

Nemko-CCL, Inc.
1940 West Alexander Street
Salt Lake City, UT 84119
801-972-6146

Test Report

Certification

Test Of:

ELRT-LIB10

FCC ID: MHI-ELRT10

Test Specifications:

FCC PART 15, Subpart C

Test Report Serial No: 227309-3.2

Applicant:

Card Access Inc.
11778 S. Election Road, Suite 260
Salt Lake City, UT 84020

Dates of Test: December 11 – 14 and 17, 2012

Report Issue Date: December 31, 2012

Accredited Testing Laboratory By:



NVLAP Lab Code 100272-0

CERTIFICATION OF ENGINEERING REPORT

This report has been prepared by Nemko-CCL, Inc. to document compliance of the device described below with the requirements of Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Part 15, Subpart C. This report may be reproduced in full, partial reproduction may only be made with the written consent of the laboratory. The results in this report apply only to the sample tested.

- Applicant: Card Access Inc.
- Manufacturer: Card Access Inc.
- Brand Name: Elertus
- Model Numbers: ELRT-LIB10
- FCC ID Number: MHI-ELRT10

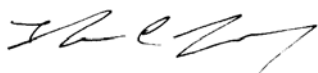
On this 31st day of December 2012, I, individually and for Nemko-CCL, Inc., certify that the statements made in this engineering report are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge, and are made in good faith.

Although NVLAP has recognized that the Nemko-CCL, Inc. EMC testing facilities are in good standing, this report must not be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government.

Nemko-CCL, Inc.



Tested by: Norman P. Hansen
EMC Technician



Reviewed by: Thomas C. Jackson
General Manager

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SECTION 1.0 CLIENT INFORMATION

1.1 Applicant:

Company Name: Card Access Inc.
11778 South Election Road, Suite 260
Salt Lake City, UT 84020
U.S.A.

Contact Name: James A. Stout
Title: Vice President Engineering

1.2 Manufacturer:

Company Name: Card Access Inc.
11778 South Election Road, Suite 260
Salt Lake City, UT 84020
U.S.A.

Contact Name: James A. Stout
Title: Vice President Engineering

SECTION 2.0 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)**2.1 Identification of EUT:**

Brand Name: Elertus
 Model Number: ELRT-LIB10
 Serial Number: Engineering unit
 Options Fitted: N/A
 Dimensions: 8 cm x 6.4 cm x 2.6 cm

2.2 Description of EUT:

The ELRT-LIB10 is a stand-alone, light, humidity, temperature, motion sensor with an 802.11bgn transceiver. The ELRT-LIB10 is powered by 2 AA batteries. The 802.11bgn transceiver uses either an internal trace antenna or an external patch antenna.

This report covers the circuitry of the devices subject to FCC Part 15, Subpart C. The circuitry of the device subject to FCC Subpart B was found to be compliant and is covered in Nemko-CCL, Inc. report #227309-2.

The ELRT-LIB10 802.11bgn transceiver uses 11 channels in the 2400 to 2483.5 MHz frequency range. Testing was performed at the upper, middle, and lower channels using 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n and the available data rates for each mode. The ELRT-LIB10 transceiver uses either an internal -0.5 dBi trace antenna or a -0.7 dBi external patch antenna with coaxial cable. The table below shows the individual maximum power setting to be incorporated in production software for each channel, mode, and antenna.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting					
		802.11b		802.11g		802.11n	
		Trace Antenna	Patch Antenna	Trace Antenna	Patch Antenna	Trace Antenna	Patch Antenna
1	2412	32	32	22	20	24	19
2	2417	32	32	28	27	32	26
3	2422	32	32	32	32	32	32
4	2427	32	32	32	32	32	32
5	2432	32	32	32	32	32	32
6	2437	32	32	32	32	32	32
7	2442	32	32	32	32	32	32
8	2447	32	32	32	32	32	32
9	2452	32	32	32	32	32	32
10	2457	32	32	30	32	32	32
11	2462	32	32	28	27	23	24

2.3 EUT and Support Equipment:

The FCC ID numbers for all the EUT and support equipment used during the test are listed below:

Brand Name Model Number Serial Number	FCC ID Number or Compliance	Description	Name of Interface Ports / Interface Cables
BN: Elertus MN: ELRT-LIB10 (Note 1) SN: Engineering Unit	MHI-ELRT10	Sensor with WiFi	See Section 2.4

Note: (1) EUT

2.4 Interface Ports on EUT:

There are no cabled interface ports on the EUT.

2.5 Modification Incorporated/Special Accessories on EUT:

The following modifications were made to the EUT by the Client during testing to comply with the specification. This report is not complete without an accompanying signed attestation, that the product will have all of the documented modifications incorporated into the product when manufactured and placed on the market.

1. The maximum power settings to be incorporated in production software were changed to the settings shown in the table of section 2.2.

SECTION 3.0 TEST SPECIFICATION, METHODS & PROCEDURES

3.1 Test Specification:

Title: FCC PART 15, Subpart C (47 CFR 15)
15.203, 15.207, and 15.247

Limits and methods of measurement of radio interference
characteristics of radio frequency devices.

Purpose of Test: The tests were performed to demonstrate initial compliance.

3.2 Methods & Procedures:

3.2.1 §15.203 Antenna Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

3.2.2 §15.247 Operation within the bands 902 – 928 MHz, 2400 – 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 – 5850 MHz

(a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system

shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.

(ii) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz. The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 non-overlapping channels are used.

(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 - 928 MHz, 2400 - 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 - 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

(b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

(2) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725 – 5850 MHz bands: 1 watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.

(1) Fixed point-to-point operation:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(ii) Systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

(iii) Fixed, point-to-point operation, as used in paragraphs (b)(4)(i) and (b)(4)(ii) of this section, excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

(2) In addition to the provisions in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(3), (b)(4) and (c)(1)(i) of this section, transmitters operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that emit multiple directional beams, simultaneously or sequentially, for the purpose of directing signals to individual receivers or to groups of receivers provided the emissions comply with the following:

(i) Different information must be transmitted to each receiver.

(ii) If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams but does not emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device, i.e., the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc. and summed across all carriers or frequency channels, shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(3) of this section, as applicable. However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna /antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as follows:

(A) The directional gain shall be calculated as the sum of $10 \log$ (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or staff having the highest gain.

(B) A lower value for the directional gain than that calculated in paragraph (c)(2)(ii)(A) of this section will be accepted if sufficient evidence is presented, e.g., due to shading of the array or coherence loss in the beamforming.

(iii) If a transmitter employs an antenna that operates simultaneously on multiple directional beams using the same or different frequency channels, the power supplied to each emission beam is subject to the power limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. If transmitted beams overlap, the power shall be reduced to ensure that their aggregate power does not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. In addition, the aggregate power transmitted simultaneously on all beams shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section by more than 8 dB.

(iv) Transmitters that emit a single directional beam shall operate under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based

on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

(f) For the purposes of this section, hybrid systems are those that employ a combination of both frequency hopping and digital modulation techniques. The frequency hopping operation of the hybrid system, with the direct sequence or digital modulation operation turned off, shall have an average time of occupancy on any frequency not to exceed 0.4 seconds within a time period in seconds equal to the number of hopping frequencies employed multiplied by 0.4. The digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

(i) Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this Chapter.

Note: Spread spectrum systems are sharing these bands on a noninterference basis with systems supporting critical Government requirements that have been allocated the usage of these bands, secondary only to ISM equipment operated under the provisions of Part 18 of this Chapter. Many

of these Government systems are airborne radiolocation systems that emit a high EIRP which can cause interference to other users. Also, investigations of the effect of spread spectrum interference to U. S. Government operations in the 902-928 MHz band may require a future decrease in the power limits allowed for spread spectrum operation.

3.3 Test Procedure

The conducted disturbance at mains ports and radiated disturbance testing was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4: 2003 and KDB 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v02, dated 10/04/2012. Testing was performed at Nemko-CCL, Inc.'s Wanship open area test site #2, located at 29145 Old Lincoln Highway, Wanship, UT. This site has been registered with the FCC, and was renewed February 15, 2012 (90504). This registration is valid for three years.

Nemko-CCL, Inc. is accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP); NVLAP Lab Code: 100272-0, which is effective until September 30, 2013.

SECTION 4.0 OPERATION OF EUT DURING TESTING

4.1 Operating Environment:

Power Supply: 3 VDC from 2 AA batteries

4.2 Operating Modes:

The 802.11bgn transmitter was tested while in a constant transmit mode at the upper, middle, and lower channels. 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n modes were tested. Data rates were at 1 mbps for testing in 802.11b mode. The data rate was at 6 mbps for 802.11g testing. The data rate was at 6.5 mbps for 802.11n testing. New batteries were used in testing.

The radiated band edge plots and data are from testing at the power levels shown in the table of Section 2.2 of this report. All other testing was performed at the maximum power setting of 32.

4.3 EUT Exercise Software:

Card Access Inc. software was used to exercise the transmitters.

SECTION 5.0 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**5.1 FCC Part 15, Subpart C**

The ELRT-LIB10 802.11b/g/n transceiver was subjected to each of the tests shown in the summary table below.

5.1.1 Summary of Tests:

Section	Environmental Phenomena	Frequency Range (MHz)	Result
15.203	Antenna Requirements	Structural requirement	Complied
15.207	Conducted Disturbance at Mains Ports	0.15 to 30	Not Applicable
15.247(a)	Bandwidth Requirement	2400 – 2483.5	Complied
15.247(b)	Peak Output Power	2400 – 2483.5	Complied
15.247(c)	Antenna Conducted Spurious Emissions	0.032 – 25000	Complied
15.247(c)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	0.032 – 25000	Complied
15.247(d)	Peak Power Spectral Density	2400 – 2483.5	Complied
15.247(e)	Reserved Paragraph	N/A	Not Applicable
15.247(f)	Hybrid System Requirements	2400 – 2483.5	Not Applicable
15.247(g)	Frequency Hopping Channel Usage	2400 – 2438.5	Not Applicable
15.247(h)	Frequency Hopping Intelligence	2400 – 2483.5	Not Applicable

5.2 Result

In the configuration tested, the 802.11bgn transceiver complied with the requirements of the specification.

SECTION 6.0 802.11bgn TRANSCEIVER – MEASUREMENTS AND RESULTS**6.1 General Comments:**

This section contains the test results only. Details of the test methods used and a list of the test equipment used during the measurements can be found in Appendix 1 of this report. All measurements were made using the guidance of KDB 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v02, dated 10/04/2012.

6.2 Test Results:**6.2.1 §15.203 Antenna Requirements**

The EUT uses either an internal -0.5 dBi trace antenna or -0.7 dBi patch antenna with coaxial cable.

RESULT

The EUT complied with the specification.

6.2.2 §15.247(a)(2) Emission Bandwidth

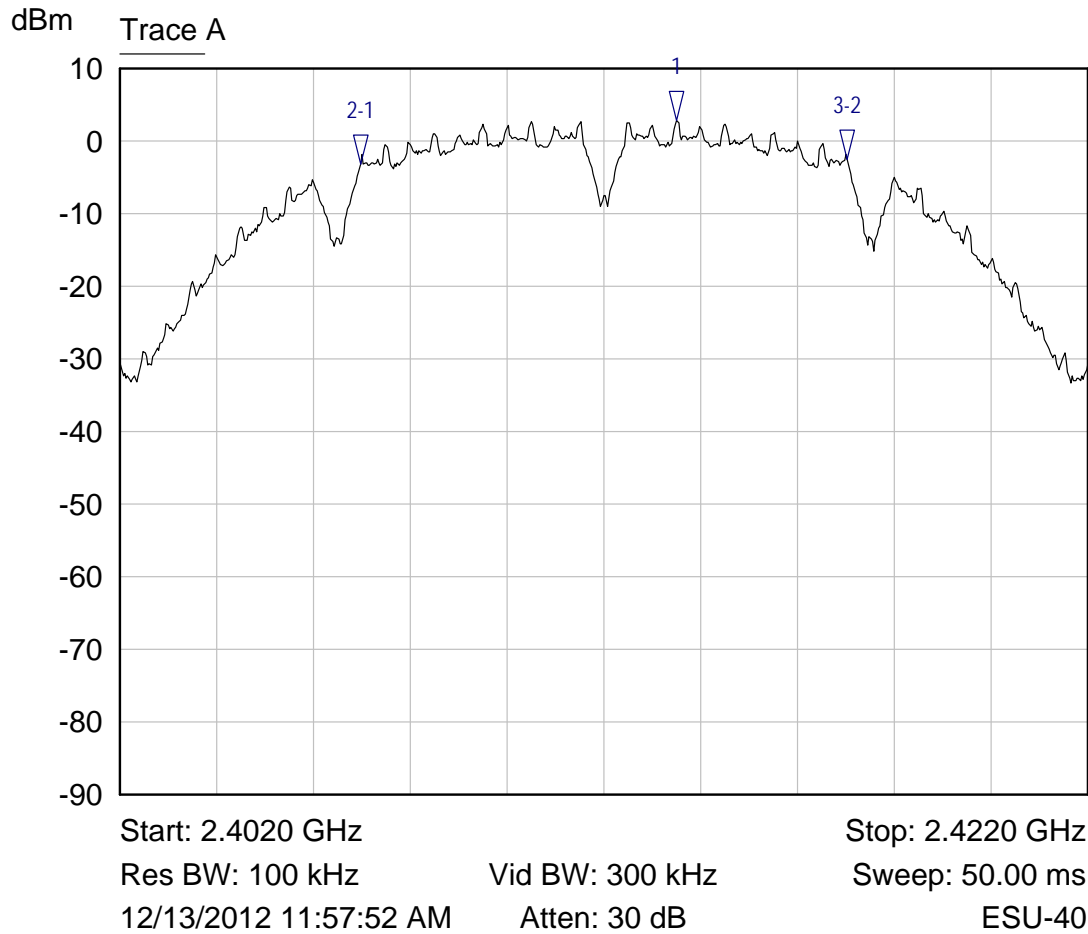
The 6 dB emission bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz. The table and plots below show the 6 dB emission bandwidth.

Frequency (MHz)	802.11b Emission 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	802.11g Emission 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	802.11n Emission 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)
2412	10.06	16.3	17.2
2437	10.13	16.3	17.0
2462	10.09	16.3	16.86

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the 6 dB bandwidth was greater than 500 kHz; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification (see spectrum analyzer plots below).

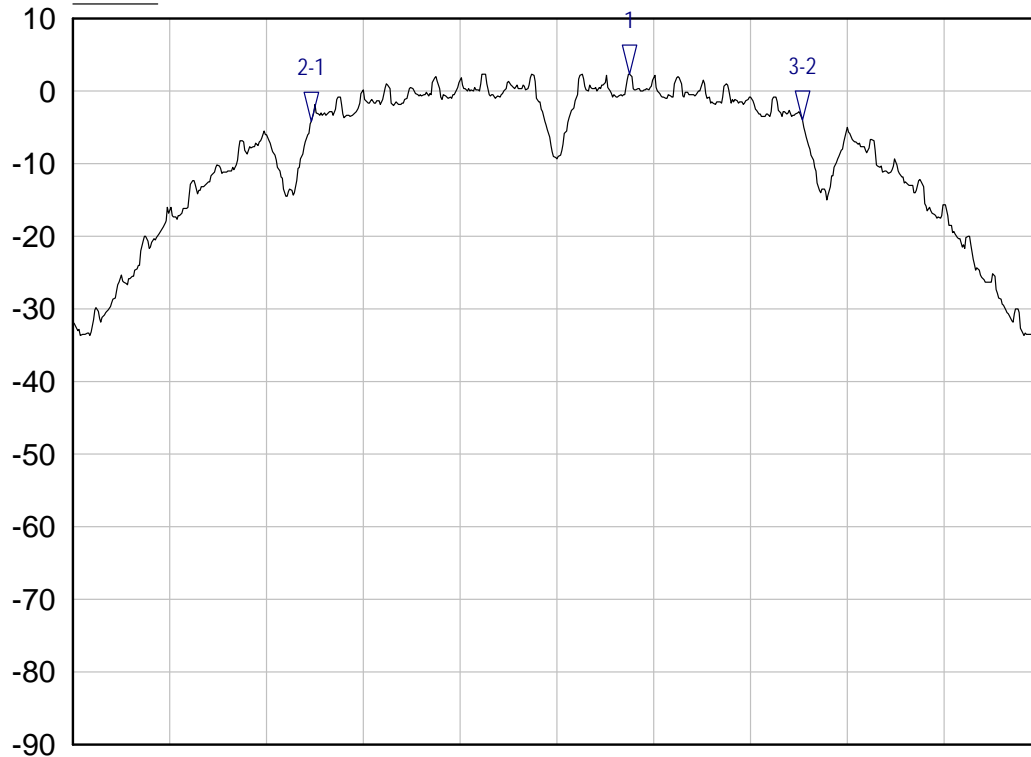
Lowest Channel 802.11b Emission 6 dB Bandwidth



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4135 GHz	2.76 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-6.5385 MHz	-5.94 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	10.0641 MHz	0.63 dB	

Middle Channel 802.11b Emission 6 dB Bandwidth

dBm Trace A



Start: 2.4270 GHz

Stop: 2.4470 GHz

Res BW: 100 kHz

Vid BW: 300 kHz

Sweep: 50.00 ms

12/13/2012 12:13:44 PM

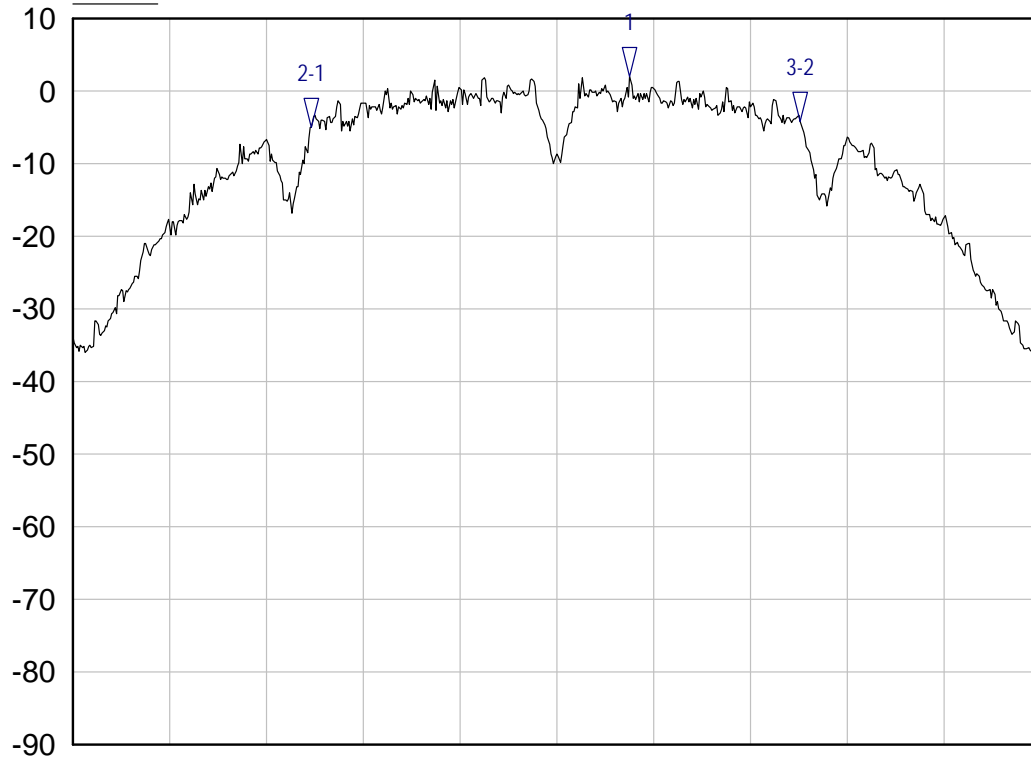
Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4385 GHz	2.38 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-6.5705 MHz	-6.53 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	10.1282 MHz	0.07 dB	

Highest Channel 802.11b Emission 6 dB Bandwidth

dBm Trace A



Start: 2.4520 GHz

Stop: 2.4720 GHz

Res BW: 100 kHz

Vid BW: 300 kHz

Sweep: 50.00 ms

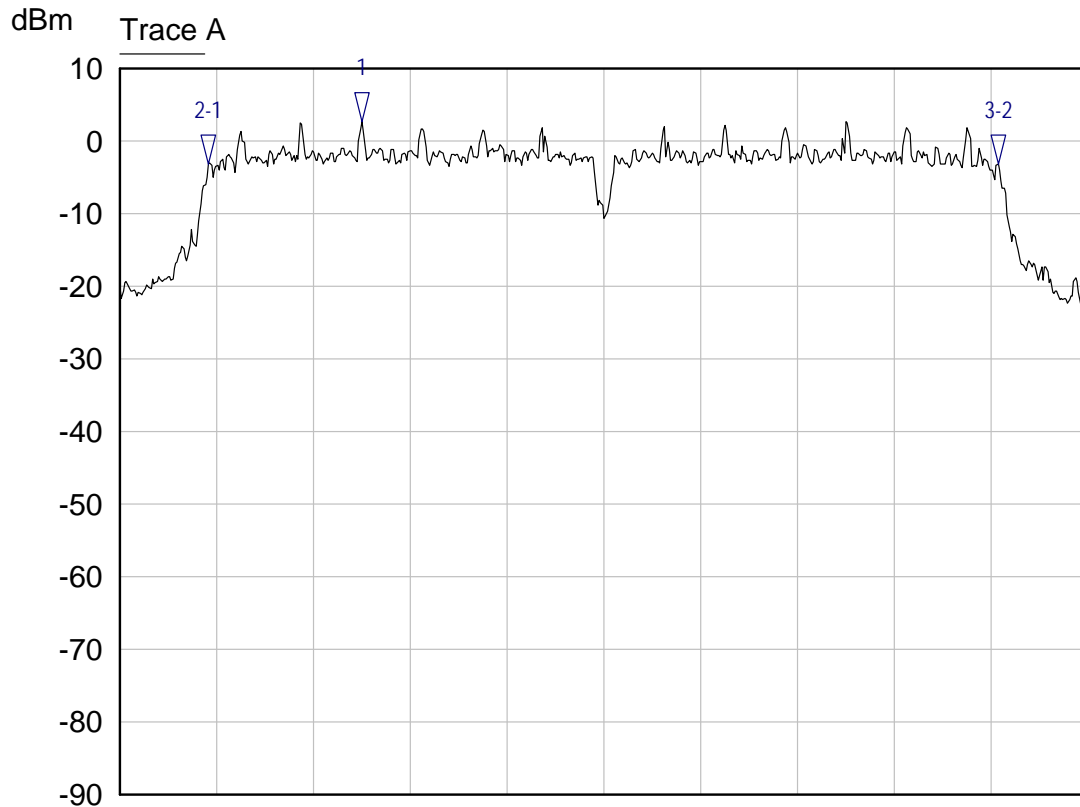
12/13/2012 12:22:34 PM

Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4635 GHz	1.92 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-6.5705 MHz	-6.85 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	10.0962 MHz	0.77 dB	

Lowest Channel 802.11g Emission 6 dB Bandwidth



Start: 2.4020 GHz

Stop: 2.4220 GHz

Res BW: 100 kHz

Vid BW: 300 kHz

Sweep: 50.00 ms

12/13/2012 10:24:48 AM

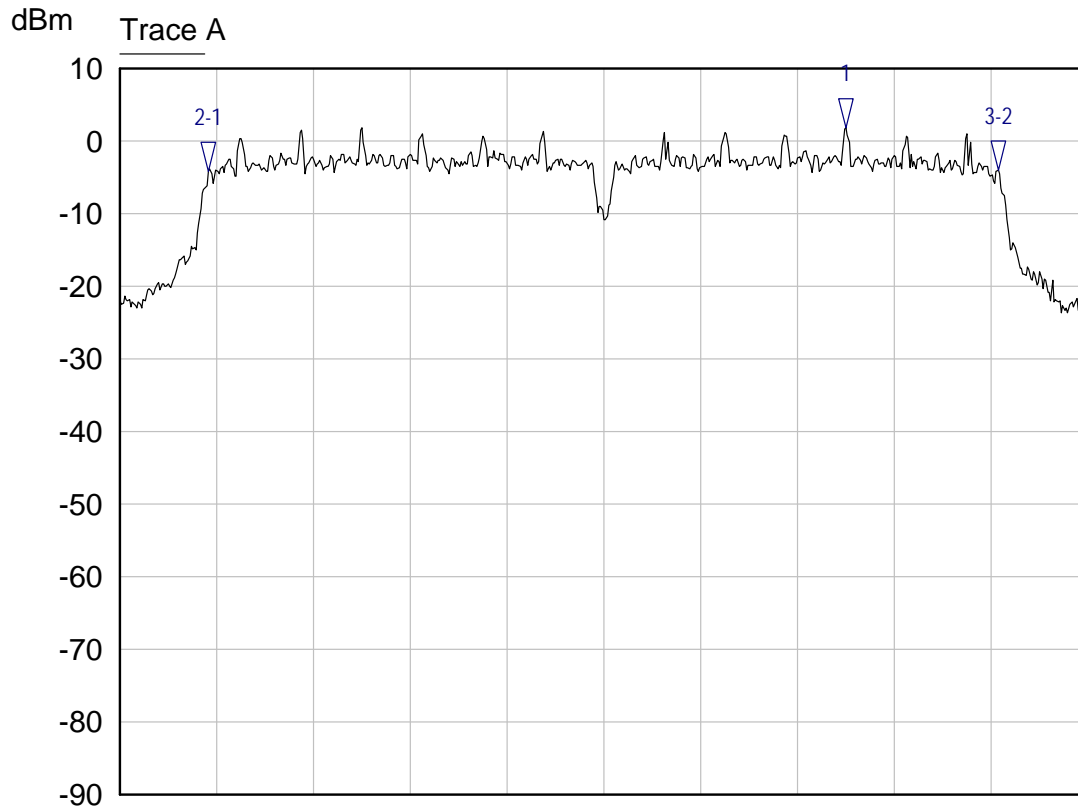
Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4070 GHz	2.71 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-3.1731 MHz	-5.92 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	16.3141 MHz	0.04 dB	

802.11g, power = 32

Middle Channel 802.11g Emission 6 dB Bandwidth



Start: 2.4270 GHz

Stop: 2.4470 GHz

Res BW: 100 kHz

Vid BW: 300 kHz

Sweep: 50.00 ms

12/13/2012 10:41:48 AM

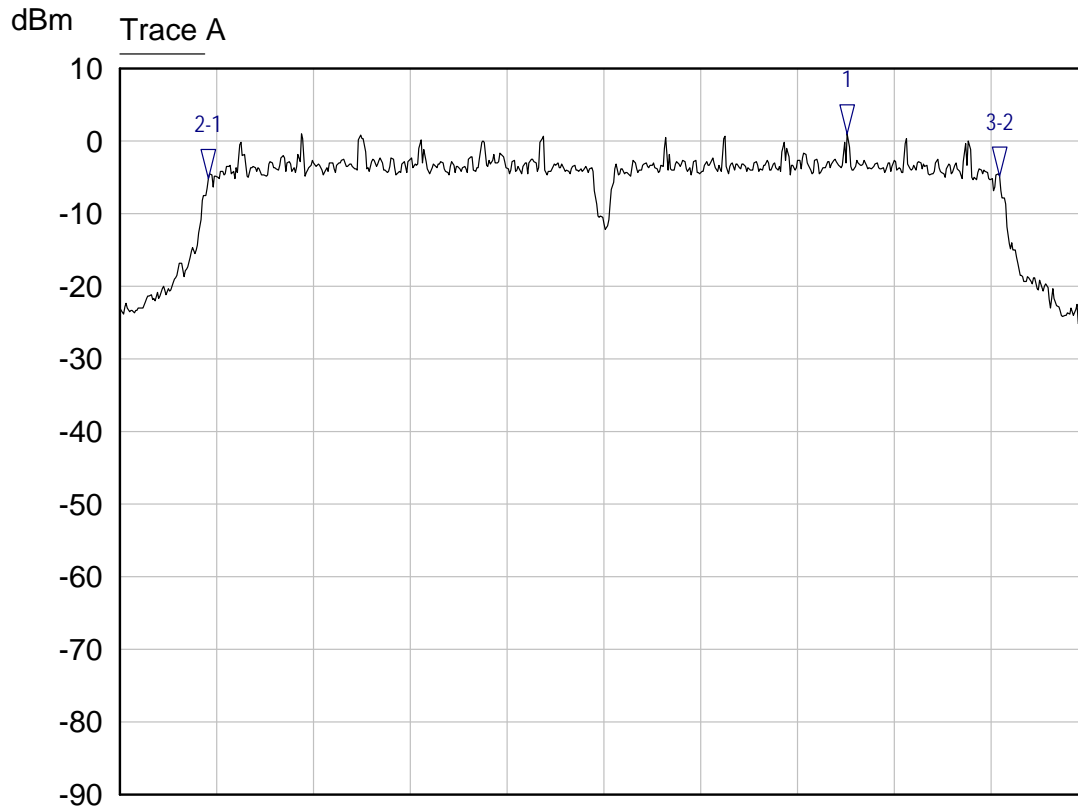
Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4420 GHz	1.88 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-13.1731 MHz	-6.01 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	16.3141 MHz	0.11 dB	

