

FCC Part22H&24E Test Report

Product Name : GSM Mobile Phone

Model No. : HUAWEI G3610

FCC ID : QISG3610

Applicant : HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO.,LTD

Address : Administration Building, Huawei Base, Bantian,
Longgang district, Shenzhen 518129

Date of Receipt : Jul. 22, 2010

Test Date : Jul. 22, 2010 ~ Jul. 28, 2010

Issued Date : Jul. 30, 2010

Report No. : 107S046R-RF-CE-P02V01

Report Version : V 1.1

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by TAF, NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the Government.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date : Jul. 30, 2010

Report No. : 107S046R-HP-US-P07V01



Product Name : GSM Mobile Phone
 Applicant : HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO.,LTD
 Address : Administration Building, Huawei Base, Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen 518129
 Manufacturer : HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO.,LTD
 Address : Administration Building, Huawei Base, Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen 518129
 Model No. : HUAWEI G3610
 FCC ID : QISG3610
 EUT Voltage : DC: 3.6~4.2V
 Trade Name : HUAWEI
 Applicable Standard : FCC Part22 Subpart H, FCC Part24 Subpart E
 Test Result : Complied
 Performed Location : SuZhou EMC laboratory
 No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech Development Zone., SuZhou, China
 TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098
 FCC Registration Number: 800392

Documented By : *Alice Ni*
 (Engineering ADM: Alice Ni)
 Reviewed By : *Marlinchen*
 (Engineering Supervisor: Marlin Chen)
 Approved By : *Dream Cao*
 (Engineering Manager: Dream Cao)

Laboratory Information

We, **Quietek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C.	: BSMI, NCC, TAF
Germany	: TUV Rheinland
Norway	: Nemko, DNV
USA	: FCC, NVLAP
Japan	: VCCI

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from Quietek Corporation's Web Site : <http://www.quietek.com/tw/emc/accreditations/accreditations.htm>
 The address and introduction of Quietek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site : <http://www.quietek.com/>

If you have any comments, Please don't hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is as below:

HsinChu Testing Laboratory :

No.75-2, 3rd Lin, Wangye Keng, Yonghxing Tsuen, Qionglin Shiang, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C.
 TEL:+886-3-592-8858 / FAX:+886-3-592-8859 E-Mail : service@quietek.com



LinKou Testing Laboratory :

No. 5-22, Ruei-Shu Valley, Ruei-Ping Tsuen, Lin-Kou Shiang, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.
 TEL : 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX : 886-2-8601-3789 E-Mail : service@quietek.com



Suzhou (China) Testing Laboratory :

No. 99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech Development Zone., Suzhou,China.
 TEL : +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX : +86-512-6251-5098 E-Mail : service@quietek.com



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1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	GSM Mobile Phone
Trade Name	HUAWEI
Model No.	HUAWEI G3610
Working Voltage	DC: 3.6~4.2V
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900
Tx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824MHz to 849MHz PCS 1900: 1850MHz to 1910MHz
Rx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 869MHz to 894MHz PCS 1900: 1930MHz to 1990MHz
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM
Antenna Type	Internal
Antenna Gain	0.3dBi for 820~915MHz 0.8dBi for 1710~1910MHz
AC Adapter	Manufacturer: HUAWEI M/N: ASTC20-050065 Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.3A Output: DC 5V, 650mA

1.2. Mode of Operation

Quietek has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

Test Mode
Mode 1: GPRS850 Link
Mode 2: GPRS1900 Link

Note:

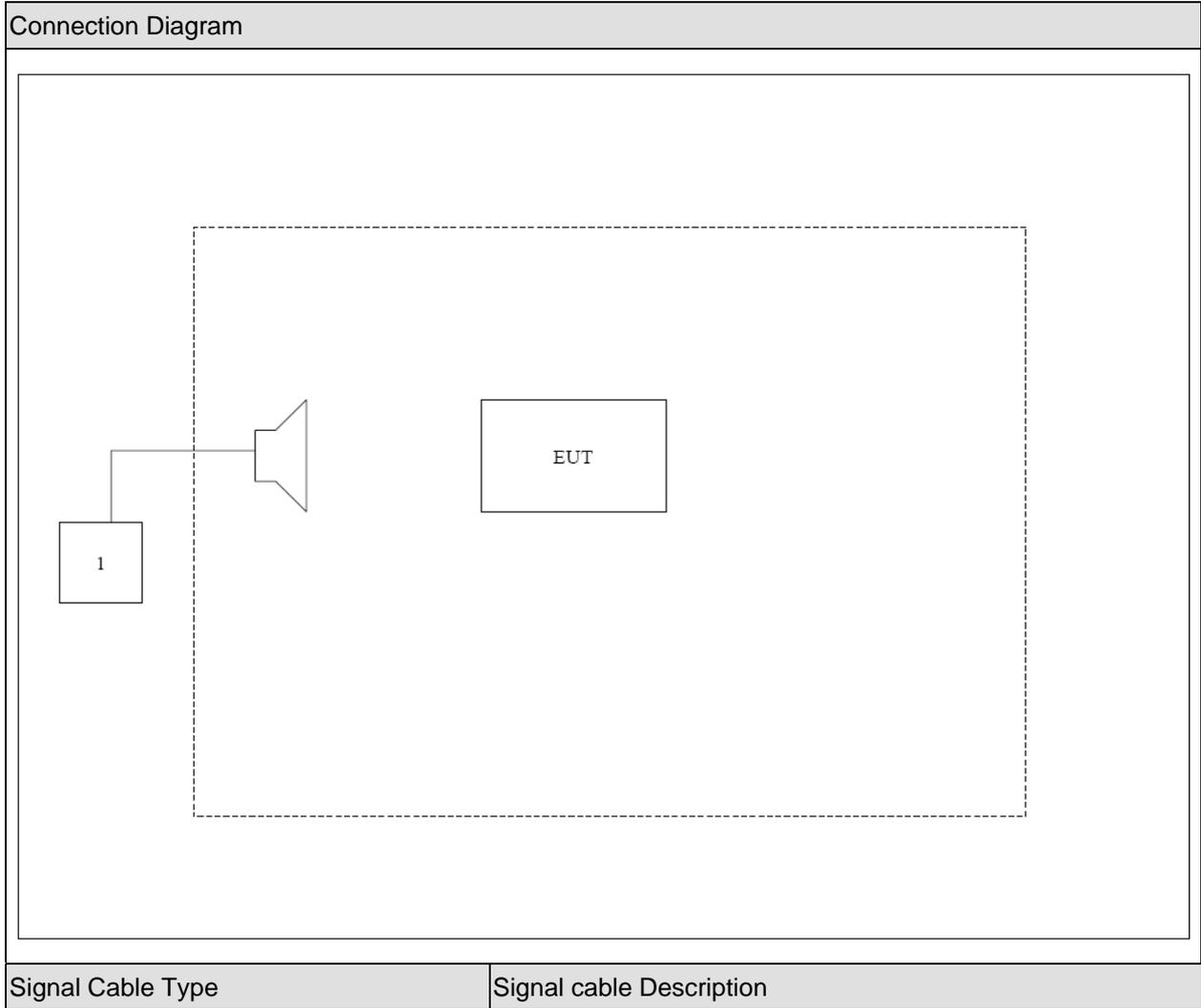
1. Regards to the frequency band operation: the lowest, middle and highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, then shown on this report.
2. Radiated power output working at GPRS link was higher than that working at GSM link, so all of test items were done working at GPRS mode. Refer to peak power output for more details.

Tested System Details

The types for all equipments, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

	Product	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Power Cord
1	CMU200	R&S	CMU200	N/A	N/A

1.3. Configuration of Tested System



1.4. EUT Exercise Software

1	Setup the EUT and simulators as shown on above.
2	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3	EUT Communicate with CMU200, then select channel to test.

