



# **SAR Compliance Test Report**

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Tested device: RM-553 FCC ID:

**Supplement reports:** SAR Photo RM-553 04, FCC RM-555 03 for RM-555 / FCC ID: QVVRM-555 / IC ID: 661AE-RM555

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

Measurements made by:

47CFR §2.1093

QVVRM-553

Heikki Kuusela

Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency

IC: 661AE-RM553

**Electromagnetic Fields** 

RSS-102

Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

IEEE 1528 - 2003

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:

**Measurement Technique** 

**Documentation:** The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at

TCC Nokia.

**Test results:** The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the

test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not

be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and signatures:

For the contents:





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### 1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

### 1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2009-08-17 to 2009-08-19
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/10/814420/1, HW: 4005, SW: V52.50.2009.31.1 PRD, DUT: 14141
Batteries used in testing	BL-4D, DUT: 14138, 14139, 14140
Headsets used in testing	WH-701, DUT: 14142
Other accessories used	-
in testing	
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

## 1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

# 1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	251 / 848.8	32.5 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.604 W/kg	0.68 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4233 / 846.6	23.3 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.303 W/kg	0.34 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900**	512 / 1850.2	27.7 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.507 W/kg	0.57 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9262 / 1852.4	23.3 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.397 W/kg	0.44 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450**	1 / 2412.0	18.0 dBm	Left, Tilt	0.343 W/kg	0.38 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	1	-	Left, Tilt	0.814 W/kg	0.91 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Tilt	0.571 W/kg	0.64 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450**	-	-	Left, Tilt	0.801 W/kg	0.90 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450**	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.606 W/kg	0.68 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED





# 1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	251 / 848.8	32.5 dBm	1.5 cm	1.09 W/kg	1.22 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4233 / 846.6	23.3 dBm	1.5 cm	0.552 W/kg	0.62 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900**	661 / 1880.0	27.7 dBm	1.5 cm	0.979 W/kg	1.10 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9538 / 1907.6	23.3 dBm	1.5 cm	0.932 W/kg	1.04 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450**	11 / 2462.0	18.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.168 W/kg	0.19 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	1.220 W/kg	1.37 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.682 W/kg	0.76 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450**	-	-	1.5 cm	1.109 W/kg	1.24 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450**	-	-	1.5 cm	1.062 W/kg	1.19 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

<sup>\*</sup> SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

# 1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.28 dB

# 1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%

<sup>\*\*</sup>SAR data taken from FCC\_RM-555\_03 for RM-555 / FCC ID:QVVRM-555 / IC ID: 661AE-RM555.





### 2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
WCDMA	850 (Band V) 1900 (Band II)		1	824 - 849 1852 - 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Voice-over-IP/Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom. Dual Transfer Mode is a feature that utilises the multi-slot GPRS capability in this device; it allows simultaneous transmission of voice and data during the same call, using the same transmitter and antenna.

## 2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas for both cellular and WLAN use. The cellular antenna is located at the bottom in the back section of the keypad slide. The WLAN antenna is located at the top in the back section of the keypad slide.





## 3. TEST CONDITIONS

## 3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.4 to 21.9
Ambient humidity (RH %):	46 to 59

## 3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as "1".

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

Some of the SAR results given in this report are duplicated from the earlier test report FCC\_RM-555\_03 for RM-555 / FCC ID: QVVRM-555 / IC ID: 661AE-RM555. The only differences between RM-555 and RM-553 are that in RM-553 1) WCDMA850 has replaced WCDMA900 band and 2) the antenna matching has been changed in 850MHz band.





#### 3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.

For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration – is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.





In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration..





