

# Medtronic

## Azure™ S SR MRI SureScan™ W3SR01



MR Conditional single chamber pacemaker with SureScan™ technology and Bluetooth® wireless telemetry (OOE-VVIR)

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# 1 System overview

## 1.1 CE mark of conformity

CE0123

2017

## 1.2 Introduction

This manual describes the Medtronic Model W3SR01 Azure S SR MRI SureScan single chamber, implantable pulse generator (IPG). It contains model-specific feature information, indications and contraindications, warnings and precautions, instructions for implanting the device, quick reference specifications, and parameter tables.

Additional manuals and documents with information about the device:

**MRI technical manual** – This manual provides MRI-specific procedures and warnings and precautions.

**Reference manual** – This manual contains information about device features. The reference manual applies to multiple models of IPG devices.

**Programming guide** – This manual explains how to use the programmer software to conduct a patient session.

**Explanation of symbols** – This document defines the symbols that may appear on the device package. Refer to the package label to see which symbols apply specifically to this device.

**Medical Procedure and EMI Warnings and Precautions Manual for Health Care Professionals** – This manual provides warnings, precautions, and guidance for health care professionals who perform medical therapies and diagnostic procedures on cardiac device patients. The manual also provides patient education information related to sources of electromagnetic interference (EMI) at home, at work, and in other environments.

**Radio regulatory compliance information** – This document provides compliance information related to the radio components of the device.

## 1.3 System description

The Medtronic Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 single chamber implantable pulse generator (IPG) is a multiprogrammable cardiac device that monitors and regulates the patient's heart rate by providing single chamber rate-responsive bradycardia pacing. This device features Bluetooth wireless technology.<sup>1</sup>

The MRI SureScan feature permits a mode of operation that allows a patient with a SureScan system to be safely scanned by an MRI machine while the device continues to provide appropriate pacing. When programmed to On, MRI SureScan operation disables arrhythmia detection, magnet mode, and all user-defined diagnostics. Before performing an MRI scan, refer to the MRI technical manual.

**Rate response** – Rate response is controlled through an activity-based sensor.

The users of this device include medical professionals (physicians, nurses, technicians, and their supporting staff) trained in surgery, cardiology, radiology, and magnetic resonance (MR) technology and able to implement the procedures documented in the instructions for use for this device.

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<sup>1</sup> The Bluetooth® word mark is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and any use of this mark by Medtronic is under license.

### 1.3.1 Usage environments

The device is intended to be used in the following environments and conditions:

- The device will be implanted in a properly equipped, staffed, and sterile surgical environment. Implant will take place under standard surgical protocols and in the patient population for which the device is indicated.
- Post-surgical patient and device follow-up care will take place in a properly equipped and staffed cardiology clinic or office.
- MRI procedures for patients with this device will take place in a properly equipped and staffed MR facility, and in consideration of the conditions and requirements described in Section 1.6, “MRI conditions for use”, page 5.
- After having an implant, patients may resume their lives at home, at work, and in other environments with consideration of the advice and restrictions documented in the Medical Procedure and EMI Warnings and Precautions Manual for Health Care Professionals.

### 1.3.2 System components and accessories

**Contents of sterile package** – The package contains 1 implantable pulse generator (IPG) and 1 torque wrench.

**Implantable device system** – The Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 device and the pacing lead constitute the implantable portions of the device system.

**Lead** – The lead system used with this device must provide sensing and pacing to the right ventricle (RV). Do not use any lead with this device without first verifying lead and connector compatibility.

For information about selecting and implanting a SureScan lead for this device, refer to Section 3.2, “Selecting and implanting the lead”, page 13.

**Programmable and software** – Medtronic programmers and software are used to program this device. Programmers from other manufacturers are not compatible with Medtronic devices, but they do not damage Medtronic devices.

**Medtronic pacing system analyzer** – A pacing system analyzer is used to measure the electrical characteristics of the implanted lead to assess its effectiveness for pacing and sensing.

**Medtronic patient monitor** – Patients use the Medtronic patient monitor, if available, to gather information from their implanted devices and communicate the information to their physicians through the Medtronic CareLink Network. For information on using the patient monitor, refer to the patient monitor literature.

## 1.4 Indications and usage

The Azure S SR MRI SureScan system is indicated for use in patients who may benefit from rate responsive or non-rate responsive pacing to restore physiologic heart rates, improve cardiac output, prevent symptoms, or protect against arrhythmias related to cardiac impulse formation or conduction disorders.

## 1.5 Contraindications

The Medtronic Azure S SR MRI SureScan system is contraindicated for the following:

- Concomitant implantation with another bradycardia device
- Concomitant implantation with an implantable cardioverter defibrillator (ICD)
- Rate responsive modes in patients who cannot tolerate pacing rates above the programmed lower rate
- Asynchronous pacing where spontaneous rhythms may cause competitive pacing
- Single chamber atrial pacing in patients with an AV conduction disturbance.

## 1.6 MRI conditions for use

**A complete SureScan pacing system is required for use in the MR environment. A complete SureScan pacing system includes a SureScan device with a Medtronic SureScan lead.** Any other combination may result in a hazard to the patient during an MRI scan.

**Warning:** Do not scan a patient without first programming the MRI SureScan mode to On. Scanning the patient without programming the MRI SureScan mode to On may result in patient harm or damage to the SureScan pacing system.

**Note:** The MRI SureScan mode cannot be programmed to On if the device is recommended for replacement.

### **Cardiology requirements**

Patients and their implanted systems must be screened to meet the following requirements:

- The patient has no implanted lead extenders, lead adaptors, or abandoned leads.
- The patient has no broken leads or leads with intermittent electrical contact, as confirmed by lead impedance history.
- The SureScan pacing system is implanted in the left or right pectoral region.
- The pace polarity parameters are set to Bipolar for programming the MRI SureScan mode to On.
- The SureScan device is operating within the projected service life.
- For patients whose device will be programmed to an asynchronous pacing mode when the MRI SureScan mode is programmed to On, no diaphragmatic stimulation is present when the paced lead has a pacing output of 5.0 V and a pulse width of 1.0 ms.

**Caution:** It is not recommended to perform an MRI scan if the right ventricular (RV) lead pacing capture threshold is greater than 2.0 V at 0.4 ms for pacemaker-dependent patients. A higher pacing capture threshold may indicate an issue with the implanted lead.

### **Notes:**

- For radiology requirements, refer to the MRI technical manual.
- **Before performing an MRI scan, refer to the MRI technical manual for MRI-specific warnings and precautions.**

### **Patient monitoring and rescue requirements**

- Continuous patient monitoring is required during the MRI scan.
- In the event that patient rescue is required, an external defibrillator must be immediately available.

## **1.7 Feature summary**

The following features are available in this device. For a list of the features that are enabled at shipping, see the “Shipped” column of the tables in Chapter 5, “Device parameters”, page 24.

### **1.7.1 Pacing features**

**Auto-adjusting sensitivity** – This feature automatically adjusts the sensitivity thresholds after specific paced events and sensed events occur.

**Automatic polarity configuration** – This device uses lead impedance measurements to automatically configure pacing and sensing polarities during Implant Detection.

**MRI SureScan** – This feature allows patients with an implanted MRI SureScan system, including the device and lead, to have a safe MRI procedure if the requirements provided in the MRI technical manual are followed.

**Rate Profile Optimization** – The goal of Rate Profile Optimization is to ensure that the rate response remains appropriate for the full range of patient activities. This feature monitors the patient’s daily and monthly sensor rate profiles and adjusts the rate response curves over time to achieve a prescribed target rate profile.

**Rate-responsive pacing** – This feature varies the pacing rate in response to the patient’s physical motion as detected by the activity sensor of the device.

**RV Capture Management** – This feature monitors the right ventricular pacing threshold with daily pacing threshold searches and, if programmed to do so, adjusts the RV pacing amplitude toward a target amplitude.

