



# REPEATIT

## Product manual

**Product name:**

**Trinity323TDD,**

**Trinity300TDD,**

**BS340,BS342,BS320,BS322**

**Model:**

**801-3230 and 801-3231,**

**801-3000 and 801-3001,**

**803-3400,803-3420,**

**803-320, 803-3220**

Revision 1.1



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# REPEATIT

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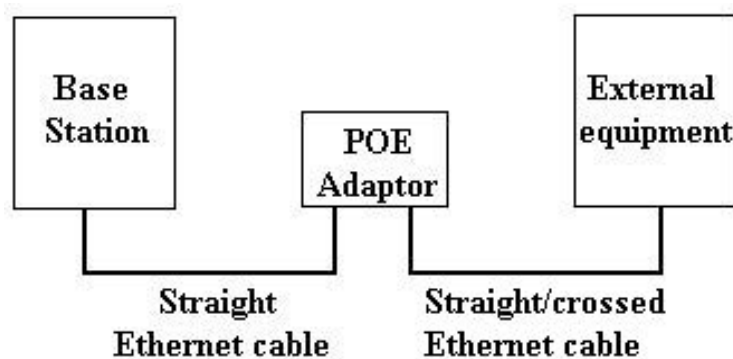
## **Installation**

The Repeatit Base Station (BS) should always be mounted on the highest possible place with its antenna having clear line of sight to all clients.

Together with the BS, the following equipment is provided in your box:

- Base Station
- Power over Ethernet adaptor
- Mounting kit
- Installation Guide

## **Hardware setup**



*Figure 1 - Hardware setup*

The BS should be connected to the Power over Ethernet (POE) adaptor's *P+DATA OUT* socket. Since both data and power is fed over the cable, all eight conductors should be used, and the Ethernet cable shall be straight. To the POE's *DATA IN* socket, external equipment can be connected. When configuring the BS, a computer usually is used, and then the cable between the POE and the computer should be crossed. If the BS is connected to for example a network switch, the cable between the switch and the POE adaptor usually is straight.

The BS unit is configured in a browser window. Start your browser and type the following line in the address field:

*http://10.0.0.1*

Press *Enter*. A login window is shown. The default login settings are:

User name: *admin*

Password: *public*

Type the user name and the password in the fields provided and press OK. In the browser window.

### Base station configuration

The BS is intended to be used together with the Radio Control Software (RCS) developed by Repeatit. The configurations that can be made directly on the BS are overridden by the RCS as soon as a connection between the BS and the RCS is established and the BS is synchronized.

**Note:**

**The settings shown in the web interface might not reflect the settings made in the RCS. BS100, BS200 and BS300 Series requires RCS with at least version 2.7.1.0**

This Manual describes how the BS is configured through the Web interface. For RCS configuration please refer to the RCS manual.

#### 1.2.1 Main window

**Regulatory settings:**

Domain: 

ETSI

Apply and then reboot.

**Remote access settings:**

Telnet: 

Enabled

Needs reboot to have effect

**Radio Devices:**

#1 Standard 802.11AN: WLM200N5  
(00:80:48:6d:67:b8)

[Configure](#) | [Status](#)  
[Tools](#) | [QoS](#)

#2 Standard 802.11AN: WLM200N5  
(00:80:48:6d:67:b7)

[Configure](#) | [Status](#)  
[Tools](#) | [QoS](#)

**Ethernet Devices:**

#0 Fast Ethernet (00:80:48:6c:bb:fe)

[Configure](#)

**Settings:**

Network

[Configure](#)

Password

[Configure](#)

Access control

[Configure](#)

**Utilities:**

Firmware Upgrade

[Launch](#)

Reset to default

Reboot device

Apply

Figure 2 - The main window.

### Regulatory settings

ETSI or ETSI-UK can be set depending on which regulatory domain the equipment is intended to be used. It controls which channels are available for selection.

### Radio Devices

Configuration of the radio device is described in section 1.2.2 and section 1.2.3. The *Status tab* is described in section 1.2.4.

