

## TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-4254/12-20-02-B



### Testing laboratory

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#### Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)  
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01  
Area of Testing: Radio/Satellite Communications

### Applicant

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### Manufacturer

**Sony Mobile Communications AB**  
Nya Vattentornet  
22188 Lund / SWEDEN

### Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 22 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I  
Part 22 - Public mobile services  
47 CFR Part 24 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I  
Part 24 - Personal communications services  
47 CFR Part 27 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I  
Part 27 - Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Service

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

### Test Item

**Kind of test item:** GSM Mobile Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS  
FDDI/FDDII/FDDIV/FDDV/FDDVIII; HSPA; BT3.1; WLAN a/b/g/n; AGPS; RFID, FM Rx  
**Model name:** PM-0010-BV  
**FCC ID:** PY7PM-0010  
**IC:** 4170B-PM-0010  
**Frequency:** GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz  
UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz, 1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz  
**Technology tested:** GSM / UMTS  
**Antenna:** Integrated antenna  
**Power Supply:** 3.7 V DC by Li-polymer battery  
**Temperature Range:** -30°C to +60 °C

### Test report authorised:

2012-07-18 Stefan Bös  
Senior Testing Manager

### Test performed:

2012-07-18 Marco Bertolino  
Testing Manager

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## 2 General information

### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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In no case this test report can be considered as a Letter of Approval.

### 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2012-03-27
Date of receipt of test item:	2012-05-03
Start of test:	2012-05-03
End of test:	2012-05-16
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

## 3 Test standard/s

Test standard	Date	Test standard description
47 CFR Part 22	2010-10	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 22 - Public mobile services
47 CFR Part 24	2010-10	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 24 - Personal communications services
47 CFR Part 27	2010-10	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 27 - Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Service
RSS - 132 Issue 2	2005-09	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications Cellular Telephones Employing New Technologies Operating in the Bands 824-849 MHz and 869-894 MHz
RSS - 133 Issue 5	2009-02	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications 2 GHz Personal Communication Services
RSS – 139 Issue 2	2009-03	Advanced Wireless Services Equipment Operating in the Bands 1710-1755 MHz and 2110-2155 MHz

#### 4 Test environment

Temperature:	$T_{nom}$	+22 °C during room temperature tests
	$T_{max}$	+60 °C during high temperature tests
	$T_{min}$	-30 °C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content:		46 %
Barometric pressure:		not relevant for this kind of testing
Power supply:	$V_{nom}$	3.7 V DC by Li-polymer battery
	$V_{max}$	4.4 V
	$V_{min}$	3.5 V

#### 5 Test item

Kind of test item	:	GSM Mobile Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS FDDI/FDDII/FDDIV/FDDV/FDDVIII; HSPA; BT3.1; WLAN a/b/g/n; AGPS; RFID, FM Rx
Type identification	:	PM-0010-BV
S/N serial number	:	Radiated units: CB5A1JYLZL, CB5A1JYM0A Conducted units: CB5A1JYLPS, CB5A1JYLWH
HW hardware status	:	AP1
SW software status	:	7.0.A.0.474
Frequency band [MHz]	:	GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz, 1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz
Type of modulation	:	GMSK, 8-PSK, QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	3.7 V DC by Li-polymer battery
Temperature range	:	-30°C to +60 °C

#### 5.1 Additional information

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report 1-4254/12-20-03

#### 6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

## 7 Summary of measurement results

- No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
- There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained

TC identifier	Description	verdict	date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 22, 24, 27 RSS 132, 133, 139	passed	2012-07-18	-/-

### 7.1 GSM 850

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-

**Note:** NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

### 7.2 PCS 1900

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-

**Note:** NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

### 7.3 UMTS band II

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-

**Note:** NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

### 7.4 UMTS band IV

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-

**Note:** NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

**7.5 UMTS band V**

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-

**Note:** NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

## 8 RF measurements

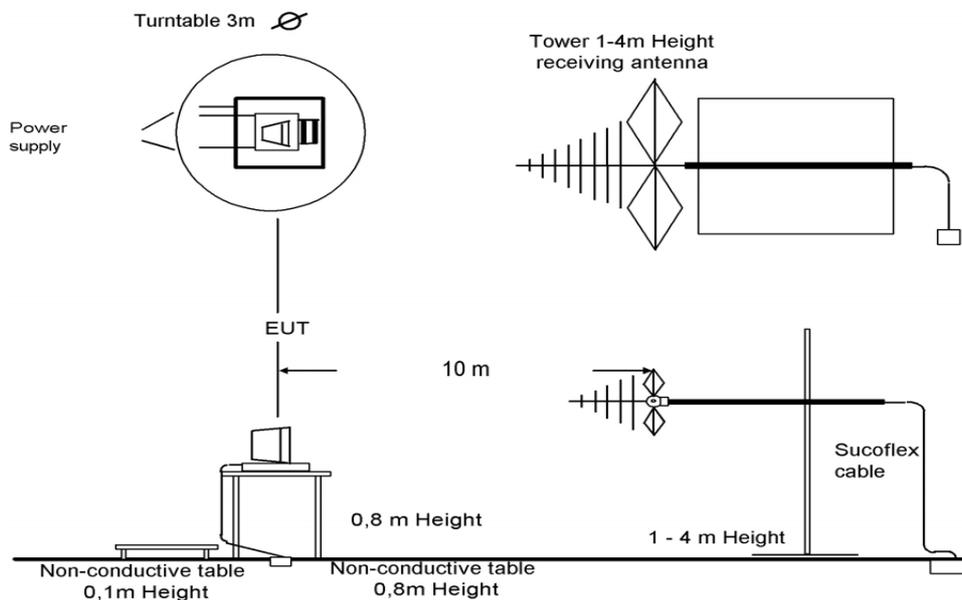
### 8.1 Description of test setup

For the spurious measurements we use the substitution method according TIA/EIA 603.

#### 8.1.1 Radiated measurements

The radiated emissions from the EUT are performed in a semi anechoic chamber. The EUT is placed on a conductive turntable and powered with nominal voltage. The signalling is performed either from outside the chamber with a signalling unit (AP or other) by air link using a signalling antenna or directly by special test software from the customer.

Semi anechoic chamber

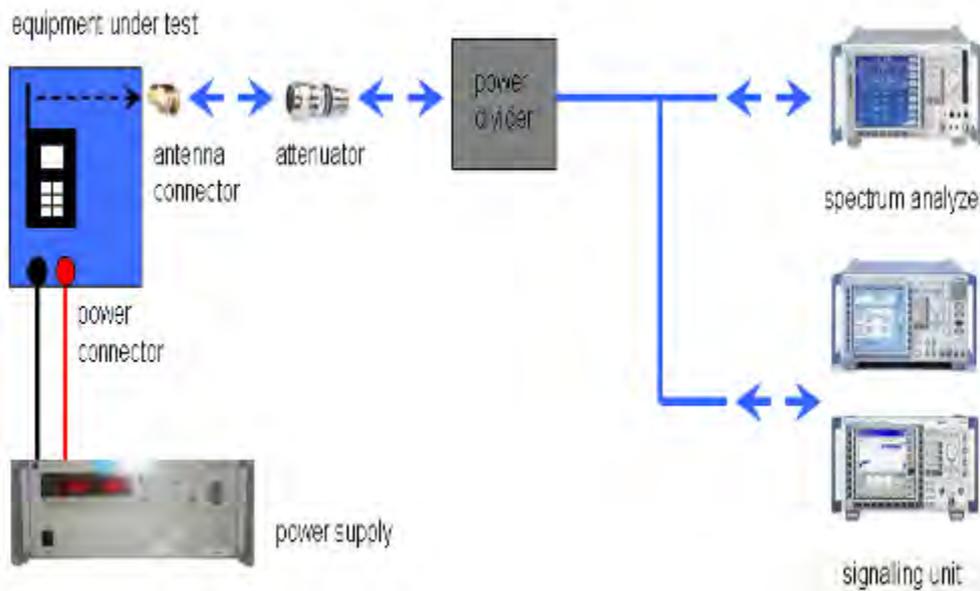


Picture 1: Diagram radiated measurements

9 kHz - 30 MHz:	active loop antenna
30 MHz – 1 GHz:	tri-log antenna
> 1 GHz:	horn antenna

### 8.1.2 Conducted measurements

The EUT's RF signal is coupled out by the antenna connector which is supplied by the manufacturer. The signal is first 10dB attenuated before it is power divided (~6dB loss per branch). One of the signal paths is connected to the signalling unit (AP or other), the other one is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The specific losses for both signal paths are first checked within a calibration. The measurement readings on the signalling unit/spectrum analyzer are corrected by the specific test set-up loss. The attenuator, power divider, signalling unit and the spectrum analyzer are impedance matched on 50 Ohm. If special software is used, there is no power divider necessary.



Picture 2: Diagram conducted measurements

The term measuring receiver refers to either a selective voltmeter or a spectrum analyser.

Frequency being measured f	Measuring receiver bandwidth 6 dB	Spectrum analyser bandwidth 3dB
$f < 150 \text{ kHz}$	200 Hz or	300 Hz
$150 \text{ kHz} \leq f < 25 \text{ MHz}$	9 kHz or	10 kHz
$25 \text{ MHz} \leq f < 1000 \text{ MHz}$	120 kHz or	100 kHz
$1000 \text{ MHz} \leq f$		1 MHz
NOTE: Specific requirements in CEPT/ERC/Recommendation 70-03 [2] shall be applied where applicable.		

**8.2 RSP100 test report cover sheet / performance test data**

Test Report Number	:	1-4254/12-20-02-B				
Equipment Model Number	:	PM-0010-BV				
Certification Number	:	4170B-PM-0010				
Manufacturer (complete Address)	:	Sony Mobile Communications AB Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund / SWEDEN				
Tested to radio standards specification no.	:	RSS - 132 Issue 2, RSS - 133 Issue 5, RSS - 139 Issue 2				
Open Area Test Site IC No.	:	IC 3462C-1				
Frequency Range	:	GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz, 1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz				
GPS receiver turned	:	On				
RF-power [dBm] (max.)	:	Band	Conducted	ERP / EIRP	Mode	
		GSM850		33.25 dBm	31.49 dBm	GMSK
				25.74 dBm	24.28 dBm	8-PSK
		GSM1900		31.07 dBm	30.66 dBm	GMSK
				24.81 dBm	24.57 dBm	8-PSK
		WCDMA 850		23.89 dBm	22.09 dBm	QPSK
		WCDMA 1700		22.35 dBm	27.07 dBm	QPSK
WCDMA 1900		22.24 dBm	23.06 dBm	QPSK		
Occupied bandwidth (99%-BW) [kHz]	:	GSM850		281	GMSK	
				275	8-PSK	
		GSM1900		275	GMSK	
				275	8-PSK	
		WCDMA 850		4581	QPSK	
		WCDMA 1700		4581	QPSK	
		WCDMA 1900		4569	QPSK	
Type of modulation	:	GMSK; 8-PSK; QPSK; 16QAM				
Emission Designator (TRC-43)	:	GSM850		281KGXW	GMSK	
				275KG7W	8-PSK	
		GSM1900		275KGXW	GMSK	
				275KG7W	8-PSK	
		WCDMA 850		4M58F9W	QPSK	
		WCDMA 1700		4M58F9W	QPSK	
		WCDMA 1900		4M57F9W	QPSK	
Antenna Information	:	Integrated antenna				
Transmitter Spurious (worst case) [dBm]	:	-45 dBm (noise floor)				
Receiver Spurious (worst case) [dBµV/m @ 3m]:	:	49 dBµV/m (noise floor) See FCC Part 15 B report: 1-4254/12-20-03				

**ATTESTATION:  
DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE:**

I attest that the testing was performed or supervised by me; that the test measurements were made in accordance with the above-mentioned Industry Canada standard(s); and that the equipment identified in this application has been subjected to all the applicable test conditions specified in the Industry Canada standards and all of the requirements of the standard have been met.

**Laboratory Manager:**

2012-07-18                      Marco Bertolino  
Date                              Name



Signature

### 8.3 Results GSM 850

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).

All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

#### 8.3.1 RF output power

**Description:**

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

**Measurement:**

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.4 and 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+38.45 dBm	
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

**Results:**

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
824.2	33.25	0.3
836.4	32.90	0.3
848.8	32.95	0.3
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
824.2	25.73	3.2
836.4	25.64	3.3
848.8	25.74	3.1
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP
824.2	30.77
836.4	31.29
848.8	31.49
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP
824.2	23.25
836.4	24.03
848.8	24.28
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

**Result:** Passed

### 8.3.2 Frequency stability

**Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{nom}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 189 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.3 and 6.3
Frequency Stability	
± 2.5 ppm	

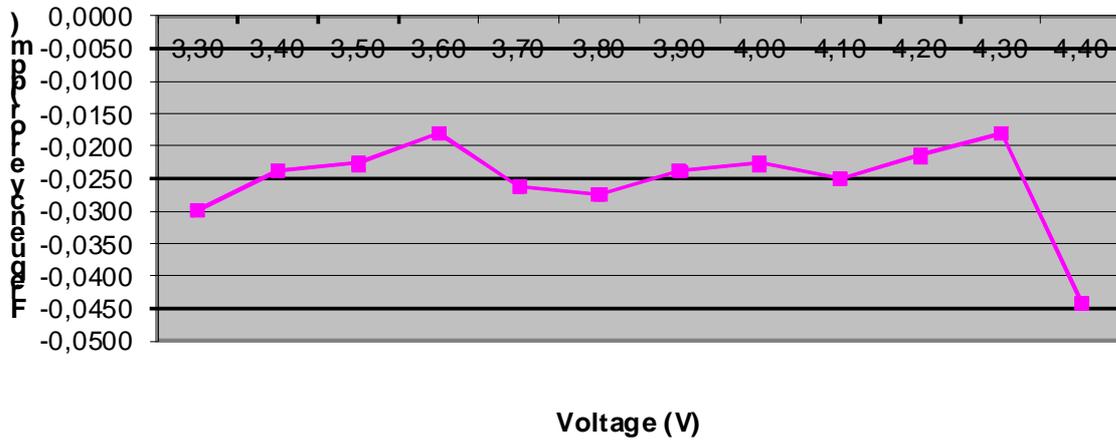
**Results:****AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-25	-0,00000299	-0,0299
3.4	-20	-0,00000239	-0,0239
3.5	-19	-0,00000227	-0,0227
3.6	-15	-0,00000179	-0,0179
3.7	-22	-0,00000263	-0,0263
3.8	-23	-0,00000275	-0,0275
3.9	-20	-0,00000239	-0,0239
4.0	-19	-0,00000227	-0,0227
4.1	-21	-0,00000251	-0,0251
4.2	-18	-0,00000215	-0,0215
4.3	-15	-0,00000179	-0,0179
4.4	-37	-0,00000442	-0,0442

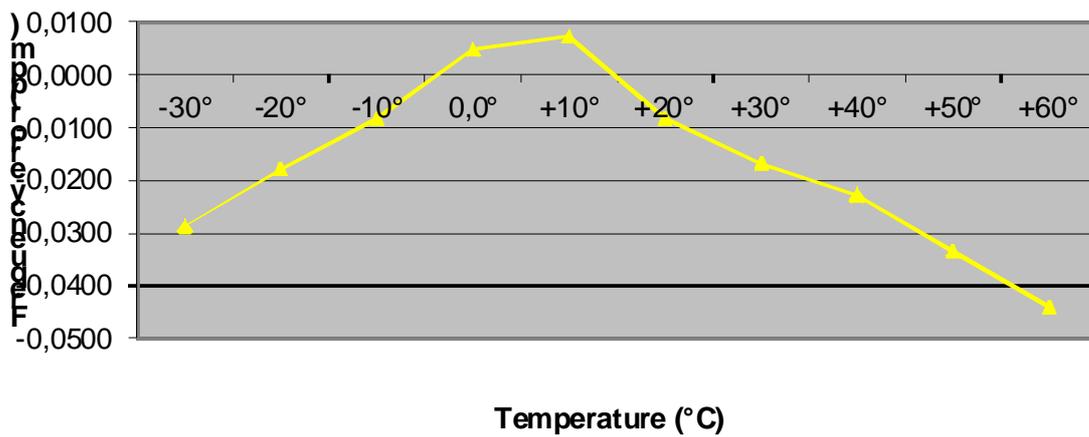
**AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE**

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-24	-0,00000287	-0,0287
-20	-15	-0,00000179	-0,0179
-10	-7	-0,00000084	-0,0084
± 0	4	0,00000048	0,0048
10	6	0,00000072	0,0072
20	-7	-0,00000084	-0,0084
30	-14	-0,00000167	-0,0167
40	-19	-0,00000227	-0,0227
50	-28	-0,00000335	-0,0335
60	-37	-0,00000442	-0,0442

Frequency Error vs. Voltage



Frequency Error vs. Temperature



**Result:** Passed

### 8.3.3 Spurious emissions radiated

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 848.8 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the GSM-850 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

**Results:**

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the GSM-850 band (824.2 MHz, 836.4 MHz and 848.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the GSM-850 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages. All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case. The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

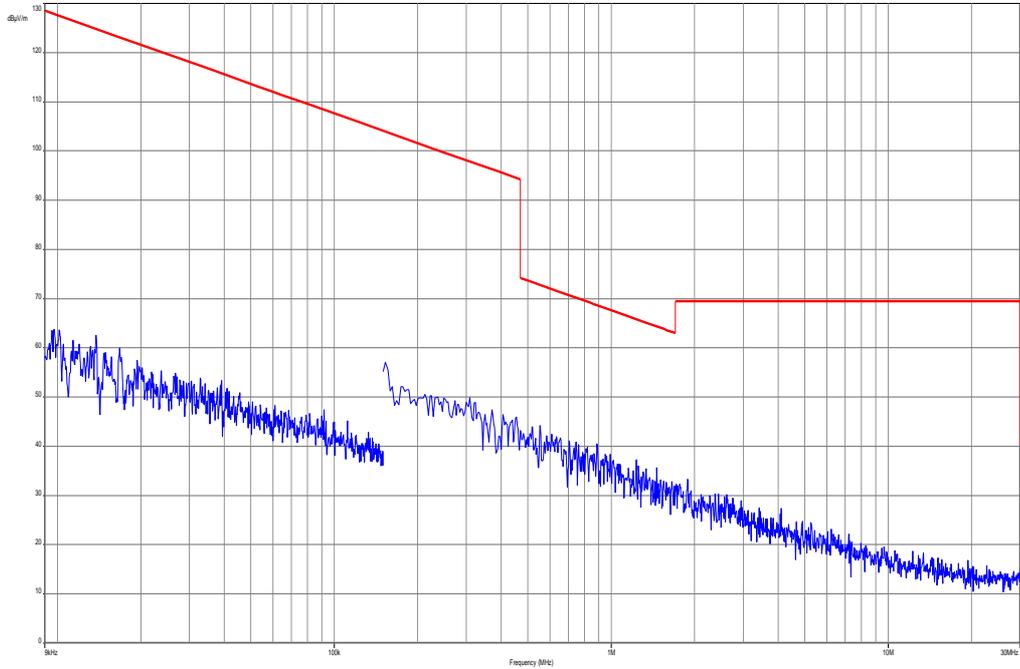
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (DBM)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4	-	2	1672.8	-46.28	2	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	3	2509.2	-49.05	3	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	4	3345.6	-	4	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	5	4182.0	-	5	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	6	5018.4	-	6	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	7	5854.8	-	7	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	8	6691.2	-	8	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	9	7527.6	-	9	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	10	8364.0	-	10	8488.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

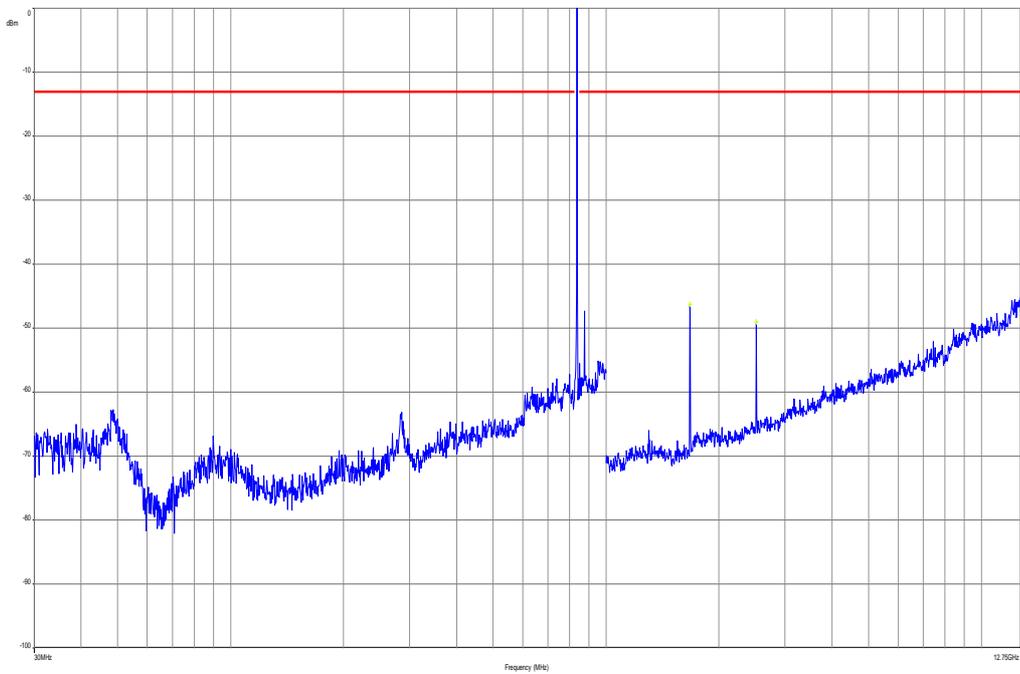
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 189 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)**



**Plot 2: Channel 189 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)**



### 8.3.4 Spurious emissions conducted

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 12 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

GSM-850 Transmitter Channel Frequency  
 128 824.2 MHz  
 189 836.4 MHz  
 251 848.8 MHz

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

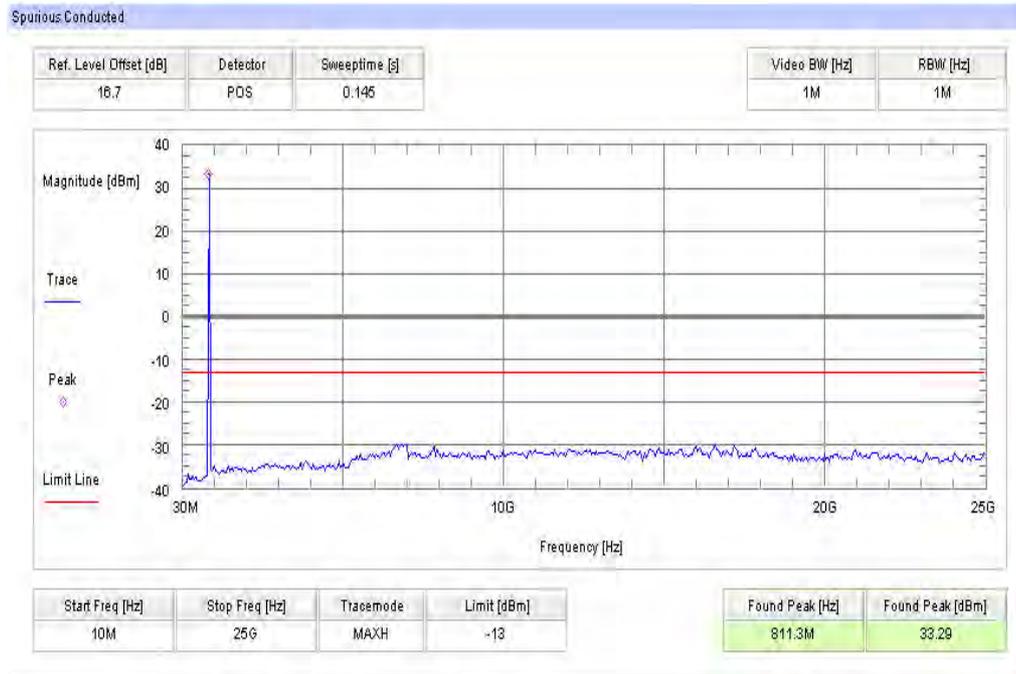
**Results:**

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4	-	2	1672.8	-	2	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	3	2509.2	-	3	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	4	3345.6	-	4	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	5	4182.0	-	5	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	6	5018.4	-	6	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	7	5854.8	-	7	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	8	6691.2	-	8	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	9	7527.6	-	9	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	10	8364.0	-	10	8488.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

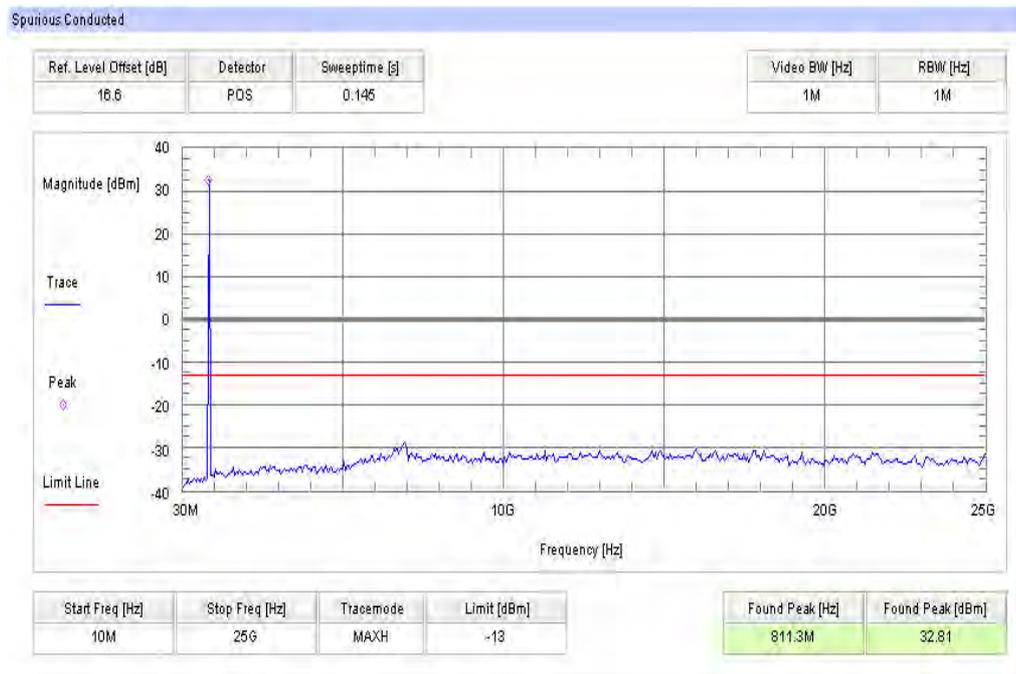
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

