

# **TEST REPORT**

Report No.:

**Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.** 

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65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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KCTL

1. Client

Name : Intel Corporation SAS

• Address : 425 Rue de Goa – Le Cargo B6 – 06600 Antibes, FRANCE

Date of Receipt : 2023-09-13

2. Use of Report : Class II Permissive Change

3. Name of Product / Model : WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCle M.2 1216 SD adapter card

/ AX211D2W

4. Manufacturer / Country of Origin: Intel Corporation SAS / FRANCE

5. Host Name of Product / Model: Notebook PC / NP940XGK

6. Host Manufacturer: Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

**7. FCC ID** : PD9AX211D2

8. IC Certificate No. : 1000M-AX211D2

**9. Date of Test** : 2023-10-23 to 2023-10-27

10. Location of Test : ■ Permanent Testing Lab □ On Site Testing

(Address:65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea)

11. Test method used: FCC Part 15 Subpart E. 15.407

RSS-248 Issue 2 December 2022 RSS-Gen Issue 5 February 2021

**12. Test Result** : Refer to the test result in the test report

Tested by Technical Manager

Affirmation

Name: Taeyoung Kim (Sozatore) | Name: Seungyong Kim

2023-11-10

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### REPORT REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Page No
2023-11-01	Originally issued	-
2023-11-10	Updated	1,4

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Note. The report No. KR23-SRF0221 is superseded by the report No. KR23-SRF0221-A.

Ge	General remarks for test reports			
S	tatement concerning the uncertainty of the measurement systems used for the tests			
(n	nay be required by the product standard or client)			
h	Internal procedure used for type testing through which traceability of the measuring uncertainty as been established:			
	rocedure number, issue date and title: alculations leading to the reported values are on file with the testing laboratory that conducted the testing.			
	Statement not required by the standard or client used for type testing			

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# General information

Client : Intel Corporation SAS

Address : 425 Rue de Goa – Le Cargo B6 – 06600 Antibes, FRANCE

Manufacturer : Intel Corporation SAS

Address : 425 Rue de Goa – Le Cargo B6 – 06600 Antibes, FRANCE

Laboratory : Eurofins KCTL Co.,Ltd.

Address : 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea Accreditations : FCC Site Designation No: KR0040, FCC Site Registration No: 687132

VCCI Registration No.: R-20080, G-20078, C-20059, T-20056

CAB Identifier: KR0040 ISED Number: 8035A KOLAS No.: KT231

# 2. Device information

Equipment under test : WLAN and BT, 2x2 PCIe M.2 1216 SD adapter card

Model : AX211D2W Host Product Name : Notebook PC Host Model Name : NP940XGK

Derivative model : NP940XGQ, NP942XGK, NP944XGK
Modulation technique : WIFI (802.11ax) : OFDM, OFDMA

Number of channels : UNII-5 : 24 ch (20 №), 12 ch (40 №), 6 ch (80 №), 3 ch (160 №)

UNII-6 : 5 ch (20 M½), 3 ch (40 M½), 1 ch (80 M½), 1 ch (160 M½) UNII-7 : 18 ch (20 M½), 8 ch (40 M½), 5 ch (80 M½), 2 ch (160 M½) UNII-8 : 12 ch (20 M½), 6 ch (40 M½), 2 ch (80 M½), 1 ch (160 M½)

Power source : DC 15.44 V
Antenna specification : PIFA Antenna

Antenna gain : Antenna 1 Aux Antenna 2 Main

UNII-5 3.06 dBi 3.75 dBi UNII-5 3.44 dBi UNII-6 UNII-6 3.75 dBi 3.44 dBi UNII-7 UNII-7 3.94 dBi 1.28 dBi UNII-8 UNII-8 3.95 dBi

Frequency range : UNII-5 : 5 955 Mt ~ 6 415 Mt (802.11ax\_HE20)