### Ethernet devices

This is the Ethernet interface of the base station. It can not be configured.

### Settings

*Network settings* are described in section 1.2.5. *Password settings* are described in section 1.2.8. *Access control settings* are described in section 1.2.9.

## **Utilities**

Here, the firmware can be upgraded. Usually, this is done from the RCS.

### **Restore to Default**

Pressing this button restores the unit to factory defaults. The unit will automatically reboot when Restore to Default is performed.

### **Reboot device**

Reboots the device.

1.2.2 Configure tab – Master mode A radio interface can be configured in two different ways; either as a master or as a client. The Master mode is shown in Figure 3. To store and apply changes, press Apply.

If BS is configured to be used with an RCS server there will be a warning in red saying that it is configured by an RCS server. The settings shown might not reflect the actual settings used by the BS.

### Radio Device #1 Master (P2P )

Warning: This device has been configured to use RCS. Changes made here will be overridden by RCS.

**Basic settings**

Radio Mode: Master P2P Requires reboot

SSID: RS-5432-SECTOR1 eg. "MyNetwork"

Broadcast SSID: Yes

**Advanced settings**

Preamble: short If Long preamble choose "long" here, Default = "short"

AP Bridge: Disabled

Flood unknown: Disabled Allow flooding of unknown receiver

Frequency: 802.11n (5 GHz) Forces commit,

Channel: # 36 (5.18 GHz) INDOOR ONLY

Radar detection: Enabled

DFS CAC Policy: Regulatory Handling of Channel Availability Check

Custom CAC wait time: 60 Custom Channel Availability Check time (in seconds)

Guard interval: Short

Channel bandwidth: 20/40 MHz

Antenna gain: 16 in dB. (Needs reboot)

Rate: AUTO

RTS/CTS:  Leave blank to disable.

Frag size:  Leave blank to disable.

TX Power: 16 dBm

Distance: 8 In kilometers, distance to furthest peer.

**Encryption settings:**

Encryption: Disabled

**Associated Stations:**

MAC:	RSSI:
Refresh	

Figure 3 –Radio device in Master mode.

## Basic settings

Radio mode:	Master/Slave.
SSID:	Wireless network name. This is the name that the customers will see when they perform a scan from their CPEs (Client Premise Equipment).
Broadcast SSID:	Tells whether the SSID should be visible when a scan is performed or not.

## Advanced settings

Preamble:	<p>What type of preamble should be used for the radio transmission. Some old 802.11b units only supports long preamble so this parameter is available to support also these clients. The normal setting for this parameter is short.</p> <p>Note: This setting is only valid when mode is 802.11bg</p>
AP Bridge:	Should the BS bridge between clients or not. If disabled two Clients connected to the same radio interface will not be able to communicate directly with each other.
Flood unknown:	Enabling this will make the BS send packets addressed to unknown receivers to all associated clients instead of dropping them. .
Frequency:	<p>The frequency band to use.</p> <p>802.11A, In this mode the BS will work as a standard 802.11A BS, it will only use the modulations specified for 802.11 use.</p> <p>802.11N, In this mode the BS will work in both 11A and 11N mode. It will accept both types of units at the same time.</p> <p>802.11G, if a radiocard supporting also 2.4 GHz channels is used in the BS this choice is also valid. The BS will work on 2.4 GHz channels accepting both 11N and 11G clients.</p>
Channel:	Within each frequency band, a number of different channels are available.
Radar detection:	Mandatory for the 5 GHz bands in most European countries. Check your national regulations.
DFS CAC Policy:	<p>This controls how the BS should handle the mandatory Radar Scan time.</p> <p>Regulatory = use the time stated by the regulatory, normally 1min scan time before a new channel can be used.</p> <p>Custom = You can specify your own time.</p> <p>Off = do not perform any Radar scan before using the channel.</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>The radar scan is mandatory in most Countries.</p> <p>Scan time on ch 120-128 is 10min.</p>
Custom CAC wait time:	If DFS CAC Policy is configured as custom the time specified here will be used as the scan time before starting to use the channel configured.
Guard interval	<p>When running on 802.11N the guard time between consecutive OFDM symbols can be chosen to be short or long. BS will support both long and short when receiving, this parameter controls if short or long should be used when transmitting.</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>If 20MHz channel bandwidth is used only long guard interval is supported.</p>
Channel bandwidth:	<p>The 802.11N standard specifies two channel bandwidths 20MHz and 40 MHz. If 20MHz is used BS will only use one 20MHz channel. If 20/40 is used BNs will use 20 or 40 MHz channel dynamically depending on the connecting clients. BS will automatically reduce its bandwidth to 20MHz if the extra channel is occupied. When the extra channel is free again BS will automatically use 40MHz again.</p>

