





SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant Mobiwire SAS

FCC ID QPN-HOTAH

Product MobiWire Hotah

Brand MobiWire

Model MobiWire Hotah

Report No. R1809A0432-S1V2

Issue Date December 20, 2018

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991.** The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

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1.2 Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number:L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



1.3 Testing Location

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1.4 Laboratory Environment

| Temperature | Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Relative humidity | Min. = 30%, Max. = 70% | | | | |
| Ground system resistance | < 0.5 Ω | | | | |

Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.



2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows: Table 2.1: Highest Reported SAR

| | | Highest Reported SAR (W/kg) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Mode | 1g SAR Head | 1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 15mm) | 1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm) | Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm) | | | | | | |
| GSM 850 | 0.070 | 0.141 | 0.491 | NA | | | | | | |
| GSM 1900 | 0.107 | 0.140 | 0.431 | NA | | | | | | |
| WCDMA Band II | 0.157 | 0.230 | 0.427 | NA | | | | | | |
| WCDMA Band V | 0.071 | 0.084 | 0.263 | NA | | | | | | |
| LTE FDD 2 | 0.275 | 0.281 | 0.539 | NA | | | | | | |
| LTE FDD 7 | 0.082 | 0.319 | 0.679 | NA | | | | | | |
| Wi-Fi (2.4G) | 0.500 | 0.084 | 0.125 | NA | | | | | | |
| Wi-Fi (5G) | 0.789 | 0.191 | NA | 0.804 | | | | | | |
| Date of Testing: | Septe | ember 25, 2018 ~Nover | nber 2, 2018 and Dece | mber 5, 2018 | | | | | | |

Table 2.2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

| Exposure Configuration | | | 1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm) | Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm) | |
|--|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg) | 1.227 | 0.580 | 0.798 | 0.888 | |

Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.4



3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

| Applicant | Mobiwire SAS |
|----------------------|---|
| Applicant address | 79 avenue Francois Arago, 92000 NANTERRE France |
| Manufacturer | Mobiwire SAS |
| Manufacturer address | 79 avenue Francois Arago, 92000 NANTERRE France |

General Technologies

| Application Purpose: | Original Grant | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| EUT Stage | Identical Prototype | | | | |
| Model: | MobiWire Hotah | | | | |
| IMEI: | IMEI 1: 352361100000140 | | | | |
| | IMEI 2: 352361100000157 | | | | |
| Hardware Version: | V01 | | | | |
| Software Version: | V01 | | | | |
| Antenna Type: | Internal Antenna | | | | |
| Device Class: | В | | | | |
| Wi-Fi Hotspot | Wi-Fi 2.4G | | | | |
| | GSM 850:4 | | | | |
| Power Class: | GSM 1900:1 | | | | |
| Fower Class. | UMTS Band II/V:3 | | | | |
| | LTE FDD 2/7:3 | | | | |
| | GSM 850:level 5 | | | | |
| Power Level | GSM 1900:level 0 | | | | |
| 1 OWER LEVER | UMTS Band II/ V:all up bits | | | | |
| | LTE FDD 2/7:max power | | | | |
| | EUT Accessory | | | | |
| Battery | Manufacturer: Ningbo Veken Battery Co.,LTD | | | | |
| Dattery | Model: 178144515 | | | | |
| Adapter 1 | Manufacturer: DongGuan Aohai Power Technology Co.,Ltd | | | | |
| , raaptor i | Model: A88-502000 | | | | |
| Adapter 2 | Manufacturer: Dongguan Aohai Power Technology CO., LTD | | | | |
| 7 100 100 | Model: A824-050200U | | | | |
| Adapter 3 | Manufacturer: Dongguan Aohai Power Technology CO., LTD | | | | |
| | Model: A70-502000 | | | | |
| Earphone | Manufacturer: Shenzhen Juwei Electronics Co.,Ltd | | | | |
| ' | Model: JWEP0752-M01 | | | | |
| | Manufacturer: Shenzhen Juwei Electronics Co.,Ltd | | | | |
| USB Cable | Model: USB2.0 A/M TO TYPE C/M CABLE 1M | | | | |
| | Length: 100cm | | | | |

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Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

| Wireless Technology | | Modulation | Operating mode | Tx (MHz) | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 850 | Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK) | ☐Multi-slot Class:8-1UP ☐Multi-slot Class:10-2UP | 824 ~ 849 | | | | | |
| GSM | 1900 | EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK) | | 1850 ~ 1910 | | | | | |
| | Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? □Yes ⊠No | | | | | | | | |
| UMTS | Band II | QPSK | HSDPA UE Category:24 | 1850 ~ 1910 | | | | | |
| UIVITS | Band V | QPSK | HSUPA UE Category:7 | 824 ~ 849 | | | | | |
| | FDD 2 | QPSK, 16QAM, | Pol 11 /Cotogony 4 | 1850 ~ 1910 | | | | | |
| LTE | FDD 7 | QPSK, TOQAIVI, | Rel.11 /Category 4 | 2500 ~ 2570 | | | | | |
| L 1 E | Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) □Yes ⊠No | | | | | | | | |
| | Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? □Yes ⊠No | | | | | | | | |
| ВТ | 2.4G | Vers | 2402 ~2480 | | | | | | |
| | 2.4G | DSSS,OFDM | 802.11b/g/n HT20 | 2412 ~ 2462 | | | | | |
| | 2.46 | OFDM | 802.11n HT40 | 2422 ~ 2452 | | | | | |
| Wi-Fi | 5G | OFDM | 802.11a | 5250 ~ 5350 5470 ~ 5725 | | | | | |
| | Does this dev | vice support MIMO □Yes | ⊠No | | | | | | |
| NFC | 13.56MHz | | | | | | | | |



4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 802.11Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02

690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03



5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in "cheek" and "tilt" positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

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5.1.3 Phablet SAR test considerations

For smart phones, with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, that can provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets and support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance.

- a) The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- b) The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for product specific 10-g SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB Publication 865664 D01 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The 1-g SAR at 5 mm for UMPC mini-tablets is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold. The normal tablet procedures in KDB Publication 616217 are required when the overall diagonal dimension of the device is > 20.0 cm. Hotspot mode SAR is not required when normal tablet procedures are applied. Extremity 10-g SAR is also not required for the front (top) surface of larger form factor full size tablets. The more conservative normal tablet SAR results can be used to support phablet mode 10-g extremity SAR.
- c) The simultaneous transmission operating configurations applicable to voice and data transmissions for both phone and mini-tablet modes must be taken into consideration separately for 1-g and 10-g SAR to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion and measurement requirements for the relevant wireless modes and exposure conditions.

5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was \geq 1.45 W/kg (\sim 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.



5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following: Output power of reductions:

Table 5.1: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

| Number of timeslots in uplink assignment | Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB) |
|--|--|
| assignment | output power,(ub) |
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 to 3,0 |
| 3 | 1,8 to 4,8 |
| 4 | 3,0 to 6,0 |

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

5.3.2 UMTS Test Configuration

5.3.2.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Maximum output power is verified by applying the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121.

5.3.2.2 Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

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5.3.2.3 Body-worn accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the EUT with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the EUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC

5.3.2.4 Release 5 HSDPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. EUT with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 5.2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

| Sub-set | β_{c} | β _c | β _d | β_{d} | β_c/β_d | eta_{hs} | CM(dB) | MPR(dB) |
|---------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|--------|---------|
| | | Pu | (SF) | I-O I-U | (note 1, note 2) | (note 3) | , | |
| 1 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2 | 12/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 12/15 | 24/15 | 1.0 | 0.0 | |
| 2 | (note 4) | (note 4) | 04 | (note 4) | 24/15 | 1.0 | 0.0 | |
| 3 | 15/15 | 8/15 | 64 | 15/8 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 | |
| 4 | 15/15 | 4/15 | 64 | 15/4 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 | |

Note1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = $8 \stackrel{\longleftrightarrow}{\rightleftharpoons} A_{hs}$ = β_{hs}/β_c =30/15 $\stackrel{\longleftrightarrow}{\rightleftharpoons} \beta_{hs}$ =30/15 $^*\beta_c$

Note2: CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

5.3.2.5 Release 6 HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn

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accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 5.3 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA EUT and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 5.3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

| Sub- set | $eta_{ m c}$ | β_{d} | β _d (SF) | β _c /β _d | $\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$ | eta_{ec} | $eta_{	ext{ed}}$ | β _{ed} (SF) | β _{ed} (codes) | CM (2) (dB) | MPR (dB) | AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index | E-TFCI |
|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------------------|--------|
| 1 | 11/15 ⁽³⁾ | 15/15 ⁽³⁾ | 64 | 11/15 ⁽³⁾ | 22/15 | 209/225 | 1039/225 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 20 | 75 |
| 2 | 6/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 6/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 94/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 12 | 67 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 9/15 | 64 | 15/9 | 30/15 | 311/15 | β_{ed1} 47/15 β_{ed2} 47/15 | // | 2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 15 | 92 |
| 4 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 2/15 | 56/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 17 | 71 |
| 5 | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 64 | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 30/15 | 24/15 | 134/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 21 | 81 |

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\beta}_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_{c}$.
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta c/\beta d$ =12/15, $\underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the $\beta c/\beta d$ ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 10/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β c/ β d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β c = 14/15 and β d = 15/15.
- Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.
- Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 5.4: HSUPA UE category

| UE E-DCH Category | Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted | Number of HARQ Processes | E- DCH TTI (ms) | MinimumSprea ding Factor | Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits | Max Rate (Mbps) |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 7110 | 0.7296 |
| | 2 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2798 | 4 4500 |
| 2 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 14484 | 1.4592 |
| 3 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 14484 | 1.4592 |



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|-----------|-------------------|
|-----------|-------------------|

| | 2 | | 2 | 2 | 5772 | 2.9185 |
|------------|---|---|----|---------------|-------|--------|
| 4 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 20000 | 2.00 |
| 5 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 20000 | 2.00 |
| 6 | 4 | 8 | 2 | | 11484 | 5.76 |
| (No DPDCH) | 4 | 4 | 10 | 2 SF2 & 2 SF4 | 20000 | 2.00 |
| 7 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 2 SF2 & 2 SF4 | 22996 | ? |
| (No DPDCH) | 4 | 4 | 10 | | 20000 | ? |

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4.

UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)

5.3.2.6 HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration

SAR test exclusion may apply to 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA and Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA. When SAR measurement is required for HSPA or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements. Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PAG is required for equipment approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

- 1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
- 2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.36 Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.
- 3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.
- 4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.
- i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.
- b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.
- c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.
- 5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement



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results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

Table 5.5: HS-DSCH UE category

Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

| HS-DSCH category | Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received | Minimum inter-TTI interval | Maximum number of bits of an HS- DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1 | Total number of soft channel bits | Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation | Supported modulations with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation | Supported modulatio ns with dual cell operation |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|
| Category 1 | 5 | 3 | 7298 | 19200 | | | |
| Category 2 | 5 | 3 | 7298 | 28800 | | | |
| Category 3 | 5 | 2 | 7298 | 28800 | | | |
| Category 4 | 5 | 2 | 7298 | 38400 | | | |
| Category 5 | 5 | 1 | 7298 | 57600 | 00014 400444 | | |
| Category 6 | 5 | 1 | 7298 | 67200 | QPSK, 16QAM | 44.7 | |
| Category 7 | 10 | -1 | 14411 | 115200 | | Not | |
| Category 8 | 10 | 1 | 14411 | 134400 | | applicable | |
| Category 9 | 15 | 1 | 20251 | 172800 | | (MIMO not | |
| Category 10 | 15 | 1 | 27952 | 172800 | | supported) | Not applicable (dual cell |
| Category 11 | 5 | 2 | 3630 | 14400 | 10 A 7 A 2 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 A 5 | | |
| Category 12 | 5 | 1 | 3630 | 28800 | QPSK | | |
| Category 13 | 15 | 1 | 35280 | 259200 | QPSK. | | |
| Category 14 | 15 | 1 | 42192 | 259200 | 16QAM, 64QAM | | |
| Category 15 | 15 | 1_ | 23370 | 345600 | opek 4 | | operation |
| Category 16 | 15 | 1 | 27952 | 345600 | QPSK, 16 | MAQO | supported) |
| Category 17 NOTE 2 | 15 | 1 | 35280 | 259200 | QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM | | Supportou |
| NOIE2 | | | 23370 | 345600 | 24 | QPSK, 16QAM | |
| Category 18 | 15 | 1 | 42192 | 259200 | QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM | _ | |
| NOTE 3 | | | 27952 | 345600 | 1 | QPSK, 16QAM | |
| Category 19 | 15 | 1 | 35280 | 518400 | ODCK 4004 | 1 210111 | |
| Category 20 | 15 | 1 | 42192 | 518400 | QPSK, 16QAI | vi, b4QAM | |
| Category 21 | 15 | - 1 | 23370 | 345600 | | | QPSK, |
| Category 22 | 15 | 1 | 27952 | 345600 | | | 16QAM |
| Category 23 | 15 | 1 | 35280 | 518400 | | -61 | QPSK, |
| Category 24 | 15 | 1 | 42192 | 518400 | | | 16QAM, 64QAM |

5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements.



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Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to $3GPP\ TS36.101\ Section\ 6.2.3-6.2.5$ under Table 6.2.3-1.

C)A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.



Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
 - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
 - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
 - ♦ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

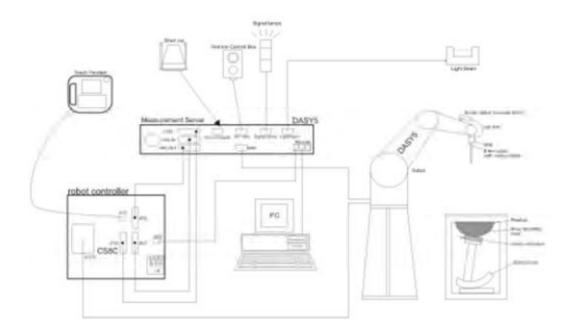
To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

SAR Measurements System Configuration

SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- > A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4(manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

> Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to

organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration

service available

Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz

> Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe

axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation

normal to probe axis)

10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: Dynamic Range \pm 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)

Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip

diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Typical distance from probe tip to dipole

centers: 1 mm

Application High precision dosimetric

> measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables

compliance testing for frequencies up to

6 GHz with precision of better 30%.





E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based FCC SAR Test Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2

temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

SAR= $C\Delta T/\Delta t$

Where: $\Delta t = \text{Exposure time (30 seconds)}$,

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

SAR=IEI²σ/ρ

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

 ρ = Tissue density (kg/m³).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly. Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | ≤3 GHz | > 3 GHz |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Maximum distance from closest | | |
| measurement point (geometric center of | 5 ± 1 mm | ½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm |
| probe sensors) to phantom surface | | |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to | | |
| phantom surface normal at the | 30° ± 1° | 20° ± 1° |
| measurement location | | |
| | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm |
| | 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm | 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm |
| | When the x or y dimens | sion of the test device, in |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: | the measurement plar | ne orientation, is smaller |
| ΔxArea, ΔyArea | than the above, the m | neasurement resolution |
| | must be ≤ the correspon | nding x or y dimension of |
| | the test device with at | least one measurement |
| | point on the | e test device. |



Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | | | ≤3GHz | > 3 GHz | |
|--------------|------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Maximum zaam | 2000 000 | tial recolution: A v | ≤2GHz: ≤8mm | 3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm* | |
| waximum 200m | i scan spa | tial resolution: $\triangle x_{zoom} \triangle y_{zoom}$ | 2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm* | 4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm* | |
| NA dia | | | | 3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm | |
| Maximum | Uı | niform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$ | ≤5mm | 4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm | |
| zoom scan | | | | 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm | |
| spatial | | $\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two | | 3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm | |
| resolution, | 0 | points closest to phantom | ≤4mm | 4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm | |
| normal to | Graded | surface | | 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm | |
| phantom | grid | △z _{zoom} (n>1): between | ≤1.5•△z _{zoom} (n-1) | | |
| surface | | subsequent points | | | |
| Minimum | | | | 3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm | |
| zoom scan | | X, y, z | ≥30mm | 4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm | |
| volume | | | | 5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm | |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.





