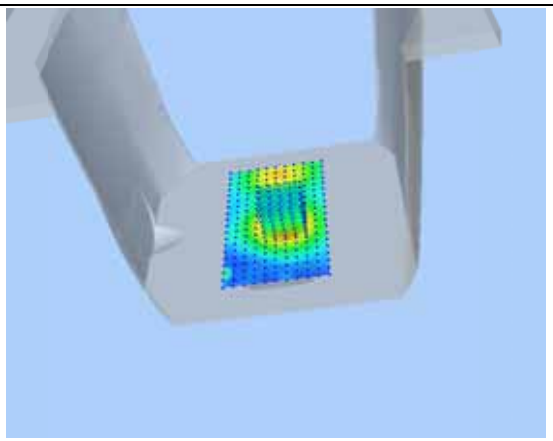
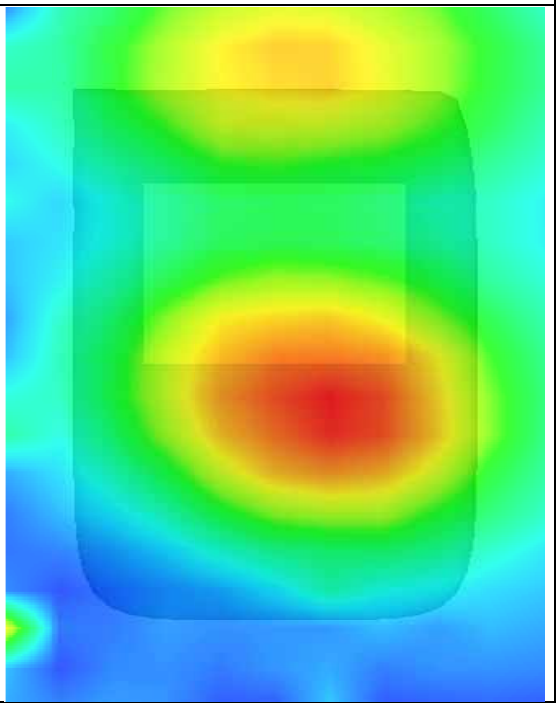
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=-10.00
SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.073178
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.137217

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 16

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 25 seconds

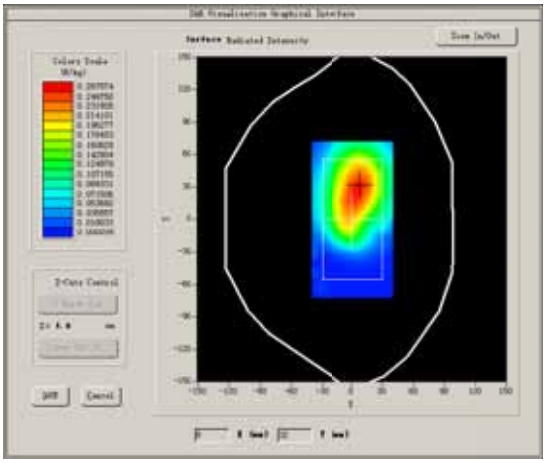
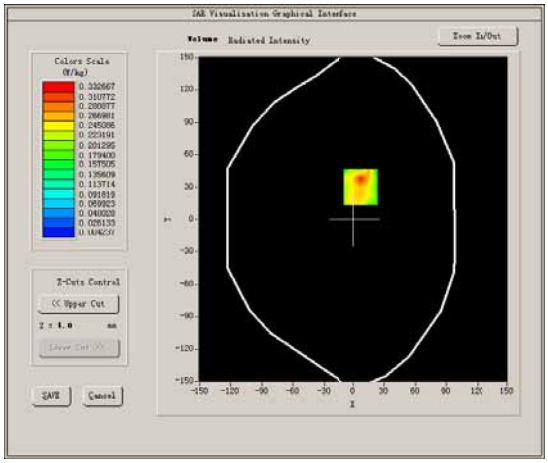
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GPRS

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.314962
Conductivity (S/m)	1.496849
Power drift(%)	-3.160000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.17
Crest factor:	1:2