2. Technical Test

2.1. Summary of Test Result

- No deviations from the test standards
- Deviations from the test standards as below description:

For GSM850 (FCC Part 22H & Part 2)

Emission			
Performed Item	Normative References	Test Performed	Deviation
Peak Output Power	FCC Part 22.913(a)(2) and Part 2.1046	Yes	No
Modulation Characteristic	FCC Part 2.1047(d)	Yes	No
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC Part 2.1049	Yes	No
Spurious Emission At Antenna Terminals (+/- 1MHz)	FCC Part 22.917(a) and Part 2.1049	Yes	No
Spurious Emission	FCC Part 22.917(b) and Part 2.1051, 2.1053	Yes	No
Frequency Stability Under Temperature & Voltage Variations	FCC Part 22.355 and 2.1055	Yes	No

For PCS1900 (FCC Part 24E & Part 2)

Emission			
Performed Item	Normative References	Test Performed	Deviation
Peak Output Power	FCC Part 24.232(b) and Part 2.1046	Yes	No
Modulation Characteristic	FCC Part 2.1047(d)	Yes	No
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC Part 24.238(b) and Part 2.1049	Yes	No
Spurious Emission At Antenna Terminals (+/- 1MHz)	FCC Part 24.238(a) and Part 2.1049	Yes	No
Spurious Emission	FCC Part 24.238(b) and Part 2.1051, 2.1053	Yes	No
Frequency Stability Under Temperature & Voltage Variations	FCC Part 24.235 and 2.1055	Yes	No

2.2. Test Environment

Items	Required (IEC 68-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	23
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	52
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	950-1000

3. Peak Output Power

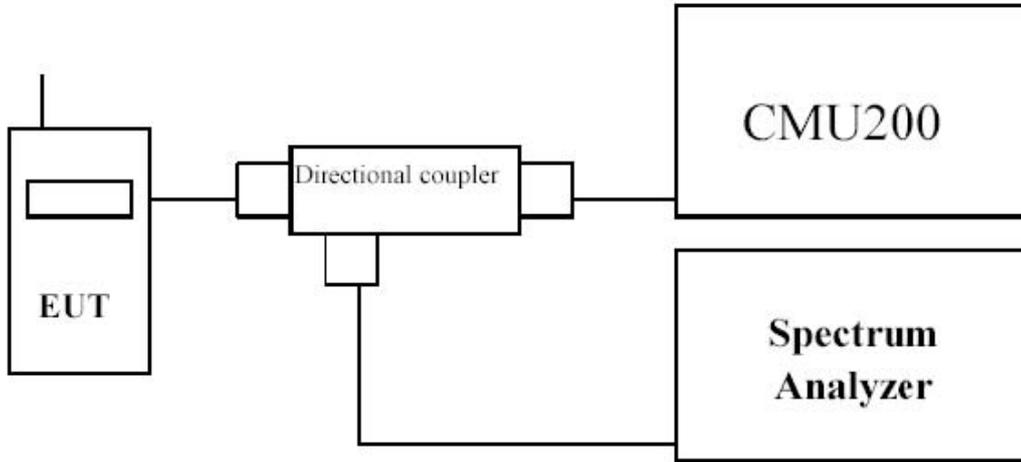
3.1. Test Equipment

Peak Output Power / AC-5

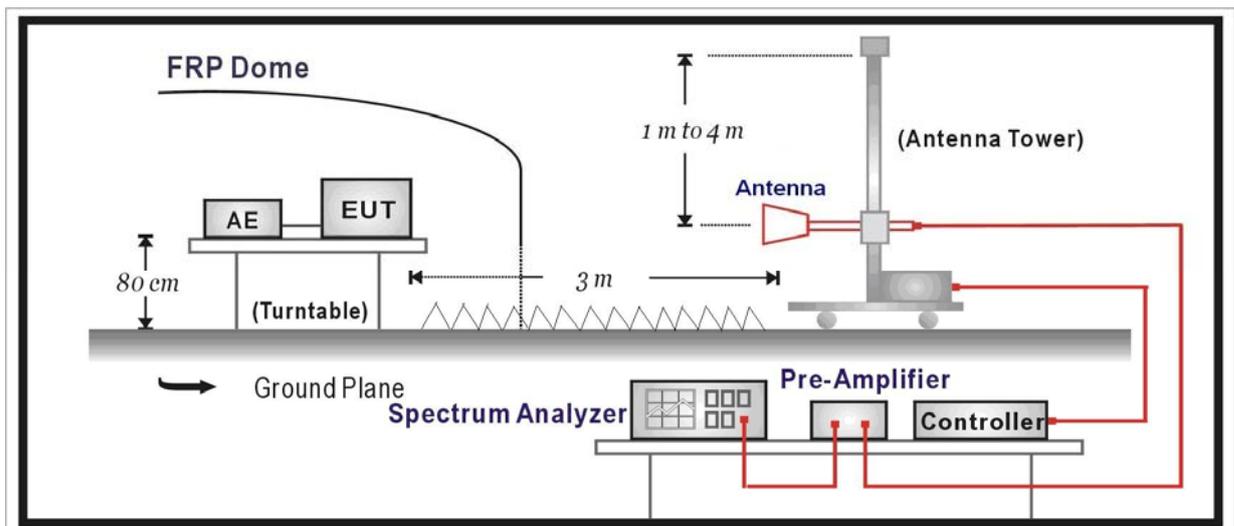
Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Date
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY49420184	2010.04.10
Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2010.07.12
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	2010.04.20
10dB Coaxial Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300299	2010.04.20
PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY44321116	2010.04.23
Preamplifier	QuieTek	AP-025C	CHM-0503006	2010.05.05
Preamplifier	Miteq	NSP1800-25	1364185	2010.05.05
Bilog Antenna	Teseq GmbH	CBL6112D	27612	2009.11.12
Half Wave Tuned Dipole Antenna	COM-POWER	AD-100	40137	2009.11.24
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	737	2009.11.24
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	499	2010.06.11
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Zhicheng	ZC1-2	AC5-TH	2010.01.14

3.2. Test Setup

Conducted Power Measurement:



Radiated Power Measurement:



3.3. Limit

For FCC Part 22.913(a)(2):

The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts.

For FCC Part 24.232(b):

The EIRP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 2 Watts.

3.4. Test Procedure

Conducted Power Measurement:

- a) Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.

- b) Connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a spectrum analyzer and CMU200 by a Directional Couple.
- c) EUT Communicate with CMU200, then selects a channel for testing.
- d) Add a correction factor to the display of spectrum, and then test.

Radiated Power Measurement:

- e) The EUT shall be placed at the specified height on a support, and in the position closest to normal use as declared by provider.
- f) The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter
- g) The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.
- h) The transmitter shall be switched on and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- i) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- j) The transmitter shall then be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- k) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- l) The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
- m) The transmitter shall be replaced by a substitution antenna.
- n) The substitution antenna shall be orientated for vertical polarization and the length of the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
- o) The substitution antenna shall be connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- p) If necessary, the input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
- q) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
- r) The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, that is equal to the level noted while the transmitter radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
- s) The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna orientated for horizontal polarization.
- t) The measure of the effective radiated power is the larger of the two levels recorded at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.
- u) Test site anechoic chamber refer to ANSI C63.4: 2009.

3.5. Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty is defined as for Conducted Power Measurement ± 1.2 dB, for Radiated Power Measurement ± 3.2 dB

3.6. Test Result

GSM 850

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
128	824.2	GMSK	32.17	25.70	38.50
189	836.4	GMSK	32.25	26.76	38.50
251	848.8	GMSK	32.14	28.23	38.50

PCS1900

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
512	1850.2	GMSK	29.18	23.39	33.00
661	1880.0	GMSK	29.20	26.03	33.00
810	1909.8	GMSK	29.33	25.81	33.00

GPRS 850 (For 1slot)

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
128	824.2	GPRS	32.17	25.38	38.50
189	836.4	GPRS	32.25	26.80	38.50
251	848.8	GPRS	32.15	28.85	38.50

GPRS 1900 (For 1slot)

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
512	1850.2	GPRS	29.18	25.29	33.00
661	1880.0	GPRS	29.21	26.69	33.00
810	1909.8	GPRS	29.34	27.00	33.00

Note: All conducted measurements are based on a peak detector.