**Sleep feature** – This feature causes the device to pace at a slower rate during a programmed sleep period.

## 1.7.2 Monitoring and follow-up features

**Episode data and EGM storage** – The system provides an arrhythmia episode log that enables you to view the summary and detailed diagnostic data quickly, including stored EGM, for the selected arrhythmia episode.

**Flashback memory** – This diagnostic feature records intervals that occur immediately prior to tachyarrhythmia episodes or the most recent interrogation and plots the interval data over time.

**Holter telemetry** – This function allows the implanted device to transmit an EGM with marker telemetry continuously for up to 46 hours, regardless of the use of the programming head.

**Implant Detection** – Implant Detection is a 30 min period, beginning when the device is placed in the surgical pocket. During this period, the device verifies lead connection by measuring lead impedance. When the Implant Detection period is completed, various automatic features and diagnostics are activated.

**Lead Monitor** – This feature measures lead impedances during the life of the implanted device and controls automatic configuration of lead polarities at implant. If Lead Monitor is programmed to Adaptive, the device automatically switches bipolar pacing and sensing to unipolar pacing and sensing if the integrity of a bipolar lead is compromised.

**Medtronic CareAlert Monitoring** – If the device identifies any programmed or automatic CareAlert conditions, this feature sends a wireless alert signal to the patient monitor (if available). The patient monitor then transmits the CareAlert Event data to the Medtronic CareLink Network. If configured to do so, the Medtronic CareLink Network then sends an alert notification to the clinic.

**Rate Histograms report** – This report shows heart rate range distributions for the patient.

## 1.8 Data security

Medtronic has designed safeguards to protect patient information and device data for the Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 device.

**Bluetooth communication system** – The device shows its availability through Bluetooth communication. Critical data accepted or sent through the Bluetooth communication from the device is encrypted by the device before it is sent over the Bluetooth channel. The device responds only to authorized commands.

**Inductive telemetry communication system** – The Medtronic inductive telemetry communication system is used with the clinician programmer to interrogate and program the device. It can also be used to interrogate the device for remote monitoring, if available. This system uses short-range communication that protects patient information and device data.

## 1.9 Pacing mode information

Pacemaker modes are described using the NBG code. The five-letter NBG code, named after The North American Society of Pacing and Electrophysiology (NASPE) and the British Pacing and Electrophysiology Group (BPEG), describes the operation of implantable pulse generators. The NBG code, which supersedes the ICHD Code, is described in Table 1.

**Table 1.** The Revised NASPE/BPEG Generic Code for antibradycardia pacing

<b>Position:</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>III</b>	<b>IV</b>	<b>V</b>
Category:	Chamber(s) Paced	Chamber(s) Sensed	Response to Sensing	Rate Modula- tion	Multisite Pac- ing <sup>a</sup>
	O = None A = Atrium V = Ventricle D = Dual (A + V)	O = None A = Atrium V = Ventricle D = Dual (A + V)	O = None T = Triggered I = Inhibited D = Dual (T + I)	O = None R = Rate mod- ulation	O = None A = Atrium V = Ventricle D = Dual (A + V)
Manufacturers' designation only:	S = Single <sup>b</sup> (A or V)	S = Single <sup>b</sup> (A or V)			

<sup>a</sup> Medtronic devices do not use the Multisite Pacing code.

<sup>b</sup> The programmer displays A or V (not S) for chambers paced and sensed.

## 2 Warnings, precautions, and potential adverse events

### 2.1 General warnings and precautions

**Before performing an MRI scan, refer to the Medtronic MRI technical manual for MRI-specific warnings and precautions.**

Refer to the Medical Procedure and EMI Warnings and Precautions Manual for information about hazards related to medical therapies and diagnostic procedures on patients with cardiac devices. This manual also includes information about sources of EMI in the patient's environment.

**Anti-coagulation** – Use of the device should not change the application of established anti-coagulation protocols.

**Electrical isolation during implant** – Do not allow the patient to have contact with grounded electrical equipment that might produce electrical current leakage during implant. Electrical current leakage may induce tachyarrhythmias that may result in the patient's death.

**External defibrillation equipment** – Keep external defibrillation equipment nearby for immediate use whenever tachyarrhythmias are possible or intentionally induced during device testing, implant procedures, or post-implant testing.

**Lead compatibility** – Do not use another manufacturer's leads without demonstrated compatibility with Medtronic devices. If a lead is not compatible with a Medtronic device, the result may be undersensing of cardiac activity, failure to deliver necessary therapy, or a leaking or intermittent electrical connection.

A complete SureScan pacing system includes a SureScan device connected to a SureScan lead. **Before performing an MRI scan, refer to the Medtronic MRI technical manual for additional information.**

### 2.2 Explant and disposal

Consider the following information related to device explant and disposal:

- Explant the implantable device postmortem. In some countries, explanting battery-operated implantable devices is mandatory because of environmental concerns; please check the local regulations. In addition, if subjected to incineration or cremation temperatures, the device may explode.
- Medtronic implantable devices are intended for single use only. Do not resterilize and reimplant explanted devices.
- Contact Medtronic for Return Mailer Kits to return explanted devices for analysis and disposal. See the back cover for addresses.



## 2.3 Handling and storage instructions

Carefully observe these guidelines when handling or storing the device.

### 2.3.1 Device handling

**Checking and opening the package** – Before opening the sterile package tray, visually check for any signs of damage that might invalidate the sterility of the package contents.

**If the package is damaged** – The device packaging consists of an outer tray and an inner tray. Do not use the device or accessories if the outer or inner packaging tray is wet, punctured, opened, or damaged. Return the device to Medtronic because the integrity of the sterile packaging or the device functionality may be compromised. This device is not intended to be resterilized.

**If the package information is damaged** – If any information on the outer package or the sterile package is defaced or damaged so that you cannot read it, notify Medtronic so that the device can be replaced.

**If the printed manual is illegible** – If this manual is supplied in its printed form and any part of it is illegible, contact Medtronic to request a replacement manual.

**Sterilization** – Medtronic has sterilized the package contents with ethylene oxide before shipment. This device is for single use only and is not intended to be resterilized.

**Device temperature** – Allow the device to reach room temperature before it is programmed or implanted. Device temperature above or below room temperature may affect initial device function.

**Dropped device** – Do not implant the device if it is dropped on a hard surface from a height of 30 cm or more after it is removed from its packaging.

**Fluid immersion** – Do not immerse the device in fluid or flush the connector ports at the time of implant. Doing so could adversely affect the performance of the device and lead system.

**“Use by” date** – Do not implant the device after the “Use by” date because the battery longevity could be reduced.

**For single use only** – Do not resterilize and reimplant an explanted device.

### 2.3.2 Device storage

**Avoid magnets** – To avoid damaging the device, store the device in a clean area away from magnets, kits containing magnets, and any sources of electromagnetic interference.

**Temperature limits** – Store and transport the package between  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $+55^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Device reset may occur at temperatures below  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Device longevity may decrease and performance may be affected at temperatures above  $+55^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## 2.4 Lead evaluation and lead connection

Refer to the lead technical manuals for specific instructions and precautions about lead handling.

A Medtronic MRI SureScan system includes a Medtronic MRI SureScan device connected to a Medtronic MRI SureScan lead. **Before performing an MRI procedure, refer to the Medtronic MRI technical manual for additional information.**

**Torque wrench** – Use only the torque wrench supplied with the device. The torque wrench is designed to prevent damage to the device from overtightening a setscrew. Other torque wrenches (for example, a blue-handled or right-angled hex wrench) have torque capabilities greater than the lead connector can tolerate.

**Lead connection** – Consider the following information when connecting the lead and the device:

- Cap abandoned leads to avoid transmitting electrical signals.
- Verify the lead connection. A loose lead connection may result in inappropriate sensing.

## 2.5 Device operation

**Lead** – A bipolar or unipolar lead may be used with the Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 device, but if a lead other than bipolar MRI SureScan lead is used, the system is contraindicated for MRI scans.

**Accessories** – Use this device only with accessories, parts subject to wear, and disposable items that have been tested to technical standards and found safe by an approved testing agency.

