

FCC SAR Test Report

FCC ID : RAS-MT7921

Report No. : BTL-FCC SAR-1-2111T143B
Equipment : 2TX 11ax (WiFi6) + BLE Combo Card
Model Name : MT7921
Brand Name : MediaTek
Applicant : MediaTek Inc.
Address : No. 1, Dusing 1st Rd., Hsinchu Science Park Hsinchu City 30078 Taiwan
Radio Function : WLAN 2.4G, WLAN 5G, Bluetooth
Standard(s) : **FCC§2.1093** Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
IEEE C95.1:1992 Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v07
KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
KDB616217 D04 SAR for laptop and Tablets

Date of Receipt : 2021/11/29
Date of Test : 2021/12/22
Issued Date : 2022/1/6

The above equipment has been tested and found in compliance with the requirement of the above standards by BTL Inc.

Prepared by :



Jerry Chuang, Supervisor



Approved by :



Peter Chen, Assistant Manager

BTL Inc.

No.18, Ln. 171, Sec. 2, Jiuzong Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114, Taiwan

Tel: +886-2-2657-3299

Fax: +886-2-2657-3331

Web: www.newbtl.com

Declaration

BTL represents to the client that testing is done in accordance with standard procedures as applicable and that test instruments used has been calibrated with standards traceable to international standard(s) and/or national standard(s).

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The information, data and test plan are provided by manufacturer which may affect the validity of results, so it is manufacturer's responsibility to ensure that the apparatus meets the essential requirements of applied standards and in all the possible configurations as representative of its intended use.

Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective.

Please note that the measurement uncertainty is provided for informational purpose only and are not use in determining the Pass/Fail results.

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REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report Version	Description	Issued Date
R00	Original Issue.	2021/12/23
R01	Add test standards.	2022/1/6

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Equipment	2TX 11ax (WiFi6) + BLE Combo Card		
Model Name	MT7921		
Brand Name	MediaTek		
Host device information			
Equipment	Notebook Computer		
Model Name	Yoga 6 13ALC7		
Brand Name	Lenovo		
Power Source	DC voltage supplied from External Power Supply.		
Power Rating	Manufacturer:Liteon Model:ADLX45YLC3D I/P:100-240V~1.3A 50-60Hz O/P:20.0Vdc 2.25A 45.0W / 15.0Vdc 3.0A 9.0Vdc 2.0A / 5.0Vdc 2.0A 10.0W		
	Manufacturer:Delta Model:ADLX45YDC3D I/P:100-240V~1.2A 50-60Hz O/P:20.0Vdc 2.25A 45.0W / 15.0Vdc 3.0A / 9.0Vdc 2.0A / 5.0Vdc 2.0A 10.0W		
	Manufacturer:Chicony Model:ADLX45YCC3G I/P:100-240V~1.3A 50-60Hz O/P:20.0Vdc 2.25A 45.0W / 15.0Vdc 3.0A / 9.0Vdc 2.0A / 5.0Vdc 2.0A 10.0W		
	Manufacturer:Acbel Model:ADLX45YAC3D I/P:100-240V~1.2A 50-60Hz O/P:20.0Vdc 2.25A 45.0W / 15.0Vdc 3.0A/ 9.0Vdc 2.0A / 5.0Vdc 2.0A 10.0W		
Battery Information	Brand: Sunwoda Model: L21D4PE1 Rating:3705mAh / 57.5Wh		
WIFI+BT Module	MediaTek / MT7921		
Operation Frequency	Function	Band	Frequency (MHz)
	WiFi	2.4G	TX : 2412 - 2472
		5G_UNII 1	TX : 5180 - 5240
		5G_UNII 2a	TX : 5250 - 5350
		5G_UNII 2c	TX : 5500 - 5700
		5G_UNII 3	TX : 5745 - 5825
	Bluetooth	Basic Rate (BR)	TX : 2402 - 2480
		Enhance Data Rate	TX : 2402 - 2480
Bluetooth Low Energy		TX : 2402 - 2480	
Test Model	Yoga 6 13ALC7		
Sample Status	Engineering Sample		
EUT Modification(s)	N/A		

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc. The test data, data evaluation, and equipment configuration contained in our test report were obtained utilizing the test procedures, test instruments, test sites that has been accredited by the Authority of TAF according to the ISO/IEC 17025 quality assessment standard and technical standard(s).

2. RF EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is **SAR Test room** at the location of No. 68-1, Ln. 169, Sec.2, Datong Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221, Taiwan.

2.2. Measurement Uncertainty

Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (± %)		Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi V _{eff}
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	6.05		Normal	1	1	1	± 6.05 %	± 6.05 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7		Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6		Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	1		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	4.7		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
Detection Limits	1		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Modulation response	2.4		Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3		Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	0.8		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2.6		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient – Noise	3		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient– Reflections	3		Rectangula	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Post-processing	4		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Max.SAR Evaluation	2		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.15 %	± 1.15 %	∞
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	1.6	1.8	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.6 %	± 1.8 %	145
Device Holder	1.5	1.7	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.7 %	5
Power Drift	5.0		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Production Tolerances	6.1		Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.52	3.52	∞
SAR correction	1.9		Rectangular	√3	1	0.84	1.10	1.10	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.08	1.08	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	√3	0.26	0.26	0.36	0.36	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4		Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.53	1.53	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.4		Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.05	0.05	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)							± 10.42 %	± 10.48 %	361
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)							± 20.84 %	± 20.97 %	

Uncertainty Budget for Frequency range of 3 GHz to 6 GHz

Uncertainty Budget for Frequency Range 0.05 GHz to 6 GHz									
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (± %)		Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	Vi V _{eff}
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	6.65		Normal	1	1	1	± 6.65 %	± 6.65 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7		Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6		Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	2		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %	∞
Linearity	4.7		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
Detection Limits	1		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Modulation response	2.4		Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3		Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	0.8		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5%	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	2.6		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient – Noise	3		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient– Reflections	3		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Post-processing	4		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Max.SAR Evaluation	4		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	1.6	1.8	Normal	1	1	1	±1.6 %	± 1.8 %	145
Device Holder	1.5	1.7	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.7 %	5
Power Drift	5.0		Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Production Tolerances	6.6		Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.81	3.81	∞
SAR correction	1.9		Rectangular	√3	1	0.84	1.10	0.92	
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.08	0.98	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.4		Rectangular	√3	0.26	0.26	0.36	0.36	∞
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4		Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	1.53	1.39	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.4		Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.05	0.06	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)							± 11.65 %	± 11.66 %	361
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)							± 23.29 %	± 23.33 %	

2.3. WLAN Antenna Information:

Ant.	Brand	Model	Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Gain (dBi)
Main	AWAN	AUF6Y-100192 (DC33002OB00)	PIFA	2400-2500	1.98
				5150-5350	1.96
				5470-5725	1.85
				5725-5875	1.90
Aux	AWAN	AUF6Y-100193 (DC33002OB10)	PIFA	2400-2500	1.57
				5150-5350	-2.22
				5470-5725	-1.52
				5725-5875	-0.30

Ant.	Brand	Model	Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Gain (dBi)
Main	SOUTHSTAR	N12-7967-R0A (DC33002OC00)	PIFA	2400-2500	1.96
				5150-5350	2.98
				5470-5725	2.14
				5725-5875	2.89
Aux	SOUTHSTAR	N12-7968-R0A (DC33002OC10)	PIFA	2400-2500	1.49
				5150-5350	2.74
				5470-5725	2.89
				5725-5875	2.97

2.4. The Maximum SAR1g Values

Band	Mode	Highest Body Reported SAR-1g(W/kg)
FHSS	Bluetooth_DH5	0.162
DTS	WLAN 2.4G	0.843
UNII	UNII_1&2a	0.745
	UNII_2c	1.067
	UNII_3	0.979

Note:

- 1) The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate(SAR)for general population uncontrolled exposure limits according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI C95.1:2019/IEEE C95.1:2019, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 .

