



Accredited testing laboratory

DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Test report no. : 2-4239-35-02/06
Type identification : AAB-1032021-BV
Test specification : IEEE P1528/D1.2
FCC-ID : PY7A1032021
IC-ID : 4170B-A1032021

Table of Contents

1	General Information.....	3
1.1	Notes	3
1.1.1	Statement of Compliance.....	3
1.2	Testing laboratory.....	4
1.3	Details of applicant.....	4
1.4	Application details.....	4
1.5	Test item.....	5
1.6	Test specification(s)	6
1.6.1	RF exposure limits.....	6
2	Technical test.....	7
2.1	Summary of test results	7
2.2	Test environment.....	7
2.3	Measurement and test set-up	7
2.4	Measurement system	8
2.4.1	System Description	8
2.4.2	Test environment	9
2.4.3	Probe description	9
2.4.4	Phantom description	10
2.4.5	Device holder description	10
2.4.6	Scanning procedure.....	11
2.4.7	Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation.....	12
2.4.8	Data Storage and Evaluation.....	13
2.4.9	Test equipment utilized.....	15
2.4.10	Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties.....	16
2.4.11	Tissue simulating liquids: parameters.....	17
2.4.12	Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test	18
2.4.13	Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system validation.....	19
2.4.14	System validation.....	20
2.4.15	Validation procedure.....	21
2.5	Test results (Head and Body SAR).....	22
2.5.1	General description of test procedures.....	23
2.6	Test results (conducted power measurement).....	24
Annex 1	System performance verification.....	25
Annex 2	Measurement results (printout from DASY TM)	31
Annex 2.1	GSM 850 MHz head	31
Annex 2.2	GSM 850 MHz body.....	40
Annex 2.3	GSM 1900 MHz head	44
Annex 2.4	GSM 1900 MHz body.....	49
Annex 3	Photo documentation	53
Annex 3.1	DUT view and test position.....	53
Annex 3.2	Liquid depth.....	66
Annex 3.3	Z-axis scans.....	68
Annex 4	RF Technical Brief Cover Sheet acc. to RSS-102	70
Annex 4.1	Declaration of RF Exposure Compliance.....	70
Annex 5	Calibration parameters.....	71

1 General Information

1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in 1.5. The CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

1.1.1 Statement of Compliance

The SAR values found for the AAB-1032021-BV Mobile Phone GSM850/1800/1900 are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1 g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C 95.1:1999, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Health Canada's Safety Code 6 and the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure.

For body worn operation, this phone has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 15 mm from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in chapter 2.3 of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 1.5.

Test engineer:

2007-01-24

Oleksandr Hnatovskiy



Date

Name

Signature

Technical responsibility for area of testing:

2007-01-24

Fabien Coulet



Date

Name

Signature

1.2 Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH
Untertuerkheimer Straße 6-10,
66117 Saarbruecken
Germany
Telephone: + 49 681 598 - 0
Fax: + 49 681 598 - 8475

e-mail: info@ict.cetecom.de
Internet: <http://www.cetecom-ict.de>

State of accreditation: The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Test location, if different from CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Name: ---
Street: ---
Town: ---
Country: ---
Phone: ---
Fax: ---

1.3 Details of applicant

Name: CETECOM GmbH
Street: Im Teelbruch 116
Town: 45219 Essen
Country: Germany
Contact: Karin Silberhorn
Telephone: +49 (0) 2054 95 19-9 42

1.4 Application details

Date of receipt of application: 2006-07-13
Date of receipt of test item: 2006-11-30
Start/Date of test: 2006-11-30
End of test: 2007-01-23

Person(s) present during the test: ---

1.5 Test item

Description of the test item: Mobile Phone GSM850/1800/1900 EDGE/BT
 Type identification: AAB-1032021-BV
 FCC-ID: PY7A1032021
 IC-ID: 4170B-A1032021
 Serial number: CB510AB6KZ

Manufacturer:

Name: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
 Street: Nya Vattentorget
 Town: 22188 Lund
 Country: Sweden

additional information on the DUT:			
device type :	portable device		
IMEI No :	00460101936774-8-01		
exposure category:	uncontrolled environment / general population		
test device production information	identical prototype		
device operating configurations:			
operating mode(s)	DCS, PCS, Bluetooth class 2		
modulation:	GMSK, 8-PSK		
GPRS mobile station class:	B		
GPRS multislots class:	8	voice mode : ---	
EGPRS multislots class	2	voice mode : ---	
maximum no. of timeslots in uplink:	1		
operating frequency range(s)	PCS 1900 (tested)	PCS 850 (tested)	DCS 1800
- transmitter frequency range:	1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz	1710 MHz ~ 1785 MHz
- receiver frequency range:	1930.2 MHz ~ 1989.8 MHz	869.2 MHz ~ 893.8 MHz	1805 MHz ~ 1880 MHz
Power class :	1, tested with power level 0 (1900 MHz band) 4, tested with power level 5 (850 MHz band)		
measured peak output power (conducted):	850 band: 32.9 dBm (GPRS); 32.5 dBm (EGPRS) 1900 band: 30.1dBm (GPRS); 29.0 dBm (EGPRS)		
test channels (low – mid – high):	128 – 190 – 251 (850 MHz band) 661(1900 MHz band)		
hardware version :	TP1		
software version :	R1GA02		
antenna type :	Integrated antenna		
accessories / body-worn configurations :	Stereo headset		
battery options :	Standard Battery BST-36 Li-Polymer 3.6V; 780mAh Type CBA-0001006		

1.6 Test specification(s)

Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)

IEEE P1528/D1.2 (April 21, 2003)

RSS-102: Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 2 of November 2005))

Canada’s Safety Code 6: Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz (99-EHD-237)

IEEE Std C95.3 – 1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.

IEEE Std C95.1 – 1999, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.

1.6.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Table 1: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2 Technical test

2.1 Summary of test results

No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
The deviations as specified in 2.5 were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.	<input type="checkbox"/>

2.2 Test environment

General Environment conditions in the test area are as follows:

Ambient temperature: 20°C – 24°C
 Tissue simulating liquid: 20°C – 24°C
 Humidity: 40% – 50%

Exact temperature values for each test are shown in the table(s) under 2.5. and/or on the measurement plots.

2.3 Measurement and test set-up

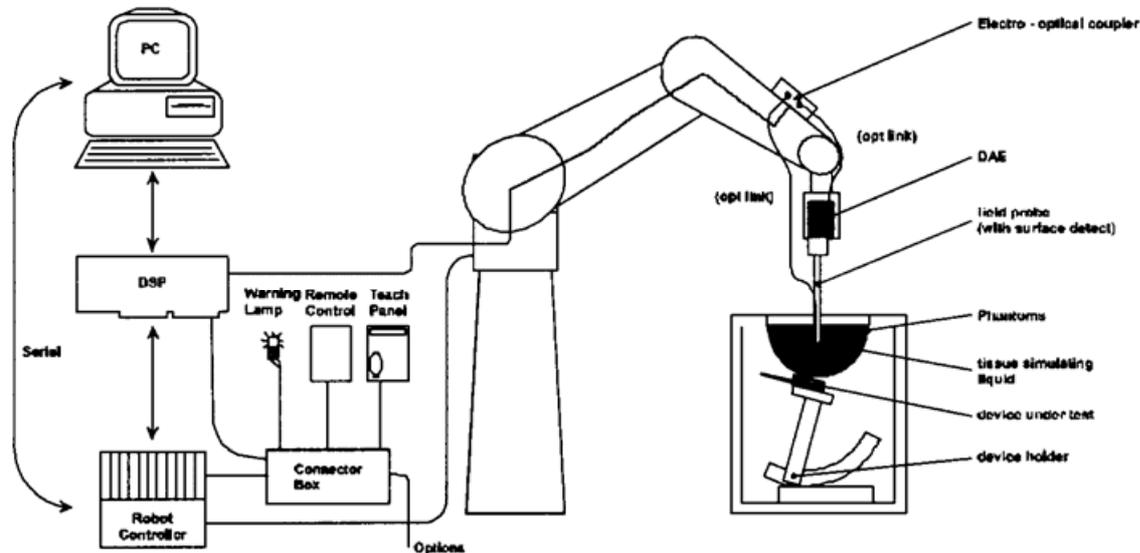
The measurement system is described in chapter 2.4.

The test setup for the system validation can be found in chapter 2.4.14.

A description of positioning and test signal control can be found in chapter 2.5 together with the test results.

2.4 Measurement system

2.4.1 System Description



The DAS4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DAS4 measurement server.
- The DAS4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2000
- DAS4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

2.4.2 Test environment

The DASY4 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions: 5 x 2.5 x 3 m³, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.4.3 Probe description

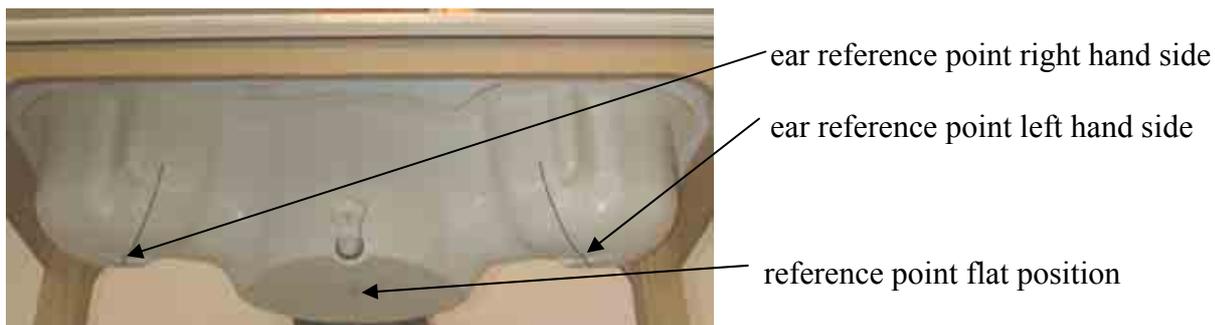
Isotropic E-Field Probe ET3DV6 for Dosimetric Measurements

Technical data according to manufacturer information	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycoether)
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) at 900 (800-1000) MHz and 1.8 GHz (1700-1910 MHz) (accuracy ± 9.5%; k=2) Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic range	5 µW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces (ET3DV6 only)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (ET3DV6)

2.4.4 Phantom description

The used SAM Phantom meets the requirements specified in Edition 01-01 of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65 for Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements.

The phantom consists of a fibreglass shell integrated in a wooden table. It allows left-hand and right-hand head as well as body-worn measurements with a maximum liquid depth of 18 cm in head position and 22 cm in planar position (body measurements). The thickness of the Phantom shell is 2 mm +/- 0.1 mm.



2.4.5 Device holder description

The DASY4 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.

2.4.6 Scanning procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The „reference“ and „drift“ measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The „surface check“ measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.)
- The „area scan“ measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension. If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex 2.
- A „7x7x7 zoom scan“ measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous „coarse“ scan. This is a fine 7x7 grid where the robot additionally moves the probe in 7 steps along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. Grid spacing for the cube measurement is 5 mm in x and y-direction and 5 mm in z-direction. DASY4 is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex 2. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.6.) are shown in table form in chapter 2.5.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can - depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in annex 2.

2.4.7 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 7 x 7 x 7 points. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR - values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY4 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.

2.4.8 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)
 [mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes
 $ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m
 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

2.4.9 Test equipment utilized

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment

Devices used during the test described in chapter 2.5. are marked

	Manufacturer	Device	Type	Serial number	Date of last calibration)*
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1558	August 30, 2006
<input type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1559	January 19, 2006
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D900V2	102	August 18, 2006
<input type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1800 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1800V2	287	August 22, 2006
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	1900 MHz System Validation Dipole	D1900V2	5d009	August 16, 2006
<input type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	710	August 21, 2006
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE3V1	413	January 12, 2006
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Data acquisition electronics	DAE3V1	413	January 18, 2007
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Software	DASY 4 V4.5	---	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Phantom	SAM	---	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Rohde & Schwarz	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	832221/0055	January 12, 2006
<input type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Network Analyser 300 kHz to 3 GHz	8753C	2936A00872	July 15, 2004
<input type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	US99360146	N/A
<input type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Peak Power Analyzer	8990A	3128A00169	August 23, 2005
<input type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Peak Power Sensor	84813A	3125A00111	August 25, 2005
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Signal Generator	8665A	2833A00112	November 08, 2005
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Amplifier Reasearch	Amplifier	25S1G4 (25 Watt)	20452	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power Meter	438A	2804U01006	February 4, 2006
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8482A	2703A03025	February 4, 2006

)* : Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a 50 Ohm resistor performed before measuring liquid parameters.

2.4.10 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(liquids used for tests described in chapter 2.5. are marked with ☒) :

Ingredients (% of weight)	Frequency (MHz)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> 450	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 835	<input type="checkbox"/> 900	<input type="checkbox"/> 1800	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900	<input type="checkbox"/> 2450
frequency band	<input type="checkbox"/> 450	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 835	<input type="checkbox"/> 900	<input type="checkbox"/> 1800	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900	<input type="checkbox"/> 2450
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	40.92	52.64	54.9	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	1.48	0.36	0.18	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	56.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.92	0.0

Table 2: Head tissue dielectric properties

Ingredients (% of weight)	Frequency (MHz)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> 450	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 835	<input type="checkbox"/> 900	<input type="checkbox"/> 1800	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900	<input type="checkbox"/> 2450
frequency band	<input type="checkbox"/> 450	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 835	<input type="checkbox"/> 900	<input type="checkbox"/> 1800	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900	<input type="checkbox"/> 2450
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	56.0	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.76	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	41.76	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	1.21	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

Table 3: Body tissue dielectric properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

2.4.11 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Used Target Frequency [MHz]	Target Head Tissue		Measured Head Tissue		Measured Date
	Permittivity	Conductivity [S/m]	Permittivity	Conductivity [S/m]	
835	41.5	0.90	41.1	0.87	2006-11-30
900	42.0	0.99	41.4	0.93	2006-11-30
1900	40.0	1.40	39.3	1.37	2006-12-01

Table 4: Parameter of the head tissue simulating liquid

Used Target Frequency [MHz]	Target Body Tissue		Measured Body Tissue		Measured Date
	Permittivity	Conductivity [S/m]	Permittivity	Conductivity [S/m]	
835	55.2	0.97	54.8	0.98	2006-12-02
900	55.0	1.05	54.5	1.06	2006-12-02
835	55.2	0.97	54.9	0.96	2007-01-23
900	55.0	1.05	54.3	1.02	2007-01-23
1900	53.3	1.52	52.9	1.52	2006-12-01
1900	53.3	1.52	52.6	1.52	2007-01-23

Table 5: Parameter of the body tissue simulating liquid

Note: The dielectric properties have been measured using the contact probe method at 21°C.

2.4.12 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 10,3\%$ ($K=1$).

The expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) is assessed to be $\pm 20.6\%$

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i 1g	c_i 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g	Standard Uncertainty 10g	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	$\pm 4.8\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 4.8\%$	$\pm 4.8\%$	∞
Axial isotropy	$\pm 4.7\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\pm 1.9\%$	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	$\pm 9.6\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.9\%$	$\pm 3.9\%$	∞
Spatial resolution	$\pm 0.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.0\%$	∞
Boundary effects	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Probe linearity	$\pm 4.7\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\pm 2.7\%$	∞
System detection limits	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Readout electronics	$\pm 1.0\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 1.0\%$	∞
Response time	$\pm 0.8\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5\%$	$\pm 0.5\%$	∞
Integration time	$\pm 2.6\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.5\%$	∞
RF ambient conditions	$\pm 3.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.7\%$	∞
Probe positioner	$\pm 0.4\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.2\%$	∞
Probe positioning	$\pm 2.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.7\%$	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device positioning	$\pm 2.9\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	145
Device holder uncertainty	$\pm 3.6\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 3.6\%$	5
Power drift	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	$\pm 4.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3\%$	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.6\%$	$\pm 1.1\%$	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.4\%$	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	∞
Combined Uncertainty						$\pm 10.3\%$	$\pm 10.0\%$	330
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						$\pm 20.6\%$	$\pm 20.1\%$	

Table 6: Measurement uncertainties

2.4.13 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system validation

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 8.4\%$ ($K=1$).

The expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) is assessed to be $\pm 16.8\%$

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i 1g	c_i 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g	Standard Uncertainty 10g	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	$\pm 4.8\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 4.8\%$	$\pm 4.8\%$	∞
Axial isotropy	$\pm 4.7\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\pm 1.9\%$	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	$\pm 0.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 3.9\%$	∞
Boundary effects	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Probe linearity	$\pm 4.7\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\pm 2.7\%$	∞
System detection limits	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Readout electronics	$\pm 1.0\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 1.0\%$	∞
Response time	$\pm 0.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.0\%$	∞
Integration time	$\pm 0.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.0\%$	$\pm 0.0\%$	∞
RF ambient conditions	$\pm 3.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.7\%$	∞
Probe positioner	$\pm 0.4\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.2\%$	∞
Probe positioning	$\pm 2.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.7\%$	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	∞
Test Sample Related								
Dipole axis to liquid distance	$\pm 2.0\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	∞
Power drift	$\pm 4.7\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\pm 2.7\%$	∞
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	$\pm 4.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3\%$	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.6\%$	$\pm 1.1\%$	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.4\%$	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	$\pm 2.5\%$	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	∞
Combined Uncertainty						$\pm 8.4\%$	$\pm 8.1\%$	
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						$\pm 16.8\%$	$\pm 16.2\%$	

Table 7: Measurement uncertainties

2.4.14 System validation

The system validation is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system validation is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows validation results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests of the test item described in chapter 1.5. (graphic plot(s) see annex 1).

