信息产业部通信计量中心
Telecommunication Metrology Center of MII

Deutscher Akkreditierungs Rat

No. DAT-P-114/01-01

No. L0442

TEST REPORT

No. 2007EEE02305

FCC ID	QISU121
Test name	Electromagnetic Field (Specific Absorption Rate)
Product	WCDMA/GPRS/GSM Mobile Phone
Model	U121/V716/Vodafone 716
Client	HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.
Type of test	Non Type Approval

Telecommunication Metrology Center

of Ministry of Information Industry

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Product Name	WCDMA/GPRS/GSM Mobile phone	Sample Model	U121/V716/Vodafone 716
Client	HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.	Type of test	Non Type Approval
Factory	HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.	Sampling arrival date	August 23rd, 2007
Manufacturer	HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.		
Sampling/ Sending sample	Sending sample	Sample sent by	Xie Yan
Sampling location	/	Sampling person	/
Sample quantity	1	Sample matrix	/
Series number of the Sample	357530010003163		
Test basis	**EN 50360–2001**: Product standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones. **EN 50361–2001**: Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones. **ANSI C95.1–1999**: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. **IEEE 1528–2003**: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques. **OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C(Edition 01-01):** Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits. **IEC 62209-1-2005**: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1:Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz) **IEC 62209-2 (Draft)**: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)in the head and body for 30MHz to 6GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.		
Test conclusion	Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless equipment has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this test report. Maximum localized SAR is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report. General Judgment: **Pass** (Stamp) **Date of issue: August 31st, 2007**		
Note	The test results relate only to the items tested of the sample(s).		

信息产业部通信计量中心 检验报告专用章

Approved by (Lu Bingsong) **Deputy Director of the laboratory** **Reviewed by** (Sun Qian) **Tested by** (Lin Hao)

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3 DESCRIPTION OF EUT

3.1 Addressing Information Related to EUT

Table 1: Applicant (The Client)

Name or Company	HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address/Post	Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong
City	Shenzhen
Postal Code	518129
Country	China
Telephone	0755-28780808
Fax	0755-28780808

Table 2: Manufacturer

Name or Company	HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.
Address/Post	Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong
City	Shenzhen
Postal Code	518129
Country	China
Telephone	0755-28780808
Fax	0755-28780808

3.2 Constituents of EUT

Table 3: Constituents of Samples

Description	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer
Handset	U121/V716/ Vodafone 716	357530010003163	HUAWEI Technologies Co., Ltd.
Lithium Battery	HBU83S	FMT732604375Y	Shenzhen FMT Co., Ltd.
AC/DC Adapter	TPCA-050065	/	TECH-POWER Electronics(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Picture 1: Constituents of the sample (Lithium Battery is in the Handset)

3.3 General Description

Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a model of WCDMA/GSM/GPRS mobile phone with integrated antenna. It consists of Handset and normal options: Lithium Battery and AC/DC Adapter as Table 3 and Picture 1. With the request of the client, SAR is tested for PCS 1900MHz. Its GPRS class is 10 and it has Bluetooth function.

The sample undergoing test was selected by the Client.
Components list please refer to documents of the manufacturer

4 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST

4.1 Schematic Test Configuration

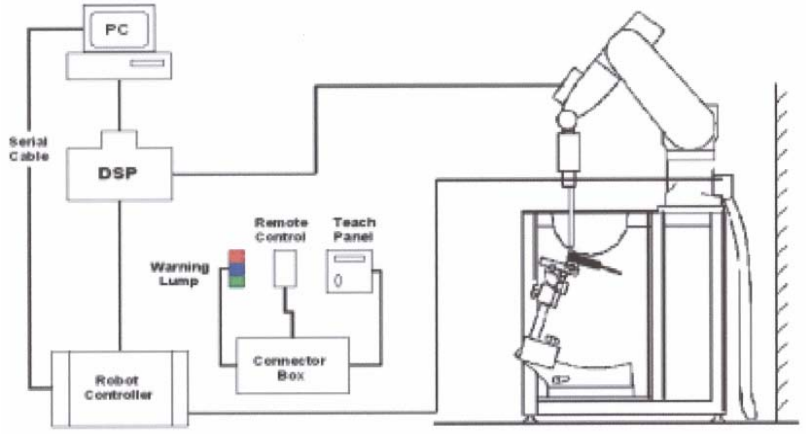
A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz. The EUT is commanded to operate at maximum transmitting power.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset. The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 30 dB.

4.2 SAR Measurement Set-up

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 Professional from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines (length =300mm) to the data acquisition unit.

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teaches pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Micron Pentium III 800 MHz computer with Windows 2000 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.



Picture 2: SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up

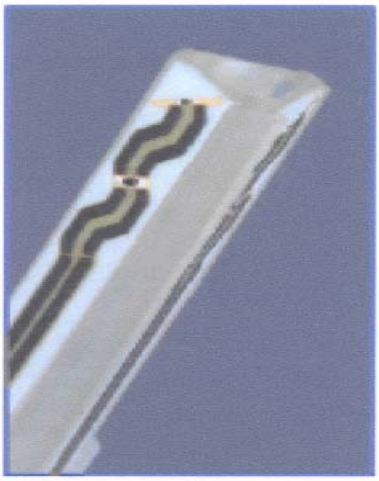
The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

4.3 Dasy4 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the standard procedure with an accuracy of better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB.

ET3DV6 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber *for* surface detection System(ET3DV6 only) Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material(resistant to organic solvents, e.q., glycol)
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies of 450MHz, 900MHz and 1.8GHz (accuracy±8%) Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	I 0 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)



Picture 3: ET3DV6 E-field Probe

Directivity	±0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)
	±0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5u W/g to > 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB
Surface Detection	±0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids
	over diffuse reflecting surface(ET3DV6 only)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm
	Tip length: 16mm
	Body diameter: 12mm
	Tip diarneter: 6.8mm
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3GHz
	Compliance tests of mobile phones
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

Picture4:ET3DV6 E-field probe

4.4 E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.
E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),
C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.
Or

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,
ρ = Tissue density (kg/m3).

Picture 5:Device Holder

Note: Please see Annex E to check the probe calibration certificate.

4.5 Other Test Equipment

4.5.1 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom V3.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

4.5.2 Phantom

The Generic Twin Phantom is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by the complete setup of manually teaching three points in the robot.

Shell Thickness 2±0. l mm
Filling Volume Approx. 20 liters
Dimensions 810 x l000 x 500 mm (H x L x W)
Available Special

Picture6:Generic Twin Phantom

4.6 Equivalent Tissues

The liquid used for the frequency range of 800-2000 MHz consisted of water, sugar, salt and Cellulose. The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. The Table 4 shows the detail solution. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the IEEE 1528 and OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Table 4. Composition of the Head Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE %	FREQUENCY 1900MHz
Water	55.242
Glycol monobutyl	44.452
Salt	0.306
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=40.0 σ=1.40

Table 5. Composition of the Body Tissue Equivalent Matter

MIXTURE %	FREQUENCY 1900MHz
Water	69.91
Glycol monobutyl	29.96
Salt	0.13
Dielectric Parameters Target Value	f=1900MHz ε=53.3 σ=1.52

4.7 System Specifications

4.7.1 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX90L
Repeatability: ±0.02 mm
No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller
Processor: Pentium III
Clock Speed: 800 MHz
Operating System: Windows 2000
Data Converter
Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software: DASY4 software
Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

5 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TEST

5.1 Applicable Limit Regulations

EN 50360–2001: Product standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **2.0 W/kg** as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

ANSI C95.1–1999: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.

It specifies the maximum exposure limit of **1.6 W/kg** as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

5.2 Applicable Measurement Standards

EN 50361–2001: Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones.

IEEE 1528–2003: Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.

OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and Supplement C (Edition 01-01): Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits.

IEC 62209-1-2005: Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)

IEC 62209-2 (Draft): Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures –Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)in the head and body for 30MHz to 6GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the body.

They specify the measurement method for demonstration of compliance with the SAR limits for such equipments.

6 LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT

Table 6: The Ambient Conditions during EMF Test

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C, Max. = 30 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

7 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

7.1 Summary

During the process of testing, the EUT was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication tester (CMU-200) to ensure the maximum power transmission and proper modulation. This result contains conducted output power and ERP for the EUT. In all cases, the measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

7.2 Conducted Power

7.2.1 Measurement Methods

The EUT was set up for the maximum output power. The channel power was measured with Agilent Spectrum Analyzer E4440A. These measurements were done at 3 channels, 512, 661 and 810 before SAR test and after SAR test.

7.2.2 Measurement result

Table 7: Conducted Power Measurement Results

	Conducted Power		
	Channel 512 (1850.2MHz)	**Channel 661 (1880MHz)**	**Channel 810 (1909.8MHz)**
Before Test (dBm)	29.20	29.42	29.05
After Test (dBm)	29.22	29.40	29.01

7.2.3 Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, DASY4 system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. These drift values can be found in Table 11 to Table 14 labeled as: (Power Drift [dB]). This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

8 TEST RESULTS

8.1 Dielectric Performance

Table 8: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement is made at temperature 23.3 ℃ and relative humidity 49%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.5℃			
/	**Frequency**	**Permittivity ε**	**Conductivity σ (S/m)**
Target value	1900MHz	40.0	1.40
Measurement value (Average of 10 tests)	1900MHz	40.9	1.38

Table 9: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Measurement is made at temperature 23.3 ℃ and relative humidity 49%. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.5℃			
/	**Frequency**	**Permittivity ε**	**Conductivity σ (S/m)**
Target value	1900MHz	53.3	1.52
Measurement value (Average of 10 tests)	1900MHz	52.1	1.53

8.2 System Validation

Table 10: System Validation

Measurement is made at temperature 23.3 ℃, relative humidity 49%, input power 250 mW. Liquid temperature during the test: 22.5℃							
Liquid parameters		**Frequency**		**Permittivity ε**		**Conductivity σ (S/m)**	
		1900 MHz		40.9		1.38	
Verification results	**Frequency**	**Target value (W/kg)**		**Measured value (W/kg)**		**Deviation**	
		10 g Average	**1 g Average**	**10 g Average**	**1 g Average**	**10 g Average**	**1 g Average**
	1900 MHz	5.09	9.73	5.27	9.91	3.3%	1.9%

Note：Target values are the data of the dipole validation results, please check Annex F for the Dipole Calibration Certificate.

8.3 Summary of Measurement Results (PCS1900MHz)

Table 11: SAR Values (Head, 1900 MHz Band)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	**Measurement Result (W/kg)**		
	10 g Average	**1 g Average**	
Left hand, Touch cheek, Top frequency(See Fig.1)	0.153	0.257	0.002
Left hand, Touch cheek, Mid frequency(See Fig.3)	0.121	0.205	-0.030
Left hand, Touch cheek, Bottom frequency(See Fig.5)	0.098	0.166	0.065
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Top frequency(See Fig.7)	0.222	0.397	-0.076
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid frequency(See Fig.9)	0.160	0.283	-0.078
Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Bottom frequency(See Fig.11)	0.120	0.212	-0.043
Right hand, Touch cheek, Top frequency(See Fig.13)	0.161	0.301	-0.058
Right hand, Touch cheek, Mid frequency(See Fig.15)	0.127	0.240	0.101
Right hand, Touch cheek, Bottom frequency(See Fig.17)	0.110	0.203	-0.081
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Top frequency(See Fig.19)	0.195	0.345	-0.099
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Mid frequency(See Fig.21)	0.145	0.259	0.018
Right hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Bottom frequency(See Fig.23)	0.122	0.217	0.092

Table 12: SAR Values (Body, 1900 MHz Band with GPRS)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	10 g Average	1 g Average	Power Drift (dB)
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	**Measurement Result (W/kg)**		
	10 g Average	**1 g Average**	
Body, Towards Phantom, Top frequency(See Fig.25)	0.0052	0.018	-0.093
Body, Towards Phantom, Mid frequency(See Fig.27)	0.00778	0.020	-0.200
Body, Towards Phantom, Bottom frequency(See Fig.29)	0.000826	0.00358	0.200
Body, Towards Ground, Top frequency(See Fig.31)	0.043	0.068	-0.156
Body, Towards Ground, Mid frequency(See Fig.33)	0.036	0.055	0.183
Body, Towards Ground, Bottom frequency(See Fig.35)	0.026	0.043	0.102

8.4 Summary of Measurement Results (with Bluetooth function)

Since the EUT is tested in body position with the dominant transmitter ON and co-located Bluetooth transmitter OFF first, with the results in section 8.3 Table 12. After that, the worst case can be derived, and the test is repeated with dominant transmitter and co-located Bluetooth transmitter both ON under the same conditions. The following result is derived from the EUT with its Bluetooth function under the same conditions with the worst cases.

Table 13: SAR Values (Body, 1900 MHz Band with Bluetooth)

Limit of SAR (W/kg)	**10 g Average**	**1 g Average**	**Power Drift (dB)**
	2.0	1.6	
Test Case	**Measurement Result (W/kg)**		
	10 g Average	**1 g Average**	
Body, Towards Ground, Top frequency(See Fig.37)	0.047	0.071	-0.092

8.5 Conclusion

Localized Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this portable wireless device has been measured in all cases requested by the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.2 of this report. Maximum localized SAR is below exposure limits specified in the relevant standards cited in Clause 5.1 of this test report.

The maximum SAR values are obtained at the case of **Left hand, Tilt 15 Degree, Top frequency (Table 11),** and the value are: **0.222 (10g) 0.397(1g).**

9 Measurement Uncertainty

SN	a	Type	c	d	e = f(d,k)	f	h = c x f / e	k
	Uncertainty Component		Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c_i (1 g)	1 g u_i (±%)	v_i
1	System repetivity	A	0.5	N	1	1	0.5	9
	Measurement System							
2	Probe Calibration	B	5	N	2	1	2.5	∞
3	Axial Isotropy	B	4.7	R	√3	$(1\text{-cp})^{1/2}$	4.3	∞
4	Hemispherical Isotropy	B	9.4	R	√3	$\sqrt{c_p}$		∞
5	Boundary Effect	B	0.4	R	√3	1	0.23	∞
6	Linearity	B	4.7	R	√3	1	2.7	∞
7	System Detection Limits	B	1.0	R	√3	1	0.6	∞
8	Readout Electronics	B	1.0	N	1	1	1.0	∞

9	RF Ambient Conditions	B	3.0	R	√3	1	1.73	∞
10	Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	B	0.4	R	√3	1	0.2	∞
11	Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	B	2.9	R	√3	1	1.7	∞
12	Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	B	3.9	R	√3	1	2.3	∞
	Test sample Related							
13	Test Sample Positioning	A	4.9	N	1	1	4.9	N-1
14	Device Holder Uncertainty	A	6.1	N	1	1	6.1	N-1
15	Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	B	5.0	R	√3	1	2.9	∞
	Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
16	Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	B	1.0	R	√3	1	0.6	∞
17	Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	B	5.0	R	√3	0.64	1.7	∞
18	Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	B	5.0	N	1	0.64	1.7	M
19	Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	B	5.0	R	√3	0.6	1.7	∞
20	Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	B	5.0	N	1	0.6	1.7	M
	Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			11.25	
	Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)			K=2			22.5	

10 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS

Table14: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Network analyzer	HP 8753E	US38433212	August 30,2006	One year
02	Power meter	NRVD	101253	June 21, 2007	One year
03	Power sensor	NRV-Z5	100333		
04	Power sensor	NRV-Z6	100011	September 2, 2006	One year
05	Signal Generator	E4433B	US37230472	September 4, 2006	One Year
06	Amplifier	VTL5400	0505	No Calibration Requested	
07	BTS	CMU 200	105948	August 16, 2007	One year
08	E-field Probe	SPEAG ET3DV6	1736	December 1, 2006	One year
09	DAE	SPEAG DAE3	536	July 12, 2007	One year
10	Dipole Validation Kit	SPEAG D1900V2	541	February 20, 2007	Two years

11 TEST PERIOD

The test is performed from August 27th, 2007.