2.5. Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25°C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

2.6. Main Test Instruments

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
1	Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	1486	June. 01, 2021	1 Year
2	E-field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	7369	June. 03, 2021	1 Year
3	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	973	Feb. 08, 2021	3 Year
4	System Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	1221	Feb. 09, 2021	3 Year
5	ELI4 Phantom	Speag	ELI4 Phantom V5.0	1240	N/A	N/A
6	ENA Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46524658	Mar. 17, 2021	1 Year
7	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	MY51350711	Mar. 25, 2021	1 Year
8	Spectrum Analyzer	Keysight	N9010A	MY54200240	May. 27, 2021	1 Year
9	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1128008	May. 26, 2021	1 Year
10	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1126001	May. 26, 2021	1 Year
11	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	2593	N/A	N/A
12	Low pass filter	Mini-Circuits	SLP-2950+	M108294	N/A	N/A
13	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-2W-272+	N650001538	N/A	N/A
14	Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVE-8G+	N628801631	N/A	N/A
15	Thermometer	PA	O-230PK	N/A	Mar. 10, 2021	1 Year

Remark: "N/A" denotes no model name, serial No. or calibration specified.

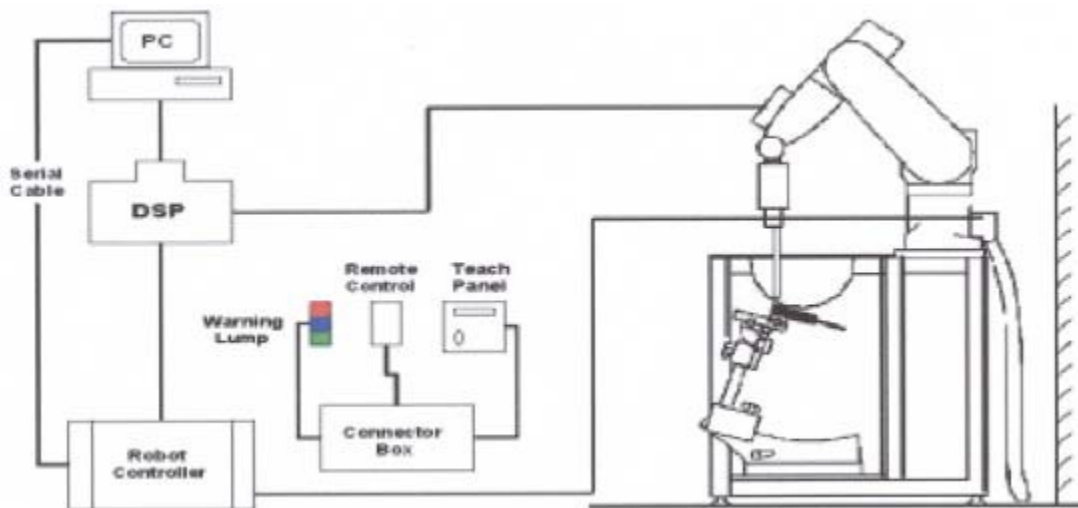
3. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
6. The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows.
7. DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

3.1.1. Test Setup Layout

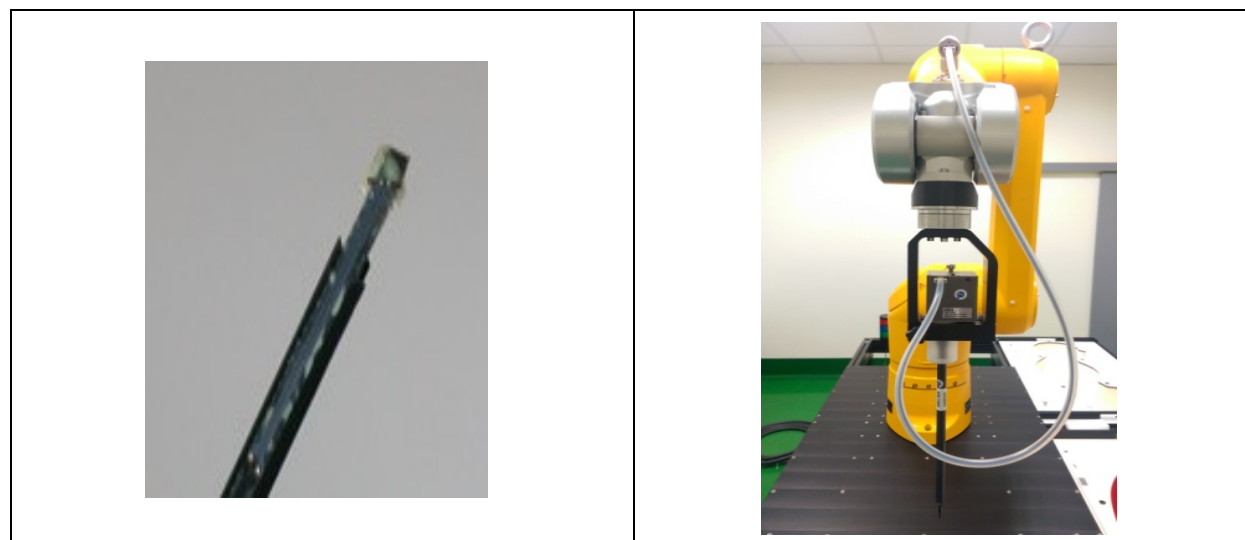


3.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

3.2.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm



EX3DV4 E-field Probe

3.2.2. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or
$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

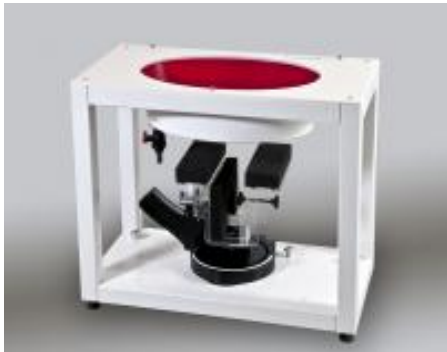
3.2.3. Other Test Equipment


3.2.3.1. Device Holder for Transmitters

Construction: Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.

