



TEST REPORT

EUT Description WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCle M.2 1216 SD adapter card

Brand Name Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211

Model Name AX211D2W

FCC ID PD9AX211D2

Date of Test Start/End 2020-12-28 / 2021-01-04

Features 802.11ax, Dual Band, 2x2 Wi-Fi 6 + Bluetooth® 5.2

(see section 5)

Description Platform: Engineering sample + Skycross antenna

Applicant Intel Mobile Communications

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Reference Standards FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093

(see section 1)

RF Exposure Environment Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure

Exposure Conditions Body worn

SAR Result SAR Limit

Maximum SAR Result & Limit 0.63 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)

Min. test separation distance 14mm to phantom

Test Report identification 201120-03.TR07

Rev. 00

Revision Control This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision

(see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Table of Contents

1. 🔻	Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods4				
		al conditions, competences and guarantees			
		nmental Conditions			
		amples			
		eatures			
		ks and comments			
		erdicts summary			
8.	Docum	nent Revision History	8		
Ann	ex A.	Test & System Description	9		
Α.	1 SA	R Definition	9		
A.:	2 SP	PEAG SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	10		
	A.2.1	SAR Measurement Setup	10		
	A.2.2	E-Field Measurement Probe	11		
	A.2.3	SAM Phantom	11		
	A.2.4	Flat Phantom	12		
	A.2.5	Device Positioner	12		
Α.:	3 Da	TA EVALUATION	13		
Α.4	4 Sy	STEM AND LIQUID CHECK	15		
	A.4.1	System Check			
	A.4.2	Liquid Check			
Α.	5 TE	ST EQUIPMENT LIST	17		
	A.5.1	Tissue Simulant Liquid			
Α.0		ASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION			
Α.		EXPOSURE LIMITS			
	ex B.	Test Results			
В.		st Conditions			
	I IE В.1.1	Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom			
	в. т. т В.1.2	Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies			
	Б. 1.2 В.1.3	Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions			
В.:		NDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS			
	2 CC B.2.1	WLAN 2.4GHz			
	в.2.1 В.2.2	WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)			
	в.2.2 В.2.3	Bluetooth			
В.:		SSUE PARAMETERS MEASUREMENT			
B.4		STEM CHECK MEASUREMENTS			
В.		R TEST RESULTS			
	B.5.1	Bluetooth & 802.11b/g/n/ax – 2.4GHz – DTS – BT (DSS)			
	B.5.2	802.11a/n/ac/ax – 5.3 GHz – U-NII-2A			
	B.5.3	802.11a/n/ac/ax – 5.6 GHz – U-NII-2C			
	B.5.4	802.11a/n/ax – 5.8 GHz – U-NII-3			
	B.5.5	SAR Measurement VariabilitySimultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation			
	B.5.6				
	ex C.	Test System Plots			
Ann	ex D.	TSL Dielectric Parameters			
D.		DY DTS 2450MHz			
D.:	2 Bo	DY 5180MHz-5900MHz	47		



Test Report N° 201120-03.TR07

Annex	E.	Calibration Certificates	49
Annex	F.	Photographs	51
F.1	TES	T SAMPLE	51
F.2	TES	T POSITIONS	52
F.3	Anti	ENNA HOST PLATFORM LOCATION AND ADJACENT EDGE POSITIONS RELATIVE TO THE BODY	53



1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 – Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices. 2019-10-01 Edition
 FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 – SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.
 FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
 FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 – SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
 FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 – SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
 FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 – RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.

7. IEEE Std 1528-2013 – IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques...

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3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	21°C ± 2°C
Humidity	35.0% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	20°C ± 2°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
	201120-03.S09	WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1216 SD adapter card	AX211D2W	WFM: DF8834E4C92	2020-11-23	-
	180001-01.S19	Socket WsP/ThP	-	-	2018-12-18	-
#01	170524-01.S12	NGFF Extender	PCB00495	4955013-375	2017-05-29	-
	170000-01.S15	Laptop	DELL Latitude 6430u	8LGLX1	-	-
	-	PCI Cable		-		-
	200611-03.S34	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2020-12-07	-



5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer

	Let 18 M' 5' 05 AV044				
Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211				
Model Name	AX211D2W				
Software Version	99.3500.51.0-00830				
Driver Version	WLAN 99.0.55.2, BT 21.1	10.20263.10859			
Prototype / Production	Production				
Host Identification	Engineering sample				
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5850.0 MHz)		Hz) Hz) Hz)		
	Bluetooth	2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2	483.5 MI	Hz)	
	Transmitter	Main (chain A)	Aux (chai	n B)	
	Manufacturer	SkyCross SkyCross			
Antenna Information	Antenna type		PIFA		
	Part number	n/a n/a			
	See Annex F for more det	tails on antennas location.			
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 2.4GHz Aux + BT Main WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Main WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Main				
Degument	Filename			Date of receipt	
Document	Intel_Ref_Antenna data_HMC-M2 Ant_Spec_Universe_SkyCross Antenna 2013-01-28				
	No WWAN transmitter is considered in this report				
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device				
	Band gap is supported by the device				

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	20.99
	/ax 100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 256QAM	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
000 44 a /a /a a /a /			5.3GHz	5250-5350	20.96
802.11a/n/ac/ax			5.6GHz	5475-5725	20.94
			5.8GHz	5725-5850	20.98
BDR/EDR v5.2	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	9.77
Bluetooth LE v5.2	55%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	NM

NM: Not Measured



Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit			SISO mode		
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Chain A (dBm)	Chain B (dBm	
	802.11b	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11g	20	21.00	21.00	
DTS	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
טוט	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-1	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	18.75	19.00	
	802.11ax80	80	18.75	19.00	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-2A	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	18.00	18.00	
	802.11ax80	80	18.00	18.00	
	802.11ac160	160	14.50	15.00	
	802.11ax160	160	14.50	15.00	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-2C	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac160	160	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax160	160	16.00	16.00	
	802.11a	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11n20	20	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax20	20	21.00	21.00	
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax40	40	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ac80	80	21.00	21.00	
	802.11ax80	80	21.00	21.00	
	Bluetooth v5.2 BDR	1	10.50		
	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR2	1	9.50		
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.2 EDR3	1	9.50		
	BLE	2	9.00		



