





TEST REPORT

EUT Description WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1625 adapter card

Brand Name Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX411

Model Name **AX411E2W**

FCC/IC ID FCC ID: PD9AX411E2/ IC ID: 1000M-AX411E2

Date of Test Start/End 2021-08-12 / 2021-08-19

802.11ax, Tri Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi 6E + Bluetooth® 5.2

Features + CDB (Concurrent Dual Band simultaneous wi-fi connection)

(see section 5)

Description WLAN module + Skycross antenna

Applicant Intel Mobile Communications

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FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Reference Standards

RSS 102, Issue 5

(see section 1)

RF Exposure Environment Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure

Exposure Conditions Body worn

> SAR Result SAR Limit

Maximum SAR Result & Limit 0.58 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)

Min. test separation distance 15mm to phantom

Test Report identification 210611-03.TR07

Rev. 00

Revision Control This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision

(see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

Reference to accreditation shall be used only by full reproduction of test report.

Issued by Reviewed by

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1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

FCC	 FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 – Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. 2019-10-01 Edition FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 – SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 – SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 – RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations. TCB Workshop April 2019 – RF Exposure Procedures (802.11ax SAR Testing) IEEE Std 1528-2013 – IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques
ISED	 ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 – Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands ISED RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures SPR-001 SAR testing requirements with regard to bystanders for laptop type computers with antennas built-In on display screen (Laptop Mode / Tablet Mode) ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 – Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures. ISED Notice 2020-DRS0020 – Applicability of IEC/IEEE62209-1528 and IEC62209-3 Standard ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 – SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 – SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices. IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 - Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Tests performed under FCC standards identified in section 1 are covered by A2LA accreditation.
- ✓ Tests performed under ISED standards identified in section 1 are covered by Cofrac accreditation.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 testing laboratory accredited by the French Committee for Accreditation (Cofrac) with the certificate number 1-6736.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is a Registered Test Site listed by ISED, with ISED #1000Y.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab declines any responsibility with respect to the identified information provided by the customer and that may affect the validity of results.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.
- ✓ Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.
- ✓ This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- ✓ This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.



3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	23.3°C ± 2°C
Humidity	39.4% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	21.0°C ± 2°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Identification #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt
	210611-03. S18 WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1625 adapter card		AX411E2W	WFM: 3413E8F11F3A	2021-07-13
#01	200611-01. S11	EXTENDER SNJ A4	-	-	2020-11-30
#01	170000-01. S15	Laptop	DELL Latitude 6430U	8LGVLX1	2017-06-12
	200611-03. S34	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2020-07-12



5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX411					
Model Name	AX411E2W					
Software Version	99.2100.63.0-12409					
Driver Version	WLAN 99.0.63.5, BT 22.7	WLAN 99.0.63.5, BT 22.70.31654.21224				
Prototype / Production	Production					
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5850.0 MHz) Bluetooth 5.2 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)					
	Transmitter	Main (chain B)	Aux (Chain A)			
	Manufacturer	SkyCross	SkyCross			
Antenna Information	Antenna type	PIFA	PIFA			
Antenna miormation	Part number	n/a	n/a			
	See Annex F for more details on antennas location.					
	COCTAINONT TOT THOSE GO	talis on antennas location.				
	Mode	TX Chain B	TX Chain A			
		TX Chain B	TX Chain A			
	Mode	TX Chain B	TX Chain A WLAN 2.4GHz			
	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH	TX Chain B				
	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz	TX Chain B z WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz			
	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run	TX Chain B z WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz			
Simultaneous Transmission	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run	TX Chain B Z WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHz BT			
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run 5GHz MIMO + BT Co-run	TX Chain B Z WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHz			
	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run 5GHz MIMO + BT Co-run CDB Mode	TX Chain B Z WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHz BT WLAN 5GHz + BT			
	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run 5GHz MIMO + BT Co-run CDB Mode BT Co-run - CDB SISO	TX Chain B Z WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHZ	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHz BT			
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	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run 5GHz MIMO + BT Co-run CDB Mode BT Co-run - CDB SISO CDB only SISO CDB only SISO CDB only MIMO	TX Chain B WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHz BT WLAN 5GHz + BT BT - WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz			
	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run 5GHz MIMO + BT Co-run CDB Mode BT Co-run - CDB SISO CDB only SISO CDB only SISO CDB only MIMO BT Co-run (CDB SISO)	TX Chain B Z WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 2.4GHZ + WLAN 5GHZ	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHz BT WLAN 5GHz + BT BT			
Configurations	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run 5GHz MIMO + BT Co-run CDB Mode BT Co-run - CDB SISO CDB only SISO CDB only SISO CDB only MIMO BT Co-run (CDB SISO) No WWAN transmitter is only SISO	TX Chain B WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz Considered in this report	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHZ BT WLAN 5GHz + BT BT - WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz + BT			
	Mode Single Band Mode 2.4GH 2.4GHz MIMO 2.4GHz SISO / Co-run Single Band Mode 5GHz 5GHz MIMO 5GHz + BT Co-run 5GHz MIMO + BT Co-run CDB Mode BT Co-run - CDB SISO CDB only SISO CDB only SISO CDB only MIMO BT Co-run (CDB SISO) No WWAN transmitter is only SISO	TX Chain B Z WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 2.4GHz WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 5GHZ WLAN 2.4GHZ + WLAN 5GHZ	WLAN 2.4GHz BT WLAN 5GHZ BT WLAN 5GHz + BT BT - WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz WLAN 2.4GHz + WLAN 5GHz WLAN 5GHz + BT			

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	20.97
	100%	BPSK	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
000 44 a /a /a a /a /		QPSK	5.3GHz	5250-5350	20.87
802.11a/n/ac/ax		100% 16QAM 64QAM 256QAM	5.6GHz	5475-5725	20.84
			5.8GHz	5725-5850	20.78
BDR/EDR v5.2	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	10.57
Bluetooth LE v5.2	33%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	NM