7 Main Test Equipment

| Name of Equipment | Manufacturer | Type/Model | Serial Number | Last Cal. | Cal. Due Date |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| Network analyzer | Agilent | E5071B | MY42404014 | 2018-05-20 | 2019-05-19 |
| Dielectric Probe Kit | HP | 85070E | US44020115 | 2018-05-20 | 2019-05-19 |
| Power meter | Agilent | E4417A | GB41291714 | 2018-05-21 | 2019-05-20 |
| Power sensor | Agilent | N8481H | MY50350004 | 2018-05-21 | 2019-05-20 |
| Power sensor | Agilent | E9327A | US40441622 | 2018-05-20 | 2019-05-19 |
| Dual directional coupler | Agilent | 778D-012 | 50519 | 2018-05-21 | 2019-05-20 |
| Dual directional coupler | Agilent | 777D | 50146 | 2018-05-20 | 2019-05-19 |
| Amplifier | INDEXSAR | IXA-020 | 0401 | 2018-05-20 | 2019-05-19 |
| Wideband radio communication tester | R&S | CMW 500 | 113645 | 2018-05-20 | 2019-05-19 |
| E-field Probe | SPEAG | EX3DV4 | 3677 | 2018-05-29 | 2019-05-28 |
| DAE | SPEAG | DAE4 | 1317 | 2018-03-23 | 2019-03-22 |
| Validation Kit 835MHz | SPEAG | D835V2 | 4d020 | 2017-08-28 | 2020-08-27 |
| Validation Kit 1900MHz | SPEAG | D1900V2 | 5d060 | 2017-08-26 | 2020-08-25 |
| Validation Kit 2450MHz | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 786 | 2017-08-29 | 2020-08-28 |
| Validation Kit 2600MHz | SPEAG | D2600V2 | 1025 | 2018-05-02 | 2021-05-01 |
| Validation Kit 5GHz | SPEAG | D5GHzV2 | 1151 | 2017-01-05 | 2020-01-04 |
| Temperature Probe | Tianjin jinming | JM222 | AA1009129 | 2018-05-17 | 2019-05-16 |
| Hygrothermograph | Anymetr | NT-311 | 20150731 | 2018-05-17 | 2019-05-16 |
| Software for Test | Speag | DASY5 | 52.8.8.1222 | / | / |
| Softwarefor Tissue | Agilent | 85070 | E06.01.36 | / | / |



8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within \pm 2° C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

| Frequ (MF | _ | Water (%) | Salt (%) | Sugar (%) | Glycol (%) | Preventol (%) | Cellulose (%) | ٤r | σ(s/m) |
|--------------|------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|------|--------|
| | 835 | 41.45 | 1.45 | 56 | 0 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 41.5 | 0.90 |
| Haad | 1900 | 55.242 | 0.306 | 0 | 44.452 | 0 | 0 | 40.0 | 1.40 |
| Head | 2450 | 62.7 | 0.5 | 0 | 36.8 | 0 | 0 | 39.2 | 1.80 |
| | 2600 | 55.242 | 0.306 | 0 | 44.452 | 0 | 0 | 39.0 | 1.96 |
| | 835 | 52.5 | 1.4 | 45 | 0 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 55.2 | 0.97 |
| Pody | 1900 | 69.91 | 0.13 | 0 | 29.96 | 0 | 0 | 53.3 | 1.52 |
| Body | 2450 | 73.2 | 0.1 | 0 | 26.7 | 0 | 0 | 52.7 | 1.95 |
| | 2600 | 72.6 | 0.1 | 0 | 27.3 | 0 | 0 | 52.5 | 2.16 |
| Frequ (MF | - | Water (%) | | thylengly nohexyle | | Triton | X-100 | ٤r | σ(s/m) |
| Hood | 5250 | 65.53 | | 17.24 | | 17 | .23 | 35.9 | 4.71 |
| Head | 5600 | 65.53 | | 17.24 | | 17 | .23 | 35.5 | 5.07 |
| Podv | 5250 | 72.52 | | 13.74 | | 13 | .74 | 48.9 | 5.36 |
| Body | 5600 | 72.52 | | 13.74 | | 13 | .74 | 48.5 | 5.77 |



Measurements results

| Frequ | requency Test Date | | Temp | | Dielectric neters | | ielectric neters | | nit n ±5%) |
|-------|--------------------|------------|------|------|----------------------|------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| (MI | Hz) | Test Date | ℃ | ٤r | σ(s/m) | ٤r | σ(s/m) | Dev ε _r (%) | Dev σ(%) |
| 925 | Head | 10/26/2018 | 21.5 | 42.0 | 0.91 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 1.20 | 1.11 |
| 835 | Body | 10/26/2018 | 21.5 | 53.8 | 0.97 | 55.2 | 0.97 | -2.54 | 0.00 |
| 1000 | Head | 10/25/2018 | 21.5 | 40.7 | 1.39 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 1.75 | -0.71 |
| 1900 | Body | 10/25/2018 | 21.5 | 52.8 | 1.51 | 53.3 | 1.52 | -0.94 | -0.66 |
| 0.450 | Head | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 39.7 | 1.85 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 1.28 | 2.78 |
| 2450 | Body | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 51.1 | 1.97 | 52.7 | 1.95 | -3.04 | 1.03 |
| 2600 | Head | 10/28/2018 | 21.5 | 39.3 | 2.02 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 0.77 | 3.06 |
| 2600 | Body | 10/28/2018 | 21.5 | 50.7 | 2.16 | 52.5 | 2.16 | -3.43 | 0.00 |
| 5050 | Head | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 36.9 | 4.83 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 2.79 | 2.55 |
| 5250 | Body | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 46.7 | 5.42 | 48.9 | 5.36 | -4.50 | 1.12 |
| F600 | Head | 12/5/2018 | 21.5 | 34.2 | 5.21 | 35.5 | 5.07 | -3.66 | 2.76 |
| 5600 | Body | 12/5/2018 | 21.5 | 47.9 | 5.78 | 48.5 | 5.77 | -1.24 | 0.17 |

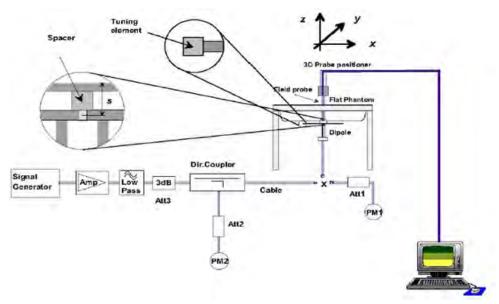
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be \geq 15.0 cm for SAR measurements \leq 3 GHz and \geq 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.



8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1System Performance Check setup



Picture 2 Setup Photo



Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

| Dipole | | Date of Measurement | Return Loss(dB) | Δ% | Impedance (Ω) | ΔΩ |
|---------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------|------|
| Dinala | Head | 8/28/2017 | -31.9 | / | 50.3 | / |
| Dipole | Liquid | 8/27/2018 | -29.0 | 9.09% | 46.6 | -3.7 |
| D835V2 SN: 4d020 | Body | 8/28/2017 | -24.8 | / | 46.8 | / |
| SIN. 40020 | Liquid 8/27/2018 -27.4 -10.48% 48.1 Head 8/26/2017 -23.4 / 52.0 | 48.1 | 1.3 | | | |
| Dinala | Head | 8/26/2017 | -23.4 | / | 52.0 | / |
| Dipole D1900V2 | Liquid | 8/25/2018 | -24.7 | -5.56% | 54.4 | 2.4 |
| SN: 5d060 | Body | 8/26/2017 | -21.4 | / | 52.7 | / |
| 3N. 50000 | Liquid | 8/25/2018 | -24.6 | -14.95% | 55.6 | 2.9 |
| Dinala | Head | 8/29/2017 | -25.5 | / | 53.4 | / |
| Dipole D2450V2 | Liquid | 8/28/2018 | -23.0 | 9.80% | 57.2 | 3.8 |
| SN: 786 | Body | 8/29/2017 | -23.6 | / | 51.0 | 1 |
| SIN. 700 | Liquid | 8/28/2018 | -23.7 | -0.42% | 55.2 | 4.2 |
| Dipole | Head | 1/5/2017 | -24.5 | / | 48.4 | / |
| D5GHzV2 | Liquid | 1/4/2018 | -23.8 | 2.86% | 50.0 | 1.6 |
| SN: 1151 | Body | 1/5/2017 | -24.7 | / | 50.4 | / |
| (5250MHz) | Liquid | 1/4/2018 | -23.8 | 3.64% | 50.0 | -0.4 |
| Dipole | Head | 1/5/2017 | -22.8 | / | 55.5 | / |
| D5GHzV2 | Liquid | 1/4/2018 | -21.5 | 5.70% | 55.6 | 0.1 |
| SN: 1151 | Body | 1/5/2017 | -23.3 | / | 57.2 | / |
| (5600MHz) | Liquid | 1/4/2018 | -22.5 | 3.43% | 55.6 | -1.6 |



System Check results

| _ | uency Hz) | Test Date | Temp ℃ | 250mW /100mW Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | 1W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | 1W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | Δ % (Limit ±10%) | Plot No. |
|-------|--------------|----------------|-----------|--|---|---|------------------------|-------------|
| 835 | Head | 10/26/2018 | 21.5 | 2.46 | 9.84 | 9.45 | 4.13 | 1 |
| 033 | Body | 10/26/2018 | 21.5 | 2.41 | 9.64 | 9.75 | -1.13 | 2 |
| 1900 | Head | 10/25/2018 | 21.5 | 9.88 | 39.52 | 40.10 | -1.45 | 3 |
| 1900 | Body | 10/25/2018 | 21.5 | 9.93 | 39.72 | 39.50 | 0.56 | 4 |
| 2450 | Head | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 13.70 | 54.80 | 52.60 | 4.18 | 5 |
| 2450 | Body | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 12.50 | 50.00 | 50.80 | -1.57 | 6 |
| 2600 | Head | 10/28/2018 | 21.5 | 13.90 | 55.60 | 54.10 | 2.77 | 7 |
| 2000 | Body | 10/28/2018 | 21.5 | 13.50 | 54.00 | 54.50 | -0.92 | 8 |
| E0E0 | Head | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 7.87 | 78.70 | 78.40 | 0.38 | 9 |
| 5250 | Body | 11/2/2018 | 21.5 | 7.46 | 74.60 | 75.60 | -1.32 | 10 |
| 5600 | Head | 12/5/2018 | 21.5 | 7.67 | 76.70 | 81.50 | -5.89 | 11 |
| 5600 | Body | 12/5/2018 | 21.5 | 8.10 | 81.00 | 80.20 | 1.00 | 12 |
| Note: | Target \ | /alues used de | rive from | the calibration | certificate Data | a Storage and I | Evaluation. | |



9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

| | | Burst-Ave | eraged ou | utput pow | ver(dBm) | | Frame-A | veraged o | output pov | ver(dBm) |
|-----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| GSN | Л 850 | Tune-up | Channe | l/Frenqu | cy(MHz) | Division | Tune-up | Channel/Frenqucy(MHz) | | |
| | | MAX | 128 | 190 | 251 | Factors | MAX | 128 | 190 | 251 |
| | | IVIAA | /824.2 | /836.6 | /848.8 | | IVIAA | /824.2 | /836.6 | /848.8 |
| GSM | CS | 33.00 | 32.26 | 32.20 | 32.18 | 9.03 | 23.97 | 23.23 | 23.17 | 23.15 |
| | 1 Tx Slot | 33.00 | 32.31 | 32.29 | 32.27 | 9.03 | 23.97 | 23.28 | 23.26 | 23.24 |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 2 Tx Slots | 32.00 | 31.52 | 31.45 | 31.39 | 6.02 | 25.98 | 25.50 | 25.43 | 25.37 |
| | 3 Tx Slots | 30.00 | 29.63 | 29.46 | 29.35 | 4.26 | 25.74 | 25.37 | 25.20 | 25.09 |
| | 4 Tx Slots | 29.00 | 28.59 | 28.39 | 29.24 | 3.01 | 25.99 | 25.58 | 25.38 | 26.23 |
| | 1 Tx Slot | 28.00 | 27.55 | 27.41 | 27.73 | 9.03 | 18.97 | 18.52 | 18.38 | 18.70 |
| EGPRS | 2 Tx Slots | 27.00 | 26.33 | 26.40 | 26.54 | 6.02 | 20.98 | 20.31 | 20.38 | 20.52 |
| (8PSK) | 3 Tx Slots | 25.00 | 24.49 | 24.96 | 24.42 | 4.26 | 20.74 | 20.23 | 20.70 | 20.16 |
| , , | 4 Tx Slots | 24.00 | 23.34 | 23.39 | 23.53 | 3.01 | 20.99 | 20.33 | 20.38 | 20.52 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Burst-Ave | eraged ou | utput pow | | | | veraged o | | |
| GSM | 1 1900 | | | utput pow | ver(dBm) | Division | | veraged o | | ver(dBm) |
| GSM | 1 1900 | Burst-Ave | | | ver(dBm) | | Frame-A Tune-up | veraged o | output pov | ver(dBm) |
| GSM | 1 1900 | Burst-Ave | Channe | l/Frenqu | ver(dBm) | Division | Frame-A | veraged o | output pov | ver(dBm) |
| GSM GSM | 1 1900 CS | Burst-Ave | Channe 512 | l/Frenque | ver(dBm) cy(MHz) 810 | Division | Frame-A Tune-up | veraged of Channe | output povel/Frenque | ver(dBm) cy(MHz) 810 |
| | | Burst-Ave Tune-up MAX | Channe 512 /1850.2 | I/Frenque 661 /1880 | ver(dBm) cy(MHz) 810 /1909.8 | Division Factors | Frame-A Tune-up MAX | Channe 512 /1850.2 | el/Frenquo 661 /1880 | ver(dBm) cy(MHz) 810 /1909.8 |
| | CS | Burst-Ave Tune-up MAX 31.00 | Channe 512 /1850.2 29.99 | 661 /1880 29.79 | ver(dBm) cy(MHz) 810 /1909.8 29.68 | Division Factors 9.03 | Frame-A Tune-up MAX 21.97 | Channe 512 /1850.2 20.96 | el/Frenquo 661 /1880 20.76 | ver(dBm) cy(MHz) 810 /1909.8 20.65 |
| GSM | CS 1 Tx Slot | Burst-Ave Tune-up MAX 31.00 31.00 | Channe 512 /1850.2 29.99 30.05 | 661 /1880 29.79 29.84 | ver(dBm) 810 /1909.8 29.68 29.74 | Division Factors 9.03 9.03 | Frame-A Tune-up MAX 21.97 21.97 | Channe 512 /1850.2 20.96 21.02 | 661 /1880 20.76 20.81 | ver(dBm) 810 /1909.8 20.65 20.71 |
| GSM GPRS | CS 1 Tx Slot 2 Tx Slots | Burst-Ave Tune-up MAX 31.00 31.00 30.00 | Channe 512 /1850.2 29.99 30.05 29.18 | 661 /1880 29.79 29.84 29.01 | ver(dBm) 810 /1909.8 29.68 29.74 28.94 | Pactors 9.03 9.03 6.02 | Frame-A Tune-up MAX 21.97 21.97 23.98 | Veraged of Channel 512 /1850.2 20.96 21.02 23.16 | 661 /1880 20.76 20.81 22.99 | wer(dBm) 810 /1909.8 20.65 20.71 22.92 |
| GSM GPRS | CS 1 Tx Slot 2 Tx Slots 3 Tx Slots | Burst-Ave Tune-up MAX 31.00 31.00 30.00 28.00 | Channe 512 /1850.2 29.99 30.05 29.18 27.13 | 661 /1880 29.79 29.84 29.01 27.02 | ver(dBm) 810 /1909.8 29.68 29.74 28.94 27.01 | Division Factors 9.03 9.03 6.02 4.26 | Frame-A Tune-up MAX 21.97 21.97 23.98 23.74 | Channe 512 /1850.2 20.96 21.02 23.16 22.87 | 661 /1880 20.76 20.81 22.99 22.76 | ver(dBm) 810 /1909.8 20.65 20.71 22.92 22.75 |
| GSM GPRS | CS 1 Tx Slot 2 Tx Slots 3 Tx Slots 4 Tx Slots | Burst-Ave Tune-up MAX 31.00 31.00 30.00 28.00 27.00 | Channe 512 /1850.2 29.99 30.05 29.18 27.13 26.12 | 661 /1880 29.79 29.84 29.01 27.02 26.01 | er(dBm) 810 /1909.8 29.68 29.74 28.94 27.01 25.97 | Division Factors 9.03 9.03 6.02 4.26 3.01 | Frame-A Tune-up MAX 21.97 21.97 23.98 23.74 23.99 | Channe 512 /1850.2 20.96 21.02 23.16 22.87 23.11 | 661 /1880 20.76 20.81 22.99 22.76 23.00 | wer(dBm) 810 /1909.8 20.65 20.71 22.92 22.75 22.96 |
| GSM GPRS (GMSK) | CS 1 Tx Slot 2 Tx Slots 3 Tx Slots 4 Tx Slots 1 Tx Slot | Burst-Ave Tune-up MAX 31.00 31.00 30.00 28.00 27.00 28.00 | Channe 512 /1850.2 29.99 30.05 29.18 27.13 26.12 27.12 | 661 /1880 29.79 29.84 29.01 27.02 26.01 27.03 | ver(dBm) 810 /1909.8 29.68 29.74 28.94 27.01 25.97 26.97 | 9.03 9.03 9.03 6.02 4.26 3.01 9.03 | Frame-A Tune-up MAX 21.97 21.97 23.98 23.74 23.99 18.97 | Channe 512 /1850.2 20.96 21.02 23.16 22.87 23.11 18.09 | el/Frenque 661 /1880 20.76 20.81 22.99 22.76 23.00 18.00 | wer(dBm) 810 /1909.8 20.65 20.71 22.92 22.75 22.96 17.94 |

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:

^{1.} Standalone: GSM 850 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power, based on the output power measurements above.

9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

| WCD | MA | | Band I | I(dBm) | | | Band \ | V(dBm) | |
|----------|----------|--------|--------|--------|---------|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| Tx Cha | nnel | 9262 | 9400 | 9538 | Tune-up | 4132 | 4183 | 4233 | Tune-up |
| Frequenc | y(MHz) | 1852.4 | 1880 | 1907.6 | Limit | 826.4 | 836.6 | 846.6 | Limit |
| RMC | 12.2kbps | 22.52 | 22.69 | 22.48 | 23.00 | 22.78 | 22.83 | 22.66 | 23.00 |
| AMR | 12.2kbps | 22.45 | 22.64 | 22.40 | 23.00 | 22.71 | 22.78 | 22.58 | 23.00 |
| | Sub 1 | 21.98 | 22.11 | 21.92 | 22.50 | 22.24 | 22.25 | 22.10 | 22.50 |
| HSDPA | Sub 2 | 21.97 | 22.13 | 21.89 | 22.50 | 22.23 | 22.27 | 22.07 | 22.50 |
| ПООГА | Sub 3 | 21.44 | 21.63 | 21.41 | 22.00 | 21.70 | 21.77 | 21.59 | 22.00 |
| | Sub 4 | 21.45 | 21.64 | 21.39 | 22.00 | 21.71 | 21.78 | 21.57 | 22.00 |
| | Sub 1 | 21.94 | 22.10 | 21.87 | 22.50 | 22.20 | 22.24 | 22.05 | 22.50 |
| | Sub 2 | 20.93 | 21.08 | 20.86 | 21.50 | 21.19 | 21.22 | 21.04 | 21.50 |
| HSUPA | Sub 3 | 21.40 | 21.56 | 21.35 | 22.00 | 21.66 | 21.70 | 21.53 | 22.00 |
| | Sub 4 | 20.86 | 21.05 | 20.83 | 21.50 | 21.12 | 21.19 | 21.01 | 21.50 |
| | Sub 5 | 21.87 | 22.03 | 21.81 | 22.50 | 22.13 | 22.17 | 21.99 | 22.50 |
| | Sub 1 | 21.86 | 22.05 | 21.82 | 22.50 | 22.12 | 22.19 | 22.00 | 22.50 |
| DC- | Sub 2 | 21.85 | 22.04 | 21.81 | 22.50 | 22.11 | 22.18 | 21.99 | 22.50 |
| HSDPA | Sub 3 | 21.43 | 21.53 | 21.32 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 21.67 | 21.50 | 22.00 |
| | Sub 4 | 21.42 | 21.52 | 21.31 | 22.00 | 21.68 | 21.66 | 21.49 | 22.00 |
| HSPA+ | 16QAM | 21.41 | 21.60 | 21.38 | 22.00 | 21.67 | 21.74 | 21.56 | 22.00 |

Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for each exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".