12 TEST LOCATION

The test is performed at Radio Communication & Electromagnetic Compatibility Laboratory of Telecommunication Metrology Center

END OF REPORT BODY

ANNEX A MEASUREMENT PROCESS

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the reference point was measured and was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the phantom was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the flat phantom and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

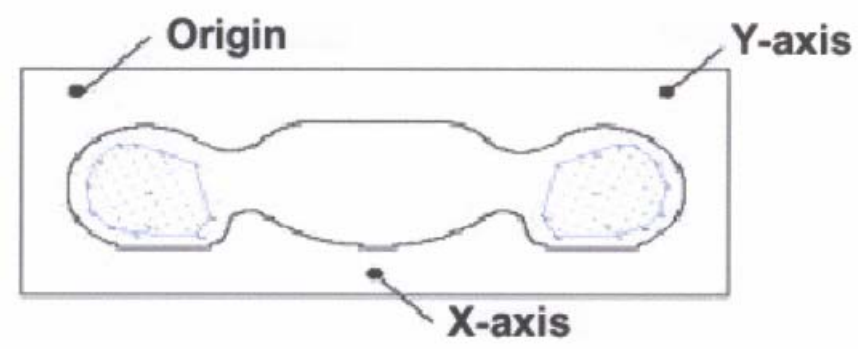
Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7 x 7x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x ~ y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.

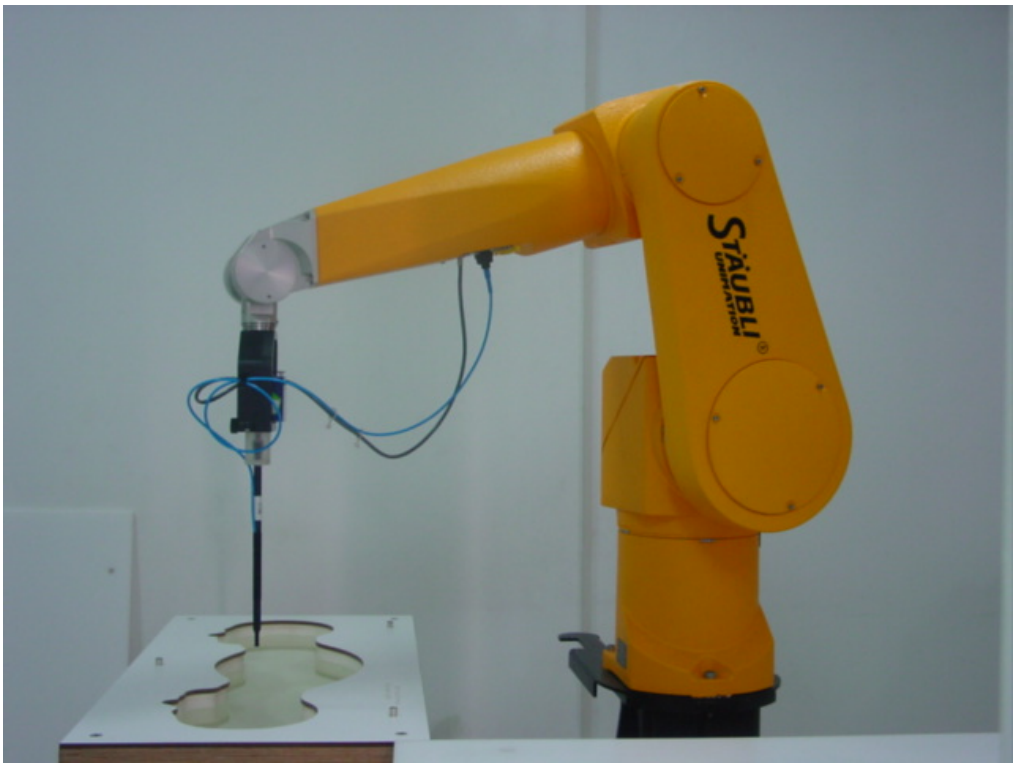
c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.



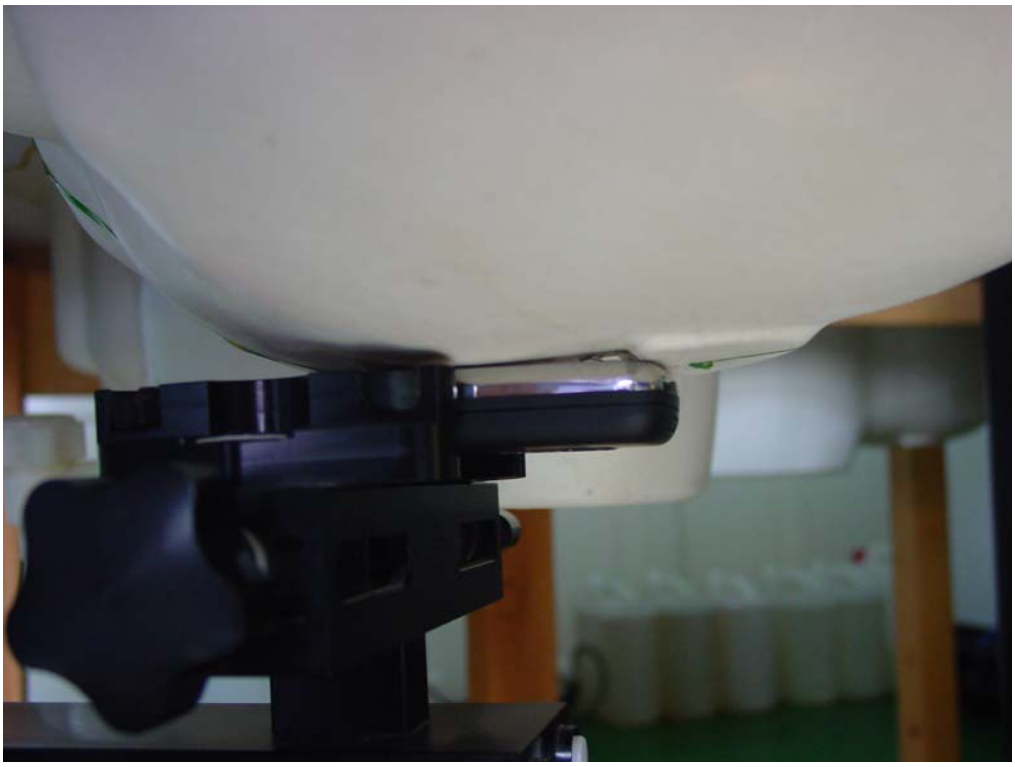
Picture A: SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

ANNEX B TEST LAYOUT



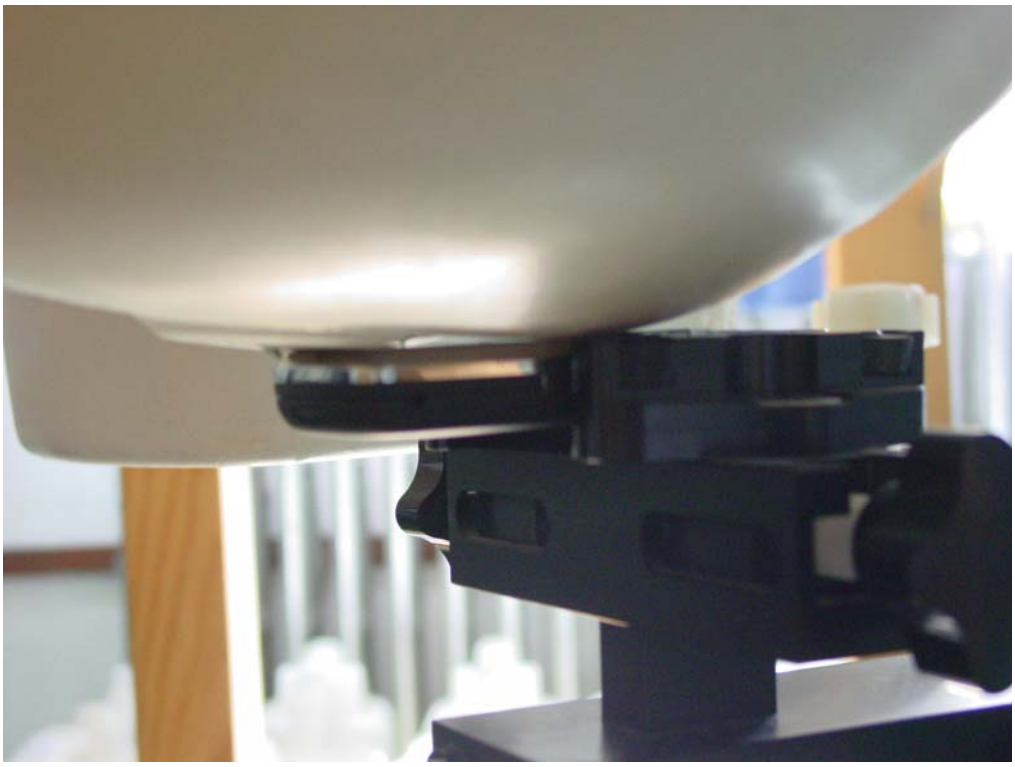
Picture B1: Specific Absorption Rate Test Layout

Picture B2: Liquid depth in the Flat Phantom (PCS 1900MHz)



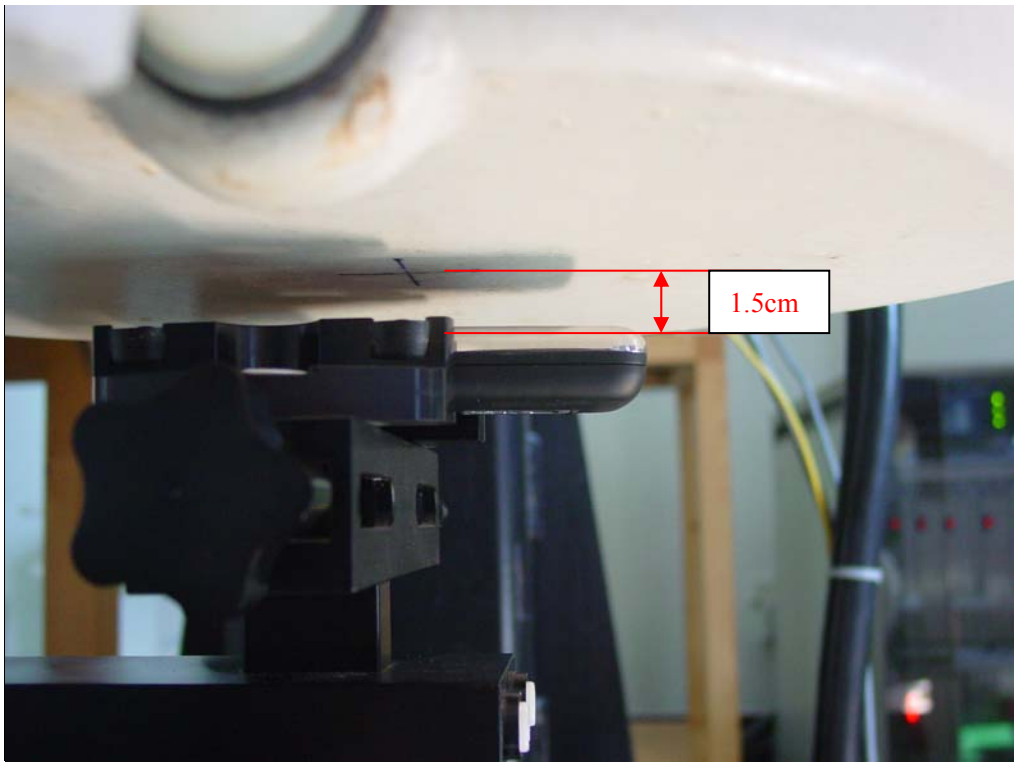
Picture B3: Left Hand Touch Cheek Position

Picture B4: Left Hand Tilt 15° Position

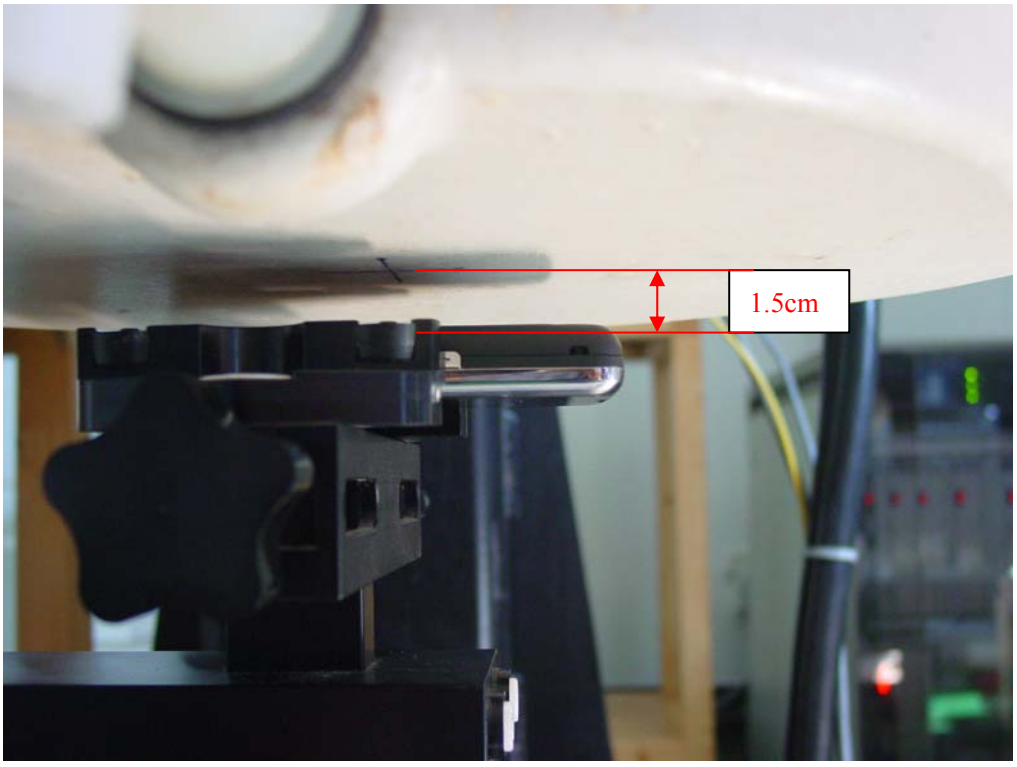


Picture B5: Right Hand Touch Cheek Position

Picture B6: Right Hand Tilt 15° Position



Picture B9: Body-worn Position (towards phantom, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 1.5cm)



