

Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLIM *Hamid Kami Shirazi*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLIMC *Peter Lindeborg*

Checked

080124

Company Internal
REPORT

No.

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Report issued by Accredited SAR Laboratory**For***PY7A5025011 (W62S)***Date of test:** 18th to 21st Jan. 2008**Laboratory:** SAR Test Laboratory
Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
Nya Vattentornet
SE-221 82 LUND, Sweden**Testing Engineer:** *Hamid Kami Shirazi*
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+46 46232644**Testing Approval** *Peter Lindeborg*
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+46462126180**Statement of Compliance**

Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB declares under its sole responsibility that the product

Sony Ericsson Type AAH-5025011-BV; FCC ID: PY7A5025011; IC:4170B-5025011

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(None)

This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 (SWEDAC accreditation no. 1847).



Laboratories are accredited by the Swedish Board for Accreditation and Conformity Assessment (SWEDAC) under the terms of Swedish legislation. The accredited laboratory activities meet the requirements in SS-EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005). This report may not be reproduced other than in full, except with the prior written approval of the issuing laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Sony Ericsson encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this report.
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2 Introduction

In this test report, compliance of the Sony Ericsson PY7A5025011 (W62S) portable telephone with RF safety guidelines is demonstrated. The applicable RF safety guidelines and the SAR measurement specifications used for the test are described in the *SAR Measurement Specifications of Wireless Handsets* [1].

3 Device under Test

3.1 Antenna Description

| | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| Type | Internal antenna | |
| Location | Inside, rear, at the middle | |
| Dimensions | Max length | 32mm |
| | Max width | 22mm |
| Configuration | PIFA | |

3.2 Device description

| | | | |
|---|---|-------|-------|
| Device model | PY7A5025011(W62S) | | |
| Serial number (EUT #) | SSODP000420#10059 | | |
| Mode | GSM1900 | | |
| Crest Factor | 8.3 | | |
| Multiple Access Scheme | TDMA | | |
| Maximum Output Power Setting (dBm) | Ch512 | Ch661 | Ch810 |
| | 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.4 |
| Factory Tolerance in Power Setting | ±0.5dB | | |
| Maximum Peak Output Power (dBm) | 29.9 | 29.9 | 29.9 |
| Data and connectivity | GPRS Class:10 ;Crest Factor:4.16 Capability Class: B | | |
| Maximum Output Power Setting (dBm) | Ch512 | Ch661 | Ch810 |
| | 28.6 | 28.6 | 28.6 |
| Factory Tolerance in Power Setting | ±0.5dB | | |
| Maximum Peak Output Power (dBm) | 29.1 | 29.1 | 29.1 |
| Transmitting Frequency Range(MHz) | 1850.2 – 1909.8 | | |
| Prototype or Production Unit | Preproduction (HW-FP2) | | |
| Device Category | Portable | | |
| RF exposure environment | General population / uncontrolled | | |



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4 Test equipment

4.1 Dosimetric system

SAR measurements were made using the DASY4 professional system (software version 4.7, Build 53) with SAM twin phantom, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The list of calibrated equipment is given below.

| Description | Serial Number | Due Date |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| DASY DAE V1 | 698 | Mars 2008 |
| E-field probe ETDV6 | 1585 | Mars 2008 |
| Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2 | 5d002 | Jan 2009 |

4.2 Additional equipment

| Description | Inventory Number | Due Date |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Signal generator R&S SML03 | INV 20007667 | March 2008 |
| Power meter R&S NRVZ | INV 20007669 | March 2008 |
| Power sensor R&S NRV-Z5 | INV 20007672 | March 2008 |
| Power sensor R&S NRV-Z5 | INV 20007673 | March 2008 |
| Network analyzer HP8753C | INV421671 | March 2008 |
| S-parameter test set HP85047A | INV 421670 | March 2008 |
| Dielectric probe kit HP8507D | INV 200 000 53 | Self calibrated |
| CMU200 | INV 20002149 | March 2008 |
| Thermometer Fluke 51 | INV 2071 | March 2008 |



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5 Electrical parameters on the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ϵ_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the dielectric probe kit. These values are shown in the table below. The mass density, ρ , entered into the DASY4 software is also given.

Recommended limits for permittivity ϵ_r , conductivity σ and mass density ρ are also shown.

| f (MHz) | Tissue type | Limits / Measured | Dielectric Parameters | | Density |
|---------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) | ρ (g/cm ³) |
| 1900 | Head | Measured,2008/01/18 | 38.0 | 1.47 | 1.00 |
| | | Recommended | 40.0 | 1.40 | 1.00 |
| | Body | Measured,2008/01/21 | 54.7 | 1.59 | 1.00 |
| | | Recommended | 53.3 | 1.52 | 1.00 |

6 System accuracy verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4 was performed using the dipole validation kit listed in section 4.1. Measurement made in ambient temperature 21-22 °C and humidity 40-55 %. The obtained results are displayed in the table below.

RF noise had been measured in liquid when all RF equipment in lab was set off. Measured value was 0.00002mW/g in 1g mass

| f (MHz) | Tissue type | Measured / Reference | SAR (W/kg) 1g/10g | Dielectric Parameters | | Density | Liquid T(°C) |
|---------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | ϵ_r | σ (S/m) | ρ (g/cm ³) | |
| 1900 | Head | Measured,2008/01/18 | 38.1/19.9 | 38.0 | 1.47 | 1.00 | 20.7 |
| | | Reference | 37.4/19.8 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 1.00 | 22 |
| | Body | Measured,2008/01/21 | 38.8/20.3 | 54.7 | 1.59 | 1.00 | 20.1 |
| | | Reference | 38.6/20.6 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 1.00 | 22 |



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7 SAR measurement uncertainty

SAR measurement uncertainty evaluation for Sonyericsson PY7A5025011 (W62S) phone According to IEEE 1528

| Uncertainty Component | Uncer. (%) | Prob Dist. | Div. | C _i | SAR 1g mass |
|--|------------|------------|------|----------------|--------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | ±5.9 | N | 1 | 1 | ±5.9 |
| Axial Isotropy | ±4.7 | R | √3 | 0.7 | ±1.9 |
| Spherical Isotropy | ±9.6 | R | √3 | 0.7 | ±3.9 |
| Boundary effect | ±1.0 | R | √3 | 1 | ±0.6 |
| Probe linearity | ±4.7 | R | √3 | 1 | ±2.7 |
| Detection limit | ±1.0 | R | √3 | 1 | ±0.6 |
| Readout electronics | ±0.3 | N | 1 | 1 | ±0.3 |
| Response time | ±0.8 | R | √3 | 1 | ±0.5 |
| Integration time | ±2.6 | R | √3 | 1 | ±1.5 |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ±3.0 | R | √3 | 1 | ±1.7 |
| Mech. Constraints of robot | ±0.4 | R | √3 | 1 | ±0.2 |
| Probe positioning | ±2.9 | R | √3 | 1 | ±1.7 |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and integration | ±1.0 | R | √3 | 1 | ±0.6 |
| Measurement System Uncertainty | | | | | ±8.4 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | |
| Device positioning | ±3.5 | N | 1 | 1 | ±3.5 |
| Device holder uncertainty | ±3.5 | N | 1 | 1 | ±3.5 |
| Power drift | ±5.0 | R | √3 | 1 | ±2.9 |
| Test Sample Related Uncertainty | | | | | ±5.5 |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty | ±4.0 | R | √3 | 1 | ±2.3 |
| Liquid conductivity (measurement) | ±2.5 | R | 1 | 0.64 | ±1.6 |
| Liquid conductivity (target) | ±5.0 | R | √3 | 0.64 | ±1.8 |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement) | ±2.5 | R | 1 | 0.6 | ±1.5 |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | ±5.0 | R | √3 | 0.6 | ±1.7 |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters Uncertainty | | | | | ±4.0 |
| Combined standard uncertainty | | | | | ±10.8 |
| Extended standard uncertainty (k=2) | | | | | ±21.6 |



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8 Test results

The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the device towards head and body are provided in tables 1 and 2. The ambient humidity and temperature of test facility were 40%-55% and 21°C–22°C respectively. The depth of tissue simulating liquids for head and body are 15.2cm and 15.1cm for 1900 band. A base station simulator was used to control the device during the SAR measurement. The phone was supplied with fully charged battery for each measurement.

For head measurement, the device was tested on the right-hand side and the left-hand side of phantom in two phone positions, cheek (touch) and tilt (cheek + 15deg). The clamshell was opened during all head measurements.

