

# **FCC SAR Test Report**

**APPLICANT**: HTC Corporation

**EQUIPMENT**: Smartphone

MODEL NAME : PG05100

FCC ID : NM8PG05100

**STANDARD** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE C95.1-1991 IEEE 1528-2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The product was received on Oct. 15, 2010 and completely tested on Jan. 08, 2011. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Roy Wu / Manager





### SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Report Version : Rev. 02

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**Revision History** 

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA0O1550A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Nov. 29, 2010
FA0O1550A	Rev. 02	Update report for retest the volume scan	Jan. 09, 2011

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# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **HTC Corporation Smartphone PG05100** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.4 % for 300 MHz to 3 GHz).

#### <Standalone SAR>

Band		Position	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	CDMA2000 BC0	Head	0.428
Ant-1		Body	0.545
(1xRTT)	CDMA2000 BC1	Head	1.19
		Body	1.46
	CDMA2000 BC0	Head	0.623
		Body	0.395
Ant-2	CDMA2000 BC1	Head	1.20
(EVDO / LTE)		Body	0.989
	LTE Band 13	Head	0.455
		Body	0.449

#### <Volume Scan SAR>

Band	Test Position	Channel	Multi Band SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
CDMA2000 BC1 1xRTT		25	
LTE Band 13	Left Check	23230	1.31
802.11b		11	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

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# 2. Administration Data

# 2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

# 2.2 Applicant

Company Name	HTC Corporation
Address	No. 23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taiwan

# 2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	HTC Corporation
Address	No. 23, Xinghua Rd., Taoyuan City, Taiwan

# 2.4 Application Details

Date of Receipt of Application	Oct. 15, 2010
Date of Start during the Test	Oct. 25, 2010
Date of End during the Test	Jan. 08, 2011

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3. General Information

# 3.1 <u>Description of Device Under Test (DUT)</u>

Product Feature & Specification				
OUT Type Smartphone				
Model Name	PG05100			
FCC ID	NM8PG05100			
Tx Frequency	CDMA2000 BC0 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz CDMA2000 BC1 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 13 : 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz			
Rx Frequency	CDMA2000 BC0 : 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz CDMA2000 BC1 : 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz LTE Band 13 : 746 MHz ~ 756 MHz			
LTE Bandwidth	10MHz			
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	CDMA2000 BC0 : 23.96 dBm CDMA2000 BC1 : 24.00 dBm LTE Band 13 : 23.00 dBm			
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna			
Type of Modulation	CDMA2000 : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM (Uplink)			
DUT Stage Production Unit				

#### Remark:

- **1.** The above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.
- 2. This device supports WiFi hotspot function, so body SAR was tested under 1 cm separation distance for all 6 faces.

### 3.2 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1991
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- FCC KDB 648474 D01 v01r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02

### 3.3 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

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### 3.4 Test Conditions

#### 3.4.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃	
Humidity	< 60 %	

#### 3.4.2 Test Configuration

The EUT is a dual transmitter Simultaneous Voice and Data device that contains two independent WWAN transmitters with the capabilities listed in Table 3.1. The first transmitter supports a CDMA2000 1x call (e.g. voice, SMS) and the second transmitter supports a CDMA2000 EVDO or LTE data call. A simultaneous CDMA 1x voice and CDMA EVDO data connection is referred to as "SVDO" while a simultaneous CDMA 1x voice and LTE data connection is referred to as "SVLTE". The transmitters are independent in respect to the RF chains as each transmitter has dedicated RF circuitry (PA, RF filtering) and a unique transmit antenna. The device also contains an additional antenna associated with receiver diversity or unlicensed transmitters. The LTE UL MIMO configuration is 1x2 (1 UL antenna and 2 DL RX antennas).

Although the RF circuits are independent for both transmitters, the chipset solution incorporated SVDO/SVLTE implementation does include electrical connections between the voice and data transmitters such that the device can coordinate the transmit power of both transmitters. That said, the transmitters operate independently in the sense that they independently support voice or data connection without interaction between the modems or signaling from the WWAN network.

**Table 3.1 EUT Technology Support** 

Table of Localities of Calpbert				
Mode	WWAN Technology	Supported Frequency Band(s) (MHz)	Channel BW (MHz)	
Voice	CDMA2000 1x	Band Class 0: 824-848 Band Class I: 1850-1910	1.23 MHz 1.25 MHz	
Data	CDMA2000 1xEvDO RevA	Band Class 0: 824-848 Band Class I: 1850-1910	1.23 MHz 1.25 MHz	
Data	LTE	Band 13 (Upper 700 MHz): 777-787	Max of 10 MHz	
Data	802.11b/g/n	2.45 GHz	40 MHz max	

**Table 3.2 Definition of Antennas** 

Antenna	Antenna Use	Technologies	TX Bands
1	Voice 1x TX/ RX+ DO/LTE diversity (RX only)	1x TX/RX	850/1900
2	DO/LTE Data TX/RX	DO + LTE	850/1900/700
3	WLAN/BT	802.11 + Bluetooth	2400 MHz

Confirming the LTE transmitter follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, 10MHz, Band 13, and supports QPSK / 16QAM modulations. Tested per 3GPP 36.521 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK / 16QAM.

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Table 3.3 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

Simultaneous TX Combination	Configuration
1	CDMA850 Voice + DO850 Data + WLAN/BT
2	CDMA850 Voice + DO1900 Data + WLAN/BT
3	CDMA850 Voice + LTE700 Data + WLAN/BT
4	CDMA1900 Voice + DO850 Data + WLAN/BT
5	CDMA1900 Voice + DO1900 Data + WLAN/BT
6	CDMA1900 Voice + LTE700 Data + WLAN/BT
7	CDMA850 Voice + DO850 Data
8	CDMA850 Voice + DO1900 Data
9	CDMA850 Voice + LTE700 Data
10	CDMA1900 Voice + DO850 Data
11	CDMA1900 Voice + DO1900 Data
12	CDMA1900 Voice + LTE700 Data
13	CDMA850 Voice + WLAN/BT
14	CDMA1900 Voice + WLAN/BT
15	DO850 Data + WLAN/BT
16	DO1900 Data + WLAN/BT
17	LTE700 Data + WLAN/BT

#### **SVDO/SVLTE Power Reduction**

All standalone SAR was tested at individual mode maximum transmit power level. Simultaneous SAR of CDMA 1x 1900 + EV DO 850, and CDMA 1x 1900 + LTE was also tested at maximum individual mode transmit power level. Simultaneous SAR for CDMA 1x 1900 + EV DO 1900 was tested using SVDO power reduction. Additional simultaneous SAR configuration information is described in Note 2 of Table 11.7

The device also implements maximum power reduction per 3GPP 36.101 requirements where the MPR target is 1 dB for RB allocations > 12. Measured test results demonstrate the expected MPR variation for the product. Additional information is included in the technical description document. LTE MPR cannot be disabled by the end user or LTE network.

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**Table 3.4 Power Reduction Settings** 

Mode	Voice Average Power 1x 850	Maximum DO850 MHz
Wiode	MHz (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
SVDO	P < 15	23
3000	P ≥ 15	18
Mode	Voice Average Power 1x 850	Maximum DO1900 MHz
Wode	MHz (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
SVDO	P < 15	23
SVDO	P ≥ 15	18
Mode	Voice Average Power 1x 1900	Maximum DO850 MHz
Mode	MHz (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
SVDO	P < 15	23
3000	P ≥ 15	18
Mode	Voice Average Power 1x 1900	Maximum DO1900 MHz
Wiode	MHz (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
SVDO	P < 15	23
3000	P ≥ 15	18
Mode	Voice Average Power 1x850	Maximum LTE700 MHz
Mode	MHz (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)
SVLTE	P < 18	23
OVLIE		
	P≥18	19
Mode	P ≥ 18 <b>Voice Average Power 1x 1900</b>	19 <b>Maximum LTE700 MHz</b>
Mode	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Mode SVLTE	Voice Average Power 1x 1900	Maximum LTE700 MHz

Note: Please see the technical description for additional details on the power reduction.