Picture B10: Body-worn Position (towards ground, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 1.5cm)

Picture B11: Body-worn Position with Bluetooth transmitter on (towards ground,the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 1.5cm)

ANNEX C GRAPH RESULTS

1900 Left Cheek High

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536
Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

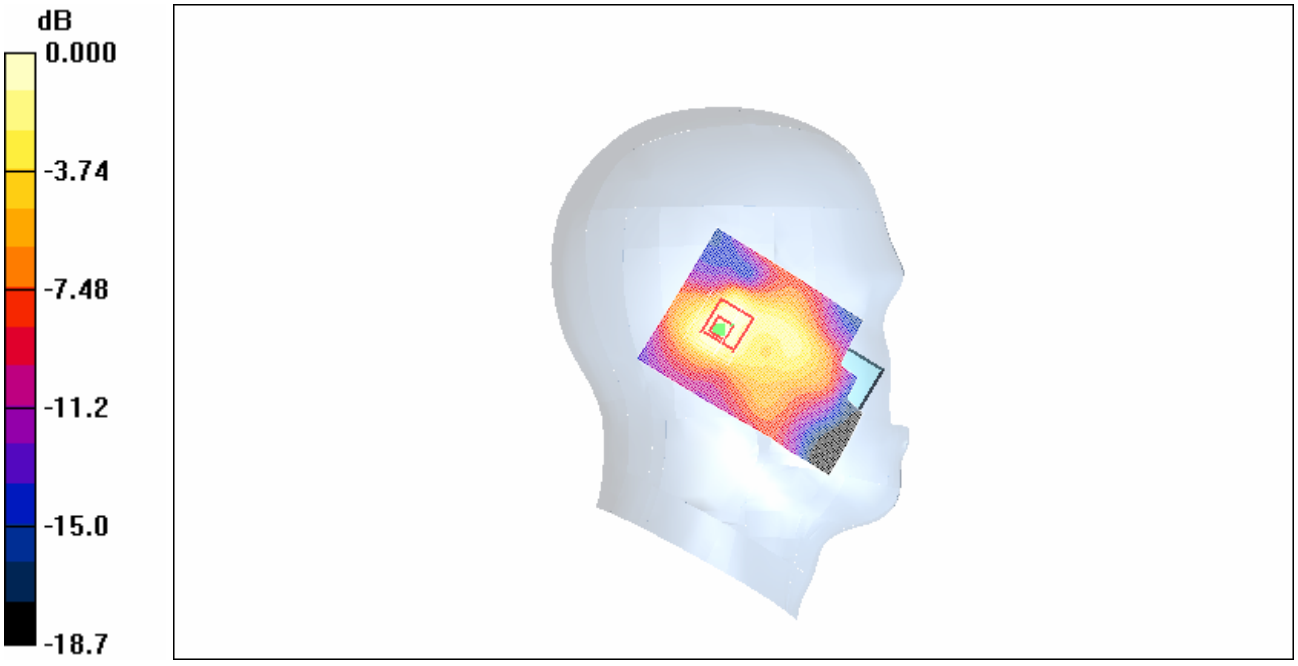
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.305 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.413 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.257 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.257 mW/g



0 dB = 0.257mW/g

Fig. 1 Left Hand Touch Cheek PCS 1900MHz CH810

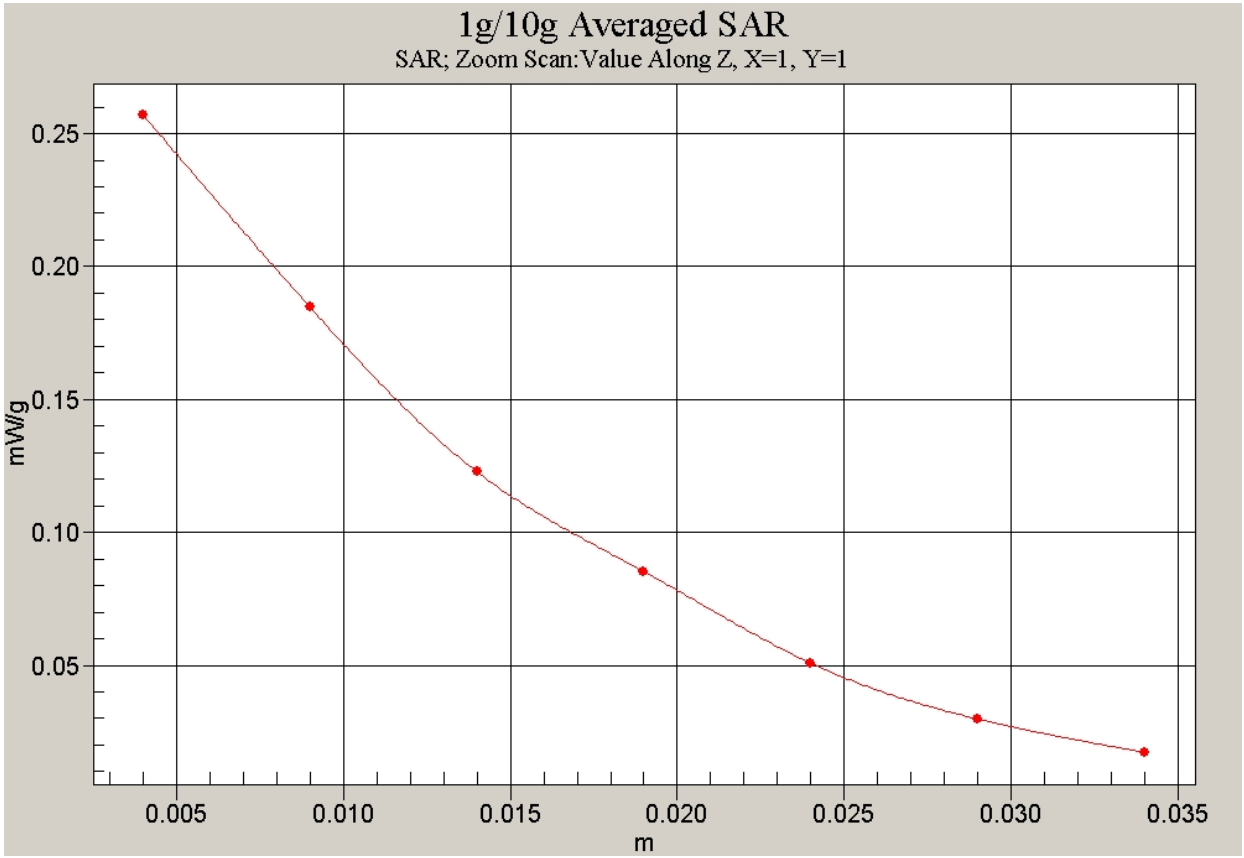


Fig. 2 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH810)

1900 Left Cheek Middle

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

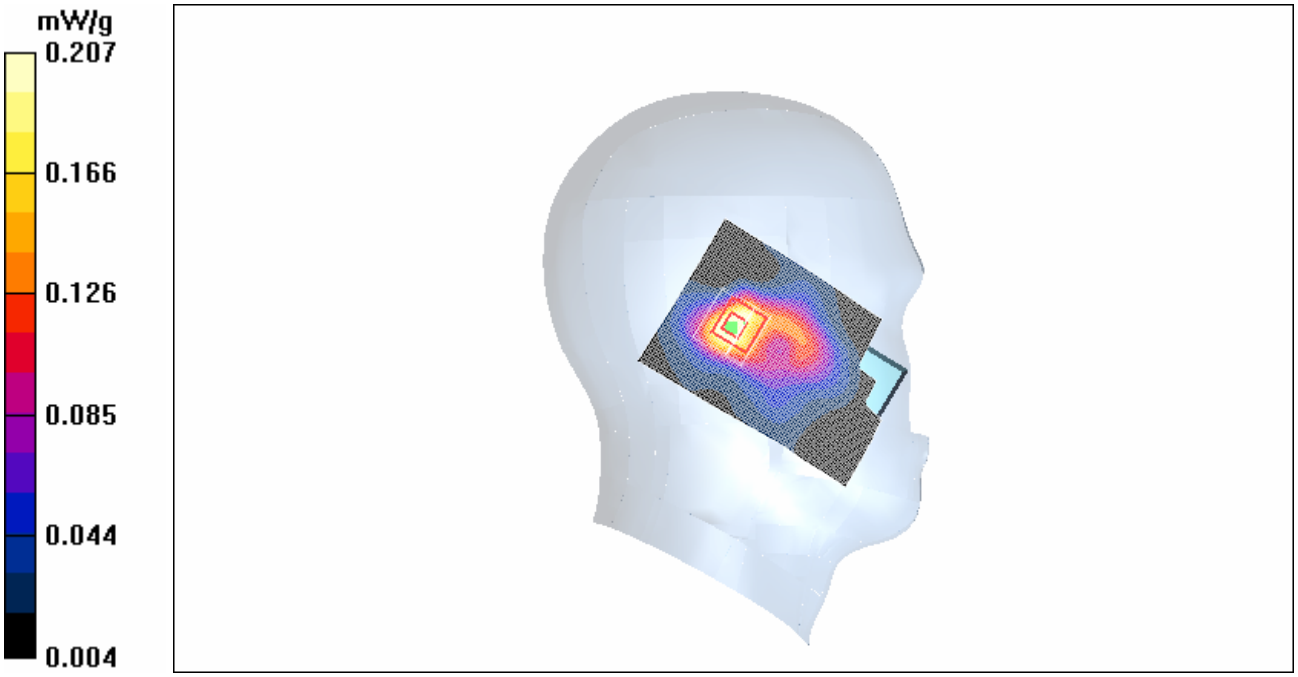
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.316 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.205 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 mW/g



0 dB = 0.207mW/g

Fig. 3 Left Hand Touch Cheek PCS 1900MHz CH661

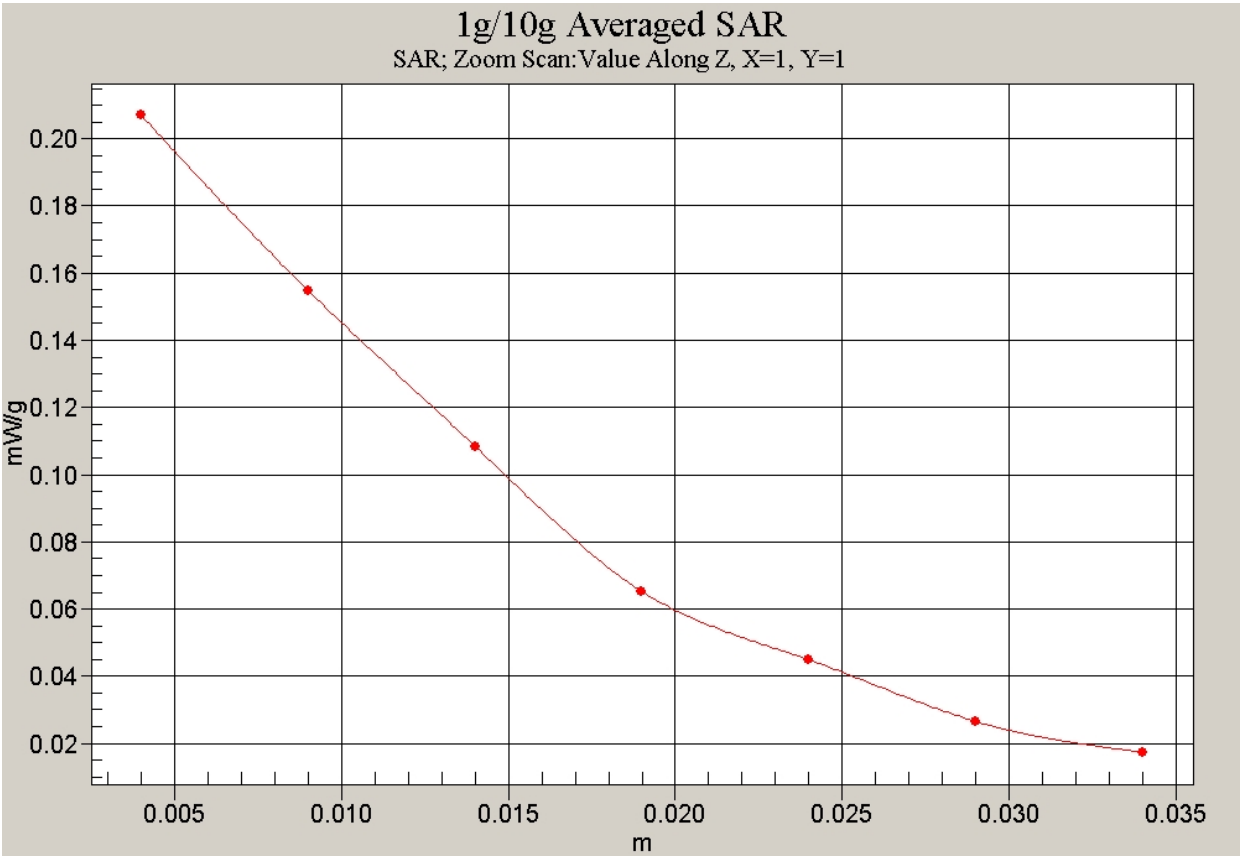


Fig. 4 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH661)

1900 Left Cheek Low
Electronics: DAE3 Sn536
Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.36 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