6. Remarks and comments

- 1. The conducted values are obtained by applying the provided power table to the AX211D2W Intel module installed in the Engineering sample identified in this report, as requested by the customer
- 2. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.h

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz	0.36	Р
	5.2GHz	NM	NA
202 110/2/20/24	5.3GHz	0.63	Р
802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.6GHz	0.45	Р
	5.8GHz	0.44	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.03	Р

P: Pass F: Fail

NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)					
Evacura Condition	Equipment Class				
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII		
Body Worn	0.36	0.03	0.63		
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR: 0.71	Sum-SAR: 1.24	Sum-SAR: 1.24		

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	M. Lefebvre	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: $\sigma = \text{Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)}$

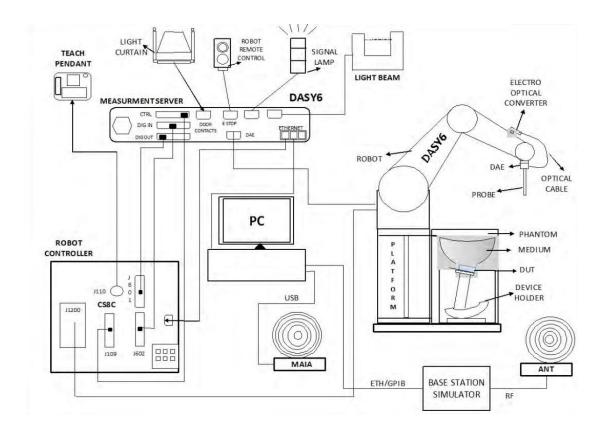
 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)



A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- ✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- ✓ MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool



A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm	
Shell thickness at ERP	6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling volume	25 Liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm	





A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm

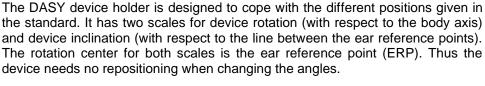




A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.





The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.





A.3 Data Evaluation

Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within ± 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than \pm 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.



• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

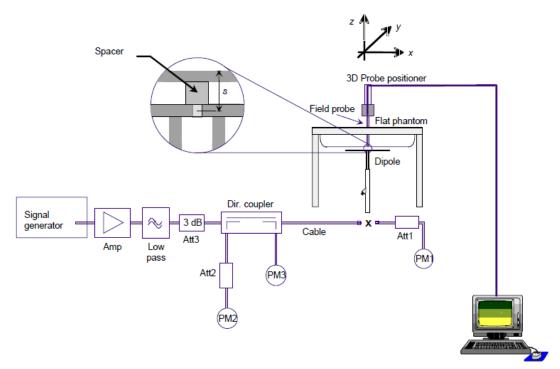
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.



A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- √ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body	SAR
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)
150	61.9	0.80
300	58.2	0.92
450	56.7	0.94
835	55.2	0.97
900	55.0	1.05
1450	54.0	1.30
1800-2000	53.3	1.52
2450	52.7	1.95
3000	52.0	2.73
5800	48.2	6.00

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_{Γ} and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



A.5 Test Equipment List

SAR system #1

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0218	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
0221	SAM Phantom	Twin SAM v5.0	1838	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
0223	Measurement SW	DASY6 6.12.0.773	9-618AE2F1	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
0229	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	-	Di-soric	n/a	n/a
0231	6-axis Robot	TX60 L	F12/5MZ3A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	n/a	n/a
0233	Robot Controller	CS8C	F12/5MZ3A1/C/01	STAÜBLI	n/a	n/a
0243	Electro-Optical Converter	EOC60	1076	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
0637	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2059	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
0648*	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7465	SPEAG	2020-07-24	2021-07-24
0260	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	2020-12-15	2021-12-15
0657*	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1519	19 SPEAG 2020-07		2021-07-17
0418	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1496	SPEAG	2020-12-08	2021-12-08

^{*}Used for UNII-2A testcases

Shared equipment

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0098	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2019-04-02	2021-04-02
0099	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2019-04-02	2021-04-02
0114	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	2019-05-28	2021-05-28
0170	Power Amplifier	SAM-01	151922	ETS-Lindgren	n/a	n/a
0224	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.6.0.5	9-2687B491	SPEAG	n/a	n/a
0237	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2019-07-16	2021-07-16
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	2020-05-12	2022-05-12
0412	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	n/a	n/a
0414	RF Cable	ST-18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158830	Huber & Suhner	2020-08-25	2021-02-25
0415	RF Cable	ST-18/SMAm/SMAm/48	1158831	Huber & Suhner	2020-08-25	2021-02-25
0619	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	104381	R&S	2020-06-03	2022-06-03
0124	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1164	SPEAG	2019-05-20	2021-05-20
0655	Vector Reflectometer PLANAR R140		0190616	Copper Mountain Technologies	2019-08-07	2021-08-07
0799	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32-FBFD5A	AVTECH	2019-06-27	2021-06-27
0880	Thermometer	TESTO 925	34822881	Testo	2019-11-19	2021-11-19

A.5.1 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 191014-02	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016 (0.3 - 6 GHz range)								
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(ci)	(ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(vi)
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±7.00 %	N	1	1	1	±7.00 %	±7.00 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±3.8 %	±3.8 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9 %	N	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	N	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	N	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB ±3.4 %		R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty	1					±11.6 %	±11.5 %	569
Expanded STD Uncertainty	/					±23.2%	±23.00 %	