A-MPR was disabled by setting NS=01 on the R&S CMW500.

The WLAN and BT cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for WLAN and BT.

According KDB 648474, the BT standalone SAR was not required, because the output power of Bluetooth (4.97 dBm) is less than P<sub>Ref</sub> (10.8 dBm).

The device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the DUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of DUT. The DUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during all tests.

For WWAN SAR testing, the DUT is in CDMA2000 or LTE link mode, and the crest factor is 1.

This device supports WiFi hotspot function, so body SAR was tested under 1 cm for the surfaces/slide edges where a transmitting antenna is within 2.5 cm from the edge.

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# 4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific head capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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# 5. SAR Measurement System

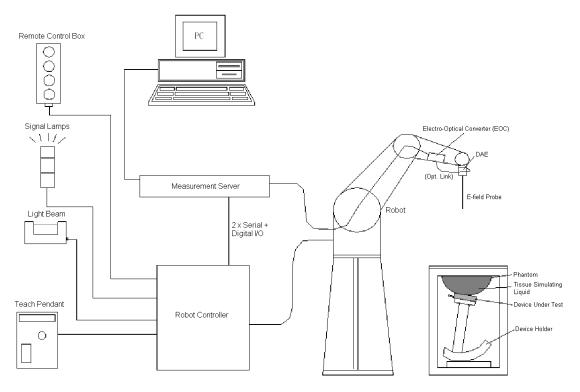


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY4 or DASY5 System Configurations

The DASY4 or DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 or DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- > A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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## 5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### 5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

### <ET3DV6>

<e13dv6></e13dv6>			
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		0
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)		1004
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	Fig 5.2	Photo of ET3DV6

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

	a crant man a		
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core		
	Built-in shielding against static charges		
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to		
	organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB		
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe		
	axis)		
	± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation		3011
	normal to probe axis)		
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm$ 0.2 dB		
	(noise: typically < 1 μW/g)		
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)	]	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)		
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole		
	centers: 1 mm		
			T
			· I -
		Fig 5.3	Photo of EX3DV4

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#### 5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

## 5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.4 Photo of DAE

### 5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- > Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)







Fig 5.6 Photo of DASY5

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# 5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.





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Fig 5.7 Photo of Server for DASY4

Fig 5.8 Photo of Server for DASY5

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5.5 Phantom

#### <SAM Twin Phantom>

SAM IWIII Hallolliz		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm;	4
	Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	THE THE PARTY OF T
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm;	
	Height: adjustable feet	<u> </u>
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	T.
		- Commission
		Fig. 5.0. Photo of CAM Phonton
		Fig 5.9 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

#### <ELI4 Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	Fig 5.10 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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# 5.6 Device Holder

#### <Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon$  = 3 and loss tangent  $\delta$  = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.11 Device Holder

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### <Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

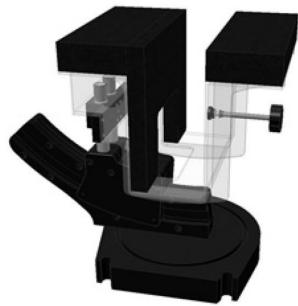


Fig 5.12 Laptop Extension Kit

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### 5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### 5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 5.7.2 Data Evaluation

Device parameters :

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

**Probe parameters**: - Sensitivity Norm<sub>i</sub>,  $a_{i0}$ ,  $a_{i1}$ ,  $a_{i2}$ 

Conversion factor
 Diode compression point
 Frequency
 ConvF<sub>i</sub>
 dcp<sub>i</sub>
 f

- Crest factor cf

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$

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with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes}: E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H-field Probes : 
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)

Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z),  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a<sub>ij</sub> = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H<sub>i</sub> = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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# 5.8 Test Equipment List

				Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1787	May 18, 2010	May 17, 2011
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 21, 2010	Sep. 20, 2011
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3731	Jul. 16, 2010	Jul. 15, 2011
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	Jun. 11, 2010	Jun. 10, 2012
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 22, 2010	Mar. 21, 2012
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	190	Jul. 21, 2009	Jul. 20, 2011
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d076	Jul. 20, 2009	Jul. 19, 2011
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 23, 2010	Mar. 22, 2012
SPEAG	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	1010	Sep. 22, 2010	Sep. 21, 2012
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1006	Sep. 24, 2009	Sep. 23, 2011
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 20, 2009	Jul. 19, 2011
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Sep. 24, 2009	Sep. 23, 2011
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1014	Sep. 17, 2009	Sep. 16, 2011
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Jan. 21, 2010	Jan. 20, 2012
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Aug. 18, 2010	Aug. 17, 2011
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Oct. 22, 2010	Oct. 21, 2011
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	905	Jun. 22, 2010	Jun. 21, 2011
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	913	Nov. 18, 2010	Nov. 17, 2011
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1478	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR
Agilent	PNA Series Network Analyzer	E8358A	US40260131	May 06, 2010	May 05, 2011
R&S	Wideb. Radio Comm. Tester	CMW500	102159	Sep. 09, 2010	Sep. 08, 2011
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Jan. 12, 2010	Jan. 11, 2012
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	GB46311322	Feb. 16, 2009	Feb. 15, 2011
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	117995	Mar. 19, 2009	Mar. 18, 2011
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101131	Mar. 05, 2010	Mar. 04, 2011

**Table 5.1 Test Equipment List** 

Note: The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.

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# 6. <u>Tissue Simulating Liquids</u>

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.





Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε <sub>r</sub> )
				For Head				
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Body				
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

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The following table gives the targets for tissue simulating liquid.

the following table gives the targets for tissue simulating liquid.						
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	±5% Range	
750	Head	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	
900	Head	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	
2450	Head	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	
750	Body	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	
900	Body	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	
2450	Body	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	

**Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency	Liquid	Temperature	Conductivity	Deviation	Permittivity	Deviation	Measurement
(MHz)	Туре	(℃)	(σ)	(%)	(ε <sub>r</sub> )	(%)	Date
750	Head		0.855	-3.9	40.8	-2.6	
777	Head	24.5	0.855	-3.9	40.5	-3.3	Oct 27 2010
782	Head	21.5	0.855	-3.9	40.5	-3.3	Oct. 27, 2010
787	Head		0.851	-4.4	40.4	-3.6	
750	Head		0.85	-4.5	41.0	-2.1	
777	Head	24.2	0.855	-3.9	40.7	-2.9	Nov. 22, 2040
782	Head	21.2	0.855	-3.9	40.7	-2.9	Nov. 23, 2010
787	Head		0.856	-3.8	40.6	-3.1	
750	Head		0.852	-4.3	41.1	-1.9	
777	Head	04.4	0.855	-3.9	40.8	-2.6	I 00 0044
782	Head	21.4	0.855	-3.9	40.7	-2.9	Jan. 08, 2011
787	Head		0.860	-3.4	40.7	-2.9	
750	Body		0.911	-5.0	54.1	-2.5	
777	Body		0.915	-4.7	53.8	-3.1	N 00 0040
782	Body	21.4	0.92	-4.2	53.8	-3.1	Nov. 09, 2010
787	Body		0.924	-3.7	53.7	-3.2	
750	Body		0.91	-5.0	56.5	1.8	
777	Body	24.4	0.932	-2.9	56.3	1.4	Nov. 22, 2040
782	Body	21.4	0.937	-2.4	56.3	1.4	Nov. 23, 2010
787	Body		0.942	-1.9	56.2	1.3	
835	Head	21.5	0.918	2.0	41.1	-1.0	Oct. 26, 2010
835	Head	21.3	0.899	-0.1	41.2	-0.7	Nov. 02, 2010
835	Head	21.5	0.895	-0.5	41.1	-1.0	Jan. 08, 2011
835	Body	21.4	0.962	-0.8	54.6	-1.1	Nov. 10, 2010
1900	Head	21.4	1.47	5.0	38.3	-4.3	Oct. 25, 2010
1900	Head	21.3	1.46	4.3	38.1	-4.8	Oct. 26, 2010
1900	Head	21.5	1.40	0.0	41.8	4.5	Oct. 29, 2010
1900	Head	21.4	1.43	2.1	38.8	-3.0	Jan. 04, 2011
1900	Body	21.6	1.50	-1.3	53.0	-0.6	Nov. 07, 2010
1900	Body	21.6	1.53	0.7	52.5	-1.5	Nov. 10, 2010

Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

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# 7. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

<b>Uncertainty Distributions</b>	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

<sup>(</sup>a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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<sup>(</sup>b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)				
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	5.5	Normal	1	1	± 5.5 %				
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 1.9 %				
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	± 3.9 %				
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %				
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %				
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %				
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %				
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %				
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %				
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %				
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %				
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2 %				
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %				
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6 %				
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	± 2.9 %				
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	± 3.6 %				
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %				
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %				
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 1.8 %				
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	± 1.6 %				
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7 %				
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	± 1.5 %				
Combined Standard Uncerta	inty				± 10.7 %				
Coverage Factor for 95 %									
Expanded Uncertainty					± 21.4 %				

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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# 8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

# 8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

## 8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

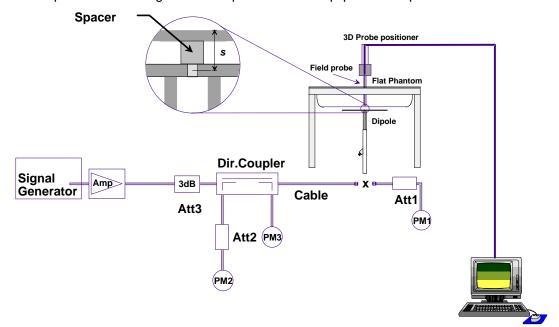


Fig 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. Calibrated Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100 mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

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# 8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Measurement Date	Frequency (MHz)	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Oct. 27, 2010	750	8.28	8.32	0.48
Nov. 23, 2010	750	8.28	8.57	3.50
Jan. 08, 2011	750	8.28	8.41	1.57
Nov. 09, 2010	750	8.86	8.51	-3.95
Nov. 23, 2010	750	8.86	8.66	-2.26
Oct. 26, 2010	835	9.71	10.20	5.05
Nov. 02, 2010	835	9.71	9.60	-1.13
Jan. 08, 2011	835	9.71	9.59	-1.24
Nov. 10, 2010	835	9.82	9.85	0.31
Oct. 25, 2010	1900	39.80	38.40	-3.52
Oct. 26, 2010	1900	39.80	38.30	-3.77
Oct. 29, 2010	1900	39.80	37.60	-5.53
Nov. 07, 2010	1900	40.00	41.60	4.00
Nov. 10, 2010	1900	40.00	41.40	3.50
Jan. 04, 2011	1900	39.80	39.50	-0.75

**Table 8.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized** 

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# 9. **DUT Testing Position**

This DUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek, right tilted, left cheek, left tilted, front face of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, rear face of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, bottom side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, left side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, and right side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap, and right side of the DUT with phantom 1 cm gap as illustrated below:

#### 1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w<sub>t</sub> of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

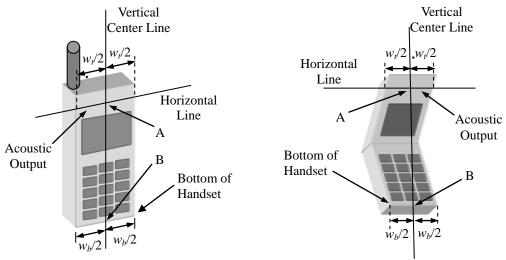


Fig 9.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

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#### 2. Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.2).



Fig 9.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

#### 3. Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.3).



Fig 9.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

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# 4. Body Worn Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with DUT each edges.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

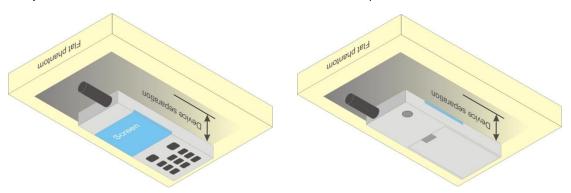


Fig 9.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

### 5. DUT Setup Photos

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

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# 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) For WWAN function, link DUT with base station emulator in the highest power channel
- (b) Set base station emulator to allow DUT to radiate maximum output power
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter
- (d) Place the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software
- (f) Taking data for the middle channel on each testing position
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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# 10.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

## 10.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

# 10.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

### 10.5 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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# 11. SAR Test Results

# 11.1 Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)

Band	С	DMA2000 BC	0	С	CDMA2000 BC1							
Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175						
Frequency (MHz)	824.70	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880.00	1908.75						
Ant-1 RC1+SO55	23.79	23.96	23.90	23.85	23.93	23.91						
Ant-1 RC3+SO55	23.81	23.93	23.92	24.00	23.97	23.86						
Ant-1 RC3+SO32 (FCH)	23.83	23.92	23.90	23.98	23.90	23.92						
Ant-1 RC3+SO32 (SCH)	23.83	23.93	23.89	24.00	23.93	23.90						
Ant-2 RTAP 153.6	23.65	23.78	23.76	23.95	23.91	23.93						
Ant-2 RETAP 4096	23.71	23.80	23.81	23.82	23.81	23.82						
Band			LTE B	and 13								
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power (dBm)	MPR Target	Measured Reduction for 23 dBm Target (dB)	Note						
Ant-2 QPSK	1	0	22.51	0	0.49	-						
Ant-2 QPSK	1	49	22.92	0	0.08	-						
Ant-2 QPSK	25	13	21.47	1	1.53	MPR Enabled						
Ant-2 QPSK	50	0	21.42	1	1.58	MPR Enabled						
Ant-2 16QAM	1	0	22.49	0	0.51	-						
Ant-2 16QAM	1	49	23.00	0	0.00	-						
Ant-2 16QAM	25	13	21.46	1	1.54	MPR Enabled						
Ant-2 16QAM	50	0	21.39	1	1.61	MPR Enabled						

**Note:** Above EVDO power is measured on standalone mode which does not include 1 dB power reduction for SVDO operation.

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11.1.1 Maximum Transmit Power Results with Power Reduction Enabled

The following tables show the maximum transmit power results at different voice transmit power levels.

	Voice	Voice Power (dBm)						Expe	cted Measu	red Data T	ransmit P	ower				
Voice Band			D	DO 850 MHz			O1900 M	Hz	LTE 700 MHz (RB allocation / RB#)							
	Channel		Low	Mid	High	Low	Mid	High	RB=25, RB#13 QPSK	RB=1, RB#49 QPSK	RB=1, RB#0 QPSK	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	RB=25, RB#13 16QAM	RB=1, RB#49 16QAM	RB=1, RB#0 16QAM	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ
850 MHz	Low	24	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
850 MHz	Low	23	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
850 MHz	Low	22	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
850 MHz	Low	21	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
850 MHz	Low	20	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
850 MHz	Low	19	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
850 MHz	Low	18	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
850 MHz	Low	17	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
850 MHz	Low	16	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
850 MHz	Low	15	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
850 MHz	Low	14	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
850 MHz	Low	13	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
850 MHz	Low	12	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
850 MHz	Low	11	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5

