

**ESTECH Co., Ltd.**

Rm.1015, World Venture Center II,  
426-5, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu,  
Seoul, 153-803, Korea

TEL: 82-2-867-3201  
FAX: 82-2-867-3204

## SAR Compliance Test Report

**APPLICANT NAME & ADDRESS :**

VK Corporation  
548-6, Anyang8dong, Manan-gu, Anyang-city,  
Kyeonggi-do, Korea, 430-716

**DATA & LOCATION OF TESTING**

Dates of testing : 2007-07-07 ~ 2007-08-08  
Test Site : ESTECH Co., Ltd. Korea

**Test Device :**

<p>Models : VK160</p> <p>FCC ID : SBWVK160</p> <p>TYPE : GSM Phone with Bluetooth (Prototype)</p>
---

Test report no :

ESTSAR0708-004

Number of page :

23

Contact person :

Eric Won

Responsible test Engineer :

I.K.Hong

Testing has been  
Carried out in  
Accordance with :

IEEE 1528(Dec.2003)  
Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific  
Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications  
Device : Experimental Techniques

Applicant Type :

Certification

FCC CLASSIFICATION :

Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Ear (TNE)  
Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)

FCC Rule Part(s)

§2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (July 2001)

Test results :

The Tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all  
parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only  
to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced receipt in full,  
without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and Signatures : 2007-08-08

Report Prepared By : Engineer/ I.K.Hong

(Signature)

Engineering Manager/ Jay Kim

(Signature)

Test report no : ESTSAR0708-004

FCC ID : SBWVK160

Web : www. estech. co. kr

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## 1. SUMMARY FOR TEST REPORT

FCC ID	SBWVK160
Date of test	2007-07-07 ~ 2007-08-08
Responsible test engineer	Jay Kim
Measurement performed by	I.K.Hong
EUT Type	GSM Phone with Bluetooth (Prototype)
Tx Frequency	824.2~848.8MHz(GSM850), 1850.2~1909.8MHz(PCS1900)
Rx Frequency	869.2~893.8MHz(GSM850), 1930.2~1989.8MHz(PCS1900)
Max. RF Output Power	GSM850( 32.50 dBm )    PCS1900 (30.00 dBm)

### 1.1 Head Configuration

Max. SAR Measurement

FREQUENCY		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		Device test position	Slider	BT	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		dBm	Battery				
836.6	190	GSM	32.50	Standard	Right touch	IN	ON	0.273
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	Standard	Right touch	IN	-	0.343

### 1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Max. SAR Measurement

FREQUENCY		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		Separation test position	Slider	BT	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		dBm	Battery				
836.6	190	GSM	32.50	Standard	1.5cm [w/o Holster]Rear	IN	ON	0.302
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	Standard	1.5cm [w/o Holster]Rear	IN	ON	0.439

### 1.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Combine Standard Uncertainty	$\pm 11.00$ (k=1)
Extended Standard Uncertainty	$\pm 22.00$ (k=2, 95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)



## 2. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable device.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are the criteria published by the based on American National Standards Institute (ANSI) For localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electronic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. (c) 1992 by the institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (IC NRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields,” IC NRP Report No. 86 (c) IC NRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814.[6] SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

### SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). it is also defined as the rate of rf energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 2.1.).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure 2.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)

E = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)

ρ = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

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### 3. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

The FCC rules for evaluating portable devices for RF exposure compliance are contained in 47 CFR §2.1093. For purposes of RF exposure evaluation, a portable device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used with any part of its radiating structure in direct contact with the user's body or within 20 centimeters of the body of a user or bystanders under normal operating conditions. This category of devices would include hand-held cellular and PCS telephones that incorporate the radiating antenna into the hand-piece and wireless transmitters that are carried next to the body. Portable devices are evaluated with respect to SAR limits for RF exposure. The applicable SAR limit for portable transmitters used by consumers is 1.6 watts/kg, which is averaged over any one gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

#### 2.1 Antenna Description

Type	Internal Antenna
Location	the Top of the device
Radiator Material	Copper

#### 2.2 Device Description

FCC ID	FCC ID : SBWVK160
Serial numbers	-
Exposure environment	Uncontrolled exposure
Device category	Portable device
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM/GPRS
Modulation Mode(s)	GSM
Duty Cycle	8.3/4.15
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	824.2~848.8MHz(GSM850), 1850.2~1909.8MHz(PCS1900)
test signal method	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Base station simulator <input type="checkbox"/> Internal test code

#### 2.3 Battery Options

There is only one battery option available for tested device,



## 4. TEST CONDITIONS

### 4.1 Ambient Conditions

Ambient Temperature (°C)	23
Tissue simulating liquid temperature (°C)	23
Humidity (%)	46

### 4.2 RF Characteristics of The Test Site

Tests were performed in a fully enclosed RF Shielded environment

### 4.3 Test Signal, Frequencies, And Output Power

The handset was placed into simulated call mode (850MHz GSM,1900MHz PCS modes)

In all operation bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The phone was set to maximum power level during the all tests and at the beginning of the each test the battery was fully charged.

DASY4 system measures power drift during SAR testing by comparing e-field in the same location at the beginning and at the end of measurement. These records were used to monitor stability of power output.

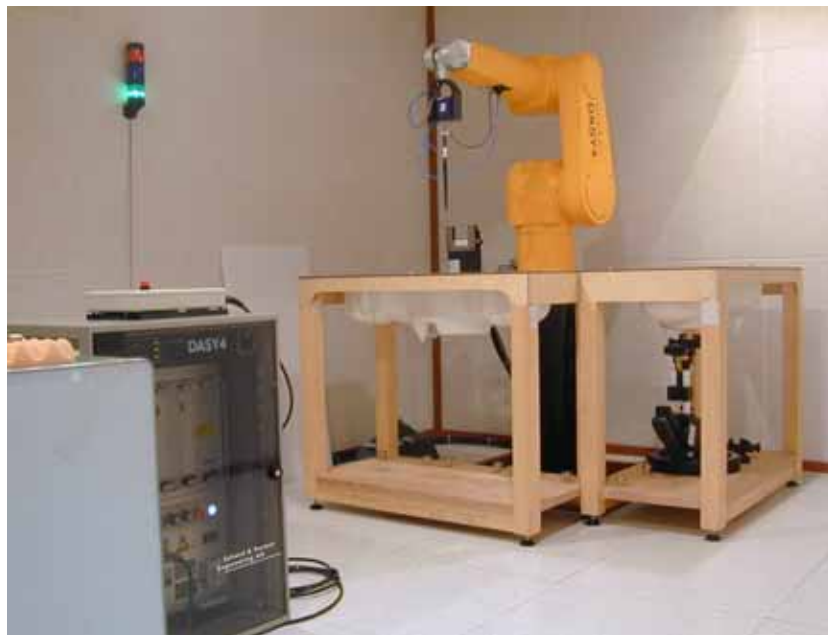


Fig. 4.1 SAR Measurement System



## 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

An SAR measurement system usually consists of a small diameter isotropic electric field probe, a multiple axis probe positioning system, a test device holder, one or more phantom models, the field probe instrumentation, a computer and other electronic equipment for controlling the probe and making the measurements. Other supporting equipment, such as a network analyzer, power meters and RF signal generators, are also required to measure the dielectric parameters of the simulated tissue media and to verify the measurement accuracy of the SAR system.

### 5.1 Test System Specifications

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Cal.Due Date
DAE	DAE4	551	2008-04-23
E-Field Probe	ET3DV3	3123	2007-10-17
Dipole validation kit	D1900V2	5d058	2007-09-12
	D835V2	475	2007-09-12
Network analyzer	8753ES	MY40000609	2007-10-09
Signal generator	E4432B	GB40050840	2008-03-02
RF Power meter	EPM-442A	GB37170412	2007-10-11
Power Sensor	8481A	3318A90368	2008-03-02
RF Power meter	E4418A	GB38272722	2008-03-02
Power Sensor	8481A	3318A90368	2008-03-02
Dielectric Probe	85070D	US01440154	-
Power Amplifier	BBS3Q7ECK	NONE	2007-12-16
LP Filter	LA-15N	NONE	2007-10-30
	LA-30N	NONE	2007-10-30
Attenuator	8491B	21828	2008-04-30
Dual Directional Coupler	778D	17575	2008-03-02
Wireless Communications Test Set	E5515C	GB42230119	2008-02-07

### 5.2 SAR Measurement Setup

Measurement are performed using the DASY4 dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG(SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium IV computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field(EMF) (see Fig. 5.1) A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant(Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The pc consists of the Intel Pentium IV 2.4 GHz computer with WindowsXP system and SAR measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc.