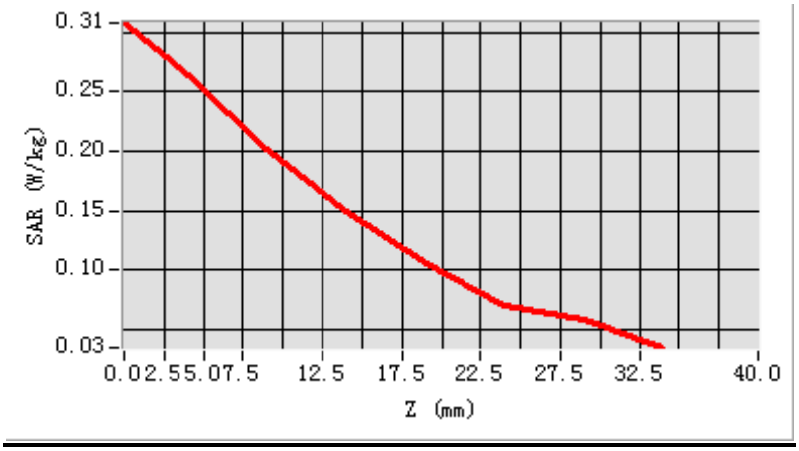
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

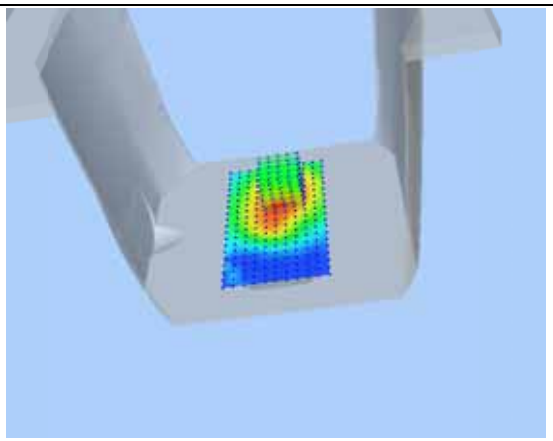
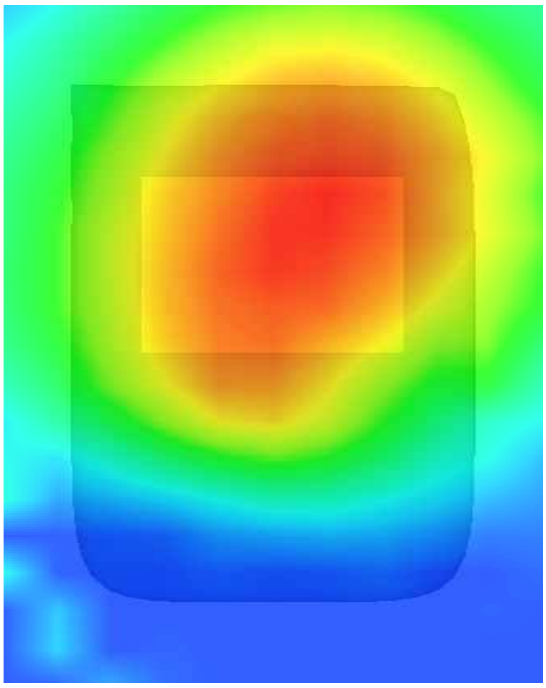
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=30.00

SAR Peak: 0.56 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.185210
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.311613

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 17

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 28 seconds

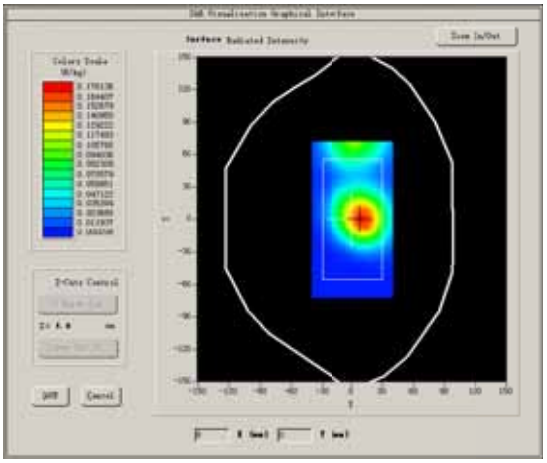
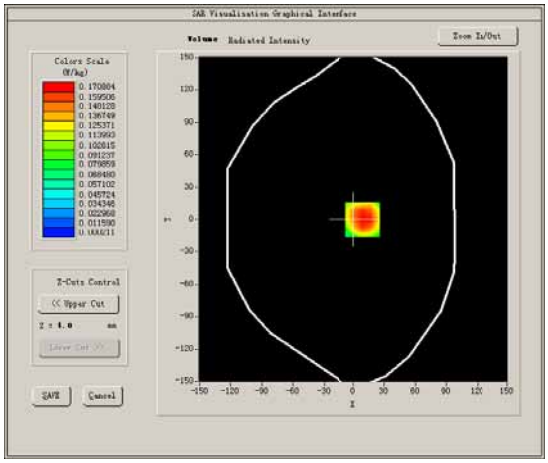
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GPRS