9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

| Modulation | Cha | Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB}) | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|---|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|--|--|--|
| | 1.4 MHz | 3.0 MHz | 5 MHz | 10 MHz | 15 MHz | 20 MHz | | | | |
| QPSK | > 5 | > 4 | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | ≤ 1 | | | |
| 16 QAM | ≤ 5 | ≤ 4 | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | ≤ 1 | | | |
| 16 QAM | > 5 | > 4 | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | ≤ 2 | | | |

| | LTE FDD B | and 2 | | Cond | T | | |
|--|------------|----------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------|
| D 1 . 141 | Madada | DD : | DD - (() | Channel/Frequency (MHz) | | | Tune-up |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | 18607/1850.7 | 18900/1880 | 19193/1909.3 | Limit |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.20 | 22.35 | 22.30 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 2 | 22.54 | 22.58 | 22.46 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 5 | 22.20 | 22.25 | 22.20 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 3 | 0 | 21.54 | 21.59 | 21.50 | 22.00 |
| | | 3 | 2 | 21.49 | 21.69 | 21.54 | 22.00 |
| | | 3 | 3 | 21.61 | 21.48 | 21.40 | 22.00 |
| 1.4MHz | | 6 | 0 | 21.54 | 21.58 | 21.48 | 22.00 |
| 1.4111172 | | 1 | 0 | 21.95 | 21.82 | 21.79 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 2 | 21.83 | 21.74 | 21.65 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 5 | 21.53 | 21.47 | 21.40 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 3 | 0 | 21.38 | 21.33 | 21.28 | 22.00 |
| | | 3 | 2 | 21.54 | 21.39 | 21.27 | 22.00 |
| | | 3 | 3 | 21.11 | 21.25 | 21.12 | 22.00 |
| | | 6 | 0 | 20.51 | 20.58 | 20.49 | 21.00 |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | Chanr | Channel/Frequency (MHz) | | Tune-up |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | IND SIZE | IVD Ollset | 18615/1851.5 | 18900/1880 | 19185/1908.5 | Limit |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.22 | 22.39 | 22.33 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 7 | 22.57 | 22.63 | 22.50 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 14 | 22.23 | 22.30 | 22.24 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 8 | 0 | 21.62 | 21.69 | 21.61 | 22.00 |
| | | 8 | 4 | 21.59 | 21.77 | 21.64 | 22.00 |
| 3MHz | | 8 | 7 | 21.69 | 21.57 | 21.48 | 22.00 |
| SIVITIZ | | 15 | 0 | 21.57 | 21.62 | 21.51 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 21.98 | 21.84 | 21.82 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 7 | 21.86 | 21.79 | 21.69 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 1 | 14 | 21.55 | 21.51 | 21.43 | 22.00 |
| | | 8 | 0 | 20.67 | 20.64 | 20.58 | 21.00 |
| | | 8 | 4 | 20.83 | 20.70 | 20.57 | 21.00 |
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| FC | C SAR Test Rep | | | | кер | ort No: R1809A0432 | -3172 |
|--------------|----------------|----------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------|
| | | 8 | 7 | 20.39 | 20.55 | 20.43 | 21.00 |
| | | 15 | 0 | 20.54 | 20.62 | 20.52 | 21.00 |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | Channel/Frequency (| | | Tune-up |
| | 4 | | 18625/1852.5 | 18900/1880 | 19175/1907.5 | Limit | |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.19 | 22.37 | 22.29 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 22.55 | 22.59 | 22.47 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 22.20 | 22.25 | 22.20 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 12 | 0 | 21.59 | 21.64 | 21.57 | 22.00 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 21.57 | 21.73 | 21.59 | 22.00 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 21.67 | 21.55 | 21.44 | 22.00 |
| 5MHz | | 25 | 0 | 21.55 | 21.61 | 21.49 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 21.95 | 21.80 | 21.79 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 21.83 | 21.77 | 21.66 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 21.52 | 21.49 | 21.39 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 12 | 0 | 20.65 | 20.60 | 20.55 | 21.00 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 20.80 | 20.65 | 20.53 | 21.00 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 20.36 | 20.50 | 20.39 | 21.00 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 20.52 | 20.58 | 20.47 | 21.00 |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | | nel/Frequency | | Tune-up |
| - Sanawiatii | Modulation | 110 0120 | AD OHOU | 18650/1855 | 18900/1880 | 19150/1905 | Limit |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.21 | 22.38 | 22.32 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 22.58 | 22.64 | 22.51 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 22.22 | 22.29 | 22.23 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 21.62 | 21.69 | 21.61 | 22.00 |
| | | 25 | 13 | 21.60 | 21.78 | 21.63 | 22.00 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 21.69 | 21.59 | 21.49 | 22.00 |
| 10MHz | | 50 | 0 | 21.63 | 21.63 | 21.53 | 22.00 |
| 10141112 | | 1 | 0 | 21.97 | 21.83 | 21.81 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 21.86 | 21.81 | 21.69 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 21.55 | 21.51 | 21.42 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 20.68 | 20.65 | 20.59 | 21.00 |
| | | 25 | 13 | 20.82 | 20.69 | 20.56 | 21.00 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 20.39 | 20.55 | 20.43 | 21.00 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 20.55 | 20.63 | 20.51 | 21.00 |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | Chanr | nel/Frequency | (MHz) | Tune-up |
| Danawiatii | Modulation | ND 3120 | ND Olloct | 18675/1857.5 | 18900/1880 | 19125/1902.5 | Limit |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.20 | 22.34 | 22.30 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 22.56 | 22.63 | 22.48 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 22.19 | 22.24 | 22.19 | 23.00 |
| 15MHz | QPSK | 36 | 0 | 21.60 | 21.65 | 21.58 | 22.00 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 21.57 | 21.73 | 21.59 | 22.00 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 21.66 | 21.56 | 21.45 | 22.00 |
| | | | | | | | |



| F | CC SAR Test Rep | ort | | Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2 | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|---------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------|------------|---------|
| | | 1 | 0 | 21.92 | 21.81 | 21.79 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 21.84 | 21.78 | 21.67 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 21.52 | 21.47 | 21.39 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 36 | 0 | 20.65 | 20.63 | 20.56 | 21.00 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 20.79 | 20.64 | 20.52 | 21.00 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 20.37 | 20.51 | 20.40 | 21.00 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 20.52 | 20.58 | 20.47 | 21.00 |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | Chanı | nel/Frequency | (MHz) | Tune-up |
| Danuwiuin | Modulation | KD SIZE | KD Ollset | 18700/1860 | 18900/1880 | 19100/1900 | Limit |
| | QPSK | 1 | 0 | 22.17 | 22.30 | 22.27 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 50 | 22.55 | 22.59 | 22.46 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 99 | 22.17 | 22.23 | 22.16 | 23.00 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 21.57 | 21.60 | 21.54 | 22.00 |
| | | 50 | 25 | 21.55 | 21.69 | 21.56 | 22.00 |
| | | 50 | 50 | 21.63 | 21.51 | 21.41 | 22.00 |
| 20MHz | | 100 | 0 | 21.58 | 21.54 | 21.44 | 22.00 |
| ZUWITIZ | | 1 | 0 | 21.90 | 21.77 | 21.74 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 50 | 21.80 | 21.76 | 21.63 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 99 | 21.50 | 21.44 | 21.37 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 50 | 0 | 20.62 | 20.59 | 20.53 | 21.00 |
| | | 50 | 25 | 20.76 | 20.62 | 20.49 | 21.00 |
| | | 50 | 50 | 20.34 | 20.46 | 20.36 | 21.00 |
| | | 100 | 0 | 20.50 | 20.54 | 20.44 | 21.00 |

| | LTE FDD B | and 7 | | Cond | Tung up | | |
|-------------------|------------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|------------------|---------|
| Bandwidth Modulat | Modulation | RB size | DD effect | Chanr | (MHz) | Tune-up Limit | |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RD SIZE | RB offset | 20775/2502.5 | 21100/2535 | 21425/2567.5 | LIIIIII |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.19 | 22.28 | 22.25 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 22.60 | 22.78 | 22.82 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 22.33 | 22.38 | 22.47 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 12 | 0 | 21.43 | 21.65 | 21.59 | 22.00 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 21.51 | 21.75 | 21.80 | 22.00 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 21.62 | 21.68 | 21.69 | 22.00 |
| 5MHz | | 25 | 0 | 21.42 | 21.61 | 21.66 | 22.00 |
| SIVIFIZ | | 1 | 0 | 21.79 | 21.73 | 21.77 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 22.14 | 21.94 | 21.99 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 21.92 | 21.89 | 21.93 | 22.00 |
| 16QAM | 16QAM | 12 | 0 | 20.87 | 20.65 | 20.61 | 21.00 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 20.79 | 20.56 | 20.63 | 21.00 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 20.68 | 20.64 | 20.65 | 21.00 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 20.60 | 20.53 | 20.59 | 21.00 |



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| | Channel/Frequency (MHz) | | Tune-up | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | 20800/2505 | 21100/2535 | 21400/2565 | Limit |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.21 | 22.29 | 22.28 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 22.63 | 22.83 | 22.86 | 23.00 |
| QP | | 1 | 49 | 22.35 | 22.42 | 22.50 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 25 | 0 | 21.46 | 21.70 | 21.63 | 22.00 |
| | α. σ. τ | 25 | 13 | 21.54 | 21.80 | 21.84 | 22.00 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 21.64 | 21.72 | 21.74 | 22.00 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 21.50 | 21.63 | 21.70 | 22.00 |
| 10MHz | | 1 | 0 | 21.81 | 21.76 | 21.79 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 22.17 | 21.98 | 22.02 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 21.95 | 21.91 | 21.96 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 25 | 0 | 20.90 | 20.70 | 20.65 | 21.00 |
| | , | 25 | 13 | 20.81 | 20.60 | 20.66 | 21.00 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 20.71 | 20.69 | 20.69 | 21.00 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 20.63 | 20.58 | 20.63 | 21.00 |
| | | | | | nel/Frequency | | Tune-up |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | 20825/2507.5 | 21100/2535 | 21375/2562.5 | Limit |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.20 | 22.25 | 22.26 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 22.61 | 22.82 | 22.83 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 22.32 | 22.37 | 22.46 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 36 | 0 | 21.44 | 21.66 | 21.60 | 22.00 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 21.51 | 21.75 | 21.80 | 22.00 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 21.61 | 21.69 | 21.70 | 22.00 |
| 4555. | | 75 | 0 | 21.48 | 21.59 | 21.65 | 22.00 |
| 15MHz | | 1 | 0 | 21.76 | 21.74 | 21.77 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 22.15 | 21.95 | 22.00 | 22.00 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 21.92 | 21.87 | 21.93 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 36 | 0 | 20.87 | 20.68 | 20.62 | 21.00 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 20.78 | 20.55 | 20.62 | 21.00 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 20.69 | 20.65 | 20.66 | 21.00 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 20.60 | 20.53 | 20.59 | 21.00 |
| Don duridth | Modulation | DD size | DD offeet | Chanr | nel/Frequency | (MHz) | Tune-up |
| Bandwidth | Modulation | RB size | RB offset | 20850/2510 | 21100/2535 | 21350/2560 | Limit |
| | | 1 | 0 | 22.17 | 22.21 | 22.23 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 50 | 22.60 | 22.78 | 22.81 | 23.00 |
| | | 1 | 99 | 22.30 | 22.36 | 22.43 | 23.00 |
| | QPSK | 50 | 0 | 21.41 | 21.61 | 21.56 | 22.00 |
| 20MHz | | 50 | 25 | 21.49 | 21.71 | 21.77 | 22.00 |
| | | 50 | 50 | 21.58 | 21.64 | 21.66 | 22.00 |
| | | 100 | 0 | 21.45 | 21.54 | 21.61 | 22.00 |
| | 160 / 1/4 | 1 | 0 | 21.74 | 21.70 | 21.72 | 22.00 |
| | 16QAM | 1 | 50 | 22.11 | 21.93 | 21.96 | 22.00 |



FCC SAR Test Report

| Report | No: | R1809A0432-S1 | V2 |
|--------|-----|---------------|----|
|--------|-----|---------------|----|

| | 1 | 99 | 21.90 | 21.84 | 21.91 | 22.00 |
|--|-----|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 50 | 0 | 20.84 | 20.64 | 20.59 | 21.00 |
| | 50 | 25 | 20.75 | 20.53 | 20.59 | 21.00 |
| | 50 | 50 | 20.66 | 20.60 | 20.62 | 21.00 |
| | 100 | 0 | 20.58 | 20.49 | 20.56 | 21.00 |

9.4 WLAN Mode

| \\\' \E' \\ 4\\\ | <u>.</u> | Maxim | um Output Power | · (dBm) |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Wi-Fi 2.4G Mode | Channel - /Frequency(MHz) | Tune-up | Meas. | TP Set Level |
| Mode | 1/2412 | 17.00 | 16.15 | 19 |
| 802.11b | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 19 |
| (1M) | 11/2462 | 17.00 | 16.24 | 19 |
| 000.44 | 1/2412 | 15.00 | 12.14 | 17 |
| 802.11g | 6/2437 | 15.00 | 14.39 | 17 |
| (6M) | 11/2462 | 15.00 | 12.05 | 17 |
| 000 44 - 11700 | 1/2412 | 15.00 | 12.30 | 17 |
| 802.11n-HT20 (MCS0) | 6/2437 | 15.00 | 14.65 | 17 |
| (MC30) | 11/2462 | 15.00 | 12.01 | 17 |
| 000 44 - 11740 | 3/2422 | 14.00 | 10.86 | 16.5 |
| 802.11n-HT40 (MCS0) | 6/2437 | 14.00 | 13.45 | 16.5 |
| (IVICOU) | 9/2452 | 14.00 | 10.95 | 16.5 |
| Note: Initial test config | uration is 802.11b mod | le, since the highe | est maximum outp | out power. |

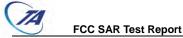
| Wi-Fi 5G | Channel | Maximum Output Power (dBm) | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------|--|--|--|
| (U-NII-2A) | /Frequency(MHz) | Tune-up | Meas. | TP Set Level | | | |
| Mode | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Turie-up | ivieas. | TP Set Level | | | |
| | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 17.00 | | | |
| 802.11a | 56/5280 | 15.00 | 14.29 | 17.00 | | | |
| (6M) | 60/5300 | 15.00 | 14.27 | 17.00 | | | |
| | 64/5320 | 15.00 | 14.10 | 17.00 | | | |

| Wi-Fi 5G | Channel | Maximum Output Power (dBm) | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------|--------------|--|--|--|
| (U-NII-2C) | /Frequency(MHz) | Tune-up | Meas. | TP Set Level | | | |
| Mode | . , , | rano ap | Wiodo. | 11 001 20101 | | | |
| | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 17.00 | | | |
| 802.11a | 116/5580 | 15.00 | 13.99 | 17.00 | | | |
| (6M) | 132/5660 | 15.00 | 13.17 | 17.00 | | | |
| | 140/5700 | 15.00 | 13.10 | 17.00 | | | |



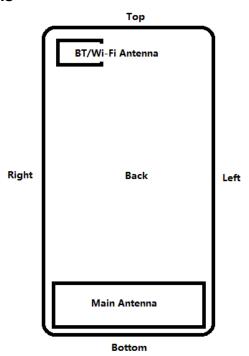
9.5 Bluetooth Mode

| ВТ | | n) Hz) | Tune-up | |
|----------|---------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------|
| ы | Ch 0/2402 MHz | Limit (dBm) | | |
| GFSK | 5.64 | 5.89 | 4.93 | 6.00 |
| π/4DQPSK | 4.76 | 5.19 | 3.96 | 6.00 |
| 8DPSK | 4.92 | 5.33 | 4.14 | 6.00 |
| BLE | Ch 0/2402 MHz | | Ch 39/2480 MHz | Tune-up Limit (dBm) |
| GFSK | 5.89 | 6.29 | 5.00 | 7.00 |



10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



| | Overall (Len | gth x Width): | 160 mm x 84 | mm | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|---------------|------------|----------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Overall Diagonal: 168/Display Diagonal: 128mm | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Antenna | Antenna Back Side Front side Left Edge Right Edge Top Edge Bottom Edge | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Main-Antenna | Main-Antenna <25mm <25mm <25mm >25mm <25mm | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BT/Wi-Fi Antenna | <25mm | <25mm | >25mm | <25mm | <25mm | >25mm | | | | | | |
| | Hotspot m | node, Position | s for SAR tes | sts | | | | | | | | |
| Mode | Back Side | Front side | Left Edge | Right Edge | Top Edge | Bottom Edge | | | | | | |
| Main-Antenna | Main-Antenna yes yes Yes Yes N/A Yes | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BT/Wi-Fi Antenna | yes | yes | N/A | Yes | Yes | N/A | | | | | | |

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

- 2.For smart phones with an overall diagonal dimension is 168mm.Per KDB 648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension> 16.0 cm, 10-g extremity SAR must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. For Phablet, Since hotspot mode 1-g *reported* SAR < 1.2 W/kg, 10-g extremity SAR is no required.
- 3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01,

for each exposure position, testing of other requised channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- a) ≤0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100MHz
- b) ≤0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.



FCC SAR Test Report

- c) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 Wkg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz.
- 4. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 5. Per KDB 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.



10.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

| Bluetooth | Distance (mm) | MAX Power (dBm) | Frequency (MHz) | Ratio | Evaluation |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------|------------|
| Head | 5 | 7.00 | 2480 | 1.58 | No |
| Body-worn | 15 | 7.00 | 2480 | 0.53 | No |
| Hotspot | 10 | 7.00 | 2480 | 0.79 | No |
| Product Specific 10-g SAR | 5 | 7.00 | 2480 | 1.58 | No |



10.3 Measured SAR Results

Table 1: GSM 850

| Test | Cover | Time | Duty | Channel/ | Tuna un | Measured | Limi | t of SAR 1.6 | W/kg (mV | V/g) | Plot | |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|-----------|------------------|------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------|------|--|
| Position | Type | slot | Duty Cycle | Frequency | Tune-up (dBm) | power | Measured | Power | Scaling | Report | No. | |
| 1 OSITION | Турс | Siot | Oyolo | (MHz) | (MHz) | | SAR1g | Drift (dB) | Factor | SAR1g | 140. | |
| | | | | | Head S | AR | | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 190/836.6 | 33.00 | 32.20 | 0.051 | 0.103 | 1.20 | 0.061 | / | |
| Left Tilt | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 190/836.6 | 33.00 | 32.20 | 0.031 | 0.030 | 1.20 | 0.037 | / | |
| Right Cheek | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 190/836.6 | 33.00 | 32.20 | 0.058 | 0.031 | 1.20 | 0.070 | 13 | |
| Right Tilt | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 190/836.6 | 33.00 | 32.20 | 0.024 | -0.045 | 1.20 | 0.029 | / | |
| Body-worn (Distance 15mm) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 190/836.6 | 33.00 | 32.20 | 0.117 | -0.020 | 1.20 | 0.141 | 14 | |
| Front Side | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 190/836.6 | 33.00 | 32.20 | 0.102 | -0.051 | 1.20 | 0.123 | / | |
| | | | | Hots | spot (Dista | ance 10mm) | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 190/836.6 | 29.00 | 28.39 | 0.427 | -0.066 | 1.15 | 0.491 | 15 | |
| Front Side | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 190/836.6 | 29.00 | 28.39 | 0.251 | 0.080 | 1.15 | 0.289 | / | |
| Left Edge | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 190/836.6 | 29.00 | 28.39 | 0.058 | -0.037 | 1.15 | 0.067 | / | |
| Right Edge | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 190/836.6 | 29.00 | 28.39 | 0.108 | -0.010 | 1.15 | 0.124 | / | |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 190/836.6 | 29.00 | 28.39 | 0.047 | 0.020 | 1.15 | 0.054 | / | |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.