**Device status indicators** – If any of the device status indicators (for example, Device Reset) are displayed on the programmer after interrogating the device, inform a Medtronic representative immediately. If these device status indicators are displayed, therapies may not be available to the patient.

**Effects of myopotential sensing in unipolar sensing configurations** – In unipolar sensing configurations, the device may not distinguish myopotentials from cardiac signals. This may result in a loss of pacing due to inhibition. To address these situations, the device may be programmed to be less sensitive (using higher sensitivity values), but the sensitivity level must be balanced against the potential to undersense true cardiac signals. Typically, this balance is easily attained for ventricular sensing using sensitivity values around 2.8 mV.

**Device reset** – Device reset can be caused by exposure to temperatures below  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$  or strong electromagnetic fields. Advise patients to avoid strong electromagnetic fields. Observe temperature storage limits to avoid exposure of the device to cold temperatures. If a partial reset occurs, pacing resumes in the programmed mode with many of the programmed settings retained. If a full reset occurs, the device operates in VVI mode at  $65\text{ min}^{-1}$ . Device reset is indicated by a programmer warning message that is displayed immediately upon interrogation. To restore the device to its previous operation, it must be reprogrammed. Inform a Medtronic representative if your patient's device has reset.

**End of Service (EOS) indicator** – Replace the device immediately if the programmer displays an EOS indicator. The device may soon lose the ability to pace and sense adequately.

**False bipolar pathway with unipolar lead** – When implanting a unipolar lead, ensure that the tip setscrew is properly engaged and that all electrical contacts are sealed to prevent electrical leakage. Electrical leakage may cause the device to inappropriately identify a unipolar lead as bipolar, resulting in loss of output.

**Magnets** – Placing a magnet over the device suspends tachyarrhythmia detection and initiates asynchronous, fixed-rate bradycardia pacing. The programming head contains a magnet that can cause magnet operation to occur. However, magnet operation does not occur if telemetry between the device and the programmer is established or if the MRI SureScan mode is programmed to On.

**Pace polarity** – Pace polarity must be bipolar to program the MRI SureScan mode to On.

**Pacing and sensing safety margins** – Lead maturation (at least one month after implant) may cause sensing amplitudes to decrease and pacing thresholds to increase, which can cause undersensing or a loss of capture. Provide an adequate safety margin when selecting values for pacing amplitude, pacing pulse width, and sensitivity parameters.

**Programmers** – Use only Medtronic programmers and application software to communicate with the device. Programmers and software from other manufacturers are not compatible with Medtronic devices.

**Rate-responsive modes** – Do not program rate-responsive modes for patients who cannot tolerate rates above the programmed Lower Rate. Rate-responsive modes may cause discomfort for those patients.

**Right ventricular apical pacing** – Right ventricular apical pacing may be associated with an increased risk of atrial fibrillation, left ventricular dysfunction, and congestive heart failure.

**Maximum output for the RV Capture Management feature** – The RV Capture Management feature does not program right ventricular outputs to values greater than 5.0 V or 1.0 ms. If the patient needs right ventricular pacing output greater than 5.0 V or 1.0 ms, manually program right ventricular amplitude and pulse width. If a lead dislodges partially or completely, the RV Capture Management feature may not prevent loss of capture.

**Sensitivity setting** – Carefully evaluate the possibility of increased susceptibility to EMI and oversensing before changing the sensitivity from its nominal setting to a more sensitive setting.

**Shipping values** – Do not use shipping values or nominal values for pacing amplitude and sensitivity without verifying that the values provide adequate safety margins for the patient.

### 2.5.1 Pacemaker-dependent patients

**OVO pacing mode** – Pacing is disabled under the OVO pacing mode. Do not program the OVO mode for pacemaker-dependent patients. Instead, use the Underlying Rhythm Test to provide a brief period without pacing support.

**Polarity override** – Do not override the polarity verification prompt with bipolar polarity when a unipolar lead is connected. Overriding the polarity verification prompt results in no pacing output.

**Underlying Rhythm Test** – Use caution when using the Underlying Rhythm Test to inhibit pacing. The patient is without pacing support when pacing is inhibited.

## 2.6 Potential adverse events

Potential adverse events associated with the use of a device system (defined as the device and lead) include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Air embolism
- Allergic reaction
- Bleeding
- Body rejection phenomena including local tissue rejection
- Cardiac dissection
- Cardiac perforation
- Cardiac tamponade
- Chronic nerve damage
- Death
- Embolism
- Endocarditis
- Erosion of the device and lead through the skin
- Excessive fibrosis
- Extrusion
- Fibrillation or other arrhythmias
- Fluid accumulation
- Formation of cysts
- Heart block
- Heart wall rupture
- Hematoma/seroma
- Inappropriate acceleration of arrhythmias
- Infection
- Keloid formation
- Lead abrasion and discontinuity
- Lead migration/dislodgment
- Muscle and nerve stimulation
- Myocardial damage
- Myocardial irritability
- Myopotential sensing
- Pericardial effusion
- Pericardial rub
- Pneumothorax
- Threshold elevation
- Thromboemboli
- Thrombosis
- Transvenous lead-related thrombosis
- Valve damage (particularly in fragile hearts)

- Venous occlusion
- Venous perforation
- Vein wall rupture

## 3 Implant procedure

### 3.1 Preparing for an implant

The following implant procedures are provided for reference only. Proper surgical procedures and sterile techniques are the responsibility of the physician. Each physician must apply the information in these procedures according to professional medical training and experience.

For information about replacing a previously implanted device, see Section 3.7, “Replacing a device”, page 17.

Ensure that you have all of the necessary instruments, system components, and sterile accessories to perform the implant.

Connect the skin electrodes to the patient if you would like to display surface ECG signals on the programmer. See the programmer reference manual for more information.

#### 3.1.1 Instruments, components, and accessories required for an implant

The following non-implanted instruments are used to support the implant procedure:

- Medtronic programmer with a programming head
- programmer software application for the Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 device
- Model 2290 Analyzer or equivalent pacing system analyzer
- external defibrillator

The following sterile system components and accessories are used to perform the implant:

- implantable device and lead system components
- programming head sleeve
  - Note:** If a sterilized programming head is used during an implant, a sterile programming head sleeve is not necessary.
- pacing system analyzer cables
- lead introducer appropriate for the lead system
- extra stylets of appropriate length and shape

#### 3.1.2 Setting up the programmer and starting the application

See the programmer reference manual for instructions about how to set up the programmer. The software application for the Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 device should be installed on the programmer. Your Medtronic representative can install this software, if necessary. Establish telemetry with the device and start a patient session.

#### 3.1.3 Considerations for preparing for an implant

Review the following information before implanting the lead or device:

**Before performing an MRI scan, refer to the Medtronic MRI Technical Manual for additional information.**

**Warning:** A bipolar or unipolar lead may be used with the Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 device, but if a lead other than a bipolar MRI SureScan lead is used, the system is not approved for MRI scans. Before performing an MRI scan, refer to the Medtronic MRI technical manual for additional information.

**Warning:** Do not allow the patient to have contact with grounded electrical equipment that might produce electrical current leakage during implant. Electrical current leakage may induce tachyarrhythmias that may result in the patient's death.

**Warning:** Keep external defibrillation equipment nearby for immediate use. Potentially harmful spontaneous or induced tachyarrhythmias may occur during device testing, implant procedures, and post-implant testing.

**Caution:** The device is intended for implant in the pectoral region with a Medtronic transvenous lead. No claims of safety and efficacy can be made with regard to other acutely or chronically implanted lead systems that are not manufactured by Medtronic.

**Caution:** Do not implant the device after the "Use by" date on the package label. Battery longevity may be reduced. To retain the ability to safely scan the SureScan pacing system during MRI scans, the MRI conditions for use in Section 1.6, "MRI conditions for use", page 5 must be followed. Refer to the MRI technical manual for additional information.