802.11g. power = 32

Highest Channel 802.11g Emission 6 dB Bandwidth



Start: 2.4520 GHz

Stop: 2.4720 GHz

Res BW: 100 kHz

Vid BW: 300 kHz

Sweep: 50.00 ms

12/13/2012 10:51:03 AM

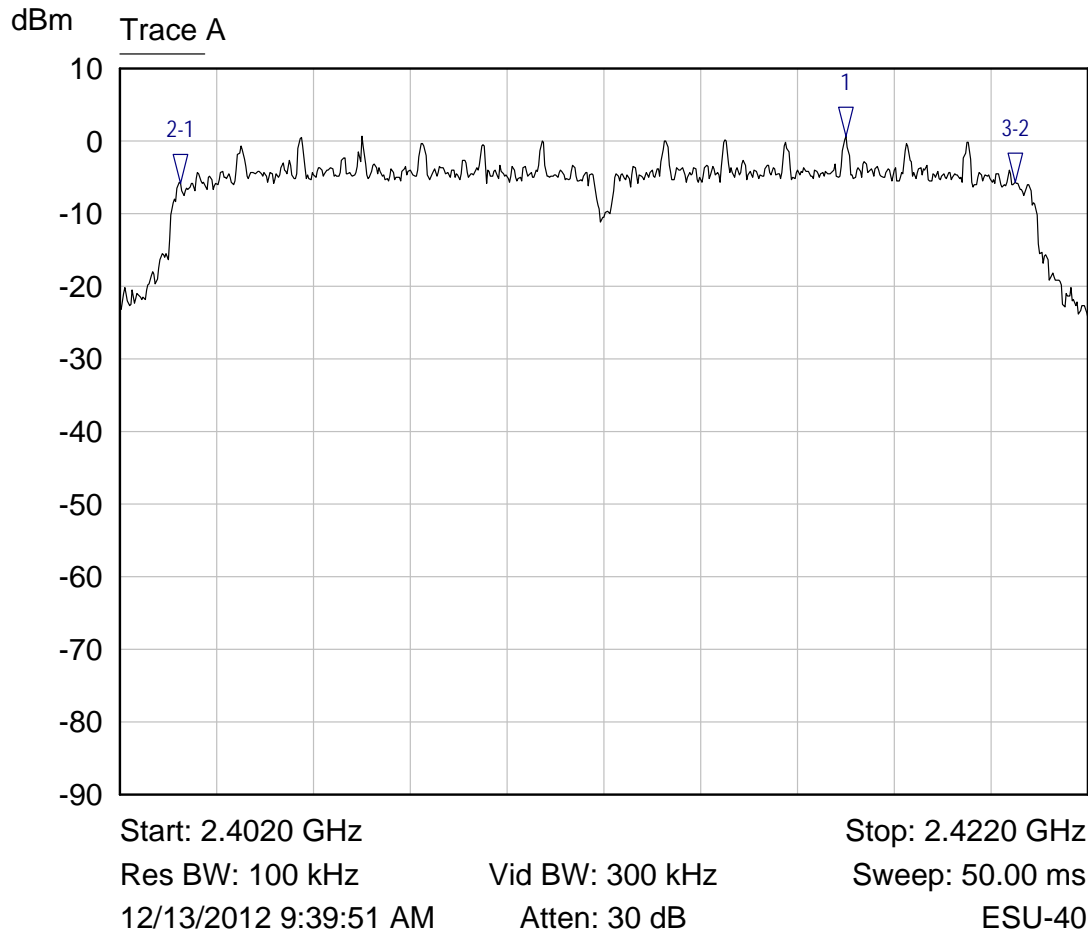
Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4670 GHz	1.00 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-13.2051 MHz	-6.09 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	16.3462 MHz	0.25 dB	

802.11g. power = 32

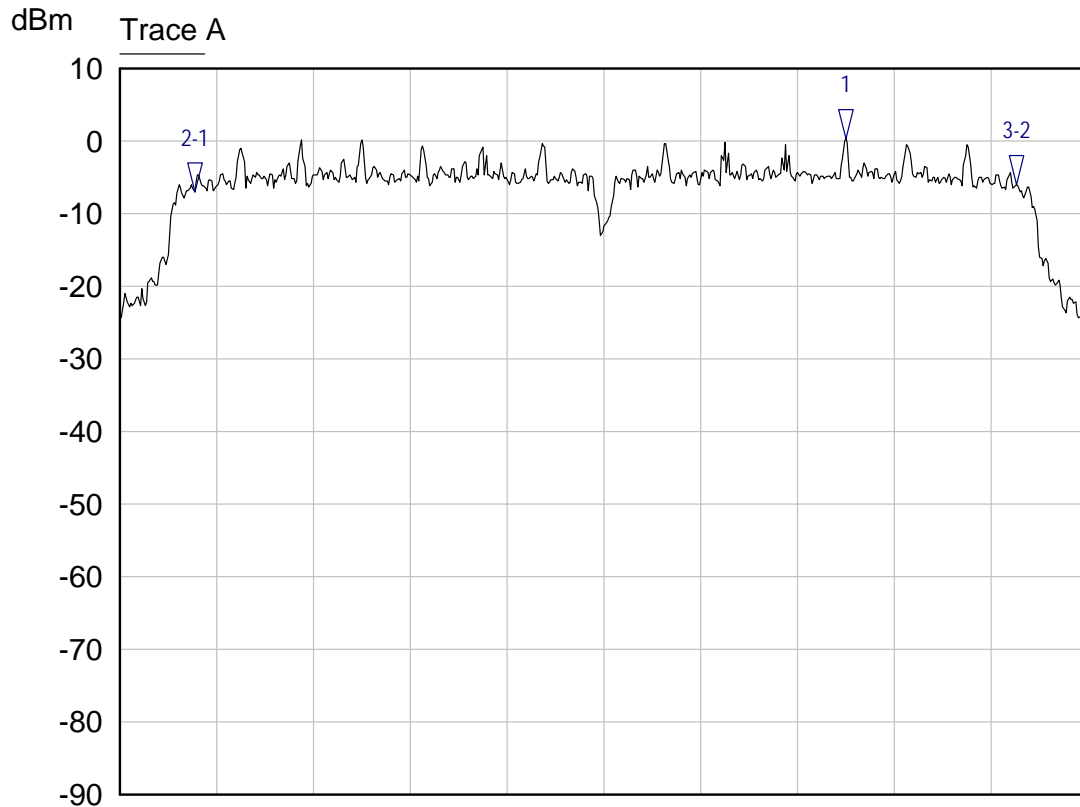
Lowest Channel 802.11n Emission 6 dB Bandwidth



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4170 GHz	0.64 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-13.7500 MHz	-6.55 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	17.2436 MHz	0.24 dB	

802.11n, power = 32

Middle Channel 802.11n Emission 6 dB Bandwidth



Start: 2.4270 GHz

Stop: 2.4470 GHz

Res BW: 100 kHz

Vid BW: 300 kHz

Sweep: 50.00 ms

12/13/2012 9:56:03 AM

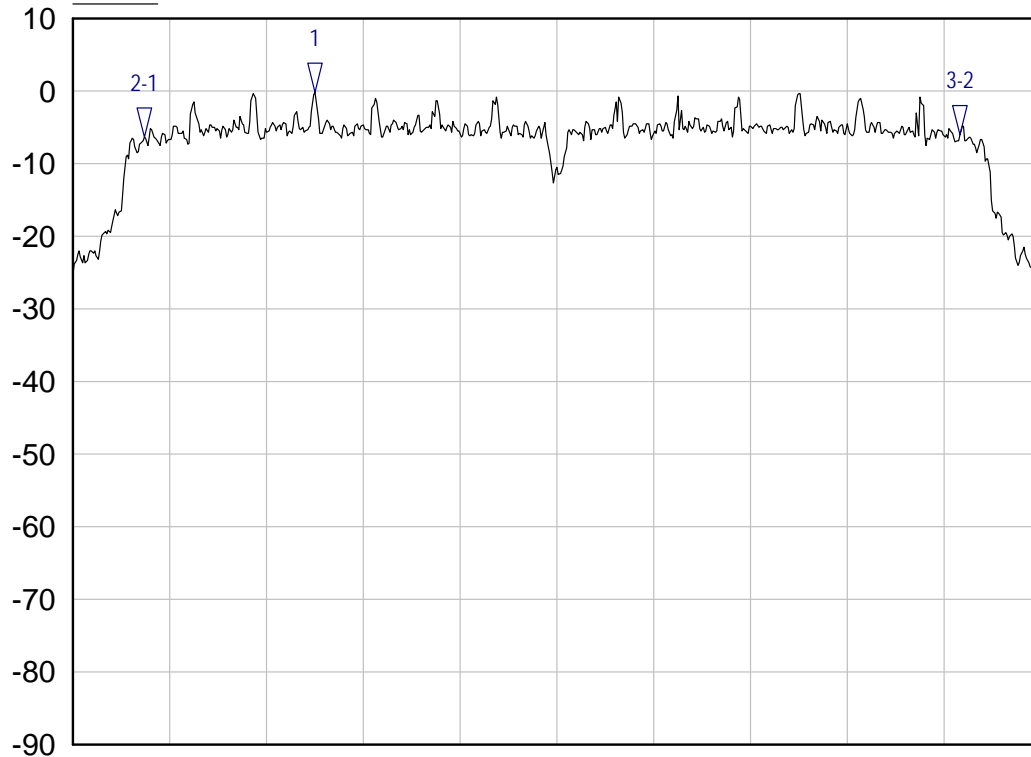
Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4420 GHz	0.30 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-13.4615 MHz	-7.37 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	16.9872 MHz	1.12 dB	

Highest Channel 802.11n Emission 6 dB Bandwidth

dBm Trace A



Start: 2.4520 GHz

Stop: 2.4720 GHz

Res BW: 100 kHz

Vid BW: 300 kHz

Sweep: 50.00 ms

12/13/2012 10:08:33 AM

Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4570 GHz	-0.19 dBm	
2-1 ▽	Trace A	-3.5256 MHz	-6.14 dB	
3-2 ▽	Trace A	16.8590 MHz	0.35 dB	

6.2.3 §15.247(b)(3) Peak Output Power

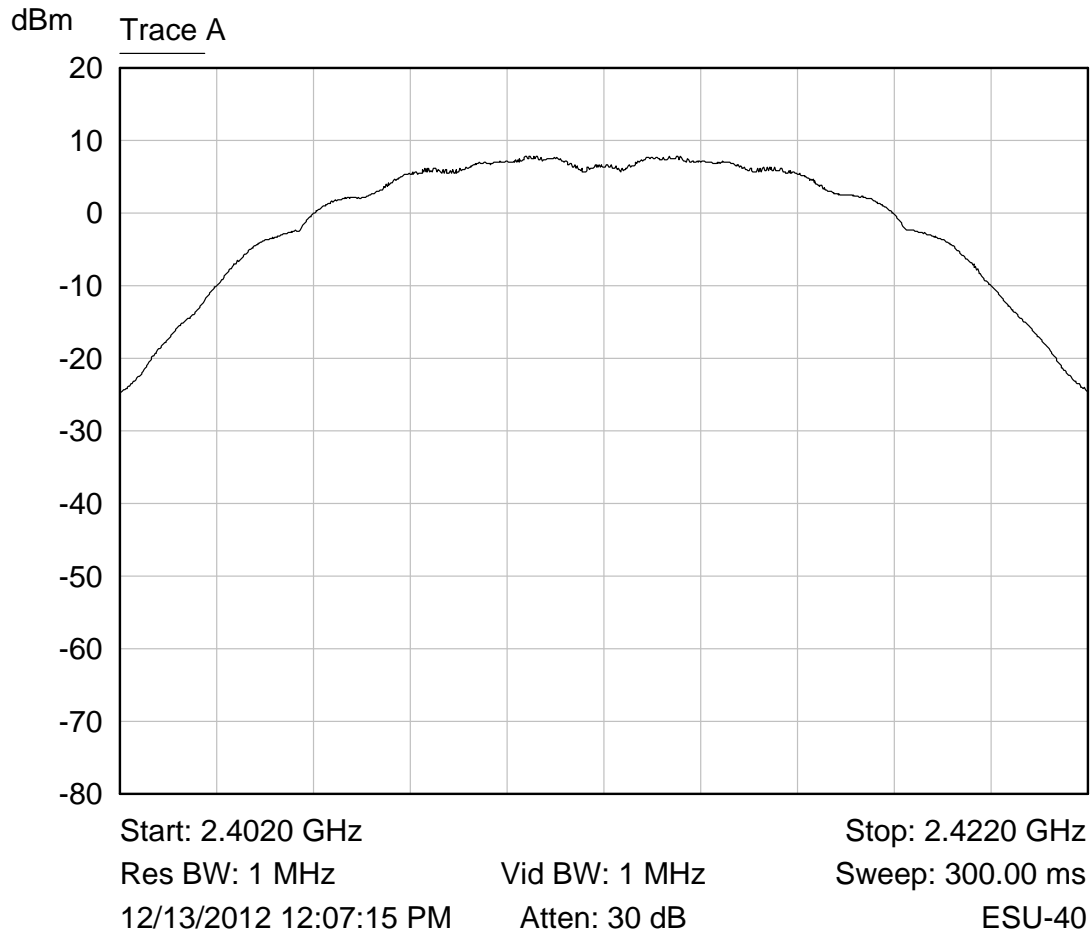
The maximum peak RF conducted output power measured for this device was 20.34 dBm or 108.14 mW. The limit is 30 dBm or 1 Watt when using antennas with 6 dBi or less gain. The antennas specified for use with this device have a maximum gain less than 6 dBi. The measurements were made using the highest power for any channel for each transmit mode.

Frequency (MHz)	802.11b Measured Output Power (dBm)	802.11b Measured Output Power (mW)	802.11g Measured Output Power (dBm)	802.11g Measured Output Power (mW)	802.11n Measured Output Power (dBm)	802.11n Measured Output Power (mW)
2412	15.66	36.81	20.34	108.14	18.64	73.11
2437	15.50	35.48	19.59	90.99	18.16	65.46
2462	15.06	32.06	19.23	83.75	17.79	60.12

RESULT

In the configuration tested, the RF peak output power was less than 1 Watt; therefore, the EUT complied with the requirements of the specification (see spectrum analyzer plots below).

