

# Test report

**237212-4TRFWL**

Date of issue: May 23, 2013

Applicant:

**Ericsson WiFi Inc.**

Product:

**Dual-band WIFI router**

Model:

**AP6120**

FCC ID:

**RAR-40015001**

IC Registration number:

**4674A-40015001**

Specifications:

- ◆ **FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E, §15.407**  
Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices
- ◆ **RSS-210, Issue 8, December 2010, Annex 9**  
Local Area Network Devices

---

**Test location**

Nemko Canada Inc.  
303 River Road  
Ottawa, ON, K1V 1H2  
Canada

FCC test site registration number: 176392 and IC registered site number: 2040A-4 (3 m semi anechoic chamber)

**Telephone** +1 613 737 9680  
**Facsimile** +1 613 737 9691  
**Toll free** +1 800 563 6336  
**Website** www.nemko.com

**Tested by** Andrey Adelberg, Senior Wireless/EMC Specialist

**Reviewed by**



May 23, 2013

---

Kevin Rose, Wireless/EMC Specialist

**Date**

---

**Limits of responsibility**

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contain in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

---

**Copyright notification**

Nemko Canada Inc. authorizes the applicant to reproduce this report provided it is reproduced in its entirety and for use by the company's employees only. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions to be made based on it, are the responsibility of such third parties. Nemko Canada Inc. accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.  
© Nemko Canada Inc.

## Table of contents

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| <b>Table of contents .....</b>   | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>Section 1. Report summary .....</b>   | <b>4</b>  |
| 1.1 Applicant and manufacturer .....   | 4         |
| 1.2 Test specifications .....  | 4         |
| 1.3 Test methods.....  | 4         |
| 1.4 Statement of compliance .....  | 4         |
| 1.5 Exclusions.....  | 4         |
| 1.6 Test report revision history .....   | 4         |
| <b>Section 2. Summary of test results.....</b>   | <b>5</b>  |
| 2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart C, general requirements test results.....  | 5         |
| 2.2 FCC Part 15 Subpart E, test results .....  | 5         |
| 2.3 IC RSS-210, Issue 8, test results .....  | 6         |
| <b>Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details .....</b>   | <b>7</b>  |
| 3.1 Sample information.....  | 7         |
| 3.2 EUT information .....  | 7         |
| 3.3 Technical information .....  | 7         |
| 3.4 Product description and theory of operation .....  | 7         |
| 3.5 EUT exercise details.....  | 7         |
| 3.6 EUT setup diagram .....  | 7         |
| 3.7 EUT sub assemblies .....   | 8         |
| <b>Section 4. Engineering considerations.....</b>  | <b>9</b>  |
| 4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT.....   | 9         |
| 4.2 Technical judgment .....   | 9         |
| 4.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures .....  | 9         |
| <b>Section 5. Test conditions .....</b>  | <b>10</b> |
| 5.1 Atmospheric conditions .....   | 10        |
| 5.2 Power supply range.....  | 10        |
| <b>Section 6. Measurement uncertainty .....</b>  | <b>11</b> |
| 6.1 Uncertainty of measurement .....   | 11        |
| <b>Section 7. Test equipment .....</b>   | <b>12</b> |
| 7.1 Test equipment list.....   | 12        |
| <b>Section 8. Testing data .....</b>   | <b>13</b> |
| 8.1 FCC 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen 7.2.4 AC power line conducted emissions limits .....                               | 13        |
| 8.2 FCC 15.403(i) Emission bandwidth .....   | 16        |
| 8.3 RSS-Gen 4.6.1 Occupied bandwidth .....   | 18        |
| 8.4 FCC 15.407(a)(2) and RSS-210 A9.2(2) 5.25–5.35 GHz band output power, EIRP and spectral density limits ..... | 20        |
| 8.5 FCC 15.407(b) and RSS-210 A9.2(2) Spurious (out-of-band) emissions .....                                     | 25        |
| 8.6 FCC 15.407(g) Frequency stability .....  | 34        |
| 8.7 FCC 15.407(a)(6) and RSS-210 A9.4(2) Peak excursion and PSD-to-average ratio .....                           | 35        |
| <b>Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups .....</b>   | <b>38</b> |
| 9.1 Radiated emissions set-up.....   | 38        |
| 9.2 Conducted emissions set-up .....   | 38        |



Section 1. Report summary

1.1 Applicant and manufacturer

Ericsson WiFi Inc.  
6300 Legacy Drive,  
Plano, TX 75024  
USA

1.2 Test specifications

|  |  |
|--|--|
| FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart E, Clause 15.407 | Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices |
| RSS-210, Issue 8 Annex 9                     | Local Area Network Devices                             |

1.3 Test methods

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part 15, Subpart E | 789033 D01 General UNII Test Procedures v01r02 (September 26, 2012) |
| Emissions testing of transmitters with multiple outputs in the same band (MIMO)  | 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v01r02 (September 26, 2012)  |

1.4 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was completed against all relevant requirements of the test standard. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See “Summary of test results” for full details.

1.5 Exclusions

None

1.6 Test report revision history

| Revision # | Details of changes made to test report |
|------------|--|
| TRF        | Original report issued                 |

## Section 2. Summary of test results

### 2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart C, general requirements test results

| Part       | Test description          | Verdict           |
|------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| §15.207(a) | Conducted limits          | Pass              |
| §15.31(e)  | Variation of power source | Pass <sup>1</sup> |
| §15.203    | Antenna requirement       | Pass <sup>2</sup> |

Notes: <sup>1</sup>Measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85 % and 115 % of the nominal rated supply voltage. No noticeable output power variation was observed

<sup>2</sup>The Antennas are located within the enclosure of EUT and not user accessible.

### 2.2 FCC Part 15 Subpart E, test results

| Part          | Test description  | Verdict        |
|---------------|---|----------------|
| §15.403(i)    | Emission bandwidth  | Not applicable |
| §15.407(a)(1) | 5.15–5.25 GHz band power and density limits <sup>1</sup>        | Not applicable |
| §15.407(a)(2) | 5.25–5.35 GHz and 5.47–5.725 GHz bands power and density limits | Pass           |
| §15.407(a)(3) | 5.725–5.825 GHz band power and density limits                   | Not applicable |
| §15.407(a)(6) | Peak excursion  | Not applicable |
| §15.407(b)(1) | 5.15–5.25 GHz band undesired emission limits                    | Not applicable |
| §15.407(b)(2) | 5.25–5.35 GHz band undesired emission limits                    | Pass           |
| §15.407(b)(3) | 5.47–5.725 GHz band undesired emission limits                   | Not applicable |
| §15.407(b)(4) | 5.725–5.825 GHz band undesired emission limits                  | Not applicable |
| §15.407(b)(6) | Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz                                  | Pass           |
| §15.407(b)(7) | Radiated emissions within restricted bands                      | Pass           |
| §15.407(e)    | 5.15–5.25 GHz band operational restriction                      | Not applicable |
| §15.407(g)    | Frequency stability   | Pass           |
| §15.407(h)(1) | Transmit power control (TPC)                                    | Pass           |
| §15.407(h)(2) | Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) <sup>1</sup>                  | Not tested     |

Note: <sup>1</sup>DFS measurements were not tested at Nemko Canada lab. It's up to manufacturer to provide the results for the DFS requirements.

### 2.3 RSS-Gen, Issue 3, test results

| Part  | Test description                                       | Verdict        |
|-------|--|----------------|
| 4.6.1 | Occupied bandwidth                                     | Pass           |
| 4.7   | Transmitter frequency stability                        | Pass           |
| 6.1   | Receiver spurious emissions limits (radiated)          | Not applicable |
| 6.2   | Receiver spurious emissions limits (antenna conducted) | Not applicable |
| 7.2.4 | AC power lines conducted emission limits               | Pass           |

Notes: <sup>1</sup>According to Notice 2012-DRS0126 (from January 2012) section 2.2 of RSS-Gen, Issue 3 has been revised. The EUT does not have a stand-alone receiver neither scanner receiver, therefore exempt from receiver requirements.

## 2.4 IC RSS-210, Issue 8, test results

| Part     | Test description   | Verdict                 |
|----------|--|-------------------------|
| A9.2     | Transmitter power and e.i.r.p. limits  |                         |
| A9.2 (1) | 5150–5250 MHz band   | Not applicable          |
| A9.2 (2) | 5250–5350 MHz and 5470–5725 MHz bands  | Pass                    |
| A9.2 (3) | 5725–5825 MHz band   | Not applicable          |
| A9.3     | Out-of-band emission limits  |                         |
| A9.3 (1) | 5150–5250 MHz band   | Not applicable          |
| A9.3 (2) | 5250–5350 MHz band   | Pass                    |
| A9.3 (3) | 5470–5725 MHz band   | Not applicable          |
| A9.3 (4) | 5725–5825 MHz band   | Not applicable          |
| A9.4     | Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) for devices operating in the 5250–5350 MHz and 5470–5725 MHz bands | Not tested <sup>1</sup> |
| A9.5     | Other Requirements for all bands   |                         |
| A9.5 (a) | Digital modulation   | Pass                    |
| A9.5 (b) | PSD to average power ratio   | Pass                    |
| A9.5 (c) | Test frequencies   | Pass                    |
| A9.5 (d) | Discontinuation of transmission  | Not applicable          |
| A9.5 (e) | Transmitter frequency stability  | Pass                    |
| A9.5 (f) | Mobile satellite services  | Not applicable          |

Notes: <sup>1</sup>DFS measurements were not tested at Nemko Canada lab. It's up to manufacturer to provide the results for the DFS requirements.

## Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details

### 3.1 Sample information

|                        |                  |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Receipt date           | October 10, 2012 |
| Nemko sample ID number | 1                |

### 3.2 EUT information

|               |                       |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Product name  | Dual-band WIFI router |
| Model         | AP6120                |
| Serial number | BA114300032           |

### 3.3 Technical information

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Operating band            | 5250–5350 MHz  |
| Operating frequency (FCC) | 5260–5320 MHz (20 MHz channel) and 5280–5300 MHz (40 MHz channel)  |
| Operating frequency (IC)  | 5280–5320 MHz (20 MHz channel) and 5280–5300 MHz (40 MHz channel)  |
| Modulation type           | 802.11a/n  |
| Occupied bandwidth (99 %) | 17.02 MHz (802.11a);<br>18.17 MHz (802.11n HT20); 37.02 MHz (802.11n HT40)   |
| Emission designator       | W7D  |
| Power requirements        | 48 V <sub>DC</sub>   |
| Antenna information       | 2 internal 4 dBi antennas<br>The EUT uses a unique antenna coupling/ non-detachable antenna to the intentional radiator. |

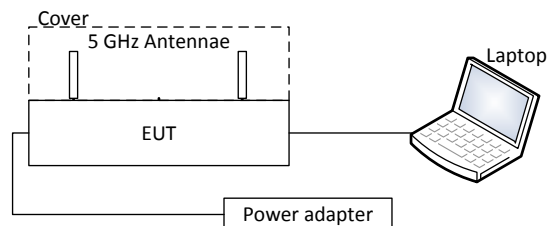
### 3.4 Product description and theory of operation

The EUT is a 2×2 MIMO device designed to operate in the 2.4 GHz band, and 5 GHz ISM and UNII bands. There are two independent radio units. This report covers only the 5.2 GHz UNII band radio.

### 3.5 EUT exercise details

The EUT was controlled to transmit at desired frequency and modulation from laptop using Art GUI software and telnet session.

### 3.6 EUT setup diagram



**Diagram 3.6-1: Setup diagram**



3.7 EUT sub assemblies

---

*Table 3.7-1: EUT sub assemblies*

| Description         | Brand name              | Model/Part number | Serial number     |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Laptop              | Toshiba                 | Satellite         | Asset number: 441 |
| I.T.E. Power Supply | Leader Electronics Inc. | MU24-B480050-A1   | None              |

**Section 4.**   Engineering considerations

---

**4.1**   Modifications incorporated in the EUT

---

There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

**4.2**   Technical judgment

---

None

**4.3**   Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

---

No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

# Section 5. Test conditions

---

## 5.1 Atmospheric conditions

---

|                   |               |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Temperature       | 15–30 °C      |
| Relative humidity | 20–75 %       |
| Air pressure      | 860–1060 mbar |

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

## 5.2 Power supply range

---

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages  $\pm 5\%$ , for which the equipment was designed.

