

SAR Test Report

Product Name : GSM Mobile Phone

Model No. : HUAWEI G3610

FCC ID : QISG3610

Applicant : HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

Address : Administration Building, Huawei Base, Bantian,
Longgang District, Shenzhen 518129

Date of Receipt : 22. Jul, 2010

Date of Test : 22. Jul, 2010 ~ 01. Aug, 2010

Issued Date : 02. Aug, 2010

Report No. : 107S046R-HPUS-P03V01

Report Version : V1.2

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 02.Aug, 2010

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Product Name : GSM Mobile Phone
Applicant : HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.
Address : Administration Building, Huawei Base, Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen 518129
Manufacturer : HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.
Address : Administration Building, Huawei Base, Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen 518129
FCC ID : QISG3610
Model No. : HUAWEI G3610
Trade Name : HUAWEI
EUT Voltage : DC 3.6-4.2V
Applicable Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001
: IEEE Std. 1528-2003,47CFR § 2.1093
Test Result : Max. SAR Measurement (1g)
Head: 1.00 W/kg
Body: 1.07 W/kg
Performed Location : SuZhou EMC laboratory
No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng
Hi-Tech Development Zone., SuZhou, China
TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098
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Laboratory Information

We , **Quietek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited by the following accreditation Bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and Guide 25:

Taiwan R.O.C.	: BSMI, NCC, TAF
Germany	: TÜV Rheinland
Norway	: Nemko, DNV
USA	: FCC, NVLAP
Japan	: VCCI

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from Quietek Corporation’s Web Site : <http://tw.quietek.com/modules/myalbum/>
 The address and introduction of Quietek Corporation’s laboratories can be founded in our Web site : <http://www.quietek.com/>
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1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	GSM Mobile Phone
FCC ID	QISG3610
Trade Name	HUAWEI
Model No.	HUAWEI G3610
IMEI 1	353985040000098
IMEI 2	353985040000353
Tx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 824~849MHz PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Rx Frequency Range	GSM 850: 869~894MHz PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Antenna Type	Internal
GPRS Class	Class 10
Type of Modulation	GSMK
Device Category	Portable
Peak Antenna Gain	0.3dBi for 820~915MHz 0.8dBi for 1710~1910MHz
Max. Output Power (Conducted)	GSM850: 32.25 PCS1900: 29.33
Max. Output Power (Radiated)	GSM850: 28.85 - ERP PCS1900: 27.00 - EIRP

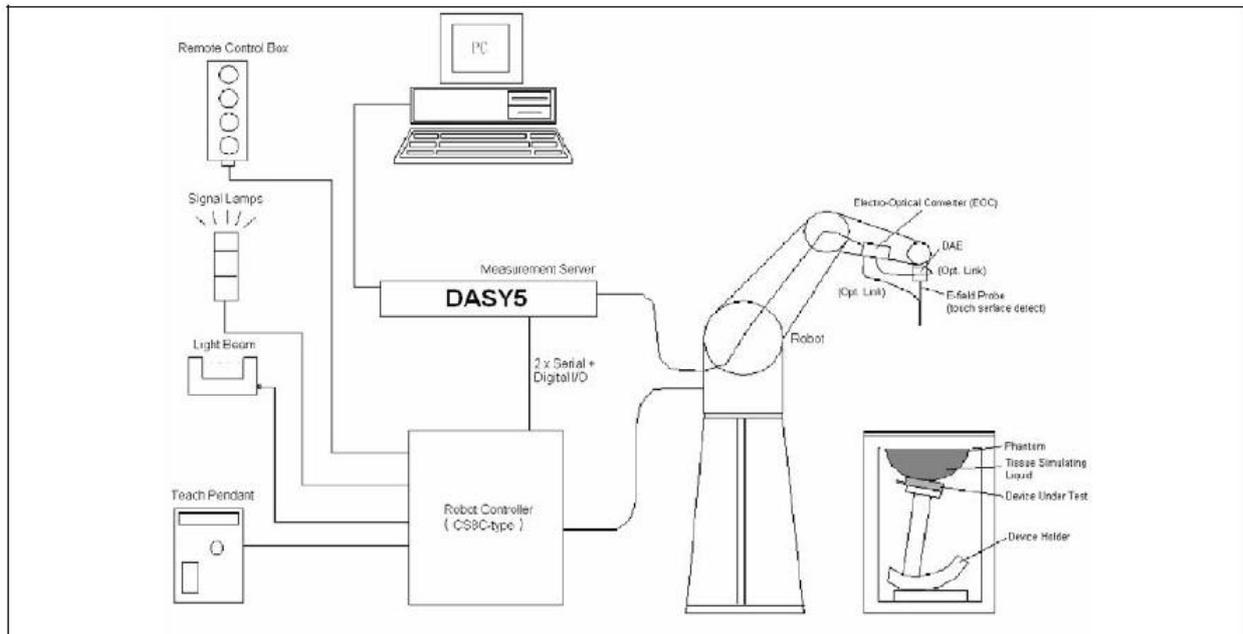
1.2. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.3± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi \sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{2 \cdot 5a} \right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}} \frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} \right) \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi y'}{2 \cdot 3a} \right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT (% Weight)	835MHz Head	835MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body
Water	40.45	52.4	54.90	40.5
Salt	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50
Sugar	57.6	45.0	0.00	58.0
HEC	0.40	1.00	0.00	0.50
Preventol	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.50
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00

3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	42.54 40.41 to 44.67	0.91 0.86 to 0.96	N/A
	22-Jul-2010	43.00	0.90	21.0

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	N/A
	25-Jul-2010	55.36	1.00	21.0

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	39.9 37.91 to 41.90	1.42 1.35 to 1.49	N/A
	23-Jul-2010	39.44	1.42	21.2

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue Temp. [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [s/m]	
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	N/A
	28-Jul-2010	52.62	1.58	21.2

3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

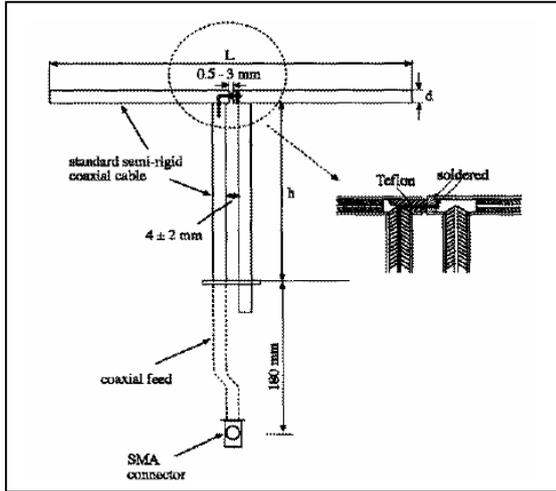
Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	165.0	900	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6

4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz for Head				
Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.70 8.73 to 10.67	6.30 5.67 to 6.93	N/A
	22-Jul-2010	10.04	6.52	21.0
Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.8 35.82 to 43.78	21.1 18.99 to 23.21	N/A
	23-Jul-2010	40.80	20.76	21.0
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				
System Performance Check at 835MHz &1900MHz for Body				
Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.90 8.91 to 10.89	6.53 5.88 to 7.18	N/A
	25-Jun-2010	10.48	6.76	21.0
Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121				
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	41.4 37.26 to 45.54	22.3 20.07 to 24.53	N/A
	28-Jun-2010	39.96	20.40	21.0
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.				

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The ALSAS-10U calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

σ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

ρ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	Mar. 2010	only once
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	Mar. 2010	only once
Dipole Validation Kits	SPEAG	D835V2	4d094	Apr. 2010	Apr. 2012
Dipole Validation Kits	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d121	Apr. 2010	Apr. 2012
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1220	Mar. 2010	Mar. 2011
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	Mar. 2010	Mar. 2011
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	Jul. 2010	Jul. 2011
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	Mar. 2010	Mar. 2011
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	Apr. 2010	Apr. 2011
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	Jan. 2010	Jan. 2011
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	Jan. 2010	Jan. 2011

7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty								
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) V _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±5.5%	N	1	1	1	±5.5%	±5.5%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±10.7%	±10.5%	387
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±21.5%	±21.0%	

8. Conducted Power Measurement

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Path Loss (dB)	Result (dBm)
Maximum Power (SIM 1)				
GSM850	824.2	31.47	0.7	32.17
	836.6	31.55	0.7	32.25
	848.8	31.44	0.7	32.14
PCS1900	1850.2	28.18	1.0	29.18
	1880.0	28.20	1.0	29.20
	1909.8	28.33	1.0	29.33
GPRS850 1slot	824.2	31.47	0.7	32.17
	836.6	31.55	0.7	32.25
	848.8	31.45	0.7	32.15
GPRS850 2slot	824.2	28.83	0.7	29.53
	836.6	29.00	0.7	29.70
	848.8	28.94	0.7	29.64
GPRS1900 1slot	1850.2	28.18	1.0	29.18
	1880.0	28.21	1.0	29.21
	1909.8	28.34	1.0	29.34
GPRS1900 2slot	1850.2	25.40	1.0	26.40
	1880.0	25.42	1.0	26.42
	1909.8	25.60	1.0	26.60
Maximum Power (SIM 2)				
GSM850	836.6	31.46	0.7	32.16
PCS1900	1880.0	28.14	1.0	29.14

Note: All SAR testing was done in SIM 1.

9. Test Results

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

9.1.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528, and Body SAR was performed with the device 15mm from the phantom. Body SAR was also performed with the headset attached and without.

9.1.2. Body SAR without Headset

Testing without the headset was performed at the position and channels that resulted in the highest body SAR. This testing was performed with GPRS transmitting with 2 uplink timeslots. This operation mode represents the maximum SAR situation, when downloading data via GPRS and listening to music by headset. SAR without the headset attached was significantly higher than with the headset, and also was verified several times and confirmed, so the final test data shown were the worst case without headset.

In the Body SAR test result table, body-worn means back of device towards phantom, body-front means LCD panel of device towards phantom.

9.1.3. GPRS Operation Mode

This is a multislot class 10 device capable of 2 uplink timeslots. During the head SAR test, the device was transmitting with 1 uplink timeslot; during the body SAR test, it was transmitting with 2 uplink timeslots. Additionally, this device doesn't support dual transfer mode (DTM).

9.1.4. Referenced Documents

FCC KDB 447498 D01 V04 and KDB 941225 D03 V01

9.1.5. Test Result

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%) : 54			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: GSM Mobile Phone							
Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 1>							
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	32.17	0.109	0.607	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.6	32.25	-0.092	0.780	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	32.14	0.106	1.000	1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.6	32.25	-0.187	0.383	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	32.17	0.055	0.555	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.6	32.25	0.030	0.729	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	32.14	-0.063	0.931	1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.6	32.25	-0.038	0.404	1.6
Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM 2>							
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.6	32.16	-0.125	0.766	1.6

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 54			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: GSM Mobile Phone							
Test Mode: GSM850							
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	32.17	0.046	0.523	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.6	32.25	0.071	0.728	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	32.14	-0.061	0.877	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	189	836.6	32.25	-0.056	0.512	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850 1slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	32.17	-0.067	0.517	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.6	32.25	-0.096	0.701	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	32.15	-0.013	0.850	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS850 2slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	29.53	-0.139	0.634	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.6	29.70	-0.123	0.852	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	29.64	0.032	1.070	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	189	836.6	29.70	-0.095	0.623	1.6
Body-worn (with headset)	Fixed	189	836.6	29.70	-0.186	0.486	1.6

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%): 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			
Product: GSM Mobile Phone							
Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 1>							
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Left-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	29.18	0.183	0.323	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.20	0.090	0.548	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	29.33	0.183	0.609	1.6
Left-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.20	0.190	0.141	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	29.18	0.192	0.273	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.20	0.126	0.452	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	29.33	0.069	0.540	1.6
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.20	-0.169	0.230	1.6
Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM 2>							
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.14	0.066	0.484	1.6

SAR MEASUREMENT							
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 21.5 ±2				Relative Humidity (%) : 52			
Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.0 ±2				Depth of Liquid (cm) : >15			
Product: GSM Mobile Phone							
Test Mode: PCS1900							
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
		Channel	MHz				
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	29.18	-0.062	0.189	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.20	-0.042	0.295	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	29.33	0.002	0.376	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.20	0.049	0.144	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900 1slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	29.18	-0.162	0.230	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	29.21	-0.138	0.350	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	29.34	-0.138	0.409	1.6
Test Mode: GPRS1900 2slot							
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	26.40	-0.053	0.244	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880.0	26.42	-0.016	0.391	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	26.60	0.063	0.516	1.6
Body-front	Fixed	661	1880.0	26.42	-0.062	0.246	1.6
Body-worn (with headset)	Fixed	661	1880.0	26.42	-0.170	0.215	1.6

Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Head 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 835 MHz;Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ;Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

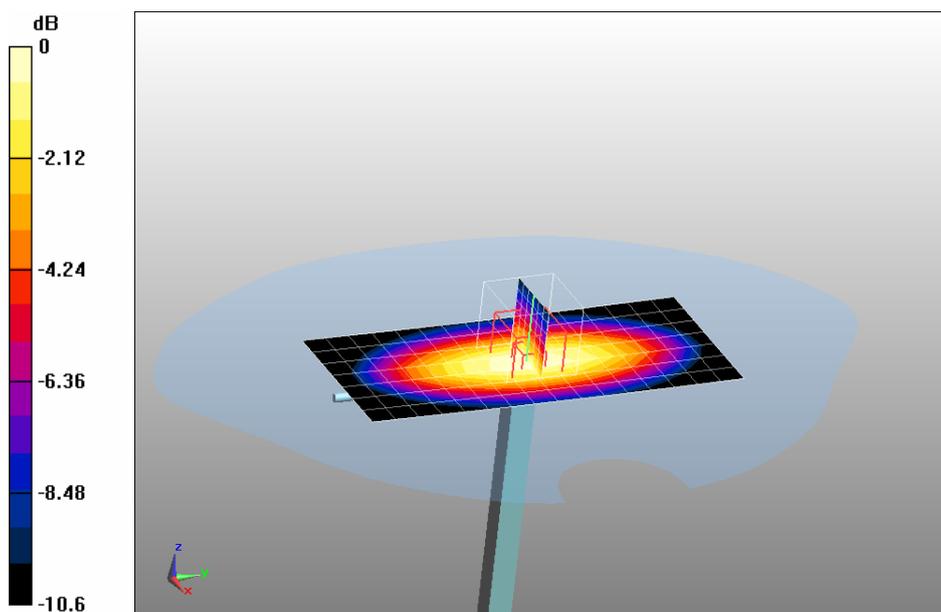
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Area Scan (8x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.61 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.71 mW/g



0 dB = 2.71mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³ ; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

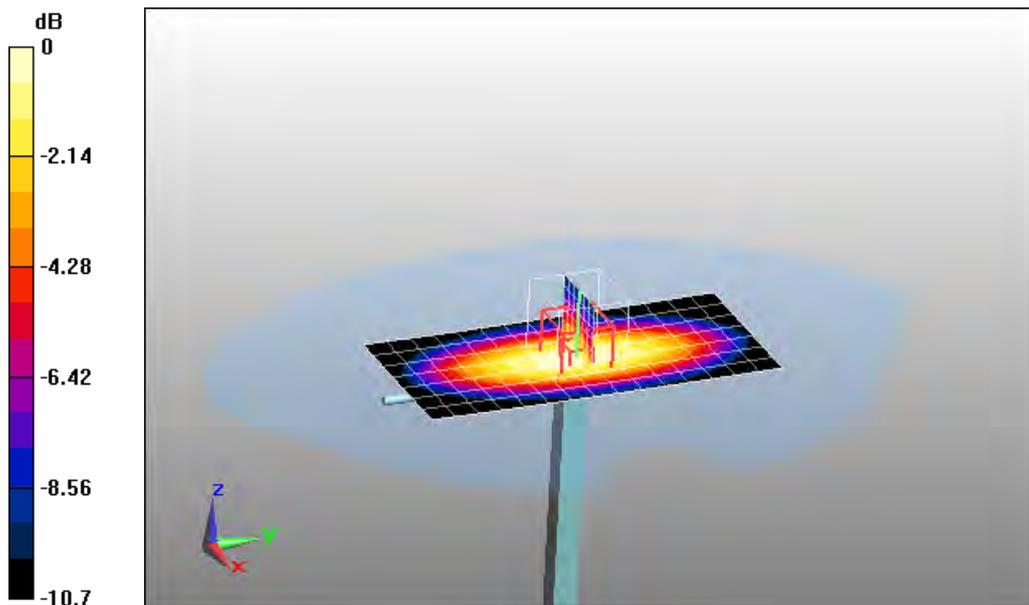
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Area Scan (8x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 mW/g