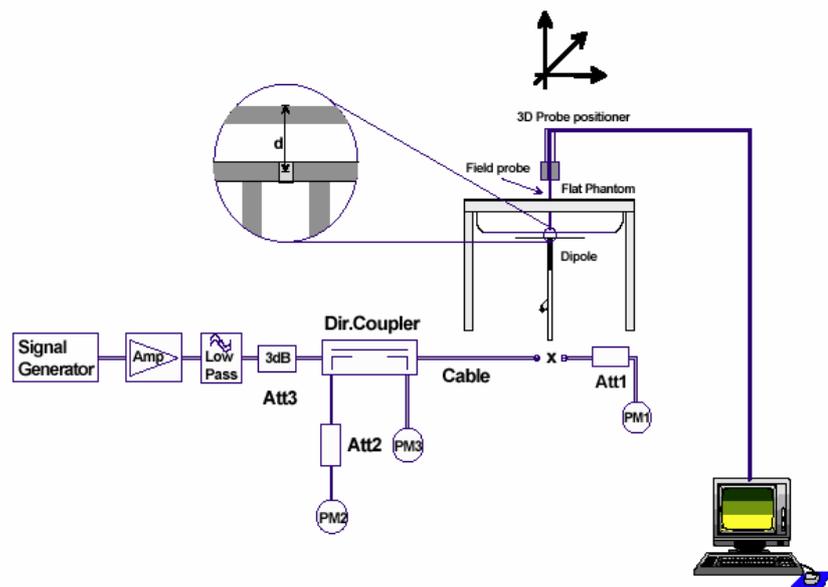
Validation Kit	Frequency	Target Peak SAR (1000 mW) (+/- 10%)	Target SAR_{1g} (1000 mW) (+/- 10%)	Measured Peak SAR	Measured SAR_{1g}	Measured date
D900V2 S/N: 102	900 MHz head	16.4 mW/g	11.1 mW/g	15.9 mW/g	10.5 mW/g	2006-11-30
D900V2 S/N: 102	900 MHz body	16.5 mW/g	10.9 mW/g	16.1 mW/g	11.0 mW/g	2006-12-02
D900V2 S/N: 102	900 MHz body	16.5 mW/g	10.9 mW/g	16.0 mW/g	10.9 mW/g	2007-01-23
D1900V2 S/N: 5d009	1900 MHz head	64.8 mW/g	38.4 mW/g	65.0 mW/g	37.3 mW/g	2006-12-01
D1900V2 S/N: 5d009	1900 MHz body	68.4 mW/g	38.9 mW/g	62.9 mW/g	37.8 mW/g	2006-12-01
D1900V2 S/N: 5d009	1900 MHz body	68.4 mW/g	38.9 mW/g	64.3 mW/g	38.3 mW/g	2007-01-23

Table 8: Results system validation

2.4.15 Validation procedure

The validation is performed by using a validation dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a Plexiglas spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaptation to SMA. It is fed with a power of 1000 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the validation to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

Validation results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



2.5 Test results (Head and Body SAR)

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g

Channel / frequency	Position	Left hand position	Right hand position	Limit	Liquid temperature
190 / 836.6 MHz	cheek	0.956 W/kg	0.880 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.2/21.2 °C
190 / 836.6 MHz	cheek + BT	1.040 W/kg	Not necessary	1.6 W/kg	21.3 °C
190 / 836.6 MHz	tilted 15°	0.189 W/kg	0.158 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.1/21.2 °C
128 / 824.2 MHz	cheek	0.855 W/kg	0.785 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.1/21.2 °C
251 / 848.8 MHz	cheek	0.865 W/kg	0.770 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.1/21.3 °C

Table 9: Test results (Head SAR 850 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g

Channel / frequency	Position	Body worn	Limit	Liquid temperature
190 / 836.6 MHz	front	0.137 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.7 °C
190 / 836.6 MHz	rear	0.714 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.7 °C
190 / 836.6 MHz	rear + BT	0.770 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.6 °C
190 / 836.6 MHz EGPRS	rear + BT	0.136 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.1 °C
128 / 824.2 MHz	rear	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	----
251 / 848.8 MHz	rear	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	----

Table 10: Test results (Body SAR 850 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Tests in body position were performed with 15 mm air gap between DUT and SAM to simulate the use of a non-metallic belt-clip or holster.

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g

Channel / frequency	Position	Left hand position	Right hand position	Limit	Liquid temperature
661 / 1880.0 MHz	cheek	0.319 W/kg	0.338 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.4/20.6 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	cheek + BT	not necessary	0.346 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.6 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	tilted 15°	0.103 W/kg	0.091 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.5/20.5 °C
512 / 1850.2 MHz	cheek	not necessary	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	---- °C
810 / 1909.8 MHz	cheek	not necessary	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	---- °C

Table 11: Test results (Head SAR 1900 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g

Channel / frequency	Position	Body worn	Limit	Liquid temperature
661 / 1880.0 MHz	front	0.082 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.2 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	rear	0.331 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.1 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz	rear + BT	0.332 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	21.3 °C
661 / 1880.0 MHz EGPRS	rear + BT	0.107 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	20.1 °C
512 / 1850.2 MHz	rear	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	----
810 / 1909.8 MHz	rear	not necessary	1.6 W/kg	----

Table 12: Test results (Body SAR 1900 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Tests in body position were performed with 15 mm air gap between DUT and SAM to simulate the use of a non-metallic belt-clip or holster.

2.5.1 General description of test procedures

The DUT is tested using a CMU 200 communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.

Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.

Tests in body position are performed with the maximum number of timeslots in uplink.

Tests in head position are performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots (see chapter 1.5 for details).

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

2.6 Test results (conducted power measurement)

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200 was used. The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. The conducted output power was measured before and after each SAR measurement. The resulting power values were within a 0.2 dB tolerance of the values shown below.

PCS 850 peak power		
Channel	GPRS	EGPRS
128	32.8 dBm	32.2 dBm
190	32.9 dBm	32.5 dBm
251	32.9 dBm	32.5 dBm
PCS 1900 peak power		
Channel	GPRS	EGPRS
661	30.1 dBm	29.0 dBm

Table 13: Test results conducted peak power measurement

Annex 1 System performance verification

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 14:30:38 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 14:36:40

System Performance Check-D900-850 head 2006-11-30

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.08, 6.08, 6.08); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

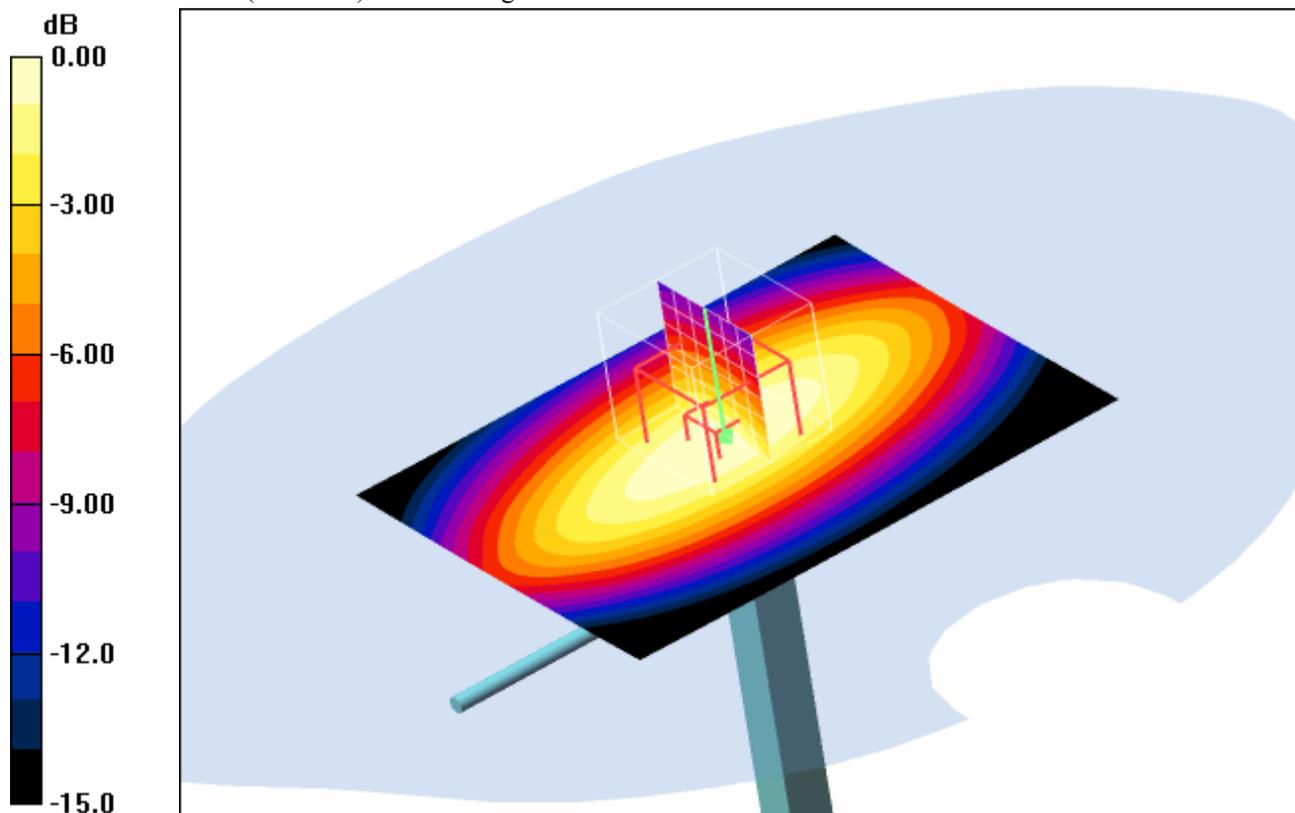
d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 110.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.72 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



0 dB = 11.3mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-02 14:58:32 Date/Time: 2006-12-02 15:04:33

System Performance Check-D900-850 body 2006-12-02

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.06 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(5.94, 5.94, 5.94); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.0 mW/g

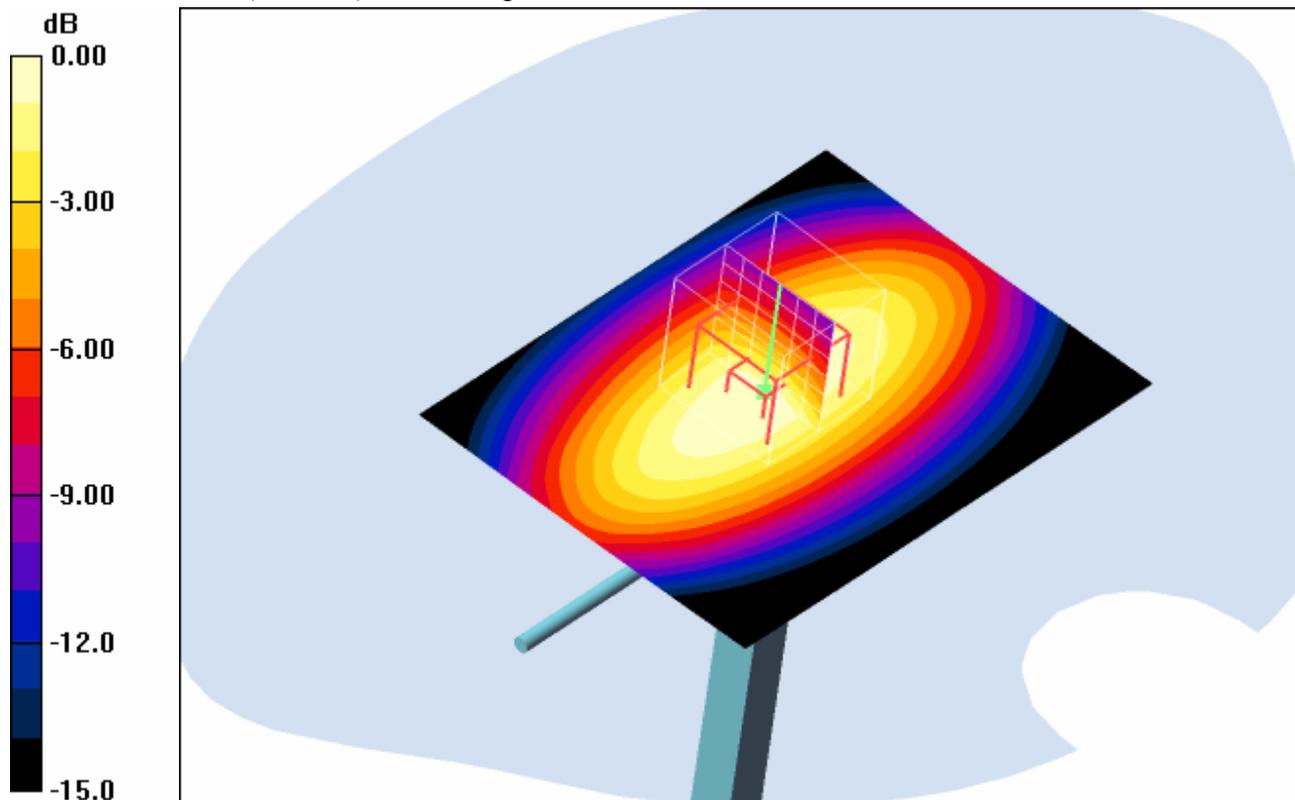
d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 7.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



0 dB = 11.9mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 21.5°C; liquid temperature: 20.7°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 09:54:56 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 09:58:59

System Performance Check-D1900 head 2006-12-01

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 45.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

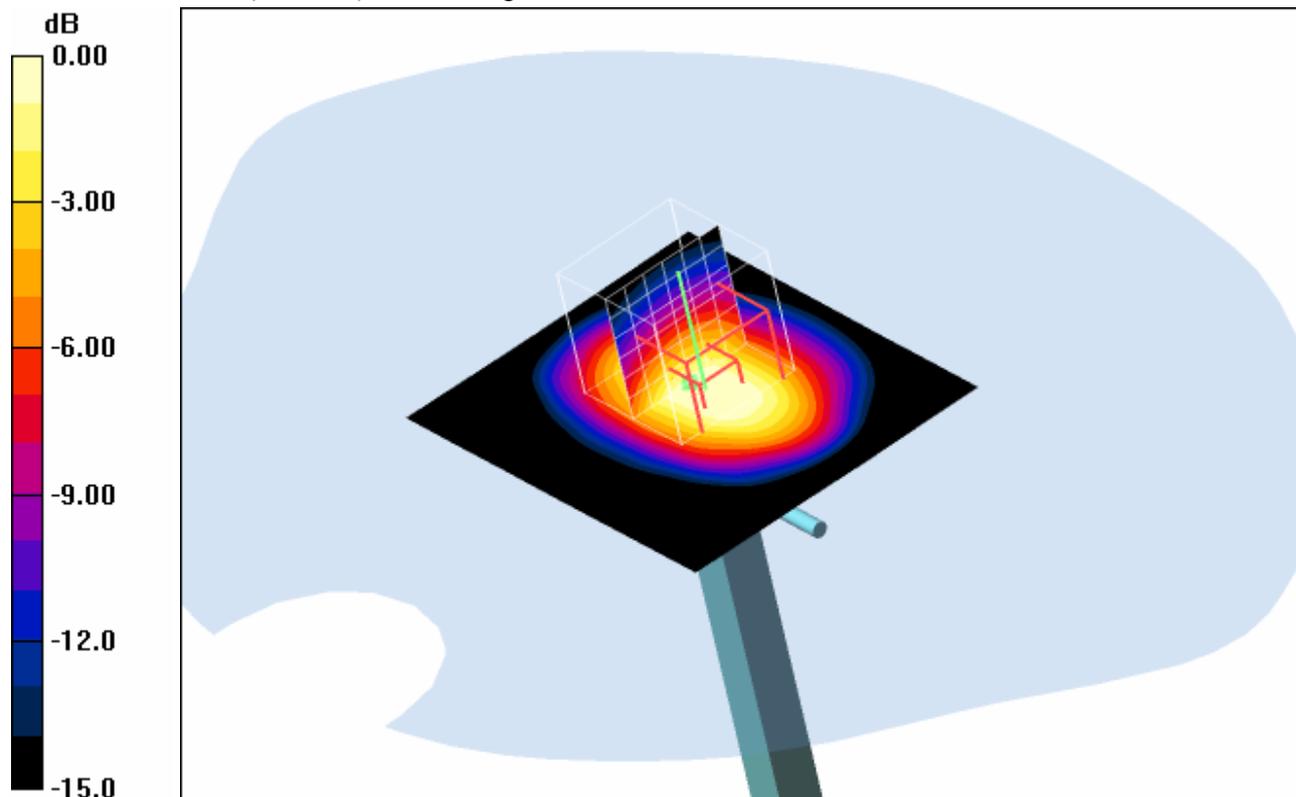
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 174.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 65.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 37.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 19.7 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 42.2 mW/g



0 dB = 42.2mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 21.7°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 12:41:55 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 12:45:56

System Performance Check-D1900 body 2006-12-01

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 44.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