Lowest Channel 802.11b Output Power Plot

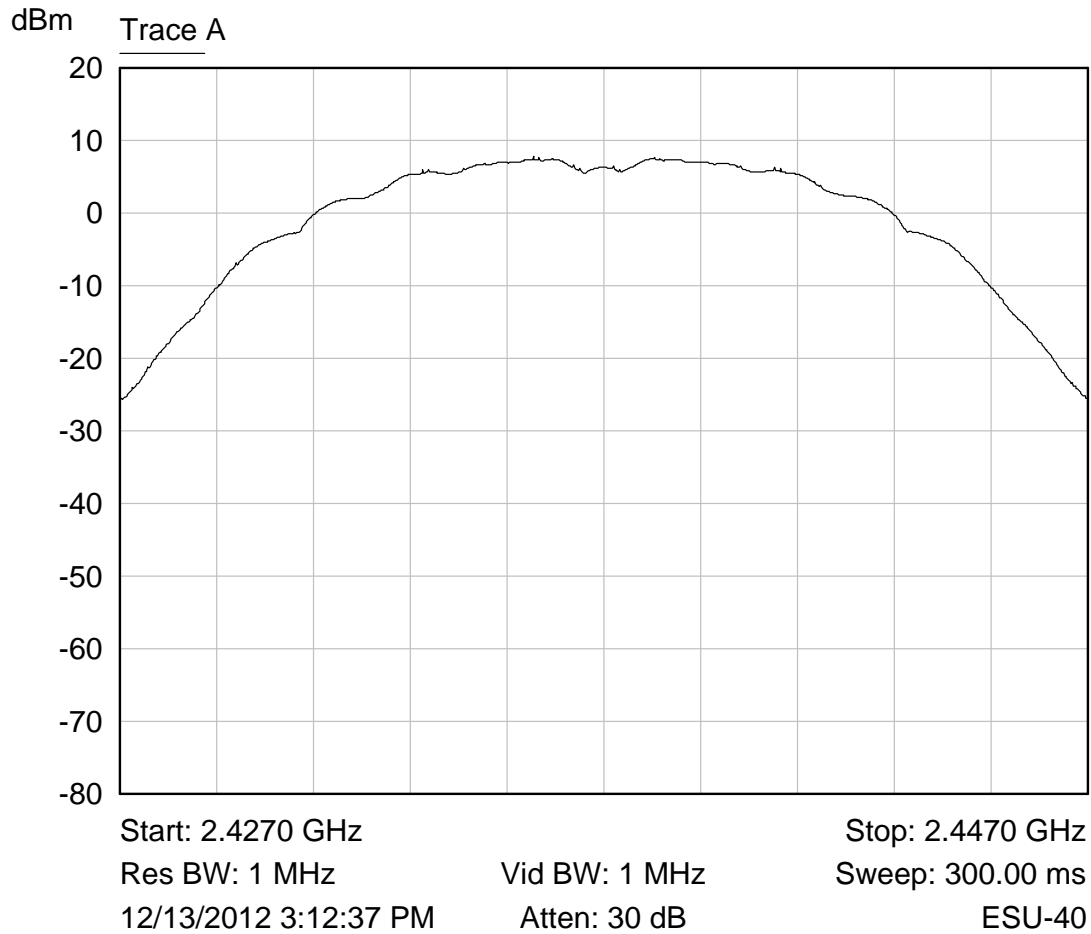


802.11b, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	15.66 dBm

Middle Channel 802.11b Output Power Plot

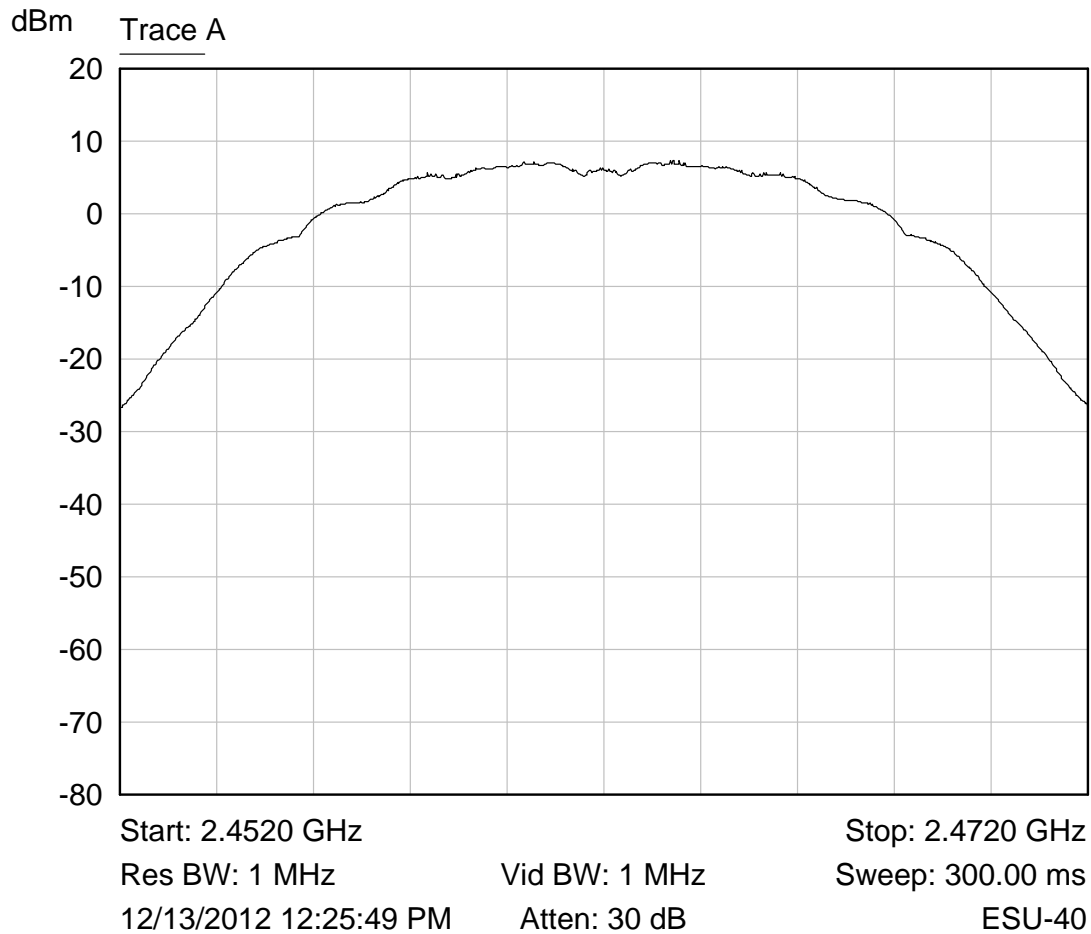


802.11b, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	15.50 dBm

Highest Channel 802.11b Output Power Plot

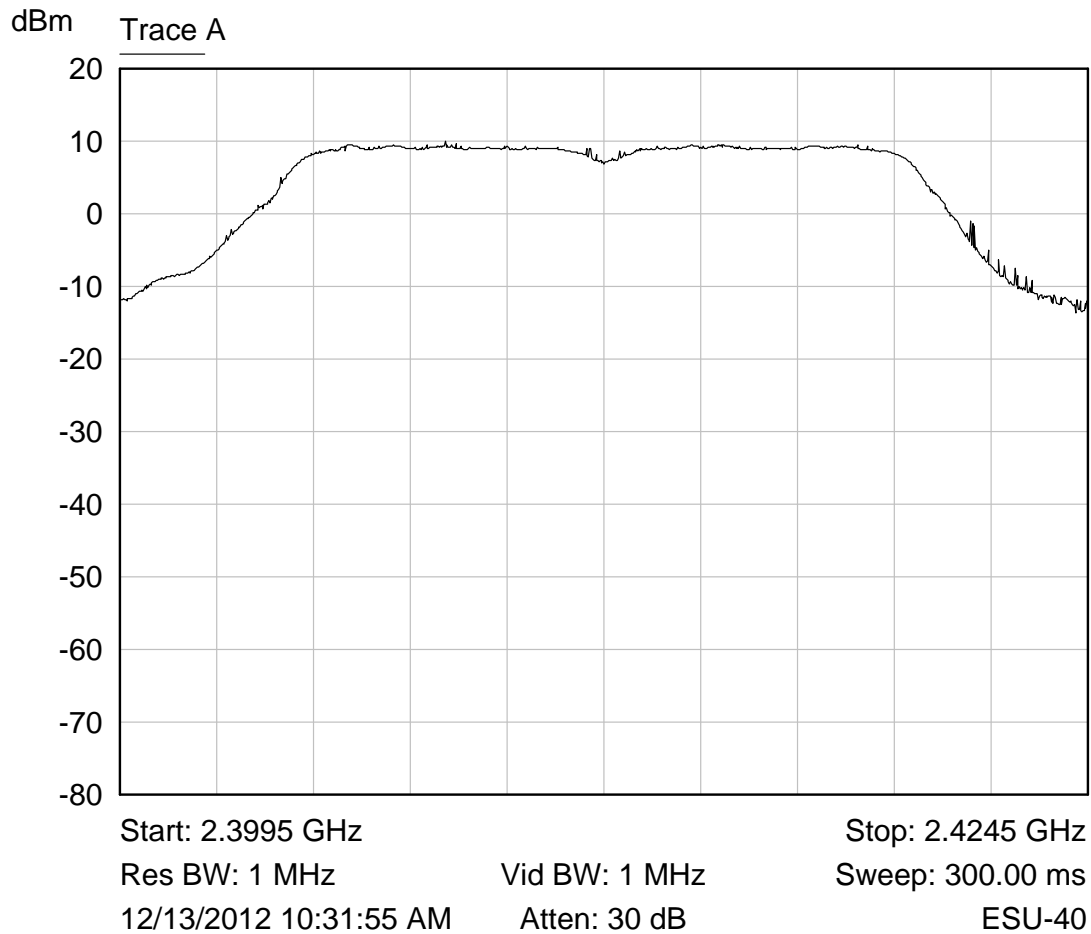


802.11b, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	15.06 dBm

Lowest Channel 802.11g Output Power Plot

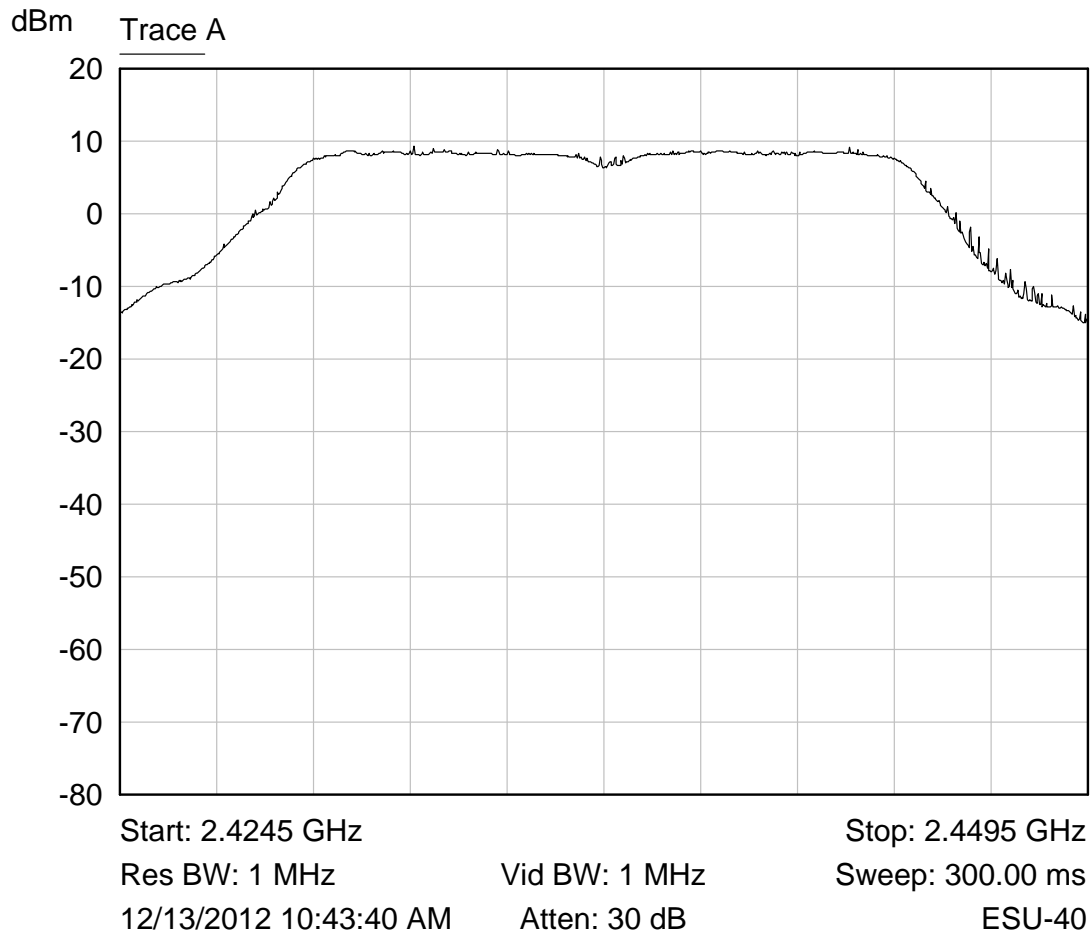


802.11g, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	20.34 dBm

Middle Channel 802.11g Output Power Plot

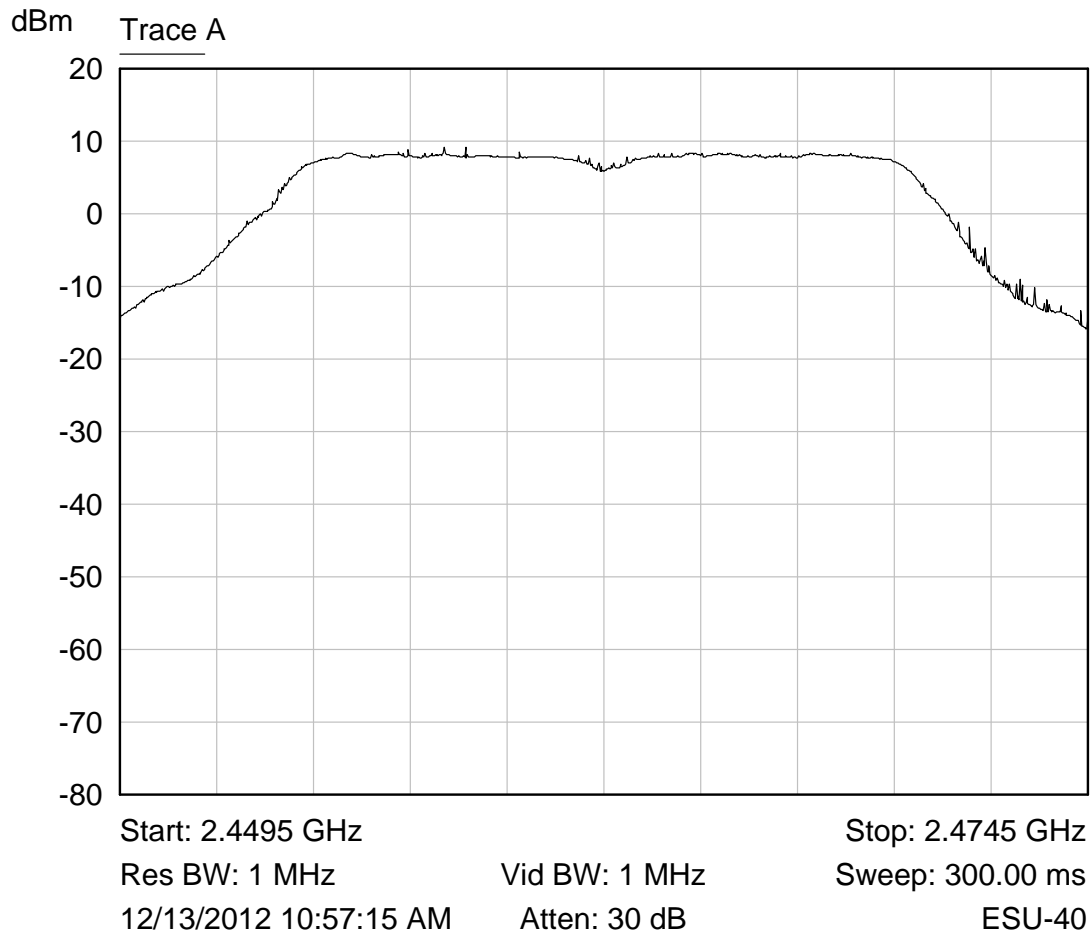


802.11g, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	19.59 dBm

Highest Channel 802.11g Output Power Plot

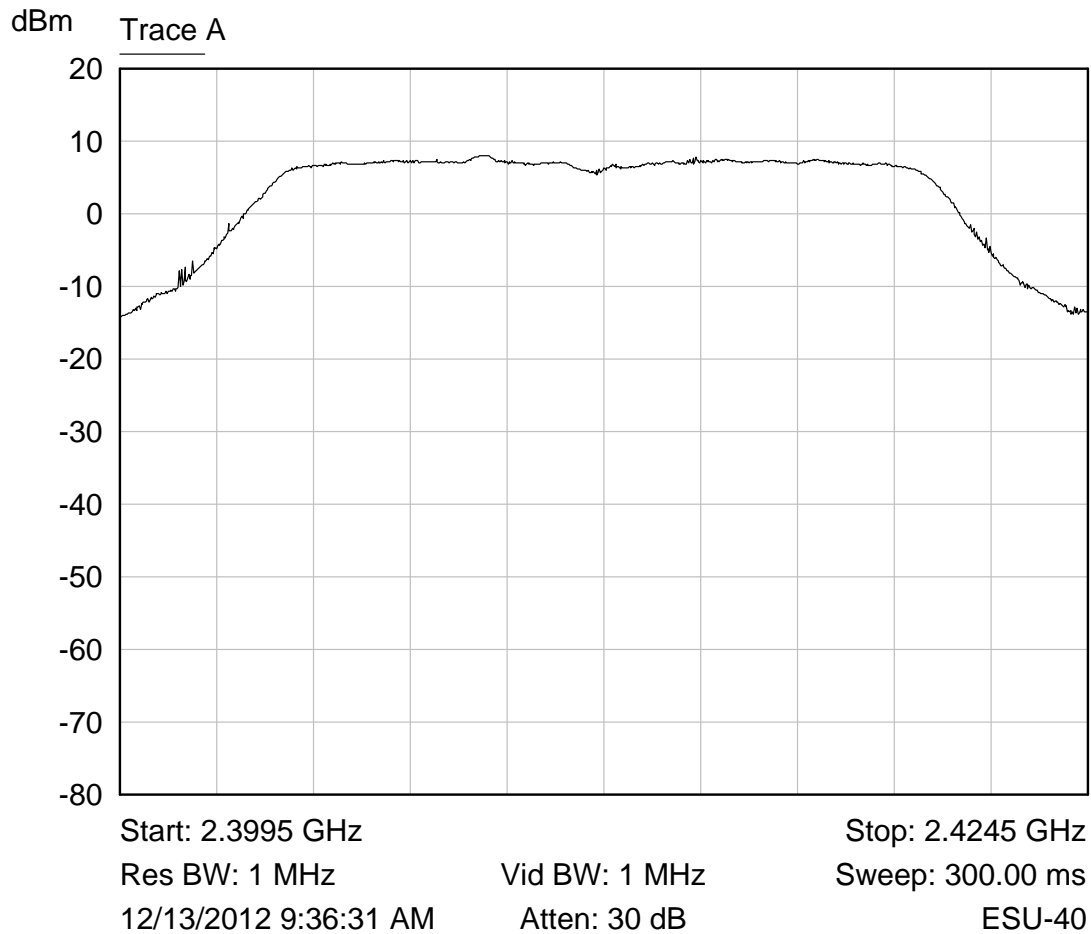


802.11g, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	19.23 dBm

Lowest Channel 802.11n Output Power Plot

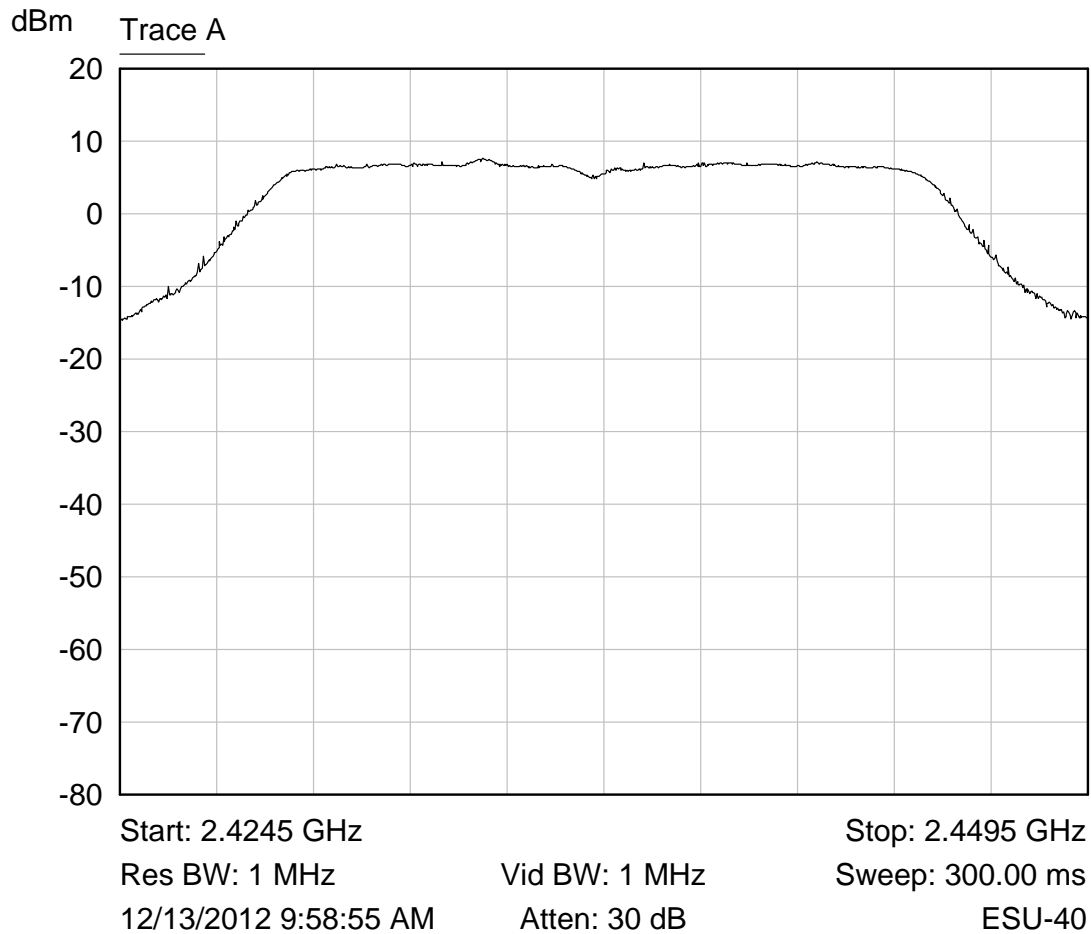


802.11n, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	18.64 dBm

Middle Channel 802.11n Output Power Plot

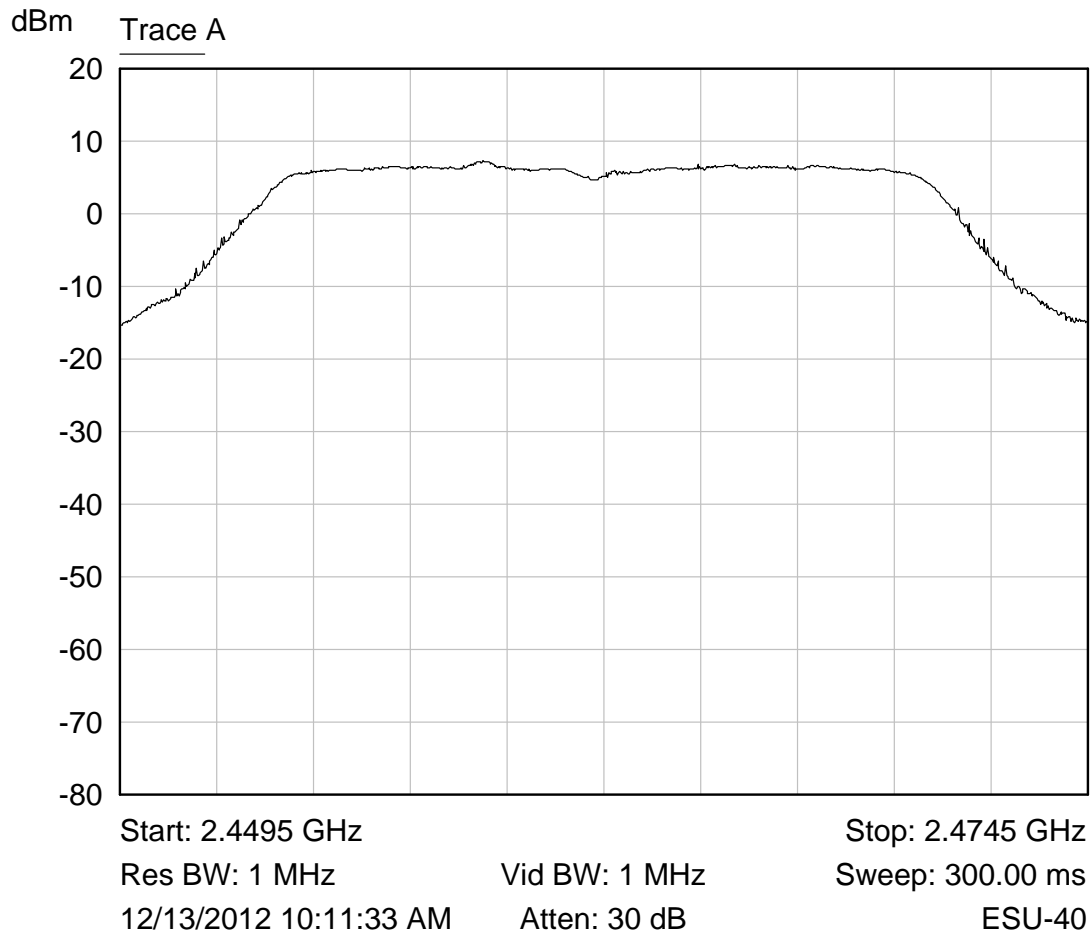


802.11n, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	18.16 dBm

Highest Channel 802.11n Output Power Plot



802.11n, power = 32

Trace A

Measurement Parameter	Value
Channel power	17.79 dBm

6.2.4 §15.247(c) Spurious Emissions**6.2.4.1 Conducted Spurious Emissions**

The frequency range from 0.032 MHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency was investigated to measure any antenna-conducted emissions. The tables show the measurement data from spurious emissions noted across the frequency range when transmitting at the lowest frequency, middle frequency, and upper frequency. The measurements were made using the highest power for any channel for each transmit mode. Shown below are plots with the EUT tuned to the upper and lower channels. These demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this section at the band edges.

The emissions must be attenuated 20 dB below the highest power level measured within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW. The highest level measured in 802.11b mode was 2.4 dBm; therefore, the criteria is $2.4 - 20.0 = -17.6$ dBm. For 802.11g mode, the maximum level was 2.7 dBm; therefore, the criteria is $2.7 - 20 = -17.1$ dBm. For 802.11n mode, the maximum level was 0.7 dBm; therefore, the criteria is $0.7 - 20 = -19.3$ dBm.

RESULT

Conducted spurious emissions were attenuated 20 dB or more from the fundamental; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

6.2.4.1.1 802.11b Mode**Transmitting on the Lowest Channel – 802.11b**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4824	-53.8	-17.6	-36.2
7236	-66.0	-17.6	-48.4
9648	-62.1	-17.6	-44.5
12060	-65.6	-17.6	-48.0
14472	-66.2	-17.6	-48.6
16884	-66.4	-17.6	-48.8
19296	-65.6	-17.6	-48.0
21708	-65.5	-17.6	-47.9
24120	-65.0	-17.6	-47.4

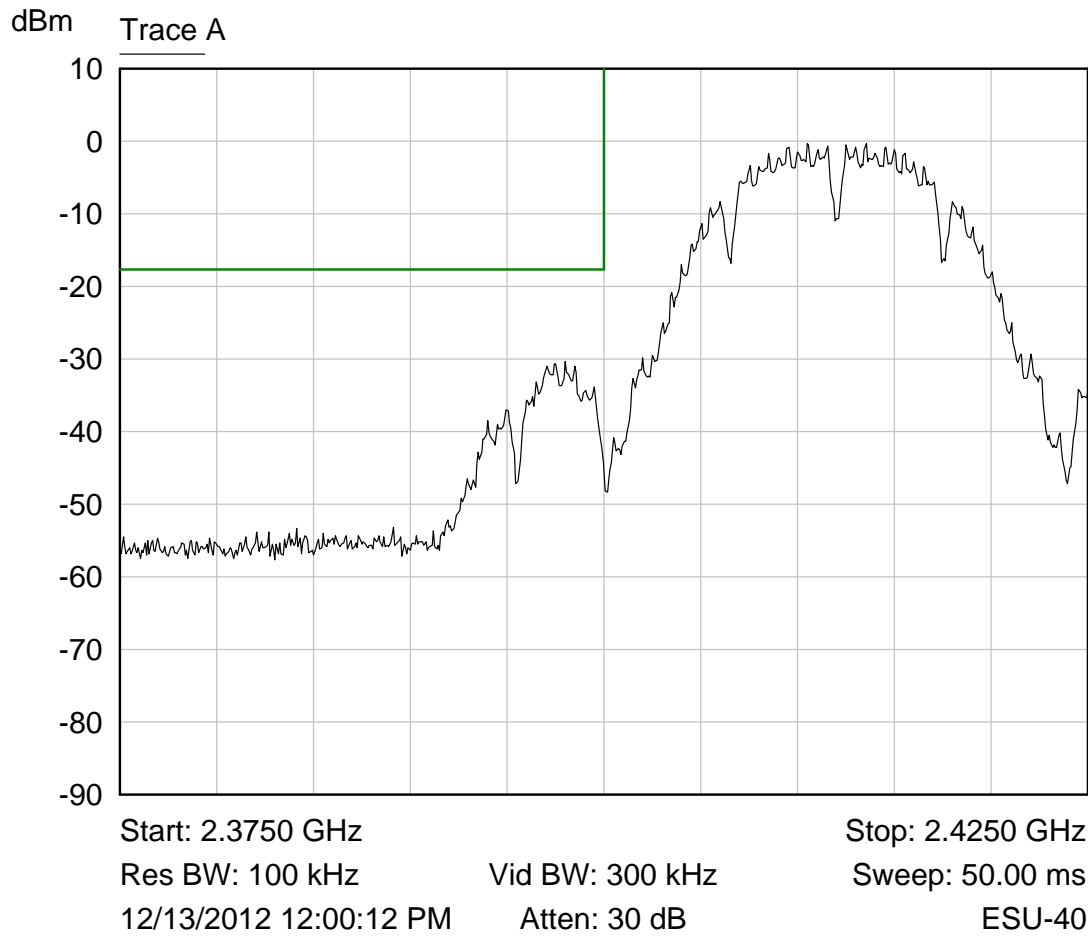
Transmitting on the Middle Channel – 802.11b

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4874	-52.7	-17.6	-35.1
7311	-66.2	-17.6	-48.6
9748	-61.6	-17.6	-44.0
12185	-66.8	-17.6	-49.2
14662	-66.6	-17.6	-49.0
17059	-66.2	-17.6	-48.6
19496	-66.5	-17.6	-48.9
21993	-65.9	-17.6	-48.3
24370	-64.8	-17.6	-47.2

Transmitting on the Highest Channel – 802.11b

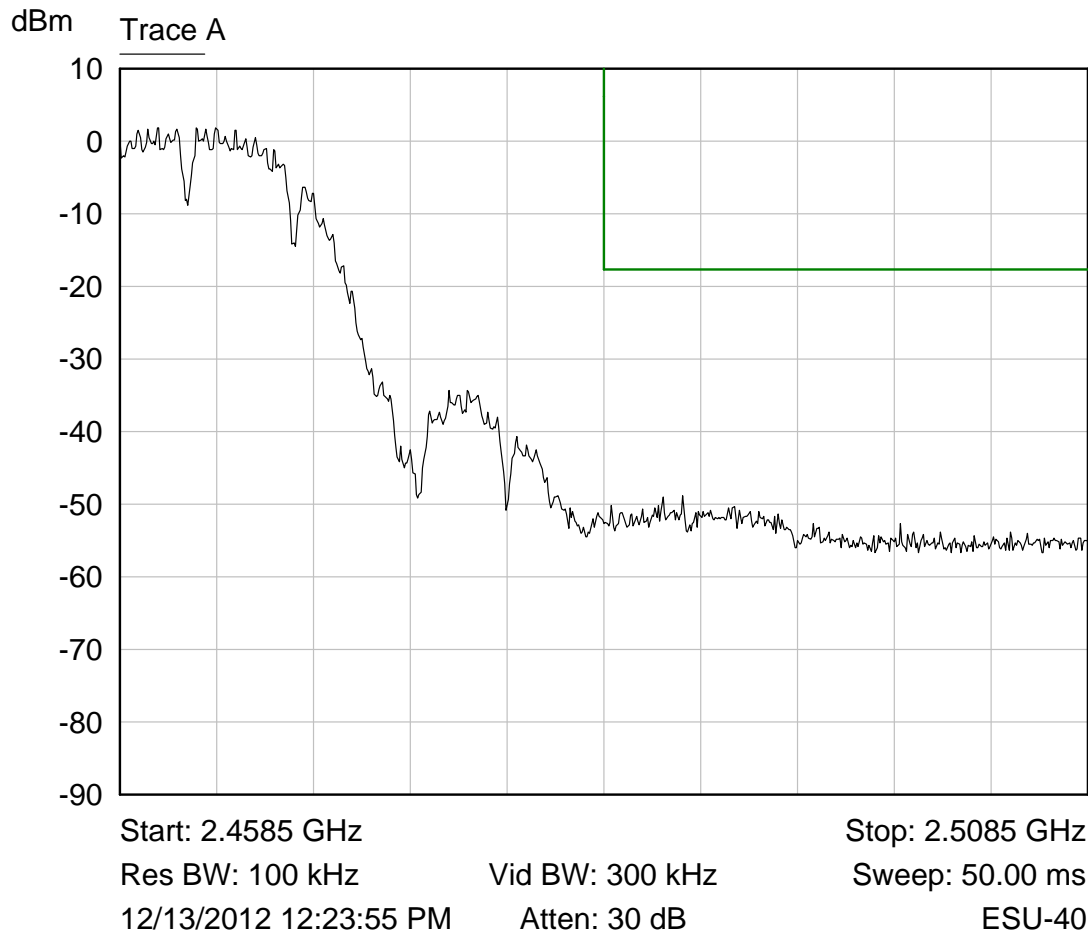
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4924	-53.0	-17.6	-35.4
7386	-66.3	-17.6	-48.7
9848	-62.1	-17.6	-44.5
12310	-66.3	-17.6	-48.7
14772	-65.9	-17.6	-48.3
17234	-65.8	-17.6	-48.2
19696	-65.8	-17.6	-48.2
22158	-65.9	-17.6	-48.3
24620	-64.6	-17.6	-47.0

Lower Band Edge Plot – 802.11b



802.11b, power = 32

Upper Band Edge Plot – 802.11b



802.11b, power = 32

6.2.4.1.2 802.11g Mode

Transmitting on the Lowest Channel – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4824	-55.1	-17.1	-38.0
7236	-66.2	-17.1	-49.1
9648	-65.0	-17.1	-47.9
12060	-65.0	-17.1	-47.9
14472	-65.7	-17.1	-48.6
16884	-66.3	-17.1	-49.2
19296	-65.8	-17.1	-48.7
21708	-65.5	-17.1	-48.4
24120	-64.1	-17.1	-47.0

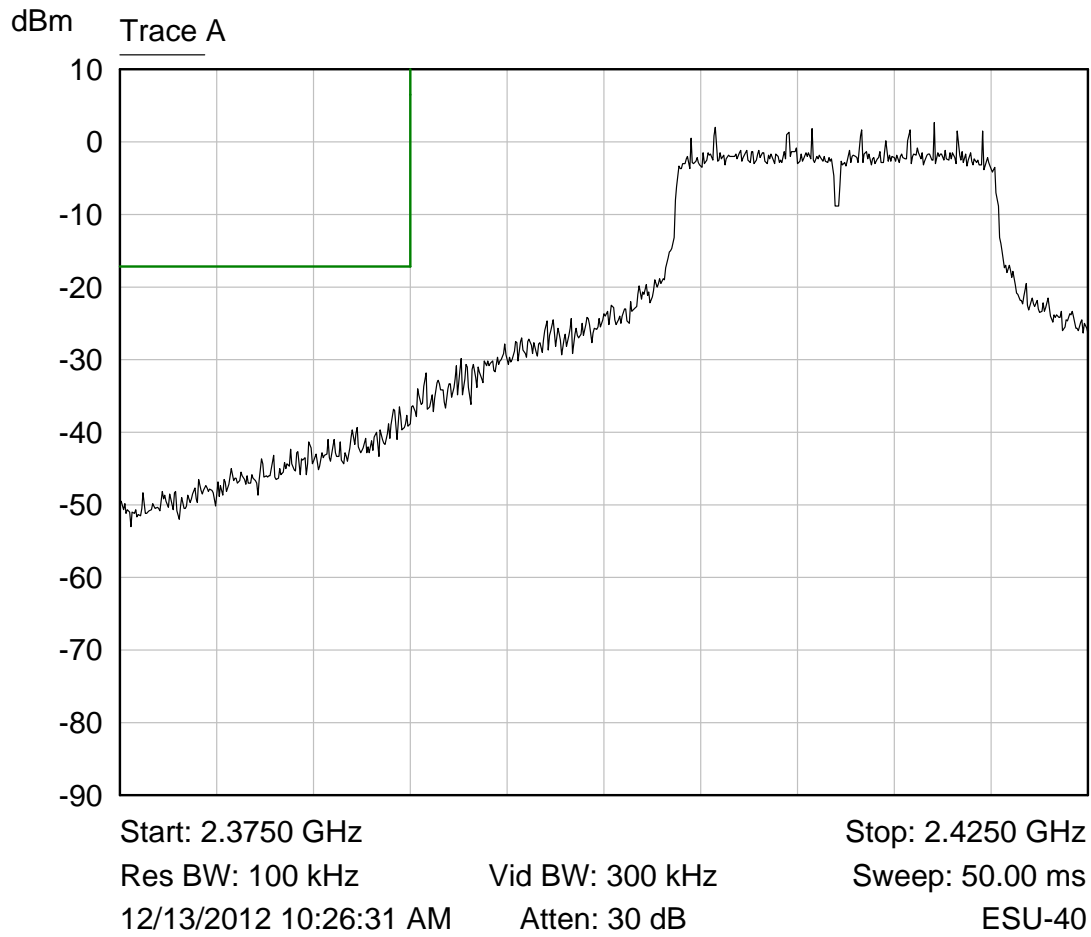
Transmitting on the Middle Channel – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4874	-54.5	-17.1	-37.4
7311	-66.3	-17.1	-49.2
9748	-64.8	-17.1	-47.7
12185	-66.4	-17.1	-49.3
14662	-65.6	-17.1	-48.5
17059	-66.0	-17.1	-48.9
19496	-65.9	-17.1	-48.8
21993	-65.8	-17.1	-48.7
24370	-65.4	-17.1	-48.3

Transmitting on the Highest Channel – 802.11g

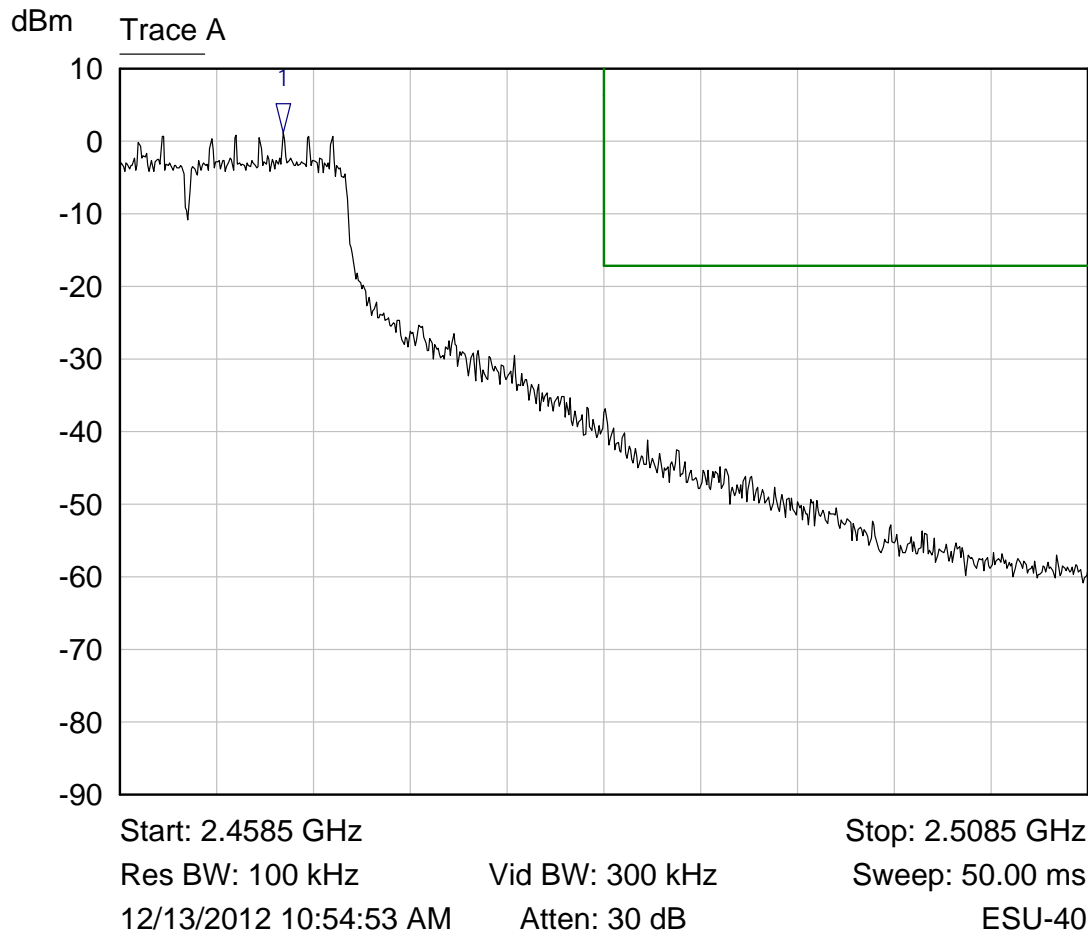
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4924	-54.9	-17.1	-37.8
7386	-66.2	-17.1	-49.1
9848	-65.5	-17.1	-48.4
12310	-65.9	-17.1	-48.8
14772	-65.8	-17.1	-48.7
17234	-65.4	-17.1	-48.3
19696	-66.0	-17.1	-48.9
22158	-65.8	-17.1	-48.7
24620	-64.7	-17.1	-47.6

Lower Band Edge Plot – 802.11g



802.11g, power = 32

Upper Band Edge Plot – 802.11g



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4669 GHz	1.17 dBm	

802.11g, power = 32

6.2.4.1.3 802.11n Mode**Transmitting on the Lowest Channel – 802.11n**

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4824	-53.2	-19.3	-33.9
7236	-65.7	-19.3	-46.4
9648	-65.2	-19.3	-45.9
12060	-65.8	-19.3	-46.5
14472	-65.9	-19.3	-46.6
16884	-65.5	-19.3	-46.2
19296	-65.5	-19.3	-46.2
21708	-65.0	-19.3	-45.7
24120	-64.5	-19.3	-45.2

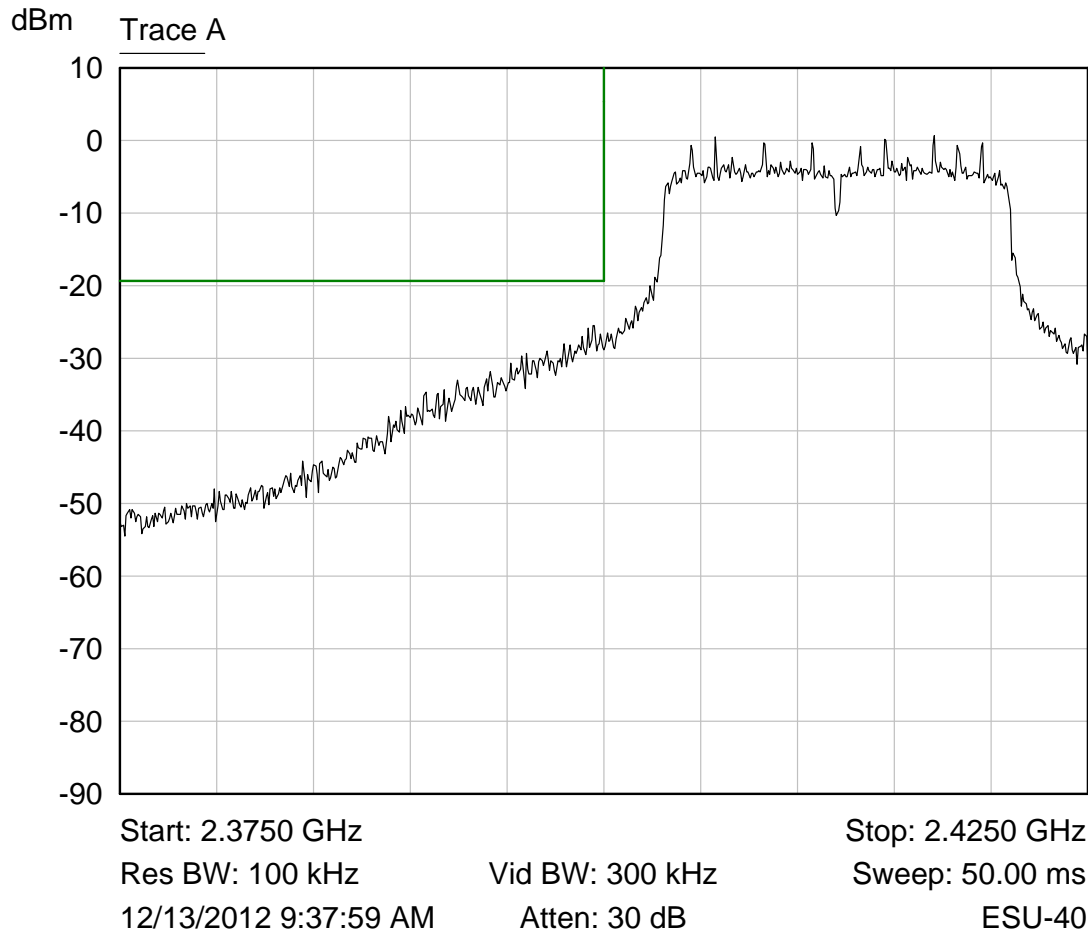
Transmitting on the Middle Channel – 802.11n