Configuration/System Check GSM835 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.82 mW/g



0 dB = 2.82mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;
 Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

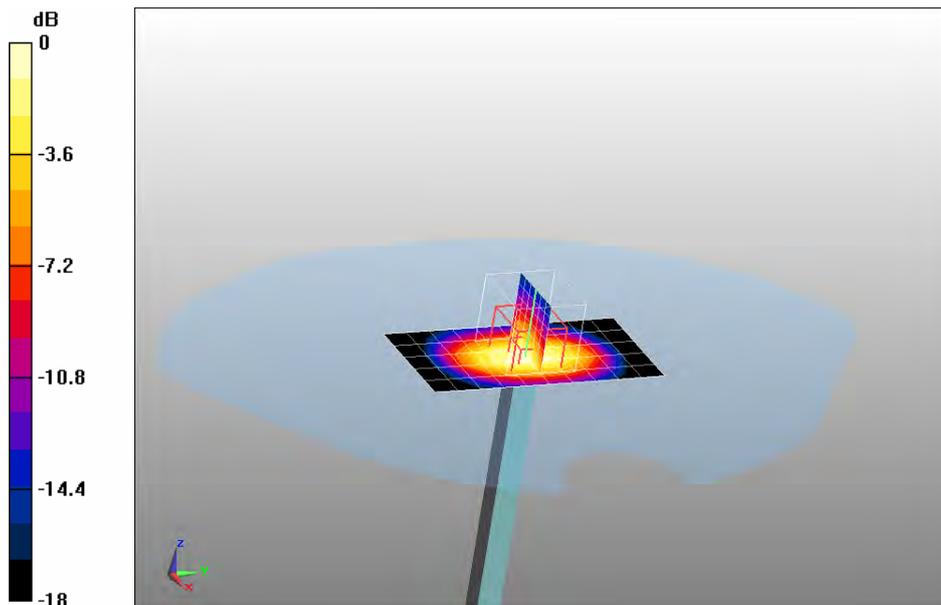
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.4 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 89.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



0 dB = 11.5mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;
 Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

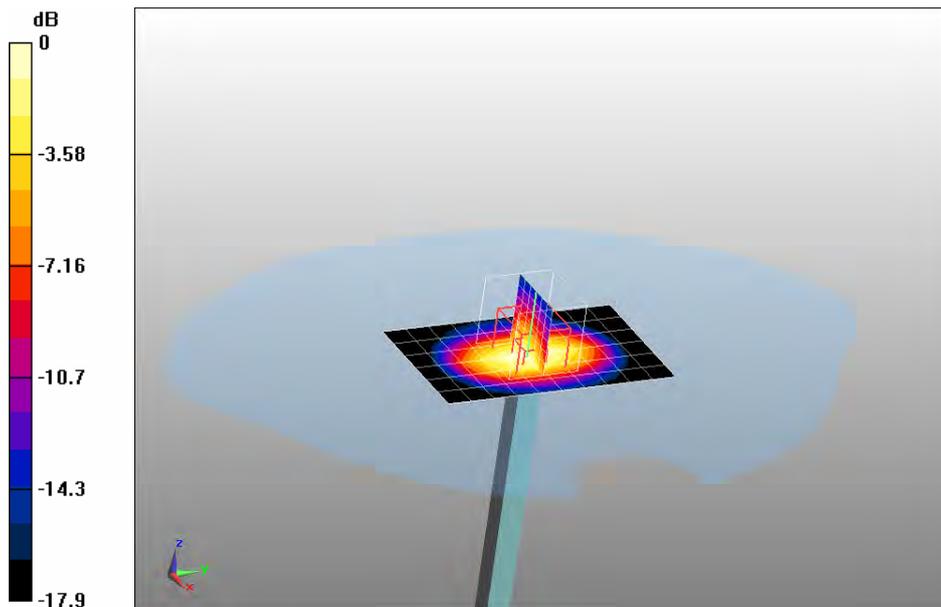
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

Configuration/System Check PCS1900 Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 84.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.99 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



0 dB = 11.3mW/g

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 High Left-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM 850 High Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

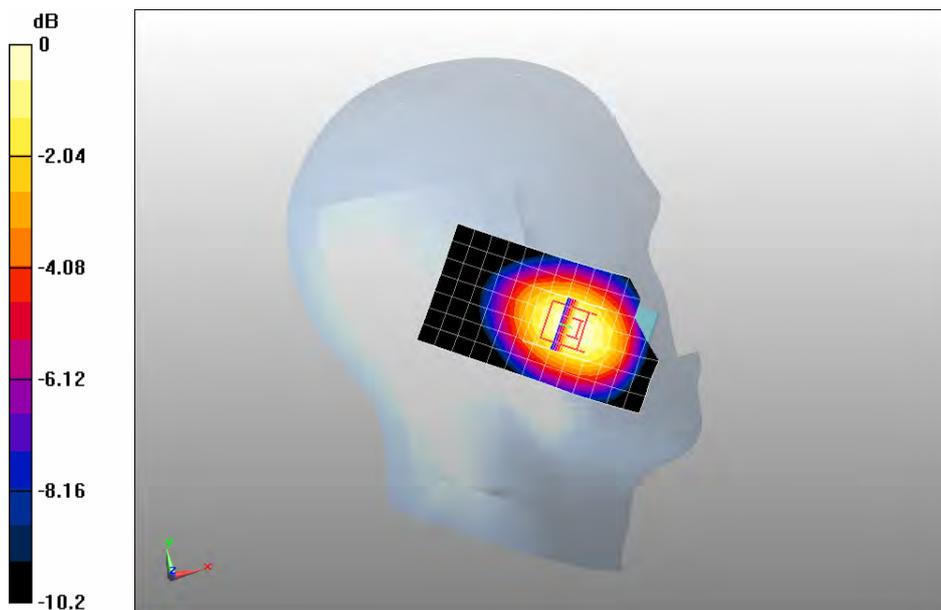
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 High Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.708 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g



0 dB = 1.07mW/g

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

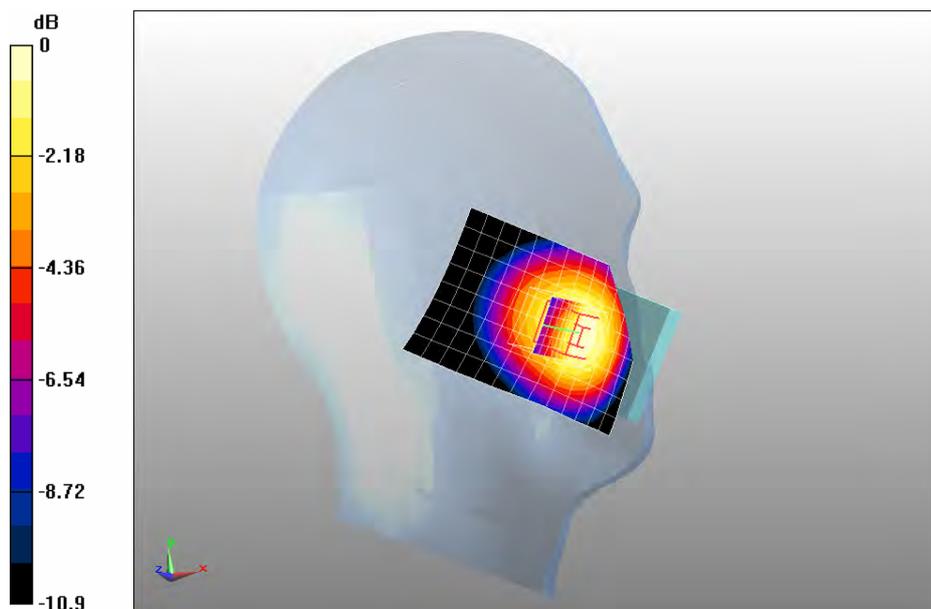
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.802 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.780 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.551 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.843 mW/g



0 dB = 0.843mW/g

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 Low Left-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

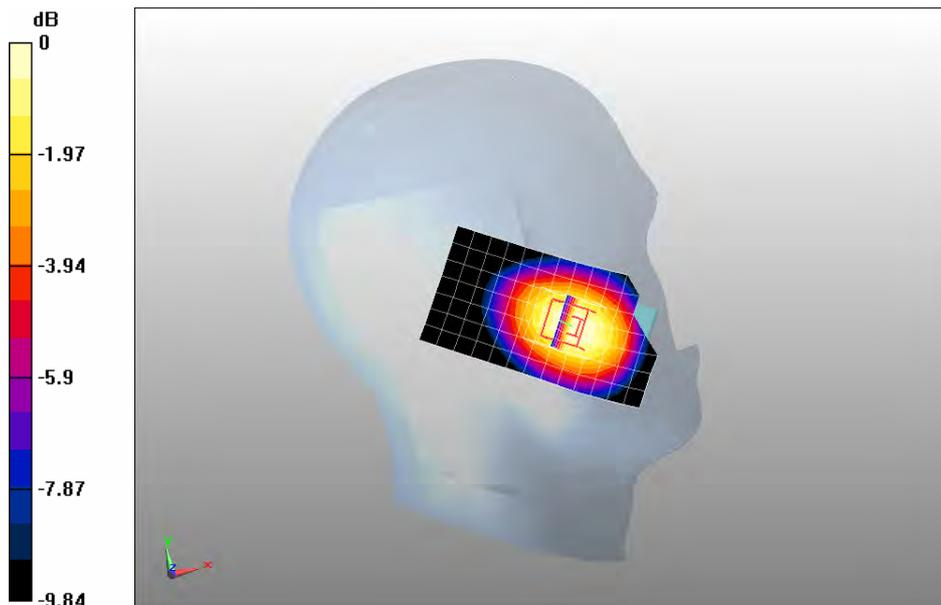
Configuration/GSM 850 Low Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Low Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.798 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.607 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.433 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 mW/g



0 dB = 0.647mW/g

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 Mid Left-Tilt

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

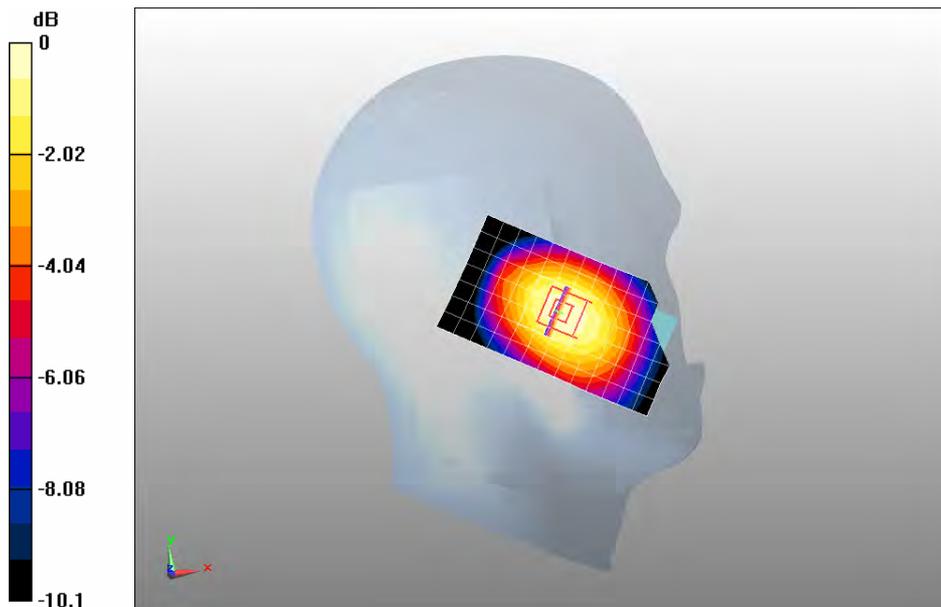
Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.187 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.514 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.383 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.407 mW/g



0 dB = 0.407mW/g

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 High Right-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

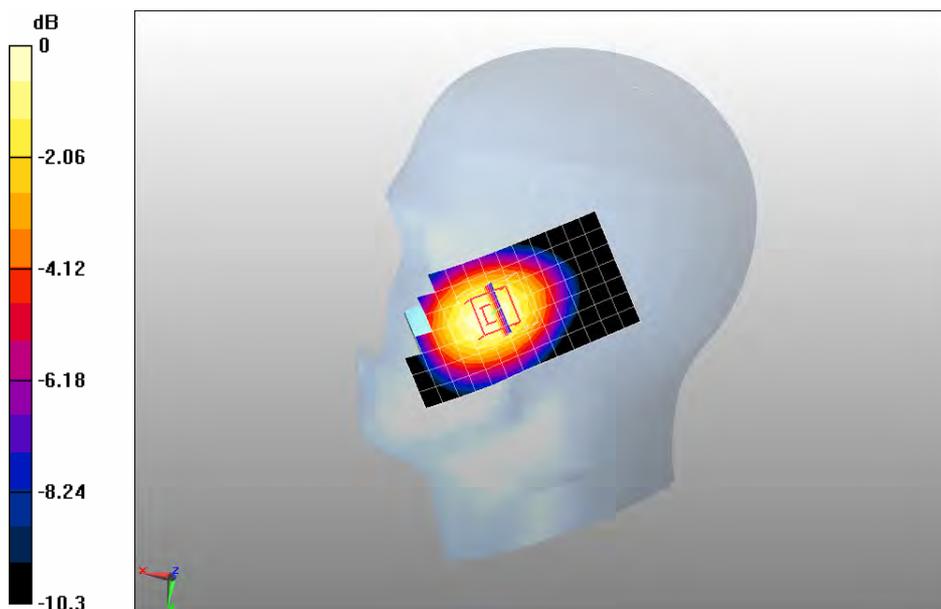
Configuration/GSM 850 High Right-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.981 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 High Right-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.931 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.656 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1 mW/g



0 dB = 1mW/g

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 Mid Right-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

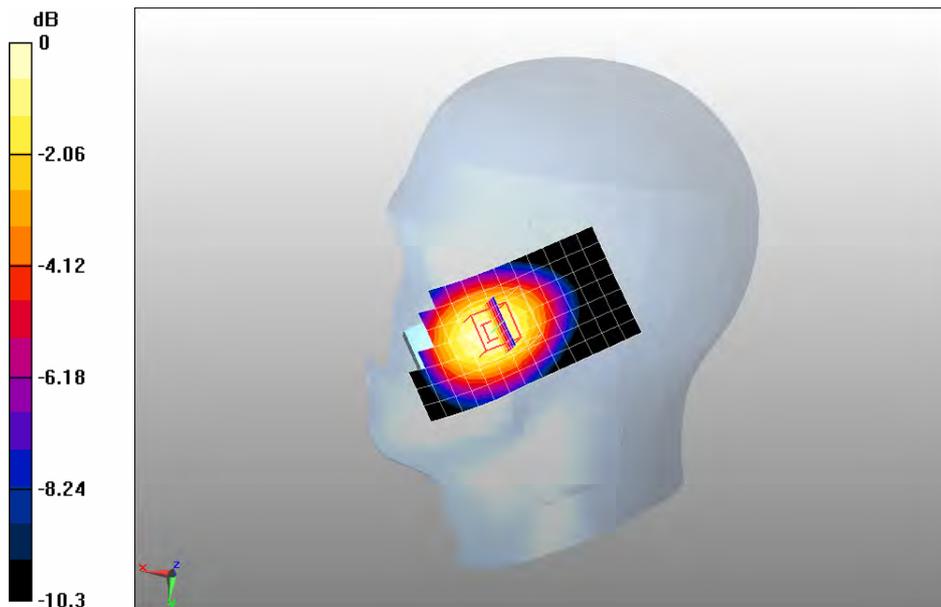
Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Right-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.755 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Right-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.957 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.729 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.516 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.784 mW/g



0 dB = 0.784mW/g

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 Low Right-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