For body measurement the phone was tested on the antenna (rear) and front towards flat section of phantom with 15mm distance in both speech and data (GPRS) mode. For all modes, the device was tested at the lowest, middle and highest frequencies in the transmit band. For Hands free used W62S accessory head set.

| Mode | Channel | Power (dB) | Phone Position | Liquid T (°C) | SAR (W/kg) | |
|---------------|---------|------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| | | | | | Right-hand | Left-hand |
| | | | | | 1g mass | 1g mass |
| GSM 1900 Head | 512 | 29.9 | Cheek | 20.7 | 0.73 | 0.67 |
| | | | Tilt | 20.7 | - | - |
| | 661 | 29.8 | Cheek | 20.7 | 0.68 | 0.62 |
| | | | Tilt | 20.7 | 0.10 | 0.08 |
| | 810 | 29.7 | Cheek | 20.7 | 0.69 | 0.56 |
| | | | Tilt | 20.7 | - | - |

Table1: SAR measurement result for Sony Ericsson PY7A5025011 (W62S) telephone at highest possible output power. The phone has measured towards head.

| Mode | Channel | Power (dBm) | Phone Position | Liquid T (°C) | SAR (W/kg) in 1 g mass |
|---------------|---------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| GSM 1900 Body | 512 | 29.9 | Antenna to phantom PHF | 20.1 | 0.42 |
| | | 29.0 | Antenna to phantom GPRS2TX | 20.1 | 0.66 |
| | | 29.0 | Front to phantom GPRS2TX | 20.1 | 0.11 |
| | 661 | 29.8 | Antenna to phantom PHF | 20.1 | 0.32 |
| | | 29.0 | Antenna to phantom GPRS2TX | 20.1 | 0.55 |
| | | 29.7 | Antenna to phantom PHF | 20.1 | 0.29 |
| | 810 | 29.0 | Antenna to phantom GPRS2TX | 20.1 | 0.48 |
| | | 28.8 | Front to phantom GPRS2TX | 20.1 | 0.14 |

Table2: SAR measurement result for Sony Ericsson PY7A5025011 (W62S) telephone at highest possible output power. The phone has measured towards the Body.



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9 References

[1] R.Plicanic, "SAR Measurement Specification of Wireless Handsets", Sony Ericsson SAR Test Laboratory internal document GUG/N 03:141

[2] FCC, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Emissions," Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01).

[3] IEEE, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques," STD 1528-2003, June, 2003.

[4] IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz", February 2005.

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10.3 Attachment

- Probe & Dipole Calibration
- Measurement plots and system validation

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [SystemCheck-D1900Head.da4](#)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Communication System Channel Number: 9

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.32 mW/g

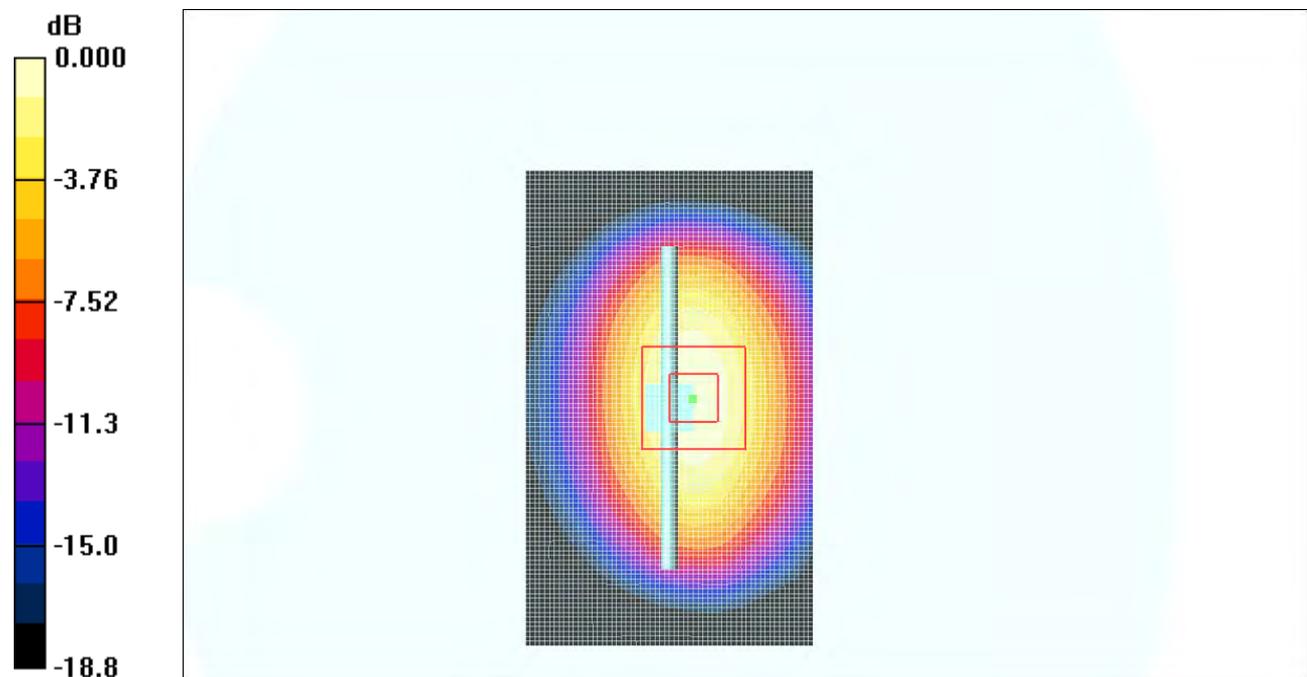
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.59 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.28 mW/g



0 dB = 4.28mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [RightHandSide-GSM1900.da4](#)

DUT: #10059; Type: PY7A5025011; Serial: SSODP000420

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Communication System Channel Number: 512

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low 2/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.876 mW/g

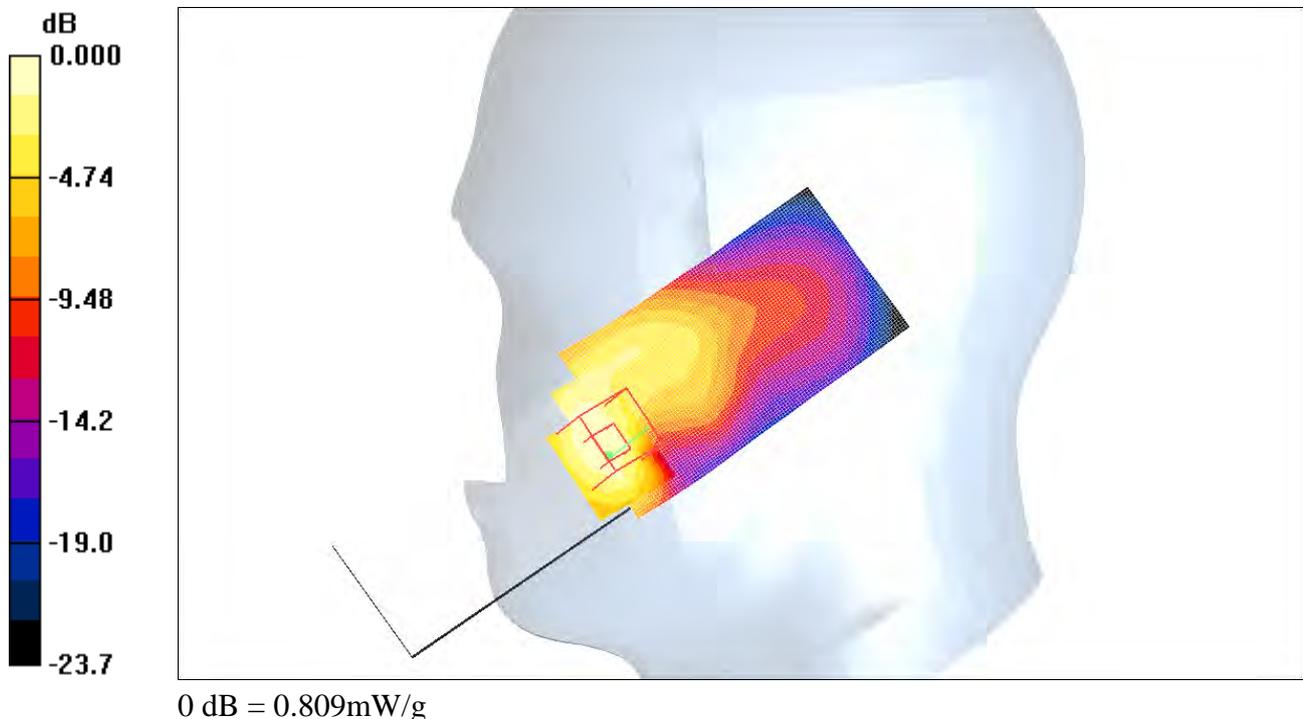
Touch position - Low 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.734 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.809 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [LeftHandSide-GSM1900.da4](#)

DUT: #10059; Type: PY7A5025011; Serial: SSODP000420

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Communication System Channel Number: 661

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Middle 2/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.092 mW/g