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.314962
Conductivity (S/m)	1.496849
Power drift(%)	-0.760000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.17
Crest factor:	1:2

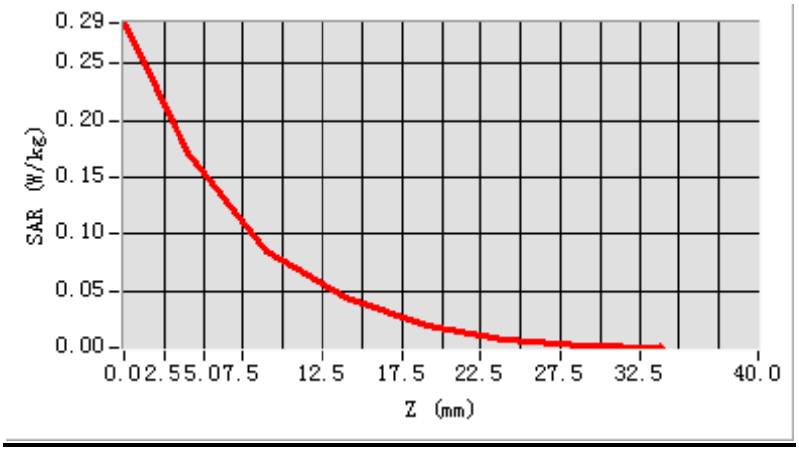
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

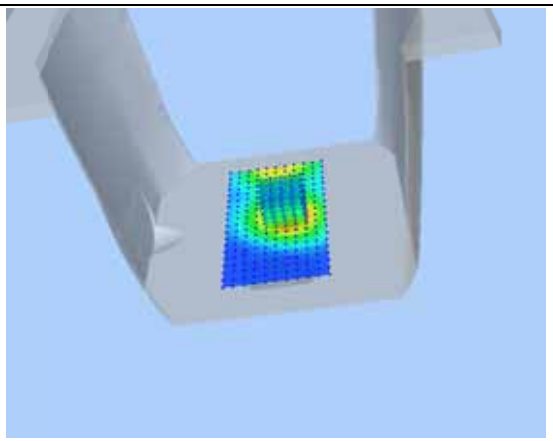
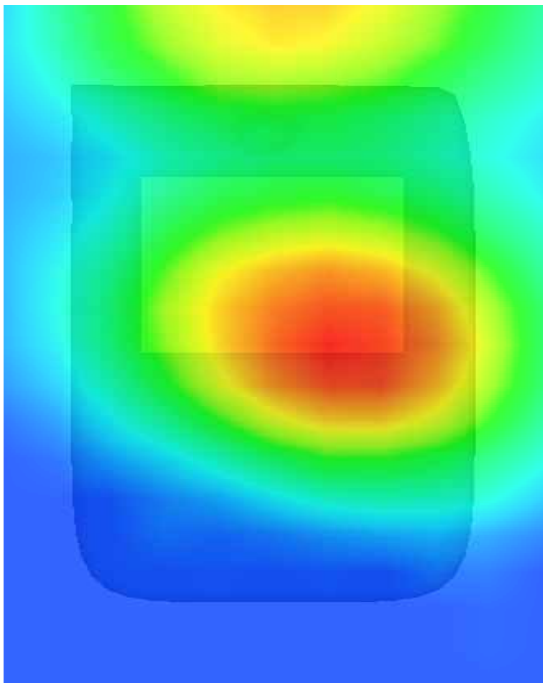
Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 0.29 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.088563
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.172166

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 18

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 37 seconds

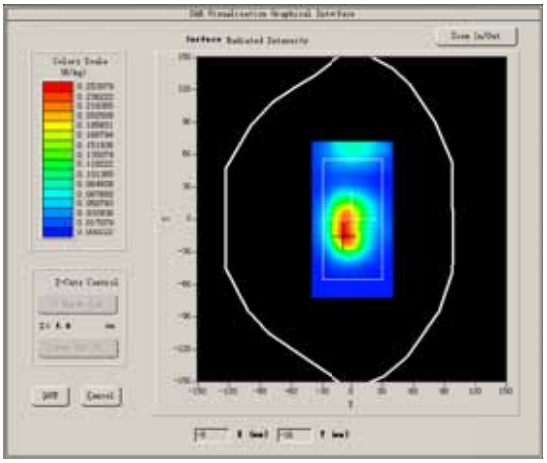
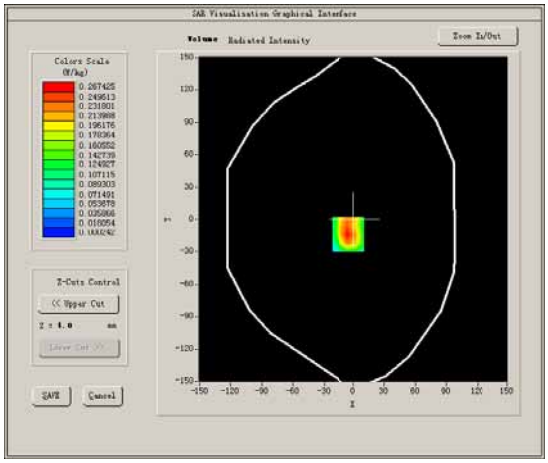
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	EGPRS

