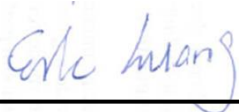


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Sony Mobile Communications Inc.
EQUIPMENT : Smart phone
BRAND NAME : SONY
TYPE NAME : PM-0634-BV
FCC ID : PY7-PM0634
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.



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Revision History

| REPORT NO. | VERSION | DESCRIPTION | ISSUED DATE |
|------------|---------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| FA4O2138 | Rev. 01 | Initial issue of report | Dec. 16, 2014 |
| FA4O2138 | Rev. 02 | Updated KDB 941225 D06 standard. | Dec. 19, 2014 |
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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Sony Mobile Communications Inc., Smart phone, PM-0634-BV** are as follows.

| Equipment Class | Frequency Band | Highest 1g SAR Summary | | | | | | Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---|
| | | Head (Separation 0mm) | | Body-worn (Separation 15mm) | | Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) | | |
| | | Maximum Power (dBm) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Maximum Power (dBm) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Maximum Power (dBm) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | |
| PCE | GSM850 | 28.00 | 0.27 | 28.00 | 0.46 | 28.00 | 0.56 | 1.39 |
| | GSM1900 | 25.00 | 0.34 | 25.00 | 0.30 | 25.00 | 0.56 | |
| | WCDMA Band V | 24.00 | 0.33 | 24.00 | 0.58 | 24.00 | 0.69 | |
| | WCDMA Band II | 24.00 | 0.58 | 24.00 | 0.58 | 24.00 | 1.24 | |
| DTS | 2.4GHz WLAN | 18.00 | 1.11 | 18.00 | 0.32 | 18.00 | 0.62 | 1.39 |
| Date of Testing: | | 10/30/2014-11/02/2014 | | | | | | |

| Frequency Band | | Highest 10g SAR Summary | | | | | | Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Head (Separation 0mm) | | Body-worn (Separation 15mm) | | Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) | | |
| | | Maximum Power (dBm) | 10g SAR (W/kg) | Maximum Power (dBm) | 10g SAR (W/kg) | Maximum Power (dBm) | 10g SAR (W/kg) | |
| GSM | GSM850 | 28.00 | 0.21 | 28.00 | 0.35 | 28.00 | 0.43 | 0.86 |
| | GSM1900 | 25.00 | 0.19 | 25.00 | 0.18 | 25.00 | 0.30 | |
| WCDMA | Band V | 24.00 | 0.26 | 24.00 | 0.44 | 24.00 | 0.53 | |
| | Band II | 24.00 | 0.34 | 24.00 | 0.33 | 24.00 | 0.65 | |
| WLAN | 2.4GHz Band | 18.00 | 0.49 | 18.00 | 0.17 | 18.00 | 0.30 | 0.86 |
| Date of Testing: | | 10/30/2014-11/02/2014 | | | | | | |

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.



2. Administration Data

| Testing Laboratory | |
|--------------------|---|
| Test Site | SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. |
| Test Site Location | No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978 |

| Applicant | |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| Company Name | Sony Mobile Communications Inc. |
| Address | Nya Vattentornet, 22188 Lund, Sweden |

| Manufacturer | |
|--------------|---|
| Company Name | Arima Communications Corp. |
| Address | 6F, No. 866, Jhongjheng Rd., Jhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 23586, Taiwan |

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

The equipment under test is a smart phone supporting, GSM850/900/1800/1900, UMTS I / II / V, 802.11b/g/n, Bluetooth, FM Receiver and GPS features, and below is details of information. For FCC only wireless modes in US frequency bands are tested.

| Product Feature & Specification | |
|--|---|
| Equipment Name | Smart phone |
| Brand Name | SONY |
| Type Name | PM-0634-BV |
| FCC ID | PY7-PM0634 |
| Wireless Technology and Frequency Range | GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz |
| Mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR · Bluetooth v4.0-LE |
| HW Version | A |
| SW Version | 24.0.B.0.16 |
| GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode | Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network. |
| EUT Stage | Production Unit |
| Remark: | |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. This device supports VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP) and supports EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12. 2. This device has 2 SIM slots and supports Dual SIM Dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active). | |

4.2 Device Serial Number

| Sample | Serial Number | IMEI Code |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| WWAN SAR measurements | WUJ01EHTYL | 004402147948099 |
| WLAN SAR measurements | WUJ01EHT28 | 004402147947190 |
| WWAN Conducted measurements | WUJ01EHTYL | 004402147948099 |
| WLAN/BT Conducted measurements | FR4A12D59194 | 004402147947539 |

Note:

Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device tested gave the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units



4.3 Maximum Tune-up Limit

| Mode | Burst Average Power (dBm) | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| | GSM 850 | GSM 1900 |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) | 33.50 | 31.00 |
| GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) | 33.50 | 31.00 |
| GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) | 30.00 | 27.00 |
| GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) | 28.00 | 25.00 |
| GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) | 28.00 | 25.00 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) | 28.50 | 27.50 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) | 26.00 | 24.50 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) | 26.00 | 24.00 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) | 26.00 | 24.00 |

| Mode | Average Power (dBm) | |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| | WCDMA Band V | WCDMA Band II |
| AMR 12.2Kbps | 24.00 | 24.00 |
| RMC 12.2Kbps | 24.00 | 24.00 |
| HSDPA Subtest-1 | 23.00 | 23.00 |
| HSUPA Subtest-5 | 22.50 | 22.50 |

| Mode | Average Power (dBm) | |
|--------------------|---------------------|------|
| 2.4GHz WLAN | 802.11b | 18.0 |
| | 802.11g | 15.0 |
| | 802.11n-HT20 | 11.5 |
| | 802.11n-HT40 | 11.5 |
| Bluetooth v3.0+EDR | 6.0 | |
| Bluetooth v4.0+LE | 3.0 | |



5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 |

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

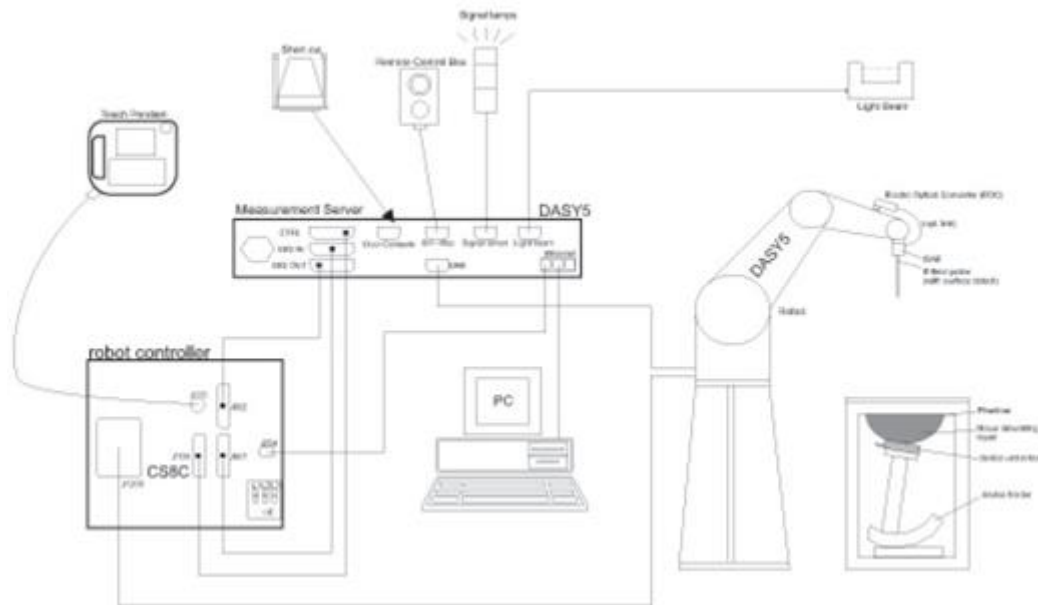
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz |
|--|---|--|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | 5 ± 1 mm | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | 30° ± 1° | 20° ± 1° |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$ | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm |
| | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. | |