Bottom Edge | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07

Table 2: GSM 1900

| Table | Z. GOIVI | 1900 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|----------|--------|-----------|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|----------|--------|------|--|--|--|
| Toot | Cover | Time | Duty | Channel/ | Tuna un | Measured | Limi | t of SAR 1.6 | W/kg (mV | V/g) | Plot | | | |
| Test Position | | slot | Duty | Frequency | Tune-up | power | Measured | Power | Scaling | Report | No. | | | |
| Position | Туре | SIOL | Cycle | (MHz) | (dBm) | (dBm) | SAR1g | Drift (dB) | Factor | SAR1g | NO. | | | |
| | Head SAR | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 661/1880 | 31.00 | 29.79 | 0.079 | 0.050 | 1.32 | 0.104 | / | | | |
| Left Tilt | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 661/1880 | 31.00 | 29.79 | 0.068 | 0.030 | 1.32 | 0.089 | / | | | |
| Right Cheek | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 661/1880 | 31.00 | 29.79 | 0.081 | 0.070 | 1.32 | 0.107 | 16 | | | |
| Right Tilt | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 661/1880 | 31.00 | 29.79 | 0.071 | 0.027 | 1.32 | 0.093 | / | | | |
| | | | | Body- | worn (Dis | tance 15mm | 1) | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 661/1880 | 31.00 | 29.79 | 0.088 | -0.080 | 1.32 | 0.116 | / | | | |
| Front Side | Standard | GSM | 1:8.3 | 661/1880 | 31.00 | 29.79 | 0.106 | -0.170 | 1.32 | 0.140 | 17 | | | |
| | | | | Hots | spot (Dista | ance 10mm) | | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 661/1880 | 27.00 | 26.01 | 0.343 | 0.080 | 1.26 | 0.431 | 18 | | | |
| Front Side | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 661/1880 | 27.00 | 26.01 | 0.337 | 0.120 | 1.26 | 0.423 | / | | | |
| Left Edge | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 661/1880 | 27.00 | 26.01 | 0.062 | 0.100 | 1.26 | 0.078 | / | | | |
| Right Edge | Standard | 4Txslots | 1:2.07 | 661/1880 | 27.00 | 26.01 | 0.086 | 0.081 | 1.26 | 0.108 | / | | | |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

661/1880

2. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

27.00

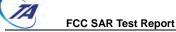
26.01

0.153

0.120

1.26

0.192



| Toot | Cayor | Channal | Duty | Channel/ | Tuna un | Measured | Limit o | of SAR 1.6 | W/kg (mV | V/g) | Plot | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------|------------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|--------|------|--|--|
| Test Position | Cover Type | Channel Type | Duty Cycle | Frequency | Tune-up (dBm) | power | Measured | Power | Scaling | Report | No. | | |
| | | 71 | , , | (MHz) | , | (dBm) | SAR1g | Drift (dB) | Factor | SAR1g | | | |
| | | | | | Head SAR | | | | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.098 | 0.020 | 1.07 | 0.105 | / | | |
| Left Tilt | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.041 | 0.044 | 1.07 | 0.044 | / | | |
| Right Cheek | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.146 | 0.120 | 1.07 | 0.157 | 19 | | |
| Right Tilt | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.076 | 0.109 | 1.07 | 0.081 | / | | |
| | Body-worn (Distance 15mm) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.214 | -0.060 | 1.07 | 0.230 | 20 | | |
| Front Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.071 | 0.156 | 1.07 | 0.076 | / | | |
| | | | | Hotspot | (Distance | 10mm) | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.398 | 0.010 | 1.07 | 0.427 | 21 | | |
| Front Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.257 | -0.150 | 1.07 | 0.276 | / | | |
| Left Edge | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.058 | -0.052 | 1.07 | 0.063 | / | | |
| Right Edge | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.038 | 0.090 | 1.07 | 0.040 | / | | |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 9400/1880 | 23.00 | 22.69 | 0.126 | 0.160 | 1.07 | 0.135 | / | | |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



Table 4: UMTS Band V

| Table | 4. UNITS | Dana V | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|--------|------|--|--|
| Test | Cover | Channel | Dutv | Channel/ | Tune-up | Measured | Limit o | of SAR 1.6 | W/kg (mV | V/g) | Plot | | |
| Position | | | Cycle | Frequency | (dBm) | power | Measured | Power | Scaling | Report | No. | | |
| Position | Туре | Туре | Cycle | (MHz) | (ивііі) | (dBm) | SAR1g | Drift (dB) | Factor | SAR1g | NO. | | |
| | | | | | Head SAR | | | | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.044 | 0.026 | 1.04 | 0.046 | / | | |
| Left Tilt | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.012 | 0.025 | 1.04 | 0.012 | / | | |
| Right Cheek | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.068 | 0.036 | 1.04 | 0.071 | 22/ | | |
| Right Tilt | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.019 | 0.084 | 1.04 | 0.020 | / | | |
| | Body-worn (Distance 15mm) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.081 | 0.042 | 1.04 | 0.084 | 23 | | |
| Front Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.065 | -0.170 | 1.04 | 0.068 | / | | |
| | | | | Hotspot | (Distance | 10mm) | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.253 | 0.054 | 1.04 | 0.263 | 24 | | |
| Front Side | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.140 | 0.062 | 1.04 | 0.146 | / | | |
| Left Edge | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.046 | -0.022 | 1.04 | 0.048 | / | | |
| Right Edge | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.095 | 0.010 | 1.04 | 0.099 | / | | |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | RMC 12.2K | 1:1 | 4183/836.6 | 23.00 | 22.83 | 0.032 | 0.180 | 1.04 | 0.033 | / | | |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Table 5: LTE Band 2 (20MHz, Main-antenna)

| Toot | Cover | | Duty | RB | RB | Channel/ | Tune-up | Measured | Limit | of SAR 1.6 | W/kg (mV | V/g) | Plot |
|------------------|---------------------------------|------|---------------|-------|--------|--------------|------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|--------|------|
| Test Position | Type | Mode | Duty Cycle | alloc | offset | Frequency | (dBm) | power | Measured | Power | Scaling | Report | No. |
| 1 00111011 | .ypc | | Cyclo | ation | Onoot | (MHz) | (ubiii) | (dBm) | SAR1g | Drift (dB) | Factor | SAR1g | 110. |
| | | | | | | Head S | AR (QPSK) | | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.236 | 0.101 | 1.10 | 0.259 | / |
| Left Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.054 | 0.052 | 1.10 | 0.060 | / |
| Right Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.250 | -0.084 | 1.10 | 0.275 | 25 |
| Right Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.105 | 0.028 | 1.10 | 0.115 | / |
| Left Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.240 | -0.052 | 1.07 | 0.258 | / |
| Left Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.078 | 0.120 | 1.07 | 0.084 | / |
| Right Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.088 | 0.062 | 1.07 | 0.095 | / |
| Right Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.088 | 0.010 | 1.07 | 0.095 | / |
| Right Cheek | SIM2 | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.244 | 0.105 | 1.10 | 0.268 | / |
| | Body-worn (QPSK, Distance 15mm) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.256 | 0.029 | 1.10 | 0.281 | 26 |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.146 | -0.059 | 1.10 | 0.160 | / |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.201 | -0.032 | 1.07 | 0.216 | / |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.121 | -0.047 | 1.07 | 0.130 | / |
| | | | | | Н | otspot (QPSK | , Distance | 10mm) | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.490 | -0.084 | 1.10 | 0.539 | 27 |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.266 | 0.105 | 1.10 | 0.292 | / |
| Left Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.107 | 0.022 | 1.10 | 0.118 | / |
| Right Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.056 | 0.030 | 1.10 | 0.062 | / |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 18900/1880 | 23.00 | 22.59 | 0.133 | 0.123 | 1.10 | 0.146 | / |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.254 | 0.021 | 1.07 | 0.273 | / |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.228 | -0.051 | 1.07 | 0.245 | / |
| Left Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.055 | 0.138 | 1.07 | 0.059 | / |
| Right Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.018 | 0.080 | 1.07 | 0.019 | / |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 18900/1880 | 22.00 | 21.69 | 0.118 | -0.110 | 1.07 | 0.127 | / |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.}For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

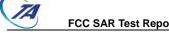


Table 6: LTE Band 7 (20MHz, Main-antenna)

| | abie 6: L | IE Bai | na / (2 | UNIHZ | , wain- | antenna) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| T1 | 0 | | Destar | RB | | Channel/ | T | Measured | Limit | of SAR 1.6 | W/kg (mV | V/g) | Dist |
| Test Position | Cover Type | Mode | Duty Cycle | alloc ation | RB offset | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up (dBm) | power (dBm) | Measured SAR1g | Power Drift (dB) | Scaling Factor | Report SAR1g | Plot No. |
| | | | | | | Head S | AR (QPSK) | • | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.070 | 0.004 | 1.04 | 0.073 | / |
| Left Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.039 | 0.023 | 1.04 | 0.041 | / |
| Right Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.073 | 0.032 | 1.04 | 0.076 | / |
| Right Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.042 | 0.092 | 1.04 | 0.043 | / |
| Left Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.078 | 0.152 | 1.05 | 0.082 | 28 |
| Left Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.020 | 0.087 | 1.05 | 0.021 | / |
| Right Cheek | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.034 | 0.072 | 1.05 | 0.036 | / |
| Right Tilt | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.034 | 0.082 | 1.05 | 0.036 | / |
| Body-worn (QPSK, Distance 15mm) | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.305 | 0.150 | 1.04 | 0.319 | 29 |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.186 | 0.058 | 1.04 | 0.194 | / |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.246 | -0.024 | 1.05 | 0.259 | / |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.215 | 0.032 | 1.05 | 0.227 | / |
| Back Side | SIM2 | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.301 | -0.018 | 1.04 | 0.314 | / |
| | | | | | Н | otspot (QPSK | , Distance | 10mm) | | | | | • |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.650 | 0.024 | 1.04 | 0.679 | 30 |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.361 | 0.043 | 1.04 | 0.377 | / |
| Left Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.069 | 0.030 | 1.04 | 0.072 | / |
| Right Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.069 | 0.067 | 1.04 | 0.072 | / |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.641 | 0.140 | 1.04 | 0.670 | N/A |
| Back Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.564 | 0.160 | 1.05 | 0.595 | / |
| Front Side | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.307 | 0.048 | 1.05 | 0.324 | / |
| Left Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.054 | -0.190 | 1.05 | 0.057 | / |
| Right Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.044 | 0.067 | 1.05 | 0.046 | / |
| Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | QPSK | 1:1 | 50% | 25 | 21350/2560 | 22.00 | 21.77 | 0.454 | 0.060 | 1.05 | 0.479 | / |
| Back Side | SIM2 | QPSK | 1:1 | 1 | 50 | 21350/2560 | 23.00 | 22.81 | 0.627 | -0.063 | 1.04 | 0.655 | / |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.}For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are ≥ 0.8 W/kg.

| | | | _ |
|-------|----|---------|--------|
| Tabla | 7. | \//i =: | 12 1CI |
| Iable | 1. | 441-LI | (2.4G) |

| | | | | Channel/ | | Measured | L | imit of SA | AR 1.6 W/kg | g (mW/g) | | |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Test Position | Cover Type | Mode | Duty Cycle | Frequen cy (MHz) | Tune-up dBm) | power | Area Scan SAR 1g | Zoom Scan SAR 1g | Power Drift (dB) | Scaling Factor | Report SAR 1g | Plot No. |
| | | | | | Head | SAR | | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.369 | 0.422 | 0.170 | 1.19 | 0.500 | 31 |
| Left Tilt | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.301 | 0.140 | 0.060 | 1.19 | 0.166 | / |
| Right Cheek | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.132 | 0.123 | 0.039 | 1.19 | 0.146 | / |
| Right Tilt | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.117 | 0.111 | 0.037 | 1.19 | 0.132 | / |
| | | | | Body | y-worn (Di | stance 15m | m) | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.069 | 0.071 | 0.120 | 1.19 | 0.084 | 32 |
| Front Side | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.172 | 0.052 | -0.074 | 1.19 | 0.061 | / |
| | | | | Hot | tspot (Dis | tance 10mm | 1) | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.105 | 0.065 | 0.089 | 1.19 | 0.077 | / |
| Front Side | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.110 | 0.105 | -0.065 | 1.19 | 0.125 | 33 |
| Left Edge | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.036 | 0.002 | 0.024 | 1.19 | 0.002 | / |
| Right Edge | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.053 | 0.034 | -0.188 | 1.19 | 0.040 | / |
| Top Edge | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.049 | 0.041 | -0.085 | 1.19 | 0.049 | / |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | 802.11b | 99.5% | 6/2437 | 17.00 | 16.28 | 0.016 | 0.009 | -0.136 | 1.19 | 0.011 | / |
| Note: 1. The val | ue with blue | color is th | e maximu | m SAR Valu | ue of each | test band. | | | | | | |

| | MAX Adjusted SAR | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----|-------------------|---|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Mode | Test Position | Channel/ Frequency(MHz) | SAR _{1g} Tune-up limit | | Scaling Factor | Adjusted SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | | | | | | | |
| 802.11g | Left Cheek | 6/2437 | 0.500 | 17 | 15 | 0.63 | 0.315 | | | | | | |
| 802.11n HT20 | Left Cheek | 6/2437 | 0.500 | 17 | 15 | 0.63 | 0.315 | | | | | | |
| 802.11n HT40 | Left Cheek | 6/2437 | 0.500 | 17 | 14 | 0.50 | 0.251 | | | | | | |

Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



Table 8: Wi-Fi (5G,U-NII-2A)

| | | , | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| | | | | Channel/ | | Measured | | Limit of SA | AR 1.6 W/kg | g (mW/g) | | |
| Test Position | Cover Type | Mode | Duty Cycle | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up dBm) | power (dBm) | Area Scan SAR 1g | Zoom Scan SAR 1g | Power Drift (dB) | Scaling Factor | Report SAR 1g | Plot No. |
| | | | | | Hea | d SAR | | | | | | |
| Left Cheek | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.349 | 0.414 | -0.030 | 1.20 | 0.496 | 34 |
| Left Tilt | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.210 | 0.160 | -0.120 | 1.20 | 0.192 | / |
| Right Cheek | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.252 | 0.239 | 0.041 | 1.20 | 0.286 | / |
| Right Tilt | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.428 | 0.173 | 0.044 | 1.20 | 0.207 | / |
| | Body-worn (Distance 15mm) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.158 | 0.160 | 0.039 | 1.20 | 0.191 | 35 |
| Front Side | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.077 | 0.068 | 0.071 | 1.20 | 0.081 | / |
| | | | | Channel | | Measured | | Limit of S | AR 4 W/kg | (mW/g) | | |
| Test Position | Cover Type | Mode | Duty Cycle | /Frequenc | Tune-up (dBm) | power (dBm) | Area Scan SAR 10g | Zoom Scan SAR 10g | Power Drift (dB) | Scaling Factor | Report SAR 10g | Plot No. |
| | | | | Product Sp | pecific 10- | g SAR (Dis | tance 0mm |) | | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.587 | 0.672 | 0.063 | 1.20 | 0.804 | 36 |
| Front Side | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.185 | 0.224 | 0.107 | 1.20 | 0.268 | / |
| Left Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.023 | 0.026 | 0.048 | 1.20 | 0.031 | / |
| Right Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.115 | 0.110 | 0.077 | 1.20 | 0.132 | / |
| Top Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.183 | 0.181 | 0.117 | 1.20 | 0.217 | / |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 52/5260 | 15.00 | 14.33 | 0.032 | 0.031 | 0.187 | 1.20 | 0.038 | / |

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

^{2.} Since the band does not support hotspot function, Product Specific 10-g SAR is required.



| Tak | Table 9: Wi-Fi (5G,U-NII-2C) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|----------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | | | | Channel/ | | Measured | | Limit of SA | NR 1.6 W/kg | g (mW/g) | | |
| Test Position | Cover Type | Mode | Duty Cycle | Frequency (MHz) | Tune-up dBm) | power (dBm) | Area Scan SAR 1g | Zoom Scan SAR 1g | Power Drift (dB) | Scaling Factor | Report SAR 1g | Plot No. |
| | Head SAR | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.648 | 0.591 | 0.061 | 1.28 | 0.758 | / |
| Latt Charle | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 116/5580 | 15.00 | 13.99 | 0.553 | 0.543 | 0.054 | 1.29 | 0.703 | / |
| Left Cheek | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 132/5660 | 15.00 | 13.17 | 0.509 | 0.479 | 0.048 | 1.56 | 0.749 | / |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 140/5700 | 15.00 | 13.10 | 0.491 | 0.470 | 0.069 | 1.59 | 0.747 | / |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.520 | 0.615 | 0.154 | 1.28 | 0.789 | 37 |
| Loft Tilt | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 116/5580 | 15.00 | 13.99 | 0.452 | 0.504 | 0.112 | 1.29 | 0.652 | / |
| Left Tilt | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 132/5660 | 15.00 | 13.17 | 0.439 | 0.467 | 0.140 | 1.56 | 0.730 | / |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 140/5700 | 15.00 | 13.10 | 0.391 | 0.451 | 0.170 | 1.59 | 0.717 | / |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.397 | 0.429 | 0.110 | 1.28 | 0.550 | / |
| Di-l-t Obook | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 116/5580 | 15.00 | 13.99 | 0.339 | 0.341 | 0.100 | 1.29 | 0.441 | / |
| Right Cheek | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 132/5660 | 15.00 | 13.17 | 0.229 | 0.232 | 0.120 | 1.56 | 0.363 | / |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 140/5700 | 15.00 | 13.10 | 0.197 | 0.204 | 0.110 | 1.59 | 0.324 | / |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.513 | 0.577 | 0.129 | 1.28 | 0.740 | / |
| Diabt Tilt | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 116/5580 | 15.00 | 13.99 | 0.456 | 0.477 | 0.140 | 1.29 | 0.618 | / |
| Right Tilt | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 132/5660 | 15.00 | 13.17 | 0.327 | 0.357 | 0.115 | 1.56 | 0.558 | / |
| | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 140/5700 | 15.00 | 13.10 | 0.298 | 0.332 | 0.170 | 1.59 | 0.528 | / |
| | | | | Вос | dy-worn (I | Distance 15 | mm) | | 1 | | | |
| Back Side | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.142 | 0.131 | 0.053 | 1.28 | 0.168 | 38 |
| Front Side | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.093 | 0.082 | 0.033 | 1.28 | 0.105 | / |
| | | | | Channel | | Measured | | Limit of S | AR 4 W/kg | (mW/g) | | |
| Test Position | Cover | Mode | Duty | /Frequenc | Tune-up | power | Area | Zoom | Power | Scaling | Report | Plot |
| | Type | | Cycle | y(MHz) | (dBm) | (dBm) | Scan | Scan | Drift (dB) | Factor | SAR | No. |
| | | | | 2 - 1 - 1 0 | ''' - 40 | 0 1 D (Di- | SAR 10g | SAR 10g | | | 10g | |
| D -I- Olda | Ot a dame | 200 44 - | 27.50/ | <u> </u> | ı | g SAR (Dist | | • | 2.054 | 4.00 | 0.770 | 20 |
| Back Side | Standard | 802.11 a | | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.584 | 0.607 | 0.054 | 1.28 | 0.779 | 39 |
| Front Side | Standard | 802.11 a | | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.238 | 0.217 | 0.029 | 1.28 | 0.278 | / |
| Left Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.040 | 0.033 | 0.026 | 1.28 | 0.042 | / |
| Right Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.210 | 0.191 | 0.027 | 1.28 | 0.245 | / |
| Top Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.293 | 0.297 | 0.086 | 1.28 | 0.381 | / |
| Bottom Edge | Standard | 802.11 a | 97.5% | 100/5500 | 15.00 | 14.03 | 0.050 | 0.043 | 0.022 | 1.28 | 0.055 | / |

