

TEST REPORT

Report Number: 3125063LEX-002

Project Number: 3125065

Evaluation of Model Number: System 5000 PTU

FCC ID: OAM5000

**Tested to the SAR Criteria in
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01)**

For

iSECUREtrac Corporation

Test Performed by:

Intertek
731 Enterprise Drive
Lexington, KY 40510

Test Authorized by:

iSECUREtrac Corporation
5022 South 114th Street
Omaha, NE 68137

Prepared By: Vinay Kutty Date: 8/17/2007

Vinay Kutty, Senior Project Engineer

Approved By: Bryan C. Taylor Date: 8/17/2007

Bryan C. Taylor, Team Leader

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1.0 DOCUMENT HISTORY

| Revision/ Project Number | Writer Initials | Date | Change |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|
| 1.0 /3125065 | VK | 8/17/2007 | Original document |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

2.0 REFERENCES

- [1] ANSI, *ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300 GHz*, The Institute of electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992
- [2] Federal Communications Commission, “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields”, OET Bulletin 65, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1997
- [3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, “Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments”, *IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques*, vol. 44, pp. 105-113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] Niels Kuster, Ralph Kastle, and Thomas Schmid, “Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with know precision”, *IEICE Transactions on Communications*, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp.645-652, May 1997.
- [5] NIS81, NAMAS, “The treatment of uncertainty in EMC measurement”, Tech. Rep., NAMAS Executive, National Physical Laboratory, Teddinton, Middlesex, England, 1994.
- [6] Barry N. Taylor and Chris E. Kuyatt, “Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results”, Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994.

3.0 INTRODUCTION

The System 5000 PTU was evaluated for SAR in accordance with the requirements for RF Exposure compliance testing defined in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01). Testing was performed at the Intertek facility in Lexington, Kentucky.

For the evaluation, the dosimetric assessment system DASY4 was used. The phantom employed was the "SAM Twin Phantom". The total uncertainty for the evaluation of the spatial peak SAR values averaged over a cube of 1g tissue mass had been assessed for this system to be $\pm 21.9\%$.

The System 5000 PTU was tested at the maximum output power measured by Intertek. Maximum output power measurements are tabulated under **Heading 11.0 - Tabular Test Results**.

The maximum spatial peak SAR value for the sample device averaged over 1g was found to be:

| Phantom | Mode | Setup Details | Worst Case Extrapolated SAR _{1g} mW/g |
|--------------------------|----------------|---|---|
| Flat Section (Body Mode) | CDMA Cell Band | Left side of device against flat phantom. f = 836.52 MHz Simultaneous transmission at 451.4 MHz (CW) | 0.157 |
| Flat Section (Body Mode) | CDMA PCS Band | Top face of device against flat phantom. f = 1880.0 MHz. Simultaneous transmission at 439.2 MHz (CW) | 0.027 |

Based on the worst-case data presented above, the System 5000 PTU was found to be **compliant** with the 1.6 mW/g requirement defined in OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Modifications made to test sample

Intertek implemented no modifications.

4.0 TEST SITE DESCRIPTION

The SAR test site located at 731 Enterprise Drive, Lexington KY 40510 is comprised of the SPEAG model DASY 4 automated near-field scanning system, which is a package, optimized for dosimetric evaluation of mobile radios [3]. This system is installed in an ambient-free shielded chamber. The Ambient temperature is controlled to $22.2 \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$. Because the HVAC operates as a closed system, the relative humidity remains constant at $50 \pm 5\%$. During the SAR evaluations, the RF ambient conditions are monitored continuously for signals that might interfere with the test results. The tissue simulating liquid is also stored in this area in order to keep it at the same constant ambient temperature as the room.



Figure 1: Intertek SAR Test Site

Measurement Equipment

The following major equipment/components were used for the SAR evaluations:

| SAR Measurement System | | | |
|---|---|--------------|------------|
| EQUIPMENT | SPECIFICATIONS | S/N # | Cal. Due |
| Robot | Stäubli RX60L | 597412-01 | N/A |
| | Repeatability: ± 0.025 mm Accuracy: 0.806×10^{-3} degree Number of Axes: 6 | | |
| E-Field Probe | EX3DV3 | 3516 | 11/23/2007 |
| | Frequency Range: 900 MHz to 6 GHz Probe Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) Length: 34.5 cm Distance between the probe tip and the dipole center: 2.7 mm Tip Diameter: 2.4 mm Calibration: 900, 1800, 2450, 5200 and 5800 MHz for head & body tissue simulating liquid | | |
| Data Acquisition | DAE4 | 358 | 4/19/2008 |
| | Measurement Range: 1 μ V to >200 mV Input offset Voltage: < 1 μ V (with auto zero) Input Resistance: 200 M | | |
| Phantom | SAM Twin V4.0 | TP-1243 | N/A |
| Complies with IEEE P1528-2003 | Type SAM Twin, Homogenous Shell Material: Fiberglass Thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm Capacity: 20 liter Size of the flat section: approx. 320 x 230 mm | | |
| Device holder | Non-conductive holder supplied with DASY4, dielectric constant less than 5.0 | N/A | N/A |
| Network Analyzer | Agilent 8753ES | US39173983 | 8/14/2007 |
| | Frequency Range: 30 KHz – 6.0 GHz | | |
| Signal Generator | HP 83620B | 2065 | 8/15/2007 |
| | Frequency Range: 10 MHz – 20 GHz | | |
| Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz FSP | 1164.4391.07 | 8/2/2007 |
| | Frequency Range: 9 KHz – 7 GHz | | |
| Wireless Communications Test Set | Agilent 8960 | GB42230114 | 7/20/2007 |
| Wireless Communications Test Set | CMU200 | 1100.0008.02 | 3/29/2008 |

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Measurement Uncertainty

The Table below includes the uncertainty budget suggested by the IEEE Std 1528-200X and determined by SPEAG for the DASY4 measurement System

| Error Description | Uncertainty Value | Prob. Dist. | Div. | c_i (1g) | c_i (10g) | Std.Unc. (1g) | Std.Unc. (10g) | (v_i) v_{eff} |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|------|------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | ±5.9% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±5.9% | ±5.9% | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | ±4.7% | R | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±1.9% | ±1.9% | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | ±9.6% | R | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±3.9% | ±3.9% | ∞ |
| Boundary Effect | ±1.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6% | ±0.6% | ∞ |
| Linearity | ±4.7% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.7% | ±2.7% | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | ±1.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6% | ±0.6% | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | ±0.3% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±0.3% | ±0.3% | ∞ |
| Response Time | ±0.8% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.5% | ±0.5% | ∞ |
| Integration Time | ±2.6% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.5% | ±1.5% | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | ±3.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.7% | ±1.7% | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ±0.4% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.2% | ±0.2% | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ±2.9% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.7% | ±1.7% | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Eval. | ±1.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6% | ±0.6% | ∞ |
| Test sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ±2.9% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±2.9% | ±2.9% | 145 |
| Device Holder | ±3.6% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±3.6% | ±3.6% | 5 |
| Power Drift | ±5.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.9% | ±2.9% | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | ±4.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.3% | ±2.3% | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | ±5.0% | R | √3 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.8% | ±1.2% | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (meas.) | ±2.5% | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.6% | ±1.1% | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | ±5.0% | R | √3 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.7% | ±1.4% | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (meas.) | ±2.5% | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.5% | ±1.2% | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | | | ±10.9% | ±10.7% | 387 |
| Expanded STD Uncertainty | | | | | | ±21.9% | ±21.4% | |

Notes.

1. Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE 1528. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz – 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.

Measurement Traceability

All measurements described in this report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standards or appropriate national standards.

Evaluation For: iSECUREtrac Corporation

FCC ID: OAM5000

Model Number: System 5000 PTU

5.0 JOB DESCRIPTION

The iSECUREtrac Corporation, Model: System 5000 PTU has been tested to the requirements defined in OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) at the request of:

Manufacturer of the device: iSECUREtrac Corporation
5022 South 114th Street
Omaha, NE, 68137

Model number of the device: System 5000 PTU
Name of contact: Jef Higgason
Telephone: (402) 537-5663
Fax: (402) 537-9847
E-mail: jhiggason@isecuretrac.com

Manufacturer of the radio module: AnyDATA
Model Number of the radio module: DSG2000-Dual
Serial Number of the radio module: 0608C3234368

EUT receive date: 6/4/2007
EUT received condition: Good condition production unit
Test start date: 6/4/2007
Test end date: 6/6/2007

Test Sample Description

The iSECUREtrac Corporation System 5000 PTU is a portable tracking unit that is used by law enforcement to locate and track offenders.

| Test sample | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Model | System 5000 PTU | |
| FCC ID | OAM5000 | |
| Device Category | Portable | |
| RF Exposure Category | General Population/Uncontrolled Environment | |
| System | CDMA Cell/PCS | |
| Frequency Band | 824.7 MHz – 848.31 MHz (CDMA Cell Band) 1851.25 MHz – 1908.75 MHz (CDMA PCS Band) | |
| Mode(s) of Operation | CDMA Cell | CDMA PCS |
| Duty Cycle | 1:1 | 1:1 |
| Maximum output power | 24.48 dBm | 24.21 dBm |
| Radio Modules | | |
| Module Description | CDMA radio | |
| Module Manufacturer | AnyDATA | |
| Module Model Number | DTG2000-Dual | |
| Module FCCID | P4M-DTG2000 | |

| Test sample Accessories | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Battery type | AVT-900494 Li-Ion Rechargeable 3900 mAh battery (3.6V) |
| Belt clip | None provided |

| Test Signal Mode | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Test Commands | |
| Base Station Simulator | X |

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Test Sample Pictures:

Internal and external test sample pictures can be found in the following accompanying documents:

iSECUREtrac PTU5000 Internal Photographs.pdf

iSECUREtrac PTU5000 External Photographs.pdf

6.0 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Dipole System Validation

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified to be within $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications by using the system validation kit. The validation was performed at 900 MHz and 1800 MHz using head tissue.



Figure 2: Photograph of System Verification (900MHz Dipole Positioned at Flat Phantom)¹

¹ A similar positioning was used for the 1800 MHz dipole.

| REFERENCE DIPOLE VALIDATION – 900 MHz | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------|
| Dipole dimensions: L=150.2 mm, D=3.6 mm | | | | | | | | |
| Feed-point impedance at 900 MHz: $\text{Re}\{Z\} = 50.3 \text{ Ohm}$; $\text{Im}\{Z\} = 0.7 \text{ Ohm}$ | | | | | | | | |
| Return Loss at 900 MHz: -41.9 dB | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency Measure (MHz) | Dipole Type | Dipole Serial Number | Fluid Type | Dipole Power Input | Cal. Lab SAR (1g) | Measured SAR (1g) | % Error SAR (1g) | Date |
| 900 | D900V2 | 13 | 900 MHz Head | 1W | 10.6 | 10.23 | 3.49 | 6/6/07 |

| REFERENCE DIPOLE VALIDATION – 1800 MHz | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------|
| Dipole dimensions: L=72.7 mm, D=3.6 mm | | | | | | | | |
| Feed-point impedance at 1800 MHz: $\text{Re}\{Z\} = 50.4 \text{ Ohm}$; $\text{Im}\{Z\} = -3.1 \text{ Ohm}$ | | | | | | | | |
| Return Loss at 1800 MHz: -30.2 dB | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency Measure (MHz) | Dipole Type | Dipole Serial Number | Fluid Type | Dipole Power Input | Cal. Lab SAR (1g) | Measured SAR (1g) | % Error SAR (1g) | Date |
| 1800 | D1800V2 | 224 | 1800 MHz Head | 1W | 39.7 | 39.72 | 0.05 | 6/4/07 |
| 1800 | D1800V2 | 224 | 1800 MHz Head | 1W | 39.7 | 37.60 | 5.29 | 6/5/07 |

Tissue Simulating Liquid Description and Validation

| Ingredient (% by weight) | f (MHz) | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 900 | | 1900 | |
| Tissue Type | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| Water | 41.45 | 52.40 | 54.90 | 70.45 |
| Salt (NaCl) | 1.45 | 1.40 | 0.18 | 0.36 |
| Sugar | 56.00 | 45.00 | - | - |
| HEC | 1.00 | 1.00 | - | - |
| Bactericide | 0.10 | 0.10 | - | - |
| Triton X-100 | - | - | - | - |
| DGBE | - | - | 44.92 | 29.18 |
| DGHE | - | - | - | - |

Note: The amounts of each ingredient specified in the tables are not the exact amounts of the final test solution. The final test solution was adjusted by adding small amounts of the appropriate ingredient to calibrate the solution to meet the proper dielectric parameters.

The ambient temperature of the test site, as well as the temperature of the tissue simulating fluid, were recorded on each day of testing, as shown in the table below:

| Date | Ambient Temperature (°F) | Muscle Simulating Liquid Temperature (°F) f=900MHz | Head Simulating Liquid Temperature (°F) f=900MHz | Muscle Simulating Liquid Temperature (°F) f=1800MHz | Head Simulating Liquid Temperature (°F) f=1800MHz |
|--------|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| 6/4/07 | 70.2 | Not Used | Not Used | 70.4 | 70.0 |
| 6/5/07 | 71.7 | Not Used | Not Used | 71.7 | 71.0 |
| 6/6/07 | 70.7 | 70.7 | 70.5 | Not Used | Not Used |

The dielectric parameters were verified prior to assessment using the HP 8753A Network Analyzer. The dielectric parameters (ϵ_r , σ) on each day of testing were as follows:

| Head Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Frequency Measure (MHz) | Dielectric Constant Target | Dielectric Constant Measure | Dielectric % Deviation | Imaginary Part | Conductivity Target | Conductivity Measure | Conductivity % Deviation | Date |
| 900 | 41.5 | 40.26 | 2.99 | 20 | 0.97 | 1.0007 | 3.17 | 6/6/07 |
| Body Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency Measure (MHz) | Dielectric Constant Target | Dielectric Constant Measure | Dielectric % Deviation | Imaginary Part | Conductivity Target | Conductivity Measure | Conductivity % Deviation | Date |
| 900 | 55 | 53.77 | 2.24 | 20.2 | 1.05 | 1.01 | 3.74 | 6/6/07 |

| Head Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------|
| Frequency Measure (MHz) | Dielectric Constant Target | Dielectric Constant Measure | Dielectric % Deviation | Imaginary Part | Conductivity Target | Conductivity Measure | Conductivity % Deviation | Date |
| 1800 | 40 | 40.4 | 1.00 | 14.33 | 1.4 | 1.43 | 2.43 | 6/4/07 |
| 1800 | 40 | 40.5 | 1.25 | 14.2 | 1.4 | 1.42 | 1.50 | 6/5/07 |
| Body Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency Measure (MHz) | Dielectric Constant Target | Dielectric Constant Measure | Dielectric % Deviation | Imaginary Part | Conductivity Target | Conductivity Measure | Conductivity % Deviation | Date |
| 1880 | 53.3 | 53.1 | 0.38 | 15.2 | 1.52 | 1.59 | 4.52 | 6/4/07 |
| 1880 | 53.3 | 52.88 | 0.79 | 15 | 1.52 | 1.57 | 3.14 | 6/5/07 |

Maximum mass density $\rho = 1 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Maximum deviation of the dielectric parameters from the recommended values was 4.52 %.