# 4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

# **4.1** Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	728	12 months	2010-02
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2010-02
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	462	24 months	2010-01
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

# Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2009-08
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2009-08
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2009-08
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2009-08
Call Tester	CMU 200	101111	12 months	2009-08
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2009-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	





# 4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

**Construction** Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl

diglycol)

**Calibration** Calibration certificate in Appendix C

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)

**Directivity** ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

**Dynamic Range** 5  $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity:  $\pm$  0.2 dB

**Dimensions** Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

**Application** General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

### 4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twinheaded "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

#### 4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to 0ET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within  $\pm$  5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

Type: RM-553





The depth of the tissue simulant was  $15.0 \pm 0.5$  cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

## 4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

## 4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

# System checking, head tissue simulant

		SAR [W/kg],	Dielectric Parameters		Temp
f [MHz]	Description	1g	€r	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	2.42	43.0	0.92	
	$\pm10\%$ window	2.18 - 2.66			
835	2009-08-17	2.51	41.0	0.93	21.0

## System checking, body tissue simulant

		SAR [W/kg],	Dielectric Parameters		Temp
f [MHz]	Description	<b>1</b> g	€r	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	2.41	54.2	0.99	
	$\pm10\%$ window	2.17 - 2.65			
835	2009-08-19	2.52	53.3	1.01	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

SAR Report FCC\_RM-553\_01 Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-553





# 4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

# **Head tissue simulant measurements**

f		Dielectric Parameters		Temp
[MHz]	Description	8r	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm$ 5% window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 - 0.95	
836	2009-08-17	41.0	0.93	21.0

**Body tissue simulant measurements** 

body tibbate similarite medical emerits								
f		Dielectric F	Temp					
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [S/m]	[°C]				
	Recommended value	55.2	0.97					
	± 5% window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 - 1.02					
836	2009-08-19	53.3	1.01	21.0				





### 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

### 5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

#### **5.2 Test Positions**

## 5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".





# 5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its back facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

#### 5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

# 5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.





# 6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	Ci	Ci .Ui (%)	Vi
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	(C <sub>p</sub> )1/2	±3.9	$\infty$
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	$\infty$
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	$\infty$
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	8
Readout Electronics	E2.6	$\pm 1.0$	N	1	1	±1.0	$\infty$
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	8
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	8
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	$\infty$
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	$\infty$
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	$\infty$
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	$\infty$
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	$\infty$
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	$\infty$
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	$\infty$
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty	•		RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	





# 7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

# 850MHz Head SAR results

			SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Option used	Test cor	nfiguration	Ch 128	Ch190	Ch 251
			824.2 MHz	836.6 MHz	848.8 MHz
GSM	Conduc	ted Power	-	32.5 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.244	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Conduc	ted Power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.479	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	0.471	-
	Right	Cheek	0.458	0.540	0.604
		Tilt	-	0.458	-
3-slot GPRS	Conduc	ted Power	-	30.7 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.477	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conduc	ted Power	-	-	26.5 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	0.101
		Tilt	-	-	-
Option used	Test cor	nfiguration	Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conduc	ted Power	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm
	Left	Cheek	-	0.237	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	0.228	-
	Right	Cheek	0.238	0.270	0.303
		Tilt	-	0.246	-





# 1900MHz Head SAR results\*\*

			SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Option used	Test configuration		Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810
			1850.2 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.8 MHz
GSM	Conduct	ted Power	-	29.5 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.229	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Conduct	ted Power	-	29.5 dBm	-
	Left	Cheek	-	0.427	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Conduct	ted Power	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.507	0.462	0.369
Slide closed		Tilt	-	0.458	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.451	-
		Tilt	-	0.398	-
3-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conduct	ted Power	23.7 dBm	-	-
	Left	Cheek	0.235	-	-
Slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
Option used	Test con	ifiguration	Ch 9262	Ch 9400	Ch 9538
			1852.4 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		ted Power	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm
	Left	Cheek	0.397	0.323	0.287
Slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-