Material: POM, Acrylic glass, Foam

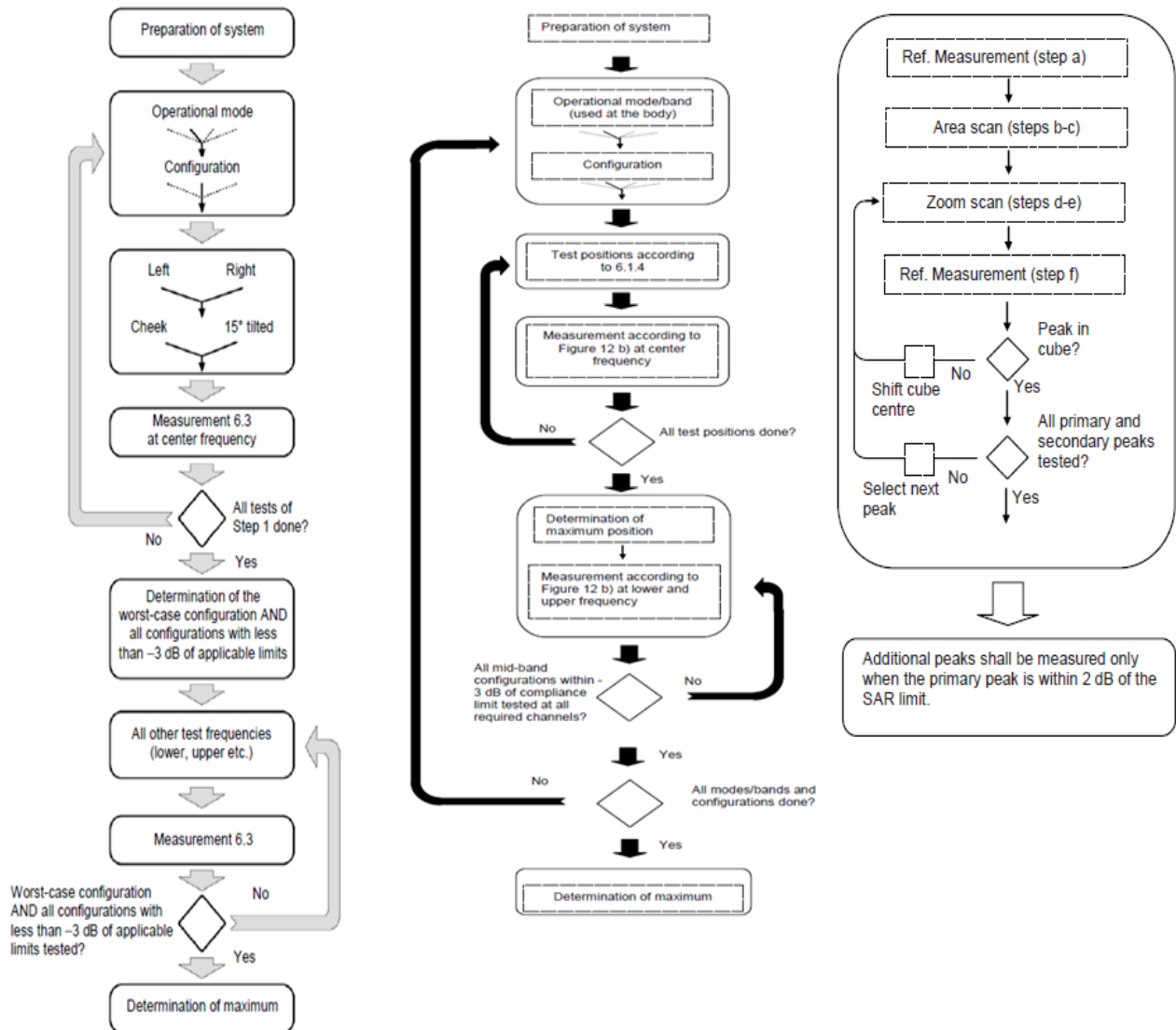
3.2.3.2 Phantom

Model	ELI4 Phantom	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Shell Thickness	2±0.1 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 600 mm ; Width: 190mm Height: adjustable feet	
Available	Special	

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length:1000mm; Width: 500mm Height: adjustable feet	
Available	Special	

3.2.4. Scanning Procedure

The SAR test against the head and body-worn phantom was carried out as follow:



After an area scan has been done at a fixed distance of 1.4mm from the surface of the phantom on the source side, a 3D scan is set up around the location of the maximum spot SAR. First, a point within the scan area is visited by the probe and a SAR reading taken at the start of testing. At the end of testing, the probe is returned to the same point and a second reading is taken. Comparison between these start and end readings enables the power drift during measurement to be assessed.

Above is the scanning procedure flow chart and table from the IEEE1528 standard.

This is the procedure for which all compliant testing should be carried out to ensure that all variations of the device position and transmission behavior are tested.

3.2.5. Data Storage and Evaluation

3.2.5.1 Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension "DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

3.2.6. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity	Normi, a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	Diode compression point	Dcp _i
Device parameters:	Frequency	f
	Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity	
	Density	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf / dcp_i$$

With	V _i = compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	U _i = input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
	cf = crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
	dcp _i = diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = (V_i / \text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF})^{1/2}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2) / f$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = (E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = (E_{\text{tot}})^2 \cdot \sigma / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
= equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 / 3770 \text{ or } P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

With P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

4. TISSUE-EQUIVALENT LIQUID

4.1. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Ingredients

The liquid is consisted of water, salt and Glycol, Sugar, Preventol and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. The below table shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEC 62209.

Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
Head 2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
Head 5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

4.2. Tissue-equivalent Liquid Properties

Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Verification									
Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Targeted Conductivity (σ)	Targeted Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Deviation Conductivity (σ) (%)	Deviation Permittivity (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%) ± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2402	1.73	38.48	1.76	39.29	-1.76	-2.06	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2412	1.73	38.47	1.77	39.27	-1.98	-2.04	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2422	1.74	38.49	1.78	39.25	-2.20	-1.94	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2437	1.74	38.47	1.79	39.22	-2.85	-1.91	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2441	1.74	38.45	1.79	39.21	-3.01	-1.94	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2457	1.75	38.40	1.81	39.19	-3.32	-2.02	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2462	1.76	38.38	1.81	39.18	-3.15	-2.04	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2467	1.76	38.35	1.82	39.17	-3.19	-2.09	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2472	1.77	38.33	1.82	39.17	-3.13	-2.14	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	2480	1.78	38.32	1.83	39.16	-2.95	-2.15	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5180	4.65	35.39	4.64	36.02	0.22	-1.75	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5200	4.67	35.31	4.66	36.00	0.30	-1.92	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5220	4.71	35.26	4.68	35.98	0.64	-2.00	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5240	4.74	35.23	4.70	35.96	0.85	-2.03	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5260	4.77	35.21	4.72	35.94	0.95	-2.03	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5280	4.79	35.17	4.74	35.92	1.01	-2.09	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5300	4.81	35.13	4.76	35.90	1.03	-2.14	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5320	4.83	35.06	4.78	35.88	1.13	-2.29	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5500	5.08	34.69	4.96	35.60	2.34	-2.56	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5520	5.10	34.65	4.98	35.58	2.31	-2.61	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5540	5.12	34.61	5.00	35.56	2.22	-2.67	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5560	5.14	34.55	5.03	35.54	2.23	-2.79	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5580	5.17	34.50	5.05	35.52	2.40	-2.87	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5600	5.20	34.46	5.07	35.50	2.64	-2.93	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5620	5.23	34.47	5.09	35.48	2.77	-2.85	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5640	5.24	34.42	5.11	35.46	2.50	-2.93	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5660	5.26	34.35	5.13	35.44	2.59	-3.08	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5680	5.29	34.29	5.15	35.42	2.76	-3.19	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5700	5.33	34.24	5.17	35.40	3.00	-3.28	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5720	5.36	34.21	5.19	35.38	3.18	-3.31	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5745	5.38	34.19	5.22	35.35	3.14	-3.28	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5765	5.40	34.14	5.24	35.33	3.13	-3.37	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5785	5.43	34.10	5.26	35.31	3.24	-3.43	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5800	5.44	34.04	5.27	35.30	3.28	-3.57	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5805	5.45	34.04	5.28	35.29	3.26	-3.54	± 5
2021/12/22	Head	5825	5.49	33.99	5.30	35.27	3.61	-3.63	± 5

Note:

- 1)The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.
- 2)KDB 865664 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.
- 3)The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.
- 4) According to FCC TCB workshop April, 2019 RF Exposure Procedures Update(Effective February 19,2019, FCC has permitted the use of single head-tissue simulating liquid specified in IEEE 62209-1- for all SAR tests.