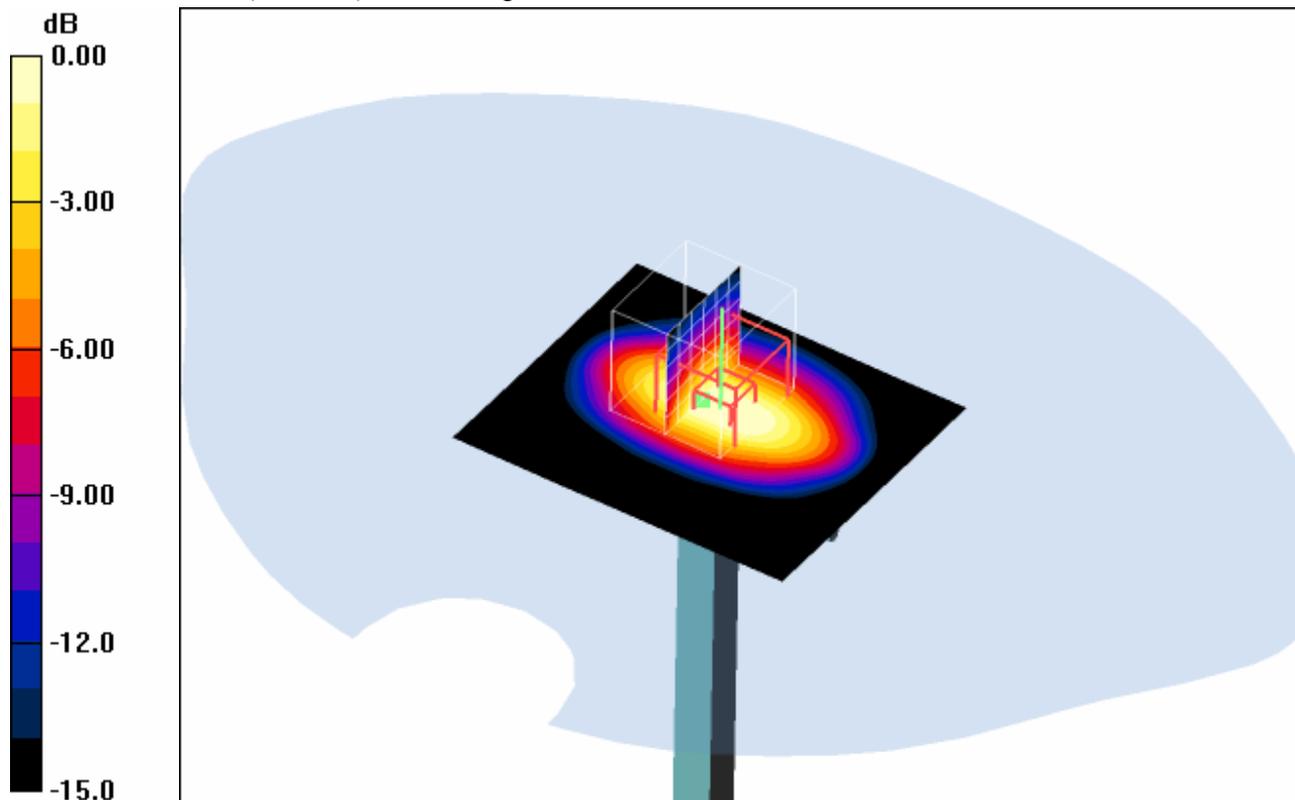
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 159.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 62.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 37.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 20.2 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 42.8 mW/g



0 dB = 42.8mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.6°C; liquid temperature: 21.3°C

System Performance Check-D900-850 body 2007-01-23

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: $f = 900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(5.94, 5.94, 5.94); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.9 mW/g

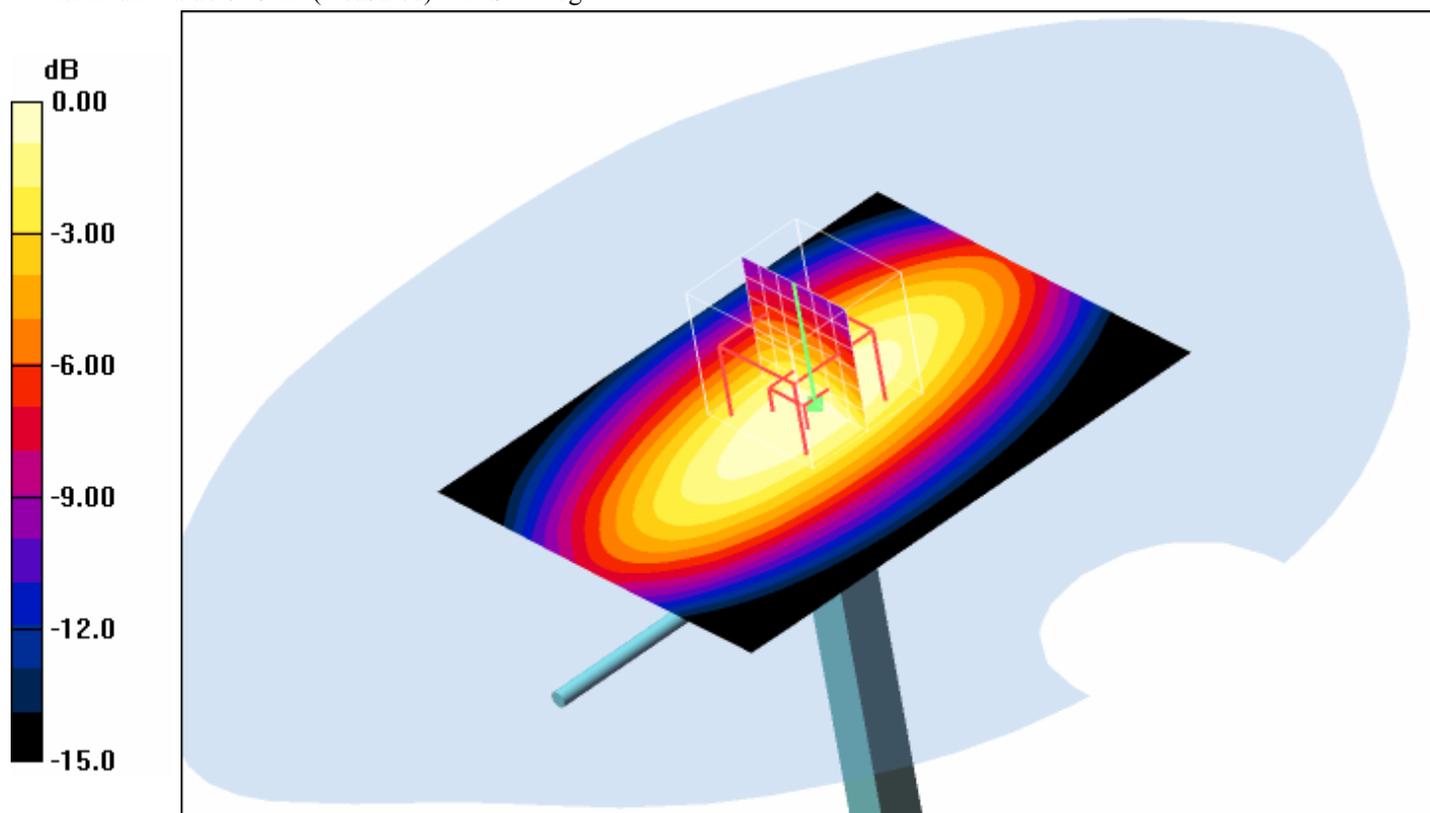
d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 109.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 7.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



0 dB = 11.9mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.0°C; liquid temperature: 20.1°C

Date/Time: 2007-01-23 16:00:27 Date/Time: 2007-01-23 16:04:27

System Performance Check-D1900 body 2007-01-23

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.4 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

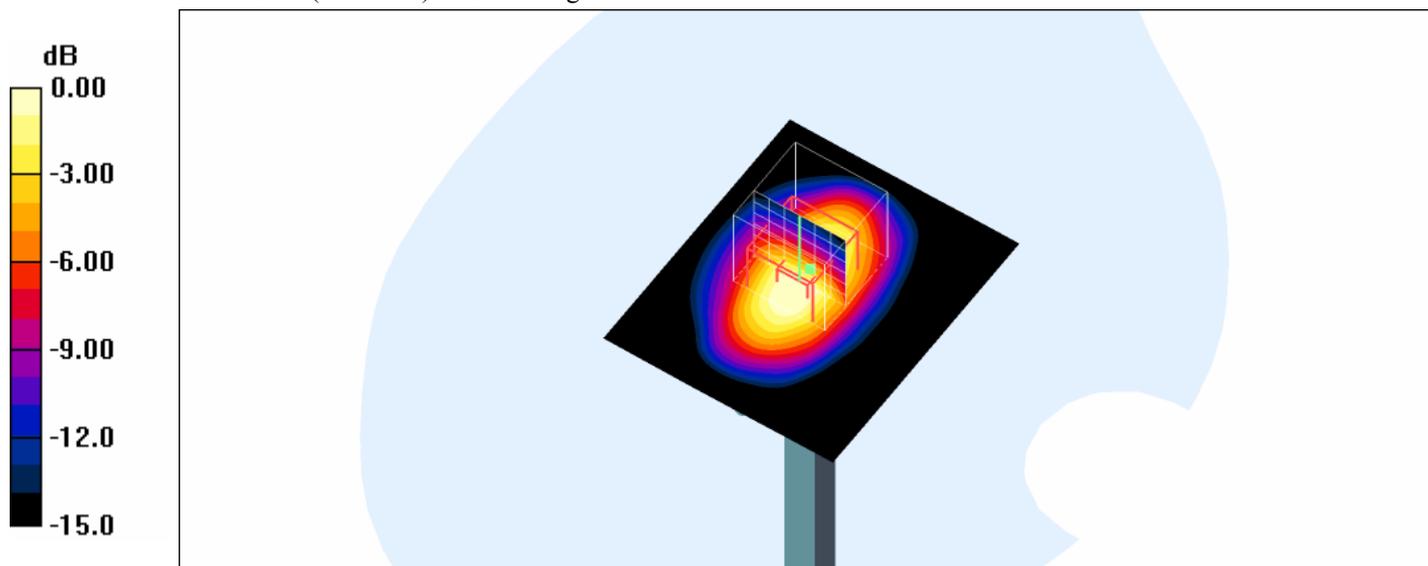
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 172.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.049 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 64.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 20.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.4 mW/g



0 dB = 43.4mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.8°C; liquid temperature: 20.1°C

Annex 2 Measurement results (printout from DASY TM)

Remark: results of conducted power measurements: see chapter 2.5/2.6 (if applicable)

Annex 2.1 GSM 850 MHz head

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 15:26:38 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 15:34:05

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 mW/g

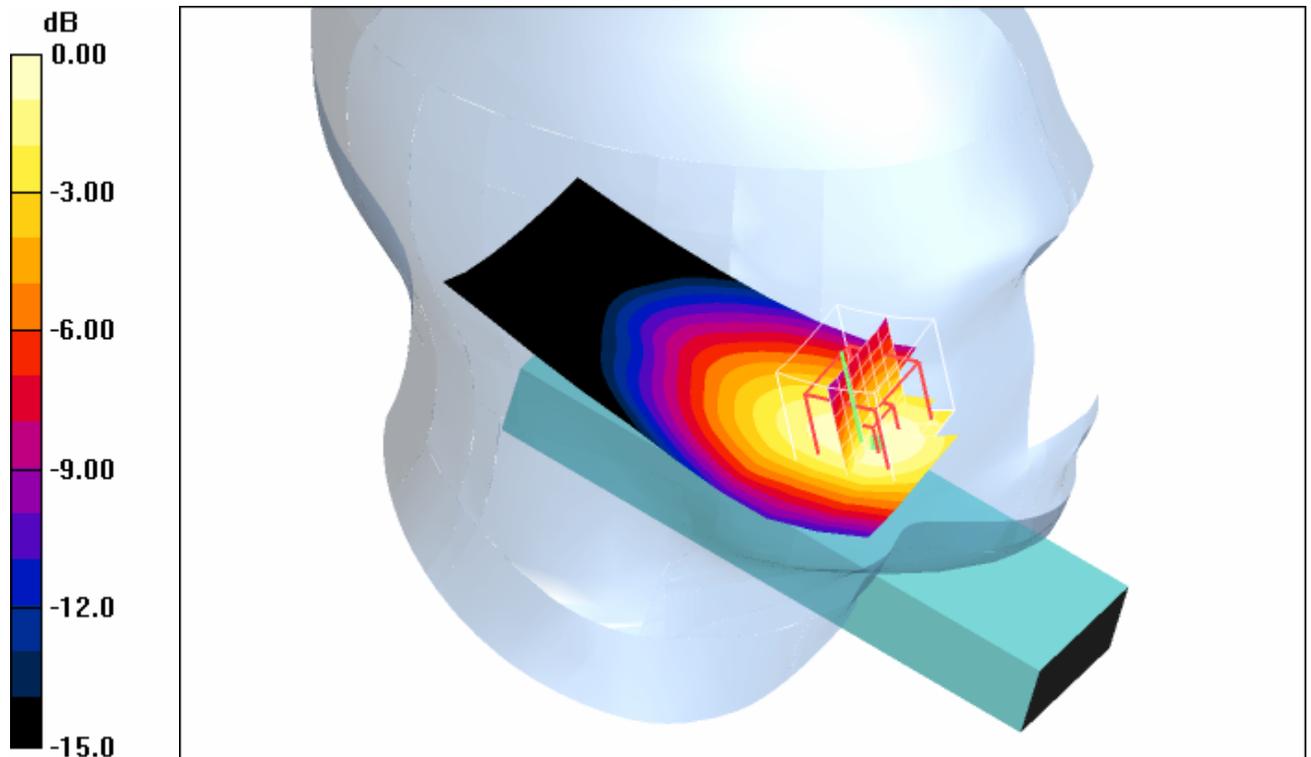
Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.956 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.656 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.6°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 15:52:27 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 15:59:03

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.195 mW/g

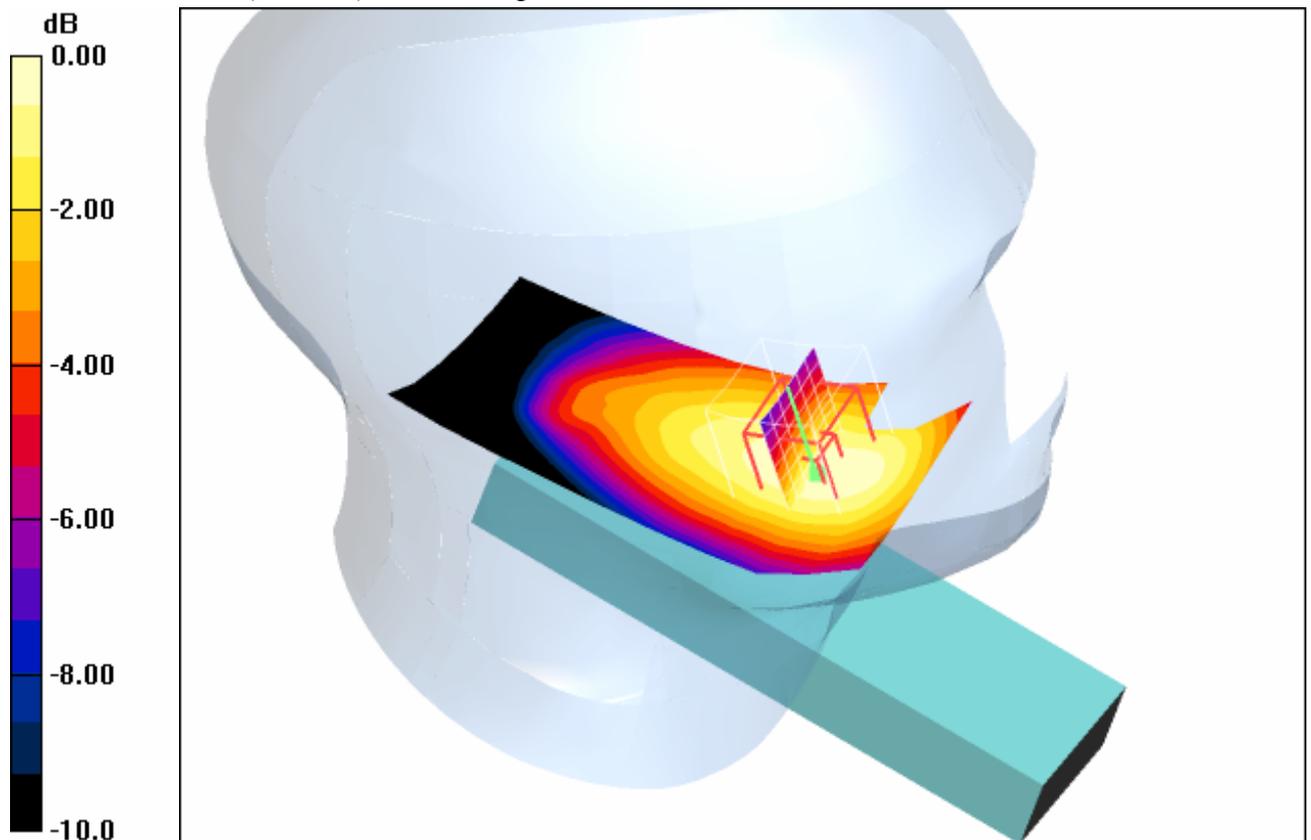
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.238 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.198 mW/g



0 dB = 0.198mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.4°C; liquid temperature: 21.1°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 16:23:24 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 16:30:01

