



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

FCC ID : RAS-MT7921
Equipment : 2TX 11ax (WiFi 6) + BLE Combo Card
Brand Name : MediaTek
Model Name : MT7921
Applicant : MediaTek Inc.
No. 1, Dusing 1st Rd., Hsinchu Science Park Hsinchu City
30078 Taiwan
Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was installed into Notebook Computer (Brand Name: Lenovo, Model Name: Lenovo 14e Chromebook Gen 3, IP Slim 3 Chrome 14IAN8) during test.

The product was received on Oct. 25, 2022 and testing was started from Nov. 21, 2022 and completed on Nov. 25, 2022. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provided by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Cona Huang

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager



Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory



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History of this test report



1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for MediaTek Inc., 2TX 11ax (WiFi 6) + BLE Combo Card, MT7921, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary		Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Body (Separation 0mm)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.15	1.15
		5GHz WLAN	1.12	1.12
DSS	2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	0.44	0.44
Date of Testing:		2022/11/21 ~ 2022/11/25		

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

Reviewed by: Jason Wang

Report Producer: Paula Chen

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards, the below KDB standard may not including in the TAF code without accreditation.

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02



3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	2TX 11ax (WiFi 6) + BLE Combo Card
Brand Name	MediaTek
Model Name	MT7921
FCC ID	RAS-MT7921
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6 GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8 GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
Mode	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/HE20/HE40/HE80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
Remark:	1. This device has two antenna vendors, RF exposure evaluation selects ICT as the main test, INPAQ will spot check worst case found in ICT.

Host Information	
Equipment Name	Notebook Computer
Brand Name	Lenovo
Model Name	Lenovo 14e Chromebook Gen 3, IP Slim 3 Chrome 14IAN8
EUT Stage	Production Unit

Antenna Information				
Manufacturer	Luxshare-Ict			
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna		PIFA Antenna	
Part number	DC33001YQ00		DC33001YQ10	
	Main Antenna :		AUX Antenna :	
Peak gain (dbi)	Tx1 Antenna :		Tx2 Antenna :	
	WLAN(2.4G):	1.89 dBi	BT/WLAN(2.4G):	1.22 dBi
	WLAN(5G B1):	2.96 dBi	WLAN(5G B1):	2.64 dBi
	WLAN(5G B2):	2.98 dBi	WLAN(5G B2):	2.09 dBi
	WLAN(5G B3):	2.74 dBi	WLAN(5G B3):	1.96 dBi
	WLAN(5G B4):	2.77 dBi	WLAN(5G B4):	1.96 dBi
	UNII-5	2.58 dBi	UNII-5	1.96 dBi
Manufacturer	INPAQ			
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna		PIFA Antenna	
Part number	DC33001YR00		DC33001YR10	
	Main Antenna :		AUX Antenna :	
Peak gain (dbi)	WLAN(2.4G):	1.79 dBi	BT/WLAN(2.4G):	1.64 dBi
	WLAN(5G B1):	1.42 dBi	WLAN(5G B1):	2.64 dBi
	WLAN(5G B2):	1.44 dBi	WLAN(5G B2):	2.90 dBi
	WLAN(5G B3):	2.73 dBi	WLAN(5G B3):	2.49 dBi
	WLAN(5G B4):	2.37 dBi	WLAN(5G B4):	2.80 dBi
	UNII-5	2.22 dBi	UNII-5	2.78 dBi



4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

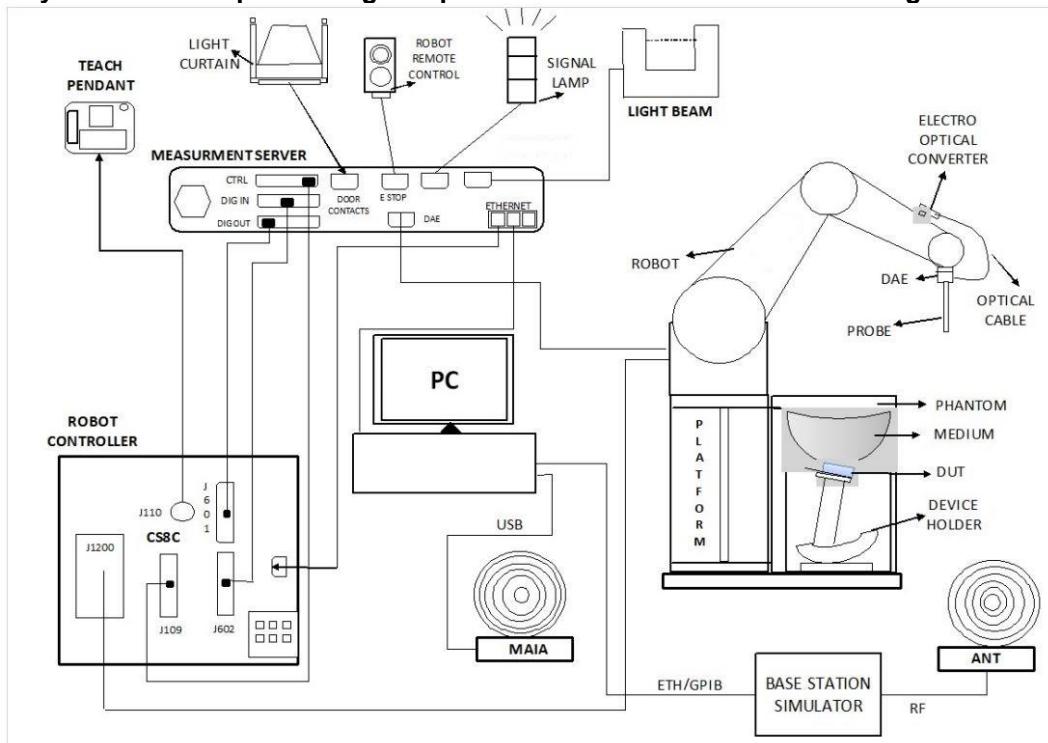
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- The DASY system in SAR Configuration is shown above
- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running windows software and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 Test Site Location