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

3. Since the band does not support hotspot function, Product Specific 10-g SAR is required.



Table 10: BT

| Band | Configuration | Frequency (MHz) | Maximum Power (dBm) | Separation Distance (mm) | Estimated SAR (W/kg) |
|-----------|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Head | 2480 | 7 | 5 | 0.210 |
| | Body-worn | 2480 | 7 | 15 | 0.070 |
| Bluetooth | Hotspot | 2480 | 7 | 10 | 0.105 |
| | Product Specific 10-g SAR | 2480 | 7 | 5 | 0.084 |

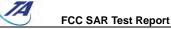
For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below. (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

| Simultaneous Transmission Configurations | Head | Body-worn | Hotspot | Product Specific 10-g SAR (Separation 0mm) |
|---|------|-----------|---------|---|
| GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | N/A | Yes |
| GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth | N/A | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| WCDMA + Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| LTE + Bluetooth | N/A | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | N/A | Yes |
| GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz | N/A | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| WCDMA + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| LTE + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| GSM(Voice) + Wi-Fi-5GHz | Yes | Yes | N/A | Yes |
| GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Wi-Fi-5GHz | N/A | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| WCDMA + Wi-Fi-5GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| LTE + Wi-Fi-5GHz | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Wi-Fi-2.4GHz + Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Wi-Fi-5GHz + Bluetooth | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Wi-Fi-2.4GHz + Wi-Fi-5GHz | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

General Note:

- 1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
- i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.



maximum CAD Value for Main Antonna

| | SAR _{1g} (W/kg) | GSM | GSM | WCDMA | WCDMA | LTE | LTE | MAX. |
|-----------|--------------------------|-------|-------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| Test Posi | tion | 850 | 1900 | Band II | Band V | FDD 2 | FDD 7 | SAR _{1g/10g} |
| Lef | t Cheek | 0.061 | 0.104 | 0.105 | 0.046 | 0.259 | 0.082 | 0.259 |
| L | eft Tilt | 0.037 | 0.089 | 0.044 | 0.012 | 0.084 | 0.041 | 0.089 |
| Rigl | ht Cheek | 0.070 | 0.107 | 0.157 | 0.071 | 0.275 | 0.076 | 0.275 |
| Ri | ght Tilt | 0.029 | 0.093 | 0.081 | 0.020 | 0.115 | 0.043 | 0.115 |
| Body | Back Side | 0.141 | 0.116 | 0.230 | 0.084 | 0.281 | 0.319 | 0.319 |
| worn | Front Side | 0.123 | 0.140 | 0.076 | 0.068 | 0.160 | 0.227 | 0.227 |
| | Back Side | 0.491 | 0.431 | 0.427 | 0.263 | 0.539 | 0.679 | 0.679 |
| | Front Side | 0.289 | 0.423 | 0.276 | 0.146 | 0.292 | 0.377 | 0.423 |
| Hatanat | Left Edge | 0.067 | 0.078 | 0.063 | 0.048 | 0.118 | 0.072 | 0.118 |
| Hotspot | Right Edge | 0.124 | 0.108 | 0.040 | 0.099 | 0.062 | 0.072 | 0.124 |
| | Top Edge | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | Bottom Edge | 0.054 | 0.192 | 0.135 | 0.033 | 0.146 | 0.670 | 0.670 |

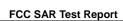
About BT and Wi-Fi and Main- Antenna

| | SAR _{1g/10g} (W/kg) | Main- | рт | Wi-Fi | Wi-F | i 5G | MAX. |
|----------------------|------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|----------|------------------------|
| Test Position | | antenna | ВТ | 2.4G | U-NII-2A | U-NII-2C | ΣSAR _{1g/10g} |
| Left, | Cheek | 0.259 | 0.210 | 0.500 | 0.496 | 0.758 | 1.227 |
| Lef | t, Tilt | 0.089 | 0.210 | 0.166 | 0.192 | 0.789 | 1.088 |
| Right | , Cheek | 0.275 | 0.210 | 0.146 | 0.286 | 0.550 | 1.035 |
| Rigl | ht, Tilt | 0.115 | 0.210 | 0.132 | 0.207 | 0.740 | 1.065 |
| Body worn | Back Side | 0.319 | 0.070 | 0.084 | 0.191 | 0.168 | 0.580 |
| 1g | Front Side | 0.227 | 0.070 | 0.061 | 0.081 | 0.105 | 0.402 |
| | Back Side | 0.679 | 0.042 | 0.077 | N/A | N/A | 0.798 |
| | Front Side | 0.423 | 0.042 | 0.125 | N/A | N/A | 0.590 |
| Hotspot | Left Edge | 0.118 | 0.042 | 0.002 | N/A | N/A | 0.162 |
| 1g | Right Edge | 0.124 | 0.042 | 0.040 | N/A | N/A | 0.206 |
| | Top Edge | N/A | 0.042 | 0.049 | N/A | N/A | 0.091 |
| | Bottom Edge | 0.670 | 0.042 | 0.011 | N/A | N/A | 0.723 |
| | Back Side | N/A | 0.084 | N/A | 0.804 | 0.779 | 0.888 |
| | Front Side | N/A | 0.084 | N/A | 0.268 | 0.278 | 0.362 |
| Product | Left Edge | N/A | 0.084 | N/A | 0.031 | 0.042 | 0.126 |
| Specific 10-g SAR | Right Edge | N/A | 0.084 | N/A | 0.132 | 0.245 | 0.329 |
| SAR - | Top Edge | N/A | 0.084 | N/A | 0.217 | 0.381 | 0.465 |
| | Bottom Edge | N/A | 0.084 | N/A | 0.038 | 0.055 | 0.139 |

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum $\Sigma SAR_{1g/10g}$ Value.

2.MAX. $\Sigma SAR_{1g/10g}$ =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. $\Sigma SAR_{1g} = 1.227 W/kg < 1.6 W/kg$ and MAX. $\Sigma SAR_{10g} = 0.888 W/kg < 4 W/kg$, so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and Wi-Fi and Main-Antenna.



11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. This also applies to the 10-g SAR required for phablets in KDB Publication 648474.





ANNEX A: Test Layout



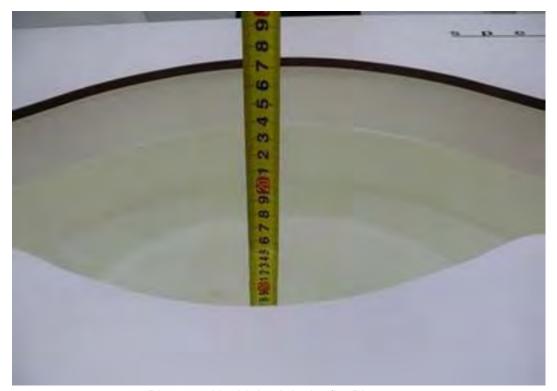


Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the flat phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For Head and Body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Picture 3 and Picture 4.



Picture 3: liquid depth in the head Phantom



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom



ANNEX B: System Check Results

Plot1 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head TSL

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ =0.91 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.0; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.10, 9.10, 9.10); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.59 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

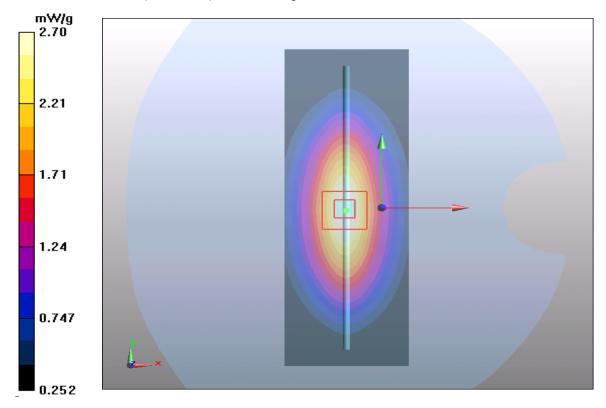
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.70 mW/g







Plot2 System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.32, 9.32, 9.32); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

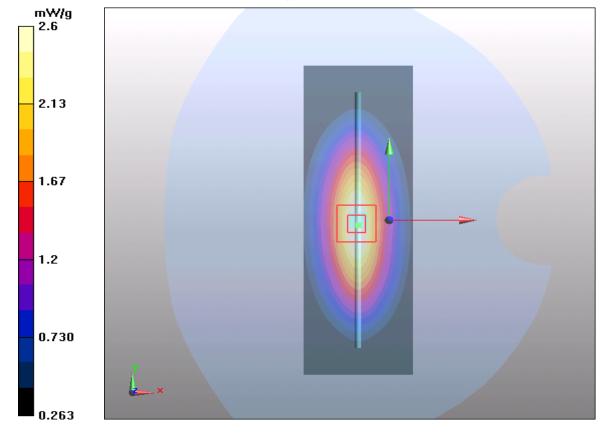
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.6 mW/g





Plot3 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

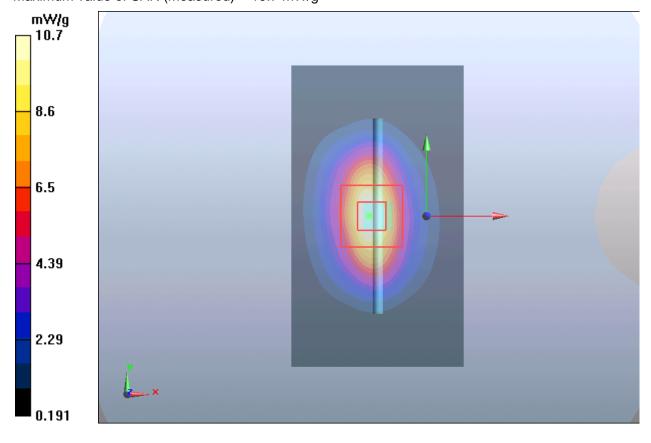
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g





Plot4 System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.70, 7.70, 7.70); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

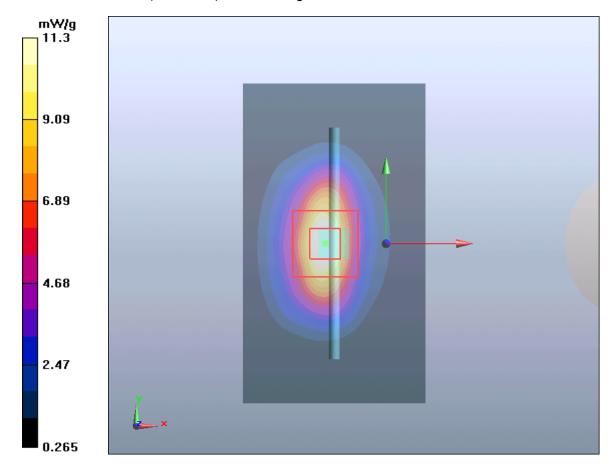
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g







Plot5 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

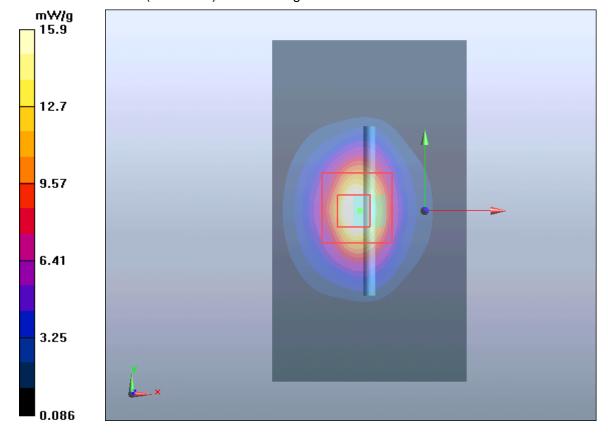
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.22 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g



Plot6 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

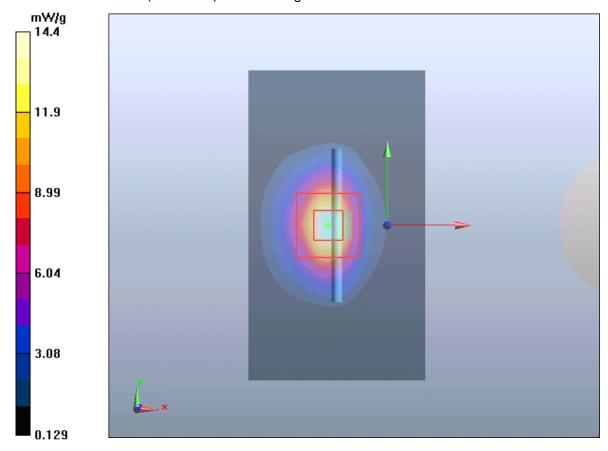
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.20 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 mW/g



Plot 7 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Head TSL

Date: 10/28/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid:dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.439 mW/g

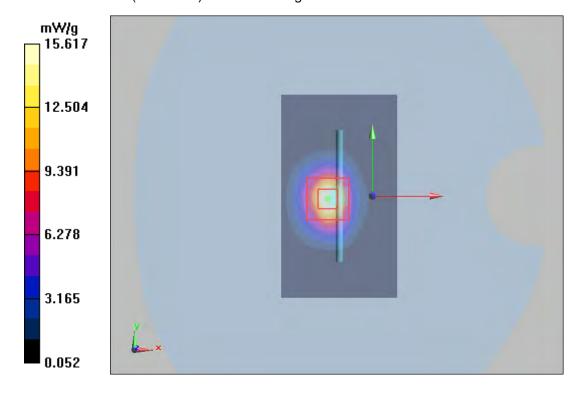
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.998 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.858 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.617 mW/g







Plot 8 System Performance Check at 2600 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Date: 10/28/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.16 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=250mW /Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.7 mW/g

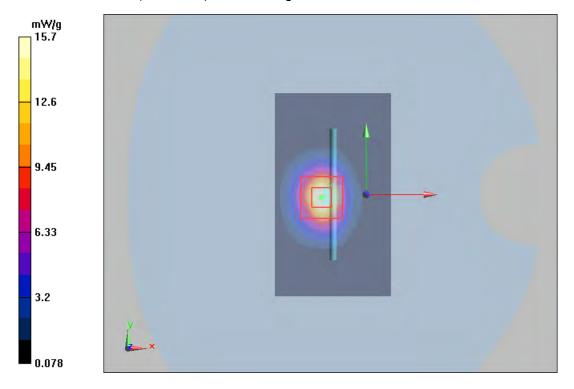
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g





Plot 9 System Performance Check at 5250 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 5250 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 4.83 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.60, 5.60, 5.60); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.14 mW/g

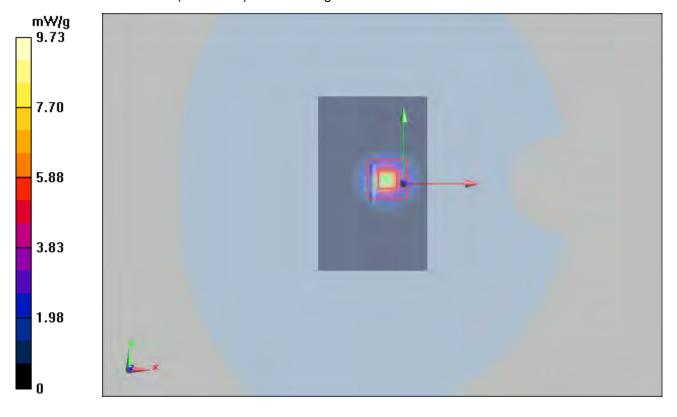
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 33.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 52.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.73 mW/g





Plot 10 System Performance Check at 5250 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 5250 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz; $\sigma = 5.42 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 46.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.69 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

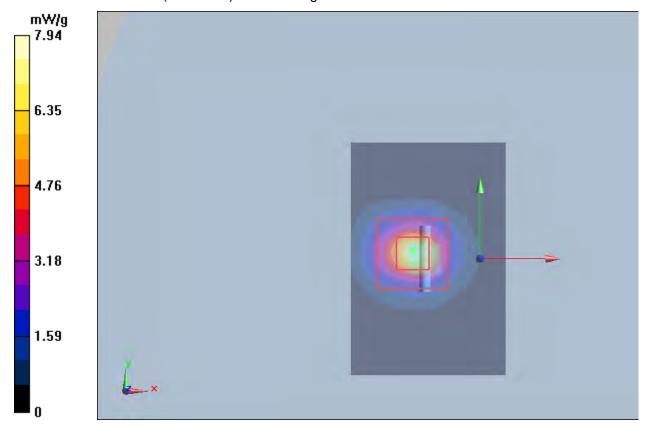
dz=2mm

Reference Value = 36.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0277 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 47.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.26 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.94 mW/g







Plot 11 System Performance Check at 5600 MHz Head TSL DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Date: 12/5/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.21 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 8.25 mW/g

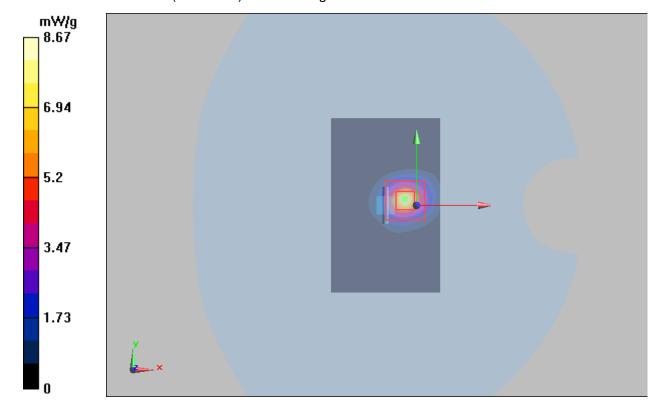
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 23.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.27 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.67 mW/g