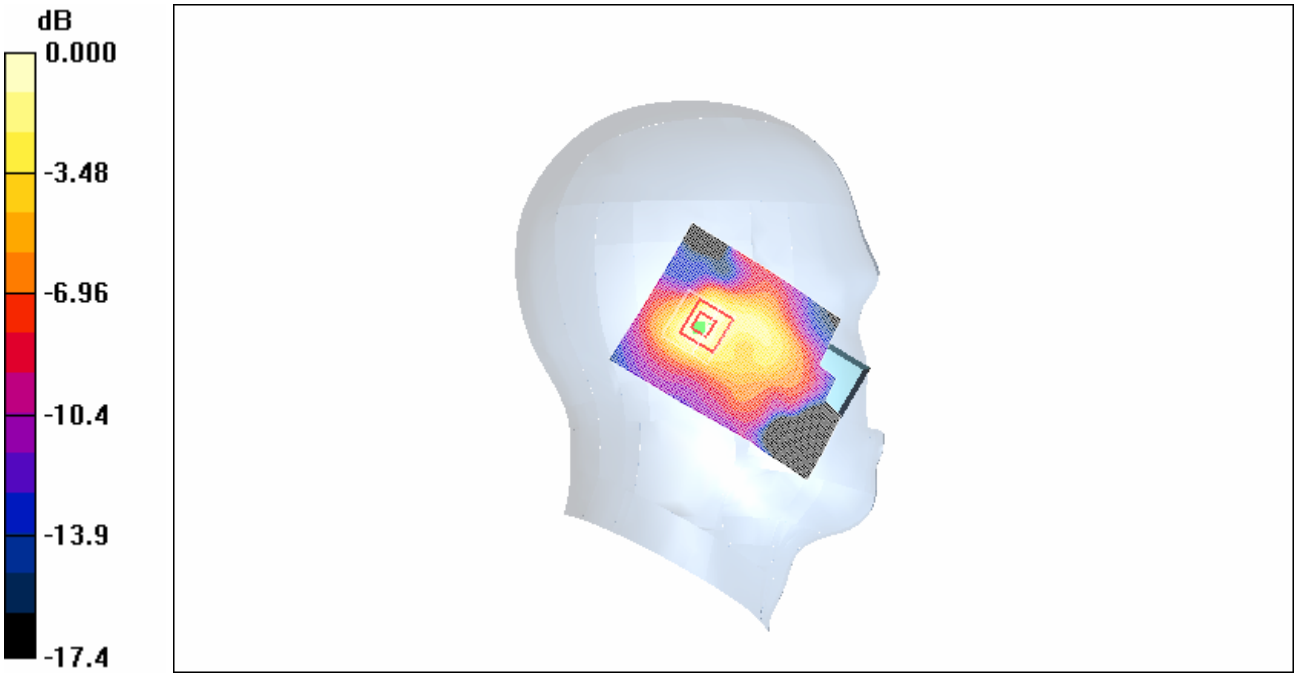
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4,5.4, 5.4)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.249 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.166 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.172 mW/g



0 dB = 0.172mW/g

Fig. 5 Left Hand Touch Cheek PCS 1900MHz CH512

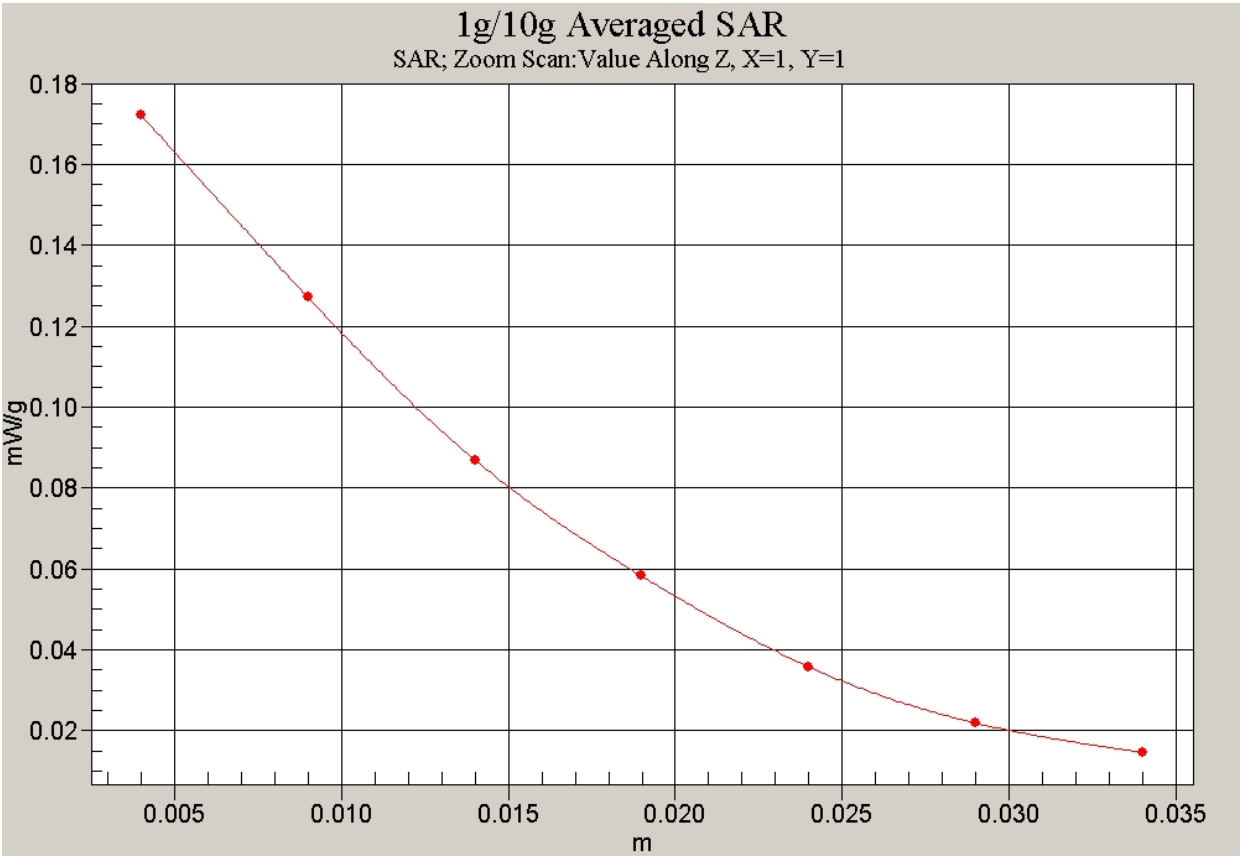


Fig. 6 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH512)

1900 Left Tilt High

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

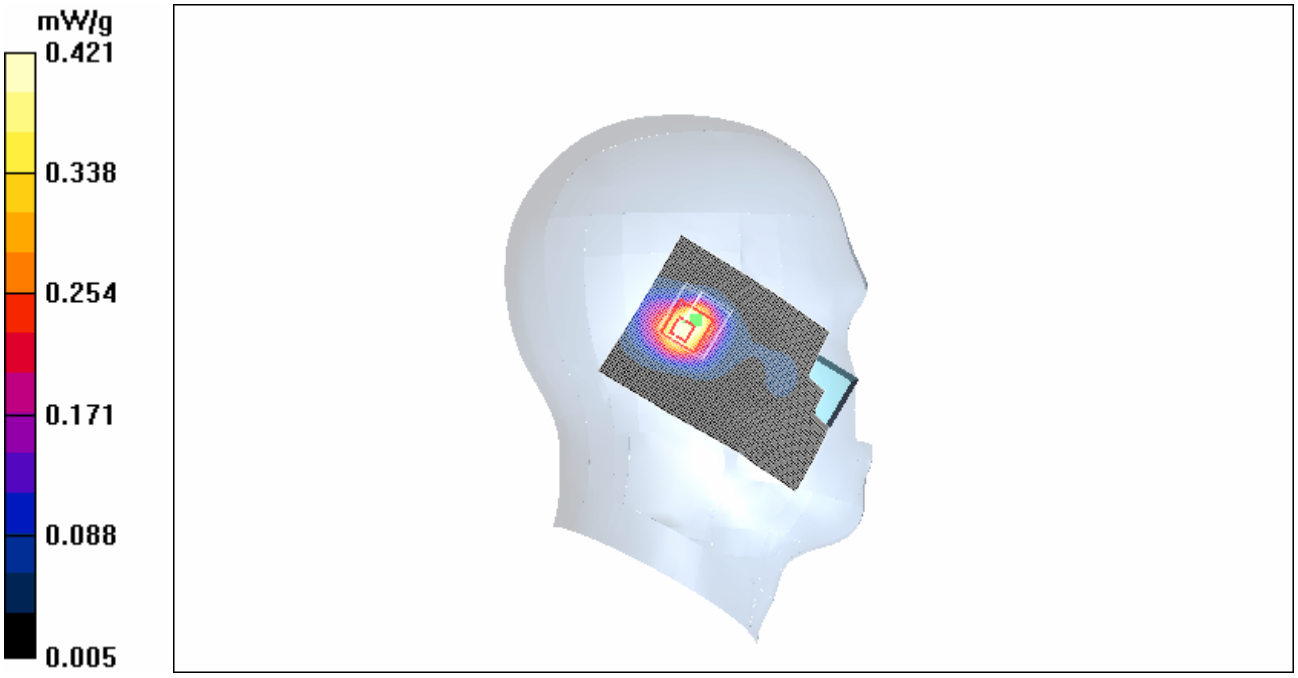
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 mW/g

Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.076 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.397 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.421 mW/g



0 dB = 0.421mW/g

Fig. 7 Left Hand Tilt 15° PCS 1900MHz CH810

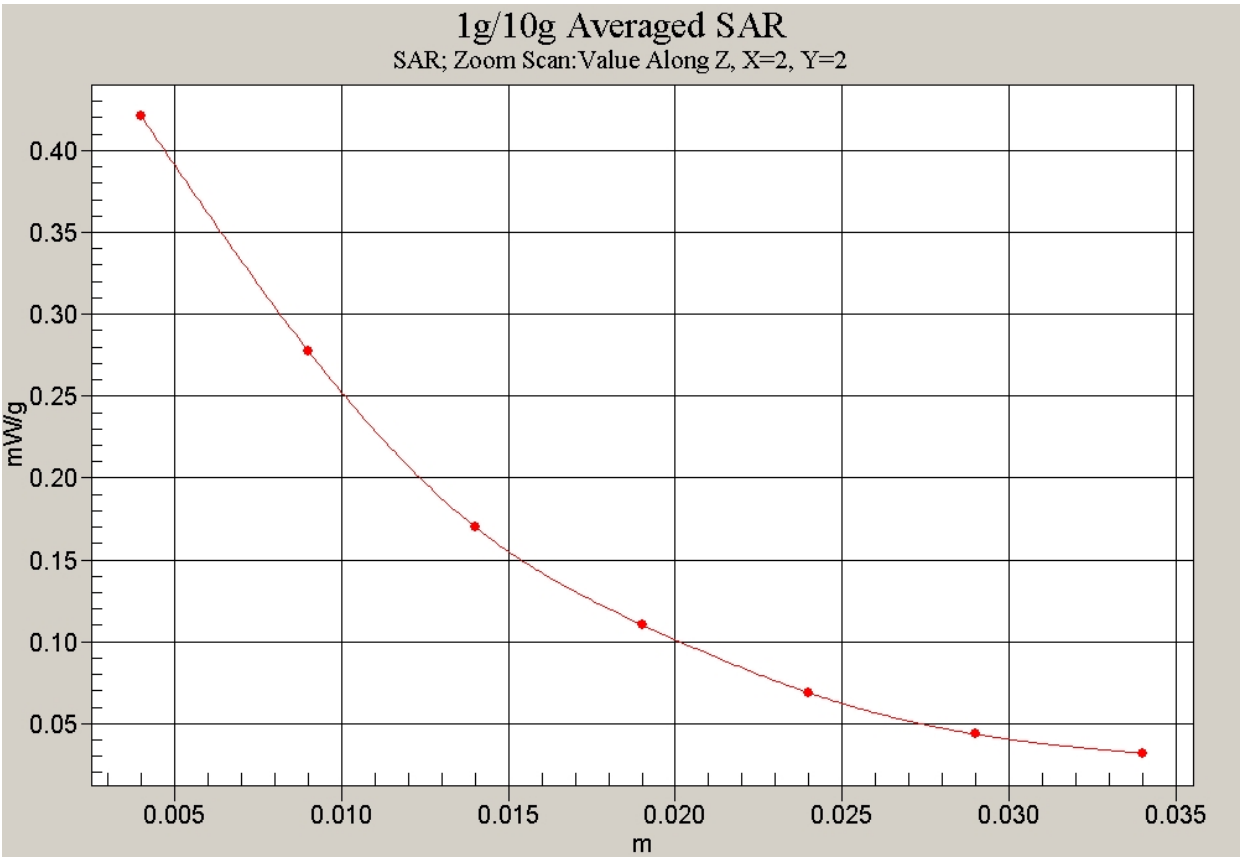


Fig. 8 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH810)

1900 Left Tilt Middle

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

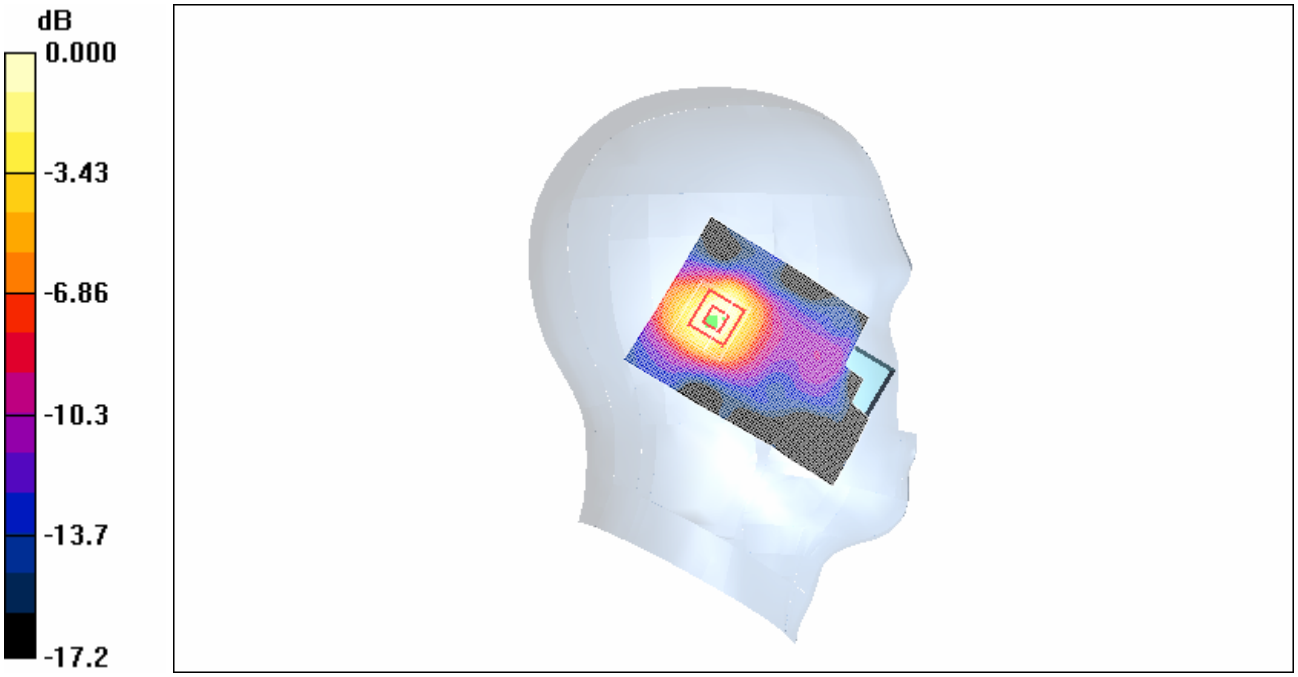
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.326 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.437 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.283 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.298 mW/g



