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TEST REPORT

Project Number 14151

Report Issue Date: 03/17/2014

Applicant:

Aclara RF Systems
30400 Solon Road
Solon, Ohio 44139

Product:

Model - 101-2009-010B1W
Description: Water Meter Transmitting Unit

FCC ID: LLB09010B1W
IC ID: 4546A-09010B1W

Test dates: 03/07/2014 – 03/17/2014 Receive Date: 02/06/2014

For the purpose of demonstrating compliance with
FCC Part 90 & Industry Canada RSS-119 & RSS:GEN

Prepared by: Steven E. Hoke - EMC Site Manager

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Steven E. Hoke', is centered on the page.

FCC Registered Test Site Number: 160606
Industry Canada Registered Test Site Number: IC 2087A-1

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Test Procedures

EUT description: The Model - 101-2009-010B1W transceiver is designed to provide remote meter reading capability. The transceiver is attached to the meter with wiring. The transmitter provides a very short intermittent RF transmission to provide a remote reading of the meter. A microprocessor provides timing, control and data processing functions. The built in antenna is inaccessible to the user and no provision is made for an external antenna. The receiver can be used to request a meter reading or other options available in the system.

Power Output: The EUT operates in the frequency range of (450 - 470) MHz. The first step in the measurement process was to measure the field strength of the fundamental frequency at the lowest, highest and middle operating frequency. These measurements are made in both the vertical and horizontal polarity. The maximum field strength is reported by raising and lowering the measuring antenna height between (1-4) meters and by rotating the EUT (360) degrees. The measurement distance is (3) meters. Measurements made per ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004.

The field strength measurements continue as described above for up to the tenth harmonic of each fundamental frequency.

Once the field strength of each signal is recorded, the EUT is replaced with a substitution antenna and signal generator. The substitution antenna is placed at the same height as the EUT had been. The combination of antenna and signal generator is then adjusted to reproduce the recorded field strength at each frequency. The ERP is then calculated by the following:

$$\text{ERP} = \text{PG} - \text{CL} + \text{ANT}$$

ERP = Effective Radiated Power (dBm)
PG = Signal Generator Output (dBm)
CL = Cable loss (dB)
ANT = antenna gain (dBd)
dBd = (antenna gain dBi) - (2.2 dB)

Occupied Bandwidth: The occupied bandwidth was measured with the EUT set to the middle of the operating frequency range. The emissions mask used was that specified in Part 90.210 (d).

Radiated Spurious Emissions: The radiated spurious emissions measurements were measured with the EUT set to low, medium and high transmit frequencies. Based upon the low output power of this device, all spurious and harmonic signals are limited to (-20) dBm. This is based upon the calculation stated in 90.210(d)(3). The field strength of the spurious emissions were measured in the same manner as the power output measurements and then the substitution method was used to establish the power level expressed in dBm. Measurements made per ANSI/TIA-603-C-2004.

Frequency Stability vs. Supply Voltage: One of the internal batteries was disconnected and replaced with an external variable power supply. The frequency was measured at the normal battery voltage of (7.20) VDC and again with the external power supply adjusted to an (85%) level or (6.12) volts. This was repeated with the external DC voltage adjusted to (8.28) VDC. The maximum allowed deviation is (2.5) ppm or (1,150) Hz at (460) MHz.

Frequency Stability vs. Temperature: The fundamental frequency was measured at an ambient temperature of (20) degrees C and recorded. The transmitter was then placed in an environmental chamber that was adjusted until a low temperature of (-30) degrees C was achieved. The transmitter was allowed to stabilize for (20) minutes at this temperature and then the frequency was again measured with a spectrum analyzer. The chamber was allowed to warm to (-20) degrees C and the measurement process was repeated. The environment was moved to a maximum temperature of (+70) degrees C in (10) degree increments, allowed to stabilize for (10) minutes and the frequency was re-measured.

Transient Frequency Behavior: Connect the output of the transmitter under test (EUT) to an attenuator, and this to a directional coupler. Connect an RF Modulation analyzer to the coupled output of the directional coupler, and connect the output of the modulation analyzer to the input on a storage oscilloscope. The output of the directional coupler is mixed, via an RF combining network, with the output of a signal generator. Verify that the EUT signal level present at the combining network output is approximately 40 dB below the maximum input level of the modulation analyzer. Set the signal generator at the same frequency as the EUT, modulated with a 1 kHz tone, with an FM deviation equal to the assigned channel spacing (+12.5 kHz). Adjust the signal generator to provide 20 dB less power at the combiner. . Connect the output of the RF combiner to the modulation analyzer, and the modulation analyzer modulation output port to a vertical input channel of the storage scope. Adjust the horizontal sweep rate on the oscilloscope to 10 msec/div, and the vertical amplitude to display the 1 kHz tone over +/- 4 divisions centered on the display. Reduce the transmit attenuation by 30 dB so that the difference in the power between the reference signal and the EUT signal at the combiner is 50 dB when the EUT is turned on. Switch on the EUT and record the display (for RF Output Power ON). Switch off the transmitter and record the display (for RF Output Power OFF).