## Section 6. Measurement uncertainty

---

### 6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

---

Nemko Canada Inc. has calculated measurement uncertainty and is documented in EMC/MUC/001 "Uncertainty in EMC measurements." Measurement uncertainty was calculated using the methods described in CISPR 16-4 Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC measurements; as well as described in UKAS LAB34: The expression of Uncertainty in EMC Testing. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of  $K=2$  with 95% certainty.

## Section 7. Test equipment

### 7.1 Test equipment list

*Table 7.1-1: Equipment list*

| Equipment                  | Manufacturer     | Model no.    | Asset no. | Cal cycle | Next cal.   |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| 3 m EMI test chamber       | TDK              | SAC-3        | FA002047  | 1 year    | Mar. 09/13  |
| Flush mount turntable      | Sunol            | FM2022       | FA002082  | —         | NCR         |
| Controller                 | Sunol            | SC104V       | FA002060  | —         | NCR         |
| Antenna mast               | Sunol            | TLT2         | FA002061  | —         | NCR         |
| Power supply               | California Inst. | 3001I        | FA001021  | 1 year    | Feb 08/13   |
| Receiver/spectrum analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz  | ESU 26       | FA002043  | 1 year    | May 16/13   |
| Spectrum analyzer          | Rohde & Schwarz  | FSU          | FA001877  | 1 year    | Jan. 10/13  |
| Bilog antenna              | Sunol            | JB3          | FA002108  | 1 year    | Feb. 07/13  |
| Horn antenna #2            | EMCO             | 3115         | FA000825  | 1 year    | Feb. 24/13  |
| Horn antenna 18–26.5 GHz   | Electro-metrics  | SH-50/60-1   | FA000479  | —         | VOU         |
| 1–18 GHz pre-amplifier     | JCA              | JCA118-503   | FA002091  | 1 year    | July 03/13  |
| 18–26 GHz pre-amplifier    | Narda            | BBS-1826N612 | FA001550  | —         | VOU         |
| LISN                       | Rohde & Schwarz  | ENV216       | FA002023  | 1 year    | Nov. 18/12  |
| Power meter                | Agilent          | N1911A       | FA001946  | 1 year    | Feb. 13/13  |
| Power sensor               | Agilent          | N1922A       | FA001947  | 1 year    | Feb. 13/13  |
| Temperature chamber        | Thermotron       | SM-16C       | FA001030  | 1 year    | NCR         |
| 26–40 GHz pre-amplifier    | Narda            | DBL-2640N610 | FA001556  | —         | VOU         |
| Horn antenna 18–40 GHz     | EMCO             | 3116         | FA001847  | 1 year    | Sept. 06/13 |

Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

## Section 8. Testing data

### 8.1 FCC 15.207(a) and RSS-Gen 7.2.4 AC power line conducted emissions limits

#### 8.1.1 Definitions and limits

**FCC:**  
 Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

**IC:**  
 The purpose of this test is to measure unwanted radio frequency currents induced in any AC conductor external to the equipment which could conduct interference to other equipment via the AC electrical network.

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any licence-exempt radiocommunication device equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in Table 2. The tighter limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

The conducted emissions shall be measured with a 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

**Table 8.1-1: Conducted emissions limit**

| Frequency of emission<br>(MHz) | Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V) |           |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|
|                                | Quasi-peak                   | Average   |
| 0.15–0.5                       | 66 to 56*                    | 56 to 46* |
| 0.5–5                          | 56                           | 46        |
| 5–30                           | 60                           | 50        |

Note: \* - Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### 8.1.2 Test summary

|                    |                  |                      |                 |                          |      |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| <b>Test date</b>   | October 15, 2012 | <b>Test engineer</b> | Andrey Adelberg | <b>Verdict</b>           | Pass |
| <b>Temperature</b> | 23 °C            | <b>Air pressure</b>  | 1006 mbar       | <b>Relative humidity</b> | 32 % |

#### 8.1.3 Observations/special notes

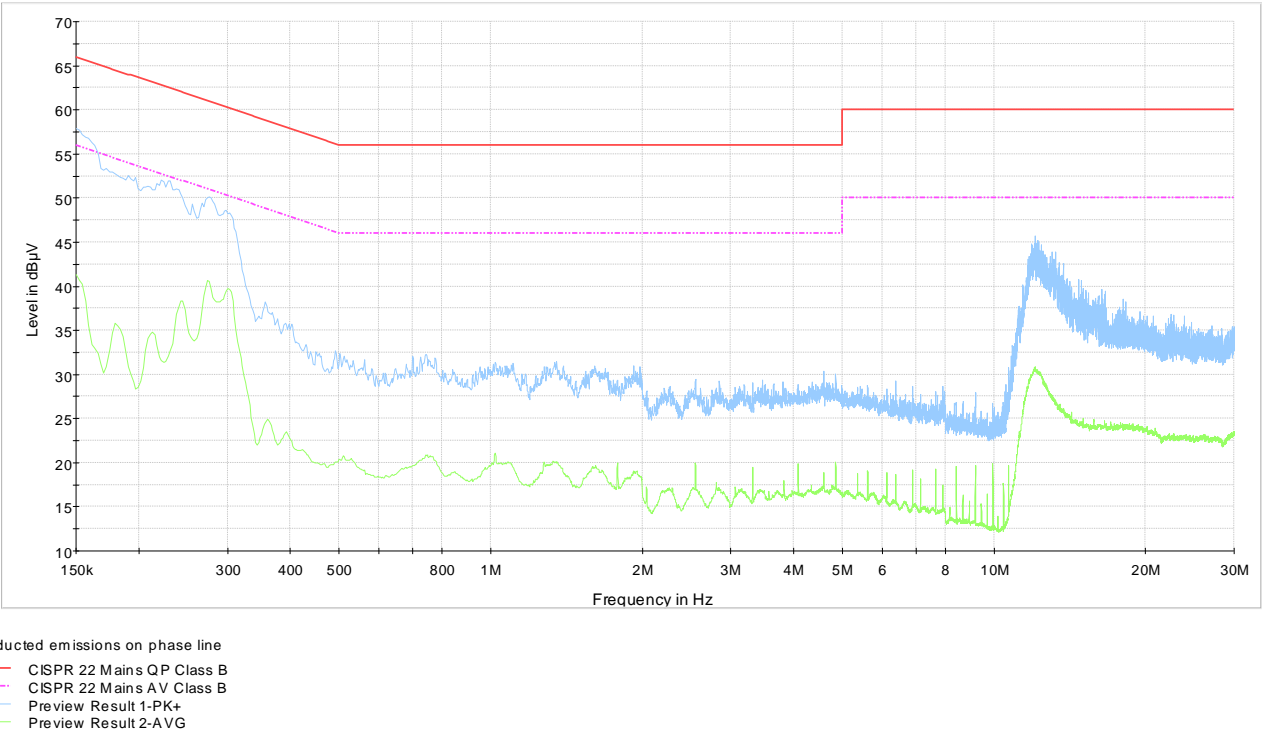
The EUT was set up as tabletop configuration.

The spectral scan has been corrected with transducer factors (i.e. cable loss, LISN factors, and attenuators) for determination of compliance.

A preview measurement was generated with the receiver in continuous scan mode. Emissions detected within 6 dB or above limit were re-measured with the appropriate detector against the correlating limit and recorded as the final measurement.

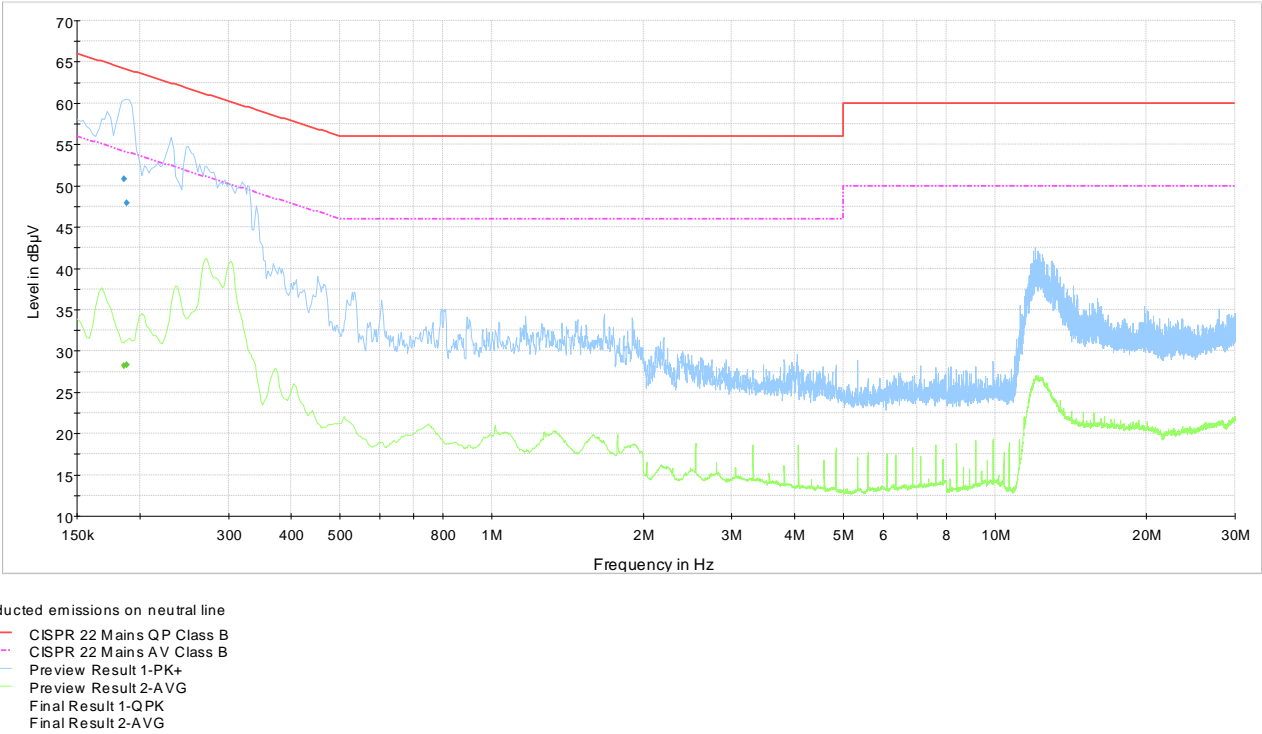
Receiver settings for preview measurements: Peak and Average detector (Max hold), RBW = 9 kHz, VBW = 30 kHz, Measurement time = 100 ms  
 Receiver settings for final measurements: Q-Peak and Average detector, RBW = 9 kHz, VBW = 30 kHz, Measurement time = 100 ms

8.1.4 Test data



Plot 8.1-1: Conducted emissions on phase line

8.1.4 Test data, continued



Plot 8.1-2: Conducted emissions on neutral line

Table 8.1-2: Quasi-Peak conducted emissions results

| Frequency, MHz | Q-Peak result, dBµV | Meas. Time, ms | Bandwidth, kHz | Filter | Conductor | Correction, dB | Margin, dB | Limit, dBµV |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|--------|-----------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| 0.186000       | 50.8                | 100.0          | 9.000          | On     | N         | 10.2           | 13.4       | 64.2        |
| 0.188250       | 47.9                | 100.0          | 9.000          | On     | N         | 10.2           | 16.2       | 64.1        |

Note: 43.5 dBµV = 23.2 dBµV (receiver reading) + 10.1 dB (LISN factor IL) + 0.2 dB (cable loss) + 10 dB (attenuator)

Table 8.1-3: Average conducted emissions results

| Frequency, MHz | Average result, dBµV | Meas. Time, ms | Bandwidth, kHz | Filter | Conductor | Correction, dB | Margin, dB | Limit, dBµV |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|--------|-----------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| 0.186000       | 28.2                 | 100.0          | 9.000          | On     | N         | 10.2           | 26.1       | 54.2        |
| 0.188250       | 28.3                 | 100.0          | 9.000          | On     | N         | 10.2           | 25.8       | 54.1        |

Sample calculation:

Correction factor (dB) = LISN factor IL (dB) + cable loss (dB) + attenuator (dB)

Result (dBµV) = XX dBµV (reading from receiver) + XX dB (Correction factor)

Example:

43.5 dBµV = 23.2 dBµV (receiver reading) + 10.1 dB (LISN factor IL) + 0.2 dB (cable loss) + 10 dB (attenuator)

## 8.2 FCC 15.403(i) Emission bandwidth

### 8.2.1 Definitions and limits

For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

### 8.2.2 Test summary

|                    |                  |                      |                 |                          |      |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| <b>Test date</b>   | October 31, 2012 | <b>Test engineer</b> | Andrey Adelberg | <b>Verdict</b>           | Pass |
| <b>Temperature</b> | 22 °C            | <b>Air pressure</b>  | 1004 mbar       | <b>Relative humidity</b> | 32 % |

### 8.2.3 Observations/special notes

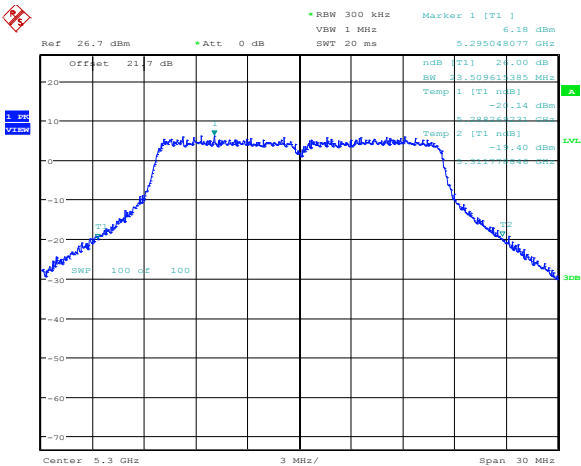
Measurements were performed with peak detector using RBW = 1 % of the emission BW. VBW was set three times RBW.