Radiated Measurement

GSM850

Frequency (MHz)	SA Reading (dBm)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel 128 (824.20MHz)								
824.20	0.67	H	14.59	1.76	-0.02	12.81	38.50	-25.69
824.20	14.52	V	27.48	1.76	-0.02	25.70	38.50	-12.80
Middle Channel 189 (836.40MHz)								
836.40	3.12	H	17.02	1.75	0.10	15.27	38.50	-23.23
836.40	15.36	V	28.51	1.75	0.10	26.76	38.50	-11.74
High Channel 251 (848.80MHz)								
848.80	2.20	H	16.15	1.78	0.13	14.37	38.50	-24.13
848.80	16.60	V	30.01	1.78	0.13	28.23	38.50	-10.27

PCS1900

Frequency (MHz)	SA Reading (dBm)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel 512 (1850.20MHz)								
1850.20	29.56	H	14.06	2.68	10.40	21.78	33.00	-11.22
1850.20	31.27	V	15.67	2.68	10.40	23.39	33.00	-9.61
Middle Channel 661 (1880.00MHz)								
1880.00	31.12	H	15.62	2.68	10.43	23.37	33.00	-9.63
1880.00	33.85	V	18.28	2.68	10.43	26.03	33.00	-6.97
High Channel 810 (1909.80MHz)								
1909.80	31.37	H	15.90	2.70	10.44	23.64	33.00	-9.36
1909.80	33.61	V	18.07	2.70	10.44	25.81	33.00	-7.19

GPRS850

Frequency (MHz)	SA Reading (dBm)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBd)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel 128 (824.20MHz)								
824.20	2.02	H	15.94	1.76	-0.02	14.16	38.50	-24.34
824.20	14.19	V	27.16	1.76	-0.02	25.38	38.50	-13.12
Middle Channel 189 (836.40MHz)								
836.40	3.20	H	17.01	1.75	0.10	15.36	38.50	-23.14
836.40	15.40	V	28.45	1.75	0.10	26.80	38.50	-11.70
High Channel 251 (848.80MHz)								
848.80	3.75	H	17.57	1.78	0.13	15.92	38.50	-22.58
848.80	17.22	V	30.50	1.78	0.13	28.85	38.50	-9.65

GPRS1900

Frequency (MHz)	SA Reading (dBm)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel 512 (1850.20MHz)								
1850.20	30.71	H	15.21	2.68	10.40	22.93	33.00	-10.07
1850.20	33.17	V	17.57	2.68	10.40	25.29	33.00	-7.71
Middle Channel 661 (1880.00MHz)								
1880.00	31.75	H	17.36	2.68	10.43	24.00	33.00	-9.00
1880.00	34.51	V	20.04	2.68	10.43	26.69	33.00	-6.31
High Channel 810 (1909.80MHz)								
1909.80	32.47	H	16.99	2.70	10.44	24.73	33.00	-8.27
1909.80	34.80	V	19.26	2.70	10.44	27.00	33.00	-6.00

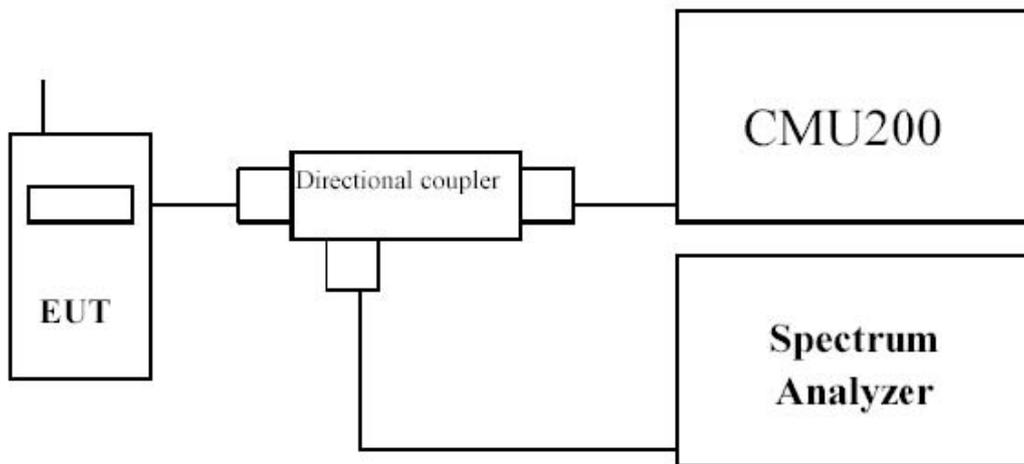
4. Modulation Characteristic

4.1. Test Equipment

Modulation Characteristic / AC-6

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Date
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY49420184	2010.04.10
Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2010.07.12
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	2010.04.20
10dB Coaxial Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300299	2010.04.20
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Zhicheng	ZC1-2	AC6-TH	2010.01.14

4.2. Test Setup



4.3. Limit

N/A

4.4. Test Procedure

GMSK is a form of binary signaling schemes which represent digital states as a shift between discrete sinusoidal frequencies called Frequency Shift Keying (FSK). Minimum Shift Keying (MSK) is continuous phase FSK with the smallest possible modulation index h . Modulation index is defined as: $h = 2 \cdot F \cdot T_b$

where F = Peak frequency deviation in Hz and T_b = Bit period in seconds

Two discrete frequencies, representing two distinct digital states, with equal phases at switch time $t = 0$ requires a minimum value of $h = 0.5$. The Gaussian part of GMSK describes the fact that the digital pulses are filtered in the time domain. This results in bits which are sinusoidal rather than square. The effective spectrum is then compressed with the average carrier frequency in the center of the passband. This is a great advantage because of the significantly reduced bandwidth. GMSK is utilized because of these bandwidth conservation properties.

The bandwidth for GSM is a 60 MHz up-link at 1850-1910 MHz and down-link at 1930-1990 MHz. The 65 MHz is divided into 299 channels, each of which is 200 kHz wide. Slight spectral spillage is allowed into neighboring channels (which is minimized by GMSK). This separated transmit/receive frequencies scheme under GSM enables easier duplex filtering.

Within the bandwidth, individual channels are subdivided into multiframes (made of 26 frames), frames (made of 8 time slots), and time slots (made of 8 fields). The time slots are 0.57 ms long allowing 156.25 bits of information including overhead.

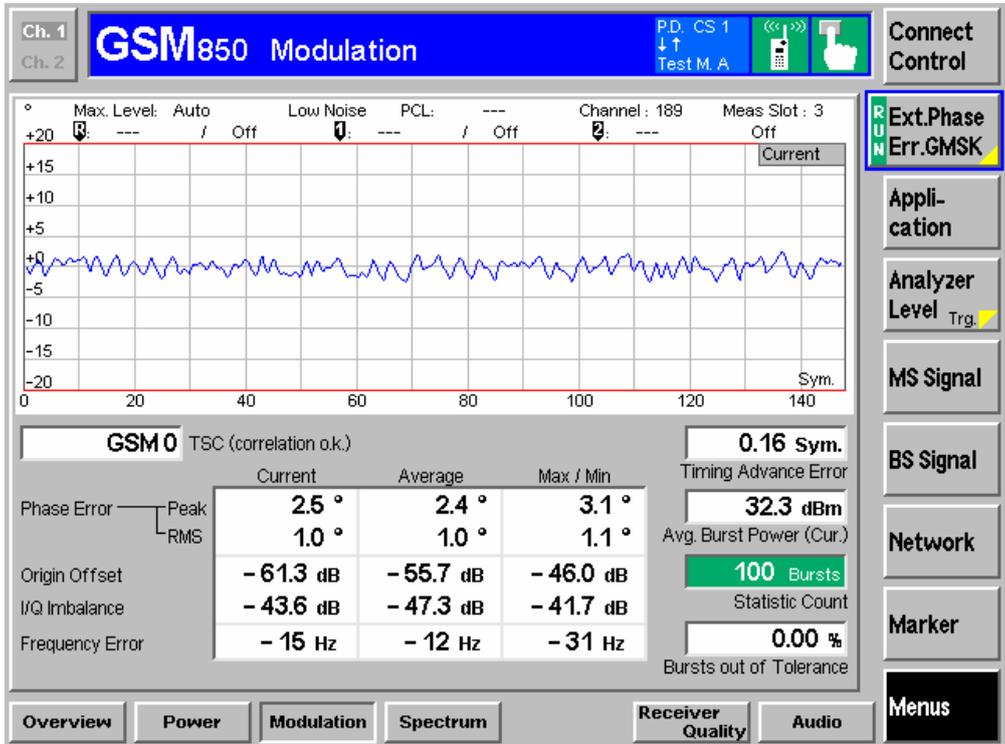
The modulation used in GPRS is the same used in GSM. A GSM channel contains eight timeslots, each timeslot is dedicated to one circuit switched call. For GPRS the timeslots are assigned on an as needed basis, and more than one timeslot can be assigned for a particular transmission depending on the network and the device.

