

#### DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE ANNEX I

## 750 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service** 

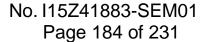
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

0 10 N D750V2 1017 Aug1/

CALIBRATION C	LITTIIIOAIL		
Dbject	D750V3 - SN: 10	17	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proced	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ve 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 28, 2014		
		onal standards, which realize the physical uni	
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laborator	robability are given on the following pages and $x$ facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C	
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laborator		
All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards	cted in the closed laborator	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	C and humidity < 70%.
All calibrations have been conducted. Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration)	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.)	C and humidity < 70%.  Scheduled Calibration
Calibrations have been conducted. Calibration Equipment used (M&Terimary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704	ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C  Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	C and humidity < 70%.  Scheduled Calibration  Oct-14
All calibrations have been conducted.  Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards  Power meter EPM-442A  Power sensor HP 8481A  Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14
All calibrations have been conducted.  Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards  Power meter EPM-442A  Power sensor HP 8481A  Reference 20 dB Attenuator	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14
All calibrations have been conducted.  Calibration Equipment used (M&Text of the conducted of the conducted of the conducted of the calibration of	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  MY41092317  SN: 5058 (20k)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15
Calibrations have been conducted.  Calibration Equipment used (M&Text Power Market EPM-442A  Power sensor HP 8481A  Reference 20 dB Attenuator  Type-N mismatch combination  Reference Probe ES3DV3	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  MY41092317  SN: 5058 (20k)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)  03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)  03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15
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All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  MY41092317  SN: 5058 (20k)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)  03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)  03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)  30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)  18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15
All calibrations have been conducted.  Calibration Equipment used (M&TPrimary Standards  Power meter EPM-442A  Power sensor HP 8481A  Reference 20 dB Attenuator  Type-N mismatch combination  Reference Probe ES3DV3  DAE4	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  MY41092317  SN: 5058 (20k)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check
All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  MY41092317  SN: 5058 (20k)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 601  ID #  100005	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827) 09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13) 18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16
All calibrations have been conduct Calibration Equipment used (M&T Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  GB37480704  US37292783  MY41092317  SN: 5058 (20k)  SN: 5047.2 / 06327  SN: 3205  SN: 601  ID #  100005  US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)  09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)  03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)  03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)  30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)  18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)  Check Date (in house)  04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)  18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-14 Oct-14 Oct-14 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-14 Aug-15 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-14

Certificate No: D750V3-1017\_Aug14

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#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Servizio svizzero di taratura

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D750V3-1017\_Aug14 Page 2 of 8



## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.2 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.31 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.49 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.4 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.75 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.49 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.85 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)



## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω - 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.1 dB

#### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω - 2.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9 dB

## **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.034 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	March 22, 2010	



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 28.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1017

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 42.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

## DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

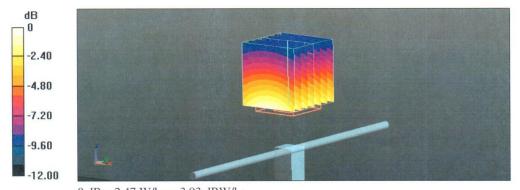
Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.14 W/kg SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg

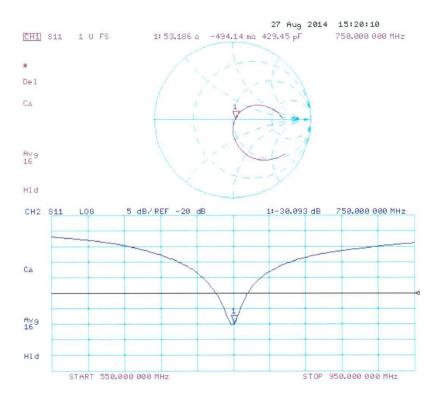
SAR(1 g) = 2.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.47 W/kg



0 dB = 2.47 W/kg = 3.93 dBW/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 27.08.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1017

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 55.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

## DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

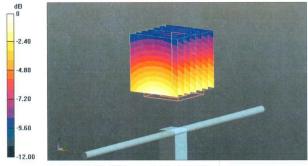
• Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 53.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.49 W/kg

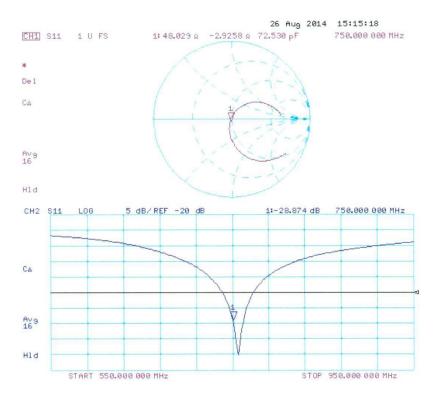
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 W/kg



0 dB = 2.61 W/kg = 4.17 dBW/kg



## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





## 835 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate







Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504

E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Http://www.chinattl.cn

CTTL(South Branch) Client

Certificate No: Z14-97127

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d057

Calibration Procedure(s)