### 8.2.4 Test data

*Table 8.2-1: 26 dB bandwidth results*

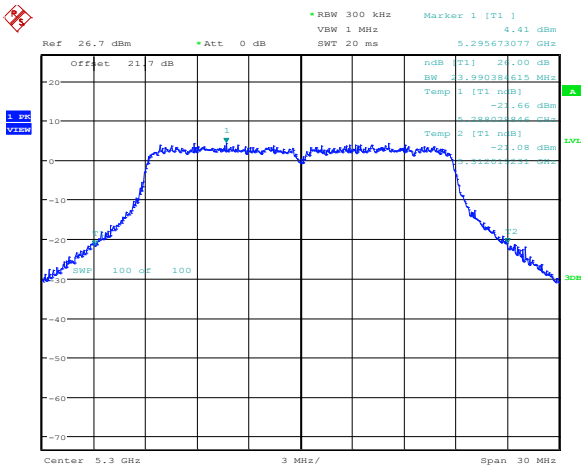
| Antenna chain | Modulation   | Channel        | 26 dB bandwidth, MHz |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|
| ch0           | 802.11a      | 5260 (FCC low) | 22.98                |
| ch0           | 802.11a      | 5280 (IC low)  | 23.41                |
| ch0           | 802.11a      | 5300           | 23.51                |
| ch0           | 802.11a      | 5320           | 23.22                |
| ch0           | 802.11n HT20 | 5260 (FCC low) | 23.65                |
| ch0           | 802.11n HT20 | 5280 (IC low)  | 24.09                |
| ch0           | 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 23.89                |
| ch0           | 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 23.85                |
| ch0           | 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | 48.08                |
| ch0           | 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | 47.88                |
| ch1           | 802.11a      | 5260 (FCC low) | 23.03                |
| ch1           | 802.11a      | 5280 (IC low)  | 22.98                |
| ch1           | 802.11a      | 5300           | 23.22                |
| ch1           | 802.11a      | 5320           | 23.32                |
| ch1           | 802.11n HT20 | 5260 (FCC low) | 23.89                |
| ch1           | 802.11n HT20 | 5280 (IC low)  | 23.99                |
| ch1           | 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 23.99                |
| ch1           | 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 24.47                |
| ch1           | 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | 47.40                |
| ch1           | 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | 48.27                |

8.2.4 Test data, continued



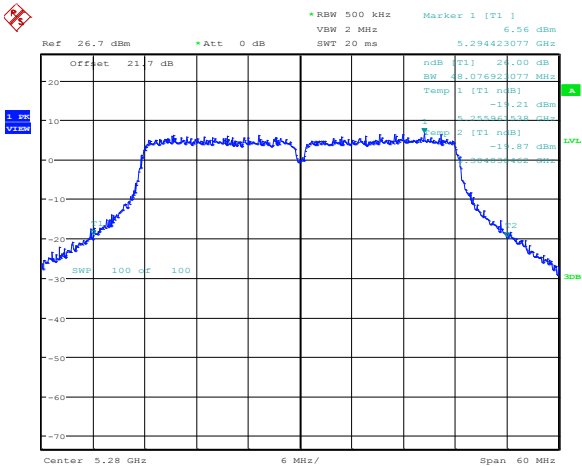
Date: 31.OCT.2012 09:46:48

Diagram 8.2-1: 26 dB bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot



Date: 31.OCT.2012 09:53:08

Diagram 8.2-2: 26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot



Date: 31.OCT.2012 09:55:17

Diagram 8.2-3: 26 dB bandwidth on 802.11n HT40, sample plot

### 8.3    RSS-Gen 4.6.1 Occupied bandwidth

---

#### 8.3.1    Definitions and limits

---

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99 percent emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.

The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. The video bandwidth shall be set to 3 times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sampling detector shall be used since a peak or, peak hold, may produce a wider bandwidth than actual.

The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded.

The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth.

#### 8.3.2    Test summary

---

|                    |                  |                      |                 |                          |      |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| <b>Test date</b>   | October 31, 2012 | <b>Test engineer</b> | Andrey Adelberg | <b>Verdict</b>           | Pass |
| <b>Temperature</b> | 22 °C            | <b>Air pressure</b>  | 1003 mbar       | <b>Relative humidity</b> | 33 % |

#### 8.3.3    Observations/special notes

---

Measurements were performed with peak detector using RBW  $\geq$  1 % of span; VBW was set three times RBW.

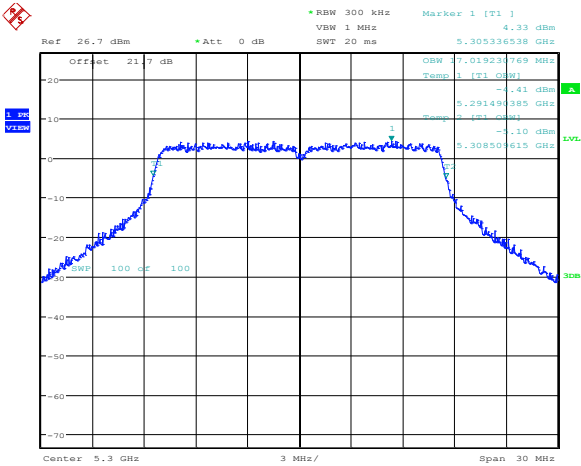
#### 8.3.4    Test data

---

*Table 8.3-1: 99 % bandwidth results*

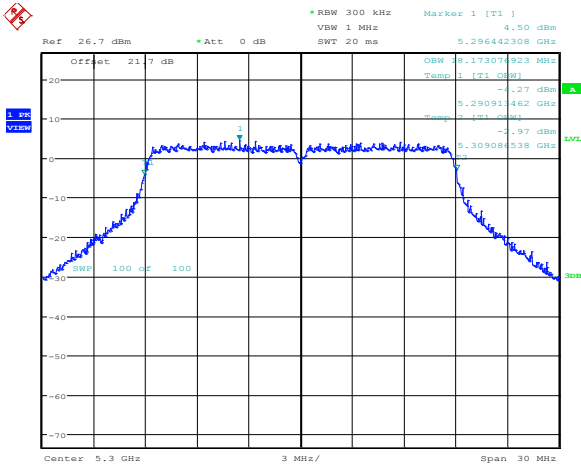
| Modulation   | 99 % bandwidth, MHz |
|--------------|---------------------|
| 802.11a      | 17.02               |
| 802.11n HT20 | 18.17               |
| 802.11n HT40 | 37.02               |

8.3.4 Test data, continued



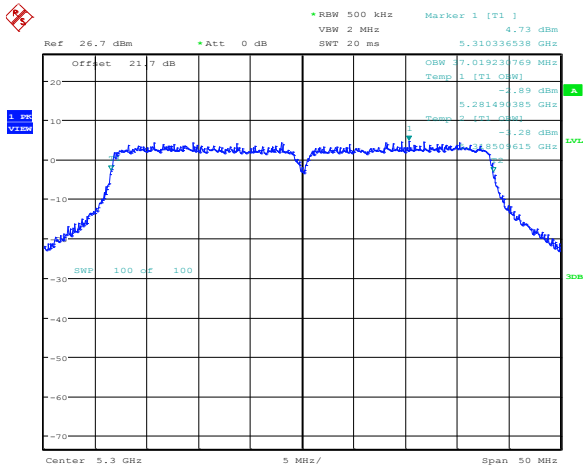
Date: 31.OCT.2012 09:58:57

Diagram 8.3-1: 99 % bandwidth on 802.11a, sample plot



Date: 31.OCT.2012 09:59:22

Diagram 8.3-2: 99 % bandwidth on 802.11n HT20, sample plot



Date: 31.OCT.2012 09:58:13

Diagram 8.3-3: 99 % bandwidth on 802.11n HT40, sample plot

## 8.4 FCC 15.407(a)(2) and RSS-210 A9.2(2) 5.25–5.35 GHz band output power, EIRP and spectral density limits

### 8.4.1 Definitions and limits

#### FCC:

For the 5.25–5.35 GHz and 5.47–5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm +  $10 \log_{10}(B)$ , where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, etc., so as to obtain a true peak measurement conforming to the above definitions for the emission in question.

The peak power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A resolution bandwidth less than the measurement bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated to show total power over the measurement bandwidth. If the resolution bandwidth is approximately equal to the measurement bandwidth, and much less than the emission bandwidth of the equipment under test, the measured results shall be corrected to account for any difference between the resolution bandwidth of the test instrument and its actual noise bandwidth.

(h)(1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25–5.35 GHz band and the 5.47–5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

#### IC:

The maximum conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or  $11 + 10 \log_{10}(B)$ , dBm, whichever power is less. The power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band. The maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1.0 W or  $17 + 10 \log_{10}(B)$ , dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in MHz. Note that devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 500 mW shall implement TPC in order to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 1 W.

In addition to the above requirements, devices operating in the band 5250–5350 MHz with a maximum e.i.r.p. greater than 200 mW shall comply with the following e.i.r.p. elevation mask, where  $\theta$  is the angle above the local horizontal plane (of the Earth) as shown below:

- |      |   |  |
|------|---|--|
| i.   | – 13 dB (W/MHz)                         | for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 8^\circ$      |
| ii.  | – $13 - 0.716(\theta - 8)$ dB (W/MHz)   | for $8^\circ \leq \theta < 40^\circ$     |
| iii. | – $35.9 - 1.22(\theta - 40)$ dB (W/MHz) | for $40^\circ \leq \theta \leq 45^\circ$ |
| iv.  | – 42 dB (W/MHz)                         | for $\theta > 45^\circ$                  |

### 8.4.2 Test summary

|                    |                  |                      |                 |                          |      |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| <b>Test date</b>   | October 31, 2012 | <b>Test engineer</b> | Andrey Adelberg | <b>Verdict</b>           | Pass |
| <b>Temperature</b> | 22 °C            | <b>Air pressure</b>  | 1003 mbar       | <b>Relative humidity</b> | 32 % |

### 8.4.3 Observations/special notes

The test was performed according to UNII guidelines section C) 4) Method PM: maximum conducted (average) output power using wideband RF average power meter with a thermocouple detector.