The SAR measurement facilities used to collect data are within both Sporton Lab list below test site location are accredited to ISO 17025 by Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190 and 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 and TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Test Site	EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory		Wensan Laboratory		
Test Site Location	TW1190 No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333		TW3786 No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010		
Test Site No.	SAR01-HY	SAR03-HY	SAR08-HY	SAR09-HY	SAR15-HY
	SAR04-HY	SAR05-HY	SAR11-HY	SAR12-HY	SAR16-HY
	SAR06-HY	SAR10-HY	SAR13-HY	SAR14-HY	SAR17-HY

6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g – >100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

6.4 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	 A photograph of the SAM Twin Phantom. It is a rectangular white phantom housed in a clear acrylic frame. A black device holder is positioned inside, secured by three pairs of bolts on the bottom plate. The top of the phantom is covered by a white lid.
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	 A photograph of the ELI Phantom. It is a white phantom with a red circular opening on top. A black device holder is positioned inside, secured by three pairs of bolts on the bottom plate.
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

6.5 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.



Mounting Device for Hand-Held
Transmitters



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops



7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	



7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 5 mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 4 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 3 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4 - 5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5 - 6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remains in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT installed full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit ⁽²⁾	D2450V2	736	Aug. 17, 2021	Aug. 15, 2023
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit ⁽²⁾	D5GHzV2	1006	Sep. 15, 2021	Sep. 13, 2023
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 21, 2022	Sep. 20, 2023
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	528	May. 19, 2022	May. 18, 2023
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Oct. 31, 2022	Oct. 30, 2023
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	Jan. 27, 2022	Jan. 26, 2023
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM685-1	Jun. 27, 2022	Jun. 26, 2023
RCPTWN	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM560-2	Mar. 15, 2022	Mar. 14, 2023
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT	100815	Feb. 24, 2022	Feb. 23, 2023
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Oct. 12, 2022	Oct. 11, 2023
Keysight	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Sep. 22, 2022	Sep. 21, 2023
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Sep. 28, 2022	Sep. 27, 2023
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	DTM3000-spezial	2942	Oct. 31, 2022	Oct. 30, 2023
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	Aug. 16, 2022	Aug. 15, 2023
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911176	Aug. 16, 2022	Aug. 15, 2023
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1804003	Oct. 17, 2022	Oct. 16, 2023
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1726150	Oct. 17, 2022	Oct. 16, 2023
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jul. 21, 2022	Jul. 20, 2023
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 19, 2021	Aug. 17, 2023
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	6418	Oct. 14, 2022	Oct. 13, 2023
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	479102029	Sep. 15, 2022	Sep. 14, 2023
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note 1	
Warison	Directional Coupler	WCOU-10-50S-10	WR889BMC4B1	Note 1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 1	

General Note:

- Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.



9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of 18°C to 25°C, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing.

< Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results >

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	22.4	1.783	38.954	1.80	39.20	-0.94	-0.63	± 5	2022/11/21
2450	22.7	1.767	38.734	1.80	39.20	-1.83	-1.19	± 5	2022/11/23
5250	22.4	4.642	36.590	4.71	35.95	-1.44	1.78	± 5	2022/11/21
5250	22.3	4.557	36.264	4.71	35.95	-3.25	0.87	± 5	2022/11/24
5250	22.8	4.664	36.742	4.71	35.95	-0.98	2.20	± 5	2022/11/25
5600	22.3	4.912	35.782	5.07	35.50	-3.12	0.79	± 5	2022/11/24
5600	22.8	5.026	36.260	5.07	35.50	-0.87	2.14	± 5	2022/11/25
5750	22.3	5.061	35.507	5.22	35.35	-3.05	0.44	± 5	2022/11/24
5750	22.8	5.178	35.985	5.22	35.35	-0.80	1.80	± 5	2022/11/25