### 3.1.4 How to prepare the device for implant

Before opening the sterile package, perform the following steps to prepare the device for implant:

1. Interrogate the device and print an Initial Interrogation Report.  
**Caution:** If the programmer reports that a device reset occurred, do not implant the device. Contact a Medtronic representative.
2. Check the Initial Interrogation Report to confirm that the battery voltage is at least 2.85 V at room temperature. If the device has been exposed to low temperatures, then the battery voltage will be temporarily lower. Allow the device to warm to room temperature for at least 48 hours and check the battery voltage again. If an acceptable battery voltage cannot be obtained, contact a Medtronic representative.  
**Note:** The device automatically measures the battery voltage several times a day. The battery voltage reported on the Battery and Lead Measurements screen is an average of recent automatic measurement values.
3. Select Params > Data Collection Setup > Device Date/Time... to select the Time Zone for the internal clock of the device.
4. Program the pacing parameters to values appropriate for the patient.  
**Note:** Do not enable a pacing feature that affects the pacing rate before implanting the device. Doing so may result in a pacing rate that is faster than expected.

## 3.2 Selecting and implanting the lead

Use the guidelines in this section to select a lead that is compatible with the device. The appropriate techniques for implanting the lead may vary according to physician preference and the patient's anatomy or physical condition. Consult the technical manuals supplied with the lead for specific implant instructions.

**A complete SureScan pacing system is required for use in the MR environment. A complete SureScan pacing system includes a SureScan device with a Medtronic SureScan lead.** Any other combination may result in a hazard to the patient during an MRI scan.

### 3.2.1 Selecting the lead

The device is typically implanted with 1 bipolar transvenous lead in the right ventricle (RV) for sensing and pacing.

### 3.2.2 How to verify lead and connector compatibility

**Warning:** Verify lead and connector compatibility before using a lead with this device. Using an incompatible lead may damage the connector, resulting in electrical current leakage or resulting in an intermittent electrical connection.

**Note:** Medtronic 3.2 mm low-profile leads are not directly compatible with the device IS-1 connector block.

**Note:** A lead adaptor compromises the ability to safely scan the SureScan pacing system during an MRI scan. Patients with a lead adaptor are contraindicated for an MRI scan.

Use the information in Table 2 to select a compatible lead.

**Table 2.** Lead and connector compatibility

Connector port	Leads
V	IS-1 <sup>a</sup> bipolar or IS-1 unipolar

<sup>a</sup> IS-1 refers to the international standard ISO 5841-3.

**Warning:** If a lead other than a bipolar MRI SureScan lead is used, the system is contraindicated for MRI scans.

### 3.2.3 Implanting the lead

Implant the lead according to the instructions in the technical manual supplied with the lead, unless a suitable chronic lead is already in place.

**Warning:** Pinching the lead can damage the lead conductor or insulation, which may result in the loss of sensing or pacing therapy.

**Transvenous lead** – If you use a subclavian approach to implant a transvenous lead, position the lead laterally to avoid pinching the lead body between the clavicle and the first rib.

## 3.3 Testing the lead system

After the lead is implanted, test the lead system to verify that the sensing and pacing values are acceptable. Refer to the literature provided with the pacing system analyzer for instructions.

**Note:** Do not measure the intracardiac EGM telemetered from the device to assess sensing.

**Note:** The measured pacing lead impedance is a reflection of measuring equipment and lead technology. Refer to the lead technical manual for acceptable impedance values.

**Bipolar lead** – When measuring sensing and pacing values, measure between the tip (cathode) and ring (anode) of the bipolar pacing/sensing lead.

**Unipolar lead** – When measuring sensing and pacing values, measure between the tip (cathode) of the unipolar pacing/sensing lead and an indifferent electrode (anode) used in place of the device can.

**Table 3.** Acceptable sensing and pacing values

Measurements required	Acute transvenous leads	Chronic leads <sup>a</sup>
R-wave EGM amplitude	≥ 5 mV	≥ 3 mV
Slew rate	≥ 0.75 V/s	≥ 0.5 V/s
Capture threshold (0.5 ms pulse width)	≤ 1.0 V	≤ 3.0 V

<sup>a</sup> Chronic leads are leads implanted for 30 days or more.

## 3.4 Connecting the lead to the device

The following procedure describes how to connect a lead to the device, confirm that the lead connector is fully inserted in the connector block, and verify that the lead connection is secure.

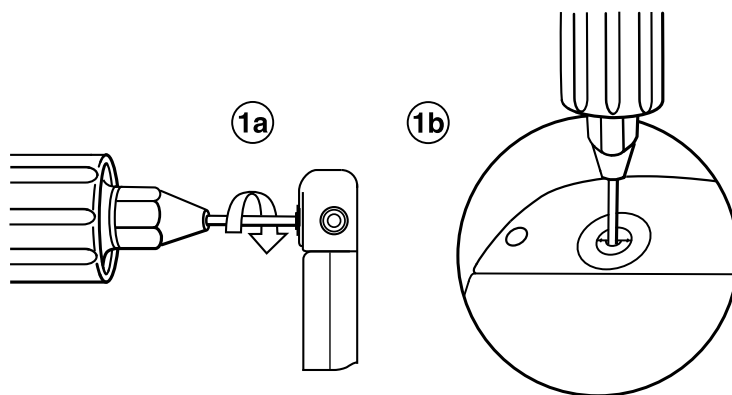
**Warning:** After connecting the lead, verify that the lead connection is secure by gently tugging on the lead. A loose lead connection may result in inappropriate sensing, which can cause false inhibition of pacing.

**Caution:** Use only the torque wrench supplied with the device. The torque wrench is designed to prevent damage to the device from overtightening a setscrew.

### 3.4.1 How to connect a lead to the device

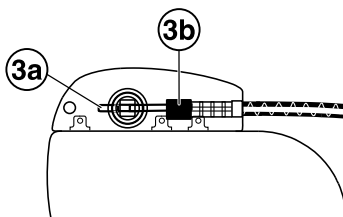
1. Insert the torque wrench into the setscrew.
  - a. If the setscrew obstructs the port, retract the setscrew by turning it counterclockwise until the port is clear. Take care not to disengage the setscrew from the connector block (see Figure 1).
  - b. Leave the torque wrench in the setscrew until the lead connection is secure. This action allows a pathway for venting trapped air when the lead connector is inserted into the connector port.

**Figure 1.** Inserting the torque wrench into the setscrew



2. Push the lead connector into the connector port until the lead connector pin is clearly visible in the pin viewing area. No sealant is required.
3. Confirm that the lead is fully inserted into the connector pin cavity by viewing the device connector block from the side or end.
  - a. The lead connector pin should be clearly visible beyond the setscrew block (see Figure 2).
  - b. The lead connector ring should be completely inside the spring contact block. There is no setscrew in this location (see Figure 2).

**Figure 2.** Confirming the lead connection



4. Tighten the setscrew by turning it clockwise until the torque wrench clicks. Remove the torque wrench.
5. Gently tug on the lead to confirm a secure fit. Do not pull on the lead until the setscrew has been tightened.

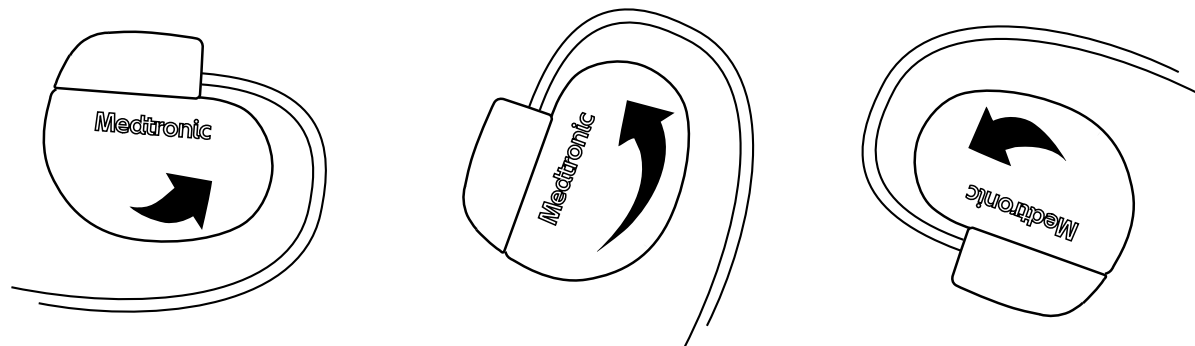
### 3.5 Positioning and securing the device

**Note:** Implant the device within 4 cm of the surface of the skin to optimize post-implant ambulatory monitoring.

### 3.5.1 How to position and secure the device

1. Verify that the lead connector pin is fully inserted into the connector port and that the setscrew is tight.
2. To prevent twisting of the lead body, rotate the device to loosely wrap the excess lead length (see Figure 3). Do not kink the lead body.