4.5. Uncertainty

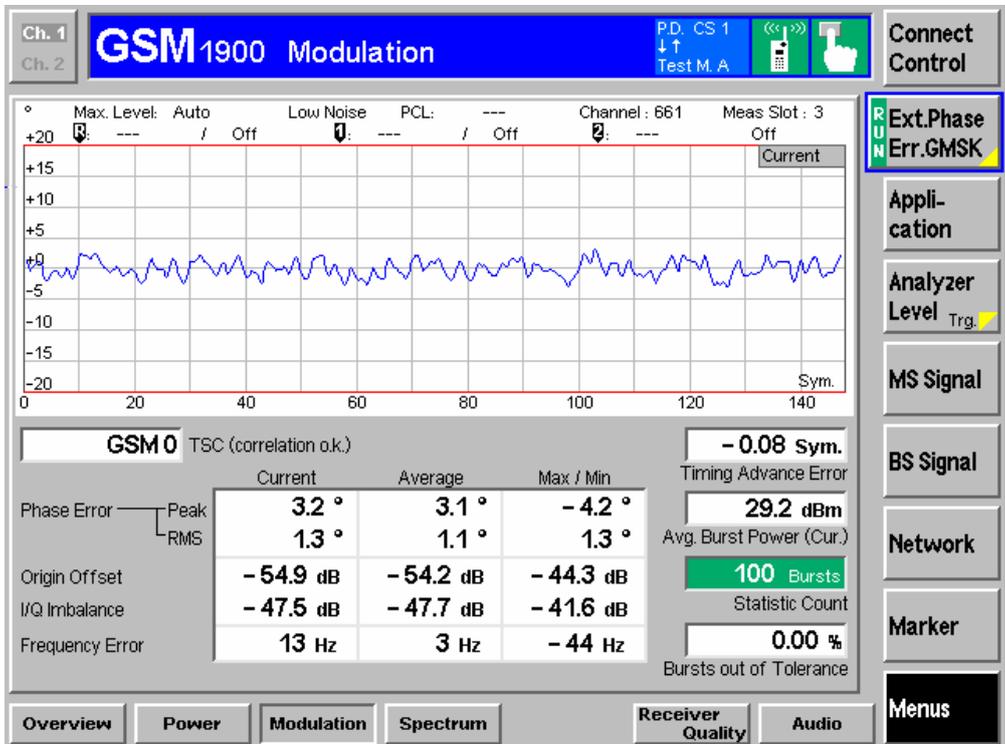
The measurement uncertainty is defined as 0.1%

4.6. Test Result

GPRS 850



GPRS 1900



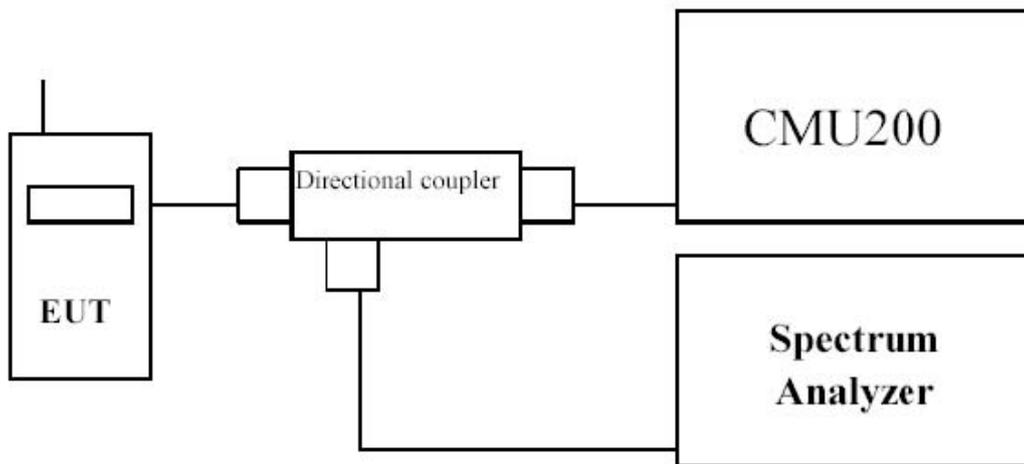
5. Occupied Bandwidth

5.1. Test Equipment

Occupied Bandwidth / AC-6

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Date
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY49420184	2010.04.10
Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2010.07.12
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	2010.04.20
10dB Coaxial Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300299	2010.04.20
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Zhicheng	ZC1-2	AC6-TH	2010.01.14

5.2. Test Setup



5.3. Limit

N/A

5.4. Test Procedure

Using Occupied Bandwidth measurement function of spectrum analyzer, and setting as follows:

For GPRS/EDGE 850/1900 test --- RBW = 3 kHz and VBW = 10 kHz

5.5. Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty is defined as ± 10 Hz

5.6. Test Result

Product	GSM Mobile Phone		
Test Item	Occupied Bandwidth		
Test Mode	Mode 1: GPRS850 Link		
Date of Test	2010/07/28	Test Site	AC-6

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	-26dB Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)
128	824.20	312.07	246.96
189	836.40	317.09	248.95
251	848.80	316.36	249.31

Figure Channel 128 (824.20MHz)

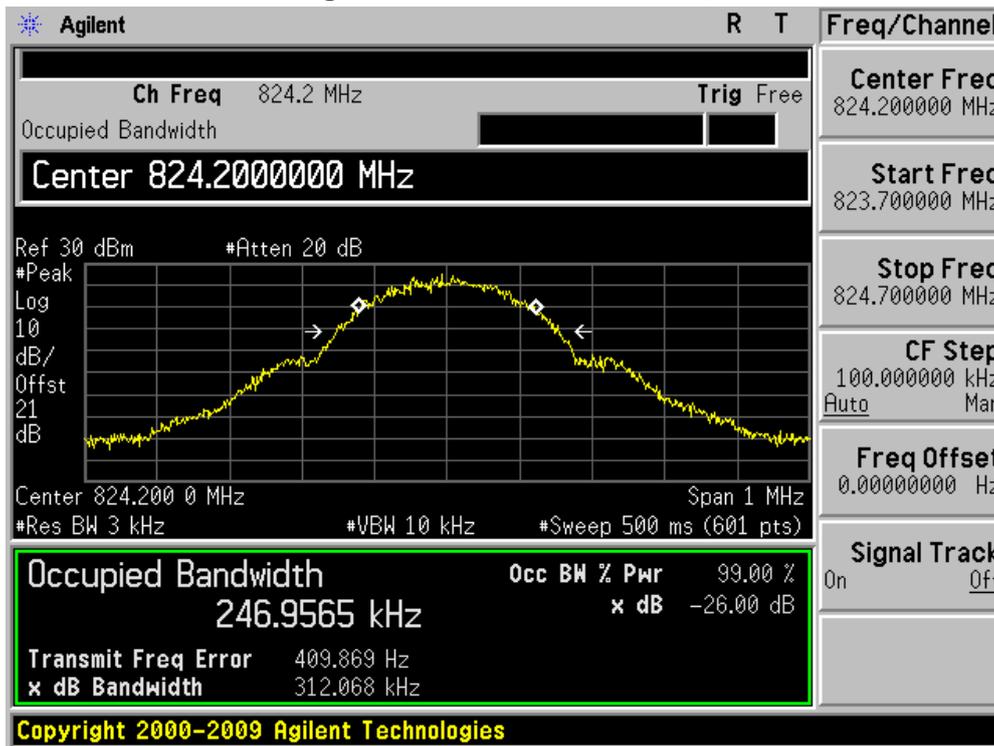
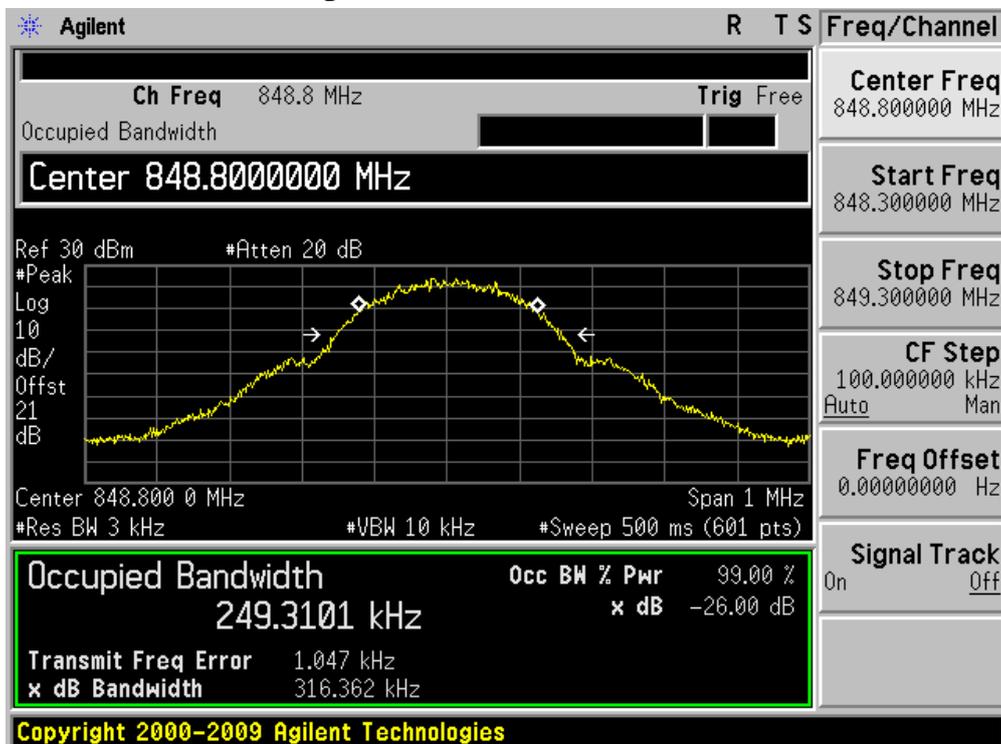