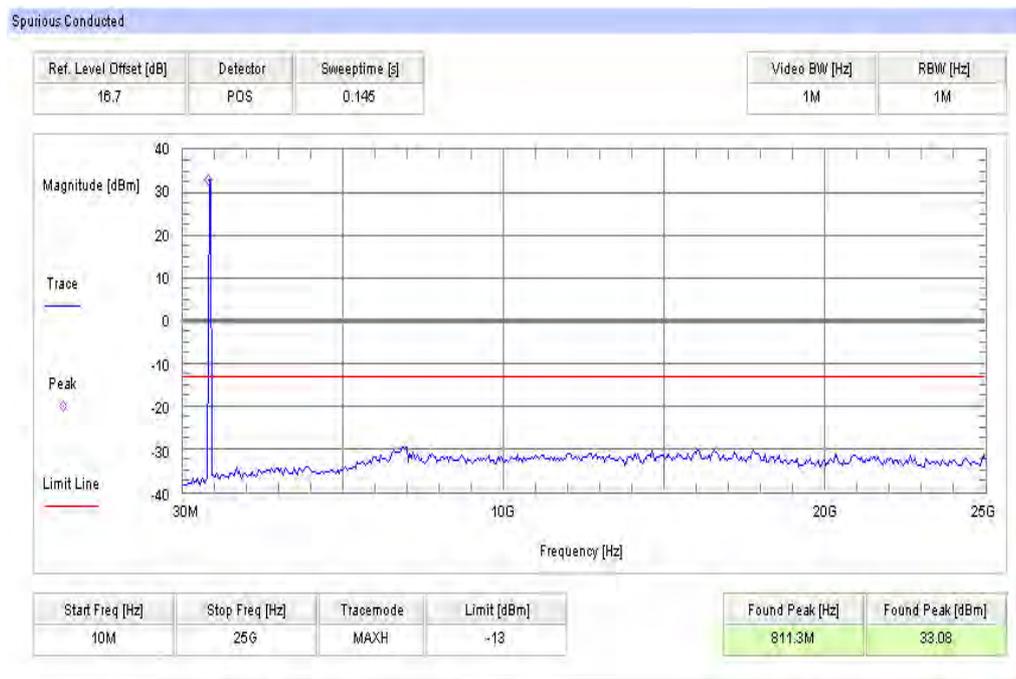
**Plot 1: Channel 128 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 2: Channel 189 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 3: Channel 251 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



### 8.3.5 Block edge compliance

**Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

**Measurement:**

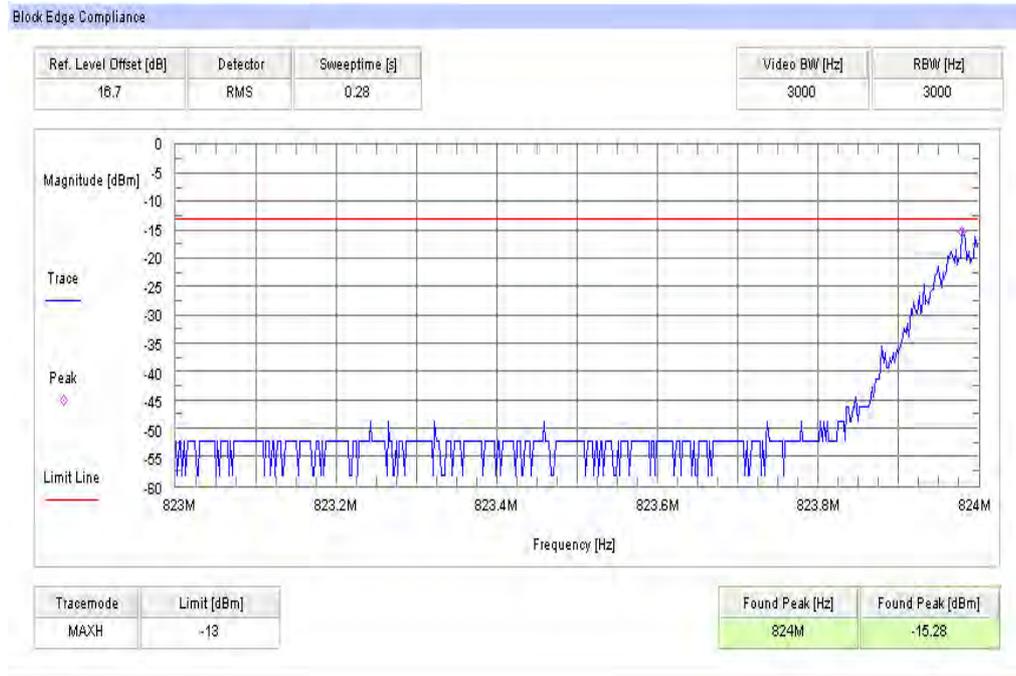
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

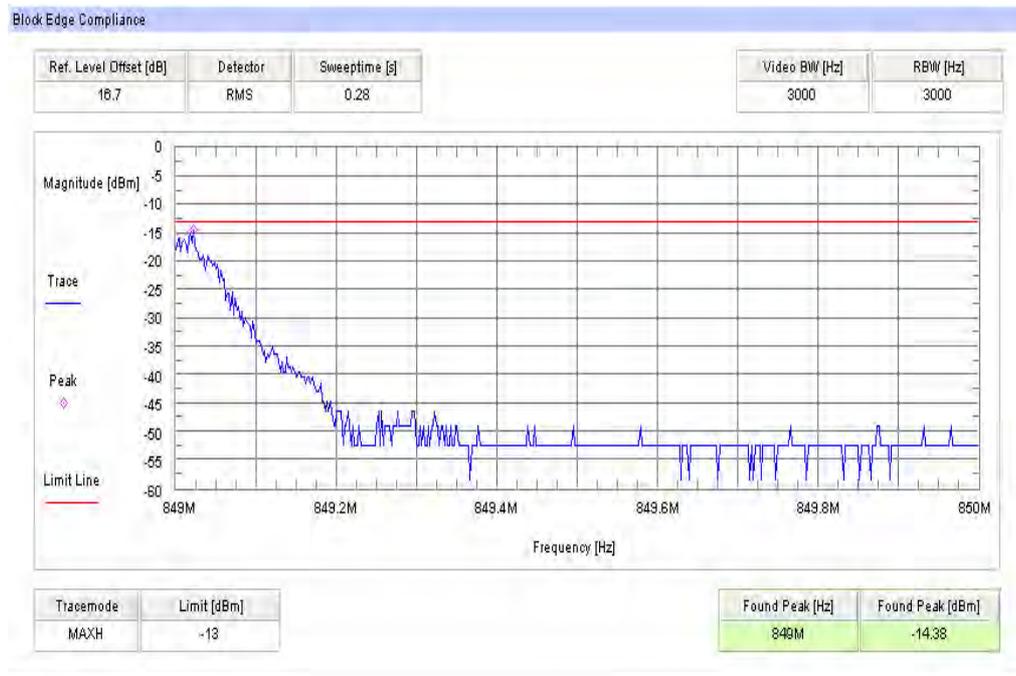
FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 128 (GSM-mode)**



**Plot 2: Channel 251 (GSM-mode)**



**Plot 3: Channel 128 (EDGE-mode)**



**Plot 4: Channel 251 (EDGE-mode)**



**Result: Passed**

### 8.3.6 Occupied bandwidth

**Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

**Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the GSM-850 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5.1
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

**Results:**

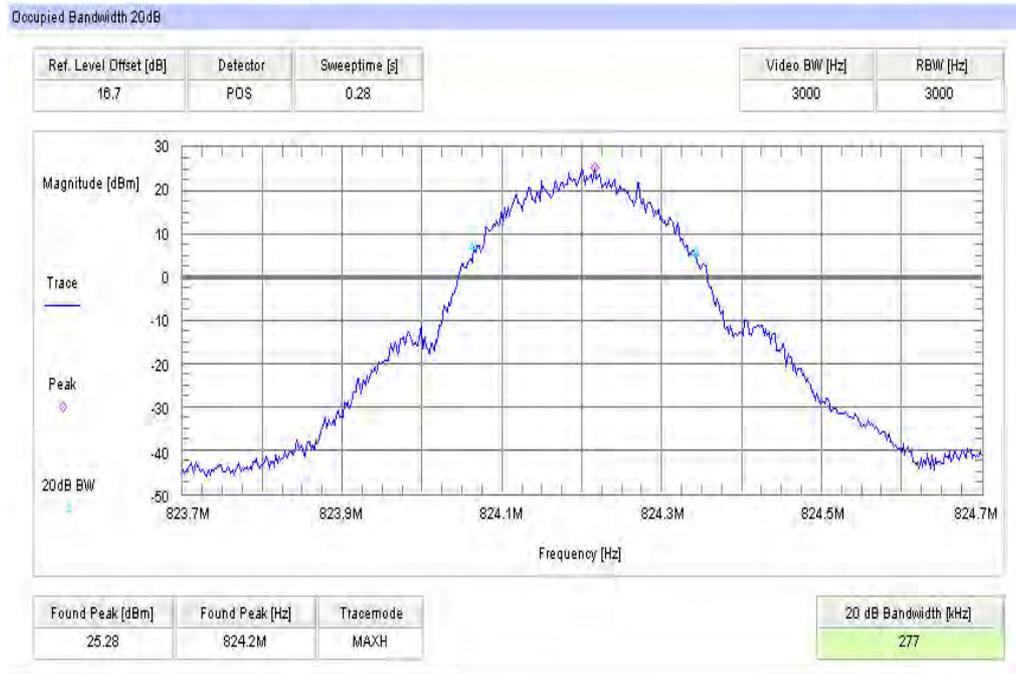
Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
824.2	277	313
836.4	281	313
848.8	277	313
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

Occupied Bandwidth - EDGE mode		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
824.2	275	305
836.4	273	311
848.8	271	303
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

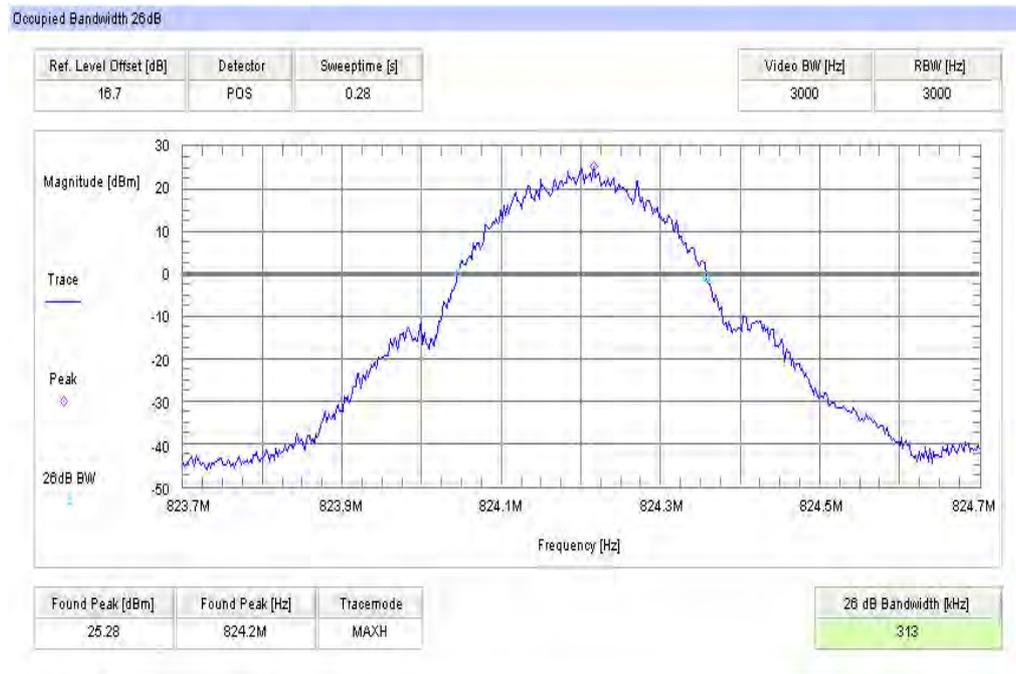
**Result:** **Passed**

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 128 (99% - OBW)**



**Plot 2: Channel 128 (-26 dBc BW)**



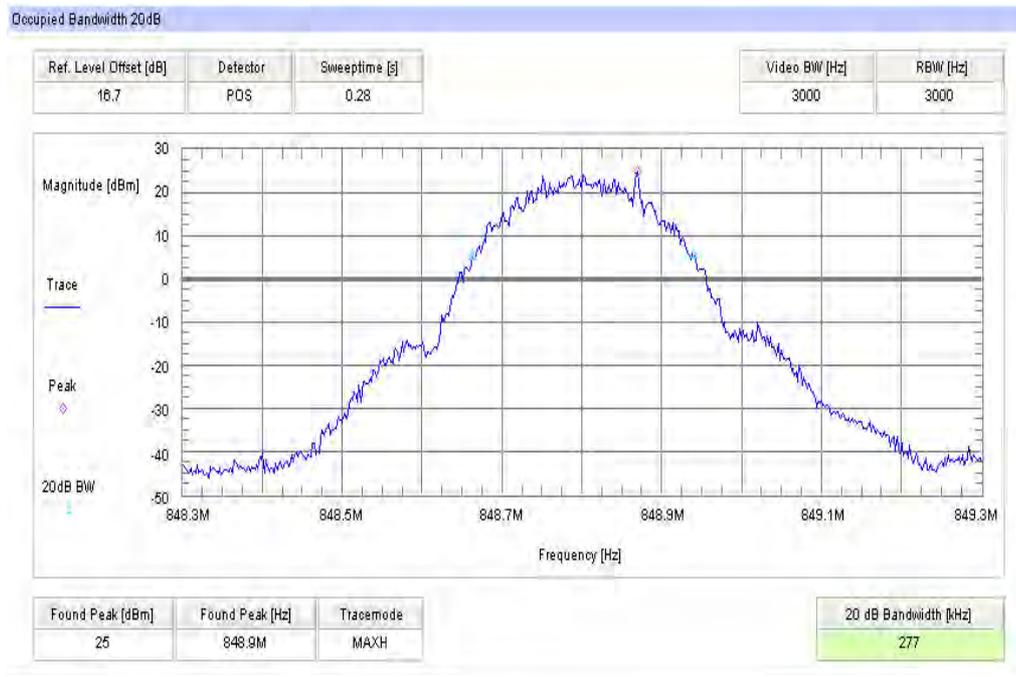
**Plot 3: Channel 189 (99% - OBW)**



**Plot 4: Channel 189 (-26 dBc BW)**



Plot 5: Channel 251 (99% - OBW)



Plot 6: Channel 251 (-26 dBc BW)



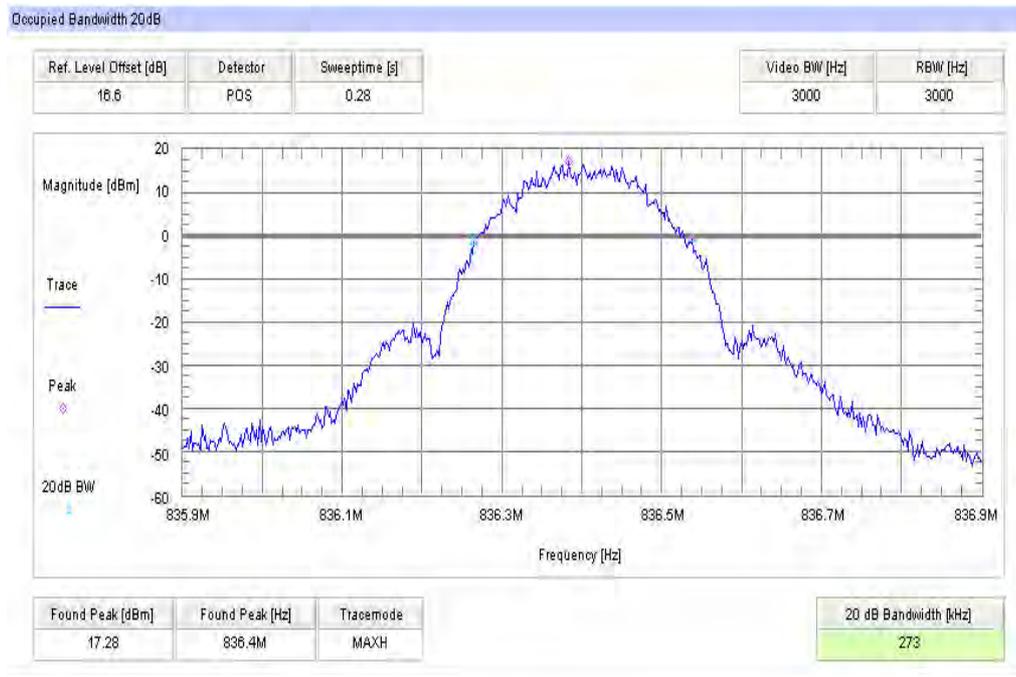
**Plot 7: Channel 128 (99% - OBW) - EDGE**



**Plot 8: Channel 128 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE**



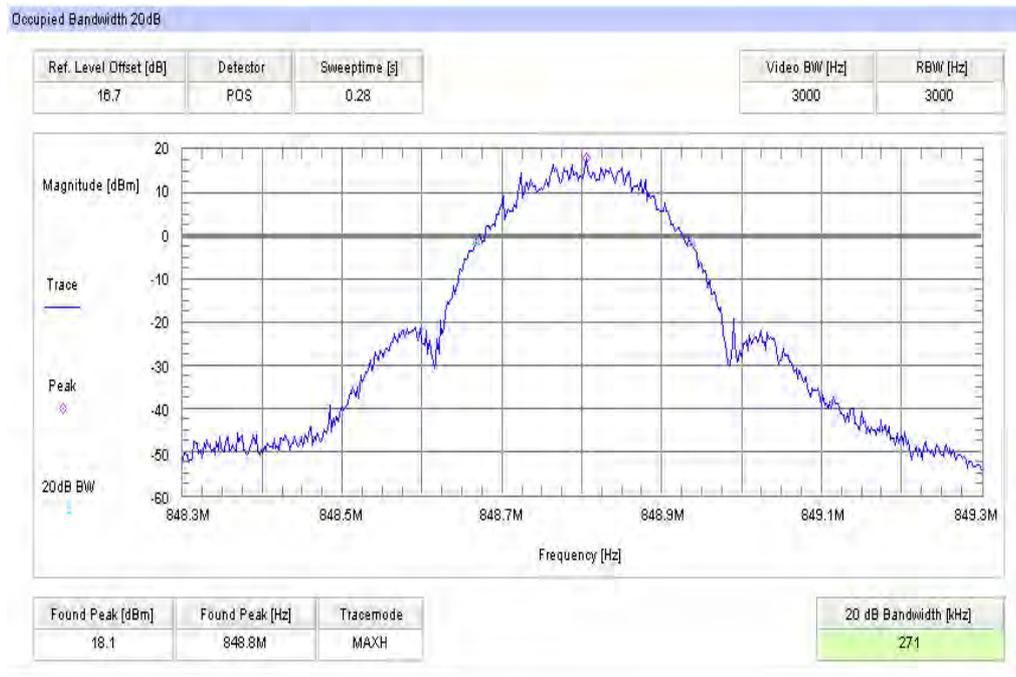
**Plot 9: Channel 189 (99% - OBW) - EDGE**



**Plot 10: Channel 189 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE**



Plot 11: Channel 251 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 12: Channel 251 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



## 8.4 Results PCS 1900

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).

All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

### 8.4.1 RF output power

#### Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

#### Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

#### Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.232 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+33.00 dBm	
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

**Results:**

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
1850.2	30.71	0.2
1880.0	30.74	0.2
1909.8	31.07	0.2
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
1850.2	24.62	3.2
1880.0	24.81	3.2
1909.8	24.74	3.3
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP
1850.2	30.66
1880.0	29.57
1909.8	29.76
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP
1850.2	24.57
1880.0	23.64
1909.8	23.43
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

**Result:** Passed

### 8.4.2 Frequency stability

**Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{nom}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

**Limits:**

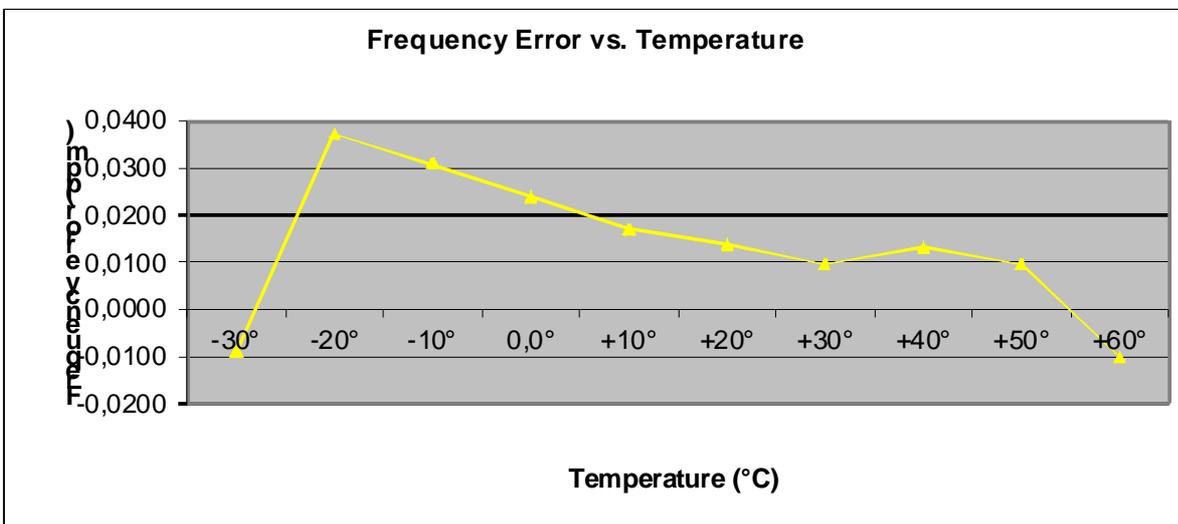
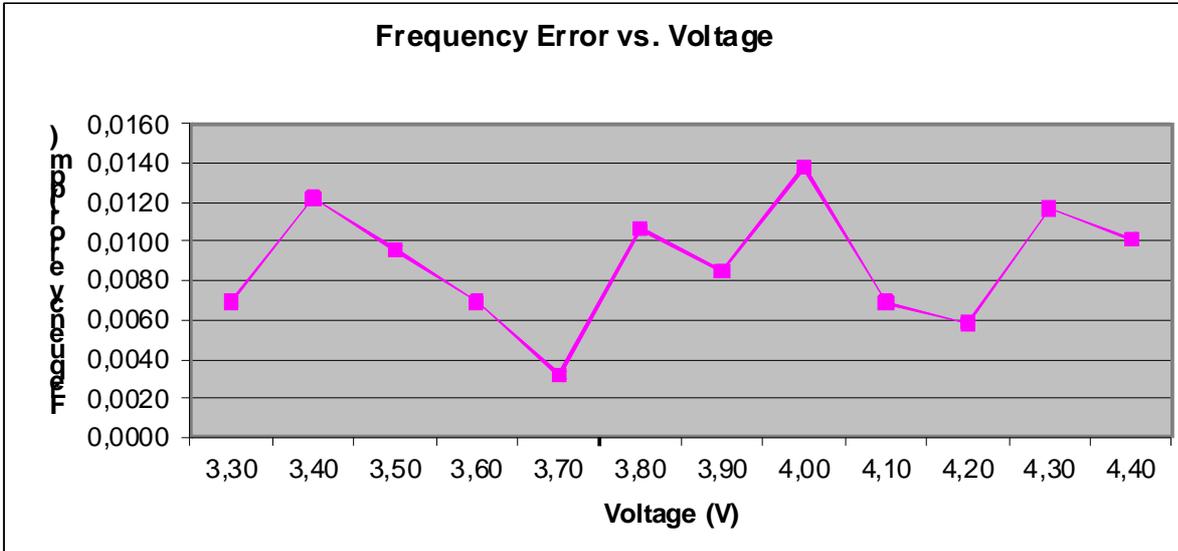
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.235 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.3
Frequency Stability	
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.	