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.891 mW/g

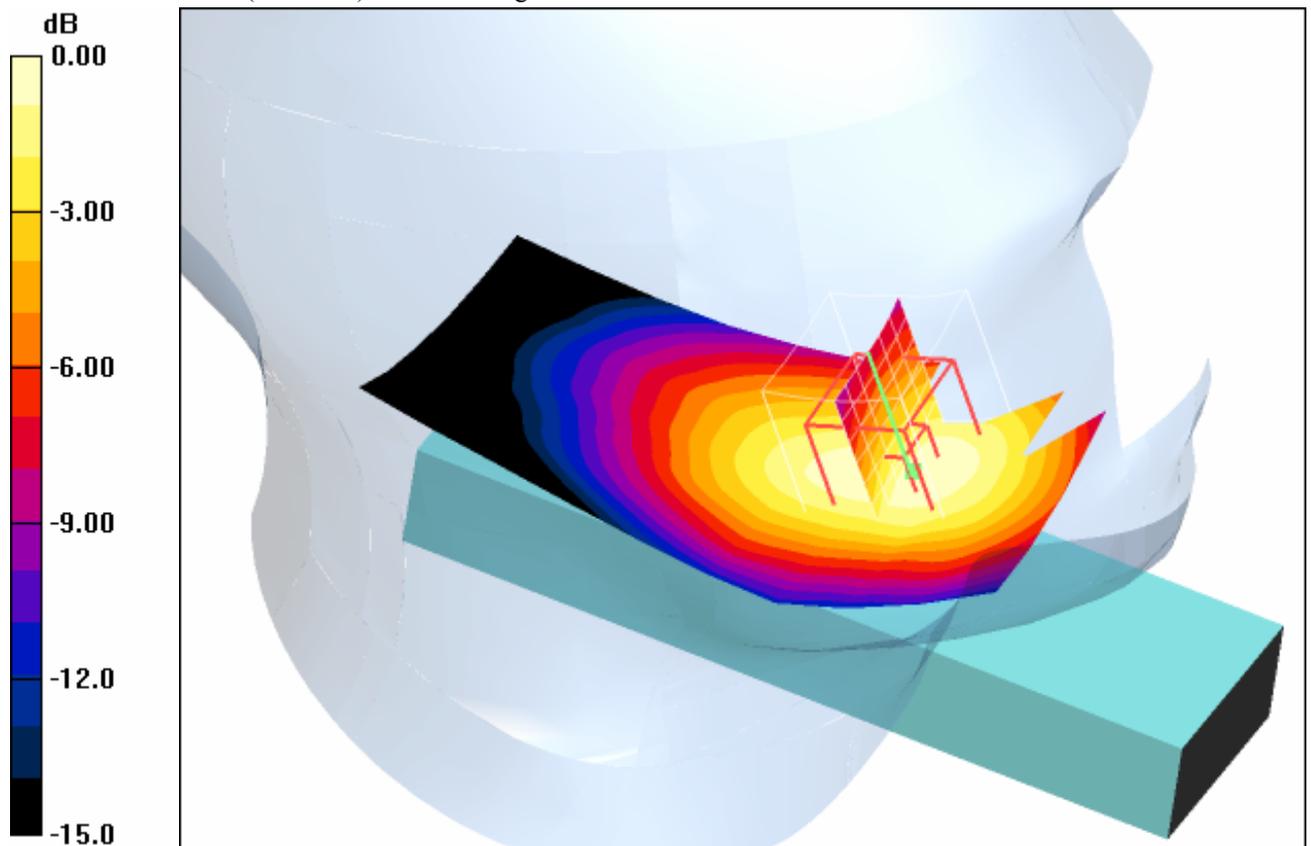
Worst-case - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.855 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.590 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.894 mW/g



0 dB = 0.894mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.4°C; liquid temperature: 21.1°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 16:46:18 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 16:53:13

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.913 mW/g

Worst-case - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$,

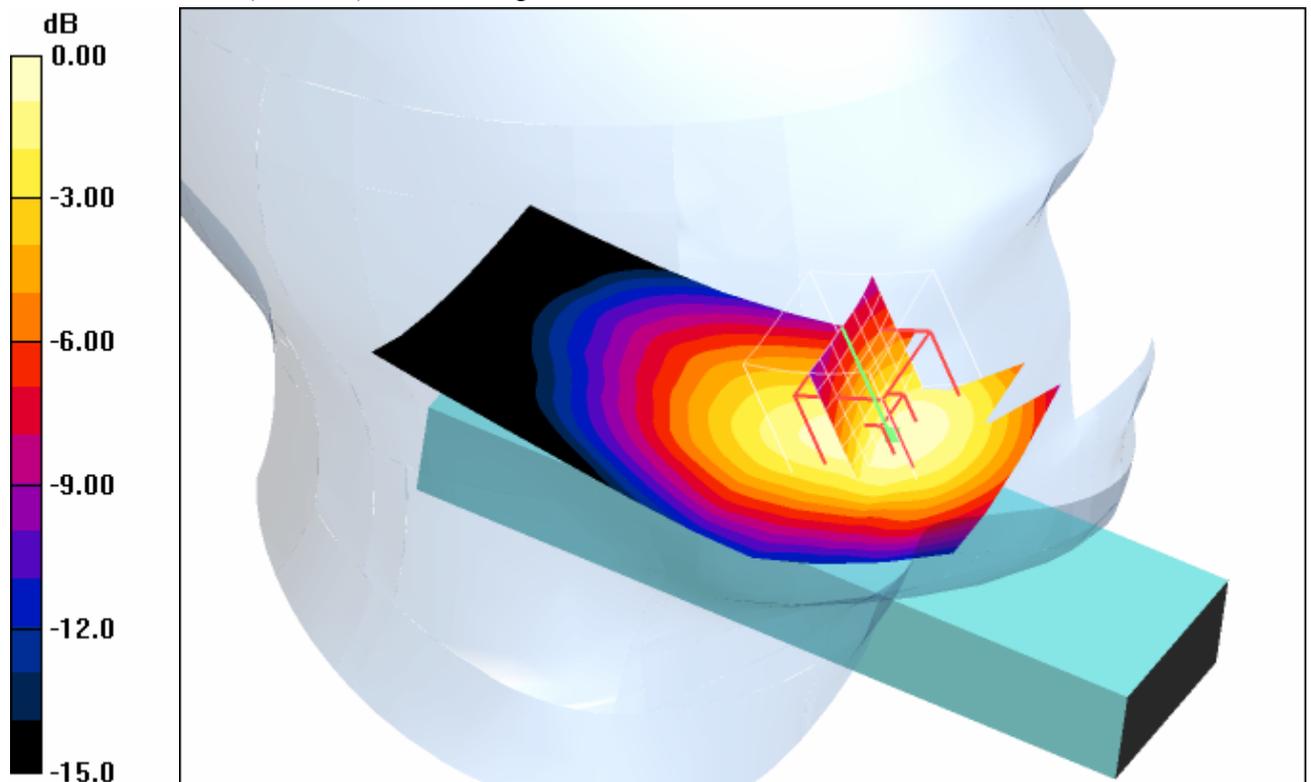
$dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 32.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.865 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.584 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.912 mW/g



0 dB = 0.912mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.1°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 19:58:14 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 20:04:54

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle + BT/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 mW/g

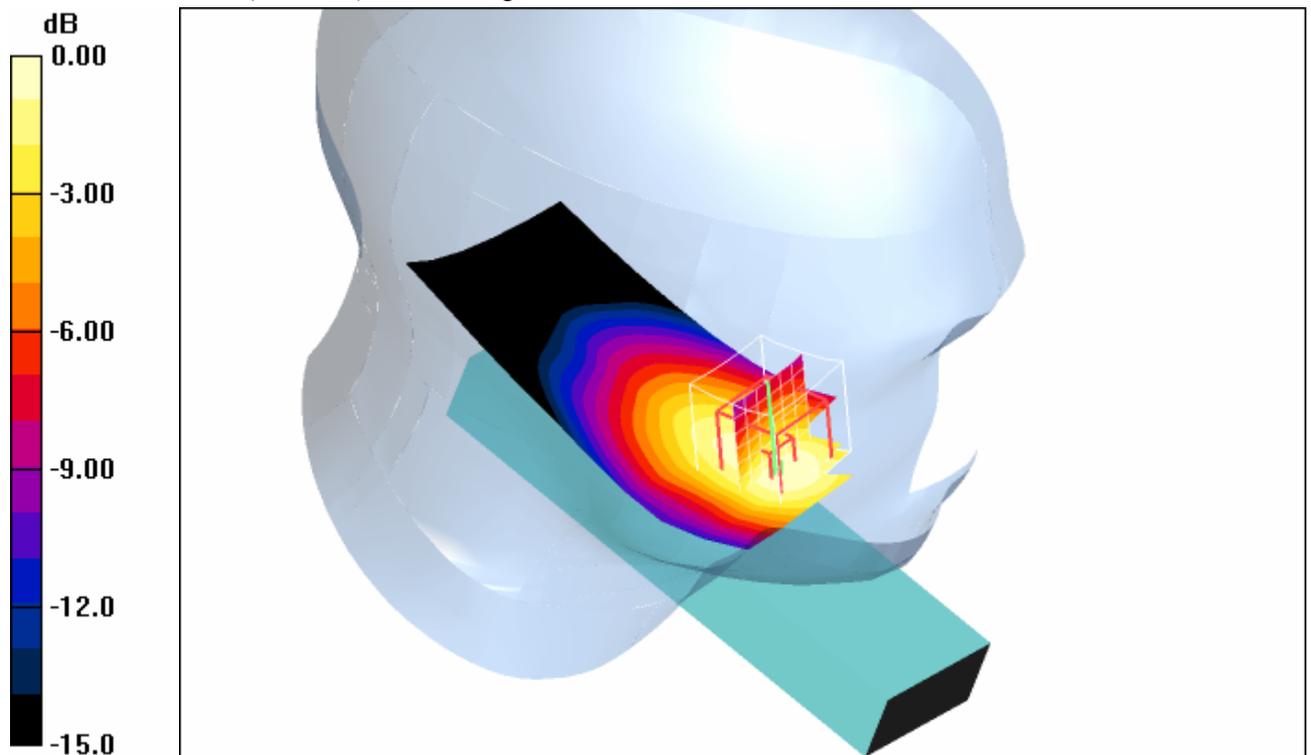
Touch position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.707 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 mW/g



0 dB = 1.10mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.3°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 17:38:54 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 17:45:23

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

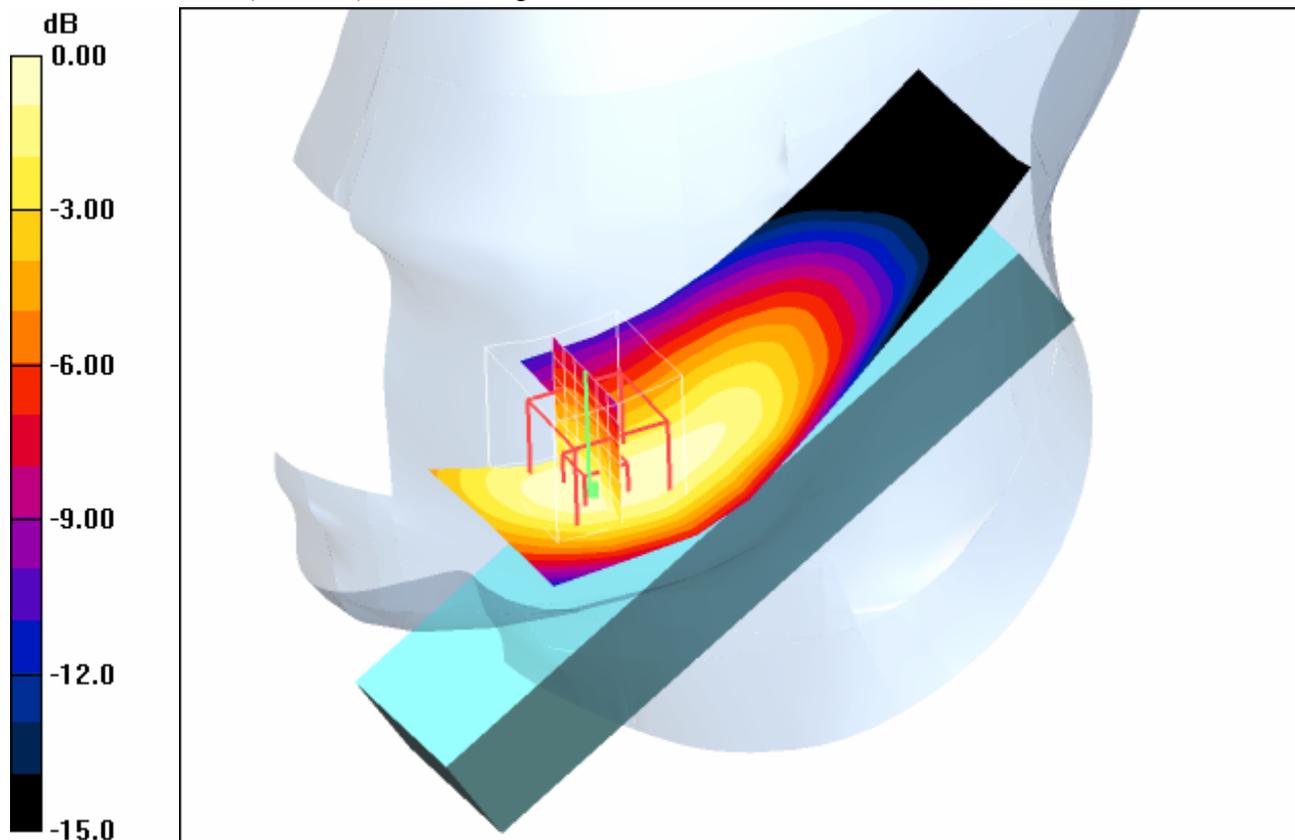
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.916 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 33.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.029 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.880 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.595 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.944 mW/g



0 dB = 0.944mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :
 ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 17:12:31 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 17:18:58

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 mW/g

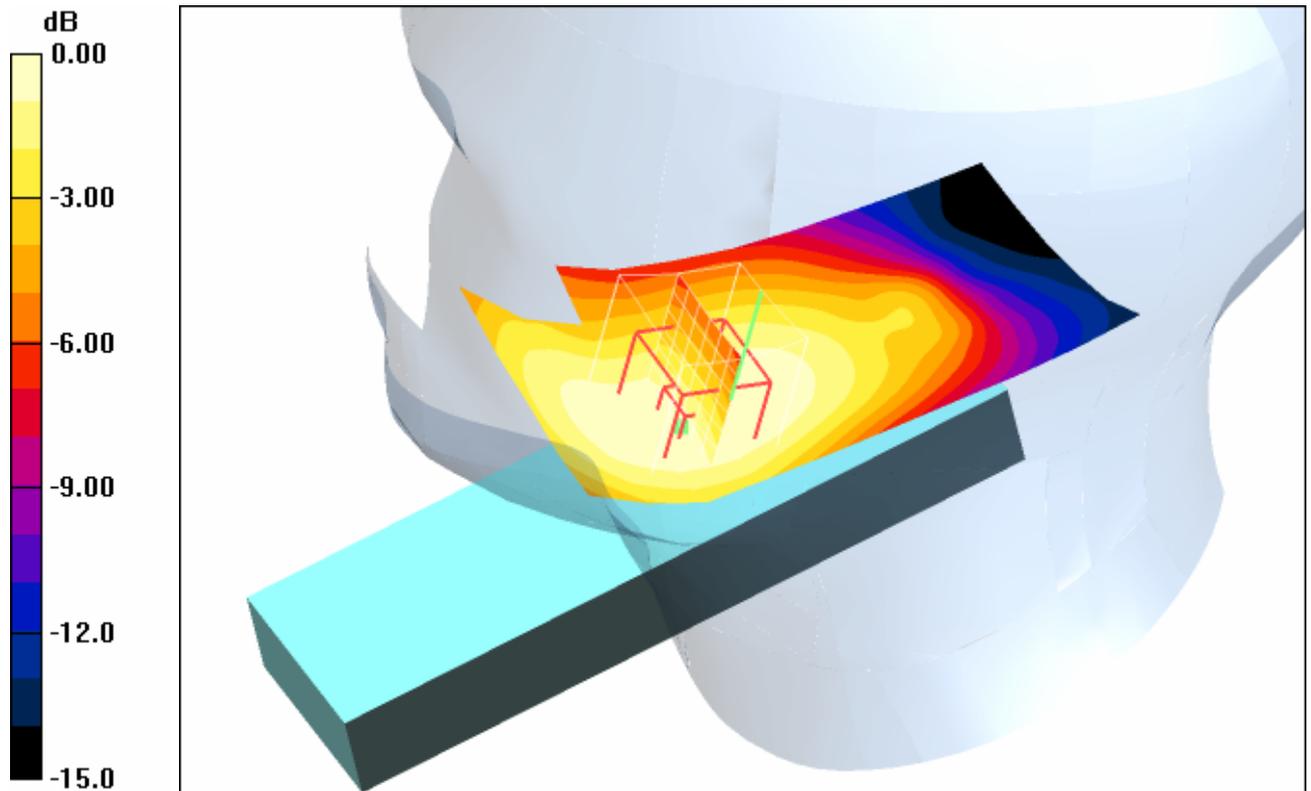
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.199 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.166 mW/g



0 dB = 0.166mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 18:03:42 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 18:10:09