#### 8.4.4 Test data

**Table 8.4-1:** Output power measurements and EIRP calculations results for FCC

| Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | Average power on ch0, dBm | Average power on ch1, dBm | Combined average power, dBm | Output power limit, dBm | Output power margin, dB | Antenna gain, dBi | EIRP, dBm | EIRP limit, dBm | EIRP margin, dB |
|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | 15.05                     | 13.70                     | 17.44                       | 23.00                   | 5.56                    | 7.0               | 24.44     | 29.00           | 4.56            |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 15.70                     | 14.10                     | 17.98                       | 23.00                   | 5.02                    | 7.0               | 24.98     | 29.00           | 4.02            |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 15.35                     | 14.45                     | 17.93                       | 23.00                   | 5.07                    | 7.0               | 24.93     | 29.00           | 4.07            |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | 14.95                     | 14.00                     | 17.51                       | 23.00                   | 5.49                    | 7.0               | 24.51     | 29.00           | 4.49            |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | 15.75                     | 14.25                     | 18.07                       | 23.00                   | 4.93                    | 7.0               | 25.07     | 29.00           | 3.93            |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | 15.05                     | 13.65                     | 17.42                       | 23.00                   | 5.58                    | 7.0               | 24.42     | 29.00           | 4.58            |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | 15.85                     | 14.10                     | 18.07                       | 23.00                   | 4.93                    | 7.0               | 25.07     | 29.00           | 3.93            |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | 15.45                     | 14.40                     | 17.97                       | 23.00                   | 5.03                    | 7.0               | 24.97     | 29.00           | 4.03            |

Notes: Combined average output power was calculated as follows:

$$P_{combined} = 10 \times \log_{10} \left( (10^{P_{ch0}/10}) + (10^{P_{ch1}/10}) \right)$$

EIRP was calculated as follows:

$$EIRP = P_{combined} + \text{antenna gain}$$

MIMO Correlated 2x2 (CDD/TXBF), Directional gain = 4 dBi + 10×log<sub>10</sub> (N) dB = 4 dBi + 3 dB = 7 dBi, where “N” is number of antennae.

The output power limit for 802.11n HT20 was calculated as follows: e.g. 11 + 10 × Log<sub>10</sub> (23.89) = 24.78 dBm

The output power limit for 802.11a was calculated as follows: e.g. 11 + 10 × Log<sub>10</sub> (23.51) = 24.71 dBm

Since the direct antenna gain is more than 6 dBi by 1 dB, therefore the output power limit was reduced by 1 dB.

**Table 8.4-2:** Output power measurements and EIRP calculations results for IC

| Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | Average power on ch0, dBm | Average power on ch1, dBm | Combined average power, dBm | Output power limit, dBm | Output power margin, dB | Antenna gain, dBi | EIRP, dBm | EIRP limit, dBm | EIRP margin, dB |
|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5280           | 3.90                      | 5.70                      | 7.90                        | 23.0                    | 15.10                   | 7.0               | 14.90     | 29.60           | 14.70           |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 3.90                      | 6.45                      | 8.37                        | 23.0                    | 14.63                   | 7.0               | 15.37     | 29.60           | 14.23           |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 4.40                      | 6.20                      | 8.40                        | 23.0                    | 14.60                   | 7.0               | 15.40     | 29.60           | 14.20           |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | 7.15                      | 9.00                      | 11.18                       | 23.0                    | 11.82                   | 7.0               | 18.18     | 30.00           | 11.82           |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | 6.45                      | 9.20                      | 11.05                       | 23.0                    | 11.95                   | 7.0               | 18.05     | 30.00           | 11.95           |
| 802.11a      | 5280           | 3.30                      | 6.30                      | 8.06                        | 23.0                    | 14.94                   | 7.0               | 15.06     | 29.31           | 14.25           |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | 3.00                      | 6.55                      | 8.14                        | 23.0                    | 14.86                   | 7.0               | 15.14     | 29.31           | 14.17           |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | 3.85                      | 5.70                      | 7.88                        | 23.0                    | 15.12                   | 7.0               | 14.88     | 29.31           | 14.43           |

Notes: Combined average output power was calculated as follows:

$$P_{combined} = 10 \times \log_{10} \left( (10^{P_{ch0}/10}) + (10^{P_{ch1}/10}) \right)$$

EIRP was calculated as follows:

$$EIRP = P_{combined} + \text{antenna gain}$$

MIMO Correlated 2x2 (CDD/TXBF), Directional gain = 4 dBi + 10×log<sub>10</sub> (N) dB = 4 dBi + 3 dB = 7 dBi, where “N” is number of antennae.

The EIRP limit for 802.11n HT20 was calculated as follows: 17 + 10 × Log<sub>10</sub> (18.17) = 29.60 dBm; where 18.17 MHz is 99 % OBW

The EIRP limit for 802.11a was calculated as follows: 17 + 10 × Log<sub>10</sub> (17.02) = 29.31 dBm; where 17.02 MHz is 99 % OBW

#### 8.4.4 Test data, continued

**Table 8.4-3:** PSD measurements results for FCC

| Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | PSD at ch0, dBm/1 MHz | PSD at ch1, dBm/1 MHz | Combined PSD, dBm/1 MHz | PSD limit, dBm/1 MHz | Margin, dB |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | 2.26                  | 0.70                  | 4.56                    | 10.0                 | 5.44       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 2.90                  | 1.37                  | 5.21                    | 10.0                 | 4.79       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 2.61                  | 1.77                  | 5.22                    | 10.0                 | 4.78       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -0.81                 | -1.72                 | 1.77                    | 10.0                 | 8.23       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -0.02                 | -1.12                 | 2.48                    | 10.0                 | 7.52       |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | 2.38                  | 1.97                  | 5.19                    | 10.0                 | 4.81       |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | 3.18                  | 1.99                  | 5.64                    | 10.0                 | 4.36       |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | 2.88                  | 2.09                  | 5.51                    | 10.0                 | 4.49       |

Notes: Combined PSD was calculated as follows:

$$PSD_{combined} = 10 \times \log_{10} \left( (10^{PSD_{ch0}/10}) + (10^{PSD_{ch1}/10}) \right)$$

Since the direct antenna gain is more than 6 dBi by 1 dB, therefore the PSD limit was reduced by 1 dB.

**Table 8.4-4:** PSD measurements results for IC

| Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | PSD at ch0, dBm/1 MHz | PSD at ch1, dBm/1 MHz | Combined PSD, dBm/1 MHz | PSD limit, dBm/1 MHz | Margin, dB |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5280           | -7.44                 | -7.20                 | -4.31                   | 11.0                 | 15.31      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | -7.05                 | -7.18                 | -4.10                   | 11.0                 | 15.10      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | -7.00                 | -7.09                 | -4.03                   | 11.0                 | 15.03      |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -7.10                 | -7.13                 | -4.10                   | 11.0                 | 15.10      |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -7.03                 | -7.39                 | -4.20                   | 11.0                 | 15.20      |
| 802.11a      | 5280           | -7.00                 | -7.04                 | -4.01                   | 11.0                 | 15.01      |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | -7.03                 | -7.23                 | -4.12                   | 11.0                 | 15.12      |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | -7.00                 | -7.15                 | -4.06                   | 11.0                 | 15.06      |

Notes: Combined PSD was calculated as follows:

$$PSD_{combined} = 10 \times \log_{10} \left( (10^{PSD_{ch0}/10}) + (10^{PSD_{ch1}/10}) \right)$$

**Table 8.4-5:** TPC measurements results for FCC

| Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | Power at ch0, dBm | Power at ch1, dBm | Combined power, dBm | TPC power limit, dBm | Margin, dB |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | 9.55              | 8.15              | 11.92               | 17.0                 | 5.08       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 10.15             | 8.75              | 12.52               | 17.0                 | 4.48       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 9.50              | 8.95              | 12.24               | 17.0                 | 4.76       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | 9.60              | 8.30              | 12.01               | 17.0                 | 4.99       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | 10.65             | 8.45              | 12.70               | 17.0                 | 4.30       |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | 9.75              | 8.15              | 12.03               | 17.0                 | 4.97       |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | 10.35             | 8.50              | 12.53               | 17.0                 | 4.47       |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | 9.55              | 8.80              | 12.20               | 17.0                 | 4.80       |

Notes: Combined power was calculated as follows:

$$Power_{combined} = 10 \times \log_{10} \left( (10^{Power_{ch0}/10}) + (10^{Power_{ch1}/10}) \right)$$

#### 8.4.4 Test data, continued

**Table 8.4-6:** IC elevation mask for cho

| Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | Conducted PSD, dBm/MHz | Conversion factor, dB | Conducted PSD, dBW/MHz | Angle (θ), deg | Gain, dBi | EIRP PSD, dBW/MHz | EIRP PSD limit, dBW/MHz | Margin, dB |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | -7.44                  | -30.00                | -37.44                 | 8              | 0         | -37.44            | -13.00                  | 24.44      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | -7.05                  | -30.00                | -37.05                 | 8              | 0         | -37.05            | -13.00                  | 24.05      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 8              | 0         | -37.00            | -13.00                  | 24.00      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | -7.44                  | -30.00                | -37.44                 | 40             | -2        | -39.44            | -35.91                  | 3.53       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | -7.05                  | -30.00                | -37.05                 | 40             | -2        | -39.05            | -35.91                  | 3.14       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 40             | -2        | -39.00            | -35.91                  | 3.09       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | -7.44                  | -30.00                | -37.44                 | 45             | -5        | -42.44            | -42.00                  | 0.44       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | -7.05                  | -30.00                | -37.05                 | 45             | -5        | -42.05            | -42.00                  | 0.05       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 45             | -5        | -42.00            | -42.00                  | 0.00       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -7.10                  | -30.00                | -37.10                 | 8              | 0         | -37.10            | -13.00                  | 24.10      |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -7.03                  | -30.00                | -37.03                 | 8              | 0         | -37.03            | -13.00                  | 24.03      |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -7.10                  | -30.00                | -37.10                 | 40             | -2        | -39.10            | -35.91                  | 3.19       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -7.03                  | -30.00                | -37.03                 | 40             | -2        | -39.03            | -35.91                  | 3.12       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -7.10                  | -30.00                | -37.10                 | 45             | -5        | -42.10            | -42.00                  | 0.10       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -7.03                  | -30.00                | -37.03                 | 45             | -5        | -42.03            | -42.00                  | 0.03       |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 8              | 0         | -37.00            | -13.00                  | 24.00      |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | -7.03                  | -30.00                | -37.03                 | 8              | 0         | -37.03            | -13.00                  | 24.03      |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 8              | 0         | -37.00            | -13.00                  | 24.00      |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 40             | -2        | -39.00            | -35.91                  | 3.09       |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | -7.03                  | -30.00                | -37.03                 | 40             | -2        | -39.03            | -35.91                  | 3.12       |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 40             | -2        | -39.00            | -35.91                  | 3.09       |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 45             | -5        | -42.00            | -42.00                  | 0.00       |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | -7.03                  | -30.00                | -37.03                 | 45             | -5        | -42.03            | -42.00                  | 0.03       |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | -7.00                  | -30.00                | -37.00                 | 45             | -5        | -42.00            | -42.00                  | 0.00       |

Notes: Bandwidth correction factor from 1 mW to 1 W (1000 mW):  $10 \times \log_{10} (1 \text{ mW} \div 1000 \text{ mW}) = 10 \times \log_{10} (0.001) = -30 \text{ dB}$

EIRP PSD (dBW/MHz) = Conducted PSD (dBW/MHz) + Gain (dBi)

Customer declaration for the antenna gains versus elevation angle:

0 dBi within: 0° to 8°

-2 dBi within: 8° to 40°.