**Results:****AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	13	0,00000069	0,0069
3.4	23	0,00000122	0,0122
3.5	18	0,00000096	0,0096
3.6	13	0,00000069	0,0069
3.7	6	0,00000032	0,0032
3.8	20	0,00000106	0,0106
3.9	16	0,00000085	0,0085
4.0	26	0,00000138	0,0138
4.1	13	0,00000069	0,0069
4.2	11	0,00000059	0,0059
4.3	22	0,00000117	0,0117
4.4	19	0,00000101	0,0101

**AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE**

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-17	-0,00000090	-0,0090
-20	70	0,00000372	0,0372
-10	58	0,00000309	0,0309
± 0	45	0,00000239	0,0239
10	32	0,00000170	0,0170
20	26	0,00000138	0,0138
30	18	0,00000096	0,0096
40	25	0,00000133	0,0133
50	18	0,00000096	0,0096
60	-19	-0,00000101	-0,0101



**Result:** Passed

### 8.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. This was rounded up to 20 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the PCS1900 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

**Results:**

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages. All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case. The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

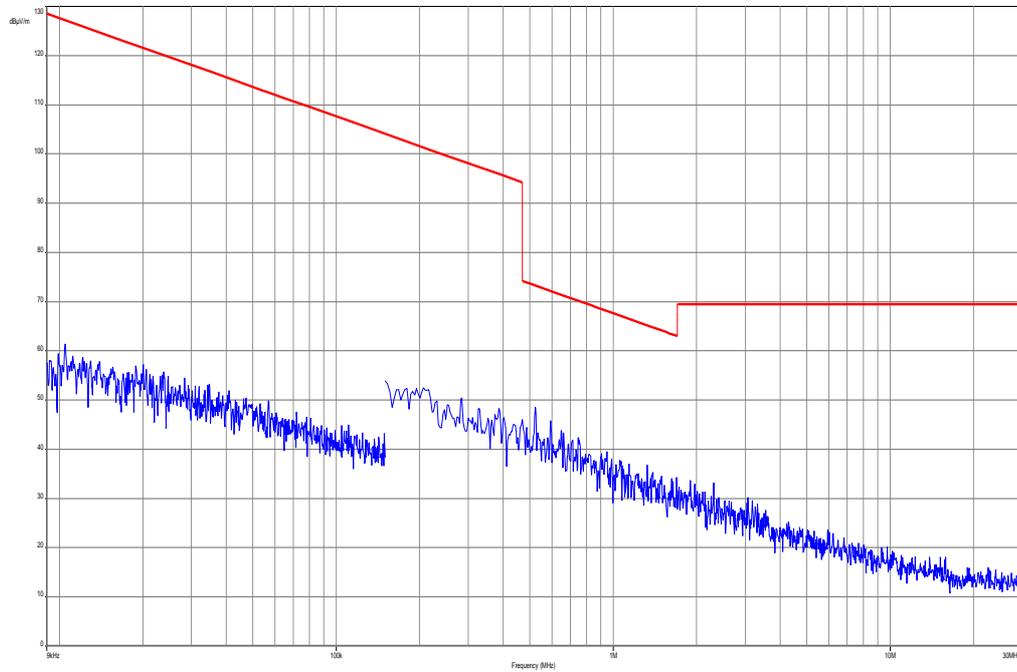
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 661 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19098.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

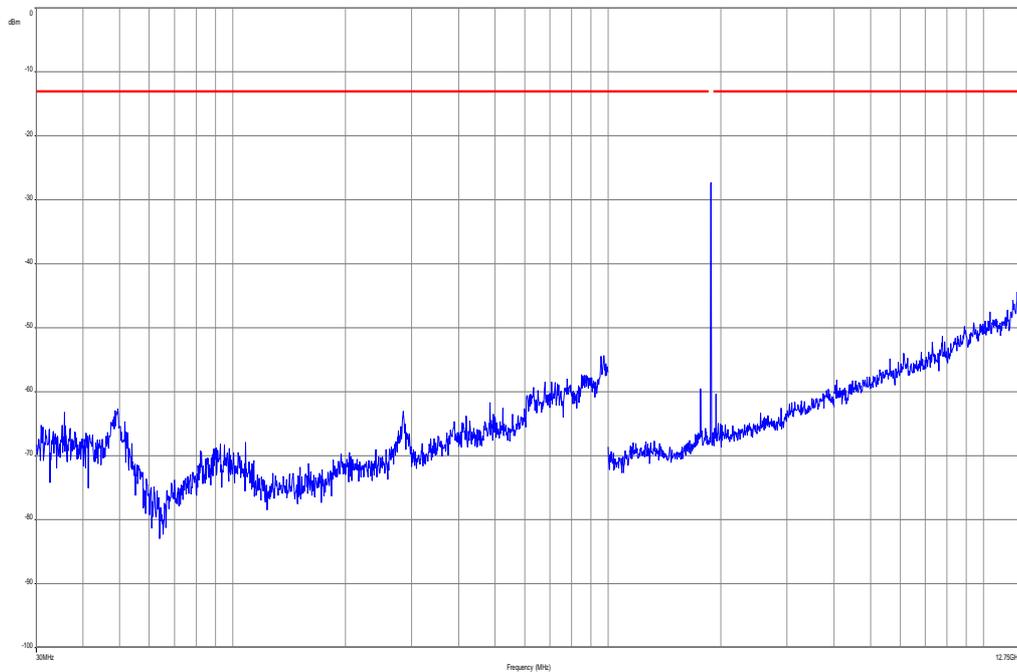
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 661 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)**

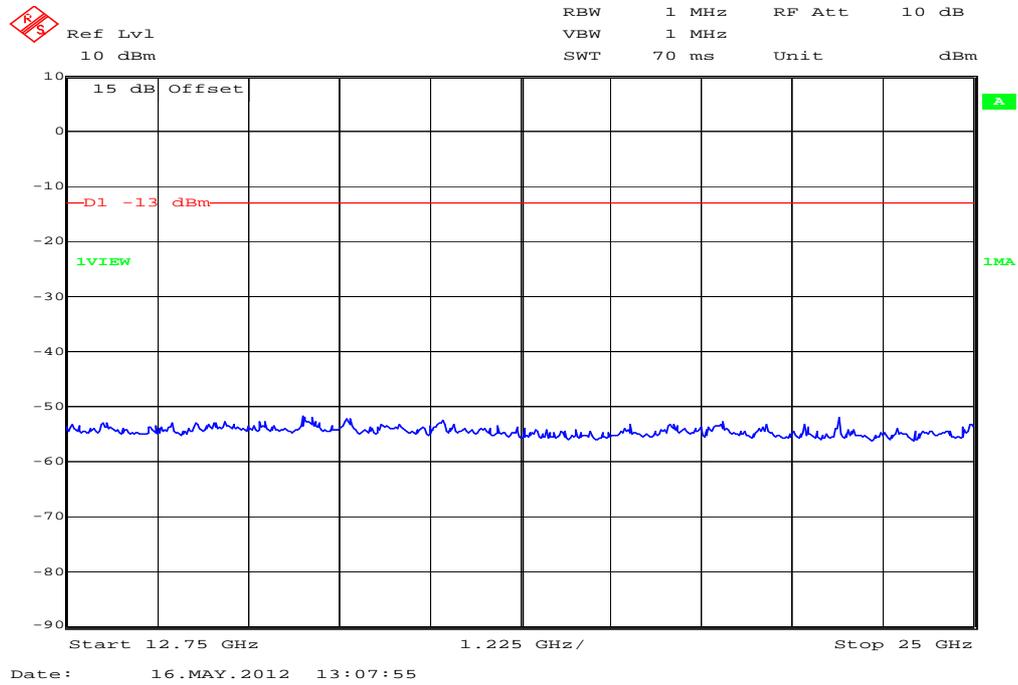


**Plot 2: Channel 661 (30 MHz – 12.75 GHz)**



*Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter*

Plot 3: Channel 661 (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



### 8.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

PCS1900 Transmitter Channel Frequency  
 512 1850.2 MHz  
 661 1880.0 MHz  
 810 1909.8 MHz

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

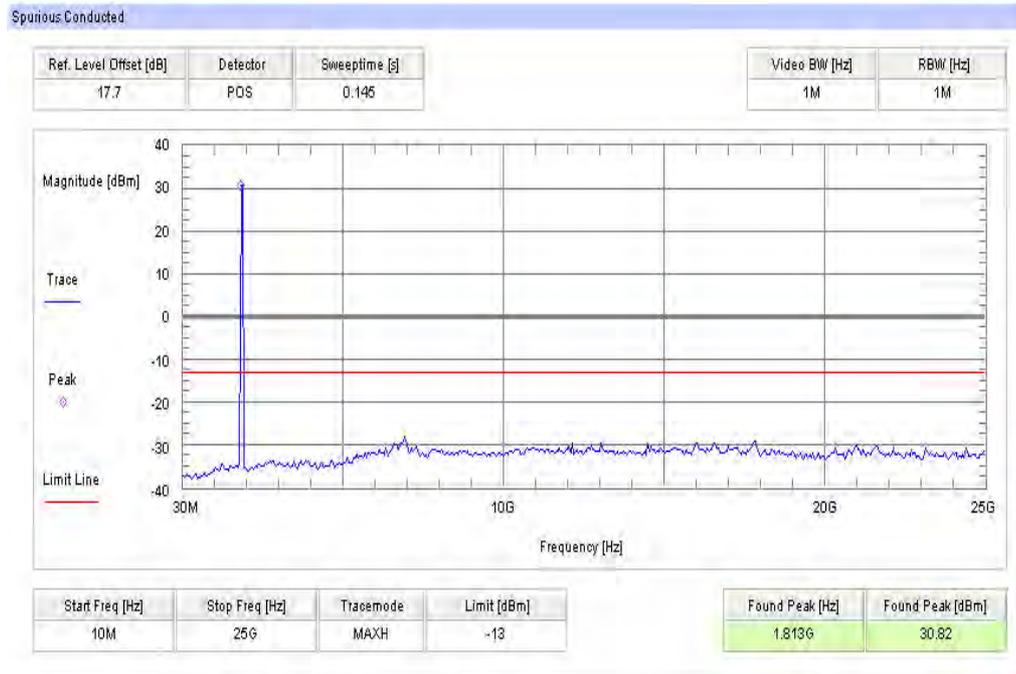
**Results:**

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 661 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19098.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

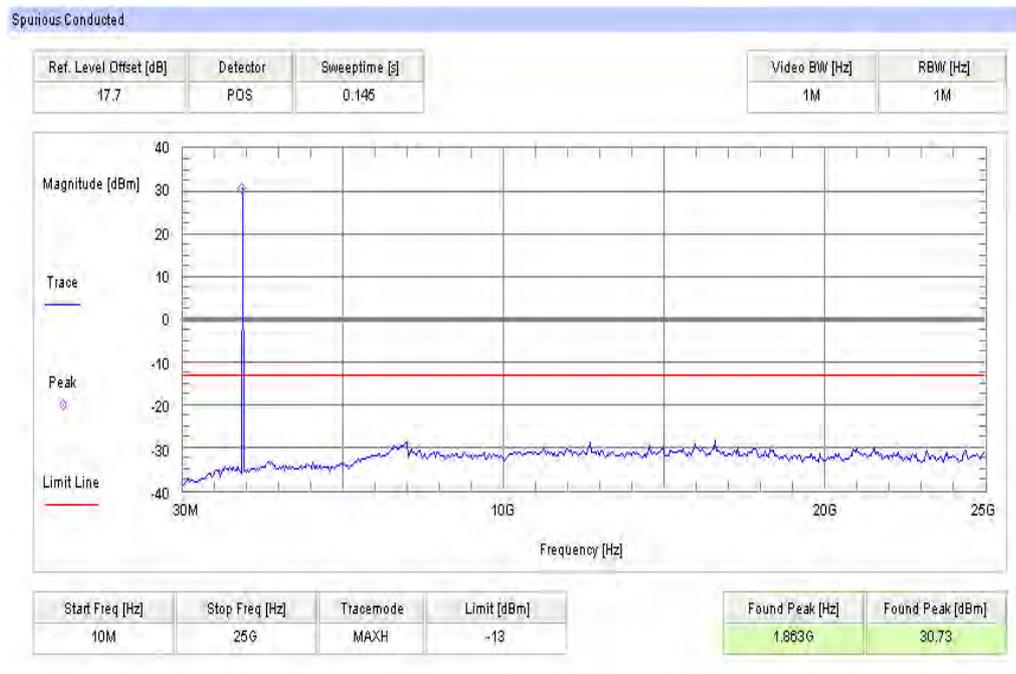
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

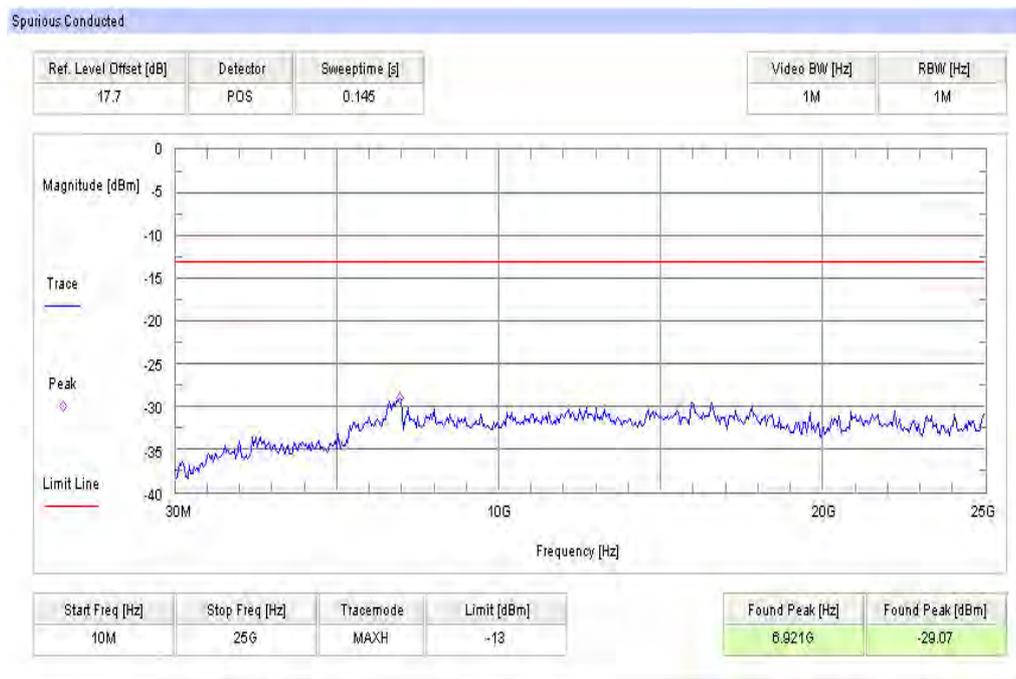
**Plot 1: Channel 512 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 2: Channel 661 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 3: Channel 810 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



### 8.4.5 Block edge compliance

**Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

**Measurement:**

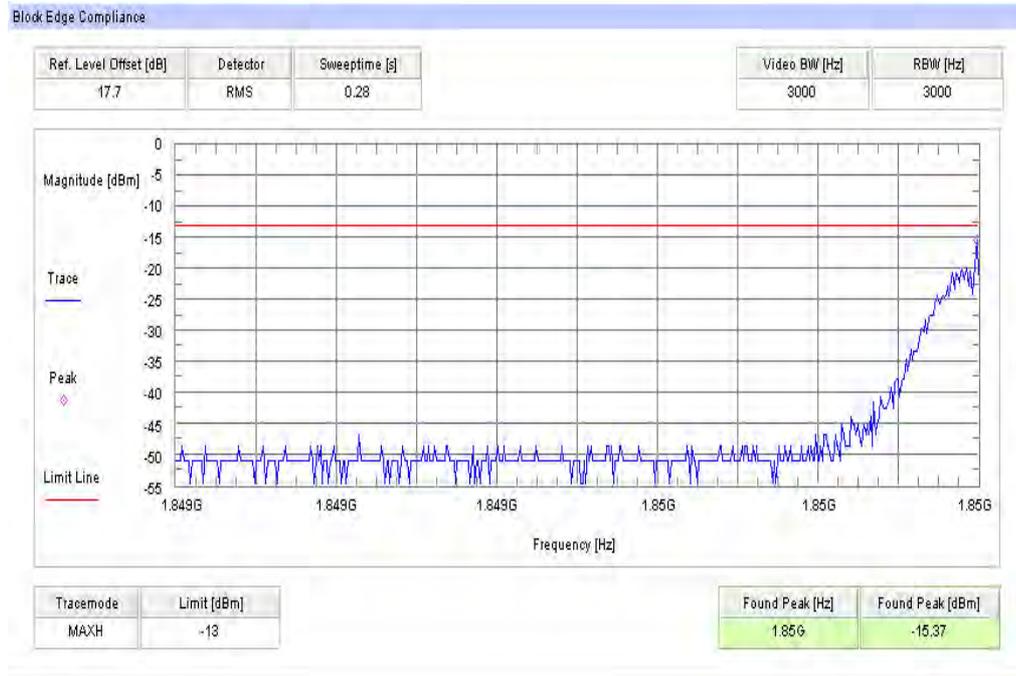
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

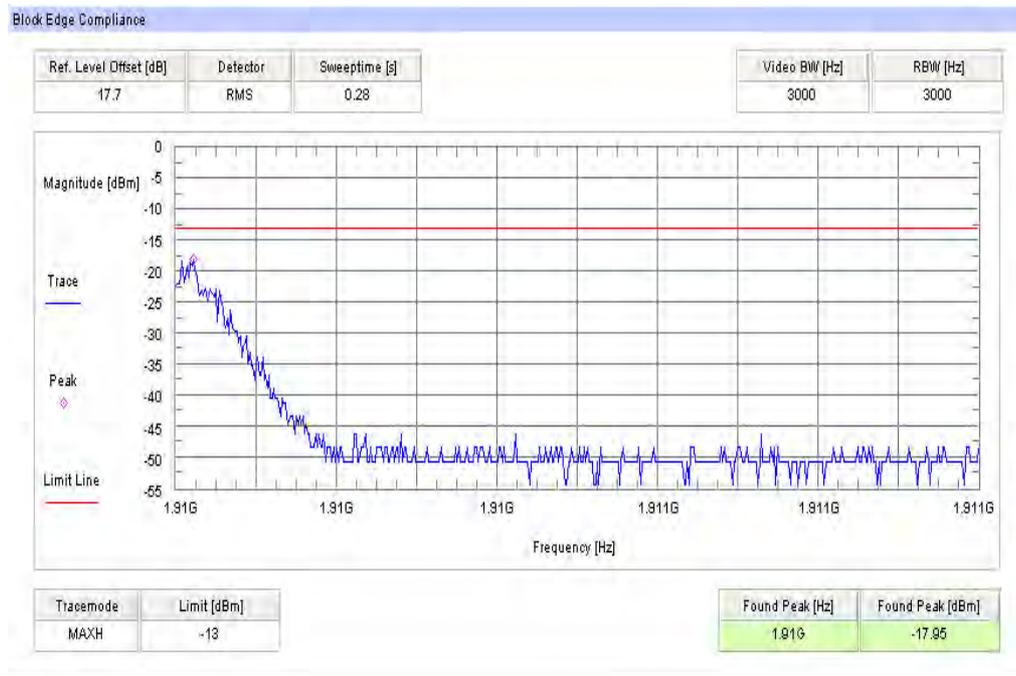
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

**Plots:**

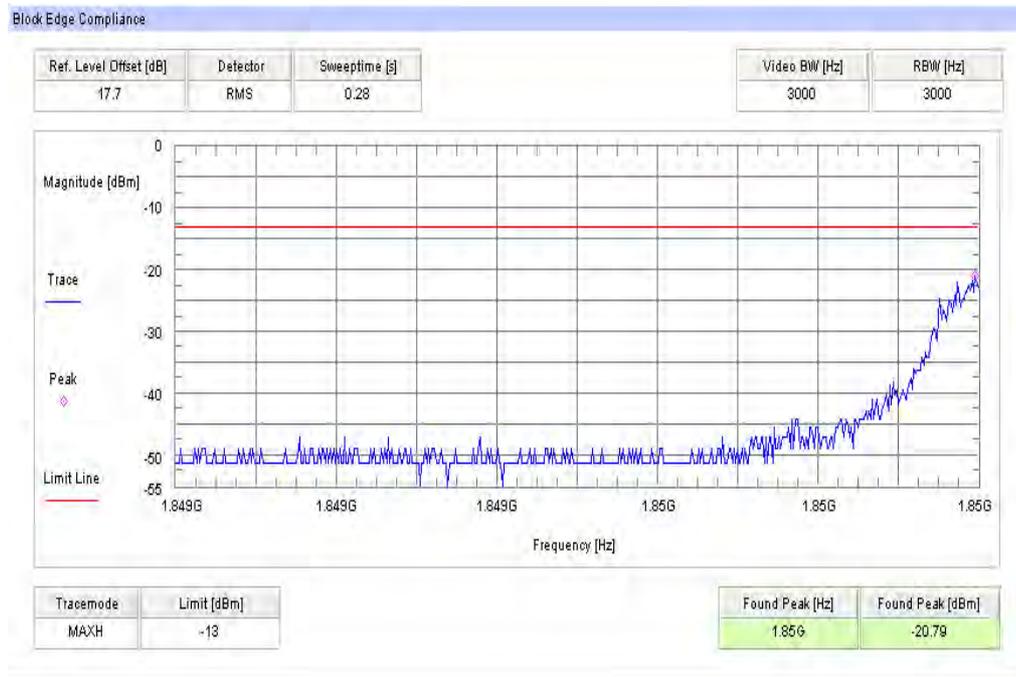
**Plot 1: Channel 512 (GSM-mode)**



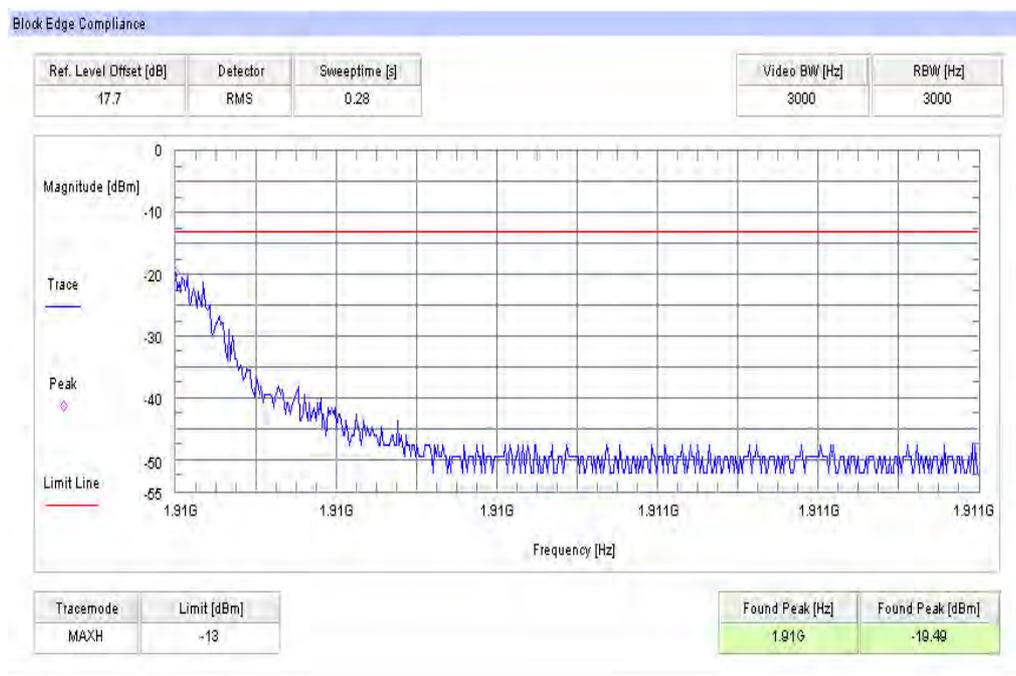
**Plot 2: Channel 810 (GSM-mode)**



**Plot 3: Channel 512 (EDGE-mode)**



**Plot 4: Channel 810 (EDGE-mode)**



**Result: Passed**

### 8.4.6 Occupied bandwidth

**Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

**Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the PCS1900 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 24.238 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3.0 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

**Results:**

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
1850.2	269	305
1880.0	273	311
1909.8	275	313
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

Occupied Bandwidth - EDGE mode		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
1850.2	269	305
1880.0	273	311
1909.8	275	313
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

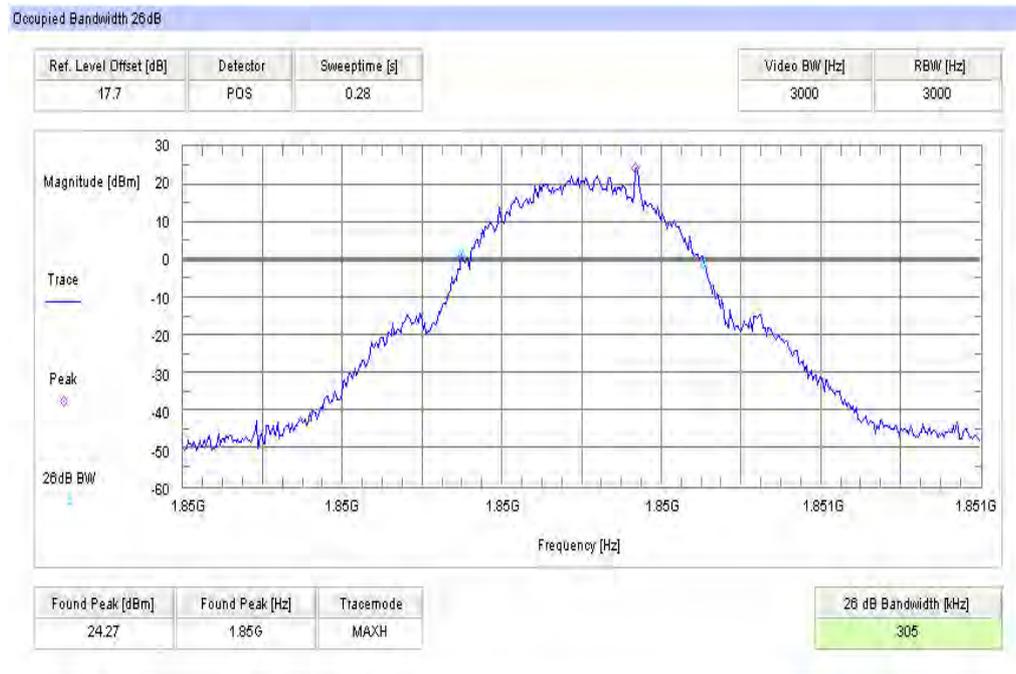
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