## 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)

Is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

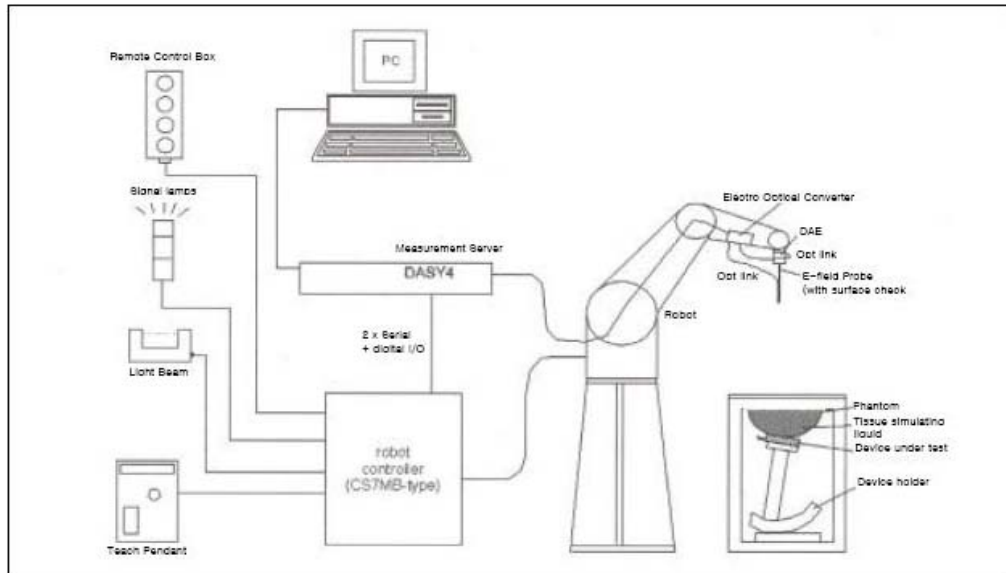


Fig. 5.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the Ethernet Card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status

information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

### 5.3 DASY4 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Fig.5.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box in the robot arm and provides an automatic detection transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver.





## 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)

As the probe approach the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Fig. 5.2). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.


 <p><b>Isotropic E-Field Probe</b></p>	<b>Isotropic E-Field Probe for Dosimetric Measurements</b>	
	<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleafed sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycol)
	<b>Calibration</b>	In air from 10 MHz to 3 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy $\pm 8\%$ ) Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request
	<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to $> 6$ GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
	<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.3$ dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
	<b>Dynamic Range</b>	5 $\mu$ W/g to $> 100$ mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB
	<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm

Fig. 5.2 Probe Specifications



## 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)

### 5.4 Phantom & Equivalent Tissues

#### SAM Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of the fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

#### Head & Muscle simulation Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose(HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Fig 5.3). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been specified in 1528(Dec.2003) are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulation liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartagrove [13]. (see Fig. 5.3)

Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.8
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.9	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55	1.06
1450	40.5	1.2	54	1.3
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.4
1800-2000	40	1.4	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.8	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.4	52	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6

Fig.5.3 Head and body tissue parameters by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528

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Seoul, 153-803, KoreaTEL: 82-2-867-3201  
FAX: 82-2-867-3204**5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT(continued)**

835MHz			1900MHz		
	Head	Body		Head	Body
Sugar	47.31%	34.31%	DGBE(diethylene Glycol buty Ether)	44.91%	29.96%
Deionized water	51.07%	65.45%	Deionized water	54.88%	69.91%
Salt	1.15%	0.62%	Salt	0.21%	0.13%
HEC (hydroxyethy cellulose)	0.24%				
Preventol	0.24%	0.10%			
$\epsilon$	$41.0 \pm 5\%$	$55.2 \pm 5\%$	$\epsilon$	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	$53.3 \pm 5\%$
$\sigma$	$0.89 \pm 10\%$	$0.97 \pm 10\%$	$\sigma$	$1.45 \pm 10\%$	$1.52 \pm 10\%$

**Fig. 5.4 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter****Device Holder for Transmitters**

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

Note : A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [12]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

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## 6. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

### 6.1 Definition of Reference Point

#### EAR Reference point

The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “ERP” is the ear reference point. The ERP are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal(EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown is figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the ERP is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1) B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

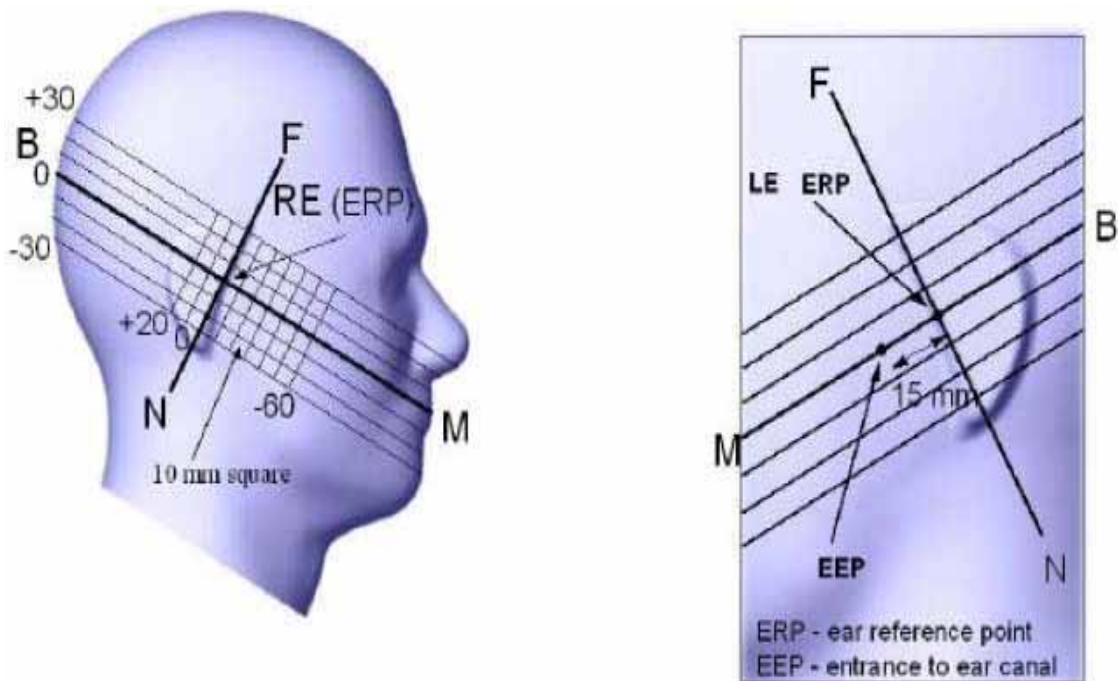
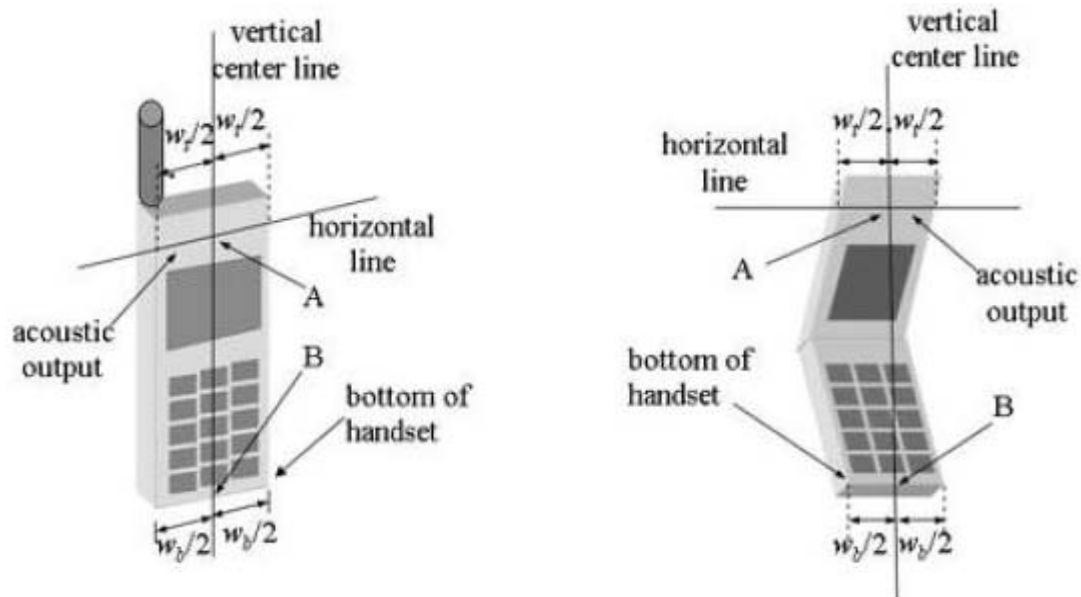


