

N75 Product Specifications

Issue 1.0

Date2019-04-15

Neoway Product Document





Copyright © Neoway Technology Co., Ltd 2019. All rights reserved.

No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means without prior written consent of Neoway Technology Co., Ltd.

Neowoy 有方_{is the trademark of Neoway Technology Co., Ltd.}

All other trademarks and trade names mentioned in this document are the property of their respective holders.

Notice

This document provides guide for users to use N75.

This document is intended for system engineers (SEs), development engineers, and test engineers.

THIS GUIDE PROVIDES INSTRUCTIONS FOR CUSTOMERS TO DESIGN THEIR APPLICATIONS. PLEASE FOLLOW THE RULES AND PARAMETERS IN THIS GUIDE TO DESIGN AND COMMISSION. NEOWAY WILL NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OF BODILY HURT OR ASSET LOSS CAUSED BY IMPROPER OPERATIONS.

THE INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE DUE TO PRODUCT VERSION UPDATE OR OTHER REASONS.

EVERY EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE IN PREPARATION OF THIS DOCUMENT TO ENSURE ACCURACY OF THE CONTENTS, BUT ALL STATEMENTS, INFORMATION, AND RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS DOCUMENT DO NOT CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

Neoway provides customers complete technical support. If you have any question, please contact your account manager or email to the following email addresses:

Sales@neoway.com

Support@neoway.com

Website: http://www.neoway.com



Contents

1 About N/5	
1.1 Product Overview	1
1.2 Block Diagram	1
1.3 Basic Features	
2 Compliant Standards	
3 Pins and Appearance	
3.1 Pad Layout	
3.2 Appearance	2
4 Electric Feature and Reliability	3
4.1 Electric Features	3
4.2 Temperature Features	3
4.3 ESD Protection	4
5 RF Features	5
5.1 Operating Bands	5
5.2 TX Power and RX Sensitivity	
5.3 GNSS Feature	
6 Mechanical Features	8
6.1 Dimensions	
6.2 Label	
6.3 Pack	
6.3.1 Reel&Tape	
6.3.2 Moisture	
7 Mounting N75 onto Application Board	
7.1 Bottom Dimensions	
7.2 Application Foot Print	
7.3 Stencil	
7.4 Solder Paste	
7.5 SMT Furnace Temperature Curve	
8 Safety Recommendations	15
A Conformity and Compliance	
A.1 Approvals	
A.2 American Notice	
A.2.1 Modify	
A.2.2 FCC Class A Digital Device Notice	
A.2.3 FCC Class B Digital Device Notice	
B Abbreviation	19



Table of Figures

Figure 1-1 Block Diagram	2
Figure 3-1 N75 pin definition (Top View)	1
Figure 3-1 Top view of N75	2
Figure 3-1 Bottom view of N75	2
Figure 6-1 N75 dimensions	
Figure 6-2 N75 label	9
Figure 7-1 Bottom view	12
Figure 7-2 Recommended Application Foot Print (Top View)	13
Figure 7-3 SMT furnace temperature curve	14



Table of Tables

Table 1-1 Variant and frequency bands	1
Table 4-1 Electric features	3
Table 4-2 Temperature features	3
Table 4-3 ESD protection features	4
Table 5-1 Operating Bands	5
Table 5-2 RF TX power	6

About This Document

Scope

This document is applicable to N75series.

It defines the features, indicators, and test standards of the N75 module and provides reference for the hardware design of each interface.

Reference designs in this document are only for reference. Customers should design applications based on the actual scenarios and conditions. Please contact Neoway FAE if you have any question or doubt.

Audience

This document is intended for system engineers (SEs), development engineers, and test engineers.

Change History

Issue	Date	Change	Changed By
1.0	2019-03	Initial draft	WangQiang

Conventions

Symbol	Indication
Warning	This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause fatal device damage or even bodily damage.
Caution	Means reader be careful. In this situation, you might perform an action that could result in module or product damages.
Note	Means note or tips for readers to use the module



Related Documents

Neoway_N75_Datasheet

Neoway_N75_Product_Specifications

Neoway_N75_AT_Command_Manual

Neoway_N75_EVK_User_Guide

Neoway Module Reflow Manufacturing Recommendations

1 About N75

N75 is an industrial-grade 4G module developed on Qualcomm platform. It supports GSM/GPRS/EDGE, WCDMAR99 to DC-HSPA+, and LTE Cat4. With various hardware interfaces and optinal GNSS functions, N75 is well applicable to wireless metering terminals, in-vehicle terminals, POS, industrial routers, and other IoT terminals.