5. SYSTEM CHECK

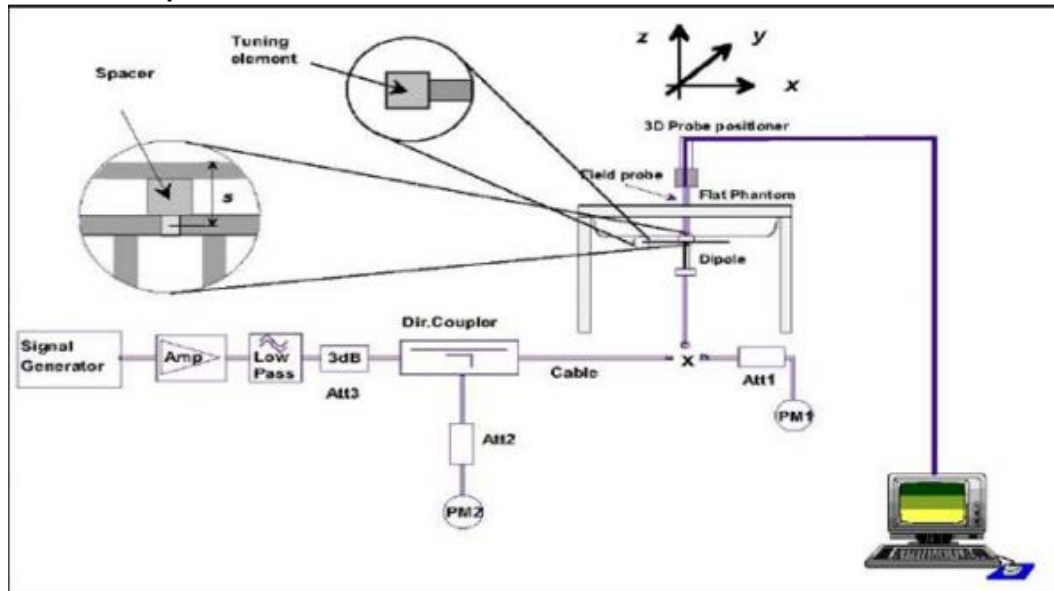
5.1. Description of System Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW(below 3GHz) or 100mW(3-6GHz), which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system check results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the 6.2.

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.

System Check Set-up



5.2. Description of System Check

System Check in Tissue Simulating Liquid

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests.

Date	System Dipole			Parameters	Target [W/kg]	Measured [W/kg]	Deviation [%]	Limited [%]
	Type	Serial No.	Liquid					
2021/12/22	D2450V2	973	Head	1g SAR	52.5	50.8	-3.24	± 10
2021/12/22	D5GHzV2 (5.2GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	79.8	81.6	2.26	± 10
2021/12/22	D5GHzV2 (5.3GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	81.9	83.5	1.95	± 10
2021/12/22	D5GHzV2 (5.6GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	84.5	83.9	-0.71	± 10
2021/12/22	D5GHzV2 (5.8GHz)	1221	Head	1g SAR	81.7	78.2	-4.28	± 10

6. OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

6.1. General Description of Test Procedures

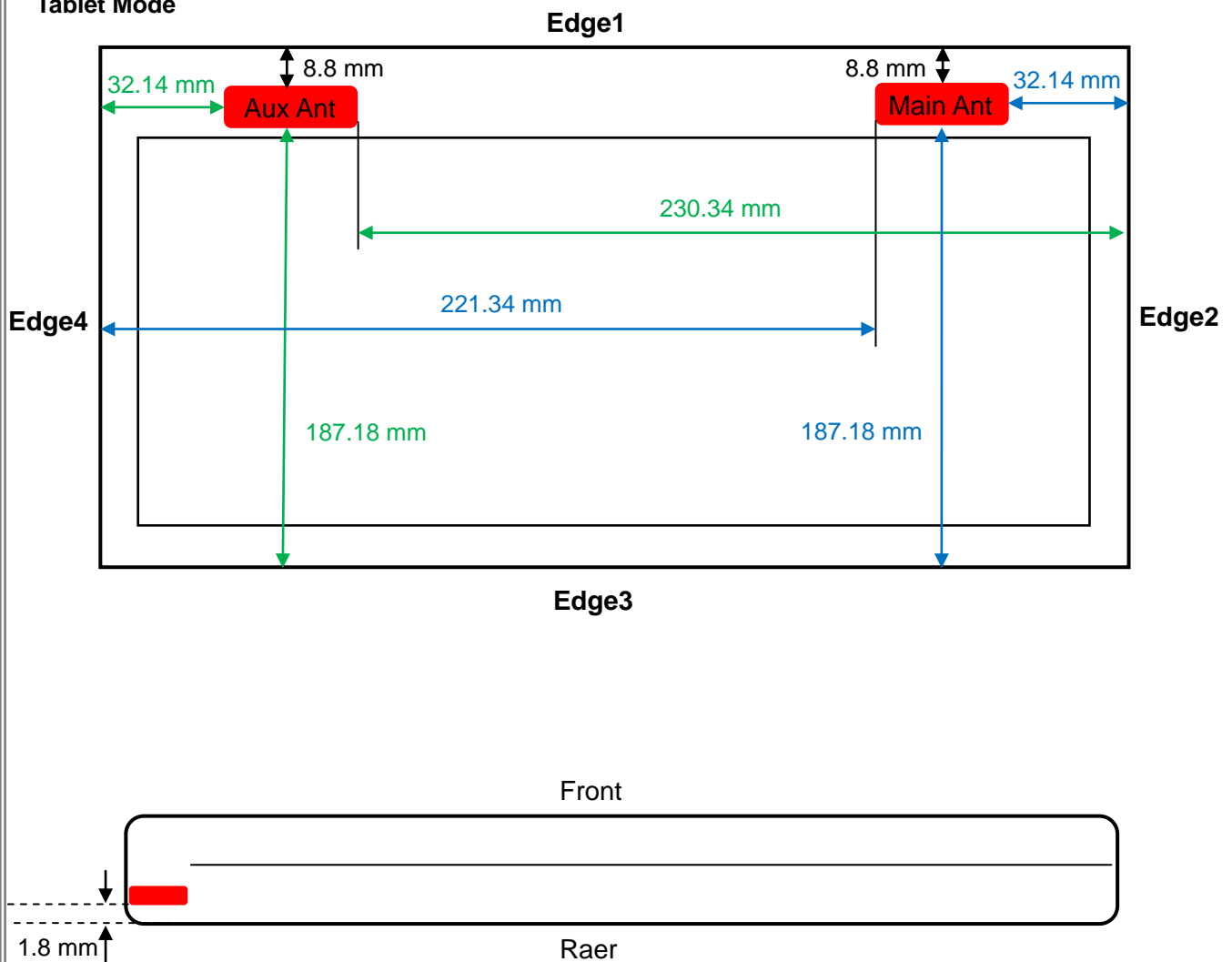
Connection to the EUT is established via air interface with base station An, and the EUT is Set to maximum output power by base station. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. The antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50cm away from the EUT. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the EUT by at least 30dB.