Plot 12 System Performance Check at 5600 MHz Body TSL DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Date: 12/5/2018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; $\sigma = 5.78 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.84 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,

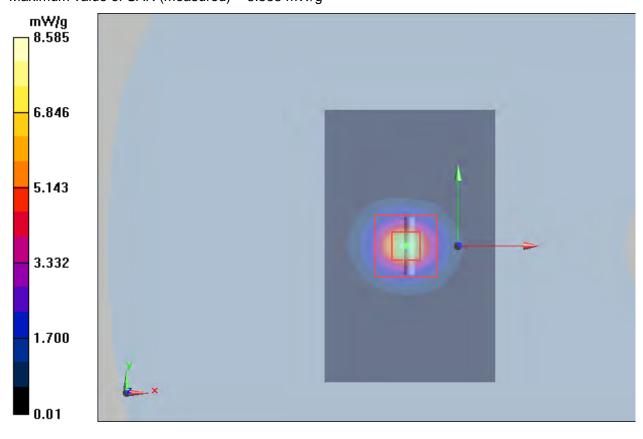
dz=2mm

Reference Value = 38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.585 mW/g





ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

Plot 13 GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.916 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.951$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.10, 9.10, 9.10); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0800 W/kg

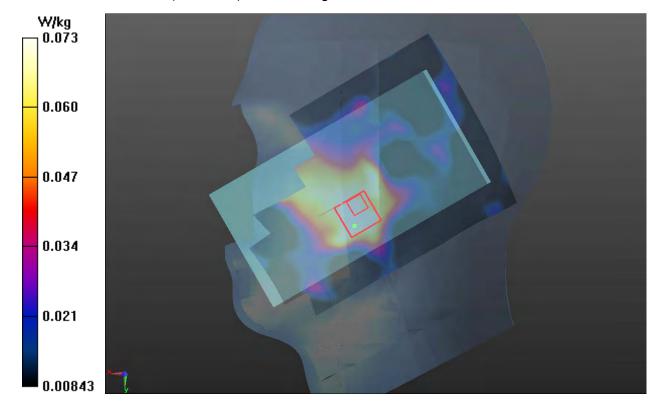
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.294 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0940 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.058 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.073 W/kg





Plot 14 GSM 850 Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.32, 9.32, 9.32); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.121 W/kg

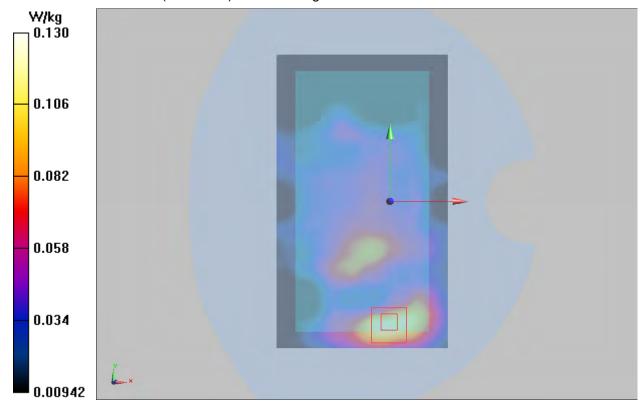
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.129 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg





Plot 15 GSM 850 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.32, 9.32, 9.32); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.478 W/kg

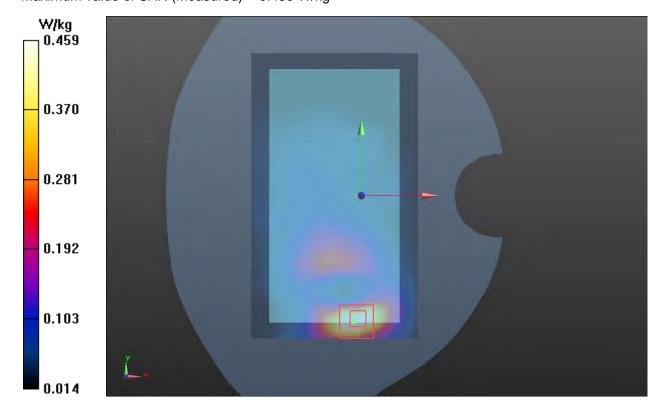
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.398 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.726 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.427 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 W/kg





Plot 16 GSM 1900 Right Cheek Middle

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.371 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.715; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0941 W/kg

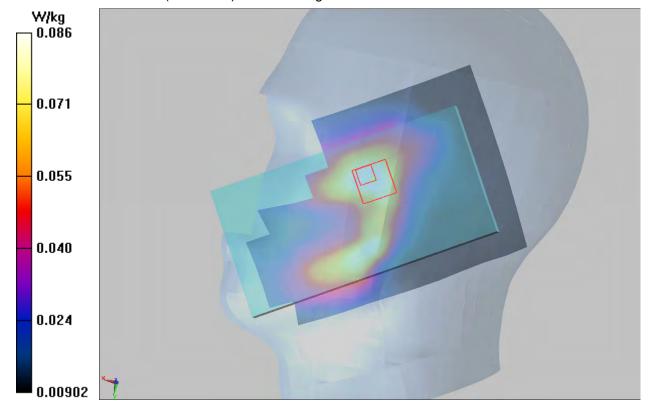
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

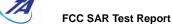
Reference Value = 3.489 V/m; Power Drift = 0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 W/kg





Plot 17 GSM 1900 Front Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.70, 7.70, 7.70); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 W/kg

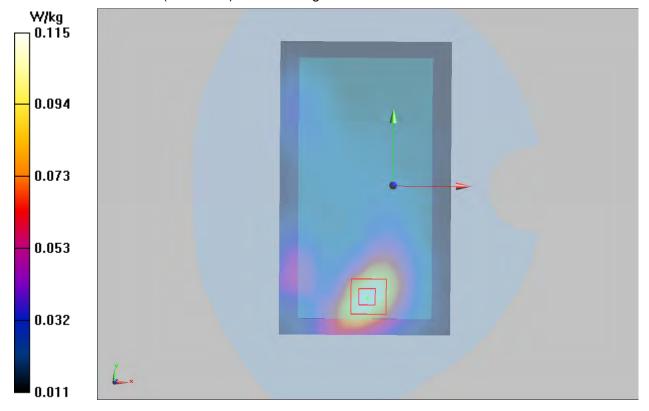
Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.112 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.106 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 W/kg





Plot 18 GSM 1900 GPRS (4Txslots) Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS 4TX (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.70, 7.70, 7.70); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.387 W/kg

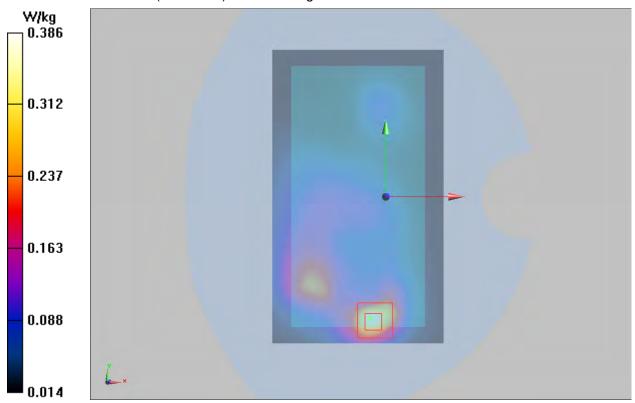
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.677 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.567 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.343 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.386 W/kg





Plot 19 UMTS Band II Right Cheek Middle

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA II (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.371 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.715$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.161 W/kg

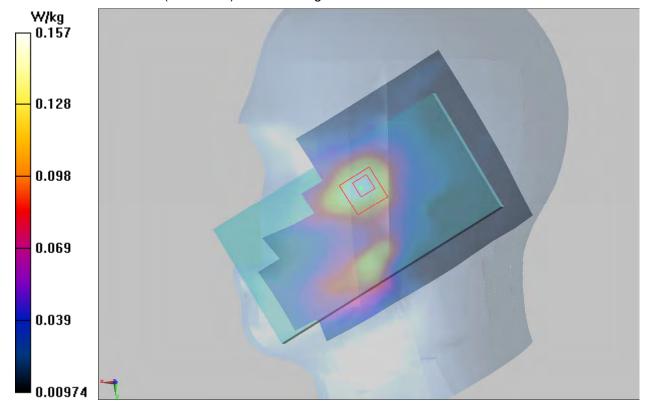
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.344 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.146 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 W/kg



Plot 20 UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA II (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.70, 7.70, 7.70); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 W/kg

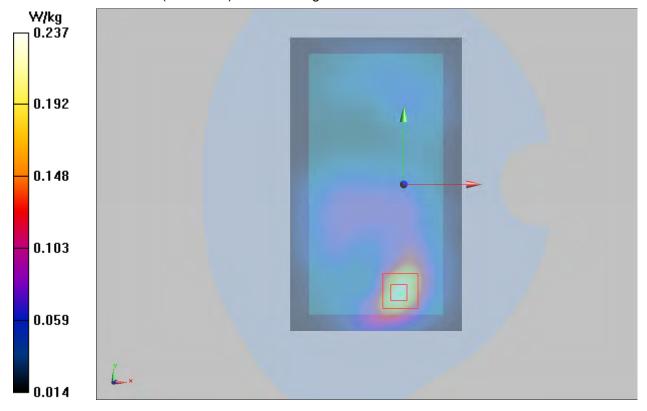
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.867 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.344 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 W/kg



Plot 21 UMTS Band II Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA II (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.70, 7.70, 7.70); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.446 W/kg

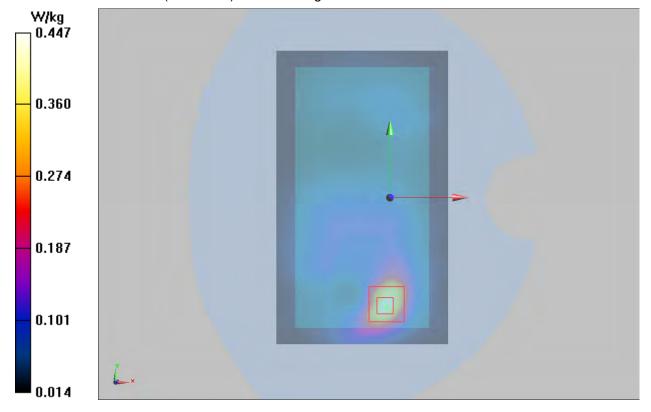
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.724 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.670 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.398 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.447 W/kg





Plot 22 UMTS Band V Right Cheek Middle

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA V (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.951$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.10, 9.10, 9.10); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0806 W/kg

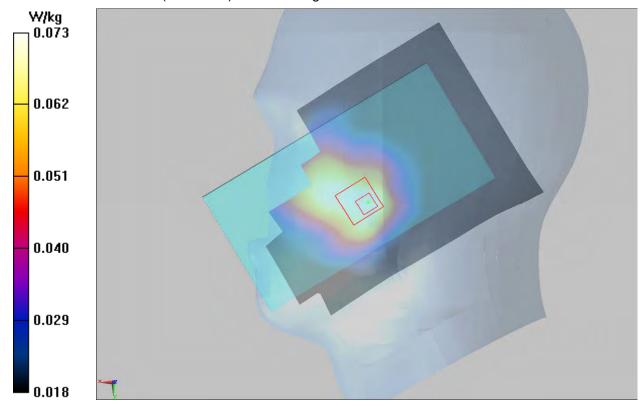
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.983 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0800 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.068 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.073 W/kg





Plot 23 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle(Distance 15mm)

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA V (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.32, 9.32, 9.32); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.151 W/kg

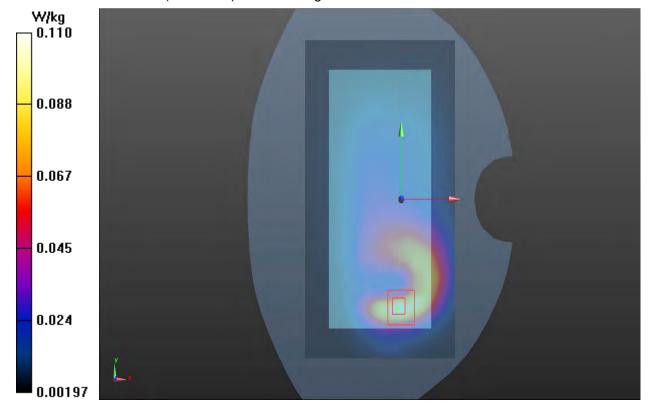
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.407 V/m; Power Drift = 0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.081 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 W/kg





Plot 24 UMTS Band V Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/26/2018

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA V (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; $\sigma = 0.974$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.795$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(9.32, 9.32, 9.32); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.282 W/kg

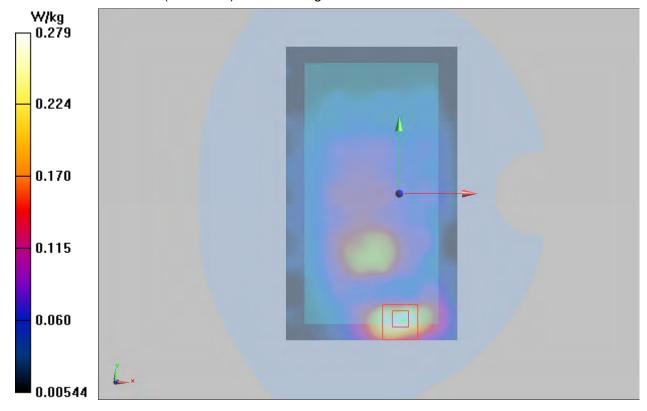
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.279 W/kg





Plot 25 LTE Band 2 1RB Right Cheek Middle

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.371$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.715$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.96, 7.96, 7.96); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Right Cheek Middle/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.287 W/kg

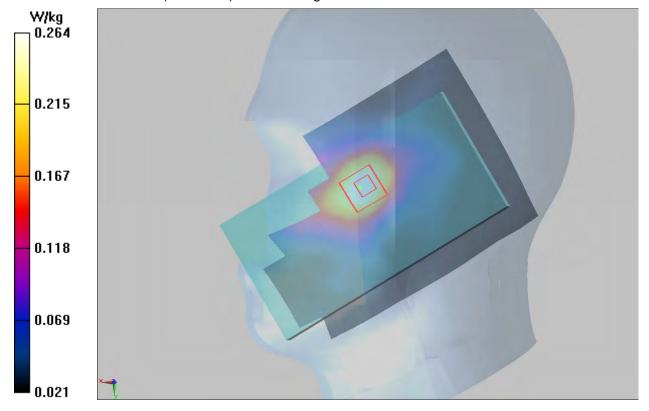
Right Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.893 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.341 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 W/kg



Plot 26 LTE Band 2 1RB Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.70, 7.70, 7.70); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.252 W/kg

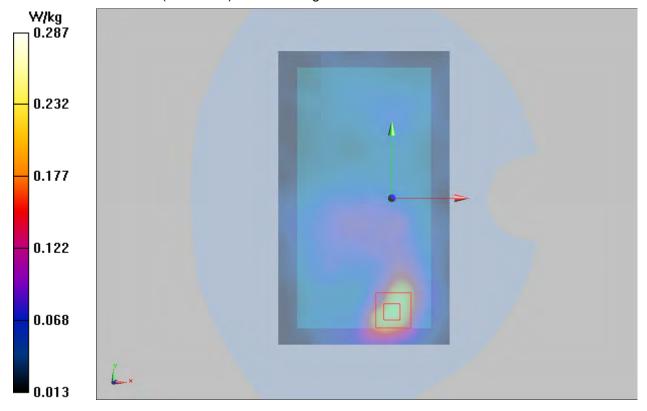
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.067 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.417 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.256 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 W/kg





Plot 27 LTE Band 2 1RB Back Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/25/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.607$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.70, 7.70, 7.70); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15 mm, dy=15 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.526 W/kg

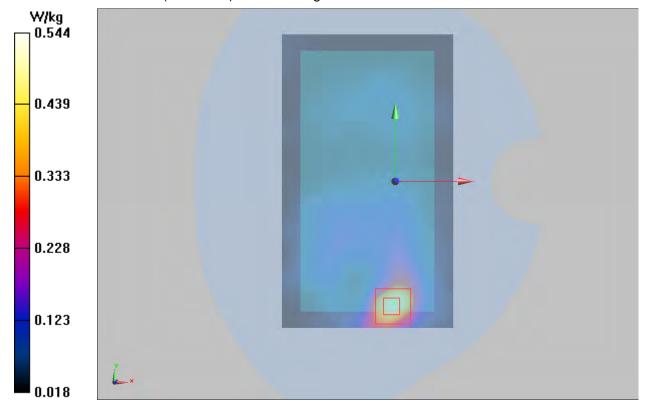
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.822 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.833 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.490 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.257 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 W/kg



Plot 28 LTE Band 7 50%RB Left Cheek High

Date: 10/28/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; $\sigma = 1.969$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.309$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.28, 7.28, 7.28); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek High/Area Scan (101x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0837 W/kg

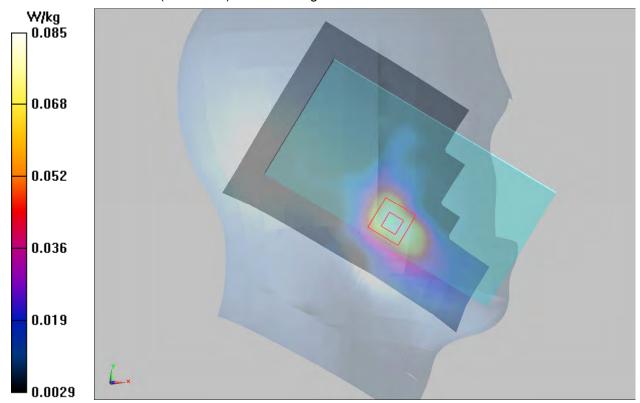
Left Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.689 V/m; Power Drift = 0.152 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.085 W/kg





Plot 29 LTE Band 7 1RB Back Side High (Distance 15mm)

Date: 10/28/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; $\sigma = 2.105$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.784$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (101x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.348 W/kg

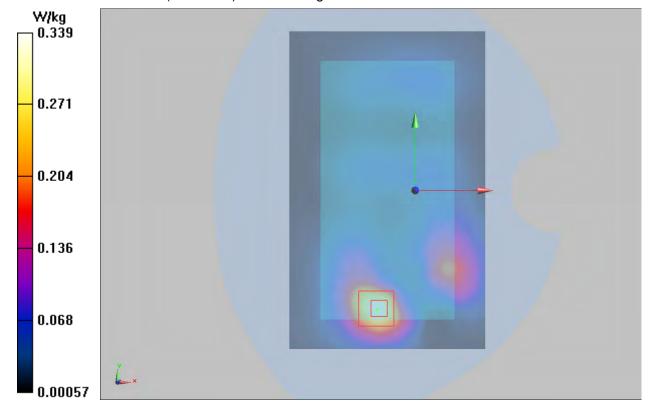
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.122 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.305 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.339 W/kg