# 2450MHz Head SAR results\*\*

			SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
Option used	Test con	ifiguration	Ch 1	Ch 7	Ch 11	
			2412.0 MHz	2442.0 MHz	2462.0 MHz	
WLAN	Conducted Power		18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	
	Left	Cheek	-	0.209	-	
Slide closed		Tilt	0.343	0.301	0.204	
	Right	Cheek	-	0.187	-	
		Tilt	-	0.205	-	

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

# 850MHz Body SAR results

			SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
Option used	Device	Test configuration	Ch 128	Ch190	Ch 251	
	orientation		824.2 MHz	836.6 MHz	848.8 MHz	
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	
	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-	
Slide closed	phantom	Headset WH-701	-	-	-	
	Back facing	Without headset	0.943	1.05	1.09	
	phantom	Headset WH-701	-	0.750	-	
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz	
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm	
	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-	
Slide closed	phantom	Headset WH-701	-	1	-	
	Back facing	Without headset	0.463	0.522	0.552	
	phantom	Headset WH-701	-	0.354	-	





# 1900MHz Body SAR results\*\*

			SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Option used	Device	Test configuration	Ch 512	Ch 661	Ch 810
	orientation		1850.2 MHz	1880.0 MHz	1909.8 MHz
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm
	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-
Slide closed	phantom	Headset HS-45+AD-54	-	•	-
	Back facing	Without headset	0.965	0.979	0.957
	phantom	Headset HS-45+AD-54	-	0.909	-
Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm	23.3 dBm
	Display facing	Without headset	-	•	-
Slide closed	phantom	Headset HS-45+AD-54	-	•	-
	Back facing	Without headset	0.815	0.837	0.932
	phantom	Headset HS-45+AD-54	-	-	-

# 2450MHz Body SAR results\*\*

			SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)			
Option used	Device	Test configuration	Ch 1	Ch 7	Ch 11	
	orientation		2412.0 MHz	2442.0 MHz	2462.0 MHz	
WLAN		Conducted Power	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	
	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-	
Slide closed	phantom	Headset HS-45+AD-54	•	-	-	
	Back facing	Without headset	-	0.130	-	
	phantom	Headset HS-45+AD-54	0.131	0.141	0.168	

<sup>\*\*</sup>SAR data taken from FCC\_RM-555\_03 for RM-555 / FCC ID: QVVRM-555 / IC ID: 661AE-RM555.





### **Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results**

	Max. 1g SAR results							
Test configuration	WLAN2450**	2-slot GPRS850	WCDMA850	3-slot GPRS1900**	WCDMA 1900**			
Head: Left, Cheek	0.209	0.479	0.237	0.507	0.397			
Head: Left, Tilt	0.343	0.471	0.228	0.458	-			
Head: Right, Cheek	0.187	0.604	0.303	0.451	-			
Head: Right, Tilt	0.205	0.458	0.246	0.398	-			
Body: Without Headset	0.130	1.09	0.552	0.979	0.932			
Body: Headset HS-45+AD-54 or WH-701	0.168	0.750	0.354	0.909	-			

# **Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results**

	Combined 1g SAR values				
Test configuration	WLAN2450 + 2-slot GPRS850	WLAN2450 + WCDMA850	WLAN2450 + 3-slot GPRS1900**	WLAN2450 + WCDMA1900**	
Head: Left, Cheek	0.688	0.446	0.716	0.606	
Head: Left, Tilt	0.814	0.571	0.801	-	
Head: Right, Cheek	0.791	0.490	0.638	-	
Head: Right, Tilt	0.663	0.451	0.603	-	
Body: Without Headset	1.220	0.682	1.109	1.062	
Body: Headset HS-45+AD-54 or WH-701	0.918	0.522	1.077	-	

<sup>\*\*</sup> SAR data taken from FCC\_RM-555\_03 for RM-555 / FCC ID: QVVRM-555 / IC ID: 661AE-RM555.

Simultaneous Transmission Procedures as described in KDB648474 are not required for this product. The Combined SAR data given in the tables above has been voluntarily calculated.

