



FCC&IC SAR Compliance Test Report

Project Name: Mobile WiFi

Model : E5776s-501

FCC ID : QISE5776S-501

IC : 6369A-E5776S

Report No. : SYBH(Z-SAR)005112012-2

| | APPROVED | CHECKED | PREPARED |
|------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| BY | <i>Liu Chunlin</i> | <i>Aluicway</i> | <i>gongzhong</i> |
| DATE | 2012-12-24 | 2012-12-24 | 2012-12-24 |

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the item(s) tested , The HUAWEI does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of HUAWEI.

Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.

Table of Contents

| | | |
|-------|--|----|
| 1 | General Information..... | 5 |
| 1.1 | Statement of Compliance | 5 |
| 1.2 | RF exposure limits..... | 5 |
| 1.3 | EUT Description | 6 |
| 1.3.1 | General Description | 7 |
| 1.3.2 | LTE information Summary..... | 8 |
| 1.4 | Test specification(s)..... | 9 |
| 1.5 | Testing laboratory..... | 9 |
| 1.6 | Applicant and Manufacturer | 9 |
| 1.7 | Application details..... | 9 |
| 1.8 | Ambient Condition | 9 |
| 2 | SAR Measurement System..... | 10 |
| 2.1 | SAR Measurement Set-up | 10 |
| 2.2 | Test environment..... | 11 |
| 2.3 | Data Acquisition Electronics description | 11 |
| 2.4 | Probe description..... | 12 |
| 2.5 | Phantom description..... | 13 |
| 2.6 | Device holder description | 13 |
| 2.7 | Test Equipment List..... | 14 |
| 3 | SAR Measurement Procedure | 15 |
| 3.1 | Scanning procedure | 15 |
| 3.2 | Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation | 16 |
| 3.3 | Data Storage and Evaluation | 17 |
| 4 | System Verification Procedure | 19 |
| 4.1 | Tissue Verification | 19 |
| 4.2 | System Check | 21 |
| 4.3 | System check Procedure..... | 22 |
| 5 | Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation | 23 |
| 5.1 | Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test..... | 23 |
| 5.2 | Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system system | 24 |
| 6 | SAR Test Configuration..... | 25 |
| 6.1 | GSM Test Configuration | 25 |
| 6.2 | UMTS Test Configuration..... | 26 |
| 6.3 | LTE Test Configurations..... | 31 |
| 6.4 | WiFi Test Configuration | 38 |
| 7 | SAR Measurement Results | 39 |
| 7.1 | Conducted power measurements | 39 |
| 7.1.1 | Conducted power measurements GSM850 | 40 |
| 7.1.2 | Conducted power measurements GSM1900 | 40 |
| 7.1.3 | Conducted power measurements UMTS Band V | 41 |
| 7.1.4 | Conducted power measurements UMTS Band IV | 41 |
| 7.1.5 | Conducted power measurements UMTS Band II..... | 42 |
| 7.1.6 | Conducted power measurements LTE Band IV | 43 |
| 7.1.7 | Conducted power measurements LTE Band VII | 47 |
| 7.1.8 | Conducted power measurements WiFi 2.4G | 51 |
| 7.2 | SAR measurement Result..... | 53 |
| 7.2.1 | SAR measurement Result of GSM850..... | 53 |
| 7.2.2 | SAR measurement Result of GSM1900..... | 54 |
| 7.2.3 | SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V | 55 |
| 7.2.4 | SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band IV | 56 |
| 7.2.5 | SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band II | 57 |
| 7.2.6 | SAR measurement Result of LTE Band IV | 58 |
| 7.2.7 | SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII | 59 |
| 7.2.8 | SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G | 60 |
| 7.3 | Multiple Transmitter Evaluation | 61 |
| 7.3.1 | SAR measurement positions | 61 |
| 7.3.2 | Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities..... | 62 |



| | |
|--|----|
| 7.3.3 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion | 62 |
| 7.3.4 Simultaneous SAR evaluation | 64 |
| Appendix A. System Check Plots..... | 66 |
| Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots..... | 66 |
| Appendix C. Calibration Certificate | 66 |
| Appendix D. Photo documentation..... | 66 |

1 General Information

1.1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for E5776s-501 are as below in Table 1.

| Band | Position | MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg) |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------|
| GSM850 | Rear Side | 1.424 |
| GSM1900 | Front Side | 0.691 |
| UMTS Band V | Rear Side | 1.326 |
| UMTS Band IV | Front Side | 1.083 |
| UMTS Band II | Front Side | 1.095 |
| LTE Band IV | Rear Side | 1.219 |
| LTE Band VII | Right Side | 1.446 |
| WiFi 2.4G | Top Side | 0.158 |
| The highest simultaneous SAR is 1.474 W/kg | | |

Table 1: Summary of test result

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1 g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C 95.1:1992, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003& IEEE Std 1528a-2005 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C Edition 01-01 .

1.2 RF exposure limits

| Human Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational |
|--|--|--|
| Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs) | 1.60 mW/g | 8.00 mW/g |
| Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body) | 0.08 mW/g | 0.40 mW/g |
| Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 mW/g | 20.00 mW/g |

Table 2: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

1.3 EUT Description

| Device Information: | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| DUT Name: | Mobile WiFi | | |
| Type Identification: | E5776s-501 | | |
| FCC ID: | QISE5776S-501 | | |
| IC: | 6369A-E5776S | | |
| SN No.: | M6X01A92A2200053 | | |
| Device Type : | portable device | | |
| Exposure Category: | uncontrolled environment / general population | | |
| Hardware Version : | CL2E5776SM | | |
| Software Version : | 21.202.11.01.00 | | |
| Antenna Type : | internal antenna | | |
| Battery Options : | Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. Rechargeable Li-ion Battery Model: HB5P1H; Rated capacity: 3000mAh; Nominal Voltage: --- +3.7V; Charging Voltage: --- +4.2V. | | |
| Device Operating Configurations: | | | |
| Supporting Mode(s) | GSM850/1900,UMTS Band V/IV/II, LTE Band IV/VII, WiFi 2.4G (tested); | | |
| Test Modulation | GSM(GMSK), UMTS(QPSK),LTE(QPSK/16QAM),WiFi(BPSK) | | |
| Device Class | B | | |
| Operating Frequency Range(s) | Band | Tx (MHz) | Rx (MHz) |
| | GSM850 | 824-849 | 869-894 |
| | GSM1900 | 1850-1910 | 1930-1990 |
| | UMTS Band V | 824-849 | 869-894 |
| | UMTS Band IV | 1710-1755 | 2110-2155 |
| | UMTS Band II | 1850-1910 | 1930-1990 |
| | LTE Band IV | 1710-1755 | 2110-2155 |
| | LTE Band VII | 2500-2570 | 2620-2690 |
| | WiFi 2.4G | 2412-2462 | 2412-2462 |
| GPRS Multislot Class(12) | Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink: | 4 | |
| | Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink: | 4 | |
| | Max Total Timeslot: | 5 | |
| EGPRS Multislot Class(12) | Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink: | 4 | |
| | Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink: | 4 | |
| | Max Total Timeslot: | 5 | |
| HSDPA UE Category | 10 | | |
| HSUPA UE category | 6 | | |
| DC-HSDPA UE Category | 24 | | |
| Power Class: | 4, tested with power level 5(GSM850) | | |
| | 1, tested with power level 0(GSM1900) | | |
| | 3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Band V) | | |
| | 3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Band IV) | | |
| | 3, tested with power control "all 1"(UMTS Band II) | | |
| | 3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band IV) | | |
| | 3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band VII) | | |
| Test Channels (low-mid-high): | 128-190-251(GSM850) | | |

| |
|---|
| 512-661-810 (GSM1900) |
| 4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V) |
| 1312-1413-1513 (UMTS Band IV) |
| 9262-9400-9538 (UMTS Band II) |
| 19975-20175-20375(LTE Band IV BW=5MHz) |
| 20000-20175-20350(LTE Band IV BW=10MHz) |
| 20025-20175-20325(LTE Band IV BW=15MHz) |
| 20050-20175-20300(LTE Band IV BW=20MHz) |
| 20775-21100-21425(LTE Band VII BW=5MHz) |
| 20800-21100-21400(LTE Band VII BW=10MHz) |
| 20825-21100-21375(LTE Band VII BW=15MHz) |
| 20850-21100-21350(LTE Band VII BW=20MHz)) |
| 1-6-11(WiFi 802.11b/g, 802.11n 20M) |
| 3-6-9(WiFi 802.11n 40M) |

Table 3:Device information and operating configuration

1.3.1 General Description

E5776s-501 is a LTE/UMTS/GSM triple mode and WiFi Wireless mobile Router; it can be used as a WiFi hotspot based on standard of IEEE802.11b/g/n. It supports 3G WCDMA and 4G LTE wireless internet accessing function. About 3G WCDMA wireless mode, it supports WCDMA and HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA, operating in Band1,Band2,Band4,Band 5;and the 4G LTE operating in Band4,Band7;and GSM operating in GSM850MHz and GSM1900MHz.The WiFi frequency is 2.4GHz.

E5776s-501 supports 1Tx2Rx for 3G WCDMA and 4G LTE. WiFi supports 2Tx2Rx.

1.3.2 LTE information Summary

| Items | Device Operating Configurations for LTE | Remark |
|-------|---|---|
| 1 | Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band | Refer to table 3 |
| 2 | Channel Bandwidths | Band IV/VII(5 MHz,10MHz,15 MHz,20MHz) |
| 3 | H,M,L channel numbers and frequencies | Refer to table 3 |
| 4a | UE Category | 4 |
| 4b | Modulations Supported in UL | QPSK, 16QAM |
| 5 | Description of LTE Tx and Ant. Implementation | Refer to page 61 , Definition of Antennas |
| 6 | Identify the LTE voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition | Body SAR is required. |
| 7 | LTE MPR Permanently implement per 3GPP TS36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5?(manufacturer attestation to be provided) | Yes |
| 8 | Conducted power table provided for 1RB,50%RB and 100%RB | Refer to the RF Output Power Table |
| 9~10 | Non-LTE operating Modes and Band | Refer to table 3 |
| 11 | Simultaneous Tx Conditions | Refer to Section 7.3 |
| 12 | Power Reduction used for SAR Compliance | NO |
| 13 | Supporting descriptions for power reduction | NO |
| 14 | When appropriate, include a SAR test plan proposal with respect to the above | Not Applicable |
| 15 | If applicable, include preliminary SAR test data and/or supporting information in laboratory testing inquiries to address specific issues and concerns or for requesting further test reduction considerations appropriate for the device; for example,simultaneous transmission configurations | Not Applicable |

Table 4: LTE information Summary per FCC KDB 941225 D05

1.4 Test specification(s)

| | |
|---|--|
| ANSI Std C95.1 – 1992 | Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.(IEEE Std C95.1 – 1991) |
| IEEE Std 1528-2003 | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| IEEE Std 1528a-2005 | IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques Amendment 1: CAD File for Human Head Model (SAM Phantom) |
| OET Bulletin No. 65, Supplement C Edition 01-01– 2001 | Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields---Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions |
| RSS-102 | Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 4 of March 2010) |
| KDB248227 D01v01 | SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a,b,g Transmitters |
| KDB941225 D01v02 | SAR test for 3G devices |
| KDB941225 D03v01 | SAR Test Reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE |
| KDB941225 D05v02 | SAR for LTE Devices |
| KDB447498 D01v05 | General RF Exposure Guidance |
| KDB450824 D01v01 | SAR Probe Calibration and System Verification |
| KDB450824 D02v01 | Dipole SAR System check Verification |
| TCB workshop slides | RF Exposure Procedures(October 10, 2012) |

1.5 Testing laboratory

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Test Site | The Reliability Laboratory of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd. |
| Test Location | Zone K3,Huawei Industrial Base, Bantian Industry Area, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China |
| Telephone | +86 755 28780808 |
| Fax | +86 755 89652518 |
| State of accreditation | The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number: L0310 ; A2LA Registration number: 2174.01 |

1.6 Applicant and Manufacturer

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Company Name | HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD |
| Address | Administration Building, Headquarters of Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd., Bantian, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518129, P.R.C |

1.7 Application details

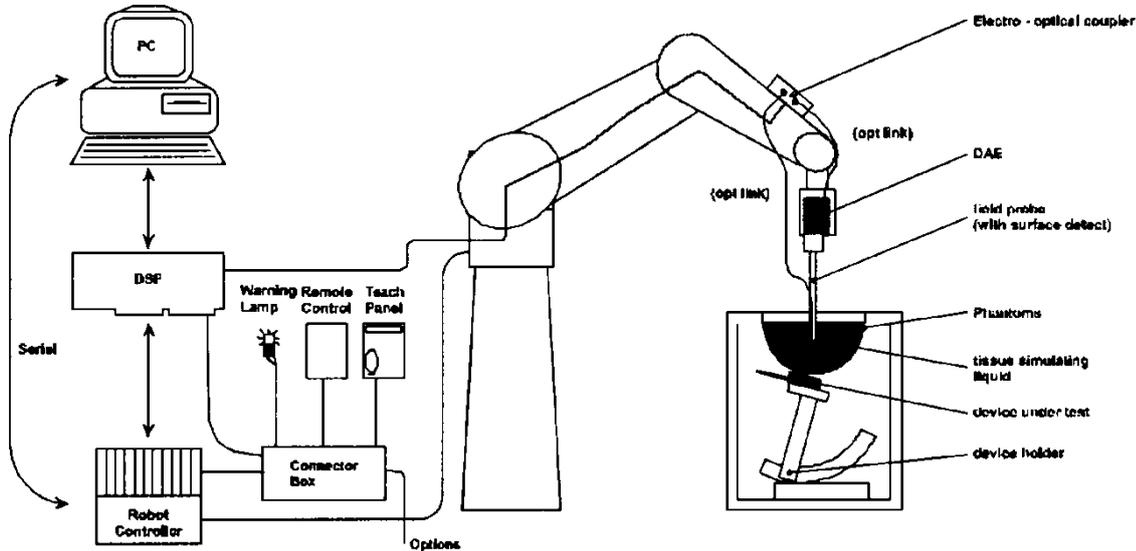
| | |
|--------------------|------------|
| Start Date of test | 2012-11-09 |
| End Date of test | 2012-12-15 |

1.8 Ambient Condition

| | |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Ambient temperature | 20°C – 24°C |
| Relative Humidity | 30% – 70% |

2 SAR Measurement System

2.1 SAR Measurement Set-up



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows XP.
- DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System check dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

2.2 Test environment

The DASY4 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions: 5 x 2.5 x 3 m³, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics description

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

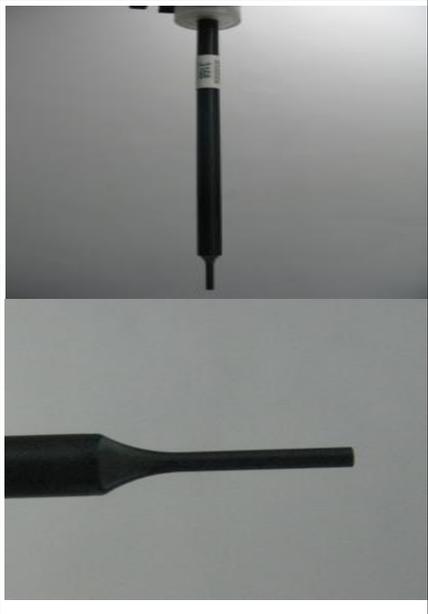
DAE4

| | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Input Impedance | 200MOhm |  |
| The Inputs | symmetrical and floating | |
| Common mode rejection | above 80 dB | |

2.4 Probe description

These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor (± 2 dB). The dosimetric probes have special calibrations in various liquids at different frequencies.