Temp. unc. - Permittivity BB

Combined Std. Uncertainty

Expanded STD Uncertainty



SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC 62209-2/2010 (30 MHz - 6 GHz range) Uncert. Prob. Std. Unc. Std. Unc. Div. (ci) (ci) (vi) **Error Description** value Dist. 1g 10g (1g)(10g)veff **Measurement System Probe Calibration** ±7.00 % Ν 1 1 1 ±7.00 % ±7.00 % ∞ √3 Axial Isotropy ±4.7 % R 0.7 0.7 ±1.9 % ±1.9 % ∞ √3 Hemispherical Isotropy ±9.6 % R 0.7 0.7 ±3.9 % ±3.9 % ∞ √3 Linearity ±4.7 % R ±2.7 % ±2.7 % 1 1 ∞ √3 1 1 Modulation Response ±2.4 % R ±1.4 % ±1.4 % √3 **System Detection Limits** ±1.0 % R 1 1 ±0.6 % ±0.6 % √3 **Boundary Effects** ±2.0 % R 1 1 ±1.2 % ±1.2 % 1 Readout Electronics ±0.3 % Ν 1 1 ±0.3 % ±0.3 % ∞ √3 Response Time ±0.8 % R 1 1 ±0.5 % ±0.5 % √3 Integration Time ±2.6 % R 1 1 ±1.5 % ±1.5 % ∞ R √3 1 **RF Ambient Noise** ±3.0 % 1 ±1.7 % ±1.7 % ∞ **RF Ambient Reflections** ±3.0 % R √3 1 1 ±1.7 % ±1.7 % ∞ √3 **Probe Positioner** ±0.04 % R 1 1 ±0.0 % ±0.0 % ∞ √3 1 **Probe Positioning** 1 ±0.8 % R ±0.5 % ±0.5 % √3 Post-processing ±4.0 % R 1 1 ±2.3 % ±2.3 % **Test Sample Related** Device Holder ±3.6 % Ν 1 1 1 ±3.6 % ±3.6 % 5 1 145 Test sample Positioning ±2.9 % Ν ±2.9 % ±2.9 % √3 **Power Scaling** 1 ±0.0 % R 1 ±0.0 % ±0.0 % ∞ √3 1 1 Power Drift ±5.0 % R ±2.9 % ±2.9 % ∞ **Phantom and Setup** √3 Phantom Uncertainty ±7.6 % R 1 1 ±4.4 % ±4.4 % SAR correction ±1.9 % Ν √3 1 0.84 ±1.9 % ±1.6 % √3 0.78 Liquid Conductivity (mea.) DAK ±2.5 % Ν 0.71 ±2.0 % ±1.8 % Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK ±2.5 % √3 0.23 0.26 ±0.7 % Ν ±0.6 % ∞ Temp. unc. - Conductivity BB ±3.4 % R √3 0.78 0.71 ±1.5 % ±1.4 % ∞

√3

0.23

0.26

±0.1 %

±11.6 %

±23.3 %

±0.1 %

±11.6 %

±23.2 %

∞

605

R

±0.4 %



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg



Annex B. Test Results

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Engineer			
Conducted measurement	Z. Ouachicha			
SAR measurement	A. Dihissou			

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6E AX211 card (Engineering sample) using a set of Sky-Cross antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version 99.3500.51.0-00830) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 14mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Antenna	Chain A	Chain B
Position	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge 	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge

See B. 1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

[(max. power of channel, including tune – up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]
$$\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$$
 (1) $\leq 3.0 \ for \ 1g \ SAR, \ and \ \leq 7.5 \ for \ 10g \ extremity \ SAR$

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$$\langle \left(Power \ allowed \ at \ numeric \ threshold \ for \ 50 \ mm \ in \ (1) \right) + (test \ separation \ distance - 50 \ mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW,$$
 (2)
$$for \ 100MHz \ to \ 1500MHz$$
 (2)
$$\langle \left(Power \ allowed \ at \ numeric \ threshold \ for \ 50 \ mm \ in \ (1) \right) + (test \ separation \ distance - 50 \ mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW,$$
 (3)
$$for \ 1500MHz \ and \ \leq 6GHz$$

LAN	Band	Output	power	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom
Antenna	Name	dBm	Mw	nt Face	k Face	Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge	nt Face	k Face	Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge
	DTS	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
14/1 A N I	U-NII-1	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN Chain B	U-NII-2A	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Onamb	U-NII-2C	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	DTS	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Chain A	U-NII-2C	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	21.0	125.9	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	BT	10.5	11.8	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

T: Tested position

R: Reduced

See Annex F for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.



B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration.
	The <u>initial test configuration</u> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					Cha	in A	Cha	SAR																											
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																										
			1	2412	20.90	21.00	20.87	21.00	No ³																										
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	20.92	21.00	20.99	21.00	Yes																										
			11	2462	20.77	21.00	20.72	21.00	No ³																										
			1	2412		19.75		20.00																											
	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437		21.00		21.00																											
			11	2462		18.75		18.50																											
)2.11n20 HT0	1	2412		19.75		20.00																											
2.4GHz (DTS)	802.11n20		HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	6	2437		21.00		21.00	
H 3F			11	2462		18.75		18.50																											
Ö.				HE0	<u> </u>	1	2412		19.75		20.00																								
(ST	802.11ax20	802.11ax20	802.11ax20			6	2437	NR^1	21.00	NR^1	21.00	No ²																							
							11	2462		18.75		18.50																							
			3	2422		16.25		16.00																											
	802.11n40	HT0	6	2437		21.00		21.00																											
			9	2452		17.50		16.00																											
		40 HE0	3	2422		16.25		16.00																											
	802.11ax40		HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	6	2437		21.00		21.00										
			9	2452		17.50		16.00																											

- NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2W/kg. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					Cha	in A	Cha	in B	SAR																		
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																		
		6Mbps	36	5180		20.00		20.00																			
	802.11a		6Mbps	6Mbpc	40	5200		21.00		21.00																	
	002.11a			44	5220		21.00		21.00																		
			48	5240		21.00		21.00																			
									36	5180		20.00		20.00													
	802.11n20	HT0	40	5200		21.00		21.00																			
(D	002.111120	HE0	ППО	ПО	піо	1110	1110	1110	ПІО	ни	1110	1110	1110	піо	44	44	5220		21.00		21.00						
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)			48	5240	240	21.00		21.00																			
Η̈́Z			HE0	HE0	36	5180	NID12	20.00	NID12	20.00	N1 . 2																
Ć	802.11ax20				HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HEO	HEO	HEO	HF0	HF0	HE0	40	5200	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ²		
≥	002.11ax20											44	5220		21.00		21.00										
٥																											48
	802.11n40	HT0	38	5190		19.25		18.25																			
	802.111140	піо	46	5230		21.00		21.00																			
	802.11ax40	HE0	38	5190		19.25		18.25																			
	002.11ax40		HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0 -	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0 46	46	46 5230		21.00		21.00
	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210	10	18.75		19.00																			
	802.11ax80	HE0	42	5210		18.75		19.00																			