NM: Not Measured



Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit			SISO mode		
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Chain A (dBm)	Chain B (dBn	
	802.11b	20	18.75	19.75	
	802.11g	20	21.00	21.00	
DTO	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
DTS	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	17.00	18.00	
	802.11ax40	40	17.00	18.00	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	20.50	20.50	
U-NII-1 (For FCC)	802.11ax40	40	20.50	20.50	
,	802.11ac80	80	17.25	17.25	
	802.11ax80	80	17.25	17.25	
	802.11ac160	160	14.50	14.50	
	802.11ax160	160	14.50	14.50	
	802.11a	20	15.50	15.50	
	802.11n20	20	15.50	15.50	
	802.11ax20	20	15.50	15.50	
	802.11n40	40	18.00	18.00	
U-NII-1 (for ISED)	802.11ax40	40	18.00	18.00	
` '	802.11ac80	80	17.50	17.50	
	802.11ax80	80	17.50	17.50	
	802.11ac160	160	18.00	17.50	
	802.11ax160	160	18.00	17.50	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	20.75	21.00	
U-NII-2A	802.11ax40	40	20.75	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	17.75	17.75	
	802.11ax80	80	17.75	17.75	
	802.11ac160	160	14.50	14.50	
	802.11ax160	160	14.50	14.50	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-2C	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac160	160	15.75	15.75	
	802.11ax160	160	15.75	15.75	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-3	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	



	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00
	802.11ac80	80	21.00	21.00
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.00
	Bluetooth v5.2 BDR	1	11.50	
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR2	1	11.00	
DI	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR3	1	11.00	
	BLE	2	9.00	



6. Remarks and comments

- 1. The conducted values are obtained by applying the provided power table to the AX411E2W Intel module, as requested by the customer.
- 2. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.h

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	DTS	0.37	Р
	U-NII-1	NM	NA
000 110/2/20/20	U-NII-2A	0.58	Р
802.11a/n/ac/ax	U-NII-2C	0.32	Р
	U-NII-3	0.27	Р
Bluetooth	DSS	0.03	Р

P: Pass F: Fail

NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)				
ĺ	Evposure Condition	Equipment Class		
	Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII
ĺ	Body Worn	0.37	0.03	0.58
ĺ	Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR:1.53	Sum-SAR:1.06	Sum-SAR: 1.53

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102 Issue 5, the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	A. Dihissou	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: $\sigma = \text{Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)}$

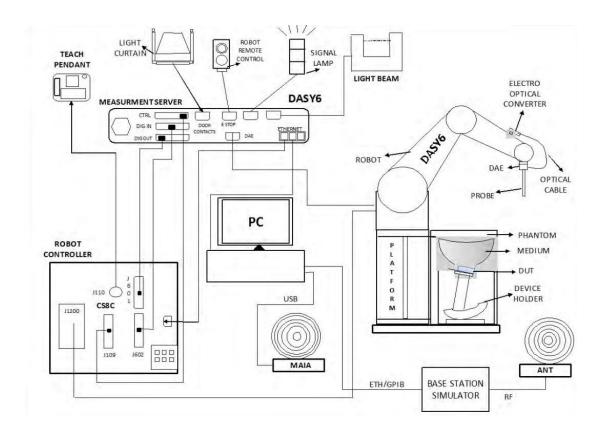
 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

A.2 SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- ✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- ✓ MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool



A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. It enables the dosimetry evaluation of left- and right-hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm





A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm





A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.



A.3 Data Evaluation

Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than \pm 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.



• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.



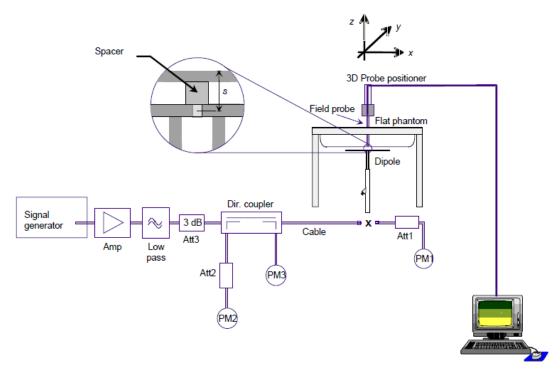
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE/IEC62209 1528 and IEEE 1528 standards.

A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- √ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body SAR					
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)				
150	61.9	0.80				
300	58.2	0.92				
450	56.7	0.94				
835	55.2	0.97				
900	55.0	1.05				
1450	54.0	1.30				
1800-2000	53.3	1.52				
2450	52.7	1.95				
3000	52.0	2.73				
5800	48.2	6.00				

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_{Γ} and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



A.5 Test Equipment List

SAR system #4

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date	
086-000	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7455	SPEAG	2021-03-19	2022-03-19	
085-000	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1517	SPEAG	2021-03-11	2022-03-11	
004-000	6-axis Robot	TX90 XL	F11/5JL2A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	N/A	N/A	
004-001	Robot Controller	CS8C	S8C F11/5JL2A1/C/01		N/A	N/A	
004-005	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N: SE UMS 028 BB	_		N/A	N/A	
004-004	Light Beam Unit	Beam Unit SE UKS 030 AA 1030		Di-soric	N/A	N/A	
004-002	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2124	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	
004-005	Measurement SW	DASY6 6.14.0.0959	9-658E90FA	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	
004-010	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	

N/A: Not Applicable Shared equipment

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date	
061-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	104386	R&S	2020-04-08	2022-04-08	
423-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	101152	R&S	2020-06-09	2022-06-09	
126-000	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	2021-05-27	2023-05-27	
198-000	0.8-21GHz RF amplifier	TVA-82-213A	2004003	Mini-Circuits	2021-08-13	2022-02-13	
099-000	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.6.0.5	9-2687B491 SPEAG		SPEAG N/A		
069-000	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2019-07-16	2021-07-16	
070-000	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2020-05-12	2022-05-12	
077-000	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	2021-08-13	2022-02-13	
078-000	RF Cable	ST-18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158830	Huber & Suhner	2021-08-13	2022-02-13	
079-000	RF Cable	ST-18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158831	Huber & Suhner	2021-08-13	2022-02-13	
141-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	104381	R&S	2020-06-03	2022-06-03	
084-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1259	SPEAG	SPEAG 2020-03-10		
339-000	Vector Network Analyzer	ZNB 40	101740	R&S	2020-07-10	2022-07-10	
327-000	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32-F0DEF9	AVTECH	2021-03-09	2023-03-09	