Isotropic E-Field Probe ES3DV3 for Dosimetric Measurements

| | | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |  |
| Calibration | ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available. | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz) | |
| Directivity | ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic range | 5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm | |
| Application | General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones | |

Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV4 for Dosimetric Measurements

| | | |
|---------------|---|---|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether) |  |
| Calibration | ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available. | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 6 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) | |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic range | 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 2.5 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm | |
| Application | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%. | |

2.5 Phantom description

SAM Twin Phantom

| | | |
|-------------------|--|---|
| Shell Thickness | 2mm +/- 0.2 mm; The ear region: 6mm |  |
| Filling Volume | Approximately 30 liters | |
| Dimensions | Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet | |
| Measurement Areas | Left hand Right hand Flat phantom | |

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

ELI4 Phantom

| | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Shell Thickness | 2mm +/- 0.2 mm |  |
| Filling Volume | Approximately 30 liters | |
| Dimensions | Length:1000mm; Width:500mm; Height: adjustable feet | |
| Measurement Areas | Flat phantom | |

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

2.6 Device holder description

The DASY5 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

2.7 Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment
 Devices used during the test described are marked

| | Manufacturer | Device | Type | Serial number | Date of last calibration)* | Valid period |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3736 | 2012-04-26 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | ES3DV3 | 3168 | 2012-10-02 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | 835 MHz Dipole | D835V2 | 4d126 | 2011-11-07 | Three years |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | 1800 MHz Dipole | D1800V2 | 2d184 | 2011-03-08 | Three years |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | 1900 MHz Dipole | D1900V2 | 5d143 | 2011-09-26 | Three years |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | 2000 MHz Dipole | D2000V2 | 1052 | 2011-03-10 | Three years |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | 2300 MHz Dipole | D2300V2 | 1016 | 2011-11-22 | Three years |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | 2450 MHz Dipole | D2450V2 | 860 | 2011-03-08 | Three years |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | 2600 MHz Dipole | D2600V2 | 1021 | 2011-11-21 | Three years |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Data acquisition electronics | DAE4 | 851 | 2012-07-25 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Software | DASY 5 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Twin Phantom | SAM1 | TP-1475 | N/A | N/A |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Twin Phantom | SAM2 | TP-1474 | N/A | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Twin Phantom | SAM3 | TP-1597 | N/A | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Twin Phantom | SAM4 | TP-1620 | N/A | N/A |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Flat Phantom | ELI 4.0 | TP-1038 | N/A | N/A |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SPEAG | Flat Phantom | ELI 4.0 | TP-1111 | N/A | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | R & S | Universal Radio Communication Tester | CMU 200 | 113989 | 2012-06-07 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | R & S | WideBand Radio Communication Tester | CMW 500 | 392718 | 2012-08-06 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent)* | Network Analyser | E5071B | MY42404956 | 2012-02-14 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent | Dielectric Probe Kit | 85070E | 2484 | N/A | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent | Signal Generator | N5181A | MY47420989 | 2012-02-14 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | MINI-CIRCUITS | Amplifier | ZHL-42W | QA0746001 | N/A | N/A |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent | Power Meter | E4417A | MY45101339 | 2012-02-14 | One year |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Agilent | Power Meter Sensor | E9321A | MY44420359 | 2012-02-14 | One year |

Note: All the test equipments are calibrated once a year, except the dipoles, which are calibrated every three years. Moreover, we have self-calibration every year to the dipoles.

1) Per KDB 450824 D02 requirements for dipole calibration, Huawei SAR lab has adopted three years calibration interval. But each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

3 SAR Measurement Procedure

3.1 Scanning procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The reference and drift measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The surface check measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.)
- The area scan measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension. If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in Appendix B.
- A 7x7x7 zoom scan measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous coarse scan. This is a fine 7x7 grid where the robot additionally moves the probe in 7 steps along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. Grid spacing for the cube measurement is 5 mm in x and y-direction and 5 mm in z-direction. DASY5 is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in Appendix B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.4.) are shown in table form in chapter 7.2.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in Appendix B.

3.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 7 x 7 x 7 points. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting Graph Evaluated.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR - values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY5 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.

3.3 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension DAE4. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

| | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Probe parameters: | - Sensitivity | Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2} |
| | - Conversion factor | ConvF _i |
| | - Diode compression point | Dcpi |
| Device parameters: | - Frequency | f |
| | - Crest factor | cf |
| Media parameters: | - Conductivity | σ |
| | - Density | ρ |

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

| | | | |
|------|------------------|---|------------------|
| with | V _i | = compensated signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z) |
| | U _i | = input signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z) |
| | cf | = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) | |
| | dcp _i | = diode compression point | (DASY parameter) |

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{E-field probes:} & \quad E_i = (V_i / \text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF})^{1/2} \\
 \text{H-field probes:} & \quad H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f
 \end{aligned}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 [mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = (E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{\text{pwe}} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{\text{pwe}} = H_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m
 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

4 System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Verification

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

| Ingredients (% of weight) | Body Tissue | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| | 450 | 835 | 1800 | 1900 | 2450 | 2600 |
| Frequency Band (MHz) | 450 | 835 | 1800 | 1900 | 2450 | 2600 |
| Water | 51.16 | 52.4 | 69.91 | 71.88 | 73.2 | 70.04 |
| Salt (NaCl) | 1.49 | 1.40 | 0.13 | 0.39 | 0.04 | 0.1 |
| Sugar | 46.78 | 45.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| HEC | 0.52 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Bactericide | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Triton X-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| DGBE | 0.0 | 0.0 | 29.96 | 29.44 | 26.7 | 29.5 |

Table 5: Tissue Dielectric Properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, 16M Ω + resistivity
 HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]
 Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

| Tissue Type | Measured Frequency (MHz) | Target Tissue | | Measured Tissue | | Liquid Temp. | Test Date |
|-------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| | | ϵ_r (+/-5%) | σ (S/m) (+/-5%) | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) | | |
| 835B | 825 | 55.20 (52.44~57.96) | 0.97 (0.92~1.02) | 55.07 | 0.979 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-10 |
| | 835 | 55.20 (52.44~57.96) | 0.97 (0.92~1.02) | 55.00 | 0.982 | | |
| | 850 | 55.20 (52.44~57.96) | 0.99 (0.94~1.04) | 54.98 | 0.992 | | |
| 835B | 825 | 55.20 (52.44~57.96) | 0.97 (0.92~1.02) | 55.63 | 0.991 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-14 |
| | 835 | 55.20 (52.44~57.96) | 0.97 (0.92~1.02) | 55.57 | 0.987 | | |
| | 850 | 55.20 (52.44~57.96) | 0.99 (0.94~1.04) | 55.36 | 1.012 | | |
| 1800B | 1710 | 53.50 (50.83~56.18) | 1.46 (1.39~1.53) | 51.74 | 1.467 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-09 |
| | 1730 | 53.50 (50.83~56.18) | 1.48 (1.41~1.55) | 51.35 | 1.478 | | |
| | 1750 | 53.40 (50.73~56.07) | 1.49 (1.42~1.56) | 51.19 | 1.496 | | |
| | 1800 | 53.30 (50.64~55.97) | 1.52 (1.44~1.60) | 51.31 | 1.530 | | |
| 1800B | 1710 | 53.50 (50.83~56.18) | 1.46 (1.39~1.53) | 54.66 | 1.474 | 21.4°C | 2012-12-13 |
| | 1730 | 53.50 (50.83~56.18) | 1.48 (1.41~1.55) | 54.52 | 1.493 | | |
| | 1750 | 53.40 (50.73~56.07) | 1.49 (1.42~1.56) | 54.39 | 1.512 | | |
| | 1800 | 53.30 (50.64~55.97) | 1.52 (1.44~1.60) | 54.12 | 1.557 | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|--------|------------|
| 1900B | 1850 | 53.30 (50.64~55.97) | 1.52 (1.44~1.60) | 53.28 | 1.485 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-09 |
| | 1880 | 53.30 (50.64~55.97) | 1.52 (1.44~1.60) | 53.36 | 1.526 | | |
| | 1910 | 53.30 (50.64~55.97) | 1.52 (1.44~1.60) | 53.06 | 1.556 | | |
| | 1900 | 53.30 (50.64~55.97) | 1.52 (1.44~1.60) | 53.09 | 1.542 | | |
| 2600B | 2510 | 52.62 (49.99~55.25) | 2.03 (1.93~2.13) | 53.22 | 2.038 | 21.4°C | 2012-12-14 |
| | 2530 | 52.59 (49.96~55.22) | 2.07 (1.97~2.17) | 53.20 | 2.084 | | |
| | 2550 | 52.57 (49.94~55.20) | 2.09 (1.99~2.19) | 53.10 | 2.120 | | |
| | 2600 | 52.5 (49.88~55.13) | 2.16 (2.05~2.27) | 53.00 | 2.188 | | |
| 2450B | 2410 | 52.8 (50.16~55.44) | 1.91 (1.81~2.00) | 52.45 | 1.922 | 21.4°C | 2012-12-04 |
| | 2435 | 52.7 (50.07~55.34) | 1.94 (1.84~2.04) | 52.38 | 1.953 | | |
| | 2450 | 52.7 (50.07~55.34) | 1.95 (1.85~2.05) | 52.33 | 1.970 | | |
| | 2460 | 52.7 (50.07~55.34) | 1.96 (1.86~2.06) | 52.31 | 1.983 | | |
| ϵ_r = Relative permittivity, σ = Conductivity | | | | | | | |

Table 6: Measured Tissue Parameter

Note: 1) The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

2) KDB 450824 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50MHz of the EUT frequencies.

3) The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies. The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY rounds to three significant digits.

4) For LTE and UMTS measurements in AWS band, and for 1800 MHz system verification the same TSL and 1750 MHz SAR probe calibration point have been used.

4.2 System Check

The system check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system check is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows system check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (Graphic Plot(s) see Appendix A).

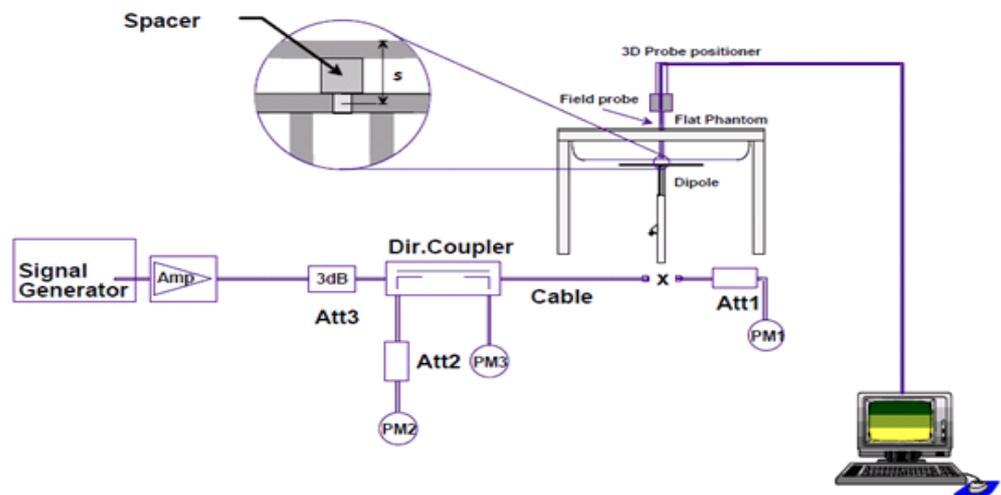
| System Check | Target SAR (1W) (+/-10%) | | Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W) | | Liquid Temp. | Test Date |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| | 1-g (mW/g) | 10-g (mW/g) | 1-g (mW/g) | 10-g (mW/g) | | |
| D835V2 Body | 9.54 (8.59~10.49) | 6.29 (5.66~6.92) | 10.16 | 6.68 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-10 |
| D835V2 Body | 9.54 (8.59~10.49) | 6.29 (5.66~6.92) | 10.12 | 6.64 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-14 |
| D1800V2 Body | 38.80 (34.92~42.68) | 20.40 (18.36~22.44) | 36.28 | 18.64 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-09 |
| D1800V2 Body | 38.80 (34.92~42.68) | 20.40 (18.36~22.44) | 36.60 | 18.96 | 21.4°C | 2012-12-13 |
| D1900V2 Body | 41.40 (37.26~45.54) | 21.80 (19.62~23.98) | 41.60 | 21.56 | 21.4°C | 2012-11-09 |
| D2600V2 Body | 55.60 (50.04~61.16) | 24.90 (22.41~27.39) | 58.80 | 26.60 | 21.4°C | 2012-12-14 |
| D2450V2 Body | 52.8 (47.52~58.08) | 24.5 (22.05~26.95) | 49.20 | 22.12 | 21.4°C | 2012-12-04 |

Table 7: System Check Results

4.3 System check Procedure

The system check is performed by using a system check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 250 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system check to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

system check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



5 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

5.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 10.9\%$ ($K=1$).

The expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) is assessed to be $\pm 21.9\%$

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

| Error Sources | Uncertainty Value | Probability Distribution | Divisor | c_i 1g | c_i 10g | Standard Uncertainty 1g | Standard Uncertainty 10g | v_i^2 or v_{eff} |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | $\pm 6.0\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0\%$ | $\pm 6.0\%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | $\pm 4.7\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | $\pm 1.9\%$ | $\pm 1.9\%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | $\pm 9.6\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | $\pm 3.9\%$ | $\pm 3.9\%$ | ∞ |
| Spatial resolution | $\pm 0.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | $\pm 0.0\%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary effects | $\pm 1.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe linearity | $\pm 4.7\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.7\%$ | $\pm 2.7\%$ | ∞ |
| System detection limits | $\pm 1.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Readout electronics | $\pm 0.3\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.3\%$ | $\pm 0.3\%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | $\pm 0.8\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.5\%$ | $\pm 0.5\%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | $\pm 2.6\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.5\%$ | $\pm 1.5\%$ | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions | $\pm 3.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.7\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe positioner | $\pm 0.4\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.2\%$ | $\pm 0.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | $\pm 2.9\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.7\%$ | ∞ |
| Max. SAR evaluation | $\pm 1.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device positioning | $\pm 2.9\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9\%$ | $\pm 2.9\%$ | 145 |
| Device holder uncertainty | $\pm 3.6\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.6\%$ | $\pm 3.6\%$ | 5 |
| Power drift | $\pm 5.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9\%$ | $\pm 2.9\%$ | ∞ |
| Phantom and Set-up | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty | $\pm 4.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.3\%$ | $\pm 2.3\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (target) | $\pm 5.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | $\pm 1.8\%$ | $\pm 1.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (meas.) | $\pm 2.5\%$ | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | $\pm 1.6\%$ | $\pm 1.1\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (target) | $\pm 5.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.4\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (meas.) | $\pm 2.5\%$ | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | $\pm 1.5\%$ | $\pm 1.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Uncertainty | $u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{31} u_i^2}$ | | | | | $\pm 10.9\%$ | $\pm 10.7\%$ | 387 |
| Expanded Std. Uncertainty | $U_e = 2u_c$ | Normal | | K=2 | | $\pm 21.9\%$ | $\pm 21.4\%$ | |

Table 8: Measurement uncertainties

5.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system system

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 9.5\%$ ($K=1$).

The expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) is assessed to be $\pm 18.9\%$

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

| Error Sources | Uncertainty Value | Probability Distribution | Divisor | c_i 1g | c_i 10g | Standard Uncertainty 1g | Standard Uncertainty 10g | v_i^2 or v_{eff} |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | $\pm 6.0\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 6.0\%$ | $\pm 6.0\%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | $\pm 4.7\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.7\%$ | $\pm 2.7\%$ | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | $\pm 9.6\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | $\pm 0.0\%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary effects | $\pm 1.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe linearity | $\pm 4.7\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.7\%$ | $\pm 2.7\%$ | ∞ |
| System detection limits | $\pm 1.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Readout electronics | $\pm 0.3\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.3\%$ | $\pm 0.3\%$ | ∞ |
| Response time | $\pm 0.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | $\pm 0.0\%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | $\pm 0.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | $\pm 0.0\%$ | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions | $\pm 1.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe positioner | $\pm 0.4\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.2\%$ | $\pm 0.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | $\pm 2.9\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.7\%$ | ∞ |
| Max. SAR evaluation | $\pm 1.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Dipole | | | | | | | | |
| Deviation of experimental dipole | $\pm 5.5\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 3.2\%$ | $\pm 3.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Dipole axis to liquid distance | $\pm 2.0\%$ | Rectangular | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.2\%$ | $\pm 1.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Power drift | $\pm 4.7\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.7\%$ | $\pm 2.7\%$ | ∞ |
| Phantom and Set-up | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty | $\pm 4.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.3\%$ | $\pm 2.3\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (target) | $\pm 5.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | $\pm 1.8\%$ | $\pm 1.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (meas.) | $\pm 2.5\%$ | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | $\pm 1.6\%$ | $\pm 1.1\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (target) | $\pm 5.0\%$ | Rectangular | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.6 | 0.49 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.4\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (meas.) | $\pm 2.5\%$ | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | $\pm 1.5\%$ | $\pm 1.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Combined Uncertainty | $u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{21} u_i^2}$ | | | | | $\pm 9.5\%$ | $\pm 9.2\%$ | |
| Expanded Std. Uncertainty | $u_e = 2u_c$ | Normal | | K=2 | | $\pm 18.9\%$ | $\pm 18.4\%$ | |

Table 9: Measurement uncertainties

6 SAR Test Configuration

6.1 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM850/1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to “5”and “0” in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900.The tests in the band of GSM850/1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5. The EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink, and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot.

The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

| Number of timeslots in uplink assignment | | Reduction of maximum output power, (dB) | | |
|--|------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| Band | Time Slots | GPRS (GMSK) | EGPRS (GMSK) | EGPRS (8PSK) |
| GSM850 | 1 TX slot | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2 TX slots | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2 |
| | 3 TX slots | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3 |
| | 4 TX slots | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5 |
| GSM1900 | 1 TX slot | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2 TX slots | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 3 TX slots | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | 4 TX slots | 4 | 4 | 4 |

Table 10: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration of GSM

6.2 UMTS Test Configuration

1) RMC

As the SAR body tests for UMTS Band V/ IV/II, we established the radio link through call processing. The maximum output power were verified on high, middle and low channels for each test band according to 3GPP TS 34.121 with the following configuration:

- 1) 12.2kbps RMC, 64,144,384 kbps RMC with TPC set to 'all 1'.
- 2) Test loop Mode 1.

For the output power, the configurations for the DPCCH and DPDCH₁ are as followed (EUT do not support the DPDCH_{2-n})

| | Channel Bit Rate (kbps) | Channel Symbol Rate (ksps) | Spreading Factor | Spreading Code Number | Bits/Slot |
|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| DPCCH | 15 | 15 | 256 | 0 | 10 |
| DPDCH ₁ | 15 | 15 | 256 | 64 | 10 |
| | 30 | 30 | 128 | 32 | 20 |
| | 60 | 60 | 64 | 16 | 40 |
| | 120 | 120 | 32 | 8 | 80 |
| | 240 | 240 | 16 | 4 | 160 |
| | 480 | 480 | 8 | 2 | 320 |
| | 960 | 960 | 4 | 1 | 640 |
| DPDCH _n | 960 | 960 | 4 | 1, 2, 3 | 640 |

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCH_n, when supported by the EUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCH_n configuration, are less than ¼ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 kbps RMC.

2) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. In addition, body SAR is also measured for HSDPA when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HAPRQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The β_c and β_d gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table, β_{hs} for HS-DPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when $\Delta ACK, \Delta NACK, \Delta CQI = 8$. The variation of the β_c / β_d ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

| Sub-test | β_c | β_d | β_d (SF) | β_c / β_d | β_{hs} (1) | CM(dB)(2) | MPR (dB) |
|----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|----------|
| 1 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 0.0 | 0 |
| 2 | 12/15(3) | 15/15(3) | 64 | 12/15(3) | 24/15 | 1.0 | 0 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 8/15 | 64 | 15/8 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 15/15 | 4/15 | 64 | 15/4 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 |

Note 1: Δ ACK, Δ NACK and Δ CQI = 8 . $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$, $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2 : CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d= 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 3 : For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$

Table 11: Sub-tests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.

| Parameter | Value |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Nominal average inf. bit rate | 534 kbit/s |
| Inter-TTI Distance | 3 TTI's |
| Number of HARQ Processes | 2 Processes |
| Information Bit Payload | 3202 Bits |
| MAC-d PDU size | 336 Bits |
| Number Code Blocks | 1 Block |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI | 4800 Bits |
| Total Available SMLs in UE | 19200 SMLs |
| Number of SMLs per HARQ Process | 9600 SMLs |
| Coding Rate | 0.67 |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes | 5 |

Table 12: settings of required H-Set 1 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

| HS-DSCH Category | Maximum HS-DSCH Codes Received | Minimum Inter-TTI Interval | Maximum HS-DSCH Transport Block Bits/HS-DSCH TTI | Total Soft Channel Bits |
|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 1 | 5 | 3 | 7298 | 19200 |
| 2 | 5 | 3 | 7298 | 28800 |
| 3 | 5 | 2 | 7298 | 28800 |
| 4 | 5 | 2 | 7298 | 38400 |
| 5 | 5 | 1 | 7298 | 57600 |
| 6 | 5 | 1 | 7298 | 67200 |
| 7 | 10 | 1 | 14411 | 115200 |
| 8 | 10 | 1 | 14411 | 134400 |
| 9 | 15 | 1 | 25251 | 172800 |
| 10 | 15 | 1 | 27952 | 172800 |
| 11 | 5 | 2 | 3630 | 14400 |
| 12 | 5 | 1 | 3630 | 28800 |

| | | | | |
|----|----|---|-------|--------|
| 13 | 15 | 1 | 34800 | 259200 |
| 14 | 15 | 1 | 42196 | 259200 |
| 15 | 15 | 1 | 23370 | 345600 |
| 16 | 15 | 1 | 27952 | 345600 |

Table 13:HSDPA UE category

3) HSUPA

Body SAR is also measured for HSPA when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel with HSPA active is at ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR 12.2kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit. Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-set 1 and QPSK for FRC and 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a commercial communication test set should be used for the output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA should be configured according to the values indicated below as well as other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSPA Data Device' sections of 3G device.

| Sub-test | β_c | β_d | β_d (SF) | β_c/β_d | $\beta_{hs(1)}$ | β_{ec} | β_{ed} | β_{ec} (SF) | β_{ed} (code) | CM ⁽²⁾ (dB) | MP R _u (dB) | AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index | E-TFC I |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| 1 | 11/15 ⁽³⁾ | 15/15 ⁽³⁾ | 64 | 11/15 ⁽³⁾ | 22/15 | 209/25 | 1039/225 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 20 | 75 |
| 2 | 6/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 6/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 94/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 12 | 67 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 9/15 | 64 | 15/9 | 30/15 | 30/15 | $\beta_{ed1}:47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}:47/15$ | 4 | 2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 15 | 92 |
| 4 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 2/15 | 56/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 17 | 71 |
| 5 | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 64 | 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ | 30/15 | 24/15 | 134/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 21 | 81 |

Note 1: $\Delta ACK, \Delta NACK$ and $\Delta CQI = 8$. $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$. $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference

Note 3 : For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$

Note 4 : For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$

Note 5 : Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 14:Subtests for UMTS Release 6 HSUPA

| UE E-DCH Category | Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted | Number of HARQ Processes | E-DCH TTI(ms) | Minimum Spreading Factor | Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits | Max Rate (Mbps) |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 7110 | 0.7296 |
| 2 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 2798 | 1.4592 |
| | 2 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 14484 | |
| 3 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 14484 | 1.4592 |
| 4 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 5772 | 2.9185 |
| | 2 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 20000 | 2.00 |
| 5 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 20000 | 2.00 |
| 6 (No DPDCH) | 4 | 8 | 10 | 2SF2&2SF | 11484 | 5.76 |
| | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 20000 | 2.00 |
| 7 (No DPDCH) | 4 | 8 | 2 | 2SF2&2SF | 22996 | ? |
| | 4 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 20000 | ? |

NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4. UE categories 1 to 6 support QPSK only. UE category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0).

Table 15: HSUPA UE category

4) DC-HSDPA

In DC-HSDPA implementation of this device, the uplink parameters are the same as HSDPA. No additional channels and modulations (16 QAM, and 64 QAM) are supported in uplink. The difference is only in the downlink parameters, where two carriers are supported. HSDPA settings were used on uplink.

For Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA apply the four subtests from HSDPA Release 5 except use fixed reference channel H-Set 12 for DC-HSDPA. And we can apply the same SAR test exclusion criteria used for Rel. 6 HSPA for Rel. 7 HSPA+ and Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA. That is, if the HSPA, HSPA+, or the DC-HSDPA maximum output is not more than 0.25 dB higher than WCDMA, SAR measurement for those modes is not required.