Antenna gain:	The gain of the antenna in use. This parameter is used to calibrate the radar detection so that it is not over sensitive when using a large antenna.
Rate:	The available rates are different in various standards. The default value is <i>Auto</i> .
RTS/CTS:	Request to Send/Clear to Send threshold, datapackets larger than this value will be fragmented into several small packets.
	Note: For optimal 802.11N performance leave this empty.
Frag size:	Fragmentation of packets. Leave out for default.
Tx power:	The transmit power from the radio device (this is not the eirp value, i.e. the antenna gain is <i>not</i> included).
Distance:	Approximate distance to CPE located at furthest place.
	Note: Always configure this value to reflect the furthest CPE connected. To minimize problems add an extra margin when configure the distance.

### Encryption settings

WPA1&2 are available together with ciphers TKIP and CCMP/AES.

The BS and clients need to use the same setting, or the "both" setting that allows either type.

The TKIP cipher has a hardware limit of around 23 concurrent clients.

There is also support for legacy WEP encryption.

**Be advised that the way to crack WEP encryption is well-known and fast.**

If the wireless network makes use of WEP keys, the WEP keys settings must be configured in the BS.

To adjust the WEP settings, change the selection from *Disabled* to either *WEP 128-bit* or *WEP 64-bit*.

The WEP key consists of hexadecimal numbers (0-9 and A-F), and the length of the key depends on the chosen key size (64 or 128 bits). If a 64-bit key is used, ten hex numbers shall be typed in the WEP key field. If a 128-bit key is used, 26 hex numbers shall be typed in. Observe that the same key set has to be used on the CPE side of the connection.

The *Authentication* method used is *Shared key*. It is also important that the right *WEP key number to use* is chosen. For example, if the BS uses WEP key #1, the CPEs also have to use this key number

### Associated stations

Here, all associated stations should be presented when the CPEs are connected. If the RCS not is used, the clients (CPEs and other BS in client mode) have to be enabled under the *Access tab* (see section 1.2.9).

1.2.3 Configure tab – Client mode For client mode settings, check Figure 4.

Radio Device #2 Client (P2P )

Warning: This device has been configured to use RCS. Changes made here will be overridden by RCS.

Basic settings

Radio Mode:

Client P2P

Requires reboot

Master SSID:

5430

eg. "MyMaster".

Master BSSID:

eg. 00:11:22:33:44:55

Advanced settings

Preamble:

short

If Long preamble choose "long" here, Default = "short"

Frequency:

802.11n (5 GHz)

Forces convit, turbo requires Autoselect.

Guard interval:

Long

Channel bandwidth:

20/40 MHz

Antenna gain:

16

in dB. (Needs reboot)

Rate:

AUTO

RTS/CTS:

Leave blank to disable.

Frag size:

Leave blank to disable.

TX Power:

16 dBm

Distance:

8

In kilometers, distance to furthest peer.

Encryption settings:

Encryption:

Disabled

Site Survey:

Site survey may take up to 10 seconds to perform, click button to begin.

button

Figure 4 -Radio device slave mode.