Figure Channel 189 (836.40MHz)



Figure Channel 251 (848.80MHz)



Product	GSM Mobile Phone		
Test Item	Occupied Bandwidth		
Test Mode	Mode 2: GPRS1900 Link		
Date of Test	2010/07/28	Test Site	AC-6

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	-26dB Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)
512	1850.20	319.32	247.30
661	1880.00	314.48	246.18
810	1909.80	321.15	247.82

Figure Channel 512 (1850.20MHz)

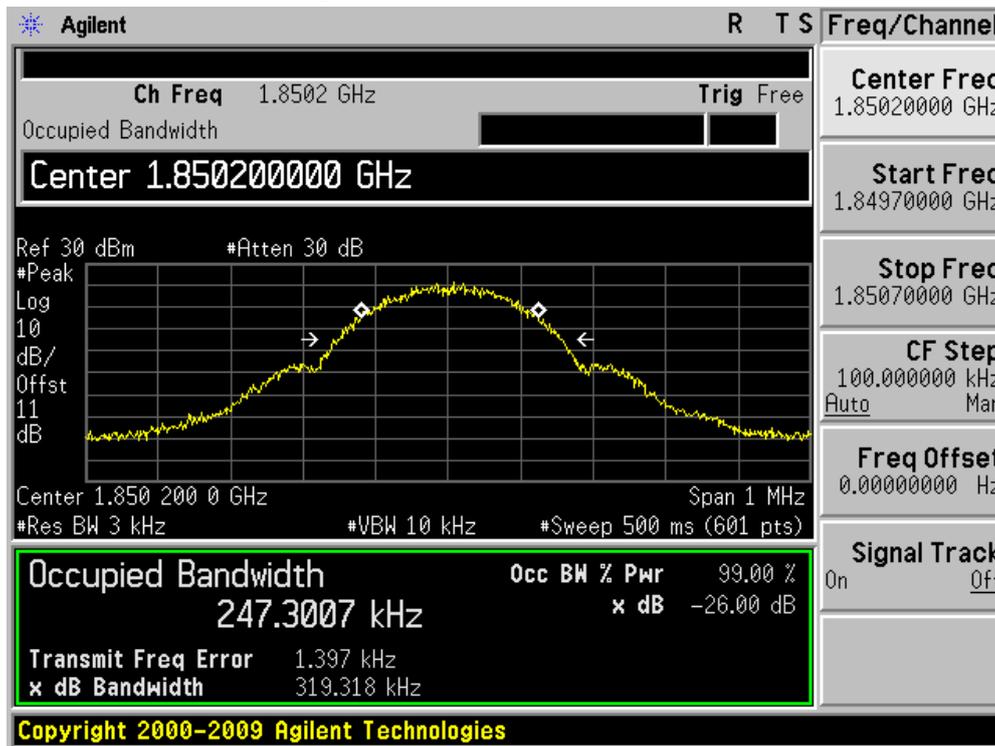


Figure Channel 661 (1880.00MHz)

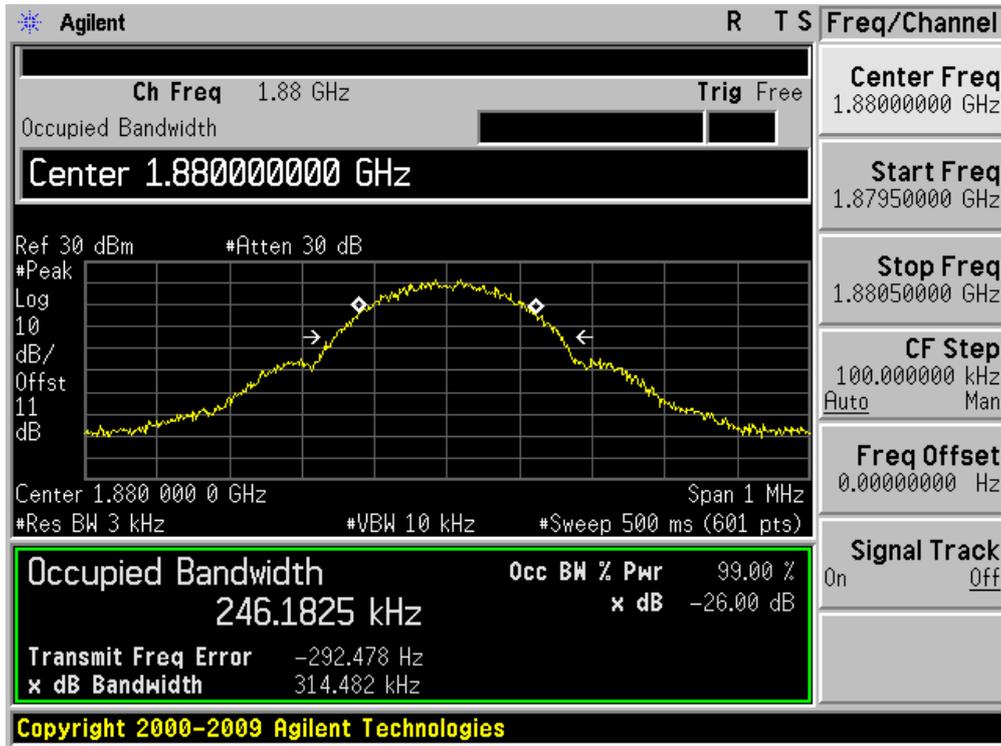
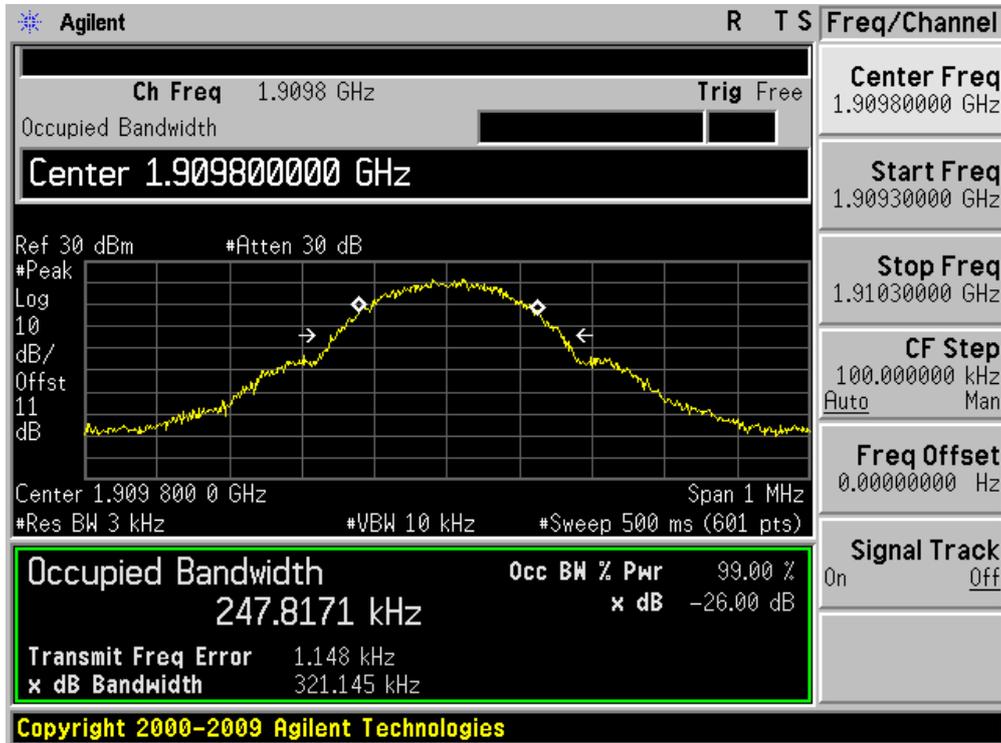