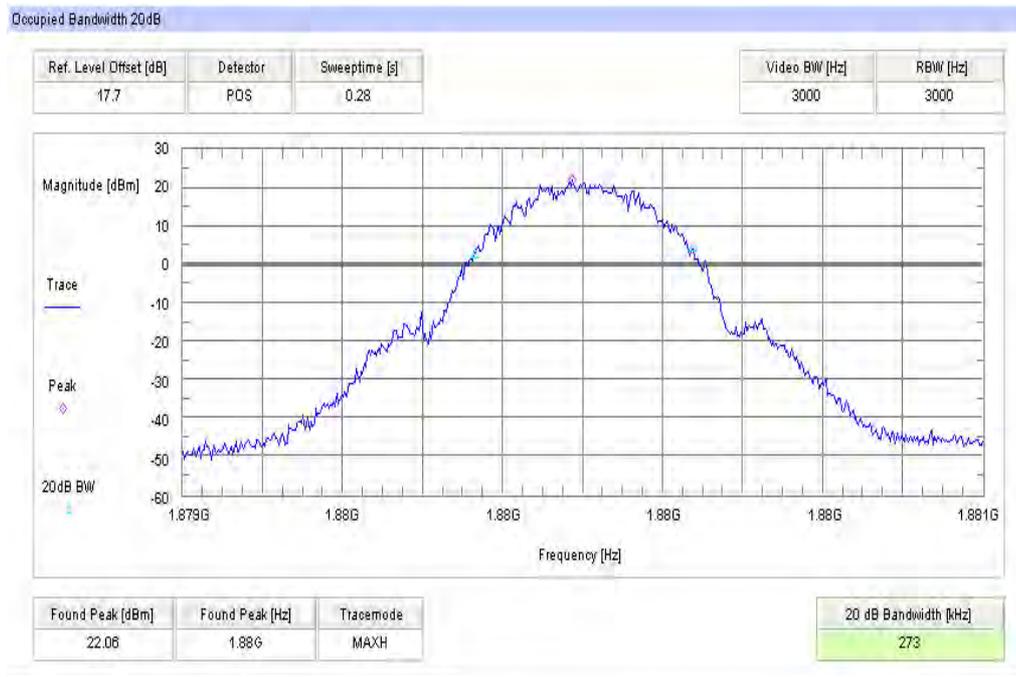
**Plot 1: Channel 512 (99% - OBW)**



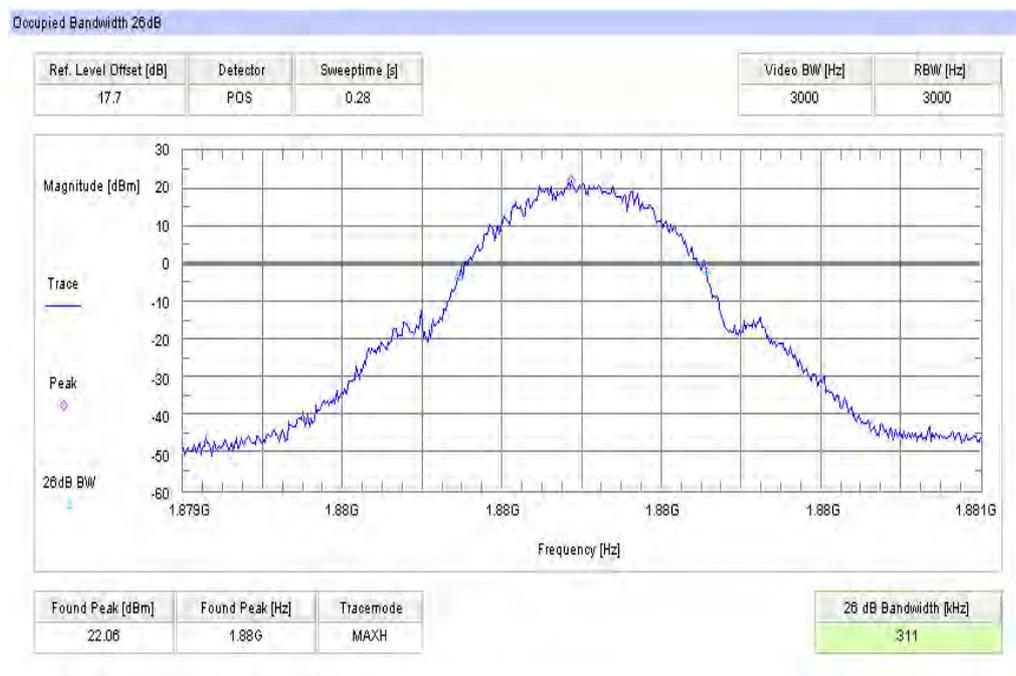
**Plot 2: Channel 512 (-26 dBc BW)**



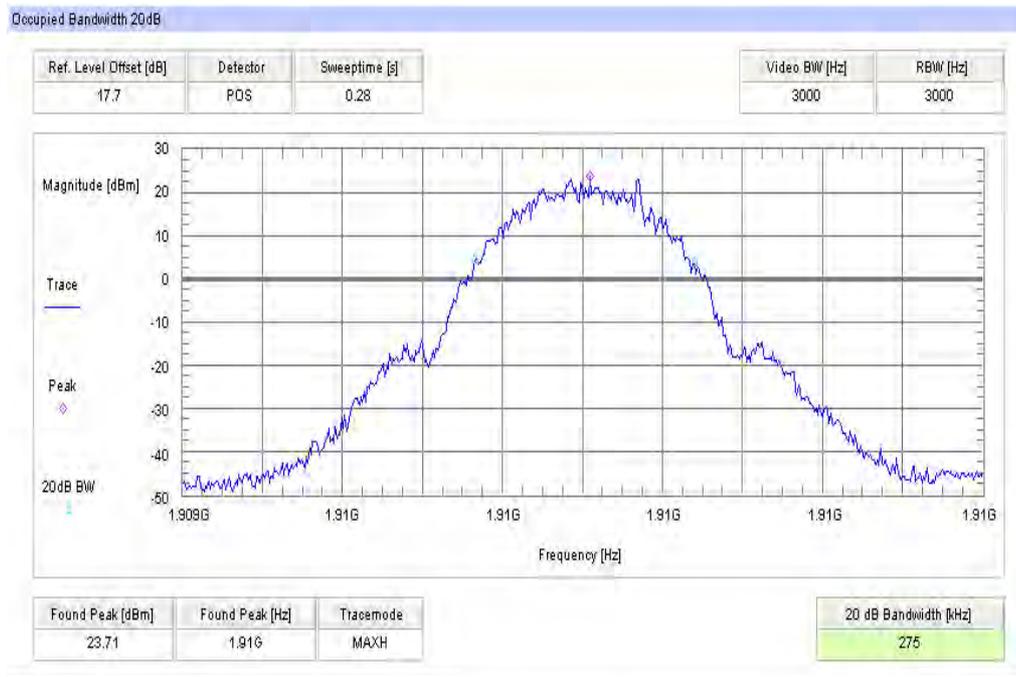
**Plot 3: Channel 661 (99% - OBW)**



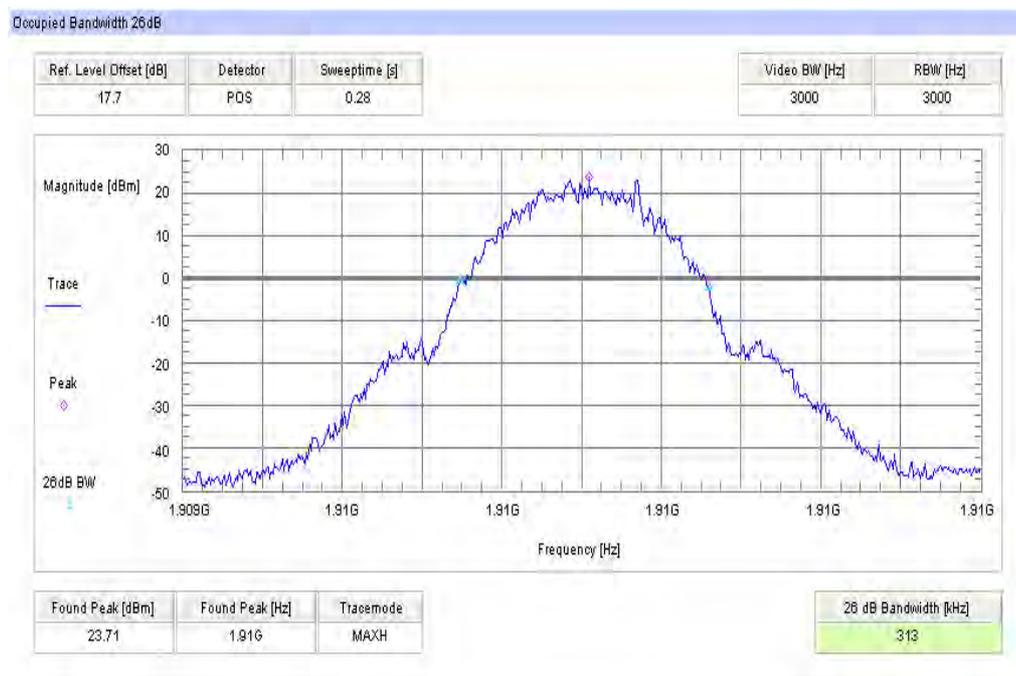
**Plot 4: Channel 661 (-26 dBc BW)**



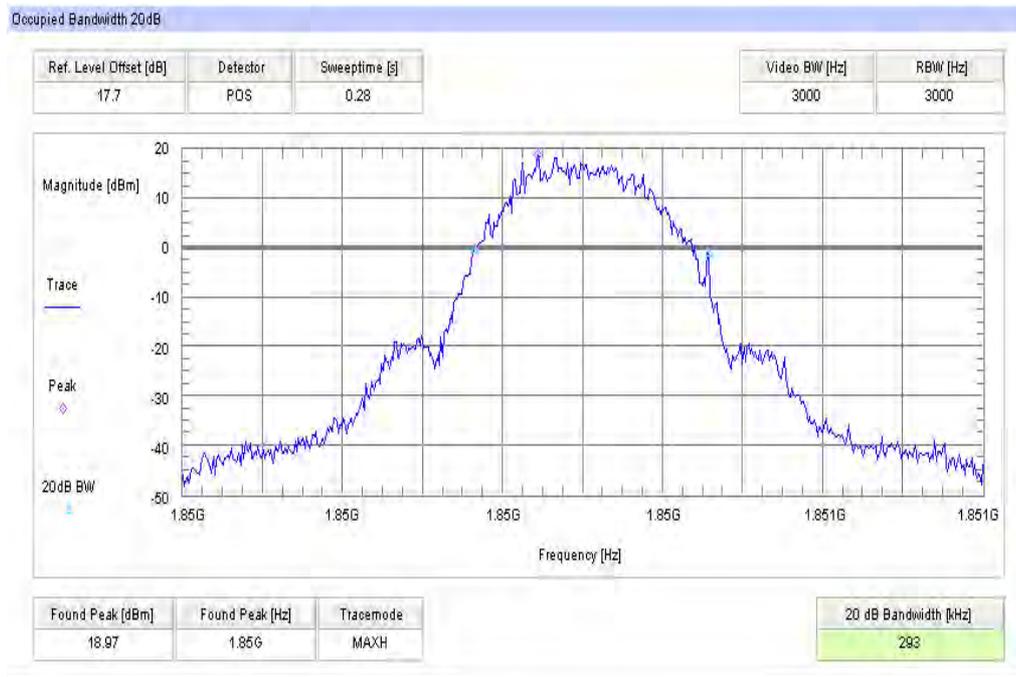
**Plot 5: Channel 810 (99% - OBW)**



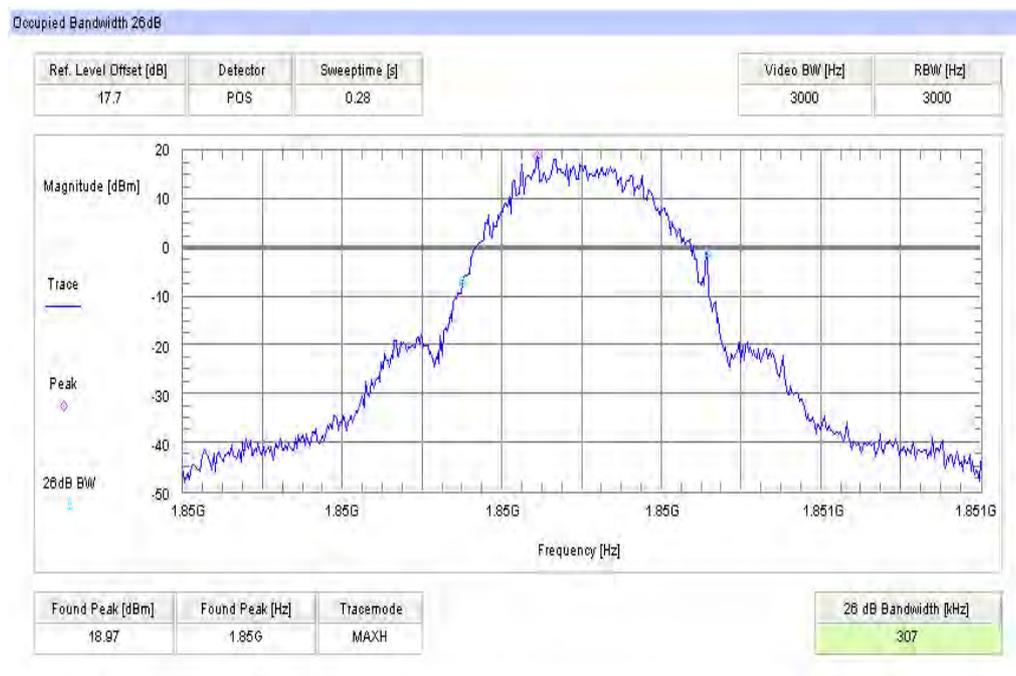
**Plot 6: Channel 810 (-26 dBc BW)**



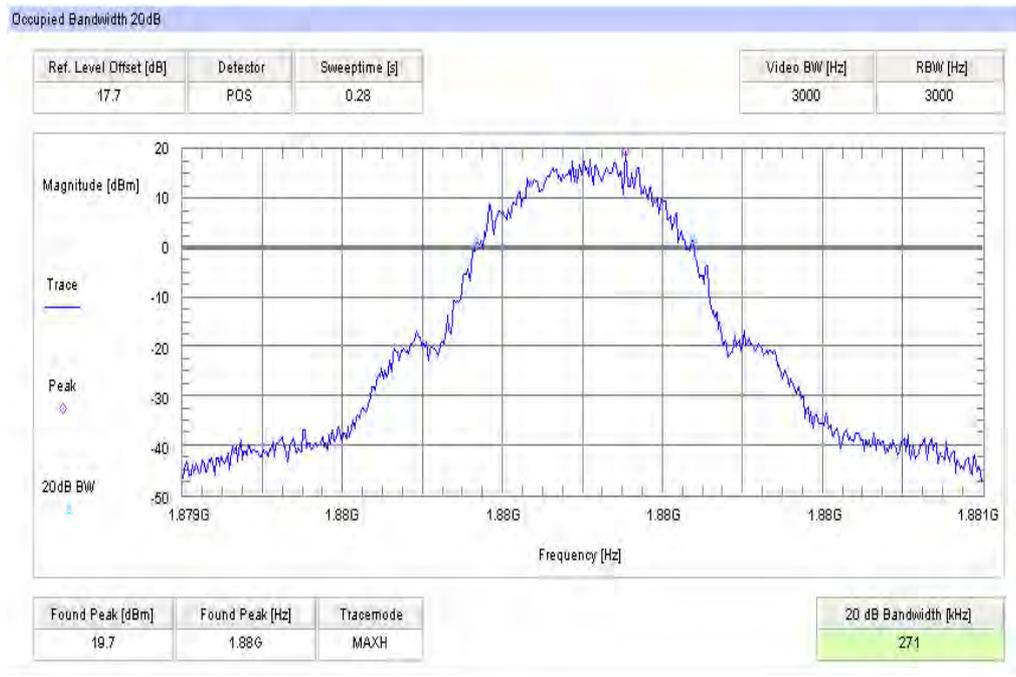
**Plot 7: Channel 512 (99% - OBW) - EDGE**



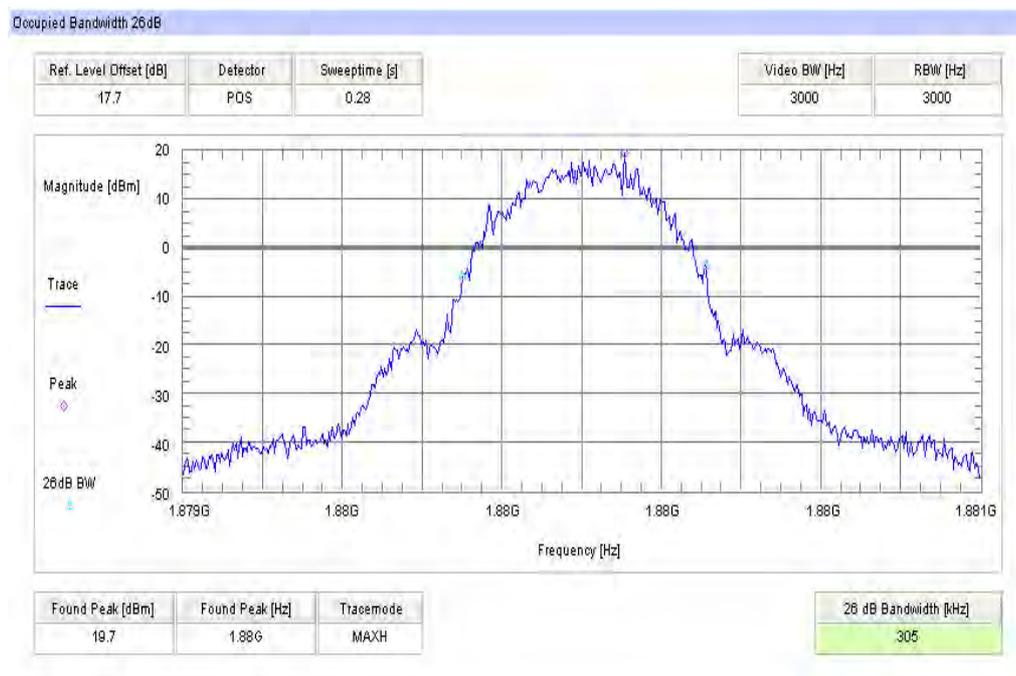
**Plot 8: Channel 512 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE**



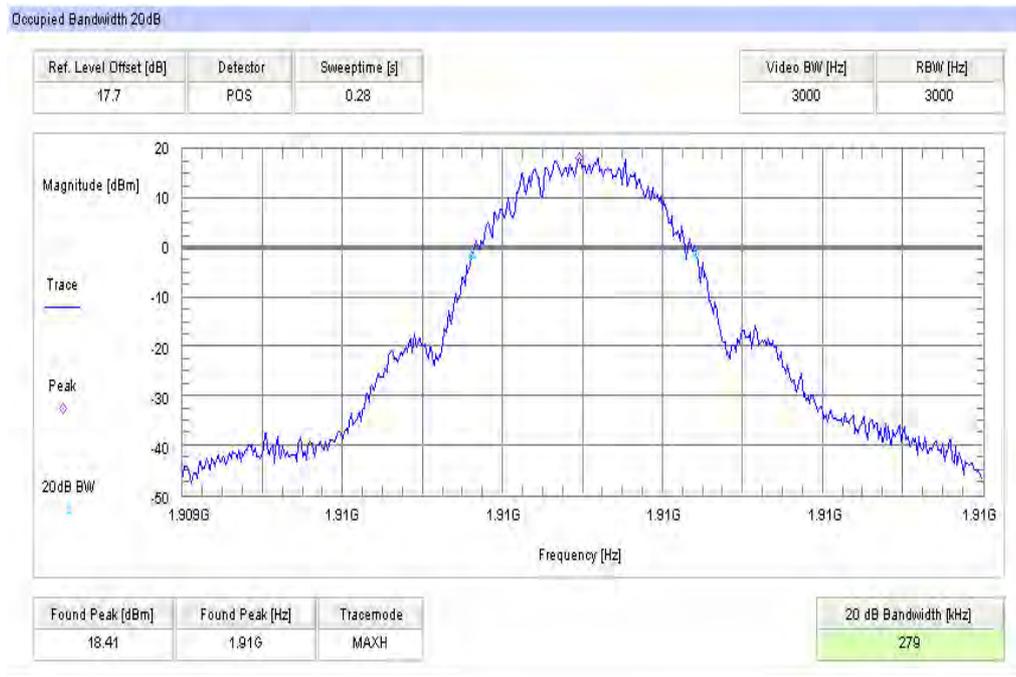
**Plot 9: Channel 661 (99% - OBW) - EDGE**



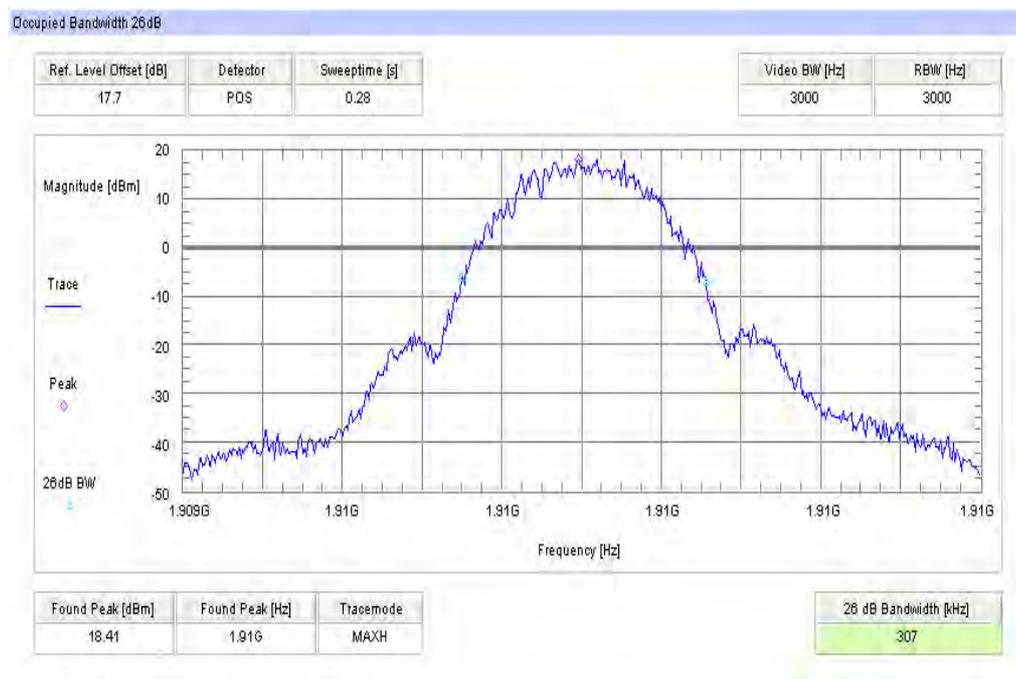
**Plot 10: Channel 661 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE**



Plot 11: Channel 810 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 12: Channel 810 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



## 8.5 Results UMTS band II

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only.  
 The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

### 8.5.1 RF output power

**Description:**

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

**Measurement:**

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.232 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+33.00 dBm	
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

**Results:**

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
1852.4	21.96	3.5
1880.0	22.11	3.3
1907.6	22.24	3.2
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP
1852.4	23.06
1880.0	22.34
1907.6	21.99
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

**Result:** **Passed**

### 8.5.2 Frequency stability

**Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{nom}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 9400 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

**Limits:**

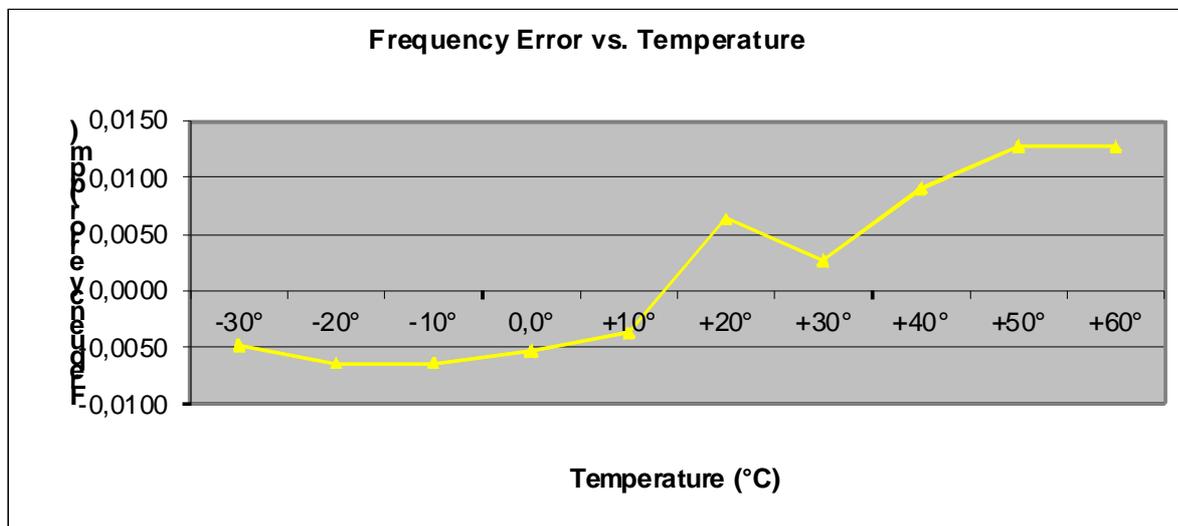
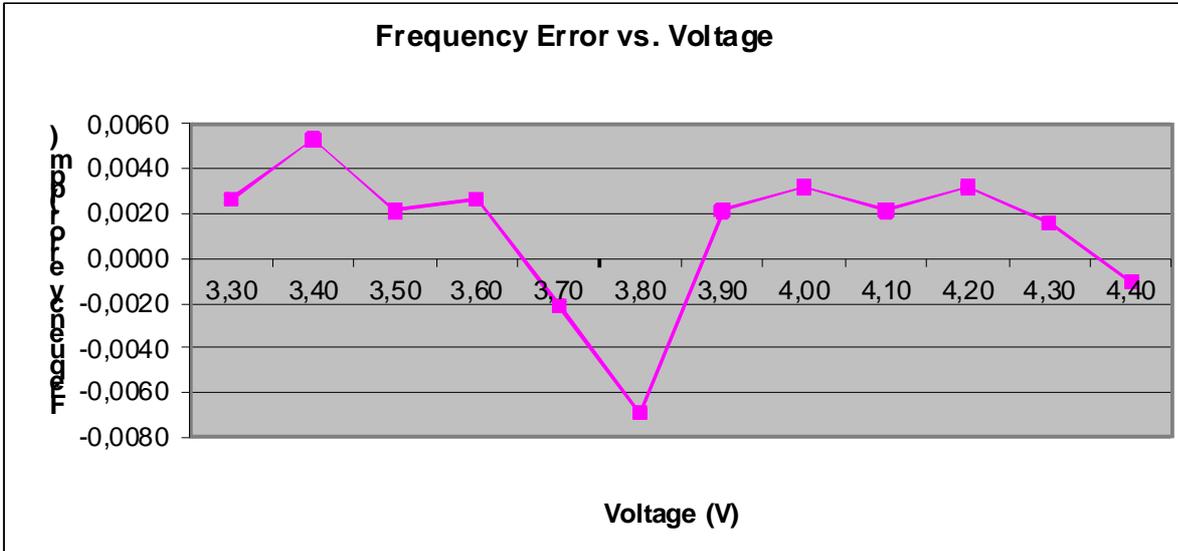
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.235 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.3
Frequency Stability	
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.	