During the measurements, the liquid level was maintained to a level of 15 cm with a tolerance of $\pm 0.2 \text{ cm}$.

7.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

Prior to any testing, the appropriate fluid was used to fill the phantom to a depth of 15 cm \pm 0.2cm. The fluid parameters were verified and the dipole validation was performed as described in the previous sections.

Test Positions:

The Device was positioned against the SAM and flat phantom using the exact procedure described in Supplement C Edition 01 – 01 of Federal Communications Commission, “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields”, OET Bulletin 65, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1997.

Reference Power Measurement:

The measurement probe was positioned at a fixed location above the reference point. A power measurement was made with the probe above this reference position so it could be used for assessing the power drift later in the test procedure.

Coarse Scan:

A coarse area scan with a horizontal grid spacing of 15 x 15 mm was performed in order to find the approximate location of the peak SAR value. This scan was performed with the measurement probe at a constant height in the simulating fluid. A two dimensional spline interpolation algorithm was then used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area.

Zoom Scan:

A zoom scan was performed around the approximate location of the peak SAR as determined from the coarse scan. The zoom scan was comprised of a measurement volume of 30 x 30 x 30 mm based on 7 x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

Data Extrapolation:

Since the center of the dipoles in the measurement probe are 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe, and the distance between the surface and the lowest measurement point is 1.6 mm the data at the surface was extrapolated. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the Z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward sorting algorithm. Around this maximum, the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm. The 3-D spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the “Not a knot” condition (in x, y and z directions). The volume was integrated with a trapezoidal algorithm. 1000 points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Reference Power Measurement:

The probe was positioned at precisely the same reference point and the reference power measurement was repeated. The difference between the initial reference power and the final one is referred to as the power drift. If the power drift exceeded 5% of the final peak SAR value, the measurement was repeated.

RF Ambient Activity:

During the entire SAR evaluation, the RF ambient activity was monitored using a spectrum analyzer with an antenna connected to it. The spectrum analyzer was tuned to the frequency of measurement and with one trace set to max hold mode. In this way, it was possible to determine if at any point during the SAR measurement there was an interfering ambient signal. If an ambient signal was detected, then the SAR measurement was repeated.

8.0 TEST CONFIGURATION / TEST PHOTOGRAPHS

For the purpose of this evaluation, the System 5000 PTU was considered to be a body-worn device which operates in the CDMA Cell and PCS bands. Calls to the device were made with the use of an Agilent 8960 base station simulator. The System 5000 PTU was placed in a call and “All Up” bits were selected in order to transmit at maximum power at the selected channel.

Photographs of the System 5000 PTU, as configured for testing, are shown below:

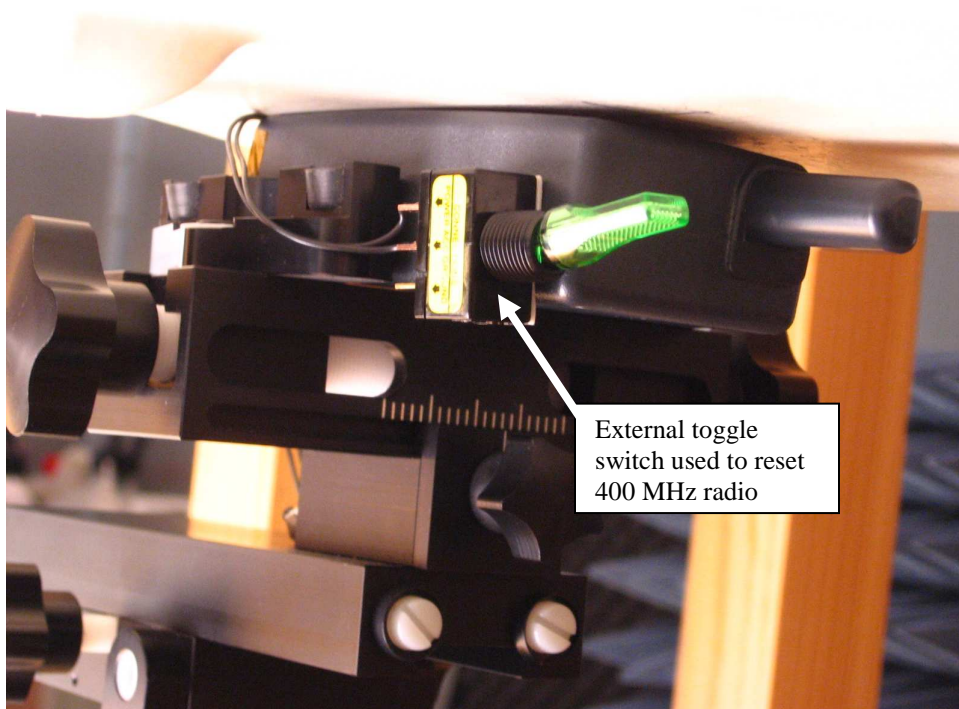


Figure 3: Setup for area scans on the front face of the System 5000 PTU

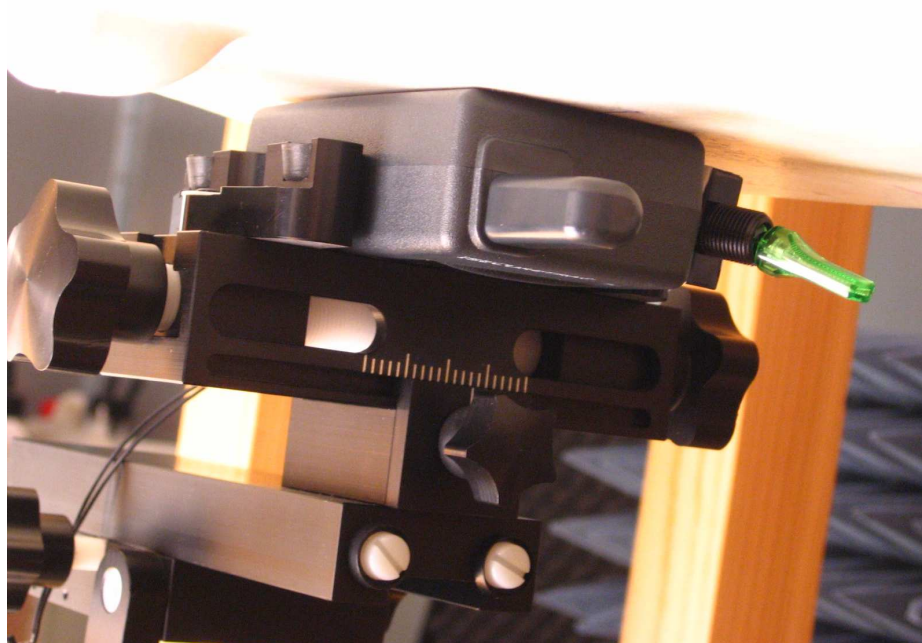


Figure 4: Setup for area scans on the bottom face of the System 5000 PTU

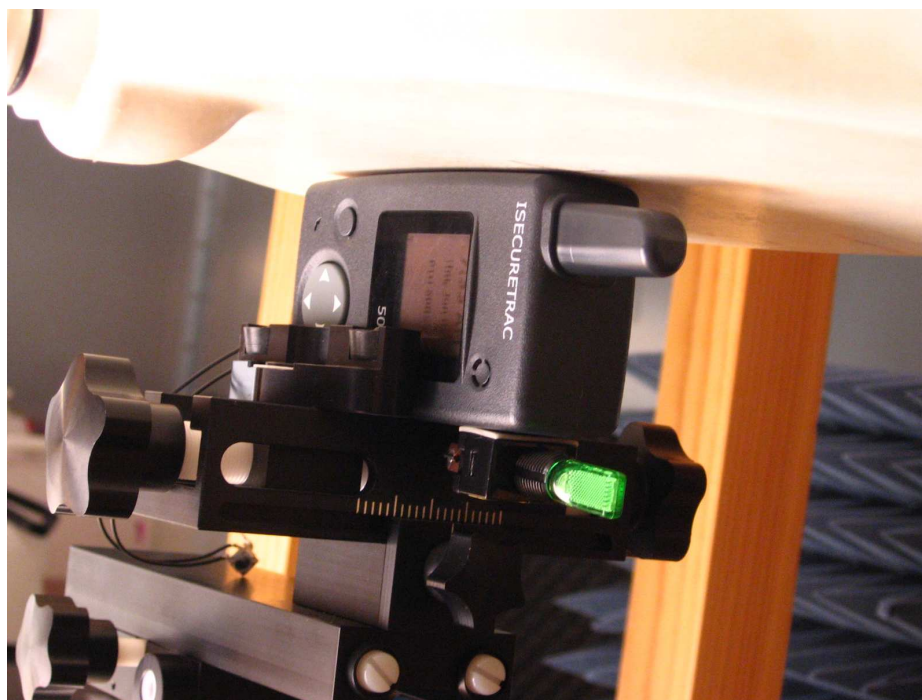


Figure 5: Setup for area scans on the left side of the System 5000 PTU

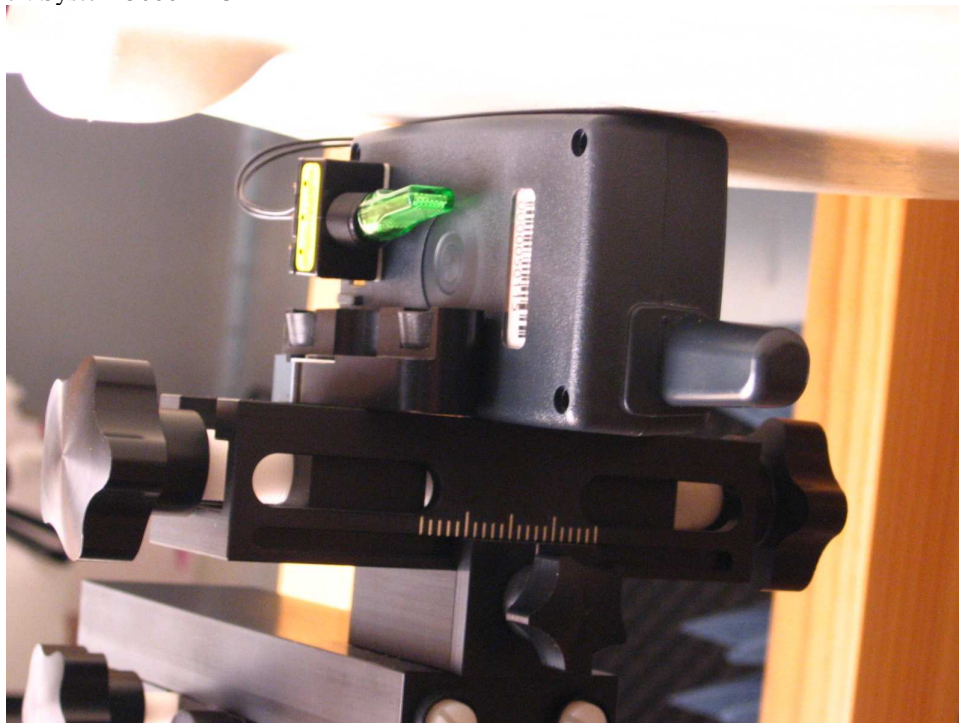


Figure 6: Setup for area scans on the right side of the System 5000 PTU

9.0 CRITERIA

The following FCC limits for SAR apply to devices operating in the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment:

| Exposure (General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment) | SAR (W/kg) |
|--|---------------|
| Average over the whole body | 0.08 |
| Spatial Peak (1g) | 1.60 |
| Spatial Peak for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (10g) | 4.00 |

10.0 ENGINEERING JUDGMENTS

The System 5000 PTU was evaluated as a body-worn device only. The System 5000 PTU is equipped with an earpiece and microphone. However, iSECUREtrac Corporation has stated that a voice-call feature is not utilized in this particular model. Therefore, no Head-mode scans were performed. All tests were performed in Body mode, with the device placed directly against the flat phantom. No case or other accessory was provided for use against the body. Therefore, SAR scans were performed on all faces of the System 5000 PTU, excluding the device's ends. See **8.0 Test Configuration / Test Photographs**, above, for details.

The System 5000 PTU is charged on a separate base charger (System 5000 Charging Base). Since this accessory has no body or head-worn use, it was excluded from SAR testing.

The System 5000 PTU contains a 400 MHz radio which provides a communication link between the PTU and the charging base. The output power of this radio is 10 mW. Although no SAR testing was performed specifically on this radio, it was set to transmit in a CW mode during all testing of the System 5000 PTU's CDMA radio. An external push-button switch was attached to the PTU in order to select between the radio's operating frequencies during the SAR tests. An external toggle switch was also wired to the PTU in order to reset the sequence of test frequencies.

11.0 TABULAR TEST RESULTS

The results on the following page(s) were obtained when the device was tested in the operating conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots, which reveal information about the location of the maximum SAR with respect to the device, are referenced under **Heading 12.0 - Graphical SAR Scan Results**. The extrapolated SAR results account for the drift measurements using the following formula:

$$\text{Extrapolated SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} * 10^{-(\text{Drift}/10)}$$

For positive drift values, no extrapolation was performed. A dashed line will appear in the table for the extrapolation values in this case.