B. SAR Measurement Results

Low Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.314962
Conductivity (S/m)	1.496849
Power drift(%)	-0.410000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.17
Crest factor:	1:2

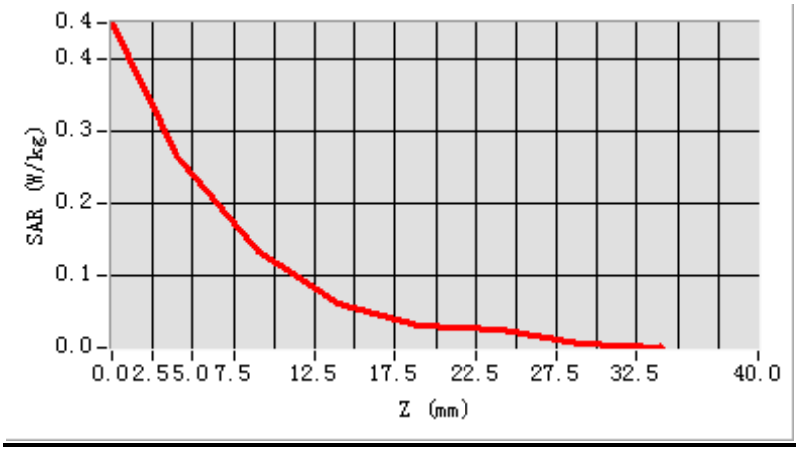
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

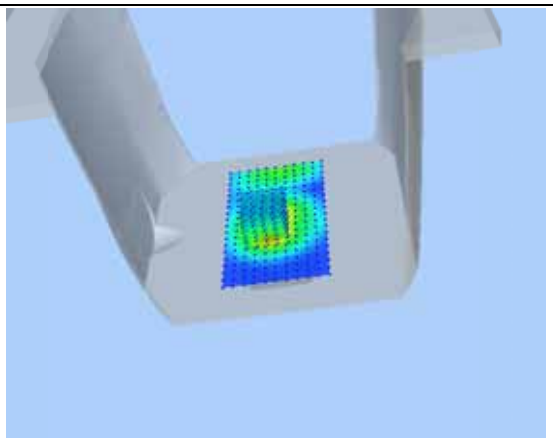
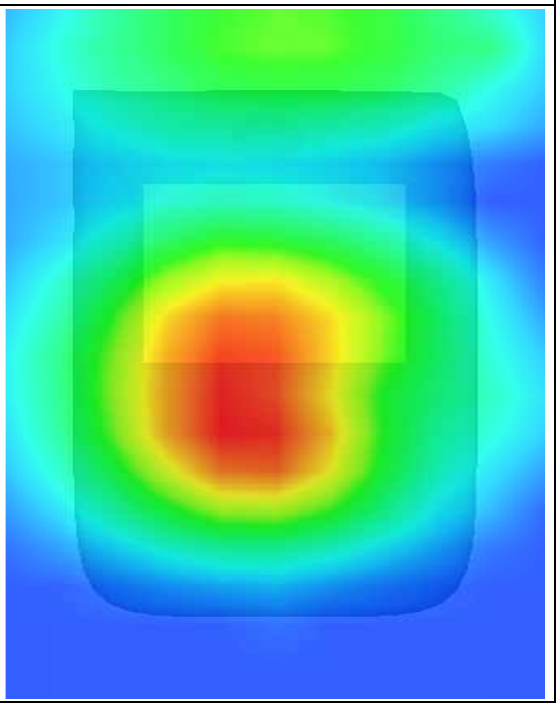
Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-14.00

SAR Peak: 0.46 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.122605
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.259226