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4874	-54.9	-19.3	-35.6
7311	-65.0	-19.3	-45.7
9748	-65.0	-19.3	-45.7
12185	-66.7	-19.3	-47.4
14662	-65.7	-19.3	-46.4
17059	-65.6	-19.3	-46.3
19496	-65.9	-19.3	-46.6
21993	-65.0	-19.3	-45.7
24370	-65.6	-19.3	-46.3

Transmitting on the Highest Channel – 802.11n

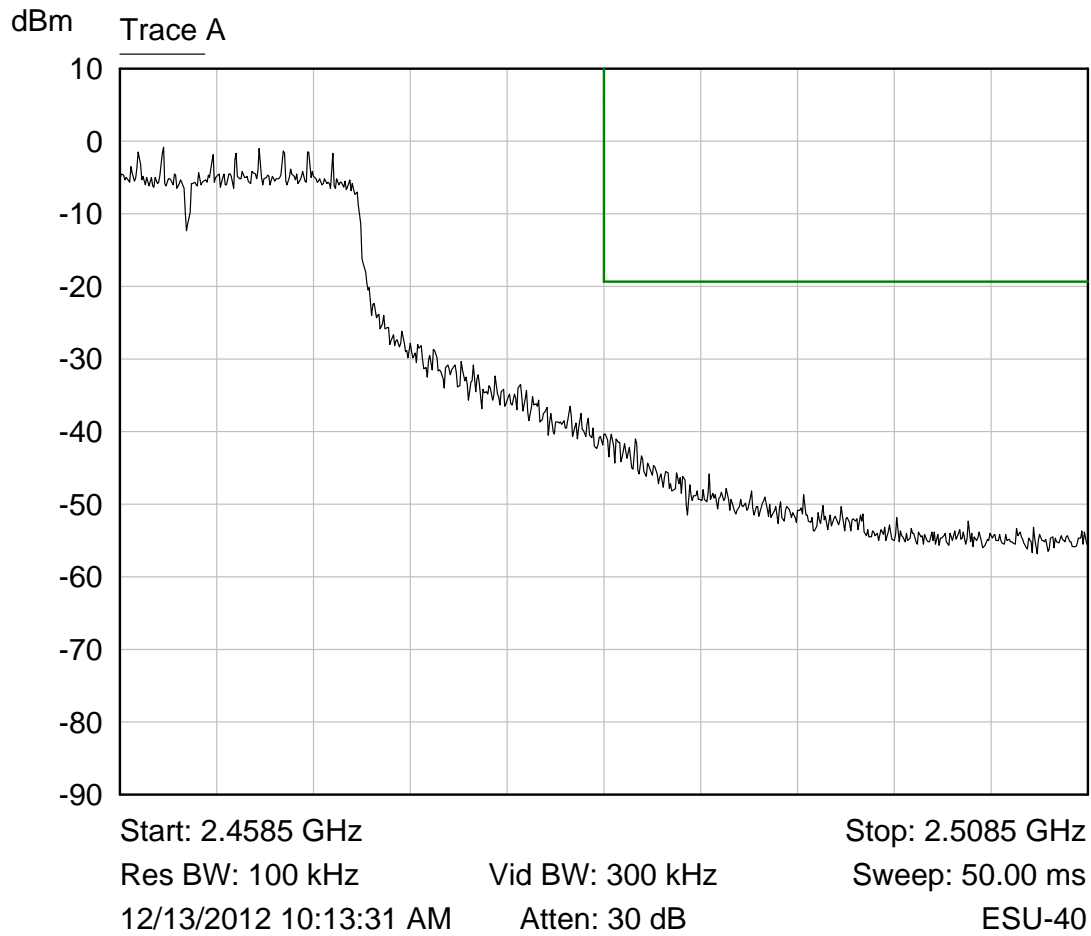
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Level (dBm)	Criteria (dBm)	Margin (dB)
4924	-54.7	-19.3	-35.4
7386	-65.7	-19.3	-46.4
9848	-65.6	-19.3	-46.3
12310	-65.3	-19.3	-46.0
14772	-65.6	-19.3	-46.3
17234	-65.1	-19.3	-45.8
19696	-65.5	-19.3	-46.2
22158	-65.9	-19.3	-46.6
24620	-64.5	-19.3	-45.2

Lower Band Edge Plot – 802.11n



802.11n, power = 32

Upper Band Edge Plot – 802.11n



802.11n, power = 32

6.2.4.2 Radiated Emissions in the Restricted Bands of §15.205

The frequency range from 0.032 MHz to 25 GHz was investigated to measure any radiated emissions in the restricted bands. The following tables show measurements of any emission that fell into the restricted bands of §15.205. The tables show the worst-case emission measured from the ELRT-LIB10. For frequencies above 12.5 GHz, a measurement distance of 1 meter was used. The noise floor was a minimum of 6 dB below the limit. The emissions in the restricted bands must meet the limits specified in §15.209. Tabular data for each of the spurious emissions when transmitting at the maximum power setting for any channel for each mode is shown below. Plots of the band edges are also shown. Since channels use different power settings while operating in 802.11g and 802.11n, band edge plots are also shown at the maximum power settings.

AVERAGE FACTOR

There was no average factor applied.

RESULT

All emissions in the restricted bands of §15.205 met the limits specified in §15.209; therefore, the EUT complies with the specification.

6.2.4.2.1 Internal Trace Antenna**6.2.4.2.1.1 802.11b**

Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency – 802.11b

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.0	Peak	Vertical	6.2	37.8	44.0	74.0	-30.0
4824.0	Average	Vertical	1.4	37.8	39.2	54.0	-14.8
4824.0	Peak	Horizontal	7.2	37.8	45.0	74.0	-29.0
4824.0	Average	Horizontal	2.4	37.8	40.2	54.0	-13.8
7236.0	Peak	Vertical	1.9	42.1	44.0	74.0	-30.0
7236.0	Average	Vertical	-10.1	42.1	32.0	54.0	-22.0
7236.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.2	42.1	44.3	74.0	-29.7
7236.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.2	42.1	32.9	54.0	-21.1

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
12060.0	Peak	Vertical	0.6	47.1	47.7	74.0	-26.3
12060.0	Average	Vertical	-12.2	47.1	34.9	54.0	-19.1
12060.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.0	47.1	47.1	74.0	-26.9
12060.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.3	47.1	34.8	54.0	-19.2

Transmitting at the Middle Frequency – 802.11b

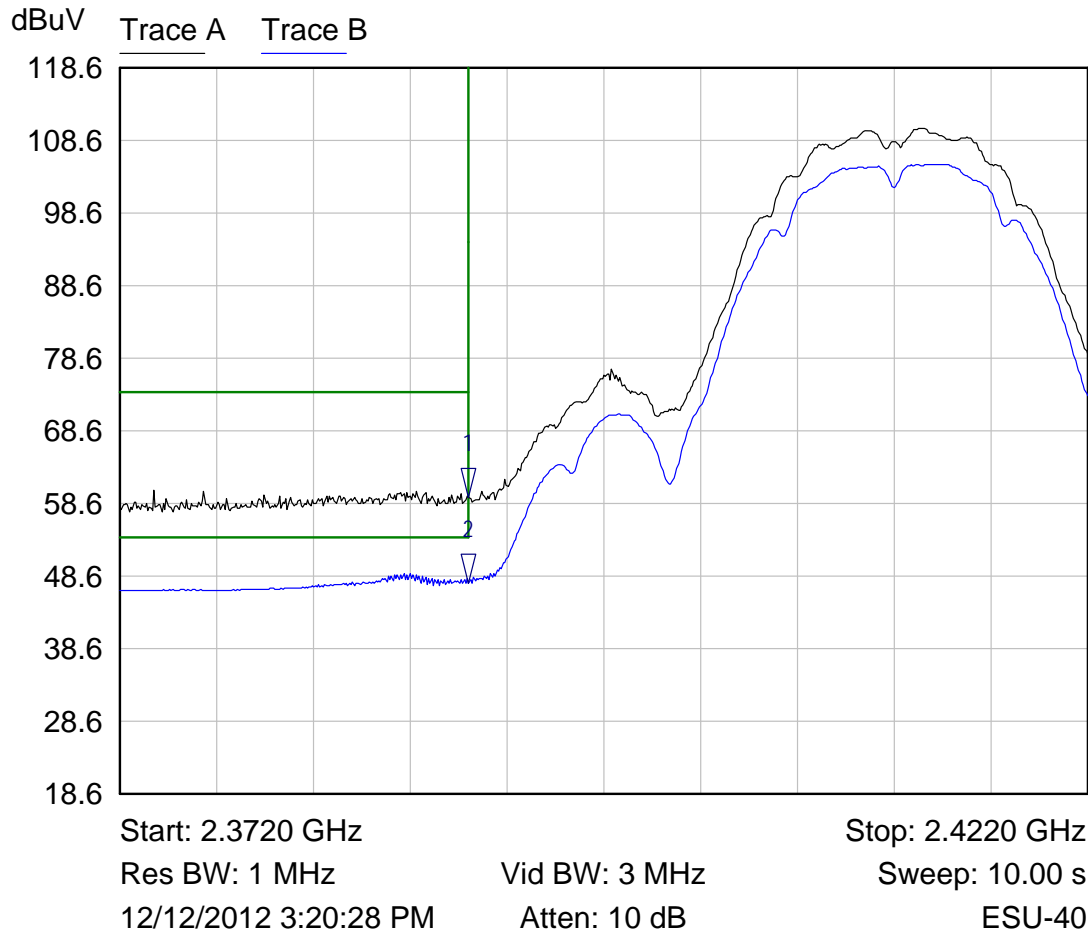
Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.0	Peak	Vertical	3.2	37.9	41.1	74.0	-32.9
4874.0	Average	Vertical	-1.1	37.9	36.8	54.0	-17.2
4874.0	Peak	Horizontal	4.5	37.9	42.4	74.0	-31.6
4874.0	Average	Horizontal	-0.1	37.9	37.8	54.0	-16.2
7311.0	Peak	Vertical	2.3	42.3	44.6	74.0	-29.4
7311.0	Average	Vertical	-9.8	42.3	32.5	54.0	-21.5
7311.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.4	42.3	44.7	74.0	-29.3
7311.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.8	42.3	32.5	54.0	-21.5
12185.0	Peak	Vertical	0.7	47.0	47.7	74.0	-26.3
12185.0	Average	Vertical	-12.2	47.0	34.8	54.0	-19.2
12185.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.3	47.0	46.7	74.0	-27.3
12185.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.3	47.0	34.7	54.0	-19.3

Transmitting at the Highest Frequency – 802.11b

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4924.0	Peak	Vertical	3.0	38.0	41.0	74.0	-33.0
4924.0	Average	Vertical	-3.1	38.0	34.9	54.0	-19.1
4924.0	Peak	Horizontal	4.4	38.0	42.4	74.0	-31.6
4924.0	Average	Horizontal	-1.4	38.0	36.6	54.0	-17.4
7386.0	Peak	Vertical	2.6	42.5	45.1	74.0	-28.9
7386.0	Average	Vertical	-9.4	42.5	33.1	54.0	-20.9
7386.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.7	42.5	43.2	74.0	-30.8
7386.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.8	42.5	32.7	54.0	-21.3
12310.0	Peak	Vertical	-1.8	47.0	45.2	74.0	-28.8
12310.0	Average	Vertical	-12.8	47.0	34.2	54.0	-19.8
12310.0	Peak	Horizontal	-1.1	47.0	45.9	74.0	-28.1
12310.0	Average	Horizontal	-13.0	47.0	34.0	54.0	-20.0

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands. Noise floor was greater than 6 dB below the limit. At frequencies above 12.5 GHz, a 1 meter measurement distance was used.

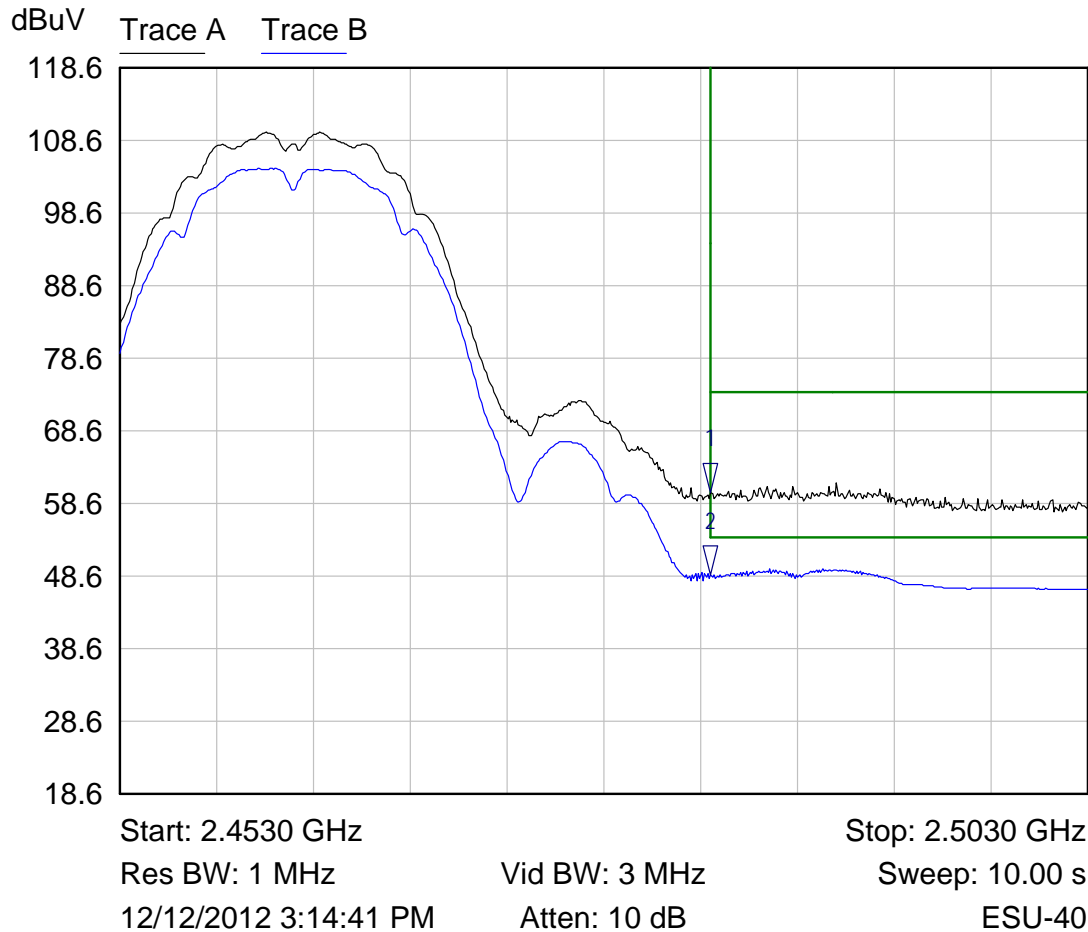
Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot – 802.11b



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	59.42 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	47.59 dBuV	

internal antenna, power level = 32, 802.11b

Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot – 802.11b



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	60.16 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	48.72 dBuV	

internal antenna, power level = 32, 802.11b

6.2.4.2.1.2 802.11g

Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.0	Peak	Vertical	2.5	37.8	40.3	74.0	-33.7
4824.0	Average	Vertical	-8.1	37.8	29.7	54.0	-24.3
4824.0	Peak	Horizontal	7.5	37.8	45.3	74.0	-28.7
4824.0	Average	Horizontal	-5.3	37.8	32.5	54.0	-21.5
7236.0	Peak	Vertical	4.9	42.1	47.0	74.0	-27.0
7236.0	Average	Vertical	-8.7	42.1	33.4	54.0	-20.6
7236.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.0	42.1	44.1	74.0	-29.9
7236.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.8	42.1	32.3	54.0	-21.7
12060.0	Peak	Vertical	0.2	47.1	47.3	74.0	-26.7
12060.0	Average	Vertical	-12.2	47.1	34.9	54.0	-19.1
12060.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.1	47.1	47.2	74.0	-26.8
12060.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.4	47.1	34.7	54.0	-19.3

Transmitting at the Middle Frequency – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.0	Peak	Vertical	2.4	37.9	40.3	74.0	-33.7
4874.0	Average	Vertical	-8.9	37.9	29.0	54.0	-25.0
4874.0	Peak	Horizontal	6.3	37.9	44.2	74.0	-29.8
4874.0	Average	Horizontal	-6.0	37.9	31.9	54.0	-22.1
7311.0	Peak	Vertical	5.3	42.3	47.6	74.0	-26.4
7311.0	Average	Vertical	-8.7	42.3	33.6	54.0	-20.4

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
7311.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.7	42.3	45.0	74.0	-29.0
7311.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.8	42.3	32.5	54.0	-21.5
12185.0	Peak	Vertical	0.3	47.0	47.3	74.0	-26.7
12185.0	Average	Vertical	-12.2	47.0	34.8	54.0	-19.2
12185.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.0	47.0	47.0	74.0	-27.0
12185.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.2	47.0	34.8	54.0	-19.2

Transmitting at the Highest Frequency – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4924.0	Peak	Vertical	3.8	38.0	41.8	74.0	-32.2
4924.0	Average	Vertical	-7.7	38.0	30.3	54.0	-23.7
4924.0	Peak	Horizontal	6.8	38.0	44.8	74.0	-29.2
4924.0	Average	Horizontal	-5.6	38.0	32.4	54.0	-21.6
7386.0	Peak	Vertical	4.1	42.5	46.6	74.0	-27.4
7386.0	Average	Vertical	-5.7	42.5	36.8	54.0	-17.2
7386.0	Peak	Horizontal	3.3	42.5	45.8	74.0	-28.2
7386.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.0	42.5	33.5	54.0	-20.5
12310.0	Peak	Vertical	-0.2	47.0	46.8	74.0	-27.2
12310.0	Average	Vertical	-12.6	47.0	34.4	54.0	-19.6
12310.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.7	47.0	46.3	74.0	-27.7
12310.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.6	47.0	34.4	54.0	-19.6

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands. Noise floor was greater than 6 dB below the limit. At frequencies above 12.5 GHz, a 1 meter measurement distance was used.

Start: 2.3400 GHz Stop: 2.4400 GHz
 Res BW: 1 MHz Vid BW: 3 MHz Sweep: 10.50 s
 12/11/2012 11:02:45 AM Atten: 10 dB ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▾	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	71.09 dBuV	
2 ▾	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.95 dBuV	

channel 1, internal antenna, power level = 22, 802.11g

dBuV

Trace A Trace B

118.6

108.6

98.6

88.6

78.6

68.6

58.6

48.6

38.6

28.6

18.6

Start: 2.3400 GHz

Stop: 2.4400 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz

Vid BW: 3 MHz

Sweep: 10.50 s

12/11/2012 11:10:26 AM

Atten: 10 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▾	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	70.59 dBuV	
2 ▾	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.94 dBuV	

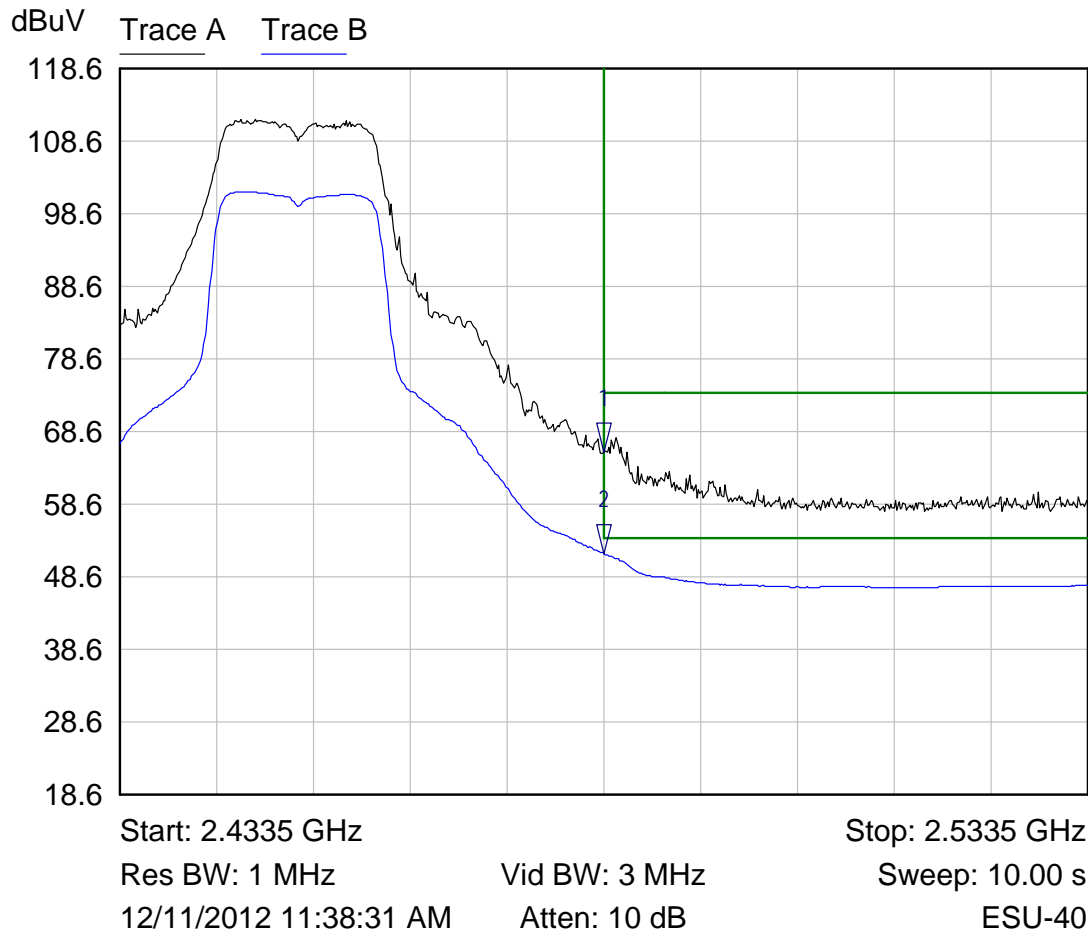
channel 2, internal antenna, power level = 28, 802.11g

Start: 2.3400 GHz Stop: 2.4400 GHz
 Res BW: 1 MHz Vid BW: 10 MHz Sweep: 10.50 s
 12/11/2012 11:13:47 AM Atten: 10 dB ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▾	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	69.98 dBuV	
2 ▾	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	52.19 dBuV	

channel 3, internal antenna, power level = 32, 802.11g

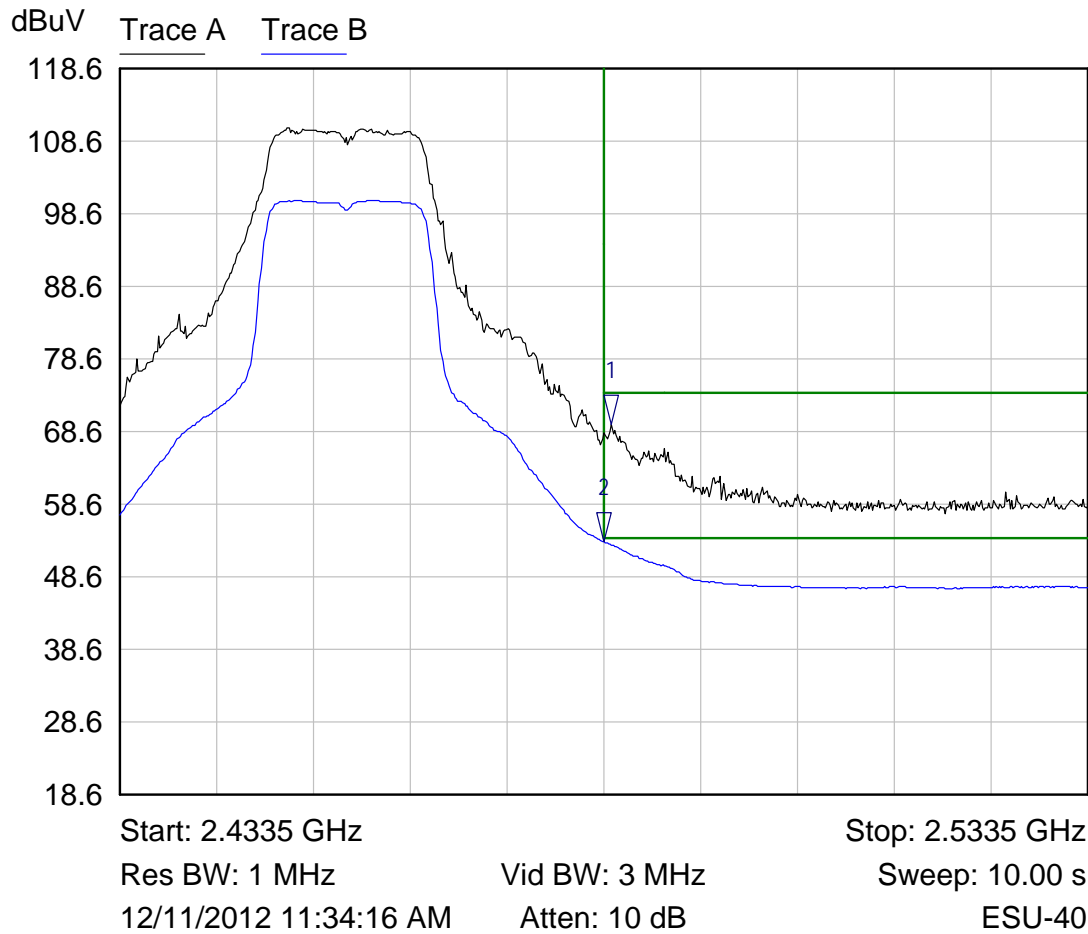
Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot Channel 9 – 802.11g – Power level at 32



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	65.73 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	51.71 dBuV	

channel 9, internal antenna, power level = 32, 802.11g

Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot Channel 10 – 802.11g – Power level at 30



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4843 GHz	69.61 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	53.38 dBuV	

channel 10, internal antenna, power level = 30, 802.11g

dBuV

Trace A Trace B

118.6

108.6

98.6

88.6

78.6

68.6

58.6

48.6

38.6

28.6

18.6

Start: 2.4335 GHz

Stop: 2.5335 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz



Vid BW: 3 MHz

Sweep: 10.50 s

12/11/2012 11:24:20 AM

Atten: 10 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	68.32 dBuV	
2 	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	53.43 dBuV	

channel 11, internal antenna, power level = 28, 802.11g

6.2.4.2.1.3 802.11n

Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency (2412 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.0	Peak	Vertical	6.5	37.8	44.3	74.0	-29.7
4824.0	Average	Vertical	-5.9	37.8	31.9	54.0	-22.1
4824.0	Peak	Horizontal	8.6	37.8	46.4	74.0	-27.6
4824.0	Average	Horizontal	-2.6	37.8	35.2	54.0	-18.8
7236.0	Peak	Vertical	2.9	42.1	45.0	74.0	-29.0
7236.0	Average	Vertical	-9.6	42.1	32.5	54.0	-21.5
7236.0	Peak	Horizontal	3.3	42.1	45.4	74.0	-28.6
7236.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.3	42.1	32.8	54.0	-21.2
12060.0	Peak	Vertical	0.3	47.1	47.4	74.0	-26.6
12060.0	Average	Vertical	-12.3	47.1	34.8	54.0	-19.2
12060.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.9	47.1	48.0	74.0	-26.0
12060.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.3	47.1	34.8	54.0	-19.2

Transmitting at the Middle Frequency (2437 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.0	Peak	Vertical	3.6	37.9	41.5	74.0	-32.5
4874.0	Average	Vertical	-8.4	37.9	29.5	54.0	-24.5
4874.0	Peak	Horizontal	6.5	37.9	44.4	74.0	-29.6
4874.0	Average	Horizontal	-6.8	37.9	31.1	54.0	-22.9
7311.0	Peak	Vertical	3.1	42.3	45.4	74.0	-28.6
7311.0	Average	Vertical	-9.4	42.3	32.9	54.0	-21.1

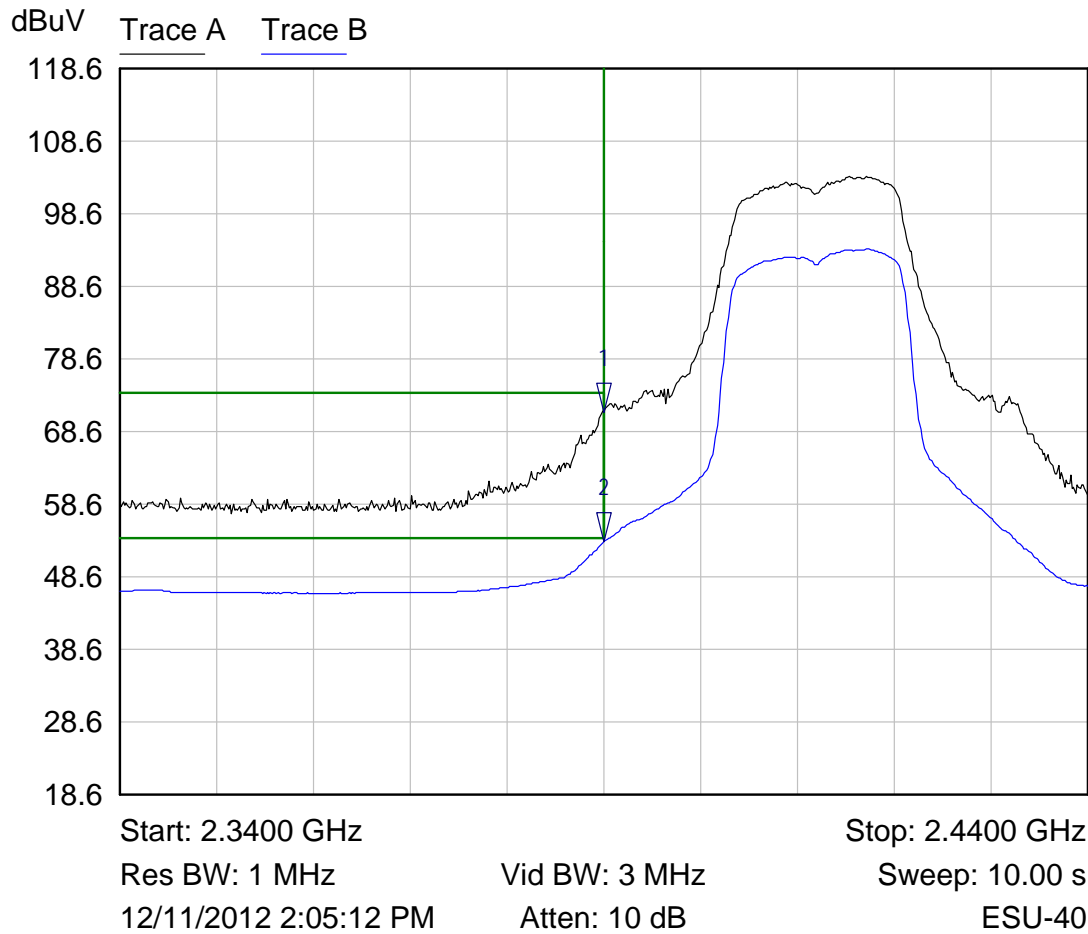
Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
7311.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.4	42.3	44.7	74.0	-29.3
7311.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.5	42.3	32.8	54.0	-21.2
12185.0	Peak	Vertical	0.4	47.0	47.4	74.0	-26.6
12185.0	Average	Vertical	-11.9	47.0	35.1	54.0	-18.9
12185.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.5	47.0	47.5	74.0	-26.5
12185.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.1	47.0	34.9	54.0	-19.1

Transmitting at the Highest Frequency (2462 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4924.0	Peak	Vertical	4.1	38.0	42.1	74.0	-31.9
4924.0	Average	Vertical	-6.9	38.0	31.1	54.0	-22.9
4924.0	Peak	Horizontal	7.2	38.0	45.2	74.0	-28.8
4924.0	Average	Horizontal	-7.1	38.0	30.9	54.0	-23.1
7386.0	Peak	Vertical	3.4	42.5	45.9	74.0	-28.1
7386.0	Average	Vertical	-8.7	42.5	33.8	54.0	-20.2
7386.0	Peak	Horizontal	3.0	42.5	45.5	74.0	-28.5
7386.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.2	42.5	33.3	54.0	-20.7
12310.0	Peak	Vertical	0.1	47.0	47.1	74.0	-26.9
12310.0	Average	Vertical	-12.2	47.0	34.8	54.0	-19.2
12310.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.1	47.0	47.1	74.0	-26.9
12310.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.3	47.0	34.7	54.0	-19.3

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands. Noise floor was greater than 6 dB below the limit. At frequencies above 12.5 GHz, a 1 meter measurement distance was used.