Conducted Power Measurements

These conducted power measurements for the System 5000 PTU were made using a CMU200 base station simulator. Cable loss was accounted for within the test set by offsetting the readings by the appropriate amounts.

| Transmit Mode | | Max Power (dBm) |
|----------------|------------|----------------------|
| Tx Band | Tx Channel | CDMA Max Power (dBm) |
| CDMA Cell Band | 1013 | 24.44 |
| | 384 | 24.48 |
| | 777 | 23.84 |
| CDMA PCS Band | 25 | 24.09 |
| | 600 | 24.04 |
| | 1175 | 24.21 |

Body Mode Tabular Test Results

During the test, the RF output power of the test sample varied by a small amount due to heat and battery output power variations in the device. To take this power drift into account, a reference measurement was performed at a predefined position in the fluid just before and just after each SAR scan. The difference in these values is recorded in the table below as the SAR drift. The 1-g SAR was extrapolated for drift and is shown in the table below.

| Flat Phantom; Body / Data Mode; 1:1 Mode; 1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz (PCS) Band | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|--|------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| Freq. (MHz) | Channel | Test Position | Carry Case | Other Attachments | SAR Drift (dB) | Measured 1-g SAR (mW/g) | Meas. 10g-SAR (mw/g) | Extrapolated Worst Case 1-g SAR (mW/g) | Extrapolated Worst Case 10-g SAR (mW/g) |
| 1851.25 | 25 | NA: Test performed only if mid-channel SAR was within 3dB of the limit | | | | | | | |
| 1880.00 | 600 | Face UP with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | 0.240 | 0.027 | 0.013 | - | - |
| 1880.00 | 600 | Face UP with 451.4 MHz CW tx. | None | None | 0.018 | 0.016 | 0.009 | - | - |
| 1880.00 | 600 | Face DOWN with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | 0.200 | 0.012 | 0.007 | - | - |
| 1880.00 | 600 | LEFT side with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | -0.048 | 0.011 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0.005 |
| 1880.00 | 600 | RIGHT side with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | -0.074 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.002 |
| 1908.75 | 1175 | NA: Test performed only if mid-channel SAR was within 3dB of the limit | | | | | | | |

Evaluation For: iSECUREtrac Corporation
Model Number: System 5000 PTU

FCC ID: OAM5000

| Flat Phantom; Body / Data Mode; 1:1 Mode; 824.70 - 848.31 MHz (Cell) Band | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|--|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Freq. (MHz) | Channel | Test Position | Carry Case | Other Attachments | SAR Drift (dB) | Measured 1-g SAR (mW/g) | Meas. 10g- SAR (mw/g) | Extrapolated Worst Case 1-g SAR (mW/g) | Extrapolated Worst Case 10-g SAR (mW/g) |
| 824.70 | 1013 | NA: Test performed only if mid-channel SAR was within 3dB of the limit | | | | | | | |
| 836.52 | 384 | Face UP with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | -0.027 | 0.137 | 0.086 | 0.138 | 0.086 |
| 836.52 | 384 | Face DOWN with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | 0.176 | 0.096 | 0.064 | - | - |
| 836.52 | 384 | LEFT side with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | -0.038 | 0.147 | 0.095 | 0.148 | 0.095 |
| 836.52 | 384 | LEFT side with 451.4 MHz CW tx. | None | None | -0.108 | 0.153 | 0.099 | 0.157 | 0.101 |
| 836.52 | 384 | RIGHT side with 439.2 MHz CW tx. | None | None | -0.172 | 0.085 | 0.040 | 0.088 | 0.041 |
| 848.31 | 777 | NA: Test performed only if mid-channel SAR was within 3dB of the limit | | | | | | | |

12.0 GRAPHICAL SAR SCAN RESULTS

Graphical SAR scan results can be found in the following accompanying document:

iSECUREtrac PTU5000 Graphical Test Results.doc

Body Mode PCS

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.72, 8.72, 8.72); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch600; With 439.2 MHz CW tx/Area

Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch600; With 439.2 MHz CW tx/Zoom

Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.240 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.054 W/kg

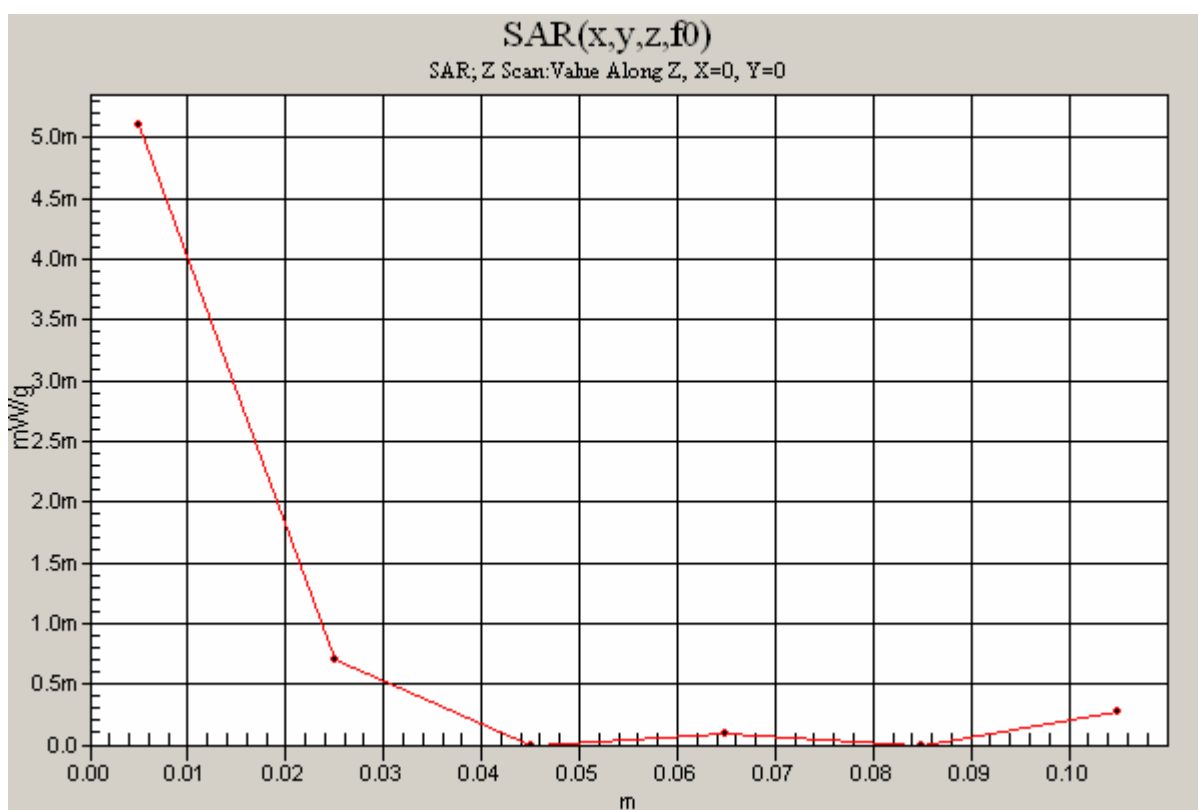
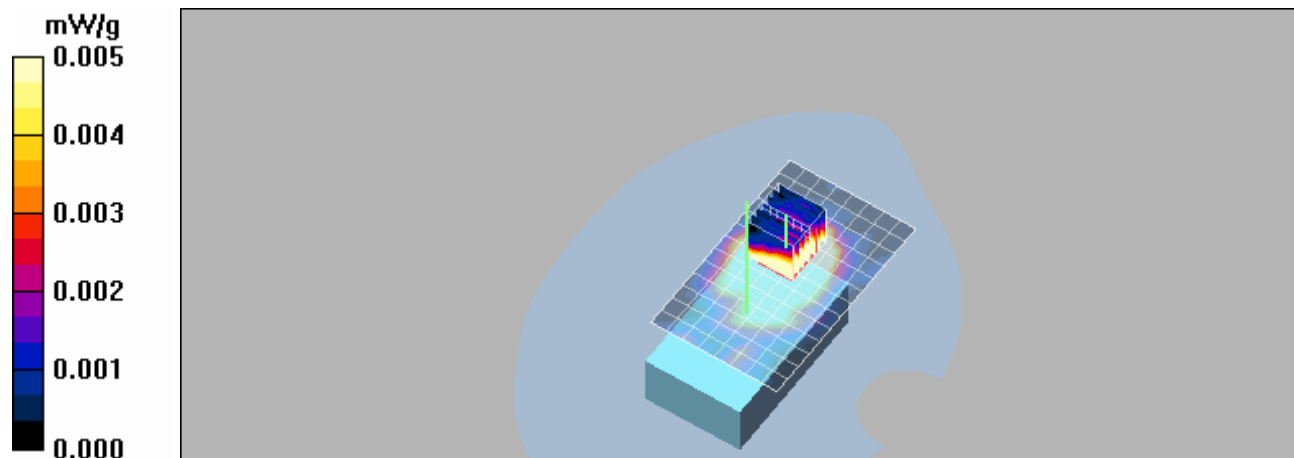
SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.013 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch600; With 439.2 MHz CW tx/Z Scan

(1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.005 mW/g



Body Mode PCS

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.72, 8.72, 8.72); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch600; With 451.4 MHz CW tx/Area

Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.020 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch600; With 451.4 MHz CW tx/Zoom

Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.028 W/kg

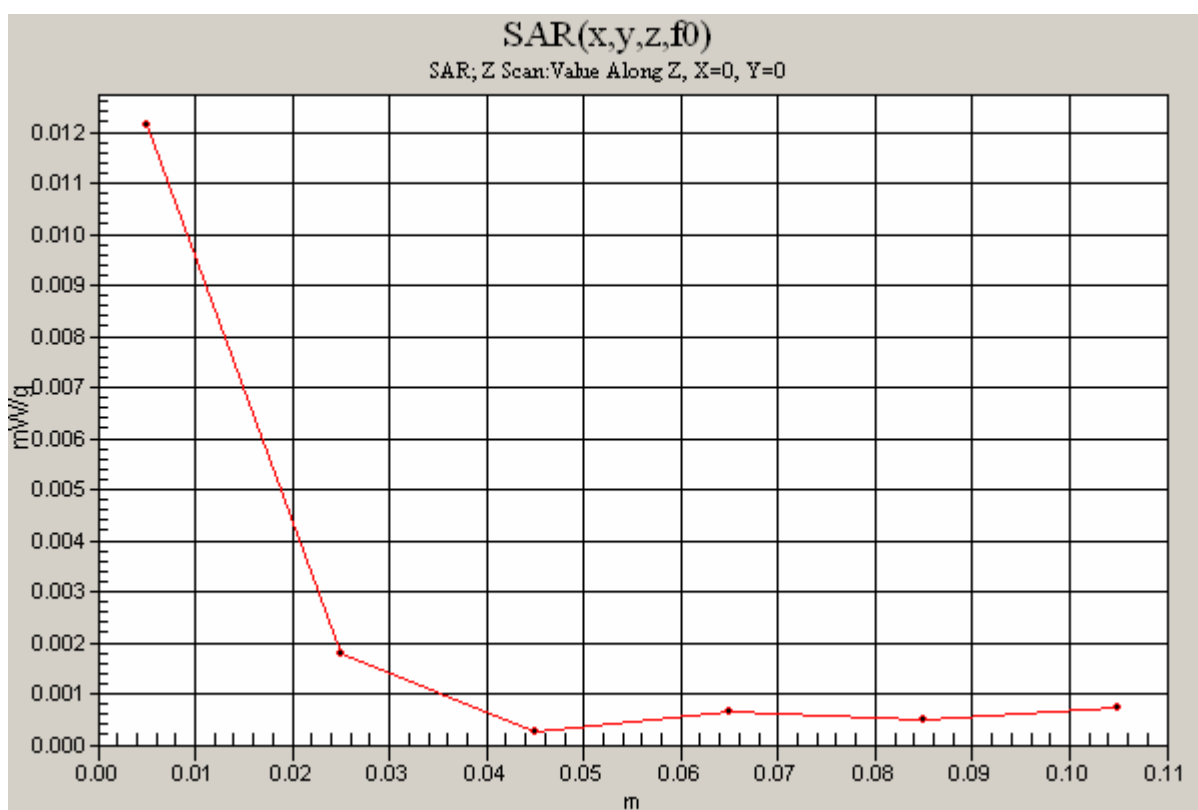
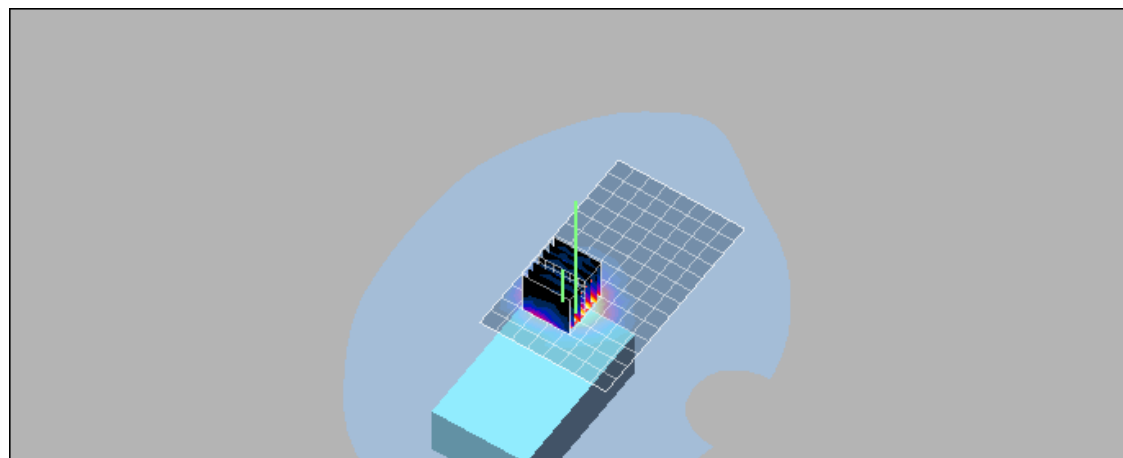
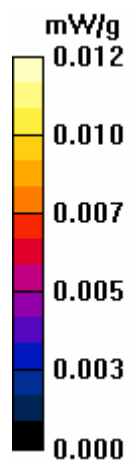
SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00877 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.017 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch600; With 451.4 MHz CW tx/Z Scan

(1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g



Body Mode PCS

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.72, 8.72, 8.72); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; EUT Face DOWN; Ch600/Area Scan (9x14x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.015 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face DOWN; Ch600/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.200 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.042 W/kg