Combining the maximum SAR values of WLAN2450 and the cellular bands tends to overestimate the SAR value since their maxima do not necessarily occur in the same location.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.





### **APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS**

Date/Time: 2009-08-17 11:12:06

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835 Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.925 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

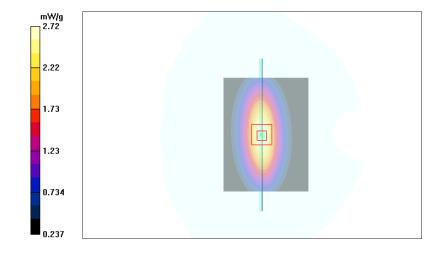
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.70 mW/g

## d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.4 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.79 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-19 09:33:46

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835 Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.01 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.3;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

## d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

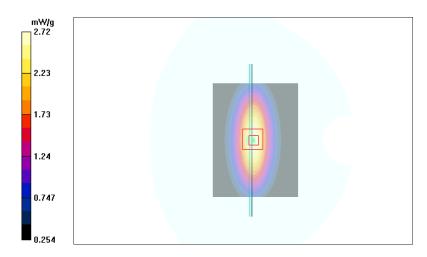
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.71 mW/g

## d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.0 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.52 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 mW/g







### **APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS**

Date/Time: 2009-08-17 11:56:23

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

**Communication System: GSM850** 

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.927 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

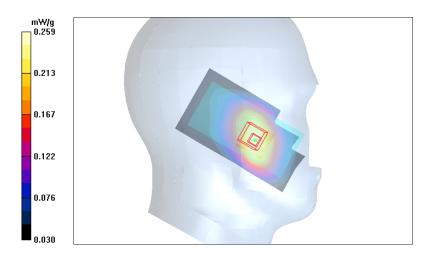
**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.256 mW/g

**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.89 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.318 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.244 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.181 mW/g Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.259 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 12:11:11

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

**Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.927 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

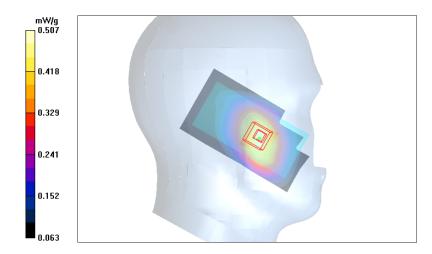
**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.490 mW/g

**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.68 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.607 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.479 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.357 mW/g Power Drift = 0.103 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 12:41:37

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

**Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.927 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728: Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

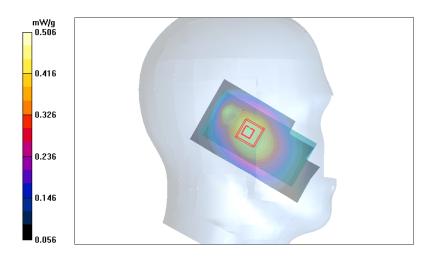
# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.487 mW/g

# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.623 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.471 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g Power Drift = 0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.506 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 13:34:22

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.935 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 40.9;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728: Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

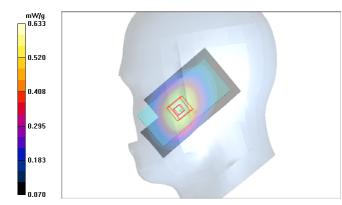
**Cheek position - High - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.647 mW/g

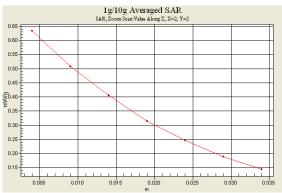
**Cheek position - High - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.753 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.604 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.453 mW/g Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.633 mW/g









Date/Time: 2009-08-17 13:09:59

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.927 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728: Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.471 mW/g