**Results:****AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	5	0,00000027	0,0027
3.4	10	0,00000053	0,0053
3.5	4	0,00000021	0,0021
3.6	5	0,00000027	0,0027
3.7	-4	-0,00000021	-0,0021
3.8	-13	-0,00000069	-0,0069
3.9	4	0,00000021	0,0021
4.0	6	0,00000032	0,0032
4.1	4	0,00000021	0,0021
4.2	6	0,00000032	0,0032
4.3	3	0,00000016	0,0016
4.4	-2	-0,00000011	-0,0011

**AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE**

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-9	-0,00000048	-0,0048
-20	-12	-0,00000064	-0,0064
-10	-12	-0,00000064	-0,0064
± 0	-10	-0,00000053	-0,0053
10	-7	-0,00000037	-0,0037
20	12	0,00000064	0,0064
30	5	0,00000027	0,0027
40	17	0,00000090	0,0090
50	24	0,00000128	0,0128
60	24	0,00000128	0,0128



**Result:** Passed

### 8.5.3 Spurious emissions radiated

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. This was rounded up to 20 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band II.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

**Results:**

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band II (1852.4 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1907.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band II into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages. All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case. The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

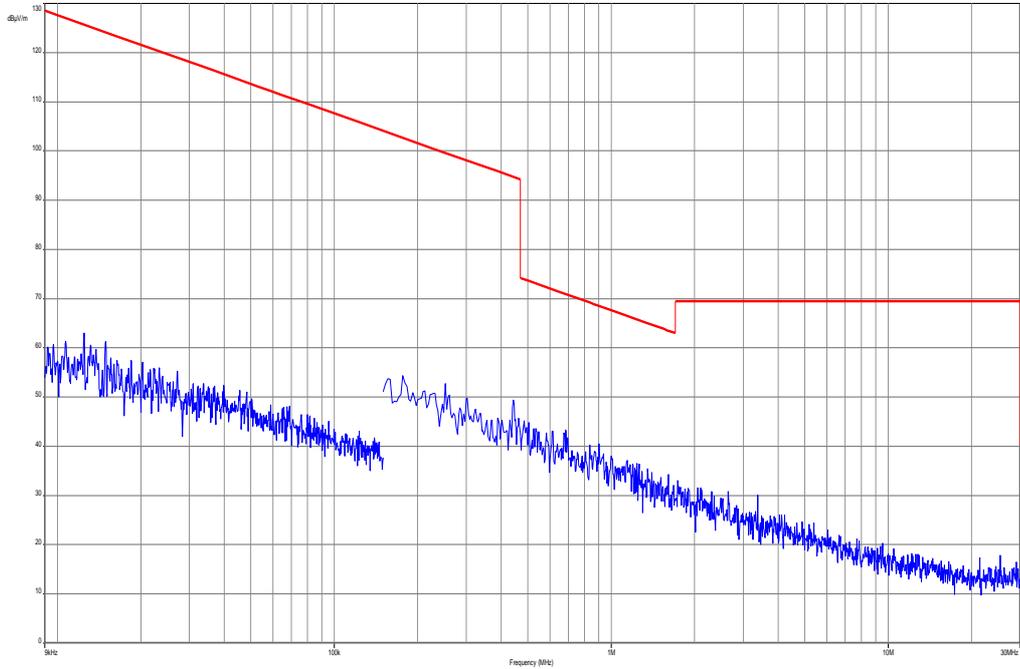
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9400 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3815.2	-
3	5557.2	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5722.8	-
4	7409.6	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7630.4	-
5	9262.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9538.0	-
6	11114.4	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11445.6	-
7	12966.8	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13353.2	-
8	14819.2	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15260.8	-
9	16671.6	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17168.4	-
10	18524.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19076.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

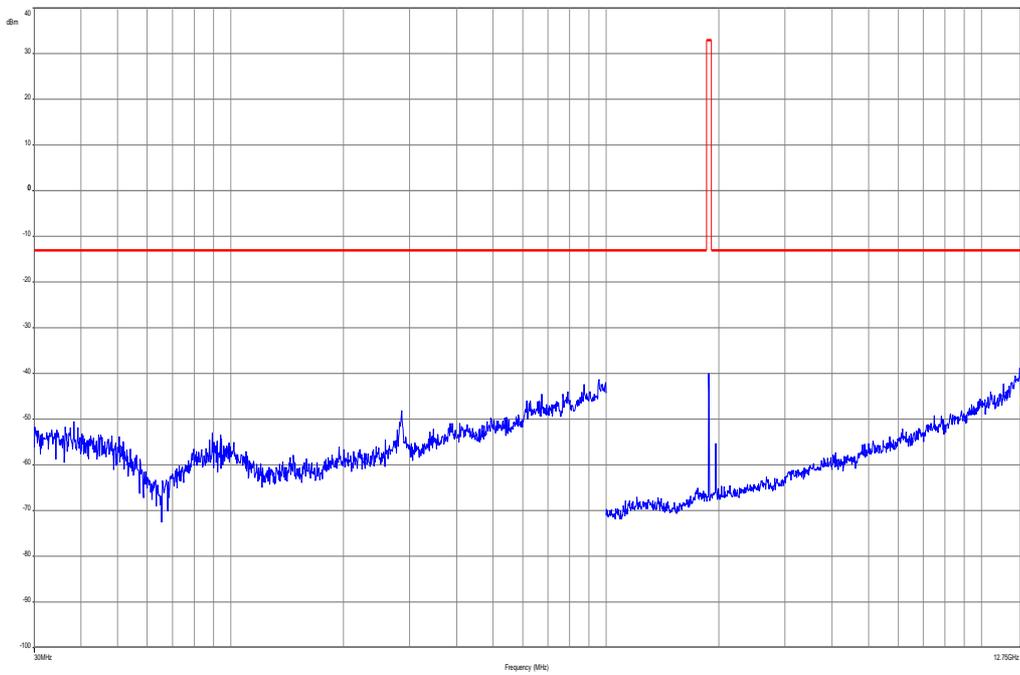
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 9400 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)**

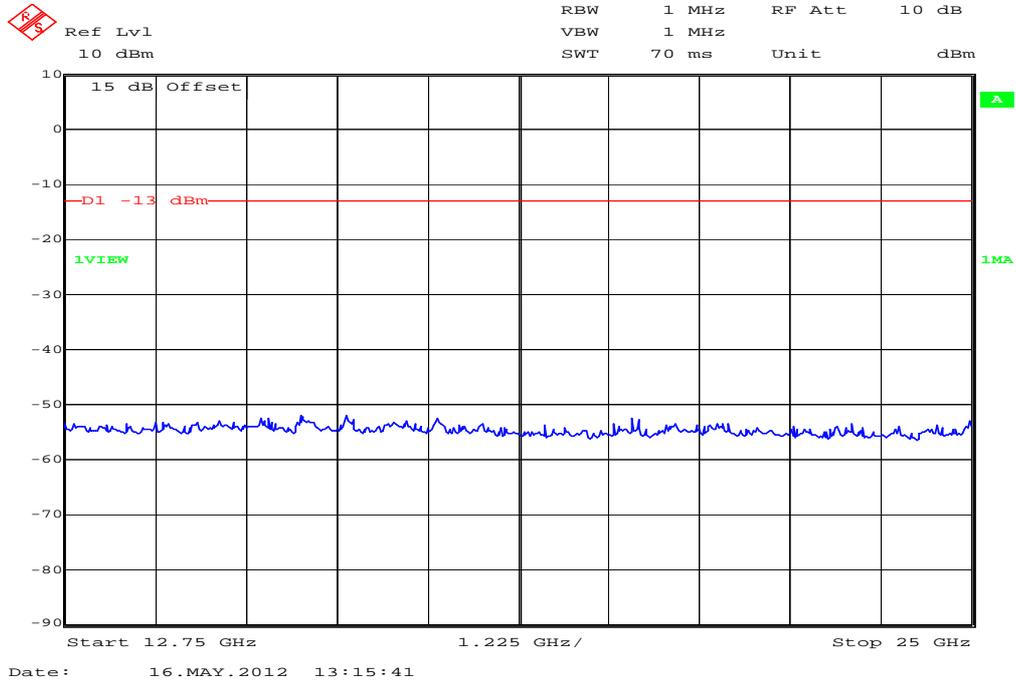


**Plot 2: Channel 9400 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)**



*Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter*

Plot 3: Channel 9400 (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



### 8.5.4 Spurious emissions conducted

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band II Transmitter Channel Frequency  
 9262 1852.4 MHz  
 9400 1880.0 MHz  
 9538 1907.6 MHz

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

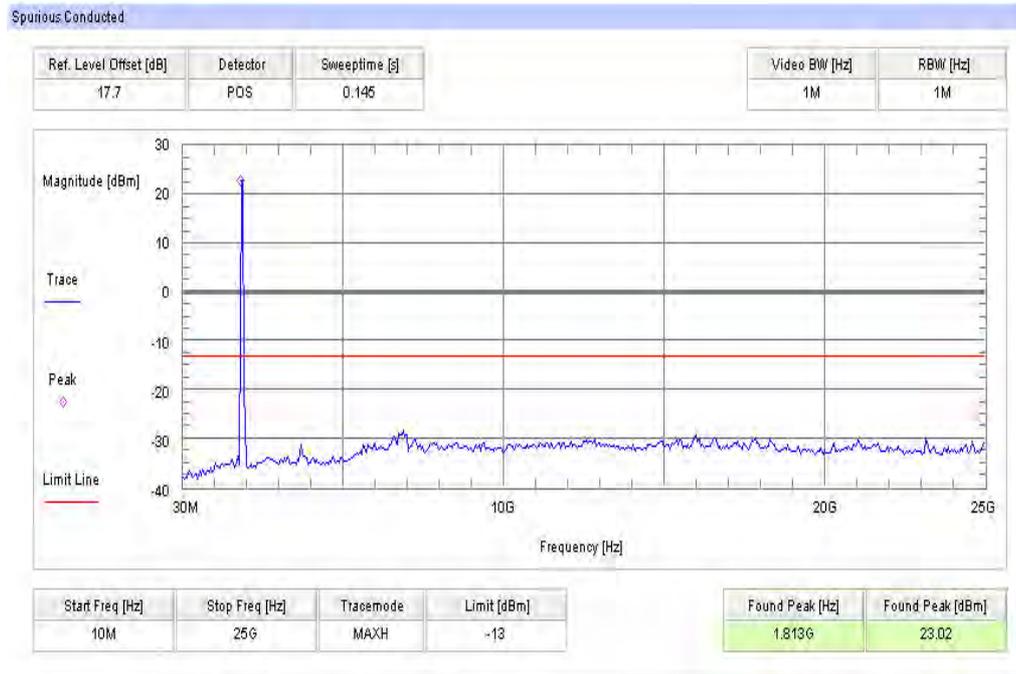
**Results:**

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9400 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3815.2	-
3	5557.2	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5722.8	-
4	7409.6	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7630.4	-
5	9262.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9538.0	-
6	11114.4	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11445.6	-
7	12966.8	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13353.2	-
8	14819.2	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15260.8	-
9	16671.6	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17168.4	-
10	18524.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19076.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

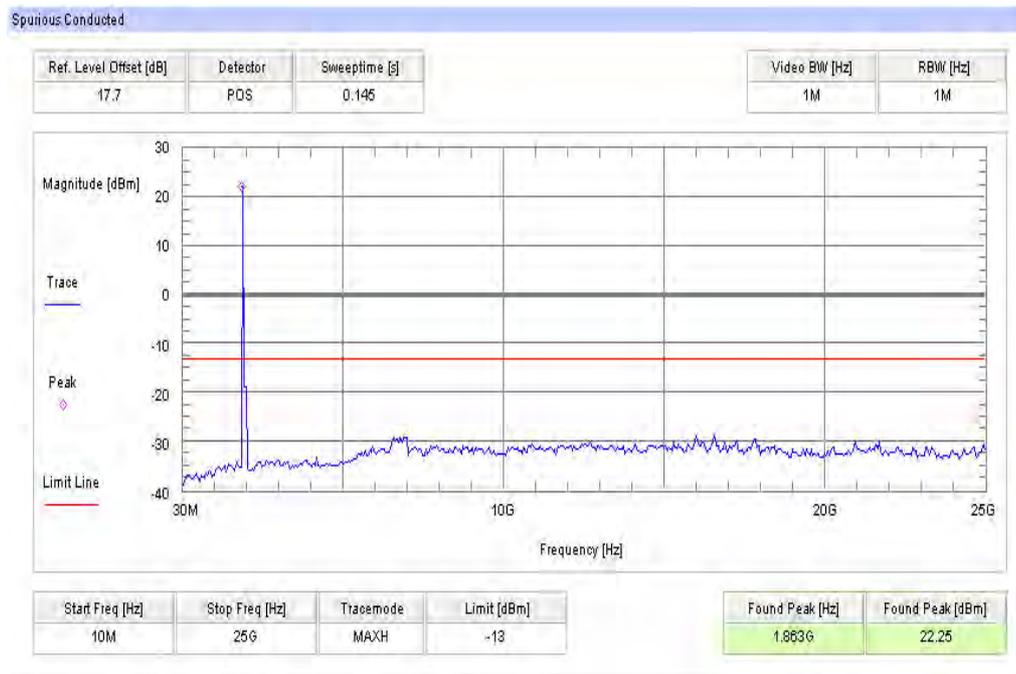
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

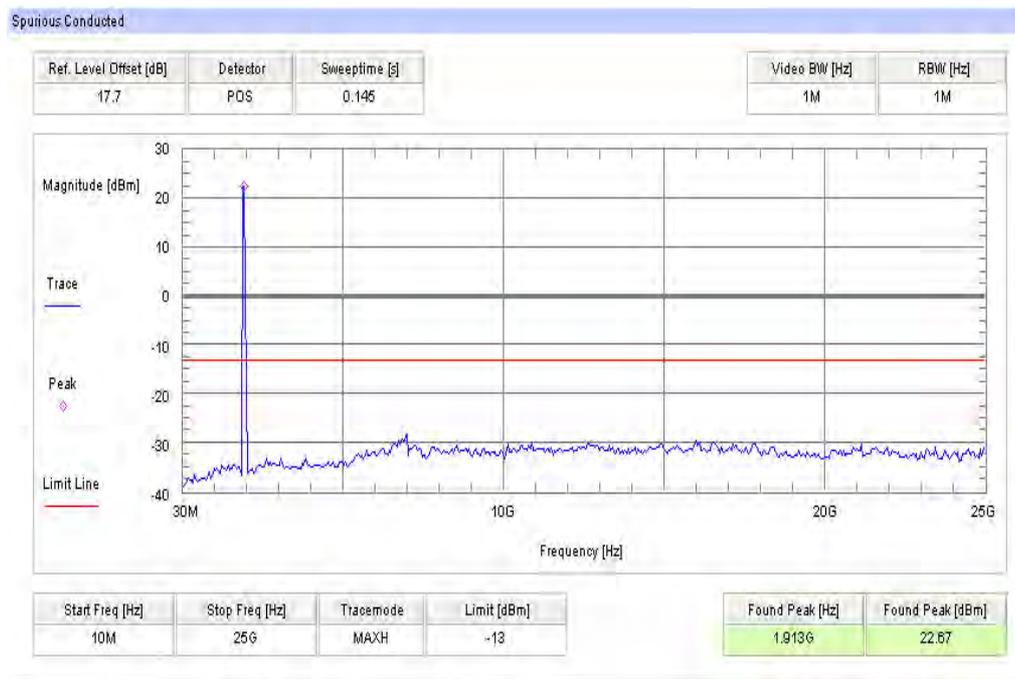
**Plot 1: Channel 9262 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 2: Channel 9400 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 3: Channel 9538 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



### 8.5.5 Block edge compliance

**Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

**Measurement:**

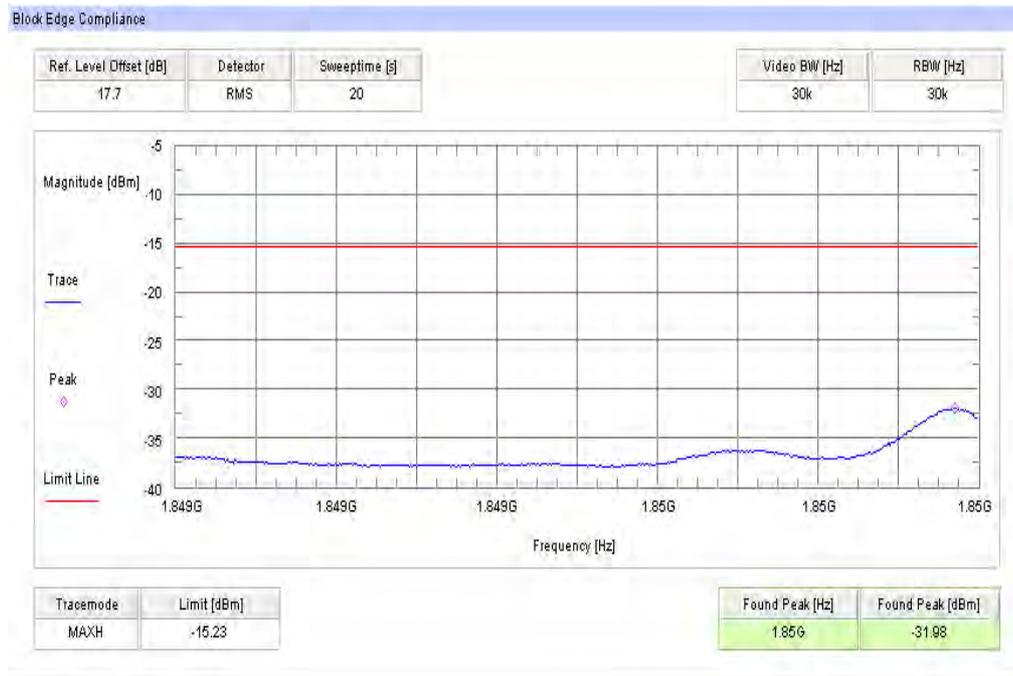
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	20 sec.
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

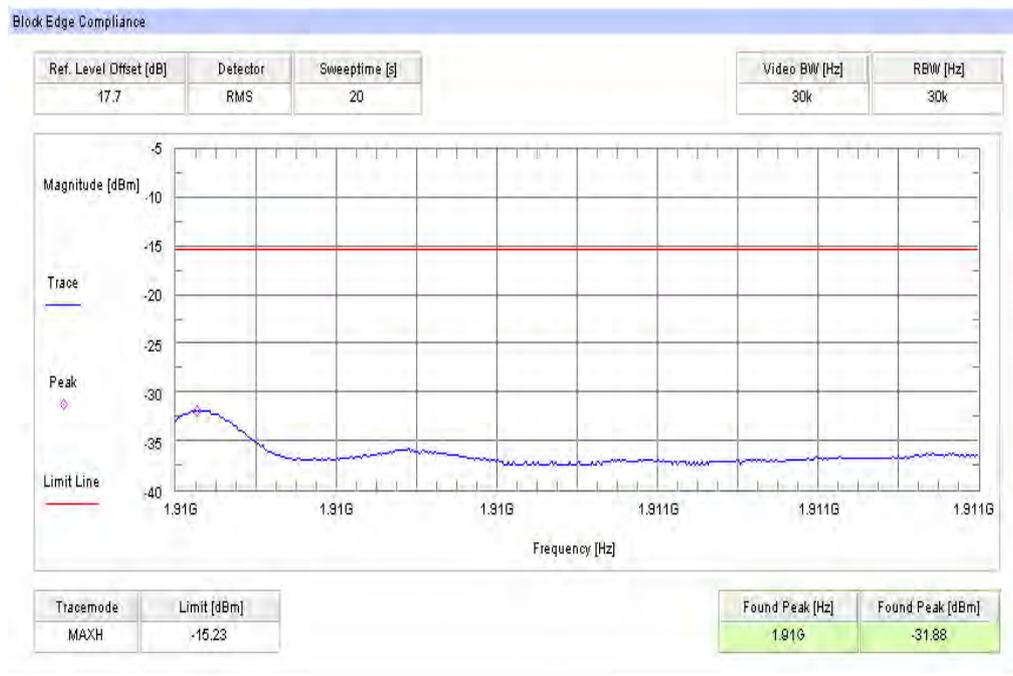
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
<p>Part 24.238 specifies that “the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.”</p> <p>However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:</p> <p>“An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 Log (P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz.”</p> <p>When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.</p>	
-15.22 dBm	

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 9262**



**Plot 2: Channel 9538**



**Result: Passed**

### 8.5.6 Occupied bandwidth

**Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

**Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band II frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 24.238 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	100 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	6 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

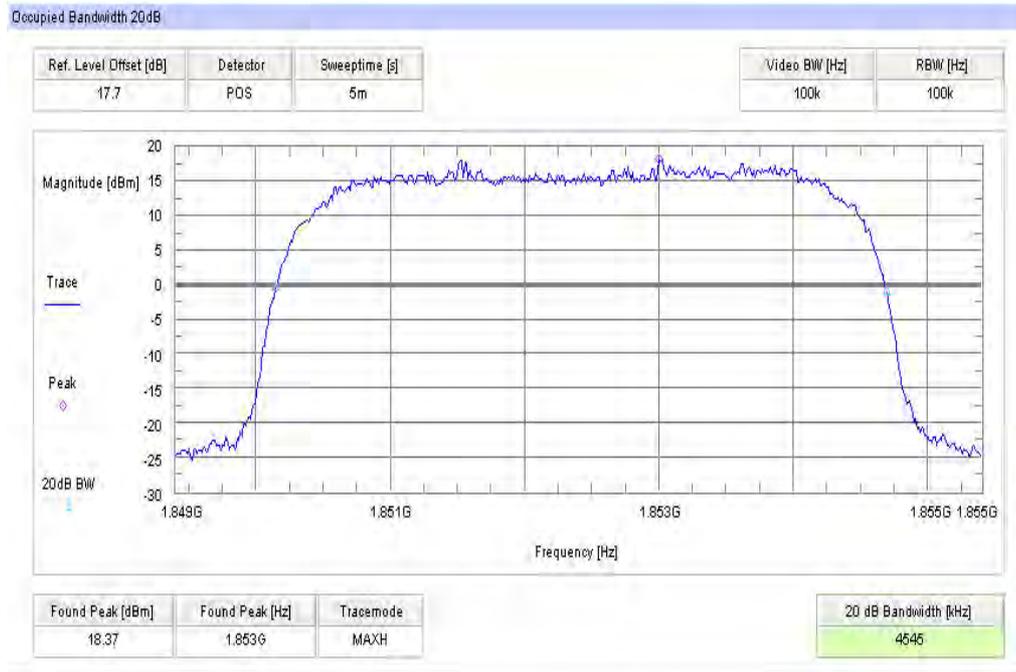
**Results:**

Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
1852.4	4545	4677
1880.0	4569	4689
1907.6	4569	4677
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz	