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.805 mW/g

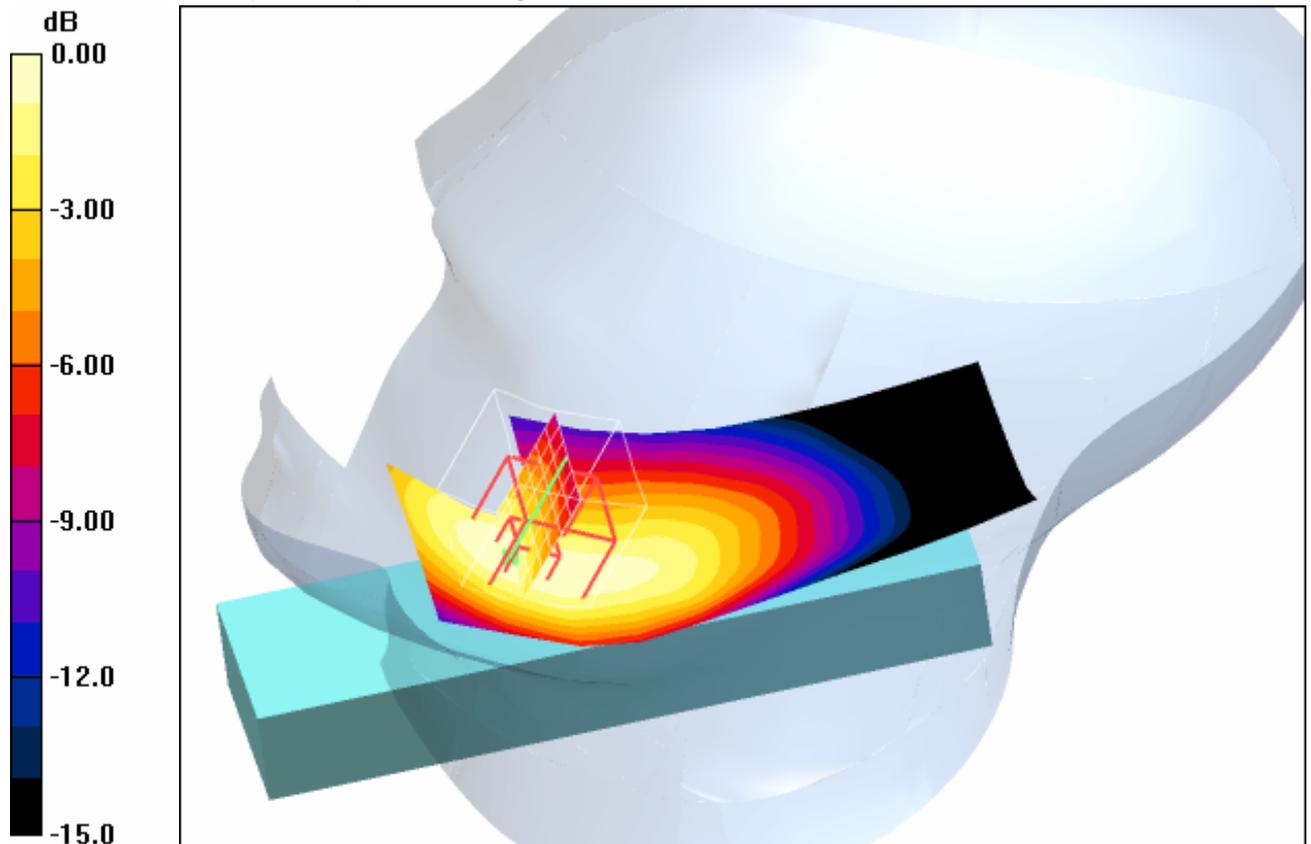
Worst-case - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.785 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.536 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.841 mW/g



0 dB = 0.841mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C

Date/Time: 2006-11-30 18:40:29 Date/Time: 2006-11-30 18:46:59

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Worst-case - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.793 mW/g

Worst-case - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$,

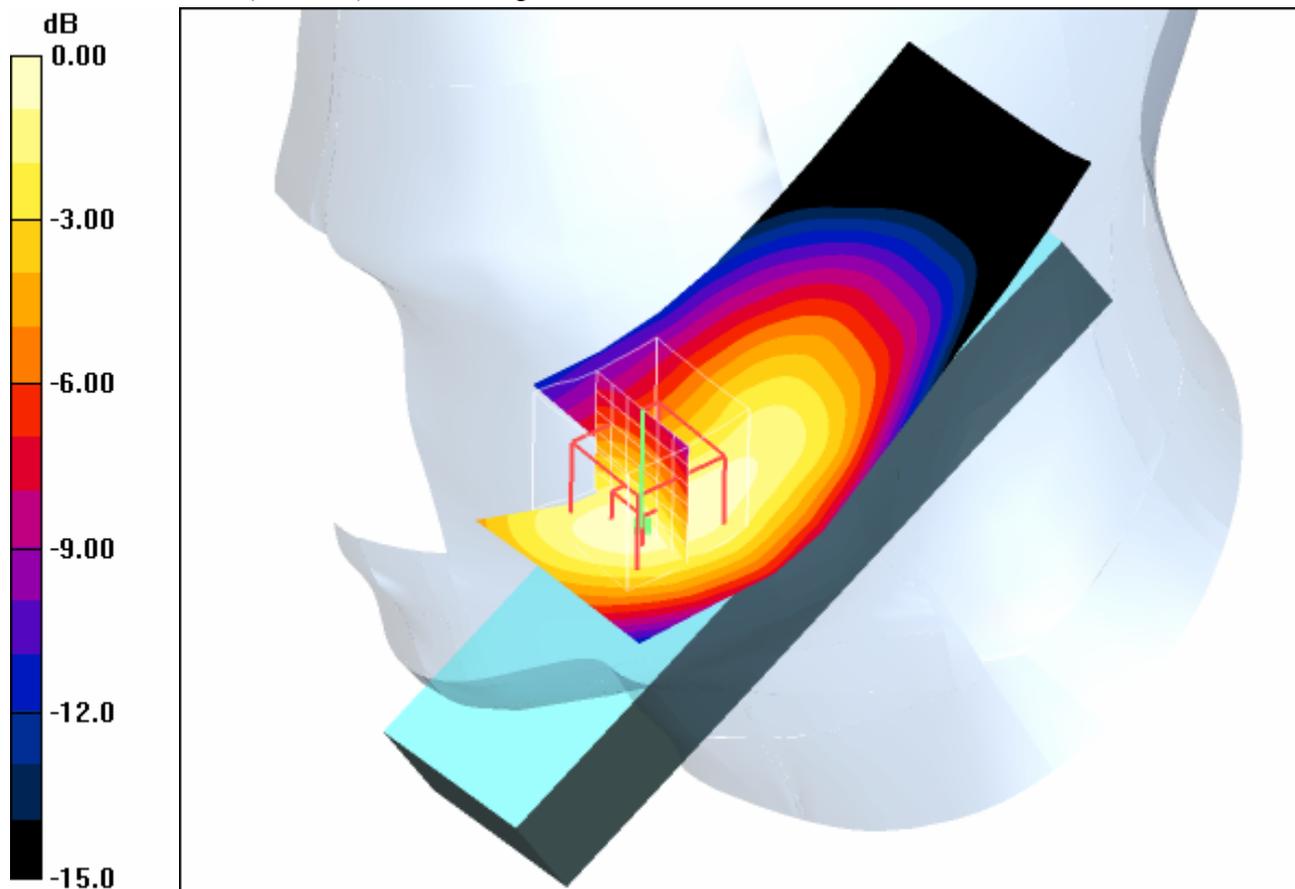
$dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.770 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.516 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.831 mW/g



0 dB = 0.831mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.5°C; liquid temperature: 21.3°C

Annex 2.2 GSM 850 MHz body

Date/Time: 2006-12-02 15:28:19 Date/Time: 2006-12-02 15:33:50

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850-GPRS Class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Middle/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 mW/g

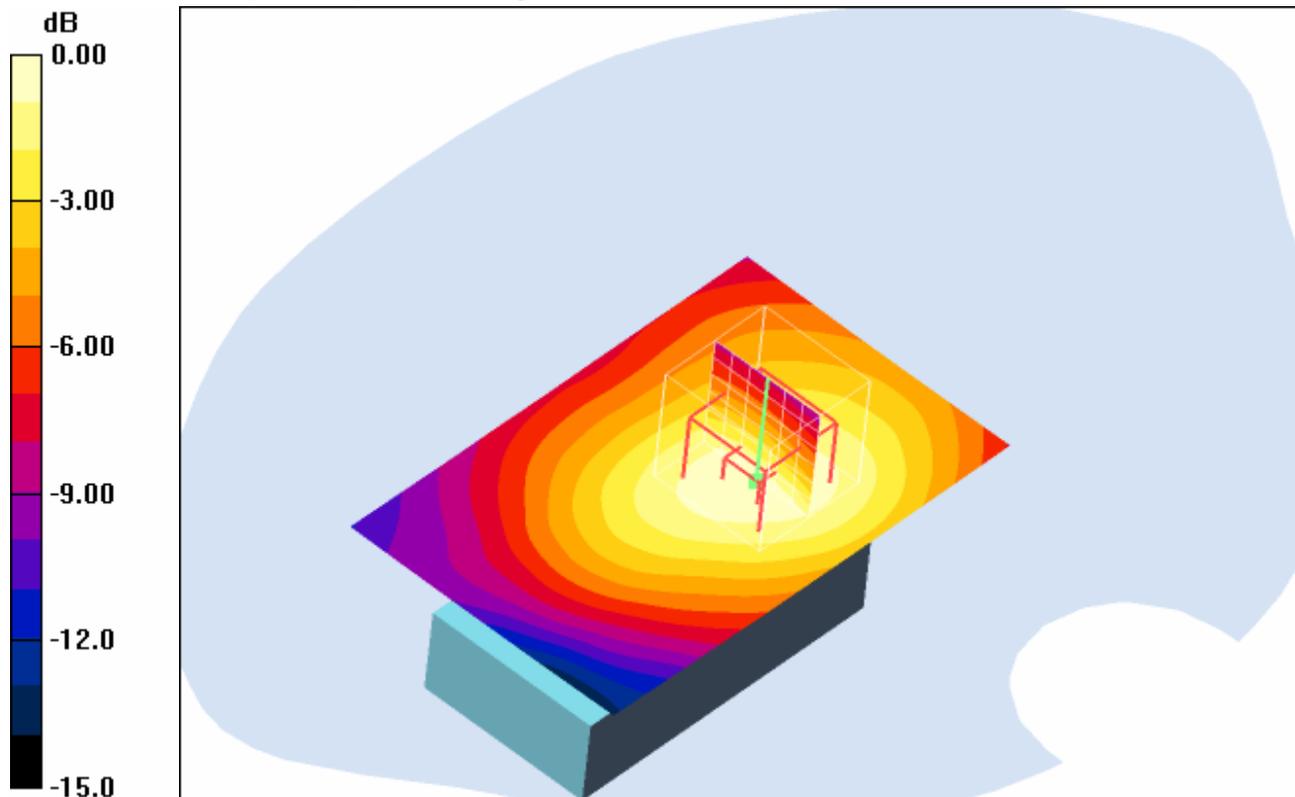
Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.184 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.137 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 mW/g



0 dB = 0.147mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 21.6°C; liquid temperature: 20.7°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-02 15:50:34 Date/Time: 2006-12-02 15:56:06 Date/Time: 2006-12-02 16:07:37

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS Class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.768 mW/g

Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.714 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.492 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.764 mW/g

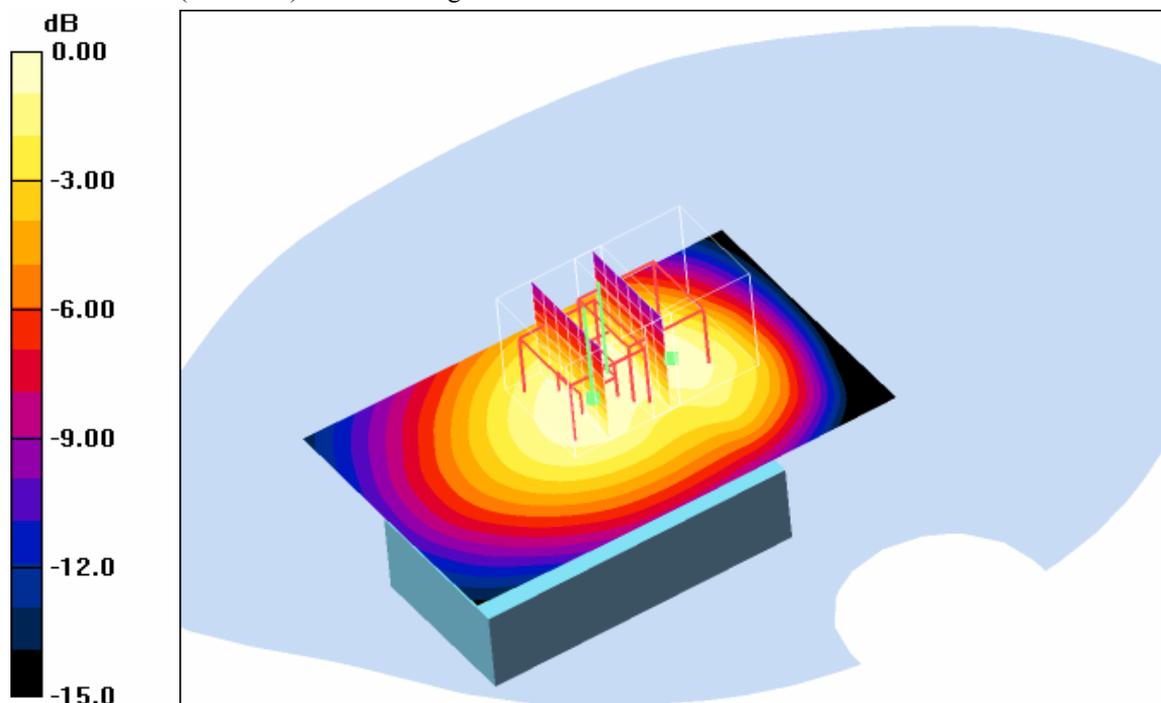
Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.710 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.763 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 21.6°C; liquid temperature: 20.7°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-02 16:34:49 Date/Time: 2006-12-02 16:40:25

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS Class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle with BT/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.827 mW/g

Rear position - Middle with BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

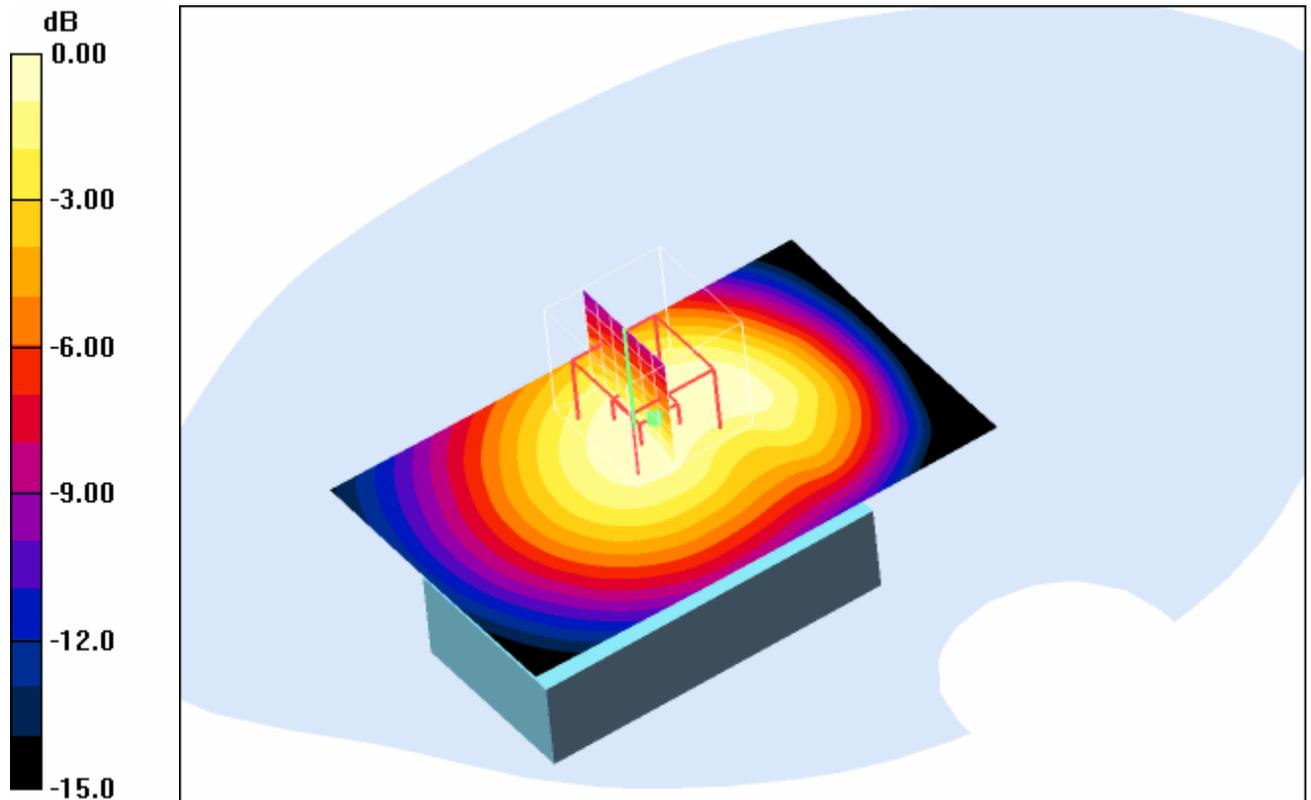
Reference Value = 26.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.770 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.526 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.770 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.526 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.826 mW/g



0 dB = 0.826mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 21.5°C; liquid temperature: 20.6°C

Date/Time: 2007-01-23 14:13:53 Date/Time: 2007-01-23 14:39:43

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850_EGPRS

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 850 EGPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle with BT/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.153 mW/g