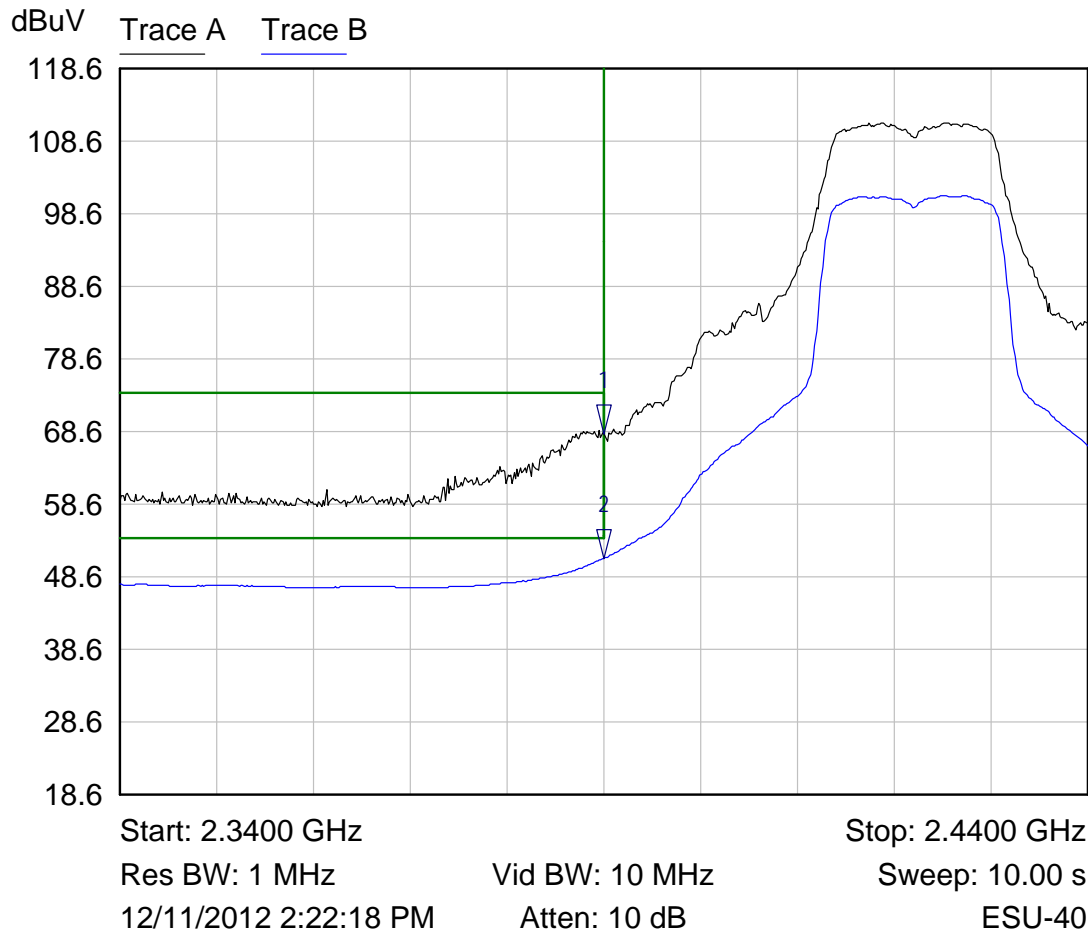
Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot Channel 1 – 802.11n – Power level at 24



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	71.25 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.41 dBuV	

channel 1, internal antenna, power level = 24, 802.11n

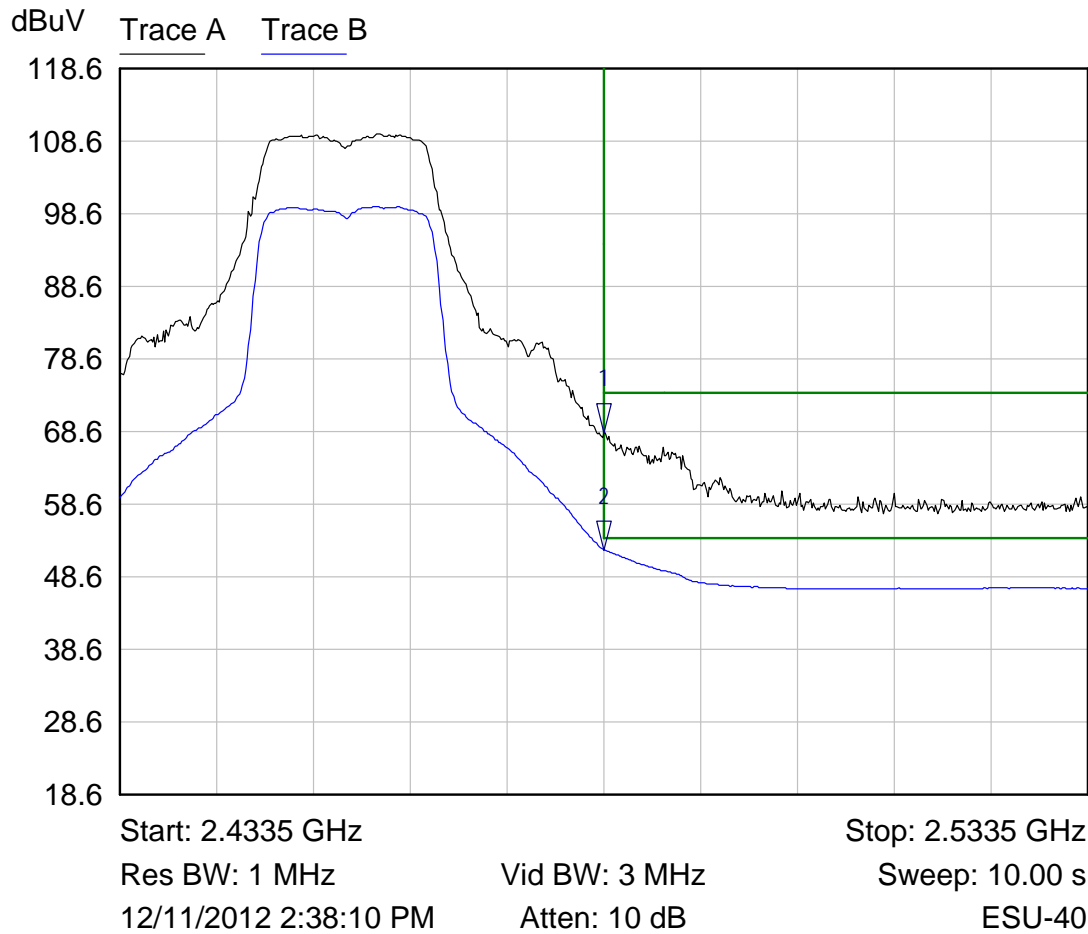
Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot Channel 2 – 802.11n – Power level at 32



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	68.20 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	51.14 dBuV	

channel 2, internal antenna, power level = 32, 802.11n

Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot Channel 10 – 802.11n – Power level at 32



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	68.50 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	52.33 dBuV	

channel 10, internal antenna, power level = 32, 802.11n

dBuV

Trace A Trace B

118.6

108.6

98.6

88.6

78.6

68.6

58.6

48.6

38.6

28.6

18.6

Start: 2.4335 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz

12/11/2012 2:33:40 PM



Vid BW: 3 MHz

Atten: 10 dB

Stop: 2.5335 GHz

Sweep: 10.00 s

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	70.59 dBuV	
2 	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	53.98 dBuV	

channel 11, internal antenna, power level = 23, 802.11n

6.2.4.2.2 External Patch Antenna with Coaxial Cable**6.2.4.2.2.1 802.11b**

Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency – 802.11b

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.0	Peak	Vertical	6.9	37.8	44.7	74.0	-29.3
4824.0	Average	Vertical	2.2	37.8	40.0	54.0	-14.0
4824.0	Peak	Horizontal	8.4	37.8	46.2	74.0	-27.8
4824.0	Average	Horizontal	5.1	37.8	42.9	54.0	-11.1
7236.0	Peak	Vertical	1.7	42.1	43.8	74.0	-30.2
7236.0	Average	Vertical	-10.1	42.1	32.0	54.0	-22.0
7236.0	Peak	Horizontal	1.6	42.1	43.7	74.0	-30.3
7236.0	Average	Horizontal	-10.4	42.1	31.7	54.0	-22.3
12060.0	Peak	Vertical	0.2	47.1	47.3	74.0	-26.7
12060.0	Average	Vertical	-12.4	47.1	34.7	54.0	-19.3
12060.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.3	47.1	46.8	74.0	-27.2
12060.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.8	47.1	34.3	54.0	-19.7

Transmitting at the Middle Frequency – 802.11b

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.0	Peak	Vertical	5.7	37.9	43.6	74.0	-30.4
4874.0	Average	Vertical	0.8	37.9	38.7	54.0	-15.3
4874.0	Peak	Horizontal	7.0	37.9	44.9	74.0	-29.1
4874.0	Average	Horizontal	2.8	37.9	40.7	54.0	-13.3
7311.0	Peak	Vertical	2.7	42.3	45.0	74.0	-29.0

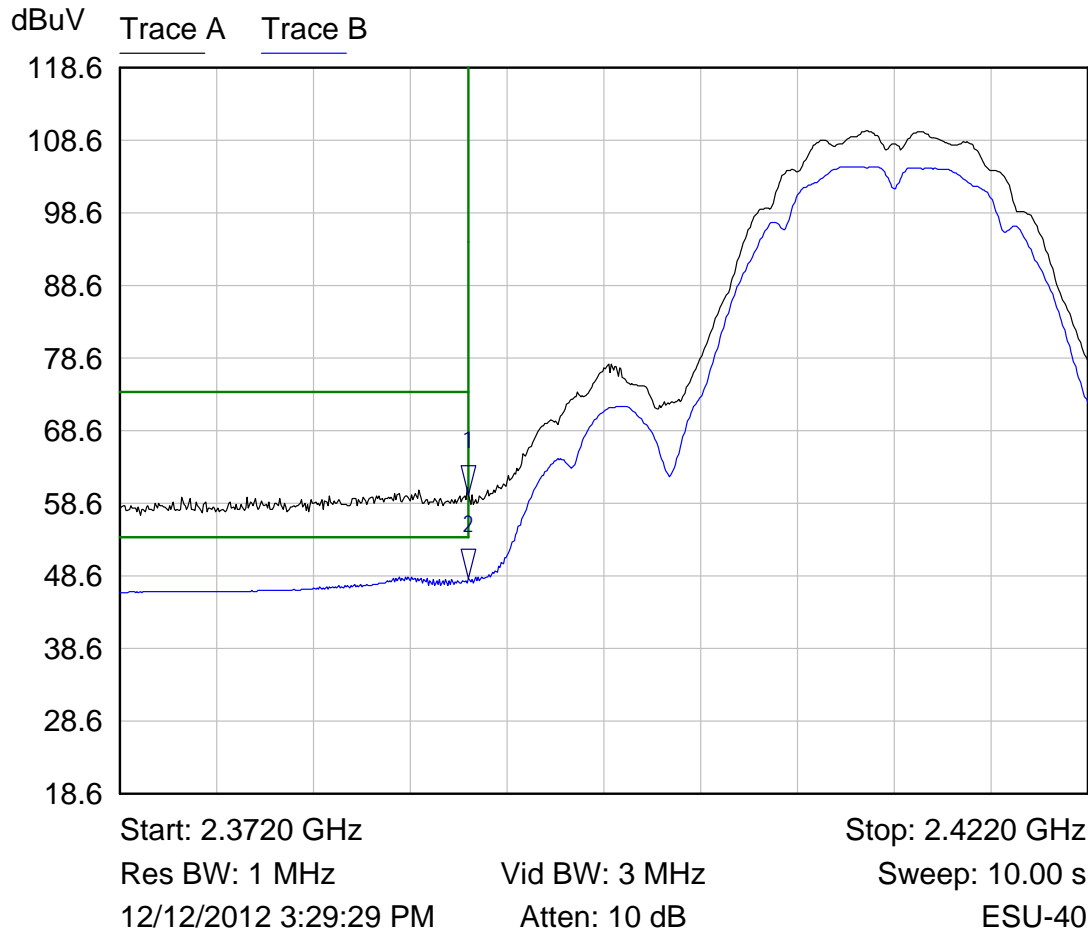
Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
7311.0	Average	Vertical	-9.9	42.3	32.4	54.0	-21.6
7311.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.5	42.3	44.8	74.0	-29.2
7311.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.9	42.3	32.4	54.0	-21.6
12185.0	Peak	Vertical	-0.1	47.0	46.9	74.0	-27.1
12185.0	Average	Vertical	-12.4	47.0	34.6	54.0	-19.4
12185.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.3	47.0	47.3	74.0	-26.7
12185.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.3	47.0	34.7	54.0	-19.3

Transmitting at the Highest Frequency – 802.11b

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4924.0	Peak	Vertical	4.4	38.0	42.4	74.0	-31.6
4924.0	Average	Vertical	-1.0	38.0	37.0	54.0	-17.0
4924.0	Peak	Horizontal	6.5	38.0	44.5	74.0	-29.5
4924.0	Average	Horizontal	2.2	38.0	40.2	54.0	-13.8
7386.0	Peak	Vertical	2.2	42.5	44.7	74.0	-29.3
7386.0	Average	Vertical	-9.6	42.5	32.9	54.0	-21.1
7386.0	Peak	Horizontal	1.7	42.5	44.2	74.0	-29.8
7386.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.6	42.5	32.9	54.0	-21.1
12310.0	Peak	Vertical	-0.7	47.0	46.3	74.0	-27.7
12310.0	Average	Vertical	-11.8	47.0	35.2	54.0	-18.8
12310.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.2	47.0	46.8	74.0	-27.2
12310.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.0	47.0	35.0	54.0	-19.0

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands. Noise floor was greater than 6 dB below the limit. At frequencies above 12.5 GHz, a 1 meter measurement distance was used.

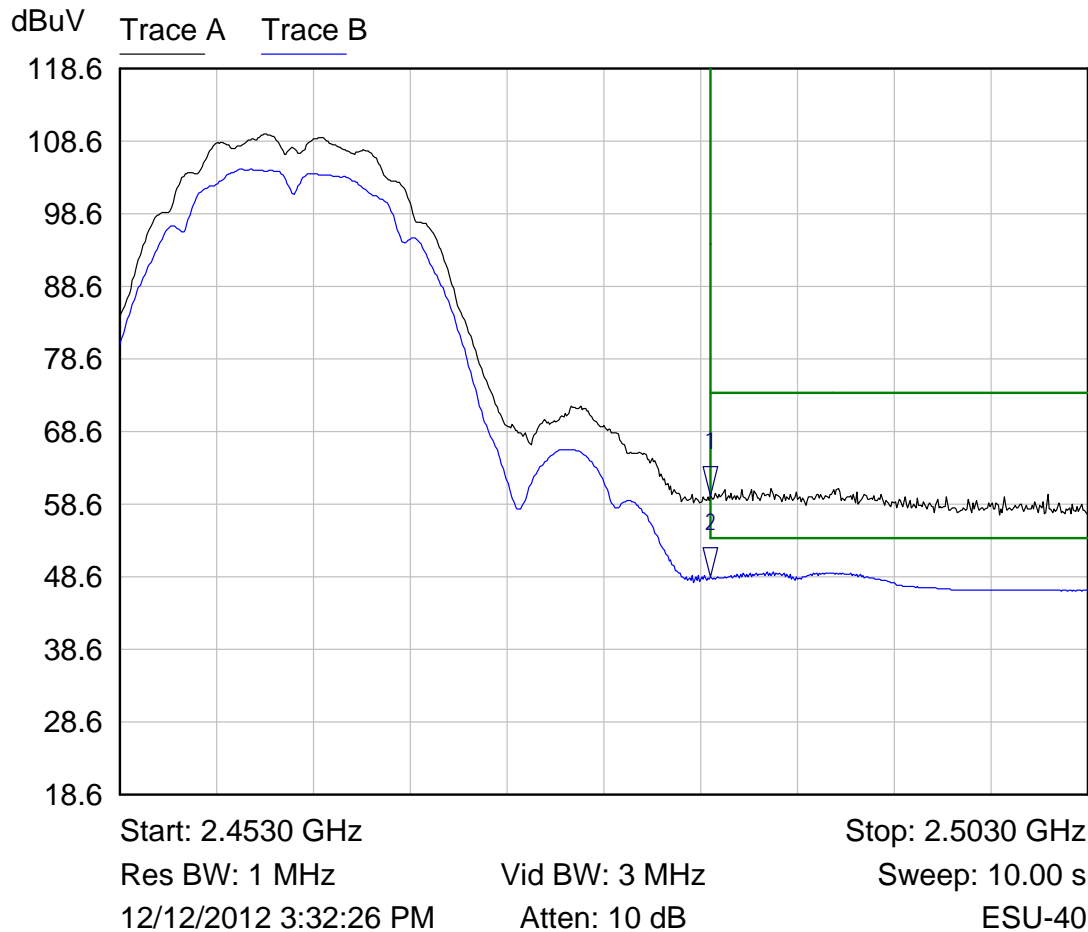
Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot – 802.11b



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	59.85 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	48.20 dBuV	

external antenna, power level = 32, 802.11b

Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot – 802.11b



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	59.77 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	48.66 dBuV	

external antenna, power level = 32, 802.11b

6.2.4.2.2.2 802.11g

Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.0	Peak	Vertical	9.0	37.8	46.8	74.0	-27.2
4824.0	Average	Vertical	-1.9	37.8	35.9	54.0	-18.1
4824.0	Peak	Horizontal	9.6	37.8	47.4	74.0	-26.6
4824.0	Average	Horizontal	-0.8	37.8	37.0	54.0	-17.0
7236.0	Peak	Vertical	4.8	42.1	46.9	74.0	-27.1
7236.0	Average	Vertical	-8.3	42.1	33.8	54.0	-20.2
7236.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.0	42.1	44.1	74.0	-29.9
7236.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.9	42.1	32.2	54.0	-21.8
12060.0	Peak	Vertical	0.0	47.1	47.1	74.0	-26.9
12060.0	Average	Vertical	-12.1	47.1	35.0	54.0	-19.0
12060.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.1	47.1	47.2	74.0	-26.8
12060.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.3	47.1	34.8	54.0	-19.2

Transmitting at the Middle Frequency – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.0	Peak	Vertical	6.8	37.9	44.7	74.0	-29.3
4874.0	Average	Vertical	-5.2	37.9	32.7	54.0	-21.3
4874.0	Peak	Horizontal	7.7	37.9	45.6	74.0	-28.4
4874.0	Average	Horizontal	-3.6	37.9	34.3	54.0	-19.7
7311.0	Peak	Vertical	3.0	42.3	45.3	74.0	-28.7
7311.0	Average	Vertical	-9.7	42.3	32.6	54.0	-21.4

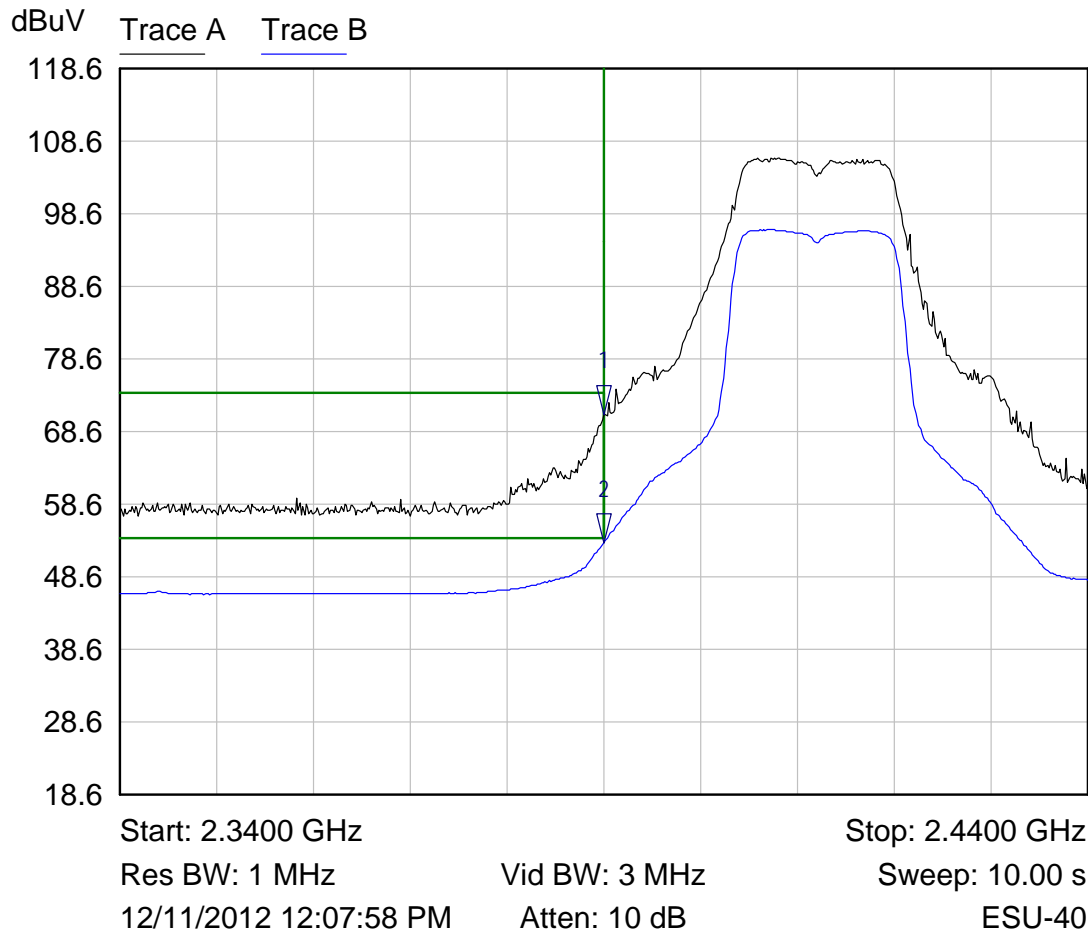
Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
7311.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.2	42.3	44.5	74.0	-29.5
7311.0	Average	Horizontal	-10.1	42.3	32.2	54.0	-21.8
12185.0	Peak	Vertical	0.0	47.0	47.0	74.0	-27.0
12185.0	Average	Vertical	-12.2	47.0	34.8	54.0	-19.2
12185.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.4	47.0	46.6	74.0	-27.4
12185.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.3	47.0	34.7	54.0	-19.3

Transmitting at the Highest Frequency – 802.11g

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dB μ V)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
4924.0	Peak	Vertical	5.1	38.0	43.1	74.0	-30.9
4924.0	Average	Vertical	-6.0	38.0	32.0	54.0	-22.0
4924.0	Peak	Horizontal	4.4	38.0	42.4	74.0	-31.6
4924.0	Average	Horizontal	-3.4	38.0	34.6	54.0	-19.4
7386.0	Peak	Vertical	3.0	42.5	45.5	74.0	-28.5
7386.0	Average	Vertical	-9.6	42.5	32.9	54.0	-21.1
7386.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.9	42.5	45.4	74.0	-28.6
7386.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.7	42.5	32.8	54.0	-21.2
12310.0	Peak	Vertical	-0.1	47.0	46.9	74.0	-27.1
12310.0	Average	Vertical	-12.5	47.0	34.5	54.0	-19.5
12310.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.9	47.0	46.1	74.0	-27.9
12310.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.8	47.0	34.2	54.0	-19.8

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands. Noise floor was greater than 6 dB below the limit. At frequencies above 12.5 GHz, a 1 meter measurement distance was used.