6.2. Test Position of Portable Devices

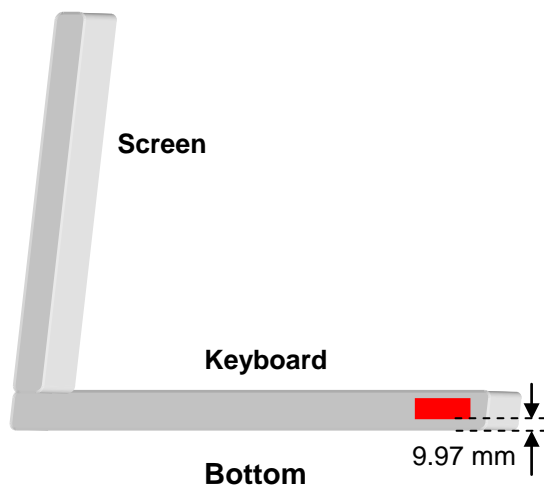
This DUT was tested in 6 different positions. They are top, right, bottom, left, rear and stand as illustrated below, which recommended by EN62209-2:

6.3. Test position Antenna Location

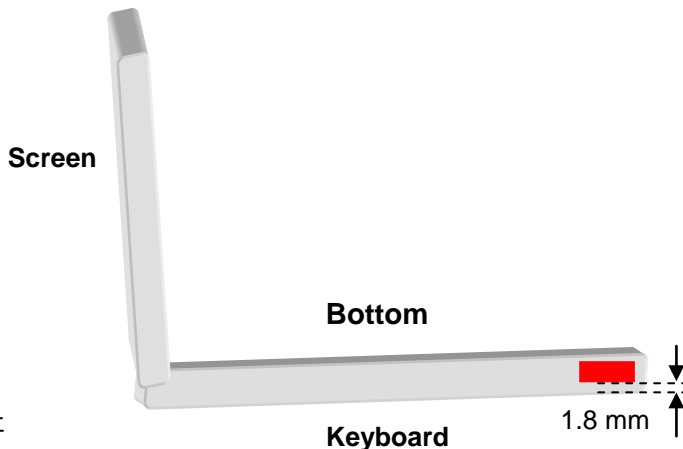
Tablet Mode



NB Mode



Stand Mode



Minimum Separation Distance_Tablet Mode			
Antenna	Position	Distance (mm)	Evaluation Test
WLAN-Main	Rear	1.80	Yes
	Bottom	9.97	Yes
	Edge1	8.80	Yes
	Edge2	32.14	No
	Edge3	187.18	No
	Edge4	221.34	No
WLAN-Aux & BT	Rear	1.80	Yes
	Bottom	9.97	Yes
	Edge1	8.80	Yes
	Edge2	230.34	No
	Edge3	187.18	No
	Edge4	32.14	No

Minimum Separation Distance_NB Mode			
Antenna	Position	Distance (mm)	Evaluation Test
WLAN-Main	Bottom	9.97	Yes
WLAN-Aux & BT	Bottom	9.97	Yes

Minimum Separation Distance_Stand Mode			
Antenna	Position	Distance (mm)	Evaluation Test
WLAN-Main	Stand	1.80	Yes
WLAN-Aux & BT	Stand	1.80	Yes

Note:

- 1.For the test position that the Stand mode distance is same as Rear mode, so we performed the SAR testing on Rear mode. The test result can be meet Stand mode.
- 2.The Tent Mode is used on the desktop, so SAR testing not required.

6.3.1. TEST POSITION

The SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. The closest distance from the antenna to an EUT edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned adjacent the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

(1)The SAR exclusion threshold for is defined by the following equation:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B. 2})$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and $ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}$ is per Formula (B.1).

Example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (mm)										
		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
	300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217
	450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226
	835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240
	1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236
	2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219
	3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195
	5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge1	8.80	2480	10.00	10.00	8	Yes
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge2	230.34	2480	10.00	10.00	219	No
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge3	187.18	2480	10.00	10.00	219	No
Bluetooth	Aux	Edge4	32.14	2480	10.00	10.00	94	No
Bluetooth	Aux	Rear	1.80	2480	10.00	10.00	0	Yes
Bluetooth	Aux	Bottom	9.97	2480	10.00	10.00	10	Yes
Bluetooth	Aux	Stand	1.80	2480	10.00	10.00	0	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
2.4GHz	Main	Edge1	8.80	2437	15.50	35.48	8	Yes
2.4GHz	Main	Edge2	32.14	2437	15.50	35.48	95	No
2.4GHz	Main	Edge3	187.18	2437	15.50	35.48	219	No
2.4GHz	Main	Edge4	221.34	2437	15.50	35.48	219	No
2.4GHz	Main	Rear	1.80	2437	15.50	35.48	0	Yes
2.4GHz	Main	Bottom	9.97	2437	15.50	35.48	10	Yes
2.4GHz	Main	Stand	1.80	2437	15.50	35.48	0	Yes
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge1	8.80	2437	15.50	35.48	8	Yes
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge2	230.34	2437	15.50	35.48	219	No
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge3	187.18	2437	15.50	35.48	219	No
2.4GHz	Aux	Edge4	32.14	2437	15.50	35.48	95	No
2.4GHz	Aux	Rear	1.80	2437	15.50	35.48	0	Yes
2.4GHz	Aux	Bottom	9.97	2437	15.50	35.48	10	Yes
2.4GHz	Aux	Stand	1.80	2437	15.50	35.48	0	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.2GHz	Main	Edge1	8.80	5210	13.00	19.95	5	Yes
5.2GHz	Main	Edge2	32.14	5210	13.00	19.95	70	No
5.2GHz	Main	Edge3	187.18	5210	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.2GHz	Main	Edge4	221.34	5210	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.2GHz	Main	Rear	1.80	5210	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.2GHz	Main	Bottom	9.97	5210	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.2GHz	Main	Stand	1.80	5210	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge1	8.80	5210	13.00	19.95	5	Yes
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge2	230.34	5210	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge3	187.18	5210	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.2GHz	Aux	Edge4	32.14	5210	13.00	19.95	70	No
5.2GHz	Aux	Rear	1.80	5210	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.2GHz	Aux	Bottom	9.97	5210	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.2GHz	Aux	Stand	1.80	5210	13.00	19.95	0	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.3GHz	Main	Edge1	8.80	5290	13.00	19.95	5	Yes
5.3GHz	Main	Edge2	32.14	5290	13.00	19.95	70	No
5.3GHz	Main	Edge3	187.18	5290	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.3GHz	Main	Edge4	221.34	5290	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.3GHz	Main	Rear	1.80	5290	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.3GHz	Main	Bottom	9.97	5290	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.3GHz	Main	Stand	1.80	5290	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge1	8.80	5290	13.00	19.95	5	Yes
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge2	230.34	5290	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge3	187.18	5290	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.3GHz	Aux	Edge4	32.14	5290	13.00	19.95	70	No
5.3GHz	Aux	Rear	1.80	5290	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.3GHz	Aux	Bottom	9.97	5290	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.3GHz	Aux	Stand	1.80	5290	13.00	19.95	0	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.6GHz	Main	Edge1	8.80	5530	13.00	19.95	5	Yes
5.6GHz	Main	Edge2	32.14	5530	13.00	19.95	68	No
5.6GHz	Main	Edge3	187.18	5530	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.6GHz	Main	Edge4	221.34	5530	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.6GHz	Main	Rear	1.80	5530	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.6GHz	Main	Bottom	9.97	5530	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.6GHz	Main	Stand	1.80	5530	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge1	8.80	5530	13.00	19.95	5	Yes
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge2	230.34	5530	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge3	187.18	5530	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.6GHz	Aux	Edge4	32.14	5530	13.00	19.95	68	No
5.6GHz	Aux	Rear	1.80	5530	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.6GHz	Aux	Bottom	9.97	5530	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.6GHz	Aux	Stand	1.80	5530	13.00	19.95	0	Yes

Mode	Ant	Position	Distance (mm)	f (MHz)	Max Power(dBm)	Max Power(mW)	SAR Exclusion threshold(mW)	Test required
5.8GHz	Main	Edge1	8.80	5775	13.00	19.95	4	Yes
5.8GHz	Main	Edge2	32.14	5775	13.00	19.95	67	No
5.8GHz	Main	Edge3	187.18	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Main	Edge4	221.34	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Main	Rear	1.80	5775	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.8GHz	Main	Bottom	9.97	5775	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.8GHz	Main	Stand	1.80	5775	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge1	8.80	5775	13.00	19.95	4	Yes
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge2	230.34	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge3	187.18	5775	13.00	19.95	169	No
5.8GHz	Aux	Edge4	32.14	5775	13.00	19.95	67	No
5.8GHz	Aux	Rear	1.80	5775	13.00	19.95	0	Yes
5.8GHz	Aux	Bottom	9.97	5775	13.00	19.95	6	Yes
5.8GHz	Aux	Stand	1.80	5775	13.00	19.95	0	Yes

7. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

7.1. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

The detailed repeated measurement results are shown in Section 9.1.