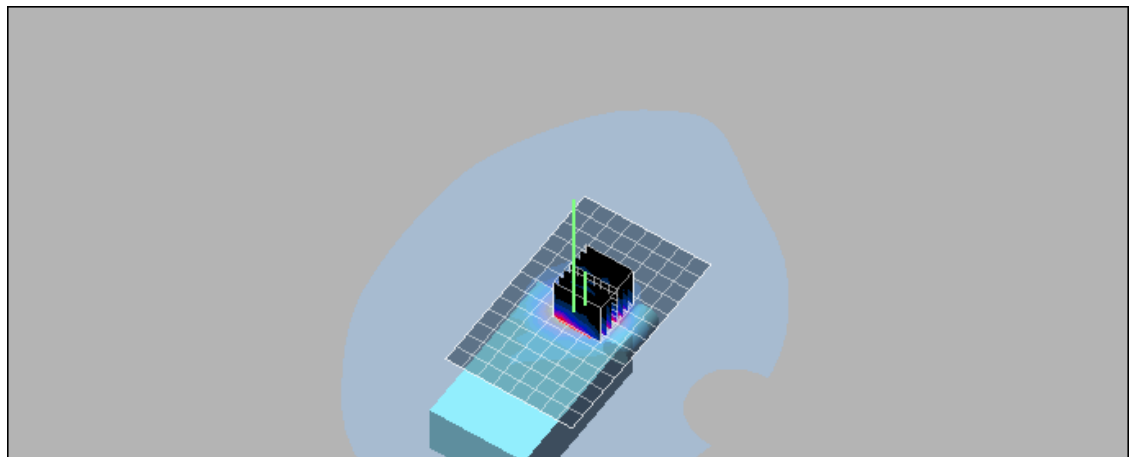
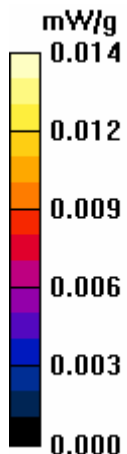
SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00689 mW/g

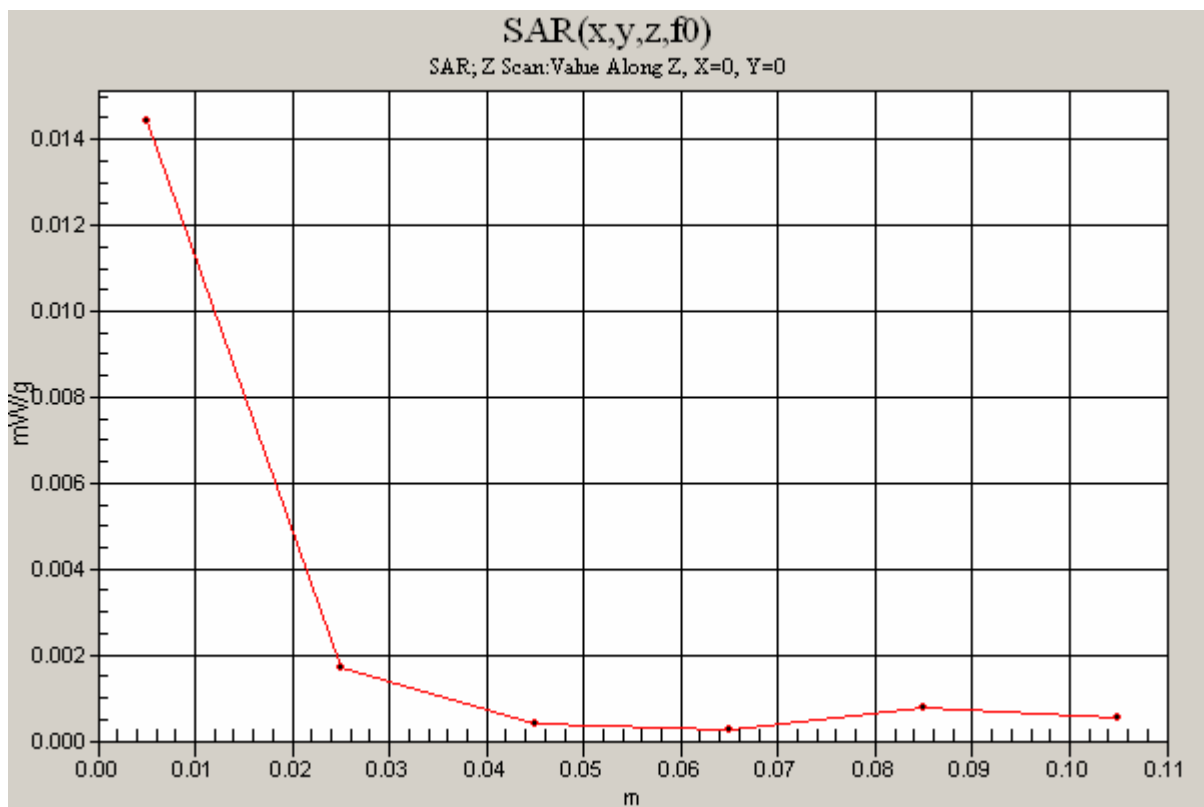
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.013 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face DOWN; Ch600/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g





Body Mode PCS

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.72, 8.72, 8.72); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch600/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.016 mW/g

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch600/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.020 W/kg

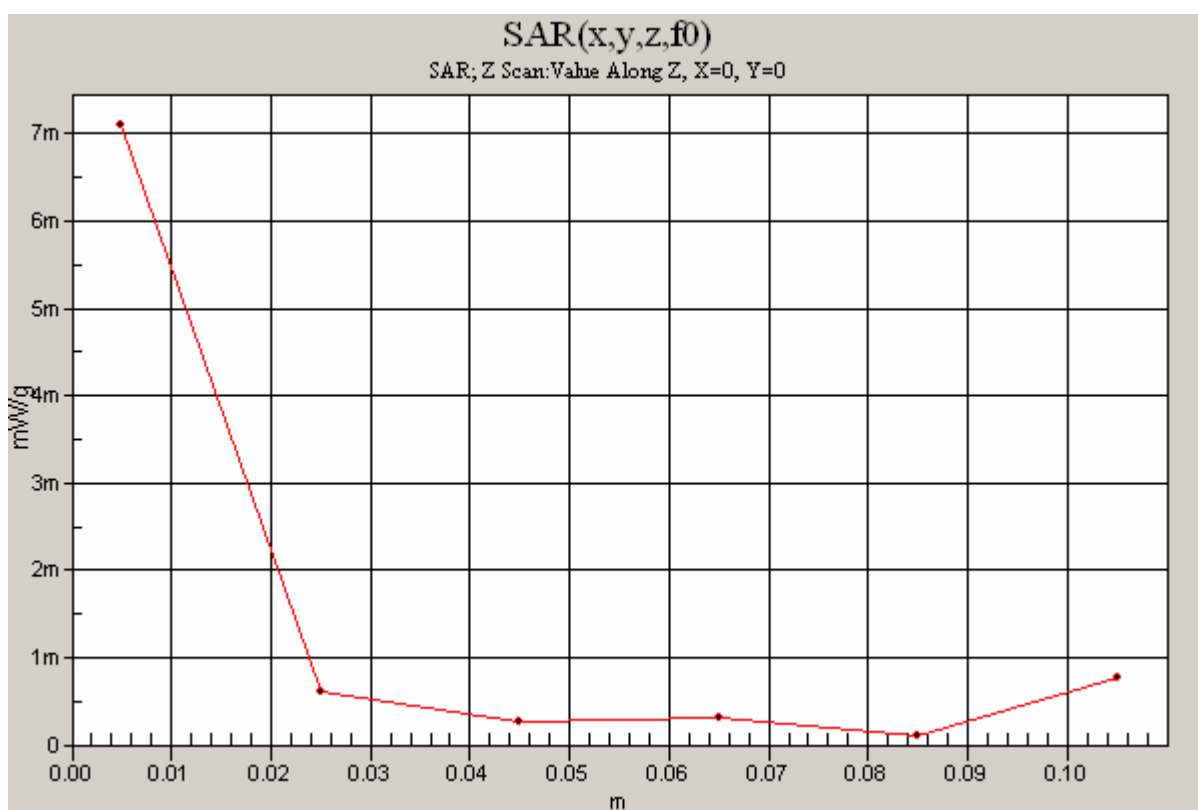
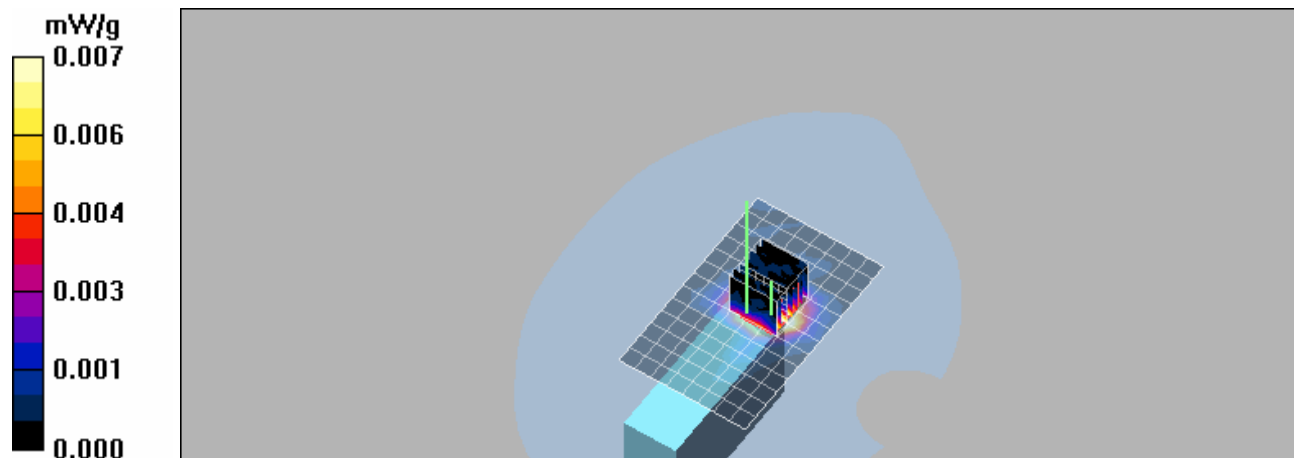
SAR(1 g) = 0.010 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00505 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.012 mW/g

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch600/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid:

$dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$, $dz=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.007 mW/g



Body Mode PCS

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(8.72, 8.72, 8.72); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; RIGHT side; Ch600/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid:

dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.004 mW/g

Body Mode; RIGHT side; Ch600/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

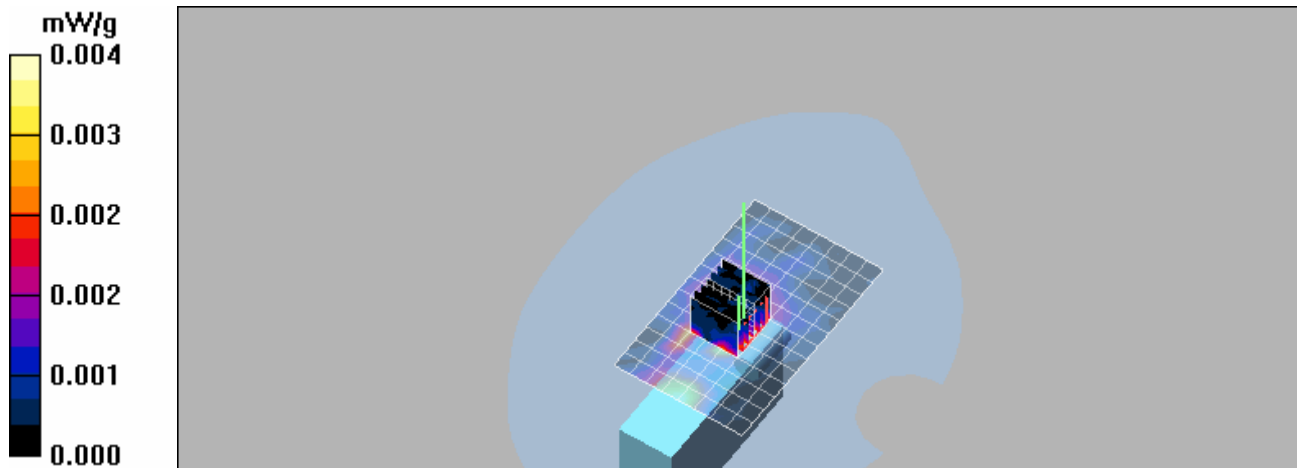
Reference Value = 1.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB

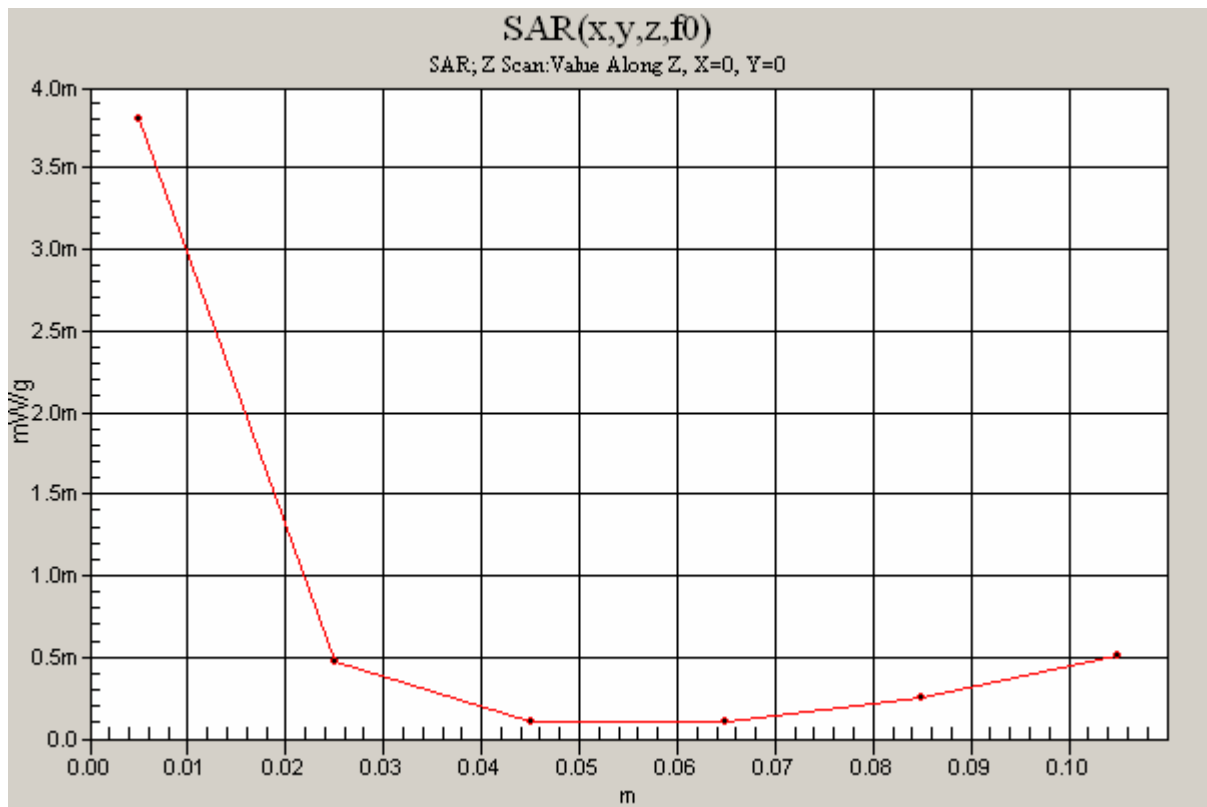
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.011 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00313 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00172 mW/g