1.1 Product Overview

N75 series include multiple variants. Table 1-1 lists the variants and frequency bands supported.

Table 1-1 Variant and frequency bands

Version	Region	Category	Band	GNSS ¹
NA	North America	Cat4	FDD-LTE: B2, B4, B5, B7, B12, B13, B14, B25, B26, B66, B71 UMTS: B2, B4, B5 GSM/GPRS/EDGE:850/1900 MHz	support

1.2 Block Diagram

N75 consists of the following functionality units:

- Baseband
- MCP
- Power management unit
- 19.2MHz crystal oscillator
- RF section
- Digital interfaces (UIM, SPI, I2C, SGMII, SDIO, ADC, GPIO, UART, USB)

_

¹ GNSS optional for all above variants

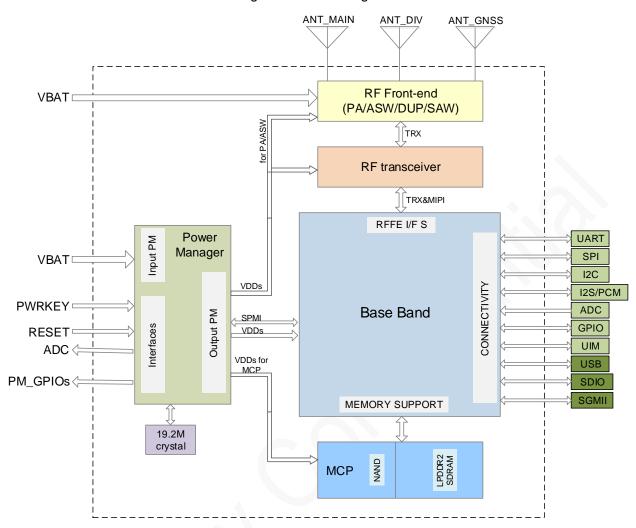


Figure 1-1 Block Diagram

1.3 Basic Features

Parameter	Description
Physical features	Dimensions: 30 mm * 28 mm * 2.8 mm Weight: around 5.1g
Temperature ranges	Operating: -35°C to +75°C
	Extended: -40°Cto +85°C
	Storage: -45°C to +90°C
Operating voltage	VBAT: 3.3V to 4.3V, TYP: 3.8V



	Sleep ² : < 4 mA
	Idle ³ : < 20 mA
Operating Current	Operating mode ⁴ (LTE networks)
, ,	Current in data service: about 250 mA
	Current in max. RX power: about 580 mA (FDD-LTE B1), 380mA (TDD-LTE Band41)
MIPS processor	ARM Cortex-A7 processor, 1.3 GHz main frequency
Memory	ROM+RAM: 2Gb+1Gb
Operating Bands	See Table 1-1.
	GPRS: Max 85.6 Kbps(DL) / Max 85.6 Kbps(UL)
Minalaga	EDGE: Max 236.8Kbps(DL) / Max 236.8Kbps(UL)
Wireless rate	WCDMA: DC-HSPA+,Max 42Mbps (DL)/Max 5.76Mbps (UL)
	FDD-LTE: non-CA cat4, Max 150 Mbps(DL)/Max 50 Mbps (UL)
	GSM850: +33dBm (Power Class 4)
	PCS1900: +30dBm (Power Class 1)
Transmit power	EDGE 850MHz: +27dBm (Power Class E2)
rransmit power	EDGE1900MHz: +26dBm (Power Class E2)
	UMTS: +23dBm (Power Class 3)
	LTE: +23dBm (Power Class 3)
	2G/3G/4G antenna, diversity antenna, GNSS antenna
	50Ω impedance
Application Interfaces	Two UART interfaces: one is an ordinary serial port, and one is used for Bluetooth by default
	One I2C interface, supporting only host mode
	One SPI interface, supporting only host mode and max. 50 Mbp
	One USIM interface, 1.8V/2.85V
	One USB2.0 interface, OTG function requires external 5V DC-DC

² Sleep mode is the low power consumption state the module enters. In this mode, peripheral interfaces of the module are disabled but the RF function works. If a call or SMS message incomes, the module exits from sleep mode. After the call or voice is end, the module enters sleep mode again.