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.0

Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup

| Parameter During Connection setup | Unit | Value |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------|
| P-CPICH_Ec/Ior | dB | -10 |
| P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/Ior | dB | -12 |
| PICH_Ec/Ior | dB | -15 |
| HS-PDSCH | dB | off |
| HS-SCCH_1 | dB | off |
| DPCH_Ec/Ior | dB | -5 |
| OCNS_Ec/Ior | dB | -3.1 |

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) H-Set 12 with QPSK

| Parameter | Value |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Nominal average inf. bit rate | 60 kbit/s |
| Inter-TTI Distance | 1 TTI's |
| Number of HARQ Processes | 6 Processes |
| Information Bit Payload | 120 Bits |
| Number Code Blocks | 1 Block |
| Binary Channel Bits Per TTI | 960 Bits |
| Total Available SMLs in UE | 19200 SMLs |
| Number of SMLs per HARQ Process | 3200 SMLs |
| Coding Rate | 0.15 |
| Number of Physical Channel Codes | 1 |

Table 16: settings of required H-Set 12 QPSK acc. to 3GPP 34.121

Note:

- 1.The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table above.
- 2.Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1,i.e.,retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

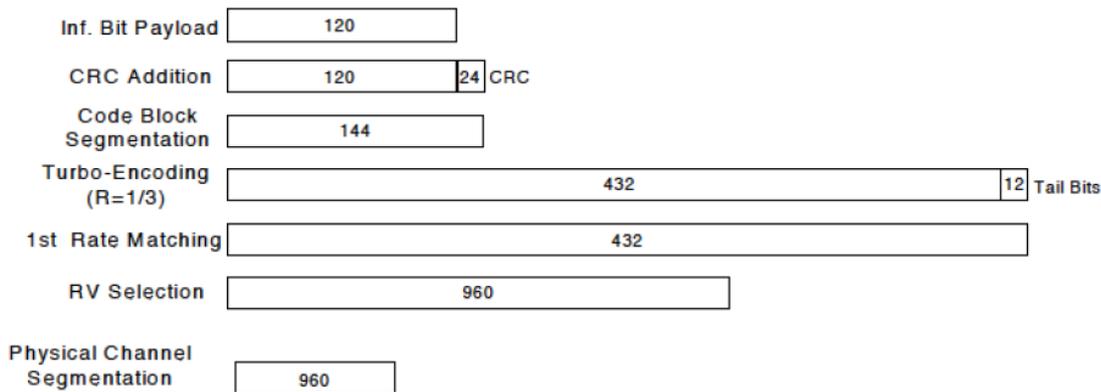


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

The following 4 Sub-tests for HSDPA were completed according to Release 5 procedures. A summary of subtest settings are illustrated below:

| Sub-test ^o | β_c ^o | β_d ^o | β_d (SF) ^o | β_c/β_d ^o | $\beta_{hs}(1)$ ^o | CM(dB)(2) ^o | MPR (dB) ^o |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 ^o | 2/15 ^o | 15/15 ^o | 64 ^o | 2/15 ^o | 4/15 ^o | 0.0 ^o | 0 ^o |
| 2 ^o | 12/15(3) ^o | 15/15(3) ^o | 64 ^o | 12/15(3) ^o | 24/15 ^o | 1.0 ^o | 0 ^o |
| 3 ^o | 15/15 ^o | 8/15 ^o | 64 ^o | 15/8 ^o | 30/15 ^o | 1.5 ^o | 0.5 ^o |
| 4 ^o | 15/15 ^o | 4/15 ^o | 64 ^o | 15/4 ^o | 30/15 ^o | 1.5 ^o | 0.5 ^o |

Note 1: Δ ACK, Δ NACK and Δ CQI=8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ ^o

Note 2 : CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.^o

Note 3 : For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$ ^o

Up commands are set continuously to set the UE to Max power.

Note:1.The Dual Carriers transmission only applies to HSDPA physical channels

- 2.The Dual Carriers belong to the same Node and are on adjacent carriers.
- 3.The Dual Carriers do not support MIMO to serve UEs configured for dual cell operation
- 4.The Dual Carriers operate in the same frequency band .
- 5.The device doesn't support the modulation of 16QAM in uplink but 64QAM in downlink for DC-HSDPA mode.
- 6.The device doesn't support carrier aggregation for its release version is Release 8.

6.3 LTE Test Configurations

SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the Procedures of KDB941225 D05. The CMW500 Wide Band Radio Communication Tester was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.

When MPR is implemented permanently within the UE, regardless of network requirements, only those RB configurations allowed (see 3GPP standards) for the channel bandwidth and modulation combinations may be tested with MPR. Configurations with RB allocations below the required RB thresholds must be tested without MPR. A-MPR must always be disabled.

LTE Band IV MPR as below:

| Modulation | Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB] | | | | MPR |
|------------|---|------|------|------|-----|
| | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | |
| | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | |
| QPSK | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| QPSK | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | 0 |
| QPSK | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | 1.1 |
| 16 QAM | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | 0.9 |
| 16 QAM | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | 2.2 |

LTE Band VII MPR as below:

| Modulation | Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB] | | | | MPR |
|------------|---|------|------|------|-----|
| | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | |
| | MHz | MHz | MHz | MHz | |
| QPSK | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| QPSK | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | 0 |
| QPSK | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | 0.6 |
| 16 QAM | ≤ 8 | ≤ 12 | ≤ 16 | ≤ 18 | 0.6 |
| 16 QAM | > 8 | > 12 | > 16 | > 18 | 1.6 |

1) For each LTE frequency band, the detail reduce test information according to the Procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02 is as below :

First step:

Refer to Item 5.2.1): Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.

When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Low Channel | 20050 | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 24.19 |
| Mid Channel | 20175 | 20 | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 24.18 |
| High Channel | 20300 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 23.97 |

➔Band IV, Low channel, 20MHz BW, 1RB#99, QPSK has been selected.

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Low Channel | 20850 | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 22.96 |
| Mid Channel | 21100 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 22.64 |
| High Channel | 21350 | 20 | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 22.28 |

➔Band VII, Low channel, 20MHz BW, 1RB#99, QPSK has been selected.

For reported SAR in QPSK with 1 RB is >0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels . (Refer to LTE SAR test results in Section 7.2).

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Mid Channel | 20175 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 23.51 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 24.18 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 23.96 |

➔Band IV, Mid channel, 20MHz BW, 1RB#50, QPSK has been selected.

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| High Channel | 20300 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 23.97 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 23.87 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 23.54 |

➔Band IV, High channel, 20MHz BW, 1RB#0, QPSK has been selected.

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Mid Channel | 21100 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 22.64 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 22.28 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 22.07 |

➔Band VII, Mid channel, 20MHz BW, 1RB#0, QPSK has been selected.

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| High Channel | 21350 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 22.06 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 22.26 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 22.22 |

➔Band VII, High channel, 20MHz BW, 1RB#50, QPSK has been selected.

For reported SAR in QPSK with 1 RB is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, SAR is not required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel. (Refer to LTE SAR test results in Section 7.2).

Second step:

Refer to Item 5.2.2): The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 5.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Low Channel | 20050 | 20 | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 22.74 |
| Mid Channel | 20175 | 20 | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 23.10 |
| High Channel | 20300 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 22.60 |

→Band IV, Mid channel, 20MHz BW, 50RB#25, QPSK has been selected

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Low Channel | 20850 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 22.17 |
| Mid Channel | 21100 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 21.64 |
| High Channel | 21350 | 20 | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 21.66 |

→Band VII, Low channel, 20MHz BW, 50RB#0, QPSK has been selected

For reported SAR in QPSK with 50%RB is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels . (Refer to LTE SAR test results in Section 7.2).

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Low Channel | 20050 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 21.82 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 22.27 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 22.74 |

→Band IV, Low channel, 20 MHz BW, 50RB#50 has been selected.

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| High Channel | 20300 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 22.60 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 22.41 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 22.06 |

→Band IV, High channel, 20 MHz BW, 50RB#0 has been selected.

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| Mid Channel | 21100 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 21.64 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 21.53 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 21.37 |

→Band VII, Mid channel, 20 MHz BW, 50RB#0 has been selected.

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|
| High Channel | 21350 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 21.53 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 21.66 |
| | | 20 | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 21.42 |

→Band VII, High channel, 20 MHz BW, 50RB#25 has been selected.

For reported SAR in QPSK with 50%RB is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, SAR is not required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel. (Refer to LTE SAR test result in Section 7.2).

Third step:

Refer to Item 5.2.3): For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest *reported* SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the *reported* SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining *required test channels* must also be tested.

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) | Max Difference |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Mid channel | 20175 | 20 | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 22.84 | -0.26 |
| Mid channel | 20175 | 20 | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 23.10 | |

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) | Max Difference |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Mid channel | 20175 | 20 | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 22.84 | -1.35 |
| Low channel | 20050 | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 24.19 | |

For the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 are > 0.8 W/kg. (Refer to LTE SAR test result)

→Band IV, Mid channel, 20 MHz BW, 100%RB#0 has been selected.

For the reported SAR is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels are not to be tested.

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) | Max Difference |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Low channel | 20850 | 20 | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 22.02 | -0.94 |
| Low channel | 20850 | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 22.96 | |

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) | Max Difference |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Low channel | 20850 | 20 | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 22.02 | -0.15 |
| Low channel | 20850 | 20 | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 22.17 | |

For the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 are > 0.8 W/kg. (Refer to LTE SAR test result in Section 7.2)

→Band VII, Low channel, 20 MHz BW, 100%RB#0 has been selected.

For the reported SAR is ≤ 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels are not to be tested.

Fourth step:

Refer to Item 5.2.4): For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 5.2.1, 5.2.2 and 5.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the *reported* SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

| LTE Band IV | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) | Max Difference |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|-------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Mid channel | 20175 | 20 | 1 | 50 | 16QAM | 23.34 | -0.84 |
| Mid channel | 20175 | 20 | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 24.18 | |

For *reported* SAR in QPSK with 1 RB is < 1.45 W/kg, the higher order modulation SAR is not required. (Refer to LTE SAR test result in Section 7.2)

→Band IV, the higher order modulation SAR is not required.

| LTE Band VII | Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Max Conducted Power (dBm) | Max Difference |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|-------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Low channel | 20850 | 20 | 1 | 99 | 16QAM | 22.35 | -0.61 |
| Low channel | 20850 | 20 | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 22.96 | |

For *reported* SAR in QPSK with 1 RB is < 1.45 W/kg, the higher order modulation SAR is not required. (Refer to LTE SAR test result in Section 7.2)

→Band VII, the higher order modulation SAR is not required.

Fifth step:

Refer to Item 5.3): For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 5.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

| | | | | |
|--------------|-------|--------|--------|-------|
| LTE Band IV | 20MHz | 15 MHz | 10 MHz | 5 MHz |
| Max Power | 24.18 | 24.21 | 24.21 | 24.20 |
| Difference | --- | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| LTE Band VII | 20MHz | 15 MHz | 10 MHz | 5 MHz |
| Max Power | 22.96 | 22.54 | 22.41 | 22.60 |
| Difference | --- | -0.42 | -0.55 | -0.36 |

Therefore, LTE Band IV/VII SAR test in the smaller channel bandwidth of QPSK/16QAM is not required.

2) The final test summary of each LTE band is as follows:

LTE Band IV Body SAR

| Bandwidth | Modulation Type | RB Size and Allocation | Test Channel | SAR Test |
|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|----------|
| 20MHz | QPSK | 1RB Lower EDGE | High Channel | Tested |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Centered | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | Tested |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Upper EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | Tested |
| | | 50%RB Lower EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 50%RB Centered | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | Tested |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 50%RB Upper EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | 100%RB#0 | High Channel | No Test | |
| | | Middle Channel | Tested | |
| | | Low Channel | No Test | |
| | 16QAM | 1RB Lower EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Centered | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Upper EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 50%RB Lower EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 50%RB Centered | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| 50%RB Upper EDGE | | High Channel | No Test | |
| | | Middle Channel | No Test | |
| | | Low Channel | No Test | |
| 100%RB#0 | High Channel | No Test | | |
| | Middle Channel | No Test | | |
| | Low Channel | No Test | | |

LTE Band VII Body SAR

| Bandwidth | Modulation Type | RB Size and Allocation | Test Channel | SAR Test |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|----------|
| 20MHz | QPSK | 1RB Lower EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | Tested |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Centered | High Channel | Tested |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Upper EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | Tested |
| | | 50% Lower EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | Tested |
| | | | Low Channel | Tested |
| | | 50% Centered | High Channel | Tested |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 50% Upper EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | 100%RB#0 | High Channel | No Test | |
| | | Middle Channel | No Test | |
| | | Low Channel | Tested | |
| | 16QAM | 1RB Lower EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Centered | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 1RB Upper EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 50% Lower EDGE | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| | | 50% Centered | High Channel | No Test |
| | | | Middle Channel | No Test |
| | | | Low Channel | No Test |
| 50% Upper EDGE | | High Channel | No Test | |
| | | Middle Channel | No Test | |
| | | Low Channel | No Test | |
| 100%RB#0 | High Channel | No Test | | |
| | Middle Channel | No Test | | |
| | Low Channel | No Test | | |

6.4 WiFi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1 ,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 802.11b/g/n(20M) and 3 ,6 and 9 respectively in the case of 802.11n(40M).

During the test,at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

For WiFi SISO configuration, 802.11b/g/n operating modes of each antenna are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frquency band. 802.11b/g/n(20M) modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however,if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

| Mode | Band | GHz | Channel | “Default Test Channels” | |
|-------------|---------|-------|---------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | | | | 802.11b | 802.11g/n |
| 802.11b/g/n | 2.4 GHz | 2.412 | 1# | √ | △ |
| | | 2.437 | 6 | √ | △ |
| | | 2.462 | 11# | √ | △ |

Notes:
 √ = “default test channels”
 △ = possible 802.11g/n channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the “default test channels”
 # = when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

For WiFi MIMO Configuration, as the test software allows two WiFi antennas in the device to transmit simultaneously and continuously, the 802.11n 20M:2*2 MIMO and 802.11n 40M:2*2 MIMO are tested independently according to KDB248227. The 802.11n (20M) mode is tested on channel 1, 6, 11 and 802.11n(40M) mode is tested on channel 3, 6, 9.

Note: According to KDB248227 and the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides , testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations in 802.11g/n modes is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rates and lowest order modulation mode.

7 SAR Measurement Results

7.1 Conducted power measurements

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200 was used.

SAR drift measured at the same position in liquid before and after each SAR test as below 7.2 chapter.

Note: CMU200 measures GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For SAR the timebased average power is relevant. The difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal :

| No. of timeslots | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Duty Cycle | 1:8.3 | 1:4.1 | 1:2.77 | 1:2.08 |
| timebased avg. power compared to slotted avg. power | -9.19dB | -6.13dB | -4.42dB | -3.18dB |

The signalling modes differ as follows:

| mode | coding scheme | modulation |
|------|---------------|------------|
| GPRS | CS1 to CS4 | GMSK |
| EDGE | MCS1 to MCS4 | GMSK |
| EDGE | MCS5 to MCS9 | 8PSK |

Apart from modulation change (GMSK/8PSK) coding schemes differ in code rate without influence on the RF signal. Therefore one coding scheme per mode was selected for conducted power measurements.