		Voice Power		Expected Measured Data Transmit Power													
Voice Band	Voice		D	O 850 MI	Hz	D	O1900 M	Hz	LTE 700 MHz (RB allocation / RB#)								
Channel	Channel	(dBm)	Low	Mid	High	Low	Mid	High	RB=25, RB#13 QPSK	RB=1, RB#49 QPSK	RB=1, RB#0 QPSK	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	RB=25, RB#13 16QAM	RB=1, RB#49 16QAM	RB=1, RB#0 16QAM	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	
850 MHz	Mid	24	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	Mid	23	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	Mid	22	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	Mid	21	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	Mid	20	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	Mid	19	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	Mid	18	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	Mid	17	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	Mid	16	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	Mid	15	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	Mid	14	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	Mid	13	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	Mid	12	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	Mid	11	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	

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		Voice Power (dBm)						Meas	ured Data	Transmit P	ower (call	box)					
Voice Band	Voice Channel		D	O 850 MI	Hz	D	O1900 M	Hz	LTE 700 MHz (RB allocation / RB#)								
			Low	Mid	High	Low	Mid	High	RB=25, RB#13 QPSK	RB=1, RB#49 QPSK	RB=1, RB#0 QPSK	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	RB=25, RB#13 16QAM	RB=1, RB#49 16QAM	RB=1, RB#0 16QAM	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	
850 MHz	High	24	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	High	23	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	High	22	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	High	21	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	High	20	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	High	19	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	High	18	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
850 MHz	High	17	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	High	16	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	High	15	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	17.8	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	High	14	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	High	13	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	High	12	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
850 MHz	High	11	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	

		Voice Power (dBm)						Meas	ured Data	Transmit P	ower (call	box)					
Voice Band	Voice		D	O 850 MI	Hz	D	O1900 M	Hz	LTE 700 MHz (RB allocation / RB#)								
Channel	Channel		Low	Mid	High	Low	Mid	High	RB=25, RB#13 QPSK	RB=1, RB#49 QPSK	RB=1, RB#0 QPSK	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	RB=25, RB#13 16QAM	RB=1, RB#49 16QAM	RB=1, RB#0 16QAM	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	
1900 MHz	Low	24	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
1900 MHz	Low	23	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
1900 MHz	Low	22	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
1900 MHz	Low	21	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
1900 MHz	Low	20	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
1900 MHz	Low	19	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
1900 MHz	Low	18	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1	
1900 MHz	Low	17	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
1900 MHz	Low	16	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
1900 MHz	Low	15	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
1900 MHz	Low	14	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
1900 MHz	Low	13	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
1900 MHz	Low	12	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	
1900 MHz	Low	11	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5	

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								Meas	ured Data	Transmit P	ower (call	box)				
Voice Band	Voice	Voice Power	D	O 850 MI	Hz	D	O1900 M	Hz			LTE 7	700 MHz (R	B allocation	n / RB#)		
	Channel	(dBm)	Low	Mid	High	Low	Mid	High	RB=25, RB#13 QPSK	RB=1, RB#49 QPSK	RB=1, RB#0 QPSK	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	RB=25, RB#13 16QAM	RB=1, RB#49 16QAM	RB=1, RB#0 16QAM	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ
1900 MHz	Mid	24	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	Mid	23	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	Mid	22	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	Mid	21	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	Mid	20	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	Mid	19	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	Mid	18	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	Mid	17	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	Mid	16	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	Mid	15	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	Mid	14	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	Mid	13	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	Mid	12	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	Mid	11	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5

								Meas	ured Data	Transmit P	ower (call	box)				
Voice Band	Voice	Voice Power	D	O 850 MI	Нz	D	O1900 M	Hz			LTE 7	700 MHz (R	B allocation	n / RB#)		
	Channel	(dBm)	Low	Mid	High	Low	Mid	High	RB=25, RB#13 QPSK	RB=1, RB#49 QPSK	RB=1, RB#0 QPSK	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ	RB=25, RB#13 16QAM	RB=1, RB#49 16QAM	RB=1, RB#0 16QAM	RB=50, RB#0, QPSQ
1900 MHz	High	24	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	High	23	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	High	22	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	High	21	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	High	20	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	High	19	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	High	18	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	19.1	19.2	19.1	19.1	19.1	19.0	19.1	19.1
1900 MHz	High	17	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	High	16	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	High	15	18.1	18.2	18.1	18.0	17.9	18.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	High	14	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	High	13	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	High	12	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5
1900 MHz	High	11	23.1	23.2	23.2	22.9	23.0	23.0	21.5	22.8	22.5	21.6	21.5	23.1	22.6	21.5

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## 11.2 Test Records for Head SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Channel	Ant Status	Battery	RB	Offset	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#01	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	<mark>0.428</mark>
#02	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	384	1(Voice)	2(07M)	-	-	0.418
#05	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Tilted	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	0.256
#06	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	0.353
#07	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO55	Left Tilted	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	0.216
#08	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Right Cheek	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.490
#09	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Right Tilted	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.368
#10	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Left Cheek	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	<mark>0.623</mark>
#11	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Left Tilted	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.475
#12	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	0.595
#13	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Right Tilted	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	0.379
#14	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	<mark>1.19</mark>
#15	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Tilted	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	0.380
#25	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	600	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	1.08
#26	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	1175	1(Voice)	1(06M)	-	-	1.10
#16	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Right Cheek	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.687
#17	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Right Tilted	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.859
#18	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Cheek	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	<mark>1.20</mark>
#19	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Tilted	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.998
#20	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Cheek	600	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.770
#21	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Cheek	1175	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.619
#22	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Tilted	600	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.578
#23	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Tilted	1175	2(Data)	1(06M)	ı	-	0.394
#24	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Right Tilted	600	2(Data)	1(06M)	ı	-	0.508
#33	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Right Tilted	1175	2(Data)	1(06M)	-	-	0.354
#43	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Right Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.183
#44	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Right Tilted	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.143
#45	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Left Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.348
#46	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Left Tilted	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.335
#48	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Left Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	1	0	0.432
#50	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Left Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	1	49	<mark>0.455</mark>
#155	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Right Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.25
#156	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Right Tilted	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.192
#51	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Left Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.348
#157	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Left Tilted	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	25	13	0.293
#47	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Left Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	1	0	0.45
#49	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Left Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	1	49	0.453

#### Notes:

- 1. According to April 2010 TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures, the SAR testing is use the maximum power channel to determine test reduction.
- 2. LTE 100% BW was not tested since the SAR is < 1.45 W/kg.
- 3. The DASY4 system was used for CDMA2000 head SAR testing, and the DASY5 system was used for LTE.

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Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Channel	Battery	SAR₁g (W/kg)
#29	802.11b	Right Cheek	11	1	<mark>0.114</mark>
#30	802.11b	Right Tilted	11	1	0.057
#27	802.11b	Left Cheek	11	1	0.079
#28	802.11b	Left Tilted	11	1	0.046

#### Notes:

- 1. According to KDB 248227, when the SAR of maximum power channel is less 0.8 W/kg the SAR for other channels is optional.
- The battery 1 was used for WLAN SAR testing due to it is worse battery of WWAN SAR.
   The DASY4 system was used for WLAN head SAR testing.