UNII-5 5 965 MHz ~ 6 405 MHz (802.11ax HE40) UNII-5 5 985 MHz ~ 6 385 MHz (802.11ax HE80) UNII-5 6 025 MHz ~ 6 345 MHz (802.11ax\_HE160) UNII-6 6 435 Mb ~ 6 515 Mb (802.11ax\_HE20) UNII-6 6 445 Mb ~ 6 525 Mb (802.11ax\_HE40) UNII-6 6 465 MHz (802.11ax\_HE80) UNII-6 6 505 № (802.11ax HE160) (802.11ax HE20) UNII-7 6 535 MHz ~ 6 875 MHz UNII-7 6 565 MHz ~ 6 845 MHz (802.11ax HE40) (802.11ax\_HE80) 6 545 MHz ~ 6 865 MHz UNII-7 UNII-7 6 665 MHz ~ 6 825 MHz (802.11ax HE160) UNII-8 6 895 MHz ~ 7 115 MHz (802.11ax HE20) UNII-8 6 885 MHz ~ 7 085 MHz (802.11ax HE40) UNII-8 6 945 MHz ~ 7 025 MHz (802.11ax HE80)

6 985 Mbz

Software version : Windows 11 Hardware version : REV1.0

Test device serial No. : 6J5Z9FMW900140F Operation temperature : 10  $^{\circ}$  ~ 35  $^{\circ}$ 

UNII-8

(802.11ax\_HE160)

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# 2.1. Information for Derivative model

The difference between Main model and Derivative model is as below.

Main model	NP940XGK
Derivative model	NP940XGQ, NP942XGK, NP944XGK
Differences Model numbers are allocated for marketing and logistic purpose	

# 2.2. Frequency/channel operations

ш	IN	"	I_5

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
1	5 955
45	6 175
93	6 415

#### UNII-6

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
97	6 435
105	6 475
113	6 515

#### UNII-7

Ch.	Frequency (∰)
117	6 535
149	6 695
185	6 875

## UNII-8

Ch.	Frequency (∰)
189	6 895
209	6 995
233	7 115

Table 2.2-1. 802.11a, ax HE20 mode

UNII-5

Ch.	Frequency ( <sup>∭</sup> )
3	5 965
:	·
43	6 165
91	6 405

# UNII-6

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	
99	6 445	
: (	:	
107	6 485	
115	6 525	

# UNII-7

Ch.	Frequency (Mtz)
123	6 565
147	6 685
179	6 845

UNII-8

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	
187	6 885	
211	7 005	
227	7 085	

Table 2.2-2. 802.11ax\_HE40 mode

#### UNII-5

Ch.	Frequency (Mtz)
7	5 985
39	6 145
87	6 385

# UNII-6

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)
103	6 465

#### UNII-7

Ch.	Frequency ( <sup>Mb</sup> )
119	6 545
151	6 705
183	6 865

UNII-8

Ch.	Frequency (Mtz)	
199	6 945	
215	7 025	

### Table 2.2-3. 802.11ax\_HE80 mode

#### UNII-5

Ch.	Frequency ( <sup>Mtz</sup> )
15	6 025
47	6 185
79	6 345

# UNII-6

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	
111	6 505	

#### UNII-7

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	
143	6 665	
175	6 825	

UNII-8

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	
207	6 985	

Table 2.2-4. 802.11ax HE160 mode

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# Antenna requirement

#### Requirement of FCC part section 15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

# Requirement of RSS-Gen Section 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

- The transmitter has permanently attached PIFA Antenna (Internal antenna) on board.
- The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.247, §15.407.

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4. Summary of tests

FCC Part section(s)	IC Rule	Parameter	Test Condition	Test results
15.407(d)(6)	RSS-248 4.7	Contention Based Protocol	Conducted	Pass

#### Notes:

- 1. The test procedure(s) in this report were performed in accordance as following.
  - ANSI C63.10-2013
  - KDB 987594 D02 v02r01

# Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k=2 to indicated a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets of exceeds the  $U_{\text{CISPR}}$  measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Exp <mark>anded uncertainty (±)</mark>	
Conducted RF power	<b>0.9</b> dB	

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# 6. Test results

# 6.1. Contention Based Protocol

#### **Test Overview and Limit**

According to §15.407(d)(6),

Indoor access points, subordinate devices and client devices operating in the 5.925 - 7.125 GHz band must employ a contention-based protocol.

#### According to RSS-248 4.7.2,

The minimum detection threshold power is the received power referenced to a 0 dBi antenna. Devices shall use a contention-based protocol to detect the presence of any emissions on the channel that the device intends to occupy. The device shall be able to detect, within its entire occupied bandwidth, a radio frequency power of at least –62 dBm or lower.

If an emission is detected on a channel, the device shall cease transmissions and shall not resume transmissions on this channel while the detected radio frequency power is at or above the –62 dBm threshold.