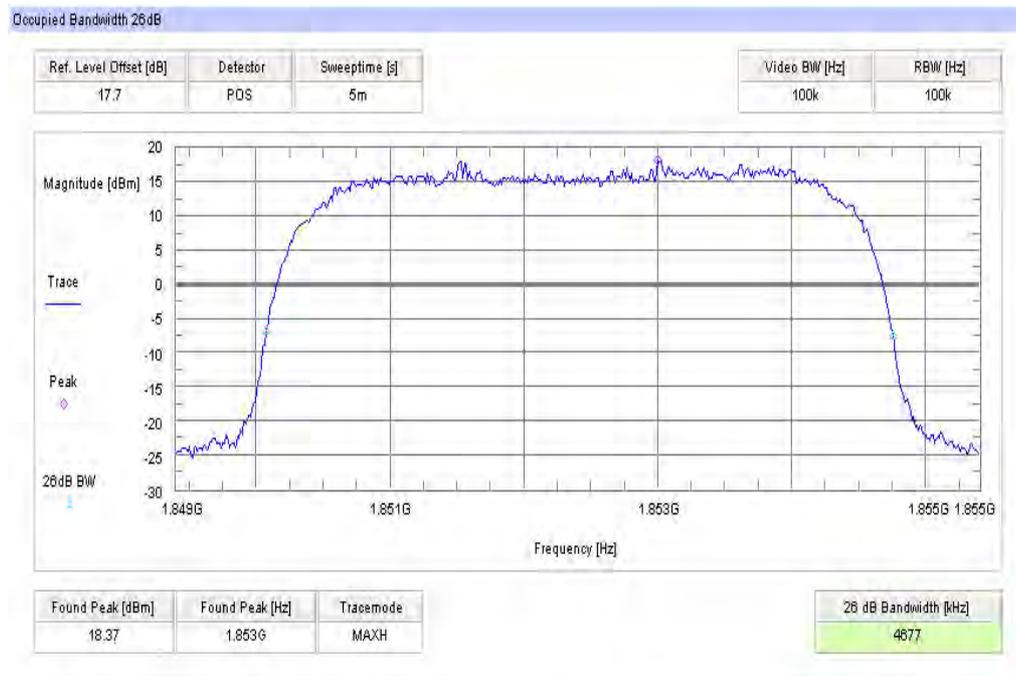
**Result:** **Passed**

**Plots:**

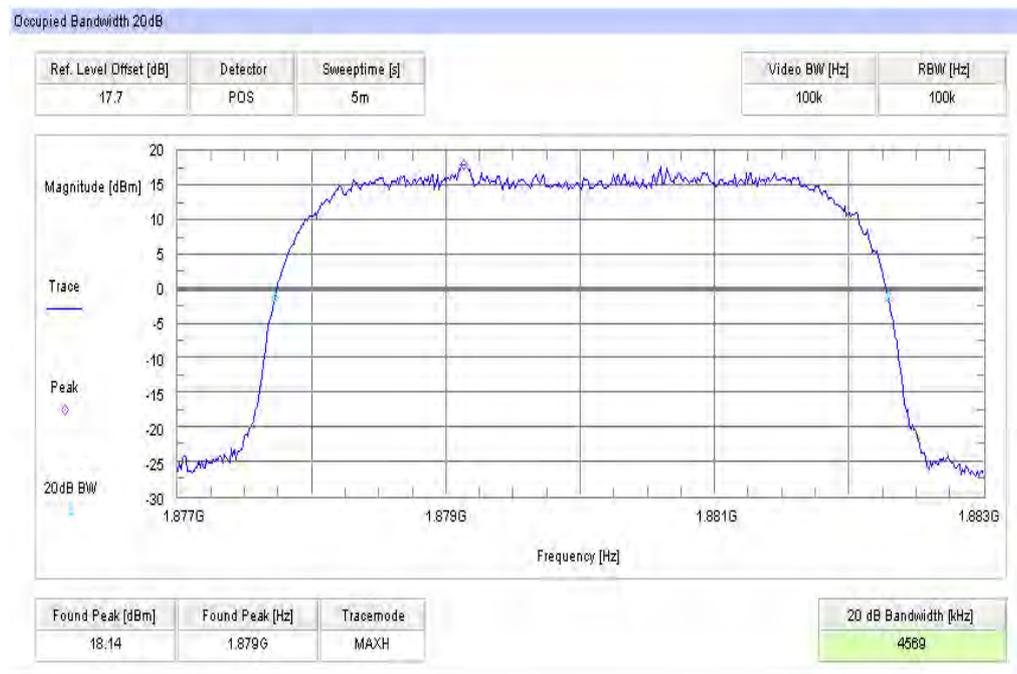
**Plot 1: Channel 9262 (99% - OBW)**



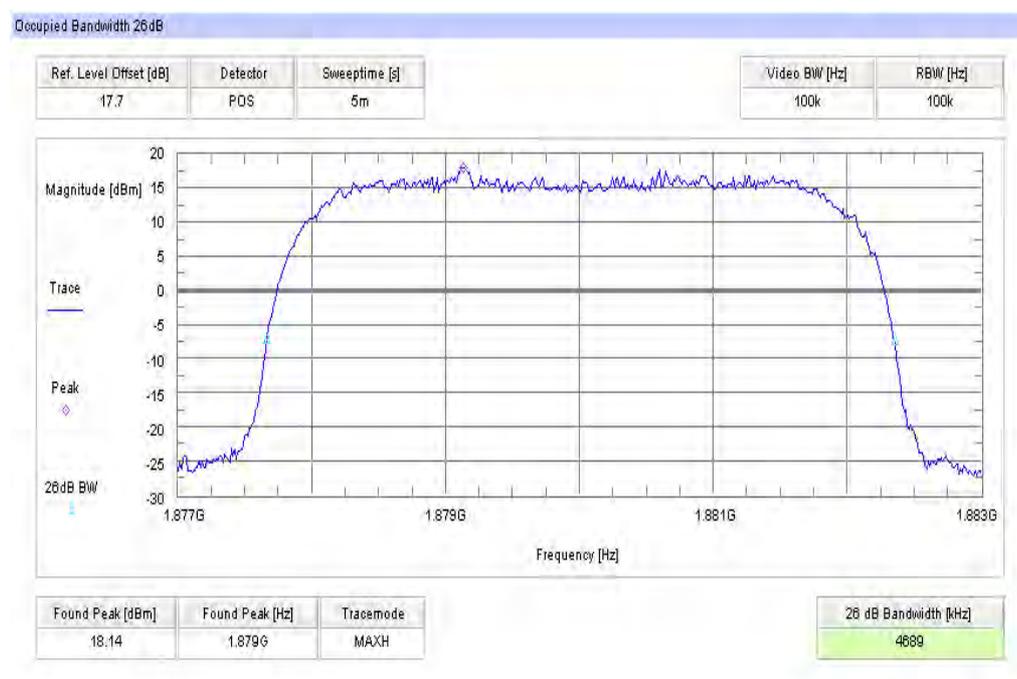
**Plot 2: Channel 9262 (-26 dBc BW)**



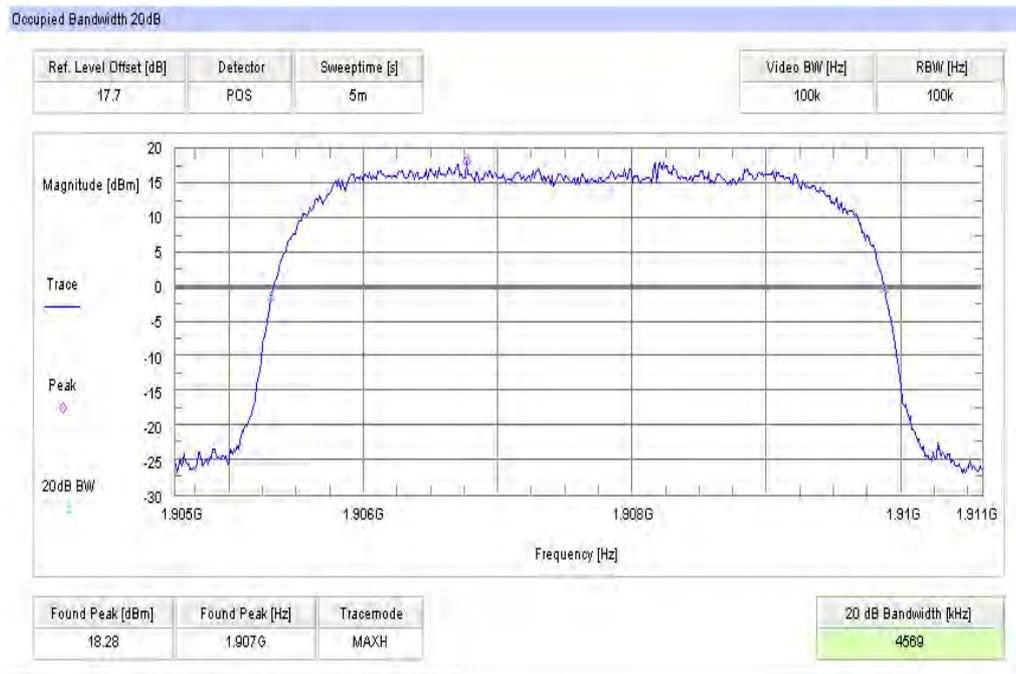
**Plot 3: Channel 9400 (99% - OBW)**



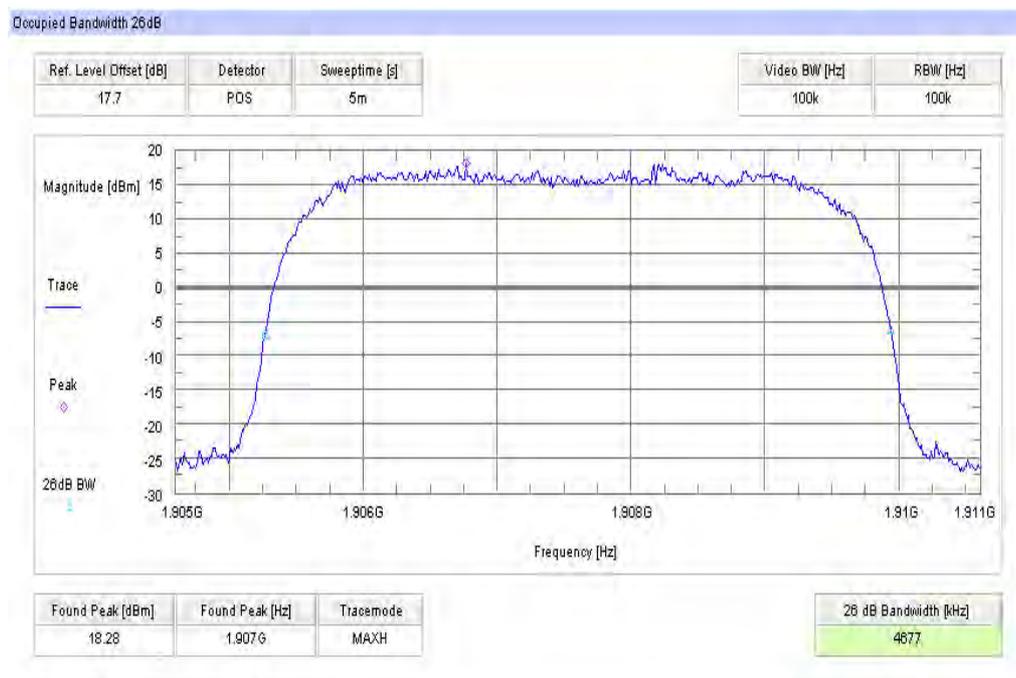
**Plot 4: Channel 9400 (-26 dBc BW)**



**Plot 5: Channel 9538 (99% - OBW)**



**Plot 6: Channel 9538 (-26 dBc BW)**



## 8.6 Results UMTS band IV

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only.

The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

### 8.6.1 RF output power

**Description:**

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

**Measurement:**

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 27.1101 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 139, Issue 2, Section 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+30.00 dBm	
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

**Results:**

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
1712.4	22.17	3.47
1732.4	22.35	3.47
1752.6	22.24	3.29
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP
1712.4	24.87
1732.4	26.15
1752.6	27.07
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

**Result: Passed**

### 8.6.2 Frequency stability

**Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{nom}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 1412 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

**Limits:**

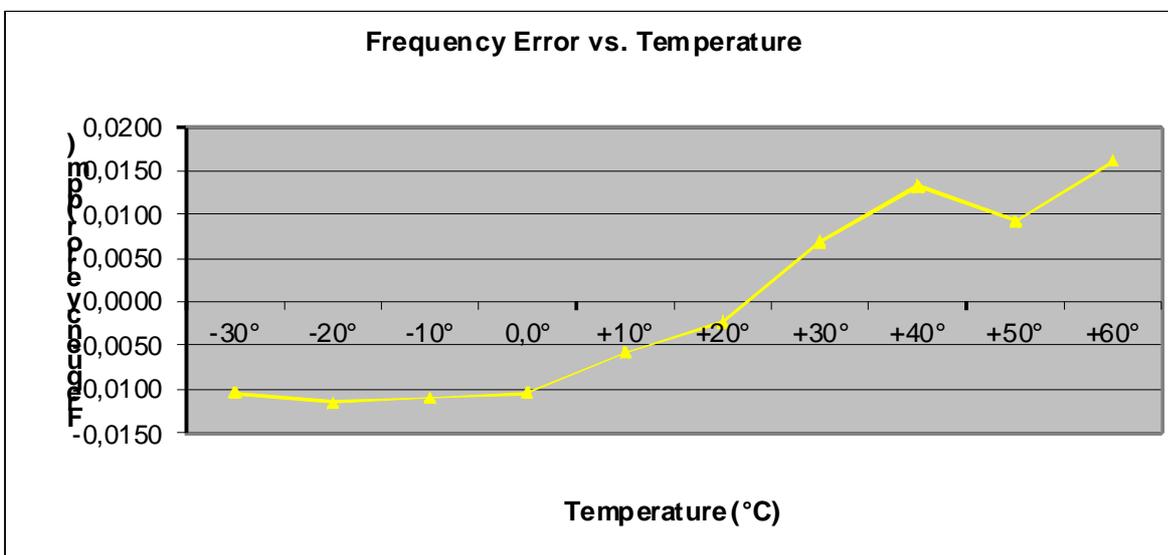
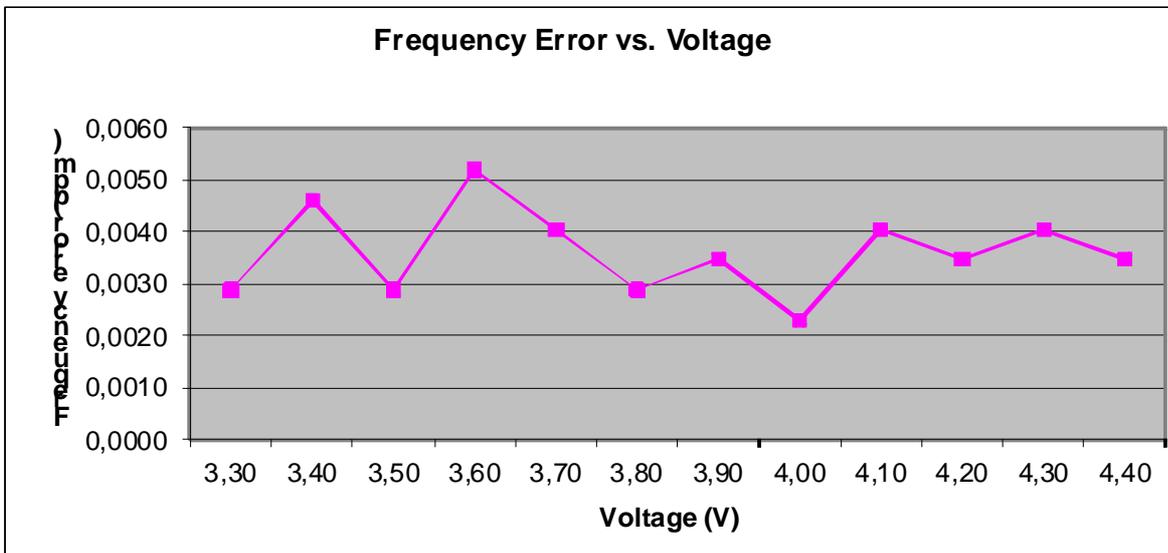
FCC	IC
CFR Part 27.54 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 139, Issue 2, Section 6.3
Frequency Stability	
± 2.5 ppm	

**Results:****AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	5	0,00000029	0,0029
3.4	8	0,00000046	0,0046
3.5	5	0,00000029	0,0029
3.6	9	0,00000052	0,0052
3.7	7	0,00000040	0,0040
3.8	5	0,00000029	0,0029
3.9	6	0,00000035	0,0035
4.0	4	0,00000023	0,0023
4.1	7	0,00000040	0,0040
4.2	6	0,00000035	0,0035
4.3	7	0,00000040	0,0040
4.4	6	0,00000035	0,0035

**AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE**

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-18	-0,00000104	-0,0104
-20	-20	-0,00000115	-0,0115
-10	-19	-0,00000110	-0,0110
± 0	-18	-0,00000104	-0,0104
10	-10	-0,00000058	-0,0058
20	-4	-0,00000023	-0,0023
30	12	0,00000069	0,0069
40	23	0,00000133	0,0133
50	18	0,00000092	0,0092
60	28	0,00000162	0,0162



**Result:** Passed

### 8.6.3 Spurious emissions radiated

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1755 MHz. This was rounded up to 20 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 27.53. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band IV.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 139, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

**Results:**

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band IV (1712.4 MHz, 1732.4 MHz and 1752.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band IV into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

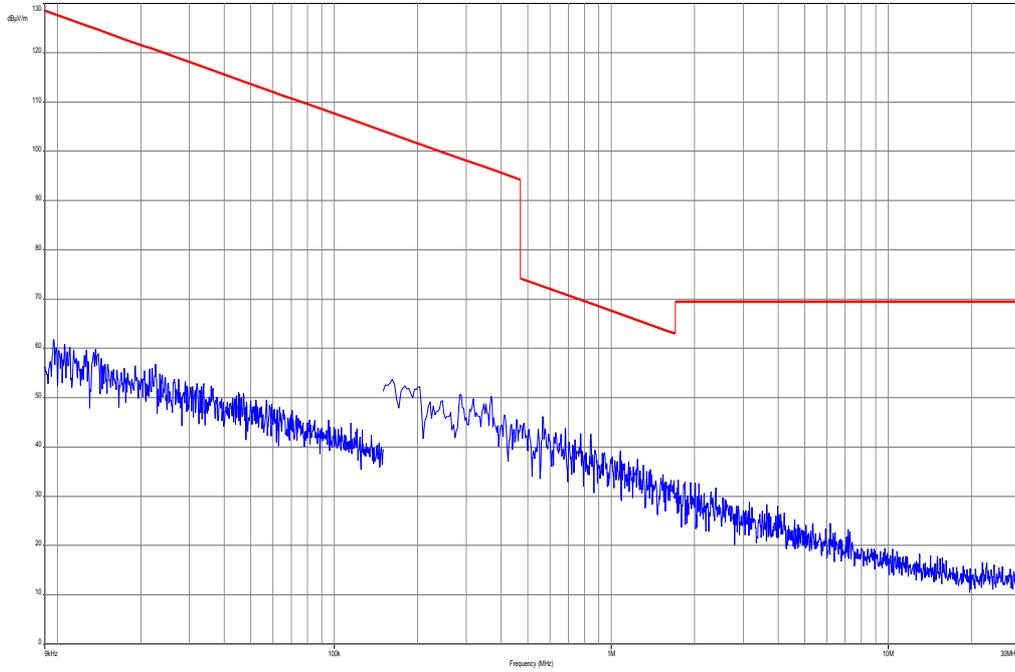
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 1312 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 1412 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 1513 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3424.8	-	2	3464.8	-	2	3505.2	-
3	5137.2	-	3	5197.2	-	3	5257.8	-
4	6849.6	-	4	6929.6	-	4	7010.4	-
5	8562.0	-	5	8662.0	-	5	8763.0	-
6	10274.4	-	6	10394.4	-	6	10515.6	-
7	11986.8	-	7	12126.8	-	7	12268.2	-
8	13699.2	-	8	13859.2	-	8	14020.8	-
9	15411.6	-	9	15591.6	-	9	15773.4	-
10	17124.0	-	10	17324.0	-	10	17526.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

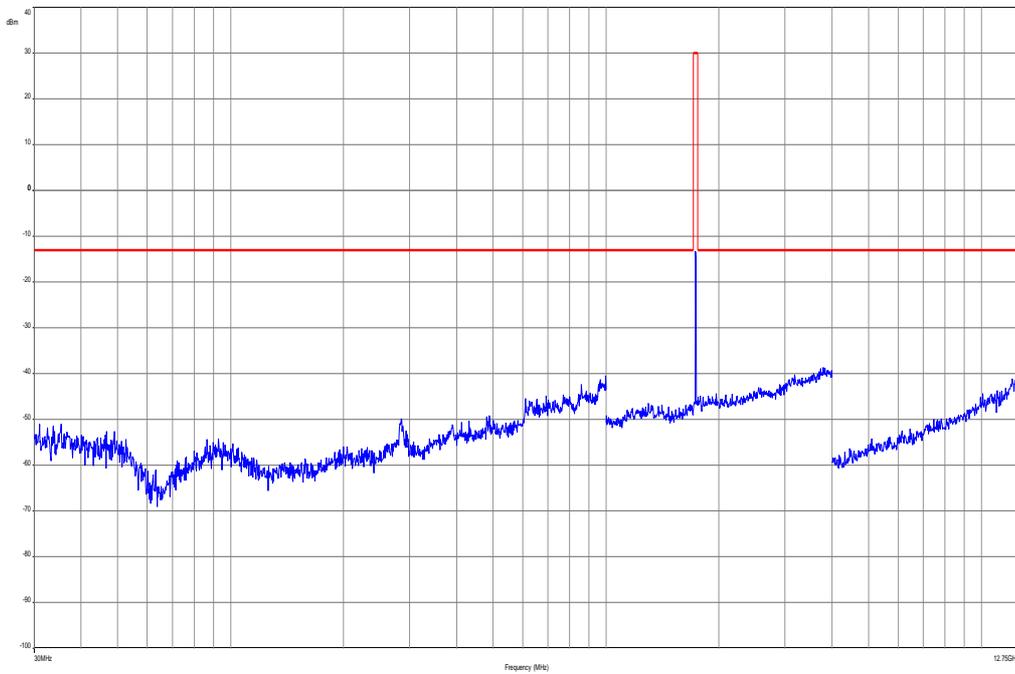
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 1412 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)**

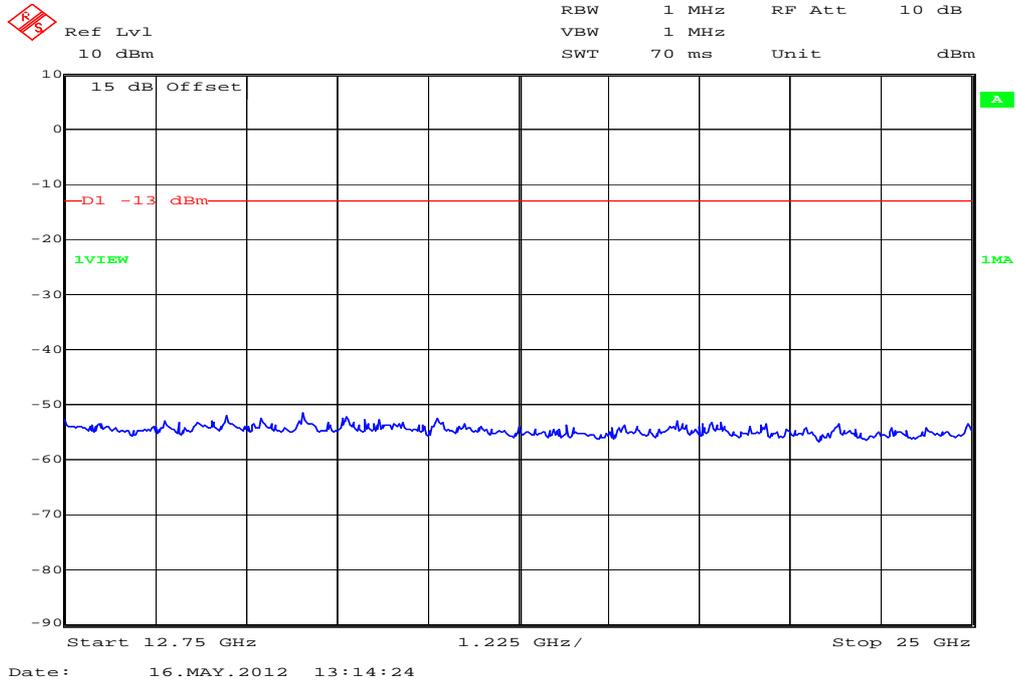


**Plot 2: Channel 1412 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)**



*Carrier notched*

Plot 3: Channel 1412 (12 GHz – 25 GHz)



### 8.6.4 Spurious emissions conducted

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 17.6 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band IV Transmitter Channel Frequency

1312 1712.4 MHz

1412 1732.4 MHz

1513 1752.6 MHz

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 139, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

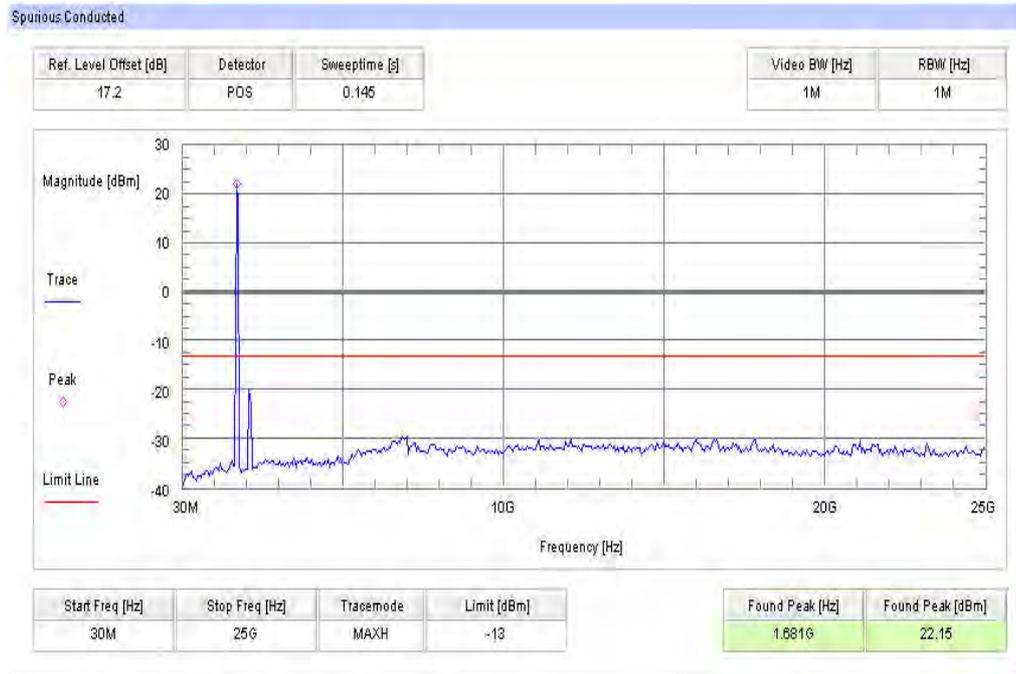
**Results:**

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 1312 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 1412 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 1513 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3424.8	-	2	3464.8	-	2	3505.2	-
3	5137.2	-	3	5197.2	-	3	5257.8	-
4	6849.6	-	4	6929.6	-	4	7010.4	-
5	8562.0	-	5	8662.0	-	5	8763.0	-
6	10274.4	-	6	10394.4	-	6	10515.6	-
7	11986.8	-	7	12126.8	-	7	12268.2	-
8	13699.2	-	8	13859.2	-	8	14020.8	-
9	15411.6	-	9	15591.6	-	9	15773.4	-
10	17124.0	-	10	17324.0	-	10	17526.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

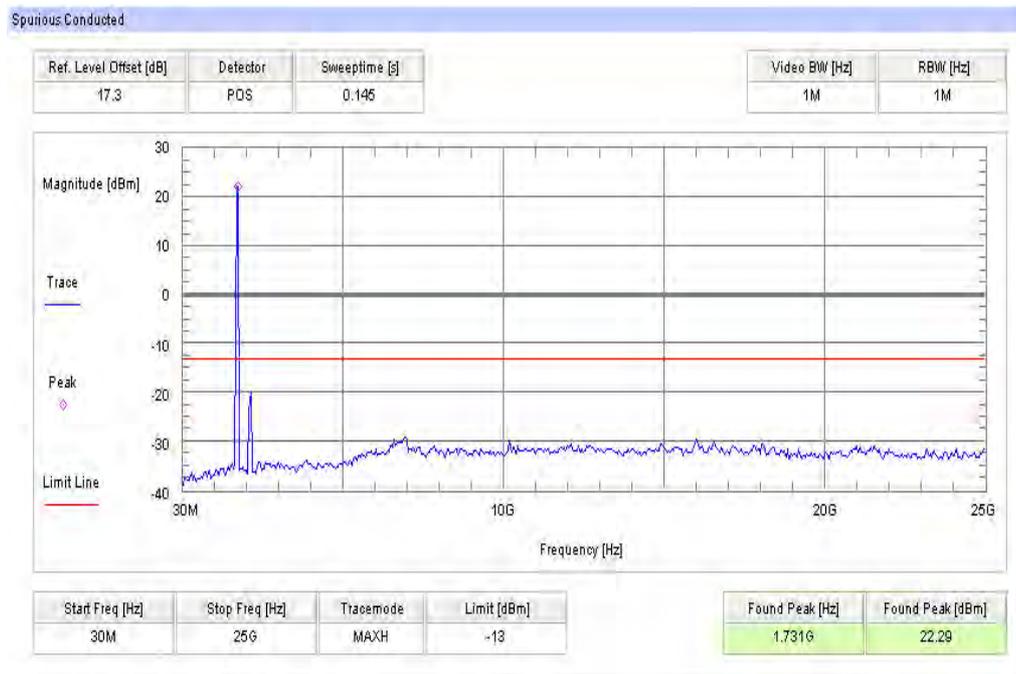
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

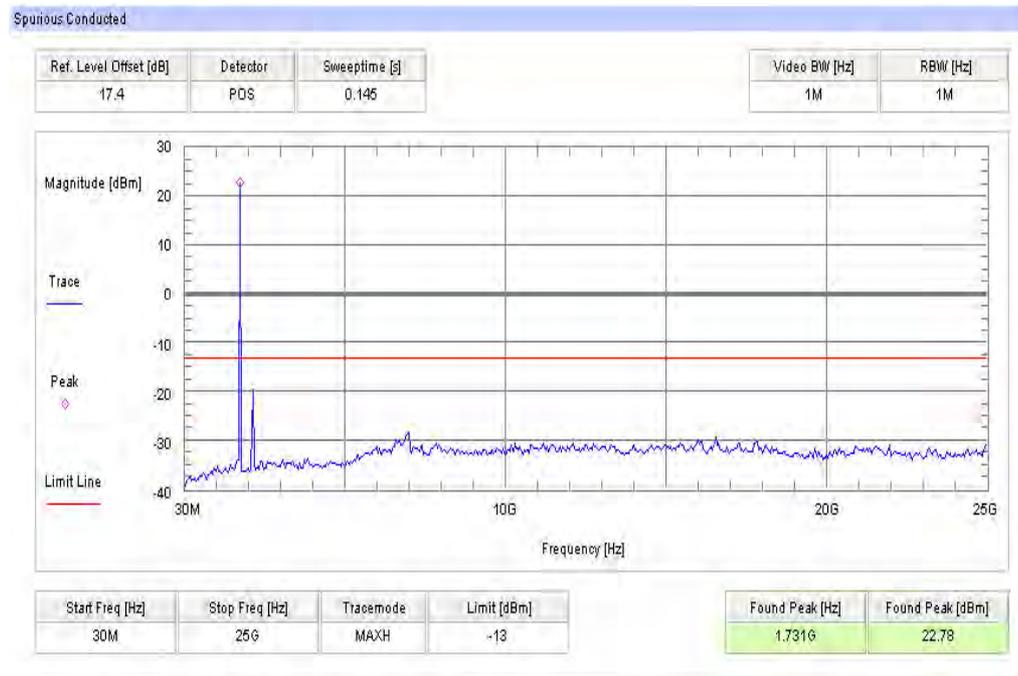
**Plot 1: Channel 1312 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 2: Channel 1412 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