Body Mode; RIGHT side; Ch600/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm





Body Mode Cell

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch384; With 439.2 MHz CW tx/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

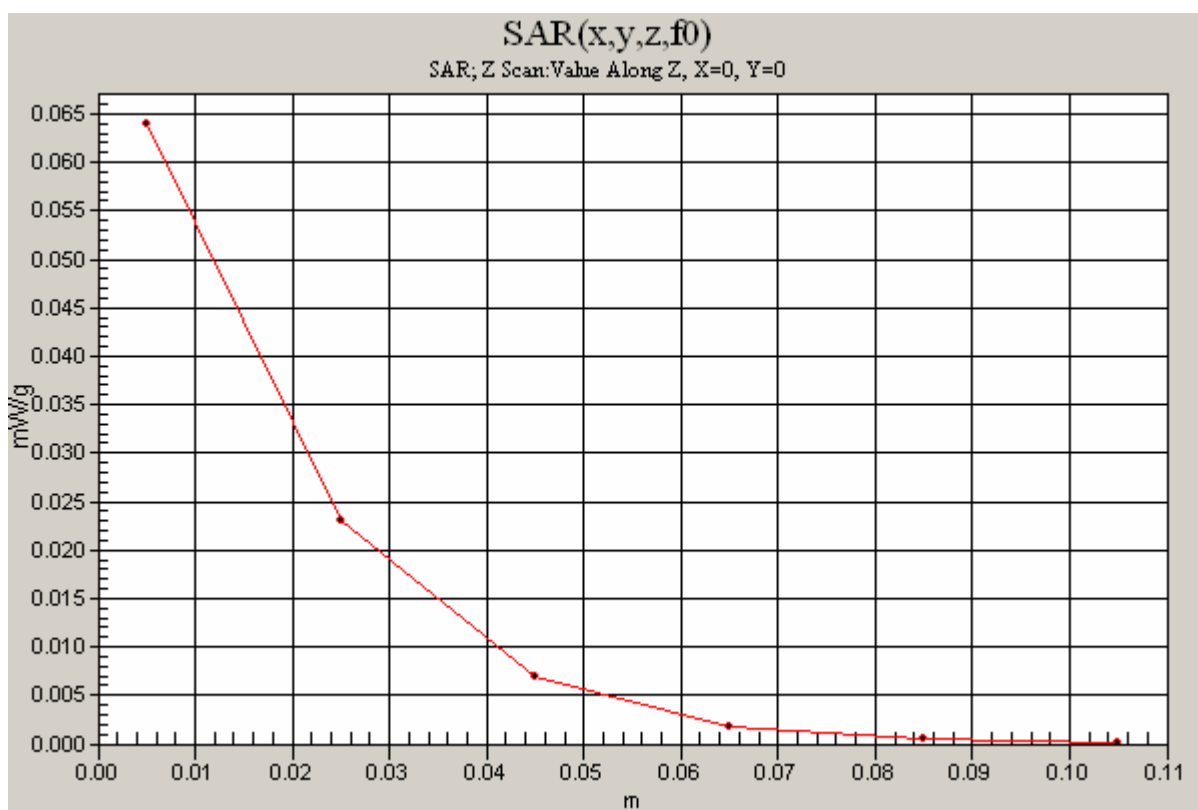
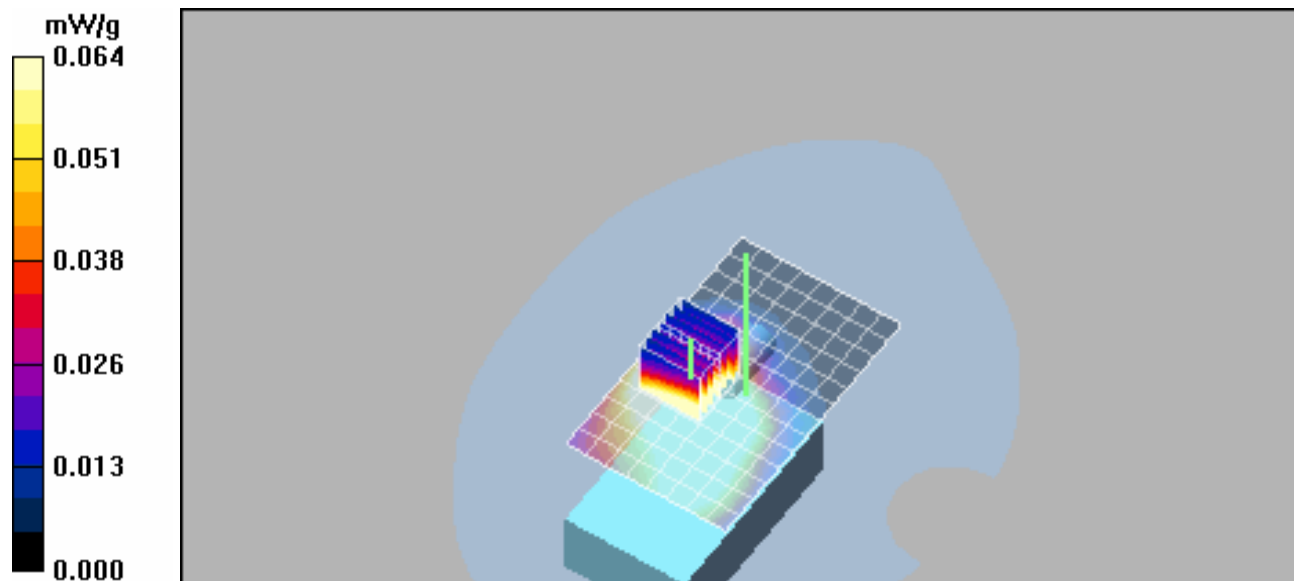
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch384; With 439.2 MHz CW tx/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face UP; Ch384; With 439.2 MHz CW tx/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.064 mW/g



Body Mode Cell

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; EUT Face DOWN; Ch384/Area Scan (9x14x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face DOWN; Ch384/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

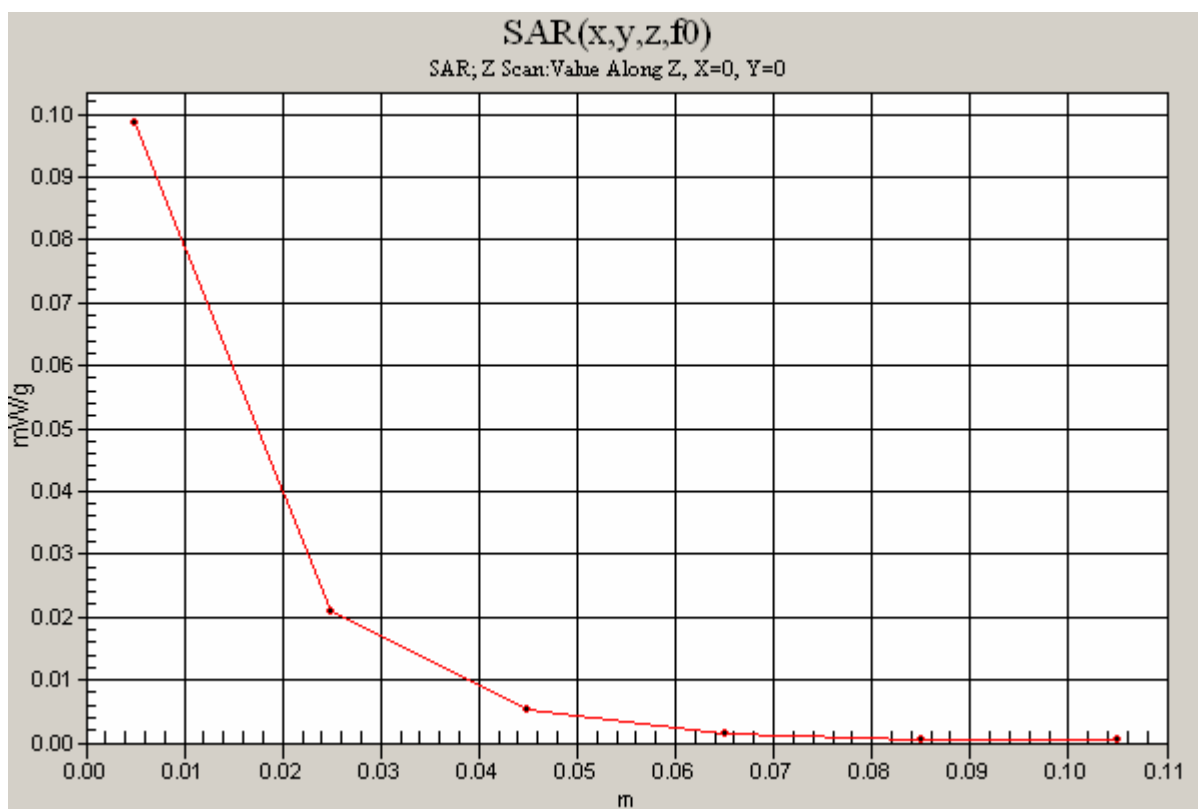
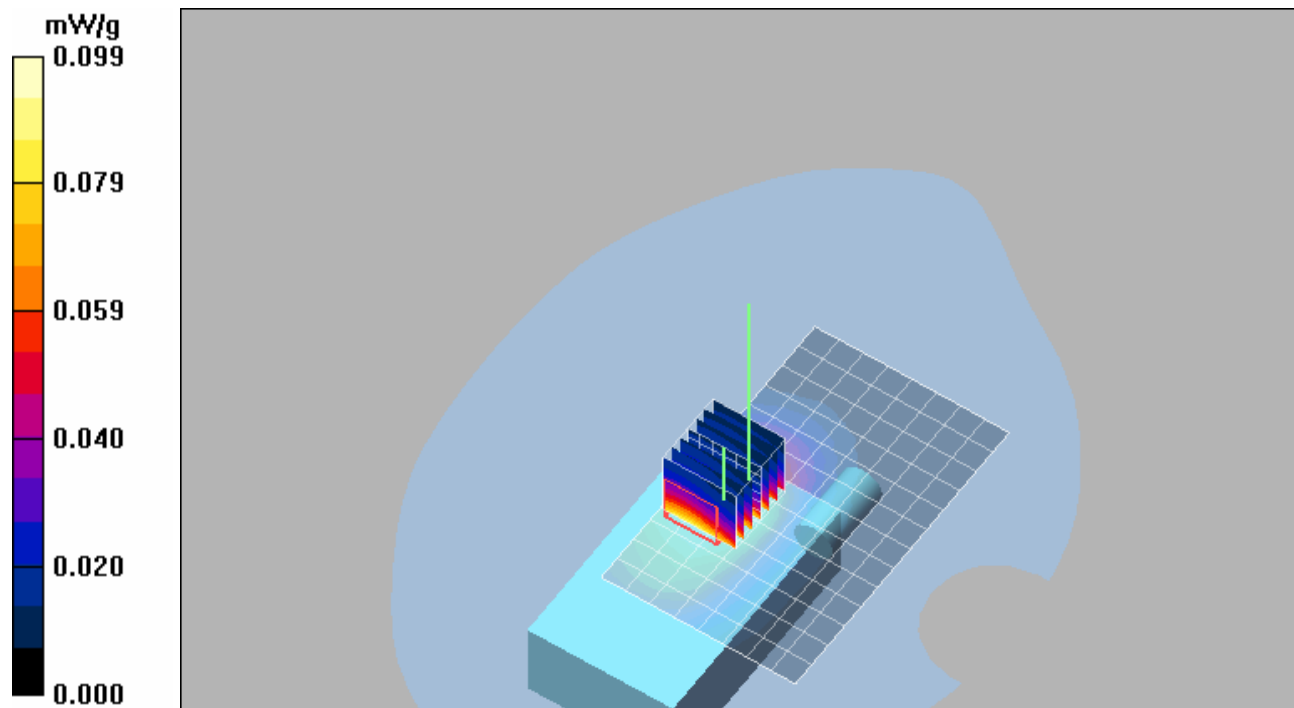
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.176 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.096 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 mW/g

Body Mode; EUT Face DOWN; Ch384/Z Scan (1x1x6):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.099 mW/g



Body Mode Cell

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch384 with 439.2 MHz CW tx/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