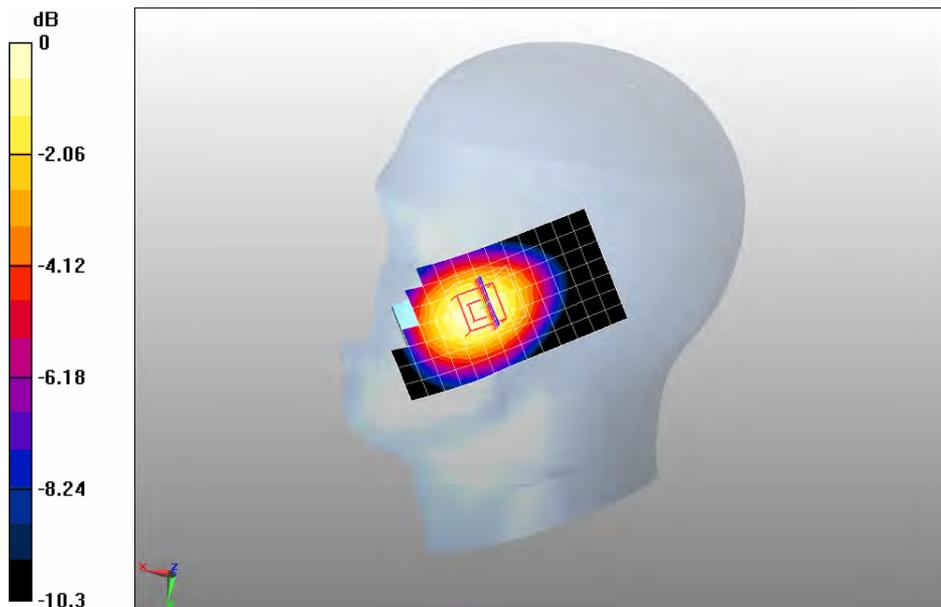
Configuration/GSM 850 Low Right-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Low Right-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.38 V/m; Power Drift = 0.055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.725 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.555 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 mW/g



0 dB = 0.600mW/g

Date/Time: 22-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 Mid Right-Tilt

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

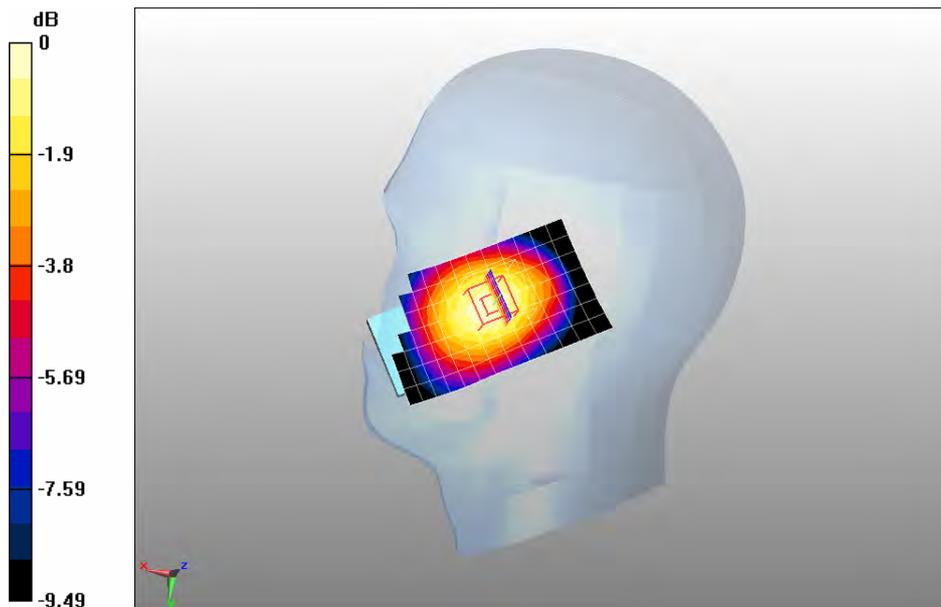
Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Right-Tilt/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.418 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Right-Tilt/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 13.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.535 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.404 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 mW/g



0 dB = 0.427mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 High Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.03$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

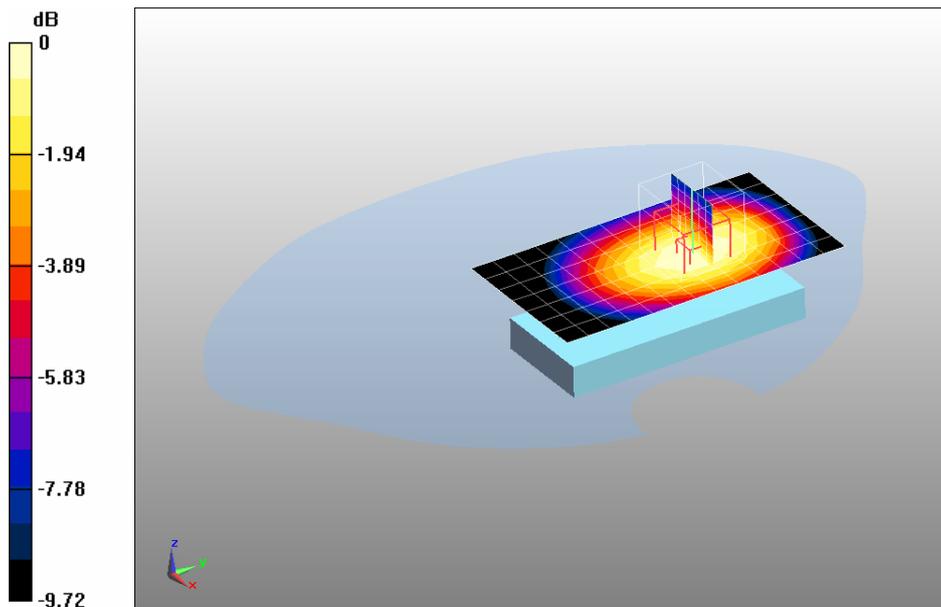
Configuration/GSM 850 High Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.937 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.061 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.877 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.621 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.931 mW/g



0 dB = 0.931mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

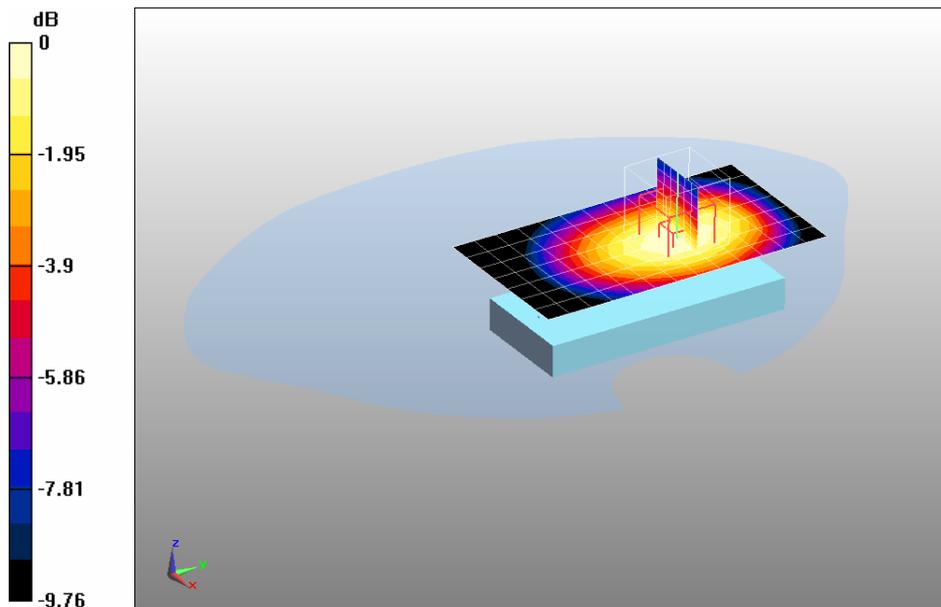
Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.775 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.996 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.728 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.774 mW/g



0 dB = 0.774mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Low Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

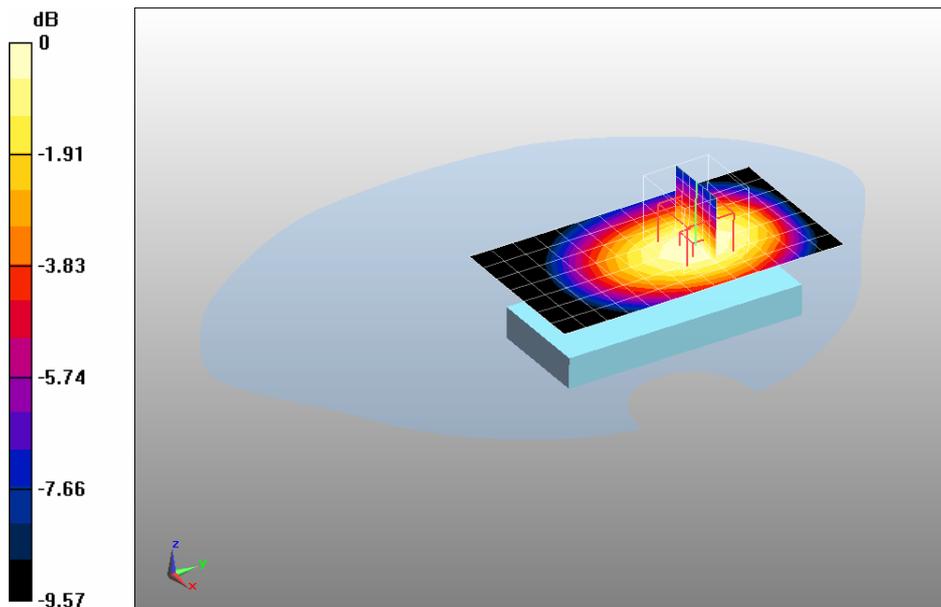
Configuration/GSM 850 Low Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.552 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.62 V/m; Power Drift = 0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.703 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.523 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.374 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.551 mW/g



0 dB = 0.551mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Body-Front

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

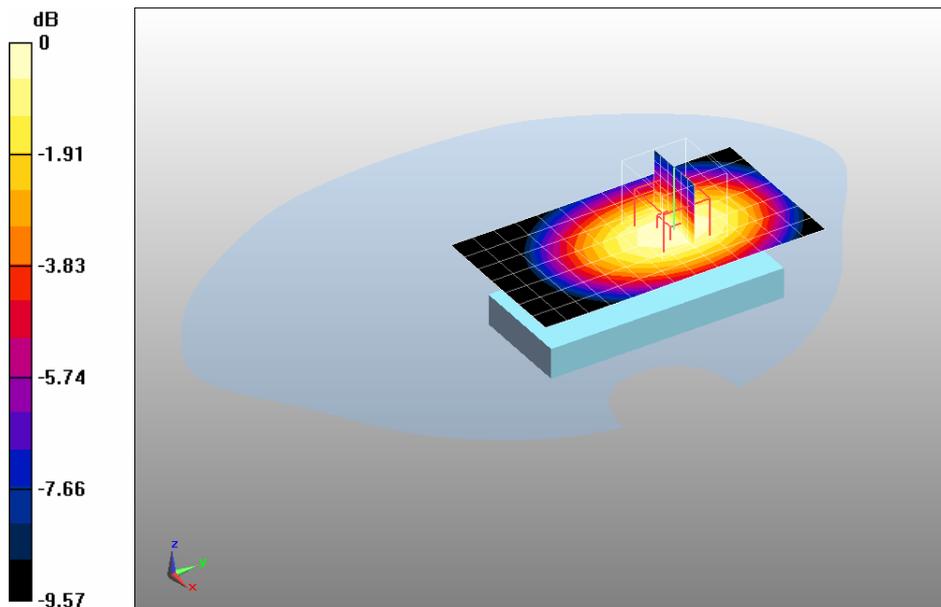
Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.546 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.689 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.545 mW/g



0 dB = 0.545mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 Low Body-Back(1up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

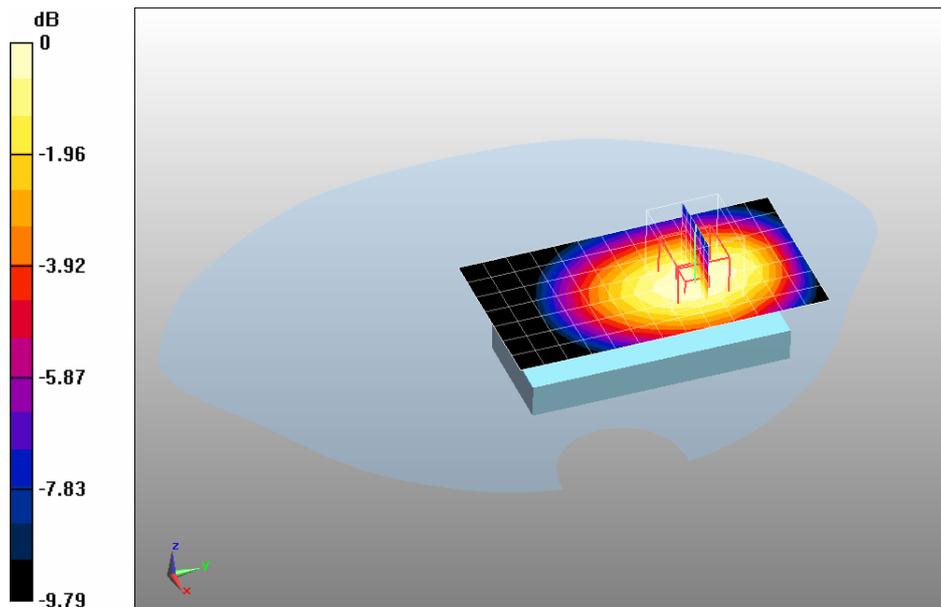
Configuration/GPRS 850 Low Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.545 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm. Reference Value = 7.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.705 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.517 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.369 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



0 dB = 0.549mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back(1up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

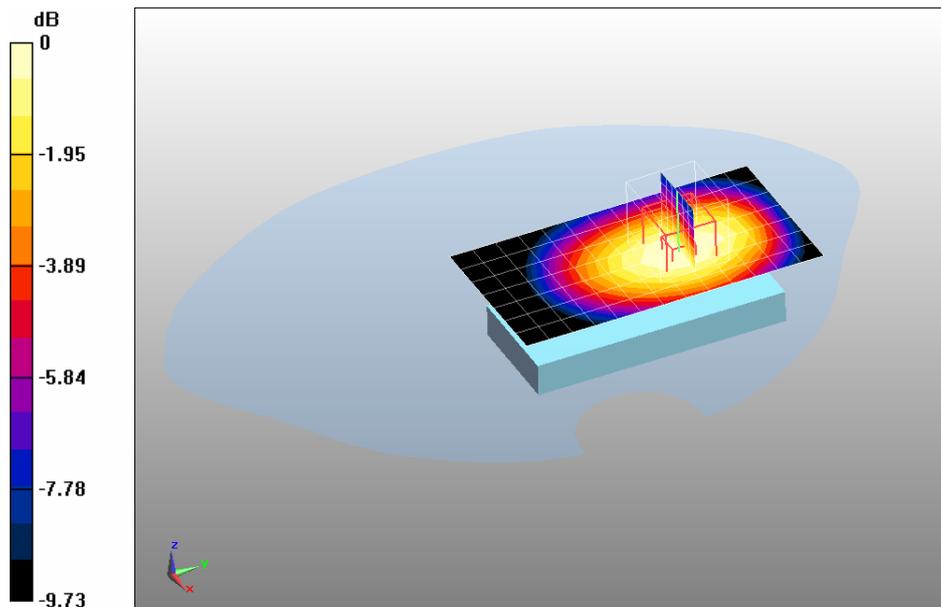
Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.752 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm. Reference Value = 9.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.959 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.701 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.746 mW/g



0 dB = 0.746mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 High Body-Back(1up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.03$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS 850 High Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