Z axis scan



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

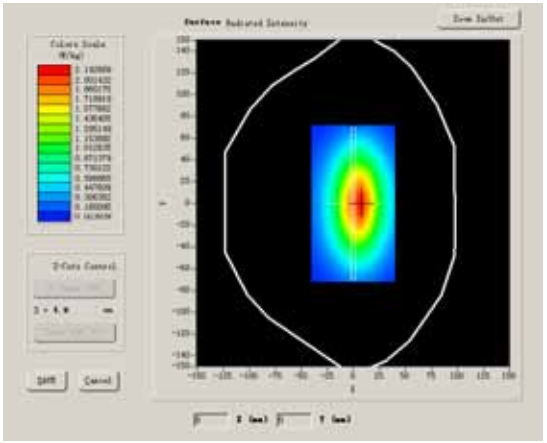
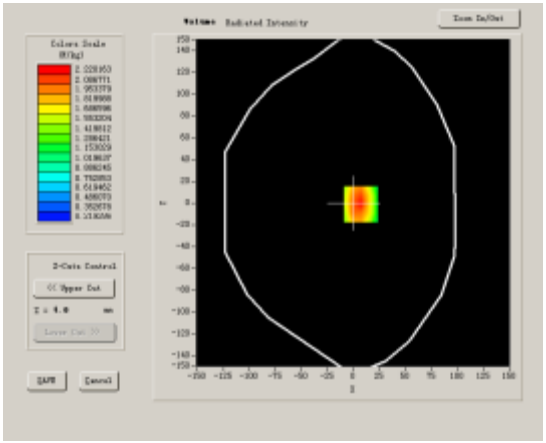
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.371485
Conductivity (S/m)	0.907374
Power drift (%)	-0.310000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.73
Crest factor:	1:1

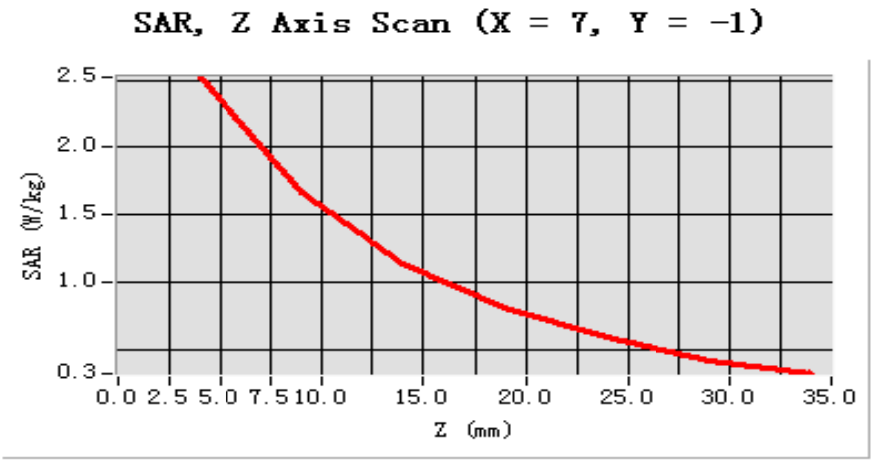
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

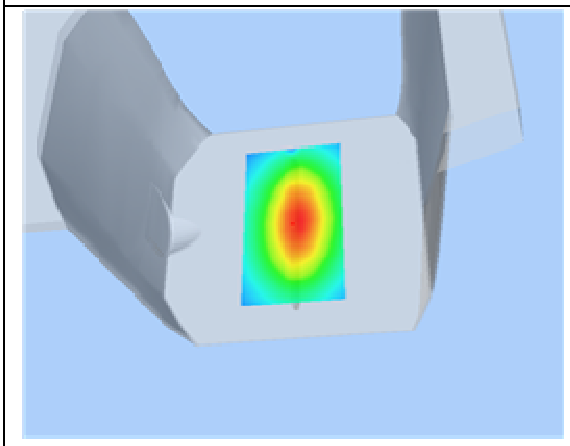
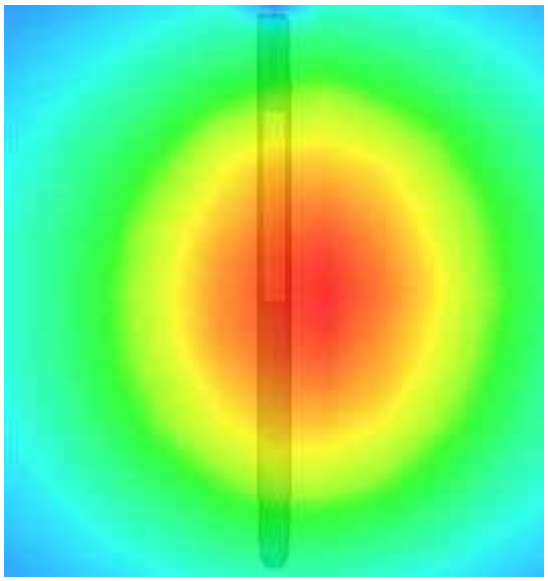
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.556481
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.446424