**Plot 3: Channel 1513 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)**



### 8.6.5 Block edge compliance

**Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

**Measurement:**

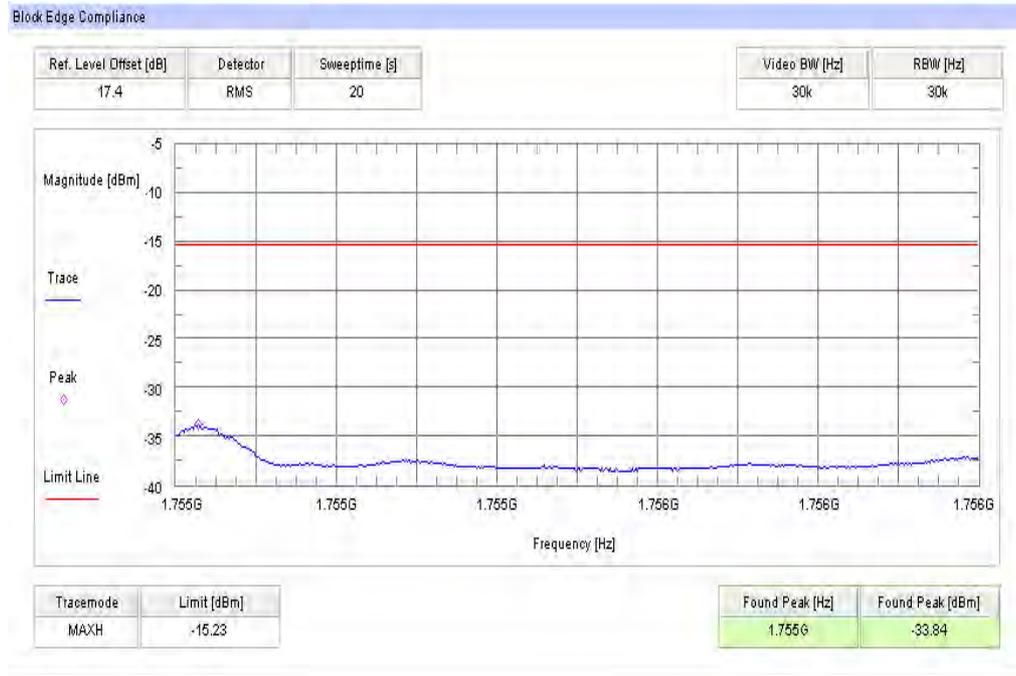
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	20 sec.
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

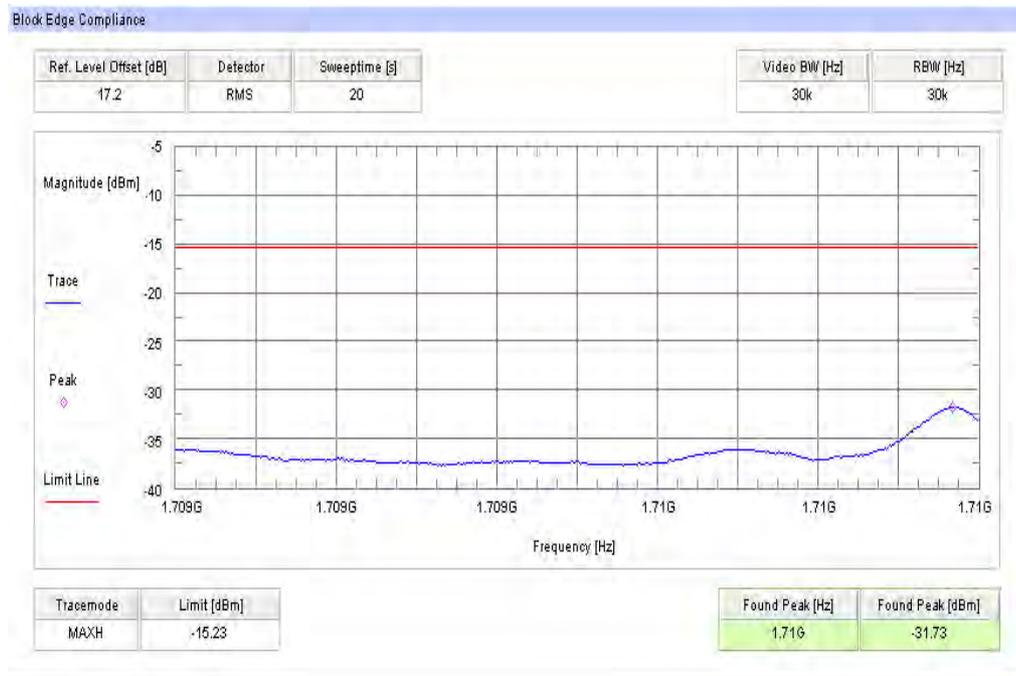
FCC	IC
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 139, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
<p>Part 27.53 specifies that “the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.”</p> <p>However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:</p> <p>“An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz.”</p> <p>When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.</p>	
-15.22 dBm	

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 1312**



**Plot 2: Channel 1513**



**Result: Passed**

### 8.6.6 Occupied bandwidth

**Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

**Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band IV frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 27.53 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	100 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	6 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 139, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

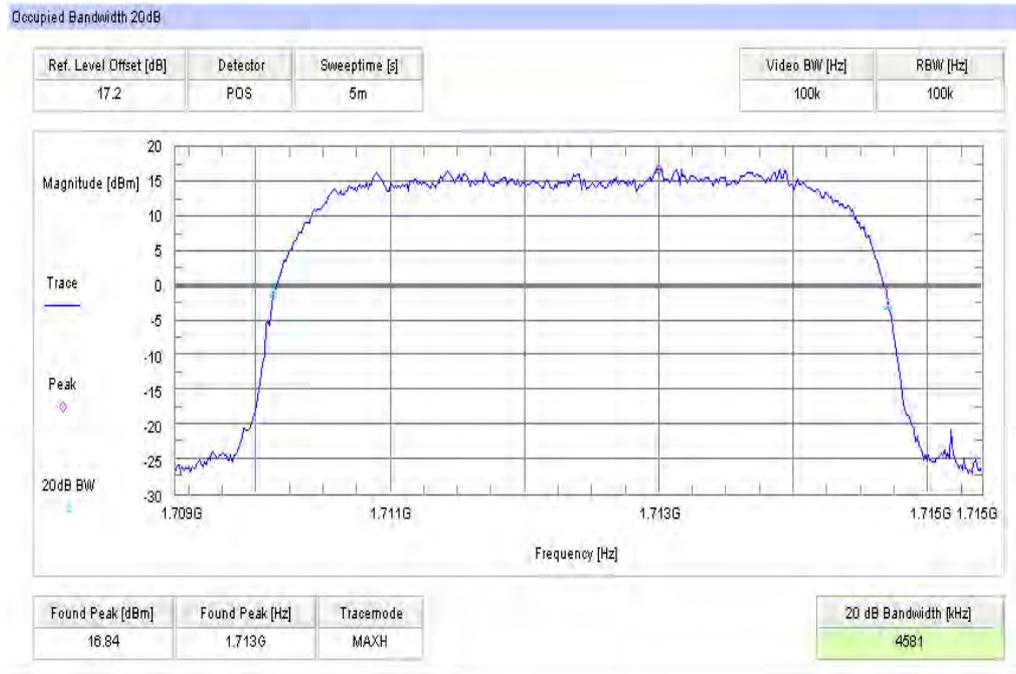
**Results:**

Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
1712.4	4581	4677
1732.4	4569	4677
1752.6	4569	4665
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz	

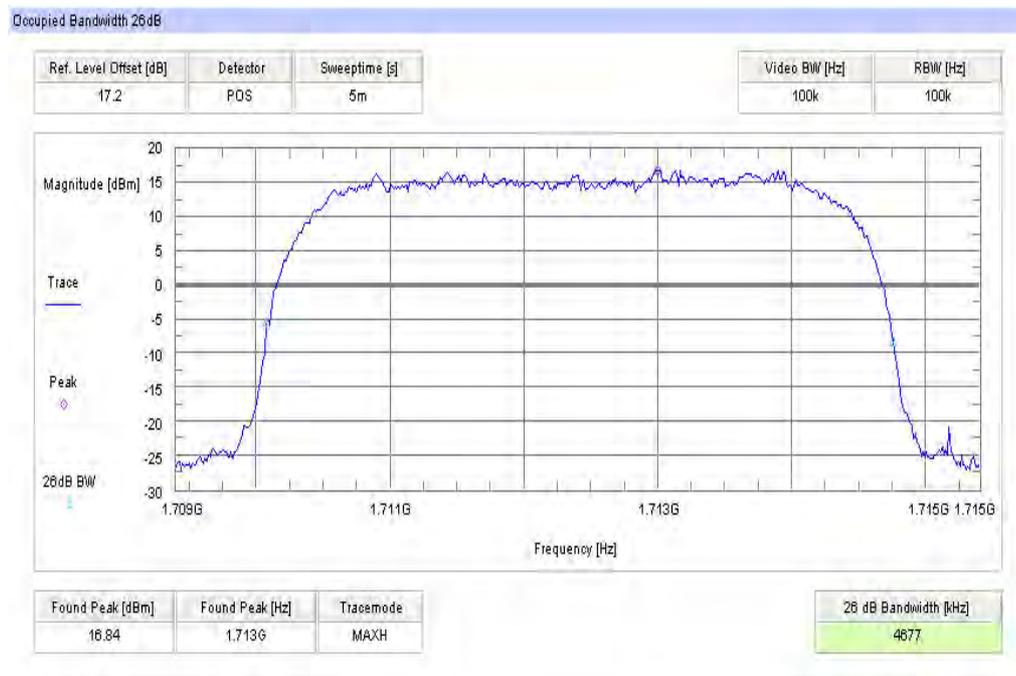
**Result:** **Passed**

**Plots:**

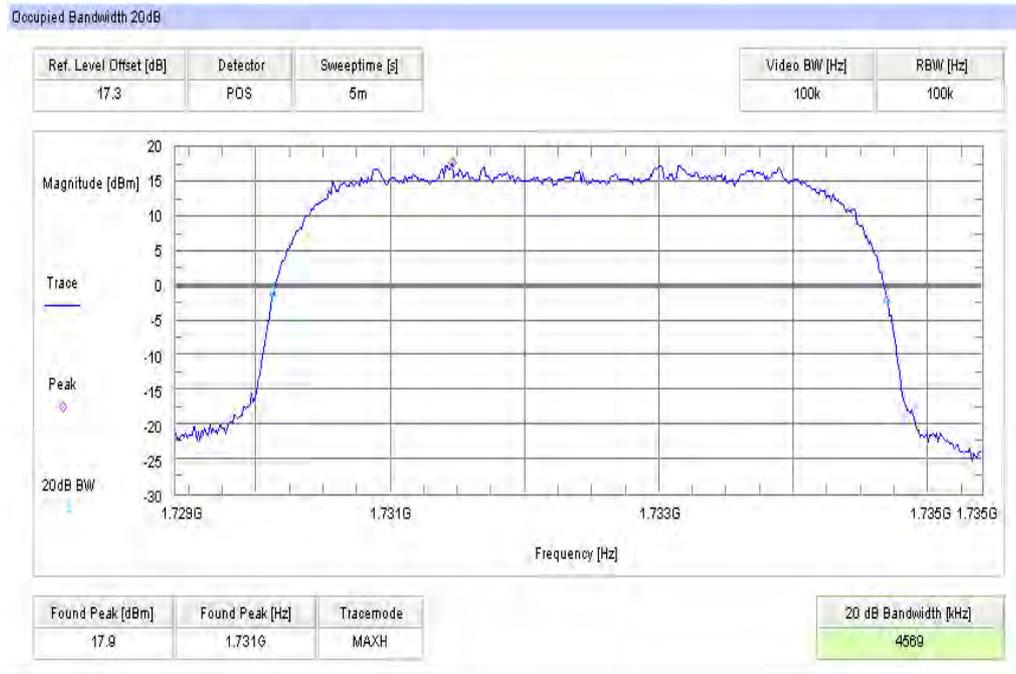
**Plot 1: Channel 1312 (99% - OBW)**



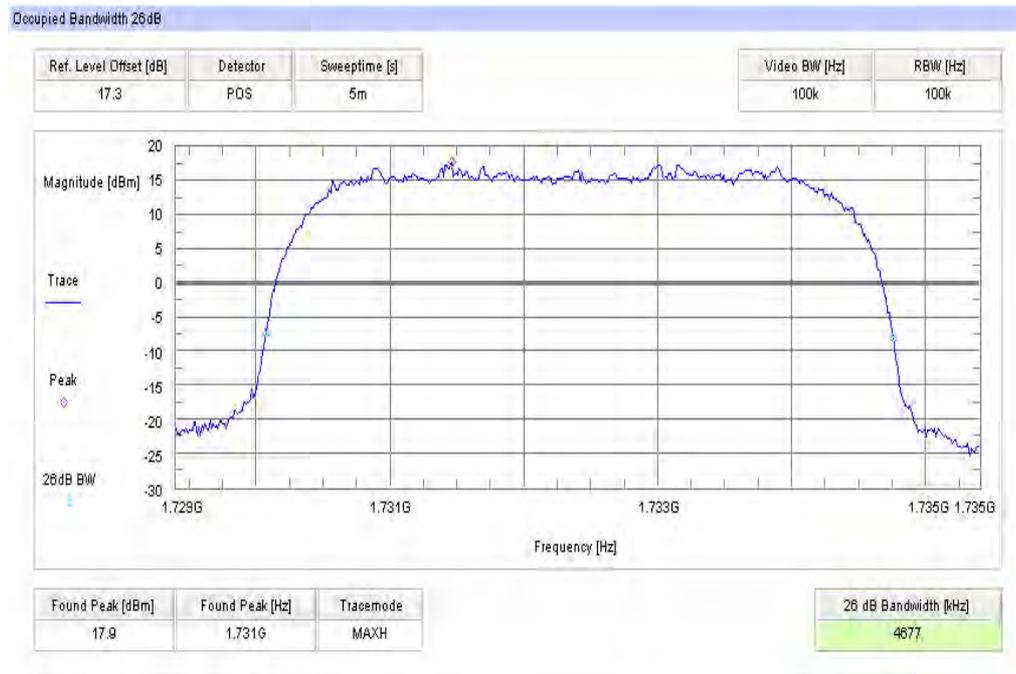
**Plot 2: Channel 1312 (-26 dBc BW)**



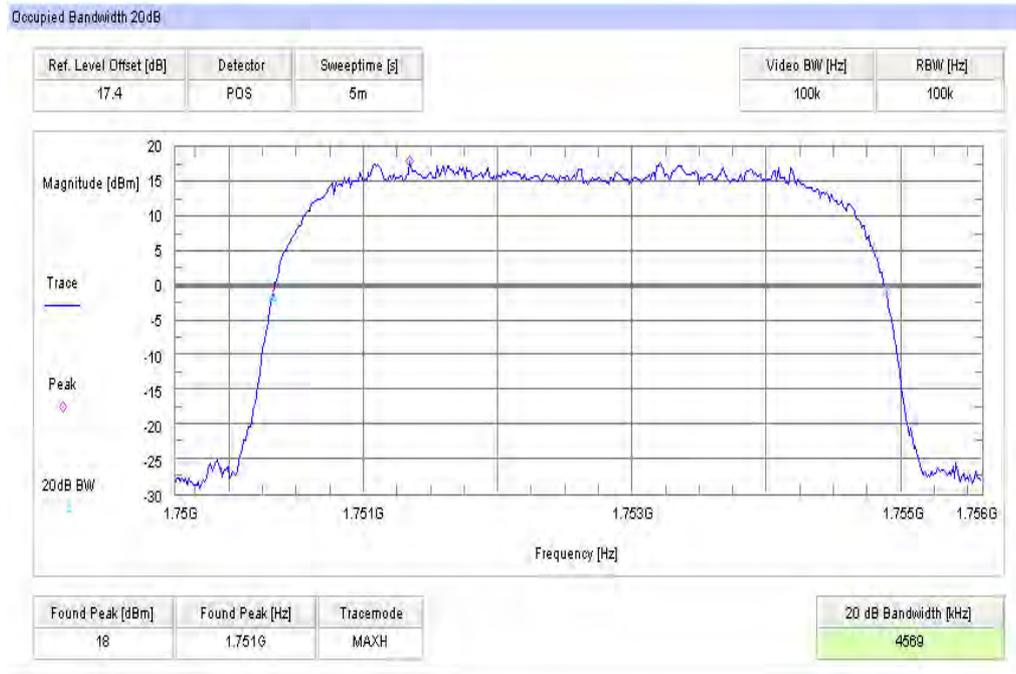
Plot 3: Channel 1412 (99% - OBW)



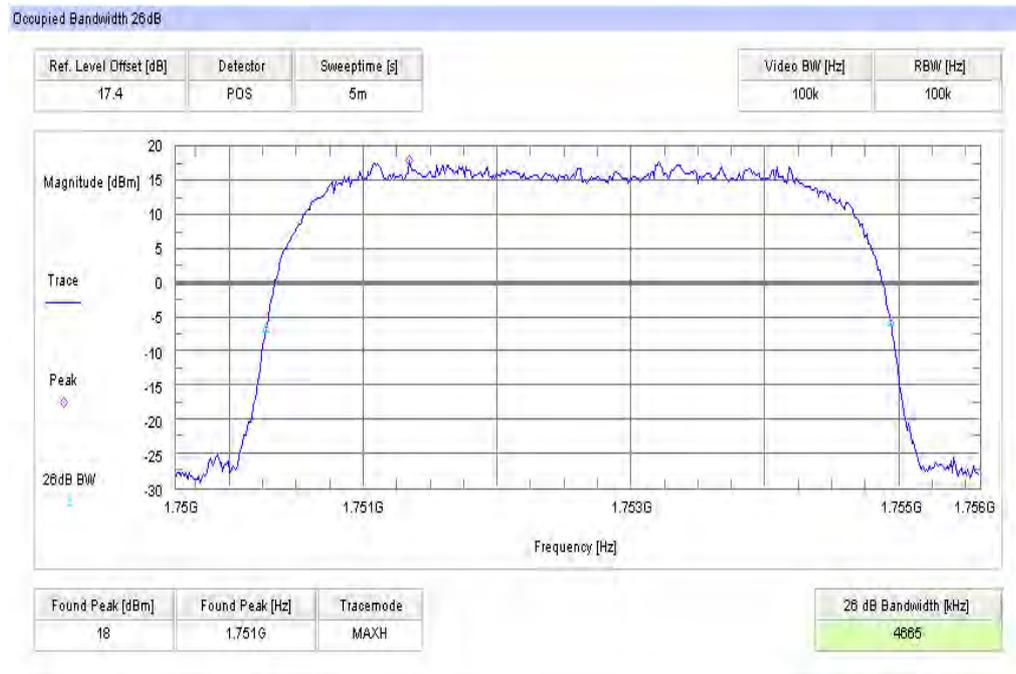
Plot 4: Channel 1412 (-26 dBc BW)



Plot 5: Channel 1513 (99% - OBW)



Plot 6: Channel 1513 (-26 dBc BW)



## 8.7 Results UMTS band V

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only.

The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

### 8.7.1 RF output power

#### Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

#### Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

#### Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.4 and 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+38.45 dBm	
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

**Results:**

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
826.4	23.89	2.94
836.0	23.84	3.13
846.6	23.69	3.01
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP
826.4	21.02
836.0	22.04
846.6	22.09
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

**Result:** **Passed**

### 8.7.2 Frequency stability

**Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{nom}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 4180 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.3 and 6.3
Frequency Stability	
$\pm 0.1$ ppm	

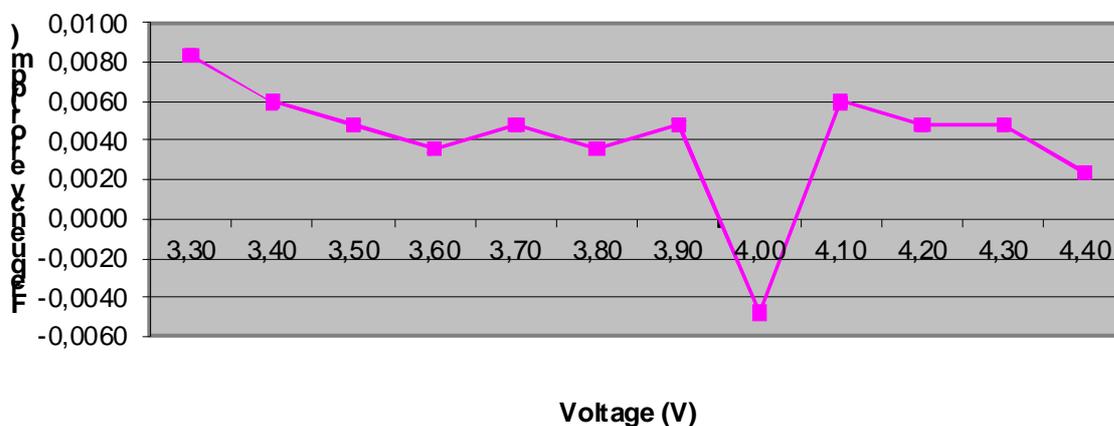
**Results:****AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	7	0,00000084	0,0084
3.4	5	0,00000060	0,0060
3.5	4	0,00000048	0,0048
3.6	3	0,00000036	0,0036
3.7	4	0,00000048	0,0048
3.8	3	0,00000036	0,0036
3.9	4	0,00000048	0,0048
4.0	-4	-0,00000048	-0,0048
4.1	5	0,00000060	0,0060
4.2	4	0,00000048	0,0048
4.3	4	0,00000048	0,0048
4.4	2	0,00000024	0,0024

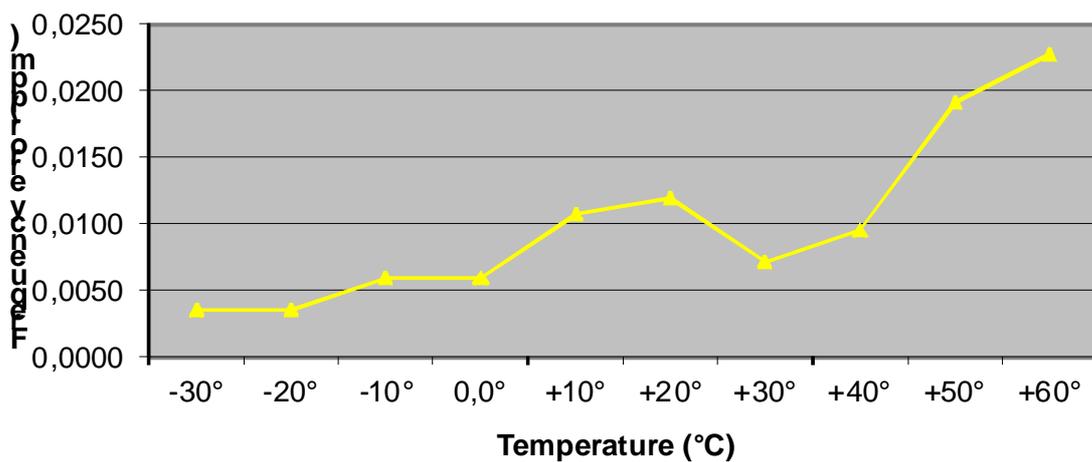
**AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE**

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	3	0,00000036	0,0036
-20	3	0,00000036	0,0036
-10	5	0,00000060	0,0060
± 0	5	0,00000060	0,0060
10	9	0,00000108	0,0108
20	10	0,00000120	0,0120
30	6	0,00000072	0,0072
40	8	0,00000096	0,0096
50	16	0,00000191	0,0191
60	19	0,00000227	0,0227

Frequency Error vs. Voltage



Frequency Error vs. Temperature



**Result:** Passed

### 8.7.3 Spurious emissions radiated

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 846.6 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band V.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

**Results:**

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band V (826.4 MHz, 836.0 MHz and 846.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band V into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages. All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case. The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

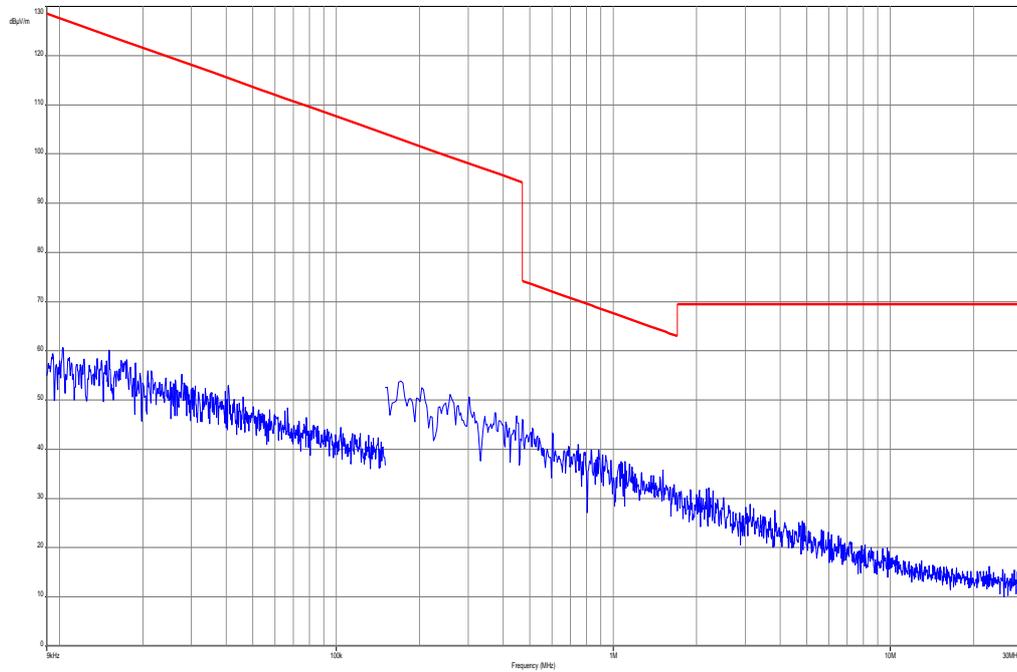
As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8	-	2	1672.0	-	2	1693.2	-
3	2479.2	-	3	2508.0	-	3	2539.8	-
4	3305.6	-	4	3344.0	-	4	3386.4	-
5	4132.0	-	5	4180.0	-	5	4233.0	-
6	4958.4	-	6	5016.0	-	6	5079.6	-
7	5784.8	-	7	5852.0	-	7	5926.2	-
8	6611.2	-	8	6688.0	-	8	6772.8	-
9	7437.6	-	9	7524.0	-	9	7619.4	-
10	8264.0	-	10	8360.0	-	10	8466.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