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



Rev. 00

					Cha	ain A	Cł	nain B	SAR	
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?	
			52	5260		21.00		21.00		
	802.11a	6Mbps	56	5280		21.00		21.00		
	002.11a	Olvibbs	60	5300		21.00		21.00		
			64	5320		21.00		21.00		
			52	5260		21.00		21.00		
	802.11n20	HT0	56	5280	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ^{2,5}	
	802.111120	1110	60	5300	INIX	21.00	INIX	21.00	INO=,*	
Οī			64	5320		21.00		21.00		
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)			52	5260		21.00		21.00		
Hz (802.11ax20	HE0	56	5280		21.00		21.00		
_ C−	002.118,20	HEU	ПЕО	60	5300		21.00		21.00	
<u></u>			64 5320 21.00		21.00					
Š	802.11n40	HT0	54	5270	20.96	21.00	20.92	21.00	Yes	
	802.111140	1110	62	5310	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	No	
	802.11ax40	HE0	54 52	5270		21.00		21.00		
	802.11ax40	HEU	62	5310		18.00		18.00		
	802.11ac80		58	5290		18.00		18.00	0.5	
	802.11ax80		58	5290	NR ^{1,3}	18.00	NR ^{1,3}	18.00	No ^{2,5}	
	802.11ac160	VHT0	50	5250		14.50		15.00		
	802.11ax160	HE0	50	5250		14.50		15.00		

- NR: Not Required
- The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					Cha	ain A	С	hain B																					
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?																				
			100	5500		21.00		21.00																					
			104	5520		21.00		21.00																					
			108	5540		21.00		21.00																					
	000 445	CMbas	112	5560		21.00		21.00																					
	802.11a	6Mbps	116	5580		21.00		21.00																					
			120	5600		21.00		21.00																					
			124	5620		21.00		21.00																					
			128	5640		21.00		21.00																					
			100	5500		21.00		21.00																					
			104	5520		21.00		21.00																					
				108	5540		21.00		21.00																				
	802.11n20	HT0	112	5560		21.00		21.00																					
	602.111120	ППО	116	5580		21.00		21.00																					
									120	5600		21.00		21.00															
				124	5620		21.00		21.00																				
			128	5640	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ^{4,6}																				
5.6	5.00 GHz (U-NI-20 802.11ax20		100	5500	INIX	21.00	INIX	21.00	INO "																				
Ŷ			104	5520		21.00		21.00																					
z (l			108	5540		21.00		21.00																					
ż	802.11ax20	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0 116 120 124	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	112	5560		21.00		21.00	
 -2	002.118,20																						HE0	HEU	ПЕО	TILO	TILO	TILO	TILO
Ŝ													120 56	5600	21.00	21.00		21.00											
										124	5620		21.00		21.00														
			128	5640		21.00		21.00																					
			102	5510		20.75		20.25																					
	802.11n40	HT0	110	5550		21.00		21.00																					
	002.111140	1110	118	5590		21.00		21.00																					
			126	5630		21.00		21.00																					
			102	5510		20.75		20.25																					
	802 11av40	HEO	110	5550		21.00		21.00																					
	802.11ax40 HE0	118	5590		21.00		21.00																						
			126	5630		21.00		21.00																					
	802 112680	VHTO	106	5530	19.19	19.25	18.83	19.00	No ⁵																				
	802.11ac80 VHT0	122	5610	20.90	21.00	20.94	21.00	Yes																					
	802.11ax80 HE0	106	5530		19.00		19.25																						
		122	5610	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	NR ^{1,3}	21.00	No ^{4,6}																					
		114	5570	INIX "	16.00	INIX "	16.00	INO /-																					
	802.11ax160	HE0	114	5570		16.00		16.00																					

Test Report N° 201120-03.TR07



- 1. NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered
 as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
 band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Cha	in A	Cha	in B	SAR																			
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																			
			132	5660	(0.2111)	·	(42111)	·																				
			136	5680																								
			140	5700																								
	222.44		149	5745																								
	802.11a	6Mbps	153	5765		21.00		21.00																				
			157	5785		21.00		21.00																				
			161	5805		21.00	Tune-up (dBm) (dBm) Pwr (dBm) Pwr (dBm) 21.00 21																					
			165	5825		21.00		21.00																				
			132	5660		21.00		21.00																				
			136	5680		21.00		21.00																				
			140	5700		20.75		20.75																				
	000 44=00	n20 HT0	HT0	149	5745	ND1	21.00	ND1	21.00	No4.6																		
	802.11n20			HIU	HIU	153	5765	NR¹	21.00	NK'	21.00	No ^{4,6}																
			157	5785		21.00		21.00																				
(T)			161	5805		21.00		21.00																				
5.6-			165	5825		21.00		21.00																				
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			132	5660		21.00		21.00																				
GH.			136	5680		21.00		21.00																				
z (c			140	5700		20.75		20.75																				
ż	802.11ax20	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HF0 14	LEO	HEO	⊔E0	⊔E0	HEO	⊔E0	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0 149	5745		21.00		21.00		
= 5	002.11ax20								153	5765		21.00		21.00														
					157 5785 21.00	-	21.00																					
			161	5805		21.00		21.00																				
			165	5825		21.00		21.00																				
			134	5670		21.00		21.00																				
	802.11n40	HT0	142	5710		21.00		21.00																				
	002.111140	піо	151	5755		21.00		21.00																				
			159	5795	NR¹	21.00	NID1	21.00	No ^{4,6}																			
			134	5670	INIX.	21.00	INIX.	21.00	INO ","																			
	802.11ax40 HE0	HEO	142	5710		21.00		21.00																				
		HEU	151	5755		21.00		21.00																				
		159	5795		21.00		21.00																					
	802.11ac80	VHT0	138	5690	20.98	21.00	20.91	21.00	Yes																			
	002.11ac00	VIIIO	155	5775	20.63	20.75	20.96	21.00	163																			
	802.11ax80 HE0	138	5690	NR¹	21.00	NR ¹	21.00	No ^{4,6}																				
		802.11ax80 HE	802.11ax80	802.11ax80	802.11ax80	802.11ax80	802.11ax80	802.11ax80	802.11ax80	2.11ax80 HE0	02.11ax80 HE0	ax80 HE0	802.11ax80 HE0	0 HE0)2.11ax80 HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	155	5775	INIX	20.75	INIX	21.00