Figure Channel 810 (1909.80MHz)



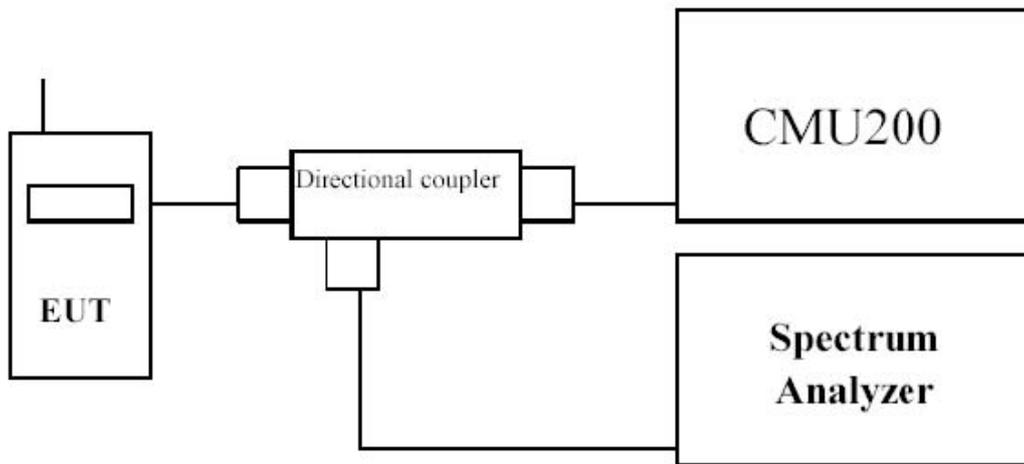
6. Spurious Emission At Antenna Terminals (+/- 1MHz)

6.1. Test Equipment

Spurious Emission At Antenna Terminals (+/- 1MHz) / AC-6

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Date
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY49420184	2010.04.10
Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2010.07.12
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	2010.04.20
10dB Coaxial Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300299	2010.04.20
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Zhicheng	ZC1-2	AC6-TH	2010.01.14

6.2. Test Setup



6.3. Limit

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB.

6.4. Test Procedure

In the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed to measure the out of band Emissions.

6.5. Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty is defined as ± 1.2 dB.

6.6. Test Result

Product	GSM Mobile Phone		
Test Item	Spurious Emission At Antenna Terminals (+/- 1MHz)		
Test Mode	Mode 1: GPRS850 Link		
Date of Test	2010/07/28	Test Site	AC-6

Figure Channel 128 (824.20MHz)

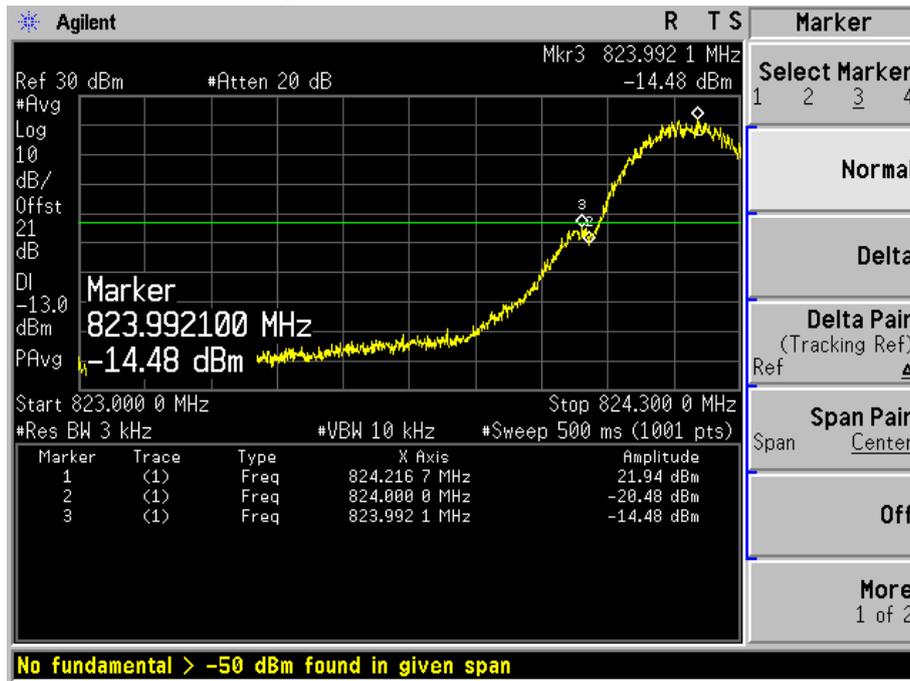
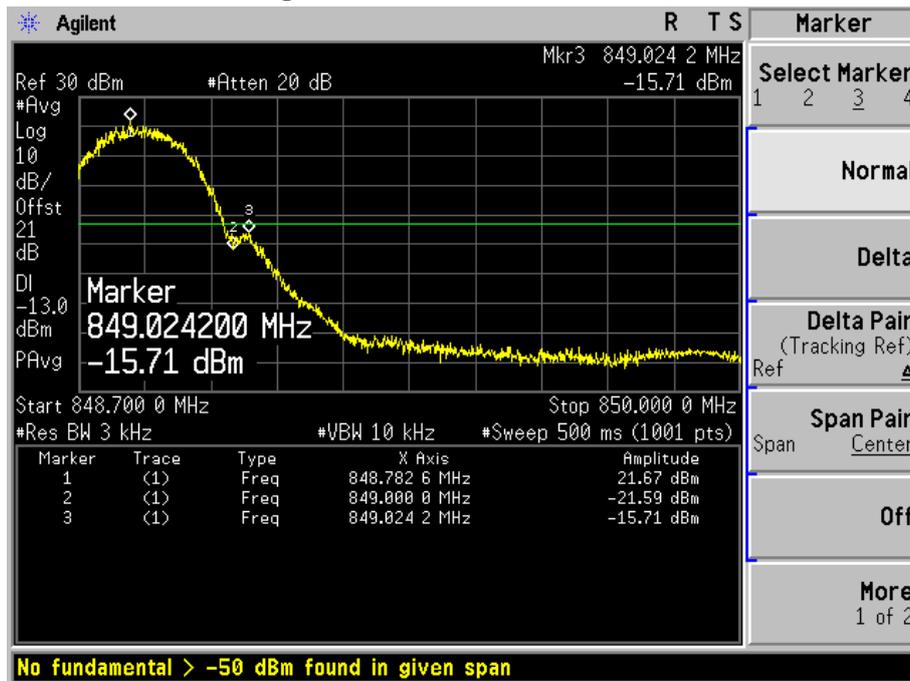


Figure Channel 251 (848.80MHz)



Product	GSM Mobile Phone		
Test Item	Spurious Emission At Antenna Terminals (+/- 1MHz)		
Test Mode	Mode 2: GPRS1900 Link		
Date of Test	2010/07/28	Test Site	AC-6

Figure Channel 512 (1850.20MHz)

