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SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.: FCC_RM-505_03 Date of report: 2009-09-22

Template version: 13.0 Number of pages: 34

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 Tested device:
 RM-505

 FCC ID:
 QVVRM-505

 IC:
 661AE-RM505

Supplement reports: Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505 / FCC ID: QVVRM-505 / IC ID: 661AE-RM505

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

47CFR §2.1093

Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency

Electromagnetic Fields

RSS-102

Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields

IEEE 1528 - 2003

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices:

Measurement Technique

Documentation: The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at

TCC Nokia.

Test results: The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the

test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not

be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

Date and signatures:

For the contents:





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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2009-09-17 to 2009-09-18
SN, HW and SW numbers of	SN: 004401/10/695906/3, HW: 4002, SW: 12.0.024, DUT: 24857
tested device	
Batteries used in testing	BP-4L, DUT: 24853, 24854
Headsets used in testing	HS-45 + AD-54, DUT: 26152, 26153
Other accessories used in	-
testing	
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
3-slot GPRS850**	251 / 848.8	30.7 dBm ERP	Right, Cheek	0.468 W/kg	0.52 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900**	810 / 1909.8	29.5 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.409 W/kg	0.46 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9262 / 1852.4	23.0 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.525 W/kg	0.59 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	7 / 2442.0	18.0 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.139 W/kg	0.16 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.607 W/kg	0.68 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.548 W/kg	0.61 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.664 W/kg	0.74 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED





1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
3-slot GPRS850**	251 / 848.8	30.7 dBm ERP	1.5 cm	0.812 W/kg	0.91 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900**	661 / 1880	29.5 dBm EIRP	1.5 cm	0.356 W/kg	0.40 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900**	9262 / 1852.4	23.0 dBm EIRP	1.5 cm	0.400 W/kg	0.45 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	7 / 2442.0	18.0 dBm EIRP	1.5 cm	0.103 W/kg	0.12 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.915 W/kg	1.02 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.459 W/kg	0.51 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.503 W/kg	0.56 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

^{*} SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.49 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%

^{**} SAR data taken from Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505 / FCC ID: QVVRM-505 / IC ID: 661AE-RM505





2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 - 849 1850 - 1910
WCDMA	1900 (Band II)		1	1852 - 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800, WCDMA900 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

2.1 Picture of the Device



2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna for both cellular and WLAN use. The cellular and WLAN antenna is located at the bottom in the back section of the keypad flip.

SAR Report FCC_RM-505_03 Applicant: Nokia Corporation Type: RM-505





3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 to 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	35 to 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using control software.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

The transmission mode of the device in all WLAN tests was DSSS QPSK 11Mbps. This mode has the highest (or equal highest) time-averaged output power of all the WLAN modulation modes in Nokia devices.

Some of the SAR results given in this report are duplicated from the test report Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505 / FCC ID: QVVRM-505 / IC ID: 661AE-RM505.

3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.





For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration – is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.

In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.





Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration.





4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE3	501	12 months	2010-03
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3116	12 months	2010-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D2450V2	750	24 months	2010-03
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SME06	829445/008	36 months	2012-02
Amplifier	ZHL-42W	E012903	-	-
Power Meter	NRP	100808	24 months	2010-04
Power Sensor	NRP-Z51	100410	24 months	2010-04
Vector Network Analyzer	AT8753ES	MY40001091	12 months	2010-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US33020403	-	-





4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl

diglycol)

Calibration Calibration certificate in Appendix C

Frequency 10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 4 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twinheaded "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to 0ET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within \pm 5% of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.





The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

2450MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	56.0	70.20
Tween 20	44.0	29.62
Salt	-	0.18

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

		SAR [W/kg],	Dielectric I	Parameters	Temp
f [MHz]	Description	1 g	Er	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	13.5	39.3	1.81	
	$\pm10\%$ window	12.1 - 14.9			
2450	2009-09-17	14.7	37.5	1.88	20.9
	2009-09-18	14.6	38.0	1.87	21.1

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.