Test Report N° 201120-03.TR07



- 1. NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered
 as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
 band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)								
	5		0	2402		9.56	10.50								
	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		9.54	10.50								
	VO.2	01	78	2480		9.77	10.50								
	District	Desirent	0	2402			9.50								
	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate								π/4 DQPSK	39	2441			9.50
2.4GHz	VO.2	III/ I BQI GIX	78	2480	Chain A		9.50								
SH2	District	Destructi	0	2402	Chain A		9.50								
	Bluetooth v5.2	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441		NR¹	9.50								
	VO.2	0 21 010	78	2480			9.50								
	District	1	0	2412			9.00								
	Bluetooth v5.2	Low energy GFSK	20	2442			9.00								
	10.2	3. 010	39	2480			9.00								

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required



B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.	Target Pa	arameters		red TSL neters	Devia	ation (%)	Date
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'	σ	
2450	52.7	1.95	52.04	1.97	-1.25	1.03	
5300	48.88	5.42	46.98	5.5	-3.89	1.48	2020-12-30
5600	48.47	5.77	46.54	5.89	-3.98	2.08	2020-12-30
5800	48.2	6.0	45.95	6.19	-4.67	3.17	
2450	52.7	1.95	52.83	2.06	0.25	5.64	
5300	48.88	5.42	47.17	5.82	-3.5	7.38	2021-01-04
5600	48.47	5.77	46.72	6.14	-3.61	6.41	2021-01-04
5800	48.2	6.0	45.95	6.52	-4.67	8.67	

See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date	
2450	1g	48.60	44.40	-8.64		2020-12-31	
2450	10g	23.00	20.80	-9.57		2020-12-31	
5300	1g	71.20	66.20	-7.02		2020 42 20	
5300	10g	20.10	18.58	-7.56	±10	2020-12-30	
5600	1g	76.40	80.80	5.76	±10	2020-12-31	
3600	10g	21.40	22.80	6.54		2020-12-31	
5800	1g	73.40	75.40	2.72		2020-12-31	
5600	10g	20.40	21.20	3.92		2020-12-31	

See Annex C for more details.

B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 Bluetooth & 802.11b/g/n/ax - 2.4GHz - DTS - BT (DSS)

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Front face	0.73	0.02	0.02	
					Back Face	0.73	0.03	0.03	
	802.15	1	78	2480	Top edge	0.73	0.01	0.01	
	DH5	l	/ 0	2460	Bottom edge	0.73	0.01	0.01	
					Left edge	0.73	0.01	0.01	
Chain					Right edge	0.73	0.00	0.00	
Α					Front face	0.08	0.26	0.27	
					Back Face	0.08	0.34	0.35	
	802.11b	20	6	2437	Top edge	0.08	0.11	0.11	
	1Mbps	20	0	2437	Bottom edge	0.08	0.09	0.00 0.27 0.35 0.11 0.09 0.21 0.05	
					Left edge	0.08	0.20	0.21	
					Right edge	0.08	0.04	0.05	
					Front face	0.01	0.28	0.28	
					Back Face	0.01	0.35	0.36	1
Chain	Chain 802.11b 20	20	6	2437	Top edge	0.01	0.10	0.10	
В		20	0	2437	Bottom edge	0.01	0.09	0.09	
					Left edge	0.01	0.28	0.28	
				Right edge	0.01	0.05	0.05		

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Front face	0.04	0.41	0.41	
				Back Face	0.04	0.34	0.34		
Chain	802.11n	Ι Δ()	EA	F070	Top edge	0.04	0.46	0.46	
Α	HT0		54	5270	Bottom edge	0.04	0.28	0.28	
					Left edge	0.04	0.59	0.60	
					Right edge	0.04	0.06	0.07	
					Front face	0.08	0.46	0.47	
					Back Face	0.08	0.38	0.39	
Chain	802.11n	40	E 4	F070	Top edge	0.08	0.49	0.50	
В	40	40	54	5270	Bottom edge	0.08	0.29	0.30	
					Left edge	0.08	0.62	0.63	2
					Right edge	0.08	0.06	0.06	



B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Front face	0.10	0.43	0.44	
					Back Face	0.10	0.27	0.27	
Chain A	802.11ac	80	122	5610	Top edge	0.10	0.29	0.30	
Onamirk	VHT0			0010	Bottom edge	0.10	0.16	0.16	
					Left edge	0.10	0.23	0.30	
					Right edge	0.10	0.05	0.06	
				1	Front face	0.06	0.44	0.45	3
					Back Face	0.06	0.27	0.27	
Chain B	802.11ac	ac ao	122	5610	Top edge	0.06	0.30	0.31	
Challib	hain B VHT0 80	00	122	3010	Bottom edge	0.06	0.16	0.16	
				Left edge	0.06	0.24	0.25		
					Right edge	0.06	0.06	0.06	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ax - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Front face	0.02	0.41	0.42	
					Back Face	0.02	0.24	0.24	
Chain A	802.11ac	80	138	5690	Top edge	0.02	0.24	0.24	
Chain A	VHT0		130	5090	Bottom edge	0.02	0.14	0.14	
					Left edge	0.02	0.19	0.19	
					Right edge	0.02	0.07	0.07	
					Front face	0.04	0.44	0.44	4
					Back Face	0.04	0.24	0.24	
Chain B	802.11ac	80	155	5775	Top edge	0.04	0.30	0.30	
	VHT0 80				Bottom edge	0.04	0.14	0.15	
					Left edge	0.04	0.20	0.21	
					Right edge	0.04	0.05	0.05	



B.5.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/kg, therefore SAR variability is not required