Copyright © Neoway Technology Co., Ltd

³ Idle mode indicates the status of no service when the module is running.

⁴ Current in operating mode indicates the current during data communication. For currents of other network modes and bands, see N75 Current Test Report.



	Two 15-bit ADC interfaces, detectable voltage ranging from 0.1 to 1.7V One I2S/PCM interface, used to connect to CODEC chipset		
	One SDIO interface, used to control WLAN		
	One SGMII/MDIO interface, used for Ethernet		
	Four GPIO interfaces		
AT Command	Neoway extended commands		
Data	PPP, RNDIS, ECM, RMNET		
Protocol	TCP, UDP, MQTT, FTP/FTPS, HTTP/HTTP(S), SSL, TLS		
Certification approval	FCC, PTCRB, AT&T, CE-R, GCF, RoHS, NCC*, RCM*		



2 Compliant Standards

- 3GPP TS 07.07AT command set for GSM Mobile Equipment (ME)
- YD 1214-2006 Technical requirement of 900/1800MHz TDMA Digital Cellular Mobile
 Telecommunication Network General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)Equipment: Mobile Stations
- YD 1215-2006Testing Methods of 900/1800MHz TDMA Digital Cellular Mobile
 Telecommunication Network General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)Equipment: Mobile Stations
- YD 1032-2000Limits and Measurement Methods of Electromagnetic Compatibility for 900/1800MHz Digital Cellular Telecommunications System Part1:Mobile Station and Ancillary Equipment
- YD/T 2220-2011 Technical Requirement and test method of WCDMA/GSM(GPRS) dual mode digit mobile user equipment (phase 4)
- Ministry of Industry and Information Technology PRC, Measures for the Network Access Management of Telecommunication Equipment (2014 Amendment)
- GB4943.1-2011 Information technology equipment Safety Part 1: General requirements
- GB/T22450.1-2008 Limits and measurement methods of electromagnetic compatibility for 900/1800MHz TDMA digital cellular telecommunications system - Part 1: Mobile station and ancillary equipment
- CNCA-O7C-031:2007Rules for Compulsory Certification of Telecommunication Equipment
 Telecommunication Terminal Equipment
- 3GPP TS GSM Specification Set
- 3GPP TS WCDMA Specification Set
- 3GPP TS LTE Cat4 4GSpecification Set

3 Pinsand Appearance

There are 100 pins on N75 and their pads are introduced in LGA package.

3.1 Pad Layout

Figure 2-1 shows the pad layout of N75.

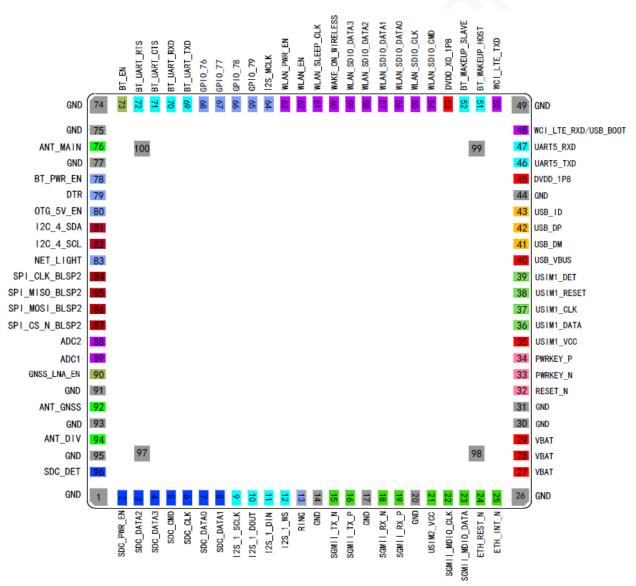


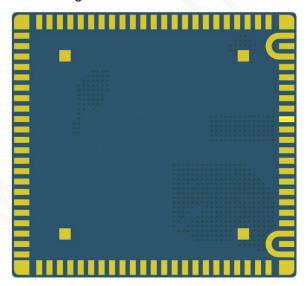
Figure 3-1 N75 pin definition (Top View)

3.2 Appearance

Figure 3-1 Top view of N75



Figure 3-1 Bottom view of N75





Label in the above figure indicates N75 NA variant. Labels of other variants are similar.