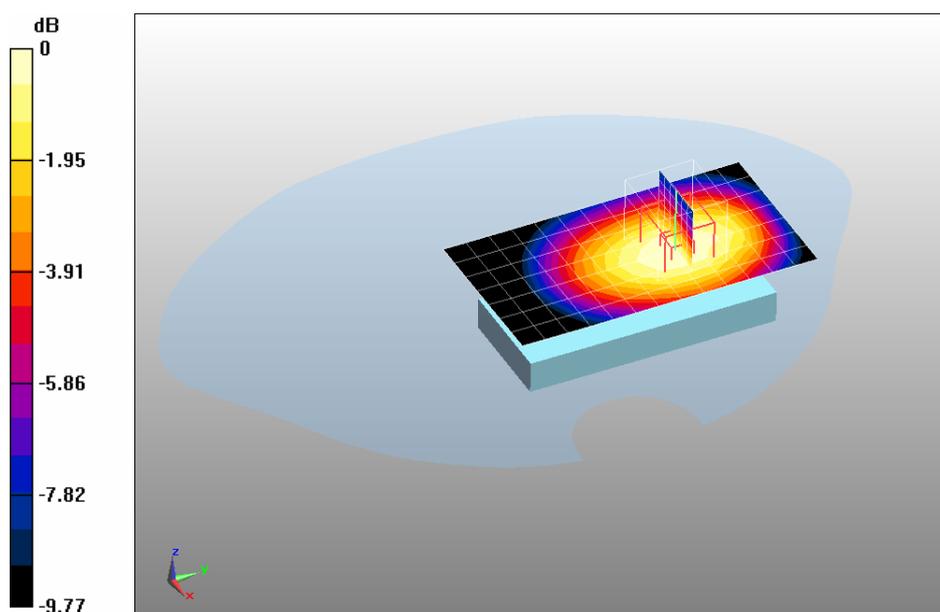
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.907 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm. Reference Value = 9.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.850 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.602 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.904 mW/g



0 dB = 0.904mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 High Body-Back(2up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 848.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.03$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

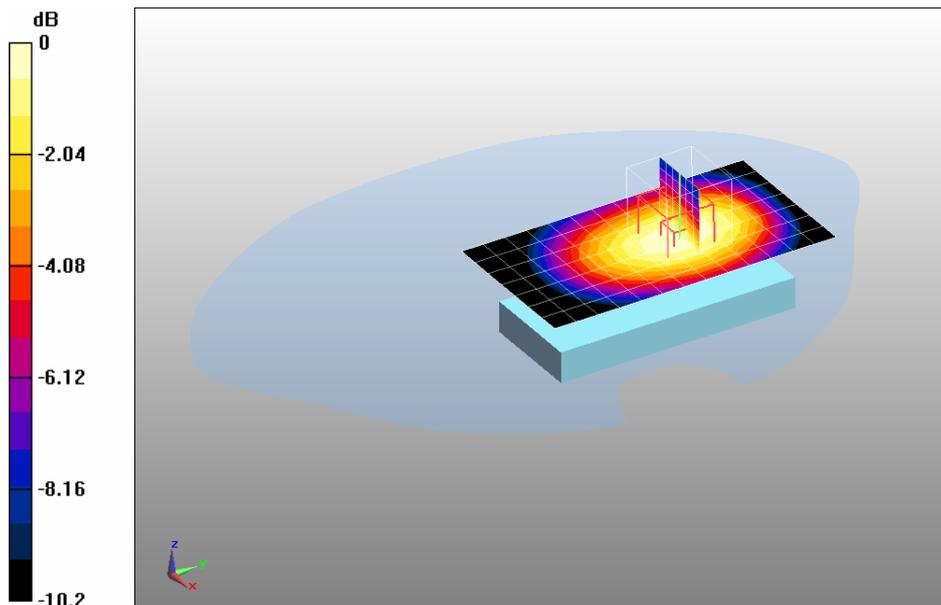
Configuration/GPRS 850 High Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

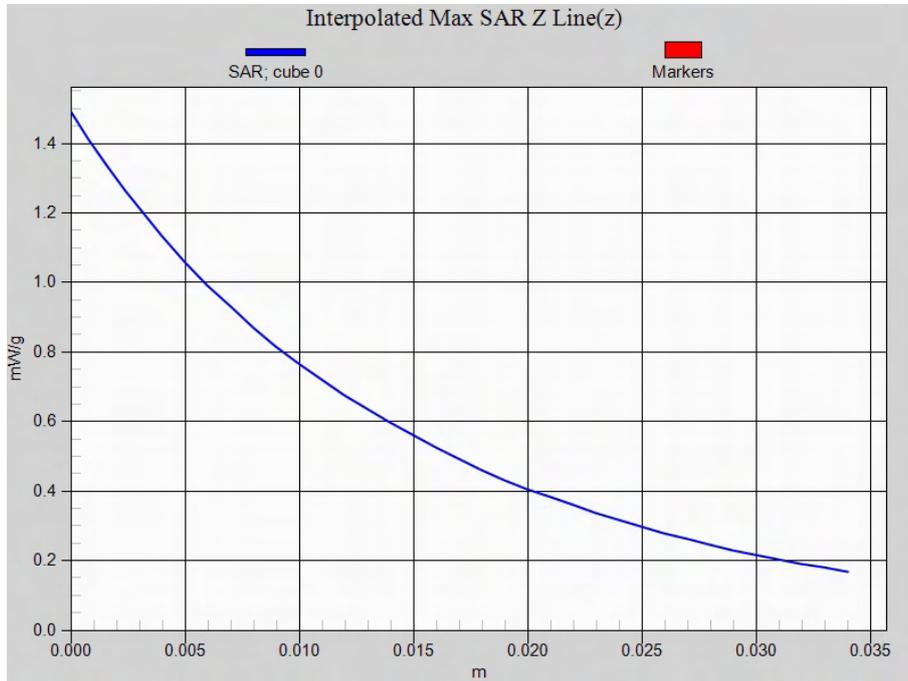
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.746 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g



0 dB = 1.14mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back(2up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

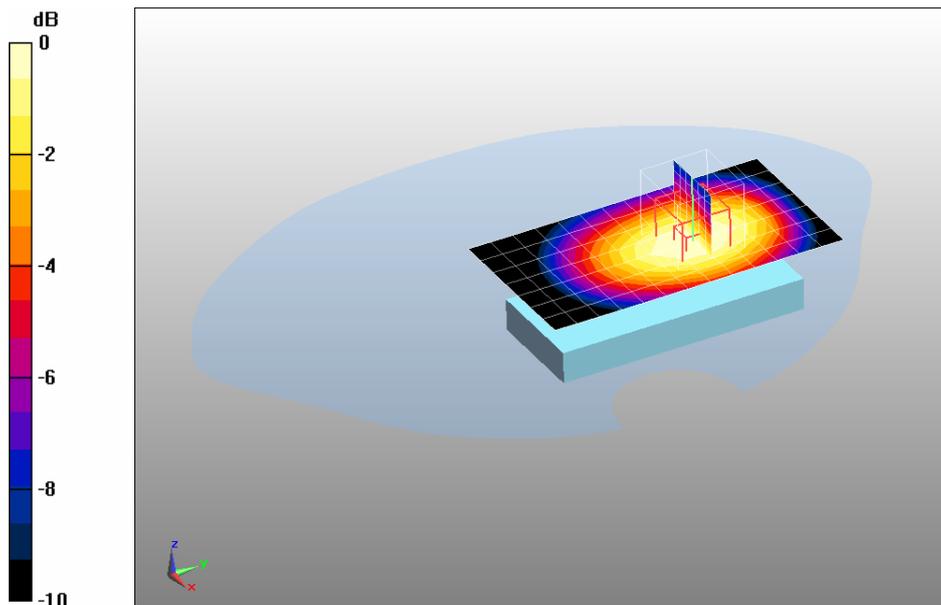
Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.926 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.123 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.852 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.600 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.901 mW/g



0 dB = 0.901mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 Low Body-Back(2up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

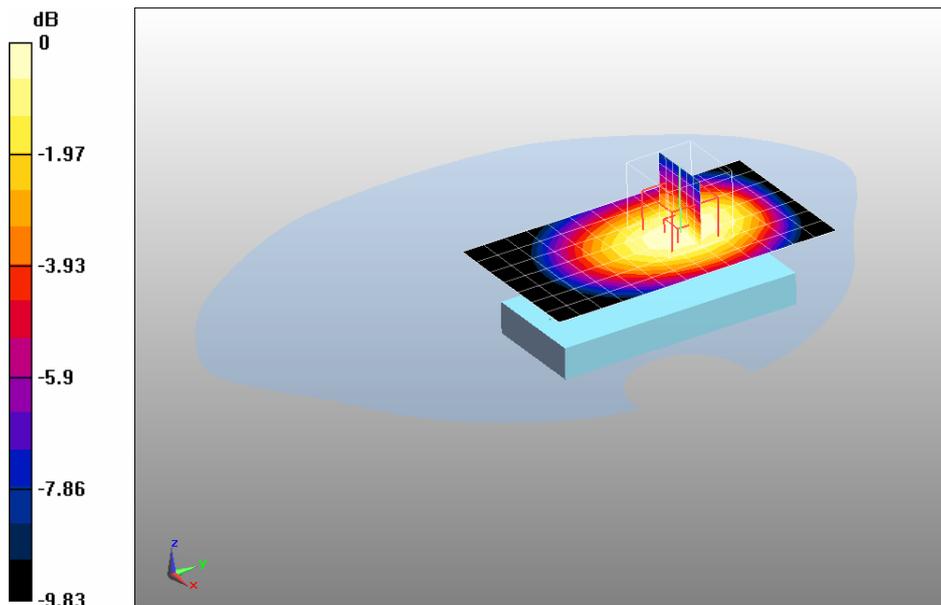
Configuration/GPRS 850 Low Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.672 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.139 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.875 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.634 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.448 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.673 mW/g



0 dB = 0.673mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 Mid Body-Front(2up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

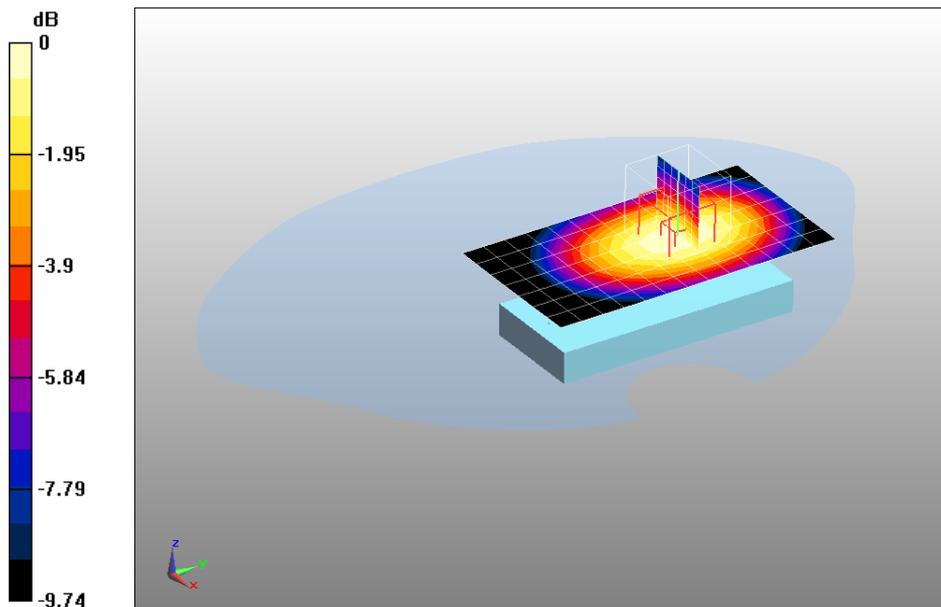
Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.651 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.864 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.623 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 mW/g



0 dB = 0.663mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back(2up) (With Headset)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.95, 8.95, 8.95); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

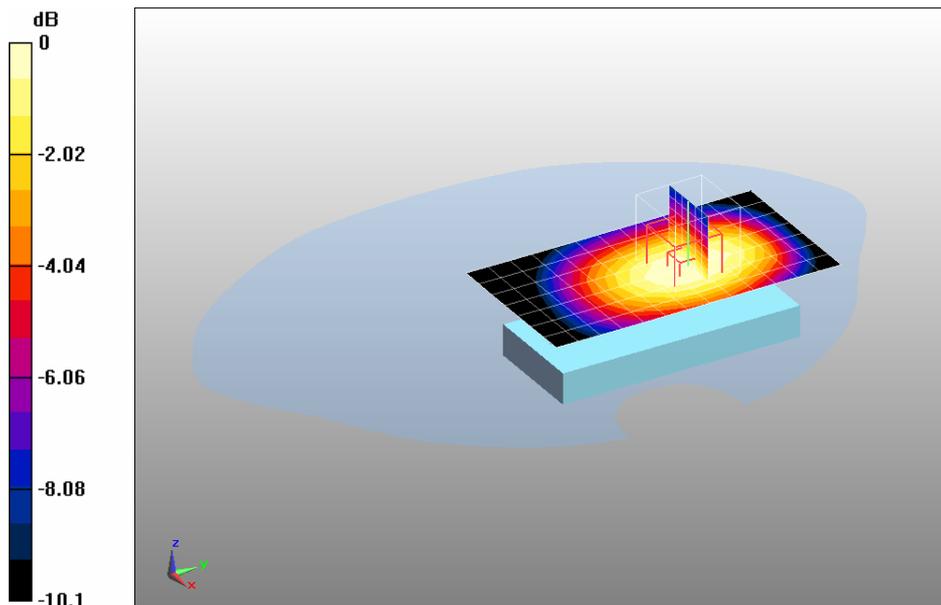
Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.529 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.658 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.343 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g



0 dB = 0.514mW/g

Date/Time: 25-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch <SIM 2>

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850 (824.0 - 849.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

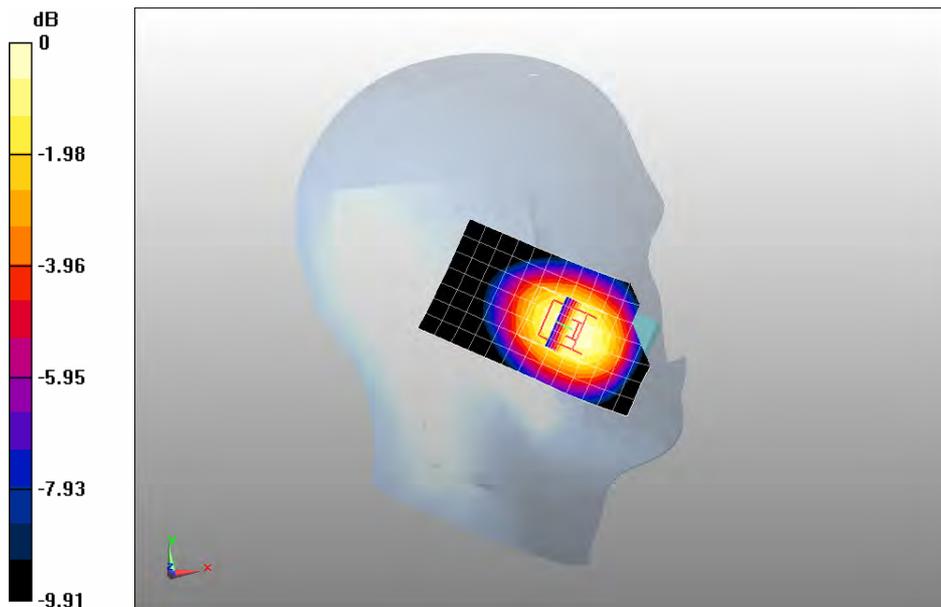
Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.794 mW/g

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.990 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.766 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.545 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.815 mW/g



0 dB = 0.815mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 High Left-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

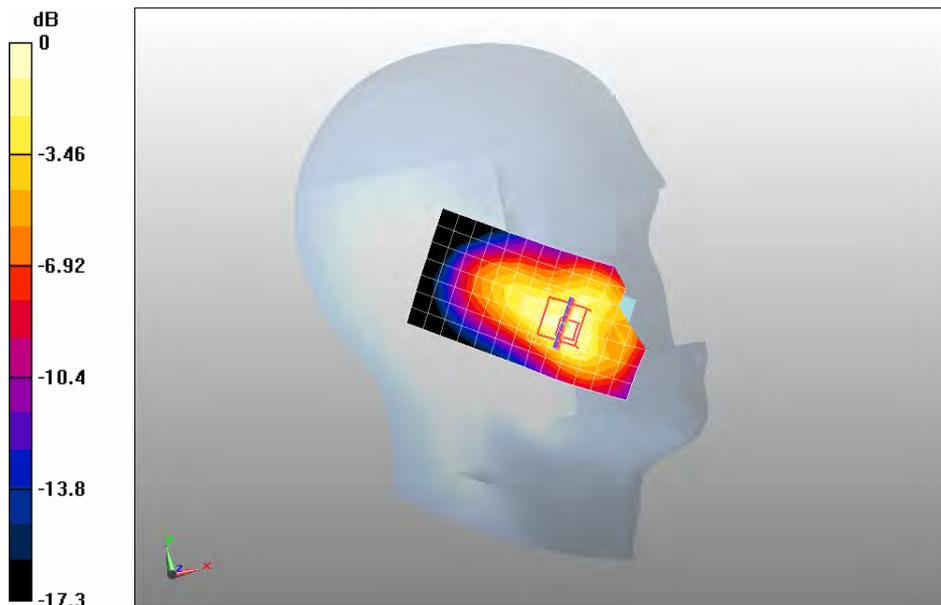
Configuration/PCS1900 High Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.680 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 High Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.183 dB