0 dB = 0.298mW/g

Fig. 9 Left Hand Tilt 15°PCS 1900MHz CH661

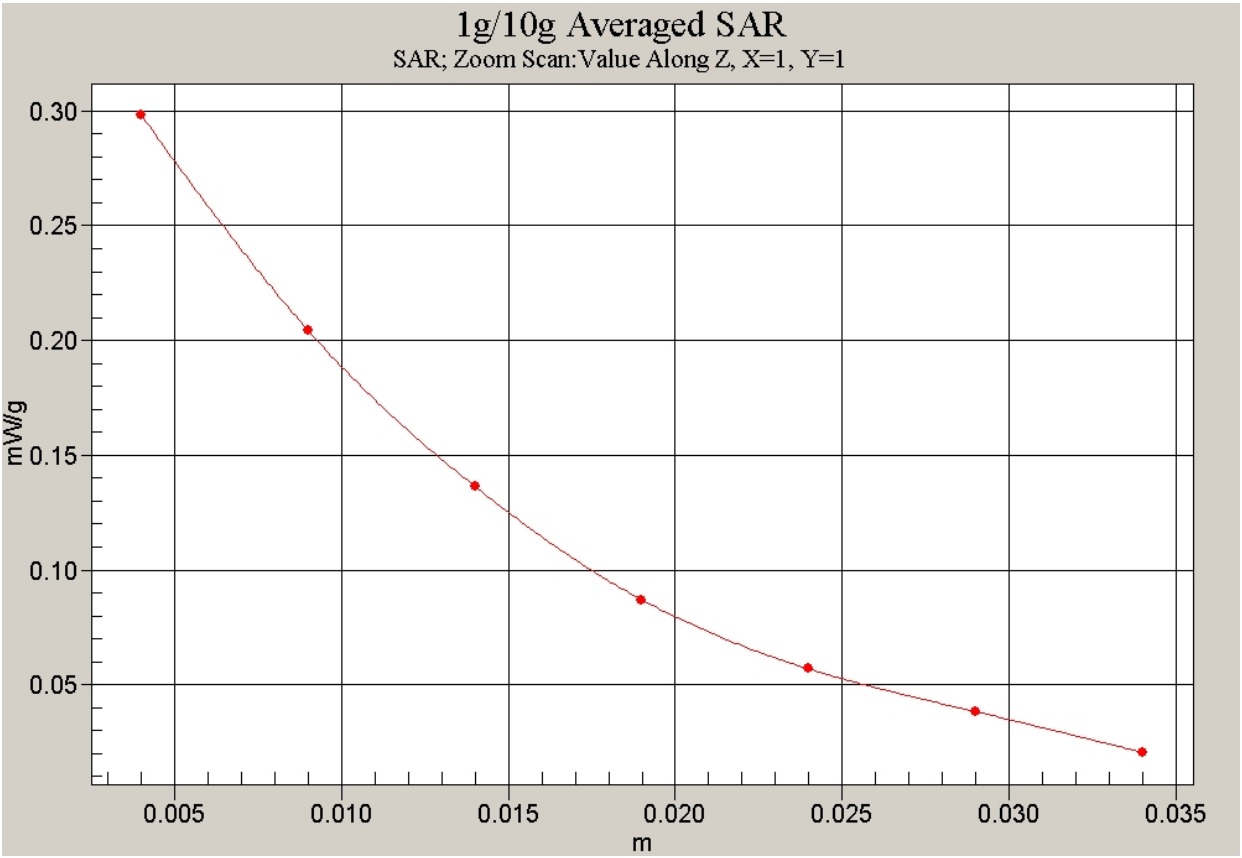


Fig. 10 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH661)

1900 Left Tilt Low
Electronics: DAE3 Sn536
Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.36 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

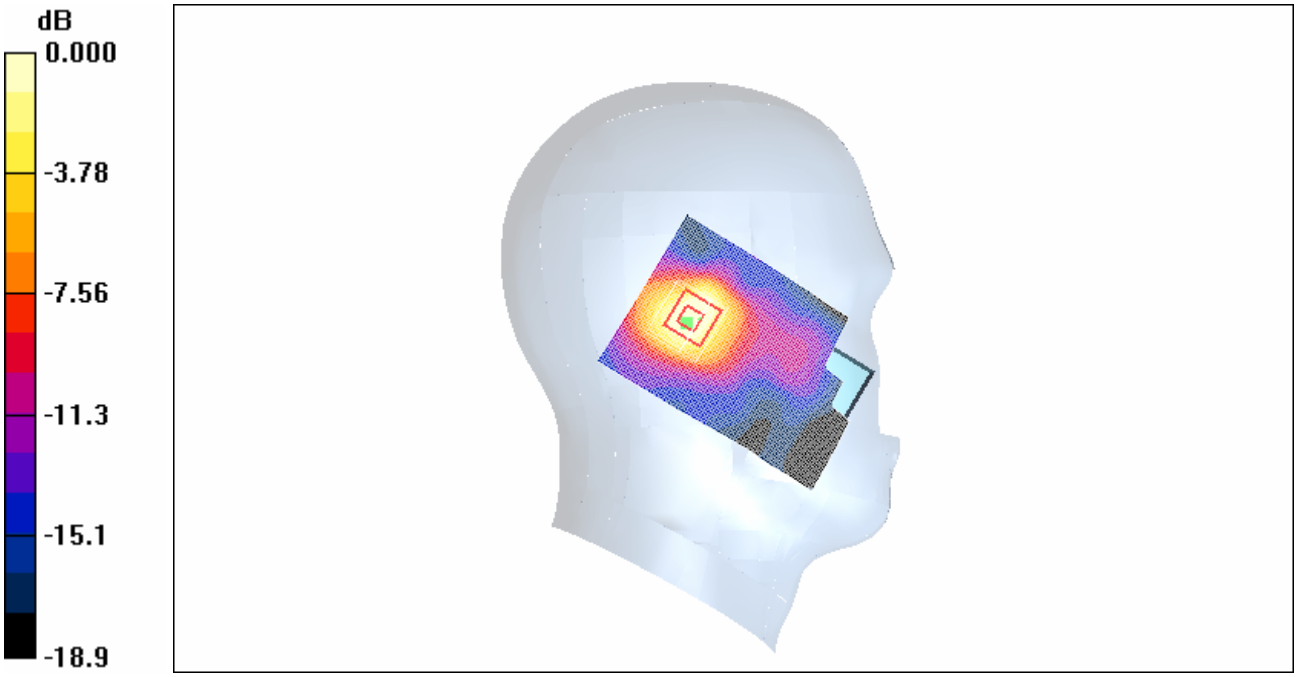
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.239 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.043 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.212 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 mW/g



0 dB = 0.218mW/g

Fig. 11 Left Hand Tilt 15°PCS 1900MHz CH512

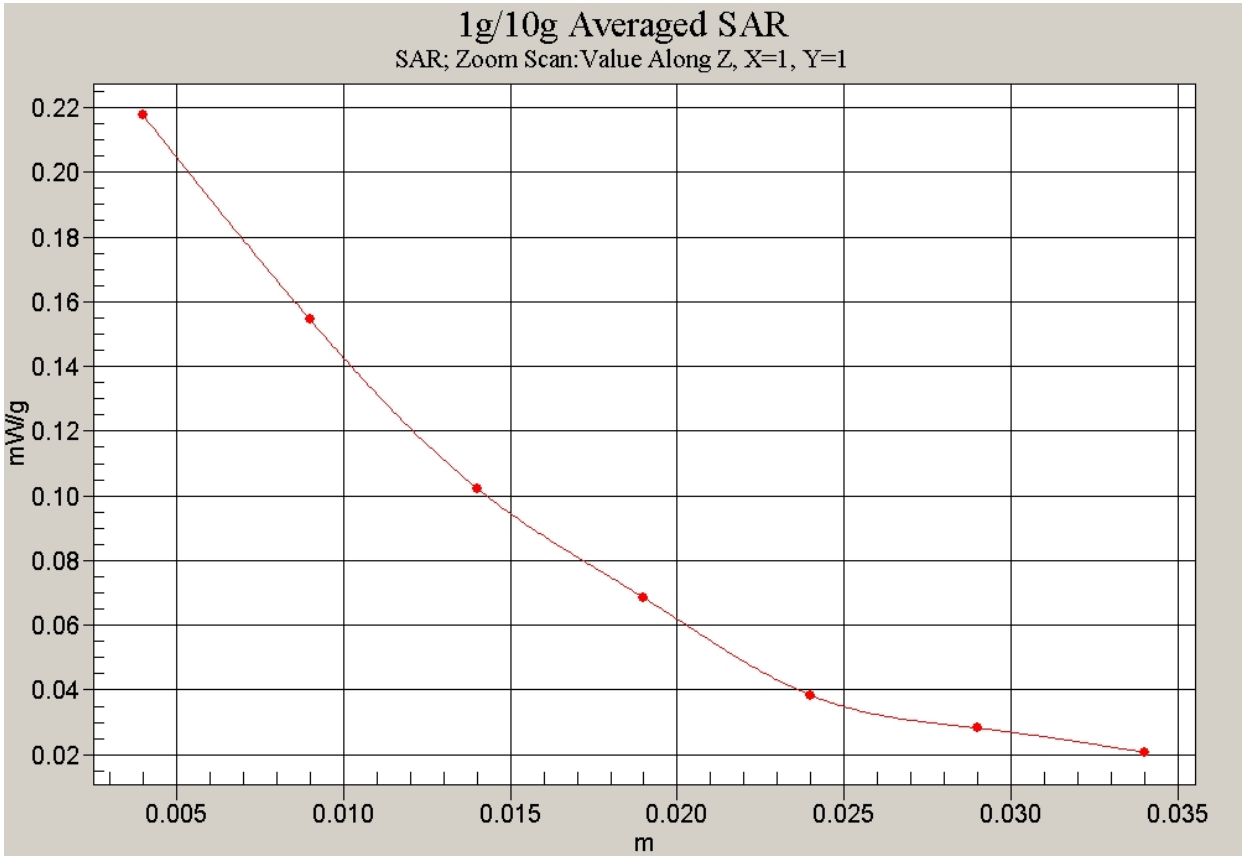


Fig. 12 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH512)

1900 Right Cheek High
Electronics: DAE3 Sn536
Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

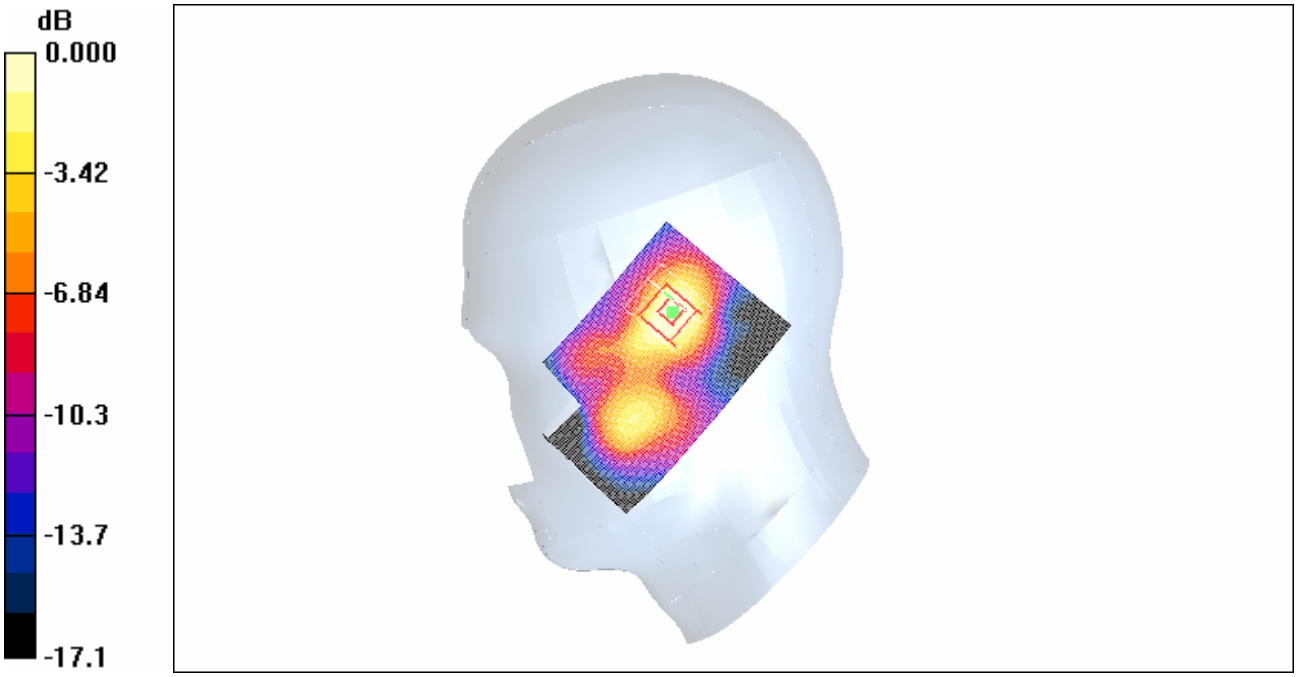
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Cheek High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.379 mW/g

Cheek High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.542 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.301 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 mW/g