### **Test Procedure**

Indoor access points, subordinate devices and client devices operating in the 5.925-7.125 <sup>GHz</sup> band (herein referred to as unlicensed devices) are required to use technologies that include a contention-based protocol to avoid co-channel interference with incumbent devices sharing the band. To ensure incumbent co-channel operations are detected in a technology-agnostic manner, unlicensed devices are required to detect co-channel radio frequency energy (energy detect) and avoid simultaneous transmission.

Unlicensed low-power indoor devices must detect co-channel radio frequency power that is at least -62 dBm or lower. Upon detection of energy in the band, unlicensed low power indoor devices must vacate the channel (in which incumbent signal is transmitted) and stay off the incumbent channel as long as detected radio frequency power is equal to or greater than the threshold (-62 dBm). The -62 dBm (or lower) threshold is referenced to a 0 dBi antenna gain.

To ensure incumbent operations are reliably detected in the band, low power indoor devices must detect RF energy throughout their intended operating channel. For example, an 802.11 device that plans to transmit a 40 M½- wide signal (on a primary 20 MHz channel and a secondary 20 MHz channel) must detect energy throughout the entire 40 MHz channel. Additionally, low-power indoor devices must detect co-channel energy with 90% or greater certainty.

#### A. Simulating Incumbent Signal

The incumbent signal is assumed to be noise-like. One example of such transmission could be Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) systems that use Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM). Incumbent systems may also use different bandwidths for their transmissions. A 10 MHz-wide additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) signal is selected to simulate and represent incumbent transmission.

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#### B. Required number of tests

Incumbent and EUT (access point, subordinate or client) signals may occupy different portions of the channel. Depending on the EUT transmission bandwidth and incumbent signal center frequency (simulated by a 10  $\,\mathrm{Mb}$ -wide AWGN signal), the center frequency of the EUT signal  $f_{c1}$  may fall within the incumbent's occupied bandwidth (Figure 1.a), or outside of it (Figure 1.b).

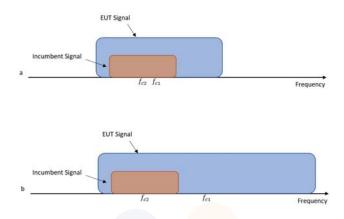


Figure 1. Two possible scenarios where a) center frequency of EUT transmission falls within incumbent's bandwidth, or b) outside of it

To ensure EUT reliably detects an incumbent signal in both scenarios shown in Figure 1, the detection threshold test may be repeated more than once with the incumbent signal (having center frequency  $f_{c2}$ ) tuned to different center frequencies within the UT transmission bandwidth. The criteria specified in Table 1 determines how many times the detection threshold test must be performed;

Table 1. Criteria to determine number of times detection threshold test may be performed

If	Number of Tests	Placement of Incumbent Transmission
BW <sub>EUT</sub> ≤ BW <sub>Inc</sub>	Once	Tune incumbent and EUT transmissions ( $f_{c1} = f_{c2}$ )
$BW_{Inc} \le BW_{EUT} \le 2BW_{Inc}$	Once	Incumbent transmission is contained within BW <sub>EUT</sub>
2BW <sub>Inc</sub> ≤ BW <sub>EUT</sub> ≤ 4BW <sub>Inc</sub>	Twice. Incumbent transmission is contained within <i>BW<sub>EUT</sub></i>	Incumbent transmission is located as closely as possible to the lower edge and upper edge, respectively, of the EUT channel
BW <sub>EUT</sub> > 4BW <sub>Inc</sub>	I hree times	Incumbent transmission is located as closely as possible to the lower edge of the EUT channel, in the middle of EUT channel, and as closely as possible to the upper edge of the EUT channel

where:

BW<sub>EUT</sub>: Transmission bandwidth of EUT signal

BW<sub>Inc</sub>: Transmission bandwidth of the simulated incumbent signal (10 № wide AWGN signal)

f<sub>c1</sub>: Center frequency of EUT transmission

f<sub>c2</sub>: Center frequency of simulated incumbent signal

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#### C. Test Setup

To ensure the EUT is capable of detecting co-channel energy, the first step is to configure the EUT to transmit with a constant duty cycle.2 To simulate an incumbent signal, a signal generator (or similar source) that is capable of generating band-limited additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) is required. Depending on the EUT antenna configuration, the AWGN signal can be provided to the EUT receiver via a conducted method (Figure 2) or a radiated method (Figure 3). Figure 2 shows the conducted test setup where a band-limited AWGN signal is generated at a very low power level and injected into the EUT's antenna port. The AWGN signal power level is then incrementally increased while the EUT transmission is monitored on a signal analyzer 2 to verify if the EUT can sense the AWGN signal and can subsequently cease its transmission. A triggered measurement, as shown in Figure 2, is optional, and assists with determining the time it takes the EUT to cease transmission (or vacate the channel) upon detecting RF energy. If the EUT has only one antenna port, then an AWGN signal source can be connected to the same antenna port.

#### D. Step-by-Step Procedure, conducted setup

- 1) Configure the EUT to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
- 2) Set the operating parameters of the EUT including power level, operating frequency, modulation and bandwidth.
- 3) Set the signal analyzer center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range of the signal analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW of the EUT. Connect the output port of the EUT to the signal analyzer 2, as shown in Figure 2. Ensure that the attenuator 2 provides enough attenuation to not overload the signal analyzer 2 receiver.
- 4) Monitoring the signal analyzer 2, verify the EUT is operating and transmitting with the parameters set at step two.
- 5) Using an AWGN signal source, generate (but do not transmit, i.e., RF OFF) a 10 №-wide AWGN signal. Use Table 1 to determine the center frequency of the 10 № AWGN signal relative to the EUT's channel bandwidth and center frequency.
- 6) Set the AWGN signal power to an extremely low level (more than 20 dB below the -62 dBm threshold). Connect the AWGN signal source, via a 3-dB splitter, to the signal analyzer 1 and the EUT as shown in Figure 2.
- 7) Transmit the AWGN signal (RF ON) and verify its characteristics on the signal analyzer 1.
- 8) Monitor the signal analyzer 2 to verify if the AWGN signal has been detected and the EUT has ceased transmission. If the EUT continues to transmit, then incrementally increase the AWGN signal power level until the EUT stops transmitting.
- 9) (Including all losses in the RF paths) Determine and record the AWGN signal power level (at the EUT's antenna port) at which the EUT ceased transmission. Repeat the procedure at least 10 times to verify the EUT can detect an AWGN signal with 90% (or better) level of certainty.
- 10) Refer to Table 1 to determine number of times the detection threshold testing needs to be repeated. If testing is required more than once, then go back to step 5, choose a different center frequency for the AWGN signal and repeat the process.

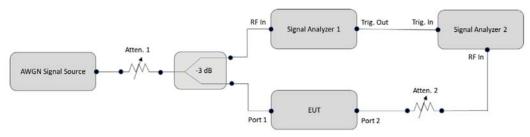


Figure 2. Contention-based protocol test setup, conducted method

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#### Note.

- 1) KDB 987594 D02, contention based protocol was tested using an AWGN signal with a bandwidth of 10 №. The amplitude of the signal was increased until detected by the EUT, signaled by the ceasing of transmission, marker indicates the point at which the AWGN signal is introduced.
- 2) Lowest antenna gain information

- Lowest antenna gain of both antennas was adjusted to injected power (AWGN signal).

Band	Lowest Gain (dBi)						
Ballu	ANT1	ANT2					
UNII-5	3.06	3.75					
UNII-6	3.44	3.75					
UNII-7	3.44	3.94					
UNII-8	1.28	3.95					

3) The Intel proprietary tool DRTU was used to configure the EUT to continuously transmit at a specified output power using all different modes and modulation schemes