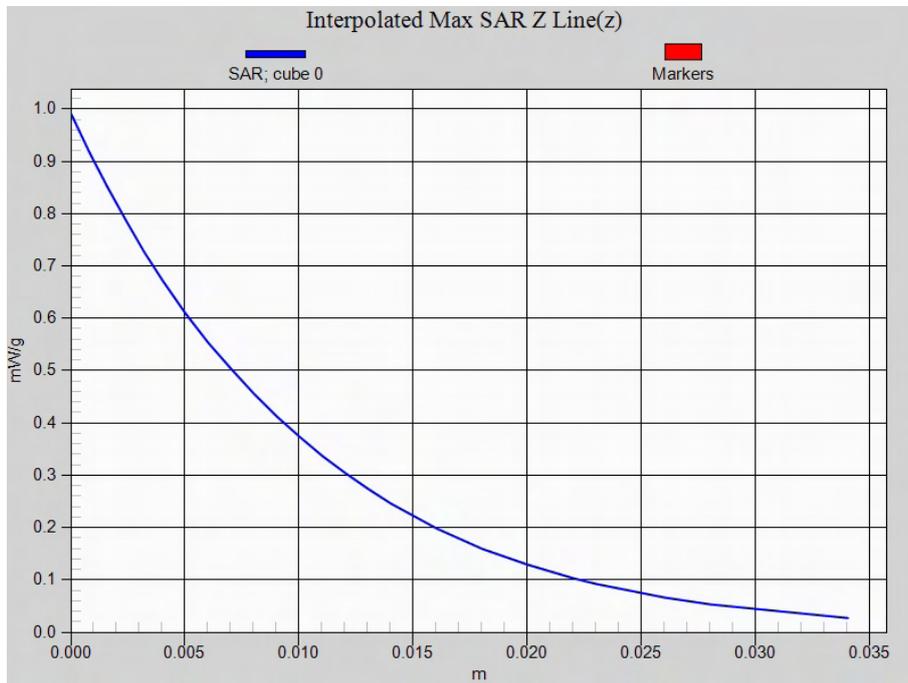
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.989 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.609 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.340 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.665 mW/g



0 dB = 0.665mW/g

Z-Axis Plot



Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Left-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

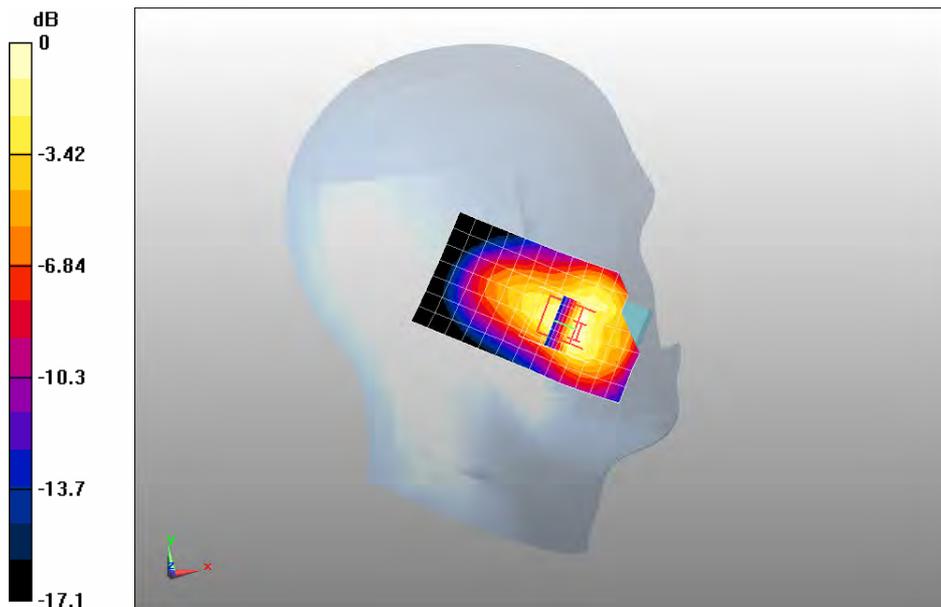
Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.597 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.090 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.899 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.548 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.308 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.603 mW/g



0 dB = 0.603mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Low Left-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

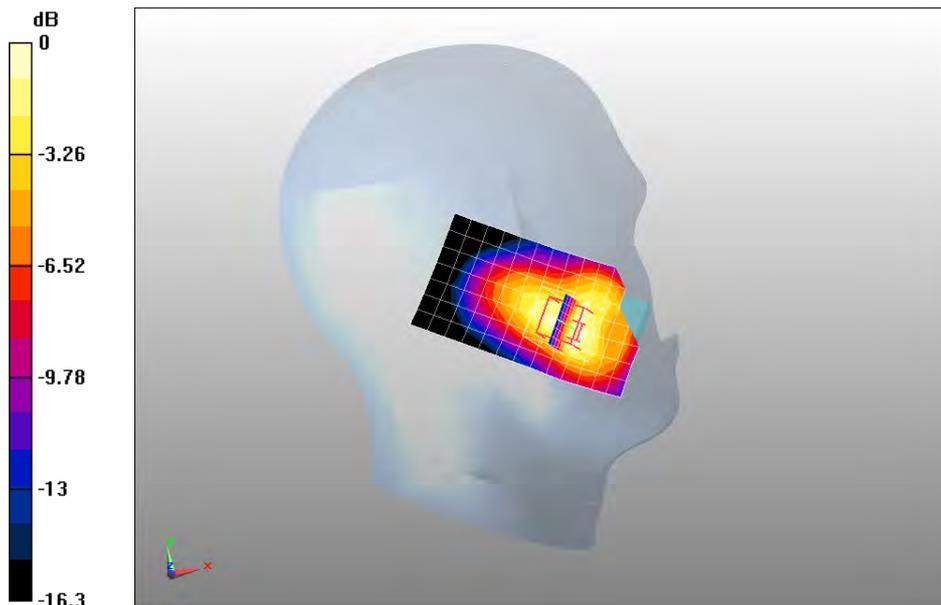
Configuration/PCS1900 Low Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Low Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.183 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.511 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.323 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 mW/g



0 dB = 0.356mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Left-Tilt

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

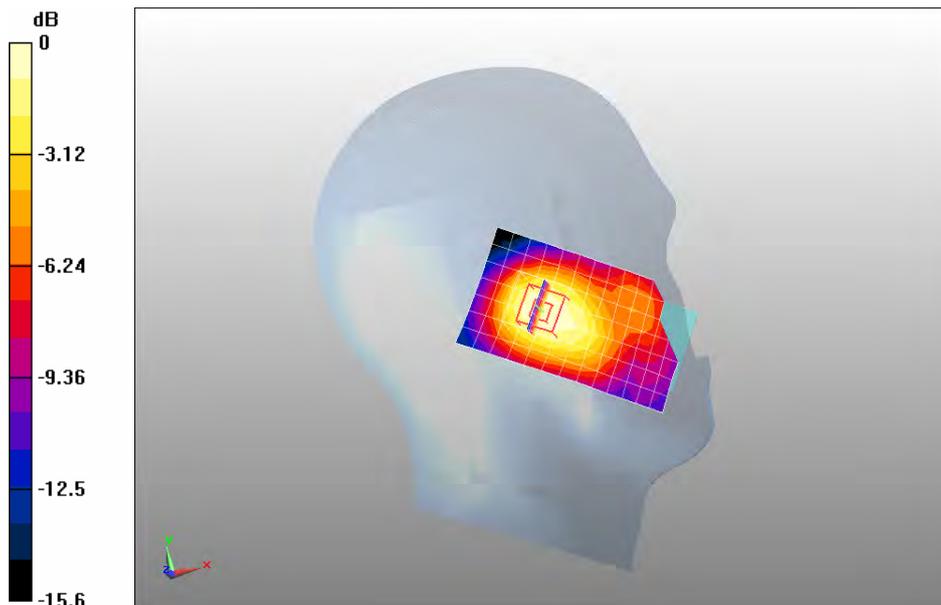
Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Left-Tilt/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Left-Tilt/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.152 mW/g



0 dB = 0.152mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 High Right-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

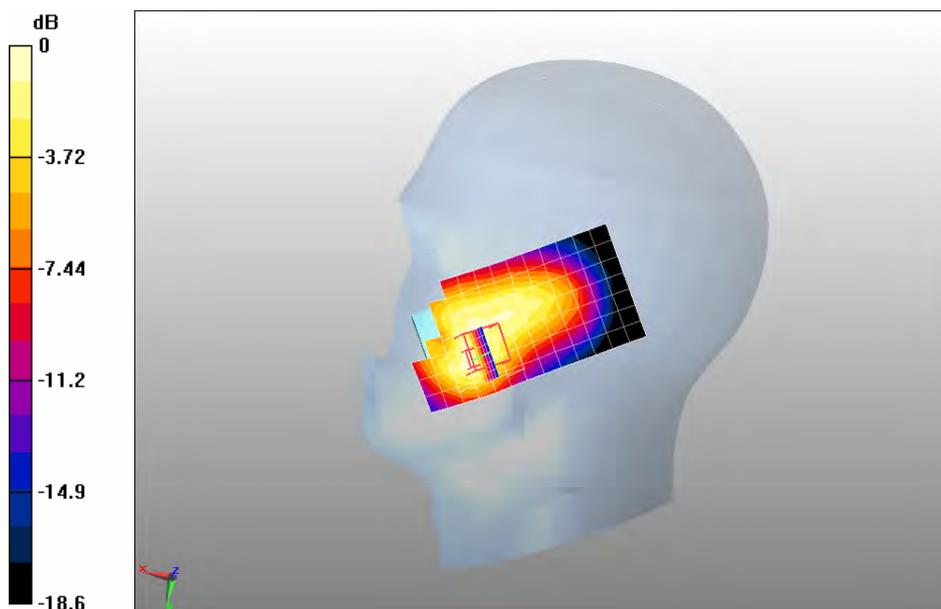
Configuration/PCS1900 High Right-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.585 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 High Right-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.952 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.540 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.601 mW/g



0 dB = 0.601mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Right-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Right-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

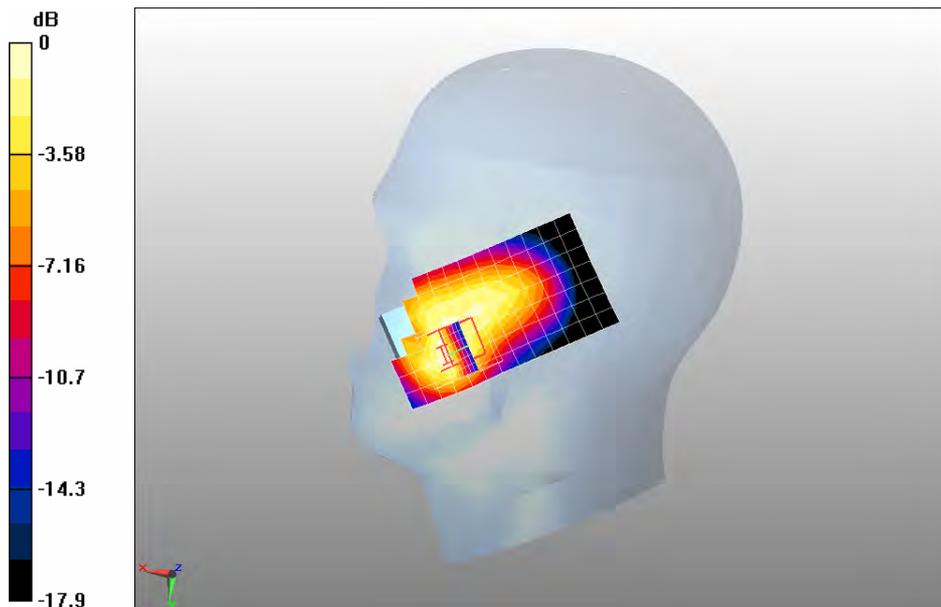
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.487 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Right-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.126 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.789 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.452 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 mW/g



0 dB = 0.503mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Low Right-Touch

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

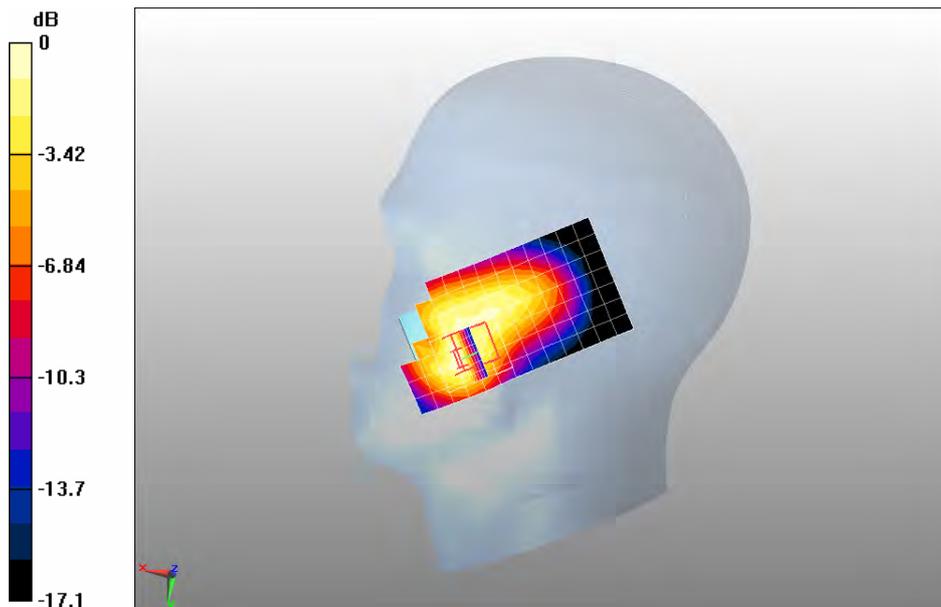
Configuration/PCS1900 Low Right-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Low Right-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.45 V/m; Power Drift = 0.192 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.473 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.273 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.301 mW/g



0 dB = 0.301mW/g

Date/Time: 23-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Right-Tilt

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

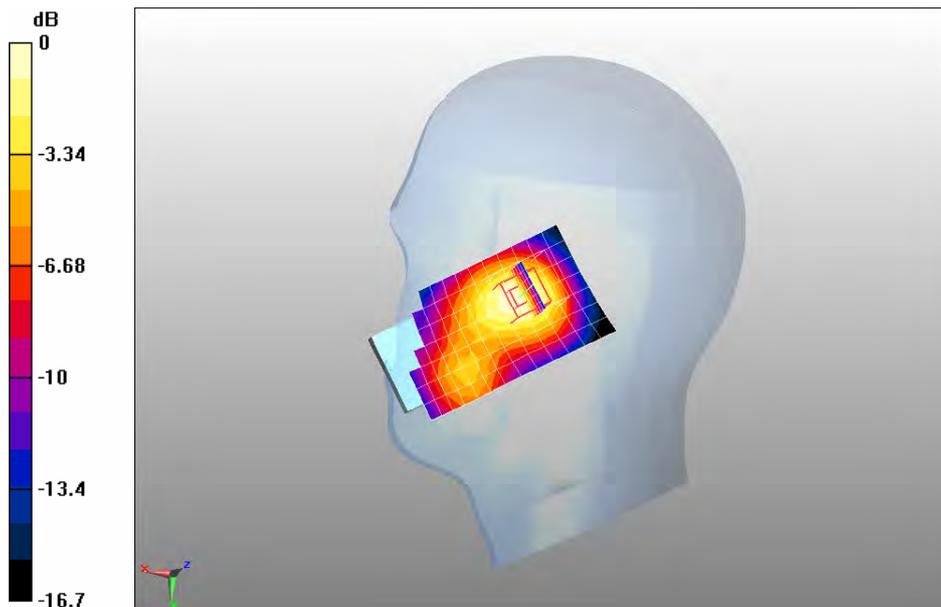
Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Right-Tilt/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Right-Tilt/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.169 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.363 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.230 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g