A.5.1 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 160630-01	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

	SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (4 MHz - 6 GHz) including IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016, IEC 62209-2/2010									
Symbol	Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std Unc. (1g)	Std Unc. (10g)		
Measurer	ment System Errors									
CF	Probe Calibration	±14.0 %	N	2	1	1	±7.0 %	±7.0 %		
CF _{drif} t	Probe Calibration Drift	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %		
LIN	Probe Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %		
BBS	Broadband Signal	±3.0 %	N	2	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %		
ISO	Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±1.4 %	±1.4 %		
ISO	Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±2.8 %	±2.8 %		
DAE	Data Acquisition	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %		
AMB	RF Ambient	±1.8 %	N	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %		
Δ sys	Probe Positioning	±0.2 %	N	1	0.33	0.33	±0.1 %	±0.1 %		
DAT	Data Processing	±2.3 %	N	1	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %		
Phantom	and Device Errors									
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5 %	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %		
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.) _{BB}	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %		
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±14.0 %	R	√3	0.25	0.25	±2.0 %	±2.0 %		
DAS	Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0 %	N	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %		
H	Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %		
MOD	DUT Modulation _m	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %		
TAS	Time-average SAR	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %		
RF drif t	DUT drift	±5.0 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %		
Correctio	n to the SAR results									
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±1.9 %	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %		
Combi	ned Std. Uncertainty						±11.5 %	±11.4 %		
Expand	ed STD Uncertainty						±23.1 %	±22.9 %		



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102 issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg



Annex B. Test Results

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Personnel
Conducted measurement	A. Dihissou
SAR measurement	A. Dihissou

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX411 card (WLAN module) using a set of Sky-Cross antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version 99.2100.63.0-12409) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 15mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Antenna	Chain A	Main
Position	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge 	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge

See B. 1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power during the tests.



B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

[(max. power of channel, including tune – up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]
$$\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$$
 (1) $\leq 3.0 \ for \ 1g \ SAR, \ and \ \leq 7.5 \ for \ 10g \ extremity \ SAR$

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$$\langle \left(Power \ allowed \ at \ numeric \ threshold \ for \ 50 \ mm \ in \ (1) \right) + (test \ separation \ distance - 50 \ mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW,$$
 (2)
$$\langle \left(Power \ allowed \ at \ numeric \ threshold \ for \ 50 \ mm \ in \ (1) \right) + (test \ separation \ distance - 50 \ mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW,$$
 for $1500MHz \ and \leq 6GHz$ (3)

LAN Antenna	Band Name	Output	t power Back		Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Front
		dBm	Wm	k Face	Edge		Edge	m Edge	it Face	k Face	Edge	t Edge	Edge	m Edge	nt Face
	DTS	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
\A/I A \ I	U-NII-1	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN Chain B	U-NII-2A	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Onamb	U-NII-2C	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	DTS	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Chain A	U-NII-2C	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
T: Tostod posi	BT	11.5	14.1	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

T: Tested position

R: Reduced

See Annex F for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.



B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: ■ When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. ■ When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration. The <i>initial test configuration</i> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channels) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					Cha	in A	Cha	in B	SAR																									
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																									
			1	2412		18.75		19.75																										
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	NR^1	18.75	NR^1	19.75	No																									
			11	2462		19.25		20.00																										
		6Mbps	1	2412	17.70	17.75	17.45	17.50	No ³																									
	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437	20.92	21.00	20.97	21.00	Yes																									
			11	2462	18.50	18.50	17.50	17.50	No ³																									
	N		1	2412		17.75		17.50																										
2.40	802.11n20	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	6	2437		21.00		21.00																			
- 문			11	2462		18.50		17.50																										
2.4GHz (DTS)		HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	1	2412		17.75		17.50																							
TS)	802.11ax20					HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	6	2437	
			11	2462	NR¹	18.50	NR¹	17.50	N. 2																									
			3	2422	INIX.	17.00	INIX.	16.50	No ²																									
	802.11n40	HT0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	HT0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	НТ0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	НТ0			1	17.25		18.25							
			9	2452		10.75		11.00	-																									
	802.11ax40 HE0		3	2422		17.00		16.50																										
		1ax40 HE0		2437		17.25		18.25																										
Initial test or				2452		10.75		11.00																										

NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2W/kg. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

			,		C	hain A	С	hain B																																		
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?																																	
			36	5180		19.50		19.75																																		
	802.11	6Mbps	40	5200		21.00		21.00																																		
	а	Olvibps	44	5220		21.00		21.00																																		
			48	5240		21.00		21.00																																		
			36	5180		19.50		19.75																																		
	802.11	⊔т∩	40	5200		21.00		21.00																																		
	n20	1 HIO	1110	1110	піо	піо	1110	44	5220		21.00		21.00																													
OI N			48	5240		21.00		21.00																																		
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)		HE0	HE0	36	5180		19.50		19.75																																	
z (L	802.11			HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	40	5200	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ²															
ż	ax20																				HEU	HEU _	ПЕО	FIEU	HEO	HEU	TIEU	TIEU	TIEU	TILO	TIEU	TILO	TILO	TIEU	HEU		5220		21.00		21.00	
<u>-</u>																							48 5240	21.00		21.00																
	802.11	HT0	38	5190		17.50		18.00																																		
	n40	1110	46	5230		20.50		20.50																																		
	802.11	HE0	38	5190		17.50		18.00																																		
	ax40	ПЕО	46	5230		20.50		20.50																																		
	802.11 ac80	VHT0	42	5210		17.25		17.25																																		
	802.11 ax80	HE0	42	5210		17.25		17.25																																		