**Figure 3.** Rotating the device to wrap the lead



3. Place the device and the lead into the surgical pocket.
4. Use nonabsorbable sutures to secure the device within the pocket and minimize post-implant rotation and migration. Use a surgical needle to penetrate the suture hole on the device.
5. Suture the pocket incision closed.

## 3.6 Completing the implant procedure

### 3.6.1 How to complete programming the device

1. If a unipolar lead is implanted, you may want to manually complete the Implant Detection process.
  - a. Select the Params icon.
  - b. Program the Pace Polarity and Sense Polarity parameters to Unipolar.
  - c. Select Additional Features... and program the Implant Detection parameter to Off/Complete.
2. Verify that the pacing and monitor parameters are programmed to values that are appropriate for the patient.
3. Enter the patient's information.

**Note:** Be sure to use the Patient Information screen to enter complete information about the implanted lead. Be sure to use the MRI SureScan System/Other Hardware screen to enter complete information about other hardware implanted in the patient, including abandoned devices or leads, and lead extenders or adaptors. This information will be used in the future if the patient needs to be evaluated for an MRI scan. For more information, see the programming guide.
4. Program the Medtronic CareAlert parameters, if applicable.
5. Program the Data Collection Setup parameters.

### 3.6.2 How to assess the performance of the device and lead

After implanting the device, x-ray the patient as soon as possible to verify device and lead placement. Before the patient is discharged from the hospital, assess the performance of the implanted device and lead.

1. Monitor the patient's electrocardiogram until the patient is discharged. If the lead dislodges, it usually occurs during the immediate postoperative period.
2. Check the pacing and sensing values, and adjust the values if necessary. Verify the safety margin for the pacing threshold.
3. Interrogate the device, and print a Final Report to document the postoperative programmed device status.



## 3.7 Replacing a device

To retain the ability to safely scan the SureScan pacing system during MRI scans, the MRI conditions for use in Section 1.6, “MRI conditions for use”, page 5 must be followed. Refer to the Medtronic MRI technical manual for additional information.

**Warning:** A bipolar or unipolar lead may be used with the Azure S SR MRI SureScan Model W3SR01 device, but if a lead other than a bipolar MRI SureScan lead is used, the system is not approved for MRI scans. Before performing an MRI scan, refer to the Medtronic MRI technical manual for additional information.

**Warning:** Abandoned leads or previously implanted non-MRI labeled leads compromise the ability to safely scan the SureScan pacing system during future MRI scans. When implanting a SureScan pacing system, consider the risks associated with removing previously implanted leads before removing the leads to maintain the ability to safely scan the SureScan pacing system. Refer to the Medtronic MRI technical manual for additional information.

**Warning:** Keep external pacing equipment nearby for immediate use. The patient does not receive pacing therapy from the device when the lead is disconnected, or when the device is removed from the pocket while the device is operating in unipolar pacing mode.

**Note:** To meet the implant requirements, you may need to reposition or replace any chronic leads. For more information, see Section 3.2, “Selecting and implanting the lead”, page 13.

**Note:** Any unused leads that remain implanted must be capped with a lead pin cap to avoid transmitting electrical signals. Contact your Medtronic representative for information about lead pin caps. Any capped or unused leads are considered abandoned leads in the MRI conditions for use, and their presence will contraindicate the system for MRI scanning.


### 3.7.1 How to explant and replace a device

1. Program the device to a mode that is not rate-responsive to avoid potential rate increases while explanting the device.
2. Dissect the lead and the device free from the surgical pocket. Do not nick or breach the lead insulation.
3. Use a torque wrench to loosen the setscrew in the connector block.
4. Gently pull the lead out of the connector port.
5. Evaluate the condition of the lead (see Section 3.3, “Testing the lead system”, page 14). Replace the lead if the electrical integrity is not acceptable or if the lead connector pin is pitted or corroded. If you explant the lead, return the lead to Medtronic for analysis and disposal.
6. Connect the lead to the replacement device (see Section 3.4, “Connecting the lead to the device”, page 14).  
**Note:** A lead adaptor may be needed to connect the lead to the replacement device. Contact a Medtronic representative for information about compatible lead adaptors.  
**Note:** A lead adaptor compromises the ability to safely perform an MRI scan on the SureScan pacing system in the future. Patients with lead adaptors are contraindicated for an MRI scan.
7. Position and secure the device in the surgical pocket, and suture the pocket incision closed (see Section 3.5, “Positioning and securing the device”, page 15).
8. Contact Medtronic for Return Mailer Kits to return explanted devices for analysis and disposal. See the back cover for addresses.

## 4 Product specifications

### 4.1 Physical characteristics

**Table 4.** Physical characteristics

Volume <sup>a</sup>	12.25 cm <sup>3</sup>
Mass	22.5 g
H x W x D <sup>b</sup>	42.6 mm x 50.8 mm x 7.4 mm
Radiopaque ID <sup>c</sup>	RNA
Medtronic identifier	
Surface area of titanium device can	33.48 cm <sup>2</sup>
Materials in contact with human tissue <sup>d</sup>	Titanium, polyurethane, silicone rubber
Battery	Lithium-hybrid CFx silver vanadium oxide

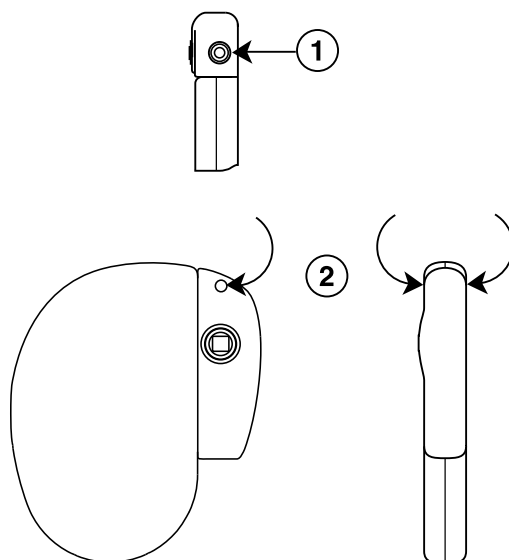
<sup>a</sup> Volume with connector holes unplugged.

<sup>b</sup> Grommets may protrude slightly beyond the can surface.

<sup>c</sup> The radiopaque ID, which includes a Medtronic-identifier symbol, can be viewed in a fluoroscopic image of the device.

<sup>d</sup> These materials have been successfully tested for the ability to avoid biological incompatibility. The device does not produce an injurious temperature in the surrounding tissue during normal operation.

**Figure 4.** Connector and suture hole



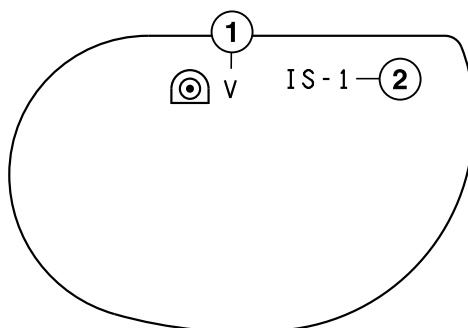
1 IS-1 connector port, V

2 Suture hole

The Model W3SR01 shield graphics are shown in Figure 5.

The IS-1 marking in Figure 5 indicates that the lead connector conforms to ISO 5841-3.