-5 dBi within: 40° to 45°

#### 8.4.4 Test data, continued

**Table 8.4-7:** IC elevation mask for ch1

| Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | Conducted PSD, dBm/MHz | Conversion factor, dB | Conducted PSD, dBW/MHz | Angle (θ), deg | Gain, dBi | EIRP PSD, dBW/MHz | EIRP PSD limit, dBW/MHz | Margin, dB |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | -7.20                  | -30.00                | -37.20                 | 8              | 0         | -37.20            | -13.00                  | 24.20      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | -7.18                  | -30.00                | -37.18                 | 8              | 0         | -37.18            | -13.00                  | 24.18      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | -7.09                  | -30.00                | -37.09                 | 8              | 0         | -37.09            | -13.00                  | 24.09      |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | -7.20                  | -30.00                | -37.20                 | 40             | -2        | -39.20            | -35.91                  | 3.29       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | -7.18                  | -30.00                | -37.18                 | 40             | -2        | -39.18            | -35.91                  | 3.27       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | -7.09                  | -30.00                | -37.09                 | 40             | -2        | -39.09            | -35.91                  | 3.18       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | -7.20                  | -30.00                | -37.20                 | 45             | -5        | -42.20            | -42.00                  | 0.20       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | -7.18                  | -30.00                | -37.18                 | 45             | -5        | -42.18            | -42.00                  | 0.18       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | -7.09                  | -30.00                | -37.09                 | 45             | -5        | -42.09            | -42.00                  | 0.09       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -7.13                  | -30.00                | -37.13                 | 8              | 0         | -37.13            | -13.00                  | 24.13      |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -7.39                  | -30.00                | -37.39                 | 8              | 0         | -37.39            | -13.00                  | 24.39      |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -7.13                  | -30.00                | -37.13                 | 40             | -2        | -39.13            | -35.91                  | 3.22       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -7.39                  | -30.00                | -37.39                 | 40             | -2        | -39.39            | -35.91                  | 3.48       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | -7.13                  | -30.00                | -37.13                 | 45             | -5        | -42.13            | -42.00                  | 0.13       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | -7.39                  | -30.00                | -37.39                 | 45             | -5        | -42.39            | -42.00                  | 0.39       |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | -7.04                  | -30.00                | -37.04                 | 8              | 0         | -37.04            | -13.00                  | 24.04      |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | -7.23                  | -30.00                | -37.23                 | 8              | 0         | -37.23            | -13.00                  | 24.23      |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | -7.15                  | -30.00                | -37.15                 | 8              | 0         | -37.15            | -13.00                  | 24.15      |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | -7.04                  | -30.00                | -37.04                 | 40             | -2        | -39.04            | -35.91                  | 3.13       |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | -7.23                  | -30.00                | -37.23                 | 40             | -2        | -39.23            | -35.91                  | 3.32       |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | -7.15                  | -30.00                | -37.15                 | 40             | -2        | -39.15            | -35.91                  | 3.24       |
| 802.11a      | 5260           | -7.04                  | -30.00                | -37.04                 | 45             | -5        | -42.04            | -42.00                  | 0.04       |
| 802.11a      | 5300           | -7.23                  | -30.00                | -37.23                 | 45             | -5        | -42.23            | -42.00                  | 0.23       |
| 802.11a      | 5320           | -7.15                  | -30.00                | -37.15                 | 45             | -5        | -42.15            | -42.00                  | 0.15       |

Notes: Bandwidth correction factor from 1 mW to 1 W (1000 mW):  $10 \times \log_{10} (1 \text{ mW} \div 1000 \text{ mW}) = 10 \times \log_{10} (0.001) = -30 \text{ dB}$

EIRP PSD (dBW/MHz) = Conducted PSD (dBW/MHz) + Gain (dBi)

Customer declaration for the antenna gains versus elevation angle:

0 dBi within: 0° to 8°

-2 dBi within: 8° to 40°.

-5 dBi within: 40° to 45°

## 8.5 FCC 15.407(b) and RSS-210 A9.2(2) Spurious (out-of-band) emissions

### 8.5.1 Definitions and limits

#### FCC:

(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25–5.35 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of –27 dBm/MHz. Devices operating in the 5.25–5.35 GHz band that generate emissions in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band must meet all applicable technical requirements for operation in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band (including indoor use) or alternatively meet an out-of-band emission EIRP limit of –27 dBm/MHz in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band.

(5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209.

(7) The provisions of § 15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

(8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency block edges as the design of the equipment permits.

#### IC:

Emissions outside the band 5250–5350 MHz shall not exceed –27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p.

The outermost carrier frequencies or channels, as permitted by the design of the equipment, shall be used when measuring unwanted emissions. Such carrier or channel center frequencies are to be indicated in the test report.

#### RSS-Gen 7.2.2 Emissions falling within restricted frequency bands

Restricted bands, identified in below, are designated primarily for safety-of-life services (distress calling and certain aeronautical bands), certain satellite downlinks, radio astronomy and some government uses. Except where otherwise indicated, the following restrictions apply:

(a) fundamental components of modulation of licence-exempt radio apparatus shall not fall within the restricted bands of below;

(b) unwanted emissions falling into restricted bands of below shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen;

(c) unwanted emissions not falling within restricted frequency bands shall either comply with the limits specified in the applicable RSS, or with those specified in RSS-Gen.

**Table 8.5-1: FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen – Radiated emission limits**

| Frequency,<br>MHz | Field strength of emissions |                                 | Measurement distance,<br>m |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
|                   | µV/m                        | dBµV/m                          |                            |
| 0.009–0.490*      | 2400/F                      | $67.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$ | 300                        |
| 0.490–1.705*      | 24000/F                     | $87.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$ | 30                         |
| 1.705–30.0*       | 30                          | 29.5                            | 30                         |
| 30–88             | 100                         | 40.0                            | 3                          |
| 88–216            | 150                         | 43.5                            | 3                          |
| 216–960           | 200                         | 46.0                            | 3                          |
| above 960         | 500                         | 54.0                            | 3                          |

Notes: Applicable only to FCC requirements

In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test

## 8.5.1 Definitions and limits, continued

**Table 8.5-2: IC restricted frequency bands**

| MHz             | MHz                 | MHz           | GHz         |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090–0.110     | 12.51975–12.52025   | 399.9–410     | 5.35–5.46   |
| 2.1735–2.1905   | 12.57675–12.57725   | 608–614       | 7.25–7.75   |
| 3.020–3.026     | 13.36–13.41         | 960–1427      | 8.025–8.5   |
| 4.125–4.128     | 16.42–16.423        | 1435–1626.5   | 9.0–9.2     |
| 4.17725–4.17775 | 16.69475–16.69525   | 1645.5–1646.5 | 9.3–9.5     |
| 4.20725–4.20775 | 16.80425–16.80475   | 1660–1710     | 10.6–12.7   |
| 5.677–5.683     | 25.5–25.67          | 1718.8–1722.2 | 13.25–13.4  |
| 6.215–6.218     | 37.5–38.25          | 2200–2300     | 14.47–14.5  |
| 6.26775–6.26825 | 73–74.6             | 2310–2390     | 15.35–16.2  |
| 6.31175–6.31225 | 74.8–75.2           | 2655–2900     | 17.7–21.4   |
| 8.291–8.294     | 108–138             | 3260–3267     | 22.01–23.12 |
| 8.362–8.366     | 156.52475–156.52525 | 3332–3339     | 23.6–24.0   |
| 8.37625–8.38675 | 156.7–156.9         | 3345.8–3358   | 31.2–31.8   |
| 8.41425–8.41475 | 240–285             | 3500–4400     | 36.43–36.5  |
| 12.29–12.293    | 322–335.4           | 4500–5150     | Above 38.6  |

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in Table 8.5-2 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for low-power license-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to the devices are set out in this Standard

**Table 8.5-3: FCC restricted frequency bands**

| MHz               | MHz                 | MHz           | GHz         |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090–0.110       | 16.42–16.423        | 399.9–410     | 4.5–5.15    |
| 0.495–0.505       | 16.69475–16.69525   | 608–614       | 5.35–5.46   |
| 2.1735–2.1905     | 16.80425–16.80475   | 960–1240      | 7.25–7.75   |
| 4.125–4.128       | 25.5–25.67          | 1300–1427     | 8.025–8.5   |
| 4.17725–4.17775   | 37.5–38.25          | 1435–1626.5   | 9.0–9.2     |
| 4.20725–4.20775   | 73–74.6             | 1645.5–1646.5 | 9.3–9.5     |
| 6.215–6.218       | 74.8–75.2           | 1660–1710     | 10.6–12.7   |
| 6.26775–6.26825   | 108–121.94          | 1718.8–1722.2 | 13.25–13.4  |
| 6.31175–6.31225   | 123–138             | 2200–2300     | 14.47–14.5  |
| 8.291–8.294       | 149.9–150.05        | 2310–2390     | 15.35–16.2  |
| 8.362–8.366       | 156.52475–156.52525 | 2483.5–2500   | 17.7–21.4   |
| 8.37625–8.38675   | 156.7–156.9         | 2690–2900     | 22.01–23.12 |
| 8.41425–8.41475   | 162.0125–167.17     | 3260–3267     | 23.6–24.0   |
| 12.29–12.293      | 167.72–173.2        | 3332–3339     | 31.2–31.8   |
| 12.51975–12.52025 | 240–285             | 3345.8–3358   | 36.43–36.5  |
| 12.57675–12.57725 | 322–335.4           | 3600–4400     | Above 38.6  |
| 13.36–13.41       |                     |               |             |

## 8.5.2 Test summary

|             |                  |               |                 |                   |      |
|-------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| Test date   | October 31, 2012 | Test engineer | Andrey Adelberg | Verdict           | Pass |
| Temperature | 22 °C            | Air pressure  | 1003 mbar       | Relative humidity | 32 % |

### 8.5.3 Observations/special notes

The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic.  
 Radiated measurements were performed at a distance of 3 m, the EUT was transmitting on both MIMO chains simultaneously.  
 Settings for radiated measurements within restricted bands:  
 For frequencies below 1 GHz, RBW was set to 100 kHz, VBW was 3 times wider than RBW.  
 Peak detector was used for measurements.  
 For frequencies above 1 GHz, RBW was set to 1 MHz, VBW was 3 times wider than RBW for peak measurements, and VBW was set to 10 Hz for average measurements. Peak detector was used for measurements.  
 EUT was set to transmit with 100 % duty cycle.  
 Conducted emissions were performed on each individual MIMO chain and plots were adjusted to include 3 dB ( $10 \times \log(\text{total number of chains})$ ) and antenna directional gain of 7 dBi ( $4 \text{ dBi} + 10 \times \log(\text{total number of antennas})$ ).