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP

#### Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (see Fig. 6.2). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

## 6. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE(continued)



**Figure 6.2 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points**

### 6.2 Test Configuration Positions

#### Positioning for Cheek/Touch

- 1) Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover . (If the phone can also be used with the cover closed ,both configurations must be tested.)
- 2) Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 6.2), and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with lip pieces, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3) Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom touch that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



## 6. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE(continued)

- 4) Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 5) While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 6) Rotate the phone around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 7) While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point

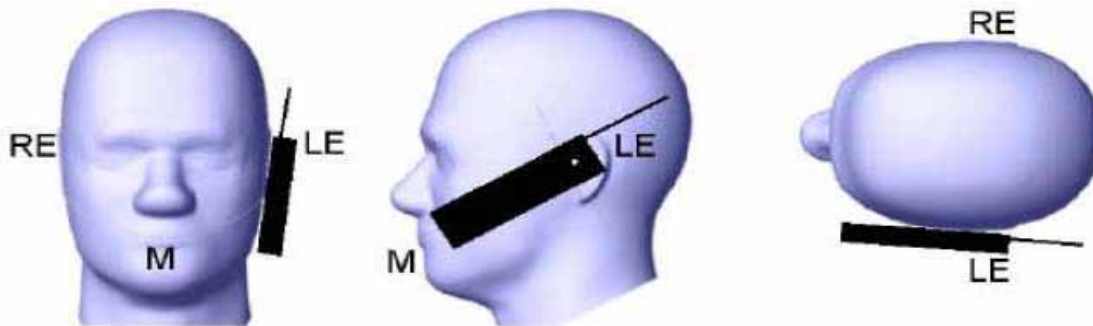


Figure 6.3 "Cheek" or "Touch" Position.

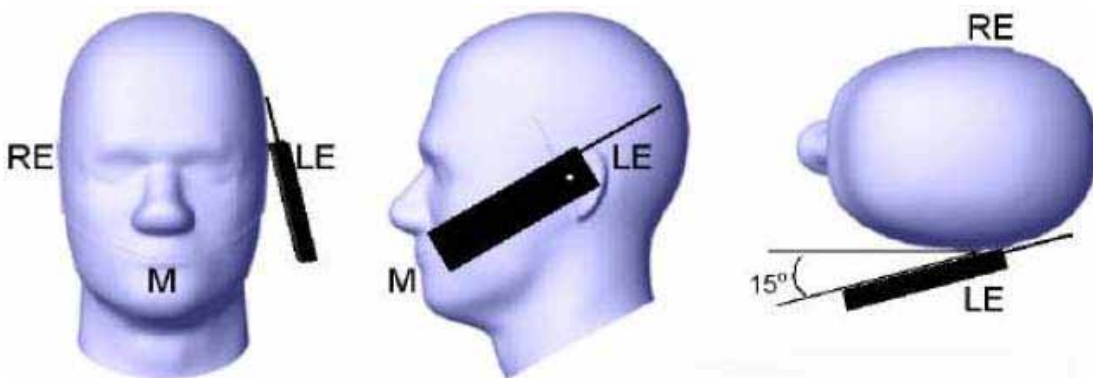


Figure 6.4 "Tilted" Position.





## 6. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE(continued)

### Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilted

- 1) Repeat steps 1 to 7 of 6.2(Positioning for Cheek/Touch) to place the device in the "cheek position."
- 2) While maintaining the orientation of the phone retract the phone parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
- 3) Rotate the phone around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
- 4) While maintaining the orientation of the phone, move the phone parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A will be located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained if any part of the phone is in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone is contact with the head.

### Body Holder / Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operation configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied of available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. In all case SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operation requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operation instructing instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.





## 6. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE(continued)

### 6.3 Scan Procedures

First coarse scans are used for quick determination of the field distribution. Nest cube scan, 5x5x7 points; spacing between each point 5x5x5 mm, is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1g.

### 6.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value is averaged over its volume using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a Knot" condition [W.Gander, Computermathematik, p. 141-150](x, y and z directions) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p 123].

The extrapolation is based on least square algorithm [W.Gander, Computermathematik, p. 168-180]. Through the points in the first 30 mm in all z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1mm from one another.



## 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to CENELEC [17], typical worst-case uncertainty of field measurements is 5 dB.

For well-defined modulation characteristics the uncertainty can be reduced to 3 dB.

ERROR Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	ci 1	Standard unc.	vi or
	value ±%	Distribution		1g	(1g)	Veff
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM						
Probe Calibration	± 11.7 %	normal	1	1	± 4.8 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7	rectangular	√3	(1-cp ) <sup>1/2</sup>	± 1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6	rectangular	√3	(cp ) <sup>1/2</sup>	± 3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	± 1.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6%	∞
Linearity	± 4.7	rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	± 1.0	normal	1	1	± 1.0%	∞
Response time	± 0.8	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5%	∞
Integration time	± 2.6	rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5%	∞
RF Amnient Conditions	± 3.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	± 0.4	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	± 2.9	rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7%	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	± 1.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample Positioning	± 2.9	normal	1	1	± 2.97%	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	± 3.6	normal	0.84	1	± 3.69%	5
Output Power Validation – SAR drift measurement	± 5.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9%	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	± 4.0	rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity Target – tolerance	± 5.0	rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8%	∞
Liquid Conductivity – measurement uncertainty	± 5.0	normal	1	0.64	± 3.2%	∞
Liquid permittivity Target – tolerance	± 5.0	rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7%	∞
Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	± 5.0	normal	1	0.6	± 3.0%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±11.00 %	330
Coverage Factor for 95%				K = 2		
Expanded Standard Uncertainty					± 22.00 %	



## 8. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### Tissue Verification

Table 8.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS										
Liquid Temperature (°C)		23		Liquid Depth(mm)		150				
Date	2007-07-27	2007-07-27		2007-07-27		2007-07-27				
Tissue	1900MHz Brain	1900MHz Muscle		835MHz Brain		835MHz Muscle				
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: $\epsilon$	40	39.9	53.3	53.7	41.5	42.9	55.2	52.8		
Conductivity: $\sigma$	1.4	1.44	1.52	1.52	0.9	0.914	0.97	0.952		
Deviation (%)	$\epsilon$ : -4.5%		$\epsilon$ : 0.56%		$\epsilon$ : 3.37%		$\epsilon$ : -4.34%			
	$\sigma$ : 2.14%		$\sigma$ : 0.65%		$\sigma$ : 1.56%		$\sigma$ : -1.85%			

### Test System Validation

- Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at 835MHz, 1900MHz (Graphic Plots Attached)
- The results are nominalized to 1W input power

Table 8.2 System Validation [5]

SYSTEM DIPOLE VALIDATION TARGET & MEASURED						
Tissue	System Validation Kit:	Forward Power (W)	Targeted SAR1g (mW/g)	Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	Deviation (%)	Test Date
1900MHz Brain	D1900V2(S/N :5d058)	1.0	9.33	9.51	1.93%	2007-07-27
835MHz Brain	D835V2(S/N:475)	1.0	2.29	2.27	-0.87%	2007-07-27

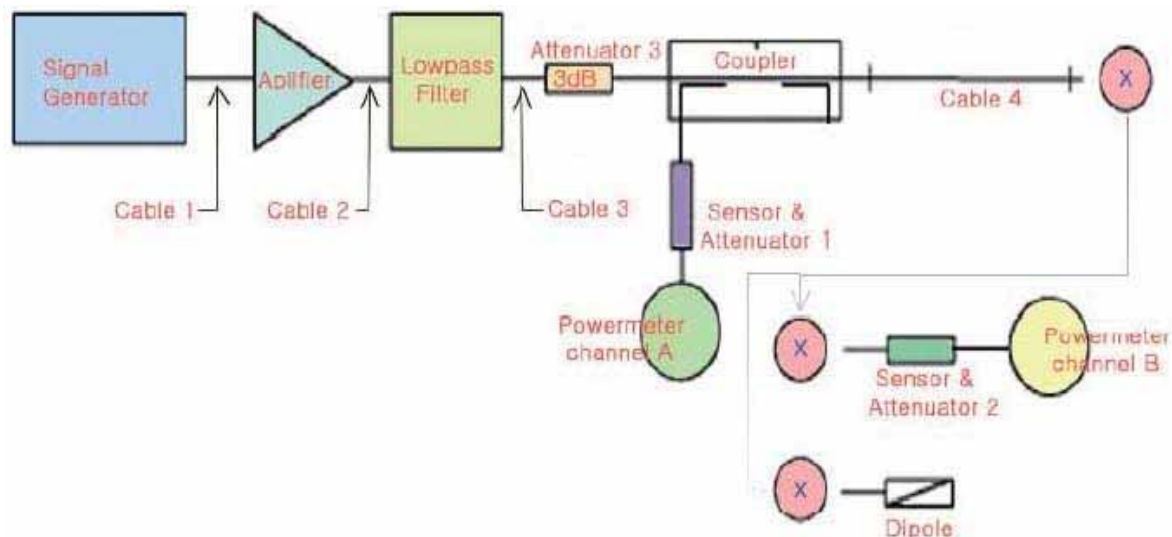


Figure 12.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup

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426-5, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu,  
Seoul, 153-803, KoreaTEL: 82-2-867-3201  
FAX: 82-2-867-3204**9. RESULTS(continued)**Ambient TEMPERATURE (C) : **23.0**Relative HUMIDITY (%) : **46**Mixture Type : **835MHz Brain**Dielectric Constant : **42.9**Conductivity: **0.914****Measurement Results (GSM Head SAR)**