4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f		Dielectric F	arameters	Temp
[MHz]	Description	8r	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Recommended value	39.2	1.79	
	\pm 5% window	37.3 – 41.2	1.70 - 1.88	
2442	2009-09-17	37.5	1.87	20.9

Body tissue simulant measurements

	Dody tissue similariti		-	
f		Dielectric F	arameters	Temp
[MHz]	Description	εr	σ [S/m]	[°C]
	Recommended value	52.7	1.94	
	± 5% window	50.1 – 55.3	1.85 – 2.04	
2442	2009-09-18	50.6	1.90	21.1





5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

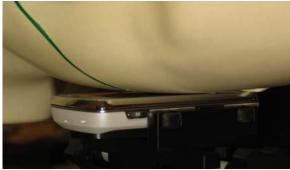
5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".









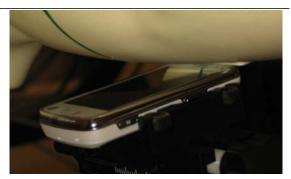


Photo of the device in "cheek" position Photo of the device in "tilt" position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its back facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.



Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement. The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.





5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.





6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Table 6.1 – Measui		ertainty	evaluat	ion			
Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	Ci	c _i .u _i (%)	Vi
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	(1-c _p)1/2	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	(C _p)1/2	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	~
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	8
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	8
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty	·		RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	





7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results**

				SAR, ave	eraged over 1g	g (W/kg)
Mode	Option used	Test conf	figuration	Ch 128	Ch 190	Ch 251
				824.2 MHz	836.6 MHz	848.8 MHz
		Po	wer	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.158	-
GSM	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Po	wer	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.305	-
2-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Po	wer	30.7 dBm	30.7 dBm	30.7 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.308	-
3-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	0.307	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	0.410	0.419	0.468
			Tilt	-	0.297	-
		Po	wer	24.7 dBm	24.7 dBm	24.7 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	-	-
3-slot 8PSK GPRS	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	-	-	0.071
			Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed Camera slide open	Right	, Cheek	0.392	0.427	0.464





1900MHz Head SAR results**

				SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Mode	Option used	Test con	figuration	Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
		Po	wer	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.162	-
GSM	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Po	wer	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.298	-
2-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	0.229	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	0.343	0.371	0.395
			Tilt	-	0.218	-
		Po	wer	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm	27.7 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.292	-
3-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
			Tilt	-	-	-
		Po	wer	25.5 dBm	25.5 dBm	25.5 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK GPRS	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	-	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	-	-	0.093
			Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Phone slide closed	Right	, Cheek	0.355	0.356	0.409
2-310t dr 1(3	Camera slide open	Kigiit	., CIICCK			
					eraged over 1g	
Mode	Option used	Test con	figuration	Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
		Po	wer	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
		Left	Cheek	-	0.290	-
WCDMA	Phone slide closed		Tilt	-	0.240	-
	Camera slide closed	Right	Cheek	0.525	0.467	0.489
			Tilt	-	0.229	-
WCDMA	Phone slide closed Camera slide open	Right	, Cheek	0.493	0.437	0.513





2450MHz Head SAR results

				SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Hardware	Option used	Test conf	iguration	Ch 1	Ch 7	Ch 11
ID				2412.0 MHz	2442.0 MHz	2462.0 MHz
WLAN		Pov	wer	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
	Phone slide	Left	Cheek	-	0.133	-
2004**	closed		Tilt	-	0.117	-
	Camera slide	Right	Cheek	0.084	0.139	0.101
	closed		Tilt	-	0.096	-
WLAN		Pov	wer	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
	Phone slide	Left	Cheek	-	0.062	-
4002	closed		Tilt	-	0.063	-
	Camera slide	Right	Cheek	0.058	0.088	0.115
	closed		Tilt	-	0.075	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results**