Low Frequency Emissions: Low frequency emissions were examined from 30 kHz to 1,000 MHz using a passive loop antenna, biconical antenna and log periodic antenna. All emissions observed between 30 kHz and 1 GHz, other than the harmonics of the transmitter were determined to be more than 20 dB below the limit levels for spurious emissions of Part 90.210 and RSS-119.

Testing Summary

| Test | Pass / Fail |
|--|-------------|
| Power Output and Spurious Emissions | PASS |
| Occupied Bandwidth | PASS |
| Frequency Stability vs. Temperature | PASS |
| Frequency Stability vs. Supply Voltage | PASS |
| Transient Stability | PASS |

TEST EQUIPMENT CALIBRATION INFORMATION

| Manufacturer | Model | Description | Serial Number | Cal Due Date |
|-----------------|----------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Hewlett Packard | 8566B | Spectrum Analyzer | 2532A02418 | 11/05/14 |
| Hewlett Packard | 85662A | Display | 2403A07352 | 11/05/14 |
| Hewlett Packard | 85650A | Quasi-Peak Adapter | 2043A00209 | 11/05/14 |
| Hewlett Packard | 8447D | Preamplifier | 2944A06901 | 12/10/14 |
| Hewlett Packard | 8449B | Preamplifier | 3008A00320 | 05/20/14 |
| Hewlett Packard | 8648B | Signal Generator | 3443U00312 | 04/14/14 |
| Hewlett Packard | 8672A | Signal Generator | 2211A02426 | 02/26/15 |
| Electro-Metrics | BIA-30 | Biconical Antenna | 3852 | 04/26/14 |
| EMCO | 3148 | Log Periodic Antenna | 00075741 | 02/07/16 |
| Electro-metrics | LPA-30 | Log Periodic Antenna | 2280 | 07/18/14 |
| Electro-metrics | ALR-25 | Loop Antenna | 722 | 09/19/14 |
| Tektronix | TDS-680B | Oscilloscope | B010311 | 03/12/15 |
| Electro-Metrics | 3115 | Double Ridge Guide Antenna | 3810 | 07/16/15 |
| ETS Lindgren | 3117 | Double Ridge Guide Antenna | 00109296 | 02/11/16 |
| Agilent | 7402A | Spectrum Analyzer | US39150137 | 01/31/15 |
| Fluke | 52 | Digital Thermometer | 447533 | 01/10/16 |
| Hewlett Packard | | DC Power Supply | None | N/A |
| Fluke | 87V | DVM | 59250853 | 02/06/15 |
| Sun Systems | EC127 | Environmental Chamber | EC0154 | N/A |
| Hewlett Packard | 8901B | Modulation Analyzer | 3226A | 02/07/15 |