### 8.5.4 Test data

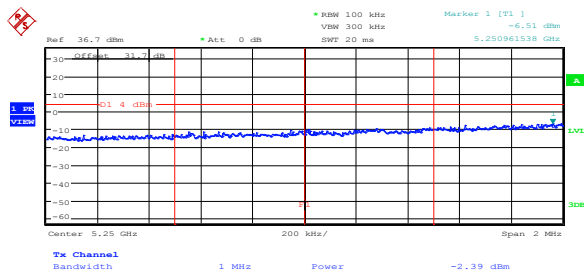


Diagram 8.5-1: Lower band edge, 802.11a, cho FCC

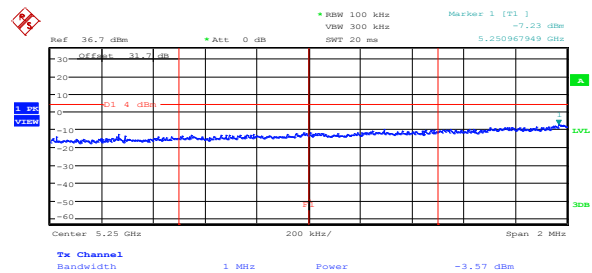


Diagram 8.5-2: Lower band edge, 802.11a, ch1 FCC

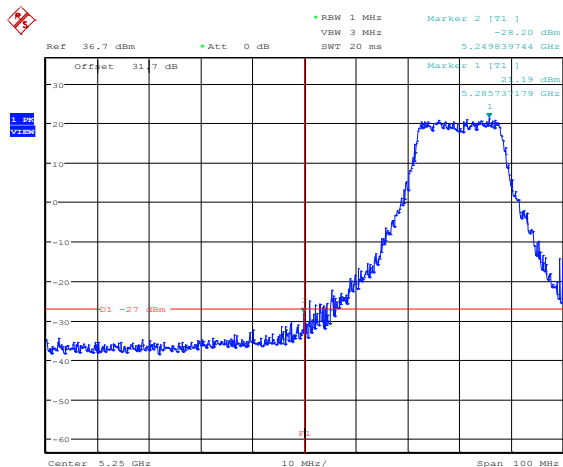


Diagram 8.5-3: Lower band edge, 802.11a, cho IC

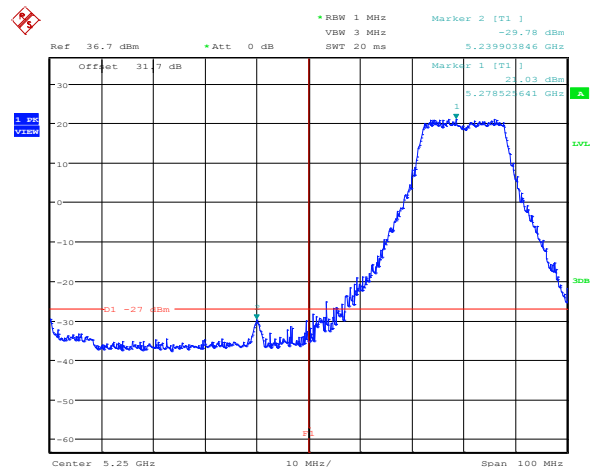


Diagram 8.5-4: Lower band edge, 802.11a, ch1 IC

Date: 31.OCT.2012 08:35:16

Date: 31.OCT.2012 08:34:20

8.5.4 Test data, continued

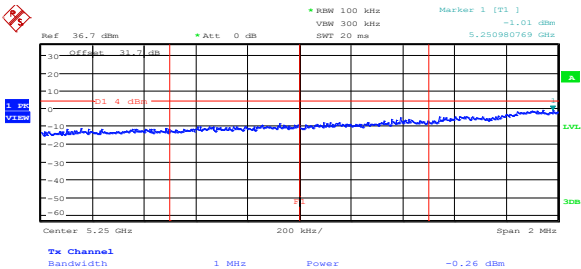


Diagram 8.5-5: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT20, cho FCC

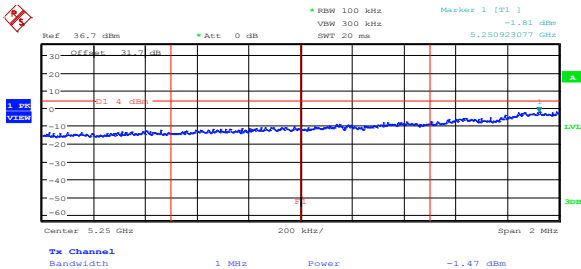


Diagram 8.5-6: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT20, ch1 FCC

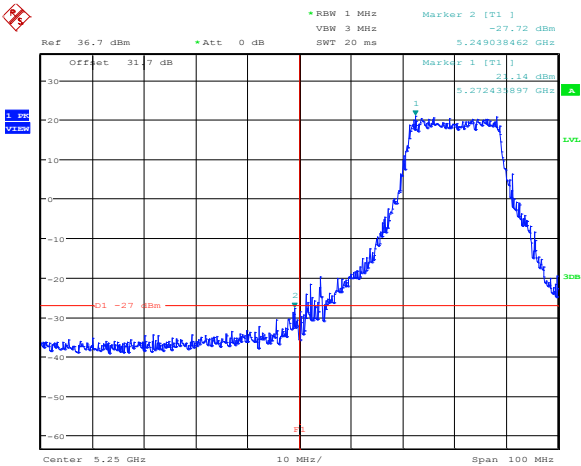


Diagram 8.5-7: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT20, cho IC

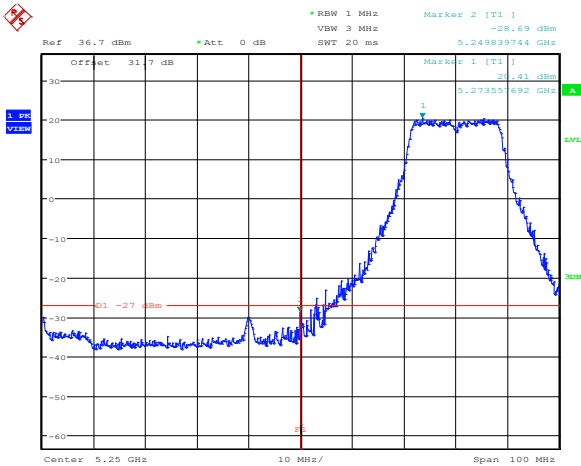


Diagram 8.5-8: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT20, ch1 IC

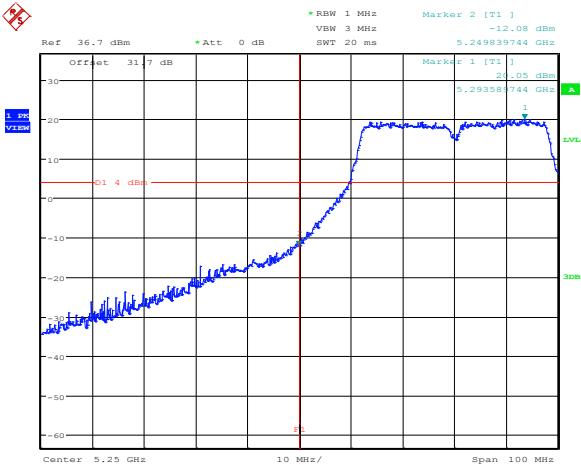


Diagram 8.5-9: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT40, cho FCC

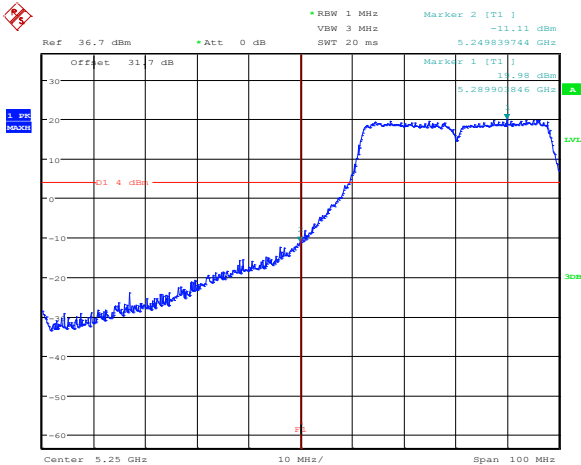


Diagram 8.5-10: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT40, ch1 FCC

8.5.4 Test data, continued

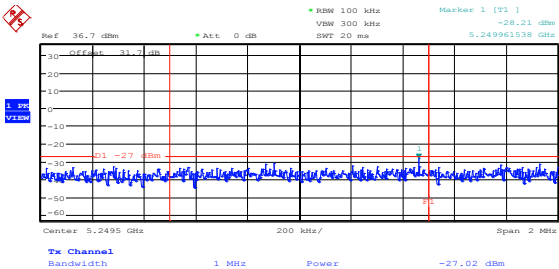


Diagram 8.5-11: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT40, cho IC

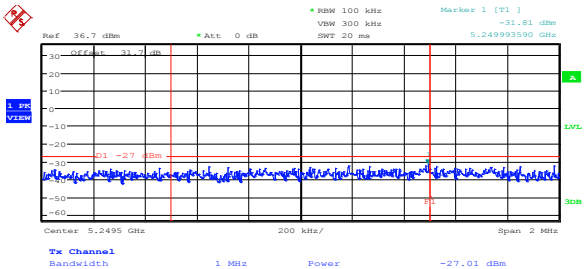


Diagram 8.5-12: Lower band edge, 802.11n HT40, ch1 IC

Table 8.5-4: Radiated field strength of spurious measurement results

| Modulation   | Channel | Frequency, MHz | Peak Field strength, dBμV/m | Peak limit, dBμV/m | Margin, dB | Average Field strength, dBμV/m | Average limit, dBμV/m | Margin, dB |
|--------------|---------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 802.11a      | Low     | 5440           | 62.77                       | 74.00              | 11.23      | 53.01                          | 54.00                 | 0.99       |
| 802.11n HT20 | Low     | 5440           | 63.29                       | 74.00              | 10.71      | 52.77                          | 54.00                 | 1.23       |
| 802.11n HT40 | Mid     | 5440           | 63.04                       | 74.00              | 10.96      | 52.90                          | 54.00                 | 1.10       |

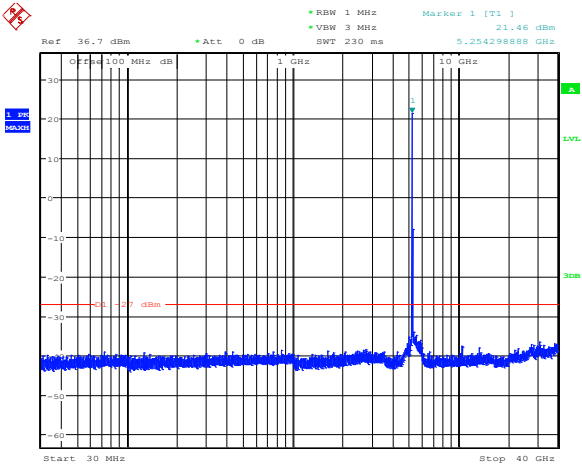
Notes: Field strength includes correction factor of antenna, cable loss, amplifier, and attenuators where applicable.

Table 8.5-5: Radiated field strength of upper band edge measurement results

| Modulation   | Channel | Frequency, MHz | Peak Field strength, dBμV/m | Peak limit, dBμV/m | Margin, dB | Average Field strength, dBμV/m | Average limit, dBμV/m | Margin, dB |
|--------------|---------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 802.11a      | High    | 5350           | 61.23                       | 74.00              | 12.77      | 51.24                          | 54.00                 | 2.76       |
| 802.11n HT20 | High    | 5350           | 62.07                       | 74.00              | 11.93      | 50.67                          | 54.00                 | 3.33       |
| 802.11n HT40 | High    | 5350           | 61.88                       | 74.00              | 12.12      | 50.22                          | 54.00                 | 3.78       |

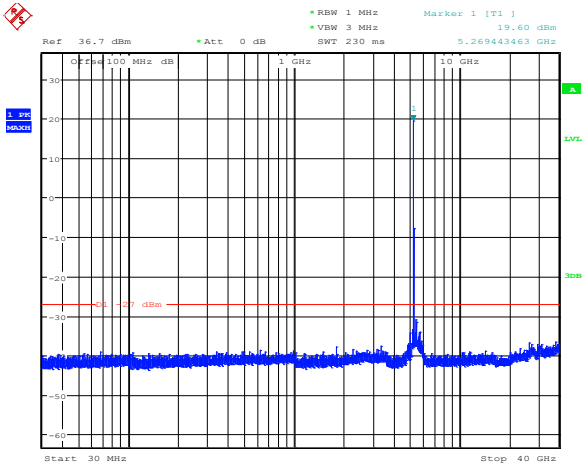
Notes: Field strength includes correction factor of antenna, cable loss, amplifier, and attenuators where applicable.

8.5.4 Test data, continued



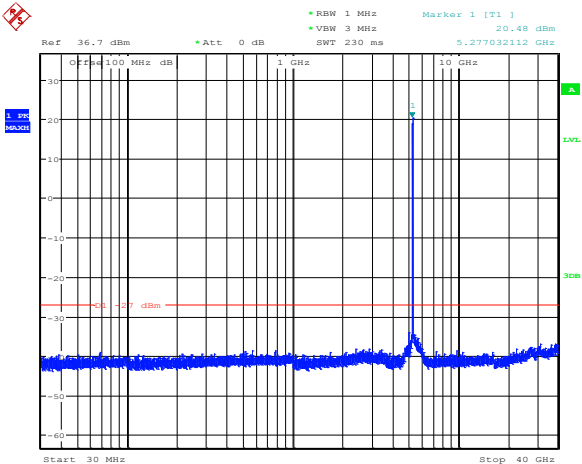
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:21:57

Diagram 8.5-13: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11a, cho, low channel FCC



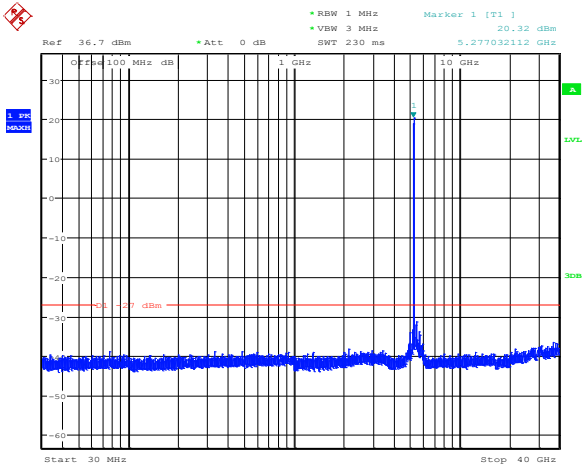
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:15:49

Diagram 8.5-14: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11a, ch1, low channel FCC



