



RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: SA951124L01A

MODEL NO.: DCMA-82, DCMA-82 High Power, DCMA-IHP,
DCMA-HP, CM11, CM10-HI, CM10-H, DCMA-SPI

FCC ID: NKRDCMA82

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure
IEEE C95.1

APPLICANT: Wistron NeWeb Corp.

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RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in ADT, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1500	F/300	6
1500-100,000	5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
300-1500	F/1500	6
1500-100,000	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz



3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} \cdot G) / (4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^2)$

where

P_d = power density in mW/cm^2

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi = 3.1416$

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

P_d is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm^2 . If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition,
Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4 EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

The antenna of this product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement to the user for keeping at least 20cm or more separation distance with the antenna should be included in users manual. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**



6 Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

For 4.9GHz							
No.	Brand Name	Model No.	Gain (dBi)	Cable Loss (dB)	Net Gain (dB)	Antenna Type	Connector
A	Wistron Neweb Corp.	DBA-SSMA-01	2.06	0.9	1.16	dipole	RSMA
B	CUSHCRUFT	SRSM5150MRA	2	0.9	1.1	dipole	RSMA
C	** HUBER+ SUHNER	SPA 5500/40/14/O/V_C	13.5	0.9	12.6	panel	SMA

Note: 1. For 4.9GHz antennas, **antenna A and C** were selected as representative antennas for the test.
2. “**” is an Outdoor Antenna it can only be used in point-to-point applications.



6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value:

For 4.9GHz

Operated in 4942.5 ~ 4987.5MHz band: (Channel Bandwidth: 5MHz)

Antenna A

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
4942.5	157.036	0.041	1.0
4967.5	179.061	0.047	1.0
4987.5	172.982	0.045	1.0

Antenna C

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
4942.5	157.036	0.568	1.0
4967.5	179.061	0.648	1.0
4987.5	172.982	0.626	1.0