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram
---	--

**MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Head SAR)**

Frequency		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test position	Slider	BT	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Begin	End						
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.51	Standrd	Left Touch	IN	–	Fixed	0.206
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.48	Standrd	Left Touch	UP	–	Fixed	0.119
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.40	Standrd	Right Touch	IN	–	Fixed	0.250
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.59	Standrd	Right Touch	IN	ON	Fixed	0.273
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.50	Standrd	Right Touch	UP	–	Fixed	0.117
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.51	Standrd	Left Tilt	IN	–	Fixed	0.096
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.59	Standrd	Left Tilt	UP	–	Fixed	0.054
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.60	Standrd	Right Tilt	IN	–	Fixed	0.112
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.49	Standrd	Right Tilt	UP	–	Fixed	0.074

**NOTES:**

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.

2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type : **Standard**

Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C[July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left,light,cheek/touch,tilt/ear, extended and retracted )is at least 3.0dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the hiah and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4. Power Measured : **Conducted**

5. SAR Measurement System : **SPEAG**

6. SAR Configuration : **Head**

Engineer I.K.Hong

(Si)

Test report no : ESTSAR0708-004

FCC ID : SBWVK160

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426-5, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu,  
Seoul, 153-803, KoreaTEL: 82-2-867-3201  
FAX: 82-2-867-3204**9. RESULTS(continued)**Ambient TEMPERATURE (C) : **23.0**Relative HUMIDITY (%) : **46**Mixture Type : **835MHz Body**Dielectric Constant : **52.8**Conductivity: **0.952****Measurement Results (GSM BODY SAR without Holster)**

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram
---	--

**MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Body SAR Without Holster)**

Frequency		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test position	Slider	BT	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Begin	End						
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.43	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]FRONT	UP	–	Fixed	0.082
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.47	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]FRONT	IN	–	Fixed	0.227
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.53	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]Rear	UP	–	Fixed	0.117
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.57	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]Rear	IN	–	Fixed	0.302
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.50	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]Rear	IN	ON	Fixed	0.251

**MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Body SAR Without Holster – GPRS)**

Frequency		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test position	Slider	BT	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Begin	End						
836.60	190	GSM	32.50	32.40	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]Rear	IN	ON	Fixed	0.235

**NOTES:**

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.

2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type : **Standard**

Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C[July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left,light,cheek/touch,tilt/ear, extended and retracted )is at least 3.0dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the hiah and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4. Power Measured : **Conducted**5. SAR Measurement System : **SPEAG**6. SAR Configuration : **Body, GPRS mode function enable, Class 10 (multi slot mode)**

Engineer I.K.Hong

(Signatu

Test report no : ESTSAR0708-004

FCC ID : SBWVK160

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426-5, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu,  
Seoul, 153-803, KoreaTEL: 82-2-867-3201  
FAX: 82-2-867-3204**9. RESULTS(continued)**Ambient TEMPERATURE (C) : **23.0**Relative HUMIDITY (%) : **47**Mixture Type : **1900MHz Brain**Dielectric Constant : **39.9**Conductivity: **1.44****Measurement Results (GSM Head SAR)**

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Brain 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram
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**MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Head SAR)**

Frequency		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test position	Slider	BT	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Begin	End						
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.94	Standard	Left Touch	IN	–	Fixed	0.279
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.10	Standard	Left Touch	UP	–	Fixed	0.304
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.87	Standard	Right Touch	IN	–	Fixed	0.343
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.86	Standard	Right Touch	IN	ON	Fixed	0.202
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.90	Standard	Right Touch	UP	–	Fixed	0.256
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.90	Standard	Left Tilt	IN	–	Fixed	0.171
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.11	Standard	Left Tilt	UP	–	Fixed	0.150
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.03	Standard	Right Tilt	IN	–	Fixed	0.183
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.14	Standard	Right Tilt	UP	–	Fixed	0.178

**NOTES:**

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.

2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type : **Standard**

Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C[July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left,light,cheek/touch,tilt/ear, extended and retracted )is at least 3.0dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the hiah and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4. Power Measured : **Conducted**

5. SAR Measurement System : **SPEAG**

6. SAR Configuration : **Head**

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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

## 9. RESULTS(continued)

Ambient TEMPERATURE (C) : 21

Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 47

Mixture Type : 1900MHz Body

Dielectric Constant : 53.6

Conductivity: 1.53

### Measurement Results (GSM BODY SAR without Holster)

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram
---	---

#### MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Body SAR Without Holster)

Frequency		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test position	Slider	BT	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Begin	End						
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.91	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]FRONT	IN	–	Fixed	0.093
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.96	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]FRONT	UP	–	Fixed	0.247
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.90	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]REAR	IN	–	Fixed	0.307
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]REAR	UP	–	Fixed	0.349
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	29.91	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]REAR	UP	ON	Fixed	0.230

#### MEASUREMENT RESULTS (GSM Body SAR Without Holster – GPRS)

Frequency		Mod	Conducted Power(dBm)		battery	Device Test position	Slider	BT	Antenna Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Begin	End						
1880.00	661	GSM	30.00	30.14	Standard	1.5[w/o Holster]FRONT	–	ON	Fixed	0.439

#### NOTES:

1. The test data were reported the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration.

2. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case are reported.

3. Battery Type : Standard

Justification for reduced test configuration: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C[July 2001], if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left,light,cheek/touch,tilt/ear, extended and retracted )is at least 3.0dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the hiah and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

4. Power Measured : Conducted

5. SAR Measurement System : SPEAG

6. SAR Configuration : Body, GPRS mode function enable, Class 10 (multi slot mode)

Engineer I.K.Hong

(Sigr

Test report no : ESTSAR0708-004

FCC ID : SBWVK160

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**ESTECH Co., Ltd.**

Rm.1015, World Venture Center II,  
426-5, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu,  
Seoul, 153-803, Korea

TEL: 82-2-867-3201  
FAX: 82-2-867-3204

## APPENDIX A : Validation Test Data of Tissue



**ESTECH Co., Ltd.**

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TEL: 82-2-867-3201  
FAX: 82-2-867-3204

- Head Tissue(GSM850)