7.2. TEST CONFIGURATION

7.2.1. WIFI TEST CONFIGURATION

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

Wi-Fi 2.4GHz Band

Mode	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n HT20	802.11n HT40	802.11 ac20	802.11 ac40	802.11 ax20
	802.11 ax40						
Duty cycle	100%						
Crest factor	1						

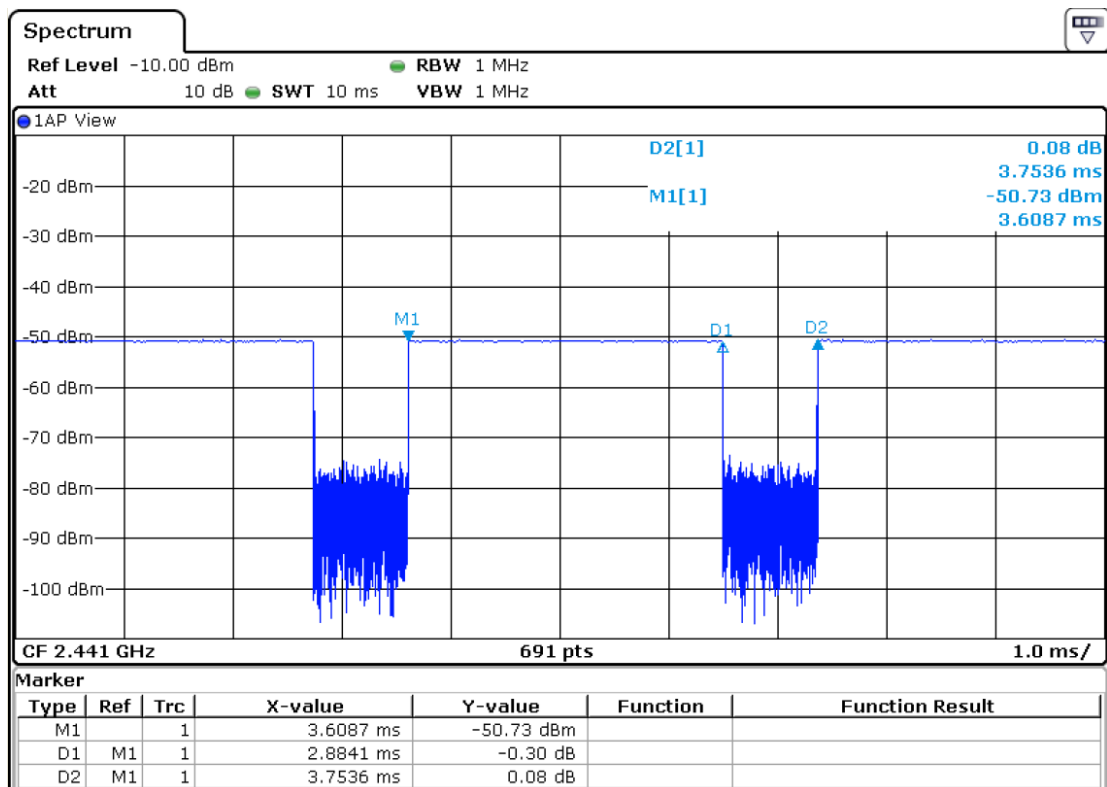
Wi-Fi 5GHz Band

Mode	802.11a	802.11n HT20	802.11n HT40	802.11 ac20	802.11 ac40	802.11 ac80	802.11 ax20
	802.11 ax40	802.11 ax80					
Duty cycle	100%						
Crest factor	1						

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. The RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1. The test procedures in KDB 248227 D01 are applied.

Bluetooth

Mode	Bluetooth BR	Bluetooth EDR	BLE 1M	BLE 2M
Duty cycle	76.84%	76.84%	63.14%	56.75%
Crest factor	1.30	1.30	1.58	1.76



7.2.2 WLAN2.4G SAR TEST REQUIREMENTS

802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

7.2.3 WLAN5G SAR TEST REQUIREMENTS

✧ U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Band

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR. When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.

✧ U-NII-2C, U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing.

To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels.¹¹ When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

7.2.4 OFDM TRANSMISSION MODE AND SAR TEST CHANNEL SELECTION

For the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations (for example 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11ac, or 802.11g and 802.11n, with the same channel bandwidth, modulation, and data rate, etc.), the lower order 802.11 mode (i.e. 802.11a then 802.11n and 802.11ac, or 802.11g then 802.11n) is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

7.2.5 INITIAL TEST CONFIGURATION PROCEDURE

For OFDM, in both 2.4G and 5GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output powers is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required.

Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurement.

8. CONDUCTED POWER RESULTS

8.1. Conducted power measurement results of Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Max Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)
BR	DH5	0	2402	10.00	9.18
		39	2441	10.00	9.35
		78	2480	10.00	9.21
EDR	2DH5	0	2402	7.00	Not Required
		39	2441	7.00	
		78	2480	7.00	
	3DH5	0	2402	7.00	
		39	2441	7.00	
		78	2480	7.00	
BLE	1M	0	2402	6.50	Not Required
		19	2440	6.50	
		39	2480	6.50	
	2M	0	2402	6.00	
		19	2440	6.00	
		39	2480	6.00	

8.2. Conducted power measurement results of 2.4G Band

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	
						Main	Aux
2.4G	802.11b	1	2412	1	15.50	15.39	
	802.11b	6	2437	1	15.50	15.44	
	802.11b	11	2462	1	15.50	15.41	
	802.11b	12	2467	1	15.50	15.38	
	802.11b	13	2472	1	9.00	8.93	
	802.11g	1-13	2412-2472	6	15.50	Not Required	
	802.11n20	1-13	2412-2472	HT0	15.50		
	802.11n40	3-11	2422-2462	HT0	15.50		
	802.11ac20	1-13	2412-2472	VHT0	15.50		
	802.11ac40	3-11	2422-2462	VHT0	15.50		
	802.11ax20	1-13	2412-2472	HE0	15.50		
	802.11ax40	3-11	2422-2462	HE0	15.50		
	802.11b	1	2412	1	15.50		15.42
	802.11b	6	2437	1	15.50		15.47
	802.11b	11	2462	1	15.50		15.45
	802.11b	12	2467	1	15.50		15.40
	802.11b	13	2472	1	9.00		8.92
	802.11g	1-13	2412-2472	6	15.50	Not Required	
	802.11n20	1-13	2412-2472	HT0	15.50		
	802.11n40	3-11	2422-2462	HT0	15.50		
	802.11ac20	1-13	2412-2472	VHT0	15.50		
	802.11ac40	3-11	2422-2462	VHT0	15.50		
	802.11ax20	1-13	2412-2472	HE0	15.50		
	802.11ax40	3-11	2422-2462	HE0	15.50		

Note:

1. Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/n HT40 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

8.3. Conducted power measurements of UNII_1

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	
						Main	Aux
UNII_1	802.11a	36-48	5180-5240	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	36-48	5180-5240	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	38-46	5190-5230	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac20	36-48	5180-5240	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac40	38-46	5190-5230	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	42	5210	VHT0	13.00	12.91	
	802.11 ax20	36-48	5180-5240	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	38-46	5190-5230	HE0	13.00		
UNII_1	802.11a	36	5180	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	36-48	5180-5240	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	38-46	5190-5230	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac20	36-48	5180-5240	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac40	38-46	5190-5230	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	42	5210	VHT0	13.00		12.90
	802.11 ax20	36-48	5180-5240	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	38-46	5190-5230	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax80	42	5210	HE0	13.00		

Note:

1. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax).