				SAR, ave	raged over 1g	g (W/kg)
Mode	Option used	Device	Test configuration	Ch 128	Ch 190	Ch 251
		orientation		824.2 MHz	836.6 MHz	848.8 MHz
			Power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
	Phone slide	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	closed	phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
urks	Camera slide closed	Back facing	Without headset	0.625	0.701	0.812
		phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.466	-





1900MHz Body SAR results**

				SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
Mode	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
			Power	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm	29.5 dBm
	Phone slide	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	closed	phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
UPKS	Camera slide closed	Back facing	Without headset	0.339	0.356	0.314
		phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.333	-
				SAR, av	eraged over 1g	(W/kg)
	Option used	Device	Test configuration	SAR, av Ch 9262	eraged over 1g Ch 9400	(W/kg) Ch 9538
	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration			` ' '
	Option used		Test configuration Power	Ch 9262	Ch 9400	Ch 9538
	Option used Phone slide			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Phone slide closed	orientation	Power	Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Phone slide	orientation Display facing	Power Without headset	Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz





2450MHz Body SAR results

				SAR, ave	raged over 1	g (W/kg)
Hardware ID	Option used	Device orientation	Test configuration	Ch 1 2412.0	Ch 7 2442.0	Ch 11 2462.0
טו				MHz	MHz	MHz
WLAN			Power	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
	Dhana slida	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-
2004**	Phone slide closed	phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	1	1	1
	Camera slide closed	Back facing	Without headset	0.069	0.094	0.090
	cioseu	phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.090	-
WLAN			Power	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm	18.0 dBm
	Dhono slido	Display facing	Without headset	-	-	-
4002	Phone slide closed	phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	-	-
	Camera slide closed	Back facing	Without headset	0.063	0.103	0.083
	cioseu	phantom	Headset HS-45 + AD-54	-	0.095	-





Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results

	Max. 1g SAR results			Combined 1g SAR values			
Test configuration	WLAN	3-slot GPRS850**	2-slot GPRS1900**	WCDMA 1900**	WLAN + 3-slot GPRS850	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS1900	WLAN + WCDMA 1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.133	0.308	0.298	0.290	0.441	0.431	0.423
Head: Left, Tilt	0.117	0.307	0.229	0.240	0.424	0.346	0.357
Head: Right, Cheek	0.139	0.468	0.409	0.525	0.607	0.548	0.664
Head: Right, Tilt	0.096	0.297	0.218	0.229	0.393	0.314	0.325
Body: Without Headset	0.103	0.812	0.356	0.400	0.915	0.459	0.503
Body: Headset HS-45 + AD-54	0.095	0.466	0.333	0.345	0.561	0.428	0.440

^{**} SAR data duplicated from Salo_SAR_0910_04 for RM-505 / FCC ID: QVVRM-505 / IC ID: 661AE-RM505.

Combining the maximum SAR values of WLAN2450 and the cellular bands tends to overestimate the SAR value since their maxima do not necessarily occur in the same location.

Note: Simultaneous Transmission Procedures as described in KDB648474 are not required for this product. The Combined SAR data given in the tables above has been voluntarily calculated.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.





APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

See the following pages.





Date/Time: 2009-09-17 11:01:20

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia Type: D2450V2; Serial: 750

Communication System: CW2450 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

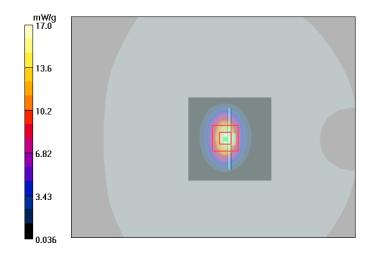
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.0 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.9 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.7 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 6.74 mW/g Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-09-18 11:35:40

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia Type: D2450V2; Serial: 750

Communication System: CW2450 Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

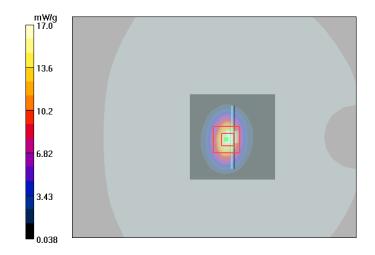
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.0 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.7 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.6 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 6.68 mW/g Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 mW/g







APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

See the following pages.