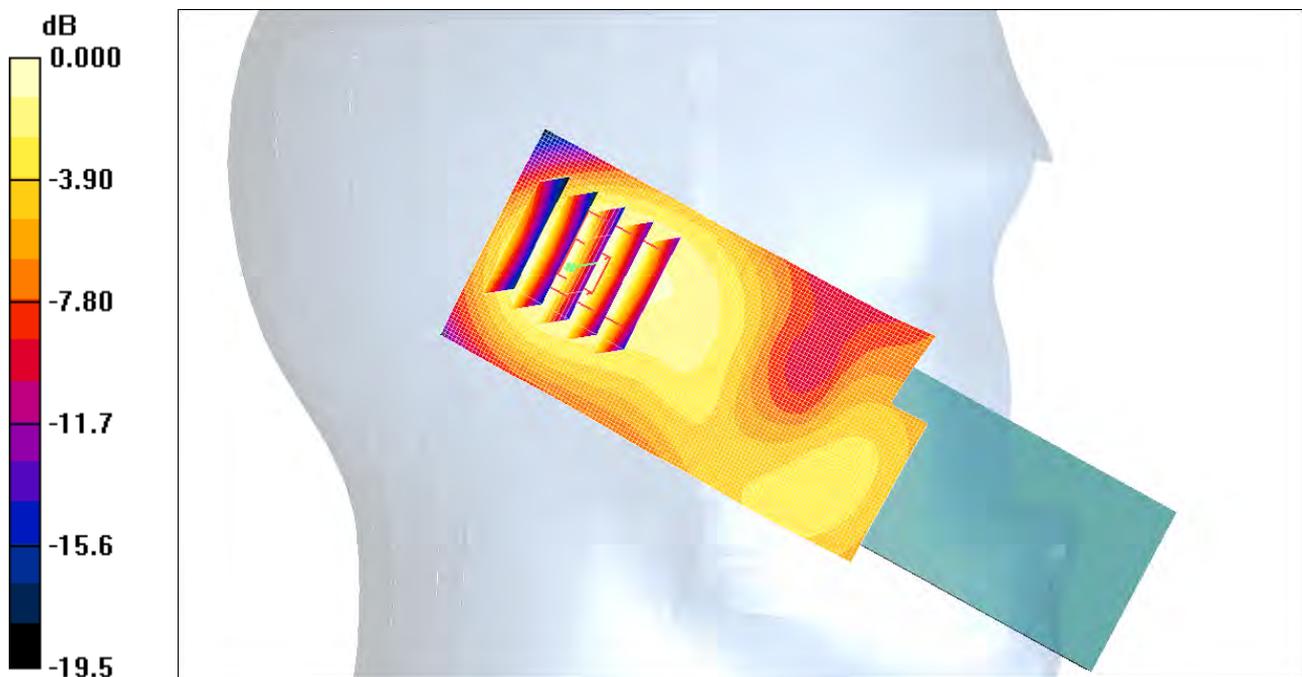
Tilt position - Middle 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.125 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.089 mW/g



0 dB = 0.089mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [LeftHandSide-GSM1900.da4](#)

DUT: #10059; Type: PY7A5025011; Serial: SSODP000420

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Communication System Channel Number: 512

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low 2/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.753 mW/g

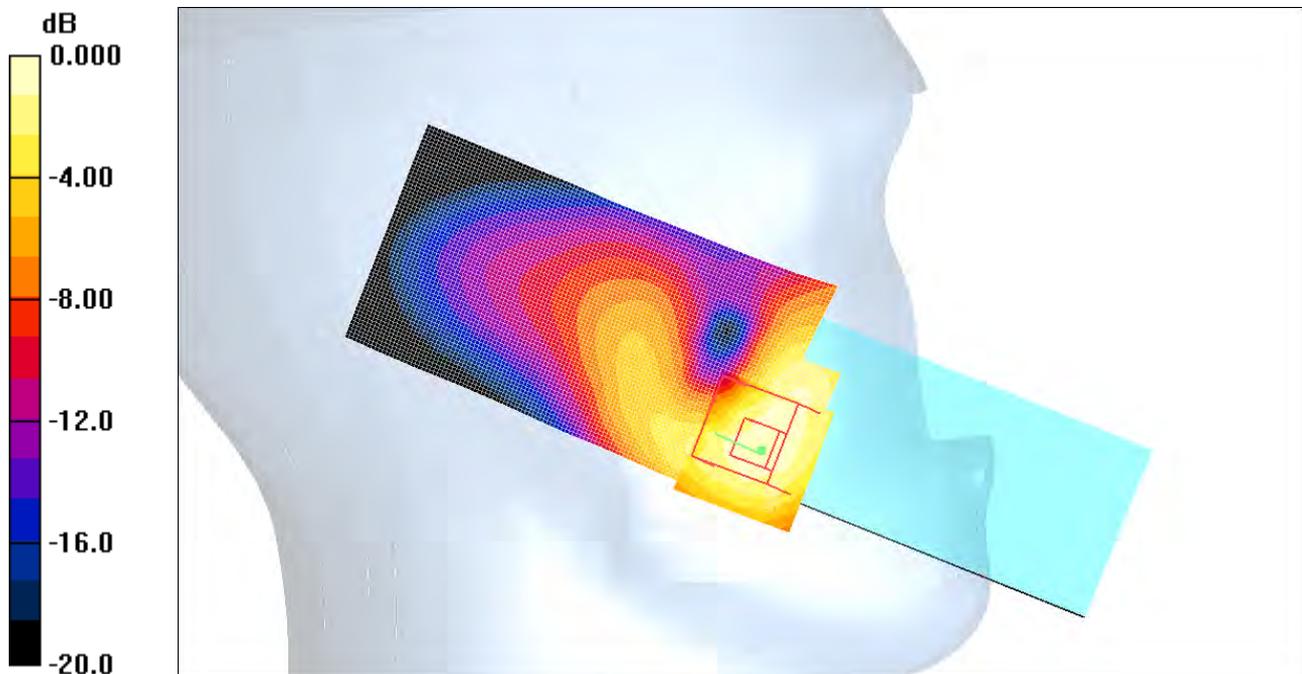
Touch position - Low 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.669 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 mW/g



0 dB = 0.737mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [RightHandSide-GSM1900.da4](#)

DUT: #10059; Type: PY7A5025011; Serial: SSODP000420

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Communication System Channel Number: 661

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Middle 2/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 mW/g

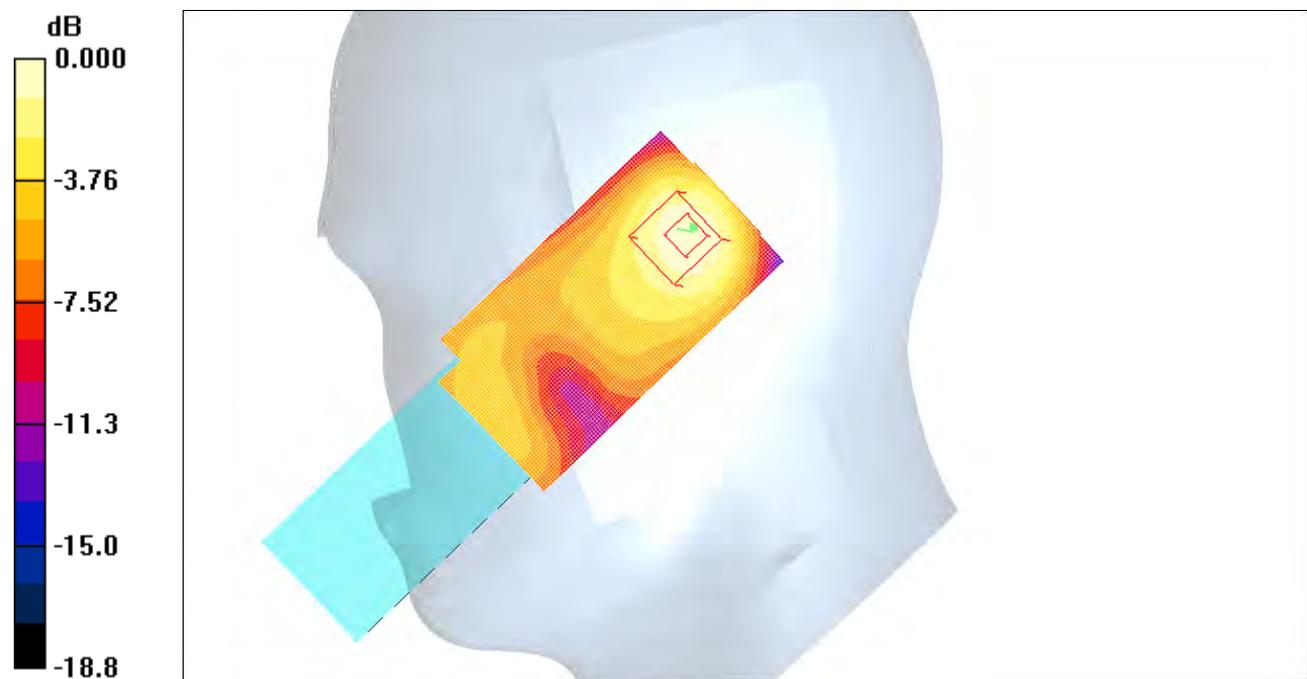
Tilt position - Middle 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.154 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 mW/g



0 dB = 0.109mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [SystemCheck-D1900Body.da4](#)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Communication System Channel Number: 9