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- 3. Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



					Cha	ain A	CI	nain B	SAR														
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?														
			52	5260		21.00		21.00															
	802.11a	GMbpo	56	5280		21.00		21.00															
	002.11a	6Mbps	60	5300		21.00		21.00															
			64	5320	NR ^{1,3}	19.75		19.50	No ^{2,5}														
		НТ0	52	5260	INIX.,9	21.00		21.00	INO ^{±,0}														
	802.11n20		56	5280		21.00		21.00															
	802.111120		піо	1110	1110	піо	HIU	1110	60	5300		21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00									
Οī			64	5320		19.75	INFC ',°	19.50															
.3G	5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)	HE0	52	5260	20.71	21.00		21.00	No														
ZHZ.	802.11ax20		56	5280	20.87	21.00		21.00	Yes														
(C -	602.11ax20		ПЕО	ПЕО	ПЕО	ПЕО	ПЕО	HEU	TILO	TILO	TILO	TILO	TILO	TILO	TIEU	ПЕО	60	5300	20.64	21.00		21.00	No
≜			64	5320	19.60	19.75		19.50	No														
Ž	802.11n40	HT0	54	5270		20.75		21.00	No ^{2,5}														
	602.111140	піо	62	5310		17.75		17.50	INO ^{2,0}														
	802.11ax40	HE0	54	5270		20.75	20.74	21.00	Yes														
	602.11ax40	ПЕО	62	5310		17.75	17.36	17.50	No														
	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290	NR ^{1,3}	17.75		17.75															
	802.11ax80	HE0 VHT0	58	5290		17.75	NID13	17.75	No25														
	802.11ac160		50	5250		14.50	NR ^{1,3}	14.50	No ^{2,5}														
	802.11ax160	HE0	50	5250		14.50		14.50															

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac)
- 3. Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested. For modes with the same maximum output power, the guidance from section 5.3.2 a) of FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 should be applied, with 802.11ax being considered as the highest 802.11 mode for the appropriate frequency bands.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					Chain A		С	hain B					
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?				
			100	5500		20.50		20.25					
			104	5520		21.00		21.00					
			108	5540		21.00		21.00					
	802.11a	6Mbps	112	5560		21.00		21.00					
	002.11a	Olvibps	116	5580		21.00		21.00					
			120	5600		21.00		21.00					
			124 5620	21.00		21.00							
			128	5640		21.00		21.00					
			100	5500		20.50		20.25					
								104	5520		21.00		21.00
			108	5540		21.00		21.00					
	000 44=00	LITO	112	5560		21.00		21.00					
	802.11n20	HT0	116	5580		21.00		21.00					
			120	5600		21.00		21.00					
										124 5620 21.00	21.00		
			128	5640	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ^{4,6}				
5.6		LIFO	100	5500		20.50		20.25					
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)			104	104 5520		21.00		21.00					
łz (108	5540		21.00		21.00					
- -	902 11av20		112 5560		21.00		21.00						
<u> </u>	802.11ax20	HE0	116	5580		21.00]	21.00					
) (Č)		-		120 124		120	5600		21.00		21.00		
					124	5620		21.00		21.00			
			128 5640 21.00		21.00								
			102	5510		18.75		18.75	1				
	000 44 : 40		110	5550		21.00		21.00					
	802.11n40	HT0	118	5590		21.00		21.00					
			126	5630		21.00		21.00					
			102	5510		18.75		18.75					
	000 44 - 40		110	5550		21.00		21.00					
	802.11ax40	HE0	118	5590		21.00		21.00	1				
			126	5630		21.00		21.00					
	000 44 - 20	\/L!T0	106	5530		18.50		18.50					
	802.11ac80 \	VHT0	122	5610		21.00		21.00					
	000 44 00		106	5530	18.37	18.50	18.20	18.50	No				
	802.11ax80	HE0	122	5610	20.84	21.00	20.68	21.00	Yes				
	802.11ac160	VHT0	114	5570		15.75		15.75					
	802.11ax160	HE0	114	5570	NR ^{1,3}	15.75	NR ^{1,3}	15.75	No ^{4,6}				

Initial test configuration

NR: Not Required

^{2.} When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate band

Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested

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- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Cha	in A	Cha	in B	SAR																										
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																										
			132	5660		21.00		21.00																											
			136	5680		21.00		21.00																											
			140	5700		21.00		21.00																											
	000 445	CMbaa	149	5745		21.00		21.00																											
	802.11a	6Mbps	153	5765		21.00		21.00																											
			157	5785		21.00		21.00																											
			161	5805		21.00		21.00																											
			165	5825		21.00		21.00																											
			132	5660		21.00		21.00																											
				136	5680		21.00		21.00																										
			140	5700		21.00		21.00																											
	000.44.00	LITO	149	5745		21.00		21.00																											
	802.11n20	HT0	153	5765		21.00		21.00																											
								157	5785		21.00		21.00																						
(5												161	5805		21.00		21.00																		
5.6-			165	5825	ND1	21.00		21.00																											
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)		HE0	132	5660		21.00	ND1	21.00	NI-46																										
GH			HE0	136	5680	NR¹	21.00	NR¹	21.00	No ^{4,6}																									
z (I				HE0	HE0	HE0 -	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	140	5700		21.00		21.00				
ż	000 44 - 00																									HE0	HE0	HE0	149	5745		21.00		21.00	
= -	802.11ax20																										153	5765		21.00		21.00			
<u> </u>							157	5785		21.00		21.00																							
			161 5805 21.00		21.00																														
			165	5825		21.00		21.00																											
			134	5670		21.00		21.00																											
	000 44 . 40	LITO	142	5710		21.00		21.00																											
	802.11n40	HT0	HT0	151	5755		21.00		21.00																										
			159	5795		21.00		21.00																											
			134	5670		21.00		21.00																											
			142	5710		21.00		21.00																											
	802.11ax40 HE0 802.11ac80 VHT0	151	5755		21.00		21.00																												
		159	5795		21.00		21.00																												
		138	5690		21.00		21.00	-																											
		155	5775		20.00		20.50																												
	000.44 = 00	ш	138	5690	20.78	21.00	20.74	21.00	Yes																										
	802.11ax80	HE0	155	5775	19.86	20.00	20.30	20.50	No ⁵																										

- NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered
 as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
 band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.