4 Electric Feature and Reliability

This chapter describes the electric features and reliability of N75, including current and voltage of each power pin, operating and storage temperature ranges, and ESD protection features.

4.1 Electric Features

Table 4-1 Electric features

Parameter		Minimum Value	Typical Value	Maximum Value
VBAT	V _{in}	3.3V	3.8V	4.3V
VDAT	l _{in}	1	1	2A



- If the voltage is lower than threshold, the module might fail to start. If the voltage is higher than threshold or there is a voltage burst during the startup, the module might be damaged permanently.
- If you use LDO or DC-DC to supply power for the module, ensure that it outputs at least 2 A
 current.When the module works at maximum power in GSM mode, the peak current might reach 2A.
 Add a large capacitor to the VBAT pin to enhance the capability to output continuous current and
 avoid voltage drop.

4.2 Temperature Features

Table 4-2 Temperature features

Status	Minimum Value	Typical Value	Maximum Value
Operating	-35 ℃	25 ℃	75℃
Extended	-40°C		85℃
Storage temperature	-45 ℃		90℃



If the module works in an environment of -35 $^{\circ}$ Cto -40 $^{\circ}$ Cor 75 $^{\circ}$ Cto 85 $^{\circ}$ C, RF performance might be worse. This does not affect the running of the module. The RF performance will meet the 3GPP standard after the temperature reaches the operating range.



4.3 ESD Protection

Electronics need to pass ESD tests. Table 4-3 shows the ESD capability of key pins of this module. It is recommended to add ESD protection based on the application scenarios to ensure product quality when designing a product.

Humidity 45% Temperature 25 °C

Table 4-3 ESD protection features

Testing Point	Contact Discharge	Air Discharge
VBAT	±8kV	±15kV
GND	±8kV	±15kV
ANT	±8kV	±15kV
Cover	±8kV	±15kV
Others	±2kV	±4kV

5 RF Features

N75 supports 2G/3G/4G network modes and frequency bands as well as GNSS function. This chapter describes the RF features of N75.

5.1 Operating Bands

Table 5-1 Operating Bands

Operating Bands	Uplink	Downlink
GSM850	824~849MHz	869~894MHz
PCS1900	1850~1910MHz	1930~1990MHz
UMTS B2	1850~1910MHz	1930~1990MHz
UMTS B4	1710~1755MHz	2110~2155MHz
UMTS B5	824~849MHz	869~894MHz
FDD-LTE B2	1850~1910MHz	1930~1990MHz
FDD-LTE B4	1710~1755MHz	2110~2155MHz
FDD-LTE B5	824~849MHz	869~894MHz
FDD-LTE B7	2500~2570MHz	2620~2690MHz
FDD-LTE B12	699~716MHz	728~746MHz
FDD-LTE B13	777~787MHz	746~757MHz
FDD-LTE B14	788~798MHz	758~768MHz
FDD-LTE B25	1850~1915MHz	1930~1995MHz
FDD-LTE B26	814~849MHz	859~894MHz
TDD-LTE B66	1710~1780MHz	2110~2200MHz
TDD-LTE B71	617~652MHz	663~698MHz



5.2 TX Power and RX Sensitivity

Table 5-2 RFTX power

Band	TX Power	RX Sensitivity
GSM850	33dBm+2/-2dBm	<-110dBm
PCS1900	30dBm+2/-2dBm	<-110dBm
UMTS B2	24dBm +1/-3dBm	<-110dBm
UMTS B4	24dBm +1/-3dBm	<-110dBm
UMTS B5	24dBm +1/-3dBm	<-110dBm
FDD-LTE B2	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-98dBm
FDD-LTE B4	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-98dBm
FDD-LTE B5	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-98dBm
FDD-LTE B7	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-96dBm
FDD-LTE B12	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-95dBm
FDD-LTE B13	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-95dBm
FDD-LTE B14	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-95dBm
FDD-LTE B25	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-98dBm
FDD-LTE B26	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-98dBm
TDD-LTE B66	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-98dBm
TDD-LTE B71	23dBm+2/-2dBm	<-95dBm



All values above were obtained in the lab. In actual applications, there might be a difference because of network environments.