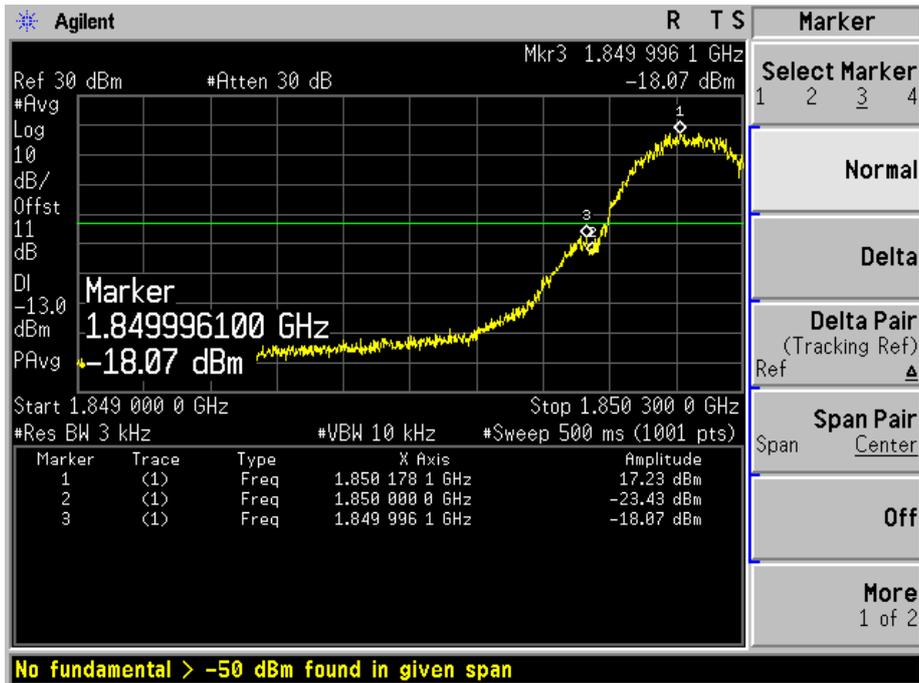
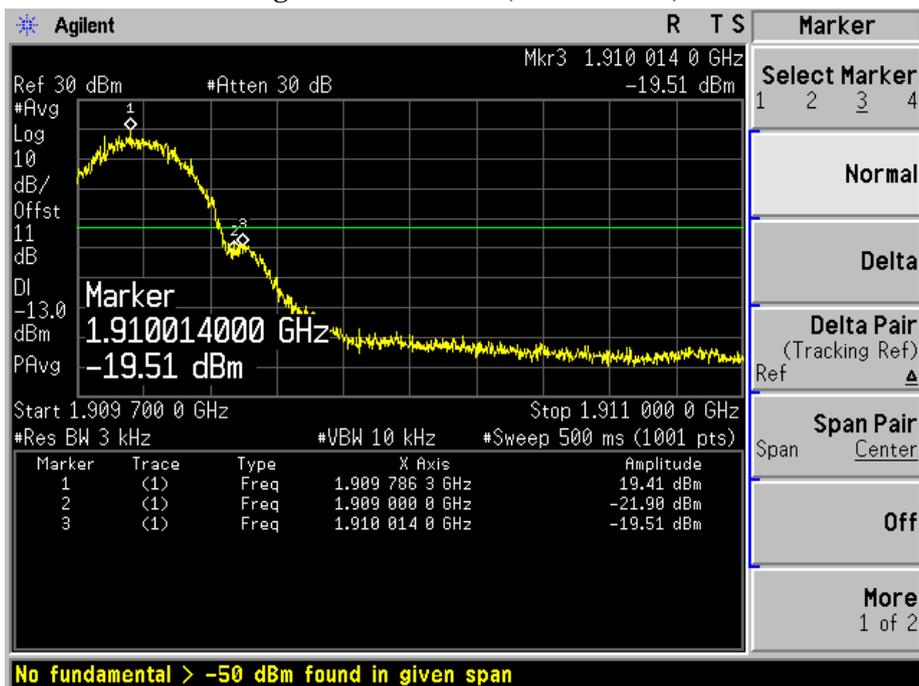


Figure Channel 810 (1909.80MHz)



7. Spurious Emission

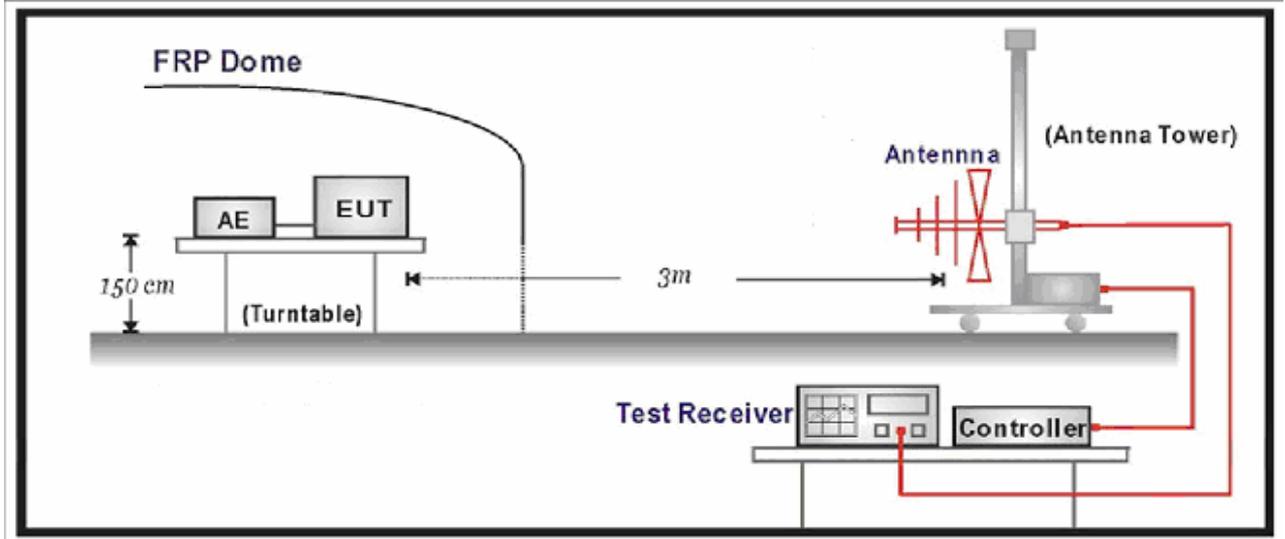
7.1. Test Equipment

Spurious Emission / AC-5

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Date
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY49420184	2010.04.10
Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2010.07.12
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	2010.04.20
10dB Coaxial Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300299	2010.04.20
PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY44321116	2010.04.23
Preamplifier	QuieTek	AP-025C	CHM-0503006	2010.05.05
Preamplifier	Miteq	NSP1800-25	1364185	2010.05.05
Bilog Antenna	Teseq GmbH	CBL6112D	27612	2009.11.12
Half Wave Tuned Dipole Antenna	COM-POWER	AD-100	40137	2009.11.24
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	737	2009.11.24
Broad-Band Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	499	2010.06.11
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Zhicheng	ZC1-2	AC5-TH	2010.01.14

7.2. Test Setup

Radiated Spurious Measurement:



7.3. Limit

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10\log(P)$ dB.

7.4. Test Procedure

Conducted Spurious Measurement:

- a) Place the EUT on a bench and set it in transmitting mode.
- b) Connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a spectrum analyzer and CMU200 by a Directional Couple.
- c) EUT Communicate with CMU200, then select a channel for testing.
- d) Add a correction factor to the display of spectrum, and then test.
- e) The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 1 MHz, sufficient scans were taken to show the out of band Emission if any up to 10th harmonic.

Radiated Spurious Measurement:

- a) The EUT shall be placed at the specified height on a support, and in the position closest to normal use as declared by provider.

- b) The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization and shall be chosen to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter
- c) The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver.
- d) The transmitter shall be switched on and the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
- e) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- f) The transmitter shall then be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- g) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until a maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
- v) The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
- h) The transmitter shall be replaced by a substitution antenna.
- i) The substitution antenna shall be orientated for vertical polarization and the length of the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to correspond to the frequency of the transmitter.
- j) The substitution antenna shall be connected to a calibrated signal generator.
- k) If necessary, the input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
- l) The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
- m) The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, that is equal to the level noted while the transmitter radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
- n) The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna orientated for horizontal polarization.
- o) The measure of the effective radiated power is the larger of the two levels recorded at the input to the substitution antenna, corrected for gain of the substitution antenna if necessary.
- p) The frequency range was checked up to 10th harmonic.
- q) Test site anechoic chamber refer to ANSI C63.4: 2009

7.5. Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty is defined as 3.2 dB for Radiated Power Measurement.