Plot 30 LTE Band 7 1RB Back Side High (Distance 10mm)

Date: 10/28/2018

Communication System: UID 0, LTE (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2560 MHz; $\sigma = 2.105$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.784$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side High/Area Scan (101x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 W/kg

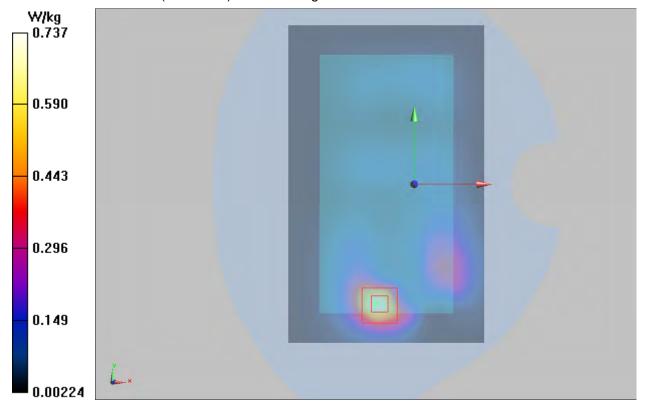
Back Side High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,, dz=5mm

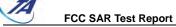
Reference Value = 5.534 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.650 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 W/kg





Plot 31 802.11b Left Cheek Middle

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00503 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.833$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.761$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek Middle/Area Scan (101x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.486 W/kg

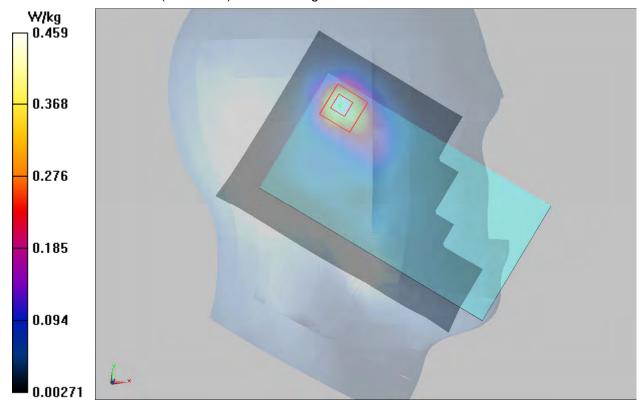
Left Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.104 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.953 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.422 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 W/kg





Plot 32 802.11b Back Side Middle (Distance 15mm)

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00503 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.959$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.134$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side Middle/Area Scan (101x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0793 W/kg

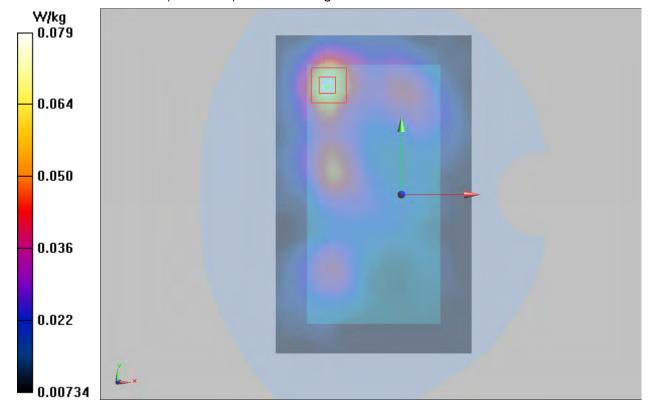
Back Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.688 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.137 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.071 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0786 W/kg





Plot 33 802.11b Front Side Middle (Distance 10mm)

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.00502 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; $\sigma = 1.959$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.134$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Front Side Middle/Area Scan (101x201x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12 mm, dy=12 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.133 W/kg

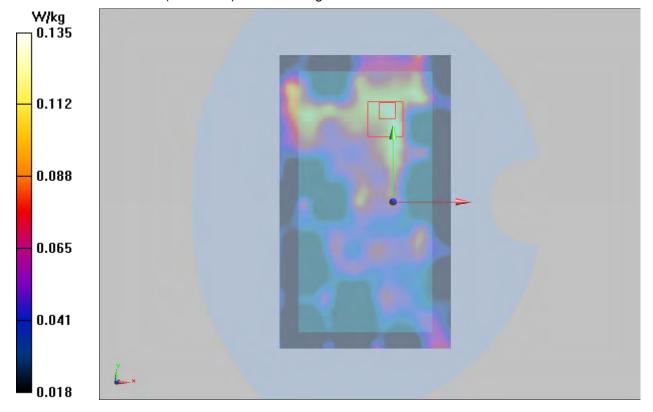
Front Side Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.742 V/m; Power Drift = -0.065 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.105 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.135 W/kg





Plot 34 802.11a U-NII-2A Left Cheek CH52

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02564 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 4.795 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 36.874$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5°C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.60, 5.60, 5.60); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Cheek CH52/Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.447 W/kg

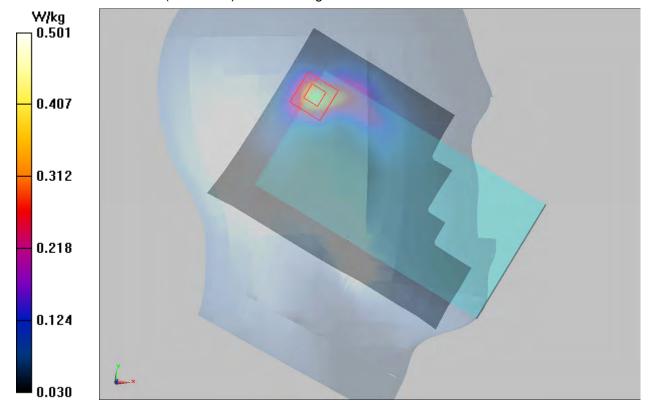
Left Cheek CH52/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.435 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.414 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.501 W/kg





Plot 35 802.11a U-NII-2A Back Side CH52 (Distance 15mm)

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02564 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 5.416$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.162$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side CH52/Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 W/kg

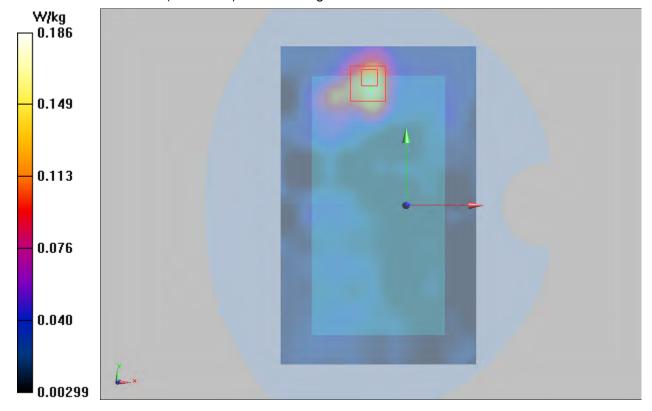
Back Side CH52/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm,, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.8860 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.757 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg





Plot 36 802.11a U-NII-2A Back Side CH52 (Distance 0mm)

Date: 11/2/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.02564 Medium parameters used: f = 5260 MHz; $\sigma = 5.416$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.162$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(5.04, 5.04, 5.04); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 3/23/2018 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side CH52/Area Scan(121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.36 W/kg

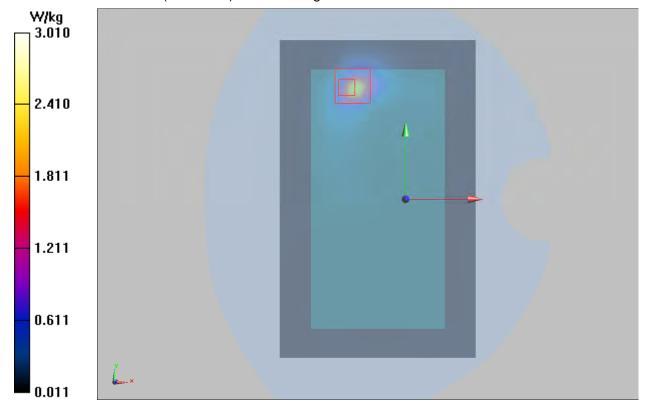
Back Side CH52/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

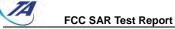
Reference Value = 1.388 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.34 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.672 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.010 W/kg





Plot 37 802.11a U-NII-2C Left Tilt CH100

Date: 12/5/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.12$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 36.25$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 2018/3/23 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Left Tilt CH100/Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.608 W/kg

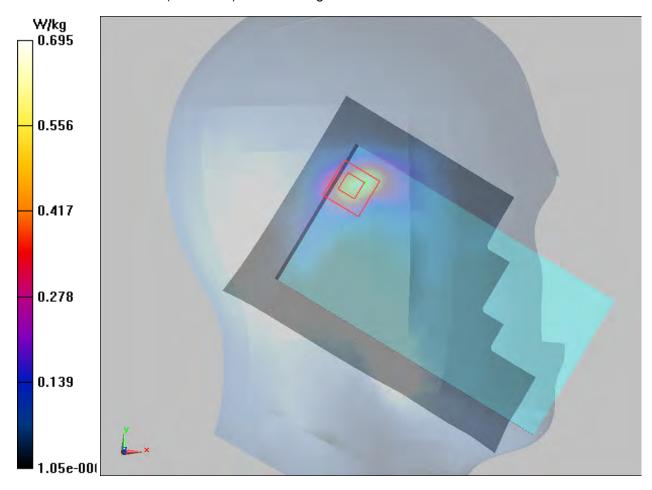
Left Tilt CH100/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 3.839 V/m; Power Drift = 0.154 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.615 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 W/kg



Plot 38 802.11a U-NII-2C Back Side CH100 (Distance 15mm)

Date: 12/5/2018

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.468$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 2018/3/23 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side CH100/Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 W/kg

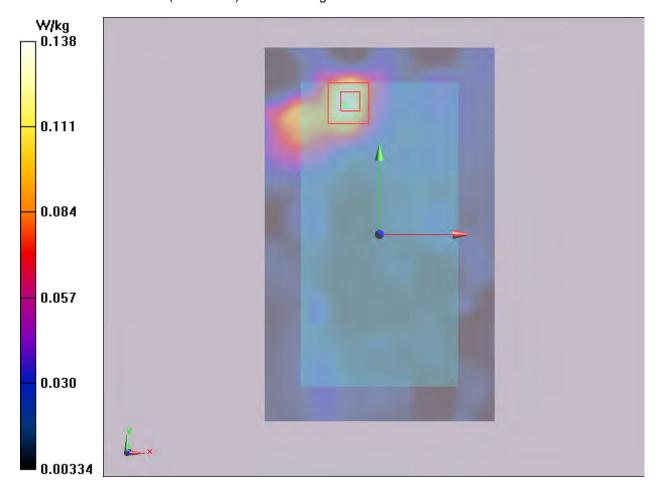
Back Side CH100/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.378 W/kg

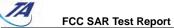
SAR(1 g) = 0.131 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.138 W/kg



Plot 39 802.11a U-NII-2C Back Side CH100 (Distance 0mm)

Date: 12/5/2018



Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; $\sigma = 5.8$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.468$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3677; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 5/29/2018;

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1317; Calibrated: 2018/3/23 Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1534

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Back Side CH100/Area Scan (121x211x1): Interpolated grid: dx=10 mm, dy=10 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.70 W/kg

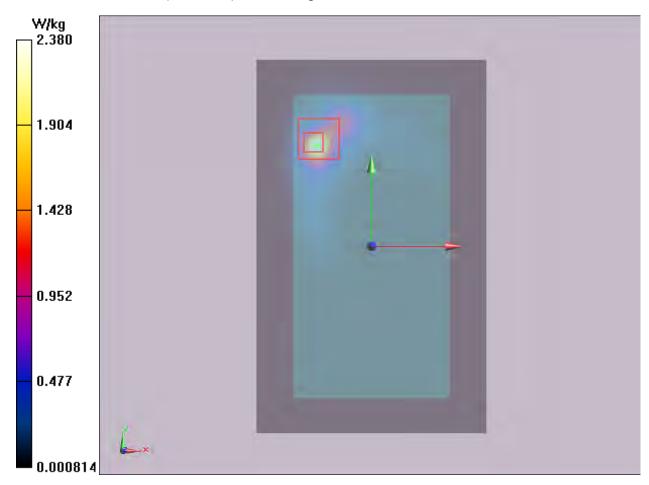
Back Side CH100/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.8550 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.607 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 W/kg





ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate



E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

TA(shanghai)

Certificate No: Z18-60093

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3677

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-01

Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: May 29, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 101919 | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) | Jun-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | 101547 | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) | Jun-18 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | 101548 | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) | Jun-18 |
| Reference10dBAttenuator | 18N50W-10dB | 09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133) | Feb-20 |
| Reference20dBAttenuator | 18N50W-20dB | 09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132) | Feb-20 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3846 | 25-Jan-18(SPEAG,No.EX3-3846_Jan18) | Jan-19 |
| DAE4 | SN 777 | 15-Dec-17(SPEAG, No.DAE4-777_Dec17) | Dec -18 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGeneratorMG3700A | 6201052605 | 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05858) | Jun-18 |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 14-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561) | Jan -19 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: May 31, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z18-60093

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In Collaboration with

S D E a g

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A,B,C,D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization Φ Φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 0 0 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i

θ=0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.

 DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.

- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z;VRx,y,z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the
 data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor
 media, VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
 probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: Z18-60093

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Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3677

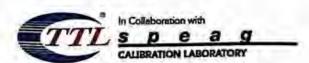
Calibrated: May 29, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z18-60093

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Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Basic Calibration Parameters

| A 12 A 42 | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm(µV/(V/m)²)A | 0.41 | 0.46 | 0.41 | ±10.0% |
| DCP(mV) ^B | 99.9 | 102.7 | 102.1 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | | A dB | B dBõV | С | D | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-----|------------------------------|---|---------|-----------|-----|------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0 | CW | X | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.00 | 152.4 | ±2.4% |
| | | Y | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 161.7 | |
| | | Z | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.0 | | 152.2 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z18-60093

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A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

⁸ Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] ^C | Relative Permittivity F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 9.40 | 9.40 | 9.40 | 0.40 | 0.80 | ±12.1% |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 9.10 | 9.10 | 9.10 | 0.15 | 1.41 | ±12.1% |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 8.19 | 8.19 | 8.19 | 0.21 | 1.15 | ±12.1% |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.96 | 7.96 | 7,96 | 0.25 | 1.01 | ±12.1% |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 1.67 | 7.91 | 7.91 | 7.91 | 0.40 | 0.78 | ±12.1% |
| 2450 | 39,2 | 1.80 | 7.57 | 7.57 | 7.57 | 0.53 | 0.76 | ±12.1% |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 7.28 | 7.28 | 7.28 | 0.64 | 0.70 | ±12.1% |
| 5250 | 35.9 | 4.71 | 5.60 | 5.60 | 5.60 | 0.40 | 1.15 | ±13.3% |
| 5600 | 35,5 | 5.07 | 4.87 | 4.87 | 4.87 | 0.45 | 1.05 | ±13.3% |
| 5750 | 35.4 | 5.22 | 4.99 | 4.99 | 4.99 | 0.45 | 1.35 | ±13.3% |

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

GAlpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] ^C | Relative Permittivity F | Conductivity (S/m) F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha ^G | Depth ^G (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 9.79 | 9.79 | 9.79 | 0.40 | 0.80 | ±12.1% |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 9.32 | 9.32 | 9.32 | 0.15 | 1.51 | ±12.1% |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.91 | 7.91 | 7.91 | 0.23 | 1.09 | ±12.1% |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 7.70 | 7.70 | 7.70 | 0.20 | 1.18 | ±12.1% |
| 2300 | 52.9 | 1.81 | 7.65 | 7.65 | 7.65 | 0.53 | 0.82 | ±12.1% |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1,95 | 7.53 | 7.53 | 7.53 | 0.37 | 1.10 | ±12.1% |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 7.16 | 7.16 | 7.16 | 0.55 | 0.80 | ±12.1% |
| 5250 | 48.9 | 5.36 | 5.04 | 5.04 | 5.04 | 0.50 | 1.55 | ±13.3% |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 0.51 | 1.66 | ±13.3% |
| 5750 | 48.3 | 5.94 | 4.43 | 4.43 | 4.43 | 0.50 | 1.81 | ±13.3% |

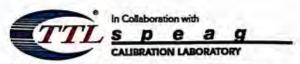
^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

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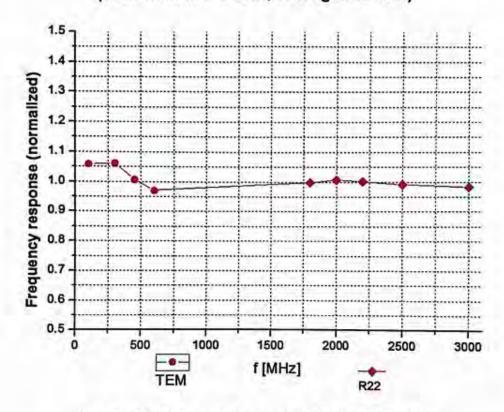
F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^GAlpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

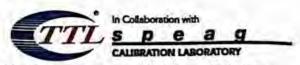


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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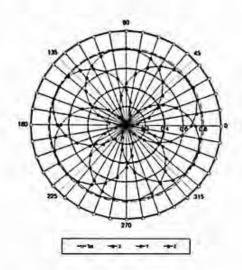


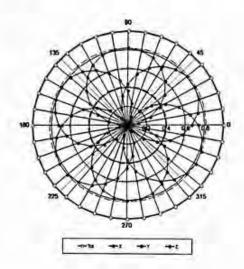
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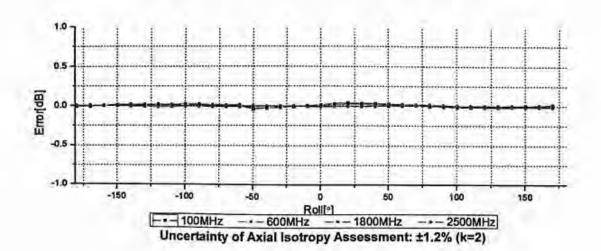
Receiving Pattern (Φ), θ=0°

f=600 MHz, TEM

f=1800 MHz, R22







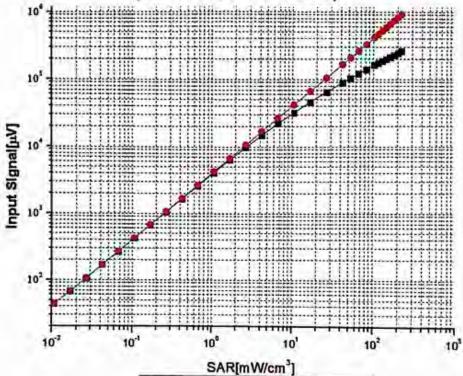
Certificate No: Z18-60093

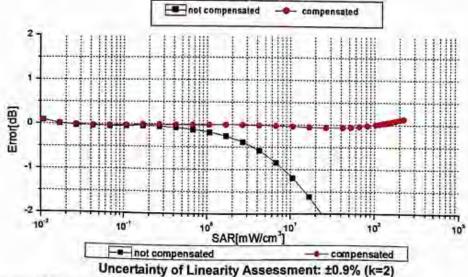
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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