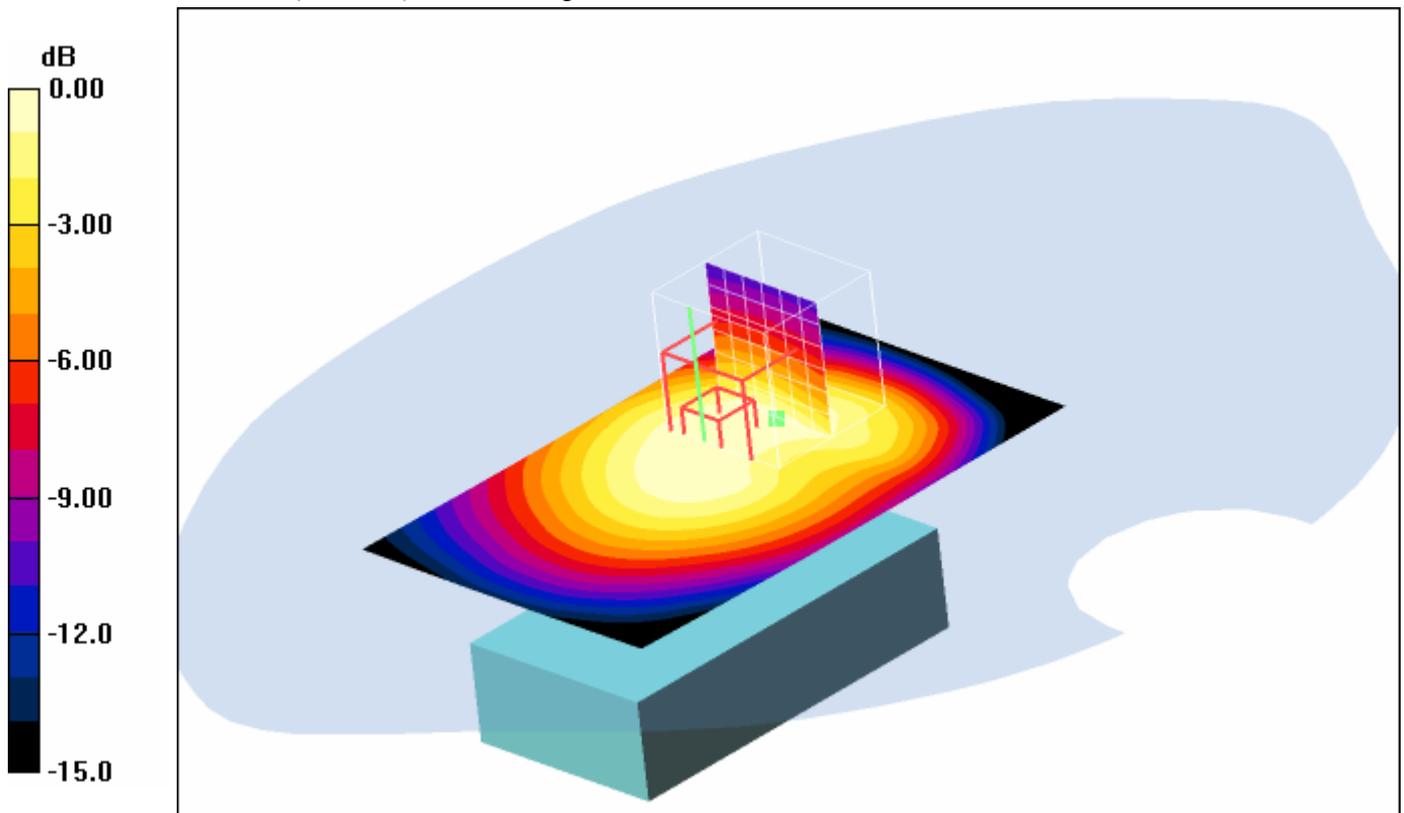
Rear position - Middle with BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.211 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.136 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 mW/g



0 dB = 0.147mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.1°C; liquid temperature: 20.1°C

Annex 2.3 GSM 1900 MHz head

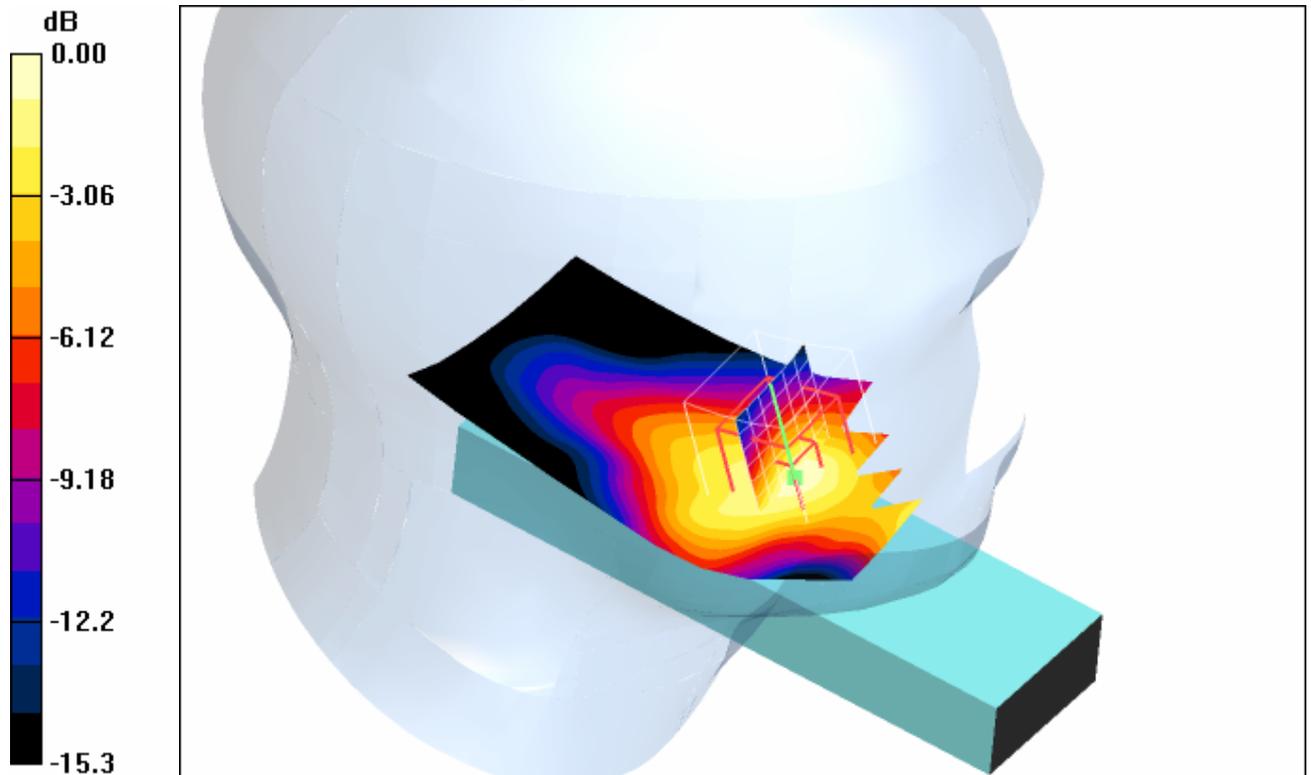
Date/Time: 2006-12-01 10:19:40 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 10:26:08

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ
 Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8
 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section
 DASY4 Configuration:
 - Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
 - Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
 - Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.348 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 17.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.064 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.462 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.319 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 mW/g



0 dB = 0.347mW/g

Additional information:
 position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :
 ambient temperature: 21.7°C; liquid temperature: 20.4°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 10:41:44 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 10:48:07

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.117 mW/g

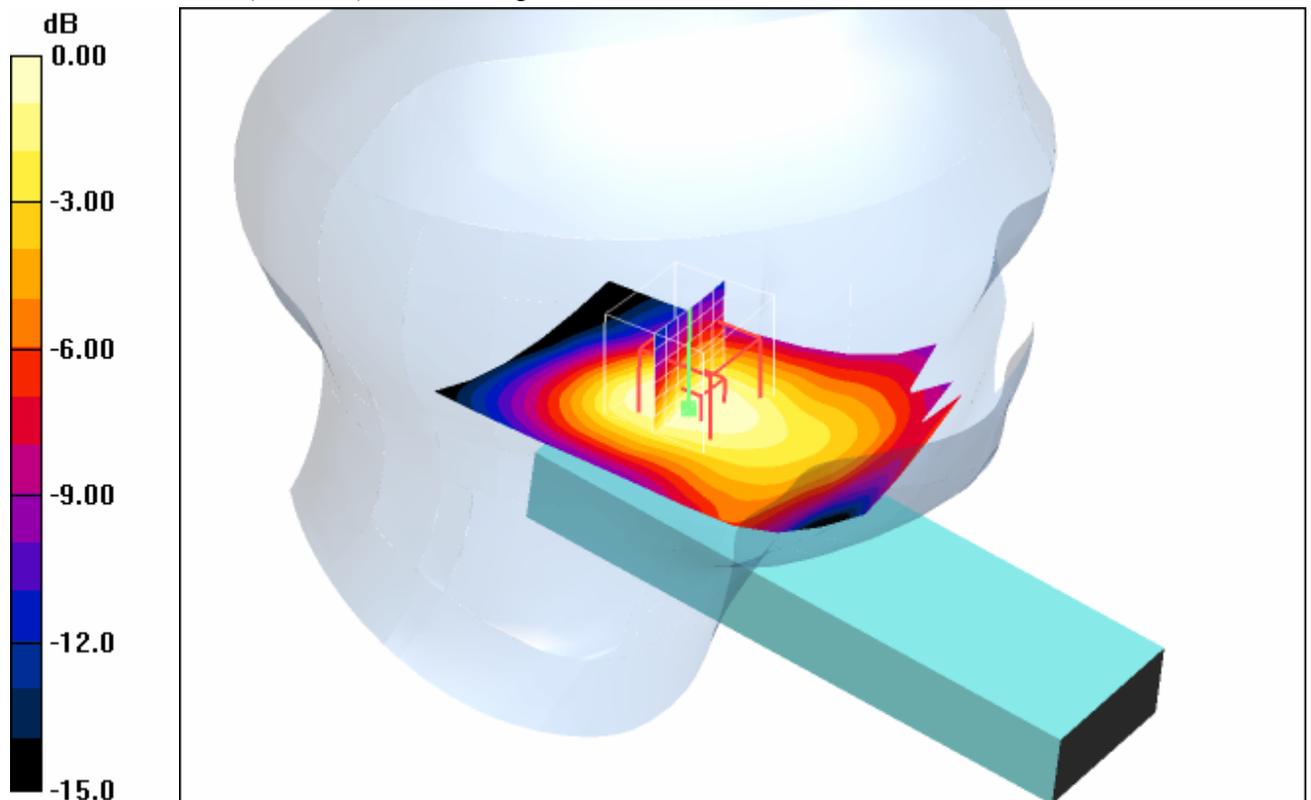
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.144 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.103 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 mW/g



0 dB = 0.112mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 21.8°C; liquid temperature: 20.5°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 11:26:42 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 11:32:47

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

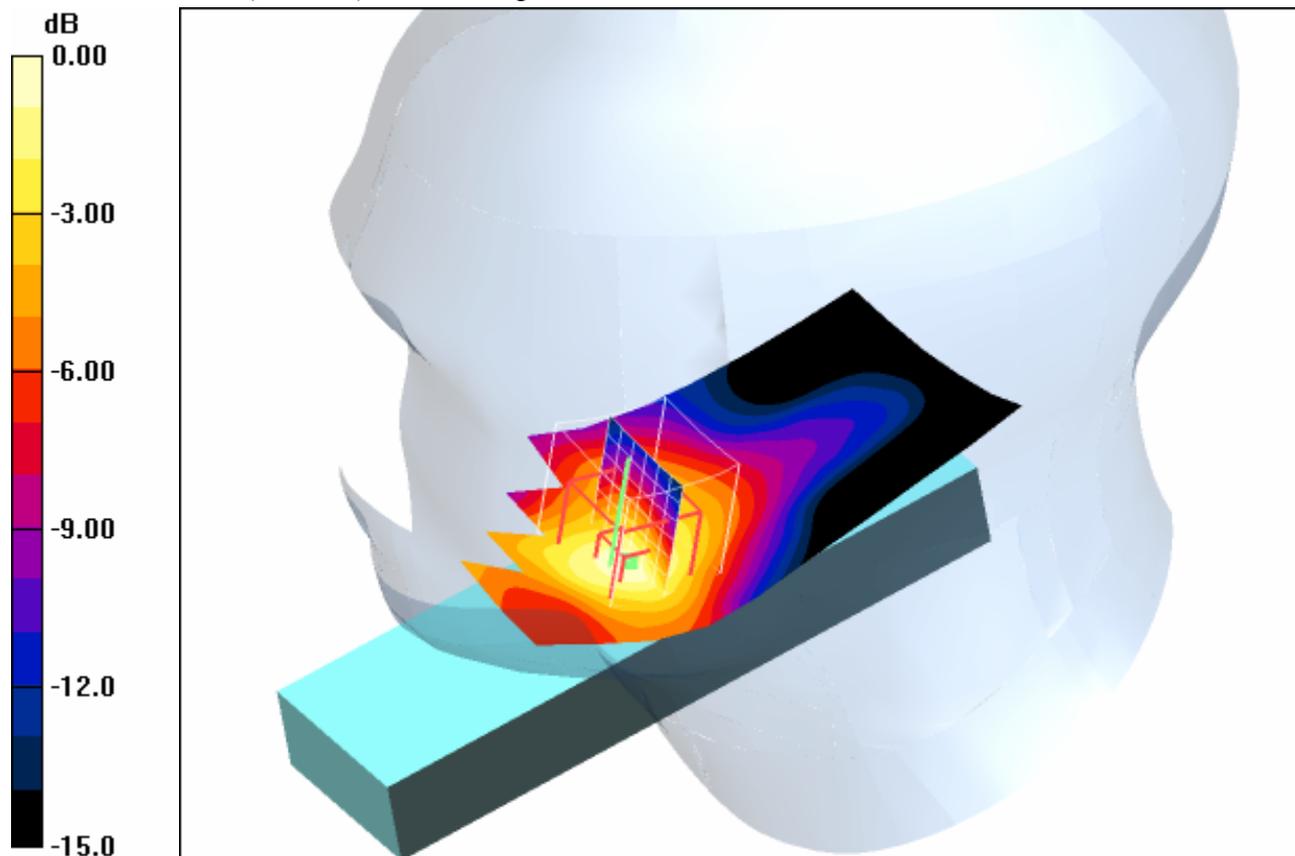
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.376 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 17.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.338 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 mW/g



0 dB = 0.372mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :
 ambient temperature: 21.9°C; liquid temperature: 20.6°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 11:04:42 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 11:10:58

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.107 mW/g

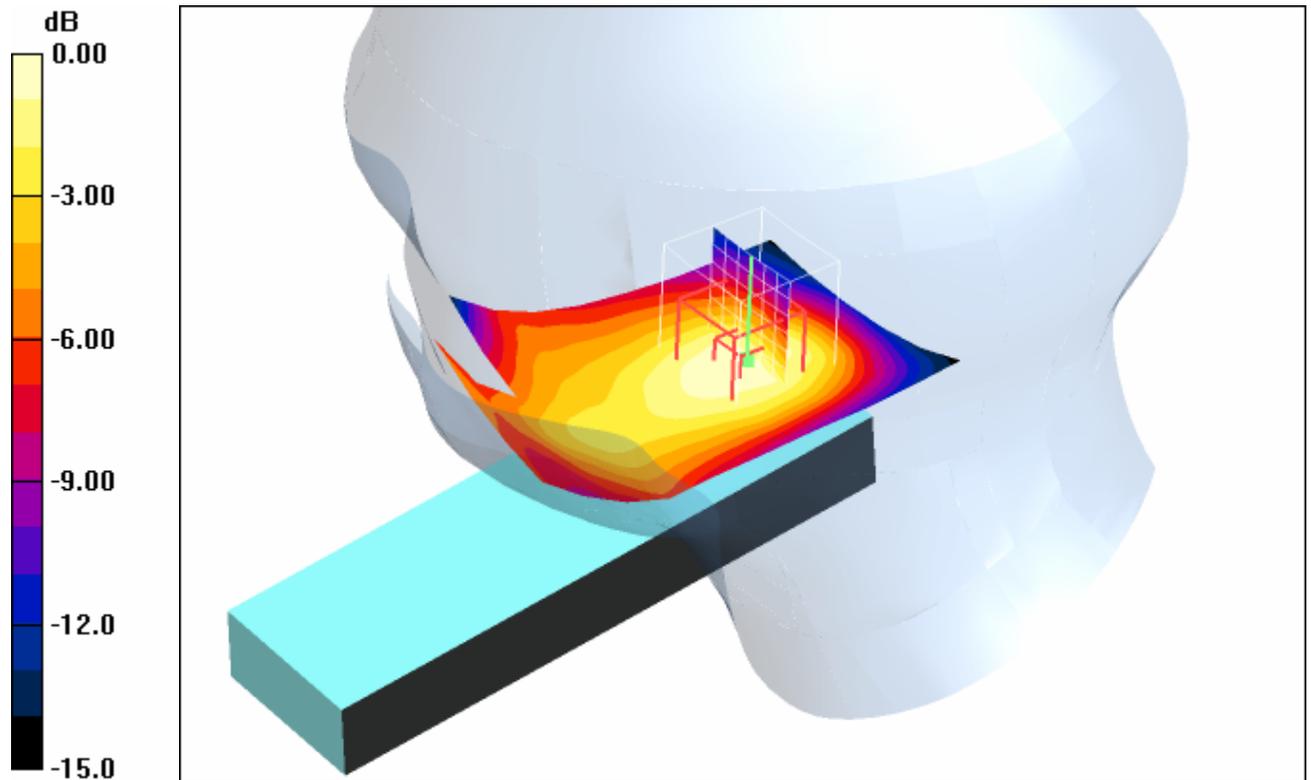
Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.51 V/m; Power Drift = -0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.128 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 mW/g