TMC-OS-E-02-194

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

November 4, 2014

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	28-Aug-14(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Aug14)	Aug-15
DAE4	SN 1331	23-Jan-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-1331_Jan14)	Jan-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02145)	Jun-15
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY4614d0573	15-Feb-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-781)	Feb-15

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Function

Reviewed by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Name

Signature

Approved by:

Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: November 6, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1222
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.8 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.48 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.20 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

## **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.3 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		Nessee

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.53 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.36 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

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#### **Appendix**

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.4Ω- 3.05jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.3dB	

## Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.3Ω- 4.70jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.1dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.267 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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Date: 04.11.2014





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.916$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.82$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

# System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

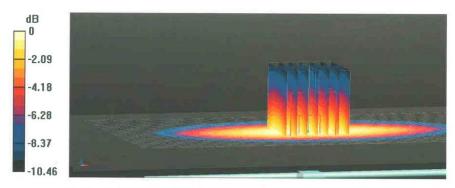
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.60 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

## SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.08 W/kg

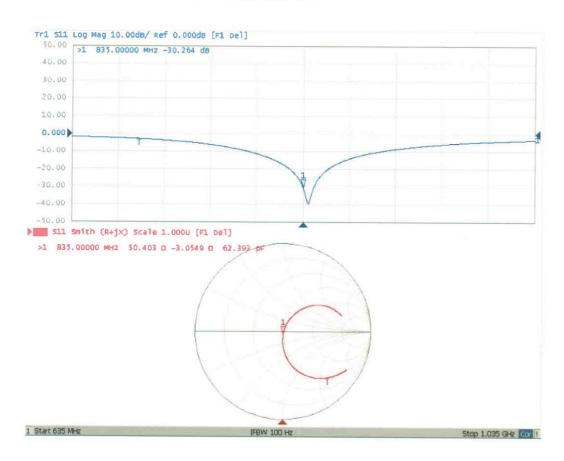


0 dB = 3.08 W/kg = 4.89 dBW/kg





## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL







## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 04.11.2014

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.991$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.34$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

**DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3617; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Calibrated: 2014-08-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2014-01-23
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

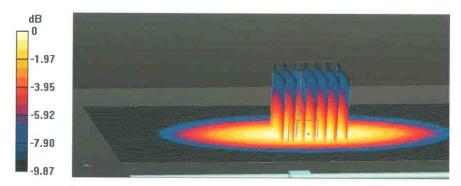
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.60 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.05 W/kg

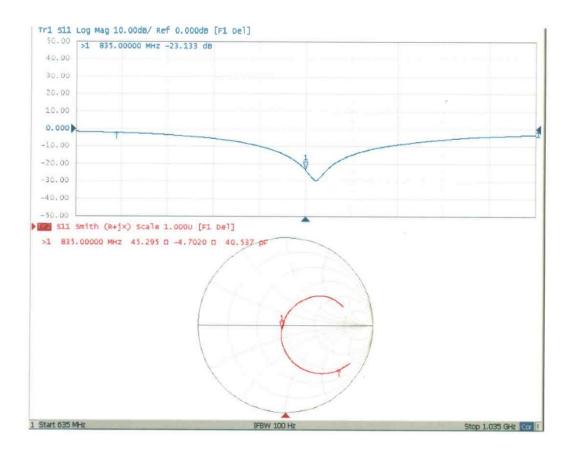


0 dB = 3.05 W/kg = 4.84 dBW/kg





## Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





## 1800 MHz Dipole Calibration Certificate



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

CALIBRATION No. L0570

Client

CTTL(South Branch)

Certificate No:

Z14-97129

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D1800V2 - SN: 2d147

Calibration Procedure(s)

TMC-OS-E-02-194

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

November 6, 2014

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Name

Qi Dianyuan

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02146)	Jun-15
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	28-Aug-14(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Aug14)	Aug-15
DAE4	SN 1331	23-Jan-14 (SPEAG, DAE4-1331_Jan14)	Jan-15
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	01-Jul-14 (CTTL, No.J14X02145)	Jun-15
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	15-Feb-14 (TMC, No.JZ14-781)	Feb-15

Calibrated by:

Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

SAR Project Leader

Approved by:

Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory

Function

Signature

Issued: November 8, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

## **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1222
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.9 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	****	***

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.49 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.4 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.06 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

## **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

## SAR result with Head TSL

Condition	
250 mW input power	9.96 mW / g
normalized to 1W	40.3 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
Condition	
250 mW input power	5.24 mW / g
normalized to 1W	21.1 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)
	250 mW input power normalized to 1W Condition 250 mW input power

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#### **Appendix**

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7Ω- 3.73jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.9dB	

## Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	43.0Ω- 3.95jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.3dB	

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.317 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## **Additional EUT Data**