0 dB = 0.288mW/g

Fig. 13 Right Hand Touch Cheek PCS 1900MHz CH810

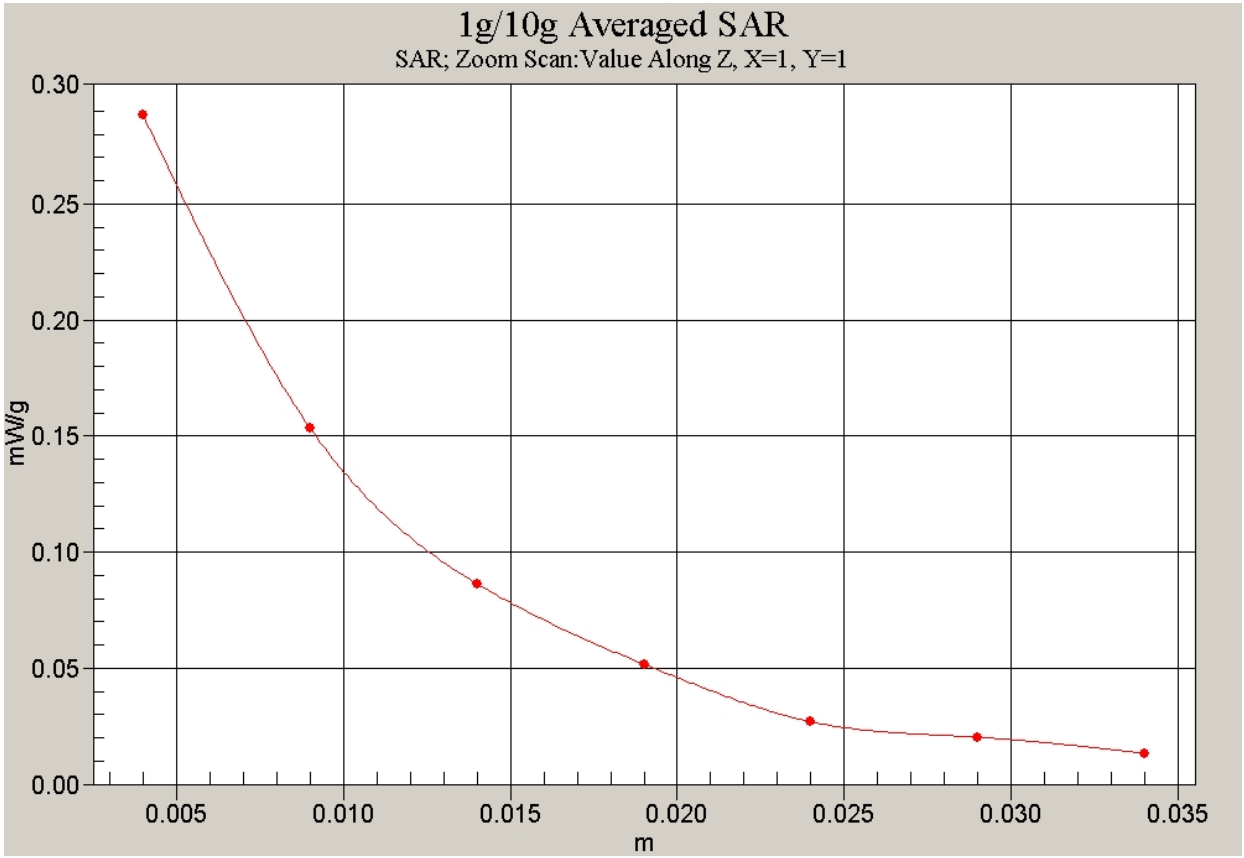


Fig. 14 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH810)

1900 Right Cheek Middle

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

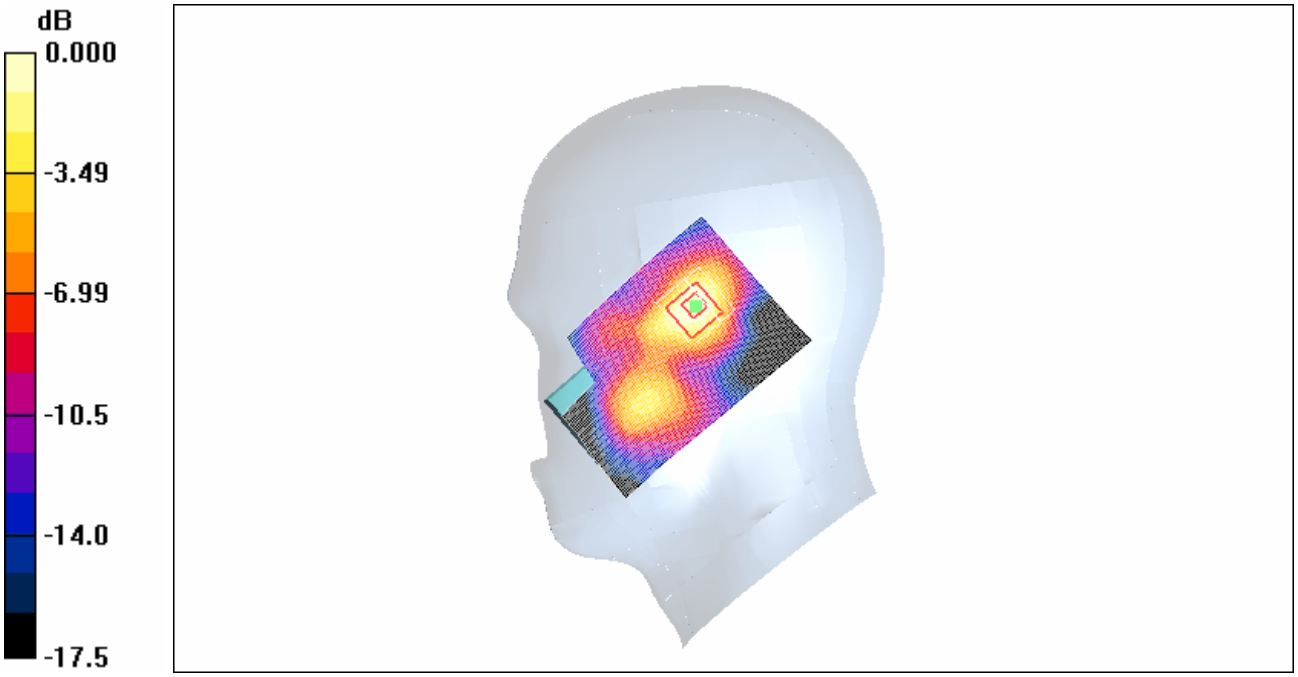
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Cheek Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.286 mW/g

Cheek Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.419 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.240 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g



0 dB = 0.241mW/g

Fig.15 Right Hand Touch Cheek PCS 1900MHz CH661

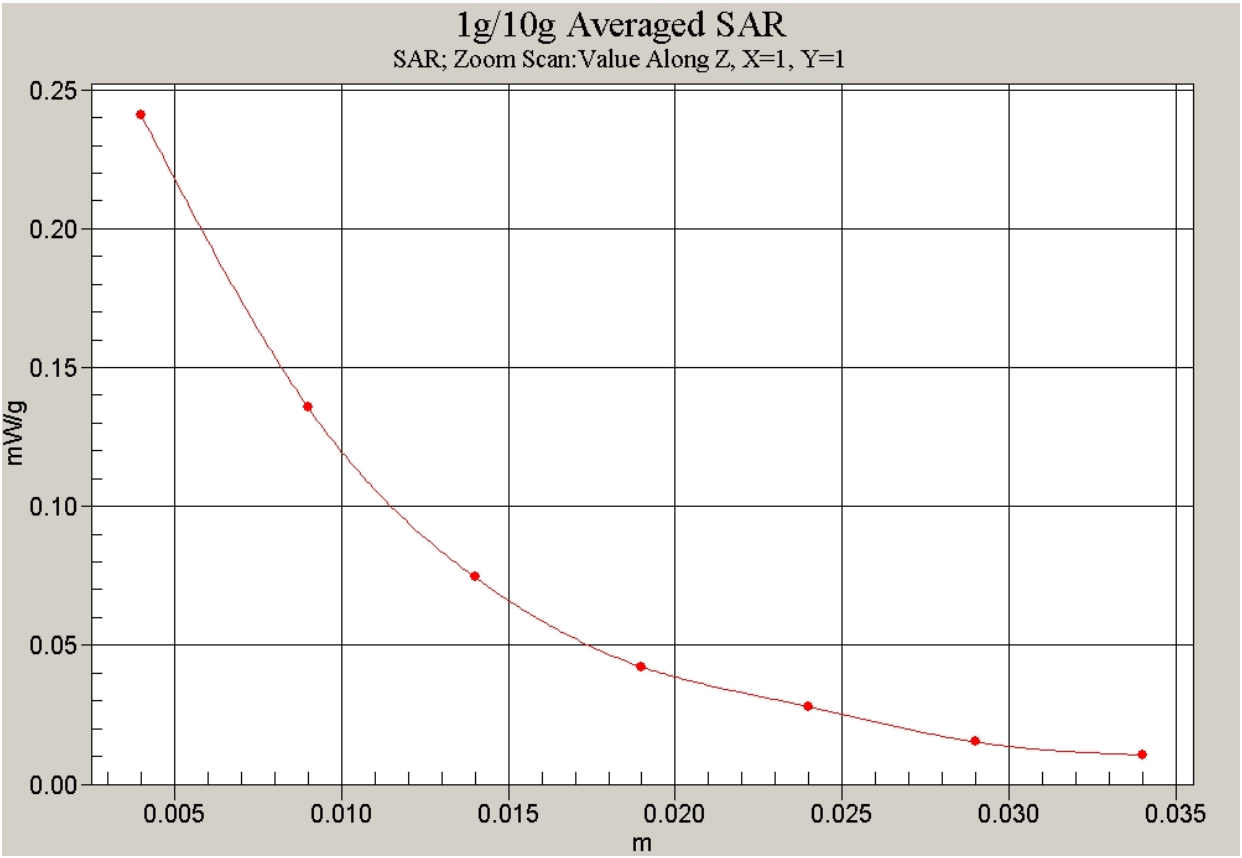


Fig. 16 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH661)

1900 Right Cheek Low

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.36 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

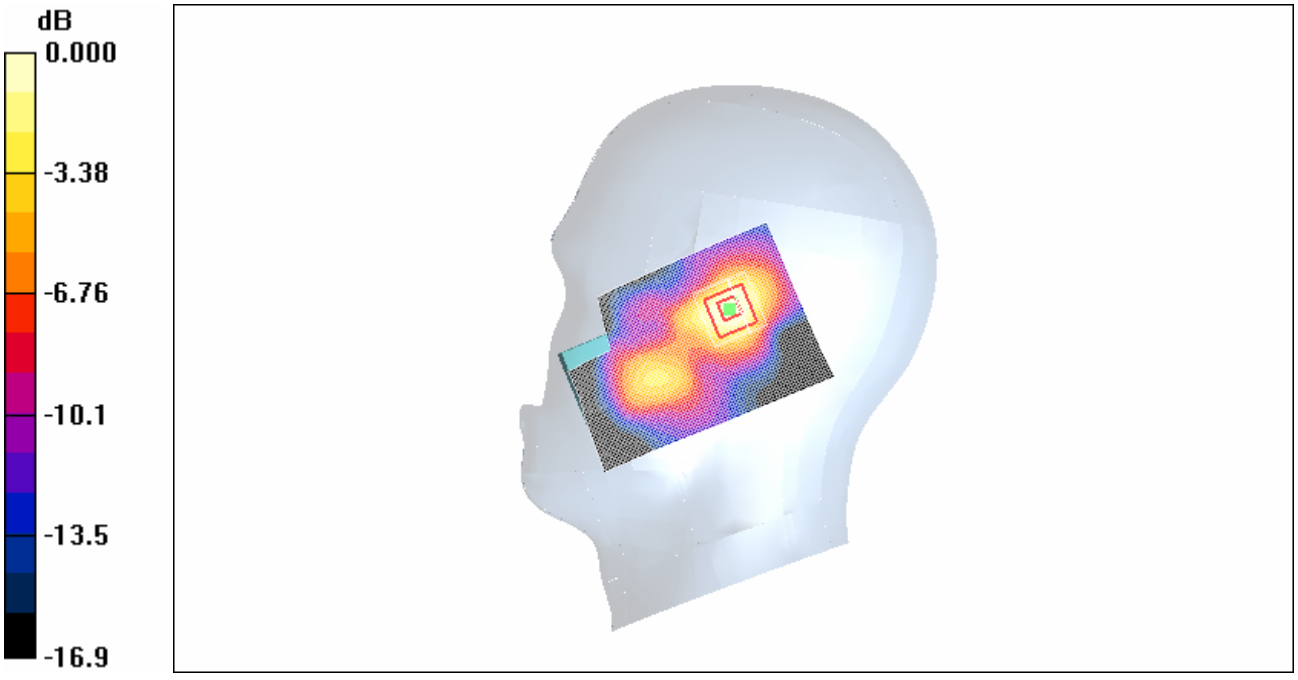
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Cheek Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.249 mW/g

Cheek Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.081 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.335 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.203 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.205 mW/g



0 dB = 0.205mW/g

Fig. 17 Right Hand Touch Cheek PCS 1900MHz CH512

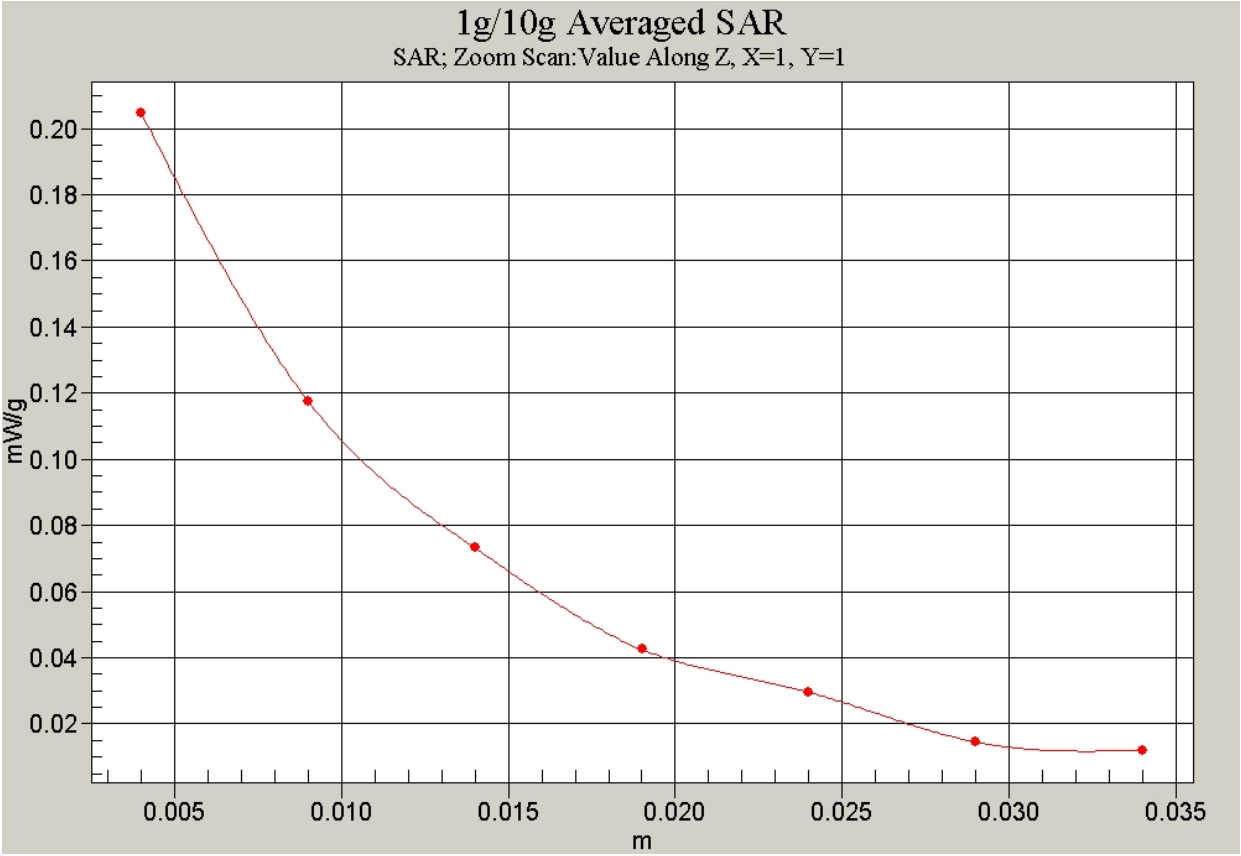


Fig. 18 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH512)