Title  
SubTitle



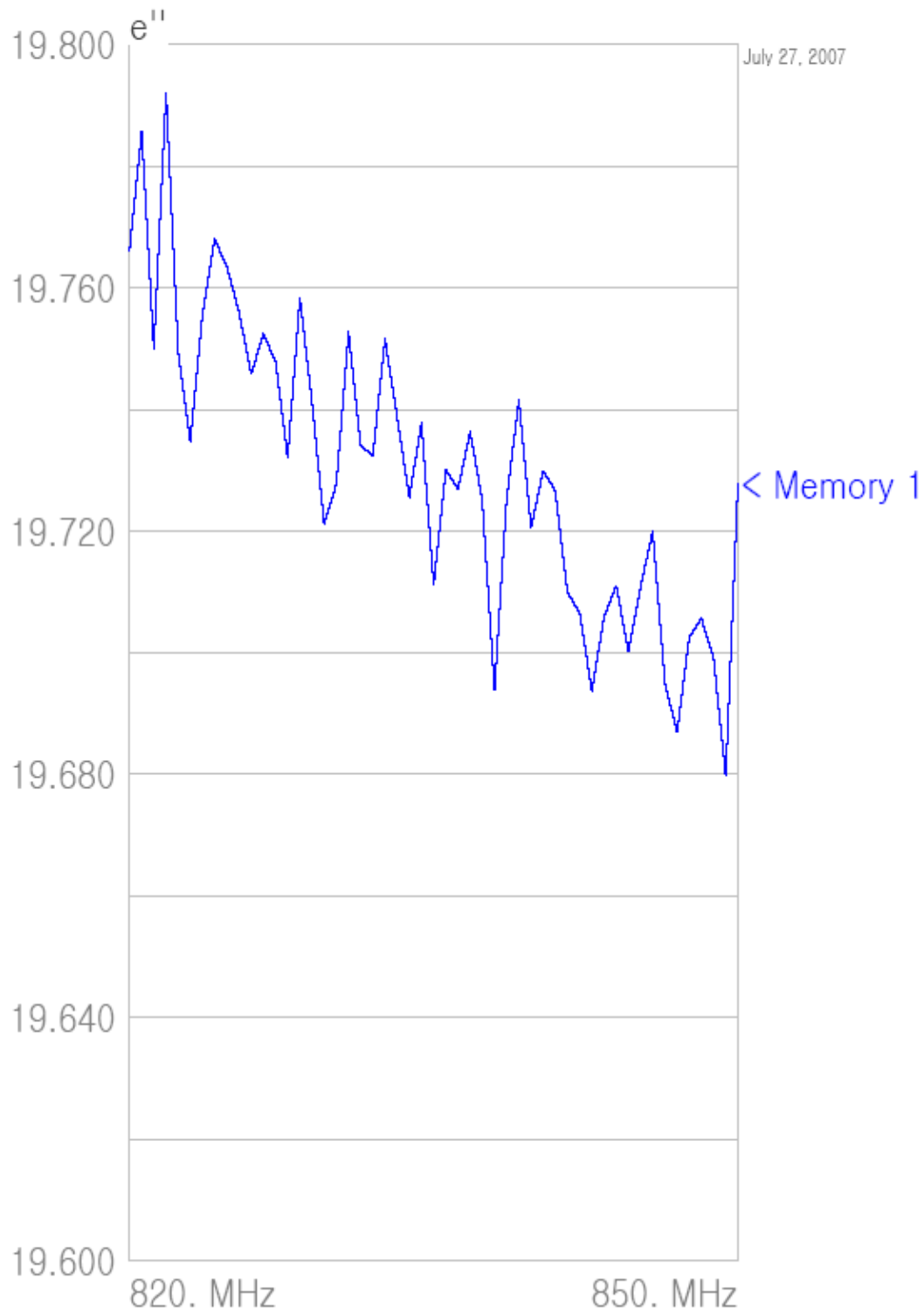


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Title  
SubTitle



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TEL: 82-2-867-3201  
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Title  
SubTitle  
July 27, 2007

Frequency	e'	e''
820.000000 MHz	43.1427	19.7663
820.590345 MHz	43.1423	19.7858
821.180690 MHz	43.1475	19.7501
821.771035 MHz	43.1429	19.7922
822.361380 MHz	43.1354	19.7494
822.951725 MHz	43.1039	19.7349
823.544195 MHz	43.1360	19.7557
824.136665 MHz	43.1230	19.7681
824.729135 MHz	43.0944	19.7635
825.321605 MHz	43.0757	19.7561
825.914075 MHz	43.0869	19.7459
826.506577 MHz	43.0736	19.7525
827.103280 MHz	43.0452	19.7480
827.697883 MHz	43.0561	19.7321
828.292485 MHz	43.0685	19.7585
828.887088 MHz	43.0471	19.7413
829.483831 MHz	43.0356	19.7212
830.080574 MHz	43.0424	19.7279
830.677317 MHz	43.0225	19.7528
831.274060 MHz	43.0433	19.7341
831.870803 MHz	43.0052	19.7325
832.469694 MHz	43.0050	19.7517
833.068585 MHz	43.0062	19.7387
833.667476 MHz	43.0074	19.7257
834.266367 MHz	42.9946	19.7379
834.865259 MHz	42.9706	19.7111
835.466306 MHz	42.9705	19.7302
836.067352 MHz	42.9745	19.7270
836.668399 MHz	42.9716	19.7364
837.269446 MHz	42.9310	19.7250
837.870493 MHz	42.9586	19.6938
838.473704 MHz	42.9517	19.7255
839.076914 MHz	42.9614	19.7417
839.680125 MHz	42.9181	19.7206
840.283335 MHz	42.9153	19.7300
840.886546 MHz	42.9194	19.7267
841.491927 MHz	42.8984	19.7098
842.097309 MHz	42.9025	19.7066
842.702691 MHz	42.9038	19.6937
843.308073 MHz	42.8913	19.7058
843.913455 MHz	42.8864	19.7110
844.521016 MHz	42.8788	19.7002
845.128577 MHz	42.8712	19.7108
845.736138 MHz	42.8885	19.7201
846.343699 MHz	42.8401	19.6950
846.951260 MHz	42.8428	19.6869
847.561008 MHz	42.8368	19.7024
848.170756 MHz	42.8010	19.7057
848.780504 MHz	42.7990	19.6990
849.390252 MHz	42.8402	19.6797
850.000000 MHz	42.7759	19.7279



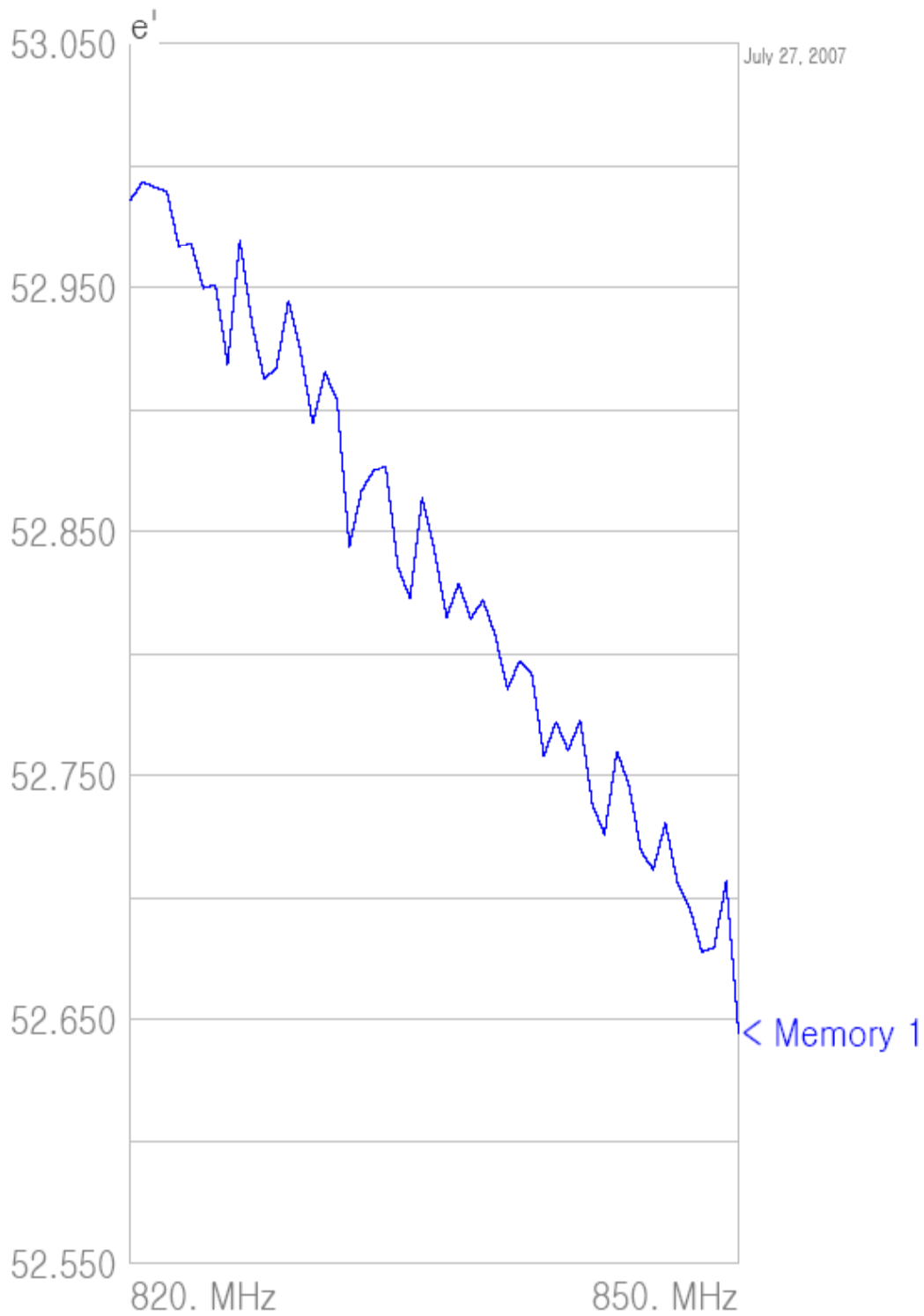
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Seoul, 153-803, Korea