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### 11.3 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Ant Status	Battery	Ear- phone	RB	Offset	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#106	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Front Face	1.0	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	ı	-	0.526
#107	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	·	-	<mark>0.545</mark>
#134	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	384	1(Voice)	2(07M)	w/o	-	-	0.516
#108	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Bottom Side	1.0	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	ı	-	0.229
#110	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Left Side	1.0	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	ı	-	0.463
#111	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Right Side	1.0	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	0.381
#135	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	384	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/	ı	-	0.490
#59	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	1.0	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	0.232
#60	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o		-	<mark>0.395</mark>
#62	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Top Side	1.0	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	-	0.157
#63	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Left Side	1.0	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o		-	0.392
#65	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/	-	-	0.270
#136	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Front Face	1.0	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	0.810
#137	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	1.28
#138	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom Side	1.0	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o		-	<mark>1.46</mark>
#140	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Left Side	1.0	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o		-	0.115
#141	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Right Side	1.0	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	1	-	0.893
#144	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	600	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	0.969
#145	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	1175	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	0.900
#146	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom Side	1.0	600	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	1.23
#147	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Bottom Side	1.0	1175	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	1.22
#150	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/	-	-	1.27
#155	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	600	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/	-	-	0.763
#156	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1.0	1175	1(Voice)	1(06M)	w/	-	-	0.761
#94	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	1.0	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	0.344
#95	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o		-	<mark>0.989</mark>
#97	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Top Side	1.0	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	-	0.324
#98	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Side	1.0	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	-	0.290
#100	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	600	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	-	0.868
#101	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	1175	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	-	-	0.949
#102	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/	-	-	0.933
#153	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	600	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/	-	-	0.789
#154	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1.0	1175	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/	-	-	0.860
Notes		•									

#### Notes

- 1. For EVDO body SAR testing, the device was set on standalone mode which does not include 1 dB power reduction for SVDO operation.
- 2. According to April 2010 TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures, the SAR testing is use the maximum power channel to determine test reduction.
- 3. According to October 2010 TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures Update, the Ant-1 (1xRTT) SAR for hotspot mode only Front Face, Rear Face, Bottom Side, Left Side, and Right Side are needed due to the antenna location is within 2.5 cm from the edge.
- 4. The Ant-2 (EVDO) SAR for hotspot mode only Front Face, Rear Face, Top Side, and Left Side are needed due to the antenna location is within 2.5 cm from the edge.
- 5. The DASY5 system was used for CDMA2000 body SAR testing.

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Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Ant Status	Battery	Ear- phone	RB	Offset	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#120	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Front Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.170
#121	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Rear Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.304
#123	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Top Side	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.138
#124	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Left Side	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.301
#127	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Rear Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	0	0.443
#129	LTE Band 13	QPSK	Rear Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	49	0.396
#158	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Front Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.171
#126	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Rear Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.331
#160	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Top Side	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.127
#161	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Left Side	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	25	13	0.317
#128	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Rear Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	0	0.449
#130	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Rear Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/o	1	49	0.396
#132	LTE Band 13	16QAM	Rear Face	1.0	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	w/	1	0	0.329

#### Notes:

- 1. LTE 100% BW was not tested since the SAR is < 1.45 W/kg.
- 2. According to October 2010 TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures Update, the Ant-2 (LTE) SAR for hotspot mode only Front Face, Rear Face, Top Side, and Left Side are needed due to the antenna location is within 2.5 cm from the edge.
- 3. The DASY5 system was used for LTE body SAR testing.

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Channel	Battery	Earphone	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#113	802.11b	Front Face	1.0	11	1	w/o	0.046
#114	802.11b	Rear Face	1.0	11	1	w/o	<mark>0.154</mark>
#118	802.11b	Right Side	1.0	11	1	w/o	0.127
#133	802.11b	Rear Face	1.0	11	1	w/	0.148

#### Notes:

- 1. According to KDB 248227, when the SAR of maximum power channel is less 0.8 W/kg the SAR for other channels is optional.
- 2. The battery 1 was used for WLAN SAR testing due to it is worse battery of WWAN SAR.
- 3. According to October 2010 TCB Workshop RF Exposure Procedures Update, the WLAN SAR for hotspot mode only Front Face, Rear Face, and Right Side are needed due to the antenna location is within 2.5 cm from the edge.
- 4. The DASY5 system was used for WLAN body SAR testing.

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# 11.4 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis and Measurements

Table 11.1 Co-located Simultaneous Transmission Analysis for CDMA850 Voice + DO850 Data + WLAN

Position	Transmitter 1 CDMA 850 Voice	Transmitter 2 DO 850 Data	Transmitter 3 WLAN	All 3 SAR Summation	SPLSR T1&T2	SPLSR T1&T3	SPLSR T2&T3	Note
Head-Right Cheek	0.428	0.49	0.114	1.032	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Right Tilted	0.256	0.368	0.057	0.681	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Cheek	0.353	0.623	0.079	1.055	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Tilted	0.216	0.475	0.046	0.737	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Front Face	0.526	0.232	0.046	0.804	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Rear Face	0.545	0.395	0.154	1.094	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Bottom Side	0.229	0	0	0.229	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Top Side	0	0.157	0	0.157	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Left Side	0.463	0.392	0	0.855	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Right Side	0.381	0	0.127	0.508	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required

Table 11.2 Co-located Simultaneous Transmission Analysis for CDMA850 Voice + DO1900 Data + WLAN

Position	Transmitter 1 CDMA 850 Voice	Transmitter 2 DO 1900 Data	Transmitter 3 WLAN	All 3 SAR Summation	SPLSR T1&T2	SPLSR T1&T3	SPLSR T2&T3	Note
Head-Right Cheek	0.428	0.687	0.114	1.229	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Right Tilted	0.256	0.859	0.057	1.172	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Cheek	0.353	1.2	0.079	1.632	0.23	0.24	0.18	All SPLSR<0.3, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Tilted	0.216	0.998	0.046	1.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Front Face	0.526	0.344	0.046	0.916	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Rear Face	0.545	0.989	0.154	1.688	0.21	0.16	0.20	All SPLSR<0.3, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Bottom Side	0.229	0	0	0.229	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Top Side	0	0.324	0	0.324	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Left Side	0.463	0.29	0	0.753	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Right Side	0.381	0	0.127	0.508	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required

Note: The calculation of SPLSR is as follows.

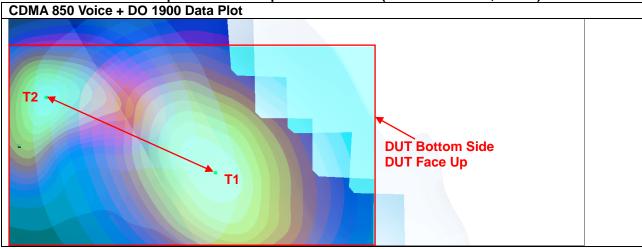
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#### <SPLSR calculation procedure>

- 1) Use DASY software to open SAR data file with zoom scan results.
- 2) Export data file to SEMCAD using 'Field Data Export' function.
- 3) Search for highest SAR based on the imported measured/interpolated data and identify the X, Y, and Z coordinates. Per the SAR system manufacture, DASY stores the individual coordinates of each measurement point in the measurement file where the, center coordinate (x=0, y=0) is always the Grid Reference Point as set in DASY for a phantom section.
- 4) Calculate the peak SAR separation distances using the Pythagoras' theorem where Peak SAR separation distance =  $\sqrt{(X_1 X_2)^2 + (Y_1 Y_2)^2 + (Z_1 Z_2)^2}$
- 5) Calculate SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2) / Peak SAR separation distance.
- 6) The SPLSR calculation plots shown in test report are for reference only as the images were generated in a separate software program to add the antenna and arrow references. The distance information in the calculations below each plot is derived from the DASY SAR zoom scan data as specified in this procedure.