8.4. Conducted power measurements of UNII_2a

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	
						Main	Aux
UNII_2a	802.11a	52-64	5260-5320	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	52-64	5260-5320	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	54-62	5270-5310	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac20	52-64	5260-5320	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac40	54-62	5270-5310	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	58	5290	VHT0	13.00	12.97	
	802.11 ax20	52-64	5260-5320	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	54-62	5270-5310	HE0	13.00		
UNII_2a	802.11a	52-64	5260-5320	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	52-64	5260-5320	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	54-62	5270-5310	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac20	52-64	5260-5320	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac40	54-62	5270-5310	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	58	5290	VHT0	13.00		12.93
	802.11 ax20	52-64	5260-5320	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	54-62	5270-5310	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax80	58	5290	HE0	13.00		

Note:

1. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax).

8.5. Conducted power measurements of UNII_2c

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	
						Main	Aux
UNII_2c	802.11a	100-140	5500-5700	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	100-140	5500-5700	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	102-134	5510-5670	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac20	100-140	5500-5700	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac40	102-134	5510-5670	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	106	5530	VHT0	13.00	12.95	
	802.11 ac80	122	5610	VHT0	13.00	12.91	
	802.11 ac80	138	5690	VHT0	13.00	12.93	
	802.11 ax20	100-140	5500-5700	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	102-134	5510-5670	HE0	13.00		
UNII_2c	802.11a	100-140	5500-5700	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	100-140	5500-5700	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	102-134	5510-5670	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac20	100-140	5500-5700	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac40	102-134	5510-5670	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	106	5530	VHT0	13.00		12.93
	802.11 ac80	122	5610	VHT0	13.00		12.92
	802.11 ac80	138	5690	VHT0	13.00		12.90
	802.11 ax20	100-140	5500-5700	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	102-134	5510-5670	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax80	106-138	5530-5690	HE0	13.00		

Note:

1. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax).

8.6. Conducted power measurements of UNII_3

Band	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Max Tune-Up Power (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	
						Main	Aux
5.8 UNII_3	802.11a	149-165	5745-5825	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	149-165	5745-5825	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	151	5755	HT0	13.00	12.91	
	802.11 n40	159	5795	HT0	13.00	12.88	
	802.11 ac20	149-165	5745-5825	VHT0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ac40	151-159	5755-5795	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	155	5775	VHT0	13.00	12.93	
	802.11 ax20	149-165	5745-5825	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	151-159	5755-5795	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax80	155	5775	HE0	13.00		
5.8 UNII_3	802.11a	149-165	5745-5825	6	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 n20	149-165	5745-5825	HT0	13.00		
	802.11 n40	151	5755	HT0	13.00		12.94
	802.11 n40	159	5795	HT0	13.00		12.92
	802.11 ac20	149-165	5745-5825	VHT0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ac40	151-159	5755-5795	VHT0	13.00		
	802.11 ac80	155	5775	VHT0	13.00		12.97
	802.11 ax20	149-165	5745-5825	HE0	13.00	Not Required	
	802.11 ax40	151-159	5755-5795	HE0	13.00		
	802.11 ax80	155	5775	HE0	13.00		

Note:

- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band
- The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax).

8.7. SAR TEST RESULTS

General Notes:

1. Per KDB447498 D01, all measurement SAR results are scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to demonstrate compliant.
2. Per KDB447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
3. Per KDB865664 D01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is $\leq 20\%$, and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

WLAN Notes:

1. For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 2.4GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power Channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR. See Section 9.1 for more information.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 for 5GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed power. Other transmission mode was not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg. See Section 9.1 for more information.

9. SAR TEST RESULTS

9.1. Body SAR test results

SAR test results of Bluetooth_separation distance=0 mm

Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant Vendor	Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area SAR 1g	Zoom SAR 1g	Duty Cycle %	Duty Factor	Reported SAR 1g	Note
Bluetooth	39	Edge1	AWAN	Aux	10.00	9.35	0.027	0.026	76.84%	1.30	0.040	
	39	Rear			10.00	9.35	0.099	0.090	76.84%	1.30	0.136	
	39	Bottom			10.00	9.35	0.072	0.071	76.84%	1.30	0.107	
	0	Rear			10.00	9.18	0.100	0.091	76.84%	1.30	0.143	
	78	Rear			10.00	9.21	0.116	0.104	76.84%	1.30	0.162	
Bluetooth	78	Rear	Southstar		10.00	9.21	0.113	0.102	76.84%	1.30	0.159	1

Note:

1.The result used an other antenna to spot check for worst channel of the original antenna that the SAR result can be meet and compliant.

SAR test results of 2.4G WiFi_separation distance=0 mm

Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant Vendor	Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area SAR 1g	Zoom SAR 1g	Reported SAR 1g	Note
802.11b	6	Edge1	AWAN	Main	15.50	15.44	0.050	0.056	0.056	
	6	Rear			15.50	15.44	0.916	0.831	0.843	
	1	Rear			15.50	15.39	0.836	0.792	0.812	1
	11	Rear			15.50	15.41	0.834	0.751	0.767	1
	12	Rear			15.50	15.38	0.819	0.745	0.766	1
	13	Rear			9.00	8.93	0.236	0.209	0.212	1
	6	Bottom		Aux	15.50	15.44	0.665	0.664	0.673	
	6	Edge1			15.50	15.47	0.093	0.086	0.087	
	6	Rear			15.50	15.47	0.718	0.664	0.669	
	1	Rear			15.50	15.42	0.739	0.665	0.677	
	11	Rear			15.50	15.45	0.634	0.585	0.592	
	12	Rear			15.50	15.40	0.627	0.572	0.585	
	13	Rear			9.00	8.92	0.179	0.163	0.166	
	6	Bottom			15.50	15.47	0.574	0.547	0.551	
802.11b	6	Rear	Southstar	Main	15.50	15.44	0.895	0.829	0.841	2
	6	Rear	AWAN		15.50	15.44	0.854	0.779	0.790	3

Note:

1. Highest reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg. Added second highest power channel for this test position
2.The result used an other antenna to spot check for worst channel of the original antenna that the SAR result can be meet and compliant.
3.Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
Original SAR = 0.831 W/kg, therefore second times repeat SAR is required.
Repeat SAR = 0.779 W/kg < 1.45W/kg
SAR variation= -6.26% < 20%