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:22:22

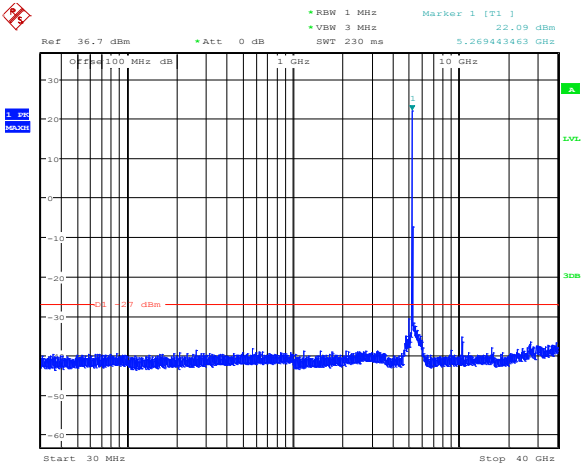
Diagram 8.5-15: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11a, cho, low channel IC



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:17:16

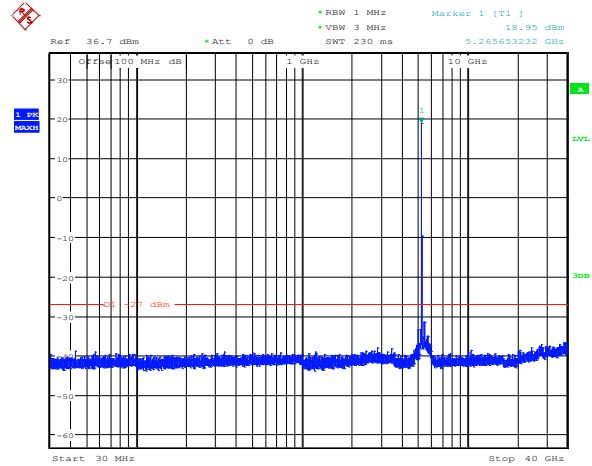
Diagram 8.5-16: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11a, ch1, low channel IC

8.5.4 Test data, continued



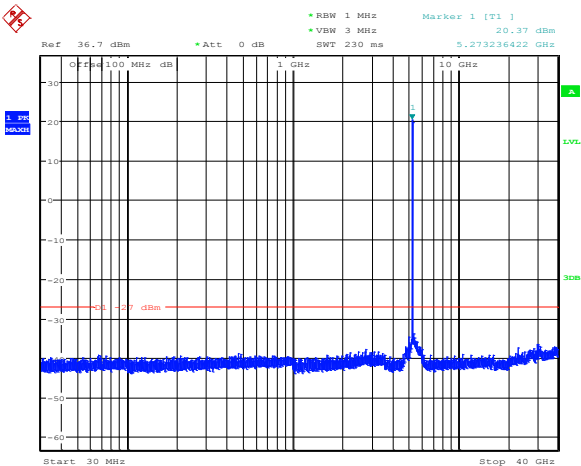
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:21:22

Diagram 8.5-17: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT20, cho, low channel FCC



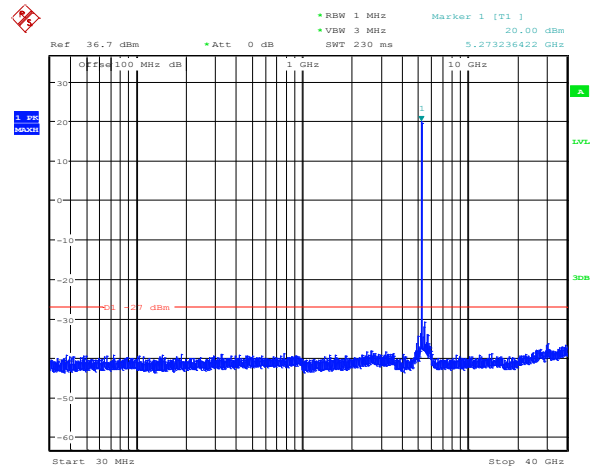
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:16:20

Diagram 8.5-18: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT20, ch1, low channel FCC



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:23:12

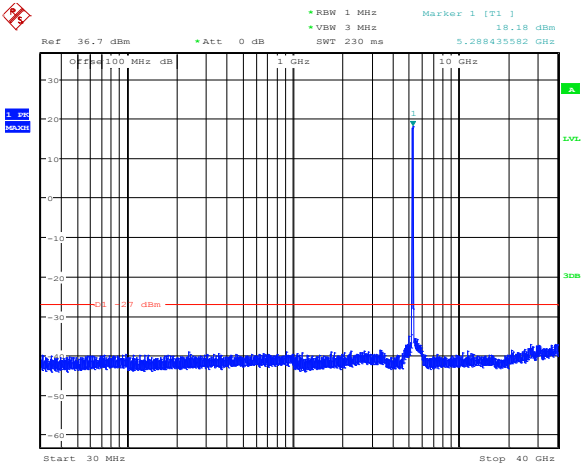
Diagram 8.5-19: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT20, cho, low channel IC



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:16:53

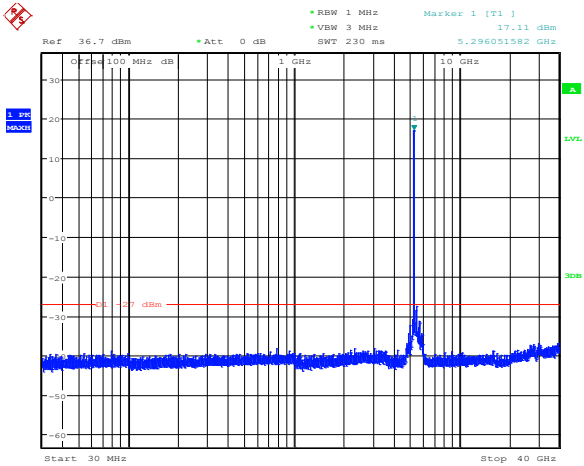
Diagram 8.5-20: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT20, ch1, low channel IC

8.5.4 Test data, continued



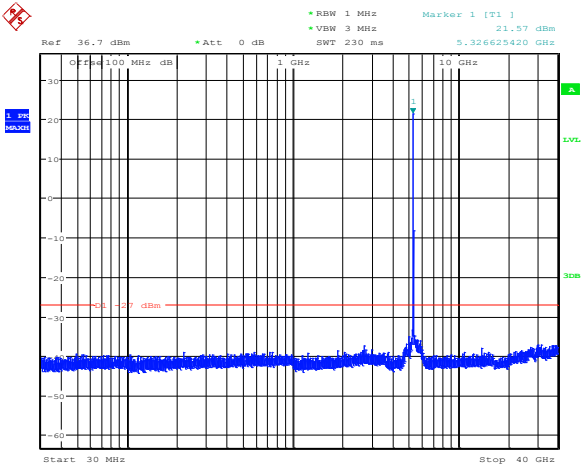
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:24:44

Diagram 8.5-21: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT40, cho, low channel



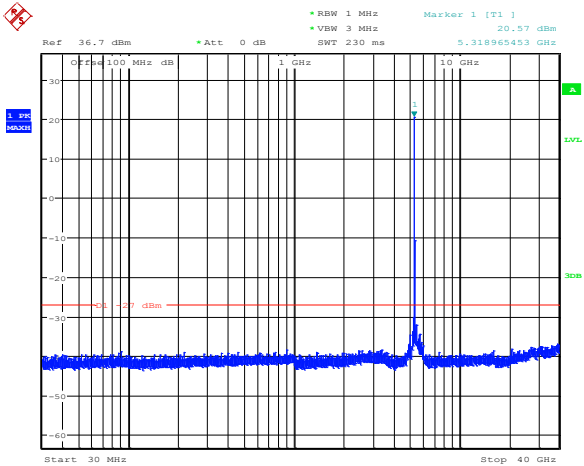
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:14:57

Diagram 8.5-22: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT40, ch1, low channel



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:20:30

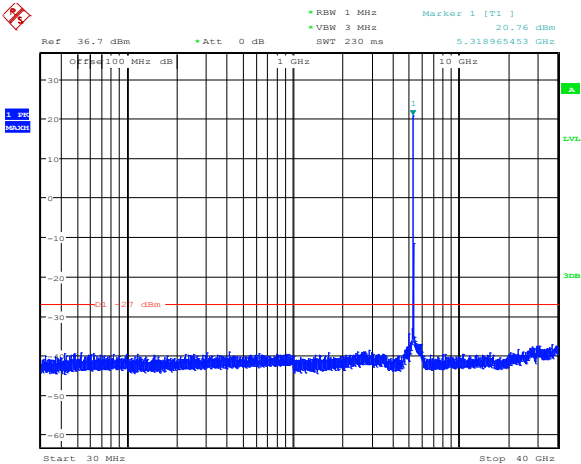
Diagram 8.5-23: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11a, cho, high channel



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:19:44

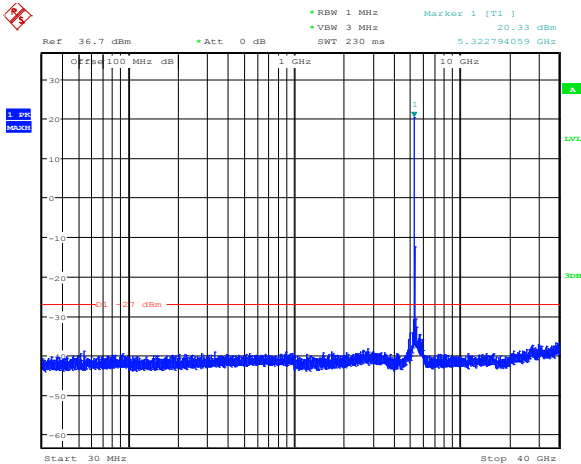
Diagram 8.5-24: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11a, ch1, high channel

8.5.4 Test data, continued



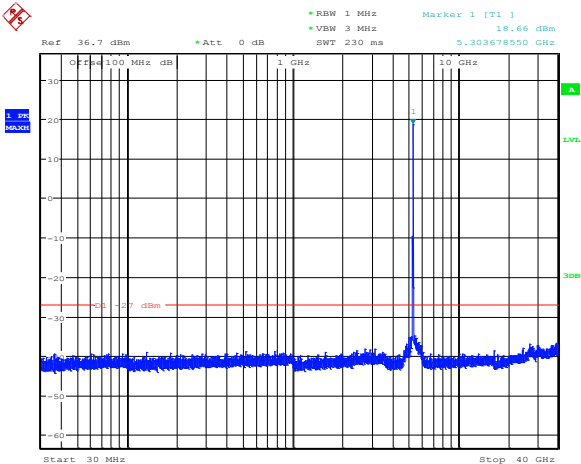
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:20:49

Diagram 8.5-25: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT20, cho, high channel



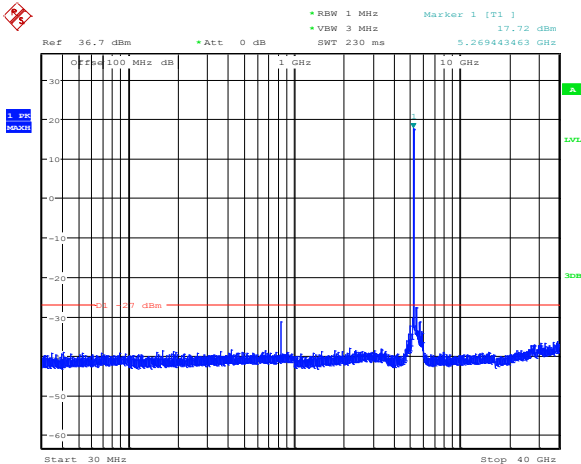
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:19:12

Diagram 8.5-26: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT20, ch1, high channel



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:25:14

Diagram 8.5-27: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT40, cho, high channel



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:14:19

Diagram 8.5-28: Conducted spurious emissions for 802.11n HT40, ch1, high channel

## 8.6 FCC 15.407(g) Frequency stability

### 8.6.1 Definitions and limits

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

### 8.6.2 Test summary

|                    |                  |                      |                 |                          |      |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| <b>Test date</b>   | November 1, 2012 | <b>Test engineer</b> | Andrey Adelberg | <b>Verdict</b>           | Pass |
| <b>Temperature</b> | 22 °C            | <b>Air pressure</b>  | 1002 mbar       | <b>Relative humidity</b> | 35 % |

### 8.6.3 Observations/special notes

None

### 8.6.4 Test data

**Table 8.6-1: Frequency drift measurement**

| Test conditions | Frequency, GHz | Drift, Hz |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------|
| +50 °C, Nominal | 5.299986932    | -247      |
| +40 °C, Nominal | 5.299986998    | -181      |
| +30 °C, Nominal | 5.299987114    | -65       |
| +20 °C, +15 %   | 5.299987172    | -7        |
| +20 °C, Nominal | 5.299987179    | Reference |
| +20 °C, -15 %   | 5.299987170    | -9        |
| +10 °C, Nominal | 5.299987137    | -42       |
| 0 °C, Nominal   | 5.299987112    | -67       |
| -10 °C, Nominal | 5.299987083    | -96       |
| -20 °C, Nominal | 5.299986999    | -180      |
| -30 °C, Nominal | 5.299986962    | -217      |

**Table 8.6-2: Band edge drift calculation**

| Modulation   | -26 dBc lower cross point, GHz | Max negative drift, Hz | Drifted lower cross point, GHz | Band edge, GHz | Margin, MHz |
|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| 802.11a      | 5.25150962                     | -247                   | 5.251509368                    | 5.25           | 1.509       |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5.25102885                     | -247                   | 5.251028599                    | 5.25           | 1.029       |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5.25596154                     | -247                   | 5.255961291                    | 5.25           | 5.961       |
| Modulation   | -26 dBc upper cross point, GHz | Max positive drift, Hz | Drifted upper cross point, GHz | Band edge, GHz | Margin, MHz |
| 802.11a      | 5.331682692                    | 0                      | 5.331682692                    | 5.35           | 18.317308   |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5.332259615                    | 0                      | 5.332259615                    | 5.35           | 17.740385   |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5.271538462                    | 0                      | 5.271538462                    | 5.35           | 78.461538   |

Notes: Drifted lower cross point = -26 dBc lower cross point - max negative drift. Drifted upper cross point = -26 dBc upper cross point + max positive drift.