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- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)																				
	Distant	D	0	2402		10.47	11.50																				
	Bluetooth v5.2	GFSK	Basic rate				39	2441		10.57	11.50																
	VO.2		78	2480		10.20	11.50																				
	Dhastaath	Desis rete	0	2402			11.00																				
	Bluetooth V5.2	Basic rate				π/4 DQPSK					39	2441			11.00												
2.4GHz	V 0.2	III I Dal Oli	78	2480	Chain A		11.00																				
H2	Dhistoath	Dania sata	0	2402	Chain A		11.00																				
	Bluetooth v5.2										Basic rate										8-DPSK		39	2441		NR¹	11.00
	VO.2	o bi ok	78	2480			11.00																				
	Divistantia	1	0	2412			9.00																				
	Bluetooth v5.2		20	2442			9.00																				
	VO.2	3. or	39	2480			9.00																				

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required



B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.	Target Pa	rameters	Measur Paran		Devia	Date	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'	σ	
2450.0	52.7	1.95	54.08	1.95	2.62	0.0	
5300.0	48.88	5.42	49.78	5.72	1.84	5.54	2021-08-16
5600.0	48.47	5.77	48.71	6.22	0.5	7.8	

See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date	
2450	1g	49.40	44.60	-8.23		2024 00 47	
2450	10g	23.40	21.00	-8.70		2021-08-17	
F200	1g	75.60	69.60	-7.32	±10	2021-08-16	
5300	10g	21.20	19.74	-5.10	±10	2021-06-16	
5600	1g	78.20	80.00	2.04		2021 09 17	
3000	10g	21.70	23.00	6.98		2021-08-17	

See Annex C for more details.



B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 802.11b/g/n/ax - DTS/ Bluetooth - 2.4GHz - DSS

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	
					Front face	0.08	0.23	0.24	
					Back Face	0.08	0.36	0.37	1
	802.11g	20		2437	Top edge	0.08	0.09	0.10	
	6Mbps	20	6	2437	Bottom edge	0.08	0.09	0.10	
					Left edge	0.08	0.17	0.17	
Chain					Right edge	0.08	0.07	0.07	
Α	А	1			Front face	0.93	0.01	0.01	
			39	2441	Back Face	0.93	0.02	0.02	
	802.15				Top edge	0.93	0.03	0.03	
	DH5				Bottom edge	0.93	0.00	0.00	
					Left edge	0.93	0.00	0.01	
					Right edge	0.93	0.00	0.01	
					Front face	0.03	0.27	0.27	
					Back Face	0.03	0.27	0.28	
Chain	Chain 802.11g 6Mbps	20	6	0.407	Top edge	0.03	0.10	0.10	
В		9 1 /11	6	2437	Bottom edge	0.03	0.09	0.09	
					Left edge	0.03	0.16	0.16	
					Right edge	0.03	0.09	0.09	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac/ax- U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Front face	0.13	0.35	0.36	
					Back Face	0.13	0.42	0.44	
Chain	Λ X	20	F.C.	E200	Top edge	0.13	0.32	0.33	
1 X	20	56	5280	Bottom edge	0.13	0.25	0.26		
				Left edge	0.13	0.57	0.58	2	
					Right edge	0.13	0.05	0.05	
					Front face	0.26	0.35	0.37	
					Back Face	0.26	0.42	0.44	
Chain	802.11a	40		5070	Top edge	0.26	0.36	0.38	
В	X HE0	40	54	5270	Bottom edge	0.26	0.31	0.33	
		TIEO			Left edge	0.26	0.44	0.47	
				Right edge	0.26	0.06	0.06		



B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac/ax- U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Front face	0.16	0.31	0.32	3
					Back Face	0.16	0.22	0.23	
Chain A	Chain A 802.11ax	80	122	5610	Top edge	0.16	0.24	0.25	
HE0	00	122	0010	Bottom edge	0.16	0.17	0.18		
					Left edge	0.16	0.25	0.26	
					Right edge	0.16	0.04	0.04	
					Front face	0.32	0.28	0.30	
					Back Face	0.32	0.18	0.20	
Chain B	802.11ax	80	122	5610	Top edge	0.32	0.24	0.25	
Challib	HE0	60	122	3610	Bottom edge	0.32	0.11	0.12	
					Left edge	0.32	0.20	0.21	
				-	Right edge	0.32	0.03	0.04	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ac/ax- U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Chain A	802.11ax HE0	80	138	5690	Front face	0.22	0.25	0.26	
					Back Face	0.22	0.18	0.19	
					Top edge	0.22	0.16	0.17	
					Bottom edge	0.22	0.12	0.13	
					Left edge	0.22	0.16	0.17	
					Right edge	0.22	0.02	0.02	
Chain B	802.11ax HE0	80	138	5690	Front face	0.26	0.26	0.27	4
					Back Face	0.26	0.16	0.17	
					Top edge	0.26	0.20	0.21	
					Bottom edge	0.26	0.11	0.12	
					Left edge	0.26	0.17	0.18	
					Right edge	0.26	0.03	0.04	



B.5.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/kg, therefore SAR variability is not required.