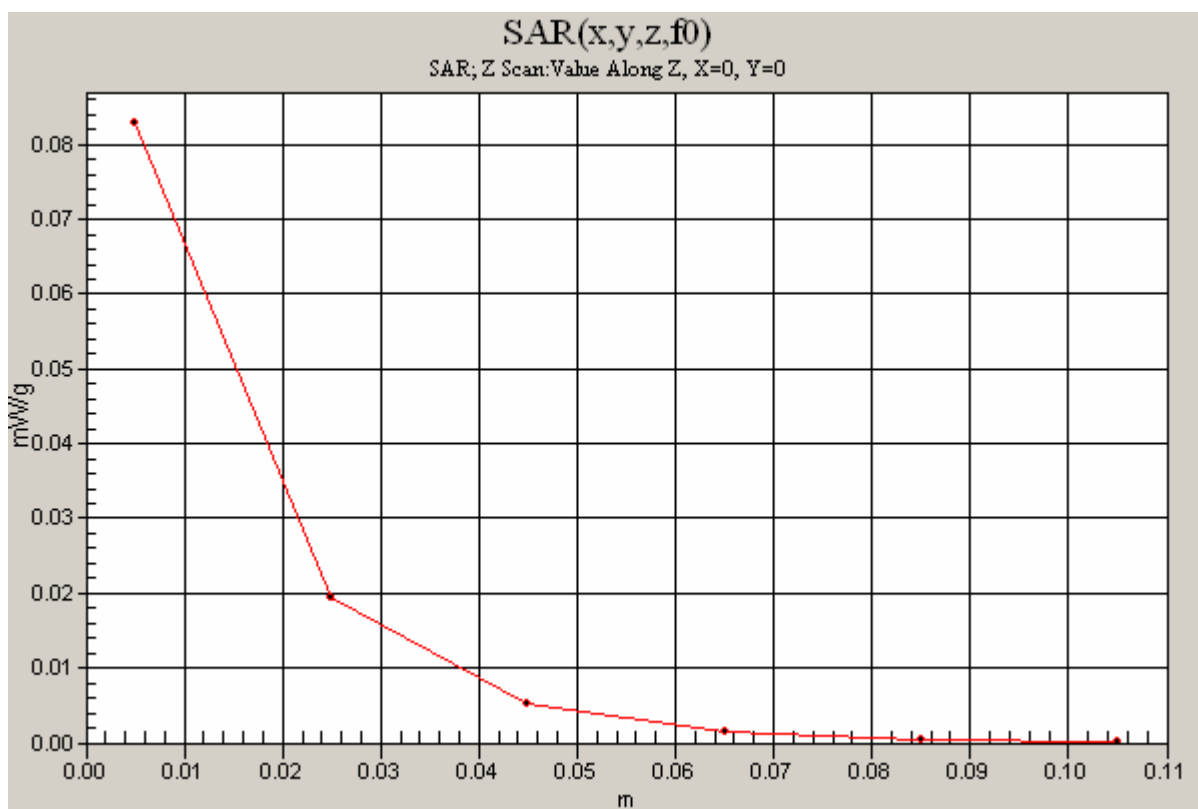
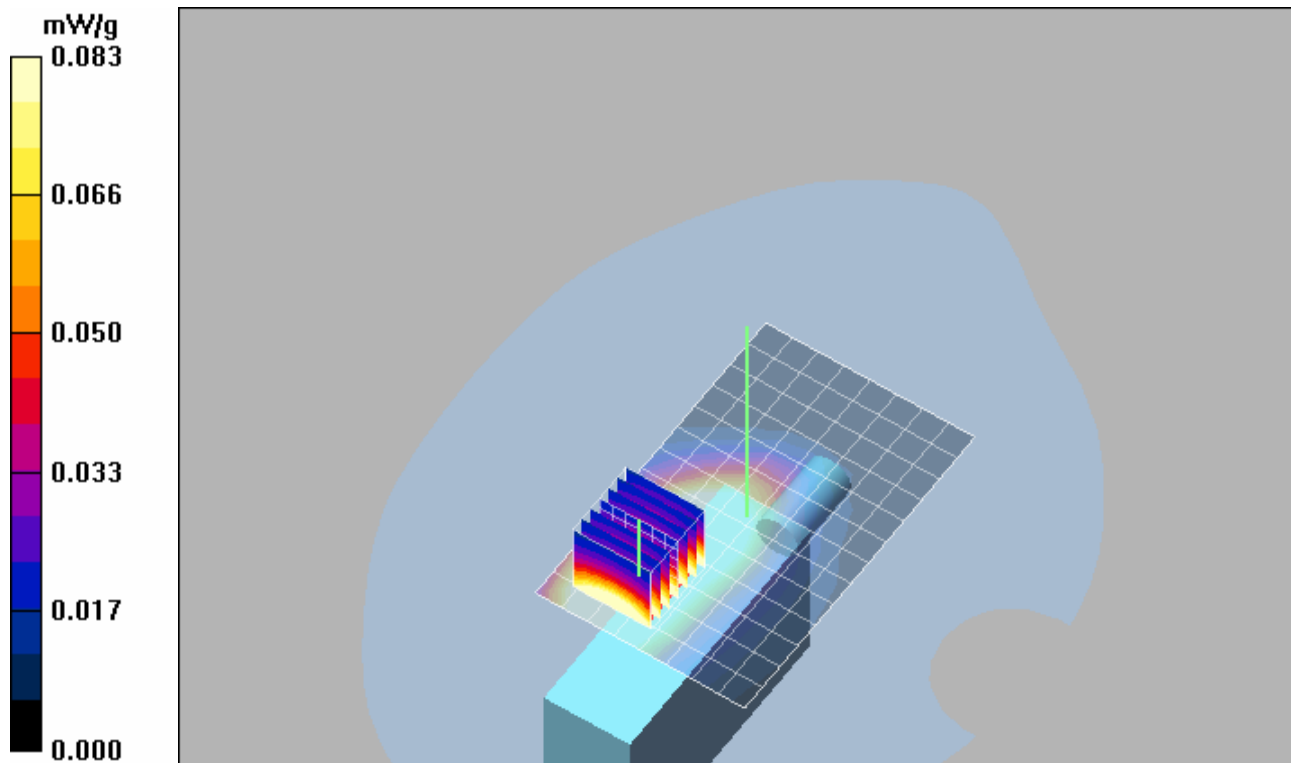
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 mW/g

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch384 with 439.2 MHz CW tx/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.222 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.147 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 mW/g

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch384 with 439.2 MHz CW tx/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.083 mW/g



Body Mode Cell

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch384 with 451.4 MHz CW tx/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

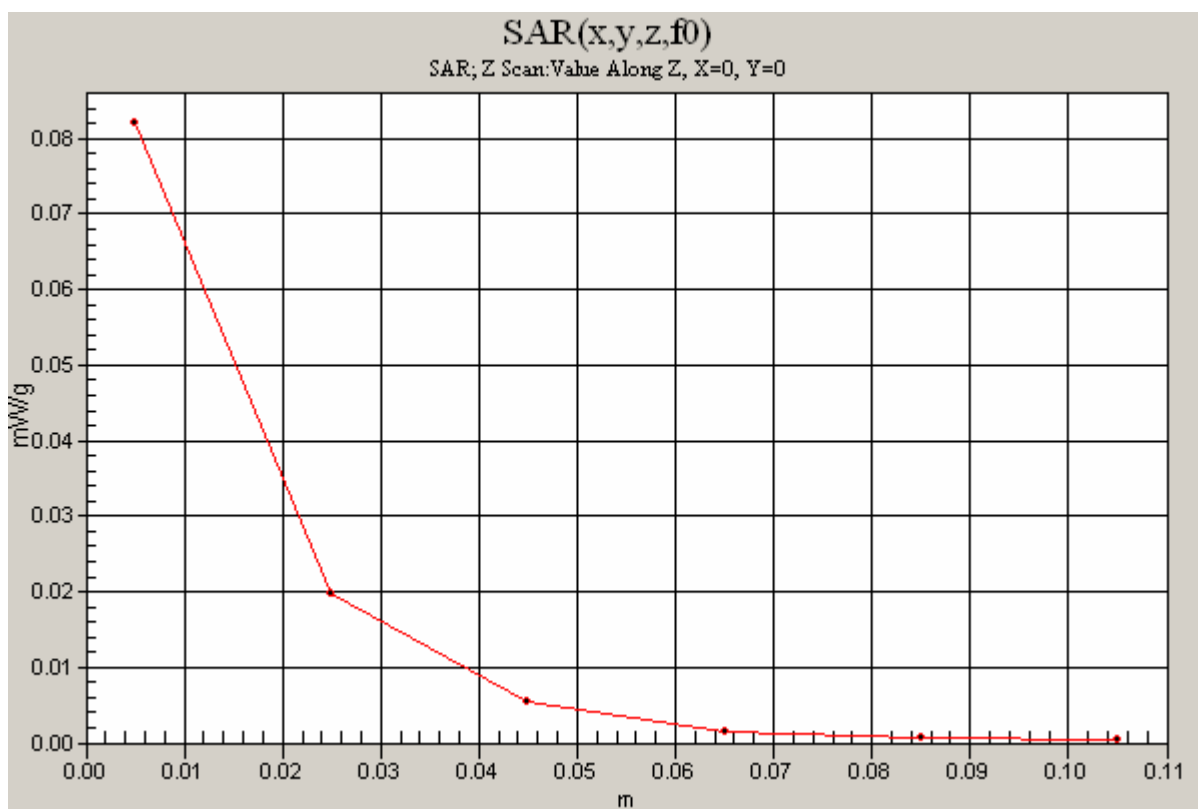
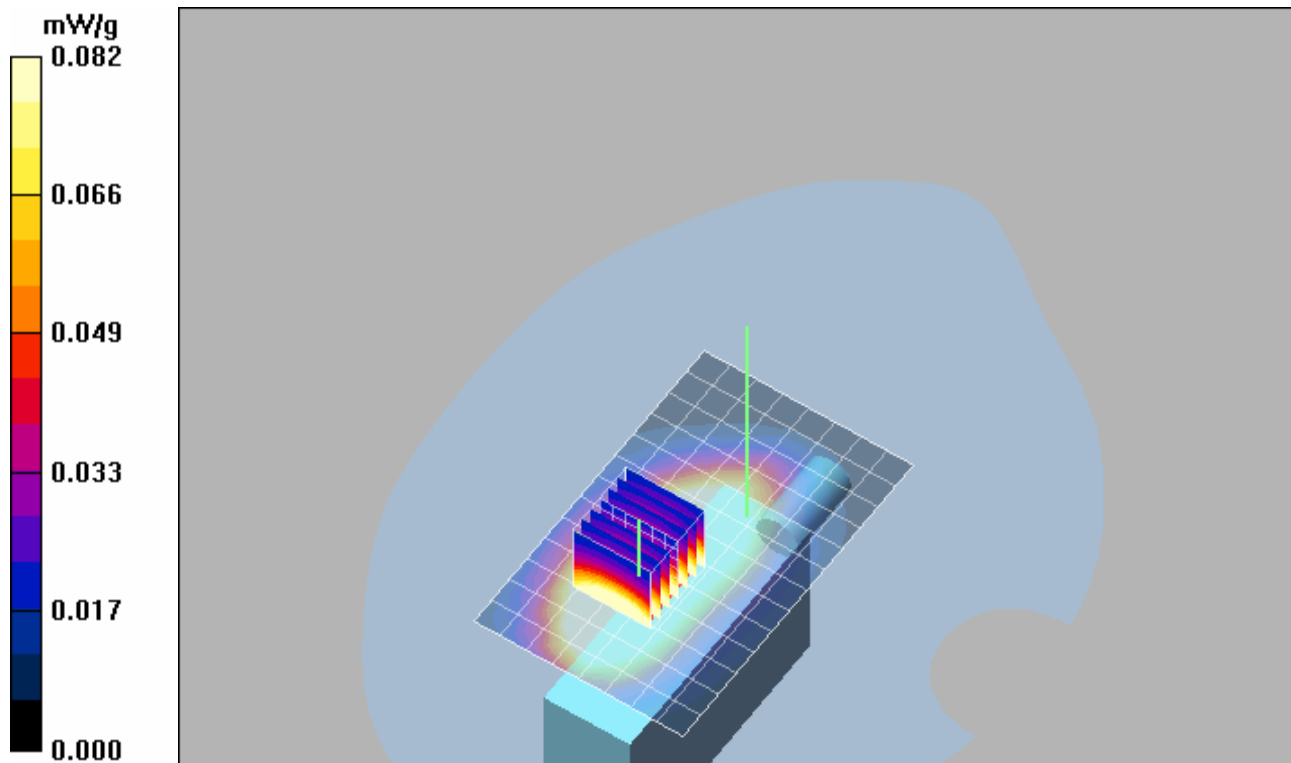
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 mW/g

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch384 with 451.4 MHz CW tx/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.108 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.153 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 mW/g

Body Mode; LEFT side; Ch384 with 451.4 MHz CW tx/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g



Body Mode Cell

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: iSECUREtrac PTU5000; Type: PTU 5000; Serial: 0000050057

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.52$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(10.31, 10.31, 10.31); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Body Mode; RIGHT side; Ch384/Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 mW/g