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job’s label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

| | | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom}$ | | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm* | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ | ≤ 5 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | |
| | graded grid | $\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm |
| | | $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ | |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | x, y, z | ≥ 30 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm | |
| Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. | | | | |

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

| Manufacturer | Name of Equipment | Type/Model | Serial Number | Calibration | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | Last Cal. | Due Date |
| SPEAG | 835MHz System Validation Kit | D835V2 | 4d092 | Jun. 23, 2014 | Jun. 22, 2015 |
| SPEAG | 1900MHz System Validation Kit | D1900V2 | 5d182 | Nov. 12, 2013 | Nov. 11, 2014 |
| SPEAG | 2450MHz System Validation Kit | D2450V2 | 924 | Nov. 13, 2013 | Nov. 12, 2014 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 778 | Aug. 21, 2014 | Aug. 20, 2015 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 1388 | Sep. 24, 2014 | Sep. 23, 2015 |
| SPEAG | Data Acquisition Electronics | DAE4 | 1279 | Jul. 23, 2014 | Jul. 22, 2015 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | ES3DV3 | 3270 | Sep. 26, 2014 | Sep. 25, 2015 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3697 | Sep. 29, 2014 | Sep. 28, 2015 |
| SPEAG | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3753 | Mar. 26, 2014 | Mar. 25, 2015 |
| Wisewind | Thermometer | ETP-101 | TM685 | Oct. 21, 2014 | Oct. 20, 2015 |
| Wisewind | Thermometer | HTC-1 | TM642 | Oct. 21, 2014 | Oct. 20, 2015 |
| Wisewind | Thermometer | HTC-1 | TM281 | Oct. 21, 2014 | Oct. 20, 2015 |
| Anritsu | Radio Communication Analyzer | MT8820C | 6201074414 | Feb. 11, 2014 | Feb. 10, 2015 |
| Agilent | Wireless Communication Test Set | E5515C | MY50266977 | May. 27, 2014 | May. 26, 2015 |
| SPEAG | Device Holder | N/A | N/A | NCR | NCR |
| R&S | Signal Generator | SMU200A | 102502 | Jul. 07, 2014 | Jul. 06, 2015 |
| SPEAG | Dielectric Probe Kit | DAKS-3.5 | 0004 | Mar. 04, 2014 | Mar. 03, 2015 |
| Agilent | ENA Network Analyzer | E5071C | MY46101588 | May. 31, 2014 | May. 30, 2015 |
| Anritsu | Power Meter | ML2495A | 1036004 | Aug. 09, 2014 | Aug. 08, 2015 |
| Anritsu | Power Sensor | MA2411B | 1027253 | Aug. 11, 2014 | Aug. 10, 2015 |
| R&S | Spectrum Analyzer | FSP 30 | 101329 | Jun. 14, 2014 | Jun. 13, 2015 |
| Agilent | Dual Directional Coupler | 778D | 50422 | Note1 | |
| Woken | Attenuator 1 | WK0602-XX | N/A | Note1 | |
| PE | Attenuator 2 | PE7005-10 | N/A | Note1 | |
| PE | Attenuator 3 | PE7005- 3 | N/A | Note1 | |
| AR | Power Amplifier | 5S1G4M2 | 0328767 | Note1 | |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZVE-3W | 162601250 | Note1 | |
| Mini-Circuits | Power Amplifier | ZHL-42W+ | 13440021344 | Note1 | |

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.



10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

| Frequency (MHz) | Water (%) | Sugar (%) | Cellulose (%) | Salt (%) | Preventol (%) | DGBE (%) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (ϵ_r) |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| For Head | | | | | | | | |
| 750 | 41.1 | 57.0 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.89 | 41.9 |
| 835 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.90 | 41.5 |
| 900 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.97 | 41.5 |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 55.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 44.5 | 1.40 | 40.0 |
| 2450 | 55.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45.0 | 1.80 | 39.2 |
| 2600 | 54.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 45.1 | 1.96 | 39.0 |
| For Body | | | | | | | | |
| 750 | 51.7 | 47.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.96 | 55.5 |
| 835 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.97 | 55.2 |
| 900 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 1.05 | 55.0 |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 70.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 | 29.4 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 2450 | 68.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31.4 | 1.95 | 52.7 |
| 2600 | 68.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0 | 31.8 | 2.16 | 52.5 |

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

| Ingredients | (% by weight) |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Water | 64~78% |
| Mineral oil | 11~18% |
| Emulsifiers | 9~15% |
| Additives and Salt | 2~3% |

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

| Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (ϵ_r) | Conductivity Target (σ) | Permittivity Target (ϵ_r) | Delta (σ) (%) | Delta (ϵ_r) (%) | Limit (%) | Date |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| 835 | HSL | 22.5 | 0.872 | 43.274 | 0.90 | 41.50 | -3.11 | 4.27 | ±5 | 2014/11/1 |
| 835 | MSL | 22.6 | 0.986 | 57.112 | 0.97 | 55.20 | 1.65 | 3.46 | ±5 | 2014/11/2 |
| 1900 | HSL | 22.2 | 1.449 | 38.532 | 1.40 | 40.00 | 3.50 | -3.67 | ±5 | 2014/11/1 |
| 1900 | MSL | 22.4 | 1.499 | 53.260 | 1.52 | 53.30 | -1.38 | -0.08 | ±5 | 2014/11/1 |
| 2450 | HSL | 22.2 | 1.860 | 39.200 | 1.80 | 39.20 | 3.33 | 0.00 | ±5 | 2014/10/30 |
| 2450 | MSL | 22.5 | 1.930 | 53.600 | 1.95 | 52.70 | -1.03 | 1.71 | ±5 | 2014/10/31 |

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

| Date | Frequency (MHz) | Tissue Type | Input Power (mW) | Dipole S/N | Probe S/N | DAE S/N | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg) | Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg) | Deviation (%) |
|------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 2014/11/1 | 835 | HSL | 250 | D835V2-4d092 | EX3DV4 - SN3697 | DAE4 Sn1388 | 2.39 | 9.25 | 9.56 | 3.35 |
| 2014/11/2 | 835 | MSL | 250 | D835V2-4d092 | EX3DV4 - SN3753 | DAE4 Sn1279 | 2.35 | 9.47 | 9.40 | -0.74 |
| 2014/11/1 | 1900 | HSL | 250 | D1900V2-5d182 | EX3DV4 - SN3697 | DAE4 Sn1388 | 9.48 | 40.10 | 37.92 | -5.44 |
| 2014/11/1 | 1900 | MSL | 250 | D1900V2-5d182 | EX3DV4 - SN3697 | DAE4 Sn1388 | 10.50 | 39.50 | 42.00 | 6.33 |
| 2014/10/30 | 2450 | HSL | 250 | D2450V2-924 | ES3DV3 - SN3270 | DAE4 Sn778 | 12.90 | 52.40 | 51.60 | -1.53 |
| 2014/10/31 | 2450 | MSL | 250 | D2450V2-924 | ES3DV3 - SN3270 | DAE4 Sn778 | 13.20 | 50.20 | 52.80 | 5.18 |