Date/Time: 2009-09-17 12:22:36

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-505; Serial: 004401/10/695906/3

Communication System: WLAN2450 Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek position - Middle - HW4002/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.072 mW/g

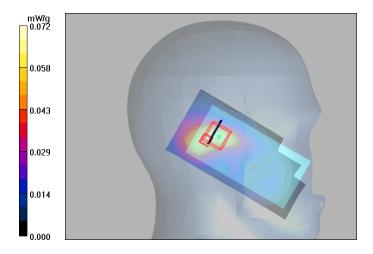
Cheek position - Middle - HW4002/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.47 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.115 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.061 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.034 mW/g Power Drift = 0.445 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.069 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-09-17 12:54:20

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-505; Serial: 004401/10/695906/3

Communication System: WLAN2450 Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

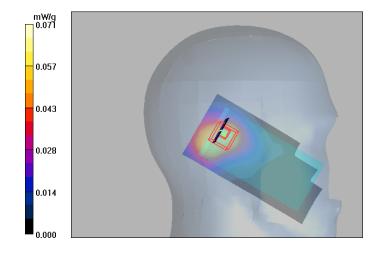
Tilt position - Middle - HW4002/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.071 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - HW4002/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.48 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.063 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.036 mW/g Power Drift = 0.435 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.067 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-09-17 15:10:59

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-505; Serial: 004401/10/695906/3

Communication System: WLAN2450 Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

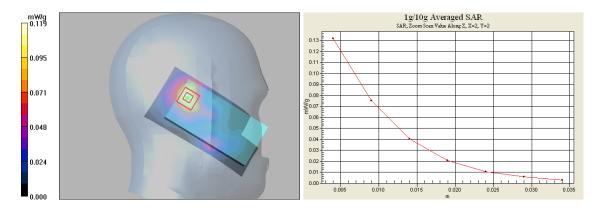
Cheek position - High - HW4002/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 mW/g

Cheek position - High - HW4002/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.26 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.219 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.132 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-09-17 14:58:29

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-505; Serial: 004401/10/695906/3

Communication System: WLAN2450 Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

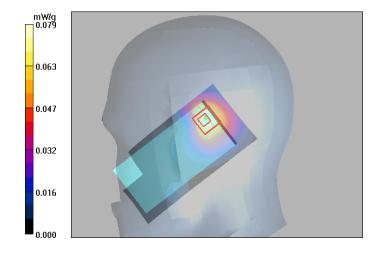
Tilt position - Middle - HW4002/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.080 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle - HW4002/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.08 V/m Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.151 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.075 mW/g SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g Power Drift = 0.183 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.079 mW/g







Date/Time: 2009-09-18 13:24:00

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-505; Serial: 004401/10/695906/3

Communication System: WLAN2450 Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ε_r = 50.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.04, 4.04, 4.04); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501: Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 4.5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body - Middle - HW4002 - Back facing phantom - No Accessory/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.114 mW/g

Body - Middle - HW4002 - Back facing phantom - No Accessory/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

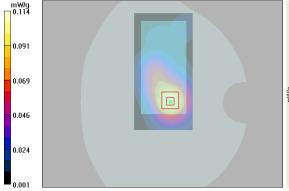
Reference Value = 7.39 V/m

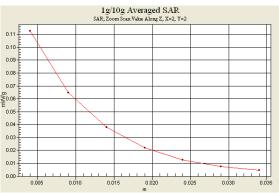
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.182 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.103 mW/gSAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 mW/g