9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Test Site	Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
SAR09	2022/11/21	2450	50	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn577	2.590	54.200	51.8	-4.43
SAR08	2022/11/23	2450	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn528	13.500	54.200	54	-0.37
SAR09	2022/11/21	5250	50	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN3976	DAE3 Sn577	4.050	81.700	81	-0.86
SAR08	2022/11/24	5250	50	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn528	3.860	81.700	77.2	-5.51
SAR08	2022/11/25	5250	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5250	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn528	8.500	81.700	85	4.04
SAR08	2022/11/24	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn528	8.640	85.100	86.4	1.53
SAR08	2022/11/25	5600	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5600	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn528	8.840	85.100	88.4	3.88
SAR08	2022/11/24	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5750	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn528	7.720	81.400	77.2	-5.16
SAR08	2022/11/25	5750	100	D5GHzV2-1006-5750	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn528	8.480	81.400	84.8	4.18

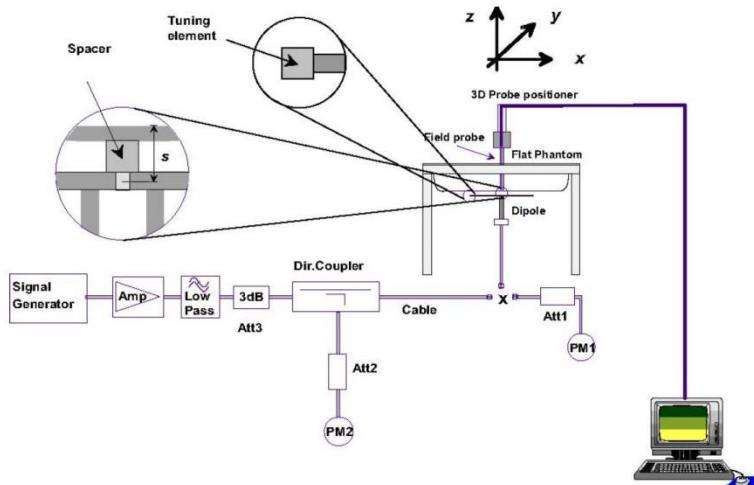


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo



10. WiFi/Bluetooth Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:

1. For each antenna, transmit power in SISO operation is larger than (or equal to) the power in MIMO operation, RF exposure compliance of MIMO mode can be deduced from the compliance simultaneous transmission of antennas operating in SISO mode.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6W/kg and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04 , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
3. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures. For "Not required", SAR Test reduction was applied from KDB 248227 guidance, Sec. 2.1, b, 1) when the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, additional output power measurements were not necessary.
4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
5. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
6. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
7. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures. The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
8. Per 201904 TCBC workshops, General principles of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 can be applied to determine the SAR Initial Test Configurations and test reduction for 802.11ax SAR testing. For the table below the 802.11ax maximum power is SU (non-OFDMA), and the SU maximum power also higher than RU (OFDMA)
9. In applying the test guidance, the IEEE 802.11 mode with the maximum output power (out of all modes) should be considered for testing
10. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands
11. When SAR testing for 802.11ax is required
 - a. If the maximum output power is highest for OFDMA scenarios, choose the tone size with the maximum number of tones and the highest maximum output power
 - b. Otherwise, consider the fully allocated channel for SAR testing
 - c. When SAR testing is required on RU sizes less than the fully allocated channel, use the RU number closest to the middle of the channel, choosing the higher RU number when two RUs are equidistant to the middle of the channel



2.4GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2(1)		Ant 1+2(2)		Ant 1+2		
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	19.60	20.00	99.60	19.30	19.50	99.60	20.00	99.60	19.50	99.60	22.50	99.60	22.50
		6	2437	19.80	20.00		19.10	19.50		20.00		19.50		22.50		22.50
		11	2462	19.90	20.00		19.10	19.50		20.00		19.50		22.50		22.50
		12	2467	15.90	16.00		15.90	16.00		16.00		16.00		19.00		19.00
		13	2472	9.40	9.50		9.10	9.50		9.50		9.50		12.50		12.50
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412		17.50	99.60		18.00	99.60		99.60		99.60		99.60	
		6	2437		18.50			19.00								20.50
		11	2462		17.50			17.50								21.50
		12	2467		12.50			12.50								20.50
		13	2472		7.00			7.50								15.50
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	1	2412		17.00	99.60		17.00	99.60		99.60		99.60		99.60	
		6	2437		18.00			18.50								20.00
		11	2462		16.50			17.00								21.50
		12	2467		10.50			11.00								19.50
		13	2472		5.50			6.00								13.50
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	3	2422		15.50	99.60		15.50	99.60		99.60		99.60		99.60	
		6	2437		16.50			16.50								18.50
		9	2452		15.50			15.50								19.50
		10	2457		8.50			9.00								18.50
		11	2462		6.50			7.00								12.00
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	1	2412		17.00	99.60		17.00	99.60		99.60		99.60		99.60	
		6	2437		18.00			18.50								21.50
		11	2462		16.50			17.00								19.50
		12	2467		10.50			11.00								13.50
		13	2472		5.50			6.00								9.00
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	3	2422		15.50	99.60		15.50	99.60		99.60		99.60		99.60	
		6	2437		16.50			16.50								18.50
		9	2452		15.50			15.50								19.50
		10	2457		8.50			9.00								18.50
		11	2462		6.50			7.00								12.00
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	1	2412		17.00	99.60		17.50	99.60		99.60		99.60		99.60	
		6	2437		18.50			18.50								21.50
		11	2462		17.00			17.00								20.00
		12	2467		10.50			11.00								14.00
		13	2472		6.00			6.50								9.00
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	3	2422		15.50	99.60		16.00	99.60		99.60		99.60		99.60	
		6	2437		16.50			17.00								20.00
		9	2452		15.50			15.50								18.50
		10	2457		9.00			9.50								12.00
		11	2462		7.00			7.50								10.00