5.3 GNSS Feature

Changes	Parameter
GPS L1 operating frequency	1575.42±1.023MHz
GLONASS operating frequency	1597.5~1605.9 MHz
BDS operation frequency	1559.1~1563.1 MHz



Tracking sensitivity	-160dBm (GPS)/-159.5 dBm (GLONASS)/TBD (BDS)
Acquisition sensitivity	-144dBm (GPS)/-143.5 dBm (GLONASS)
Positioning precision (in air)	< 3m (CEP50)
Hot start (in air)	<2.5s
Cold start (in air)	<35s
Update frequency	1Hz by default
CNRin/CNRout	3dB
Max. positioning altitude	18000m
Max. positioning speed	515m/s
Max. positioning acceleration	4g
GNSS data type	NMEA-0183
GNSS antenna type	Passive/active antenna



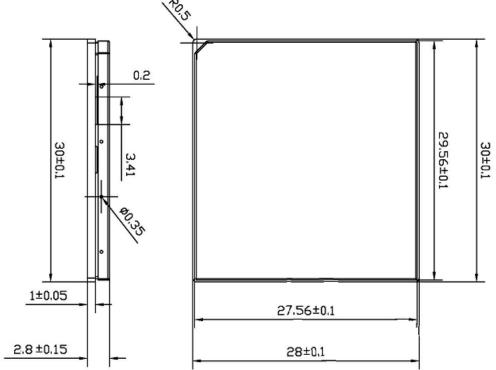
Tracking sensitivity, acquisition sensitivity, and re-acquisition sensitivity were obtained in signaling test on SPIRENT6300 and they are the maximum values of multiple tests on samples. No external LNA or active antenna was used in the test.

6 Mechanical Features

This chapter describes the mechanical features of N75.

6.1 Dimensions

Figure 6-1 N75 dimensions



The unit is mm.

6.2 Label

The label is made of materials that are deformation-resistant, fade-resistant, and high-temperature-resistant and it can endure high temperature up to 260 °C.

Figure 6-2 N75 label





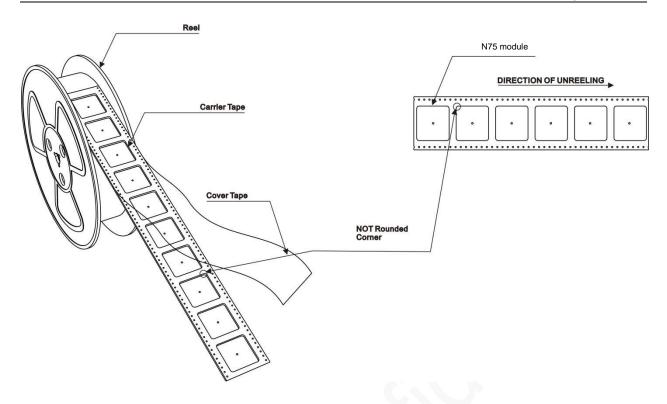
- The picture above is only for reference.
- The silk-screen printing must be clear. No blur is allowed.
- The material and surface finishing must comply with RoHS directives.

6.3 Pack

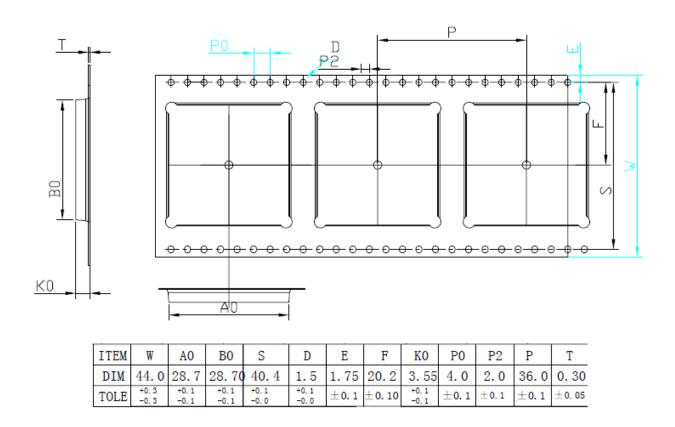
N75 modules are packaged in sealed vacuum bags with dryer, humidity card, and tray on delivery to guarantee a long shelf life. Follow the same package method again in case of opened for any reasons.