Power Output and Spurious Emissions

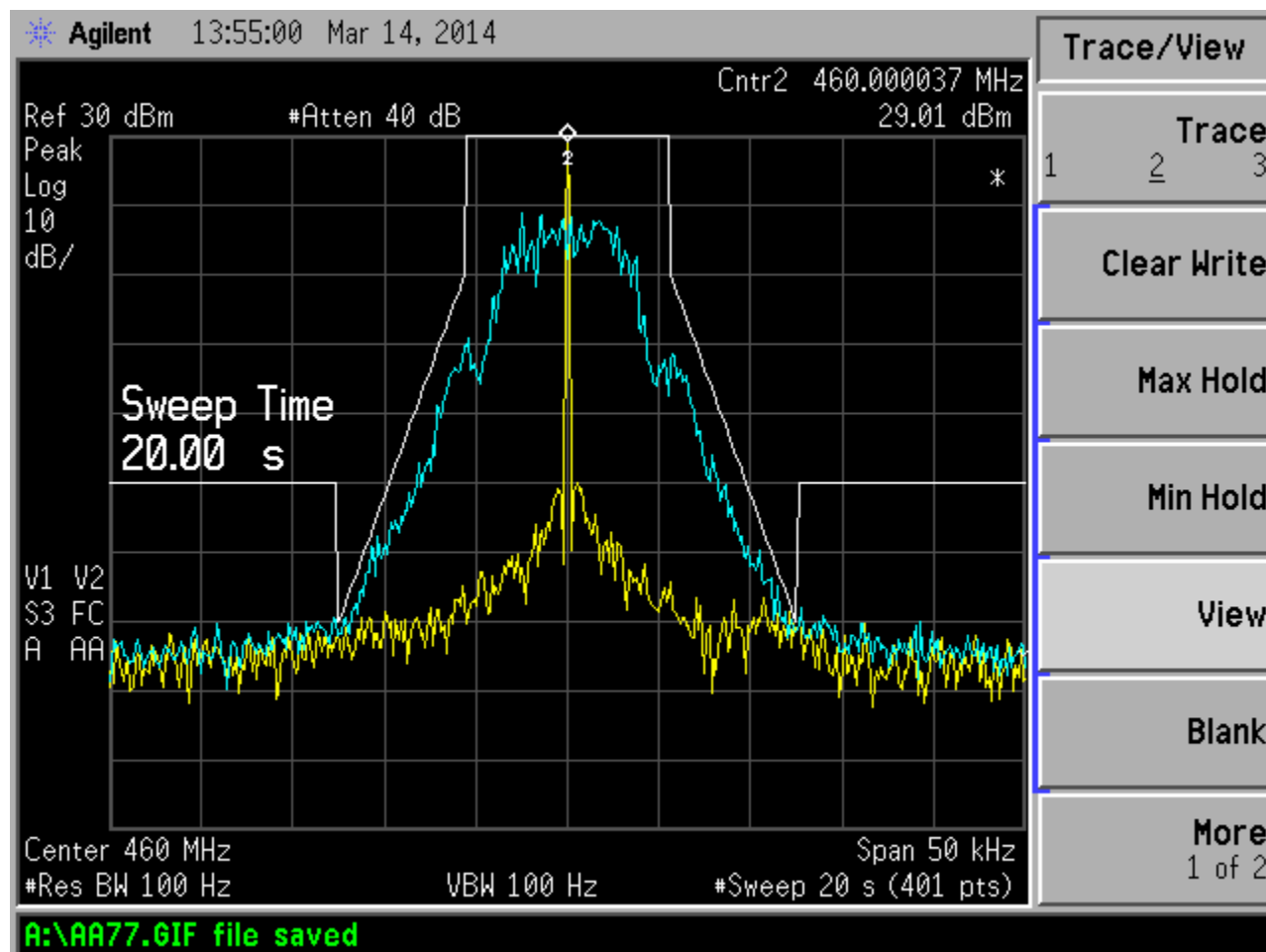
Model - 101-2009-010B1W

03/07/2014 – 03/10/2014

| Freq. | Generator | Equivalent | Antenna | Limit | Margin |
|-------|-----------|------------|----------|-------|--------|
| MHz | Level | Power | Polarity | | |
| | dBm | dBm | V/H | dBm | dB |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 450 | 25.9 | 27.0 | V | | |
| 900 | -46.4 | -43.8 | H | -20.0 | -23.8 |
| 1350 | -56.1 | -55.5 | V | -20.0 | -35.5 |
| 1800 | -54.7 | -52.2 | V | -20.0 | -32.2 |
| 2250 | -59.7 | -57.1 | V | -20.0 | -37.1 |
| 2700 | -55.5 | -52.2 | V | -20.0 | -32.2 |
| 3150 | -54.1 | -50.0 | H | -20.0 | -30.0 |
| 3600 | -53.6 | -48.6 | H | -20.0 | -28.6 |
| 4050 | -53.2 | -47.5 | H | -20.0 | -27.5 |
| 4500 | -51.5 | -45.1 | V | -20.0 | -25.1 |
| | | | | | |
| 460 | 26.2 | 27.6 | V | -20.0 | |
| 920 | -46.7 | -44.1 | H | -20.0 | -24.1 |
| 1380 | -57.3 | -56.7 | V | -20.0 | -36.7 |
| 1840 | -58.6 | -56.1 | V | -20.0 | -36.1 |
| 2300 | -57.8 | -55.2 | H | -20.0 | -35.2 |
| 2760 | -54.9 | -51.6 | V | -20.0 | -31.6 |
| 3220 | -52.3 | -48.2 | H | -20.0 | -28.2 |
| 3680 | -53.7 | -48.7 | H | -20.0 | -28.7 |
| 4140 | -53.0 | -47.3 | V | -20.0 | -27.3 |
| 4600 | -52.3 | -45.9 | V | -20.0 | -25.9 |
| | | | | | |
| 470 | 25.1 | 27.9 | V | -20.0 | |
| 940 | -44.6 | -42.0 | V | -20.0 | -22.0 |
| 1410 | -57.1 | -56.5 | V | -20.0 | -36.5 |
| 1880 | -57.9 | -55.4 | V | -20.0 | -35.4 |
| 2350 | -59.5 | -56.9 | V | -20.0 | -36.9 |
| 2820 | -55.8 | -52.5 | V | -20.0 | -32.5 |
| 3290 | -53.8 | -49.7 | V | -20.0 | -29.7 |
| 3760 | -53.7 | -48.7 | V | -20.0 | -28.7 |
| 4230 | -53.1 | -47.4 | V | -20.0 | -27.4 |
| 4700 | -51.3 | -44.9 | H | -20.0 | -24.9 |