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.99 mW/g

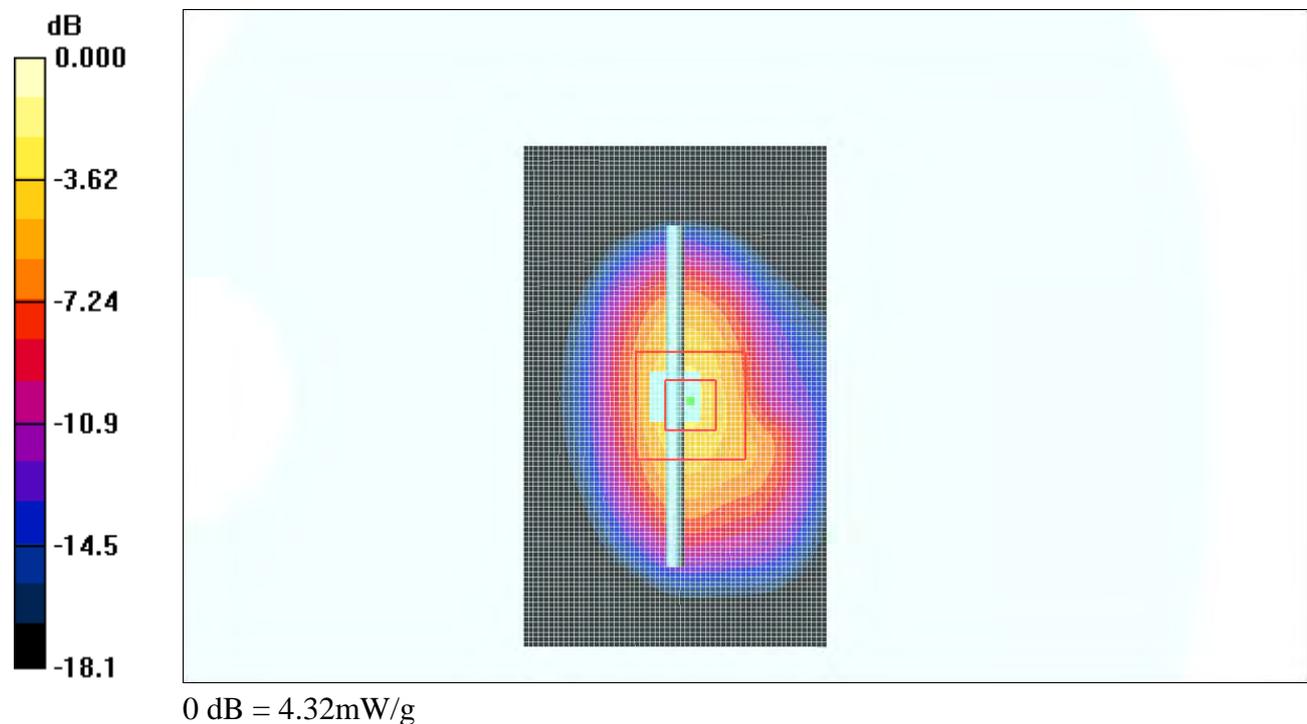
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.32 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [Body-GSM1900-Speech.da4](#)

DUT: #10059; Type: AAH-5025011-BV; Serial: SSODP000420

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Communication System Channel Number: 512

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm,Back,Low ,Speech;PHF 2/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.464 mW/g

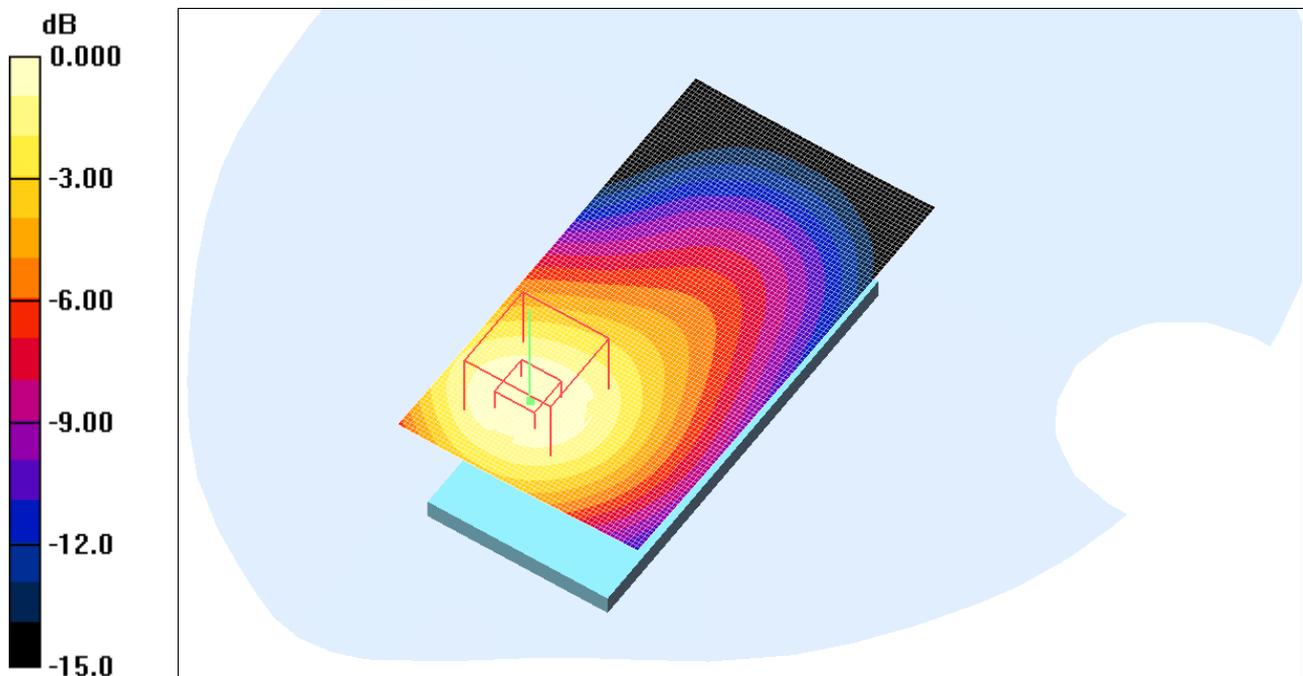
d=15mm,Back,Low ,Speech;PHF 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.644 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.419 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.452 mW/g



0 dB = 0.452mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [Body-GSM1900-Data.da4](#)

DUT: #10059; Type: PY7A5025011; Serial: SSODP000420

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS2TX; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15; Communication System Channel Number: 661

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm,Front,Middle;GPRS2TX 2/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.152 mW/g

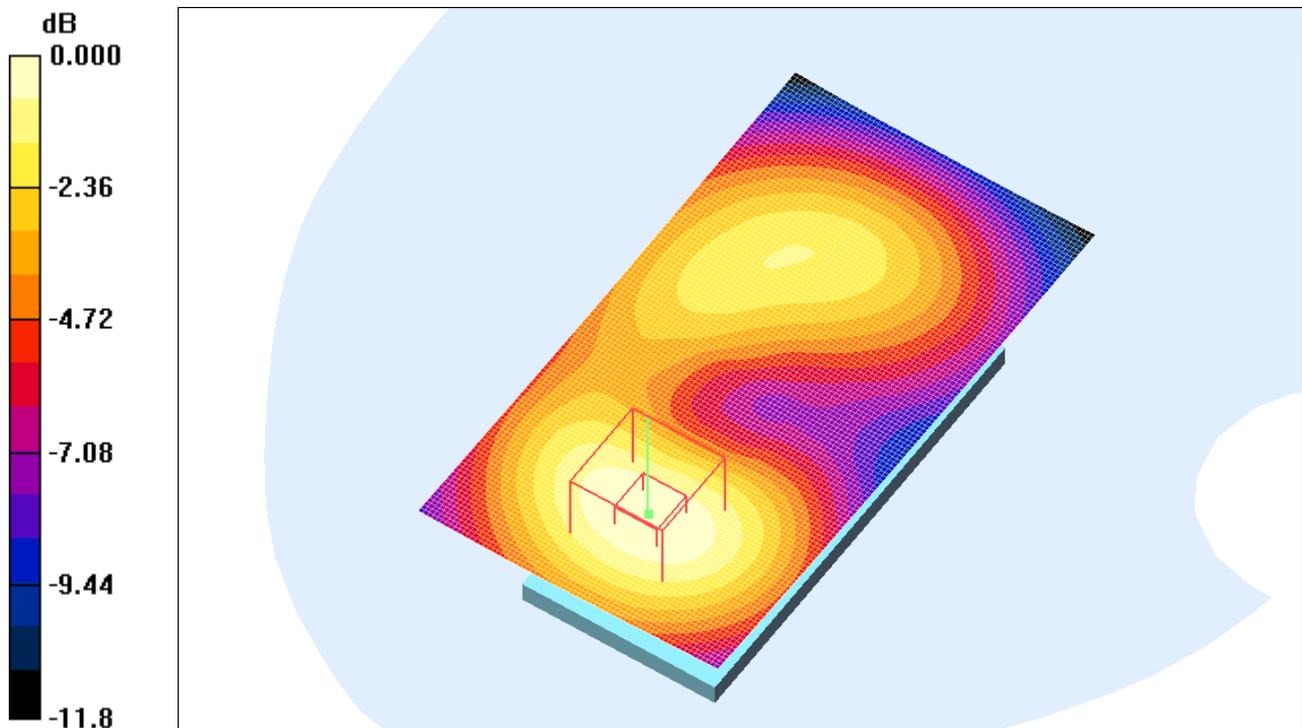
d=15mm,Front,Middle;GPRS2TX 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 mW/g