B.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antenna	Docition	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/Kg)				
	Position	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth		
Chain A	Left Edge	0.17	0.58	0.01		
	Front Face	0.24	0.36	0.01		
	Back Face	0.37	0.44	0.03		
	Top Edge	0.10	0.33	0.00		
	Bottom Edge	0.10	0.26	0.01		
	Right Edge	0.07	0.05	0.01		
Chain B	Left Edge	0.16	0.47			
	Front Face	0.27	0.37			
	Back Face	0.28	0.44			
	Top Edge	0.10	0.38			
	Bottom Edge	0.09	0.33			
	Right Edge	0.09	0.06			

Position	Simultaneous Tx A	ntenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
	Chain A	Chain B			
Single Band Mode					
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.05	1.6	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.06		
Left Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.48		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.33		
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.17		
CDB Mode					
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.64	1.6	
	=	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.63		
Left Edge	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	-	0.75		
	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	1.38		
	WLAN 5GHz +BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.75		
Single Band Mode					
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.73		
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.75	1.6	
Front Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.39		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.51		
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.29		
CDB Mode					
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.66		
	-	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.64		
Front Face	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	-	0.60	1.6	
	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	1.24		
	WLAN 5GHz +BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.65		



Single Band Mode				
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.88	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.91	
Back Face	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.47	1.6
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.65	
	ВТ	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.31	
CDB Mode				•
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.75	
	-	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.72	
Back Face	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	-	0.81	1.6
	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	1.53	
	WLAN 5GHz +BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.75	
Single Band Mode				
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.71	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.71	
Top Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.38	1.6
-	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.20	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.10	
CDB Mode		1		
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.48	
	-	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.48	
Top Edge	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	-	0.43	1.6
	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.91	
	WLAN 5GHz +BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.43	
Single Band Mode				
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.59	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.60	
Bottom Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.34	1.6
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.19	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.10	
CDB Mode				
	ВТ	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.43	
	-	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.42	
Bottom Edge	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	-	0.36	1.6
	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.78	
	WLAN 5GHz +BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.36	
Single Band Mode				
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.11	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.12	
Right Edge	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.07	1.6
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.16	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.10	
CDB Mode				
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.16	
	-	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.15	
Right Edge	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	-	0.12	1.6
	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz + 5GHz	0.27	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11g, CH6, Chain A – Position Back Face	39
2.	U-NII-2A - 802.11ax20, CH56, Chain A – Position Left Edge	40
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1. DTS - 802.11g, CH6, Chain A - Position Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX411E2W, Intel	40.0 x 75.0 x 8.0	WFM: 3413E8F11F3A	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	WLAN	WLAN,	2437.0,	7.37	1.94	54.1
MSI	15.00	2 4GHz	10416-AAA	6			

Hardware Setup

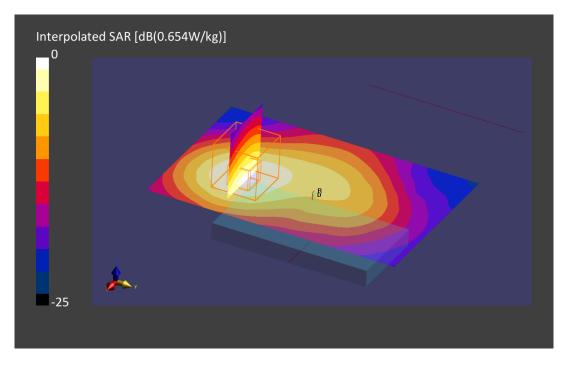
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Aug-16	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2021-03-19	DAE4 Sn1517, 2021-03-11

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results Area Scan

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2021-08-17,	2021-08-17, 13:47
	13:38	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.360	0.362
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.192	0.197
Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		82.9
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		16.2





2. U-NII-2A - 802.11ax20, CH56, Chain A - Position Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX411E2W, Intel	40.0 x 75.0 x 8.0	WFM: 3413E8F11F3A	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE LEFT,	WLAN	WLAN,	5280.0,	4.49	5.69	49.8
MSL	15.00	5GHz	10525-AAC	56			

Hardware Setup

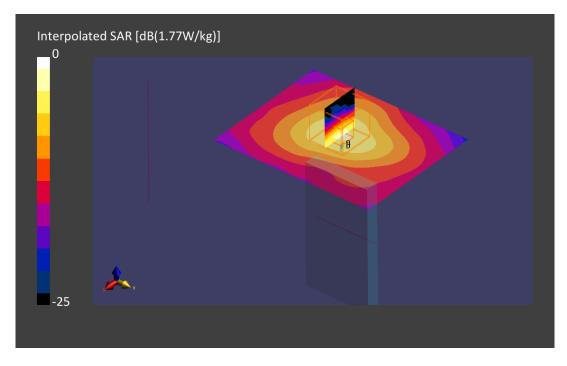
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Aug-16	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2021-03-19	DAE4 Sn1517, 2021-03-11

Scan Setup

-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 100.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	8.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results Area Scan

mode di i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i							
Area Scan	Zoom Scan						
2021-08-16,	2021-08-16, 14:12						
14:03							
0.547	0.565						
0.235	0.241						
0.07	-0.16						
Disabled	Disabled						
Positive Only	Positive Only						
	65.9						
	17.5						
	2021-08-16, 14:03 0.547 0.235 0.07 Disabled						





3. U-NII-2C - 802.11ax80, CH122, Chain A - Position Front Face

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX411E2W, Intel	40.0 x 75.0 x 8.0	WFM: 3413E8F11F3A	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE LEFT,	WLAN	WLAN,	5610.0,	3.97	6.24	48.7
MSL	15.00	5GHz	10544-AAC	122			

Hardware Setup

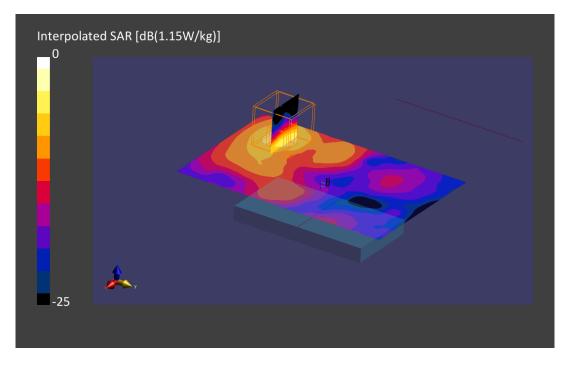
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Aug-16	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2021-03-19	DAE4 Sn1517, 2021-03-11