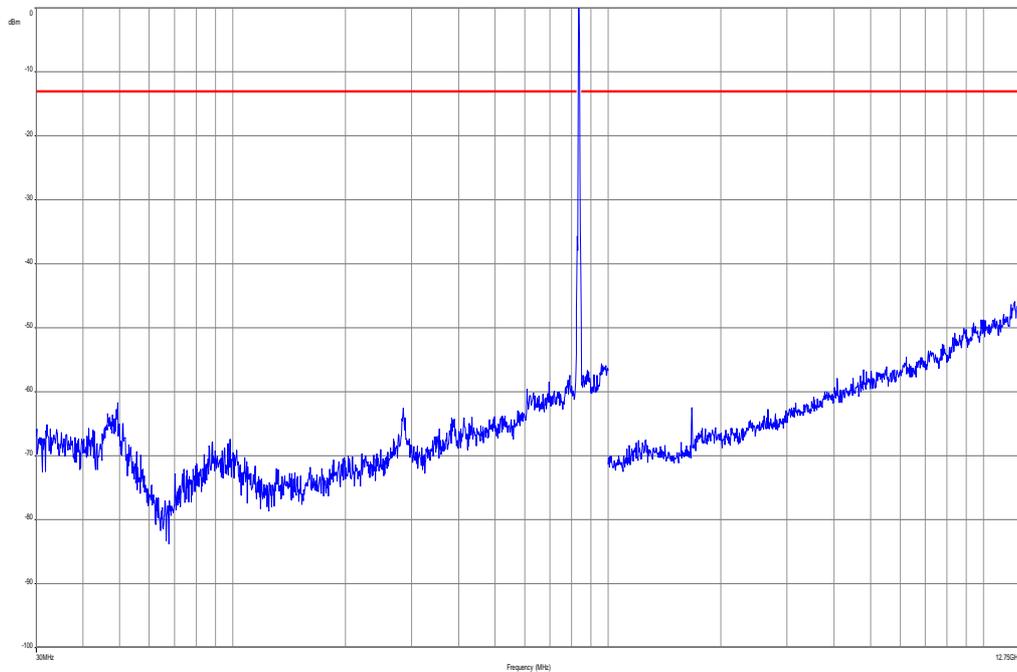
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 4180 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)**



**Plot 2: Channel 4180 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)**



### 8.7.4 Spurious emissions conducted

**Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 12 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band V Transmitter Channel Frequency  
 4132 826.4 MHz  
 4180 836.0 MHz  
 4233 846.6 MHz

**Measurement:**

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation $\geq 43 + 10\log(P)$ (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

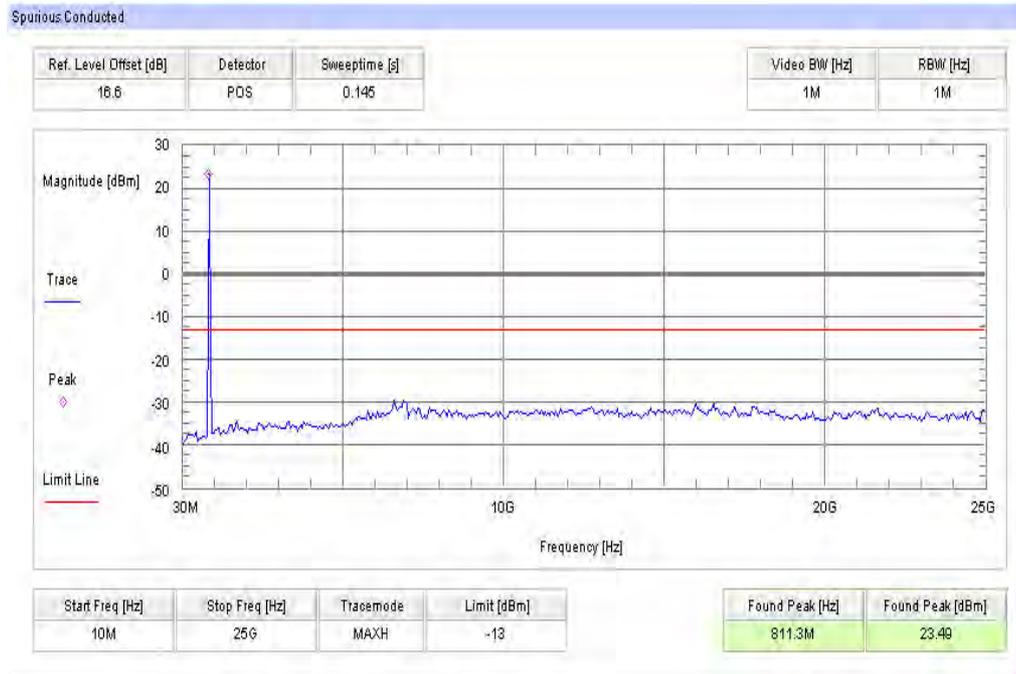
**Results:**

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8	-	2	1672.0	-	2	1693.2	-
3	2479.2	-	3	2508.0	-	3	2539.8	-
4	3305.6	-	4	3344.0	-	4	3386.4	-
5	4132.0	-	5	4180.0	-	5	4233.0	-
6	4958.4	-	6	5016.0	-	6	5079.6	-
7	5784.8	-	7	5852.0	-	7	5926.2	-
8	6611.2	-	8	6688.0	-	8	6772.8	-
9	7437.6	-	9	7524.0	-	9	7619.4	-
10	8264.0	-	10	8360.0	-	10	8466.0	-
Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

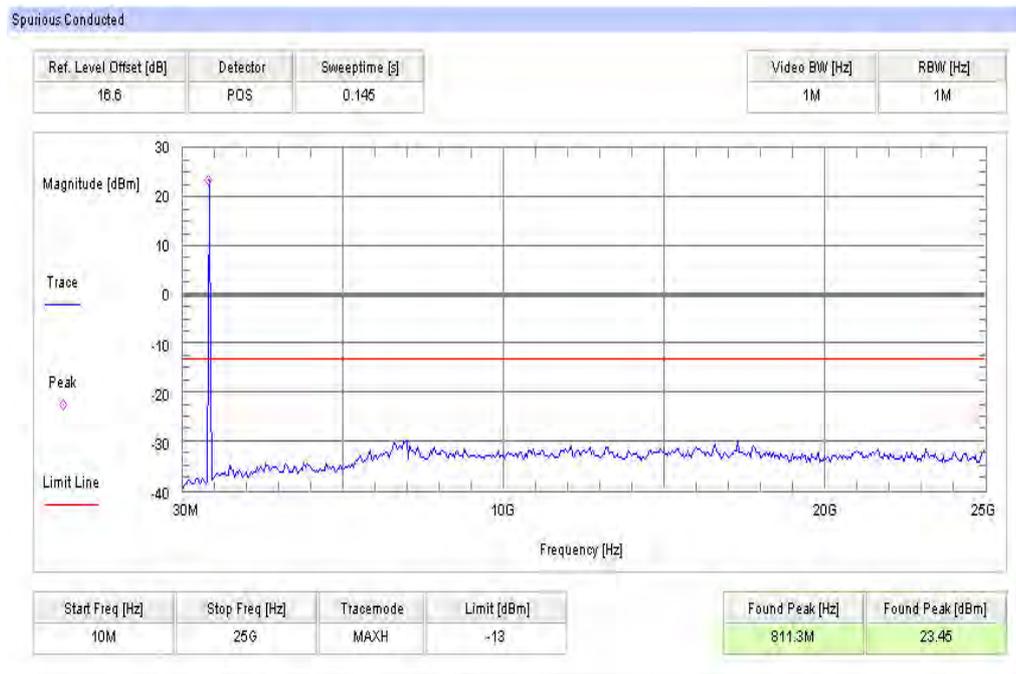
**Result: Passed**

**Plots:**

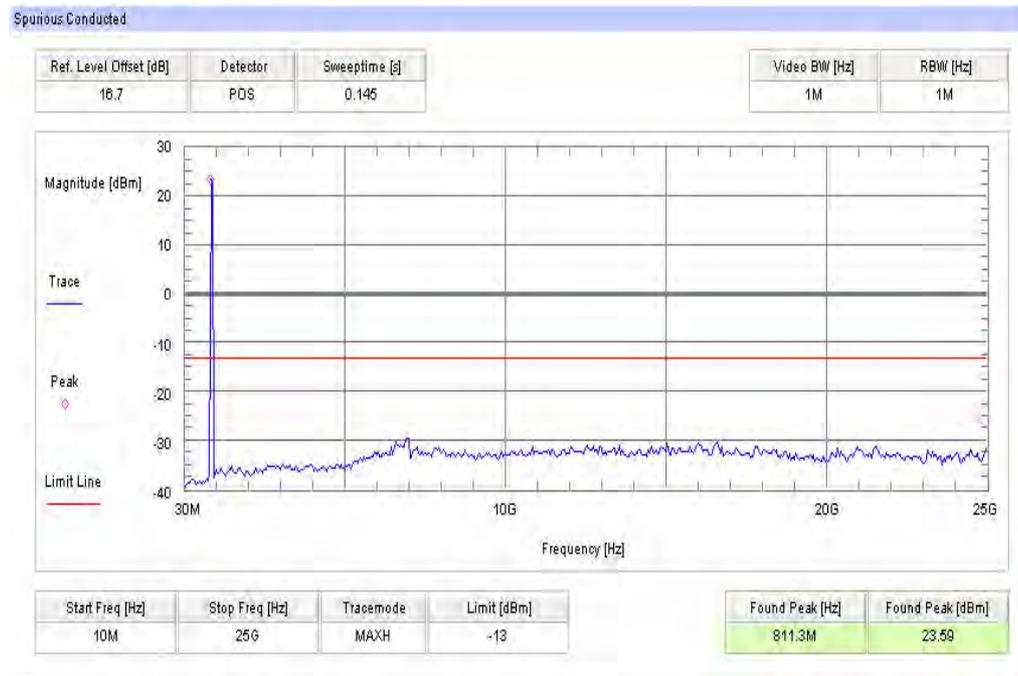
**Plot 1: Channel 4132 (10 MHz - 12 GHz)**



**Plot 2: Channel 4180 (10 MHz - 12 GHz)**



Plot 3: Channel 4233 (10 MHz - 12 GHz)



### 8.7.5 Block edge compliance

**Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

**Measurement:**

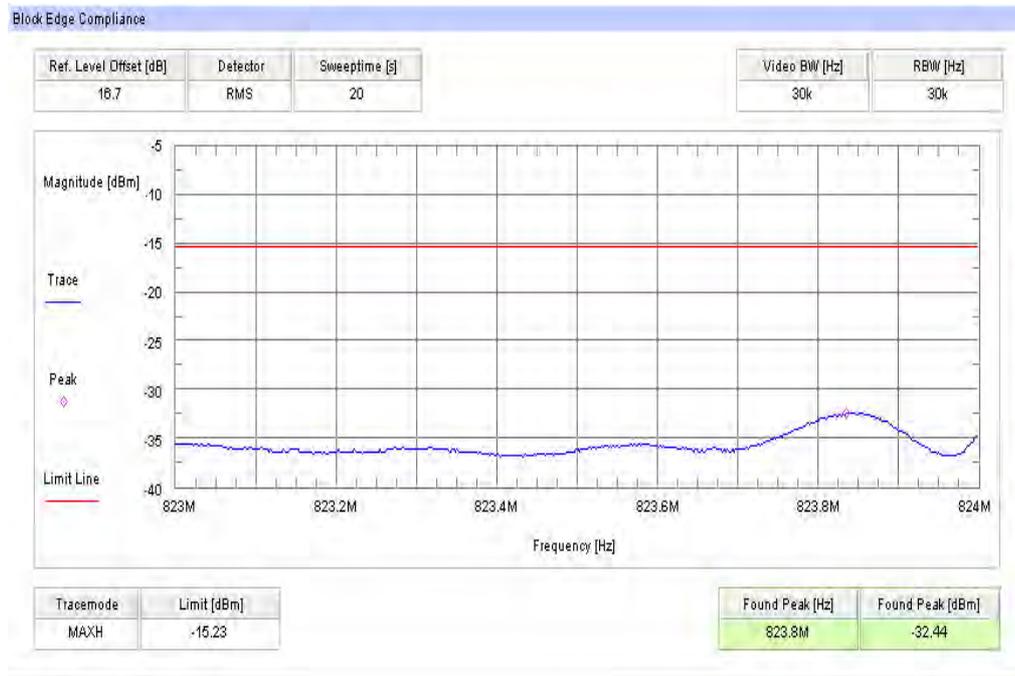
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	20 sec.
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
<p>Part 22.917 specifies that “the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB.”</p> <p>However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:</p> <p>“An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz.”</p> <p>When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.</p>	
-15.22 dBm	

**Plots:**

**Plot 1: Channel 4132**



**Plot 2: Channel 4233**



**Result: Passed**

### 8.7.6 Occupied bandwidth

**Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

**Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band V. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	100 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	6 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

**Limits:**

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5.1
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

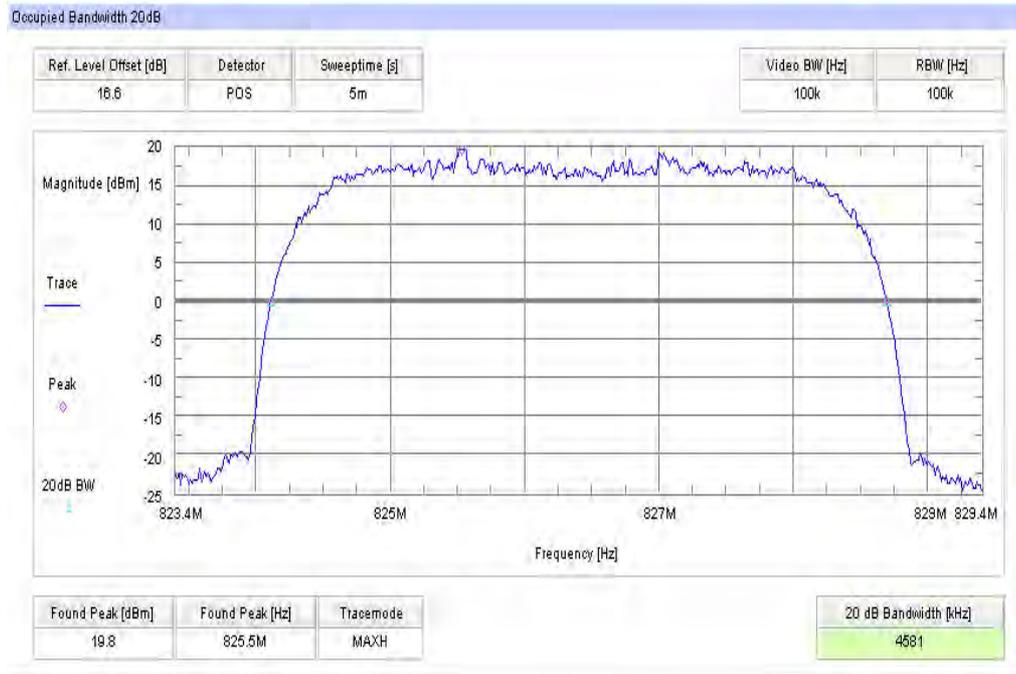
**Results:**

Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)
826.4	4581	4701
836.0	4581	4689
846.6	4581	4689
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz	

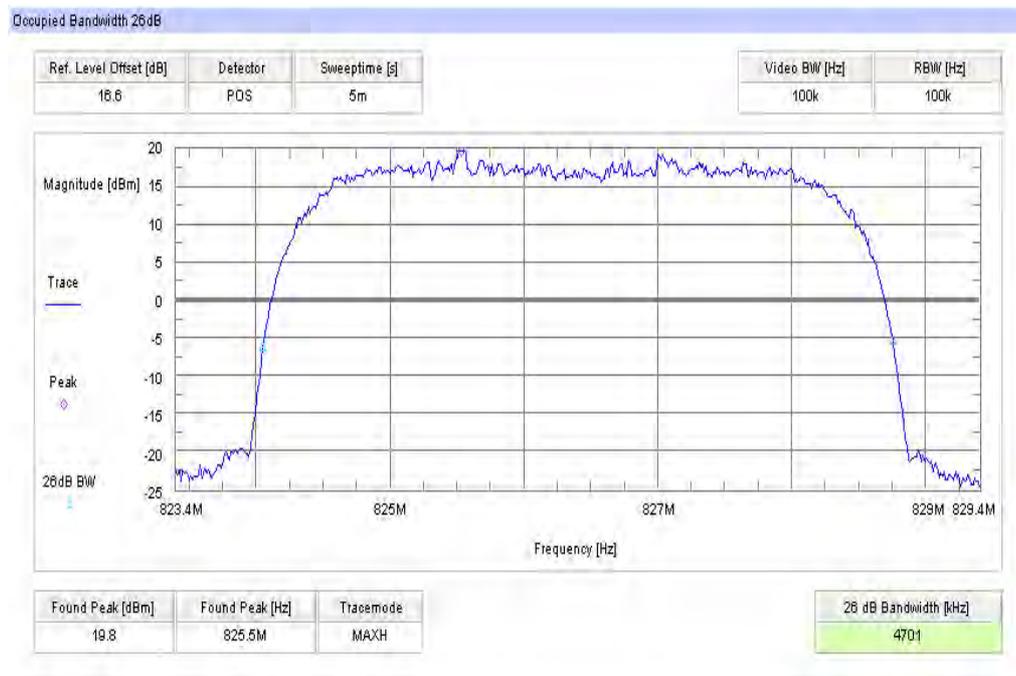
**Result:** **Passed**

**Plots:**

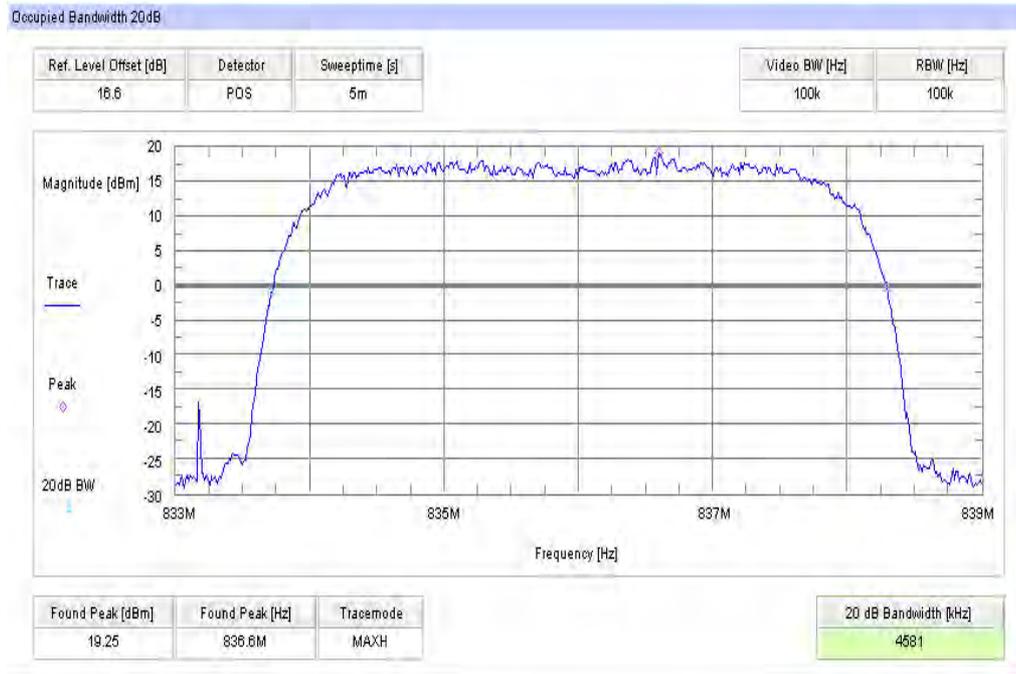
**Plot 1: Channel 4132 (99% - OBW)**



**Plot 2: Channel 4132 (-26 dBc BW)**



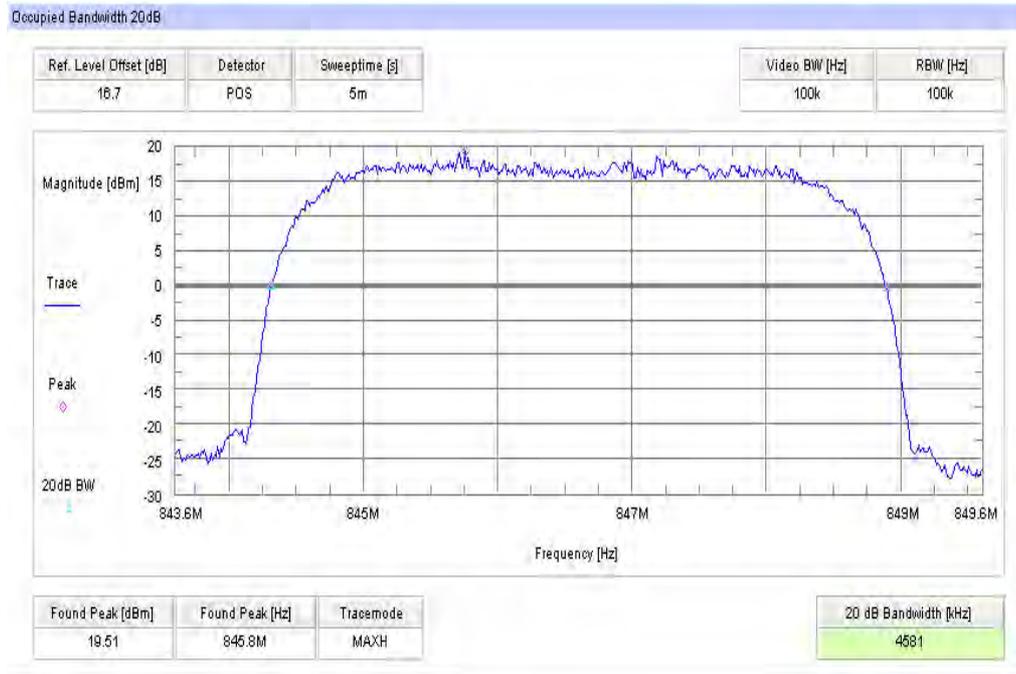
**Plot 3: Channel 4180 (99% - OBW)**



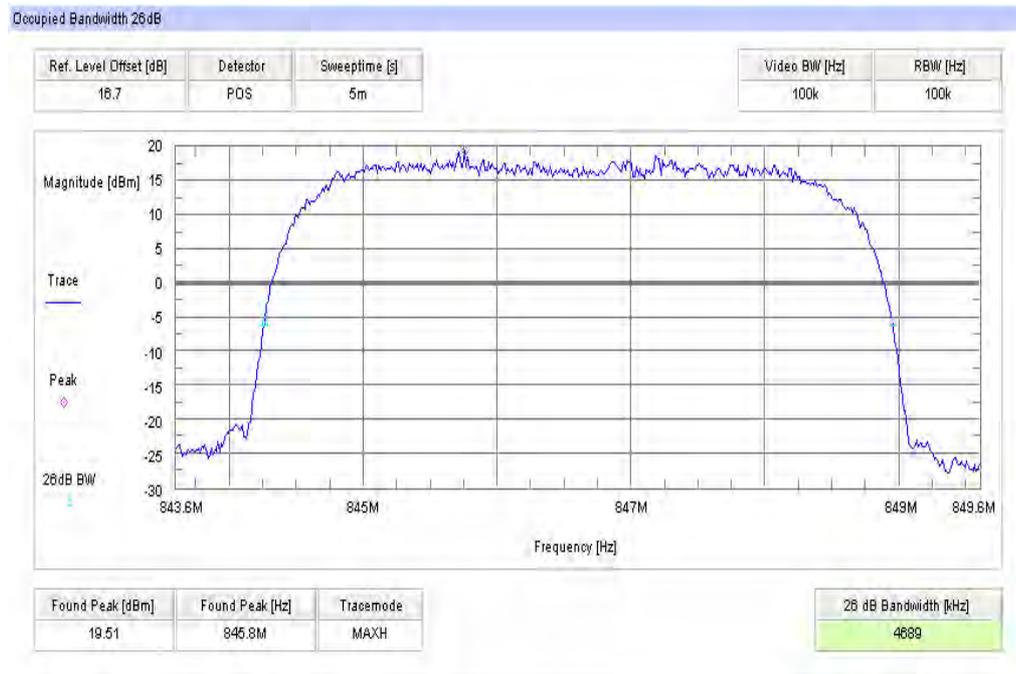
**Plot 4: Channel 4180 (-26 dBc BW)**



Plot 5: Channel 4233 (99% - OBW)



Plot 6: Channel 4233 (-26 dBc BW)



## 9 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, rf-generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Labor/Item).

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
11	n. a.	Isolating Transformer	RT5A	Grundig	8041	300001626	g		
2	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	11.05.2011	11.05.2013
3	n. a.	Active Loop Antenna	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	ne		
4	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev		
5	n. a.	Three-Way Power Splitter, 50 Ohm	11850C	HP Meßtechnik		300000997	ne		
6	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	2605e08770	300001443	ne		
7	n. a.	Amplifier	js42-00502650-28-5a	Parzich GMBH	928979	300003143	ne		
8	n. a.	Band Reject filter	WRCG1855/1910-1835/1925-40/8SS	Wainwright	7	300003350	ev		
9	n. a.	TILE-Software Emission	Quantum Change, Modell TILE-ICS/FULL	EMCO	none	300003451	ne		
10	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	371	300003854	vIKI!	14.10.2011	14.10.2014
11	n. a.	MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz bis 26,5 GHz	N9038A	Agilent Technologies	MY51210197	3000042xx	k	19.12.2011	19.12.2012
12	A026	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 12.4 to 18.0 GHz	639	Narda		300000787	ne		
13	A029	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda		300002442	ne		
14	n. a.	Temperature Test Chamber	VT 4002	Heraeus Voetsch	521/83761	300002326	Ve	20.09.2011	20.09.2013
15	n. a.	DC Power Supply 0 – 32V	1108-32	Heiden	001802	300001383	Ve	23.06.2010	23.06.2013
16	n. a.	Signal Analyzer 20Hz-26,5GHz-150 to + 30 DBM	FSiQ26	R&S	835111/0004	300002678	Ve	04.11.2010	04.11.2012
17	11b	Microwave System Amplifier, 0,5-26,5 GHz	83017A	HP Meßtechnik	00419	300002268	ev		
18	n. a.	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	103992	300003231	vIKI!	30.06.2010	30.06.2012
19	n. a.	Spectrum Analyzer 9kHz to 30GHz - 140..+30dBm	FSP30	R&S	100886	300003575	k	07.09.2010	07.09.2012

**Agenda:** Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vkI!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

**10 Observations**

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.

**Annex A Document history**

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
1.0	Initial release	2012-05-22
-A	Remeasurement & update of conducted output power values	2012-07-13
-B	Editorial changes	2012-07-18

**Annex B Further information**

**Glossary**

AVG	-	Average
DUT	-	Device under test
EMC	-	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	-	European Standard
EUT	-	Equipment under test
ETSI	-	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	Not applicable
PP	-	Positive peak
QP	-	Quasi peak
S/N	-	Serial number
SW	-	Software