7.1.1 Conducted power measurements GSM850

| GSM850 | | Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm) | | | Division Factors | Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm) | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | 128CH | 190CH | 251CH | | 128CH | 190CH | 251CH |
| GSM(CS) | | 32.60 | 32.74 | 32.63 | -9.19 | 23.41 | 23.55 | 23.44 |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot | 32.64 | 32.72 | 32.61 | -9.19 | 23.45 | 23.53 | 23.45 |
| | 2 Tx Slots | 31.44 | 31.55 | 31.45 | -6.13 | 25.31 | 25.42 | 25.31 |
| | 3 Tx Slots | 29.45 | 29.46 | 29.39 | -4.42 | 25.03 | 25.04 | 25.03 |
| | 4 Tx Slots | 28.43 | 28.48 | 28.45 | -3.18 | 25.25 | 25.30 | 25.25 |
| EDGE (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot | 32.62 | 32.74 | 32.61 | -9.19 | 23.43 | 23.55 | 23.43 |
| | 2 Tx Slots | 31.44 | 31.52 | 31.47 | -6.13 | 25.31 | 25.39 | 25.31 |
| | 3 Tx Slots | 29.43 | 29.48 | 29.38 | -4.42 | 25.01 | 25.06 | 25.01 |
| | 4 Tx Slots | 28.47 | 28.50 | 28.42 | -3.18 | 25.29 | 25.32 | 25.29 |
| EDGE (8PSK) | 1 Tx Slot | 27.01 | 27.14 | 27.23 | -9.19 | 17.82 | 17.95 | 17.82 |
| | 2 Tx Slots | 24.84 | 25.00 | 25.15 | -6.13 | 18.71 | 18.87 | 18.71 |
| | 3 Tx Slots | 23.93 | 24.17 | 24.20 | -4.42 | 19.51 | 19.75 | 19.51 |
| | 4 Tx Slots | 22.06 | 22.16 | 22.25 | -3.18 | 18.88 | 18.98 | 18.88 |

Table 17: Test results conducted power measurement GSM 850MHz

Note: 1. The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.

2. Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

7.1.2 Conducted power measurements GSM1900

| GSM1900 | | Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm) | | | Division Factors | Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm) | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | 512CH | 661CH | 810CH | | 512CH | 661CH | 810CH |
| GSM(CS) | | 29.98 | 30.23 | 30.18 | -9.19 | 20.79 | 21.04 | 20.99 |
| GPRS (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot | 30.00 | 30.24 | 30.19 | -9.19 | 20.81 | 21.05 | 21.00 |
| | 2 Tx Slots | 28.51 | 28.75 | 28.77 | -6.13 | 22.38 | 22.62 | 22.64 |
| | 3 Tx Slots | 26.38 | 26.68 | 26.70 | -4.42 | 21.96 | 22.26 | 22.28 |
| | 4 Tx Slots | 25.38 | 25.70 | 25.71 | -3.18 | 22.20 | 22.52 | 22.53 |
| EDGE (GMSK) | 1 Tx Slot | 30.00 | 30.24 | 30.15 | -9.19 | 20.81 | 21.05 | 20.96 |
| | 2 Tx Slots | 28.49 | 28.74 | 28.78 | -6.13 | 22.36 | 22.61 | 22.65 |
| | 3 Tx Slots | 26.36 | 26.70 | 26.70 | -4.42 | 21.94 | 22.28 | 22.28 |
| | 4 Tx Slots | 25.41 | 25.70 | 25.71 | -3.18 | 22.23 | 22.52 | 22.53 |
| EDGE (8PSK) | 1 Tx Slot | 26.48 | 26.12 | 25.75 | -9.19 | 17.29 | 16.93 | 16.56 |
| | 2 Tx Slots | 25.20 | 24.69 | 24.44 | -6.13 | 19.07 | 18.56 | 18.31 |
| | 3 Tx Slots | 24.12 | 23.77 | 23.37 | -4.42 | 19.70 | 19.35 | 18.95 |
| | 4 Tx Slots | 22.27 | 21.88 | 21.48 | -3.18 | 19.09 | 18.70 | 18.30 |

Table 18: Test results conducted power measurement GSM 1900MHz

Note: 1. The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.

2. Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

7.1.3 Conducted power measurements UMTS Band V

| UMTS Band V | | Average Power (dBm) | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| | | 4132CH | 4182CH | 4233CH |
| WCDMA | 12.2kbps RMC | 22.79 | 22.69 | 22.74 |
| | 64kbps RMC | 22.69 | 22.68 | 22.73 |
| | 144kbps RMC | 22.75 | 22.63 | 22.56 |
| | 384kbps RMC | 22.78 | 22.65 | 22.70 |
| HSDPA | Subtest 1 | 22.18 | 22.12 | 22.18 |
| | Subtest 2 | 22.16 | 22.13 | 22.16 |
| | Subtest 3 | 21.69 | 21.73 | 21.69 |
| | Subtest 4 | 21.18 | 21.21 | 21.12 |
| HSUPA | Subtest 1 | 21.71 | 21.04 | 21.15 |
| | Subtest 2 | 19.58 | 20.11 | 20.15 |
| | Subtest 3 | 20.23 | 19.95 | 20.09 |
| | Subtest 4 | 20.06 | 20.02 | 20.15 |
| | Subtest 5 | 21.77 | 21.08 | 21.07 |
| DC-HSDPA | Subtest 1 | 21.91 | 21.88 | 21.76 |
| | Subtest 2 | 21.88 | 21.89 | 21.74 |
| | Subtest 3 | 21.37 | 21.41 | 21.32 |
| | Subtest 4 | 20.83 | 20.94 | 20.76 |

Table 19: Test results conducted power measurement UMTS Band V

Note: The conducted power of UMTS Band V is measured with RMS detector.

7.1.4 Conducted power measurements UMTS Band IV

| UMTS Band IV | | Average Power (dBm) | | |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| | | 1312CH | 1413CH | 1513CH |
| WCDMA | 12.2kbps RMC | 23.20 | 22.80 | 22.83 |
| | 64kbps RMC | 23.10 | 22.75 | 22.78 |
| | 144kbps RMC | 23.07 | 22.78 | 22.80 |
| | 384kbps RMC | 23.05 | 22.79 | 22.76 |
| HSDPA | Subtest 1 | 22.49 | 22.40 | 22.32 |
| | Subtest 2 | 22.53 | 22.38 | 22.26 |
| | Subtest 3 | 22.15 | 21.93 | 21.79 |
| | Subtest 4 | 21.62 | 21.49 | 21.32 |
| HSUPA | Subtest 1 | 22.47 | 21.49 | 21.45 |
| | Subtest 2 | 20.27 | 20.48 | 20.54 |
| | Subtest 3 | 20.95 | 20.39 | 20.44 |
| | Subtest 4 | 20.64 | 20.17 | 20.23 |
| | Subtest 5 | 22.47 | 21.45 | 21.46 |
| DC-HSDPA | Subtest 1 | 22.41 | 22.13 | 22.02 |
| | Subtest 2 | 22.26 | 22.09 | 21.99 |
| | Subtest 3 | 22.08 | 21.77 | 21.64 |
| | Subtest 4 | 21.42 | 21.24 | 21.14 |

Table 20: Test results conducted power measurement UMTS Band IV

Note: The conducted power of UMTS Band IV is measured with RMS detector.

7.1.5 Conducted power measurements UMTS Band II

| UMTS Band II | | Average Power (dBm) | | |
|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|--------|
| | | 9262CH | 9400CH | 9538CH |
| WCDMA | 12.2kbps RMC | 23.42 | 23.29 | 22.89 |
| | 64kbps RMC | 23.36 | 23.25 | 22.85 |
| | 144kbps RMC | 23.30 | 23.20 | 22.72 |
| | 384kbps RMC | 23.37 | 23.14 | 22.84 |
| HSDPA | Subtest 1 | 22.84 | 22.78 | 22.26 |
| | Subtest 2 | 22.86 | 22.74 | 22.33 |
| | Subtest 3 | 22.38 | 22.25 | 21.84 |
| | Subtest 4 | 21.92 | 21.83 | 21.33 |
| HSUPA | Subtest 1 | 22.45 | 21.69 | 21.23 |
| | Subtest 2 | 20.15 | 20.64 | 20.26 |
| | Subtest 3 | 20.80 | 20.53 | 20.14 |
| | Subtest 4 | 20.60 | 20.43 | 20.05 |
| | Subtest 5 | 21.77 | 21.66 | 21.24 |
| DC-HSDPA | Subtest 1 | 22.64 | 22.54 | 22.09 |
| | Subtest 2 | 22.67 | 22.48 | 22.14 |
| | Subtest 3 | 22.29 | 22.11 | 21.78 |
| | Subtest 4 | 21.83 | 21.66 | 21.18 |

Table 21: Test results conducted power measurement UMTS Band II

Note: The conducted power of UMTS Band II is measured with RMS detector.

7.1.6 Conducted power measurements LTE Band IV

| Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Target MPR(dB) | Average Power (dBm) |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| 19975 | 5 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.59 |
| | | 1 | 13 | QPSK | 0 | 22.98 |
| | | 1 | 24 | QPSK | 0 | 22.73 |
| | | 12 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.83 |
| | | 12 | 6 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.98 |
| | | 12 | 13 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.84 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.77 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 21.50 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 21.91 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 21.74 |
| | | 12 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.65 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.80 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.67 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.59 |
| 20000 | 10 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.47 |
| | | 1 | 25 | QPSK | 0 | 23.10 |
| | | 1 | 49 | QPSK | 0 | 23.28 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.50 |
| | | 25 | 13 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.80 |
| | | 25 | 25 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.62 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.67 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 21.65 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.19 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.37 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.26 |
| | | 25 | 13 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.68 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.49 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.55 |
| 20025 | 15 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.78 |
| | | 1 | 38 | QPSK | 0 | 23.24 |
| | | 1 | 74 | QPSK | 0 | 23.84 |
| | | 36 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.82 |
| | | 36 | 18 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.97 |
| | | 36 | 39 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.34 |
| | | 75 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.02 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 21.64 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.28 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.76 |
| | | 36 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.59 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.76 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.14 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.83 |

| | | | | | | |
|-------|----|-----|----|--------|-----|-------|
| 20050 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.88 |
| | | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 0 | 23.54 |
| | | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 0 | 24.19 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.82 |
| | | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.27 |
| | | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.74 |
| | | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.30 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 21.81 |
| | | 1 | 50 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.74 |
| | | 1 | 99 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.21 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.69 |
| | | 50 | 25 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.17 |
| | | 50 | 50 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.67 |
| | | 100 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.18 |

Table 22:Test results conducted power measurement LTE Band IV Low channel

| Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Target MPR(dB) | Average Power (dBm) |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| 20175 | 5 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 23.92 |
| | | 1 | 13 | QPSK | 0 | 24.20 |
| | | 1 | 24 | QPSK | 0 | 23.94 |
| | | 12 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 23.04 |
| | | 12 | 6 | QPSK | 1.1 | 23.13 |
| | | 12 | 13 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.96 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 23.02 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.01 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.09 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.00 |
| | | 12 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.98 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.97 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.89 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.95 |
| | 10 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 23.68 |
| | | 1 | 25 | QPSK | 0 | 24.21 |
| | | 1 | 49 | QPSK | 0 | 23.93 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.89 |
| | | 25 | 13 | QPSK | 1.1 | 23.13 |
| | | 25 | 25 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.93 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.91 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.68 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.32 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.13 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.63 |
| | | 25 | 13 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.89 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.71 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.66 |

| | | | | | | |
|--|-----|----|--------|--------|-------|--------------|
| | 15 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 23.80 |
| | | 1 | 38 | QPSK | 0 | 24.21 |
| | | 1 | 74 | QPSK | 0 | 23.98 |
| | | 36 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.99 |
| | | 36 | 18 | QPSK | 1.1 | 23.10 |
| | | 36 | 39 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.92 |
| | | 75 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.96 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.81 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.38 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.03 |
| | | 36 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.79 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.89 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.73 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.80 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 |
| | 1 | | 50 | QPSK | 0 | 24.18 |
| | 1 | | 99 | QPSK | 0 | 23.96 |
| | 50 | | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.79 |
| | 50 | | 25 | QPSK | 1.1 | 23.10 |
| | 50 | | 50 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.85 |
| | 100 | | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.84 |
| | 1 | | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.70 |
| | 1 | | 50 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.34 |
| | 1 | | 99 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.07 |
| | 50 | | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.69 |
| | 50 | | 25 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.92 |
| | 50 | | 50 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.75 |
| | 100 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.69 | |

Table 23:Test results conducted power measurement LTE Band IV Mid channel

| Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Target MPR(dB) | Average Power (dBm) |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| 20375 | 5 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 23.18 |
| | | 1 | 13 | QPSK | 0 | 23.51 |
| | | 1 | 24 | QPSK | 0 | 23.16 |
| | | 12 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.25 |
| | | 12 | 6 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.41 |
| | | 12 | 13 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.37 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.31 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.17 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.48 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 21.97 |
| | | 12 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.01 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.16 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.11 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.11 |

| | | | | | | |
|-------|----|-----|----|--------|-----|-------|
| 20350 | 10 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 23.22 |
| | | 1 | 25 | QPSK | 0 | 23.61 |
| | | 1 | 49 | QPSK | 0 | 23.31 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.19 |
| | | 25 | 13 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.29 |
| | | 25 | 25 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.04 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 21.97 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.21 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.60 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.29 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.99 |
| | | 25 | 13 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.10 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.81 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.75 |
| 20325 | 15 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 23.66 |
| | | 1 | 38 | QPSK | 0 | 23.69 |
| | | 1 | 74 | QPSK | 0 | 23.34 |
| | | 36 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.37 |
| | | 36 | 18 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.39 |
| | | 36 | 39 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.10 |
| | | 75 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.21 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.71 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.76 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.41 |
| | | 36 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.29 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.20 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.93 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.05 |
| 20300 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 23.97 |
| | | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 0 | 23.87 |
| | | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 0 | 23.54 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.60 |
| | | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.41 |
| | | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.06 |
| | | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 1.1 | 22.27 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 23.07 |
| | | 1 | 50 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.95 |
| | | 1 | 99 | 16-QAM | 0.9 | 22.62 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.53 |
| | | 50 | 25 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.30 |
| | | 50 | 50 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 20.95 |
| | | 100 | 0 | 16-QAM | 2.2 | 21.21 |

Table 24: Test results conducted power measurement LTE Band IV High channel

Note: The conducted power of LTE Band IV is measured with RMS detector.