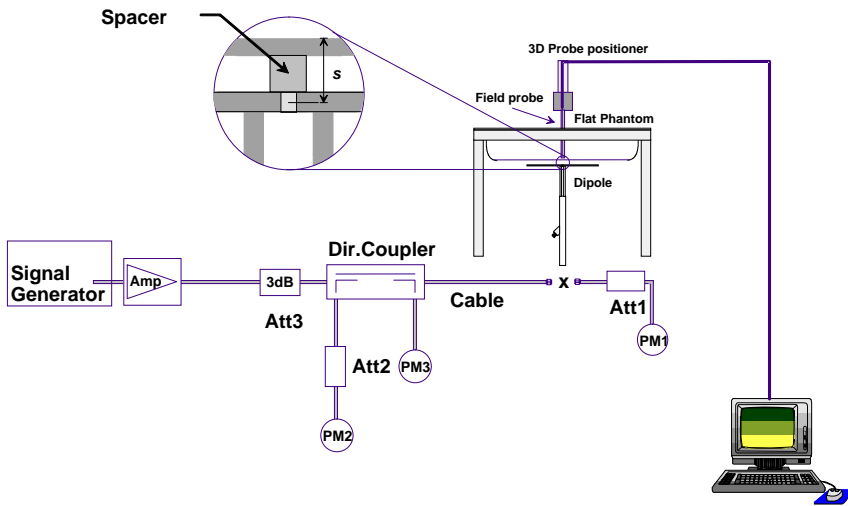


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

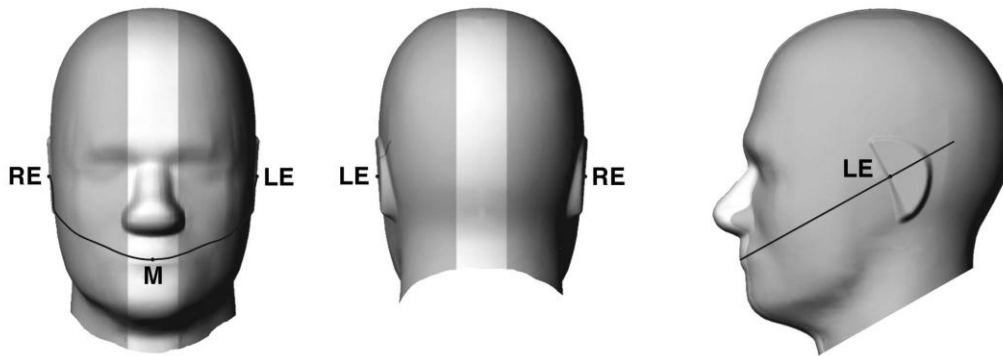


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

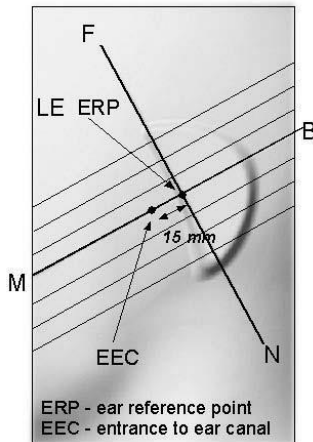


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

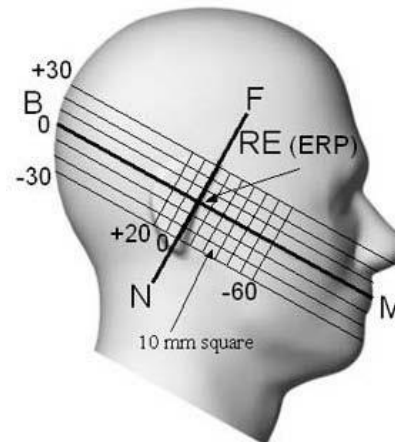


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

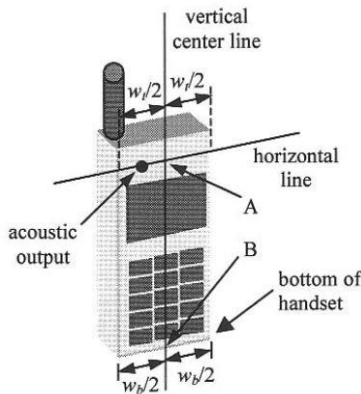


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

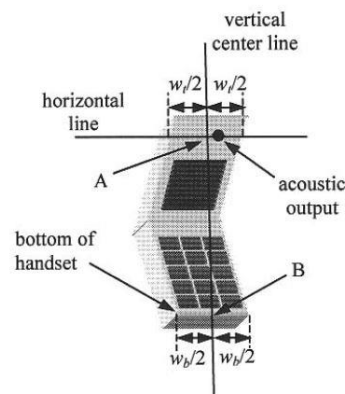


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

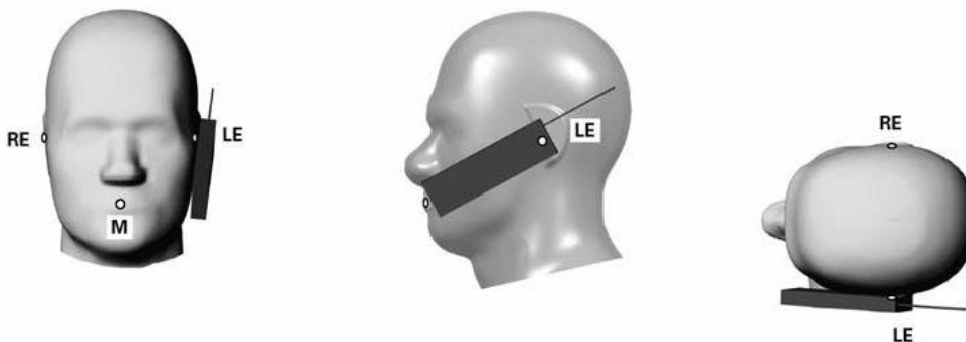


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15° .
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15° .
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

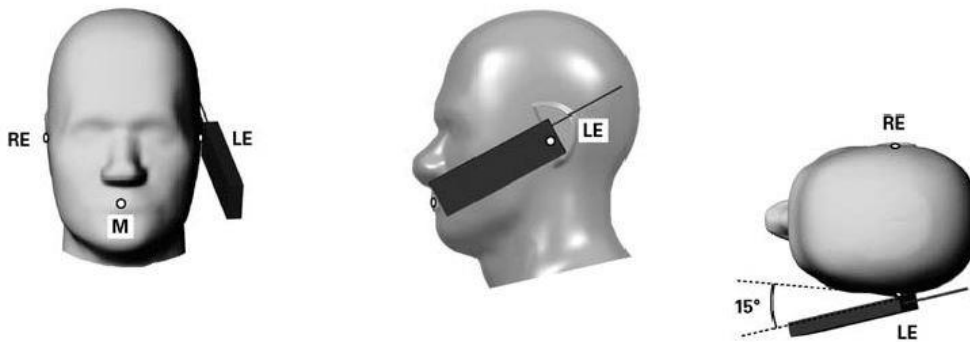


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

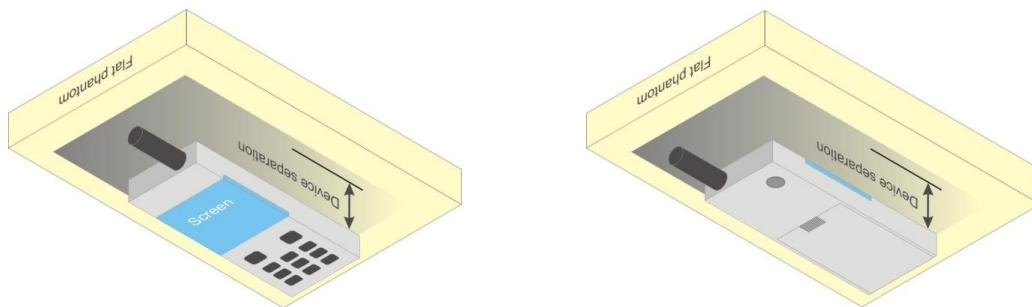


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

| Band GSM850 | Burst Average Power (dBm) | | | Tune-up Limit (dBm) | Frame-Average Power (dBm) | | | Tune-up Limit (dBm) |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| | TX Channel | 128 | 189 | | 251 | 128 | 189 | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 824.2 | 836.4 | 848.8 | | 824.2 | 836.4 | 848.8 | |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) | 32.91 | 32.94 | 32.95 | 33.50 | 23.91 | 23.94 | 23.95 | 24.50 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) | 32.92 | 32.95 | 33.01 | 33.50 | 23.92 | 23.95 | 24.01 | 24.50 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) | 29.77 | 29.78 | 29.84 | 30.00 | 23.77 | 23.78 | 23.84 | 24.00 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) | 27.95 | 27.97 | 27.99 | 28.00 | 23.69 | 23.71 | 23.73 | 23.74 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) | 27.30 | 27.35 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 24.30 | 24.35 | 24.39 | 25.00 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) | 28.29 | 28.30 | 28.33 | 28.50 | 19.29 | 19.30 | 19.33 | 19.50 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) | 25.81 | 25.78 | 25.57 | 26.00 | 19.81 | 19.78 | 19.57 | 20.00 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) | 25.78 | 25.74 | 25.56 | 26.00 | 21.52 | 21.48 | 21.30 | 21.74 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) | 25.76 | 25.71 | 25.54 | 26.00 | 22.76 | 22.71 | 22.54 | 23.00 |