The spurious emissions shown above meet the requirements of Part 90.120 (d) (3) defined as: On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (fd in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least 50 + 10 log (P) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH



The above plot demonstrates that the EUT meets the 90.210 Emission Mask D requirements:

(d) Emission Mask D—12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- (1) On any frequency from the center of the authorized bandwidth f_0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f_0 : Zero dB.
- (2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 5.625 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz: At least $7.27(f_d - 2.88 \text{ kHz})$ dB.

FREQUENCY STABILITY VS TEMPERATURE

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Model --> | 101-2009-10B1W | | 3/13/2014 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Temperature | Measured Freq | Deviation | Deviation |
| Degrees C | Hz | Hz | PPM |
| | | | |
| -30 | 460,000,018 | 18 | 0.04 |
| -20 | 460,000,105 | 105 | 0.23 |
| -10 | 460,000,101 | 101 | 0.22 |
| 0 | 460,000,155 | 155 | 0.34 |
| 10 | 460,000,133 | 133 | 0.29 |
| 20 | 460,000,057 | 57 | 0.12 |
| 30 | 459,999,983 | -17 | 0.04 |
| 40 | 459,999,939 | -61 | 0.13 |
| 50 | 459,999,866 | -134 | 0.29 |
| 60 | 459,999,818 | -182 | 0.40 |
| 70 | 459,999,793 | -207 | 0.45 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Limit = 2.5 ppm | | |