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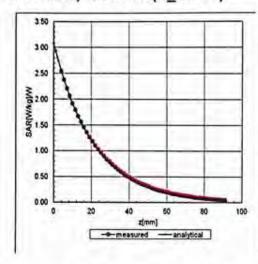


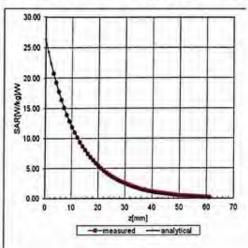
Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2512 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Conversion Factor Assessment

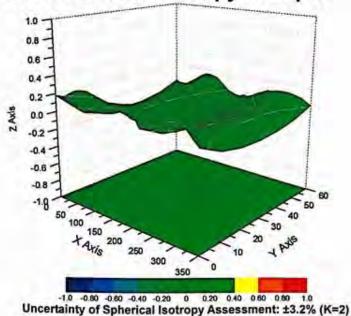
f=750 MHz, WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H_convF)



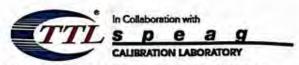


Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN: 3677

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | 118.3 |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disable |
| Probe Overall Length | 337mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10mm |
| Tip Length | 9mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 1.4mm |

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ANNEX E: D835V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



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TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No: Z17-97114

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D835V2 - SN: 4d020 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits Calibration date: August 28, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRVD | 102083 | 22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809) | Sep-17 |
| Power sensor NRV-Z5 | 100595 | 22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809) | Sep-17 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17) | Jan-18 |
| DAE4 | SN 1331 | 19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015) | Jan-18 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286) | Jan-18 |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285) | Jan-18 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | 2312 |
| Reviewed by: | Lin Hao | SAR Test Engineer | (新光学 |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | The state of the s |
| This calibration certif | icate shall not be reproduc | Issued: ced except in full without written appro | August 31, 2017 |

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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016

c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.0.1446 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.90 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 41.2 ± 6 % | 0.89 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | 4 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.34 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.45 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.51 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.09 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.2 | 0.97 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 55.6 ± 6 % | 0.98 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.46 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 9.75 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.63 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 6.47 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 50.3Ω- 2.54jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 31.9dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.8Ω- 4.57jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 24.8dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.495 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.495 ns |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

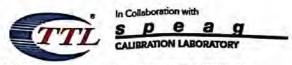
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|
|-----------------|-------|

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Date: 08.28.2017





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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.887$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.73, 9.73, 9.73); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

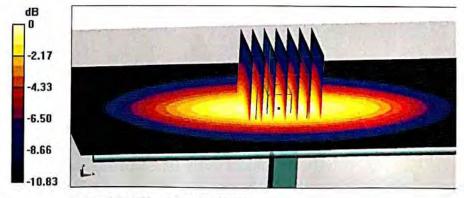
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.74V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.16 W/kg



0 dB = 3.16 W/kg = 5.00 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97114

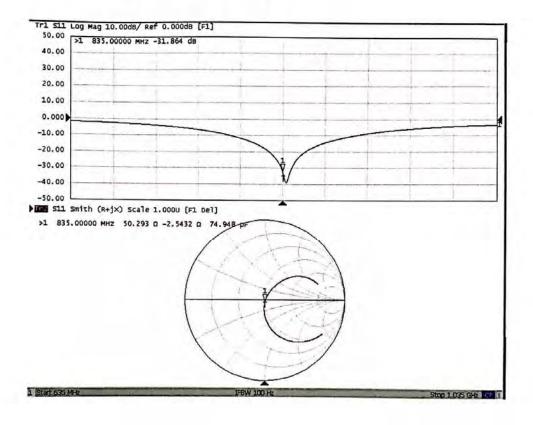
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97114

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.27.2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d020

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.62$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.64,9.64, 9.64); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

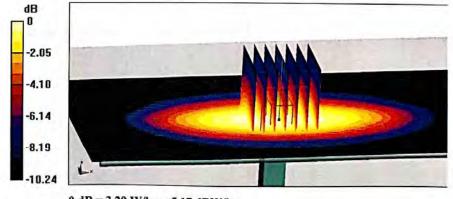
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



0 dB = 3.29 W/kg = 5.17 dBW/kg

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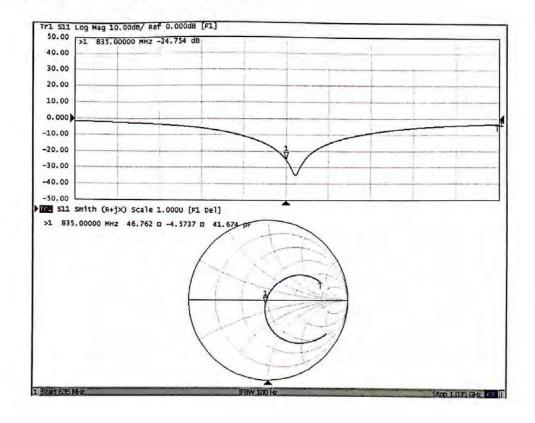
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97114

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ANNEX F: D1900V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No:

Z17-97115

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d060

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 26, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Lin Hao

| ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|------------|---|--|
| 102083 | | Sep-17 |
| 100595 | | Sep-17 |
| SN 3617 | | Jan-18 |
| SN 1331 | 19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015) | Jan-18 |
| ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| MY49071430 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286) | Jan-18 |
| MY46110673 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285) | Jan-18 |
| | 102083 100595 SN 3617 SN 1331 ID# MY49071430 | 102083 22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809) 100595 22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809) SN 3617 23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17) SN 1331 19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015) ID# Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) MY49071430 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286) |

Calibrated by:

Name Function

Signature

Reviewed by:

Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: August 30, 201

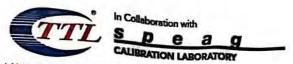
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z17-97115

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SAR Test Engineer





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL ConvF N/A

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques*, June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.0.1446 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | 02.10.01 |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 39.9 ± 6 % | 1.41 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | _ |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.1 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 40.1 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.19 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.7 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 53.6 ± 6 % | 1.53 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | _ |

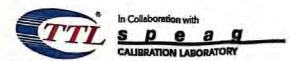
SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.90 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 39.5 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.21 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 20.8 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.0Ω+ 6.59jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 23.4dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 52.7Ω+ 8.35jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | -21,4dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.302 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

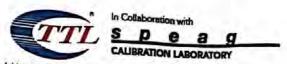
Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|--|-------|
| The state of the s | 0.00 |

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.413$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.85$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

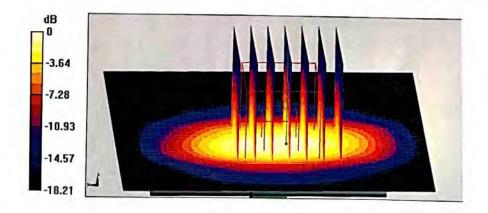
System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg



0 dB = 15.9 W/kg = 12.01 dBW/kg

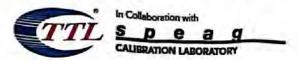
Certificate No: Z17-97115

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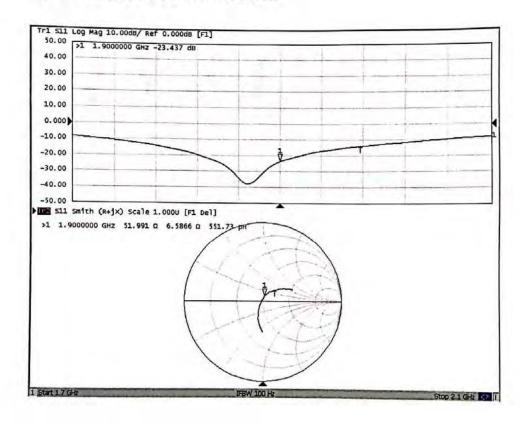
Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2

Date: 08.26.2017





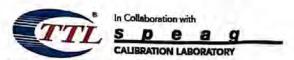
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97115

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d060 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.528$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

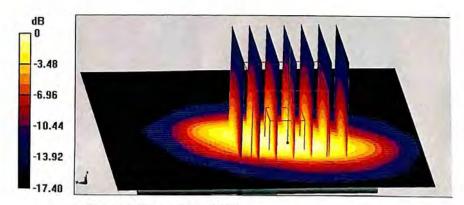
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

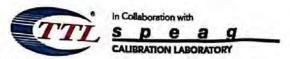
Certificate No: Z17-97115

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Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2

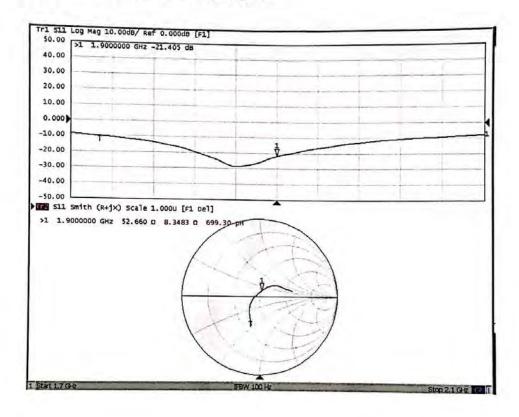
Date: 08.26.2017





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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z17-97115

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Calibration date:



FCC SAR Test Report Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2

ANNEX G: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client TA(Shanghai) Certificate No: Z17-97116

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D2450V2 - SN: 786 Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits August 29, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRVD | 102083 | 22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809) | Sep-17 |
| Power sensor NRV-Z5 | 100595 | 22-Sep-16 (CTTL, No.J16X06809) | Sep-17 |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 3617 | 23-Jan-17(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan17) | Jan-18 |
| DAE4 | SN 1331 | 19-Jan-17(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z17-97015) | Jan-18 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00286) | Jan-18 |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X00285) | Jan-18 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | 发现形 身 |
| Reviewed by: | Lin Hao | SAR Test Engineer | # 10 10 |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | - |

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: Z17-97116

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Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97116

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52.10.0.1446 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 39.7 ± 6 % | 1.82 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | (m) | _ |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.2 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 52.6 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.16 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.6 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.5 ± 6 % | 1.94 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | TO- | - |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.7 mW / g | |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 50.8 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2 | |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.87 mW / g | |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 23.5 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) | |

Certificate No: Z17-97116

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.4Ω+ 4.29jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.5dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.0Ω+ 6.61jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 23.6dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.265 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|--------|
| manage 2) | OI LAG |

Certificate No: Z17-97116

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Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2





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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.29,2017

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.822 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon r = 39.65$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

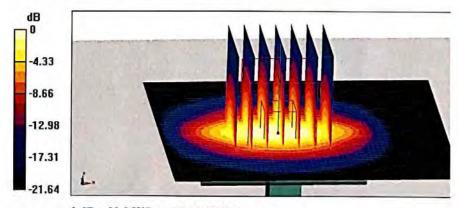
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.74, 7.74, 7.74); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg

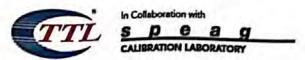


0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97116

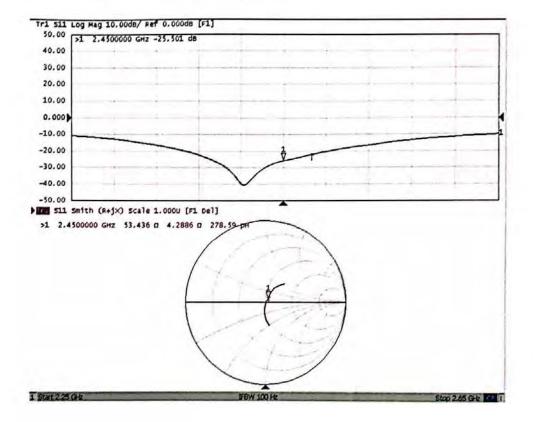
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Date: 08.29.2017



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 786

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.45$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(7.8, 7.8, 7.8); Calibrated: 1/23/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 1/19/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

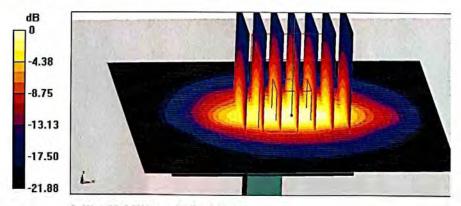
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 21.5 W/kg = 13.32 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z17-97116

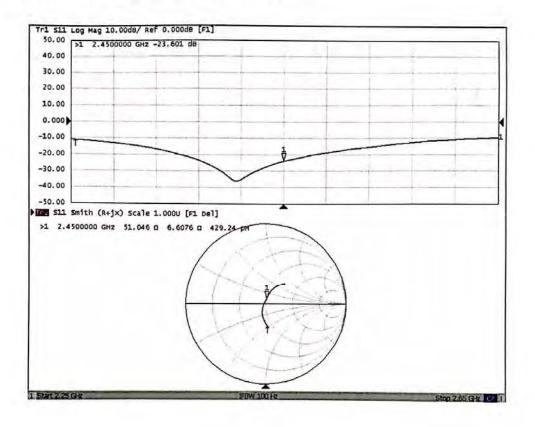
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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ANNEX H: D2600V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate







中国认可 CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570**

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Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No:

Z18-60094

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2600V2 - SN: 1025

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

May 2, 2018

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Power Meter NRVD 102083 | | 01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756) | Oct-18 | |
| Power sensor NRV-Z5 | 100542 | 01-Nov-17 (CTTL, No.J17X08756) | Oct-18 | |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4 | SN 7464 | 12-Sep-17(SPEAG, No. EX3-7464_Sep17) | Sep-18 | |
| DAE4 | SN 1525 | 02-Oct-17(SPEAG No.DAE4-1525_Oct17) | Oct-18 | |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00560) | Jan-19 | |
| Network Analyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-18 (CTTL, No.J18X00561) | Jan-19 | |
| | | | | |

| ACTION ACT O | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing | SAR Test Engineer | (强温水) |
| Reviewed by: | Lin Hao | SAR Test Engineer | (学科光彩 |
| Approved by: | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader | |
| | | 96,000.0 | 11/2 |

Issued: May 5, 2018

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e CALIBRATION LABORATORY

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Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid TSL ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx.v.z. N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques*, June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY52 | 52,10.0.1446 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2600 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22,0 °C | 39.0 | 1,96 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.1 ± 6% | 2.01 mha/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | 1 -2 | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.6 mW/g | |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 54.1 mW /g ± 18,8 % (k=2 | |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.03 mW/g | |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.1 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) | |

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.5 | 2.16 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 52.1 ± 6% | 2.15 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C | | 6 |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.6 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 54.5 mW /g ± 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 6.06 mW/g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 24.3 mW /g ± 18.7 % (k=2) |

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Appendix(Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.1Ω- 7.55jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 22.0dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 46.6Ω-7.06jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 21.9dB | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Floridad Biles For Charles | The second second | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1,014 ns | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG | |
|-----------------|-------|--|
|-----------------|-------|--|

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Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2

Date: 05.02.2018





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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.014$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 40.09$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7464; ConvF(7.76, 7.76, 7.76); Calibrated: 9/12/2017;
- · Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525; Calibrated: 10/2/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7417)

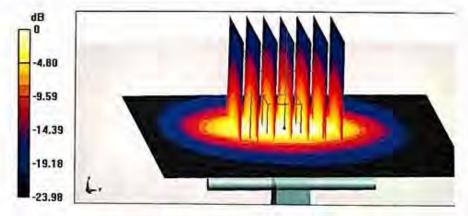
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.5 W/kg

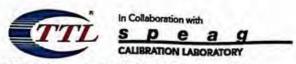


0 dB = 23.5 W/kg = 13.71 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z18-60094

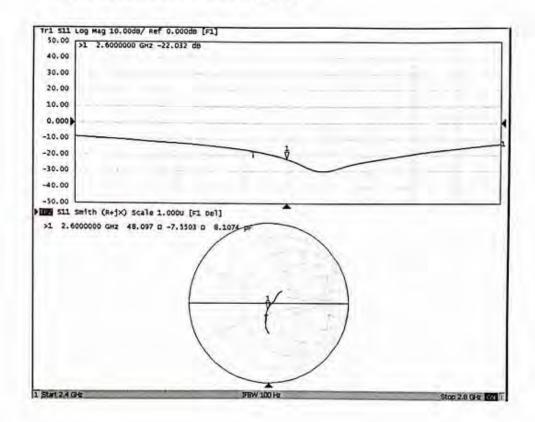
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.02.2018

Report No: R1809A0432-S1V2

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1025 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.146 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.09$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7464; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 9/12/2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1525; Calibrated: 10/2/2017
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

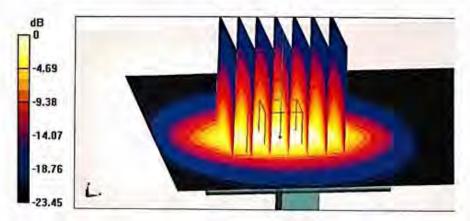
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.06 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.6 W/kg



0 dB = 23.6 W/kg = 13.73 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z18-60094

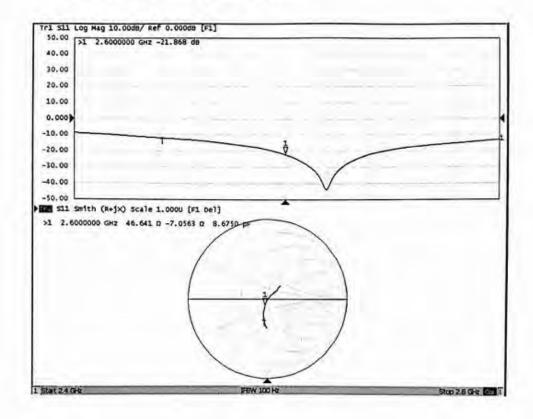
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: Z18-60094

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ANNEX I: D5GHzV2 Dipole Calibration Certificate



Client

TA(Shanghai)

Certificate No:

Z17-97001

Object

D5GHzV2 - SN: 1151

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

January 5, 2017

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2 | 101919 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91 | 101547 | 27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777) | Jun-17 |
| ReferenceProbe EX3DV4 | SN 7433 | 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16) | Sep-17 |
| DAE4 | SN 771 | 02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011) | Feb-17 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893) | Jan-17 |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C | MY46110673 | 26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894) | Jan-17 |
| | | | |

Name

Function

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Approved by:

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: January 7

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Certificate No: Z17-97001

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FCC SAR Test Report



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Glossary:

TSL ConvF

N/A

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z17-97001

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