0 dB = 0.150mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [Body-GSM1900-Data.da4](#)

DUT: #10059; Type: PY7A5025011; Serial: SSODP000420

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS2TX; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15; Communication System Channel Number: 512

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm,Back,Low;GPRS2TX 2/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.711 mW/g

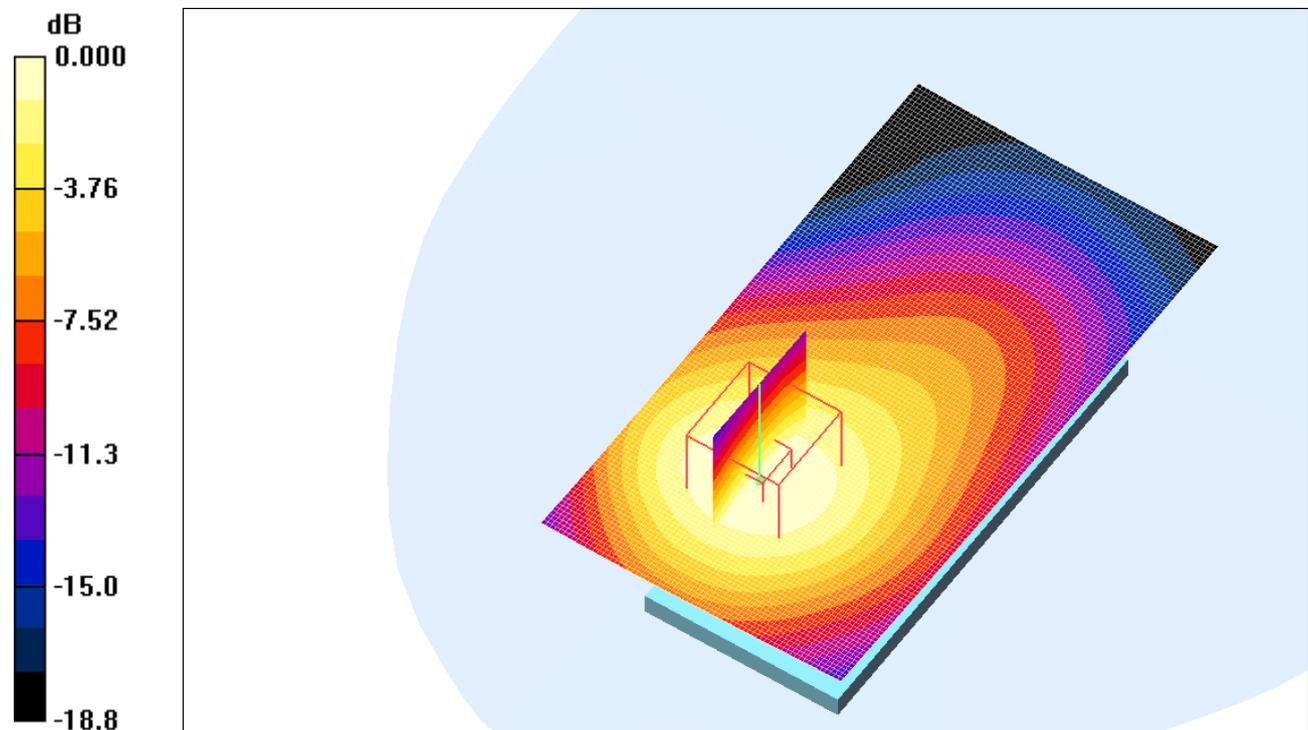
d=15mm,Back,Low;GPRS2TX 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.647 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.705 mW/g



0 dB = 0.705mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [SystemCheck-D1900Body.da4](#)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Communication System Channel Number: 9

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1585; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 2007-03-16

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2007-03-07

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: SAM; Serial: 1053

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.99 mW/g

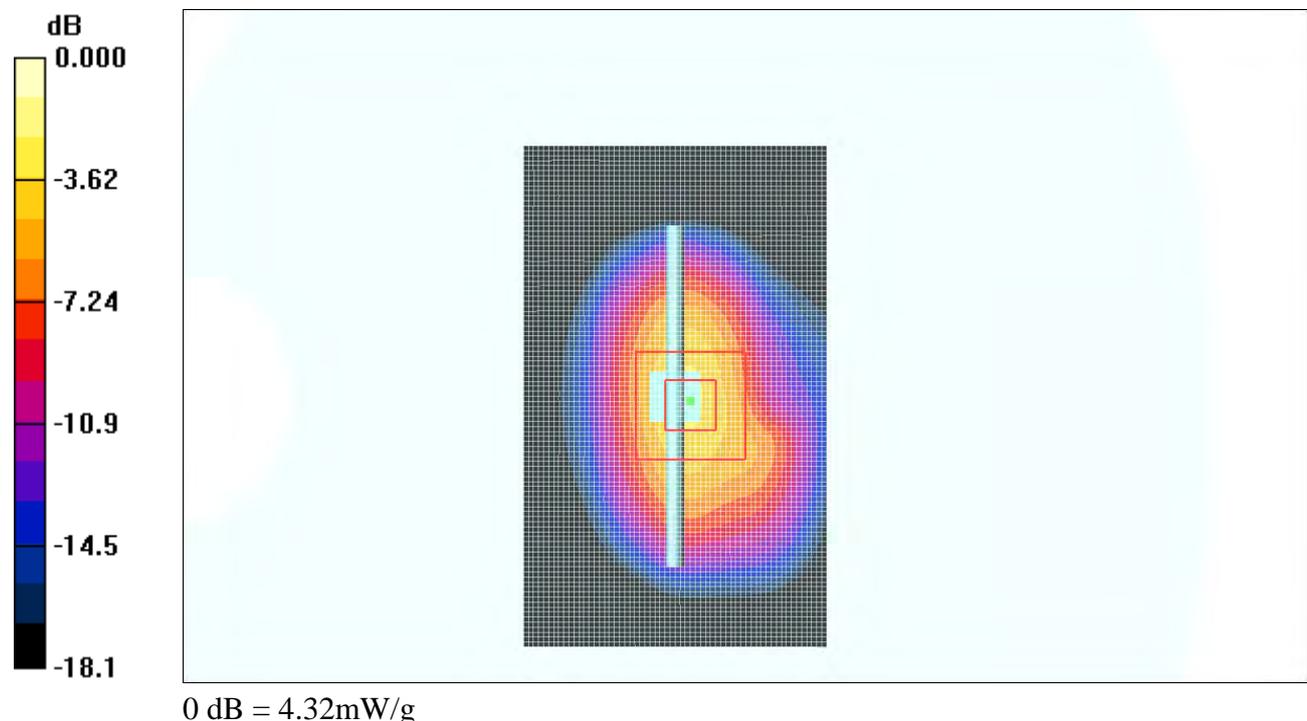
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.32 mW/g





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sony Ericsson Lund**

Certificate No. **D1900V2-5d002_Jan07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d002**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **January 16, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608) | Oct-07 |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608) | Oct-07 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5086 (20g) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) | Aug-07 |
| Reference 10 dB Attenuator | SN: 5047.2 (10r) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe ET3DV6 | SN: 1507 | 19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06) | Oct-07 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3025 | 19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct06) | Oct-07 |
| DAE4 | SN 907 | 20-Jul-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-907_Jul06) | Jul-07 |

| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|------------------------|
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05) | In house check: Oct-07 |
| RF generator Agilent E4421B | MY41000675 | 11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

Calibrated by: **Name: Marcel Fahr, Function: Laboratory Technician, Signature: [Signature]**

Approved by: **Name: Katja Pokovc, Function: Technical Manager, Signature: [Signature]**

Issued: January 17, 2007

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version | DASY4 | V4.7 |
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | 38.8 \pm 6 % | 1.43 mho/m \pm 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.0 \pm 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.61 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 38.4 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 37.4 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.04 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 20.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 19.8 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2) |

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 51.9 ± 6 % | 1.55 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.1 ± 0.2) °C | --- | --- |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 9.94 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 39.8 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ² | normalized to 1W | 38.6 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.24 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 21.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ² | normalized to 1W | 20.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.8 Ω - 0.3 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 34.9 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 48.2 Ω + 2.3 j Ω |
| Return Loss | - 30.5 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.177 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
| Manufactured on | February 14, 2002 |