**Figure 5.** Shield graphics: Model W3SR01



1 V = ventricular

2 IS-1 marking

## 4.2 Electrical specifications

**Table 5.** Battery characteristics

Manufacturer	Medtronic Energy and Component Center
Model	Delta 26H3
Number of battery cells	1
Chemistry	Lithium-hybrid CFx silver vanadium oxide
Nominal voltage	3.25 V
Mean usable capacity	1.2 Ah
Mean capacity to RRT	0.97 Ah
Residual usable capacity at RRT	0.23 Ah

**Table 6.** Current consumption

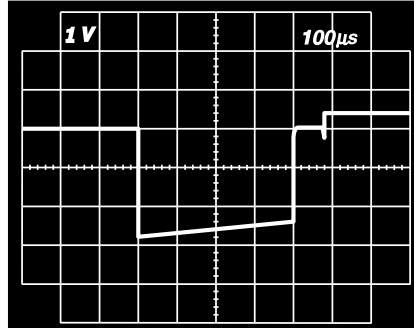
Current consumption (at 100% pacing) <sup>a</sup>	7.67 $\mu$ A
Current consumption (at 100% inhibition) <sup>b</sup>	5.81 $\mu$ A

<sup>a</sup> Current consumption when pacing into  $500 \Omega \pm 1\%$  loads at the Beginning of Service in VVIR mode at  $60 \text{ min}^{-1}$ , 2.5 V, 0.4 ms.

<sup>b</sup> Current consumption when at the Beginning of Service in VVIR mode at  $60 \text{ min}^{-1}$ , 2.5 V, 0.4 ms,  $500 \Omega \pm 1\%$ .

## 4.2.1 Output waveforms

**Figure 6.** Output waveform at nominal conditions (resistive load: 500  $\Omega$ )



## 4.2.2 Measuring methods

Device parameters, such as pulse duration, pulse amplitude, and sensitivity (sensing threshold), are measured according to the standard ISO 14708-2:2012.

**Pulse duration** – Pulse duration is measured at 10% of the programmed amplitude and 90% of the trailing edge amplitude according to the standard ISO 14708-2:2012. See Figure 7. (See Figure 8 for definitions of amplitude measurements.)

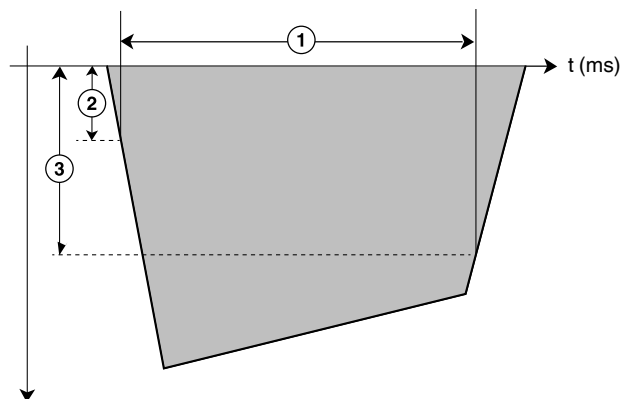
**Pulse amplitude** – The peak pulse amplitude is measured according to the standard ISO 14708-2:2012.

**Sensitivity (sensing threshold)** – Ventricular sensitivity is defined as the voltage amplitude of a standard ISO 14708-2:2012 test signal that is just sufficient to be sensed by the device. The signal from a test signal generator used for the exact determination of sensitivity (sensing threshold) is illustrated in Figure 9.

### Notes:

- When measuring the pacing and sensing parameters with pacing system analyzers, considerable differences may be observed with the specifications presented in this manual. This is because the measuring methods employed by such systems may differ from those described above.
- Lead impedance measurement results may be distorted by electrocardiogram monitoring equipment.

**Figure 7.** Measurement of pulse duration

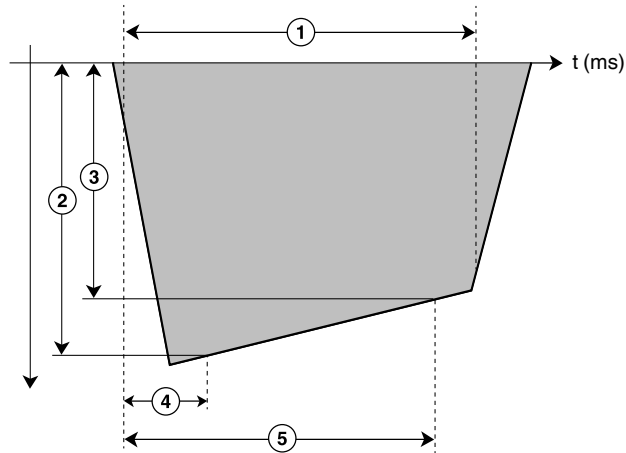


1 Pulse duration

2 10% of the programmed amplitude

3 90% of the trailing edge amplitude (90%  $A_s$ )

**Figure 8.** Measurement of pulse amplitude



1 Pulse duration

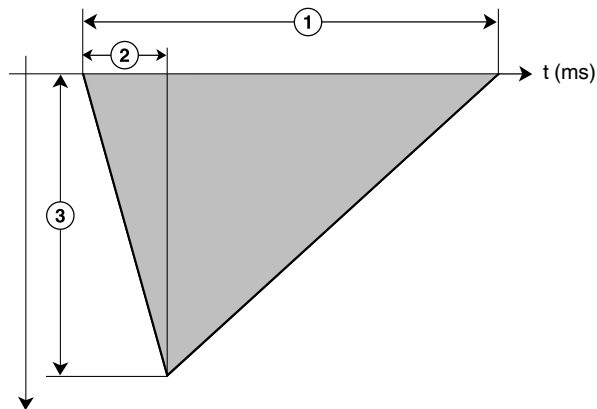
2 Pulse amplitude ( $A_{max}$ )

3 Trailing edge amplitude ( $A_s$ )

4 Voltage sample  $A_{max}$  is taken at time  $t_1 = 10 \mu s$ .

5 Voltage sample  $A_s$  is taken at time  $t_2$ , which is the programmed pulse duration value  $-30 \mu s$ .

**Figure 9.** Measurement of sensitivity



1  $T = 15 \text{ ms} \pm 1 \text{ ms}$

2  $t = 2 \text{ ms} \pm 0.2 \text{ ms}$

3 Signal amplitude  $A_T$

**Note:** The signal may be either positive or negative.

#### 4.2.3 Variation with temperature

Basic rate, test pulse rate, pulse duration, and pulse amplitude remain within expected tolerances when the device temperature is between  $22^\circ\text{C}$  and  $45^\circ\text{C}$ . Sensitivity at nominal conditions as measured at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  can vary as much as  $\pm 1\%$  per  $^\circ\text{C}$  from  $22^\circ\text{C}$  to  $45^\circ\text{C}$ .

### 4.3 Replacement indicators

The battery voltage and messages about replacement status appear on the programmer display and on printed reports. The Recommended Replacement Time (RRT), Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI), and the End of Service (EOS) conditions are listed in Table 7.

**Table 7.** Replacement indicators

Recommended Replacement Time (RRT)	$\leq 2.63$ V on 3 consecutive daily automatic measurements
Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI)	3 months after RRT
End of Service (EOS)	3 months after ERI

**RRT date** – The programmer displays the date when the battery reached RRT on the Quick Look II and Battery and Lead Measurements screens.

**Replace at EOS** – If the programmer indicates that the device is at EOS, replace the device immediately.

**RRT operation** – When the device reaches RRT, it continues to operate with its programmed parameters. However, placing a magnet over the device initiates asynchronous pacing at  $65 \text{ min}^{-1}$  rather than at  $85 \text{ min}^{-1}$ .

**ERI operation** – When the device reaches ERI, it automatically changes the value of several parameters as shown in Table 8.