Scan Setup

-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Measurement Results Area Scan

	Alea Scall	Zooni Scan
Date	2021-08-17,	2021-08-17, 16:43
	16:35	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.292	0.310
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.111	0.112
Power Drift [dB]	-0.11	0.10
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		61.7
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		9.1





4. U-NII-3 - 802.11ax80, CH138, Chain B- Position Front Face

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX411E2W, Intel	40.0 x 75.0 x 8.0	WFM: 3413E8F11F3A	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	FRONT,	WLAN	WLAN,	5690.0,	3.97	6.33	48.2
MSL	15.00	5GHz	10544-AAC	138			

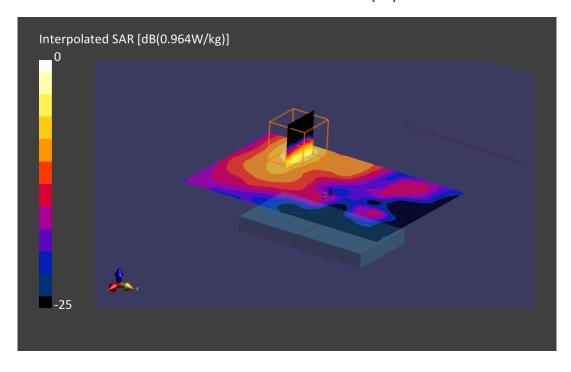
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Aug-16	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2021-03-19	DAE4 Sn1517, 2021-03-11

Scan Setup

-	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2021-08-17,	2021-08-17, 18:54
	18:46	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.255	0.258
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.097	0.092
Power Drift [dB]	0.02	0.06
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		61.0
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		10.9





5. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
D2450V2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	2450.0, 0	7.37	1.95	54.1

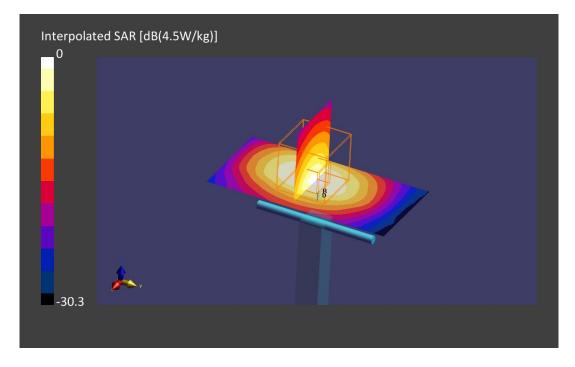
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Aug-16	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2021-03-19	DAE4 Sn1517, 2021-03-11

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2021-08-17, 11:27	2021-08-17, 11:34
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	2.12	2.25
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	1.02	1.05
Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	-0.04
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]	-	81.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		8.9





6. System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
D5GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	5300.0, 0	4.49	5.72	49.8

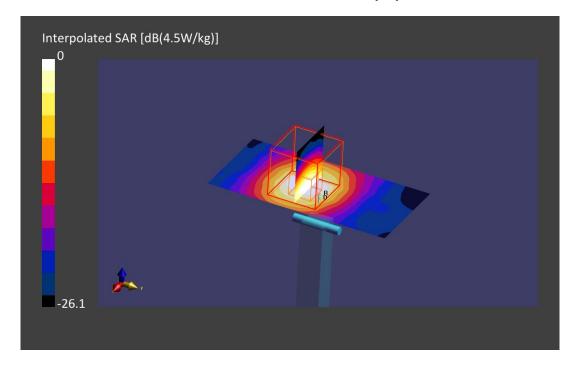
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Aug-16	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2021-03-19	DAE4 Sn1517, 2021-03-11

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2021-08-16, 17:05	2021-08-16, 17:13
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.11	3.48
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.947	0.987
Power Drift [dB]	-0.03	-0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		65.5
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.4





7. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	,		, 0	5600.0, 0	3.97	6.22	48.7

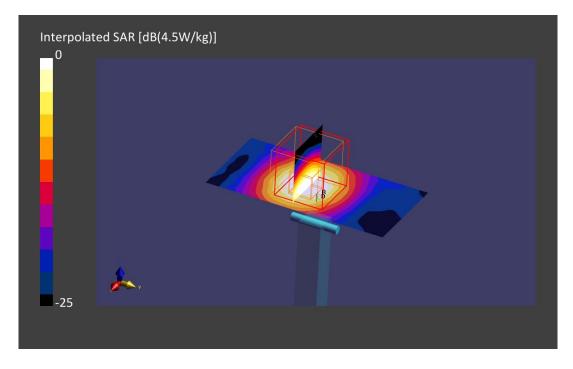
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2021-Aug-16	EX3DV4 - SN7455, 2021-03-19	DAE4 Sn1517, 2021-03-11

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2021-08-17, 11:06	2021-08-17, 11:14
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.53	4.00
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	1.08	1.15
Power Drift [dB]	-0.10	-0.06
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		61.9
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.4