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 20.07.2006
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

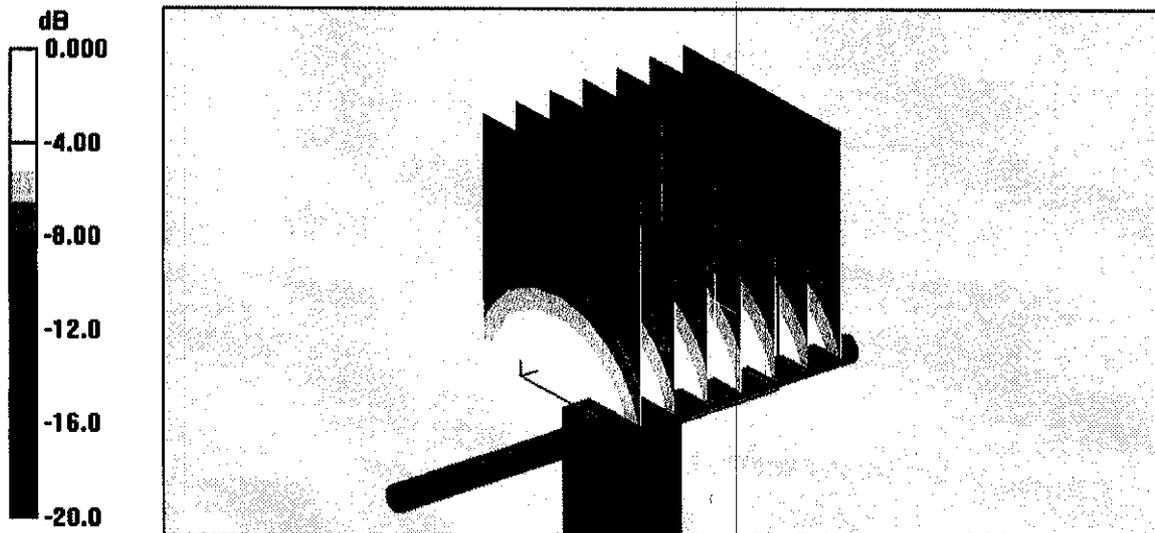
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 91.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.61 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 mW/g



0 dB = 11.0mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

9 Jan 2007 11:53:45

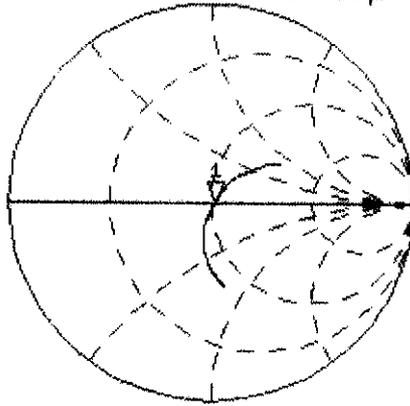
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 51.803 Ω -298.83 m Ω 280.31 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

*
De1

CA

Avg
16

↑

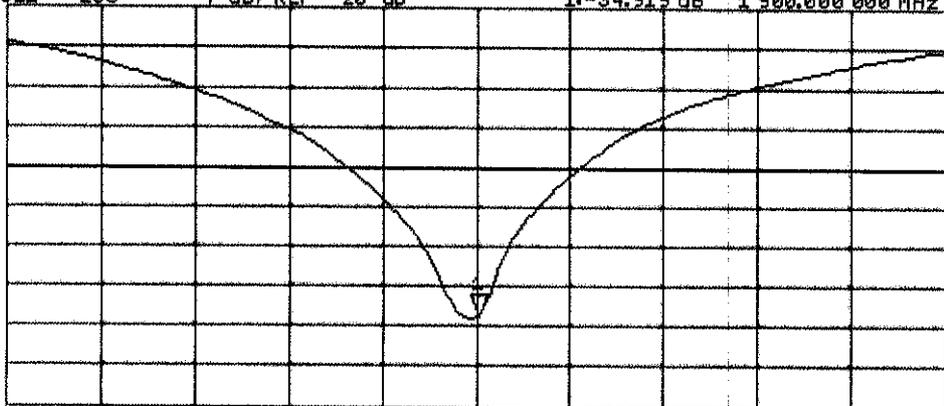


CH2 S11 LOG 4 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -34.919 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg
16

↑



CENTER 1 900.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d002

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn907; Calibrated: 20.07.2006
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

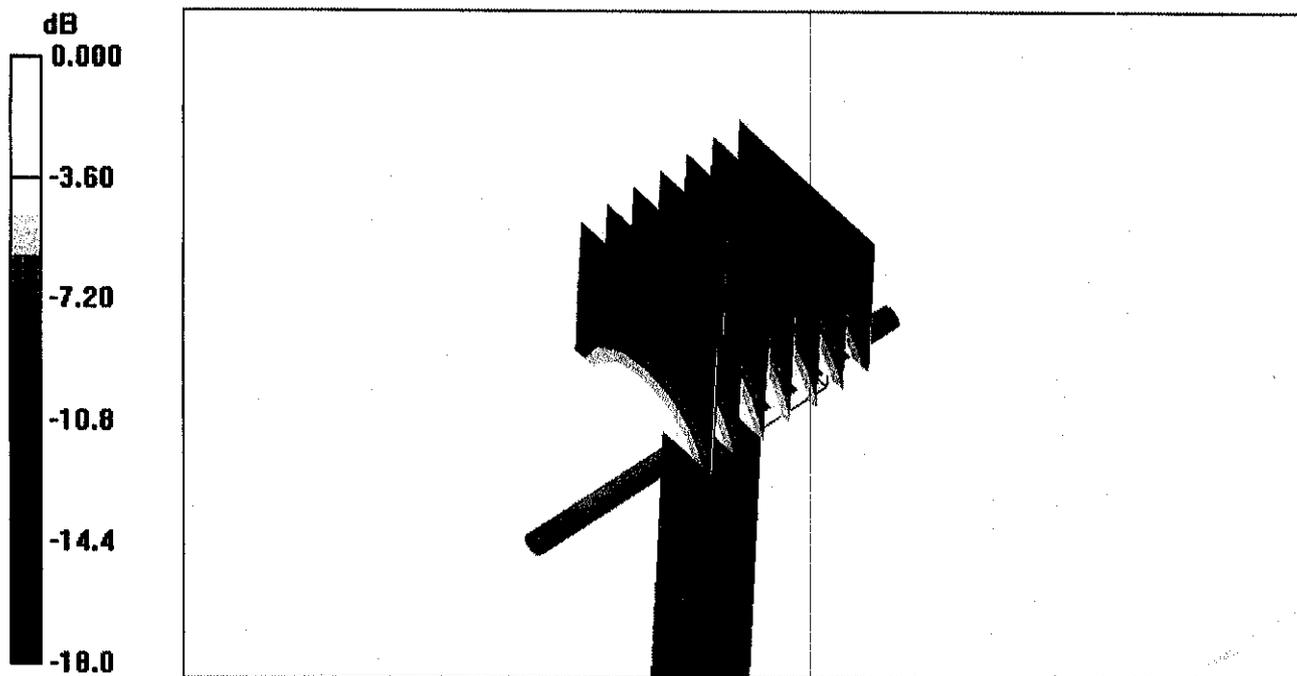
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.94 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



0 dB = 11.3mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

16 Jan 2007 12:04:42

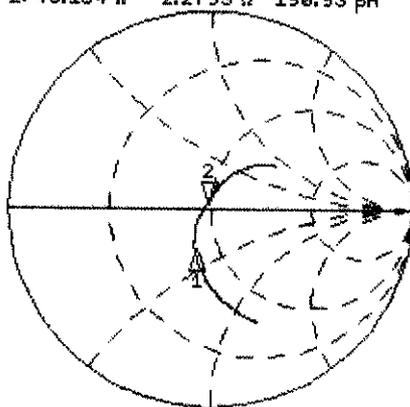
CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 48.154 Ω 2.2793 Ω 190.93 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

*
De1

Cor

Avg
16

↑



CH1 Markers

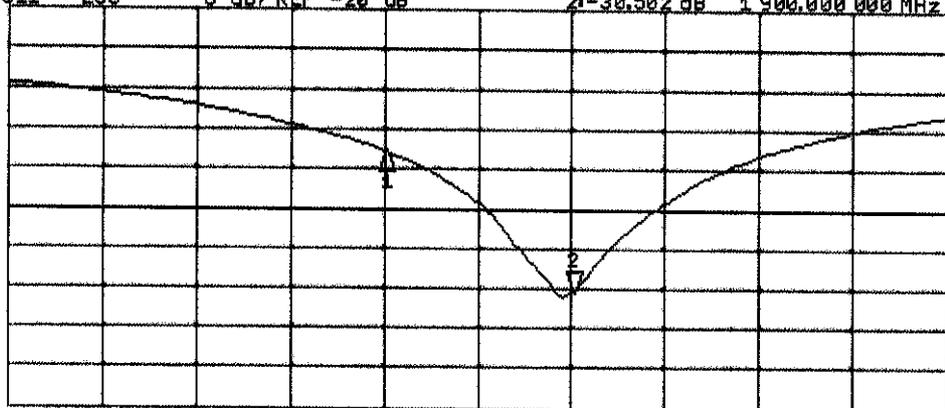
1: 39.492 Ω
-17.871 Ω
1.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -30.502 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg
16