5.2GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2(1)		Ant 1+2(2)		Ant 1+2		
5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	Not required	16.00	Not required	Not required	15.50	Not required	Not required	16.00	Not required	15.50	Not required	18.50	Not required
		40	5200		17.50			17.50			17.50		17.50		20.50	
		44	5220		19.00			19.00			19.00		19.00		22.00	
		48	5240		19.00			19.00			19.00		19.00		22.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	36	5180		16.50	Not required	Not required	16.00			16.50		16.00		19.00	Not required
		40	5200		17.50			17.00			17.50		17.00		20.50	
		44	5220		18.50			18.50			18.50		18.50		21.50	
		48	5240		18.50			18.50			18.50		18.50		21.50	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	38	5190		15.50	Not required	Not required	15.00			15.50		15.00		18.50	Not required
		46	5230		18.00			17.50			18.00		17.50		20.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	36	5180		16.50	Not required	Not required	16.00			16.50		16.00		19.00	Not required
		40	5200		17.50			17.00			17.50		17.00		20.50	
		44	5220		18.50			18.50			18.50		18.50		21.50	
		48	5240		18.50			18.50			18.50		18.50		21.50	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	38	5190		15.50	Not required	Not required	15.00			15.50		15.00		18.50	Not required
		46	5230		18.00			17.50			18.00		17.50		20.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	42	5210		14.50	Not required	Not required	14.00			14.50		14.00		17.00	Not required
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	36	5180		16.50			16.00			16.50		16.00		19.50	
		40	5200		17.50			17.50			17.50		17.50		20.50	
		44	5220		19.00			18.50			19.00		18.50		21.50	
		48	5240		19.00			18.50			19.00		18.50		21.50	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	38	5190		16.00	Not required	Not required	15.50			16.00		15.50		18.50	Not required
		46	5230		18.00			18.00			18.00		18.00		21.00	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	42	5210		14.50			14.50			14.50		14.50		17.50	



5.3GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2(1)		Ant 1+2(2)		Ant 1+2		
5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	18.90	19.00	96.90	18.80	19.00	97.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	
		56	5280	18.90	19.00		18.60	19.00		19.00		19.00		19.00	19.00	
		60	5300	18.90	19.00		18.70	19.00		19.00		19.00		19.00	19.00	
		64	5320	16.00	16.00		16.40	16.50		16.00		16.50		19.00	19.00	
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	52	5260	Not required	18.50	Not required	18.50	Not required	Not required	18.50	Not required	18.50	21.50	21.50	21.50	
		56	5280		18.50		18.50			18.50		18.50		21.50	21.50	
		60	5300		18.00		18.00			18.00		18.00		21.00	21.00	
		64	5320		16.00		15.50			16.00		15.50		19.00	19.00	
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	54	5270	Not required	18.00	Not required	18.00	Not required	Not required	18.00	Not required	18.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	
		62	5310		15.50		15.00			15.50		15.00		18.50	18.50	
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	52	5260	Not required	18.50	Not required	18.50	Not required	Not required	18.50	Not required	18.50	21.50	21.50	21.50	
		56	5280		18.50		18.50			18.50		18.50		21.50	21.50	
		60	5300		18.00		18.00			18.00		18.00		21.00	21.00	
		64	5320		16.00		15.50			16.00		15.50		19.00	19.00	
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	54	5270	Not required	18.00	Not required	18.00	Not required	Not required	18.00	Not required	18.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	
		62	5310		15.50		15.00			15.50		15.00		18.50	18.50	
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	58	5290	Not required	14.50	Not required	14.50	Not required	Not required	14.50	Not required	14.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	52	5260		19.00	Not required	19.00	Not required	Not required	19.00	Not required	19.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	
		56	5280		19.00		19.00			19.00		19.00		22.00	22.00	
		60	5300		18.50		18.00			18.50		18.00		21.50	21.50	
		64	5320		16.00		16.00			16.00		16.00		19.00	19.00	
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	54	5270	Not required	18.50	Not required	18.00	Not required	Not required	18.50	Not required	18.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	
		62	5310		16.00		15.50			16.00		15.50		18.50	18.50	
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	58	5290	Not required	14.50	Not required	14.50	Not required	Not required	14.50	Not required	14.50	17.50	17.50	17.50	