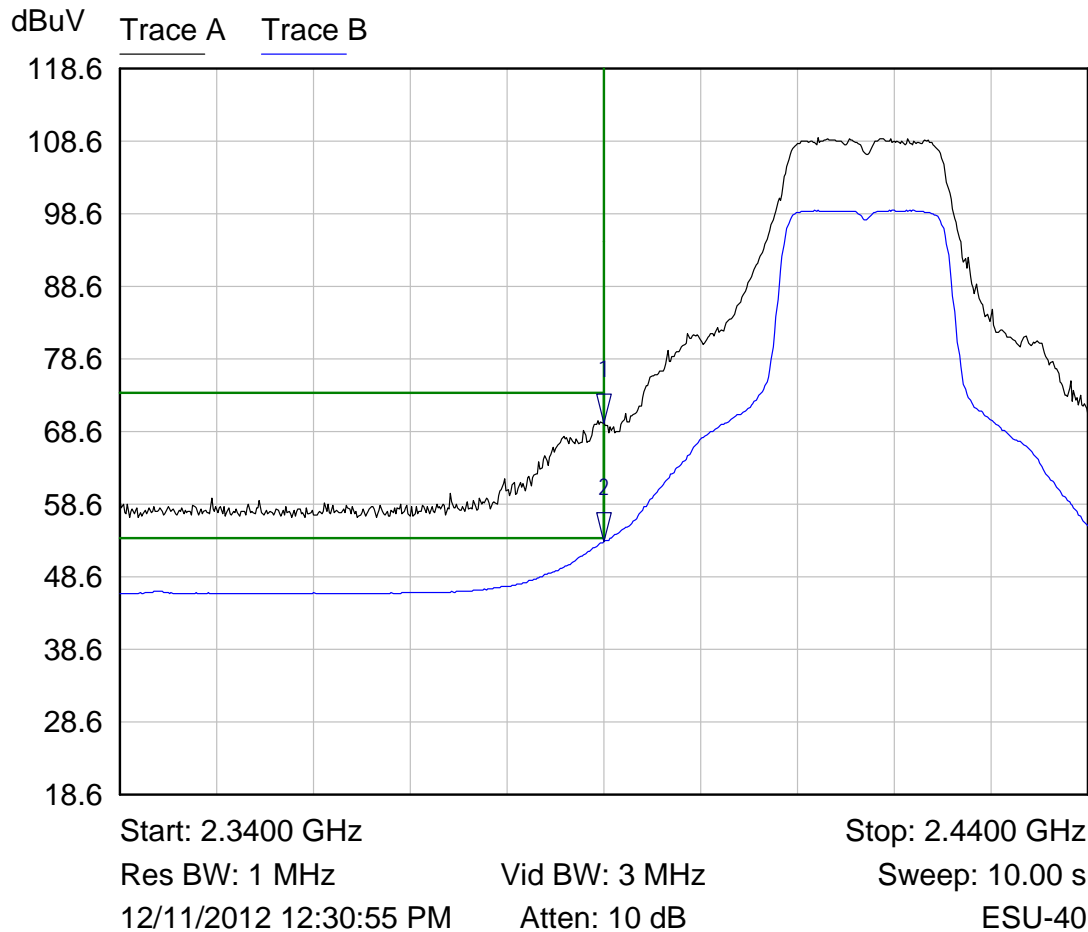
Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot Channel 1 – 802.11g – Power level at 20



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	70.85 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.33 dBuV	

channel 1, external antenna, power level = 20, 802.11g

Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot Channel 2 – 802.11g – Power level at 27



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▾	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	69.75 dBuV	
2 ▾	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.36 dBuV	

channel 2, external antenna, power level = 27, 802.11g

dBuV

Trace A Trace B

118.6

108.6

98.6

88.6

78.6

68.6

58.6

48.6

38.6

28.6

18.6

Start: 2.3400 GHz

Stop: 2.4400 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz



Vid BW: 3 MHz

Sweep: 10.00 s

12/11/2012 12:37:54 PM

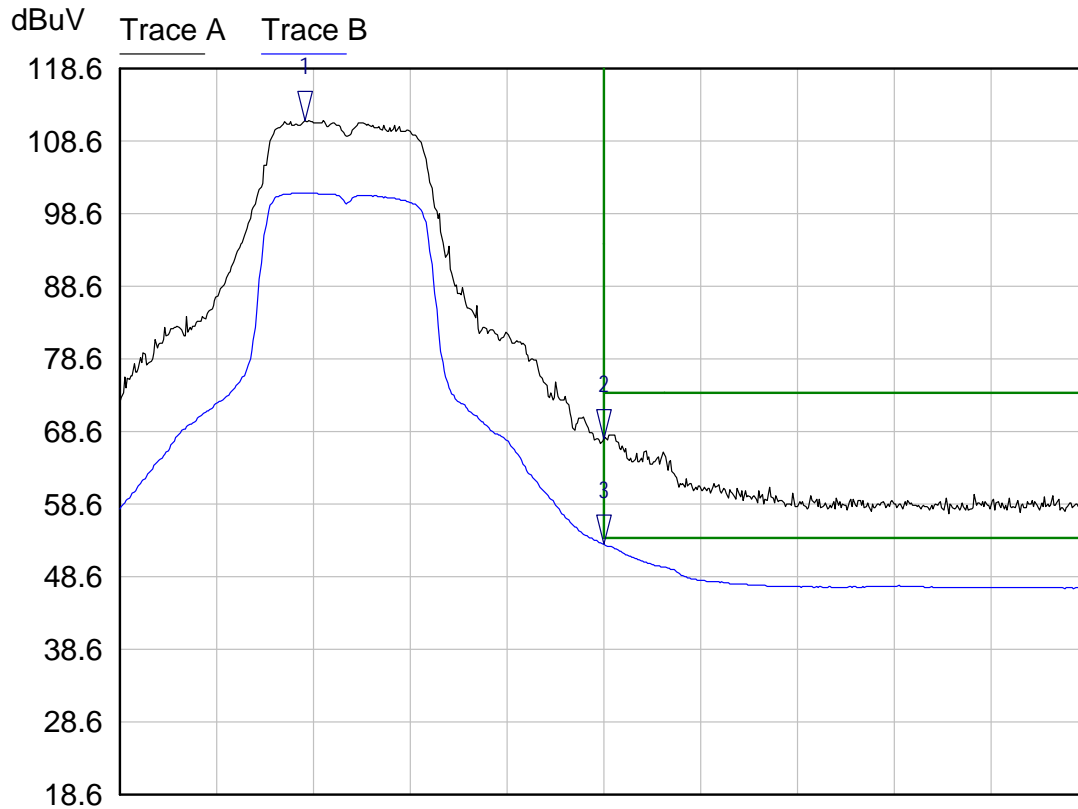
Atten: 10 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	71.23 dBuV	
2 	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.02 dBuV	

channel 3, external antenna, power level = 32, 802.11g

Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot Channel 10 – 802.11g – Power level at 32



Start: 2.4335 GHz

Stop: 2.5335 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz

Vid BW: 3 MHz

Sweep: 10.00 s

12/11/2012 12:54:06 PM

Atten: 10 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4526 GHz	111.46 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	67.57 dBuV	
3 ▽	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	53.05 dBuV	

channel 10, external antenna, power level = 32, 802.11g

Start: 2.4335 GHz Stop: 2.5335 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz Vid BW: 3 MHz Sweep: 10.00 s

12/11/2012 12:51:01 PM Atten: 10 dB ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▾	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	68.10 dBuV	
2 ▾	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	53.30 dBuV	

channel 11, external antenna, power level = 27, 802.11g

6.2.4.2.2.3 802.11n

Transmitting at the Lowest Frequency (2412 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824.0	Peak	Vertical	7.1	37.8	44.9	74.0	-29.1
4824.0	Average	Vertical	-5.1	37.8	32.7	54.0	-21.3
4824.0	Peak	Horizontal	8.6	37.8	46.4	74.0	-27.6
4824.0	Average	Horizontal	-2.4	37.8	35.4	54.0	-18.6
7236.0	Peak	Vertical	1.7	42.1	43.8	74.0	-30.2
7236.0	Average	Vertical	-10.1	42.1	32.0	54.0	-22.0
7236.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.2	42.1	44.3	74.0	-29.7
7236.0	Average	Horizontal	-10.2	42.1	31.9	54.0	-22.1
12060.0	Peak	Vertical	0.4	47.1	47.5	74.0	-26.5
12060.0	Average	Vertical	-11.5	47.1	35.6	54.0	-18.4
12060.0	Peak	Horizontal	0.2	47.1	47.3	74.0	-26.7
12060.0	Average	Horizontal	-11.5	47.1	35.6	54.0	-18.4

Transmitting at the Middle Frequency (2437 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.0	Peak	Vertical	4.8	37.9	42.7	74.0	-31.3
4874.0	Average	Vertical	-6.4	37.9	31.5	54.0	-22.5
4874.0	Peak	Horizontal	7.1	37.9	45.0	74.0	-29.0
4874.0	Average	Horizontal	-3.9	37.9	34.0	54.0	-20.0
7311.0	Peak	Vertical	3.2	42.3	45.5	74.0	-28.5
7311.0	Average	Vertical	-9.6	42.3	32.7	54.0	-21.3

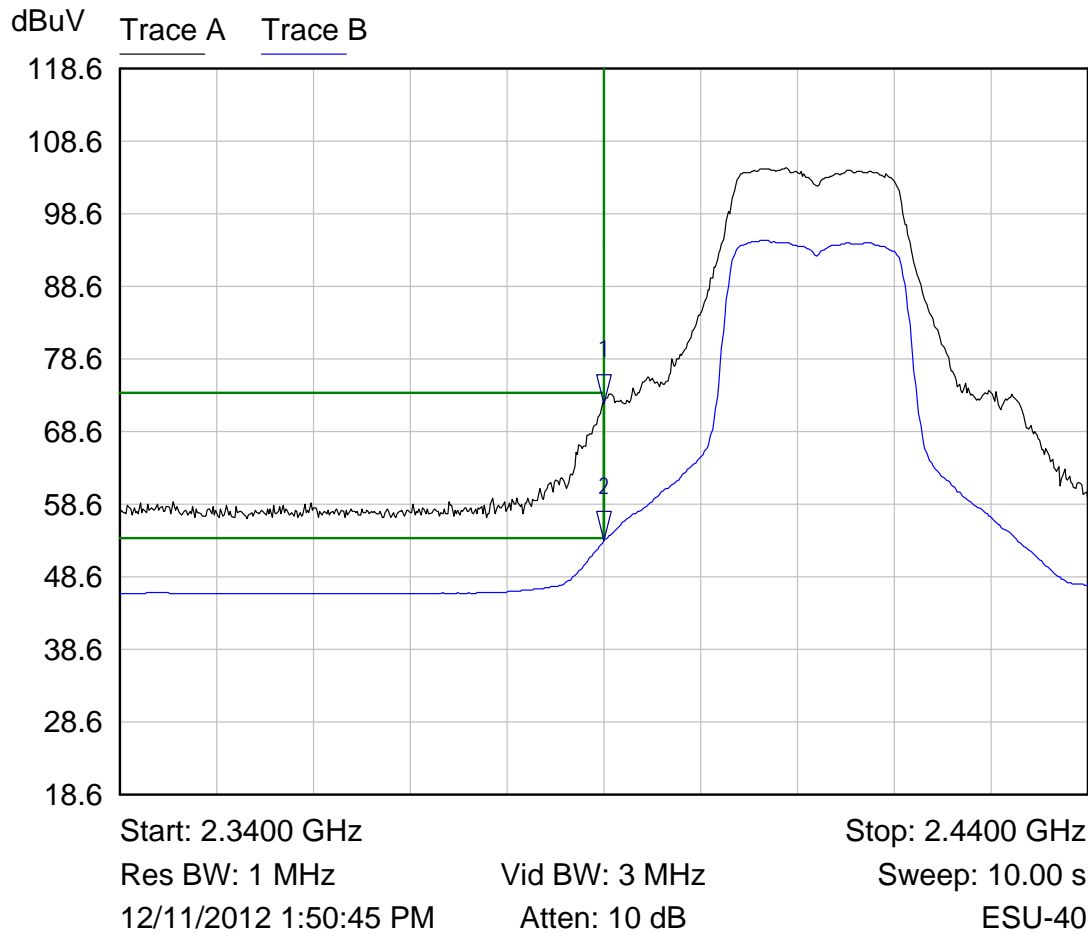
Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
7311.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.5	42.3	44.8	74.0	-29.2
7311.0	Average	Horizontal	-10.0	42.3	32.3	54.0	-21.7
12185.0	Peak	Vertical	0.2	47.0	47.2	74.0	-26.8
12185.0	Average	Vertical	-12.1	47.0	34.9	54.0	-19.1
12185.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.2	47.0	46.8	74.0	-27.2
12185.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.1	47.0	34.9	54.0	-19.1

Transmitting at the Highest Frequency (2462 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Detection Mode	Antenna Polarity	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4924.0	Peak	Vertical	4.3	38.0	42.3	74.0	-31.7
4924.0	Average	Vertical	-8.5	38.0	29.5	54.0	-24.5
4924.0	Peak	Horizontal	5.5	38.0	43.5	74.0	-30.5
4924.0	Average	Horizontal	-5.9	38.0	32.1	54.0	-21.9
7386.0	Peak	Vertical	2.5	42.5	45.0	74.0	-29.0
7386.0	Average	Vertical	-9.5	42.5	33.0	54.0	-21.0
7386.0	Peak	Horizontal	2.5	42.5	45.0	74.0	-29.0
7386.0	Average	Horizontal	-9.5	42.5	33.0	54.0	-21.0
12310.0	Peak	Vertical	0.0	47.0	47.0	74.0	-27.0
12310.0	Average	Vertical	-12.5	47.0	34.5	54.0	-19.5
12310.0	Peak	Horizontal	-0.2	47.0	46.8	74.0	-27.2
12310.0	Average	Horizontal	-12.6	47.0	34.4	54.0	-19.6

No other emissions were seen in the restricted bands. Noise floor was greater than 6 dB below the limit. At frequencies above 12.5 GHz, a 1 meter measurement distance was used.

Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot Channel 1 – 802.11n – Power level at 19



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	72.38 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.55 dBuV	

channel 1, external antenna, power level = 19, 802.11n

dBuV

Trace A Trace B

118.6

108.6

98.6

88.6

78.6

68.6

58.6

48.6

38.6

28.6

18.6

Start: 2.3400 GHz

Stop: 2.4400 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz

Vid BW: 10 MHz

Sweep: 10.00 s

12/11/2012 1:53:48 PM

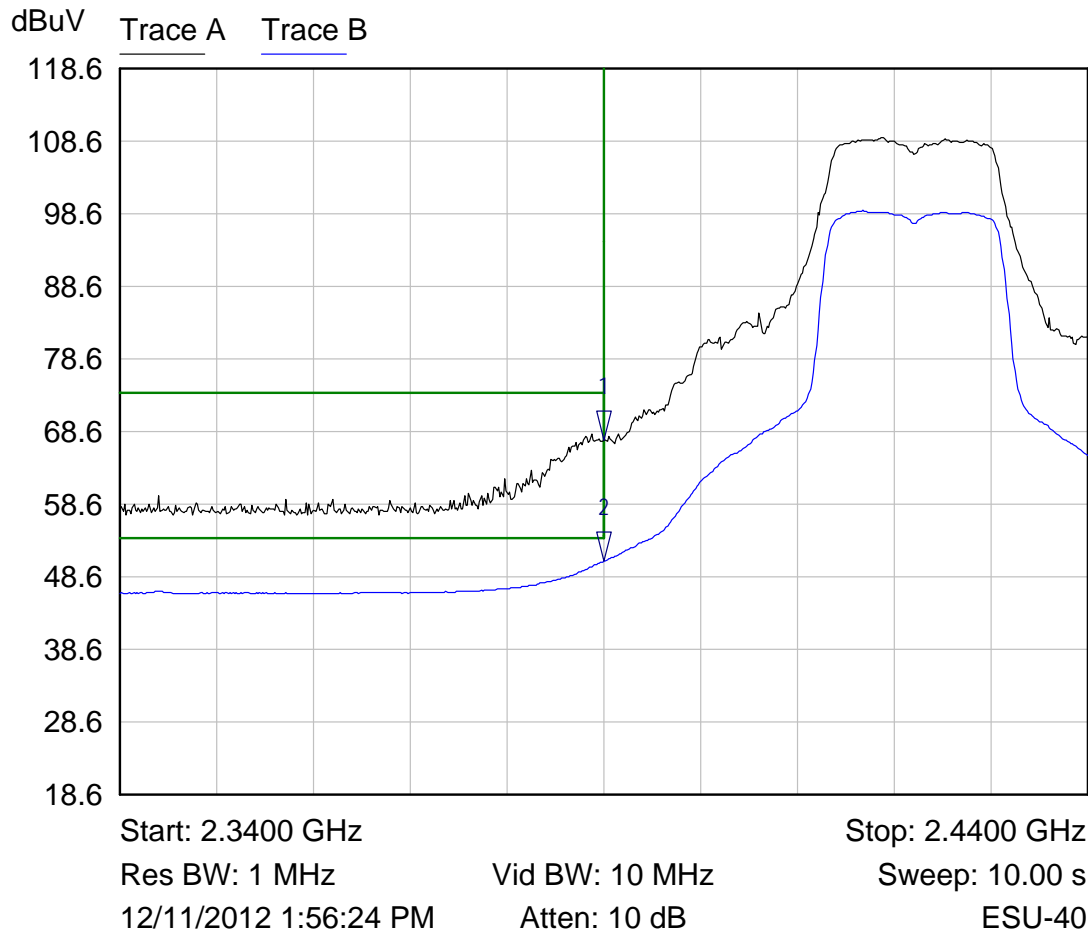
Atten: 10 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▾	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	70.55 dBuV	
2 ▾	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	53.20 dBuV	

channel 2, external antenna, power level = 26, 802.11n

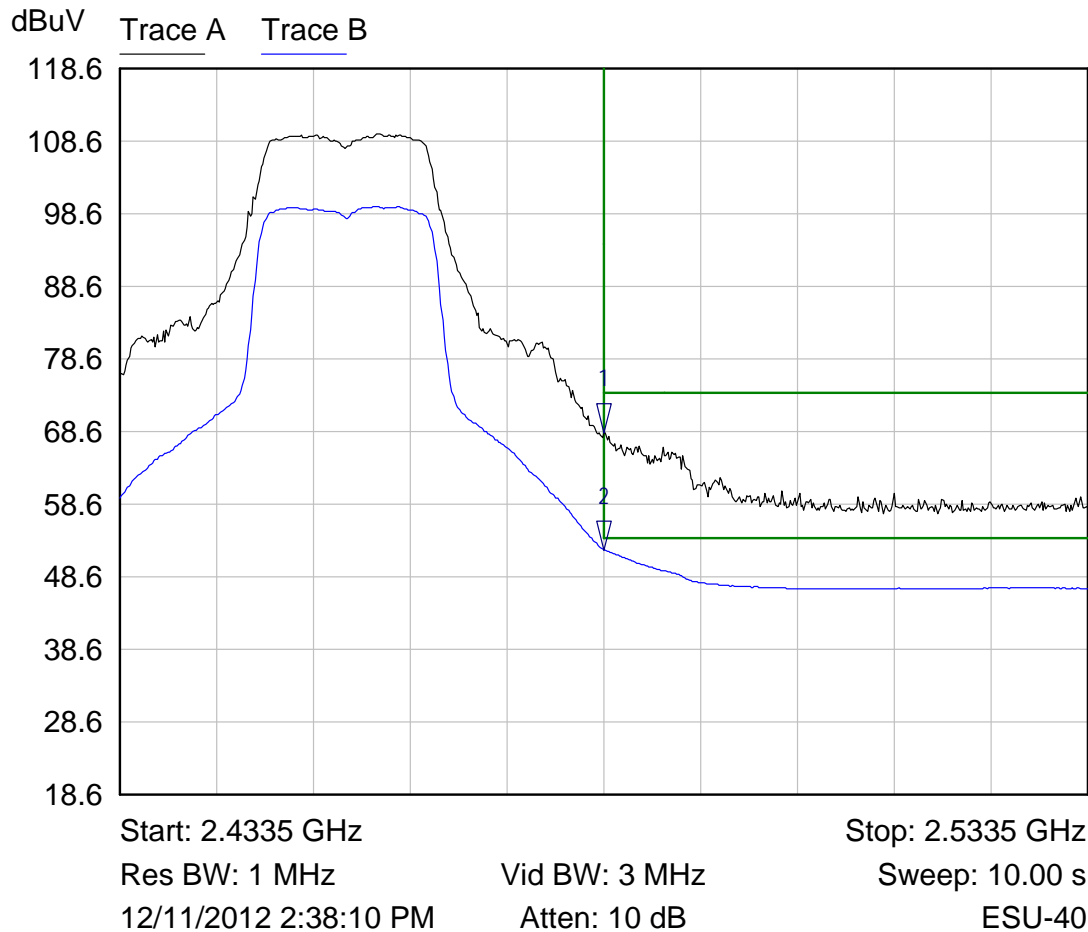
Radiated Lower Band Edge Plot Channel 3 – 802.11n – Power level at 32



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.3900 GHz	67.42 dBuV	
2 ▽	Trace B	2.3900 GHz	50.74 dBuV	

channel 3, external antenna, power level = 32, 802.11n

Radiated Upper Band Edge Plot Channel 10 – 802.11n – Power level at 32



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▾	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	68.50 dBuV	
2 ▾	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	52.33 dBuV	

channel 10, external antenna, power level = 32, 802.11n

dBuV

Trace A Trace B

118.6

108.6

98.6

88.6

78.6

68.6

58.6

48.6

38.6

28.6

18.6

Start: 2.4335 GHz

Stop: 2.5335 GHz

Res BW: 1 MHz



Vid BW: 3 MHz

Sweep: 10.00 s

12/11/2012 1:35:44 PM

Atten: 10 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 	Trace A	2.4835 GHz	69.59 dBuV	
2 	Trace B	2.4835 GHz	53.23 dBuV	

channel 11, external antenna, power level = 24, 802.11n

6.2.5 §15.247(d) Peak Power Spectral Density

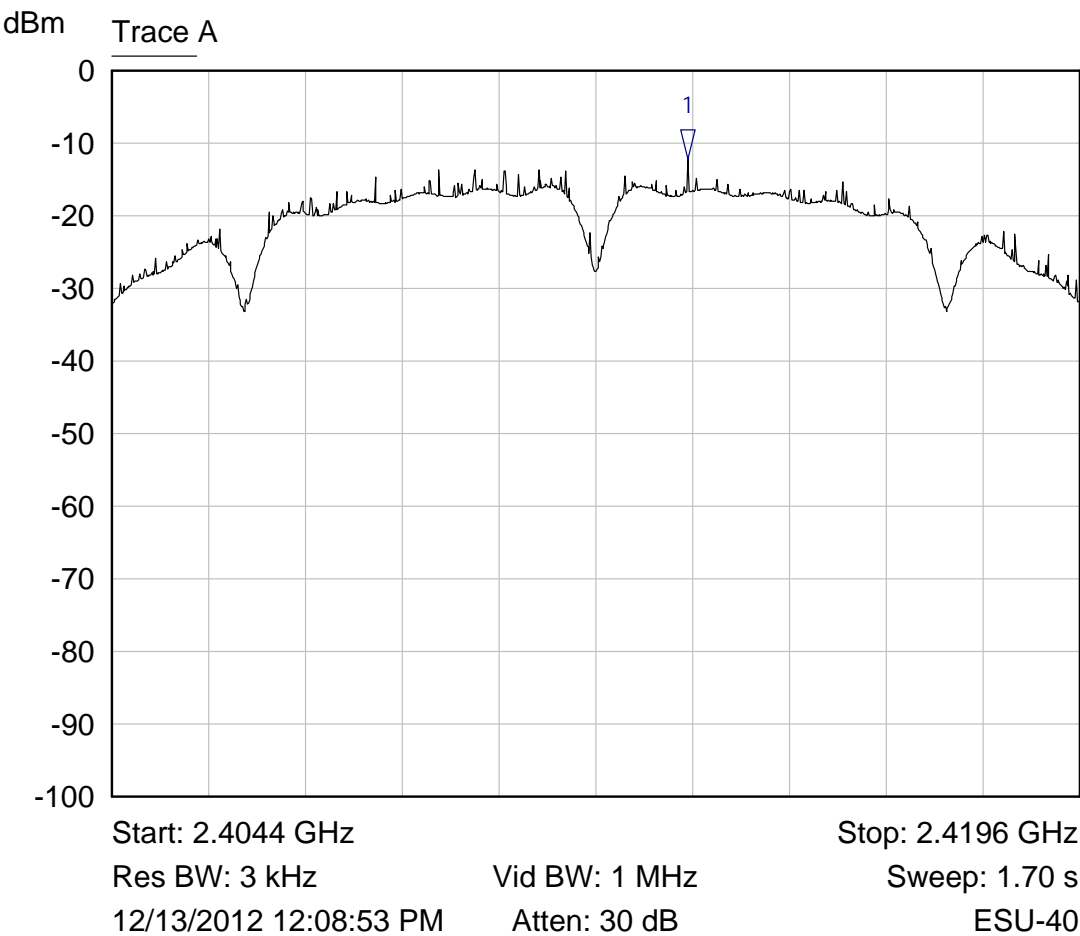
The peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. The measurements were made using the highest power for any channel for each transmit mode. The result of this testing is summarized in the table below.

Frequency (MHz)	802.11b Measurement (dBm)	802.11g Measurement (dBm)	802.11n Measurement (dBm)
2412	-12.12	-13.9	-15.4
2437	-12.67	-14.1	-16.6
2462	-12.38	-15.2	-16.5

RESULT

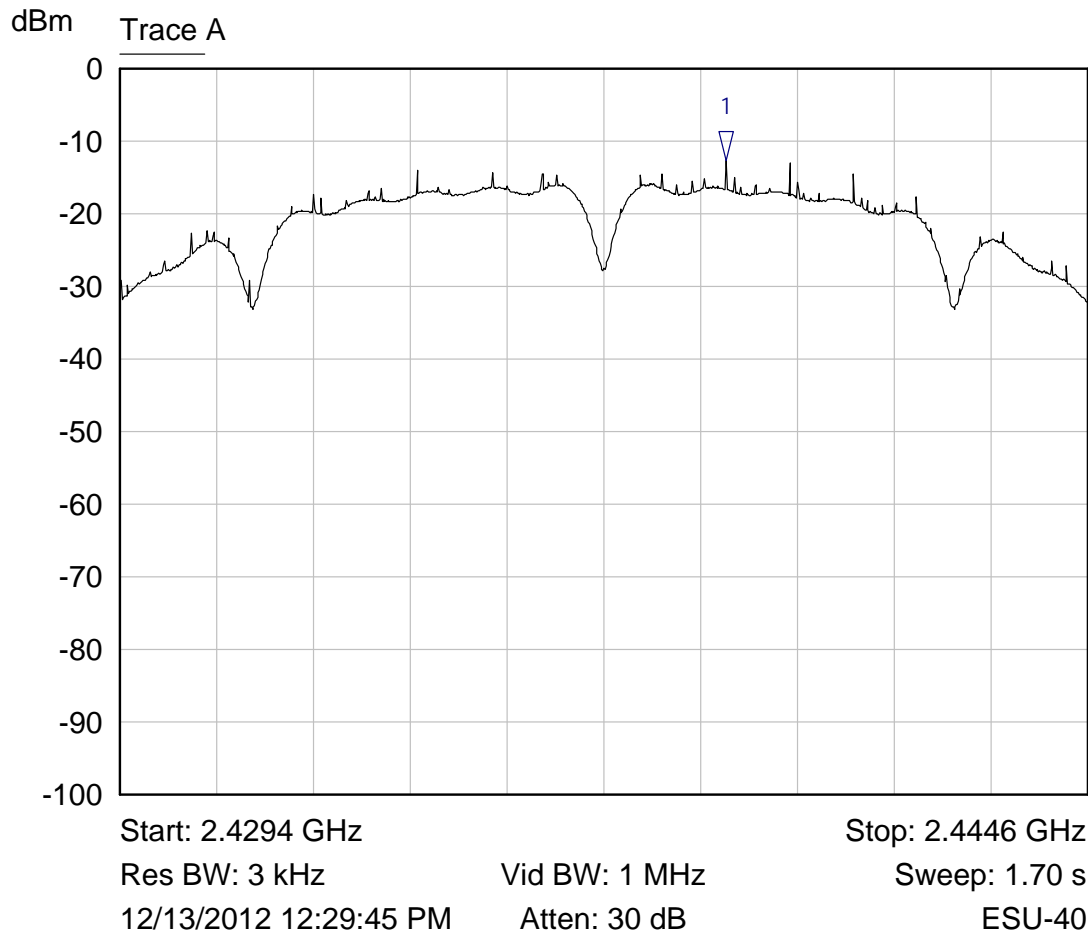
The maximum peak power spectral density was -12.12 dBm. The EUT complies with the specification by 20.12 dB.