| Band GSM1900 | Burst Average Power (dBm) | | | Tune-up Limit (dBm) | Frame-Average Power (dBm) | | | Tune-up Limit (dBm) |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------------------|
| | TX Channel | 512 | 661 | | 810 | 512 | 661 | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1850.2 | 1880 | 1909.8 | | 1850.2 | 1880 | 1909.8 | |
| GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) | 30.69 | 30.70 | 30.67 | 31.00 | 21.69 | 21.70 | 21.67 | 22.00 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) | 30.70 | 30.71 | 30.68 | 31.00 | 21.70 | 21.71 | 21.68 | 22.00 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) | 26.60 | 26.62 | 26.51 | 27.00 | 20.60 | 20.62 | 20.51 | 21.00 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) | 24.74 | 24.85 | 24.70 | 25.00 | 20.48 | 20.59 | 20.44 | 20.74 |
| GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) | 24.78 | 24.82 | 24.73 | 25.00 | 21.78 | 21.82 | 21.73 | 22.00 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) | 27.48 | 27.49 | 27.30 | 27.50 | 18.48 | 18.49 | 18.30 | 18.50 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) | 24.19 | 24.21 | 24.05 | 24.50 | 18.19 | 18.21 | 18.05 | 18.50 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) | 23.75 | 23.78 | 23.67 | 24.00 | 19.49 | 19.52 | 19.41 | 19.74 |
| EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) | 22.47 | 22.50 | 22.40 | 24.00 | 19.47 | 19.50 | 19.40 | 21.00 |

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

| Sub-test | β_c | β_d | β_d (SF) | β_c/β_d | β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2) | CM (dB) (Note 3) | MPR (dB) (Note 3) |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 12/15 (Note 4) | 15/15 (Note 4) | 64 | 12/15 (Note 4) | 24/15 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 8/15 | 64 | 15/8 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| 4 | 15/15 | 4/15 | 64 | 15/4 | 30/15 | 1.5 | 0.5 |

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCl
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCl is equal to the target E-TFCl of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCl
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

| Sub-test | β_c | β_d | β_d (SF) | β_c/β_d | β_{HS} (Note 1) | β_{ec} | β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6) | β_{ed} (SF) | β_{ed} (Codes) | CM (dB) (Note 2) | MPR (dB) (Note 2) | AG Index (Note 6) | E-TFCl |
|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------|
| 1 | 11/15 (Note 3) | 15/15 (Note 3) | 64 | 11/15 (Note 3) | 22/15 | 209/25 | 1309/225 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 20 | 75 |
| 2 | 6/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 6/15 | 12/15 | 12/15 | 94/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 12 | 67 |
| 3 | 15/15 | 9/15 | 64 | 15/9 | 30/15 | 30/15 | $\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$ | 4 4 | 2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 15 | 92 |
| 4 | 2/15 | 15/15 | 64 | 2/15 | 4/15 | 2/15 | 56/75 | 4 | 1 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 17 | 71 |
| 5 | 15/15 (Note 4) | 15/15 (Note 4) | 64 | 15/15 (Note 4) | 30/15 | 24/15 | 134/15 | 4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 21 | 81 |

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

| Band | | | WCDMA V | | | WCDMA II | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|-------|-------|----------|-------|--------|
| TX Channel | | | 4132 | 4182 | 4233 | 9262 | 9400 | 9538 |
| Frequency (MHz) | | | 826.4 | 836.4 | 846.6 | 1852.4 | 1880 | 1907.6 |
| MPR (dB) | 3GPP Rel 99 | AMR 12.2Kbps | 23.84 | 23.88 | 23.81 | 23.83 | 23.74 | 23.93 |
| | 3GPP Rel 99 | RMC 12.2Kbps | 23.85 | 23.90 | 23.84 | 23.88 | 23.80 | 23.95 |
| 0 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-1 | 22.90 | 22.95 | 22.87 | 22.87 | 22.90 | 22.94 |
| 0 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-2 | 22.87 | 22.92 | 22.83 | 22.83 | 22.85 | 22.89 |
| 0.5 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-3 | 22.42 | 22.47 | 22.39 | 22.43 | 22.47 | 22.50 |
| 0.5 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSDPA Subtest-4 | 22.39 | 22.43 | 22.35 | 22.40 | 22.42 | 22.48 |
| 0 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-1 | 20.56 | 20.66 | 20.52 | 20.83 | 20.78 | 20.86 |
| 2 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-2 | 20.39 | 20.43 | 20.35 | 20.45 | 20.42 | 20.48 |
| 1 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-3 | 21.19 | 21.25 | 21.15 | 21.39 | 21.34 | 21.44 |
| 2 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-4 | 20.40 | 20.44 | 20.33 | 20.45 | 20.43 | 20.48 |
| 0 | 3GPP Rel 6 | HSUPA Subtest-5 | 22.43 | 22.47 | 22.40 | 22.47 | 22.44 | 22.49 |

<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

| Mode Band | Average power(dBm) | |
|------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | v3.0+EDR | v4.0+LE |
| 2.4GHz Bluetooth | 6.0 | 3.0 |

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$$

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

| Bluetooth Max Power (dBm) | Separation Distance (mm) | Frequency (GHz) | exclusion thresholds |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 6 | < 5 | 2.48 | 1.26 |

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.26 which is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.



<2.4GHz WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. For IEEE802.11b/g SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.
2. For IEEE802.11n, SAR testing can be conducted on channel with the highest output power when taking into consideration tune-up tolerance for same test configuration that was identified during SAR evaluations for IEEE802.11b/g (as applicable) provided bandwidth and test position are the same.
3. For IEEE802.11n with multiple channel BW configurations, highest channel BW configuration with highest output power limit shall be tested.
4. Testing of lower BW configurations is not required when the maximum average output of the default test channels in each lower BW configuration is less than 1/4dB higher than the default test channel in the highest BW configuration.

| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm) | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------|---------------------|---------|--------|
| Power vs. Channel | | | Power vs. Data Rate | | |
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | 2Mbps | 5.5Mbps | 11Mbps |
| | | 1Mbps | | | |
| CH 1 | 2412 | 16.48 | 16.46 | 16.47 | 16.46 |
| CH 6 | 2437 | 16.35 | | | |
| CH 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | | | |

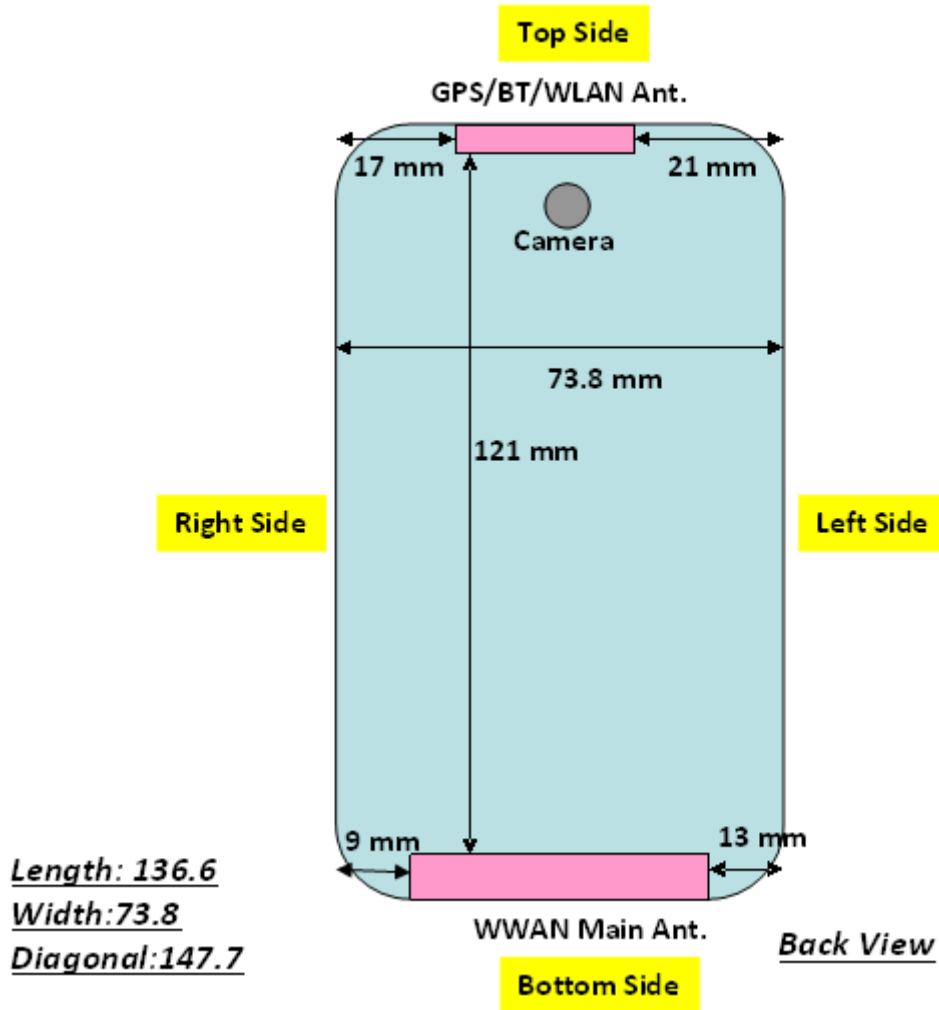
| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Power vs. Channel | | | Power vs. Data Rate | | | | | | |
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate | 9Mbps | 12Mbps | 18Mbps | 24Mbps | 36Mbps | 48Mbps | 54Mbps |
| | | 6Mbps | | | | | | | |
| CH 1 | 2412 | 13.33 | 13.36 | 13.13 | 13.13 | 13.25 | 13.26 | 13.34 | 13.33 |
| CH 6 | 2437 | 13.11 | | | | | | | |
| CH 11 | 2462 | 13.38 | | | | | | | |

| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Power vs. Channel | | | Power vs. MCS Index | | | | | | |
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | MCS Index | MCS1 | MCS2 | MCS3 | MCS4 | MCS5 | MCS6 | MCS7 |
| | | MCS0 | | | | | | | |
| CH 1 | 2412 | 9.82 | 9.93 | 9.87 | 9.86 | 9.85 | 9.92 | 9.89 | 9.93 |
| CH 6 | 2437 | 9.73 | | | | | | | |
| CH 11 | 2462 | 9.94 | | | | | | | |

| WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Power vs. Channel | | | Power vs. MCS Index | | | | | | |
| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | MCS Index | MCS1 | MCS2 | MCS3 | MCS4 | MCS5 | MCS6 | MCS7 |
| | | MCS0 | | | | | | | |
| CH 3 | 2422 | 9.95 | 9.97 | 9.96 | 9.94 | 9.92 | 9.95 | 9.96 | 9.98 |
| CH 6 | 2437 | 9.99 | | | | | | | |
| CH 9 | 2452 | 9.74 | | | | | | | |

13. Antenna Location

<Mobile Phone>



| Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|----------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Antennas | Back | Front | Top Side | Bottom Side | Right Side | Left Side |
| WWAN Main | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | > 25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm |
| BT&WLAN | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm | > 25mm | ≤ 25mm | ≤ 25mm |
| Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode | | | | | | |
| Antennas | Back | Front | Top Side | Bottom Side | Right Side | Left Side |
| WWAN Main | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| BT&WLAN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |

General Note:

- Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge



14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
6. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
7. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
8. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.



14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|---------|------------|-------------------|---------------|-----|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 01 | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | -0.11 | 0.237 | 0.273 | 0.184 | 0.212 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 128 | 824.2 | 27.30 | 28.00 | 1.175 | 0.01 | 0.147 | 0.173 | 0.113 | 0.133 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 189 | 836.4 | 27.35 | 28.00 | 1.161 | 0.13 | 0.169 | 0.196 | 0.130 | 0.151 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Tilted | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | 0.04 | 0.157 | 0.181 | 0.118 | 0.136 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Cheek | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | 0.08 | 0.204 | 0.235 | 0.157 | 0.181 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Tilted | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | 0.09 | 0.151 | 0.174 | 0.114 | 0.131 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.05 | 0.251 | 0.262 | 0.138 | 0.144 |
| 02 | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 512 | 1850.2 | 24.78 | 25.00 | 1.052 | 0.05 | 0.327 | 0.344 | 0.176 | 0.185 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Cheek | 810 | 1909.8 | 24.73 | 25.00 | 1.064 | 0.03 | 0.095 | 0.101 | 0.033 | 0.035 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Tilted | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | -0.08 | 0.105 | 0.109 | 0.058 | 0.060 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Cheek | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | -0.05 | 0.207 | 0.216 | 0.100 | 0.104 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Tilted | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | -0.08 | 0.135 | 0.141 | 0.065 | 0.068 |

<WCDMA SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|----------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 03 | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Cheek | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | 0.1 | 0.324 | 0.332 | 0.252 | 0.258 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Cheek | 4132 | 826.4 | 23.85 | 24.00 | 1.035 | 0.12 | 0.193 | 0.200 | 0.149 | 0.154 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Cheek | 4233 | 846.6 | 23.84 | 24.00 | 1.038 | 0.08 | 0.271 | 0.281 | 0.193 | 0.200 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Tilted | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | -0.11 | 0.178 | 0.182 | 0.134 | 0.137 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Cheek | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | 0.07 | 0.276 | 0.282 | 0.218 | 0.223 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Tilted | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | -0.06 | 0.162 | 0.166 | 0.120 | 0.123 |
| 04 | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Cheek | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.08 | 0.491 | 0.497 | 0.292 | 0.295 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Cheek | 9262 | 1852.4 | 23.88 | 24.00 | 1.028 | 0.08 | 0.566 | 0.582 | 0.331 | 0.340 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Cheek | 9400 | 1880 | 23.80 | 24.00 | 1.047 | 0.07 | 0.517 | 0.541 | 0.303 | 0.317 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Tilted | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.04 | 0.174 | 0.176 | 0.100 | 0.101 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Cheek | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | -0.04 | 0.411 | 0.416 | 0.227 | 0.230 |
| WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Tilted | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | -0.05 | 0.284 | 0.287 | 0.166 | 0.168 | |

<WLAN SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Duty Cycle % | Duty Cycle Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Right Cheek | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.067 | 0.430 | 0.620 | 0.210 | 0.303 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Right Tilted | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.002 | 0.511 | 0.737 | 0.242 | 0.349 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.075 | 0.661 | 0.954 | 0.315 | 0.454 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 1 | 2412 | 16.48 | 18.00 | 1.419 | 98.13 | 1.019 | -0.023 | 0.634 | 0.917 | 0.302 | 0.437 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Cheek | 6 | 2437 | 16.35 | 18.00 | 1.462 | 98.13 | 1.019 | -0.015 | 0.619 | 0.922 | 0.295 | 0.440 |
| | 05 | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Tilted | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.109 | 0.766 | 1.105 | 0.342 |
| WLAN2.4GHz | | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Tilted | 1 | 2412 | 16.48 | 18.00 | 1.419 | 98.13 | 1.019 | -0.095 | 0.725 | 1.048 | 0.331 | 0.479 |
| WLAN2.4GHz | | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Tilted | 6 | 2437 | 16.35 | 18.00 | 1.462 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.029 | 0.707 | 1.053 | 0.316 | 0.471 |
| WLAN2.4GHz | | OFDM | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Left Tilted | 6 | 2437 | 9.99 | 11.50 | 1.416 | 79.13 | 1.264 | -0.028 | 0.113 | 0.202 | 0.051 | 0.091 |