5.5GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2(1)		Ant 1+2(2)		Ant 1+2		
5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	17.20	17.50	96.90	16.80	17.00	97.00	17.50		17.00		20.00		
		116	5580	19.10	19.50		18.50	18.50		19.50		18.50		22.00		
		124	5620	19.40	19.50		18.50	18.50		19.50		18.50		22.00		
		132	5660	19.30	19.50		18.30	18.50		19.50		18.50		22.00		
		144	5720	17.40	17.50		17.10	17.50		17.50		17.50		20.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	100	5500		17.00		16.50			17.00		16.50		20.00		
		116	5580		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		124	5620		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		132	5660		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		144	5720		13.50		12.00			13.50		12.00		16.50		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	102	5510		17.50		17.00			17.50		17.00		20.00		
		110	5550		17.50		17.00			17.50		17.00		20.50		
		126	5630		17.50		17.50			17.50		17.50		20.50		
		134	5670		17.50		17.50			17.50		17.50		20.50		
		142	5710		10.50		9.50			10.50		9.50		13.50		
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	100	5500		17.00		16.50			17.00		16.50		20.00		
		116	5580		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		124	5620		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		132	5660		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		144	5720		13.50		12.00			13.50		12.00		16.50		
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	102	5510		17.50		17.00			17.50		17.00		20.00		
		110	5550		17.50		17.00			17.50		17.00		20.50		
		126	5630		17.50		17.50			17.50		17.50		20.50		
		134	5670		17.50		17.50			17.50		17.50		20.50		
		142	5710		10.50		9.50			10.50		9.50		13.50		
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	106	5530		15.50		15.00			15.50		15.00		18.00		
		122	5610		17.00		16.50			17.00		16.50		19.50		
		138	5690		15.00		8.00			15.00		8.00		17.00		
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	100	5500		17.50		17.00			17.50		17.00		20.00		
		116	5580		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		124	5620		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		132	5660		19.00		18.50			19.00		18.50		22.00		
		144	5720		14.00		12.50			14.00		12.50		16.50		
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	102	5510		17.50		17.00			17.50		17.00		20.00		
		110	5550		18.00		17.50			18.00		17.50		21.00		
		126	5630		18.00		18.00			18.00		18.00		21.00		
		134	5670		18.00		18.00			18.00		18.00		21.00		
		142	5710		11.00		10.00			11.00		10.00		14.00		
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	106	5530		15.50		15.00			15.50		15.00		18.50		
		122	5610		17.00		17.00			17.00		17.00		20.00		
		138	5690		14.50		8.00			14.50		8.00		16.00		



5.8GHz WLAN				Ant 1			Ant 2			Ant 1+2(1)		Ant 1+2(2)		Ant 1+2		
5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11a 6Mbps	149	5745	19.70	20.00	96.90	19.50	19.50	97.00	20.00	19.50	22.50	19.50	22.50	22.50	
		157	5785	19.80	20.00		19.30	19.50					19.50	22.50		
		165	5825	19.30	20.50		19.40	19.50					19.50	22.50		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	149	5745	19.00	19.00	Not required	18.50	18.50	Not required	19.00	18.50	21.50	18.50	22.00	22.00	
		157	5785										19.00	18.50	20.50	20.50
		165	5825										19.00	18.50	22.00	22.00
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	151	5755	17.50	17.50	Not required	17.50	17.50	Not required	17.50	17.50	20.50	17.50	20.50	20.50	
		159	5795										17.50	17.50	20.50	20.50
	802.11ac-VHT20 MCS0	149	5745	19.00	19.00	Not required	18.50	18.50	Not required	19.00	18.50	21.50	18.50	22.00	22.00	
		157	5785										19.00	18.50	22.00	22.00
		165	5825										19.00	18.50	22.00	22.00
	802.11ac-VHT40 MCS0	151	5755	17.50	17.50	Not required	17.50	17.50	Not required	17.50	17.50	20.50	17.50	20.50	20.50	
		159	5795										17.50	17.50	20.50	20.50
	802.11ac-VHT80 MCS0	155	5775	16.50	16.50	Not required	16.50	16.50	Not required	16.50	16.50	19.50	16.50	19.50	19.50	Not required
	802.11ax-HE20 MCS0	149	5745	19.00	19.00	Not required	18.50	19.00	Not required	19.00	19.00	22.00	18.50	19.00	22.00	22.00
		157	5785	19.00	19.00	Not required	19.00	19.00	Not required	19.00	19.00	22.00	19.00	19.00	22.00	22.00
		165	5825	20.00	20.00	Not required	19.00	19.00	Not required	20.00	20.00	22.50	19.00	19.00	22.50	22.50
	802.11ax-HE40 MCS0	151	5755	18.00	18.00	Not required	18.00	18.00	Not required	18.00	18.00	21.00	18.00	18.00	21.00	21.00
		159	5795	18.00	18.00	Not required	18.00	18.00	Not required	18.00	18.00	21.00	18.00	18.00	21.00	21.00
	802.11ax-HE80 MCS0	155	5775	17.00	17.00	Not required	16.50	16.50	Not required	17.00	17.00	20.00	16.50	16.50	20.00	20.00