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T1+T2) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.67, 26.1, -17.4), T2(3.53, 32.1, -17.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 6.8 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.353 + 1.2) / 6.8 = 0.23

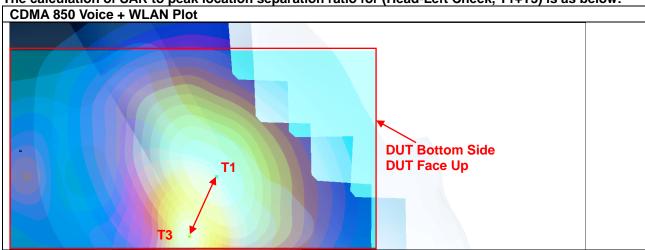
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#### The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T1+T3) is as below:

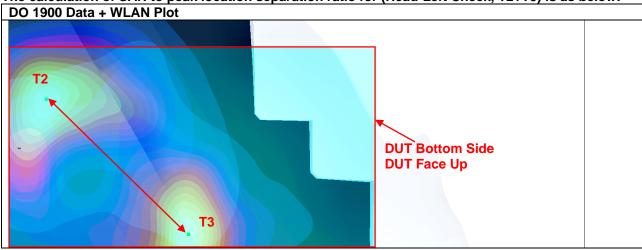


Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.67, 26.1, -17.4), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 1.8 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.353 + 0.079) / 1.8 = 0.24

### The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T2+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(3.53, 32.1, -17.5), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.0 cm

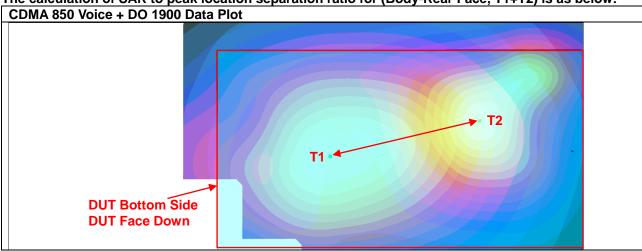
SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.2 + 0.079) / 7.0 = 0.18

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The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T1+T2) is as below:

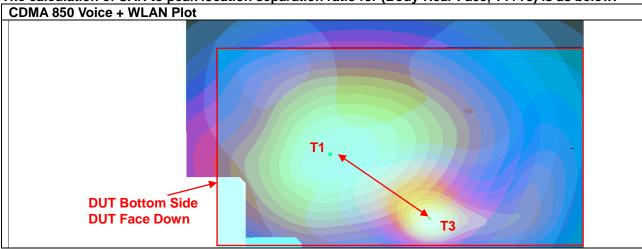


Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-1.28, -8.44, -20.5), T2(-3.76, -1.4, -20.6)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.5 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.545 + 0.989) / 7.5 = 0.21

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T1+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-1.28, -8.44, -20.5), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 4.3 cm

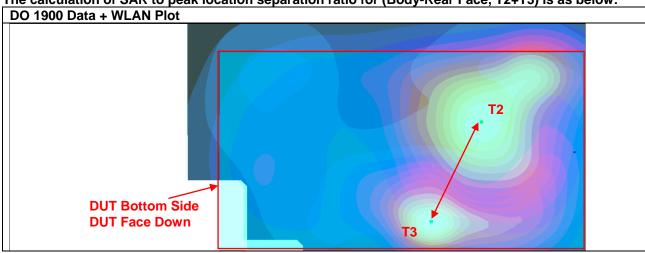
SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.545 + 0.154) / 4.3 = 0.16

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The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T2+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(-3.76, -1.4, -20.6), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 5.6 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.989 + 0.154) / 5.6 = 0.20

Table 11.3 Co-located Simultaneous Transmission Analysis for CDMA850 Voice + LTE700 Data + WLAN

Position	Transmitter 1 CDMA 850 Voice	Transmitter 2 LTE 700 Data	Transmitter 3 WLAN	All 3 SAR Summation	SPLSR T1&T2	SPLSR T1&T3	SPLSR T2&T3	Note
Head-Right Cheek	0.428	0.25	0.114	0.792	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Right Tilted	0.256	0.192	0.057	0.505	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Cheek	0.353	0.455	0.079	0.887	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Tilted	0.216	0.335	0.046	0.597	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Front Face	0.526	0.171	0.046	0.743	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Rear Face	0.545	0.449	0.154	1.148	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Bottom Side	0.229	0	0	0.229	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Top Side	0	0.138	0	0.138	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Left Side	0.463	0.317	0	0.78	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Right Side	0.381	0	0.127	0.508	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required

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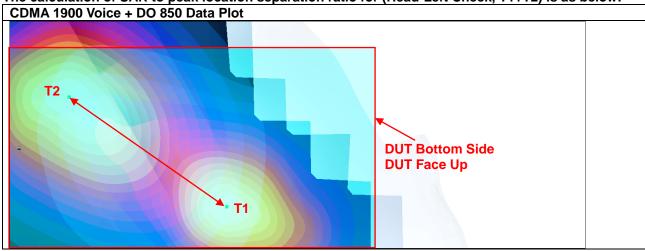


Table 11.4 Co-located Simultaneous Transmission Analysis for CDMA1900 Voice + DO850 Data + WLAN

Position	Transmitter 1 CDMA 1900 Voice	Transmitter 2 DO 850 Data	Transmitter 3 WLAN	All 3 SAR Summation	SPLSR T1&T2	SPLSR T1&T3	SPLSR T2&T3	Note
Head-Right Cheek	0.595	0.49	0.114	1.199	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Right Tilted	0.379	0.368	0.057	0.804	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Cheek	1.19	0.623	0.079	1.892	0.21	0.67	0.09	T1+T3 SPLSR>0.3, Simul-TX SAR required
Head-Left Tilted	0.38	0.475	0.046	0.901	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Front Face	0.81	0.232	0.046	1.088	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Rear Face	1.28	0.395	0.154	1.829	0.12	0.19	0.07	All SPLSR<0.3, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Bottom Side	1.46	0	0	1.46	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Top Side	0	0.157	0	0.157	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Left Side	0.115	0.392	0	0.507	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Right Side	0.893	0	0.127	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required

Note: The calculation of SPLSR is as follows.

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T1+T2) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.93, 25.1, -17.3), T2(2.83, 32.5, -17.5) Peak Location Spacing = 8.5 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.19 + 0.623) / 8.5 = 0.21

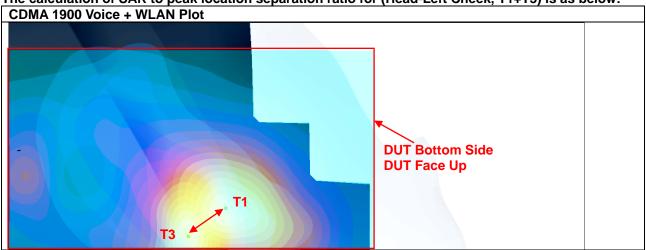
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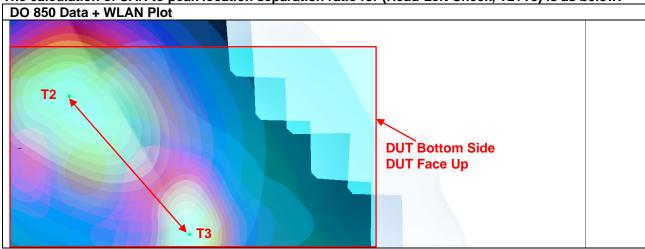
#### The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T1+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.93, 25.1, -17.3), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)
Peak Location Spacing = 1.9 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.19 + 0.079) / 1.9 = 0.67

## The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T2+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(2.83, 32.5, -17.5), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)

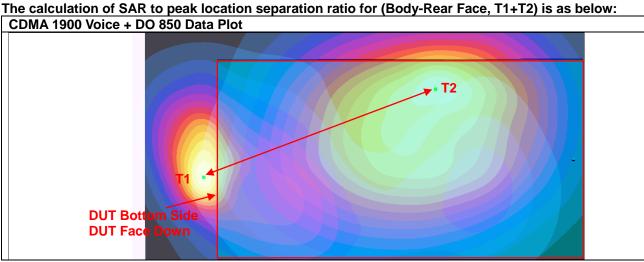
Peak Location Spacing = 7.5 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.623 + 0.079) / 7.5 = 0.09

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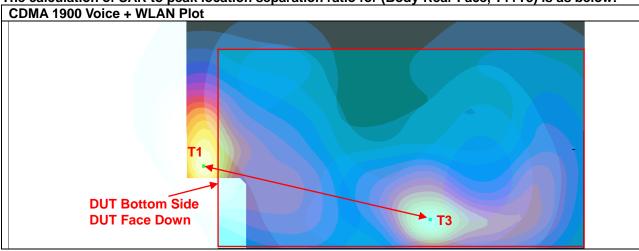


Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-0.72, -12.3, -20.5), T2(-2.98, 1.4, -18)

Peak Location Spacing = 14.1 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.28 + 0.395) / 14.1 = 0.12

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T1+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-0.72, -12.3, -20.5), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.7 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.28 + 0.154) / 7.7 = 0.19

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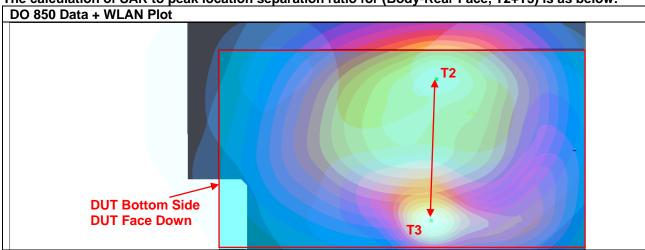
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The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T2+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(-2.98, 1.4, -18), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.6 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.395 + 0.154) / 7.6 = 0.07

Table 11.5 Co-located Simultaneous Transmission Analysis for CDMA1900 Voice + DO1900 Data + WLAN

Position	Transmitter 1 CDMA 1900 Voice	Transmitter 2 DO 1900 Data	Transmitter 3 WLAN	All 3 SAR Summation	SPLSR T1&T2	SPLSR T1&T3	SPLSR T2&T3	Note
Head-Right Cheek	0.595	0.687	0.114	1.396	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Right Tilted	0.379	0.859	0.057	1.295	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Head-Left Cheek	1.19	1.2	0.079	2.469	0.31	0.67	0.18	T1+T2 & T1+T3 SPLSR>0.3, Simul-TX SAR required
Head-Left Tilted	0.38	0.998	0.046	1.424	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Front Face	0.81	0.344	0.046	1.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Rear Face	1.28	0.989	0.154	2.423	0.20	0.19	0.20	All SPLSR<0.3, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Bottom Side	1.46	0	0	1.46	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Top Side	0	0.324	0	0.324	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Left Side	0.115	0.29	0	0.405	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required
Body-Right Side	0.893	0	0.127	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required

Note: The calculation of SPLSR is as follows.

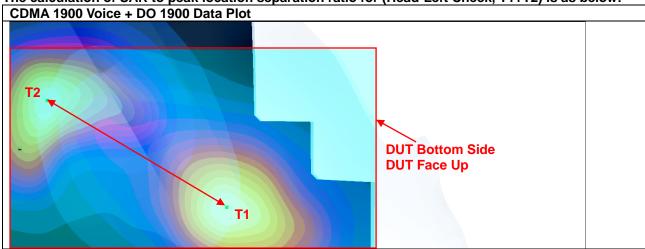
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#### The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T1+T2) is as below:

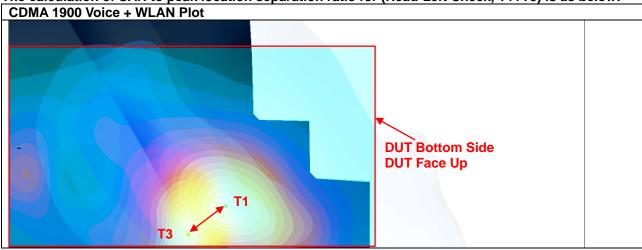


Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.93, 25.1, -17.3), T2(3.53, 32.1, -17.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.8 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.19 + 1.2) / 7.8 = 0.31

### The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T1+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.93, 25.1, -17.3), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 1.9 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.19 + 0.079) / 1.9 = 0.67

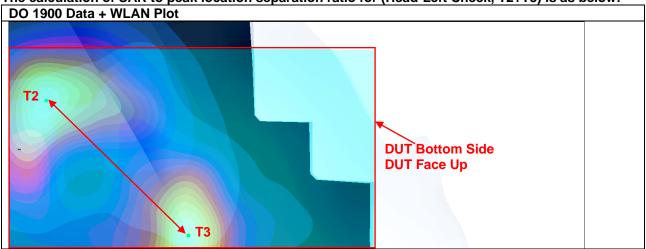
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The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T2+T3) is as below:

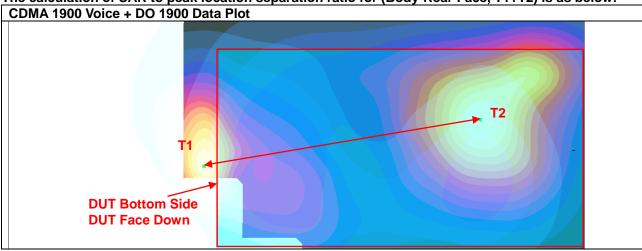


Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(3.53, 32.1, -17.5), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.0 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.2 + 0.079) / 7.0 = 0.18

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T1+T2) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-0.72, -12.3, -20.5), T2(-3.76, -1.4, -20.6)

Peak Location Spacing = 11.3 cm

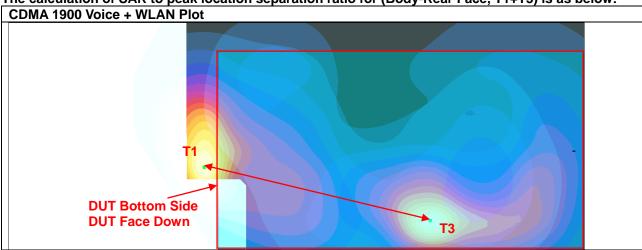
SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.28 + 0.989) / 11.3 = 0.20

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The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T1+T3) is as below:

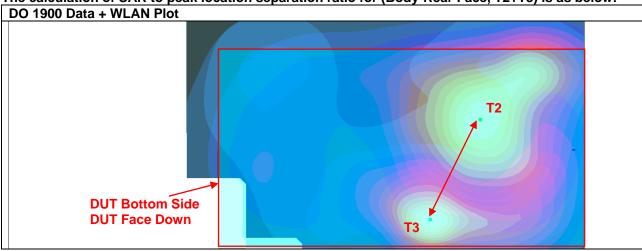


Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-0.72, -12.3, -20.5), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.7 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.28 + 0.154) / 7.7 = 0.19

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T2+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(-3.76, -1.4, -20.6), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 5.6 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.989 + 0.154) / 5.6 = 0.20

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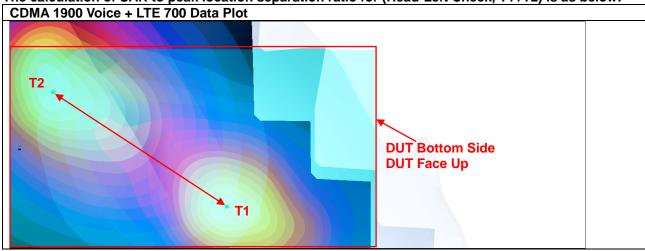


Table 11.6 Co-located Simultaneous Transmission Analysis for CDMA1900 Voice + LTE700 Data + WLAN

Position	Transmitter 1 CDMA 1900 Voice	Transmitter 2 LTE 700 Data	Transmitter 3 WLAN	All 3 SAR Summation	SPLSR T1&T2	SPLSR T1&T3	SPLSR T2&T3	Note	
Head-Right Cheek	0.595	0.183	0.114	0.892	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Head-Right Tilted	0.379	0.143	0.057	0.579	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Head-Left Cheek	1.19	0.455	0.079	1.724	0.18	0.67	0.07	T1+T3 SPLSR>0.3, Simul-TX SAR required	
Head-Left Tilted	0.38	0.335	0.046	0.761	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Body-Front Face	0.81	0.171	0.046	1.027	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Body-Rear Face	1.28	0.449	0.154	1.883	0.16	0.19	0.14	All SPLSR<0.3, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Body-Bottom Side	1.46	0	0	1.46	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Body-Top Side	0	0.138	0	0.138	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Body-Left Side	0.115	0.317	0	0.432	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	
Body-Right Side	0.893	0	0.127	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	SUM SAR<1.6, Simul-TX SAR not required	

Note: The calculation of SPLSR is as follows.