SAR test results of 5G WiFi_separation distance=0 mm

Band	Mode	Channel	Test Position	Ant Vendor	Ant	Max Tune-up (dBm)	AVG Power (dBm)	Area SAR 1g	Zoom SAR 1g	Reported SAR 1g	Note
5G_UNII 1 & 2a	802.11 ac80	58	Edge1	AWAN	Main	13.00	12.97	0.296	0.312	0.314	
		58	Rear			13.00	12.97	0.579	0.684	0.689	
		58	Bottom			13.00	12.97	0.328	0.393	0.396	
		42	Rear			13.00	12.91	0.538	0.645	0.659	
		58	Edge1		Aux	13.00	12.93	0.215	0.233	0.237	
		58	Rear			13.00	12.93	0.666	0.733	0.745	
		58	Bottom			13.00	12.93	0.170	0.207	0.210	
		42	Rear			13.00	12.90	0.622	0.674	0.690	
5G_UNII 2c	802.11 ac80	106	Edge1		Main	13.00	12.95	0.184	0.204	0.206	
		106	Rear			13.00	12.95	0.544	0.559	0.565	
		106	Bottom			13.00	12.95	0.216	0.276	0.279	
		138	Rear			13.00	12.93	0.965	1.050	1.067	
		106	Edge1		Aux	13.00	12.93	0.136	0.155	0.158	
		106	Rear			13.00	12.93	0.879	0.965	0.981	
		106	Bottom			13.00	12.93	0.135	0.178	0.181	
		138	Rear			13.00	12.90	0.326	0.315	0.322	1
5G_UNII 3	802.11 ac80	155	Edge1	Southstar	Main	13.00	12.93	0.234	0.250	0.124	
		155	Rear			13.00	12.93	0.889	0.958	0.974	
		155	Bottom			13.00	12.93	0.261	0.330	0.335	
	802.11 n40	151	Rear			13.00	12.91	0.740	0.828	0.845	1
		159	Rear			13.00	12.88	0.836	0.952	0.979	1
	802.11 ac80	155	Edge1		Aux	13.00	12.97	0.116	0.122	0.123	
		155	Rear			13.00	12.97	0.504	0.501	0.504	
		155	Bottom			13.00	12.97	0.107	0.155	0.156	
	802.11 n40	151	Rear			13.00	12.94	0.479	0.476	0.483	
		159	Rear			13.00	12.92	0.419	0.405	0.413	
5G UNII 2c	802.11 ac80	138	Rear	Southstar	Main	13.00	12.93	0.919	1.030	1.047	2
	802.11 ac80	138	Rear	AWAN	Main	13.00	12.93	0.901	1.010	1.026	3
	802.11 ac80	138	Stand	AWAN	Main	13.00	12.93	0.906	0.966	0.982	4

Note:

- Highest reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg. Added second highest power channel for this test position
- The result used an other antenna to spot check for worst channel of the original antenna that the SAR result can be meet and compliant.
- Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR values are < 1.45 W/kg with $\leq 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. (Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04)
Original SAR = 1.050 W/kg, therefore second times repeat SAR is required.
Repeat SAR = 1.010 W/kg < 1.45W/kg
SAR variation= -3.81% < 20%
- The Stand Mode measured SAR 0.966 W/kg is smaller than Tablet Rear Mode measured SAR 1.050 W/kg, so we choose Tablet Rear Mode to test.

10. SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONDITIONS

10.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission must be considered when the maximum duration of overlapping transmissions, including network hand-offs, is greater than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis.

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities of this device are as below:

No.	Configuration
1	WLAN 2.4G(Main)+BT
2	RLAN 5G(Main)+BT
3	WLAN 2.4G(Main)+ WLAN 2.4G(Aux)
4	RLAN 5G(Main)+ RLAN 5G(Aux)
5	RLAN 5G(Main)+ RLAN 5G(Aux) +BT

10.2 Simultaneous transmission conditions

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, introduces a new formula for calculating the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR) between pairs of simultaneously transmitting antennas:

$$SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i$$

Where:

SAR₁ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition

SAR₂ is the highest Reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in the same test operating mode and exposure condition as the first

R_i is the separation distance between the pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas. When the SAR is measured, for both antennas in the pair, it is determined by the actual x, y and z coordinates in the 1-g SAR for each SAR peak location, based on the extrapolated and interpolated result in the zoom scan measurement, using the formula of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$

A new threshold of 0.04 is also introduced in the KDB. Thus, in order for a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas with the sum of 1-g SAR > 1.6 W/kg to qualify for exemption from Simultaneous Transmission SAR measurements, it has to satisfy the condition of:

$$(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / R_i \leq 0.04$$

10.3 Estimated SAR for Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

Considerations for SAR estimation

1. When standalone SAR test exclusion applies, standalone SAR must also be estimated to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.
2. Dedicated Host Approach criteria for SAR test exclusion is likewise applied to SAR estimation, with certain distinctions between test exclusion and SAR estimation:
 - When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied for SAR estimation; this is the same between test exclusion and SAR estimation calculations.
 - When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm but ≤ 50 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied for SAR estimation.
 - When the minimum test separation distance is > 50 mm, the estimated SAR value is 0.4 W/kg

10.3.1 ESTIMATED SAR FOR BLUETOOTH

According to section 9, the Bluetooth must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

- $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}/x]$ W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Antenna	Band	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances(mm)						Estimated 1-g SAR (W/Kg)					
			dBm	mW	Rear	Bottom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4	Rear	Bottom	Edge1	Edge2	Edge3	Edge4
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	2480	10.00	10.00	1.80	9.97	8.80	230.34	187.18	32.14	Test	Test	Test	>200mm	0.01	0.07

10.4 Simultaneous transmission conditions

Test Position SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Edge1	Rear	Bottom
WLAN 2.4G WiFi_Main	0.056	0.843	0.673
WLAN 2.4G WiFi_Aux	0.087	0.677	0.551
UNII_1 & 2a WiFi_Main	0.314	0.689	0.396
UNII_1 & 2a WiFi_Aux	0.237	0.745	0.210
UNII_2c WiFi_Main	0.206	1.067	0.279
UNII_2c WiFi_Aux	0.158	0.981	0.181
UNII_3 WiFi_Main	0.124	0.979	0.335
UNII_3 WiFi_Aux	0.123	0.504	0.156
Bluetooth_DH5	0.040	0.162	0.107
WLAN 2.4G_Main+WLAN 2.4G_Aux MAX \sum SAR _{1g}	0.143	1.520	1.224
RLAN 5G_Main+ RLAN 5G_Aux MAX \sum SAR _{1g}	0.551	2.048	0.606
WLAN_+BT MAX \sum SAR _{1g}	0.354	1.229	0.780

Note:

1. MAX. \sum SAR_{1g}= 2.048 W/Kg>1.6 W/Kg, so Peak location SAR are required.
2. Peak location SAR are 0.02 that refer Appendix E.

11. TEST LAYOUT

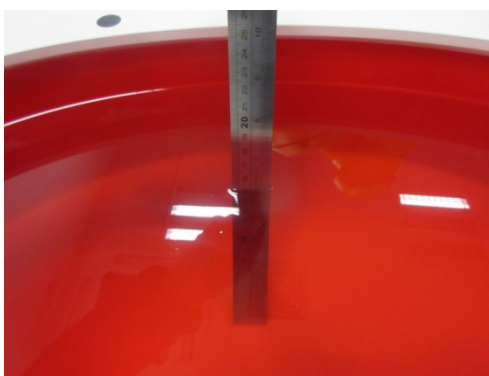
Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout



Liquid depth in the flat Phantom ($\geq 15\text{cm}$ depth)

HSL(2450MHz)

HSL(5GHz)



Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

(Pls See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2111T143B_Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

(Pls See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2111T143B_Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate

(Pls See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2111T143B_Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photographs of the Test Set-Up

(Pls See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2111T143B_Appendix D.)

Appendix E. SAR SPLSR

(Pls See BTL-FCC SAR-1-2111T143B_Appendix E.)

End of Test Report