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No. : FA202412

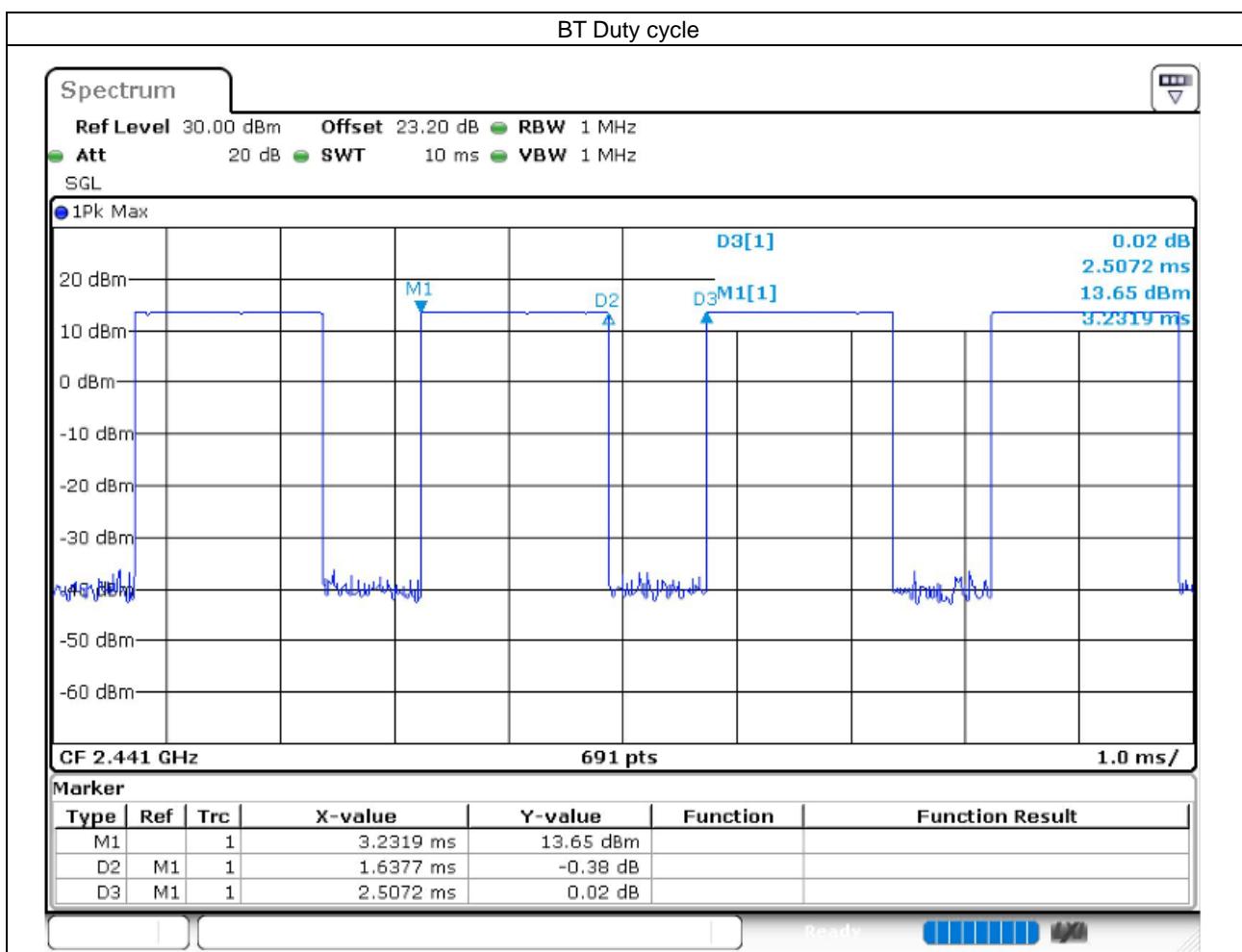
<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Ant 2		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
BR / EDR	CH 00	2402	11.40	Not required	Not required
	CH 39	2441	11.30		
	CH 78	2480	11.30		
Tune-up Limit			11.5	8.5	8.5

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Ant 2	
			1Mbps	2Mbps
LE	CH 00	2402	Not required	Not required
	CH 19	2440		
	CH 39	2480		
Tune-up Limit			11.5	11.5

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps due to its highest average power and duty cycle is 65.32% considered in SAR testing, and the duty cycle would be scaled to theoretical 83.3% in reported SAR calculation.





11. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or 2.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
 - $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.5 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ or 1.0 W/kg , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, WLAN5.2GHz SAR testing is not required when the WLAN5.3GHz band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is not required for WLAN5.2GHz band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is $> 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.
5. For WLAN SAR testing was performed on single antenna RF power in SISO mode is larger or equal to the single antenna RF power in MIMO mode, and for RF exposure assessment of MIMO mode simultaneous transmission exclusion analysis was performed with SAR test results of each antenna in SISO mode.
6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB publication 447498 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WiFi MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is $< 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$ and SAR peak to location ratio ≤ 0.04 , no additional SAR measurements for MIMO.
7. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

11.1 Body SAR

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Vendor	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	11	2462	ICT	19.90	20.00	1.023	99.6	1.004	0.05	0.888	0.912
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	1	2412	ICT	19.60	20.00	1.096	99.6	1.004	0.08	0.650	0.716
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	ICT	19.80	20.00	1.047	99.6	1.004	-0.01	0.682	0.717
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	11	2462	INPAQ	19.90	20.00	1.023	99.6	1.004	0.02	1.120	1.151
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	1	2412	INPAQ	19.60	20.00	1.096	99.6	1.004	-0.07	0.820	0.903
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	6	2437	INPAQ	19.80	20.00	1.047	99.6	1.004	0.18	0.860	0.904
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	1	2412	ICT	19.30	19.50	1.047	99.6	1.004	0.03	0.606	0.637
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	6	2437	ICT	19.10	19.50	1.096	99.6	1.004	-0.08	0.616	0.678
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	ICT	19.10	19.50	1.096	99.6	1.004	-0.15	0.776	0.854
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	11	2462	INPAQ	19.10	19.50	1.096	99.6	1.004	-0.07	0.275	0.303

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Vendor	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	52	5260	ICT	18.90	19.00	1.023	96.9	1.032	0.02	0.835	0.882
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	56	5280	ICT	18.90	19.00	1.023	96.9	1.032	0.01	0.818	0.864
02	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	60	5300	ICT	18.90	19.00	1.023	96.9	1.032	-0.11	0.899	0.949
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	64	5320	ICT	16.00	16.00	1.000	96.9	1.032	-0.08	0.691	0.713
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	60	5300	INPAQ	18.90	19.00	1.023	96.9	1.032	-0.01	0.683	0.721
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	52	5260	ICT	18.80	19.00	1.047	97	1.031	0.03	0.499	0.539
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	56	5280	ICT	18.60	19.00	1.096	97	1.031	0.02	0.333	0.376
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	60	5300	ICT	18.70	19.00	1.072	97	1.031	-0.04	0.238	0.263
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	64	5320	ICT	16.40	16.50	1.023	97	1.031	0.02	0.149	0.157
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	52	5260	INPAQ	18.80	19.00	1.047	97	1.031	-0.18	0.831	0.897
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	56	5280	INPAQ	18.60	19.00	1.096	97	1.031	0.02	0.799	0.903
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	60	5300	INPAQ	18.70	19.00	1.072	97	1.031	-0.04	0.756	0.835
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	64	5320	INPAQ	16.40	16.50	1.023	97	1.031	0.02	0.651	0.687
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	124	5620	ICT	19.40	19.50	1.023	96.9	1.032	-0.07	0.599	0.633
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	100	5500	ICT	17.20	17.50	1.072	96.9	1.032	-0.01	0.456	0.504
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	116	5580	ICT	19.10	19.50	1.096	96.9	1.032	0.01	0.638	0.722
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	132	5660	ICT	19.30	19.50	1.047	96.9	1.032	0.08	0.872	0.942
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	144	5720	ICT	17.40	17.50	1.023	96.9	1.032	0.15	0.814	0.860
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	132	5660	INPAQ	19.30	19.50	1.047	96.9	1.032	0.14	0.882	0.953
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	116	5580	INPAQ	19.10	19.50	1.096	96.9	1.032	-0.15	0.645	0.730
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	144	5720	INPAQ	17.40	17.50	1.023	96.9	1.032	0.13	0.823	0.869
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	124	5620	INPAQ	19.40	19.50	1.023	96.9	1.032	0.02	0.515	0.544
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	100	5500	INPAQ	17.20	17.50	1.072	96.9	1.032	0.05	0.438	0.484
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	116	5580	ICT	18.50	18.50	1.000	97	1.031	0.02	0.487	0.502
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	124	5620	ICT	18.50	18.50	1.000	97	1.031	0.08	0.521	0.537
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	132	5660	ICT	18.30	18.50	1.047	97	1.031	0.08	0.351	0.379
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	144	5720	ICT	17.10	17.50	1.096	97	1.031	0.05	0.304	0.344
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	100	5500	ICT	16.80	17.00	1.047	97	1.031	-0.11	0.434	0.469
03	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	124	5620	INPAQ	18.50	18.50	1.000	97	1.031	-0.11	0.998	1.029
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	116	5580	INPAQ	18.50	18.50	1.000	97	1.031	-0.13	0.440	0.454
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	132	5660	INPAQ	18.30	18.50	1.047	97	1.031	0.15	0.318	0.343
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	144	5720	INPAQ	17.10	17.50	1.096	97	1.031	-0.04	0.319	0.361
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	100	5500	INPAQ	16.80	17.00	1.047	97	1.031	-0.08	0.429	0.463
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	165	5825	ICT	19.30	20.50	1.318	96.9	1.032	-0.04	0.723	0.984
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	157	5785	ICT	19.80	20.00	1.047	96.9	1.032	0.02	0.704	0.761
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	ICT	19.70	20.00	1.072	96.9	1.032	-0.06	0.945	1.045
04	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	INPAQ	19.70	20.00	1.072	96.9	1.032	0.14	1.010	1.117
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	165	5825	INPAQ	19.30	20.50	1.318	96.9	1.032	0.06	0.698	0.950
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	157	5785	INPAQ	19.80	20.00	1.047	96.9	1.032	0.13	0.684	0.739
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	149	5745	ICT	19.50	19.50	1.000	97	1.031	0.08	0.569	0.587
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	165	5825	ICT	19.40	19.50	1.023	97	1.031	0.02	0.705	0.744
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	157	5785	ICT	19.30	19.50	1.047	97	1.031	-0.12	0.735	0.793
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	157	5785	INPAQ	19.30	19.50	1.047	97	1.031	-0.17	1.010	1.090
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	149	5745	INPAQ	19.50	19.50	1.000	97	1.031	0.13	0.484	0.499
	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	165	5825	INPAQ	19.40	19.50	1.023	97	1.031	0.11	0.583	0.615