**Basic settings**

- Master SSID:

The SSID set on the Master radio card (the radio device that the client shall connect to).
- Master BSSID:

The MAC address of the Master radio card. This address can be found in the Main window (see section 1.2.1) on the Master BS. Optional, mainly useful if there are two or more APs with the same SSID

For advanced and encryption settings, check section 1.2.2.

**Site survey**

When the BS is in client mode, it is possible to scan the area for other wireless networks. This can be done in order to avoid interference or to find the Master BS.

To store changes, press *Apply*.



1.2.4 Status tab

Each radio card has its own *Status tab*. This tab shows the current status of the radio interface  
If several SUs are connected the signal strength is the average signal over all SUs.

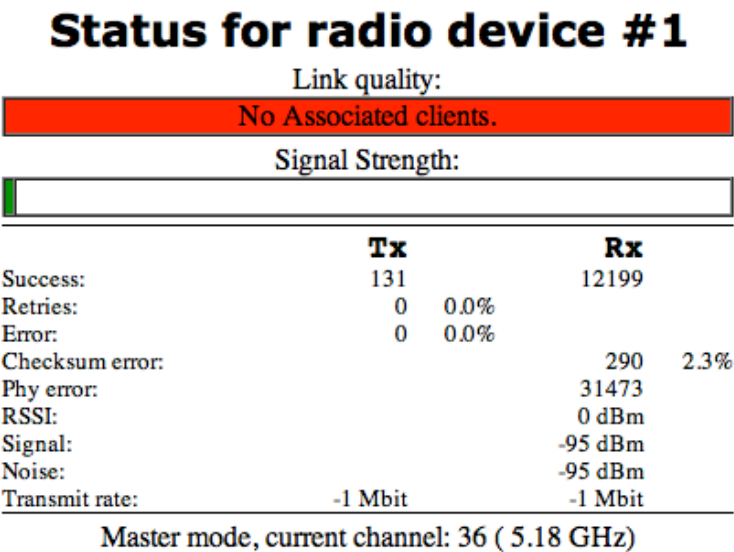


Figure 5 - The status tab.

### 1.2.5 Tools tab

The tools tab has two tools, Site Survey and spectrum graph. With the Site Survey tool You can perform a Site Survey even if radio is working in Master mode.

The Spectrum graph presents a graph over the available channels and the level of interference that the radio has sensed on the channels.

There are two bars per channel, a blue bar showing the signal level of regular OFDM data-frames and a red bar that shows the signal level of interfering signals received by the radio.

The Spectrum analyzer takes a snapshot of the levels on each channel and the values can vary between consecutive sweeps. To get a good picture it is recommended to run the analyzer a couple of times.

The spectrum analyzer can be configured to run automatically at regular intervals.

Note: During a Site Survey and spectrum analysis wireless traffic will be interrupted.

## Radio device 1

### Site survey

A site survey shows other access points within range.

Refresh

### Spectrum Analyzer

The spectrum analyzer shows the amount of environment RF energy as heard by the unit.

Note: Wireless traffic will be interrupted during the time the analyzer is sweeping the spectrum to refreshing its data!

Sweep spectrum

Auto sweep off

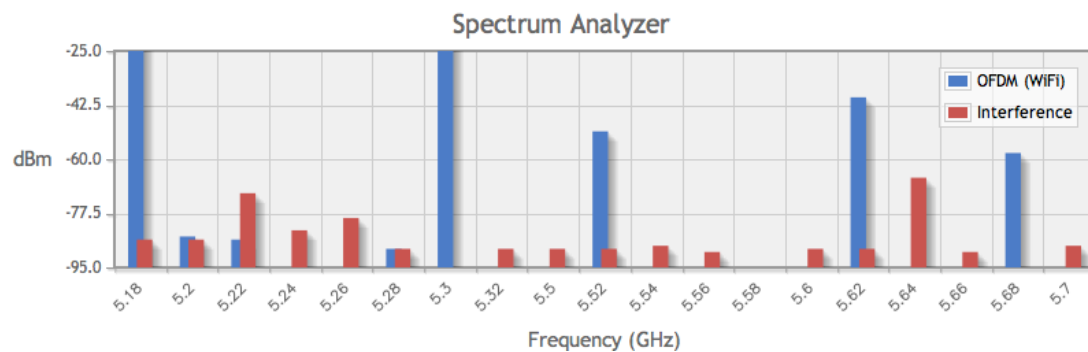


Figure 6 - The Network tab.