## 8.7 FCC 15.407(a)(6) and RSS-210 A9.4(2) Peak excursion and PSD-to-average ratio

### 8.7.1 Definitions and limits

**FCC:**  
(6) The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the maximum conducted output power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

**IC:**  
Within the emission bandwidth, when the peak spectral density per MHz over any continuous transmission exceeds the average ( $10 \log_{10} (B)$ ) value by more than 3 dB, the permissible power spectral density shall be reduced by the excess amount.

### 8.7.2 Test summary

|                    |                  |                      |                 |                          |      |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|
| <b>Test date</b>   | November 1, 2012 | <b>Test engineer</b> | Andrey Adelberg | <b>Verdict</b>           | Pass |
| <b>Temperature</b> | 24 °C            | <b>Air pressure</b>  | 1003 mbar       | <b>Relative humidity</b> | 35 % |

### 8.7.3 Observations/special notes

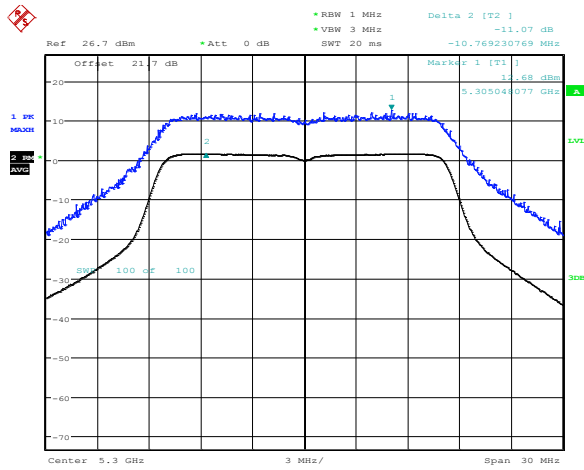
FCC test was performed using method described in 789033 D01 General UNII Test Procedures v01r02 under sections F, E and C.

### 8.7.4 Test data

**Table 8.7-1: FCC peak excursion measurements results**

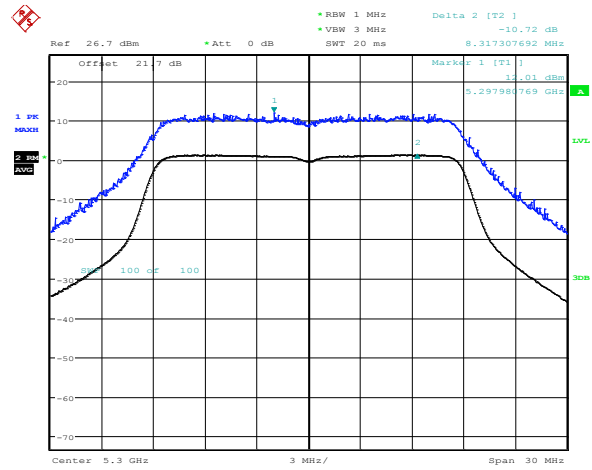
| Chain | Modulation   | Frequency, MHz | Peak excursion, dB | Limit, dB | Margin, dB |
|-------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|
| ch0   | 802.11a      | 5260           | 10.59              | 13.00     | 2.41       |
| ch0   | 802.11a      | 5300           | 11.07              | 13.00     | 1.93       |
| ch0   | 802.11a      | 5320           | 10.67              | 13.00     | 2.33       |
| ch0   | 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | 10.31              | 13.00     | 2.69       |
| ch0   | 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 10.72              | 13.00     | 2.28       |
| ch0   | 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 10.23              | 13.00     | 2.77       |
| ch0   | 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | 10.71              | 13.00     | 2.29       |
| ch0   | 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | 11.24              | 13.00     | 1.76       |
| ch1   | 802.11a      | 5260           | 10.80              | 13.00     | 2.20       |
| ch1   | 802.11a      | 5300           | 10.87              | 13.00     | 2.13       |
| ch1   | 802.11a      | 5320           | 11.12              | 13.00     | 1.88       |
| ch1   | 802.11n HT20 | 5260           | 10.42              | 13.00     | 2.58       |
| ch1   | 802.11n HT20 | 5300           | 10.99              | 13.00     | 2.01       |
| ch1   | 802.11n HT20 | 5320           | 10.54              | 13.00     | 2.46       |
| ch1   | 802.11n HT40 | 5280           | 10.29              | 13.00     | 2.71       |
| ch1   | 802.11n HT40 | 5300           | 10.76              | 13.00     | 2.24       |

#### 8.7.4 Test data, continued



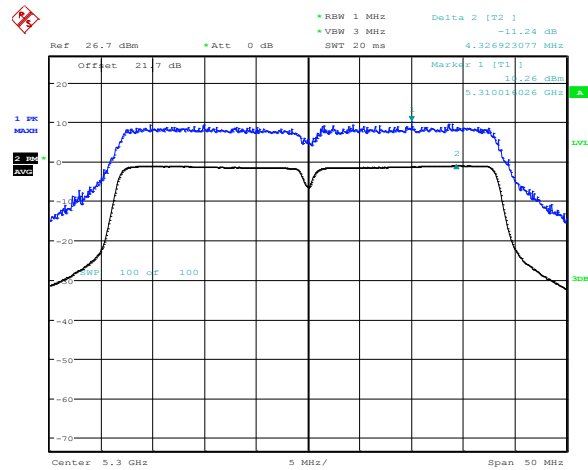
Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:07:44

**Diagram 8.7-1: Sample plot for peak excursion on 802.11a**



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:06:39

**Diagram 8.7-2:** Sample plot for peak excursion on 802.11n HT20



Date: 31.OCT.2012 10:10:27

**Diagram 8.7-3:** Sample plot for peak excursion on 802.11n HT40



#### 8.7.4 Test data, continued

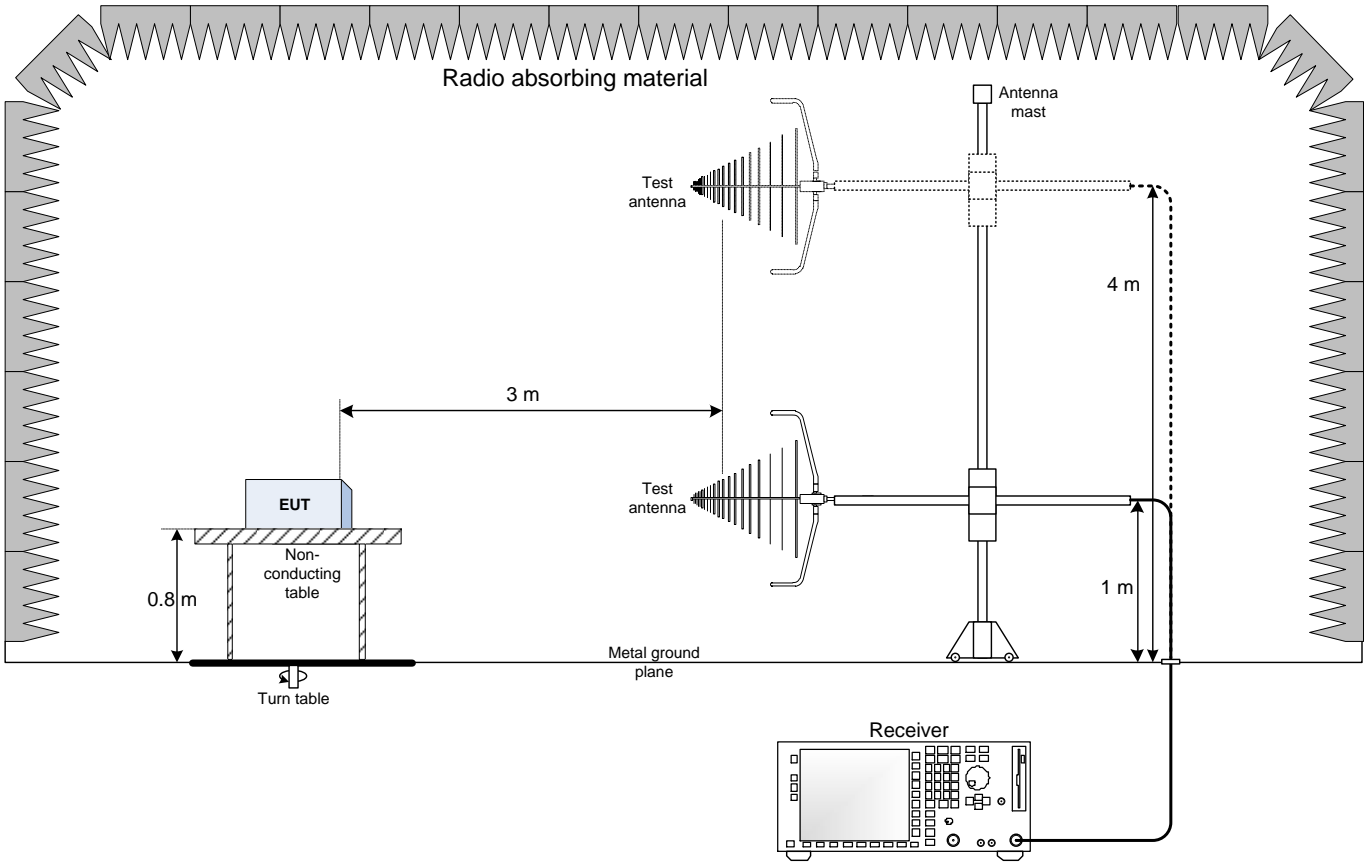
**Table 8.7-2:** IC PSD-to-average calculations results

| Modulation   | Frequency,<br>MHz | PSD result,<br>dBm/MHz | Average result,<br>dBm | Delta<br>dB | Limit,<br>dB | Margin,<br>dB |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| 802.11n HT20 | 5280              | -4.31                  | 7.90                   | -12.21      | 3.00         | 15.21         |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5300              | -4.10                  | 8.37                   | -12.47      | 3.00         | 15.47         |
| 802.11n HT20 | 5320              | -4.03                  | 8.40                   | -12.43      | 3.00         | 15.43         |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5280              | -4.10                  | 11.18                  | -15.28      | 3.00         | 18.28         |
| 802.11n HT40 | 5300              | -4.20                  | 11.05                  | -15.25      | 3.00         | 18.25         |
| 802.11a      | 5280              | -4.01                  | 8.06                   | -12.07      | 3.00         | 15.07         |
| 802.11a      | 5300              | -4.12                  | 8.14                   | -12.26      | 3.00         | 15.26         |
| 802.11a      | 5320              | -4.06                  | 7.88                   | -11.94      | 3.00         | 14.94         |

Note: Delta is calculated as follows: PSD result – Average result.

## Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups

### 9.1 Radiated emissions set-up



### 9.2 Conducted emissions set-up