7.1.7 Conducted power measurements LTE Band VII

| Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Target MPR(dB) | Average Power (dBm) |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| 20775 | 5 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.31 |
| | | 1 | 13 | QPSK | 0 | 22.60 |
| | | 1 | 24 | QPSK | 0 | 22.35 |
| | | 12 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 22.09 |
| | | 12 | 6 | QPSK | 0.6 | 22.16 |
| | | 12 | 13 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.92 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 22.07 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.89 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.27 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.88 |
| | | 12 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 21.01 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 21.09 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.85 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.94 |
| 20800 | 10 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.08 |
| | | 1 | 25 | QPSK | 0 | 22.41 |
| | | 1 | 49 | QPSK | 0 | 22.22 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.71 |
| | | 25 | 13 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.88 |
| | | 25 | 25 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.70 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.87 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.87 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.23 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.05 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.55 |
| | | 25 | 13 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.72 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.54 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.70 |
| 20825 | 15 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.36 |
| | | 1 | 38 | QPSK | 0 | 22.50 |
| | | 1 | 74 | QPSK | 0 | 22.54 |
| | | 36 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.91 |
| | | 36 | 18 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.79 |
| | | 36 | 39 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.60 |
| | | 75 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.92 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.93 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.02 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.08 |
| | | 36 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.82 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.68 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.62 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.80 |

| | | | | | | |
|-------|----|-----|----|--------|-----|--------------|
| 20850 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.40 |
| | | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 0 | 22.59 |
| | | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 0 | 22.96 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 22.17 |
| | | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.64 |
| | | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.66 |
| | | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 22.02 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.27 |
| | | 1 | 50 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.09 |
| | | 1 | 99 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.35 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.66 |
| | | 50 | 25 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.60 |
| | | 50 | 50 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.64 |
| | | 100 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.82 |

Table 25:Test results conducted power measurement LTE Band VII Low channel

| Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Target MPR(dB) | Average Power (dBm) |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| 21100 | 5 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 21.99 |
| | | 1 | 13 | QPSK | 0 | 22.17 |
| | | 1 | 24 | QPSK | 0 | 21.86 |
| | | 12 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.61 |
| | | 12 | 6 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.73 |
| | | 12 | 13 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.51 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.48 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.64 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.74 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.38 |
| | | 12 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.55 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.68 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.44 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.38 |
| | 10 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.12 |
| | | 1 | 25 | QPSK | 0 | 22.25 |
| | | 1 | 49 | QPSK | 0 | 22.13 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.50 |
| | | 25 | 13 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.57 |
| | | 25 | 25 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.38 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.38 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.71 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.95 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.75 |
| 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.49 | | |
| 25 | 13 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.56 | | |
| 25 | 25 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.37 | | |
| 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.33 | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|-----|----|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| | 15 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.44 |
| | | 1 | 38 | QPSK | 0 | 22.26 |
| | | 1 | 74 | QPSK | 0 | 22.01 |
| | | 36 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.76 |
| | | 36 | 18 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.69 |
| | | 36 | 39 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.38 |
| | | 75 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.49 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.13 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.07 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.96 |
| | | 36 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.88 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.82 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.52 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.62 |
| | | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 |
| | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 0 | 22.28 | |
| | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 0 | 22.07 | |
| | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.64 | |
| | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.53 | |
| | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.37 | |
| | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.50 | |
| | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.30 | |
| | 1 | 50 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.12 | |
| | 1 | 99 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.89 | |
| | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.77 | |
| | 50 | 25 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.70 | |
| | 50 | 50 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.53 | |
| | 100 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.64 | |

Table 26:Test results conducted power measurement LTE Band VII Mid channel

| Uplink Channel Number | BW [MHz] | RB Size | RB Offset | Mod | Target MPR(dB) | Average Power (dBm) |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| 21425 | 5 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 21.77 |
| | | 1 | 13 | QPSK | 0 | 22.18 |
| | | 1 | 24 | QPSK | 0 | 21.79 |
| | | 12 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.52 |
| | | 12 | 6 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.61 |
| | | 12 | 13 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.51 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.49 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.31 |
| | | 1 | 13 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.71 |
| | | 1 | 24 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.30 |
| | | 12 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.43 |
| | | 12 | 6 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.52 |
| | | 12 | 13 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.38 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.40 |

| | | | | | | |
|-------|----|-----|----|--------|-----|-------|
| 21400 | 10 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 21.80 |
| | | 1 | 25 | QPSK | 0 | 22.25 |
| | | 1 | 49 | QPSK | 0 | 22.17 |
| | | 25 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.29 |
| | | 25 | 13 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.53 |
| | | 25 | 25 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.42 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.35 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.33 |
| | | 1 | 25 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.86 |
| | | 1 | 49 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.78 |
| | | 25 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.17 |
| | | 25 | 13 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.59 |
| | | 25 | 25 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.43 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.34 |
| 21375 | 15 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.06 |
| | | 1 | 38 | QPSK | 0 | 22.22 |
| | | 1 | 74 | QPSK | 0 | 22.21 |
| | | 36 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.54 |
| | | 36 | 18 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.63 |
| | | 36 | 39 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.42 |
| | | 75 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.51 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.79 |
| | | 1 | 38 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.96 |
| | | 1 | 74 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.93 |
| | | 36 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.59 |
| | | 36 | 18 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.70 |
| | | 36 | 39 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.49 |
| | | 75 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.56 |
| 21350 | 20 | 1 | 0 | QPSK | 0 | 22.06 |
| | | 1 | 50 | QPSK | 0 | 22.28 |
| | | 1 | 99 | QPSK | 0 | 22.22 |
| | | 50 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.53 |
| | | 50 | 25 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.66 |
| | | 50 | 50 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.42 |
| | | 100 | 0 | QPSK | 0.6 | 21.54 |
| | | 1 | 0 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.90 |
| | | 1 | 50 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 22.09 |
| | | 1 | 99 | 16-QAM | 0.6 | 21.96 |
| | | 50 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.60 |
| | | 50 | 25 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.68 |
| | | 50 | 50 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.46 |
| | | 100 | 0 | 16-QAM | 1.6 | 20.62 |

Table 27: Test results conducted power measurement LTE Band VII High channel

Note: The conducted power of LTE Band VII is measured with RMS detector.

7.1.8 Conducted power measurements WiFi 2.4G

| Wi-Fi 2450MHz | | Channel | Average Power (dBm) for Data Rates (Mbps) | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | | | 1 | 2 | 5.5 | 11 | / | / | / | / | |
| 802.11b | Ant 1 | 1 | 12.05 | 11.97 | 11.94 | 11.84 | / | / | / | / | |
| | | 6 | 11.62 | 11.61 | 11.59 | 11.31 | / | / | / | / | |
| | | 11 | 10.72 | 10.64 | 10.67 | 10.69 | / | / | / | / | |
| | Ant 2 | 1 | 11.51 | 11.41 | 11.45 | 11.33 | / | / | / | / | |
| | | 6 | 11.44 | 11.41 | 11.38 | 11.25 | / | / | / | / | |
| | | 11 | 10.95 | 10.92 | 10.85 | 10.48 | / | / | / | / | |
| 802.11g | | Channel | 6.00 | 9.00 | 12.00 | 18.00 | 24.00 | 36.00 | 48.00 | 54.00 | |
| | Ant 1 | 1 | 10.72 | 10.75 | 10.76 | 10.76 | 10.69 | 10.71 | 10.79 | 10.75 | |
| | | 6 | 10.15 | 10.18 | 10.11 | 10.16 | 10.13 | 10.17 | 10.14 | 10.13 | |
| | | 11 | 9.58 | 9.64 | 9.56 | 9.62 | 9.65 | 9.56 | 9.64 | 9.53 | |
| | Ant2 | 1 | 9.94 | 9.81 | 9.71 | 9.43 | 9.28 | 9.05 | 8.72 | 8.6 | |
| | | 6 | 9.97 | 9.79 | 9.71 | 9.41 | 9.28 | 8.95 | 8.76 | 8.51 | |
| | | 11 | 9.08 | 9.01 | 8.87 | 8.61 | 8.48 | 8.26 | 8.05 | 7.89 | |
| | 802.11n 20M:1*1 | | Channel | 6.50 | 13.00 | 19.50 | 26.00 | 39.00 | 52.00 | 58.50 | 65.00 |
| | | Ant 1 | 1 | 8.69 | 8.58 | 8.61 | 8.52 | 8.46 | 8.37 | 8.25 | 8.28 |
| 6 | | | 8.31 | 8.22 | 8.23 | 8.26 | 8.02 | 8.05 | 8.11 | 8.05 | |
| 11 | | | 6.91 | 7.02 | 7.08 | 7.11 | 7.16 | 7.21 | 7.06 | 6.94 | |
| Ant 2 | | 1 | 8.12 | 8.09 | 8.01 | 7.99 | 7.86 | 7.89 | 7.79 | 7.81 | |
| | | 6 | 8.64 | 8.63 | 8.67 | 8.36 | 8.64 | 8.46 | 8.54 | 8.61 | |
| | 11 | 8.25 | 7.31 | 7.41 | 7.25 | 7.42 | 7.52 | 7.51 | 7.49 | | |
| 802.11n 20M:2*2 | | Channel | 13.00 | 26.00 | 39.00 | 52.00 | 78.00 | 104.00 | 117.00 | 130.00 | |
| | Ant 1 | 1 | 8.89 | 8.81 | 8.83 | 8.79 | 8.76 | 8.77 | 8.82 | 8.76 | |
| | | 6 | 8.56 | 8.50 | 8.53 | 8.49 | 8.46 | 8.38 | 8.44 | 8.41 | |
| | | 11 | 7.02 | 7.07 | 6.99 | 6.92 | 6.89 | 6.91 | 6.98 | 6.82 | |
| | Ant 2 | 1 | 8.43 | 8.41 | 8.38 | 8.34 | 8.36 | 8.37 | 8.34 | 8.36 | |
| | | 6 | 8.57 | 8.64 | 8.62 | 8.67 | 8.67 | 8.73 | 8.81 | 8.83 | |
| | | 11 | 6.79 | 6.81 | 6.81 | 6.72 | 6.73 | 6.74 | 6.72 | 6.76 | |
| | Ant sum | 1 | 11.68 | 11.62 | 11.62 | 11.58 | 11.57 | 11.58 | 11.60 | 11.57 | |
| | | 6 | 11.58 | 11.58 | 11.59 | 11.59 | 11.58 | 11.57 | 11.64 | 11.64 | |
| 11 | | 9.92 | 9.95 | 9.91 | 9.83 | 9.82 | 9.84 | 9.86 | 9.80 | | |
| 802.11n 40M:1*1 | | Channel | 13.50 | 27.00 | 40.50 | 54.00 | 81.00 | 108.00 | 121.50 | 135.00 | |
| | Ant 1 | 3(2422) | 7.86 | 7.83 | 7.78 | 7.79 | 7.76 | 7.74 | 7.68 | 7.72 | |
| | | 6(2437) | 7.64 | 7.68 | 7.72 | 7.73 | 7.58 | 7.56 | 7.61 | 7.62 | |
| | | 9(2452) | 7.21 | 7.15 | 7.13 | 7.11 | 7.15 | 7.09 | 7.12 | 7.18 | |
| | Ant 2 | 3(2422) | 7.49 | 7.46 | 7.39 | 7.43 | 7.34 | 7.32 | 7.36 | 7.34 | |
| | | 6(2437) | 8.67 | 8.72 | 8.67 | 8.89 | 8.67 | 8.62 | 8.56 | 8.53 | |
| 9(2452) | | 7.68 | 7.71 | 7.64 | 7.65 | 7.68 | 7.66 | 7.61 | 7.67 | | |

| | | Channel | 27.00 | 54.00 | 81.00 | 108.00 | 162.00 | 216.00 | 243.00 | 270.00 |
|--------------------|---------|---------|--------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 802.11n 40M:2*2 | Ant 1 | 3(2422) | 8.82 | 8.78 | 8.74 | 8.71 | 8.75 | 8.72 | 8.71 | 8.76 |
| | | 6(2437) | 7.85 | 7.89 | 7.71 | 7.76 | 7.69 | 7.72 | 7.76 | 7.69 |
| | | 9(2452) | 8.06 | 8.15 | 8.11 | 8.12 | 8.09 | 8.13 | 8.11 | 8.16 |
| | Ant 2 | 3(2422) | 7.86 | 7.82 | 7.76 | 7.71 | 7.74 | 7.73 | 7.78 | 7.74 |
| | | 6(2437) | 8.89 | 8.85 | 8.99 | 8.91 | 8.86 | 8.79 | 8.94 | 8.82 |
| | | 9(2452) | 8.57 | 8.67 | 8.59 | 8.67 | 8.58 | 8.67 | 8.57 | 8.53 |
| | Ant sum | 3(2422) | 11.45 | 11.44 | 11.39 | 11.35 | 11.38 | 11.36 | 11.38 | 11.39 |
| | | 6(2437) | 11.41 | 11.41 | 11.41 | 11.38 | 11.32 | 11.30 | 11.40 | 11.30 |
| | | 9(2452) | 11.33 | 11.43 | 11.37 | 11.41 | 11.35 | 11.42 | 11.36 | 11.36 |

Table 28:Test results conducted power measurement WiFi 2.4G .

Note: The conducted power of WiFi and MIMO is measured with RMS detector.