B.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antonno	Position	Hig	hest Reported SAR (1g) (W/	Kg)
Antenna	Position	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth
	Front face	0.27	0.44	0.02
	Back Face	0.35	0.34	0.03
Chain A	Top edge	0.11	0.46	0.01
Chain A	Bottom edge	0.09	0.28	0.01
	Left edge	0.21	0.60	0.01
	Right edge	0.05	0.07	0.00
	Front face	0.28	0.47	
	Back Face	0.36	0.39	
Chain B	Top edge	0.10	0.50	
Chain B	Bottom edge	0.09	0.30	
	Left edge	0.28	0.63	
	Right edge	0.05	0.06	



Position	Simultaneous Tx Antenna Combination		Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Chain A	Chain B		
Front Face	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.91	1.6
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.93	
	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.49	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.55	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.30	
Back Face	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.73	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.76	
	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.42	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.71	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.39	
Top Edge	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.96	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.97	
	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.51	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.21	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.11	
Bottom Edge	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.58	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.59	
	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.31	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.18	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.10	
Left Edge	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.23	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	1.24	
	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.64	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.49	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.29	
Right Edge	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.13	
	WLAN 5GHz + BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.13	
	BT	WLAN 5GHz	0.06	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.10	
	BT	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.05	

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Chain B – Position Back Face	38
2.	U-NII-2A - 802.11n, CH54, Chain B – Position Left Edge	39
3.	U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH122, Chain B – Position Front Face	40
4.	U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Chain B – Position Front Face	41
5.	System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz	42
6.	System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz	43
7.	System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz	44
8.	System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz	45



1. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Chain B - Position Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX211D2W	40.0 x 75.0 x 9.0	WFM:DF8834E4C92	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	BACK,	WLAN	WLAN,	2437.0,	7.85	1.96	52.1	
MSI	14.00	2 4GHz	10315-ΔΔR	6				

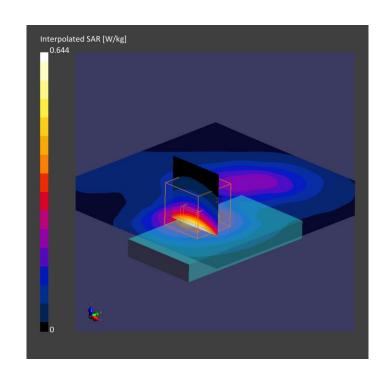
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	15.0 x 15.0	$6.0 \times 6.0 \times 5.0$
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-31,	2020-12-31, 11:44
	11:39	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.332	0.354
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.178	0.192
Power Drift [dB]	0.02	0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		53.0
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		16.7





2. U-NII-2A - 802.11n40, CH54, Chain B - Position Left Edge

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX211D2W	40.0 x 75.0 x 9.0	WFM:DF8834E4C92	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat, MSL	EDGE LEFT, 14.00	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10425-AAB	5270.0, 54	4.75	5.45	47.0

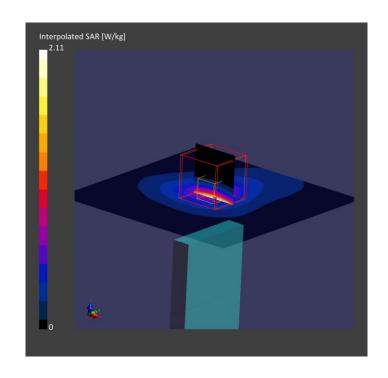
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7465, 2020-07-24	DAE4 Sn1519, 2020-07-17

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	100.0 x 100.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-30,	2020-12-30, 11:32
	11:25	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.592	0.622
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.249	0.254
Power Drift [dB]	0.02	-0.00
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		63.1
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		15.4





3. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH122, Chain B - Position Front Face

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX211D2W	40.0 x 75.0 x 9.0	WFM:DF8834E4C92	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	FRONT,	WLAN	WLAN,	5610.0,	3.85	5.91	46.5	
MSI	14.00	5GHz	10402-AAD	122				

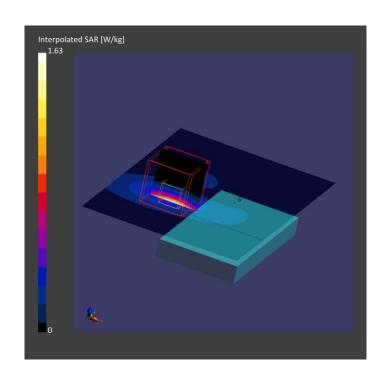
Hardware Setup

Phantom .	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-31,	2020-12-31, 11:02
	10:55	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.401	0.439
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.149	0.159
Power Drift [dB]	0.12	-0.01
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		62.1
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		9.7





4. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Chain B - Position Front Face

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
AX211D2W	40.0 x 75.0 x 9.0	WFM:DF8834E4C92	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	FRONT,	WLAN	WLAN,	5775.0,	3.82	6.15	46.0
MSI	14 00	5GHz	10402-AAD	155			

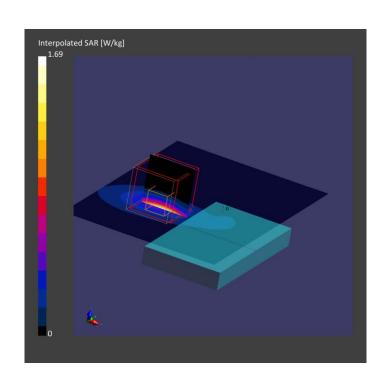
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	$4.0 \times 4.0 \times 1.4$
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-31,	2020-12-31, 10:49
	10:43	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	0.404	0.438
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.149	0.155
Power Drift [dB]	0.18	0.07
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		61.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		9.9





5. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz

Device under Test Properties

 Model, Manufacturer
 Dimensions [mm]
 IMEI
 DUT Type

 D2450V2 , SPEAG
 50.0 x 10.0 x 9.0
 937
 Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	,		,	2450.0,	7.85	1.97	52.0	_
MSI			0	0				