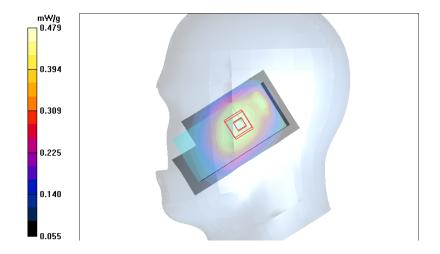
# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.586 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.458 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.340 mW/g Power Drift = -0.148 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.479 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 12:25:20

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

**Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850** Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.927 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

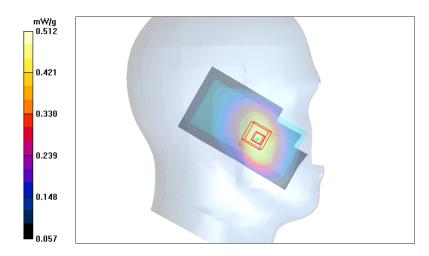
**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.487 mW/g

**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.69 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.639 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.477 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.353 mW/g Power Drift = -0.213 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.512 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 13:48:49

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.935 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 40.9;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

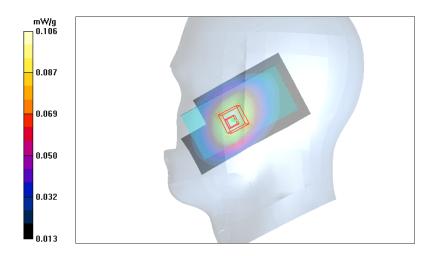
**Cheek position - High - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 mW/g

**Cheek position - High - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.88 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.125 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.076 mW/g Power Drift = 0.064 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 14:36:22

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

# Communication System: WCDMA850 Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.925 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

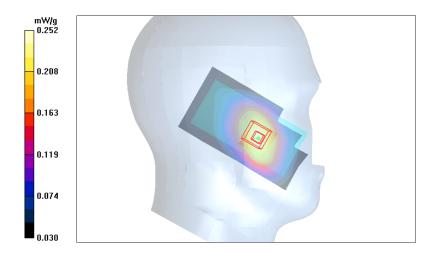
**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.243 mW/g

**Cheek position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.91 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.307 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.237 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.176 mW/g Power Drift = -0.278 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 14:49:54

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

# Communication System: WCDMA850 Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.925 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728: Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

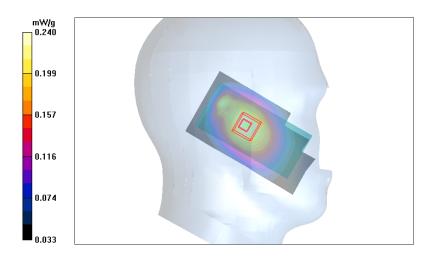
# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.237 mW/g

# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.291 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.170 mW/g Power Drift = 0.071 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-18 08:52:01

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

Communication System: WCDMA850 Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.933 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

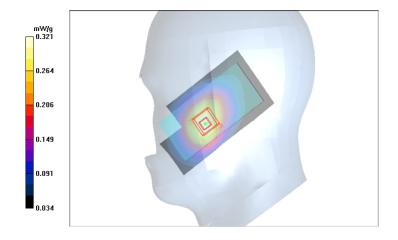
**Cheek position - High - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.323 mW/g

**Cheek position - High - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.73 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.393 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.303 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g Power Drift = -0.091 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-17 14:22:53

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

# Communication System: WCDMA850 Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.6 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.925 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 41;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728: Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

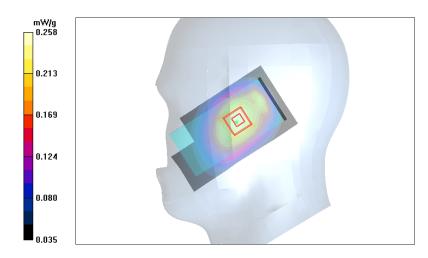
# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.248 mW/g

# **Tilt position - Middle - Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g Power Drift = 0.101 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-19 12:14:28

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850 Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728: Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# **Body - High - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 mW/g