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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

– GSM850 Body Tissue

Title  
SubTitle



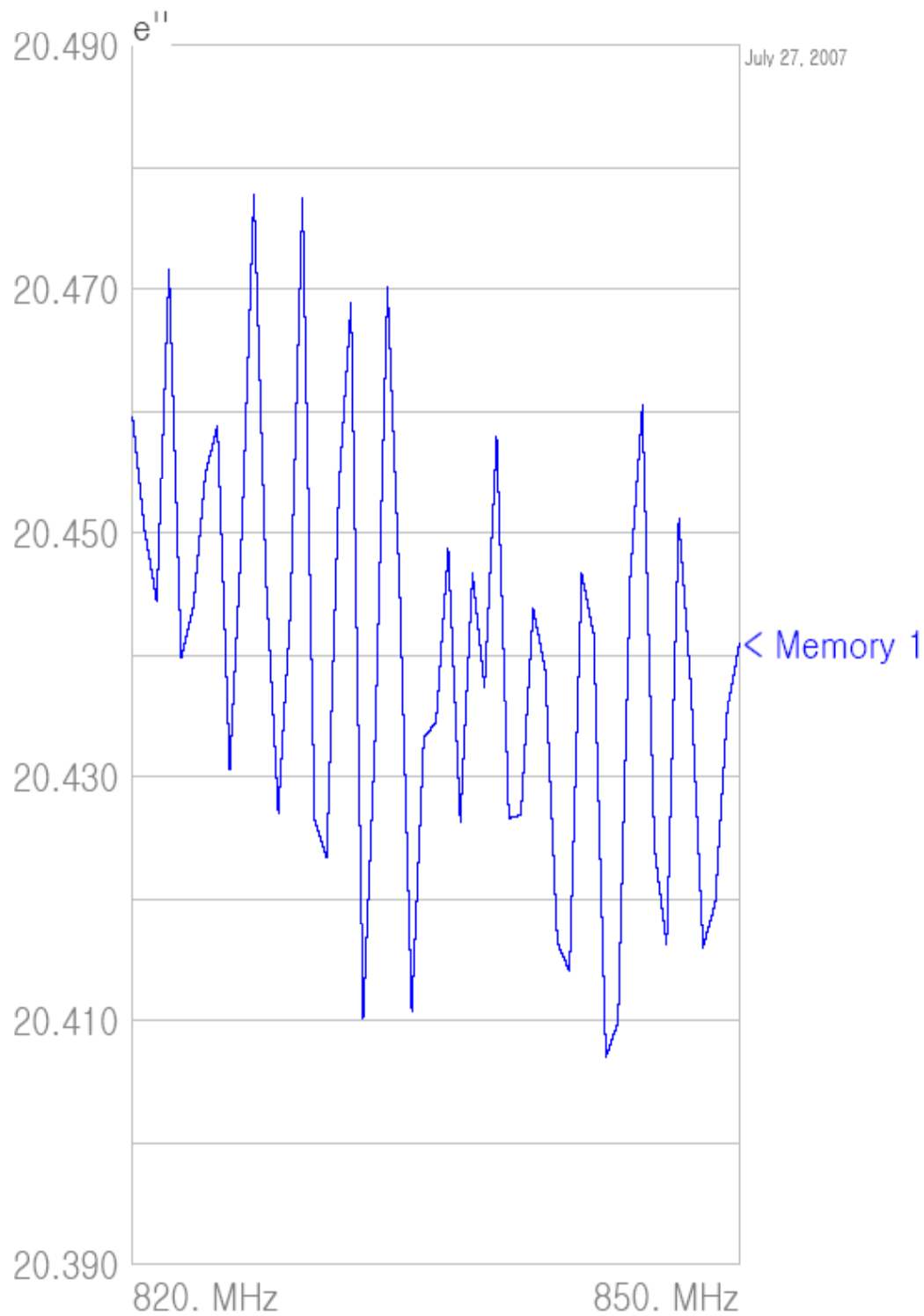


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Title  
SubTitle  
July 27, 2007

Frequency	e <sup>i</sup>	e <sup>ii</sup>
820.000000 MHz	52.9861	20.4595
820.590345 MHz	52.9937	20.4502
821.180690 MHz	52.9914	20.4444
821.771035 MHz	52.9897	20.4717
822.361380 MHz	52.9671	20.4398
822.951725 MHz	52.9683	20.4439
823.544195 MHz	52.9499	20.4549
824.136665 MHz	52.9512	20.4589
824.729135 MHz	52.9189	20.4306
825.321605 MHz	52.9698	20.4501
825.914075 MHz	52.9354	20.4779
826.508677 MHz	52.9130	20.4462
827.103280 MHz	52.9171	20.4271
827.697883 MHz	52.9449	20.4437
828.292485 MHz	52.9239	20.4776
828.887088 MHz	52.8946	20.4265
829.483831 MHz	52.9154	20.4234
830.080574 MHz	52.9043	20.4539
830.677317 MHz	52.8437	20.4689
831.274060 MHz	52.8666	20.4102
831.870803 MHz	52.8750	20.4336
832.469694 MHz	52.8771	20.4702
833.068585 MHz	52.8355	20.4456
833.667476 MHz	52.8230	20.4107
834.266367 MHz	52.8640	20.4333
834.865259 MHz	52.8426	20.4344
835.466306 MHz	52.8150	20.4487
836.067352 MHz	52.8289	20.4263
836.668399 MHz	52.8145	20.4467
837.269446 MHz	52.8222	20.4374
837.870493 MHz	52.8078	20.4579
838.473704 MHz	52.7858	20.4266
839.076914 MHz	52.7970	20.4269
839.680125 MHz	52.7924	20.4439
840.283335 MHz	52.7581	20.4388
840.886546 MHz	52.7720	20.4164
841.491927 MHz	52.7604	20.4140
842.097309 MHz	52.7725	20.4467
842.702691 MHz	52.7383	20.4417
843.308073 MHz	52.7260	20.4070
843.913455 MHz	52.7599	20.4099
844.521016 MHz	52.7463	20.4464
845.128577 MHz	52.7191	20.4605
845.736138 MHz	52.7117	20.4242
846.343699 MHz	52.7308	20.4162
846.951260 MHz	52.7059	20.4512
847.561008 MHz	52.6959	20.4375
848.170756 MHz	52.6776	20.4160
848.780504 MHz	52.6794	20.4197
849.390252 MHz	52.7071	20.4356
850.000000 MHz	52.6447	20.4410



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Seoul, 153-803, Korea

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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

- Head Tissue(PCS1900)