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### Test result

Band	BW [Mtz]	Channel Freq.	Incumbent Freq.	Injected (AWGN) Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Adjusted Power (dBm)	Detection Limit (dBm)	EUT TX Status
				-92.00	3.06	-95.06	-62.00	ON
	20	6 175	6 175	-66.00	3.06	-69.06	-62.00	Minimal
			_	-65.50	3.06	-68.56	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.06	-95.06	-62.00	ON
			6 110	-66.10	3.06	-69.16	-62.00	Minimal
				-65.60	3.06	-68.66	-62.00	OFF
UNII 5				-92.00	3.06	-95.06	-62.00	ON
	160	6 185	6 185	-69.30	3.06	-72.36	-62.00	Minimal
				-68.80	3.06	-71.86	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.06	-95.06	-62.00	ON
			6 260	-67.30	3.06	-70.36	-62.00	Minimal
				-66.80	3.06	-69.86	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
	20	6 475	6 475	-64.50	3.44	-67.94	-62.00	Minimal
				-64.00	3.44	-67.44	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
			6 430	-65.00	3.44	-68.44	-62.00	Minimal
				-64.50	3.44	-67.94	-62.00	OFF
UNII 6				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
	160	6 505	6 505	-67.50	3.44	-70.94	-62.00	Minimal
				-67.00	3.44	-70.44	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
			6 580	-64.80	3.44	-68.24	-62.00	Minimal
				-64.30	3.44	-67.74	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
	20	6 695	6 695	-63.80	3.44	-67.24	-62.00	Minimal
				-63.30	3.44	-66.74	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
			6 590	-63.70	3.44	-67.14	-62.00	Minimal
1111111 7				-63.20	3.44	-66.64	-62.00	OFF
UNII 7				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
	160	6 665	6 665	-66.50	3.44	-69.94	-62.00	Minimal
				-66.00	3.44	-69.44	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	3.44	-95.44	-62.00	ON
			6 740	-64.30	3.44	-67.74	-62.00	Minimal
				-63.80	3.44	-67.24	-62.00	OFF

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				-92.00	1.28	-93.28	-62.00	ON
	20	6 995	6 995	-65.60	1.28	-66.88	-62.00	Minimal
				-65.10	1.28	-66.38	-62.00	OFF
			6 910	-92.00	1.28	-93.28	-62.00	ON
				-64.50	1.28	-65.78	-62.00	Minimal
UNII 8				-64.00	1.28	-65.28	-62.00	OFF
UNII O			6 985	-92.00	1.28	-93.28	-62.00	ON
	160	6 985		-68.20	1.28	-69.48	-62.00	Minimal
				-67.70	1.28	-68.98	-62.00	OFF
				-92.00	1.28	-93.28	-62.00	ON
			7 060	-66.40	1.28	-67.68	-62.00	Minimal
				-65.90	1.28	-67.18	-62.00	OFF

Band	BW [Mt]	Channel Freq. [Mt/2]	Incumbent Freq. [Mt]	Adjusted Power (dBm)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	AWGN Detection Probability (%)	Limit Probability (%)
	20	6 175	6 175	-68.5 <mark>6</mark>	$\checkmark$	√	√	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	100	90
UNII 5			6 110	-68.66	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	100	90
UNII 3	160	6 185	6 185	-71.86	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	100	90
			6 260	-69.86		√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	100	90
	20	6 475	6 475	-67.44	<b>√</b>	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	100	90
UNII 6	160	6 505	6 430	-67.94	√	√	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	100	90
OINII O			6 505	-70.44	<b>V</b>	√	1	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	100	90
			6 580	-67.74	√	√	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	100	90
	20	6 695	6 695	-66.74	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	√	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	100	90
UNII 7		60 6 665	6 590	-66.64	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	100	90
OINII 7	160		6 665	-69.44	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	100	90
			6 740	-67.24	<b>V</b>	√	<b>V</b>	√	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	√	100	90
	20	6 995	6 995	-66.38	$\checkmark$	√	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\checkmark$	100	90
UNII 8	160	0 6 985	6 910	-65.28	$\sqrt{}$	√	<b>V</b>	√	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	<b>√</b>	100	90
UINII 8			6 985	-68.98	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	<b>V</b>	100	90
			7 060	-67.18	<b>V</b>	√	√	√	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	$\checkmark$	100	90

# Notes:

- 1. EUT TX Status
  - 1) OFF: AWGN level at which no transmission is detected, consistently for a minimum period of 10 seconds.
  - 2) Minimal: AWGN level at which the system begins to trigger the transmission switch off, albeit not being kept off consistently.
  - 3) ON: AWGN level at which no impact on the transmission is detected, consistently for a minimum period of 10 seconds.
- 2. Injected AWGN Power [dBm] = Actual power of AWGN [dBm] + Path Loss [dB]
- 3. Adjusted Power [dBm] = Injected AWGN Power [dBm] Antenna Gain [dBi]