14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Gap (cm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|---------|------------|-------------------|---------------|----------|-----|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 06 | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 1cm | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | -0.03 | 0.307 | 0.353 | 0.240 | 0.276 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1cm | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | -0.02 | 0.490 | 0.564 | 0.374 | 0.430 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1cm | 128 | 824.2 | 27.30 | 28.00 | 1.175 | -0.07 | 0.388 | 0.456 | 0.298 | 0.350 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1cm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.35 | 28.00 | 1.161 | -0.04 | 0.423 | 0.491 | 0.323 | 0.375 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Side | 1cm | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | 0.05 | 0.264 | 0.304 | 0.186 | 0.214 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Side | 1cm | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | -0.05 | 0.339 | 0.390 | 0.240 | 0.276 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Bottom Side | 1cm | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | 0.03 | 0.142 | 0.163 | 0.076 | 0.087 |
| 07 | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 1cm | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.1 | 0.253 | 0.264 | 0.138 | 0.144 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1cm | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.1 | 0.534 | 0.557 | 0.288 | 0.300 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1cm | 512 | 1850.2 | 24.78 | 25.00 | 1.052 | 0.16 | 0.523 | 0.550 | 0.273 | 0.287 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1cm | 810 | 1909.8 | 24.73 | 25.00 | 1.064 | 0.17 | 0.411 | 0.437 | 0.214 | 0.228 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Left Side | 1cm | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.1 | 0.078 | 0.081 | 0.044 | 0.046 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Right Side | 1cm | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.1 | 0.098 | 0.102 | 0.055 | 0.057 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Bottom Side | 1cm | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.01 | 0.530 | 0.552 | 0.275 | 0.287 |

<WCDMA SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Gap (cm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|----------|------------|--------------|---------------|----------|------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 08 | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 1cm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | 0.01 | 0.458 | 0.469 | 0.359 | 0.367 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1cm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | -0.02 | 0.675 | 0.691 | 0.516 | 0.528 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1cm | 4132 | 826.4 | 23.85 | 24.00 | 1.035 | -0.02 | 0.473 | 0.490 | 0.362 | 0.375 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1cm | 4233 | 846.6 | 23.84 | 24.00 | 1.038 | -0.01 | 0.572 | 0.593 | 0.437 | 0.453 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Side | 1cm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | 0.01 | 0.351 | 0.359 | 0.248 | 0.254 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Side | 1cm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | -0.01 | 0.484 | 0.495 | 0.343 | 0.351 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Bottom Side | 1cm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | -0.04 | 0.155 | 0.159 | 0.083 | 0.085 |
| 09 | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 1cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.04 | 0.584 | 0.591 | 0.328 | 0.332 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.12 | 0.998 | 1.010 | 0.549 | 0.555 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1cm | 9262 | 1852.4 | 23.88 | 24.00 | 1.028 | 0.08 | 0.963 | 0.990 | 0.539 | 0.554 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1cm | 9400 | 1880 | 23.80 | 24.00 | 1.047 | 0.02 | 0.904 | 0.947 | 0.499 | 0.523 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Left Side | 1cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.07 | 0.154 | 0.156 | 0.088 | 0.089 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Right Side | 1cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.01 | 0.186 | 0.188 | 0.109 | 0.110 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Bottom Side | 1cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.04 | 1.230 | 1.244 | 0.645 | 0.652 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Bottom Side | 1cm | 9262 | 1852.4 | 23.88 | 24.00 | 1.028 | 0.18 | 1.120 | 1.151 | 0.595 | 0.612 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Bottom Side | 1cm | 9400 | 1880 | 23.80 | 24.00 | 1.047 | 0.05 | 1.060 | 1.110 | 0.562 | 0.588 |

<WLAN SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Gap (cm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Duty Cycle % | Duty Cycle Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|----------|-----|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 10 | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 1cm | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | -0.015 | 0.175 | 0.252 | 0.093 | 0.134 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 1cm | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.002 | 0.431 | 0.622 | 0.209 | 0.302 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 1cm | 1 | 2412 | 16.48 | 18.00 | 1.419 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.015 | 0.416 | 0.602 | 0.202 | 0.292 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 1cm | 6 | 2437 | 16.35 | 18.00 | 1.462 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.023 | 0.409 | 0.609 | 0.196 | 0.292 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | OFDM | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Back | 1cm | 6 | 2437 | 9.99 | 11.50 | 1.416 | 79.13 | 1.264 | 0.128 | 0.074 | 0.132 | 0.035 | 0.063 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Left Side | 1cm | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.097 | 0.021 | 0.030 | 0.011 | 0.016 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Right Side | 1cm | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.149 | 0.060 | 0.087 | 0.033 | 0.048 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Top Side | 1cm | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.119 | 0.337 | 0.486 | 0.164 | 0.237 |

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Gap (cm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|---------|------------|-------------------|---------------|----------|-----|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 1.5cm | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | -0.02 | 0.297 | 0.342 | 0.230 | 0.265 |
| 11 | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1.5cm | 251 | 848.8 | 27.39 | 28.00 | 1.151 | -0.02 | 0.396 | 0.456 | 0.301 | 0.346 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1.5cm | 128 | 824.2 | 27.30 | 28.00 | 1.175 | -0.08 | 0.325 | 0.382 | 0.248 | 0.291 |
| | GSM850 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1.5cm | 189 | 836.4 | 27.35 | 28.00 | 1.161 | 0.02 | 0.322 | 0.374 | 0.246 | 0.286 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Front | 1.5cm | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.11 | 0.145 | 0.151 | 0.089 | 0.093 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1.5cm | 661 | 1880 | 24.82 | 25.00 | 1.042 | 0.18 | 0.237 | 0.247 | 0.134 | 0.140 |
| 12 | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1.5cm | 512 | 1850.2 | 24.78 | 25.00 | 1.052 | 0.15 | 0.287 | 0.302 | 0.166 | 0.175 |
| | GSM1900 | GMSK | GPRS (4 Tx slots) | Back | 1.5cm | 810 | 1909.8 | 24.73 | 25.00 | 1.064 | 0.14 | 0.210 | 0.223 | 0.116 | 0.123 |

<WCDMA SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Gap (cm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|----------|------------|--------------|---------------|----------|------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 1.5cm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | -0.01 | 0.434 | 0.444 | 0.336 | 0.344 |
| 13 | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1.5cm | 4182 | 836.4 | 23.90 | 24.00 | 1.023 | -0.03 | 0.563 | 0.576 | 0.428 | 0.438 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1.5cm | 4132 | 826.4 | 23.85 | 24.00 | 1.035 | -0.03 | 0.394 | 0.408 | 0.301 | 0.312 |
| | WCDMA V | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1.5cm | 4233 | 846.6 | 23.84 | 24.00 | 1.038 | -0.03 | 0.434 | 0.450 | 0.329 | 0.341 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Front | 1.5cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | -0.04 | 0.243 | 0.246 | 0.148 | 0.150 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1.5cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | -0.11 | 0.507 | 0.513 | 0.291 | 0.294 |
| 14 | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1.5cm | 9262 | 1852.4 | 23.88 | 24.00 | 1.028 | 0.02 | 0.565 | 0.581 | 0.319 | 0.328 |
| | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Back | 1.5cm | 9400 | 1880 | 23.80 | 24.00 | 1.047 | 0.1 | 0.502 | 0.526 | 0.283 | 0.296 |

<WLAN SAR>

| Plot No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Gap (cm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Duty Cycle % | Duty Cycle Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) | Measured 10g SAR (W/kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/kg) |
|----------|------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|----------|-----|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Front | 1.5cm | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | -0.021 | 0.097 | 0.140 | 0.053 | 0.076 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 1.5cm | 11 | 2462 | 16.49 | 18.00 | 1.416 | 98.13 | 1.019 | 0.018 | 0.212 | 0.306 | 0.111 | 0.160 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 1.5cm | 1 | 2412 | 16.48 | 18.00 | 1.419 | 98.13 | 1.019 | -0.043 | 0.195 | 0.282 | 0.103 | 0.149 |
| 15 | WLAN2.4GHz | DBPSK | 802.11b 1Mbps | Back | 1.5cm | 6 | 2437 | 16.35 | 18.00 | 1.462 | 98.13 | 1.019 | -0.047 | 0.217 | 0.323 | 0.112 | 0.167 |
| | WLAN2.4GHz | OFDM | 802.11n-HT40 MCS0 | Back | 1.5cm | 6 | 2437 | 9.99 | 11.50 | 1.416 | 79.13 | 1.264 | 0.166 | 0.035 | 0.063 | 0.018 | 0.032 |