Title  
SubTitle



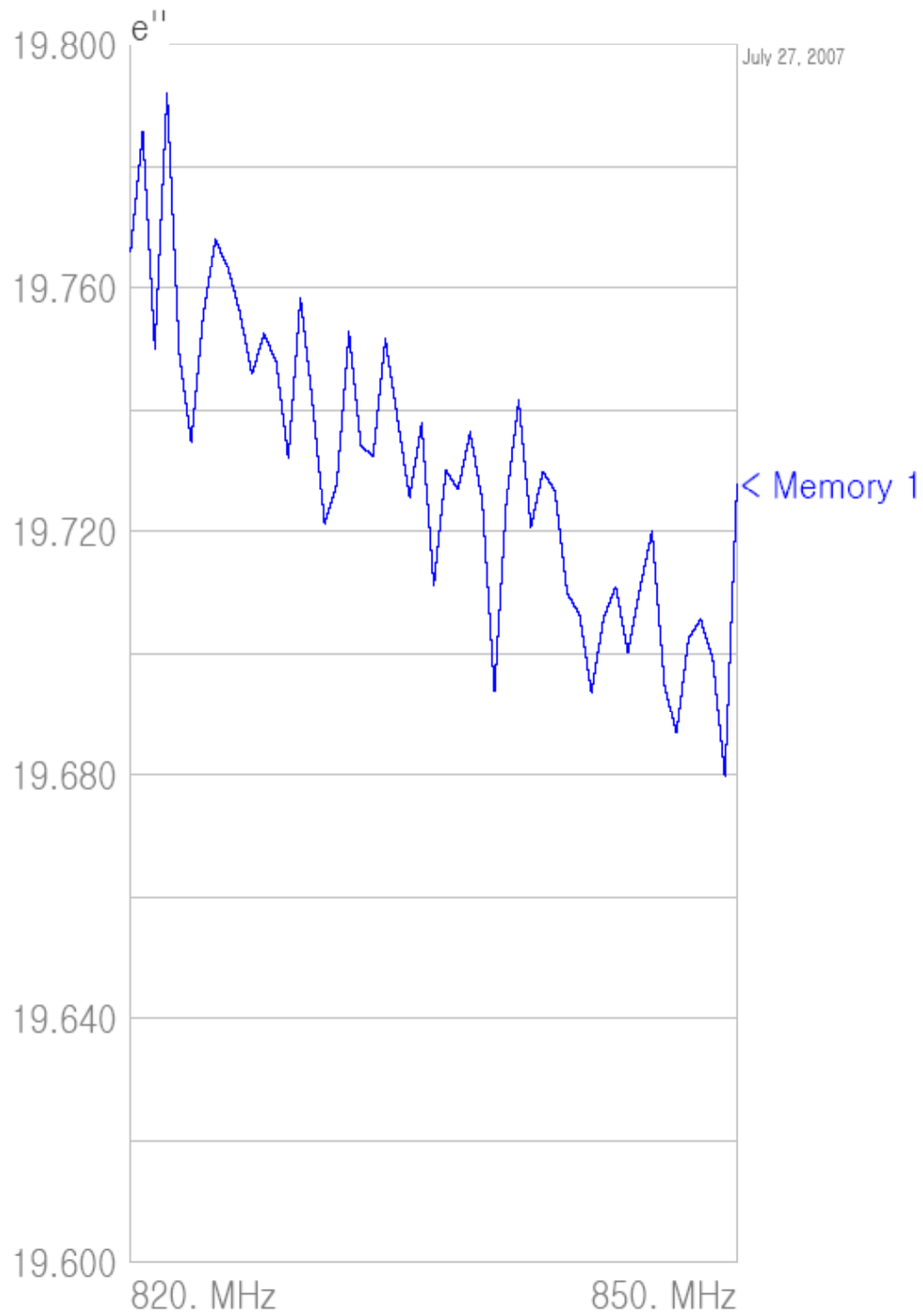


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Title  
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Title  
SubTitle  
July 27, 2007

Frequency	e <sup>i</sup>	e <sup>ii</sup>
820.000000 MHz	43.1427	19.7663
820.590345 MHz	43.1423	19.7858
821.180690 MHz	43.1475	19.7501
821.771035 MHz	43.1429	19.7922
822.361380 MHz	43.1354	19.7494
822.951725 MHz	43.1039	19.7349
823.544195 MHz	43.1360	19.7557
824.136665 MHz	43.1230	19.7681
824.729135 MHz	43.0944	19.7635
825.321605 MHz	43.0757	19.7561
825.914075 MHz	43.0669	19.7459
826.506677 MHz	43.0736	19.7525
827.103280 MHz	43.0452	19.7480
827.697883 MHz	43.0561	19.7321
828.292485 MHz	43.0685	19.7585
828.887088 MHz	43.0471	19.7413
829.483831 MHz	43.0356	19.7212
830.080574 MHz	43.0424	19.7279
830.677317 MHz	43.0225	19.7528
831.274060 MHz	43.0433	19.7341
831.870803 MHz	43.0052	19.7325
832.469694 MHz	43.0050	19.7517
833.068585 MHz	43.0062	19.7387
833.667476 MHz	43.0074	19.7257
834.266367 MHz	42.9946	19.7379
834.865259 MHz	42.9706	19.7111
835.466306 MHz	42.9705	19.7302
836.067352 MHz	42.9745	19.7270
836.668399 MHz	42.9716	19.7364
837.269446 MHz	42.9310	19.7250
837.870493 MHz	42.9586	19.6938
838.473704 MHz	42.9517	19.7255
839.076914 MHz	42.9614	19.7417
839.680125 MHz	42.9181	19.7206
840.283335 MHz	42.9153	19.7300
840.886546 MHz	42.9194	19.7267
841.491927 MHz	42.8984	19.7098
842.097309 MHz	42.9025	19.7066
842.702691 MHz	42.9038	19.6937
843.308073 MHz	42.8913	19.7058
843.913455 MHz	42.8664	19.7110
844.521016 MHz	42.8788	19.7002
845.128577 MHz	42.8712	19.7108
845.736138 MHz	42.8685	19.7201
846.343699 MHz	42.8401	19.6950
846.951260 MHz	42.8428	19.6869
847.561008 MHz	42.8368	19.7024
848.170756 MHz	42.8010	19.7057
848.780504 MHz	42.7990	19.6990
849.390252 MHz	42.8402	19.6797
850.000000 MHz	42.7759	19.7279



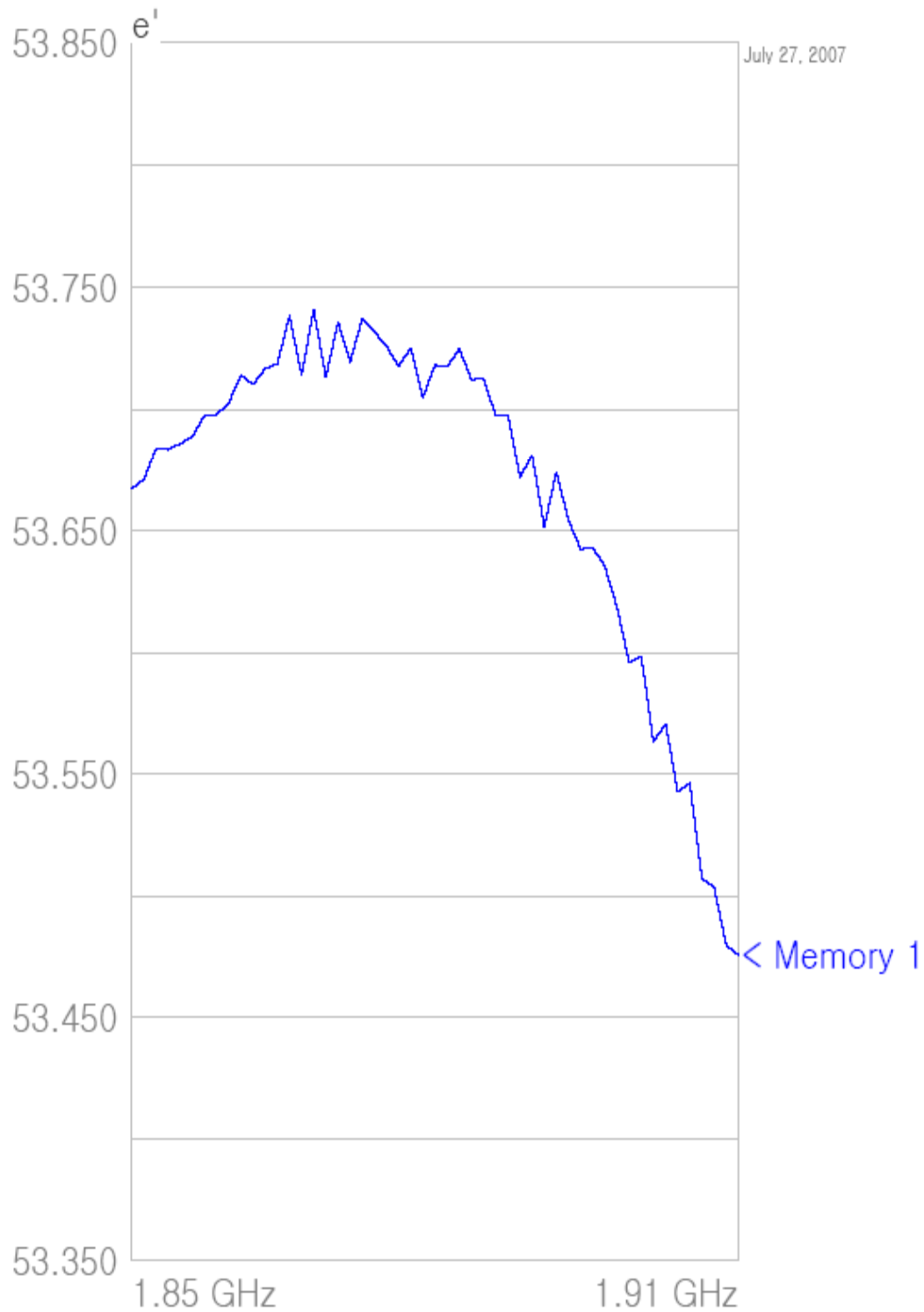
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Seoul, 153-803, Korea

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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