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.22

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

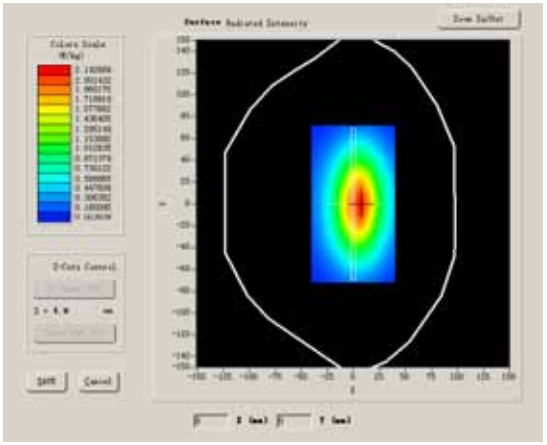
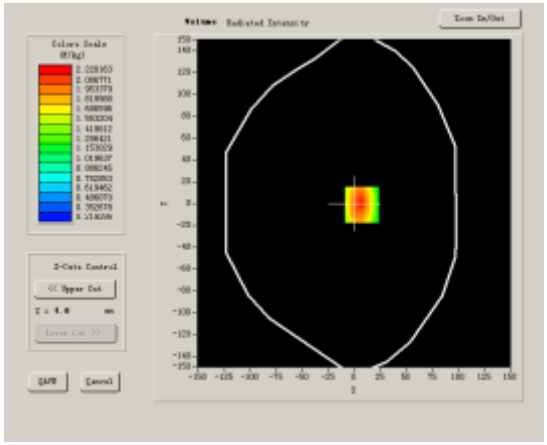
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.123528
Conductivity (S/m)	0.931684
Power drift (%)	-1.430000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.99
Crest factor:	1:1

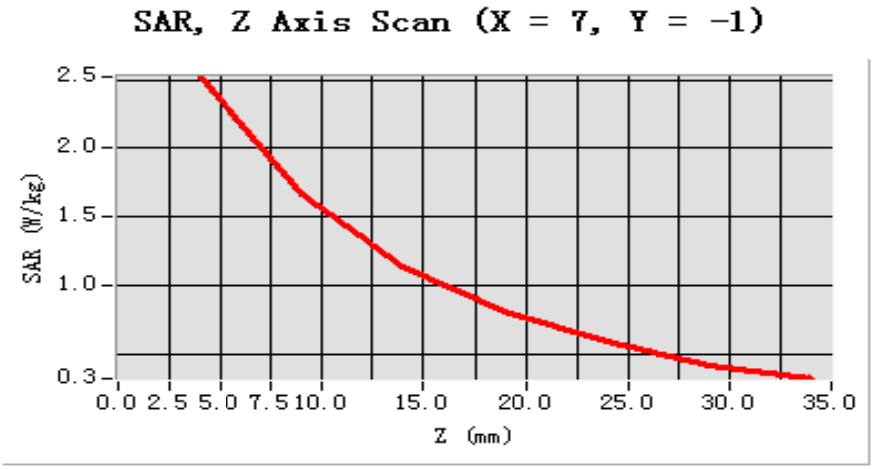
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

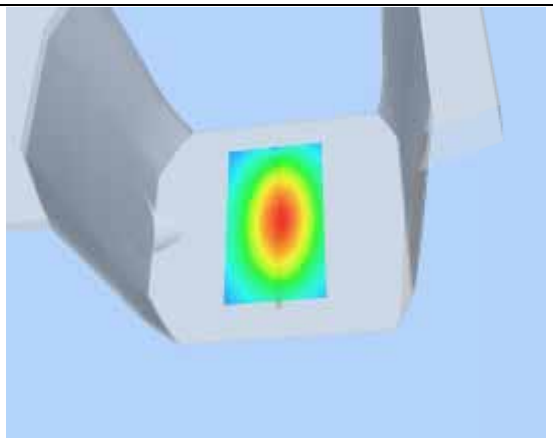
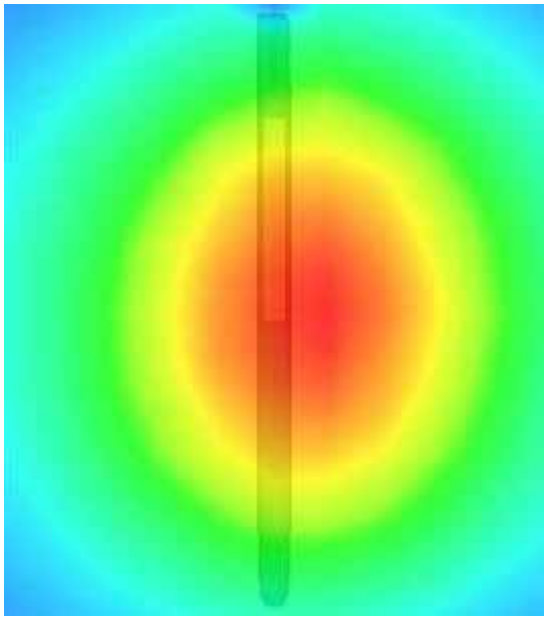
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.514694
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.488727