14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

| No. | Band | Modulation | Mode | Test Position | Gap (cm) | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Tune-Up Limit (dBm) | Tune-up Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured 1g SAR (W/kg) | Ratio | Reported 1g SAR (W/kg) |
|-----|----------|------------|--------------|---------------|----------|------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------|------------------------|
| 1st | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Bottom Side | 1cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.04 | 1.230 | - | 1.244 |
| 2nd | WCDMA II | QPSK | RMC 12.2Kbps | Bottom Side | 1cm | 9538 | 1907.6 | 23.95 | 24.00 | 1.012 | 0.11 | 1.170 | 1.05 | 1.184 |

General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8W/kg$
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45W/kg$, only one repeated measurement is required.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

| NO. | Simultaneous Transmission Configurations | Smart Phone | | | Note |
|-----|--|-------------|-----------|---------|---------------------|
| | | Head | Body-worn | Hotspot | |
| 1. | GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data) | Yes | Yes | | |
| 2. | WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data) | Yes | Yes | | |
| 3. | GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data) | Yes | Yes | | |
| 4. | WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data) | Yes | Yes | | |
| 5. | GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data) | Yes | Yes | Yes | 2.4GHz Hotspot |
| 6. | WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data) | Yes | Yes | Yes | 2.4GHz Hotspot |
| 7. | GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Bluetooth Tethering |
| 8. | WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Bluetooth Tethering |

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
2. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
4. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
 - i) $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

| Bluetooth Max Power | Exposure Position | Head | Hotspot | Body-worn |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Separation Distance | 0 mm | 10 mm | 15 mm |
| 6.0 dBm | Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg) | 0.168 W/kg | 0.084 W/kg | 0.056 W/kg |
| | Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg) | 0.067 W/kg | 0.034 W/kg | 0.022 W/kg |



15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

| WWAN Band | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR Result | Case No | |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------|--|
| | | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 2.4GHz Bluetooth | | | | | |
| | | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg) | | | | | |
| GSM | GSM850 | Right Cheek | 0.273 | 0.620 | 0.168 | 0.89 | 0.44 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.181 | 0.737 | 0.168 | 0.92 | 0.35 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.235 | 0.954 | 0.168 | 1.19 | 0.40 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.174 | 1.105 | 0.168 | 1.28 | 0.34 | | |
| | GSM1900 | Right Cheek | 0.344 | 0.620 | 0.168 | 0.96 | 0.51 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.109 | 0.737 | 0.168 | 0.85 | 0.28 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.216 | 0.954 | 0.168 | 1.17 | 0.38 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.141 | 1.105 | 0.168 | 1.25 | 0.31 | | |
| WCDMA | Band V | Right Cheek | 0.332 | 0.620 | 0.168 | 0.95 | 0.50 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.182 | 0.737 | 0.168 | 0.92 | 0.35 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.282 | 0.954 | 0.168 | 1.24 | 0.45 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.166 | 1.105 | 0.168 | 1.27 | 0.33 | | |
| | Band II | Right Cheek | 0.582 | 0.620 | 0.168 | 1.20 | 0.75 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.176 | 0.737 | 0.168 | 0.91 | 0.34 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.416 | 0.954 | 0.168 | 1.37 | 0.58 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.287 | 1.105 | 0.168 | 1.39 | 0.46 | | |

| WWAN Band | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg) | 1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR Result | Case No | |
|-----------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|--|
| | | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 2.4GHz Bluetooth | | | | | |
| | | 10g SAR (W/kg) | 10g SAR (W/kg) | Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg) | | | | | |
| GSM | GSM850 | Right Cheek | 0.212 | 0.303 | 0.067 | 0.52 | 0.28 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.136 | 0.349 | 0.067 | 0.49 | 0.20 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.181 | 0.454 | 0.067 | 0.64 | 0.25 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.131 | 0.493 | 0.067 | 0.62 | 0.20 | | |
| | GSM1900 | Right Cheek | 0.185 | 0.303 | 0.067 | 0.49 | 0.25 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.060 | 0.349 | 0.067 | 0.41 | 0.13 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.104 | 0.454 | 0.067 | 0.56 | 0.17 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.068 | 0.493 | 0.067 | 0.56 | 0.14 | | |
| WCDMA | Band V | Right Cheek | 0.258 | 0.303 | 0.067 | 0.56 | 0.33 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.137 | 0.349 | 0.067 | 0.49 | 0.20 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.223 | 0.454 | 0.067 | 0.68 | 0.29 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.123 | 0.493 | 0.067 | 0.62 | 0.19 | | |
| | Band II | Right Cheek | 0.340 | 0.303 | 0.067 | 0.64 | 0.41 | | |
| | | Right Tilted | 0.101 | 0.349 | 0.067 | 0.45 | 0.17 | | |
| | | Left Cheek | 0.230 | 0.454 | 0.067 | 0.68 | 0.30 | | |
| | | Left Tilted | 0.168 | 0.493 | 0.067 | 0.66 | 0.24 | | |

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

| WWAN Band | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR Result | Case No | |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------|--------|
| | | WWAN | 2.4GHz WLAN | 2.4GHz Bluetooth | | | | | |
| | | 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1g SAR (W/kg) | Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg) | | | | | |
| GSM | GSM850 | Front | 0.353 | 0.252 | 0.084 | 0.61 | 0.44 | | |
| | | Back | 0.564 | 0.622 | 0.084 | 1.19 | 0.65 | | |
| | | Left side | 0.304 | 0.030 | 0.084 | 0.33 | 0.39 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.390 | 0.087 | 0.084 | 0.48 | 0.47 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.486 | 0.084 | 0.49 | 0.08 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 0.163 | | | 0.16 | 0.16 | | |
| | GSM1900 | Front | 0.264 | 0.252 | 0.084 | 0.52 | 0.35 | | |
| | | Back | 0.557 | 0.622 | 0.084 | 1.18 | 0.64 | | |
| | | Left side | 0.081 | 0.030 | 0.084 | 0.11 | 0.17 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.102 | 0.087 | 0.084 | 0.19 | 0.19 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.486 | 0.084 | 0.49 | 0.08 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 0.552 | | | 0.55 | 0.55 | | |
| WCDMA | Band V | Front | 0.469 | 0.252 | 0.084 | 0.72 | 0.55 | | |
| | | Back | 0.691 | 0.622 | 0.084 | 1.31 | 0.78 | | |
| | | Left side | 0.359 | 0.030 | 0.084 | 0.39 | 0.44 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.495 | 0.087 | 0.084 | 0.58 | 0.58 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.486 | 0.084 | 0.49 | 0.08 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 0.159 | | | 0.16 | 0.16 | | |
| | Band II | Front | 0.591 | 0.252 | 0.084 | 0.84 | 0.68 | | |
| | | Back | 1.010 | 0.622 | 0.084 | 1.63 | 1.09 | 0.02 | Case 1 |
| | | Left side | 0.156 | 0.030 | 0.084 | 0.19 | 0.24 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.188 | 0.087 | 0.084 | 0.28 | 0.27 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.486 | 0.084 | 0.49 | 0.08 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 1.244 | | | 1.24 | 1.24 | | |