– PCS1900 Body Tissue

Title  
SubTitle



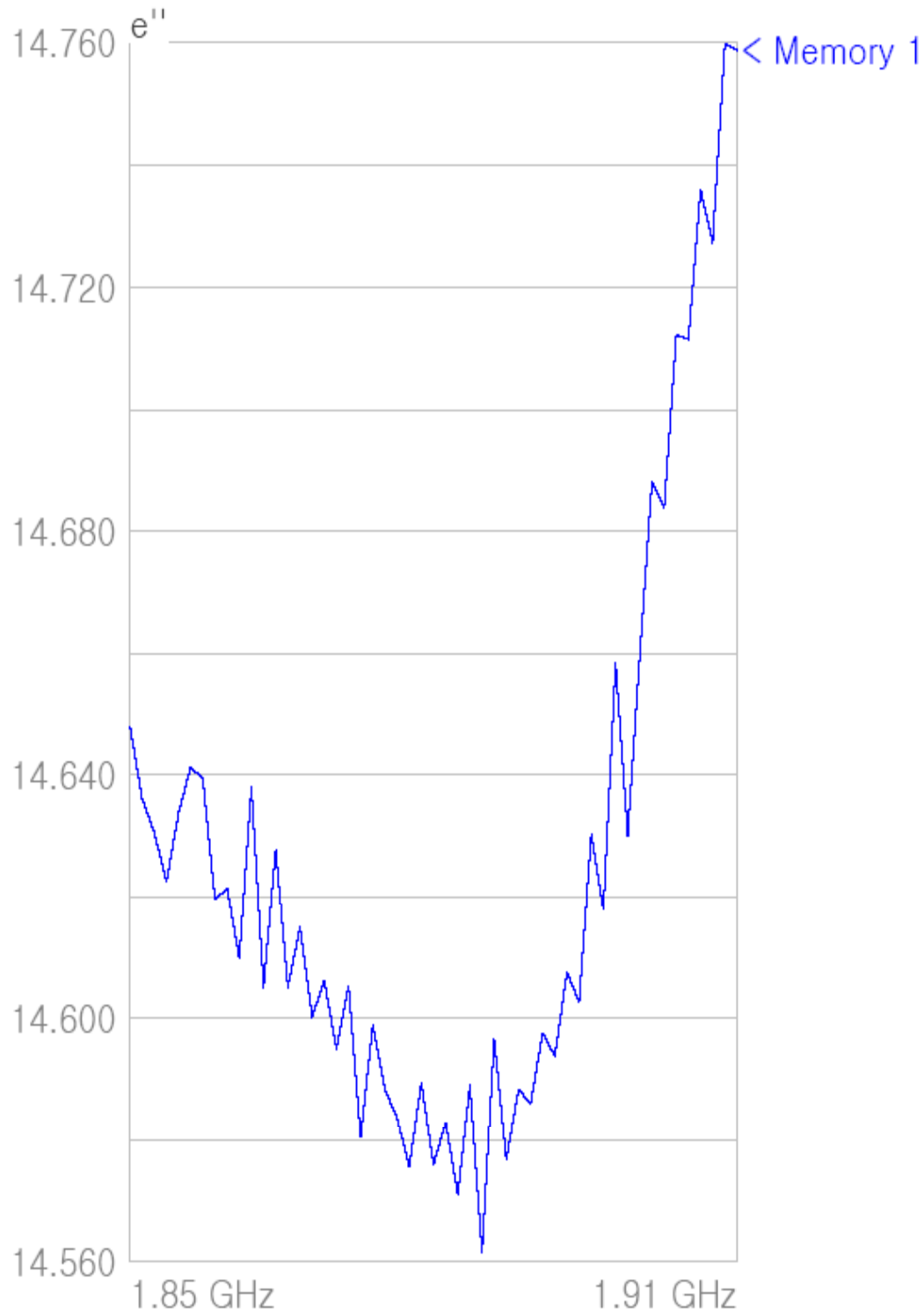


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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

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Title

SubTitle

July 27, 2007

Frequency	e <sup>i</sup>	e <sup>ii</sup>
1.850000000 GHz	53.6675	14.6479
1.851182638 GHz	53.6711	14.6361
1.852365676 GHz	53.6841	14.6306
1.853548514 GHz	53.6837	14.6225
1.854731352 GHz	53.6862	14.6338
1.855914190 GHz	53.6889	14.6413
1.857100809 GHz	53.6979	14.6393
1.858287429 GHz	53.6980	14.6196
1.859474048 GHz	53.7030	14.6213
1.860660667 GHz	53.7143	14.6098
1.861847287 GHz	53.7104	14.6381
1.863033769 GHz	53.7169	14.6051
1.864228112 GHz	53.7190	14.6278
1.865418525 GHz	53.7385	14.6051
1.866608938 GHz	53.7143	14.6150
1.867799351 GHz	53.7412	14.6002
1.868993569 GHz	53.7133	14.6062
1.870187787 GHz	53.7361	14.5950
1.871382006 GHz	53.7197	14.6053
1.872576224 GHz	53.7373	14.5805
1.873770442 GHz	53.7321	14.5989
1.874968479 GHz	53.7261	14.5884
1.876166515 GHz	53.7180	14.5836
1.877364551 GHz	53.7254	14.5756
1.878562587 GHz	53.7051	14.5895
1.879760623 GHz	53.7184	14.5759
1.880962489 GHz	53.7176	14.5829
1.882164355 GHz	53.7251	14.5710
1.883366221 GHz	53.7124	14.5890
1.884568087 GHz	53.7129	14.5615
1.885769953 GHz	53.6977	14.5966
1.886975662 GHz	53.6979	14.5767
1.888181370 GHz	53.6721	14.5884
1.889387078 GHz	53.6813	14.5860
1.890592787 GHz	53.6517	14.5976
1.891798495 GHz	53.6743	14.5938
1.893008058 GHz	53.6543	14.6076
1.894217620 GHz	53.6426	14.6026
1.895427183 GHz	53.6432	14.6304
1.896636746 GHz	53.6356	14.6179
1.897846309 GHz	53.6186	14.6584
1.899059738 GHz	53.5963	14.6301
1.900273168 GHz	53.5988	14.6598
1.901486597 GHz	53.5632	14.6882
1.902700027 GHz	53.5707	14.6838
1.903913456 GHz	53.5428	14.7124
1.905130765 GHz	53.5464	14.7116
1.906348074 GHz	53.5073	14.7360
1.907565383 GHz	53.5036	14.7274
1.908782691 GHz	53.4795	14.7599
1.910000000 GHz	53.4756	14.7588





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426-5, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu,  
Seoul, 153-803, Korea

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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

## APPENDIX B : Validation Test Data



**ESTECH Co., Ltd.**

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426-5, Gasan-dong, Geumcheon-gu,  
Seoul, 153-803, Korea

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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

Dipole Validation



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**- GSM850 Validation**

Date: 2007-07-27

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

**VALIDATION**

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:xxx**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.916 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 43$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3123; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 2006-10-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Phantom: SAM 835MHz; Type: SAM 835MHz; Serial: TP-1262
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature : 23°C, Humidity : 46%

**Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.44 mW/g

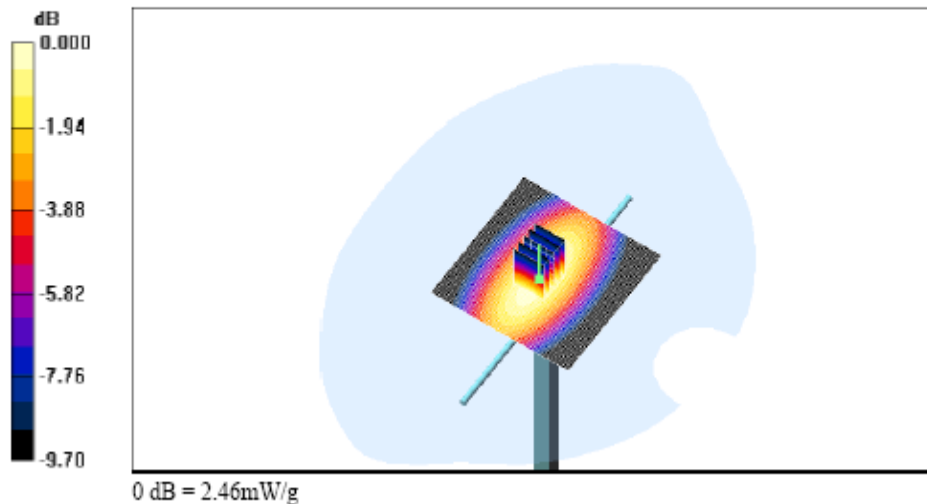
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 52.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.46 mW/g



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FAX: 82-2-867-3204

**– PCS1900 Validation**

Date: 2007-07-27

Test Laboratory: ESTECH

**VALIDATION**

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:xxx**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900.4 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.44 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3123; ConvF(5.08, 5.08, 5.08); Calibrated: 2006-10-17
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn551; Calibrated: 2007-04-23
- Phantom: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Type: SAM MIC 1800MHz; Serial: TP-1263
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161
- Temperature : 23°C, Humidity : 46%

**Area Scan (61x61x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 86.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.51 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g