Lowest channel – 802.11b



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4134 GHz	-12.12 dBm	

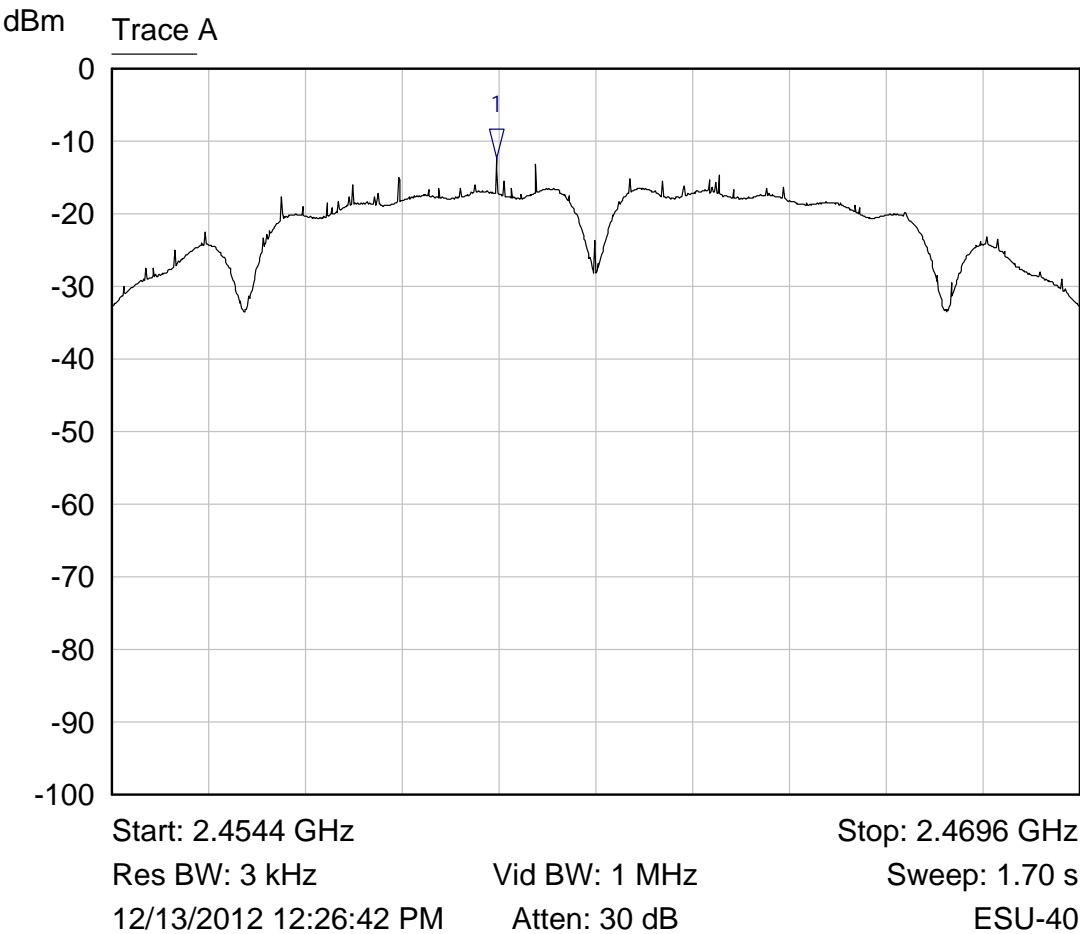
Middle channel – 802.11b



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4389 GHz	-12.67 dBm	

802.11b, power = 32

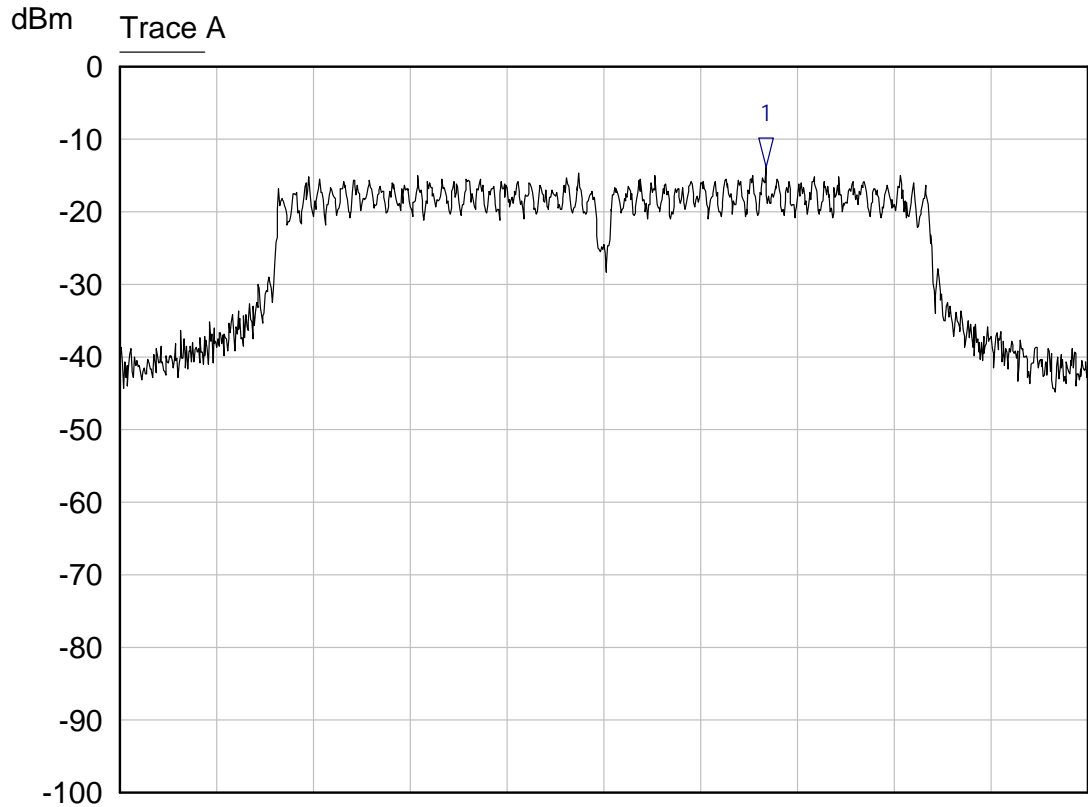
Upper channel – 802.11b



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4604 GHz	-12.38 dBm	

802.11b, power = 32

Lower channel – 802.11g



Start: 2.3998 GHz

Stop: 2.4243 GHz

Res BW: 3 kHz

Vid BW: 1 MHz

Sweep: 2.80 s

12/13/2012 10:33:23 AM

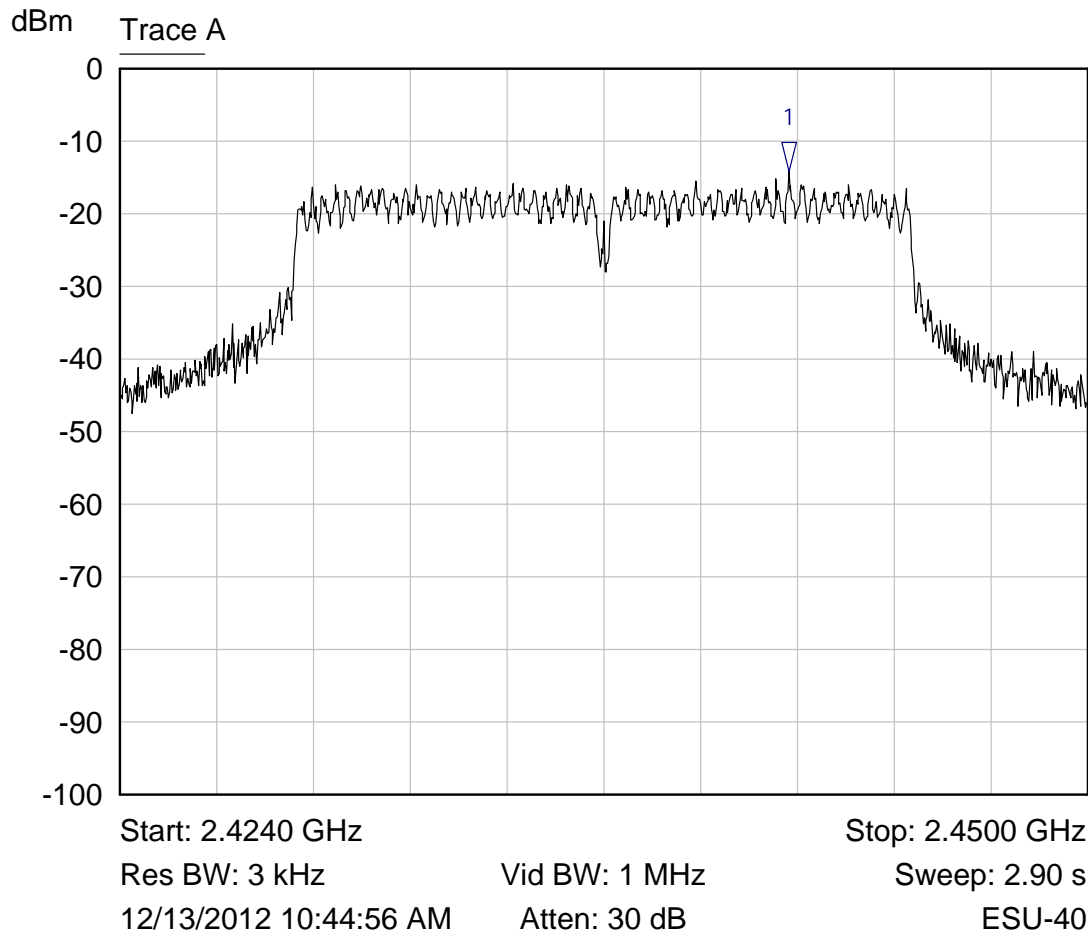
Atten: 30 dB

ESU-40

Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4161 GHz	-13.88 dBm	

802.11g, power = 32

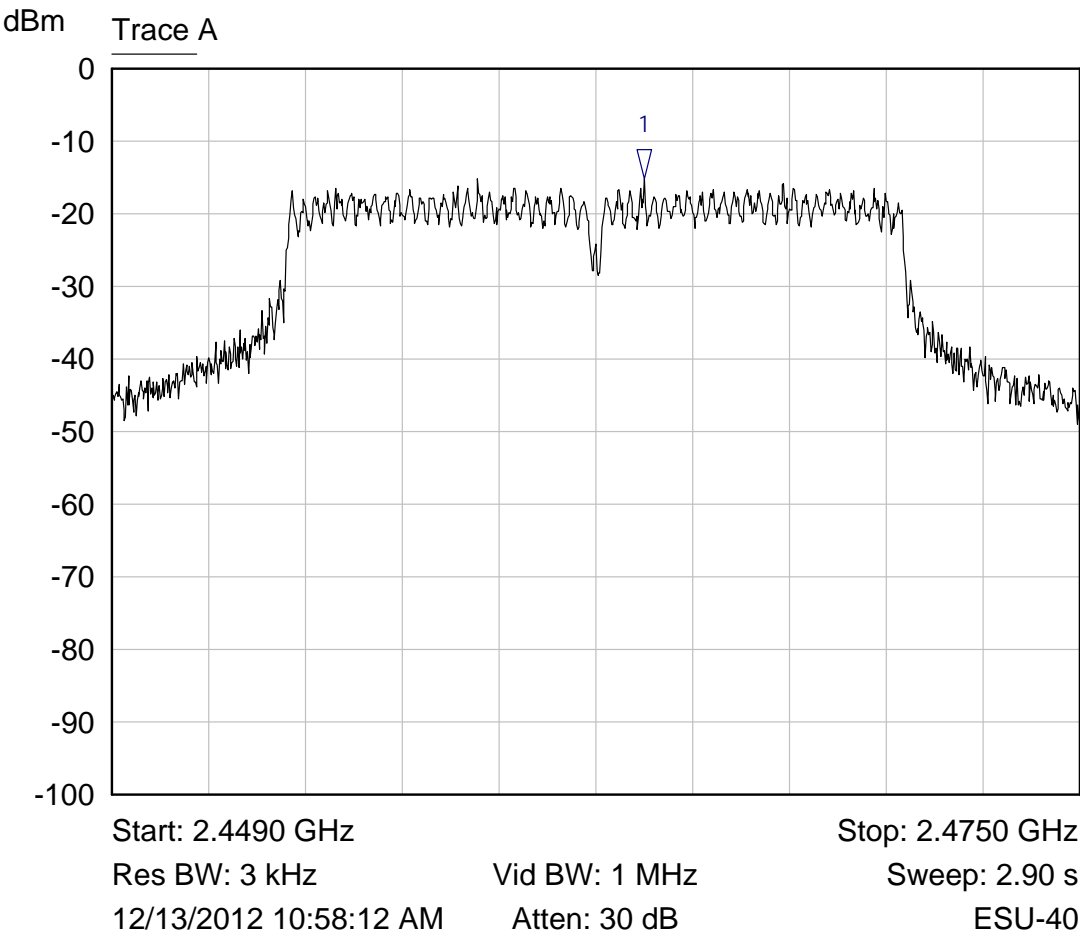
Middle channel – 802.11g



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4420 GHz	-14.11 dBm	

802.11g, power = 32

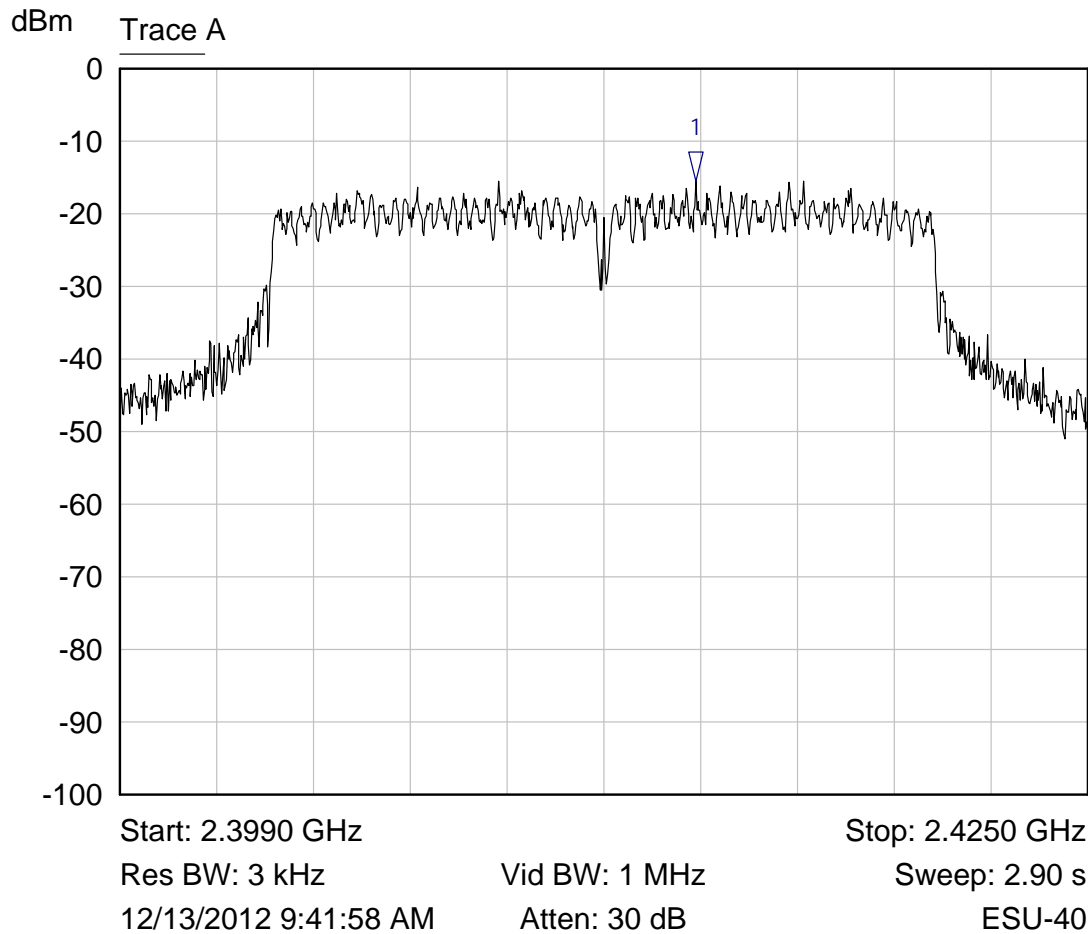
Upper channel – 802.11g



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4633 GHz	-15.18 dBm	

802.11g, power = 32

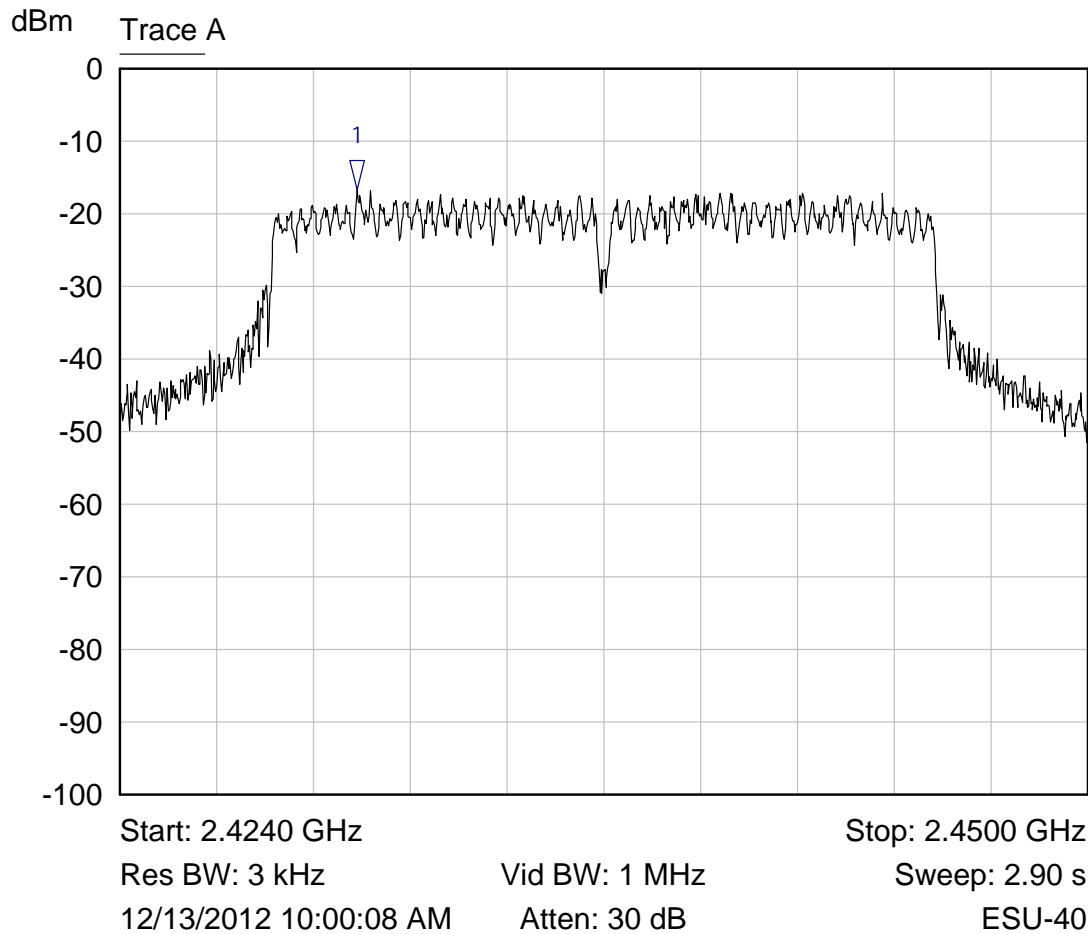
Lower channel – 802.11n



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4145 GHz	-15.42 dBm	

802.11n, power = 32

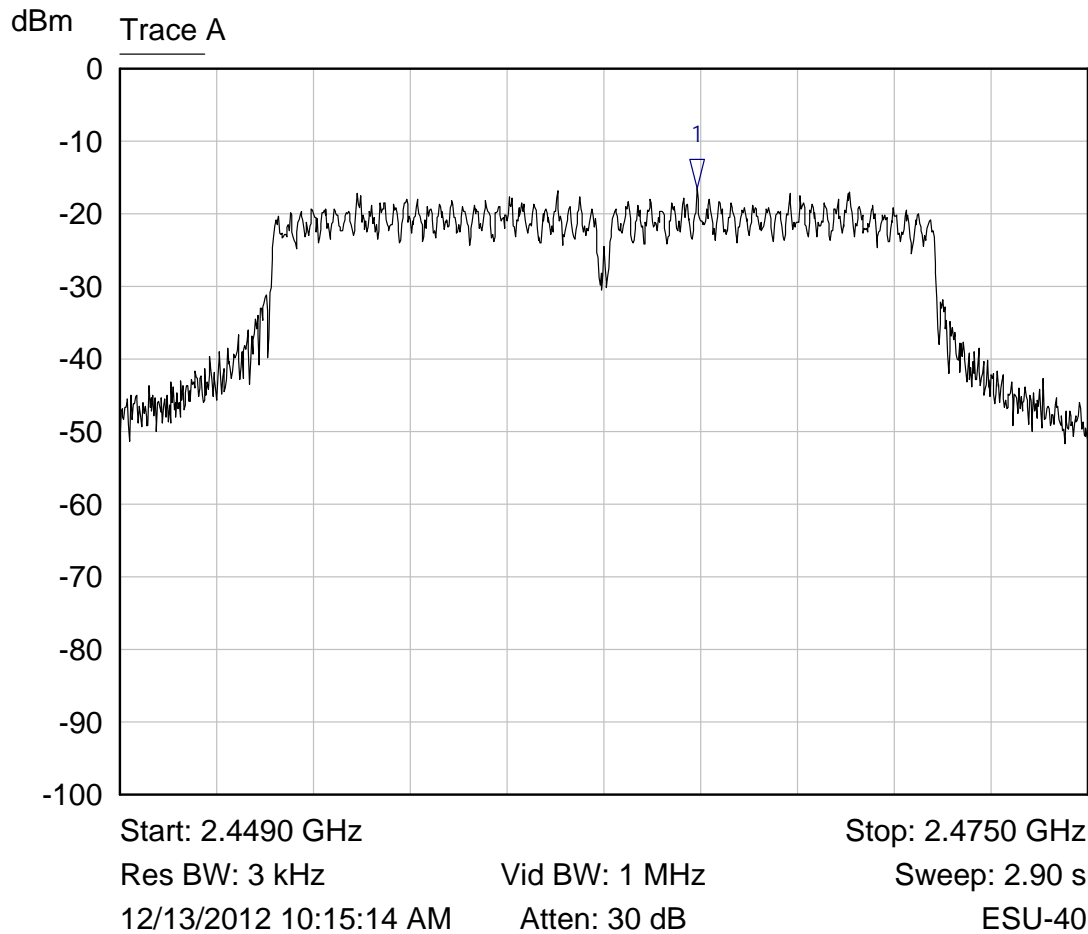
Middle channel – 802.11n



Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4304 GHz	-16.60 dBm	

802.11n, power = 32

Upper channel – 802.11n



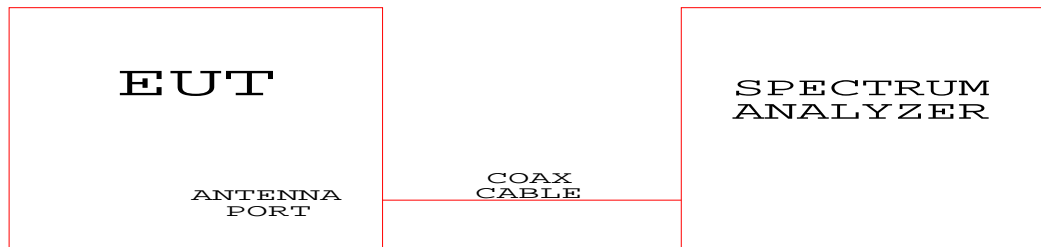
Mkr	Trace	X-Axis	Value	Notes
1 ▽	Trace A	2.4645 GHz	-16.52 dBm	

802.11n, power = 32

APPENDIX 1 TEST PROCEDURES AND TEST EQUIPMENT**A1.1 Direct Connection at the Antenna Port Tests**

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8566B	2230A01711
Quasi-Peak Detector	Hewlett Packard	85650A	2043A00137
Spectrum Analyzer/Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	100064
Low Loss Cable (1 dB)	N/A	N/A	N/A

An independent calibration laboratory or Nemko-CCL, Inc. personnel calibrates all the equipment listed above at intervals defined in ANSI C63.4:2003 Section 4.4 following outlined calibration procedures. All measurement instrumentation is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Supporting documentation relative to tractability is on file and is available for examination upon request.

Test Configuration Block Diagram

A1.2 §15.247(c) Radiated Spurious Emissions in the Restricted Bands

The radiated emissions from the intentional radiator were measured using a spectrum analyzer with a quasi-peak adapter for peak and quasi-peak readings.

A loop antenna was used to measure emissions below 30 MHz. Emission readings more than 20 dB below the limit at any frequency may not be listed in the reported data. For frequencies between 9 kHz and 30 MHz, or the lowest frequency generated or used in the device greater than 9 kHz, and less than 30 MHz, the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth was set to 9 kHz and the video bandwidth was set to 30 kHz. For average measurements, the spectrum analyzer average detector was used.

For frequencies above 30 MHz, an amplifier and preamplifier were used to increase the sensitivity of the measuring instrumentation. The quasi-peak adapter uses a bandwidth of 120 kHz, with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set at 1 MHz, for readings in the 30 to 1000 MHz frequency ranges. For peak emissions above 1000 MHz the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth was set to 1 MHz and the video bandwidth was set to 3 MHz. For average measurements above 1000 MHz the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth was set to 1 MHz and the average detector of the analyzer was used.

A biconilog antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 30 to 1000 MHz and a Double Ridge Guide Horn antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 1 GHz to 18 GHz, and a Pyramidal Horn antenna was used to measure the frequency range of 18 GHz to 25 GHz, at a distance of 3 meters and 1 meter from the EUT. The readings obtained by the antenna are correlated to the levels obtained with a tuned dipole antenna by adding antenna factors.

The configuration of the intentional radiator was varied to find the maximum radiated emission. The intentional radiator was connected to the peripherals listed in Section 2.4 via the interconnecting cables listed in Section 2.5. These interconnecting cables were manipulated manually by a technician to obtain worst case radiated emissions. The intentional radiator was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters to find the maximum radiated emission. Where there are multiple interface ports all of the same type, cables are either placed on all of the ports or cables added to these ports until the emissions do not increase by more than 2 dB.

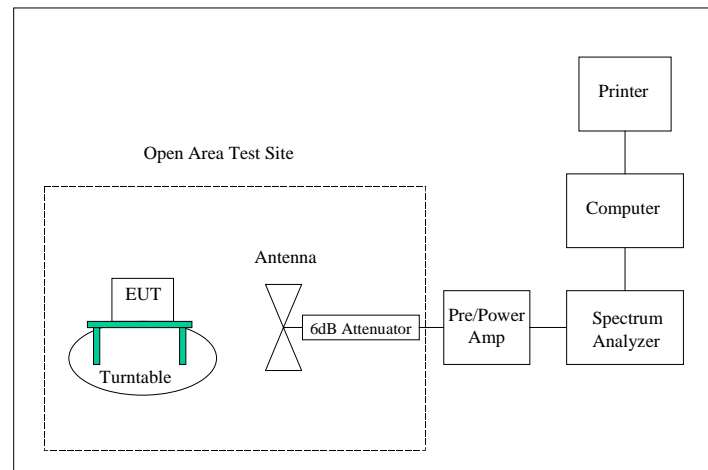
Desktop intentional radiators are measured on a non-conducting table 80 centimeters above the ground plane. The table is placed on a turntable which is level with the ground plane. The turntable has slip rings, which supply AC power to the intentional radiator. For equipment normally placed on floors, the equipment shall be placed directly on the turntable.

For radiated emission testing at 30 MHz or above that is performed at distances closer than the specified distance, an inverse proportionality factor of 20 dB per decade is used to normalize the measured data for determining compliance.

Type of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Date of Last Calibration	Due Date of Calibration
Wanship Open Area Test Site #2	Nemko-CCL, Inc.	N/A	N/A	12/07/2012	12/07/2013
Test Software	Nemko-CCL, Inc.	Radiated Emissions	Revision 1.3	N/A	N/A
Spectrum Analyzer/Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	100064	07/28/2012	07/28/2013
Spectrum Analyzer	Hewlett Packard	8566B	2230A01711	01/17/2012	01/17/2012
Quasi-Peak Detector	Hewlett Packard	85650A	2043A00137	01/18/2012	01/18/2012
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	2011	03/11/2011	03/11/2013
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142	9601-1009	04/21/2011	04/21/2013
Double Ridged Guide Antenna	EMCO	3115	9604-4779	03/10/2011	03/10/2013
2.4 GHz Filter	Microtronics	HPM50111-03	001	06/26/2012	06/26/2013
High Frequency Amplifier	Miteq	AFS4-01001800-43-10P-4	1096455	06/26/2012	06/26/2013
6' High Frequency Cable	Microcoax	UFB197C-0-0720-000000	1296	05/14/2012	05/14/2013
20' High Frequency Cable	Microcoax	UFB197C-1-3120-000000	1297	05/14/2012	05/14/2013
3 Meter Radiated Emissions Cable Wanship Site #2	Microcoax	UFB205A-0-4700-000000	1295	05/10/2011	05/10/2013
Pre/Power-Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	8447F	3113A05161	08/27/2012	08/27/2013
6 dB Attenuator	Hewlett Packard	8491A	32835	12/14/2011	12/14/2012

An independent calibration laboratory or Nemko-CCL, Inc. personnel calibrates all the equipment listed above at intervals defined in ANSI C63.4:2003 Section 4.4 following outlined calibration procedures. All measurement instrumentation is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Supporting documentation relative to tractability is on file and is available for examination upon request.