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

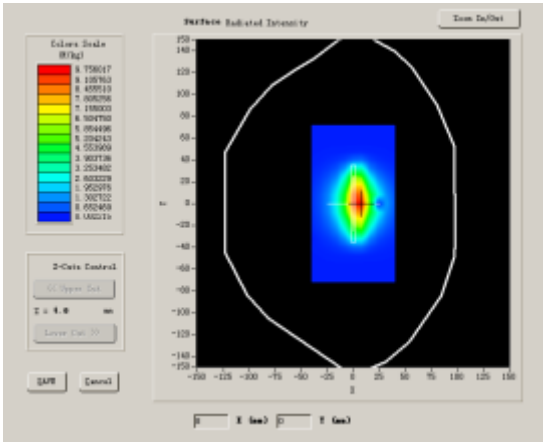
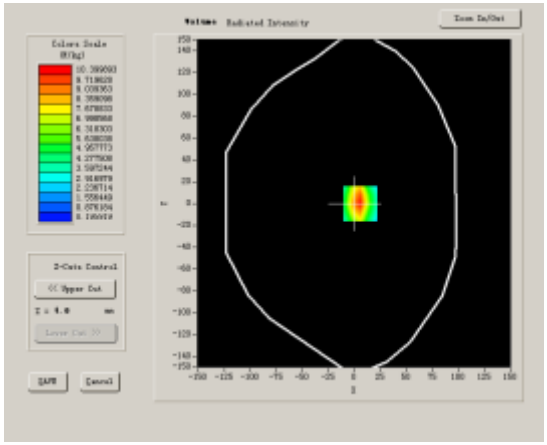
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	
Band	1900MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.874286
Conductivity (S/m)	1.432495
Power drift (%)	-1.290000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.00
Crest factor:	1:1

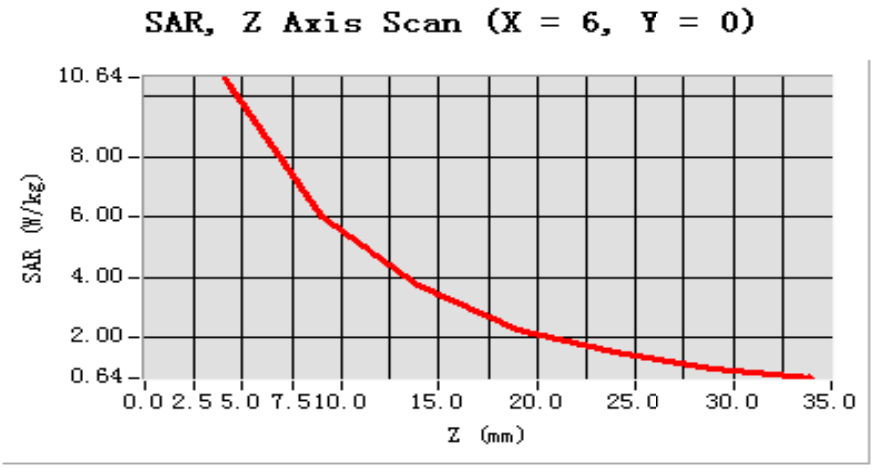
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