7.6. Test Result

GPRS850

Frequency (MHz)	SA Reading (dBm)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel 128 (824.20MHz)								
1648.40	-32.12	V	-50.95	2.50	9.75	-43.70	-13.00	-30.70
2472.60	-46.24	V	-61.27	3.12	10.48	-53.91	-13.00	-40.91
1648.40	-44.50	H	-62.76	2.50	9.75	-55.51	-13.00	-42.51
2472.60	-41.86	H	-56.81	3.12	10.48	-49.45	-13.00	-36.45
Middle Channel 189 (836.40MHz)								
1672.80	-38.28	V	-57.05	2.52	9.95	-49.62	-13.00	-36.62
2509.20	-46.25	V	-61.35	3.18	10.62	-53.91	-13.00	-40.91
1672.80	-46.24	H	-61.35	2.52	9.95	-53.92	-13.00	-40.92
2509.20	-43.75	H	-58.77	3.18	10.62	-51.33	-13.00	-38.33
High Channel 251 (848.80MHz)								
1697.60	-41.01	V	-59.63	2.54	10.06	-52.11	-13.00	-39.11
2546.40	-44.88	V	-60.10	3.14	10.68	-52.56	-13.00	-39.56
1697.60	-44.50	H	-63.03	2.54	10.06	-55.51	-13.00	-42.51
2546.40	-44.22	H	-59.29	3.14	10.68	-51.75	-13.00	-38.75

GPRS1900

Frequency (MHz)	SA Reading (dBm)	Ant.Pol. (H/V)	SG Reading (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low Channel 512 (1850.20MHz)								
3700.40	-40.30	V	-54.20	3.84	12.69	-45.35	-13.00	-32.35
5550.60	-43.26	V	-52.10	4.82	13.15	-43.77	-13.00	-30.77
3700.40	-36.71	H	-50.19	3.84	12.69	-41.34	-13.00	-28.34
5550.60	-40.34	H	-49.25	4.82	13.15	-40.92	-13.00	-27.92
Middle Channel 661 (1880.00MHz)								
3760.00	-34.89	V	-48.11	3.73	12.72	-39.12	-13.00	-26.12
5640.00	-42.77	V	-51.34	4.93	13.14	-43.13	-13.00	-30.13
3760.00	-34.66	H	-47.94	3.73	12.72	-38.95	-13.00	-25.95
5640.00	-39.39	H	-48.10	4.93	13.14	-39.89	-13.00	-26.89
High Channel 810 (1909.80MHz)								
3819.60	-37.88	V	-50.35	4.02	12.73	-41.64	-13.00	-28.64
5729.40	-43.34	V	-52.08	4.87	13.11	-43.84	-13.00	-30.84
3819.60	-36.24	H	-49.09	4.02	12.73	-40.38	-13.00	-27.38
5729.40	-43.34	H	-52.06	4.87	13.11	-43.82	-13.00	-30.82

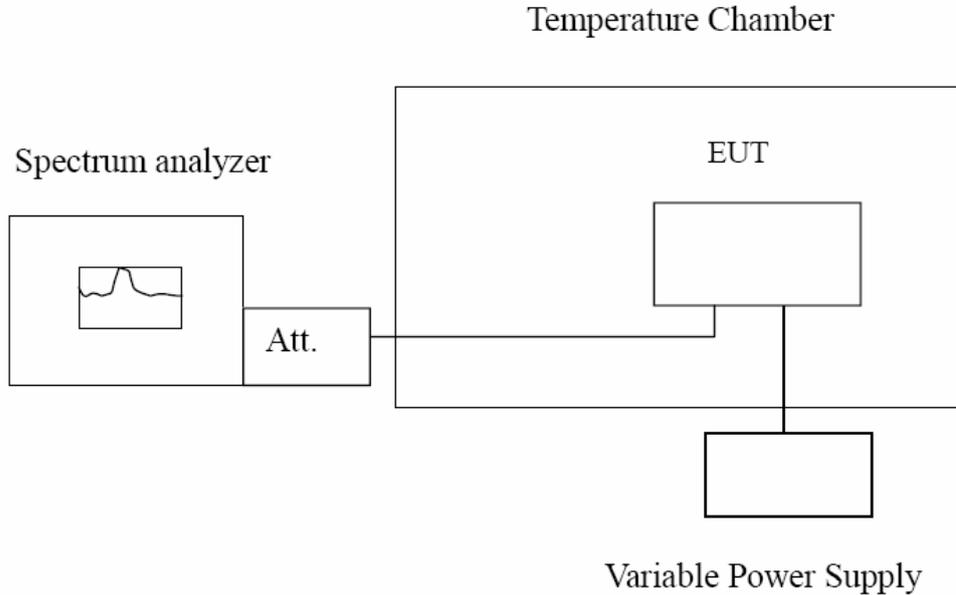
8. Frequency Stability Under Temperature & Voltage Variations

8.1. Test Equipment

Frequency Stability Under Temperature & Voltage Variations / AC-6

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Date
PSA Series Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY49420184	2010.04.10
Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2010.07.12
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	2010.04.20
10dB Coaxial Coupler	Agilent	87300C	MY44300299	2010.04.20
DC Power Supply	IDRC	CD-035-020PR	977272	2009.10.21
Temperature & Humidity Chamber	Gaoyu	TH-1P-B	WIT-05121302	2010.01.19
Temperature/Humidity Meter	Zhicheng	ZC1-2	AC6-TH	2010.01.14

8.2. Test Setup



8.3. Limit

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

Limit	$< \pm 2.5 \text{ ppm}$
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8.4. Test Procedure

Frequency Stability Under Temperature Variations:

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 20°C operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -30°C. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10°C increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50°C reached.

Frequency Stability Under Voltage Variations:

Set chamber temperature to 20°C. Use a variable AC power supply / DC power source to power the EUT and set the voltage to rated voltage. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and recorded the frequency. Reduce the input voltage to specify extreme voltage variation ($\pm 15\%$) and endpoint, record the maximum frequency change.

8.5. Uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty is defined as $\pm 10 \text{ Hz}$.

8.6. Test Result

Product	GSM Mobile Phone		
Test Item	Frequency Stability Under Temperature & Voltage Variations		
Test Mode	Mode 1: GPRS850		
Date of Test	2010/07/28	Test Site	AC-6

Frequency Stability Under Temperature

Temperature Interval (°C)	Test Frequency (MHz)	Deviation (Hz)	Limit (kHz)
-30	836.40	-43	± 2091
-20	836.40	-33	± 2091
-10	836.40	-22	± 2091
0	836.40	-19	± 2091
10	836.40	-20	± 2091
20	836.40	-19	± 2091
30	836.40	-18	± 2091
40	836.40	-26	± 2091
50	836.40	-31	± 2091

Frequency Stability Under Voltage

DC Voltage (V)	Test Frequency (MHz)	Deviation (Hz)	Limit (KHz)
3.60	836.40	-41	± 2091
3.70	836.40	-16	± 2091
4.20	836.40	-30	± 2091

Product	GSM Mobile Phone		
Test Item	Frequency Stability Under Temperature & Voltage Variations		
Test Mode	Mode 2: GPRS1900		
Date of Test	2010/07/28	Test Site	AC-6

Frequency Stability Under Temperature

Temperature Interval (°C)	Test Frequency (MHz)	Deviation (Hz)	Limit (Hz)
-30	1880.00	-62	± 4700
-20	1880.00	-52	± 4700
-10	1880.00	-48	± 4700
0	1880.00	-45	± 4700
10	1880.00	-33	± 4700
20	1880.00	-25	± 4700
30	1880.00	-31	± 4700
40	1880.00	-38	± 4700
50	1880.00	-46	± 4700

Frequency Stability Under Voltage

DC Voltage (V)	Test Frequency (MHz)	Deviation (Hz)	Limit (KHz)
3.60	1880.00	-66	± 4700
3.70	1880.00	-42	± 4700
4.20	1880.00	-65	± 4700