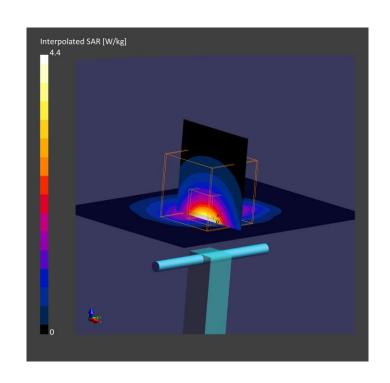
Hardware Setup

Phantom .	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	60.0 x 90.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	15.0 x 15.0	$6.0 \times 6.0 \times 5.0$
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-31,	2020-12-31, 14:15
	14:10	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	2.08	2.22
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.954	1.04
Power Drift [dB]	0.01	-0.04
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		49.3
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		8.7





6. System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 9.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	,		,	5300.0,	4.75	5.25	47.5	_
MSI			0	0				

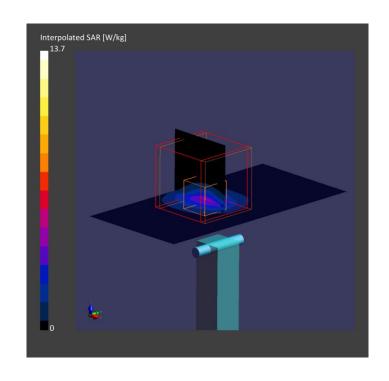
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7465, 2020-07-24	DAE4 Sn1519, 2020-07-17

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-30,	2020-12-30, 16:41
	16:34	
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	2.82	3.31
psSAR10g [W/Kg]	0.890	0.929
Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	0.10
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		61.8
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.2





7. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 9.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	,		,	5600.0,	3.85	5.89	46.5	
MSL			0	0				

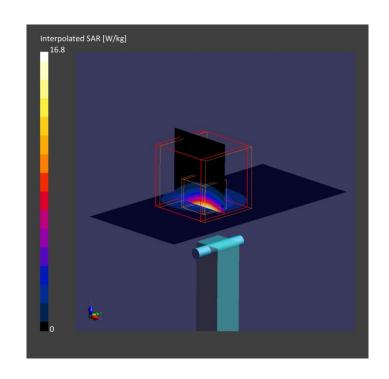
Hardware Setup

iai a ii						
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date			
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08			

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-31, 15:42	2020-12-31, 15:49
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.50	4.04
psSAR10g	1.06	1.14
[W/Kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	0.06	0.11
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		61.4
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.4





8. System Check Body Liquid 5800MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
D5GHzV2 , SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 9.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	,		,	5800.0,	3.82	6.19	46.0	
MSI			0	0				

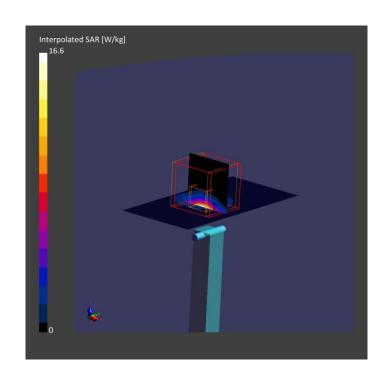
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) -	MBBL-600-6000, 2020-Dec-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2020-12-15	DAE4 Sn1496, 2020-12-08

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2020-12-31, 13:46	2020-12-31, 13:52
psSAR1g [W/Kg]	3.19	3.77
psSAR10g	0.971	1.06
[W/Kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	0.01	-0.03
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive Only	Positive Only
M2/M1 [%]		58.9
Dist 3dB Peak [mm]		7.2

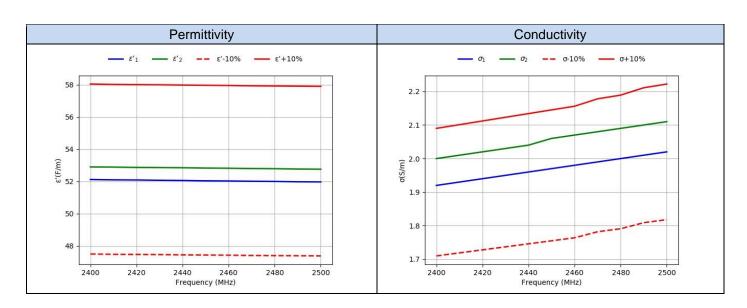




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

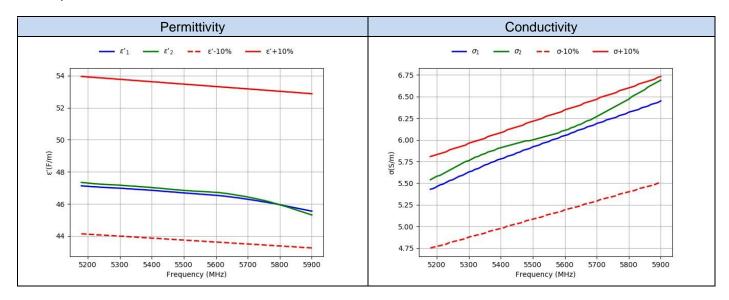
		2020-12-30		2021-01-04		
Erog	Target		Measured			
Freq. (MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' ₁ (F/m)	σ ₁ (S/m)	ε' ₂ (F/m)	σ ₂ (S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	52.12	1.92	52.9	2.0
2410	52.75	1.91	52.1	1.93	52.89	2.01
2420	52.74	1.92	52.09	1.94	52.87	2.02
2430	52.73	1.93	52.07	1.95	52.86	2.03
2440	52.71	1.94	52.06	1.96	52.85	2.04
2450	52.70	1.95	52.04	1.97	52.83	2.06
2460	52.69	1.96	52.03	1.98	52.82	2.07
2470	52.67	1.98	52.01	1.99	52.8	2.08
2480	52.66	1.99	52.0	2.0	52.79	2.09
2490	52.65	2.01	51.98	2.01	52.77	2.1
2500	52.64	2.02	51.97	2.02	52.76	2.11