0 dB = 0.100mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 21.8°C; liquid temperature: 20.5°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 11:58:03 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 12:04:56

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle + BT/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.388 mW/g

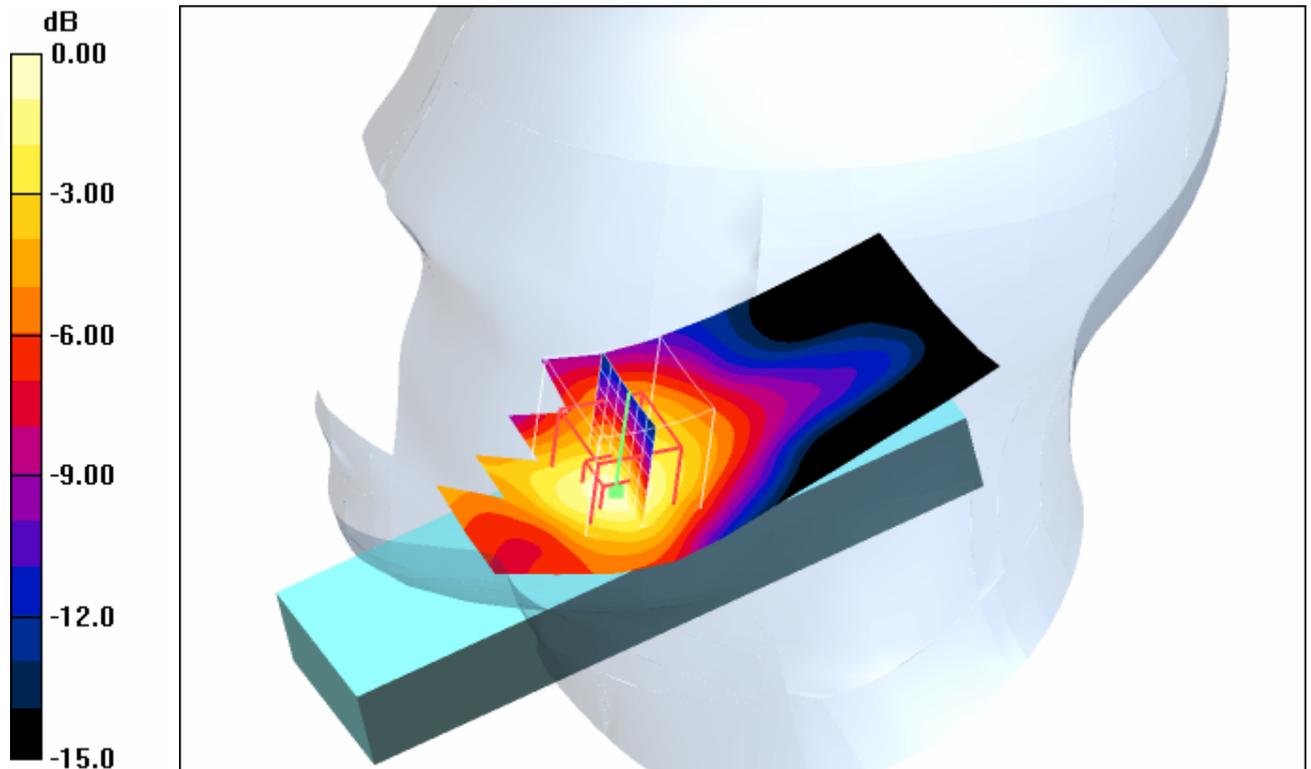
Touch position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 mW/g



0 dB = 0.381mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) :

ambient temperature: 22.0°C; liquid temperature: 20.6°C

Annex 2.4 GSM 1900 MHz body

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 13:26:59 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 13:32:28

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS Class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Middle/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.090 mW/g

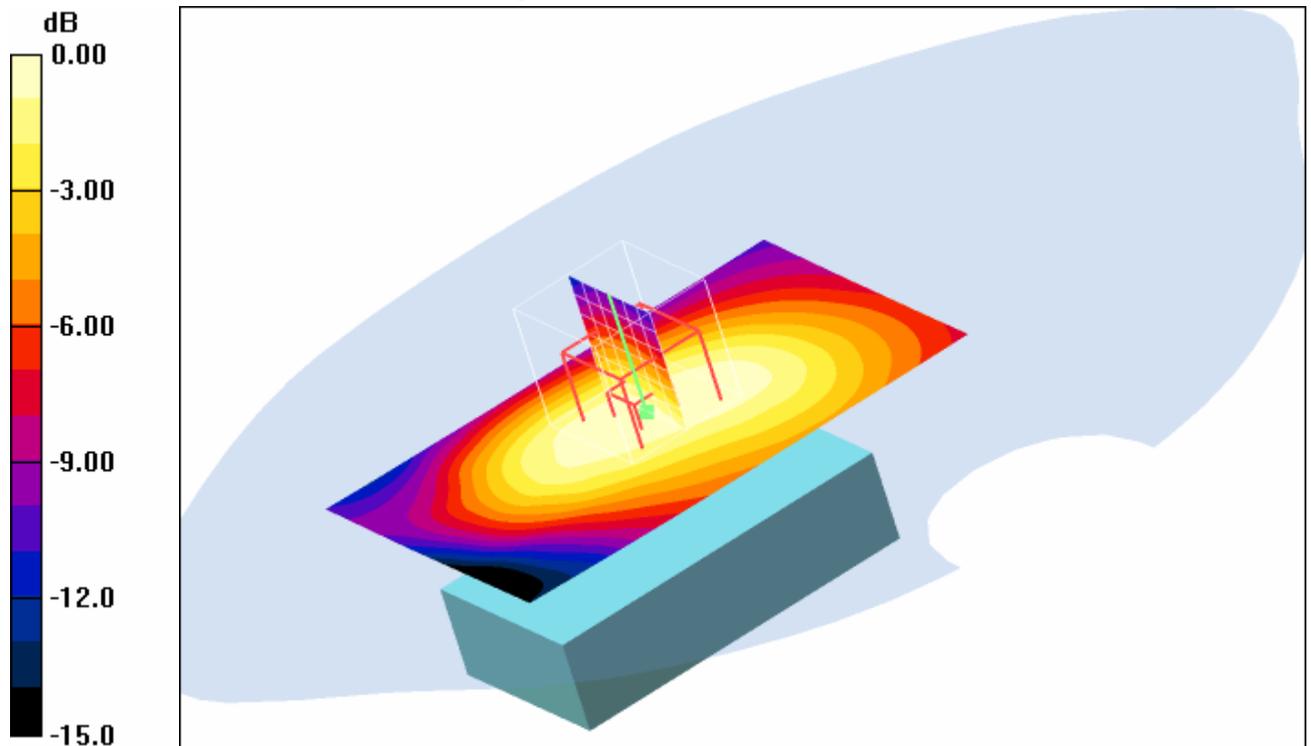
Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.114 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.088 mW/g



0 dB = 0.088mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.4°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 13:48:49 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 13:54:21

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS Class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.360 mW/g

Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$,

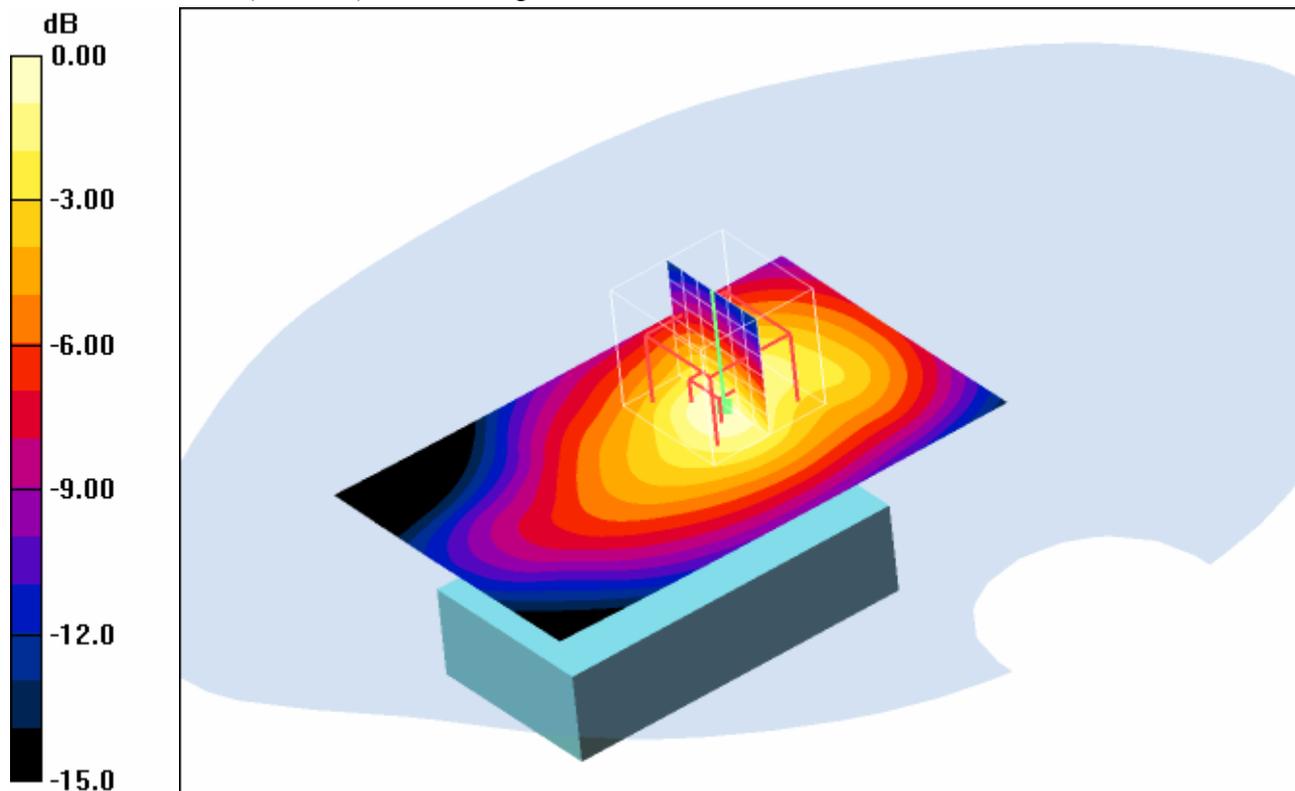
$dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.331 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 mW/g



0 dB = 0.369mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.3°C; liquid temperature: 21.1°C

Date/Time: 2006-12-01 15:06:09 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 15:11:43 Date/Time: 2006-12-01 15:23:14

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS Class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

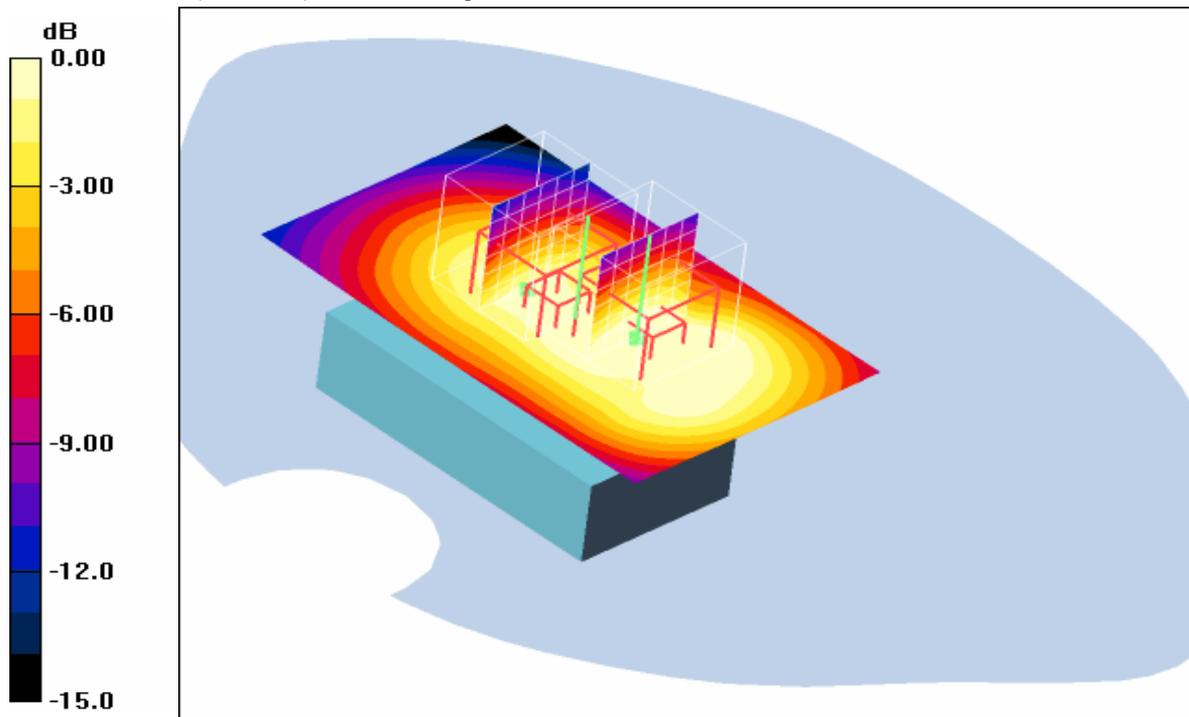
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2006-01-12
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle + BT/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.342 mW/g

Rear position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.533 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.332 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 mW/g

Rear position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 13.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.205 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 mW/g



0 dB = 0.231 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.6°C; liquid temperature: 21.3°C

Date/Time: 2007-01-23 16:28:08 Date/Time: 2007-01-23 16:34:23

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900_EGPRS

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAB-1032021-BV; Serial: CB510AB6KZ

Communication System: PCS 1900 EGPRS class 2; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.44, 4.44, 4.44); Calibrated: 2006-08-30
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn413; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle + BT/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.110 mW/g

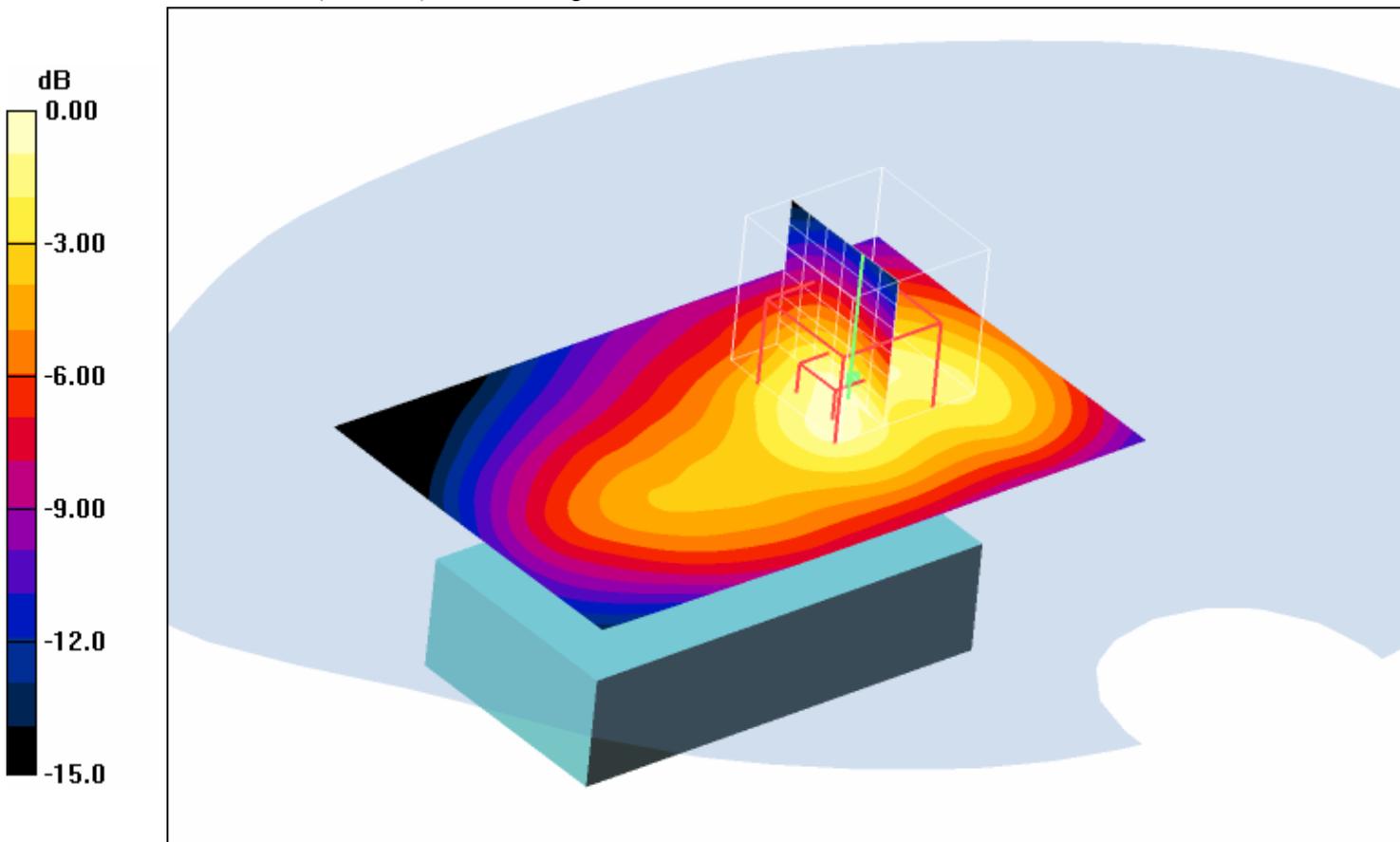
Rear position - Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.062 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 mW/g