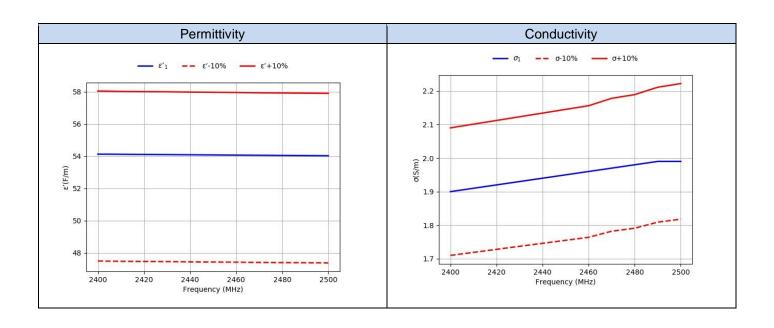




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

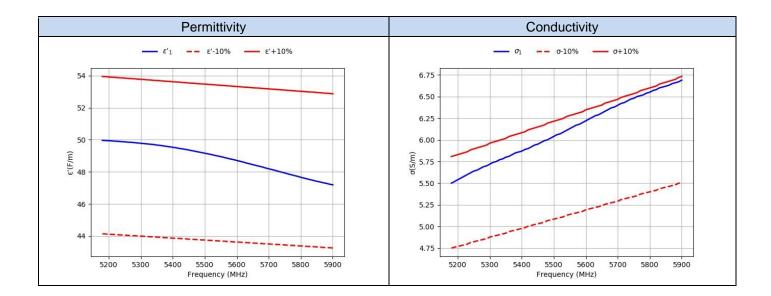
		2021-08-16		
Freq.	Target		Measured	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	54.13	1.9
2410	52.75	1.91	54.12	1.91
2420	52.74	1.92	54.11	1.92
2430	52.73	1.93	54.1	1.93
2440	52.71	1.94	54.09	1.94
2450	52.70	1.95	54.08	1.95
2460	52.69	1.96	54.07	1.96
2470	52.67	1.98	54.06	1.97
2480	52.66	1.99	54.05	1.98
2490	52.65	2.01	54.04	1.99
2500	52.64	2.02	54.03	1.99



D.2 Body 5200MHz-5900MHz

			2021-	08-16
Freq.	Tar	Target		sured
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)
5180	49.04	5.27	49.96	5.5
5190	49.03	5.29	49.95	5.52
5200	49.01	5.30	49.94	5.54
5210	49.00	5.31	49.93	5.56
5220	48.99	5.32	49.91	5.58
5230 5240	48.97 48.96	5.33 5.34	49.9 49.88	5.6 5.62
5250	48.95	5.36	49.87	5.64
5260	48.93	5.37	49.85	5.65
5270	48.92	5.38	49.84	5.67
5280	48.91	5.39	49.82	5.69
5290	48.89	5.40	49.8	5.7
5300	48.88	5.41	49.78	5.72
5310	48.87	5.43	49.76	5.74
5320	48.85	5.44	49.74	5.75
5330	48.84	5.45	49.72	5.77
5340	48.82	5.46	49.7	5.78
5350	48.81	5.47	49.67	5.8 5.81
5360 5370	48.80 48.78	5.48 5.50	49.65 49.62	5.81 5.83
5380	48.77	5.51	49.59	5.85
5390	48.76	5.52	49.56	5.86
5400	48.74	5.53	49.53	5.87
5500	48.61	5.65	49.5	5.89
5510	48.59	5.66	49.46	5.9
5520	48.58	5.67	49.43	5.92
5530	48.57	5.68	49.4	5.94
5540	48.55	5.69	49.36	5.95
5550	48.54	5.71	48.95	6.13
5560	48.53	5.72	48.9	6.15
5570 5580	48.51 48.50	5.73 5.74	48.85 48.8	6.17 6.18
5590	48.49	5.75	48.76	6.2
5600	48.47	5.76	48.71	6.22
5610	48.46	5.78	48.66	6.24
5620	48.44	5.79	48.61	6.26
5630	48.43	5.80	48.55	6.28
5640	48.42	5.81	48.5	6.29
5650	48.40	5.82	48.45	6.31
5660	48.39	5.83	48.4	6.33
5670	48.38	5.85	48.35	6.35
5680 5690	48.36 48.35	5.86 5.87	48.3 48.24	6.37 6.38
5700	48.34	5.88	48.19	6.33
5710	48.32	5.88	48.14	6.42
5720	48.31	5.89	48.09	6.43
5730	48.30	5.91	48.03	6.45
5740	48.28	5.92	47.98	6.47
5750	48.27	5.93	47.93	6.48
5760	48.25	5.94	47.87	6.5
5770	48.24	5.95	47.82	6.51
5780	48.23	5.96	47.77	6.52
5790 5800	48.21 48.20	5.98	47.72 47.66	6.54
5800 5810	48.20	5.99 6.00	47.66 47.61	6.55 6.57
5820	48.17	6.01	47.56	6.58
5830	48.16	6.02	47.51	6.6
5840	48.15	6.03	47.46	6.61
5850	48.13	6.05	47.41	6.59
5860	48.12	6.06	47.37	6.63
5870	48.10	6.07	47.32	6.65
5880	48.09	6.08	47.28	6.66
5890	48.08	6.09	47.23	6.67
5900	48.06	6.10	47.19	6.69







Annex E. Calibration Certificates

ID	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Certificate
086-000	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7455	SPEAG	
070-000	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	
084-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV2	1259	SPEAG	

Dipole calibration

According to the KDB 865664 D01, a dipole must be calibrated using a fully validated SAR system according to the tissue dielectric parameters and SAR probe calibration frequency required for device testing. However, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB \times 0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2. When the most recent measurement of the real and imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 5 Ω from the previous measurement



The below results show the latest return loss and impedance measurements for each dipole performed by the lab:

Dipole ID #070-000					
Dipole 2450MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date		
Initial Calibration	-29.7	50.85 + 3.20 j	2020-05-12		
Last	-28.5	48.17 - 1.19 j	2021-05-14		
	Dipole II	D #084-000			
	Dipole 5300	MHz Body TSL			
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date		
Initial Calibration	-32.7	50.4 – 2.3 j	2020-03-10		
Last	-30.9	52.6 + 1.3 j	2021-02-15		
	Dipole 5500MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date		
Initial Calibration	-32.7	47.8 – 0.5 j	2020-03-10		
Last	-28.7	47.8 – 3.9 j	2021-02-15		
	Dipole 5600	MHz Body TSL			
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date		
Initial Calibration	-30.5	53.0 – 0.8 j	2020-03-10		
Last	-26.3	49.5 – 4.8 j	2021-02-15		
Dipole 5800MHz Body TSL					
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date		
Initial Calibration	-31.1	52.0 + 2.0 j	2020-03-10		
Last	-34.2	51.1 + 0.2 j	2021-02-15		