0 dB = 0.250mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 High Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

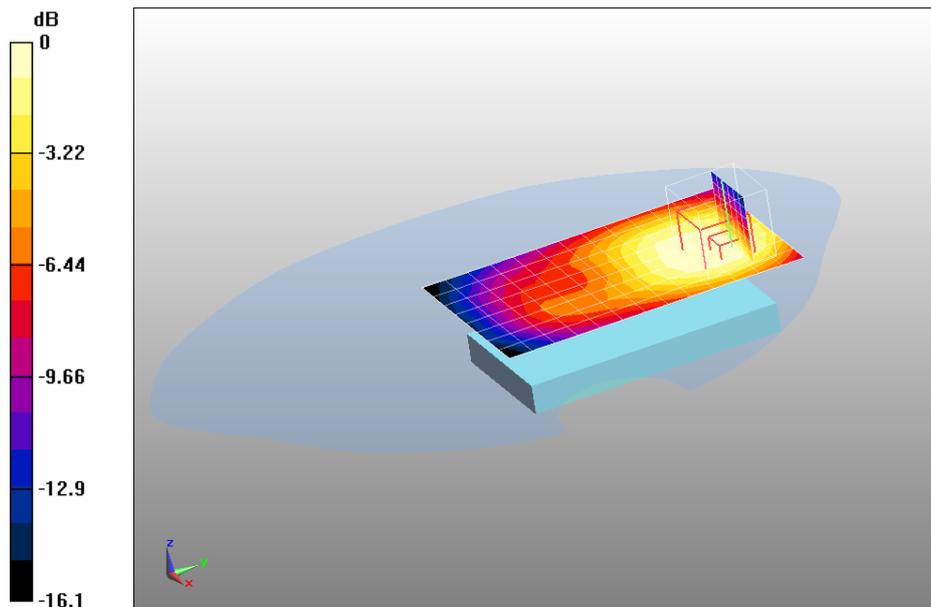
Configuration/PCS 1900 High Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 mW/g

Configuration/PCS 1900 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.630 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.376 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.413 mW/g



0 dB = 0.413mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

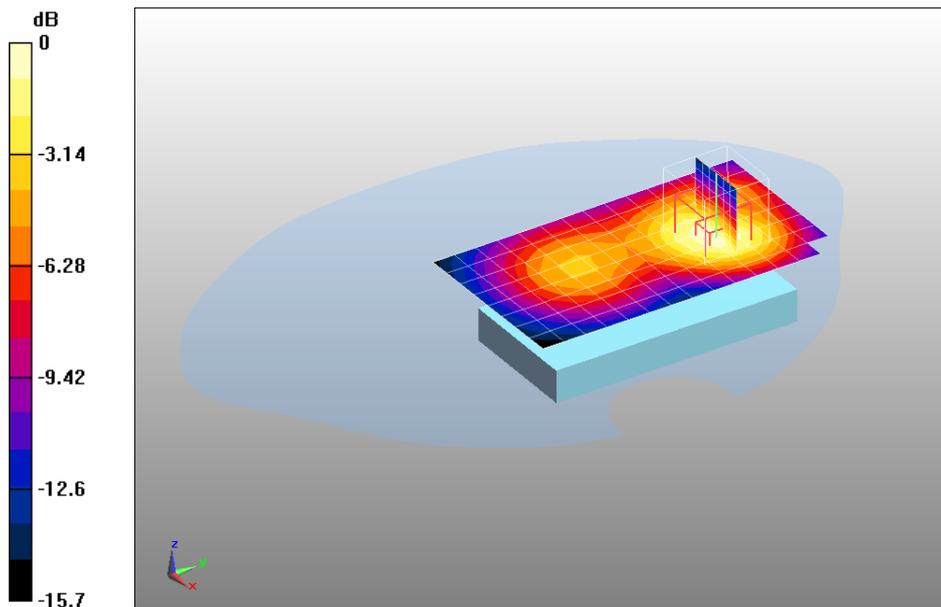
Configuration/PCS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 mW/g

Configuration/PCS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.495 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.295 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.324 mW/g



0 dB = 0.324mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Low Body-Back

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

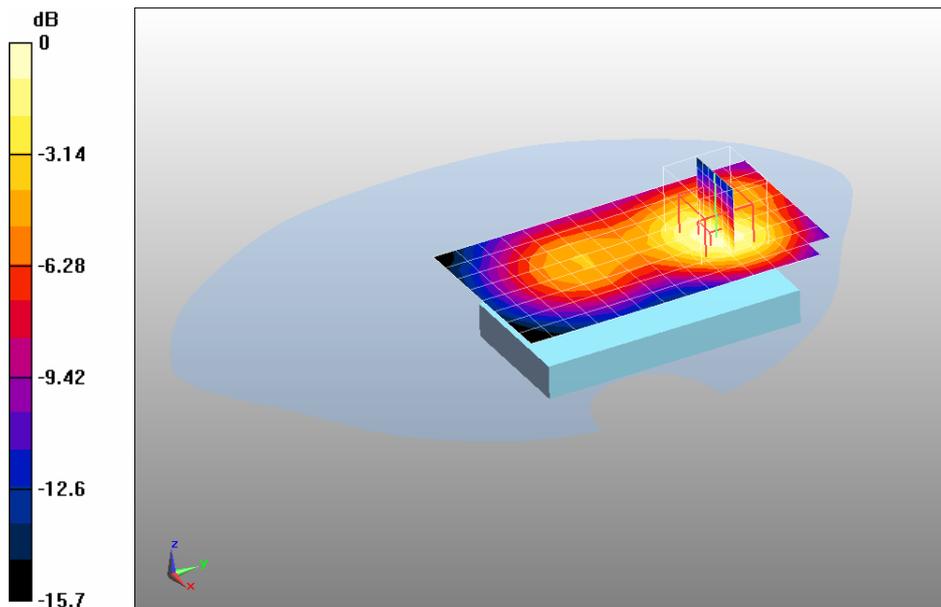
Configuration/PCS 1900 Low Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.199 mW/g

Configuration/PCS 1900 Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.209 mW/g



0 dB = 0.209mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Body-Front

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

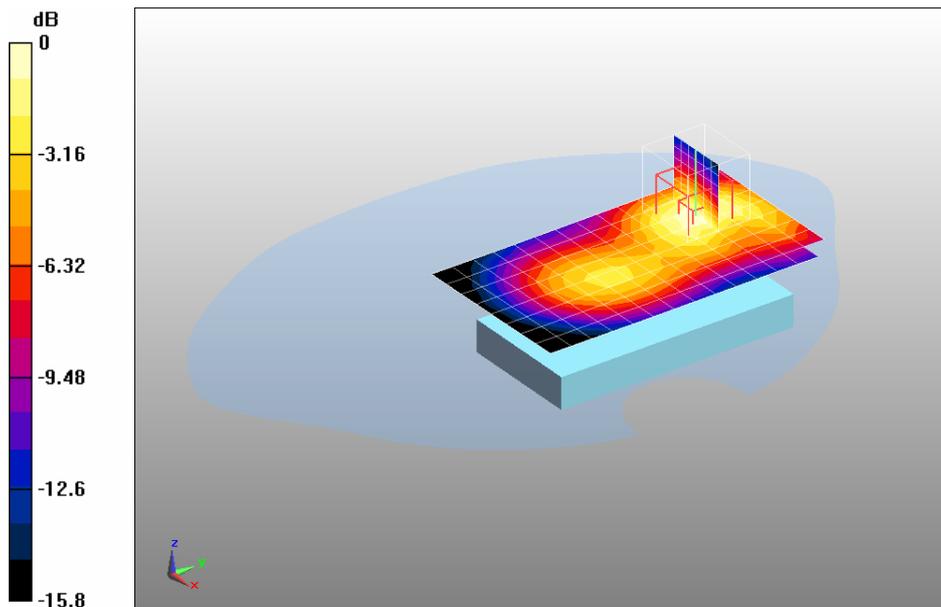
Configuration/PCS 1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 mW/g

Configuration/PCS 1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.245 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.144 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.159 mW/g



0 dB = 0.159mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Low Body-Back(1Up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Huawei G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

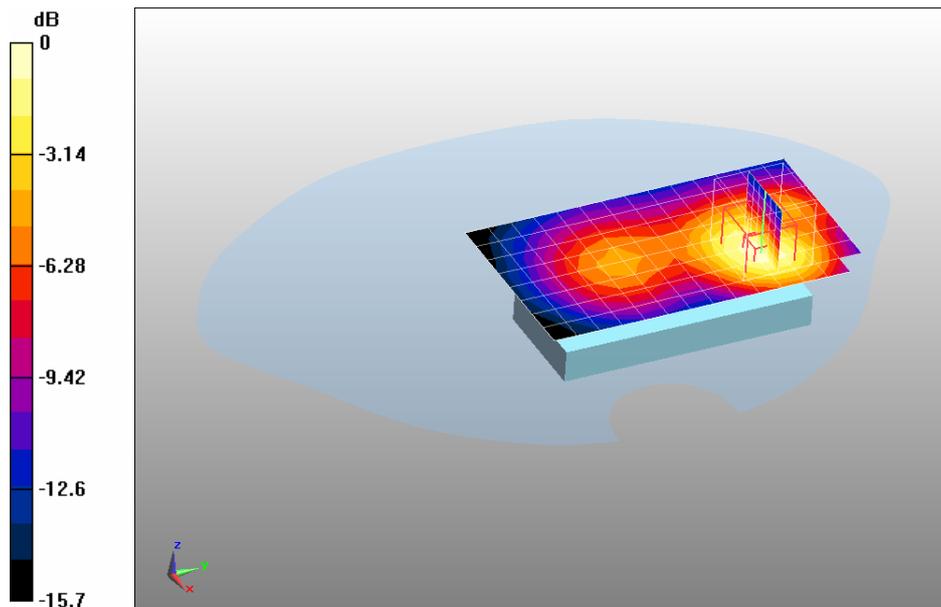
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Low Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.237 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Low Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm. Reference Value = 5.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.162 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.230 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 mW/g



0 dB = 0.253mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(1Up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Huawei G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

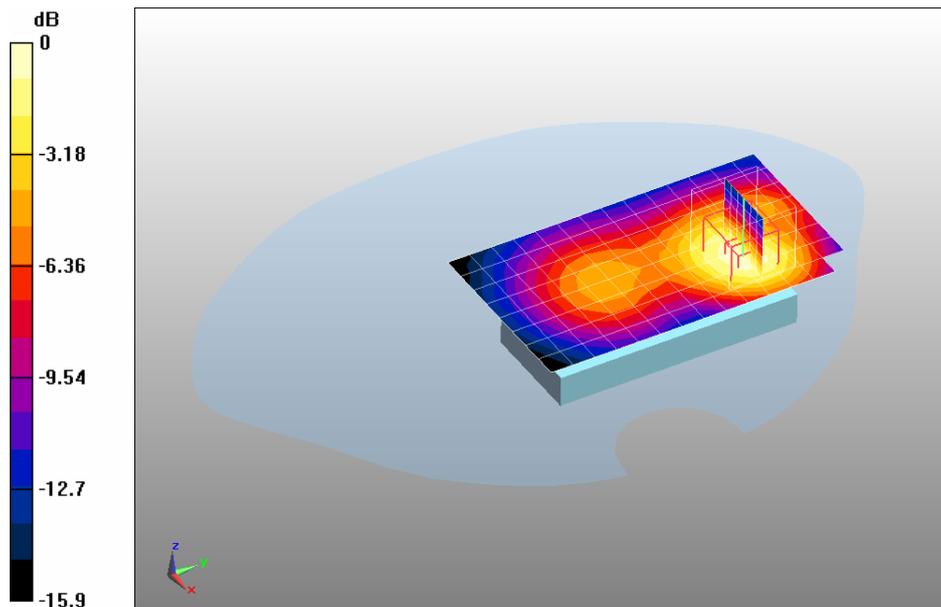
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm. Reference Value = 6.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.138 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.586 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.350 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 mW/g



0 dB = 0.387mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 High Body-Back(1Up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: Huawei G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);

Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

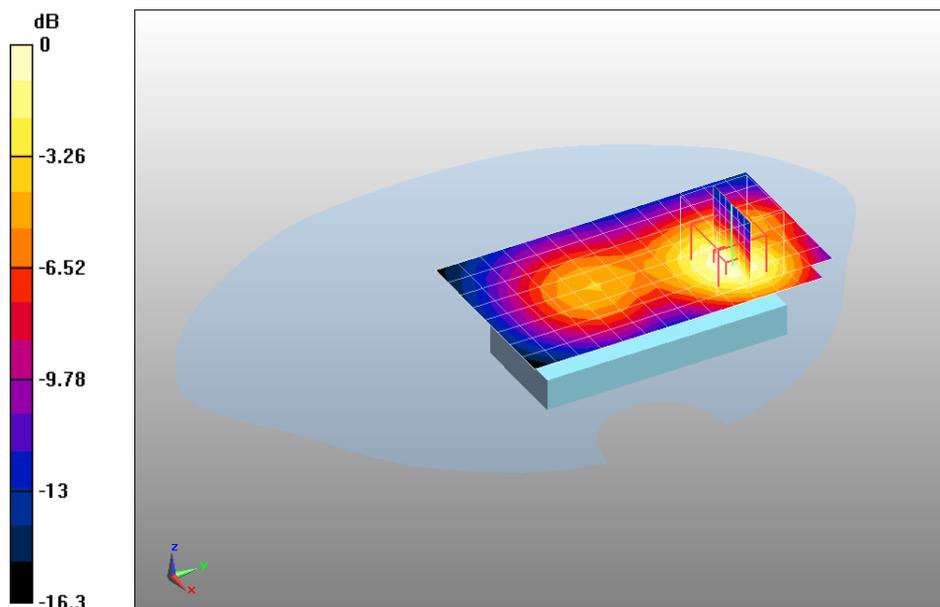
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS 1900 High Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.429 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 1900 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm. Reference Value = 7.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.138 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.697 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.409 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.451 mW/g



0 dB = 0.451mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 High Body-Back(2Up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

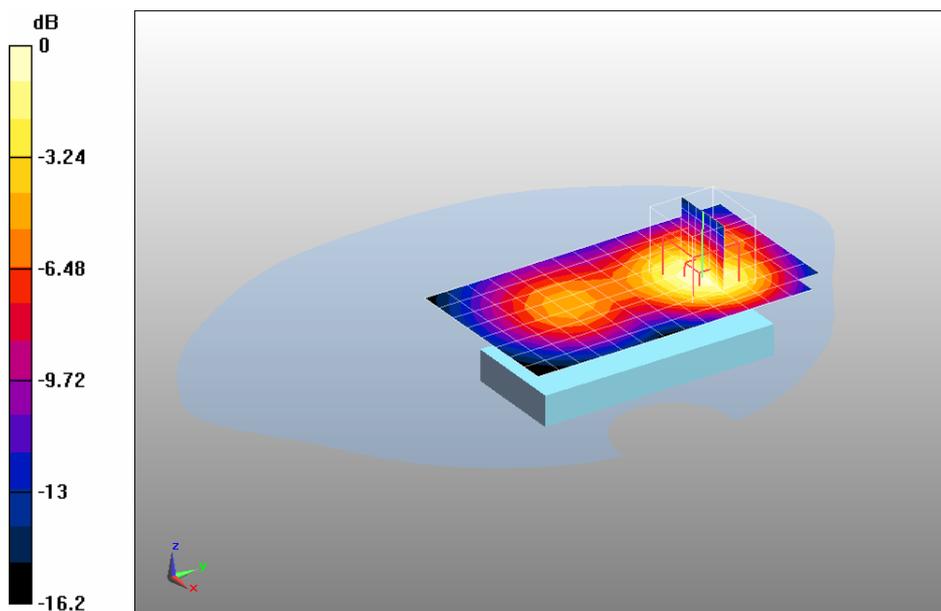
Configuration/GPRS 1900 High Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.558 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 1900 High Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.884 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.516 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.570 mW/g



0 dB = 0.570mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2Up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