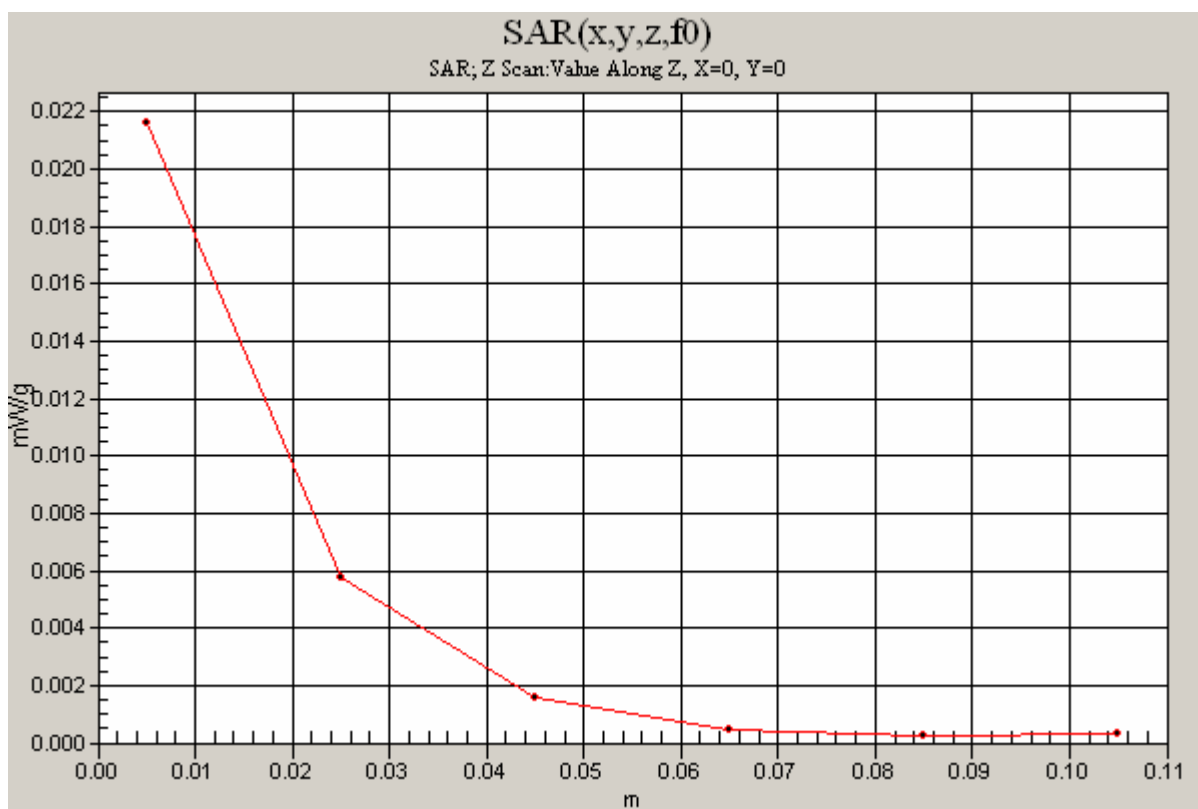
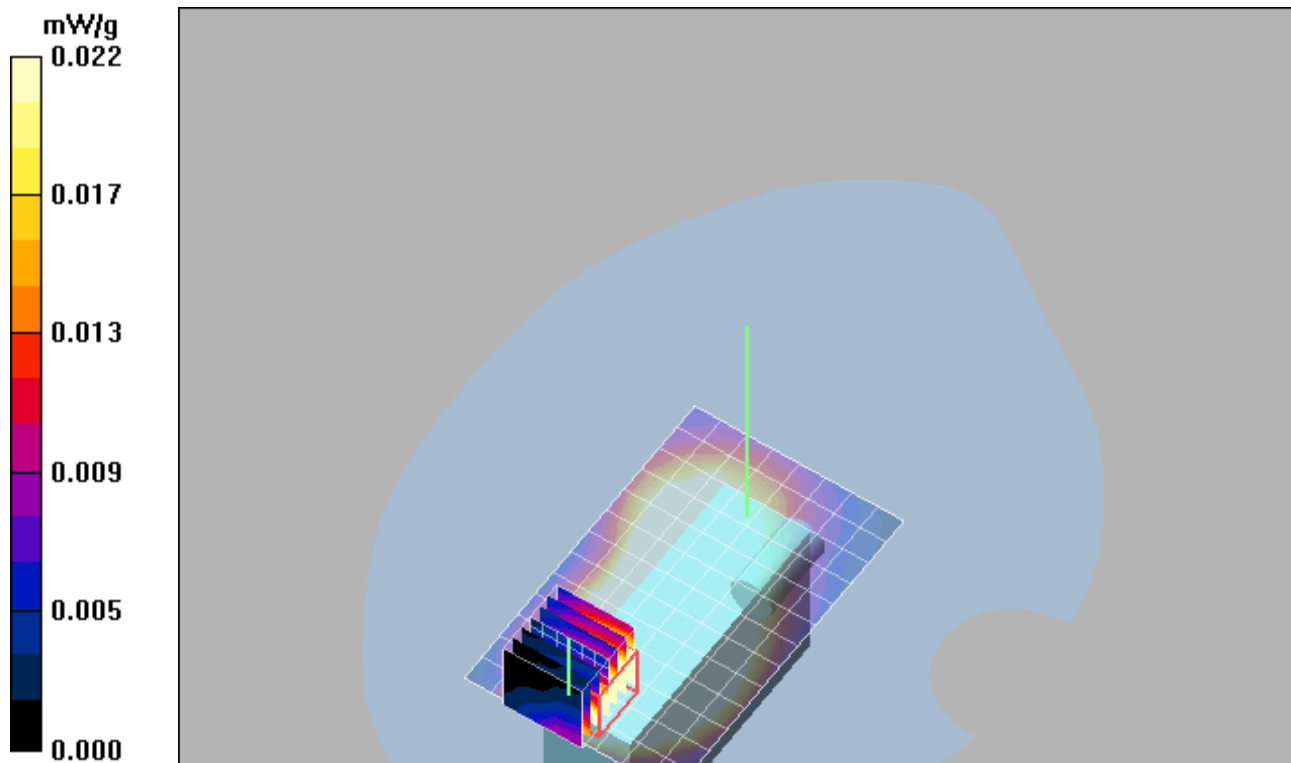
Body Mode; RIGHT side; Ch384/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.172 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.085 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.102 mW/g

Body Mode; RIGHT side; Ch384/Z Scan (1x1x6): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.022 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:224

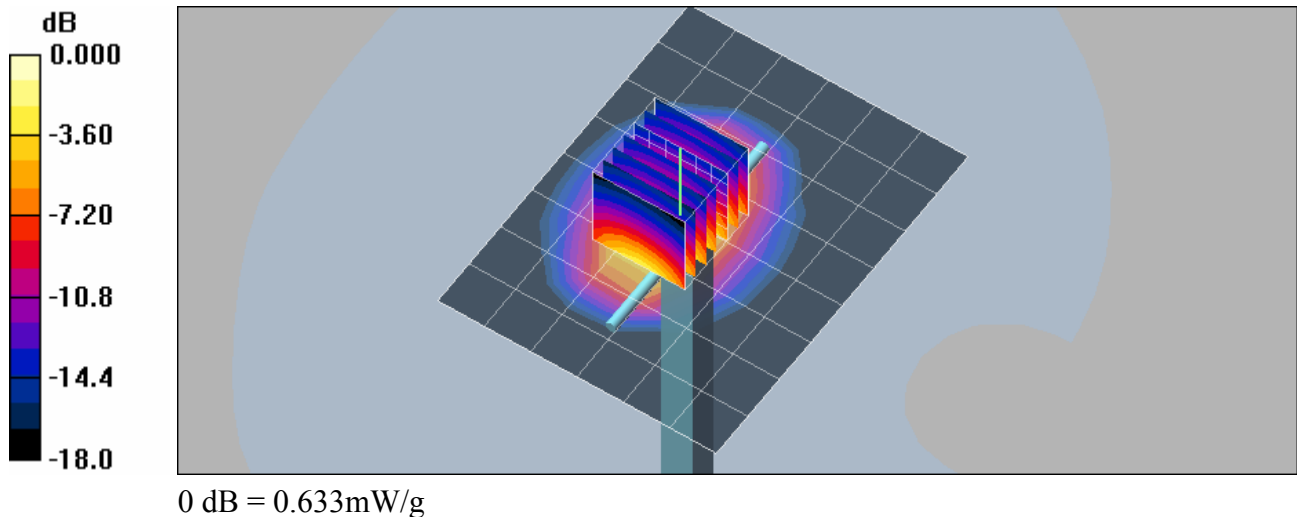
Medium parameters used: $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Pin=14.3 mW/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.478 mW/g

Pin=14.3 mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 21.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.568 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.633 mW/g



D1800_June 5

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:224

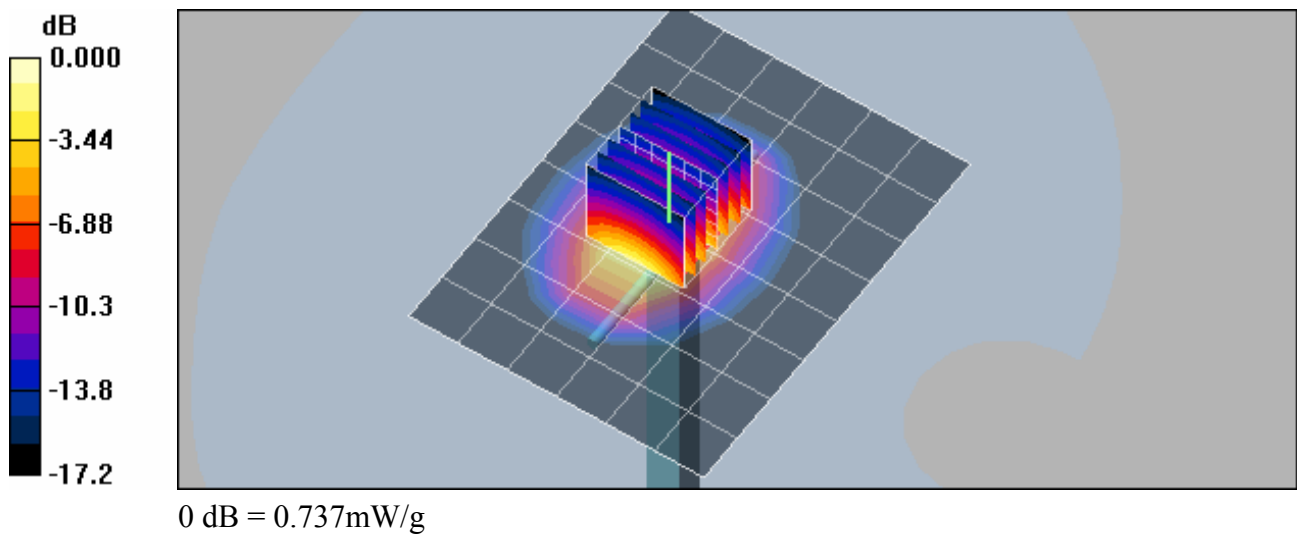
Medium parameters used: $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(9.48, 9.48, 9.48); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Pin=17.3 mW/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 mW/g

Pin=17.3 mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 23.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.650 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.338 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 mW/g



D900_June 6

Test Laboratory: Intertek ETL Semko

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:013

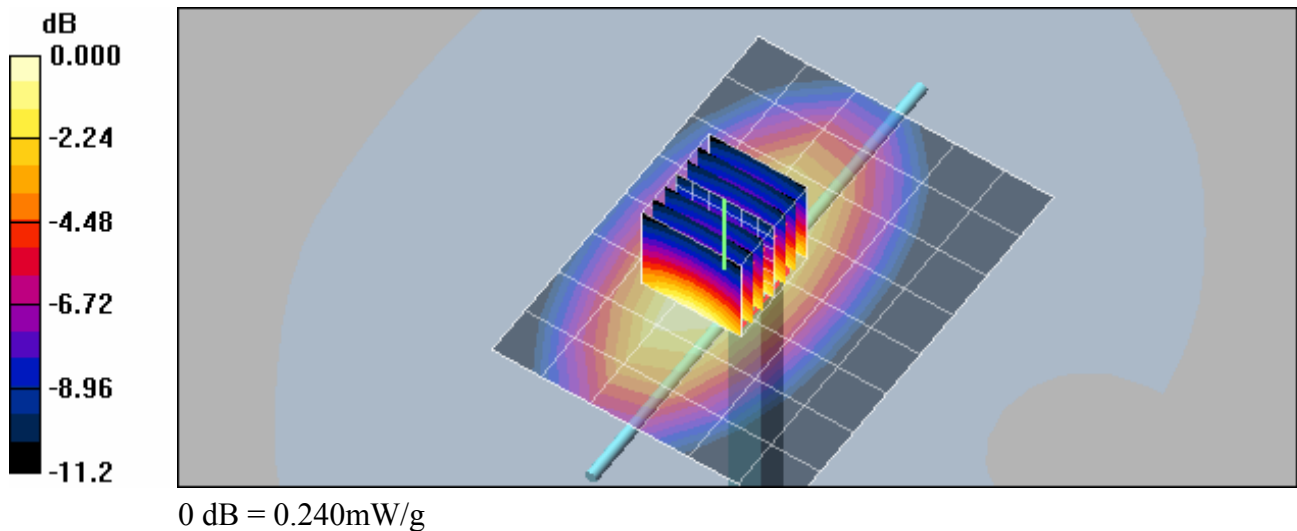
Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(10.23, 10.23, 10.23); Probe Calibration Due: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 4/19/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Pin = 10.37 mW/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 mW/g

Pin = 10.37 mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.335 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.222 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 mW/g





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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ITS / ETL Semko**

Certificate No: **EX3-3516_Nov06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV3 - SN:3516**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-14.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 23, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS No 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00592) | Aug-07 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 4-Apr-06 (METAS No 251-00558) | Apr-07 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593) | Aug-07 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 2-Jan-06 (SPEAG No ES3-3013_Jan06) | Jan-07 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No DAE4-654_Jun06) | Jun-07 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) | In house check: Nov-07 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) | In house check: Oct-07 |

| | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | |
| Approved by: | Niels Kuster | Quality Manager | |

Issued: November 23, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| ConF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization ϕ | ϕ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3516

| | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Manufactured: | March 8, 2004 |
| Last calibrated: | July 20, 2005 |
| Recalibrated: | November 23, 2006 |

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3516

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

| | | |
|-------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| NormX | 0.870 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormY | 0.730 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |
| NormZ | 0.610 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ |

Diode Compression^B

| | |
|-------|--------------|
| DCP X | 95 mV |
| DCP Y | 96 mV |
| DCP Z | 95 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 4.0 | 1.7 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.0 | 0.1 |

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 2.0 mm | 3.0 mm |
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 4.6 | 2.6 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.2 | 0.4 |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **1.0 mm**

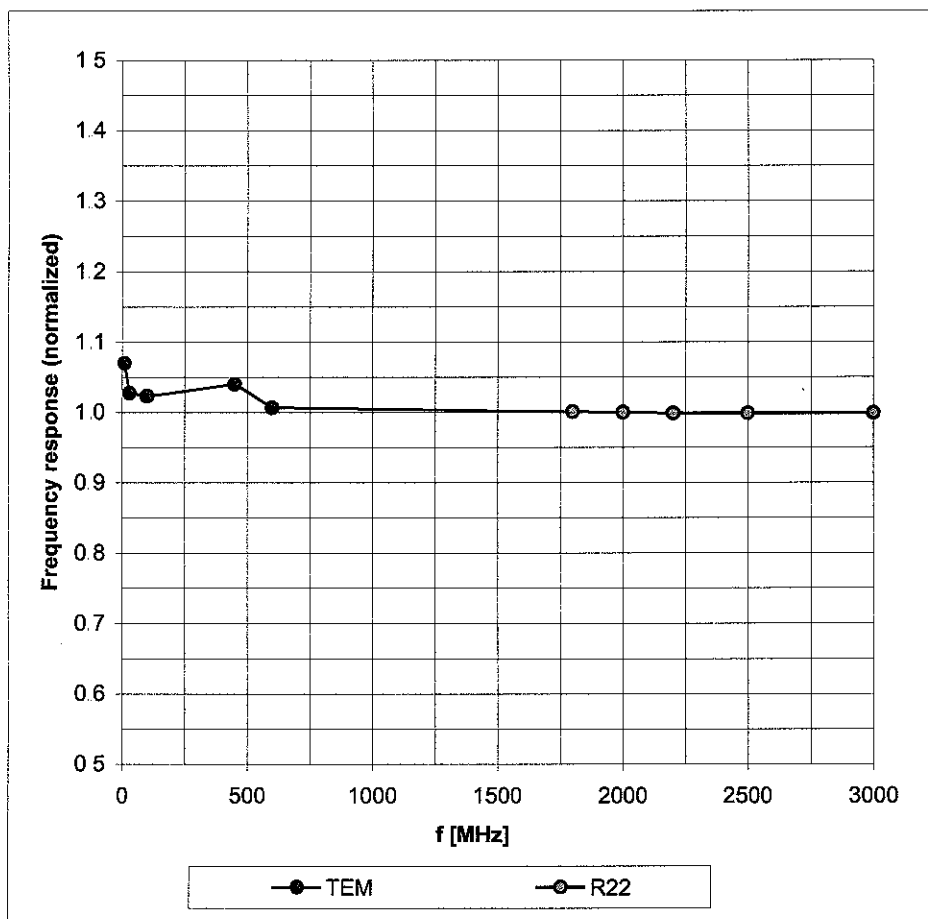
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