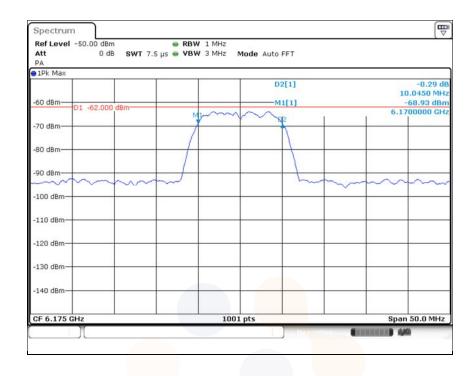
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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### **Plot of AWGN Signal**



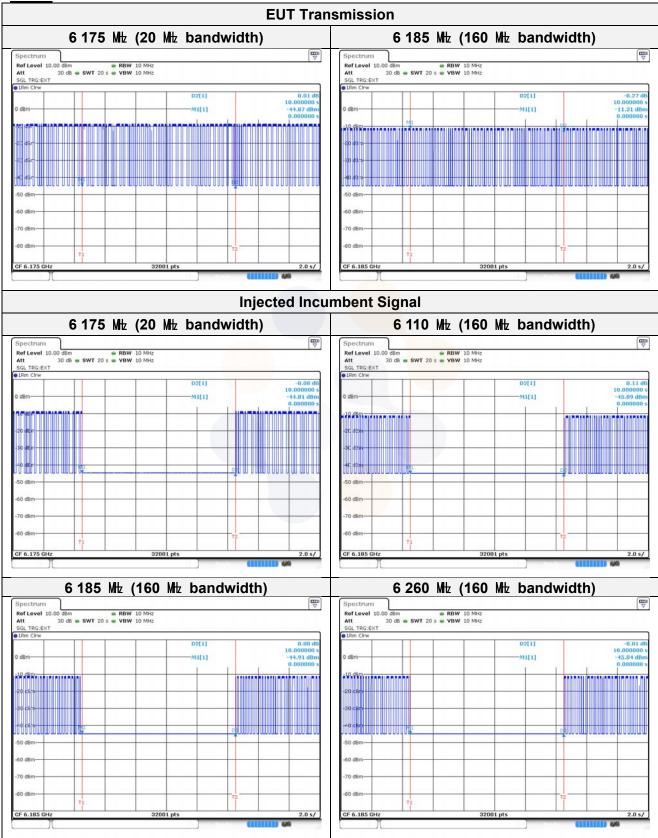
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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#### UNII-5



#### Note.

- M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal.

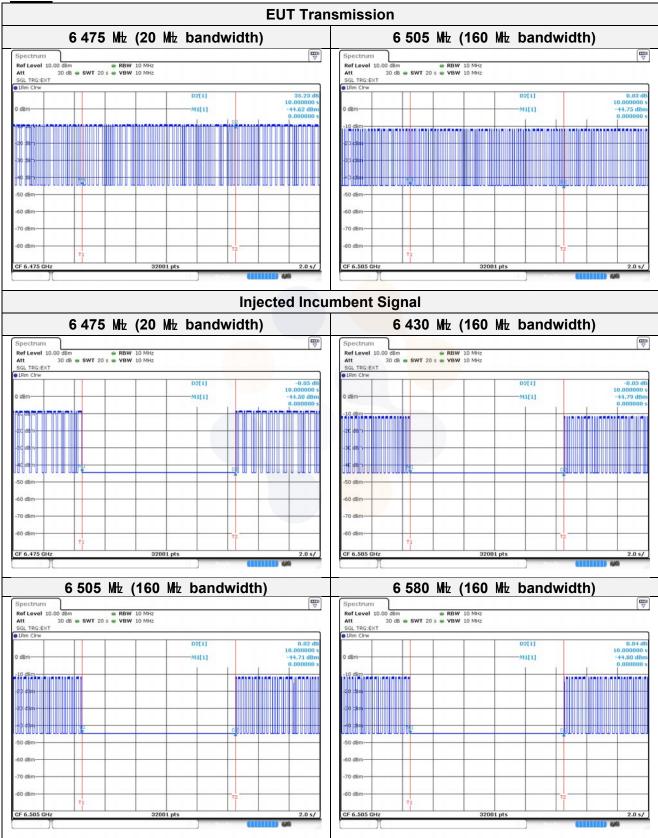
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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#### **UNII-6**



#### Note.

- M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal.