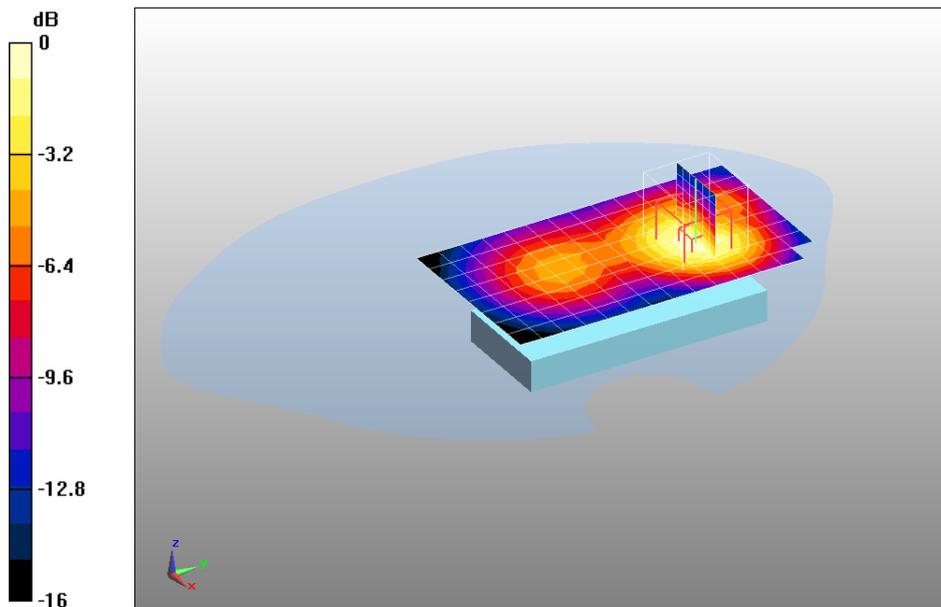
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.421 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.661 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 mW/g



0 dB = 0.433mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Low Body-Back(2Up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

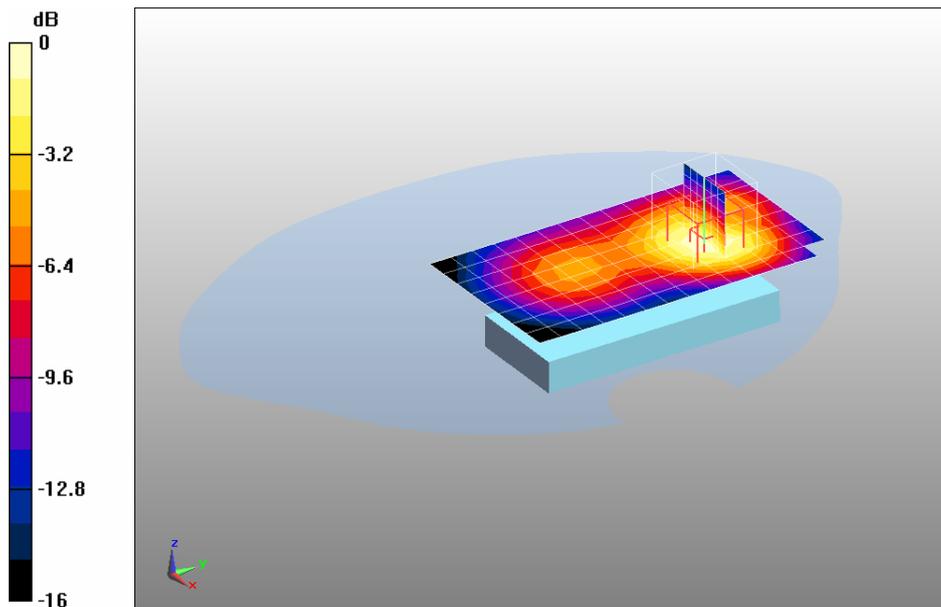
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.412 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.244 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.269 mW/g



0 dB = 0.269mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front(2Up)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: HUAWEI G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

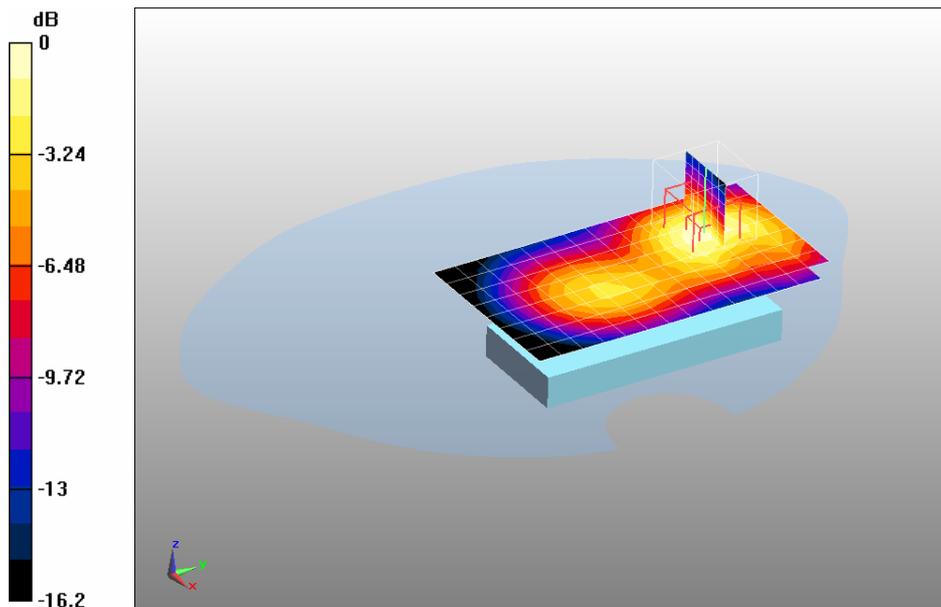
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.260 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS 1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.421 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.273 mW/g



0 dB = 0.273mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(2up) (With Headset)

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

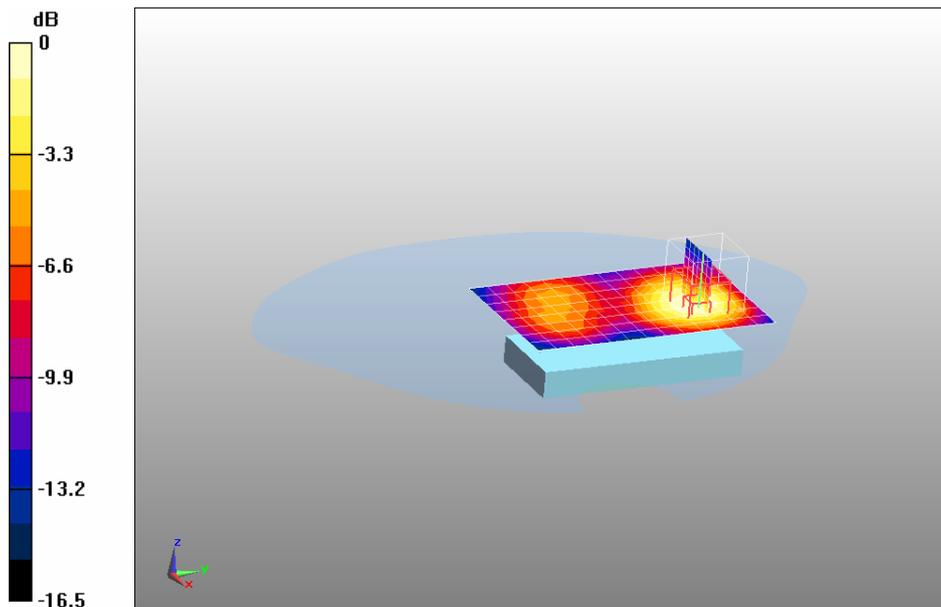
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 mW/g

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.384 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.215 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.246 mW/g



0 dB = 0.246mW/g

Date/Time: 28-Jul-2010

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Left-Touch <SIM 2>

DUT: HUAWEI; Type: G3610

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900 (1850.0 - 1910.0 MHz);
 Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.69, 7.69, 7.69); Calibrated: 05/03/2010
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 09/03/2010
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 59

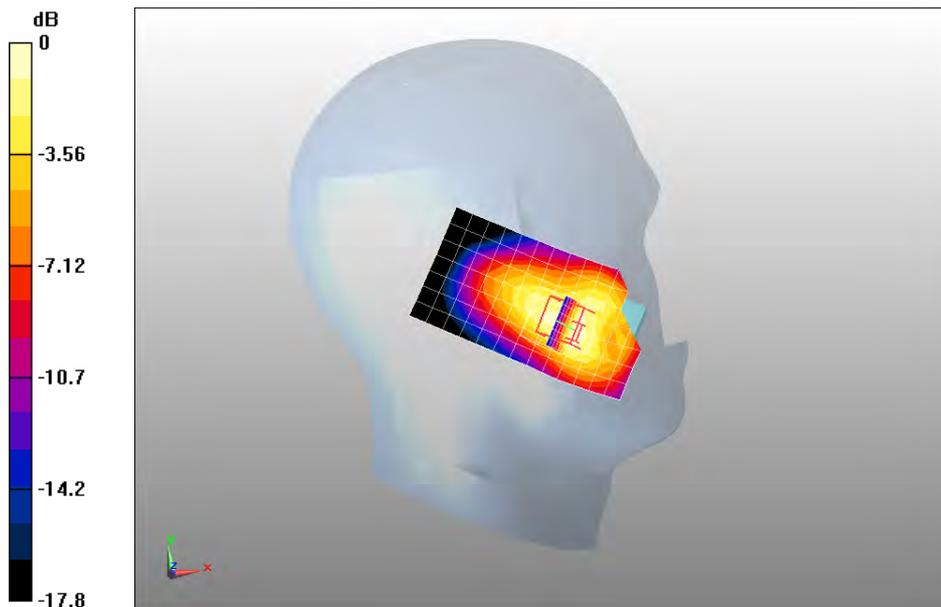
Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Left-Touch/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.543 mW/g

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Left-Touch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.797 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.484 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.531 mW/g



0 dB = 0.531mW/g

Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Quietek (Auden)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3710_Mar10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE																																																			
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3710																																																		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes																																																		
Calibration date:	March 5, 2010																																																		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Primary Standards</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</th> <th>Scheduled Calibration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power meter E4419B</td> <td>GB41293874</td> <td>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)</td> <td>Apr-10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor E4412A</td> <td>MY41495277</td> <td>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)</td> <td>Apr-10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor E4412A</td> <td>MY41498087</td> <td>1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)</td> <td>Apr-10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 3 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: S5054 (3c)</td> <td>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)</td> <td>Mar-10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 20 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: S5086 (20b)</td> <td>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)</td> <td>Mar-10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 30 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: S5129 (30b)</td> <td>31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)</td> <td>Mar-10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference Probe ES3DV2</td> <td>SN: 3013</td> <td>30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)</td> <td>Dec-10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DAE4</td> <td>SN: 660</td> <td>29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)</td> <td>Sep-10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Secondary Standards</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Check Date (in house)</th> <th>Scheduled Check</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RF generator HP 8648C</td> <td>US3642U01700</td> <td>4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)</td> <td>In house check: Oct-11</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Analyzer HP 8753E</td> <td>US37390585</td> <td>18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)</td> <td>In house check: Oct10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10	Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10	Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10	Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10	Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10	Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10	Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)	Dec-10	DAE4	SN: 660	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)	Sep-10	Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11	Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10
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Calibrated by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 																																																
Approved by:	Name Niels Kuster	Function Quality Manager	Signature 																																																
<p>This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Issued: March 5, 2010</p>																																																			

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f < 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- **NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- **DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f < 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3710

Manufactured:	July 21, 2009
Calibrated:	March 5, 2010

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3710

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.48	0.58	0.60	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	90.8	94.4	91.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	C	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6)

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	8.83	8.83	8.83	0.68	0.64 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	8.73	8.73	8.73	0.83	0.58 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.62	0.63 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	7.35	7.35	7.35	0.70	0.60 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	6.96	6.96	6.96	0.46	0.75 ± 11.0%
2600	± 50 / ± 100	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.31	0.92 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	37.9 ± 5%	2.91 ± 5%	6.64	6.64	6.64	0.33	1.18 ± 13.1%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	4.92	4.92	4.92	0.40	1.90 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	35.9 ± 5%	4.76 ± 5%	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.90 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	35.6 ± 5%	4.96 ± 5%	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	35.5 ± 5%	5.07 ± 5%	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.40	1.90 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	4.26	4.26	4.26	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	8.95	8.95	8.95	0.84	0.62 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	8.80	8.80	8.80	0.65	0.69 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.71	7.71	7.71	0.57	0.72 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	7.45	7.45	7.45	0.38	0.87 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.32	0.95 ± 11.0%
2600	± 50 / ± 100	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.47	0.79 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.31	1.44 ± 13.1%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	4.13	4.13	4.13	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	48.5 ± 5%	5.42 ± 5%	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.55	1.90 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.55	1.90 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	48.5 ± 5%	5.77 ± 5%	3.58	3.58	3.58	0.60	1.90 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	3.97	3.97	3.97	0.60	1.90 ± 13.1%

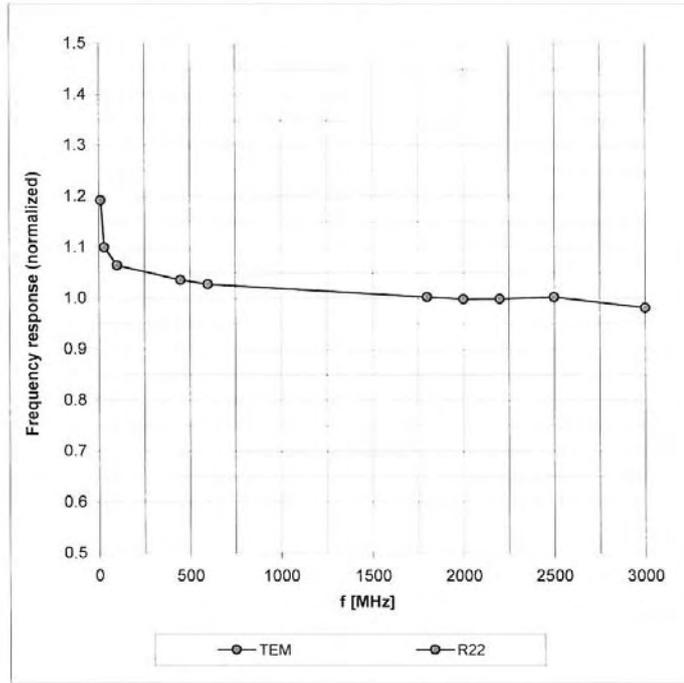
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

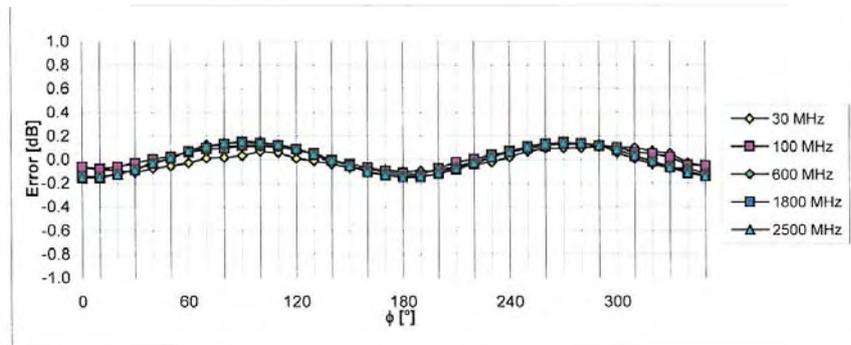
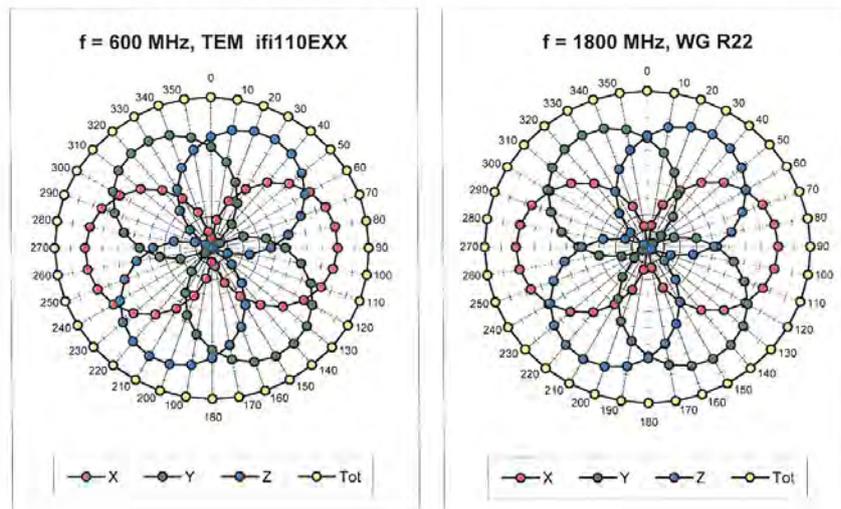