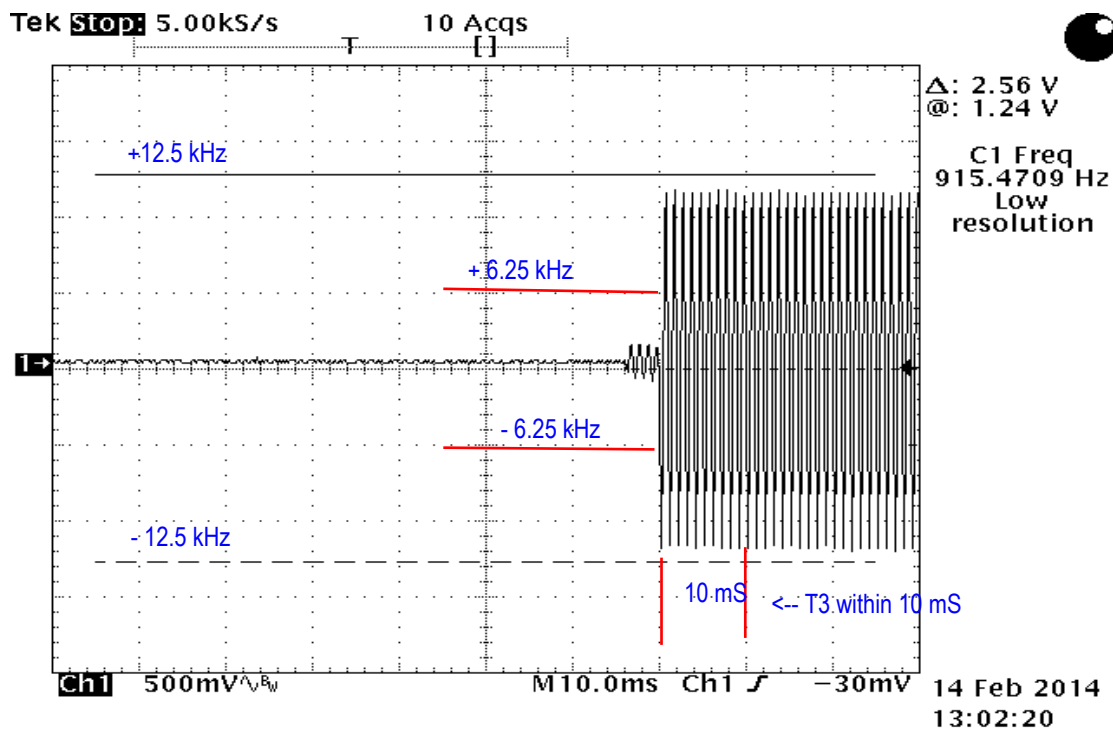
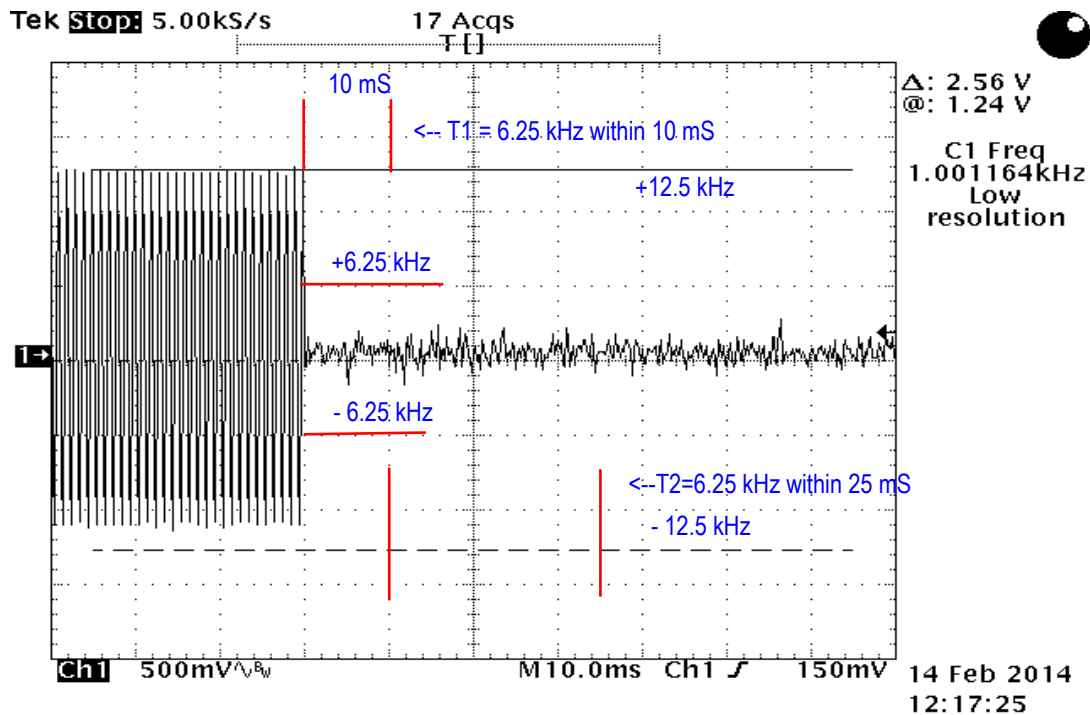
Assigned Frequency = 460.000000 MHz

FREQUENCY STABILITY VS VOLTAGE

| Voltage Input | Output Frequency (Hz) | Deviation (Hz) | Deviation (ppm) |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | | | |
| 6.12 VDC | 459999961 | 39 | 0.085 |
| 7.20 VDC | 459999974 | 26 | 0.057 |
| 8.28 VDC | 459999970 | 30 | 0.065 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Assigned Frequency = 460,000,000 Hz | | |

The maximum allowed deviation is (2.5) ppm or (1,150) Hz at (460) MHz.

TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR



Test Requirements: Frequency deviation during t_1 (10 ms duration after t_{on}) may be greater than $\pm 12.5 \text{ kHz}$ because the output power is less than 6 Watts. Frequency deviation during t_2 (25 ms duration after t_1) must be less than $\pm 6.25 \text{ kHz}$. 3. Frequency deviation after t_2 must be less than $\pm 2.5 \text{ ppm}$, or $\pm 1150 \text{ Hz}$ at 460 MHz . Frequency deviation during t_3 (10 ms duration after transmitter is turned off) may exceed $\pm 12.5 \text{ kHz}$ because output power is less than 6 Watts.

OUTPUT POWER AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