# Body - High - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

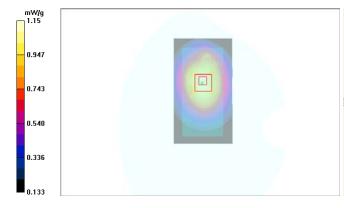
Reference Value = 16.1 V/m

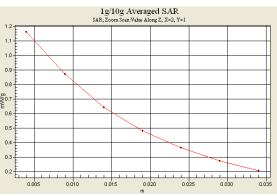
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.793 mW/g Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g









Date/Time: 2009-08-19 11:31:30

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850 Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2 Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179  $\,$
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Middle - Slide Closed - WH-701 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.800 mW/g

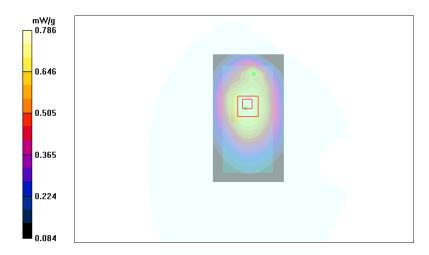
### Body - Middle - Slide Closed - WH-701 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.991 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.750 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.549 mW/g Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.786 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-19 13:24:18

**Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia** 

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

# Communication System: WCDMA850 Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 847 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.01 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 53.2;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# **Body - High - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

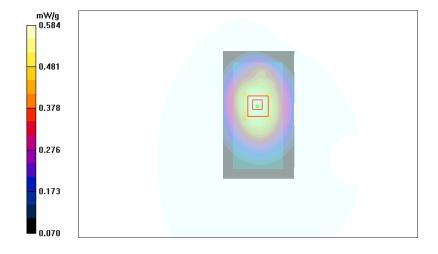
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.604 mW/g

# **Body - High - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.715 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.404 mW/g Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.584 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-08-19 12:44:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-553; Serial: 004401/10/814420/1

# Communication System: WCDMA850 Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.01 mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r$  = 53.3;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY4 Configuration:**

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3131
- ConvF(5.64, 5.64, 5.64); Calibrated: 2009-02-12
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

# Body - Middle - Slide Closed - WH-701 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.368 mW/g

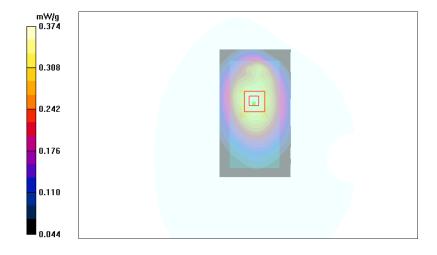
### Body - Middle - Slide Closed - WH-701 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.461 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.354 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.258 mW/g Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 mW/g







# **APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)**

See the following pages

# Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Nokia Salo TCC

Certificate No: ES3-3131 Feb09

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### IBRATION CERTIFICATE ES3DV3 - SN:3131 Object QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes February 12, 2009 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration GB41293874 Power meter E4419B 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Арг-09 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) Apr-09 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865) Jul-09 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787) Apr-09 Reference 30 dB Attenuator SN: S5129 (30b) 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866) Jul-09 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013\_Jan09) Jan-10 DAE4 SN: 660 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660\_Sep08) Sep-09 Secondary Standards Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) US3642U01700 RF generator HP 8648C 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 In house check: Oct-09 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) Function Signature Name Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Niels Kuster Approved by: Quality Manager

Issued: February 12, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

# DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131

Sensitivity in Free Space <sup>A</sup>			Diode Compression <sup>B</sup>		
NormX	<b>1.36</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	<b>94</b> mV	
NormY	<b>1.30</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu$ V/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP Y	<b>95</b> mV	
NormZ	<b>1.29</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	<b>93</b> mV	

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

# **Boundary Effect**

TSL

Sensor Center to	Phantom Surface Distance	3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	5.4
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	8.0	0.5