### 1.2.6 QoS tab

On the QoS tab it is possible to change the WMM settings used by the BS and the CPEs connected to the BS.

Enable WME: Yes or No, if yes WMM is enabled and with No it is disabled.

Param Mode: **Auto:** Default settings is used, these settings are optimized for good performance in a multipoint setup.

**Manual:**

If configured as Manual it is possible setup your own WMM settings.

Own Settings: These settings is the ones used by the BS.

BSS Settings: These settings are the ones provided to the CPEs and used by the CPEs.

## QoS settings

*Apply and then reboot.*

**Enable WME:** YES

**Param Mode:** Manual

**Own settings**

	AIFS	CWmin	CWmax	TxBurst
<b>VOICE:</b>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="1504"/>
<b>VIDEO:</b>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="3008"/>
<b>BE:</b>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>	<input type="text" value="2048"/>
<b>BK:</b>	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

**BSS settings**

	AIFS	CWmin	CWmax	Txop
<b>VOICE:</b>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="1504"/>
<b>VIDEO:</b>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="3008"/>
<b>BE:</b>	<input type="text" value="2"/>	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>	<input type="text" value="2048"/>
<b>BK:</b>	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input type="text" value="4"/>	<input type="text" value="10"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Figure 7 - The QoS tab.

### 1.2.7 The Network tab

This is usually the tab that first is accessed when configuring the BS. A screen-shot is shown in Figure 8.

**Network**

**TCP/IP settings:**

<b>IP address</b>	<input type="text" value="192.168.10.45"/>	<i>eg. "192.168.0.10"</i>
<b>Netmask</b>	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	<i>eg. "255.255.255.0"</i>
<b>Gateway</b>	<input type="text" value="192.168.10.1"/>	<i>eg. "192.168.0.1"</i>

**RCS settings:**

**Use RCS**

<b>IP address</b>	<input type="text" value="192.168.10.146"/>	<i>IP address of RCS server</i>
<b>SSL Port</b>	<input type="text" value="9998"/>	<i>RCS TCP port for encrypted communication</i>

**VLAN (802.1Q) settings:**

<b>VLANID:</b>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<i>Valid range is 1-4095. Use '0' to disable.</i>
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**SNMP Configuration :**

<b>Sysname:</b>	<input type="text" value="Not yet set"/>	<i>Enter the SNMP sysName, no spaces allowed</i>
<b>Community:</b>	<input type="text" value="public"/>	<i>Enter the SNMP community, no spaces allowed</i>
<b>Syslocation:</b>	<input type="text" value="Not yet set"/>	
<b>Syscontact:</b>	<input type="text" value="Not yet set"/>	

Figure 8 - The Network tab.

### TCP/IP Settings

This is the IP settings for the BS.

### RCS settings

If enabled, the IP address of the RCS can be typed in. It is also possible to choose which port the traffic between the BS and the RCS shall use. The default port number is 9998

Observe that the RCS and the base station need to have the same port selected.

### VLAN settings

To use the base station in a VLAN, set the vlan ID here. **NB.** setting a VLAN is a good way to loose contact with your BS! Don't touch this setting unless you know what you are doing.

### SNMP Configuration:

At this section you can configure the SNMP settings.

### 1.2.8 Password tab

Under this tab, the password can be changed. To do this, type the new password in the two boxes provided. Press *Apply*.

### 1.2.9 Access tab

When no RCS is used, the BS uses an internal accept list that can be set up to list allowed clients "Accept" or not allowed clients "Deny". To add a client to the list, type the client side MAC address in

the Master BS *Add MAC* field on the form 00:11:22:33:44:55 and press *Add* (see Figure 9). When all clients are added, press *Apply*.