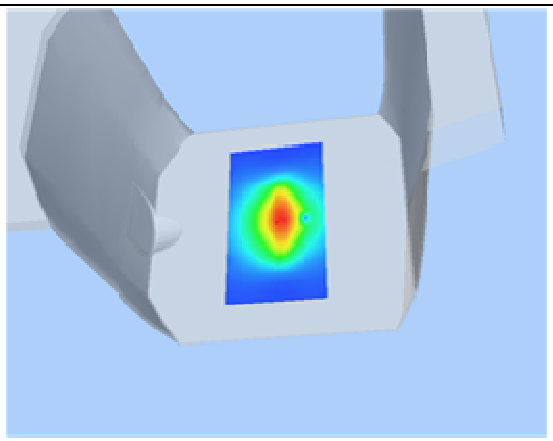
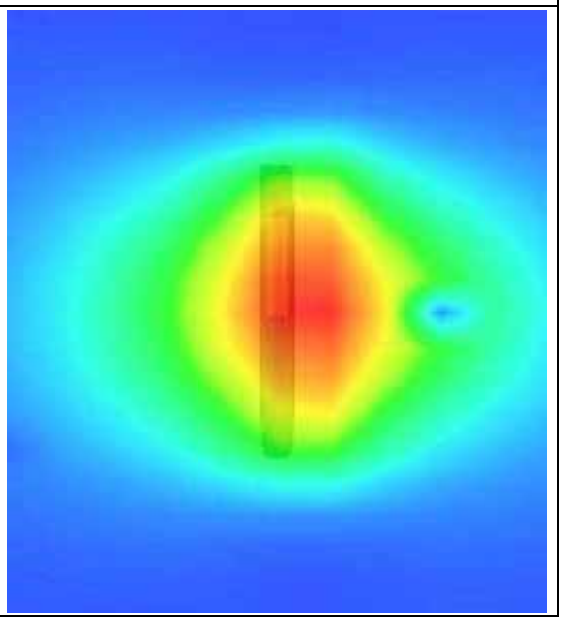
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.312481
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.653057

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.6419	6.0043	3.7297	2.2606	1.5119	0.9792



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position
	

System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.1.17

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 26 seconds

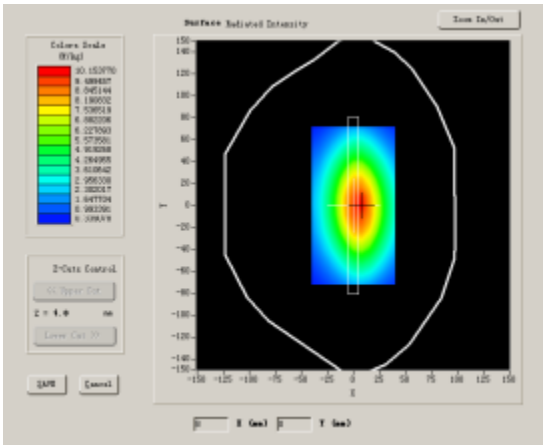
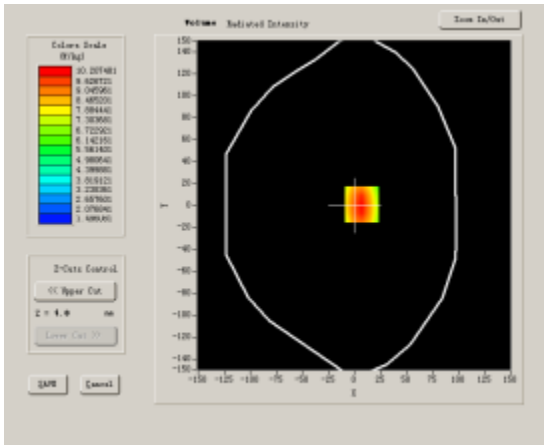
A. Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	
Band	1900MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.314962
Conductivity (S/m)	1.496849
Power drift (%)	-0.920000
Ambient Temperature:	22.9°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.1°C
ConvF:	6.17
Crest factor:	1:1

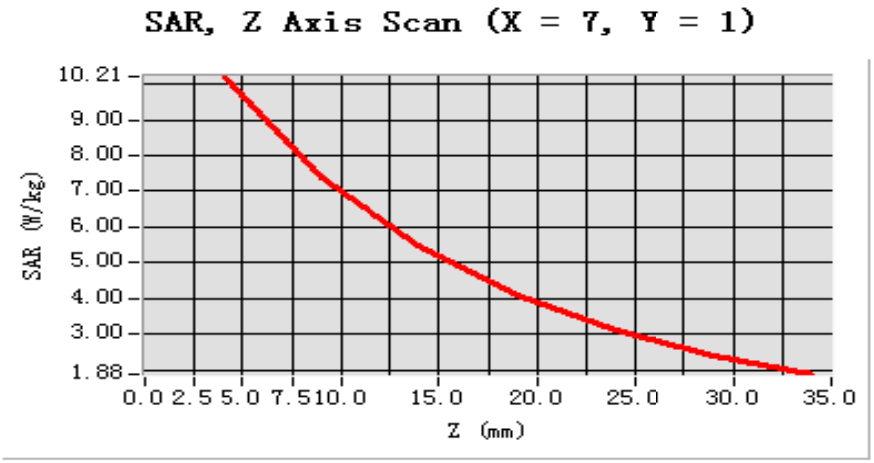
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.474628
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.920623

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.2075	7.3996	5.4654	4.1101	3.1286	2.4128



3D sceen shot	Hot spot position