**Table 8.** Parameter settings after ERI

Pacing Mode	VVI
Lower Rate	$65 \text{ min}^{-1}$
RV Amplitude	as programmed
RV Pulse Width	as programmed
Rate Hysteresis	Off
Sleep	Off
Pre-arrhythmia EGM	Off <sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Pre-arrhythmia EGM cannot be reprogrammed after ERI.

**Note:** After ERI, all pacing parameters can be programmed, including mode and rate. Reprogramming the pacing parameters may reduce the duration of the ERI to EOS period.

**Note:** When the MRI SureScan mode is programmed to On, battery measurements are taken, but the device does not report RRT, EOS, or ERI until the MRI SureScan mode has been programmed to Off.

**Prolonged Service Period** – The Prolonged Service Period (PSP) is the time between the RRT and EOS. The PSP is defined as 6 months assuming the following conditions: 100% VVI pacing at  $60 \text{ min}^{-1}$ , 2.5 V RV pacing amplitude; 0.4 ms pulse width; and  $600 \Omega$  pacing load. The EOS may be indicated before the end of 6 months if the device exceeds these conditions.

### 4.4 Projected service life

The projected service life in years for the device is shown in Table 9. The data is based on pacing outputs programmed to the specified amplitude and 0.4 ms pulse width and  $60 \text{ min}^{-1}$  pacing rate.

The service life of the device is affected by the programmed settings for certain features, such as Pre-arrhythmia EGM storage.

Projected service life estimates are based on accelerated battery discharge data and device modeling as specified. These values should not be interpreted as precise numbers.

**Table 9.** Projected service life in years

Pacing	Pre-arrhythmia EGM storage <sup>a</sup>	500 Ω pacing impedance		600 Ω pacing impedance		900 Ω pacing impedance	
		2.5 V	3.5 V	2.5 V	3.5 V	2.5 V	3.5 V
VVI, 0%	Off	18.3	18.3	18.3	18.3	18.3	18.3
	On	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2
VVI, 15%	Off	17.5	16.7	17.6	16.9	17.8	17.3
	On	17.4	16.6	17.5	16.8	17.7	17.2
VVI, 50%	Off	15.8	13.9	16.1	14.4	16.7	15.4
	On	15.7	13.8	16.0	14.3	16.6	15.3
VVI, 100%	Off	13.9	11.2	14.4	11.9	15.4	13.3
	On	13.8	11.1	14.3	11.8	15.3	13.2

<sup>a</sup> The data provided for programming Pre-arrhythmia EGM storage to On is based on a 6-month period (two 3-month follow-up intervals) over the life of the device. Additional use of Pre-arrhythmia EGM storage reduces projected service life by approximately 13.6% or 1.6 months per year.

**Note:** These projections are based on typical shelf storage time (5 months). Assuming worst-case shelf storage time (18 months), longevity is reduced by approximately 7%.

**Medtronic remote monitor transmissions** – Additional remote monitoring transmissions reduce the projected service life of the device. For example, from nominal pacing (at 2.5 V, 0.4 ms, 600 Ω, 60 min<sup>-1</sup>, 100% ventricular pacing), a patient can expect a projected service life of 14.3 years. More frequent remote monitoring transmissions will reduce this projected service life as follows:

- Monthly transmissions over the life of the device reduce projected service life by 29 days, or <1%.
- Weekly transmissions over the life of the device reduce projected service life by 153 days, or 2.9%.
- Daily transmissions over the life of the device reduce projected service life by 956 days, or 18.3%.

**Table 10.** Projected service life in years per conditions specified in EN 45502-2-1 and ISO 14708-2

	EN 45502-2-1	ISO 14708-2
	500 Ω ±1% pacing impedance 70 min <sup>-1</sup>	600 Ω ±1% pacing impedance 60 min <sup>-1</sup>
<b>Pacing</b>		
VVIR, 100%		
2.5 V, 0.5 ms	12.4 <sup>a</sup>	—
5.0 V, 0.5 ms	6.4 <sup>a</sup>	—
2.5 V, 0.4 ms	—	14.3 <sup>a</sup>
5.0 V, 0.4 ms	—	8.7 <sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Data storage and diagnostic functions applicable to the pacing mode are On.

## 5 Device parameters

### 5.1 Emergency settings

**Table 11.** Emergency VVI settings

Parameter	Selectable values
Pacing Mode	VVI
Lower Rate	70 min <sup>-1</sup>
RV Amplitude <sup>a</sup>	6 V
RV Pulse Width <sup>a</sup>	1.5 ms
RV Pace Polarity	Unipolar
V. Blank Post VP	240 ms
Rate Hysteresis	Off
MRI SureScan	Off

<sup>a</sup> If the programmed RV Amplitude is 8 V, VVI pacing is delivered at 8 V with a pulse width of 1.2 ms.

### 5.2 Magnet application

When a magnet is placed near the device, the pacing mode changes from the programmed mode to VOO, and the pacing rate changes to 100 min<sup>-1</sup> for 5 beats and then changes to 85 min<sup>-1</sup> ( $\pm 2$  min<sup>-1</sup>) or 65 min<sup>-1</sup> ( $\pm 2$  min<sup>-1</sup>), as described at the end of this section. Placing a magnet near the device suspends tachyarrhythmia detection. When the magnet is removed, the device returns to its programmed operation.

The pacing rate will be 85 min<sup>-1</sup> (700 ms) if the device conditions are normal and it will be 65 min<sup>-1</sup> (920 ms) if a Recommended Replacement Time (RRT) indicator or a device reset has occurred.

**Note:** Magnet operation does not occur if telemetry between the device and programmer is established or if the MRI SureScan mode is programmed to On.

### 5.3 Tachyarrhythmia detection parameters

**Table 12.** Tachyarrhythmia detection parameters

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
VT Monitor	Monitor $\diamond$ ; Off	Monitor	Off
VT Monitor Interval (Rate) <sup>a</sup>	280; 290 ... 360 $\diamond$ ... 500 ms	360 ms	360 ms
RV Sensitivity <sup>b,c</sup>	0.45; 0.60 mV ( $\pm 50\%$ ); 0.90; 1.20; 2.00; 2.80; 4.00; 5.60; 8.00; 11.30 mV ( $\pm 30\%$ ) Bipolar: 0.90 $\diamond$ mV Unipolar: 2.80 $\diamond$ mV	0.90 mV	2.80 mV

<sup>a</sup> The measured intervals are truncated to a 10 ms multiple (for example, 457 ms becomes 450 ms). The device uses this truncated interval value when applying the programmed criteria and calculating interval averages.

<sup>b</sup> This setting applies to all sensing in this chamber for both tachyarrhythmia detection and bradycardia pacing operations.

<sup>c</sup> The device complies with the requirements of ISO 14708-2 when the sensitivity threshold is programmed to 2.0 mV or higher.



## 5.4 Pacing parameters

**Table 13.** Modes, rates, and intervals

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
Mode	VVIR $\diamond$ ; VVI; VOO; OVO	VVI	VVI
Lower Rate <sup>a</sup>	30; 35 ... 60 $\diamond$ ; 70; 75 ... 150 min <sup>-1</sup> ( $\pm 2$ min <sup>-1</sup> )	60 min <sup>-1</sup> (1000 ms)	65 min <sup>-1</sup> (923 ms)

<sup>a</sup> The corresponding Lower Rate interval can be calculated as follows: Lower Rate interval (ms) = 60,000/Lower Rate.