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Vendor	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	0	2402	ICT	11.40	11.50	1.023	65.32	1.275	0.04	0.242	0.316
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	39	2441	ICT	11.30	11.50	1.047	65.32	1.275	0.09	0.322	0.430
05	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	78	2480	ICT	11.30	11.50	1.047	65.32	1.275	-0.06	0.328	0.438
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	78	2480	INPAQ	11.30	11.50	1.047	65.32	1.275	0.01	0.112	0.150

11.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna Vendor	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	11	2462	INPAQ	19.90	20.00	1.023	99.6	1.004	0.02	1.120	-	1.151
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	11	2462	INPAQ	19.90	20.00	1.023	99.6	1.004	0.09	1.050	1.067	1.079
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	60	5300	ICT	18.90	19.00	1.023	96.9	1.032	-0.11	0.899	-	0.949
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	60	5300	ICT	18.90	19.00	1.023	96.9	1.032	0.07	0.855	1.051	0.903
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	124	5620	INPAQ	18.50	18.50	1.000	97	1.031	-0.11	0.998	-	1.029
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 2	124	5620	INPAQ	18.50	18.50	1.000	97	1.031	-0.15	0.952	1.048	0.982
1st	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	INPAQ	19.70	20.00	1.072	96.9	1.032	0.14	1.010	-	1.117
2nd	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	Bottom of Laptop	0mm	Ant 1	149	5745	INPAQ	19.70	20.00	1.072	96.9	1.032	0.02	0.988	1.022	1.093

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.



12. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body
1.	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1 + WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes
2.	WLAN5GHz Ant 1 + WLAN5GHz Ant 2 + Bluetooth Ant 2	Yes

General Note:

1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = $(\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
 - v) The SPLSR calculated results please refer to section 12.2.

12.1 Body Exposure Conditions

Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	5	1+2+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	3+4+5 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No	SPLSR	Case No
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2	WLAN5GHz Ant 1	WLAN5GHz Ant 2	Bluetooth Ant 2						
	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)						
Bottom of Laptop at 0mm	1.151	0.854	1.117	1.090	0.438	2.443	2.645	0.010	Case 1	0.010	Case 2



12.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

1. Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneously transmitting antenna. When the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration. Therefore, the adjacent transmit antennas will be summed first, and then the SPLSR calculation will be evaluated with the farther transmitted antennas.
2. SPLSR = $(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
3. The detail hotspot point for each transmitter in each exposure condition are showing as below figure and the minimum 3D distance for each sum combination is used for SPLSR analysis.

Case	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	X	Y	Z				
1	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 1	Bottom of Laptop	1.151	0mm	-76.8	-144.8	2.82	300.9	2.44	0.01	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 2+BT		1.292	0mm	-46.8	154.6	1.77				



Case 2	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (mm)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(mm)	X	Y	Z				
WLAN5GHz Ant 1	Bottom of Laptop		1.117	0mm	-76.8	-144.8	2.82	300.9	2.65	0.01	Not required
			1.528	0mm	-46.8	154.6	1.77				

Ant 1

Ant 2

Test Engineer : Charles Shen and Willy Yu



13. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

14. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", Oct 2015
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [9] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.