1900 Right Tilt High

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.39 mho/m; ε_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Tilt High/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.444 mW/g

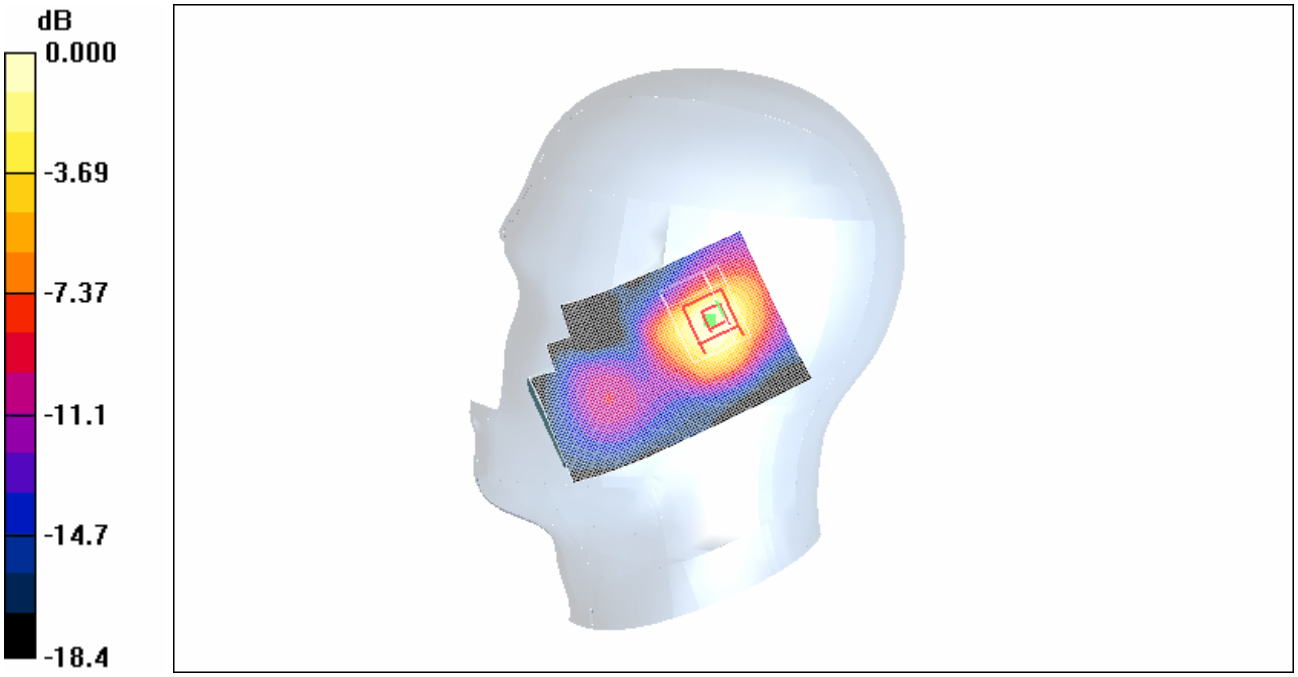
Tilt High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.596 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.345 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.363 mW/g



0 dB = 0.363mW/g

Fig. 19 Right Hand Tilt 15°PCS 1900MHz CH810

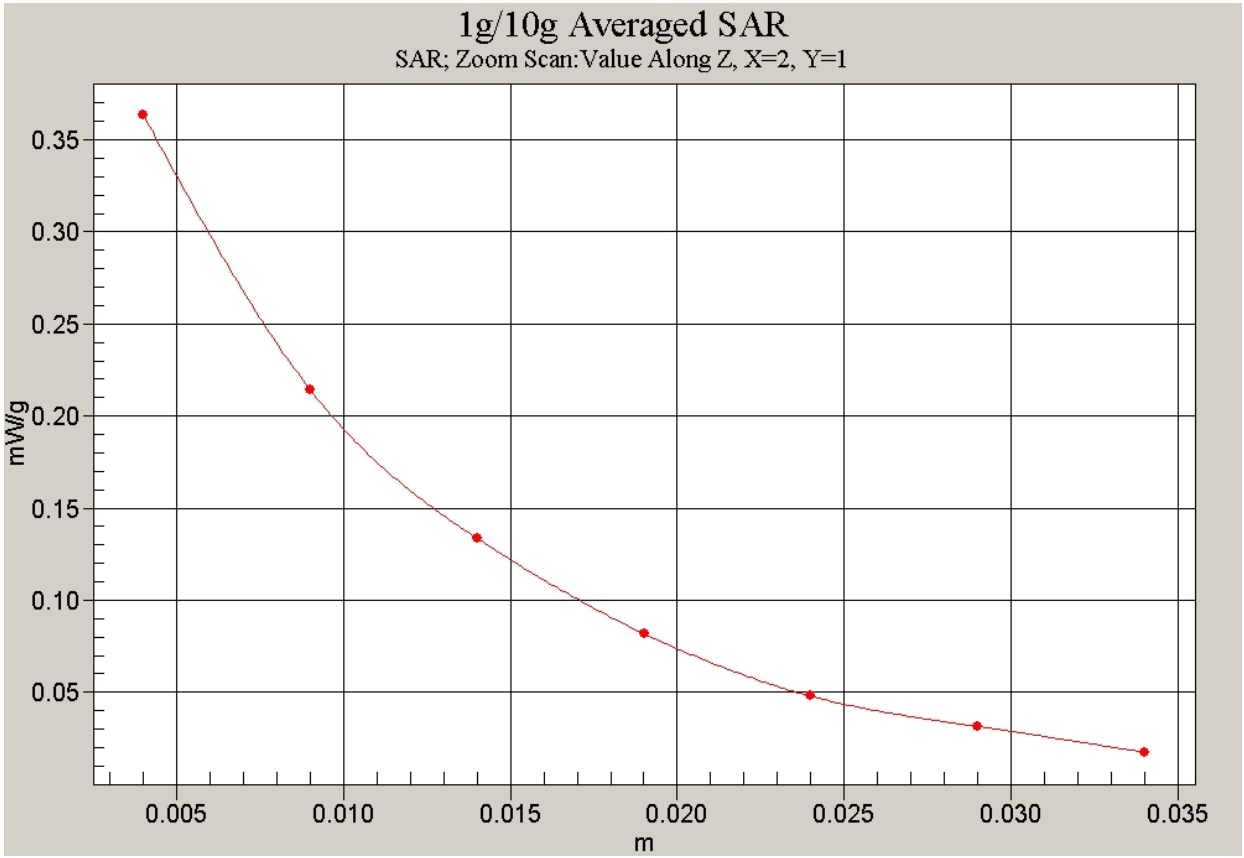


Fig. 20 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH810)

1900 Right Tilt Middle

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.37 mho/m; ε_r = 41; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

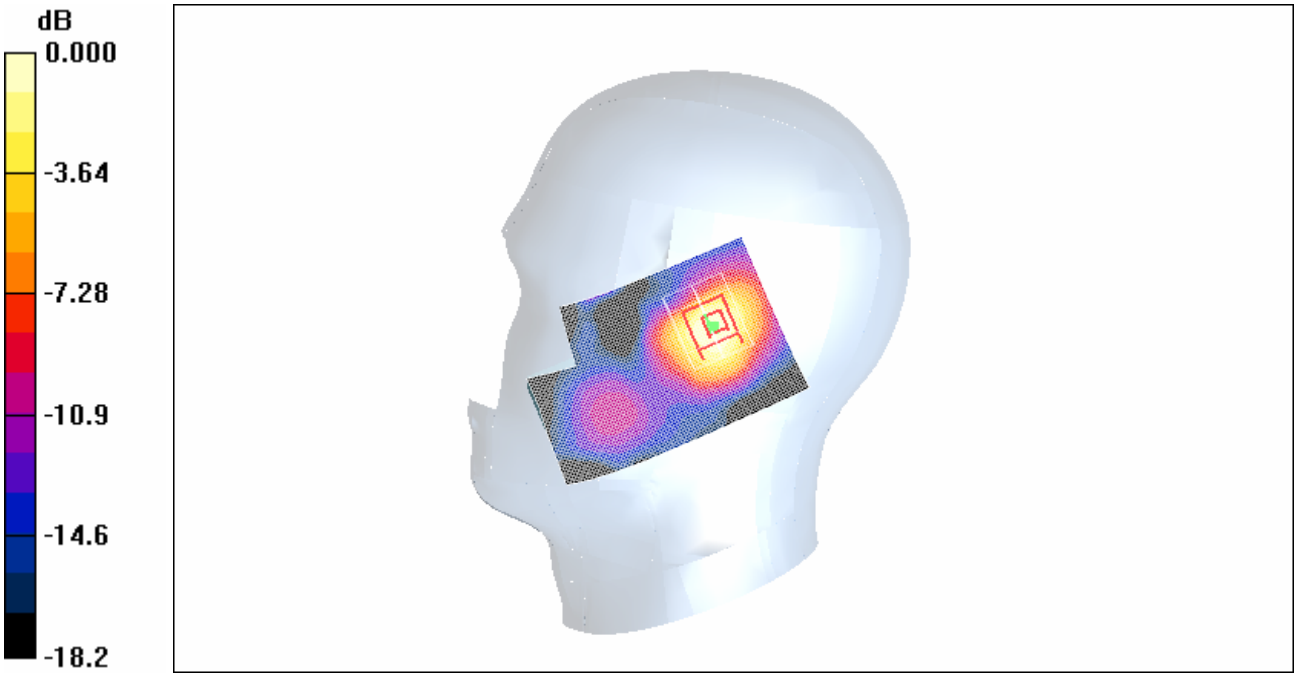
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Tilt Middle/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.319 mW/g

Tilt Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.444 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.259 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 mW/g



0 dB = 0.275mW/g

Fig. 21 Right Hand Tilt 15°PCS 1900MHz CH661

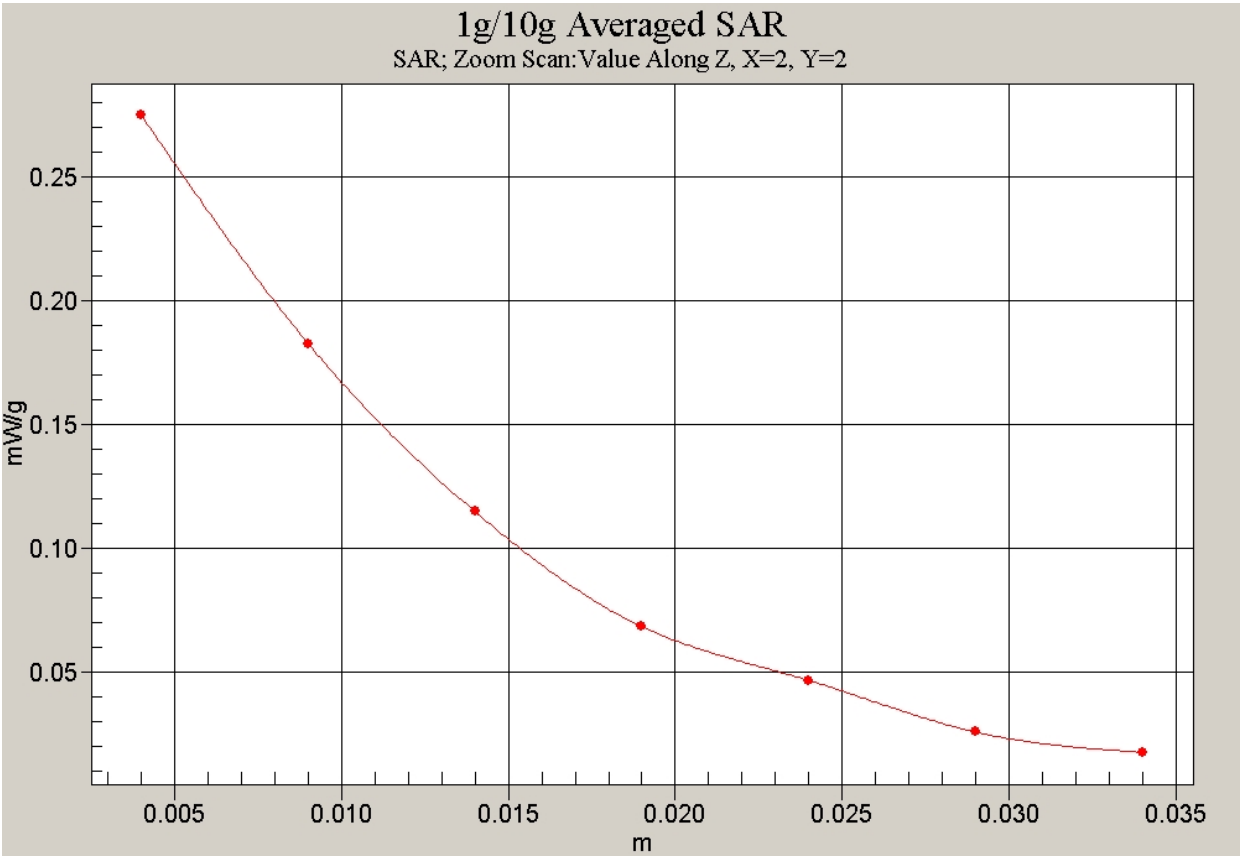


Fig. 22 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH661)

1900 Right Tilt Low
Electronics: DAE3 Sn536
Medium: Head 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.36 mho/m; ε_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