D.2 Body 5180MHz-5900MHz

				-12-30	2021-	
Freq.	Tar	<u> </u>		sured	Meas	
(MHz) 5180.0	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' ₂ (F/m)	σ ₂ (S/m)
5190.0	49.04 49.03	5.28 5.29	47.13 47.11	5.3 5.31	47.34 47.32	5.58 5.6
5200.0	49.01	5.3	47.11	5.33	47.3	5.62
5210.0	49.0	5.31	47.08	5.35	47.28	5.64
5220.0	48.99	5.32	47.07	5.37	47.26	5.66
5230.0	48.97	5.33	47.06	5.38	47.25	5.68
5240.0	48.96	5.35	47.04	5.4	47.23	5.7
5250.0	48.95	5.36	47.03	5.42	47.22	5.72
5260.0	48.93	5.37	47.02	5.43	47.21	5.75
5270.0	48.92	5.38	47.01	5.45	47.2	5.76
5280.0 5290.0	48.91 48.89	5.39 5.4	47.0 46.99	5.47 5.49	47.19 47.18	5.78 5.8
5300.0	48.88	5.42	46.98	5.5	47.17	5.82
5310.0	48.87	5.43	46.97	5.52	47.15	5.84
5320.0	48.85	5.44	46.95	5.53	47.14	5.86
5330.0	48.84	5.45	46.94	5.55	47.12	5.87
5340.0	48.82	5.46	46.93	5.56	47.11	5.89
5350.0	48.81	5.47	46.91	5.58	47.1	5.9
5360.0	48.8	5.49	46.9	5.59	47.08	5.92
5370.0	48.78	5.5	46.89	5.6	47.07	5.93
5380.0	48.77 48.76	5.51	46.88 46.86	5.62	47.05 47.04	5.94
5390.0 5400.0	48.76	5.52 5.53	46.85	5.63 5.65	47.04	5.96 5.97
5500.0	48.61	5.65	46.69	5.77	46.84	6.05
5510.0	48.59	5.66	46.67	5.78	46.83	6.06
5520.0	48.58	5.67	46.66	5.79	46.82	6.07
5530.0	48.57	5.68	46.64	5.81	46.8	6.08
5540.0	48.55	5.7	46.63	5.82	46.79	6.08
5550.0	48.54	5.71	46.61	5.83	46.78	6.09
5560.0	48.53	5.72	46.6	5.84	46.77	6.1
5570.0	48.51	5.73	46.58	5.85	46.76	6.11
5580.0	48.5	5.74	46.57	5.87	46.75	6.12
5590.0 5600.0	48.48 48.47	5.75 5.77	46.55 46.54	5.88 5.89	46.73 46.72	6.13 6.14
5610.0	48.46	5.78	46.52	5.69	46.71	6.14
5620.0	48.44	5.79	46.5	5.92	46.68	6.17
5630.0	48.43	5.8	46.48	5.93	46.66	6.18
5640.0	48.42	5.81	46.45	5.95	46.63	6.2
5650.0	48.4	5.82	46.43	5.96	46.6	6.21
5660.0	48.39	5.84	46.4	5.98	46.57	6.23
5670.0	48.38	5.85	46.38	5.99	46.53	6.25
5680.0	48.36	5.86	46.35	6.0	46.5	6.26
5690.0 5700.0	48.35	5.87	46.32	6.02	46.47	6.28
5700.0 5710.0	48.34 48.32	5.88 5.9	46.29 46.26	6.03 6.05	46.43 46.39	6.3 6.32
5720.0	48.31	5.91	46.23	6.06	46.35	6.34
5730.0	48.3	5.92	46.2	6.08	46.31	6.36
5740.0	48.28	5.93	46.16	6.1	46.26	6.38
5750.0	48.27	5.94	46.13	6.11	46.22	6.41
5760.0	48.25	5.95	46.1	6.13	46.17	6.43
5770.0	48.24	5.97	46.06	6.14	46.12	6.45
5780.0	48.23	5.98	46.03 45.99	6.16	46.06	6.47
5790.0 5800.0	48.21 48.2	5.99 6.0	45.99 45.95	6.17 6.19	46.01 45.95	6.49 6.52
5810.0	48.19	6.01	45.91	6.21	45.89	6.54
5820.0	48.17	6.02	45.87	6.22	45.83	6.56
5830.0	48.16	6.04	45.83	6.24	45.77	6.59
5840.0	48.15	6.05	45.79	6.26	45.7	6.61
5850.0	48.13	6.06	45.75	6.27	45.64	6.64
5860.0	48.12	6.07	45.71	6.29	45.57	6.66
5870.0	48.1	6.08	45.67	6.31	45.51	6.68
5880.0	48.09	6.09	45.63	6.33	45.44	6.71
5890.0	48.08	6.11	45.59 45.55	6.34	45.38 45.31	6.73
5900.0	48.06	6.12	45.55	6.36	45.31	6.76





Annex E. Calibration Certificates

ID	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Certificate
0260	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	
0648*	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7465	SPEAG	
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	
0124	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV2	1164	SPEAG	

^{*}Used for UNII-2A testcases

Dipole calibration

According to the KDB 865664 D01, a dipole must be calibrated using a fully validated SAR system according to the tissue dielectric parameters and SAR probe calibration frequency required for device testing. However, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB \times 0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5 Ω from the previous measurement



The below results show the latest return loss and impedance measurements for each dipole performed by the lab:

Dipole ID #0239						
Dipole 2450MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-29.7	50.85 + 3.20 j	2020-05-12			
	Dipole	ID #0124				
	Dipole 5200	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-31.7	49.8 – 2.6 j	2019-05-20			
Last	-26.2	47.8 + 4.2 j	2020-05-28			
	Dipole 5300	MHz Body TSL				
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-40.1	50.3 + 1.0 j	2019-05-20			
Last	-43.1	49.7 + 0.6 j	2020-05-28			
Dipole 5500MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date			
Initial Calibration	-31.4	48.2 + 2.0 j	2019-05-20			
Last	-24.9	49.5 + 5.6 j	2020-05-28			
	Dipole 5600	MHz Body TSL	<u>, </u>			
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date			
Initial Calibration	-27.3	53.3 + 3.0 j	2019-05-20			
Last	-28.5	52.9 - 2.5 j	2020-05-28			
Dipole 5800MHz Body TSL						
	Return Loss Impedance [Ω] Date					
Initial Calibration	-24.2	53.2 + 5.5 j	2019-05-20			
Last	-21.4	48.3 + 6.2 j	2020-05-28			