Date/Time: 2009-09-18 13:44:43

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-505; Serial: 004401/10/695906/3

Communication System: WLAN2450 Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ε_r = 50.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3116; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.04, 4.04, 4.04); Calibrated: 2009-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 2009-03-12
- Phantom: SAM 4.5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1215
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body - Middle - HW4002 - Back facing phantom - HS45+AD54/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.104 mW/g

Body - Middle - HW4002 - Back facing phantom - HS45+AD54/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

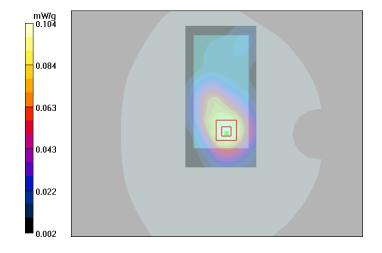
Reference Value = 7.24 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.164 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.095 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.056 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.049 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.102 mW/g







APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

See the following pages.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerlscher Kalibrierdienst Service sulsse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Nokia Denmark A/S

Certificate No: ES3-3116 Mar09

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3116
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	March 16, 2009
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

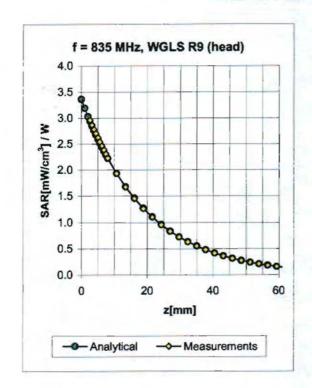
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	REMS.
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

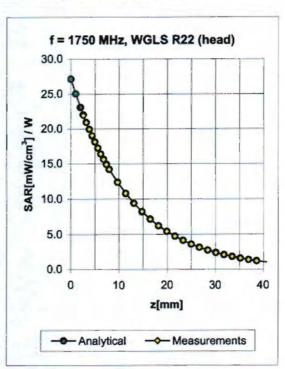
Issued: March 16, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3116_Mar09

Conversion Factor Assessment





f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.80	1.11	5.90	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.47	1.50	5.06	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.43	1.58	4.88	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	$1.80 \pm 5\%$	0.48	1.56	4.43	± 11.0% (k=2)
835	\pm 50 / \pm 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	0.63	1.29	5.79	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	$1.49 \pm 5\%$	0.59	1.29	4.78	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.83	1.11	4.55	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	0.91	4.04	± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.





APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

See the following pages.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Scheduled Calibration

Issued: March 11, 2008

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Nokia Denmark A/S

Certificate No: D2450V2-750_Mar08

CALIDINATION	OLIVIII JOAIL
Object	D2450V2 - SN: 750
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

Primary Standards

March 10, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#

Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	01-Mar-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Mar08)	Mar-09
DAE4	SN 909	03-Sep-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-909_Sep07)	Sep-08
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	Abl
	基本的特别的 是在自然		Con
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	20 m
			John flag

Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 16:24:04

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN750

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 01.03.2008

• Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA;;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.25 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 mW/g

> -4.70 -9.40 -14.1 -18.8 -23.5

0 dB = 16.4 mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 17:55:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN750

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.07, 4.07, 4.07); Calibrated: 01.03.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn909; Calibrated: 03.09.2007

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA;;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

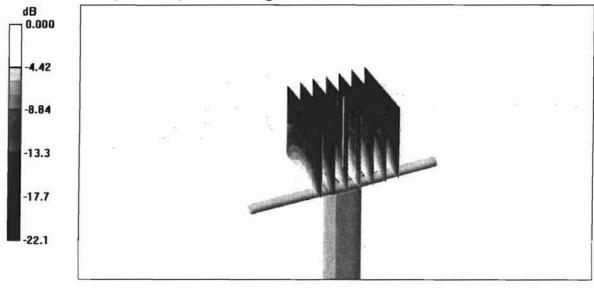
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 mW/g



0 dB = 16.0 mW/g