900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to	o Phantom Surface Distance	3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	5.6
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.4

## Sensor Offset

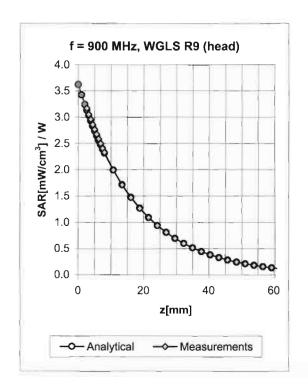
Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.0 mm

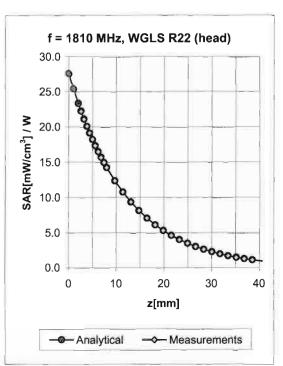
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

# **Conversion Factor Assessment**





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.69	1.17	5.70 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.39	1.63	4.86 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	1.46	4.66 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.42	1.74	4.33 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.69	1.26	5.64 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.49	1.37	4.65 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.45	1.46	4.61 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	1.08	3.98 ± 11.0% (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.





# **APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)**

See the following pages

# Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: D835V2-462 Jan08

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Nokia Salo TCC

Condition of the calibrated item

Client

Object

D835V2 - SN: 462

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v7

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

January 21, 2008

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

In Tolerance

ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
SN 1507	26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct07)	Oct-08
SN 601	03-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
100005	04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
Name	Function	Signature
Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	Hotel "
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	26.112
	GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 (10r) SN 1507 SN 601  ID #  MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206  Name Mike Meili	GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) US37292783 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736) SN: 5086 (20g) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) SN: 5047.2 (10r) 07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718) SN 1507 26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct07) SN 601 03-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)  ID # Check Date (in house)  MY41092317 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) 100005 04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07) US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)  Name Function  Mike Meili Laboratory Technician

Issued: January 22, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-462\_Jan08

# **DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 17.01.2008 15:39:50

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 43$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

## DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 26.10.2007

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

# Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

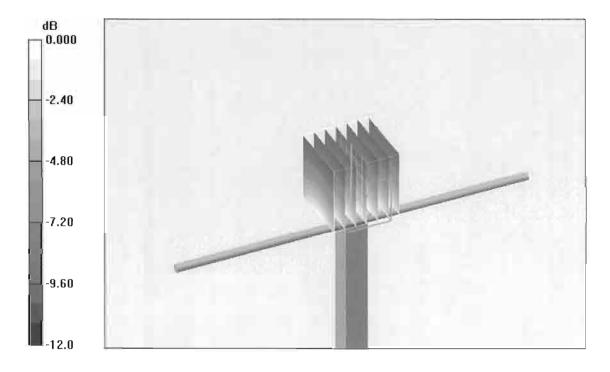
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 mW/g



0 dB = 2.63 mW/g

# **DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 12:34:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

# DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

## DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 26.10.2007

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

# Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

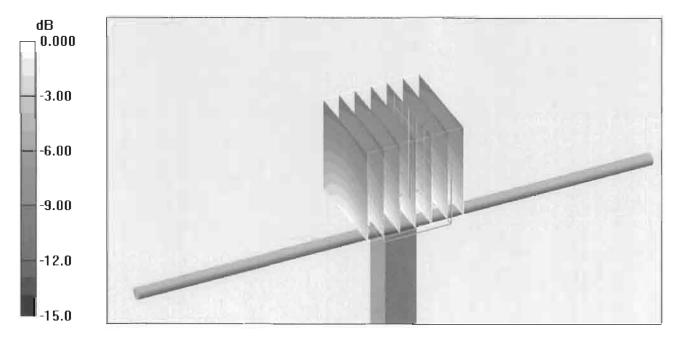
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 mW/g



0 dB = 2.60 mW/g