6.3.1 Reel&Tape

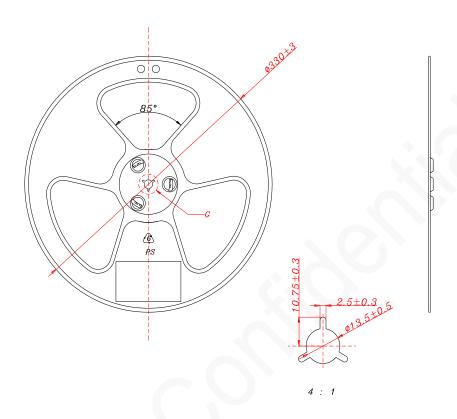
N75 in mass production are shipped in the following package.



Tape



Reel



6.3.2 Moisture

N75 is a level 3 moisture-sensitive electronic elements, in compliance with IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 standard.

If the module is exposed to air for more than 48 hours at conditions not worse than 30°C/60% RH, bake it at a temperature higher than 90 degree for more than 12 hours before SMT.Or, if the indication card shows humidity greater than 20%, the baking procedure is also required.Do not bake modules with the package tray directly.

7 Mounting N75 onto Application Board

N75 is introduced in 100-pin LGA package. This chapter describes N75V5 foot print, recommended PCB design and SMT information to guide users how to mount the module onto application PCB board.

7.1 Bottom Dimensions

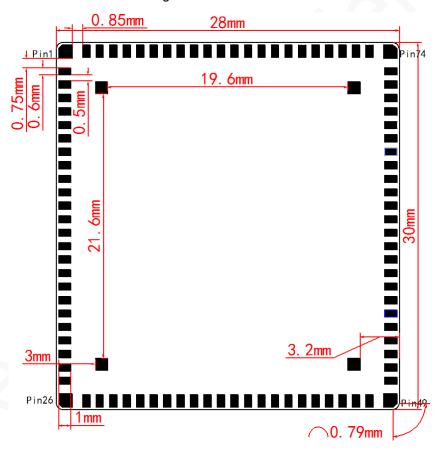


Figure 7-1 Bottom view

7.2 Application Foot Print

29mm 28mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 19.6mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 2.05mm 3.7mm 2.05mm

Figure 7-2 Recommended Application Foot Print (Top View)

7.3 Stencil

The recommended stencil thickness is at least 0.12 mm to 0.15 mm.

7.4 Solder Paste

The quality of the solder joint depends on the solder paste volume and the PCB flatness.

Do not use the kind of solder paste different from our module technique.

- The melting temperature of solder paste with lead is 35 °C lower than that of solder paste without lead. It is easy to cause voiding for LGA and LCC inside the module after second reflow soldering.
- When using only solder pastes with lead, please ensure that the reflow temperature is kept at 220 °C for more than 45 seconds and the peak temperature reaches 240 °C.

7.5 SMT Furnace Temperature Curve

Thin or long PCB might bend during SMT. So, use loading tools during the SMT and reflow soldering process to avoid poor solder joint caused by PCB bending.

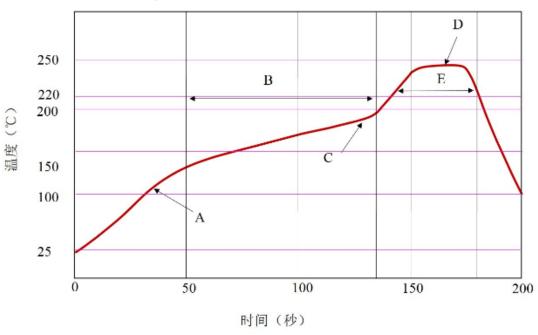


Figure 7-3 SMT furnace temperature curve

Technical parameters:

Ramp up rate: 1 to 4 °C/sec

Ramp down rate: -3 to -1 °C/sec

Soaking zone: 150-180 °C, Time: 60-100 s

Reflow zone: >220 °C, Time: 40-90 s

Peak temperature: 235-250 °C



Neoway will not provide warranty for heat-responsive element abnormalities caused by improper temperature control.