7.2 SAR measurement Result

7.2.1 SAR measurement Result of GSM850

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| Front Side | 251/848.8 | GPRS 1TS | 0.991 | 0.704 | -0.060 | 32.61 | 33.5 | 1.216 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 0.912 | 0.648 | -0.060 | 32.72 | 33.5 | 1.091 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.728 | 0.517 | -0.010 | 32.64 | 33.5 | 0.887 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 251/848.8 | GPRS 2TS | 0.807 | 0.573 | -0.060 | 31.45 | 32 | 0.916 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 0.796 | 0.565 | 0.010 | 31.55 | 32 | 0.883 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.793 | 0.563 | 0.050 | 31.44 | 32 | 0.902 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 251/848.8 | GPRS 3TS | 0.751 | 0.534 | -0.150 | 29.39 | 30 | 0.864 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 0.741 | 0.527 | -0.020 | 29.46 | 30 | 0.839 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.738 | 0.525 | -0.110 | 29.45 | 30 | 0.838 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 251/848.8 | GPRS 4TS | 0.949 | 0.679 | -0.130 | 28.45 | 29 | 1.077 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 0.853 | 0.610 | 0.040 | 28.48 | 29 | 0.961 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.712 | 0.507 | 0.010 | 28.43 | 29 | 0.812 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 251/848.8 | GPRS 1TS | 1.160 | 0.796 | 0.010 | 32.61 | 33.5 | 1.424 | 21.4°C |
| | 251/848.8* | | 1.160 | 0.818 | 0.010 | 32.61 | 33.5 | 1.424 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 1.060 | 0.735 | 0.010 | 32.72 | 33.5 | 1.269 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.877 | 0.605 | -0.130 | 32.64 | 33.5 | 1.069 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 190/836.6 | GPRS 1TS | 0.163 | 0.094 | 0.110 | 32.72 | 33.5 | 0.195 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 190/836.6 | GPRS 1TS | 0.480 | 0.335 | -0.080 | 32.72 | 33.5 | 0.574 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 190/836.6 | GPRS 1TS | 0.456 | 0.312 | -0.070 | 32.72 | 33.5 | 0.546 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 251/848.8 | EDGE 1TS | 1.150 | 0.791 | 0.070 | 32.61 | 33.5 | 1.412 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 1.070 | 0.729 | -0.060 | 32.74 | 33.5 | 1.275 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.887 | 0.606 | 0.100 | 32.62 | 33.5 | 1.086 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 251/848.8 | EDGE 2TS | 1.020 | 0.701 | 0.050 | 31.47 | 32 | 1.152 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 0.933 | 0.642 | 0.030 | 31.52 | 32 | 1.042 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.779 | 0.533 | 0.030 | 31.44 | 32 | 0.886 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 251/848.8 | EDGE 3TS | 0.937 | 0.647 | 0.000 | 29.38 | 30 | 1.081 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 0.871 | 0.597 | 0.030 | 29.48 | 30 | 0.982 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.716 | 0.492 | 0.020 | 29.43 | 30 | 0.816 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 251/848.8 | EDGE 4TS | 1.070 | 0.742 | 0.040 | 28.42 | 29 | 1.223 | 21.4°C |
| | 190/836.6 | | 0.978 | 0.678 | 0.010 | 28.50 | 29 | 1.097 | 21.4°C |
| | 128/824.2 | | 0.835 | 0.575 | 0.010 | 28.47 | 29 | 0.943 | 21.4°C |

Table 29: Test results Body SAR GSM850

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) The antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm, so the Left side does not need to be tested.
- 4) * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides

7.2.2 SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 1TS | 0.462 | 0.261 | -0.010 | 30.24 | 30.5 | 0.491 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 2TS | 0.573 | 0.324 | 0.020 | 28.75 | 29.5 | 0.681 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 3TS | 0.518 | 0.295 | 0.030 | 26.68 | 27.5 | 0.626 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 4TS | 0.434 | 0.246 | 0.060 | 25.70 | 26.5 | 0.522 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 2TS | 0.468 | 0.259 | -0.050 | 28.75 | 29.5 | 0.556 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 2TS | 0.295 | 0.167 | -0.040 | 28.75 | 29.5 | 0.351 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 2TS | 0.187 | 0.109 | -0.150 | 28.75 | 29.5 | 0.222 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 661/1880 | GPRS 2TS | 0.181 | 0.107 | -0.100 | 28.75 | 29.5 | 0.215 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | EDGE 1TS | 0.474 | 0.272 | 0.110 | 30.24 | 30.5 | 0.503 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | EDGE 2TS | 0.580 | 0.334 | 0.060 | 28.74 | 29.5 | 0.691 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | EDGE 3TS | 0.537 | 0.309 | 0.100 | 26.70 | 27.5 | 0.646 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 661/1880 | EDGE 4TS | 0.441 | 0.254 | 0.090 | 25.70 | 26.5 | 0.530 | 21.4°C |

Table 30: Test results Body SAR GSM1900

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) The antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm, so the Left side does not need to be tested.

7.2.3 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band V

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| Front Side | 4233/846.6 | RMC | 0.995 | 0.723 | -0.090 | 22.74 | 23.5 | 1.185 | 21.4°C |
| | 4182/836.4 | | 1.010 | 0.730 | -0.100 | 22.69 | 23.5 | 1.217 | 21.4°C |
| | 4132/826.4 | | 0.978 | 0.707 | -0.050 | 22.79 | 23.5 | 1.152 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 4233/846.6 | RMC | 1.040 | 0.745 | 0.060 | 22.74 | 23.5 | 1.239 | 21.4°C |
| | 4182/836.4 | | 1.090 | 0.772 | -0.030 | 22.69 | 23.5 | 1.313 | 21.4°C |
| | 4182/836.4* | | 1.100 | 0.803 | 0.030 | 22.69 | 23.5 | 1.326 | 21.4°C |
| | 4132/826.4 | | 1.080 | 0.761 | -0.120 | 22.79 | 23.5 | 1.272 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 4182/836.4 | RMC | 0.089 | 0.053 | 0.090 | 22.69 | 23.5 | 0.108 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 4182/836.4 | RMC | 0.559 | 0.391 | 0.070 | 22.69 | 23.5 | 0.674 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 4182/836.4 | RMC | 0.594 | 0.410 | 0.050 | 22.69 | 23.5 | 0.716 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 4182/836.4 | HSDPA | 0.882 | 0.624 | 0.060 | 22.12 | 23 | 1.080 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 4182/836.4 | HSUPA | 0.783 | 0.555 | 0.000 | 21.08 | 22.5 | 1.086 | 21.4°C |

Table 31: Test results Body SAR UMTS Band V

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) The antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm, so the Left side does not need to be tested.
- 4) For the the DC-HSDPA maximum output is not more than 0.25 dB higher than WCDMA, SAR measurement for DC-HSDPA is not required.
- 5) * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides

7.2.4 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band IV

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| Front Side | 1513/1752.6 | RMC | 0.928 | 0.524 | -0.050 | 22.83 | 23.5 | 1.083 | 21.4°C |
| | 1513/1752.6* | RMC | 0.927 | 0.530 | 0.010 | 22.83 | 23.5 | 1.082 | 21.4°C |
| | 1413/1732.6 | RMC | 0.872 | 0.496 | -0.110 | 22.80 | 23.5 | 1.025 | 21.4°C |
| | 1312/1712.4 | RMC | 0.877 | 0.500 | 0.020 | 23.20 | 23.5 | 0.940 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 1513/1752.6 | RMC | 0.798 | 0.456 | 0.090 | 22.83 | 23.5 | 0.931 | 21.4°C |
| | 1413/1732.6 | RMC | 0.781 | 0.446 | 0.060 | 22.8 | 23.5 | 0.918 | 21.4°C |
| | 1312/1712.4 | RMC | 0.769 | 0.439 | -0.100 | 23.2 | 23.5 | 0.824 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 1413/1732.6 | RMC | 0.599 | 0.352 | 0.170 | 22.80 | 23.5 | 0.704 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 1413/1732.6 | RMC | 0.329 | 0.198 | -0.060 | 22.80 | 23.5 | 0.387 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 1413/1732.6 | RMC | 0.339 | 0.208 | 0.000 | 22.80 | 23.5 | 0.398 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 1513/1752.6 | HSDPA | 0.730 | 0.421 | 0.080 | 22.32 | 23 | 0.854 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 1513/1752.6 | HSUPA | 0.648 | 0.375 | 0.030 | 21.46 | 22.5 | 0.823 | 21.4°C |

Table 32:Test results Body SAR UMTS Band IV

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) The antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm,so the Left side does not need to be tested.
- 4) For the the DC-HSDPA maximum output is not more than 0.25 dB higher than WCDMA, SAR measurement for DC-HSDPA is not required.
- 5) * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides

7.2.5 SAR measurement Result of UMTS Band II

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| Front Side | 9538/1907.6 | RMC | 0.939 | 0.540 | 0.100 | 22.89 | 23.6 | 1.106 | 21.4°C |
| | 9400/1880 | | 0.998 | 0.574 | 0.080 | 23.29 | 23.6 | 1.072 | 21.4°C |
| | 9400/1880* | | 1.020 | 0.570 | -0.010 | 23.29 | 23.6 | 1.095 | 21.4°C |
| | 9262/1852.4 | | 0.935 | 0.540 | 0.110 | 23.42 | 23.6 | 0.975 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 9538/1907.6 | RMC | 0.805 | 0.458 | -0.030 | 22.89 | 23.6 | 0.948 | 21.4°C |
| | 9400/1880 | | 0.896 | 0.515 | 0.040 | 23.29 | 23.6 | 0.962 | 21.4°C |
| | 9262/1852.4 | | 0.863 | 0.496 | 0.100 | 23.42 | 23.6 | 0.900 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 9400/1880 | RMC | 0.492 | 0.280 | 0.050 | 23.29 | 23.6 | 0.528 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 9400/1880 | RMC | 0.347 | 0.202 | -0.030 | 23.29 | 23.6 | 0.373 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 9400/1880 | RMC | 0.373 | 0.225 | 0.030 | 23.29 | 23.6 | 0.401 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 9400/1880 | HSDPA | 0.845 | 0.473 | -0.120 | 21.69 | 23 | 1.143 | 21.4°C |
| Front Side | 9400/1880 | HSUPA | 0.786 | 0.440 | -0.060 | 21.66 | 22.5 | 0.954 | 21.4°C |

Table 33: Test results Body SAR UMTS Band II

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) The antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, so the Left side does not need to be tested.
- 4) For the the DC-HSDPA maximum output is not more than 0.25 dB higher than WCDMA, SAR measurement for DC-HSDPA is not required.
- 5) * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides

7.2.6 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band IV

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| 20M QPSK 1RB | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 20050/1720 | 1RB#99 | 1.080 | 0.610 | 0.000 | 24.19 | 24.30 | 1.108 | 21.4°C |
| | 20175/1732.5 | 1RB#50 | 1.170 | 0.660 | 0.110 | 24.18 | 24.30 | 1.203 | 21.4°C |
| | 20175/1732.5* | 1RB#50 | 1.090 | 0.629 | 0.130 | 24.18 | 24.30 | 1.121 | 21.4°C |
| | 20300/1745 | 1RB#0 | 1.130 | 0.632 | 0.030 | 23.97 | 24.30 | 1.219 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 20050/1720 | 1RB#99 | 0.859 | 0.486 | 0.050 | 24.19 | 24.30 | 0.881 | 21.4°C |
| | 20175/1732.5 | 1RB#50 | 0.928 | 0.525 | 0.110 | 24.18 | 24.30 | 0.954 | 21.4°C |
| | 20300/1745 | 1RB#0 | 0.850 | 0.497 | 0.120 | 23.97 | 24.30 | 0.917 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 20050/1720 | 1RB#99 | 0.770 | 0.444 | -0.100 | 24.19 | 24.30 | 0.790 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 20050/1720 | 1RB#99 | 0.363 | 0.216 | -0.160 | 24.19 | 24.30 | 0.372 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 20050/1720 | 1RB#99 | 0.405 | 0.246 | 0.110 | 24.19 | 24.30 | 0.415 | 21.4°C |
| 20M QPSK 50%RB | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 20175/1732.5 | 50%RB#25 | 0.781 | 0.441 | -0.010 | 23.10 | 23.20 | 0.799 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | | | 0.735 | 0.410 | 0.040 | 23.10 | 23.20 | 0.752 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | | | 0.588 | 0.337 | 0.040 | 23.10 | 23.20 | 0.602 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | | | 0.288 | 0.171 | -0.010 | 23.10 | 23.20 | 0.295 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | | | 0.324 | 0.196 | -0.100 | 23.10 | 23.20 | 0.332 | 21.4°C |
| 20M QPSK 100%RB | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 20175/1732.5 | 100%RB#0 | 0.734 | 0.413 | -0.010 | 22.84 | 23.20 | 0.797 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | | | 0.729 | 0.409 | 0.180 | 22.84 | 23.20 | 0.792 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | | | 0.560 | 0.321 | -0.190 | 22.84 | 23.20 | 0.608 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | | | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.140 | 22.84 | 23.20 | 0.288 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | | | 0.355 | 0.216 | -0.040 | 22.84 | 23.20 | 0.386 | 21.4°C |

Table 34: Test results Body SAR LTE Band IV

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) The antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm, so the Left side does not need to be tested.
- 4) * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides

7.2.7 SAR measurement Result of LTE Band VII

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| 20M QPSK 1RB | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 20850/2510 | 1RB#99 | 0.755 | 0.408 | 0.040 | 22.96 | 23.2 | 0.798 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 20850/2510 | 1RB#99 | 0.920 | 0.472 | 0.080 | 22.96 | 23.2 | 0.972 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 21100/2535 | 1RB#0 | 1.150 | 0.590 | 0.040 | 22.64 | 23.2 | 1.308 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 21350/2560 | 1RB#50 | 0.974 | 0.496 | 0.080 | 22.28 | 23.2 | 1.204 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 20850/2510 | 1RB#99 | 0.915 | 0.467 | -0.060 | 22.96 | 23.2 | 0.967 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 21100/2535 | 1RB#0 | 1.170 | 0.597 | -0.070 | 22.64 | 23.2 | 1.331 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 21350/2560 | 1RB#50 | 1.170 | 0.588 | -0.040 | 22.28 | 23.2 | 1.446 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 21350/2560* | 1RB#50 | 1.140 | 0.574 | 0.070 | 22.28 | 23.2 | 1.409 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 20850/2510 | 1RB#99 | 0.180 | 0.088 | -0.050 | 22.96 | 23.2 | 0.190 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 20850/2510 | 1RB#99 | 0.293 | 0.166 | -0.140 | 22.96 | 23.2 | 0.310 | 21.4°C |
| 20M QPSK 50%RB | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 20850/2510 | 50%RB#0 | 0.723 | 0.388 | -0.090 | 22.17 | 22.6 | 0.798 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 20850/2510 | 50%RB#0 | 0.826 | 0.424 | -0.080 | 22.17 | 22.6 | 0.912 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 20850/2510 | 50%RB#0 | 0.863 | 0.445 | -0.140 | 22.17 | 22.6 | 0.953 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 20850/2510 | 50%RB#0 | 0.032 | 0.016 | 0.060 | 22.17 | 22.6 | 0.035 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 20850/2510 | 50%RB#0 | 0.050 | 0.028 | -0.040 | 22.17 | 22.6 | 0.055 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 21100/2535 | 50%RB#0 | 0.965 | 0.492 | -0.170 | 21.64 | 22.6 | 1.204 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 21350/2560 | 50%RB#25 | 0.918 | 0.471 | 0.160 | 21.66 | 22.6 | 1.140 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 21100/2535 | 50%RB#0 | 1.100 | 0.564 | -0.080 | 21.64 | 22.6 | 1.372 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 21350/2560 | 50%RB#25 | 1.040 | 0.528 | 0.080 | 21.66 | 22.6 | 1.291 | 21.4°C |
| 20M QPSK 100%RB | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 20850/2510 | 100%RB#0 | 0.285 | 0.159 | -0.080 | 22.02 | 22.6 | 0.326 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | | | 0.264 | 0.135 | -0.040 | 22.02 | 22.6 | 0.302 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | | | 0.394 | 0.200 | 0.060 | 22.02 | 22.6 | 0.450 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | | | 0.053 | 0.031 | -0.190 | 22.02 | 22.6 | 0.061 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | | | 0.113 | 0.066 | 0.060 | 22.02 | 22.6 | 0.129 | 21.4°C |