↑



CH2 Markers

1: -12.874 dB
1.80000 GHz

START 1 600.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sony Ericsson Lund**

Certificate No. **ET3-1585_Mar07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1565**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA-CAL-01 v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **March 16, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592) | Aug-07 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07) | Jan-08 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06) | Jun-07 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

Calibrated by: **Katja Pekošić** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Florian Bonhoff** (Name), **R&D Director** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: March 16, 2007

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1585

| | |
|------------------|----------------|
| Manufactured: | May 7, 2001 |
| Last calibrated: | March 16, 2006 |
| Recalibrated: | March 16, 2007 |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1585

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

| | | | | |
|-------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| NormX | 1.83 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | 97 mV |
| NormY | 1.72 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | 94 mV |
| NormZ | 1.94 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | 97 mV |

Diode Compression^B

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 7.8 | 4.0 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.4 | 0.1 |

TSL **1750 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 12.7 | 8.7 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.4 | 0.3 |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7 mm**

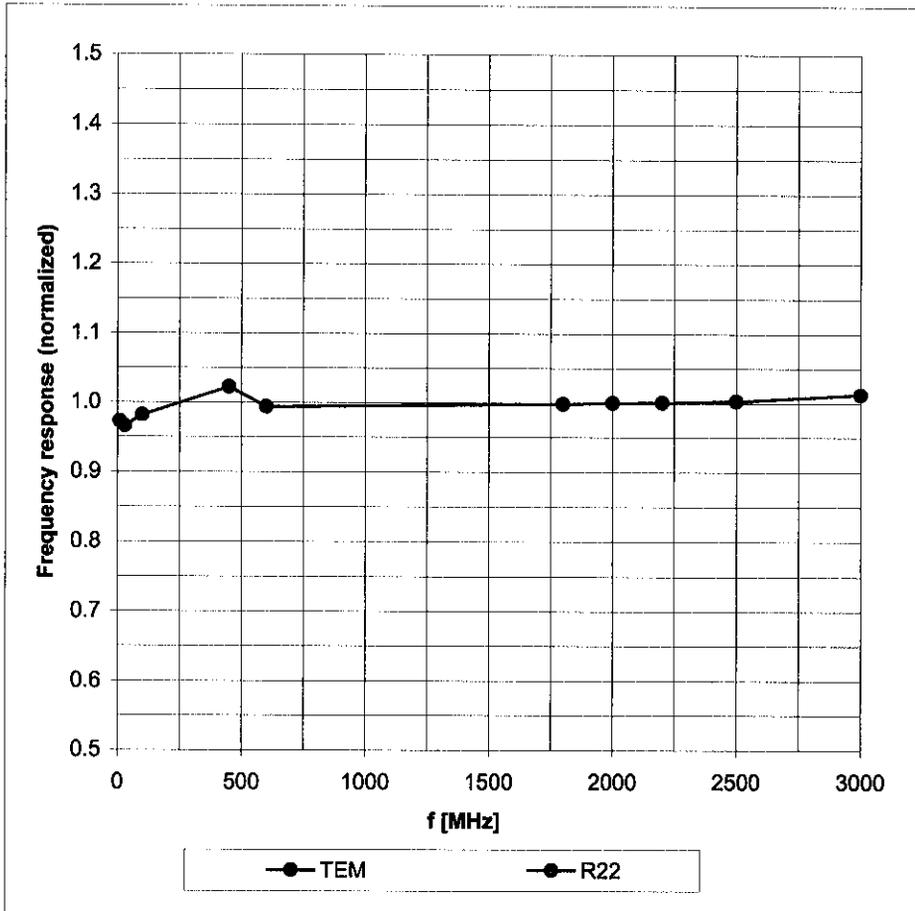
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

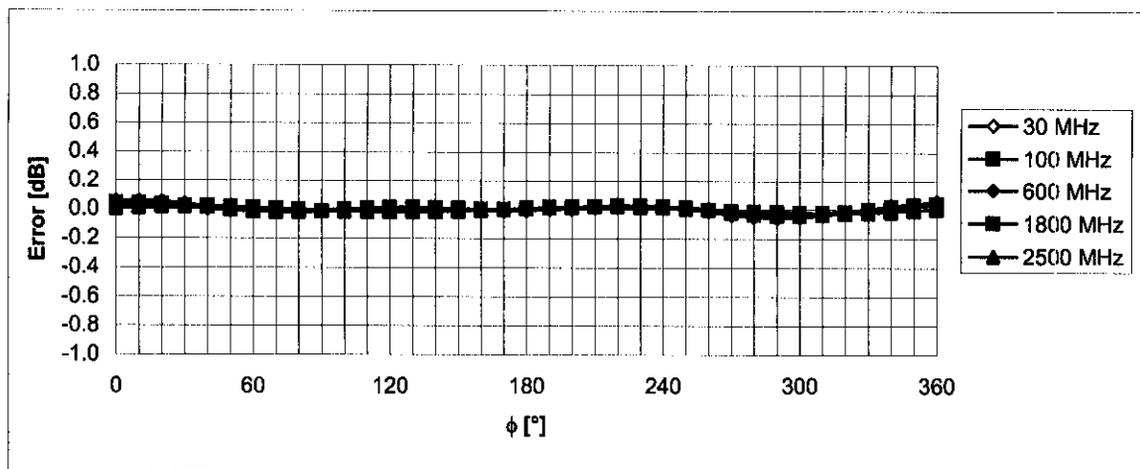
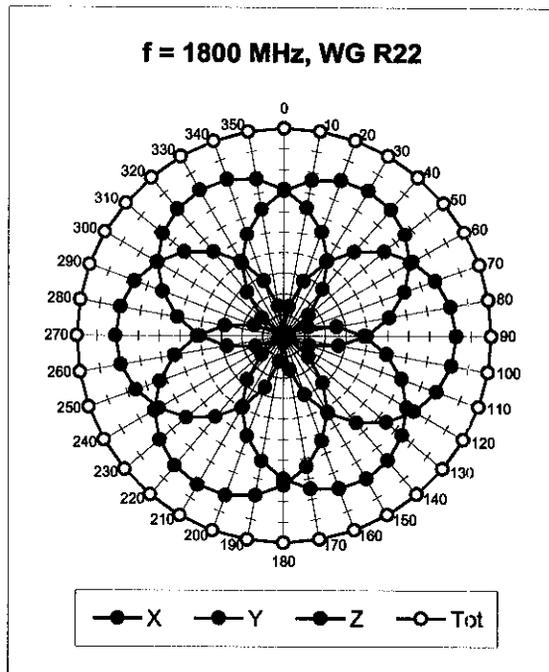
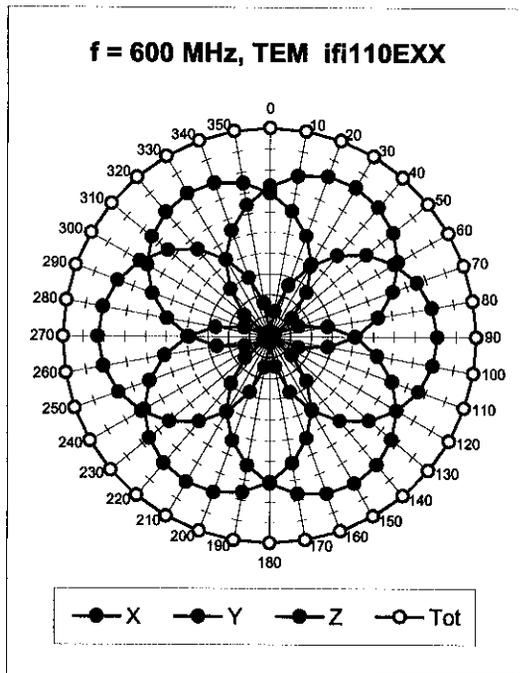
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