**Access control**

**Add MAC:**

*eg. 00:11:22:33:44:55*

**AccessList mode:**

**Accesslist MACs:**

<input type="checkbox"/>	00:23:6c:89:71:09
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[Remove selected](#)

Figure 9 - Access control tab. In this example, one client is added.

### **Configuration of BS when RCS is used**

If a connection between the BS and the RCS is established, the only settings that have to be made on the BS are network settings (see section 1.2.5). When the BS has been synchronized from the RCS, no more configurations have to be done on the BS.

**Note:** BS 100, BS200 and BS300 Series requires RCS with a least version 2.7.1.0

### **Configuration of BS when RCS is not used**

If no RCS address is provided, more configurations have to be done directly on the BS. Here is a checklist (refer to Figure 2):

1. Access the *Network Settings tab* (section 1.2.5) and change the IP settings for the BS.
2. Access the *Configure tab* (section 1.2.2) for each radio card and make all relevant settings.
3. Access the *Access Control tab* (section 1.2.9) and add all clients.
4. Reboot the BS.

## **Support**

On our web site, <http://www.repeatit.se>, you can find the latest upgrades of all firmware, product news, FAQ and other information related to the products.

## **Our Warranty**

Repeatit AB, Hamngatan 33, S-172 66 Sundbyberg, Sweden, guarantee that our products do not have any defects regarding material or function upon delivery. All of Repeatit's products are covered by a 12 month international warranty.

If during the time of warranty the product displays any defects regarding material or function, the products should be returned to your reseller, who will, according to their own judgment, either repair or replace the product according to the following conditions:

### **Conditions**

1. The warranty is only valid in combination with an original receipt issued by the reseller at the date of delivery or sales. The receipt needs to contain the product's serial number or similar identification.
2. If Repeatit repairs or replaces the product, the repaired or replaced product will be covered by the original warranty during the remainder of the guarantee period. During repair, some parts might be replaced. These parts are then the property of Repeatit AB.
3. The warranty does not cover normal wear and tear, faulty usage or handling, or other usage other than the one prescribed by Repeatit AB. The warranty does not cover defects caused by accidents.
4. The warranty is not valid if service is performed on the product by a Repeatit non-authorised person or company.
5. The warranty is not valid if any products that are not Repeatit original accessories are used with the product.
6. There is no warranty, written or oral, other than this printed warranty.

# USA regulatory compliance

## FCC Part 15

### US Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Compliance

The product complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This device generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this device does cause harmful interference to radio/television reception, which can be determined by turning the device off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Note:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

### RF Requirements

#### 1. RF exposure Hazard Warning

This device generates and radiates radio-frequency energy. In order to comply with FCC radio-frequency exposure guidelines for an uncontrolled environment, this equipment must be installed and operated while maintaining a minimum body to antenna distance of 85 cm

#### 2. RF Frequency Requirements

This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This device and its antenna must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other unauthorized antenna or transmitter.

## EU Regulatory Conformance

This device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

**CE 0678**



### Warning

Installation and removal of the unit and its accessories must be carried out by qualified personnel. You must read all of the Safety Instructions supplied with your equipment before installation and operation.

### Note

Before any operation is performed, please read the operation instructions and precautions carefully to minimize the possibility of accidents.

The **Note, Caution, Warning and Danger** items in other manuals do not cover all safety precautions that should be followed.

They are only the supplements to the safety precautions for operations as a whole.

Therefore, the personnel in charge of the installation and maintenance of the products are required to understand these basics of safety operation.

In performing various operations, please follow the local safety regulations. The safety precautions introduced in the product manuals are supplementary and subject to the local safety regulations.

When various operations are executed on the products, the precautions and special safety instructions provided with the products must be followed to the full.

The personnel in charge of the installation and maintenance of the products must be trained as professionals to master the proper operating methods and all safety precautions. Only the trained and qualified personnel can perform operations such as equipment installation and maintenance.