Radiated Emissions Test Setup



APPENDIX 2 PHOTOGRAPHS

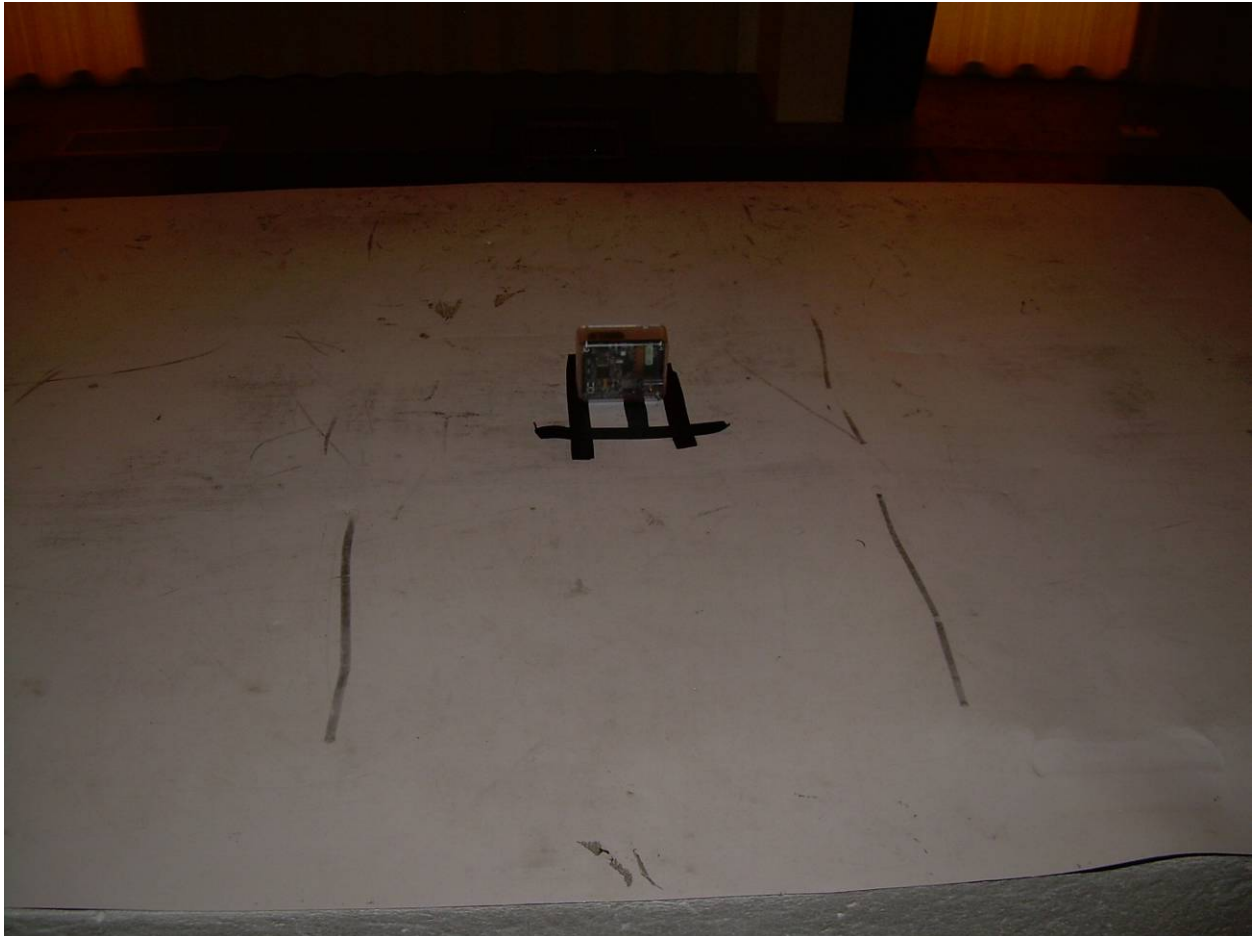
Photograph 1 – View Radiated Disturbance Worst Case Configuration – Horizontal, Internal Antenna



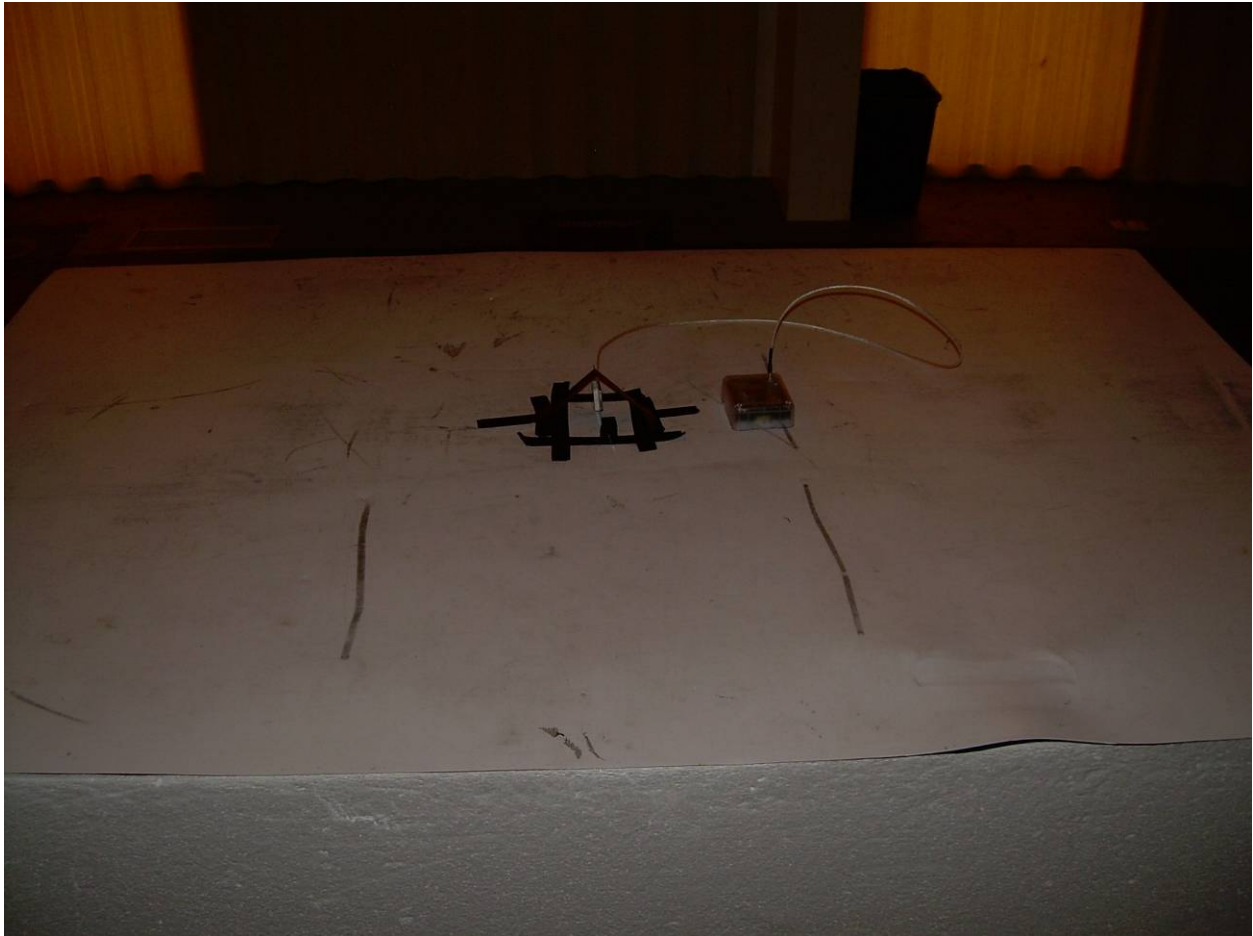
Photograph 2 – View Radiated Disturbance – Vertical, Internal Antenna Configuration



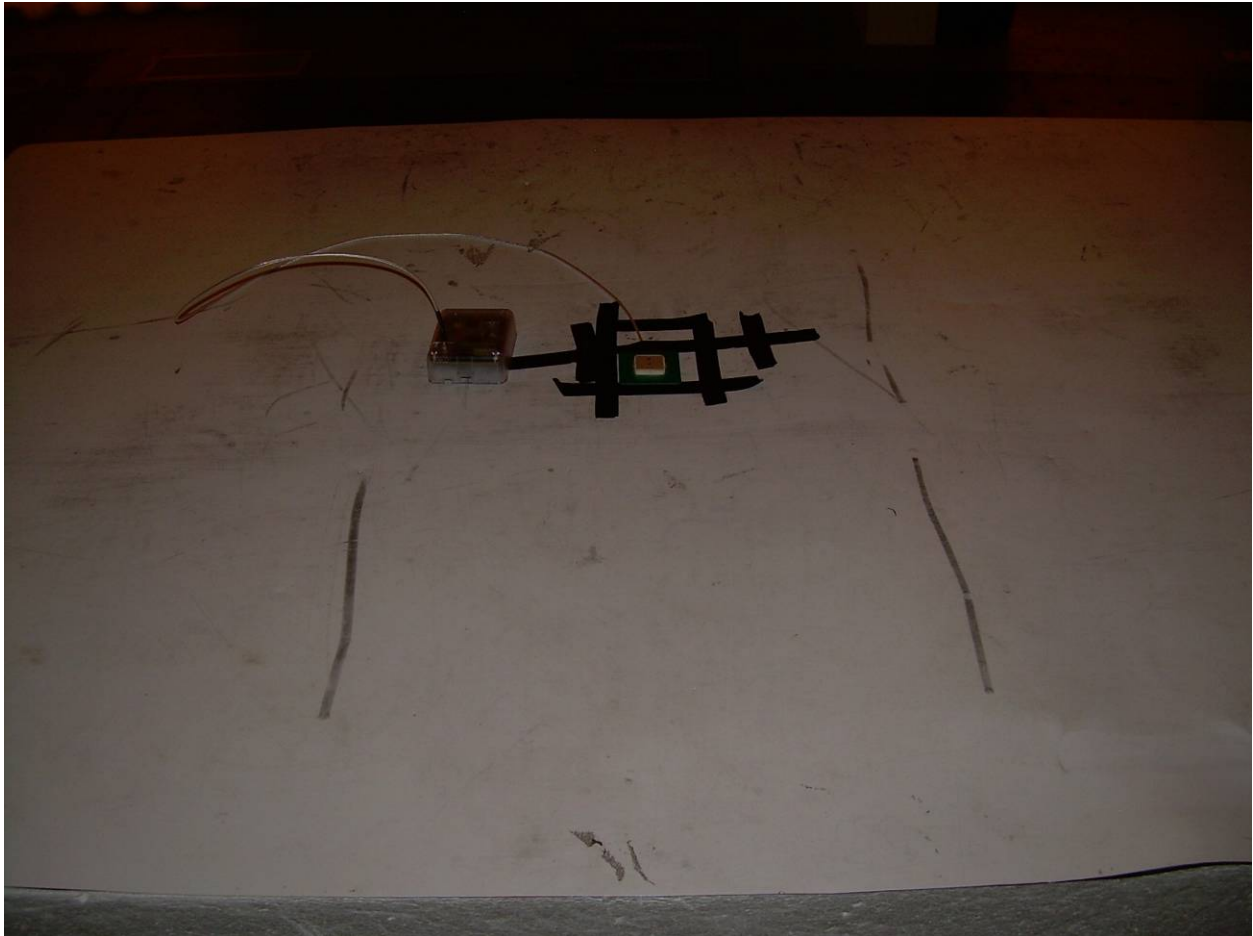
Photograph 3 – View Radiated Disturbance – On Edge, Internal Antenna Configuration



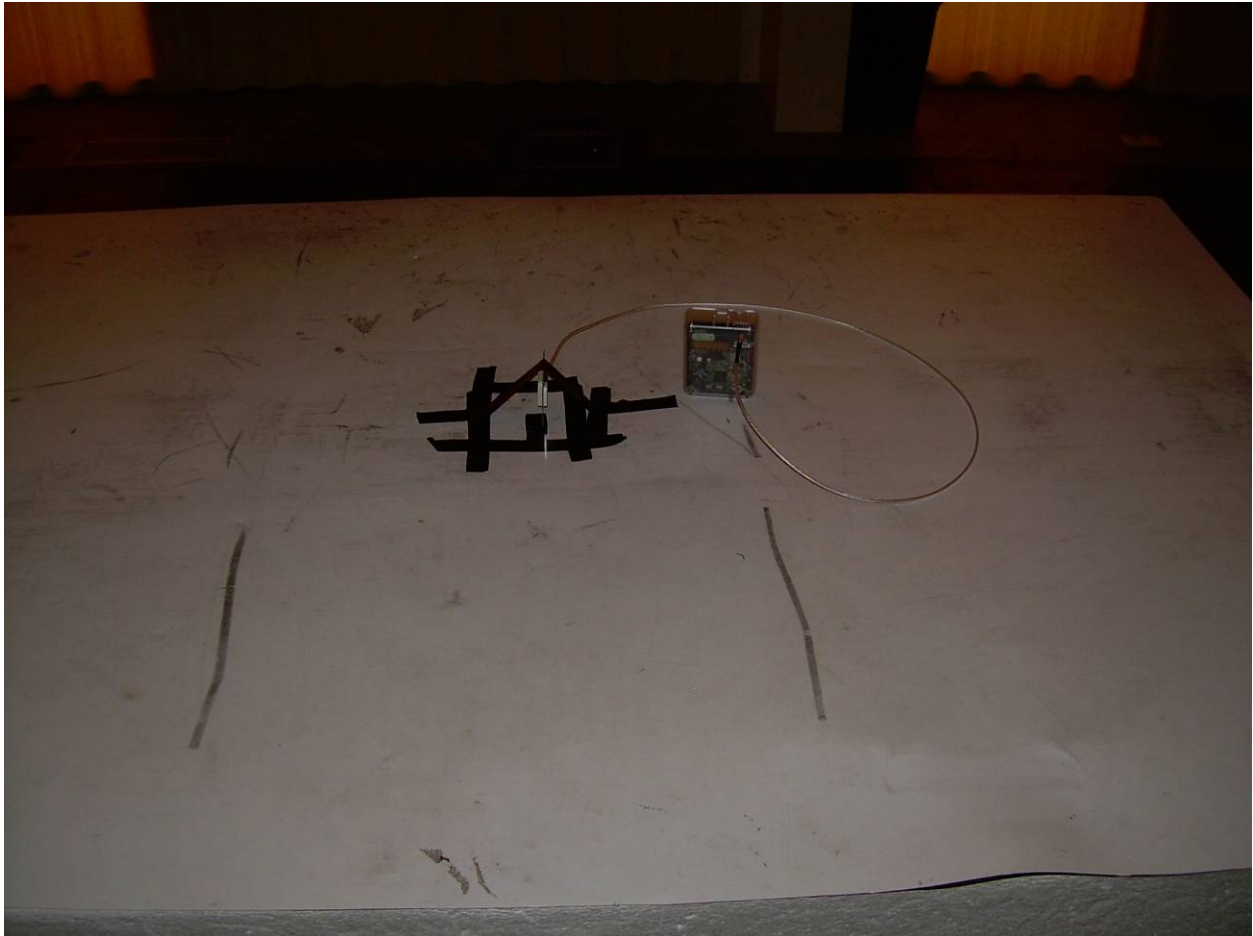
Photograph 4 – View Radiated Disturbance – Using External Antenna



Photograph 5 – View Radiated Disturbance – Using External Antenna



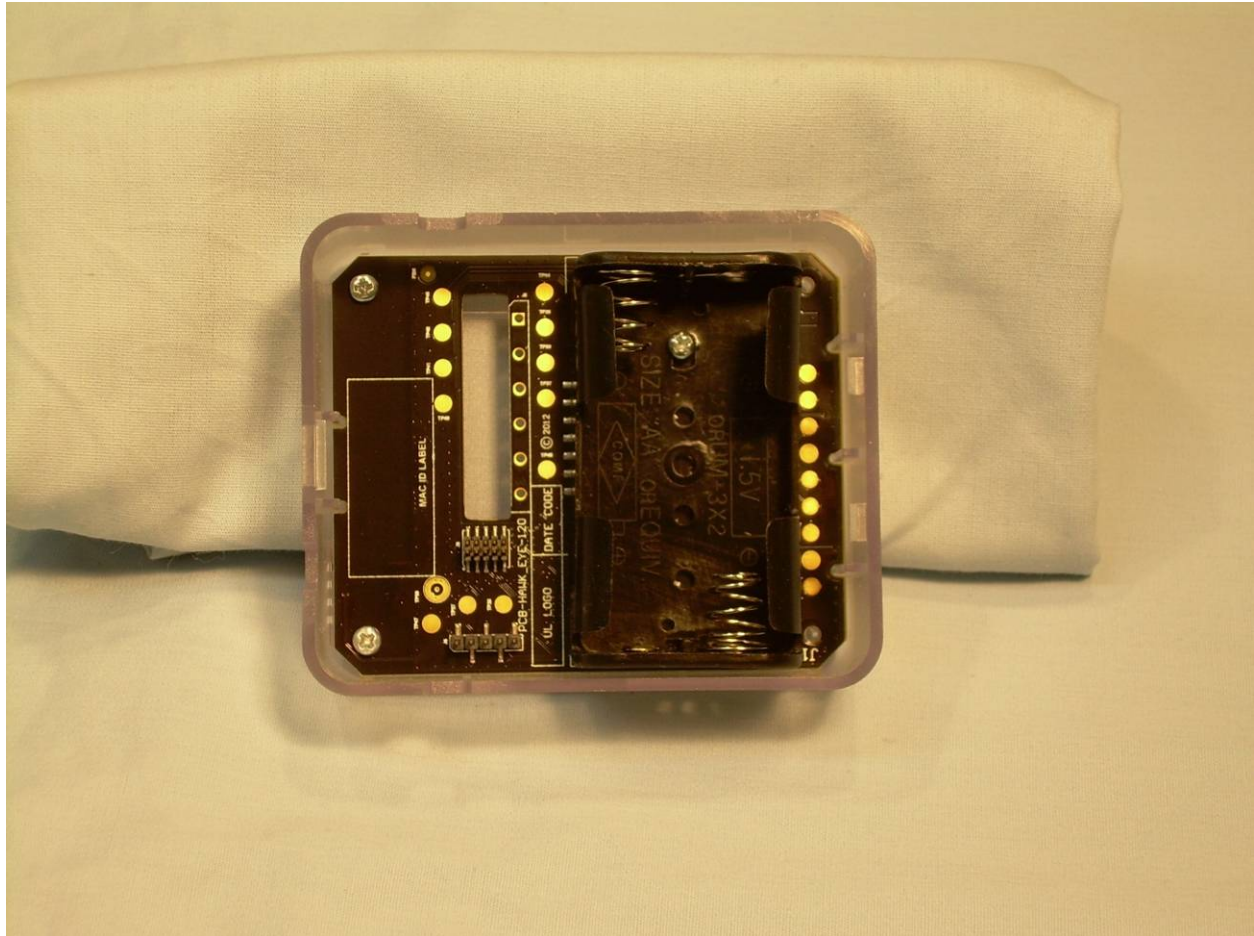
Photograph 6 – View Radiated Disturbance – Using External Antenna



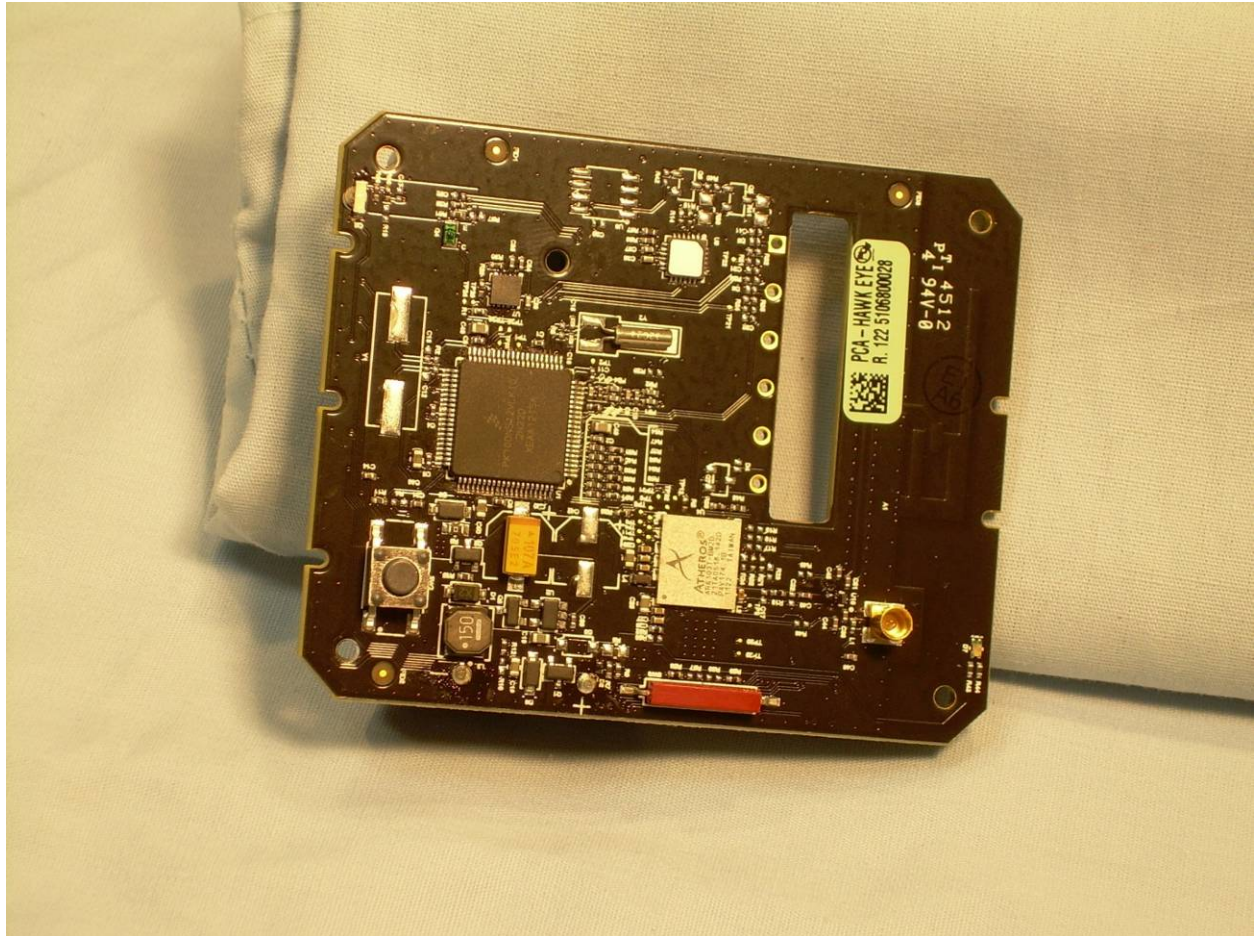
Photograph 7 – Front View of the EUT



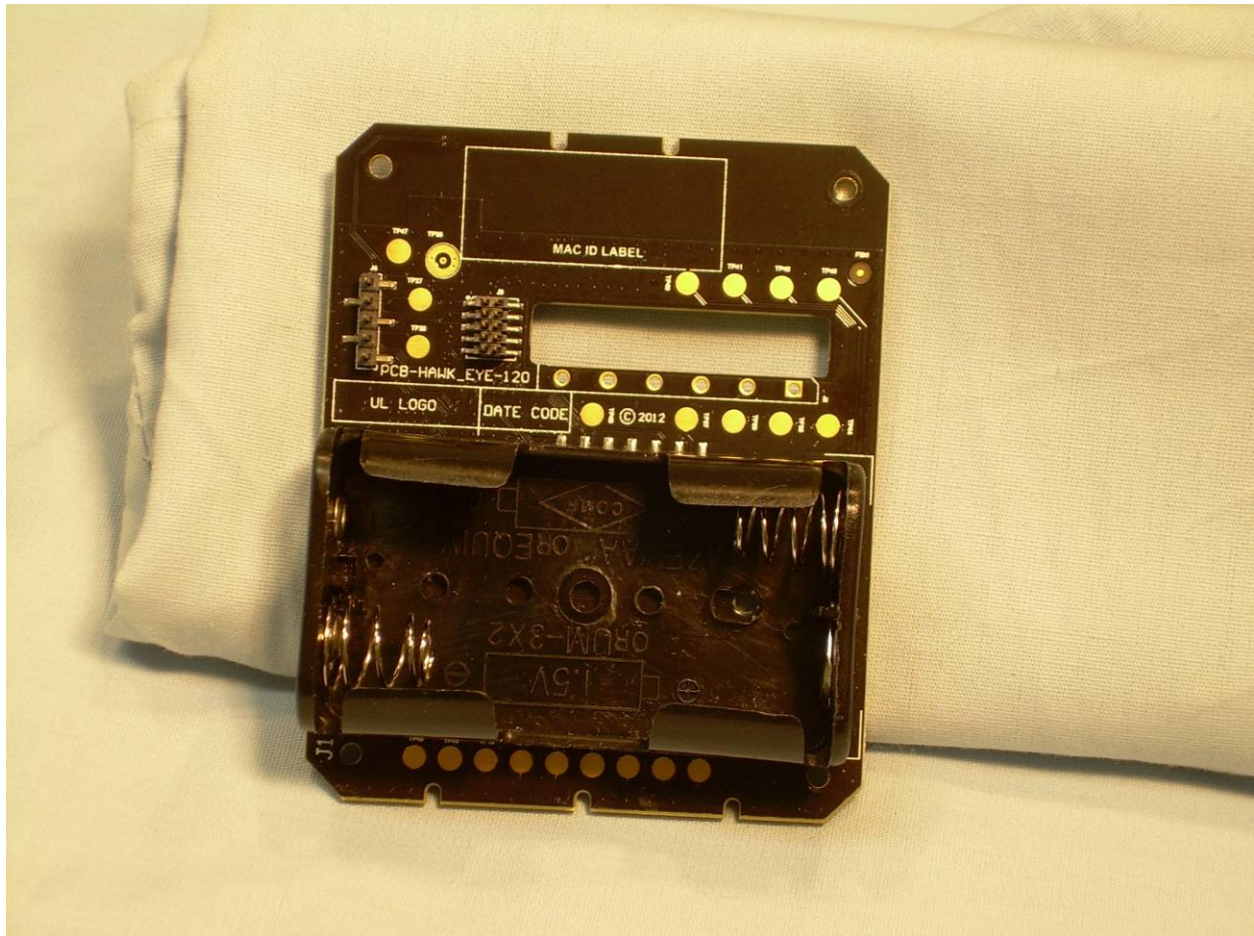
Photograph 8 – Back View of the EUT



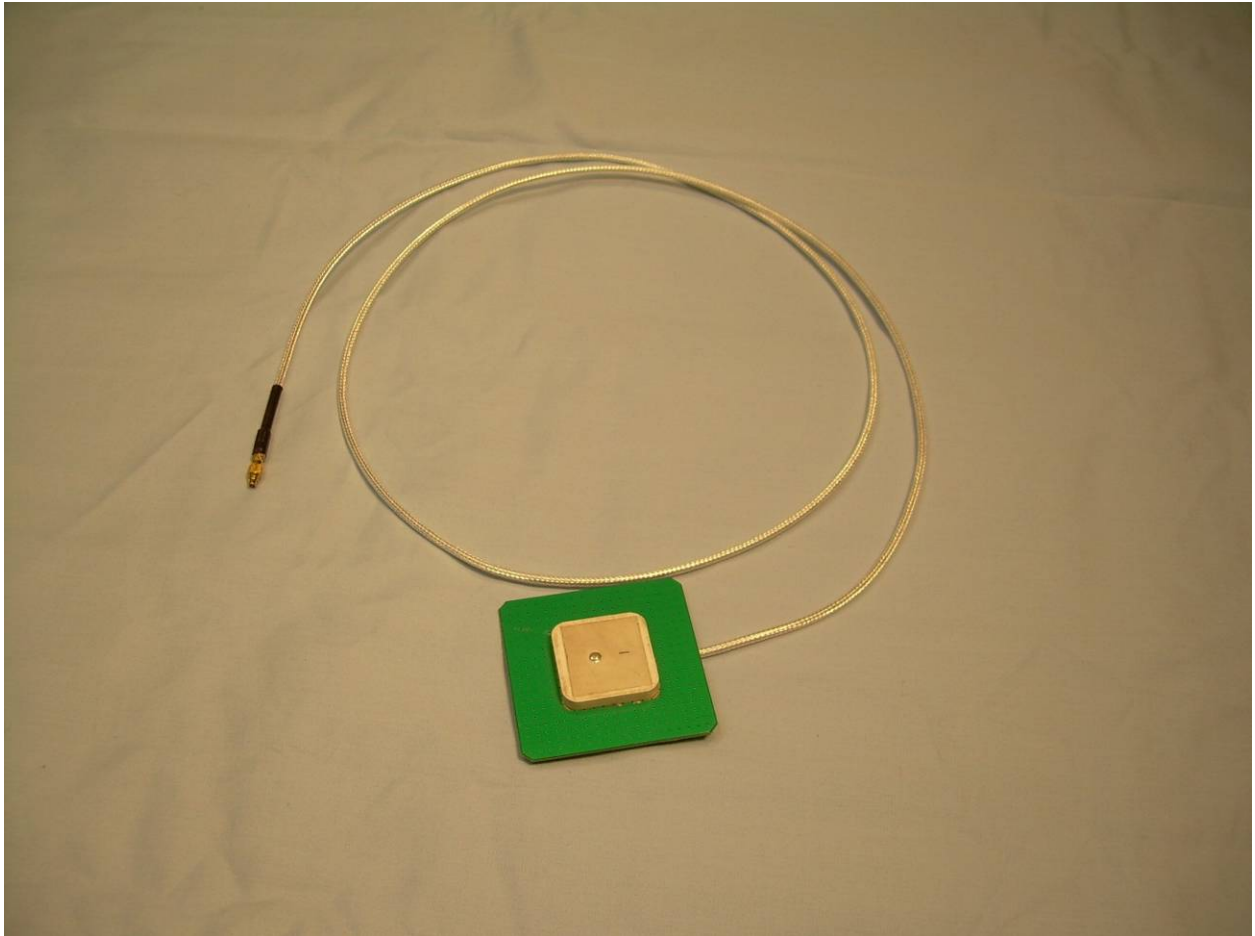
Photograph 9 – View of the Front Side of the EUT PCB



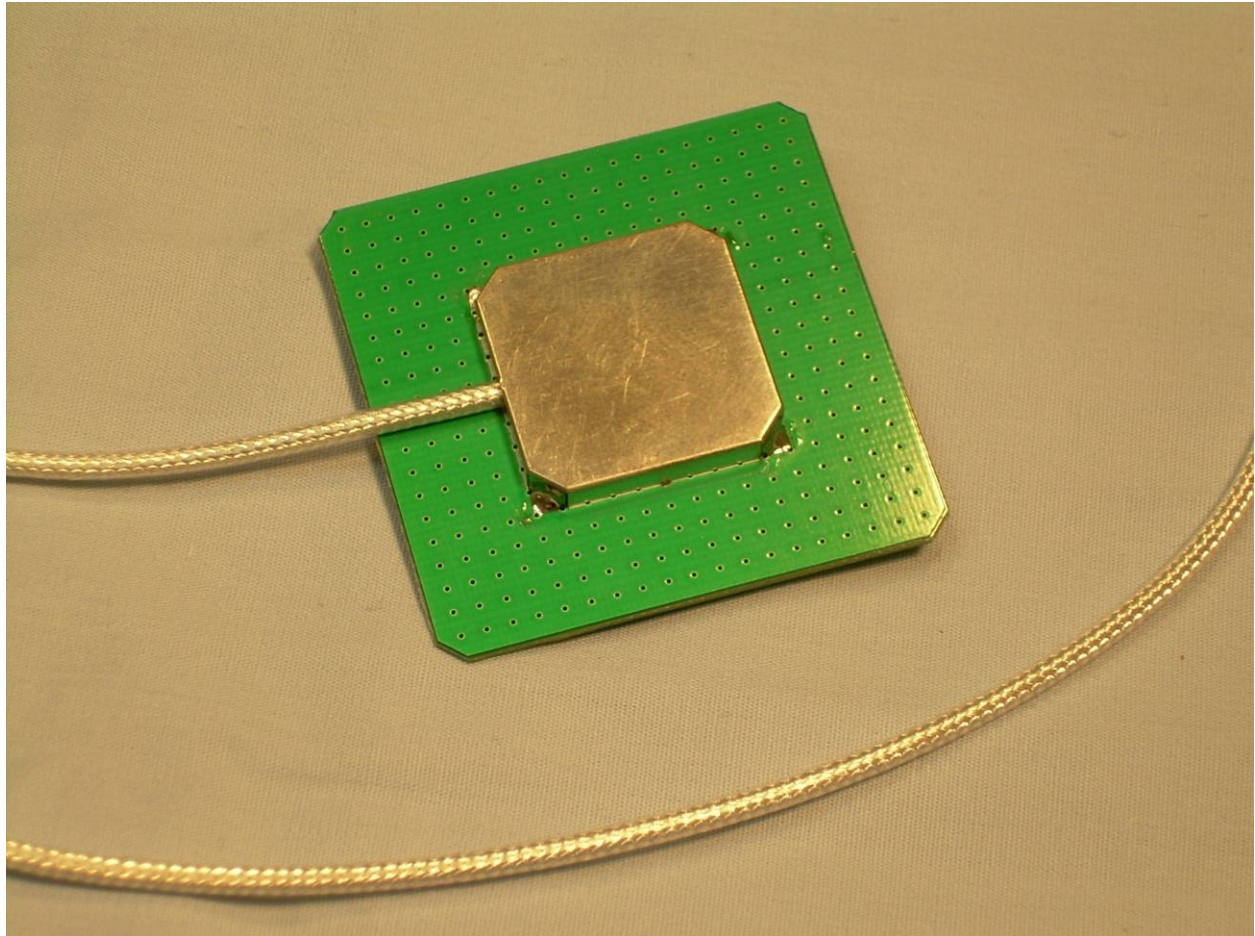
Photograph 10 – View of the Front Side of the EUT PCB



Photograph 11 – View of the Front of the External Antenna



Photograph 12 – View of the Back Side of the External Antenna



Photograph 13 – View of the Back Side of the External Antenna with Cover Removed