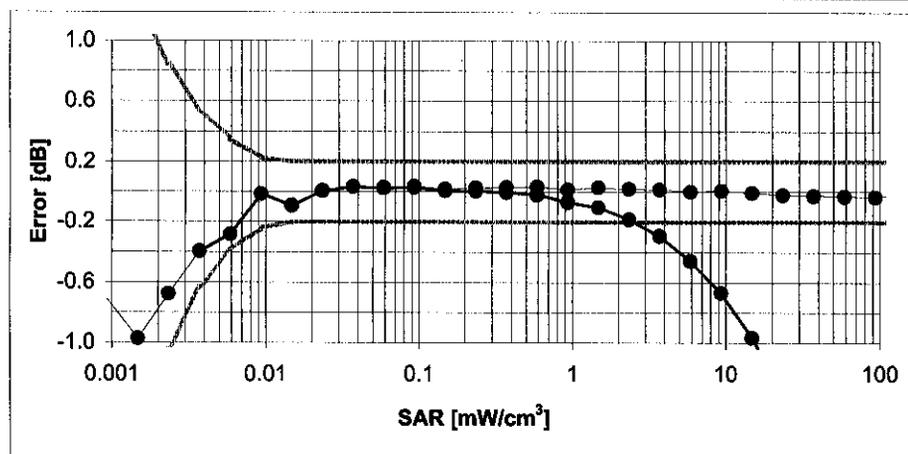
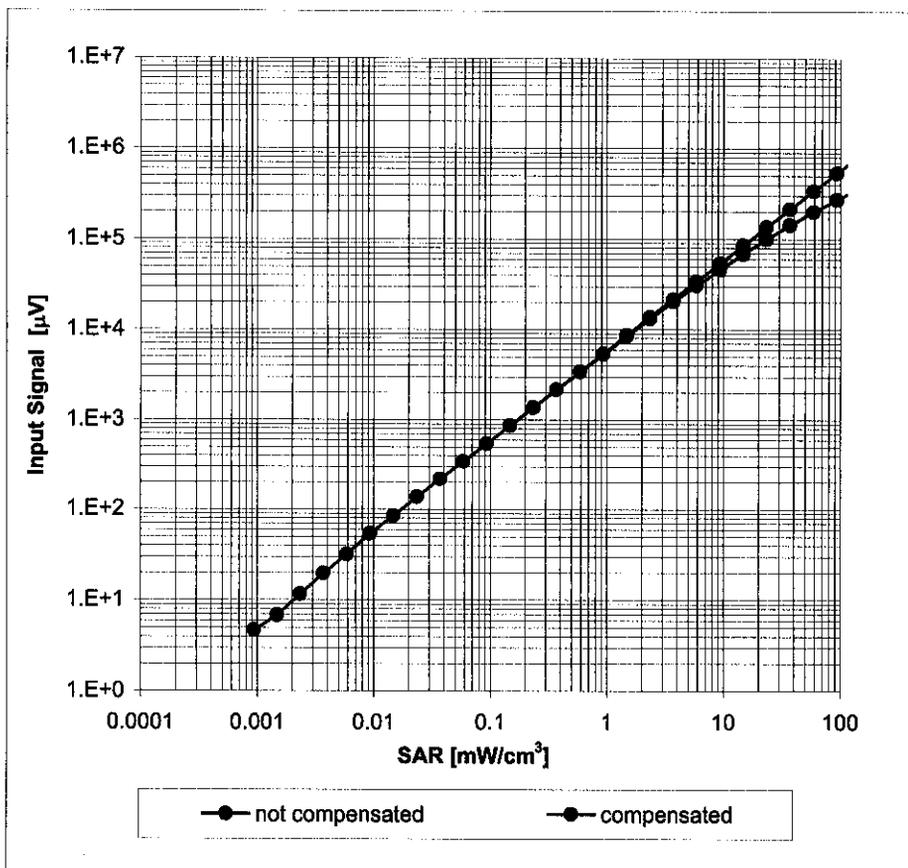
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

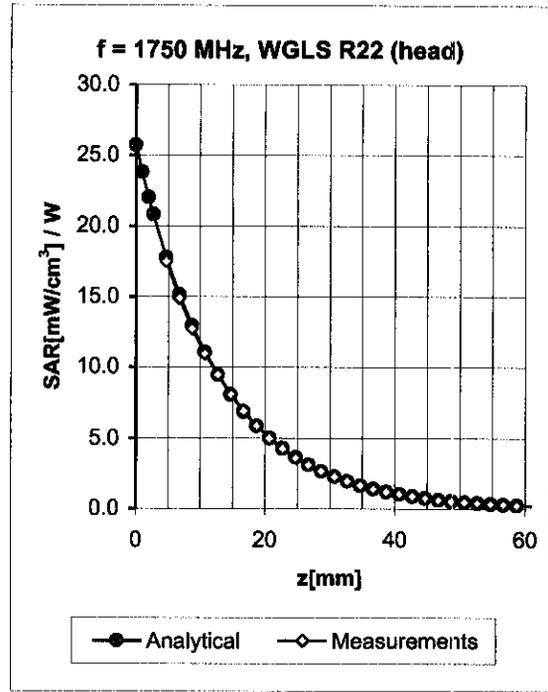
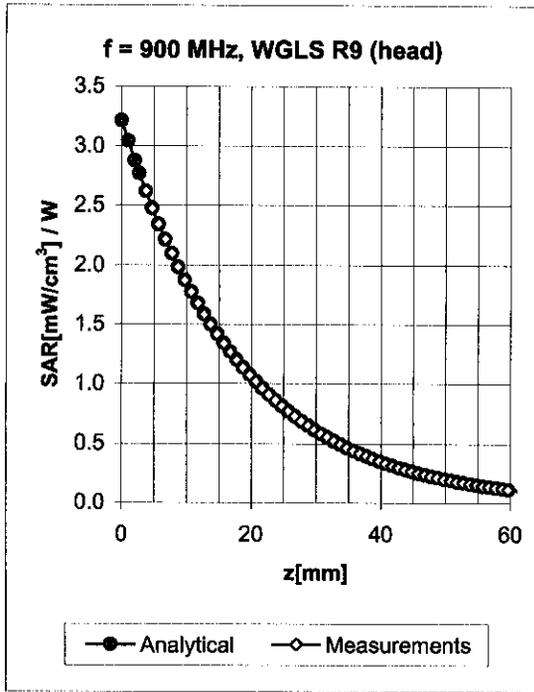
Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$

(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment

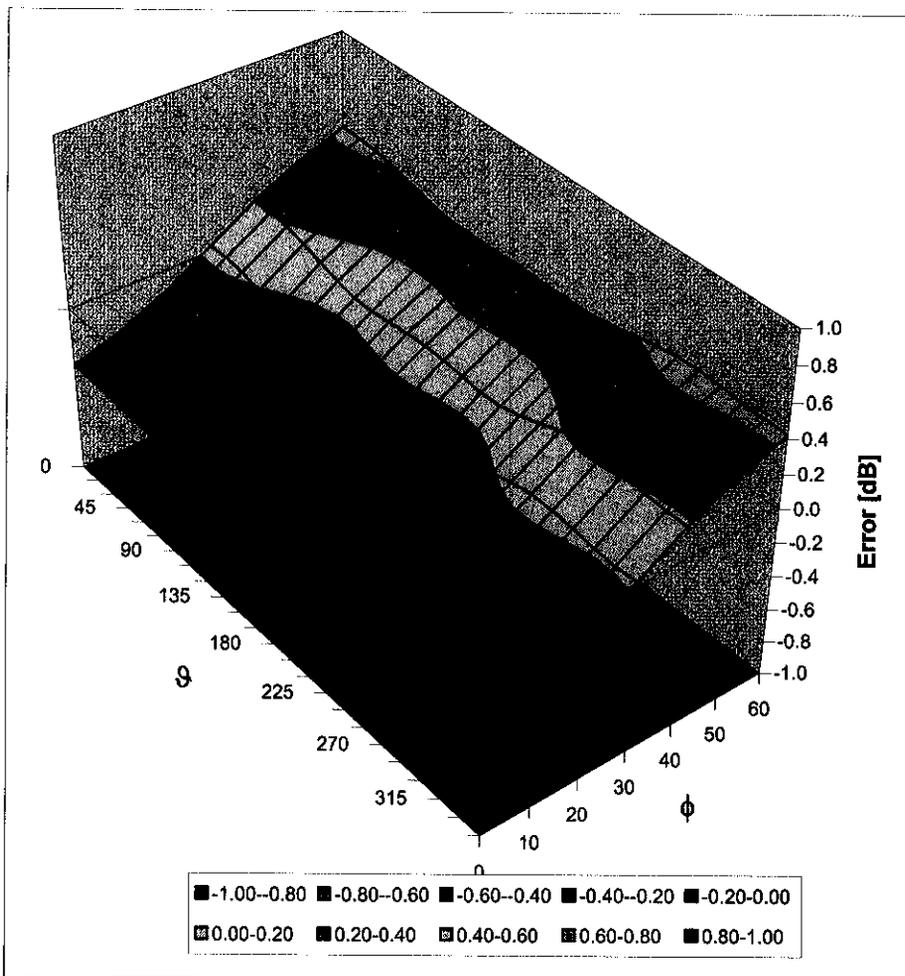


| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.90 ± 5% | 0.26 | 2.73 | 6.58 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.26 | 2.84 | 6.30 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 0.45 | 2.73 | 5.20 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.47 | 2.82 | 5.11 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 0.62 | 2.02 | 4.54 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| | | | | | | | |
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.2 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.31 | 2.67 | 6.56 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 0.33 | 2.73 | 6.18 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 0.55 | 2.77 | 4.95 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.64 | 2.46 | 4.72 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.55 | 2.36 | 4.12 ± 11.8% (k=2) |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)