For information about cautions in N75 storage and mounting, refer to *Neoway Module Reflow Manufacturing Recommendations*.

When manually desoldering the module, use heat guns with great opening, adjust the temperature to 250 degrees (depending on the type of the solder paste), and heat the module till the solder paste is melt. Then remove the module using tweezers. Do not shake the module in high temperatures while removing it. Otherwise, the components inside the module might get misplaced.



8 Safety Recommendations

Ensure that this product is used in compliant with the requirements of the country and the environment. Please read the following safety recommendations to avoid body hurts or damages of product or work place:

- Do not use this product at any places with a risk of fire or explosion such as gasoline stations, oil refineries, etc
- Do not use this product in environments such as hospital or airplane where it might interfere with other electronic equipment.

Please follow the requirements below in application design:

- Do not disassemble the module without permission from Neoway. Otherwise, we are entitled to refuse to provide further warranty.
- Please design your application correctly by referring to the HW design guide document and our review feedback on your PCB design. Please connect the product to a stable power supply and lay out traces following fire safety standards.
- Please avoid touch the pins of the module directly in case of damages caused by ESD.
- Do not remove the USIM card in idle mode if the module does not support hot plugging.

A Conformity and Compliance

A.1 Approvals

- FCC
- PTCRB
- AT&T
- CE-R
- GCF
- RoHS
- NCC*
- RCM*

A.2 American Notice

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

A.2.1 Modify

Changes or modifications made to this equipment, not expressly approved by us or parties authorized by us could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

A.2.2 FCC Class A Digital Device Notice

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protectionagainst harmful interference in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



A.2.3 FCC Class B Digital Device Notice

FCC Regulations:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Caution: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

RF Exposure Information

This device complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

This module is intended for OEM integrator. The OEM integrator is stillresponsible for the FCC compliance requirement of the end product, whichintegrates this module.20cm minimum distance has to be able to be maintained between the antennaand the users for the host this module is integrated into. Undersuch configuration, the FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an appopulation/uncontrolled environment can be satisfied.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by themanufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

USERS MANUAL OF THE END PRODUCT:

In the users manual of the end product, the end user has to be informed tokeep at least 20cm separation with the antenna while this end product isinstalled and operated. The end user has to be informed that the FCCradio-frequency exposure guidelines for an uncontrolled environment can besatisfied. The end user has to also be informed that any changes ormodifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void theuser's authority to operate this equipment. If the size of the end product issmaller than 8x10cm, then additional FCC part 15.19 statement is required tobe available in the users manual: This device complies with Part 15 of FCCrules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device maynot cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept anyinterference received, including interference that may causeundesired operation.

LABEL OF THE END PRODUCT:

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following "Contains Transmitter ModuleFCC ID: PJ7-N75-NA". If the size of the end product is largerthan 8x10cm, then the following FCC part 15.19 statement has to also beavailable on the label: This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules.



Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device maynot cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept anyinterference received, including interference that may causeundesired operation.



B Abbreviation

Abbreviation	English Full Name	
ADC	Analog-Digital Converter	
bps	Bits per second	
BLSP	BAM low-speed peripheral	
DC-HSPA+	Dual-carrier HSPA+	
EDGE	Enhanced GSM	
EV-DO	Evolution Data Optimized	
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex	
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System	
GPIO	General-Purpose Input/Output	
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	
HSPA+	High-Speed Packet Access	
I2C	Interintegrated Circuit	
12S	Inter-IC Sound	
LGA	Land Grid Array	
LTE	Long-Term Evolution	
MDIO	Management Data Input/Output	
РСВ	Printed Circuit Board	
PCM	Pulse-Coded Modulation	
PM	Power management unit	
RF	Radio Frequency	
SDC	Secure Digital Controller	
SGMII	Serial Gigabit Media Independent Interface	
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface	
TD-SCDMA	Time Division-Synchronous Code Division Multiple Access	



UART	Universal asynchronous receiver-transmitter
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USB-OTG	Universal serial bus on-the-go
WCDMA	Wide-band Code Division Multiple Access
WCI	Wireless Coexistence Interface
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network