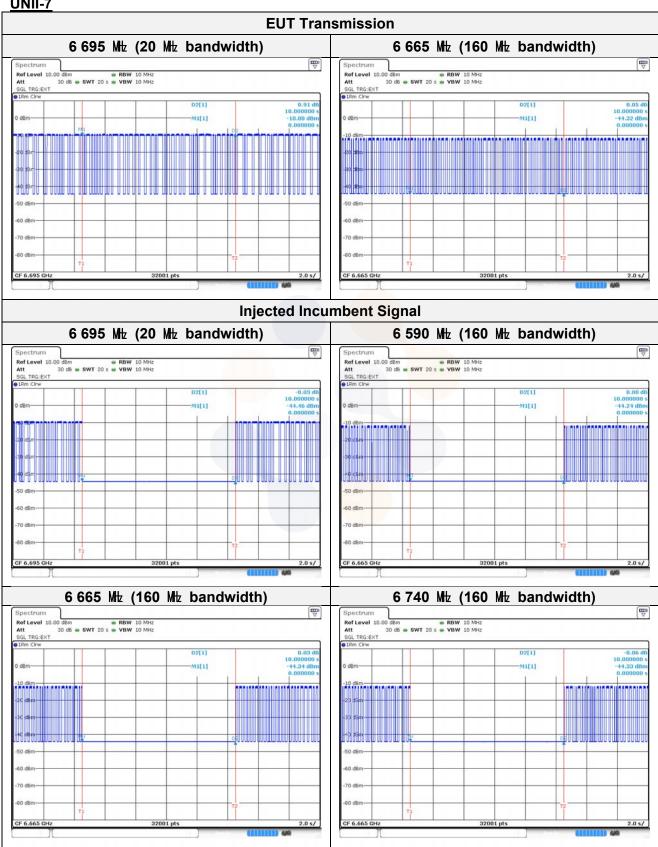
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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UNII-7



#### Note.

M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal.

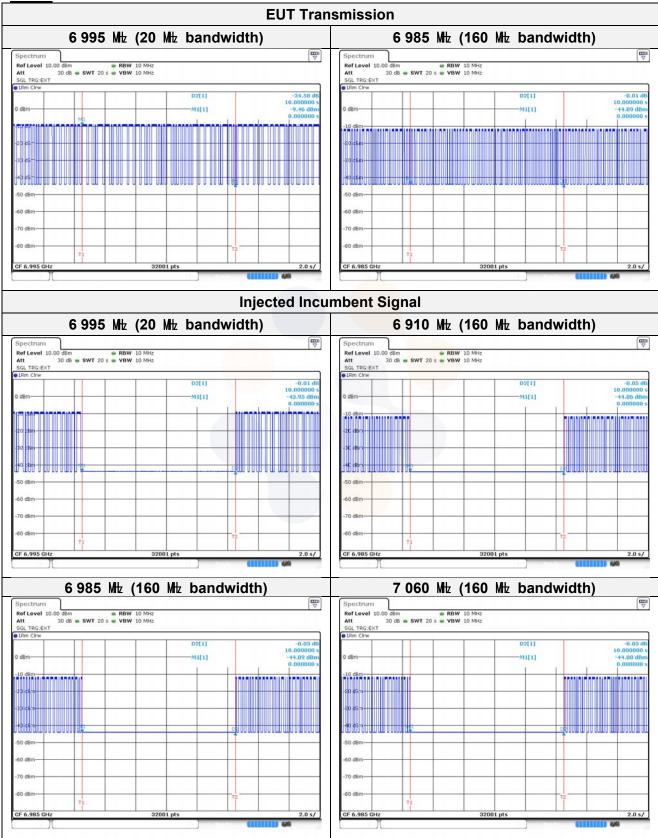
65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677, Korea TEL: 82-70-5008-1021 FAX: 82-505-299-8311

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#### **UNII-8**



#### Note.

M1: Injection of AWGN signal, D2: Removal of AWGN signal.

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7. Measurement equipment

<b>Equipment Name</b>	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Next Cal. Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	101437	24.02.09
DC Power Supply	AGILENT	E3632A	KR75304571	24.04.27
Divider	Marki Microwave, Inc.	PD-0040	D0003	24.07.04
Divider	Marki Microwave, Inc.	PD-0040	D0004	24.07.04
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	176206	24.01.19
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMW200A	109480	24.01.25

# **End of test report**