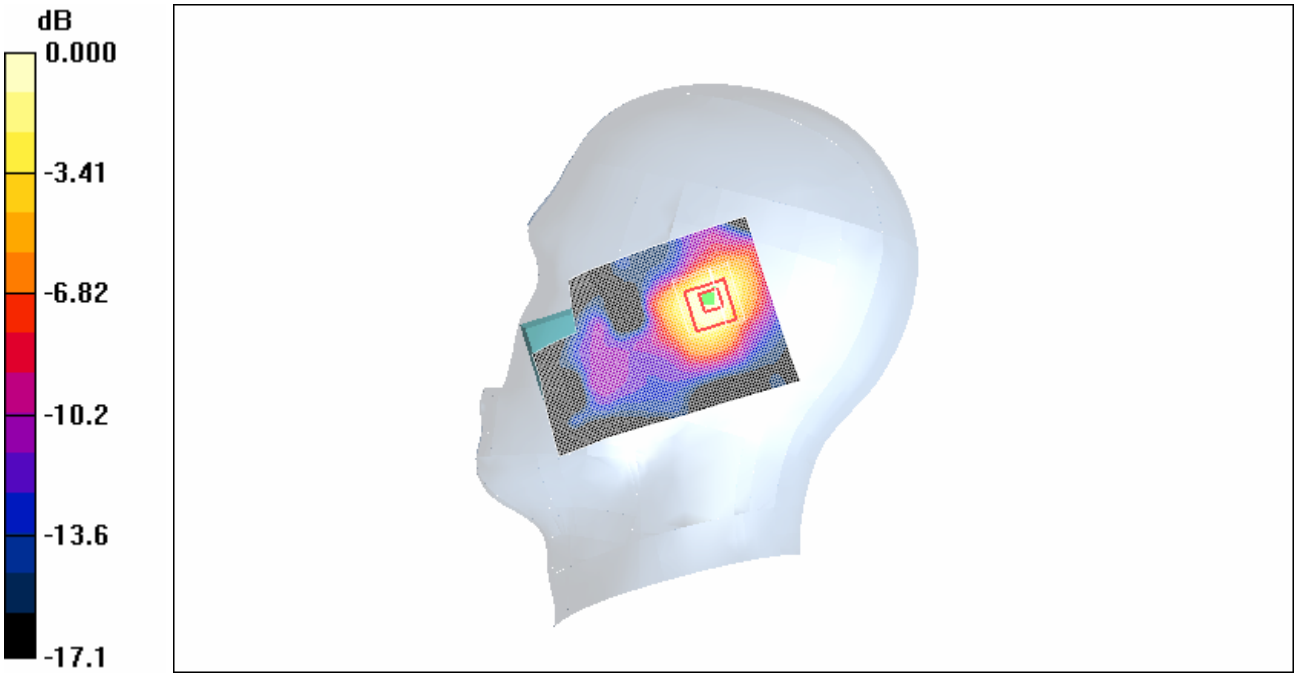
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz Frequency: 1850.2 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(5.4, 5.4, 5.4)

Tilt Low/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.266 mW/g

Tilt Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.092 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.365 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.217 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 mW/g



0 dB = 0.212mW/g

Fig. 23 Right Hand Tilt 15°PCS 1900MHz CH512

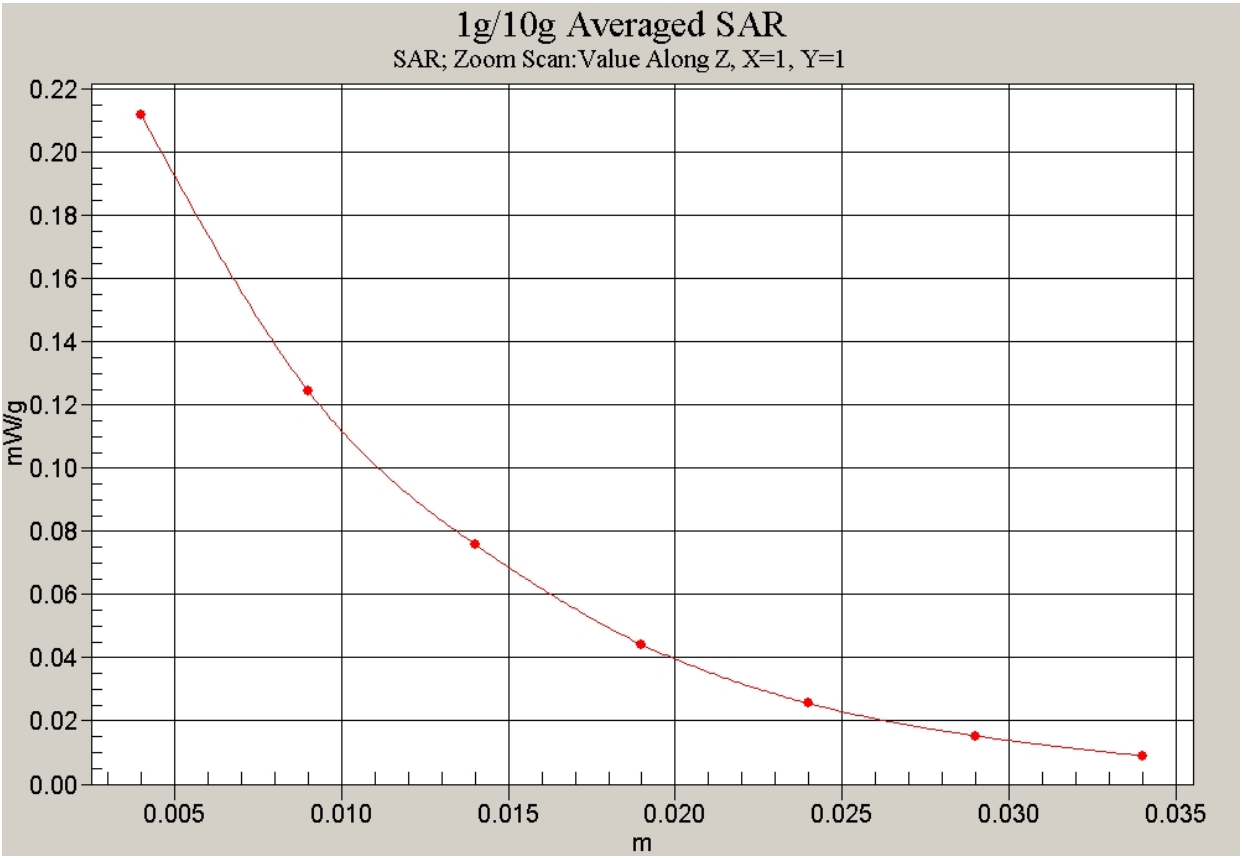


Fig. 24 Z-Scan at power reference point (PCS 1900MHz CH512)

1900 Body Toward Phantom High with GPRS

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.54 mho/m; ε_r = 52; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

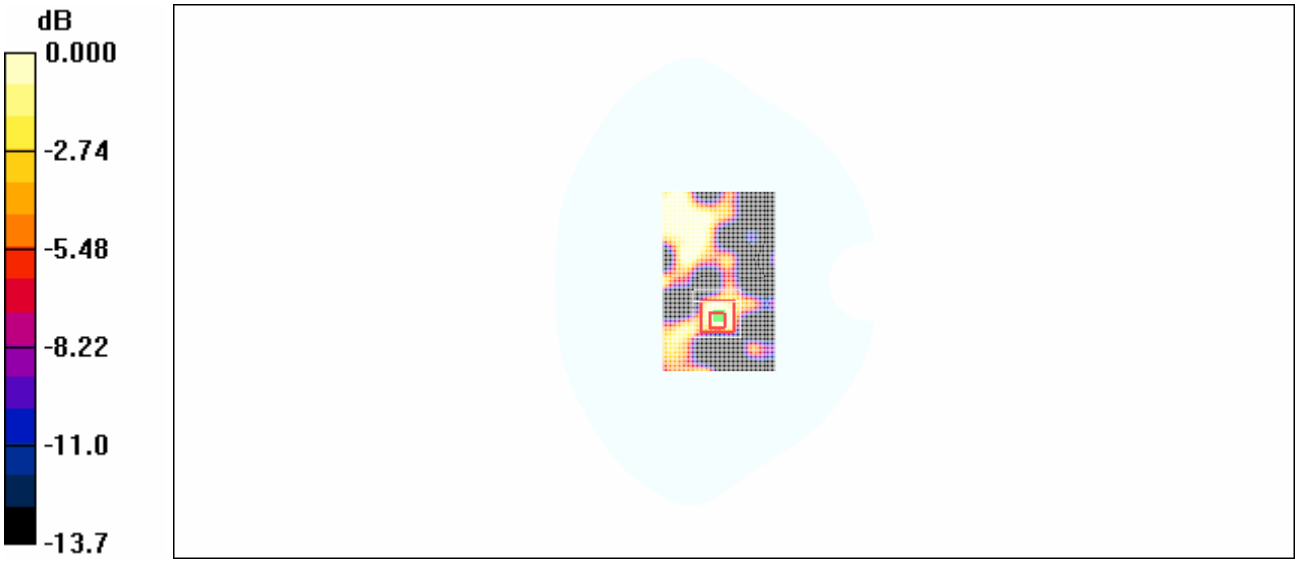
Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1909.8 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88)

Toward Phantom High/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.059 mW/g

Toward Phantom High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.076 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.018 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0052 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g



0 dB = 0.027mW/g

Fig. 25 PCS 1900MHz, Body, Towards Phantom with GPRS, CH810

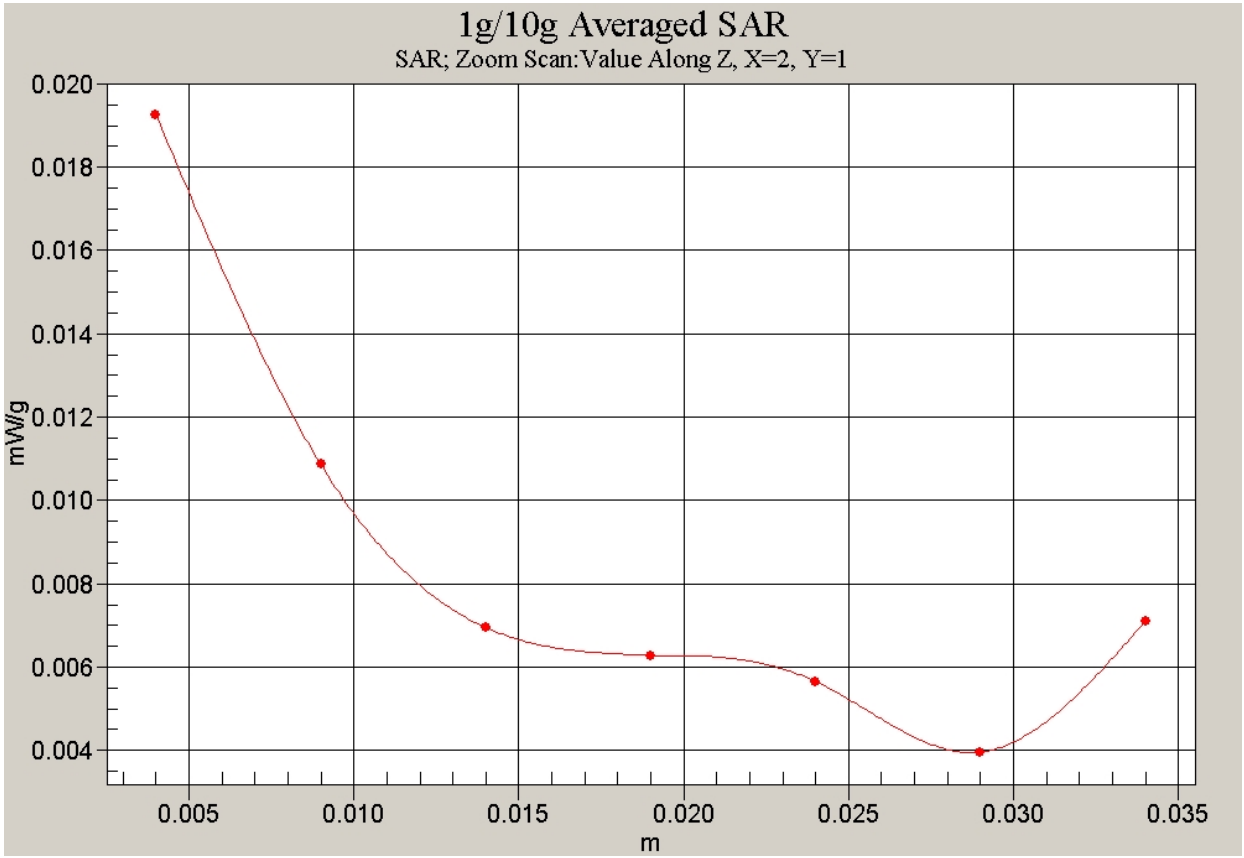


Fig. 26 Z-Scan at power reference point
(PCS 1900MHz, Body Towards Phantom with GPRS, CH810)

1900 Body Toward Phantom Middle with GPRS

Electronics: DAE3 Sn536

Medium: Body 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ε_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature:23.3°C Liqiud Temperature: 22.5°C

Communication System: GSM 1900MHz GPRS Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:4

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1736 ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88)

Toward Phantom Middle/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.026 mW/g

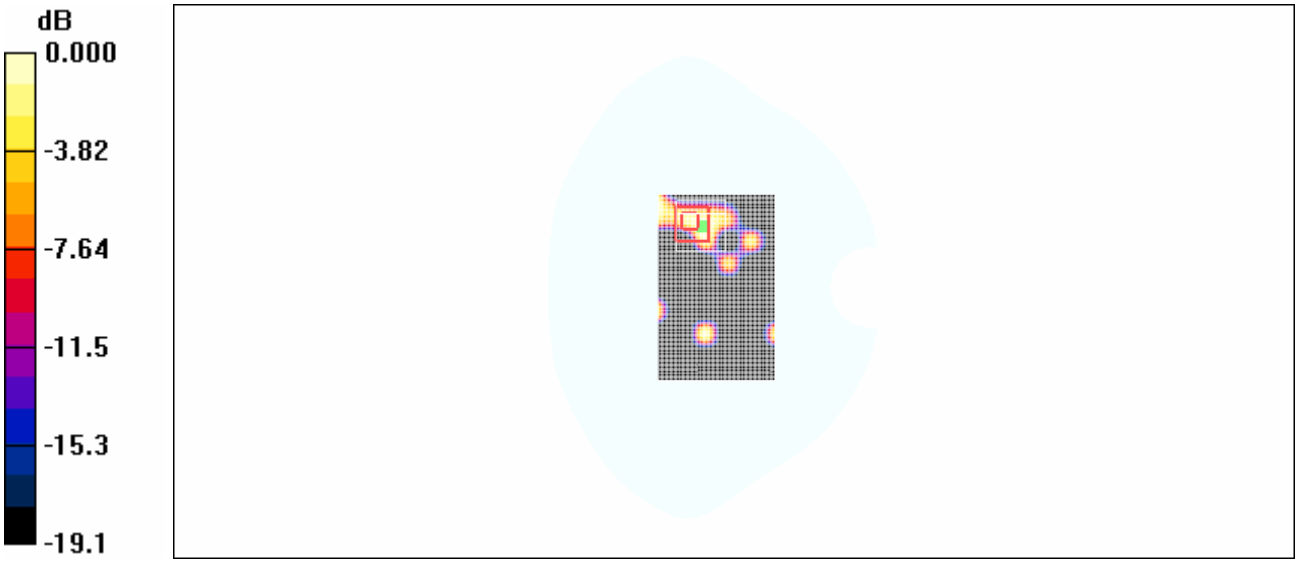
Toward Phantom Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.200 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.069 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.020 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00778 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.021 mW/g



0 dB = 0.021mW/g

Fig. 27 PCS 1900MHz, Body, Towards Phantom with GPRS, CH661