0 dB = 0.118mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : 15 mm

ambient temperature: 22.8°C; liquid temperature: 20.1°C

Annex 3 Photo documentation
Annex 3.1 DUT view and test position

Photo 1: Measurement System DASY 4



Photo 2: DUT - front view



Photo 3: DUT - side view



Photo 4: DUT - rear view



Photo 5: DUT - rear view (open)



Photo 6: DUT - rear view (open) without battery



Photo 7: Battery



Photo 8: DUT - front view opened



Photo 9: DUT - side view opened



Photo 10: DUT - rear view opened



Photo 11: Test position left hand touched



Photo 12: Test position left hand touched



Photo 13: Test position left hand touched



Photo 14: Test position left hand tilted 15°



Photo 15: Test position left hand tilted 15°



Photo 16: Test position right hand touched



Photo 17: Test position right hand touched



Photo 18: Test position right hand touched



Photo 19: Test position right hand tilted 15°



Photo 20: Test position right hand tilted 15°



Photo 21: Test position body worn front side (15 mm distance)



Photo 22: Test position body worn front side (15 mm distance)



Photo 23: Test position body worn rear side (15 mm distance)



Photo 24: Test position body worn rear side (15 mm distance)



Photo 25: Test position body worn rear side (15 mm distance) with BT headset



Annex 3.2 Liquid depth

Photo 26: Liquid depth 850 MHz head simulating liquid



Photo 27: Liquid depth 850 MHz body simulating liquid



Photo 28: Liquid depth 1900 MHz head simulating liquid

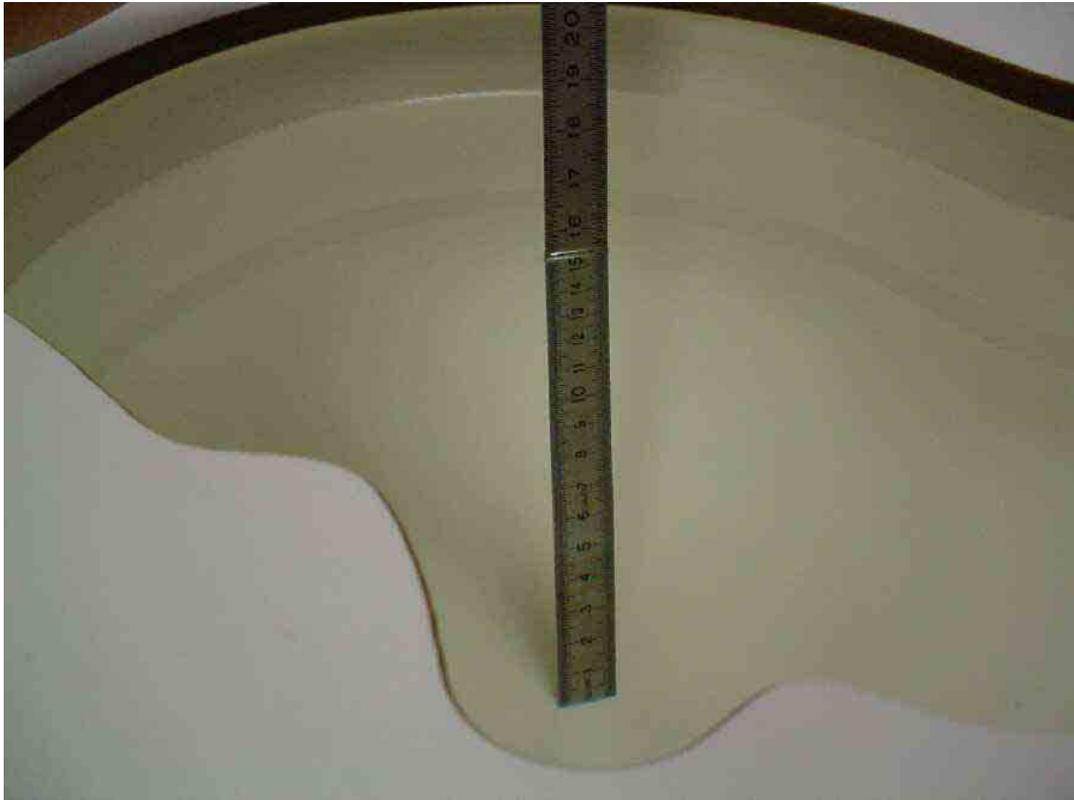


Photo 29: Liquid depth 1900 MHz body simulating liquid



Annex 3.3 Z-axis scans

Photo 30: Z-axis scans 850 MHz head

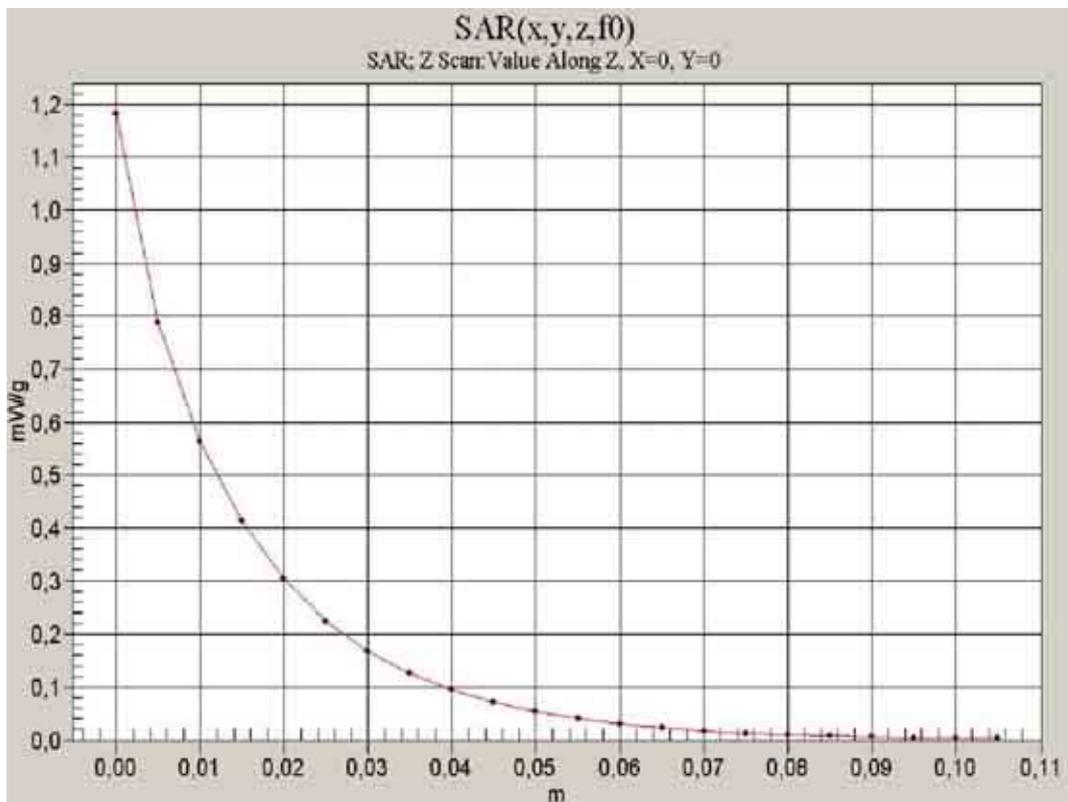


Photo 31: Z-axis scans 850 MHz body

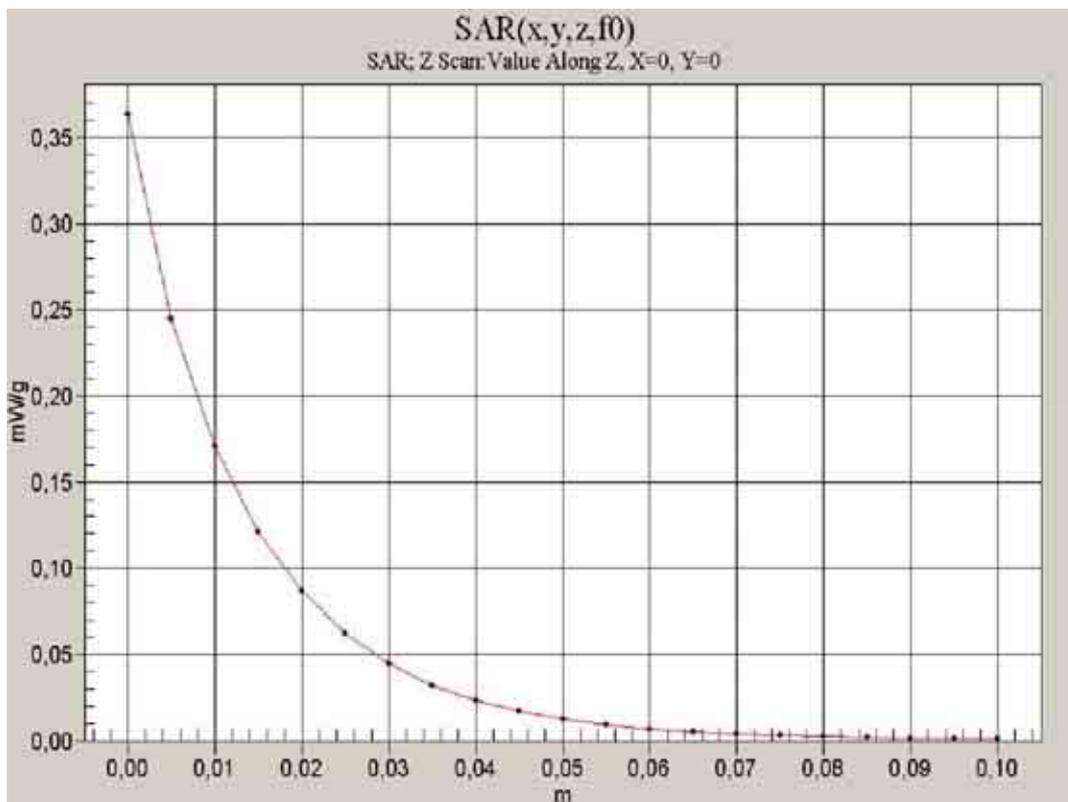


Photo 32: Z-axis scans 1900 MHz head

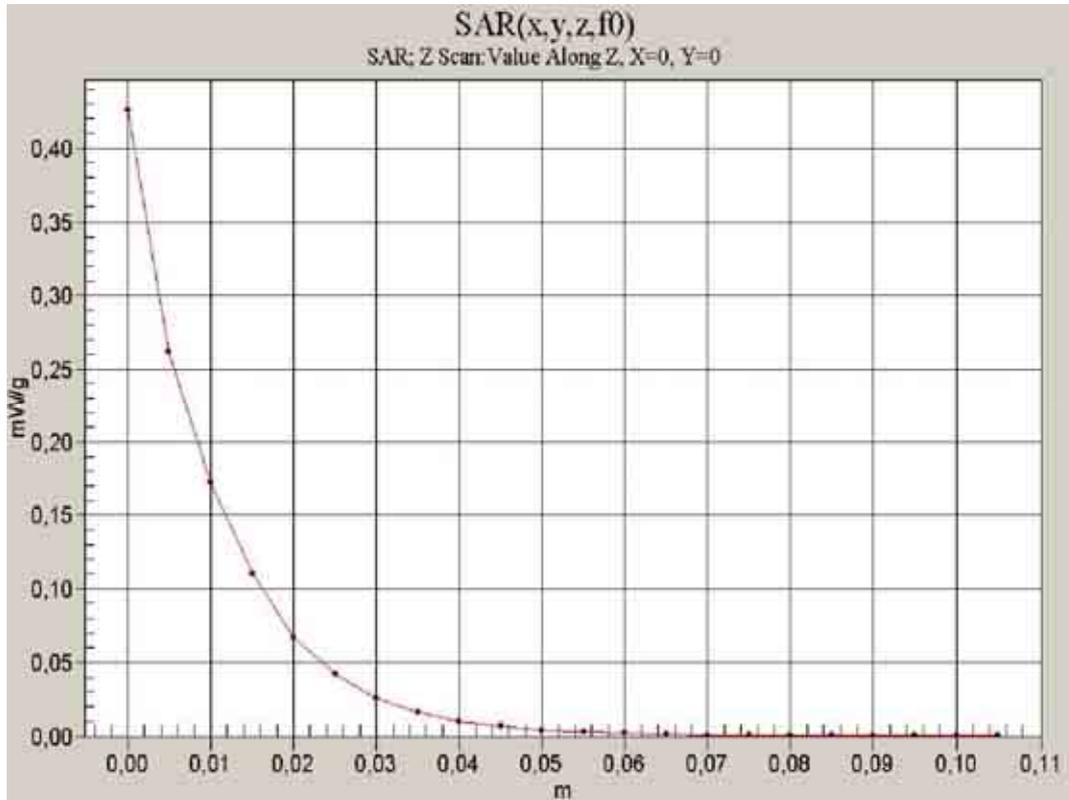
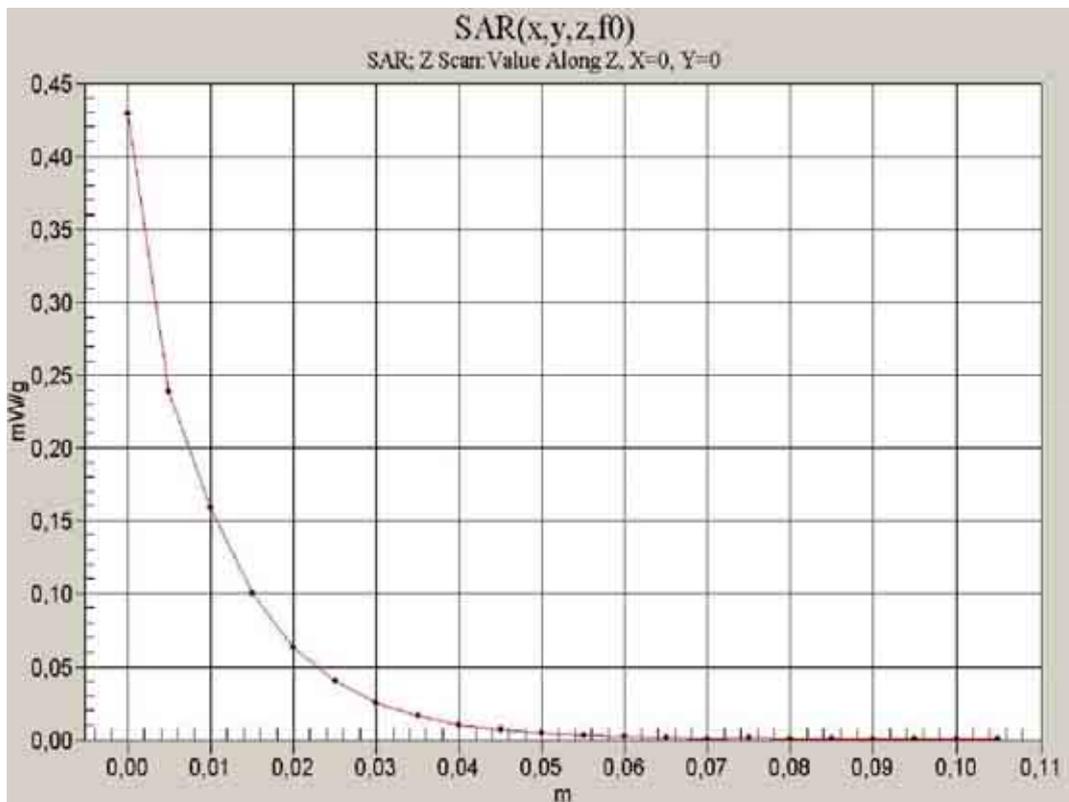


Photo 33: Z-axis scans 1900 MHz body



Annex 4 RF Technical Brief Cover Sheet acc. to RSS-102

1. COMPANY NUMBER: 4170B

2. MODEL NUMBER: A1032021

3. MANUFACTURER: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

4. TYPE OF EVALUATION:

(a) SAR Evaluation: Device used in the Vicinity of the Human Head

- Multiple transmitters: Yes No
- Evaluated against exposure limits: General Public Use Controlled Use
- Duty cycle used in evaluation: 12.5 %
- Standard used for evaluation: RSS-102 Issue 2 (2005-11)
- SAR value: 1.040 W/kg. Measured Computed Calculated

(b) SAR Evaluation: Body-worn Device

- Multiple transmitters: Yes No
- Evaluated against exposure limits: General Public Use Controlled Use
- Duty cycle used in evaluation: 12.5 %
- Standard used for evaluation: RSS-102 Issue 2 (2005-11)
- SAR value: 0.770 W/kg. Measured Computed Calculated

Annex 4.1 Declaration of RF Exposure Compliance

ATTESTATION: I attest that the information provided in Annex 4 is correct; that a Technical Brief was prepared and the information it contains is correct; that the device evaluation was performed or supervised by me; that applicable measurement methods and evaluation methodologies have been followed and that the device meets the SAR and/or RF exposure limits of RSS-102.

Signature:



Date: 2007-01-24

NAME : Fabien Coulet

TITLE : Dipl.-Ing. (FH)

COMPANY : CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Annex 5 Calibration parameters

Calibration parameters are described in the additional document:

**Appendix to test report no. 2-4239-35-02/06‘
Calibration data, Phantom certificate
and detail information of the DASY4 System**