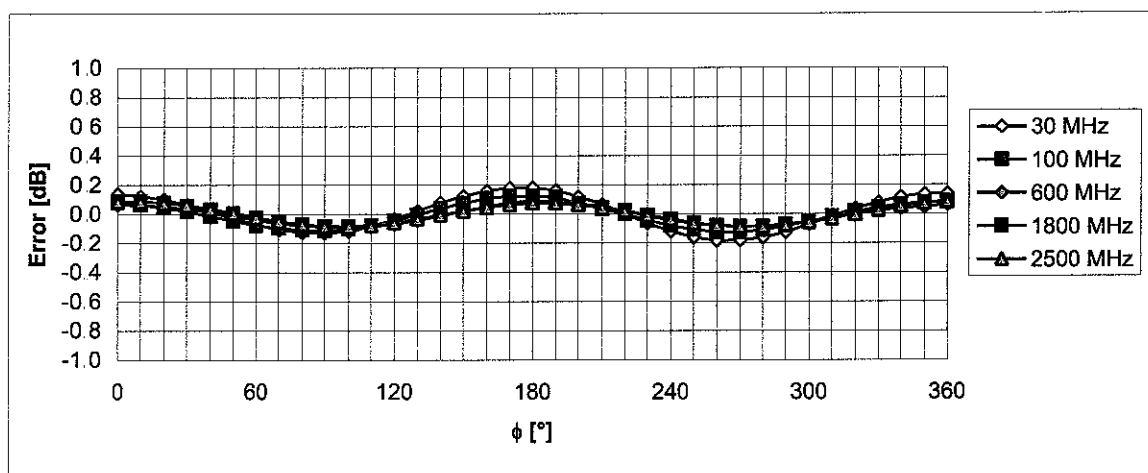
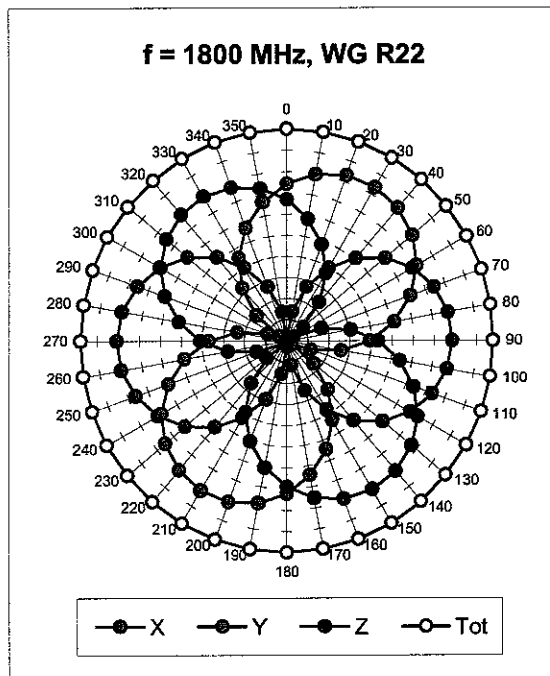
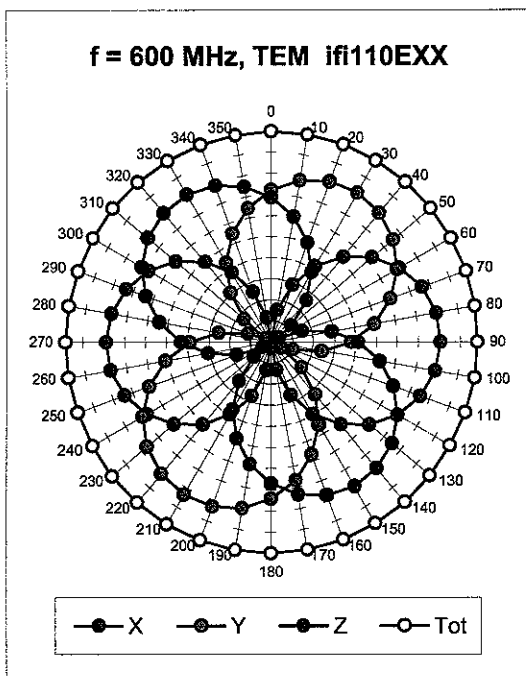
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



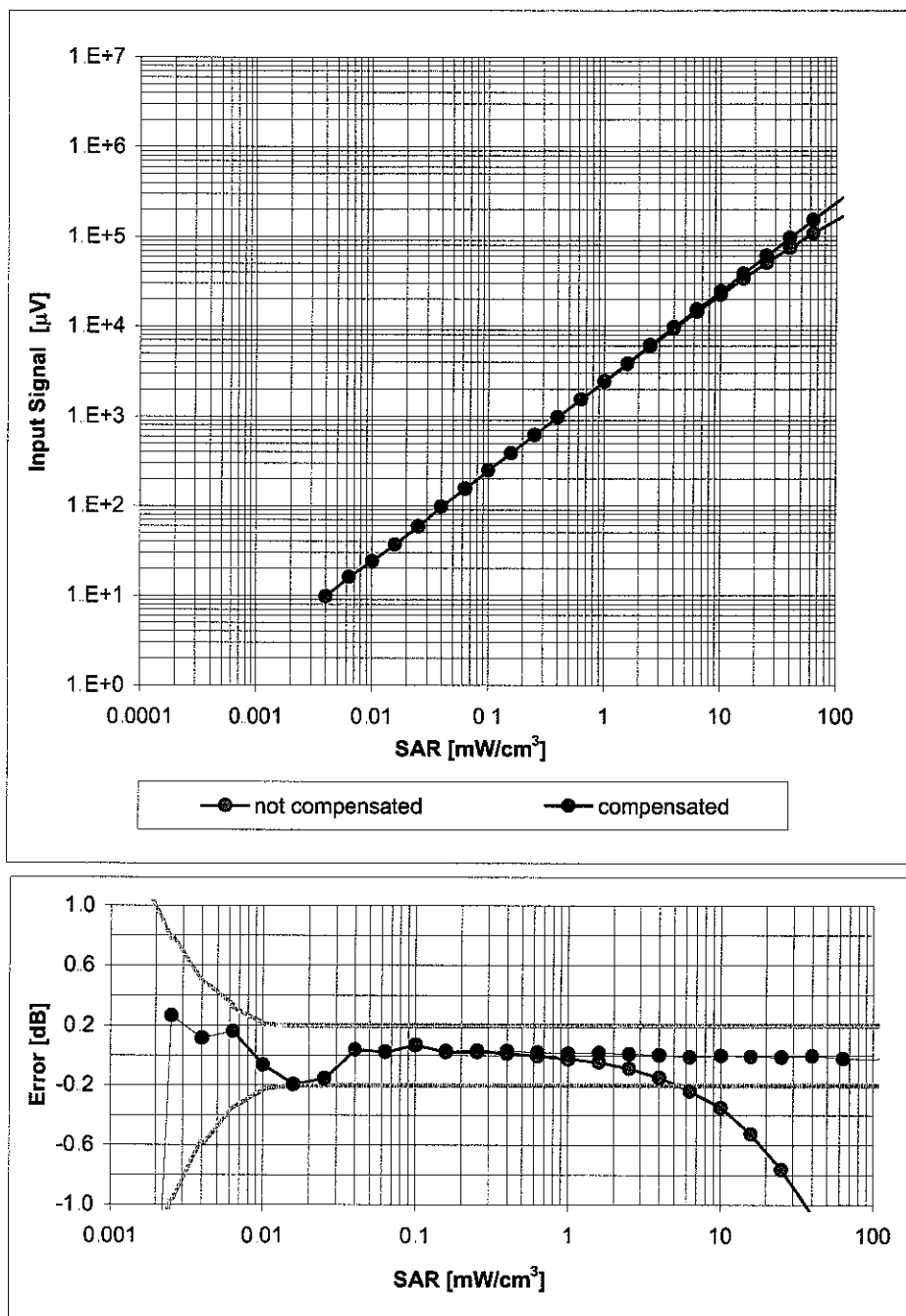
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



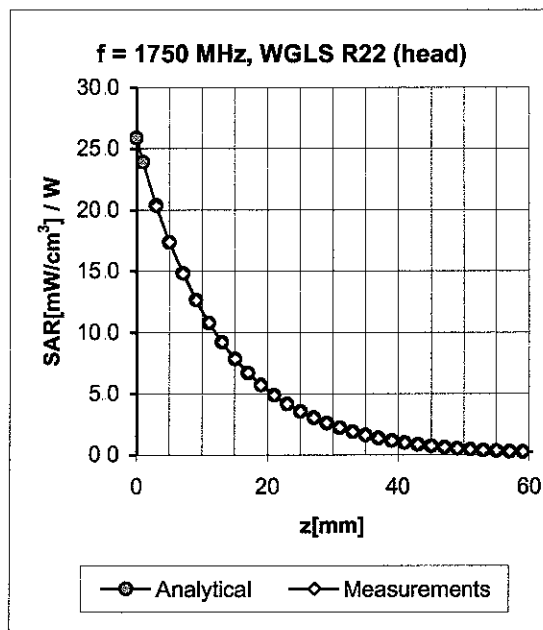
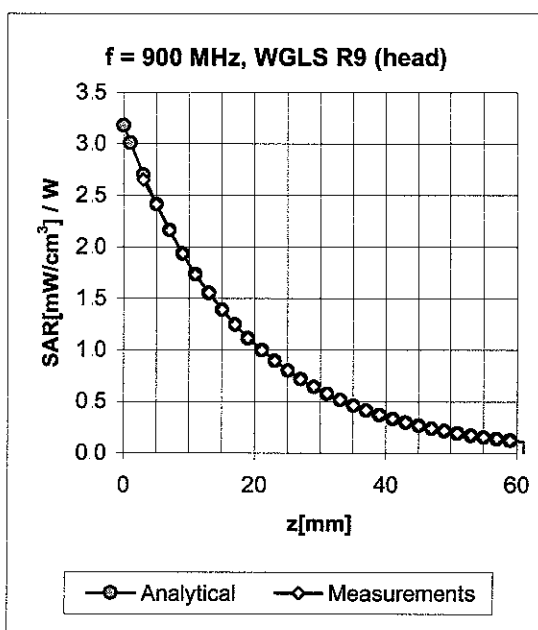
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment

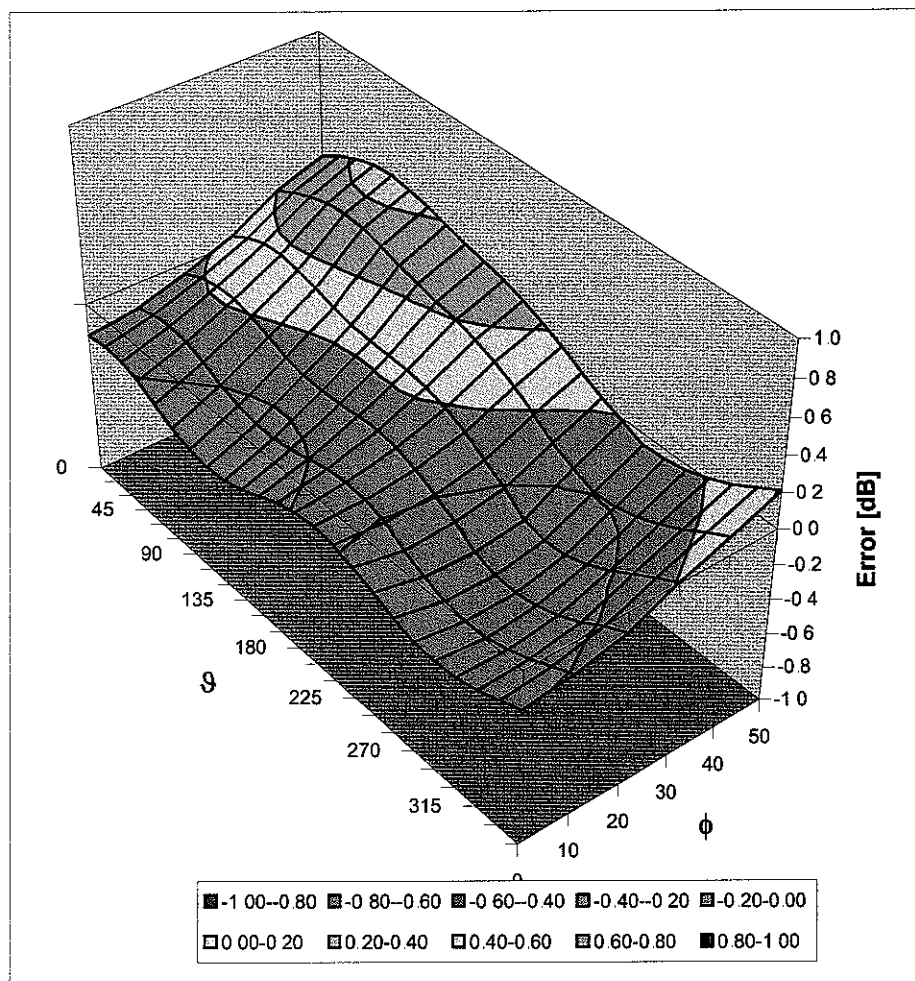


| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.90 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.35 | 10.34 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.28 | 1.40 | 10.23 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 0.19 | 1.00 | 9.48 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.18 | 1.15 | 9.23 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 0.39 | 1.00 | 8.37 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 36.0 ± 5% | 4.66 ± 5% | 0.35 | 1.80 | 5.15 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 35.3 ± 5% | 5.27 ± 5% | 0.33 | 1.80 | 4.66 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.2 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.28 | 1.40 | 10.48 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 0.25 | 1.50 | 10.27 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 0.16 | 1.23 | 8.88 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.14 | 1.56 | 8.56 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.00 | 8.31 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 5200 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 49.0 ± 5% | 5.30 ± 5% | 0.38 | 1.90 | 4.47 ± 13.1% (k=2) |
| 5800 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 48.2 ± 5% | 6.00 ± 5% | 0.31 | 1.85 | 4.26 ± 13.1% (k=2) |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)