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T1+T2) is as below:



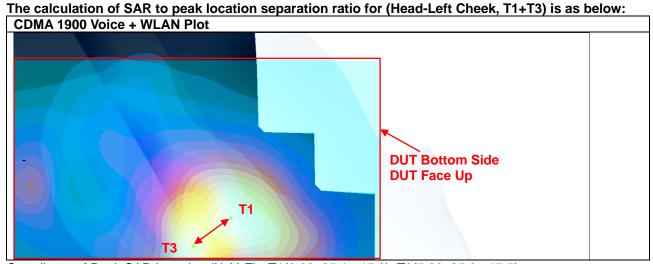
Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.93, 25.1, -17.3), T2(3, 33.1, -17.3) Peak Location Spacing = 8.9 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.19 + 0.455) / 8.9 = 0.18

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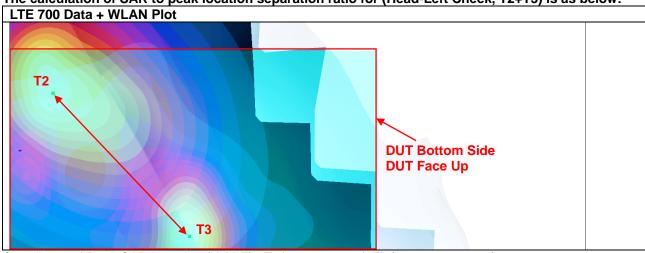




Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(6.93, 25.1, -17.3), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)
Peak Location Spacing = 1.9 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.19 + 0.079) / 1.9 = 0.67

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Head-Left Cheek, T2+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(3, 33.1, -17.3), T3(5.06, 25.3, -17.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 8.1 cm

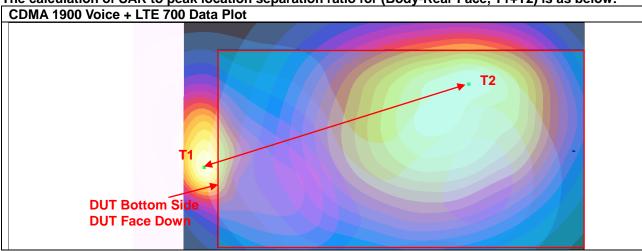
SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.455 + 0.079) / 8.1 = 0.07

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The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T1+T2) is as below:

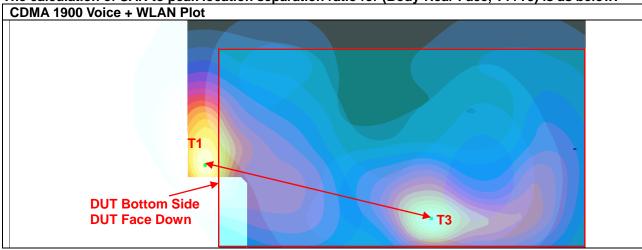


Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-0.72, -12.3, -20.5), T2(-0.7, -1.8, -17.9)

Peak Location Spacing = 10.8 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.28 + 0.449) / 10.8 = 0.16

The calculation of SAR to peak location separation ratio for (Body-Rear Face, T1+T3) is as below:



Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T1(-0.72, -12.3, -20.5), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 7.7 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (1.28 + 0.154) / 7.7 = 0.19

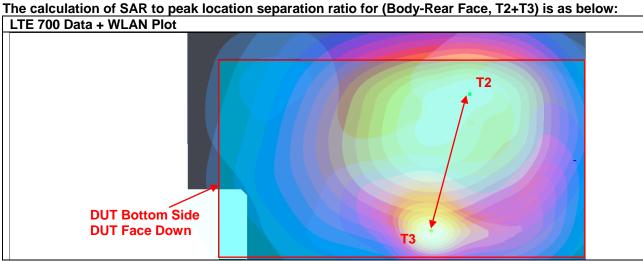
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Coordinate of Peak SAR Location (X, Y, Z): T2(-0.7, -1.8, -17.9), T3(0.76, -4.7, -20.5)

Peak Location Spacing = 4.2 cm

SPLSR (SAR to Peak Location Spacing Ratio) = (0.449 + 0.154) / 4.2 = 0.14

**Table 11.7 Volume Scan SAR Measurement Results** 

	Table 11.7 Volume ocan OAN measurement Nesuns								
Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Ant Status	Battery	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Multi Band SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
#162	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55 (Pw: 24.00 dBm)	Left Cheek	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	1.2		
#162	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6 (Pw: 18.58 dBm)	Left Cheek	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	1.2	1.23	
#81	802.11b	-	Left Cheek	11	-	1(06M)	0.09		
#163	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55 (Pw: 14.73 dBm)	Left Cheek	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	4.40	1.13	
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6 (Pw: 23.18 dBm)	Left Cheek	25	2(Data)	1(06M)	1.12		
#81	802.11b	-	Left Cheek	11	-	1(06M)	0.09		
#71	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55 (Pw: 24.00 dBm)	Left Cheek	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	1.19		
#164	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6 (Pw: 23.78 dBm)	Left Cheek	384	2(Data)	1(06M)	0.501	1.3	
#81	802.11b	-	Left Cheek	11	-	1(06M)	0.09		
#71	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3+SO55 (Pw: 24.00 dBm)	Left Cheek	25	1(Voice)	1(06M)	1.19		
#165	LTE Band 13	QPSK (RB1, OS 49, 22.92 dBm)	Left Cheek	23230	2(Data)	1(06M)	0.536	<mark>1.31</mark>	
#81	802.11b	-	Left Cheek 11 - 1(0		1(06M)	0.09			

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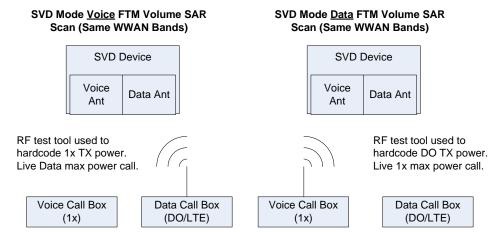


Notes:

- 1. Volume scan was performed on the SVDO mode and two conditions (#162 & #163). One is 1x power above reduce threshold, and the other one is 1x power below reduce threshold.
- 2. The 1x and EVDO are transmitting simultaneously during volume scan testing (#162 & #163). DUT was set up the co-transmission by system simulator and continuous Tx program (FTM). Test condition is shown as below.

et transmission by bystom simulator and continueds 1x program (1 1111): Test contained to chewn as below.				
1x power ABOV	E reduce threshold	1x via Simulator, EVDO via FTM		
1x power BELO	W reduce threshold	1x via FTM, EVDO via Simulator		

During simultaneous testing of this DUT when both the voice and transmitter operated in the same frequency band, the volume SAR scans were completed with both transmitters active and transmitting on the same RF channel (i.e. the same frequencies). It is impossible to sustain a simultaneous 1x and DO call on the same RF channel using call boxes and therefore test code, referred to as "FTM", was used to configure one transmitter to transmit at the desired transmit power. The 2nd transmitter used a call simulator box to operate in a live maximum transmit power call. The following figure illustrates the test setup.



FTM allows the transmitter to be manually tuned to a RF frequency and the transmitter adjusted to the desire transmit power. The average transmit power before and after the test is measured to verify the DUT is transmitter the appropriate maximum transmit power as desired per the power reduction settings in Table 3.4.

The maximum transmit power data in section 11.1.1 shows voice and data transmit measurements at different voice transmit power levels to validate the DUT performs as expected during a live call.

- 3. The worst configuration on each position is used for the volume scan.
- 4. The DASY5 system was used for volume scan testing.

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# Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

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# Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

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# Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

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