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

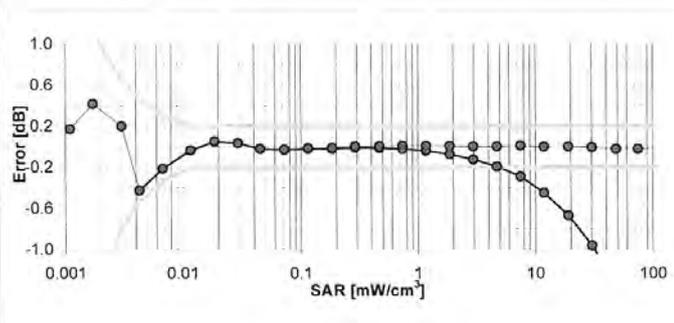
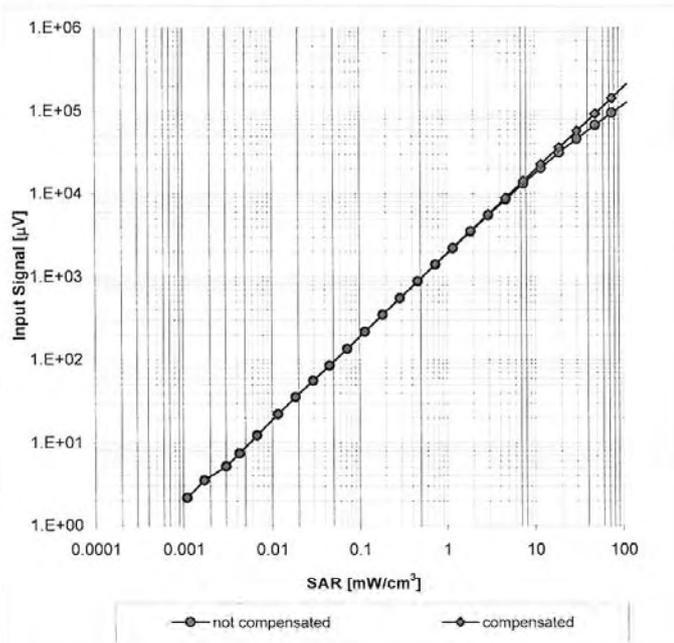


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$
 (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)

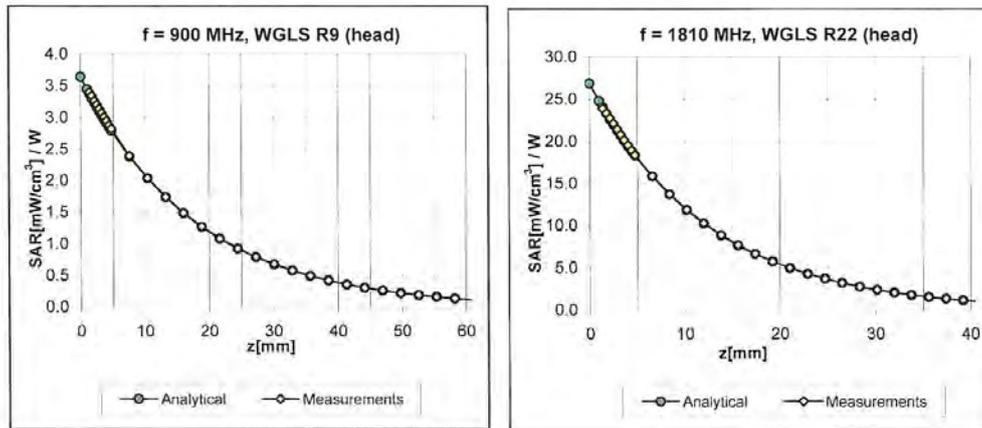


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4 SN:3710

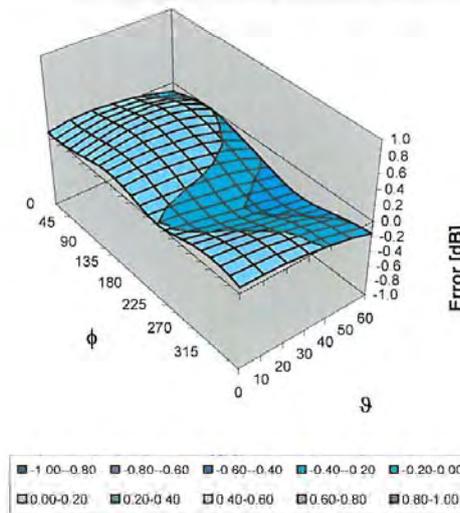
March 5, 2010

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4 SN:3710

March 5, 2010

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

**Calibration Laboratory of
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Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Quietek (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d094_Mar10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d094**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **March 15, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Mar-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

Calibrated by: **Dirce Iliev** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: March 15, 2010

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.9 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.43 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.72 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.70 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.30 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	55.3 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.3 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.55 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.90 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.67 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.53 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.2 Ω - 2.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 29.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω - 4.8 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,388 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 15, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 08.03.2010 10:52:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d094

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

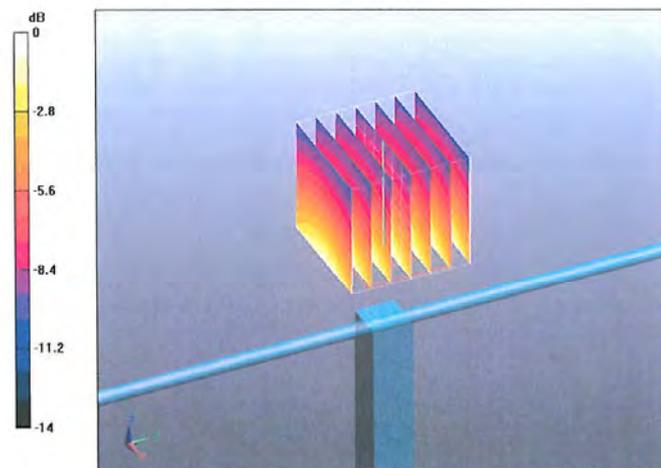
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00297 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg

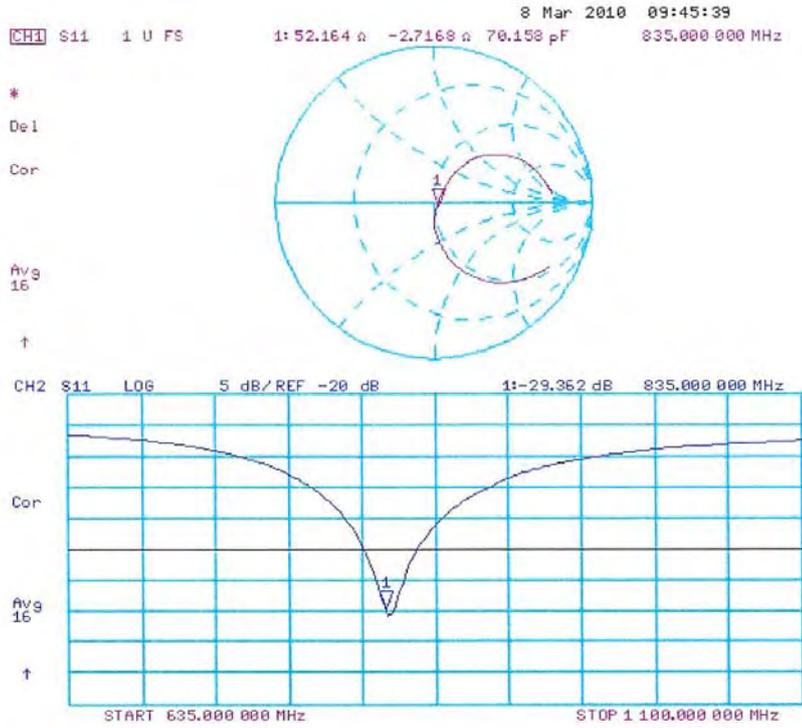
SAR(1 g) = 2.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 mW/g



0 dB = 2.84mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 15.03.2010 11:52:53

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d094

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

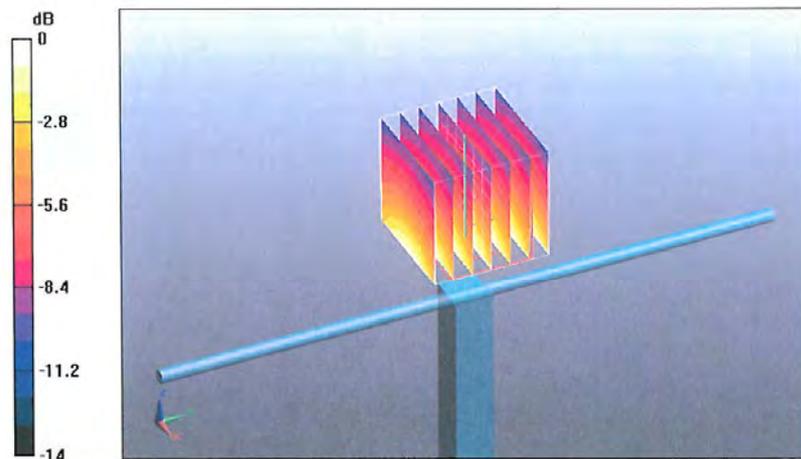
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00975 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg

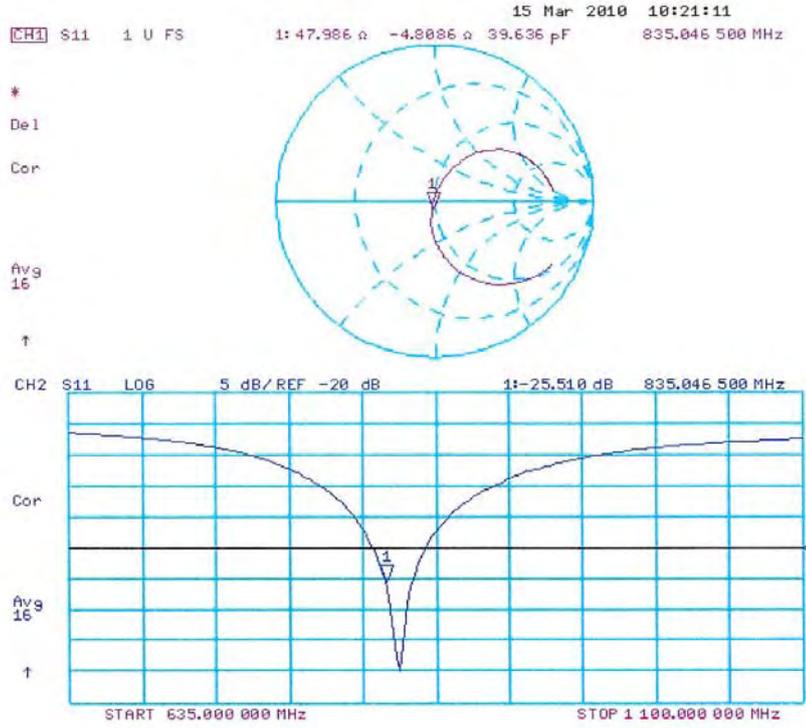
SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 mW/g



0 dB = 2.98mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Quietek (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d121_Mar10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D1900V2 - SN: 5d121**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **March 23, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	02-Mar-10 (No. DAE4-601_Mar10)	Mar-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 23, 2010

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
 ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
 N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.1 ± 6 %	1.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	-----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.30 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.9 ± 6 %	1.58 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	42.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.60 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 Ω + 7.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.1 Ω + 7.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.205 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 25, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.03.2010 12:23:06

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

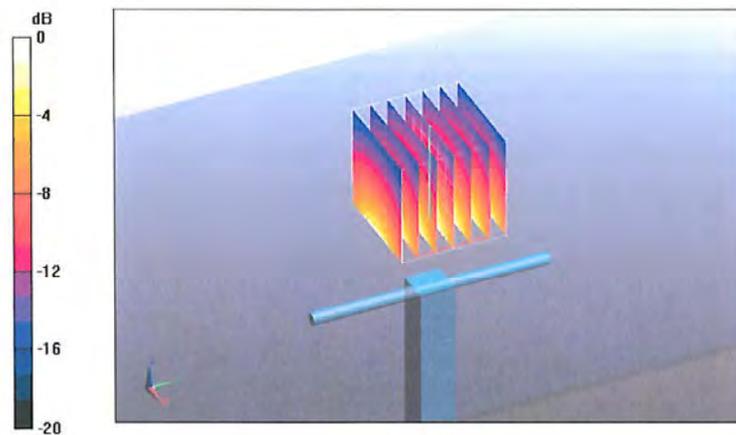
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00658 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

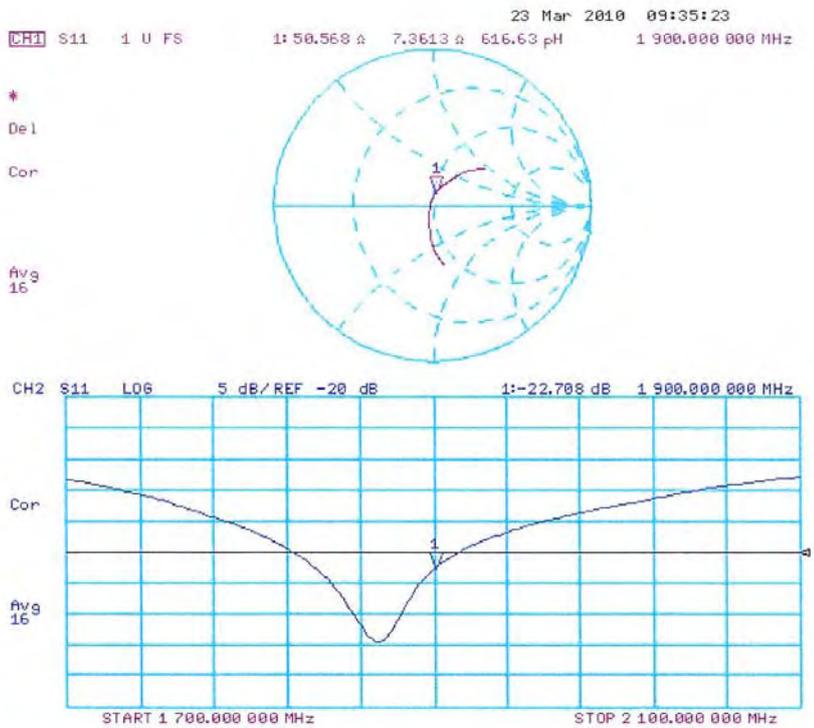
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 mW/g



0 dB = 12.8mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 17.03.2010 13:29:09

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d121

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 02.03.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

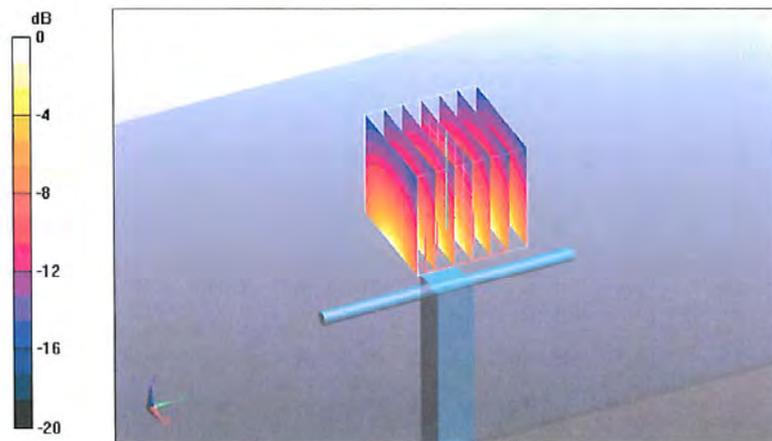
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00345 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g



0 dB = 13.3mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