Table 35: Test results Body SAR LTE Band VII

Note:

- 1) The maximum reported SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) The antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm, so the Left side does not need to be tested.
- 4) * - repeated at the highest SAR measurement according to the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides

7.2.8 SAR measurement Result of WiFi 2.4G

| Test Position of Body with 10mm | Test channel /Frequency | Test Mode | Measured SAR (W/kg) | | Power Drift (dB) | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune-up Power (dBm) | Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg) | Liquid Temp. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | | | 1-g | 10-g | | | | | |
| WiFi SISO with antenna1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 b | 0.061 | 0.016 | -0.190 | 12.05 | 12.50 | 0.068 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 b | 0.010 | 0.005 | -0.050 | 12.05 | 12.50 | 0.011 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 b | 0.026 | 0.013 | 0.160 | 12.05 | 12.50 | 0.028 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 b | 0.049 | 0.024 | -0.190 | 12.05 | 12.50 | 0.054 | 21.4°C |
| WiFi SISO with antenna2 | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 b | 0.101 | 0.050 | -0.180 | 11.51 | 12.50 | 0.127 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 b | 0.020 | 0.010 | 0.130 | 11.51 | 12.50 | 0.025 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 b | 0.126 | 0.062 | -0.080 | 11.51 | 12.50 | 0.158 | 21.4°C |
| WiFi MIMO 20M | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 n | 0.050 | 0.025 | 0.160 | 11.68 | 12.00 | 0.054 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 n | 0.011 | 0.005 | -0.120 | 11.68 | 12.00 | 0.012 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 n | 0.004 | 0.002 | -0.130 | 11.68 | 12.00 | 0.004 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 n | 0.066 | 0.032 | -0.020 | 11.68 | 12.00 | 0.071 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 1/2412 | 802.11 n | 0.005 | 0.003 | -0.110 | 11.68 | 12.00 | 0.006 | 21.4°C |
| WiFi MIMO 40M | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Side | 3/2422 | 802.11 n | 0.058 | 0.030 | -0.100 | 11.45 | 12.00 | 0.065 | 21.4°C |
| Rear Side | 3/2422 | 802.11 n | 0.026 | 0.014 | 0.080 | 11.45 | 12.00 | 0.029 | 21.4°C |
| Right Side | 3/2422 | 802.11 n | 0.013 | 0.006 | 0.090 | 11.45 | 12.00 | 0.015 | 21.4°C |
| Top Side | 3/2422 | 802.11 n | 0.072 | 0.035 | 0.150 | 11.45 | 12.00 | 0.082 | 21.4°C |
| Bottom Side | 3/2422 | 802.11 n | 0.030 | 0.015 | 0.010 | 11.45 | 12.00 | 0.034 | 21.4°C |

Table 36: Test results Body SAR WiFi 2.4G

Note:

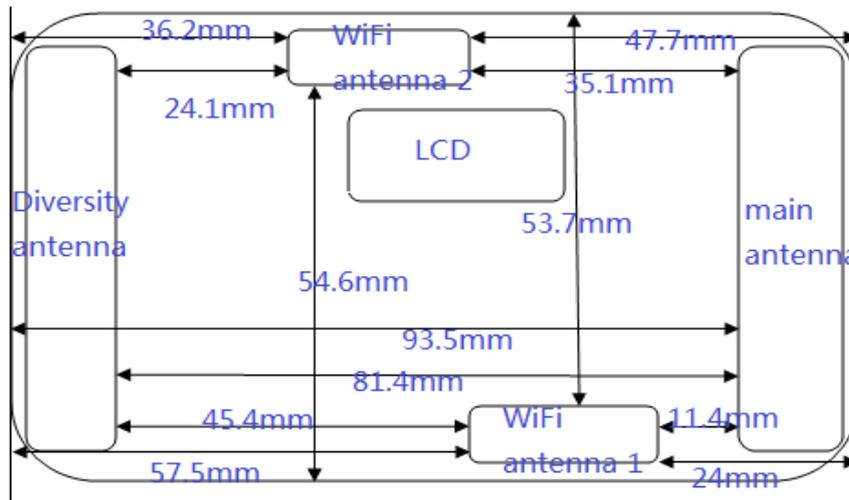
- 1) The maximum reported SAR value of each test band is shown in **bold** letters.
- 2) The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the reported SAR at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 3) When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm, the side does not need to be tested.
- 4) According to KDB248227 and the October 2012 TCB workshop RF exposure slides, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations in 802.11g/n modes is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rates and lowest order modulation mode.

7.3 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

The following tables list information which is relevant for the decision if a simultaneous transmit evaluation is necessary according to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05.

7.3.1 SAR measurement positions

The location of the antennas inside the device is shown as below:



The SAR measurement positions of each band are as below

| Mode | Front Side | Rear Side | Left Side | Right Side | Top Side | Bottom Side |
|-------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|
| GSM850 | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| GSM1900 | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UMTS Band V | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UMTS Band IV | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UMTS Band II | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| LTE Band IV | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| WiFi SISO with antenna1 | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes |
| WiFi SISO with antenna2 | Yes | Yes | No | No | Yes | No |
| WiFi MIMO | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Table 37: SAR measurement positions

Note: When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5 cm, the side does not need to be tested.

7.3.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The closest distance between WiFi antenna and main antenna is 11.4mm, and the Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

| Simultaneous Tx Combination | Configuration | Body SAR |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| 1 | GPRS/EGPRS + WiFi 2.4G SISO | Yes |
| 2 | UMTS + WiFi 2.4G SISO | Yes |
| 3 | LTE + WiFi 2.4G SISO | Yes |
| 4 | GPRS/EGPRS + WiFi 2.4G MIMO | Yes |
| 5 | UMTS + WiFi 2.4G MIMO | Yes |
| 6 | LTE + WiFi 2.4G MIMO | Yes |

Table 38: Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

7.3.3 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The Stand-alone SAR test exclusion result of GSM&UMTS<E is as below:

| Mode | P_{max} (dBm)* | P_{max} (mW) | Distance (mm) | f (GHz) | Calculation Result | Exclusion threshold | SAR test exclusion |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| GSM850 | 33.50 | 2238.72 | 10 | 0.850 | 206.40 | 3.00 | No |
| GSM1900 | 30.50 | 1122.02 | 10 | 1.900 | 154.66 | 3.00 | No |
| UMTS Band V | 23.50 | 223.87 | 10 | 0.850 | 20.64 | 3.00 | No |
| UMTS Band IV | 23.50 | 223.87 | 10 | 1.700 | 29.19 | 3.00 | No |
| UMTS Band II | 23.60 | 229.09 | 10 | 1.900 | 31.58 | 3.00 | No |
| LTE Band IV | 24.30 | 269.15 | 10 | 1.700 | 35.09 | 3.00 | No |
| LTE Band VII | 23.20 | 208.93 | 10 | 2.600 | 33.69 | 3.00 | No |

Table 39: Standalone SAR test exclusion of GSM&UMTS<E

Note: * - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

The Stand-alone SAR test exclusion result of WiFi 2.4G is as below:

| Mode | Antenna | P _{max} (dBm)* | P _{max} (mW) | Distance (mm) | f (GHz) | Calculation Result | Exclusion threshold | SAR test exclusion |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 802.11b | Ant 1 | 12.50 | 17.78 | 10 | 2.450 | 2.78 | 3.00 | Yes |
| | Ant 2 | 12.50 | 17.78 | 10 | 2.450 | 2.78 | 3.00 | Yes |
| 802.11g | Ant 1 | 11.00 | 12.59 | 10 | 2.450 | 1.97 | 3.00 | Yes |
| | Ant 2 | 11.00 | 12.59 | 10 | 2.450 | 1.97 | 3.00 | Yes |
| 802.11n 20M:1*1 | Ant 1 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 1.24 | 3.00 | Yes |
| | Ant 2 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 1.24 | 3.00 | Yes |
| 802.11n 20M:2*2 | Ant sum | 12.00 | 15.85 | 10 | 2.450 | 2.48 | 3.00 | Yes |
| 802.11n 40M:1*1 | Ant 1 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 1.24 | 3.00 | Yes |
| | Ant 2 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 1.24 | 3.00 | Yes |
| 802.11n 40M:2*2 | Ant sum | 12.00 | 15.85 | 10 | 2.450 | 2.48 | 3.00 | Yes |

Table 40: Standalone SAR test exclusion of WiFi & MIMO

Note: * - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$, where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is $< 5 \text{ mm}$, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

The estimated SAR calculation result of WiFi 2.4G is as below:

| Mode | Antenna | P _{max} (dBm)* | P _{max} (mW) | Distance (mm) | f (GHz) | X | Estimated SAR (W/Kg)* |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|-----|-----------------------|
| 802.11b | Ant 1 | 12.50 | 17.78 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.37 |
| | Ant 2 | 12.50 | 17.78 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.37 |
| 802.11g | Ant 1 | 11.00 | 12.59 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.26 |
| | Ant 2 | 11.00 | 12.59 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.26 |
| 802.11n 20M:1*1 | Ant 1 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.17 |
| | Ant 2 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.17 |
| 802.11n 20M:2*2 | Ant sum | 12.00 | 15.85 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.33 |
| 802.11n 40M:1*1 | Ant 1 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.17 |
| | Ant 2 | 9.00 | 7.94 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.17 |
| 802.11n 40M:2*2 | Ant sum | 12.00 | 15.85 | 10 | 2.450 | 7.5 | 0.33 |

Table 41: The estimated SAR calculation result of WiFi 2.4G

Note:

- 1) * - maximum possible output power declared by manufacturer
- 2) The max estimated SAR of all the WiFi & MIMO antennas and configurations is marked bold.
- 3) According to FCC KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05, for conditions where the estimated SAR is overly conservative for certain conditions, the test lab may choose to perform standalone SAR measurements and use the measured SAR to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

As the estimated SAR of WiFi 2.4G is overly conservative, the standalone SAR measurement of WiFi 2.4G is performed and the reported SAR is used to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion instead of the estimated SAR (Refer to the SAR measurement results of WiFi).

7.3.4 Simultaneous SAR evaluation

For simultaneous transmission exclusion, both Wi-Fi antennas are considered in conjunction with the applicable main antenna in each transmission mode to determine simultaneous transmission SAR compliance for all combinations of simultaneous transmission:

| Test Position | | Reported SAR _{Max} (W/kg) | | Σ1-g SAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|-------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| | | GSM&UMTS<E | WiFi SISO with antenna1 | |
| Body SAR | Front side | 1.219 | 0.068 | 1.287 |
| | Rear side | 1.424 | 0.011 | 1.435 |
| | Left side | / | / | / |
| | Right side | 1.446 | 0.028 | 1.474 |
| | Top side | 0.674 | / | 0.674 |
| | Bottom side | 0.716 | 0.054 | 0.770 |

Table 42: The Simultaneous SAR evaluation of GSM&UMTS<E and WiFi SISO with antenna1

| Test Position | | Reported SAR _{Max} (W/kg) | | Σ1-g SAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|-------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | | GSM&UMTS<E | WiFi SISO with antenna 2 | |
| Body SAR | Front side | 1.219 | 0.127 | 1.346 |
| | Rear side | 1.424 | 0.025 | 1.449 |
| | Left side | / | / | / |
| | Right side | 1.446 | / | 1.446 |
| | Top side | 0.674 | 0.158 | 0.832 |
| | Bottom side | 0.716 | / | 0.716 |

Table 43: The Simultaneous SAR evaluation of GSM&UMTS<E and WiFi SISO with antenna2

| Test Position | | Reported SAR _{Max} (W/kg) | | Σ1-g SAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|-------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | GSM&UMTS<E | WiFi MIMO 20M | |
| Body SAR | Front side | 1.219 | 0.054 | 1.273 |
| | Rear side | 1.424 | 0.012 | 1.436 |
| | Left side | / | / | / |
| | Right side | 1.446 | 0.004 | 1.450 |
| | Top side | 0.674 | 0.071 | 0.745 |
| | Bottom side | 0.716 | 0.006 | 0.722 |

Table 44: The Simultaneous SAR evaluation of GSM&UMTS<E and WiFi MIMO 20M

| Test Position | | Reported SAR _{Max} (W/kg) | | Σ1-g SAR (W/kg) |
|---------------|-------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | GSM&UMTS<E | WiFi MIMO 40M | |
| Body SAR | Front side | 1.219 | 0.065 | 1.284 |
| | Rear side | 1.424 | 0.029 | 1.453 |
| | Left side | / | / | / |
| | Right side | 1.446 | 0.015 | 1.461 |
| | Top side | 0.674 | 0.082 | 0.756 |
| | Bottom side | 0.716 | 0.034 | 0.750 |

Table 45: The Simultaneous SAR evaluation of GSM&UMTS&LTE and WiFi MIMO 40M

Conclusion:

Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is **not required** for GSM&UMTS<E and WiFi&MIMO, because the highest Σ1-g SAR of all combinations of simultaneous transmission is **1.474W/kg** < 1.6W/kg.

Appendix A. System Check Plots

(Pls See Appendix A.)

Appendix B. SAR Measurement Plots

(Pls See Appendix B.)

Appendix C. Calibration Certificate

(Pls See Appendix C.)

Appendix D. Photo documentation

(Pls See Appendix D.)

End