| WWAN Band | | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg) | 1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR Result | Case No |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|
| | | | WWAN 10g SAR (W/kg) | 2.4GHz WLAN 10g SAR (W/kg) | 2.4GHz Bluetooth Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg) | | | | |
| GSM | GSM850 | Front | 0.276 | 0.134 | 0.034 | 0.41 | 0.31 | | |
| | | Back | 0.430 | 0.302 | 0.034 | 0.73 | 0.46 | | |
| | | Left side | 0.214 | 0.016 | 0.034 | 0.23 | 0.25 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.276 | 0.048 | 0.034 | 0.32 | 0.31 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.237 | 0.034 | 0.24 | 0.03 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 0.087 | | | 0.09 | 0.09 | | |
| | GSM1900 | Front | 0.144 | 0.134 | 0.034 | 0.28 | 0.18 | | |
| | | Back | 0.300 | 0.302 | 0.034 | 0.60 | 0.33 | | |
| | | Left side | 0.046 | 0.016 | 0.034 | 0.06 | 0.08 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.057 | 0.048 | 0.034 | 0.11 | 0.09 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.237 | 0.034 | 0.24 | 0.03 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 0.287 | | | 0.29 | 0.29 | | |
| WCDMA | Band V | Front | 0.367 | 0.134 | 0.034 | 0.50 | 0.40 | | |
| | | Back | 0.528 | 0.302 | 0.034 | 0.83 | 0.56 | | |
| | | Left side | 0.254 | 0.016 | 0.034 | 0.27 | 0.29 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.351 | 0.048 | 0.034 | 0.40 | 0.39 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.237 | 0.034 | 0.24 | 0.03 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 0.085 | | | 0.09 | 0.09 | | |
| | Band II | Front | 0.332 | 0.134 | 0.034 | 0.47 | 0.37 | | |
| | | Back | 0.555 | 0.302 | 0.034 | 0.86 | 0.59 | | |
| | | Left side | 0.089 | 0.016 | 0.034 | 0.11 | 0.12 | | |
| | | Right side | 0.110 | 0.048 | 0.034 | 0.16 | 0.14 | | |
| | | Top side | | 0.237 | 0.034 | 0.24 | 0.03 | | |
| | | Bottom side | 0.652 | | | 0.65 | 0.65 | | |



15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

| WWAN Band | | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | 1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR Result | Case No |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------|
| | | | WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg) | 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg) | 2.4GHz Bluetooth Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg) | | | | |
| GSM | GSM850 | Front | 0.342 | 0.140 | 0.056 | 0.48 | 1.00 | | |
| | | Back | 0.456 | 0.323 | 0.056 | 0.78 | 0.51 | | |
| | GSM1900 | Front | 0.151 | 0.140 | 0.056 | 0.29 | 0.21 | | |
| | | Back | 0.302 | 0.323 | 0.056 | 0.63 | 0.36 | | |
| WCDMA | Band V | Front | 0.444 | 0.140 | 0.056 | 0.58 | 0.50 | | |
| | | Back | 0.576 | 0.323 | 0.056 | 0.90 | 0.63 | | |
| | Band II | Front | 0.246 | 0.140 | 0.056 | 0.39 | 0.30 | | |
| | | Back | 0.581 | 0.323 | 0.056 | 0.90 | 0.64 | | |

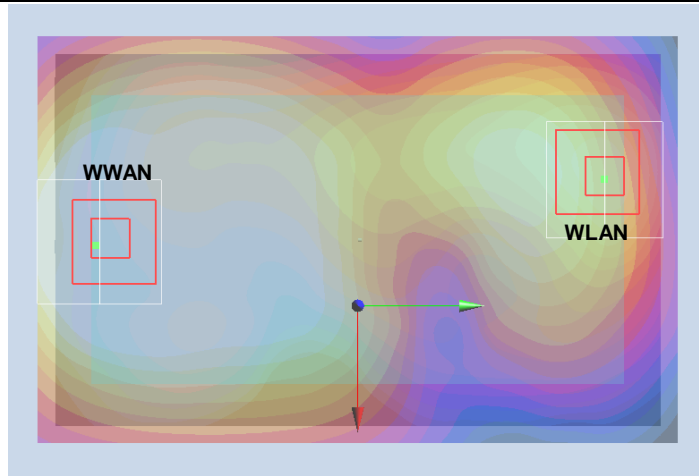
| WWAN Band | | Exposure Position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg) | 1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR Result | Case No |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|
| | | | WWAN 10g SAR (W/kg) | 2.4GHz WLAN 10g SAR (W/kg) | 2.4GHz Bluetooth Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg) | | | | |
| GSM | GSM850 | Front | 0.265 | 0.076 | 0.022 | 0.34 | 0.29 | | |
| | | Back | 0.346 | 0.167 | 0.022 | 0.51 | 0.37 | | |
| | GSM1900 | Front | 0.093 | 0.076 | 0.022 | 0.17 | 0.12 | | |
| | | Back | 0.175 | 0.167 | 0.022 | 0.34 | 0.20 | | |
| WCDMA | Band V | Front | 0.344 | 0.076 | 0.022 | 0.42 | 0.37 | | |
| | | Back | 0.438 | 0.167 | 0.022 | 0.61 | 0.46 | | |
| | Band II | Front | 0.150 | 0.076 | 0.022 | 0.23 | 0.17 | | |
| | | Back | 0.328 | 0.167 | 0.022 | 0.50 | 0.35 | | |

15.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

- SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

| Case 1 | Band | Position | SAR (W/kg) | Gap (cm) | SAR peak location (m) | | | 3D distance (mm) | Summed SAR (W/kg) | SPLSR Results | Simultaneous SAR |
|--------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|-----------------------|---------|--------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------|
| | WCDMA II | | | | X | Y | Z | | | | |
| | WLAN 2.4GHz | Back | 0.622 | 1 | -0.0165 | -0.0665 | -0.205 | 131.1 | 1.63 | 0.02 | Not required |
| | WCDMA II | | 1.010 | 1 | -0.0326 | 0.0636 | -0.202 | | | | |



Test Engineer : Tom Jiang, Ken Li, Domo Hsiao, Jerry Hu, and Lawrence Chen

16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture’s specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

| Uncertainty Distributions | Normal | Rectangular | Triangular | U-Shape |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Multi-plying Factor ^(a) | 1/k ^(b) | 1/√3 | 1/√6 | 1/√2 |

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

| Error Description | Uncertainty Value (±%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | Ci (1g) | Ci (10g) | Standard Uncertainty (1g) | Standard Uncertainty (10g) |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | 6.0 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 6.0 % | ± 6.0 % |
| Axial Isotropy | 4.7 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ± 1.9 % | ± 1.9 % |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 9.6 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ± 3.9 % | ± 3.9 % |
| Boundary Effects | 1.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.6 % | ± 0.6 % |
| Linearity | 4.7 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.7 % | ± 2.7 % |
| System Detection Limits | 1.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.6 % | ± 0.6 % |
| Readout Electronics | 0.3 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.3 % | ± 0.3 % |
| Response Time | 0.8 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.5 % | ± 0.5 % |
| Integration Time | 2.6 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.5 % | ± 1.5 % |
| RF Ambient Noise | 3.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.7 % | ± 1.7 % |
| RF Ambient Reflections | 3.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.7 % | ± 1.7 % |
| Probe Positioner | 0.4 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.2 % | ± 0.2 % |
| Probe Positioning | 2.9 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.7 % | ± 1.7 % |
| Max. SAR Eval. | 1.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.6 % | ± 0.6 % |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | 2.9 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.9 % | ± 2.9 % |
| Device Holder | 3.6 | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 3.6 % | ± 3.6 % |
| Power Drift | 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.9 % | ± 2.9 % |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | 4.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.3 % | ± 2.3 % |
| Liquid Conductivity (Target) | 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ± 1.8 % | ± 1.2 % |
| Liquid Conductivity (Meas.) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ± 1.6 % | ± 1.1 % |
| Liquid Permittivity (Target) | 5.0 | Rectangular | √3 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ± 1.7 % | ± 1.4 % |
| Liquid Permittivity (Meas.) | 2.5 | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ± 1.5 % | ± 1.2 % |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | | ± 11.0 % | ± 10.8 % |
| Coverage Factor for 95 % | | | | | | K=2 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty | | | | | | ± 22.0 % | ± 21.5 % |

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz



17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
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- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
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- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.