**Table 14.** RV parameters

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
RV Amplitude	0.5; 0.75 ... 1.25 V (+0.125 V / -33%) 1.50 ... 3.5 $\diamond$ ... 5; 5.5; 6; 8 V (+15% / -33%) <sup>a</sup>	3.5 V	6 V
RV Pulse Width	0.03; 0.06 ms ( $\pm 10$ $\mu$ s); 0.1; 0.2; 0.3; 0.4 $\diamond$ ... 1.5 ms ( $\pm 25$ $\mu$ s)	0.4 ms	1.5 ms
RV Sensitivity <sup>b</sup>	0.45; 0.60 mV ( $\pm 50\%$ ); 0.90 $\diamond$ ; 1.20; 2.00; 2.80; 4.00; 5.60; 8.00; 11.30 mV ( $\pm 30\%$ ) Unipolar: 2.80 $\diamond$ mV Bipolar: 0.90 $\diamond$ mV	0.90 mV	2.80 mV
RV Pace Polarity	Bipolar; Unipolar	Configure <sup>c</sup>	Unipolar
RV Sense Polarity	Bipolar; Unipolar	Configure <sup>c</sup>	Unipolar
RV Lead Monitor	Monitor Only; Adaptive	Monitor Only	Monitor Only
Min Limit	200 $\diamond$ ; 300; 400; 500 $\Omega$	200 $\Omega$	200 $\Omega$
Max Limit	1000; 1500; 2000; 3000 $\diamond$ $\Omega$	3000 $\Omega$	3000 $\Omega$

<sup>a</sup> When RV Amplitude is 8 V, RV Pulse Width must be less than 1.3 ms.

<sup>b</sup> This setting applies to all sensing in this chamber for both tachyarrhythmia detection and bradycardia pacing operations.

<sup>c</sup> "Configure" is displayed when the device is automatically configuring the lead polarity at implant. It is not a selectable value.

**Table 15.** RV Capture Management parameters

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
RV Capture Management	Adaptive $\diamond$ ; Monitor; Off	Adaptive	Off
RV Amplitude Safety Margin	1.5x; 2.0x $\diamond$ ; 2.5x; 3.0x	2.0x	2.0x
RV Minimum Adapted Amplitude	1.0; 1.5; 2.0 $\diamond$ ; 2.5; 3.0; 3.5 V	2 V	2 V
RV Acute Phase Remaining	Off; 30; 60; 90; 120 $\diamond$ ; 150 days	120 days	120 days

**Table 16.** Blanking periods

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
V. Blank Post VP	150; 160 ... 200 $\diamond$ ... 320 ms (+5; -30 ms)	200 ms	240 ms
V. Blank Post VS	120 $\diamond$ ; 130 ... 170; 200; 220; 250; 280; 300; 320 ms (+2; -30 ms)	120 ms	120 ms

**Table 17.** Rate Response Pacing parameters

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
Upper Sensor Rate	80; 85 ... 130 $\diamond$ ... 175 min <sup>-1</sup> ( $\pm 2$ min <sup>-1</sup> )	130 min <sup>-1</sup>	120 min <sup>-1</sup>
ADL Rate	60; 65 ... 95 $\diamond$ ... 170 min <sup>-1</sup> ( $\pm 2$ min <sup>-1</sup> )	95 min <sup>-1</sup>	95 min <sup>-1</sup>
Rate Profile Optimization	On $\diamond$ ; Off	On	Off
ADL Response	1; 2; 3 $\diamond$ ; 4; 5	3	3
Exertion Response	1; 2; 3 $\diamond$ ; 4; 5	3	3
Activity Threshold	Low; Medium Low $\diamond$ ; Medium High; High	Medium Low	Medium Low
Activity Acceleration	15; 30 $\diamond$ ; 60 s	30 s	30 s
Activity Deceleration	Exercise $\diamond$ ; 2.5; 5; 10 min	Exercise	5 min
ADL Setpoint	5; 6 ... 40; 42 ... 80	18	18
UR Setpoint	15; 16 ... 40; 42 ... 80; 85 ... 180	40	40

**Table 18.** Sleep parameters

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
Sleep	On; Off $\diamond$	Off	Off
Sleep Rate	30; 35 ... 50 $\diamond$ ; 55; 60; 70; 75 ... 100 min <sup>-1</sup>	50 min <sup>-1</sup>	50 min <sup>-1</sup>
Bed Time	00:00; 00:10 ... 22:00 $\diamond$ ... 23:50	22:00	22:00
Wake Time	00:00; 00:10 ... 07:00 $\diamond$ ... 23:50	07:00	07:00

**Table 19.** MRI SureScan parameters

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
MRI SureScan	On; Off	Off	Off
MRI Pacing Mode	VOO; OVO	—	—
MRI Pacing Rate	60; 70; 75; 80 ... 120 min <sup>-1</sup>	—	—

**Table 20.** Additional pacing features

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
Rate Hysteresis	Off $\diamond$ ; 30; 40 ... 80 min <sup>-1</sup>	Off	Off

## 5.5 Data collection parameters

**Table 21.** Data collection parameters

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
EGM 1 Source	Can to RVring; RVtip to RVring; RVtip to Can	RVtip to RVring	RVtip to RVring
EGM 1 Range	±1; ±2; ±4; ±8; ±12; ±16; ±32 mV	±8 mV	±8 mV
EGM 2 Source	Can to RVring; RVtip to RVring; RVtip to Can	RVtip to Can	RVtip to Can
EGM 2 Range	±1; ±2; ±4; ±8; ±12; ±16; ±32 mV	±8 mV	±8 mV
EGM 3 Source	RVtip to RVring; Can to RVring; RVTip to Can	Can to RVring	Can to RVring
EGM 3 Range	±1; ±2; ±4; ±8; ±12; ±16; ±32 mV	±8 mV	±8 mV
Monitored	EGM1 and EGM2; EGM1 and EGM3; EGM2 and EGM3	EGM1 and EGM2	EGM1 and EGM2
Pre-arrhythmia EGM	Off; On - 1 month; On - 3 months; On Continuous	Off	Off
Device Date/Time <sup>a</sup>	(select Time Zone)	—	—
Holter Telemetry	Off; 0.5; 1; 2; 4; 8; 16; 24; 36; 46 hr	Off	Off
Wireless Telemetry with Monitor	On; Off	On	On <sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> The times and dates stored in episode records and other data are determined by the Device Date/Time clock.

<sup>b</sup> The reset value may be set to Off if there is an issue with wireless communication that requires it to be disabled.

## 5.6 Medtronic CareAlert parameters

**Table 22.** Clinical Management Alerts

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
<b>Monitored VT Episode Detected</b>	Off; On	Off	Off

**Table 23.** Lead/Device Integrity Alerts

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
<b>Low Battery Voltage RRT</b>	On; Off	On	Off
<b>Lead Impedance Out of Range...</b>			
Lead Impedance			
RV Pacing Enable	On; Off	On	Off
RV Pacing Less than	200; 300; 400; 500 Ω	200 Ω	200 Ω
RV Pacing Greater than	1000; 1500; 2000; 3000 Ω	3000 Ω	3000 Ω

**Table 23.** Lead/Device Integrity Alerts (continued)

Parameter	Programmable values	Shipped	Reset
<b>Capture Management High Threshold...</b>			
High Threshold			
RV Capture Enable <sup>a</sup>	Off $\diamond$ ; On	Off	Off

<sup>a</sup> If programmed to On, alert notification is sent if RV capture management has measured high thresholds for 3 consecutive days.

## 5.7 System test parameters

**Table 24.** System test parameters

Parameter	Selectable values
<b>Pacing Threshold Test parameters</b>	
Test Type	Amplitude; Pulse Width
Chamber	RV
Decrement after	2; 3 ... 15 pulses
RV Pace Polarity	Unipolar; Bipolar
Mode <sup>a</sup>	VVI; VOO
Lower Rate	30; 35 ... 60; 70; 75 ... 150 min <sup>-1</sup>
RV Amplitude	0.25; 0.5 ... 5; 5.5; 6; 8 V
RV Pulse Width	0.03; 0.06; 0.1; 0.2 ... 1.5 ms
V. Pace Blanking	150; 160 ... 320 ms
<b>Sensing Test parameters</b>	
Mode <sup>a</sup>	VVI; OVO
Lower Rate	30; 35 ... 60; 70; 75 ... 120 min <sup>-1</sup>

<sup>a</sup> The selectable values for this parameter depend on the programmed pacing mode.

## 5.8 EP study parameters

**Table 25.** Fixed Burst induction parameters

Parameter	Selectable values
Interval	100; 110 ... 600 $\diamond$ ms
Amplitude	1; 2; 3; 4 $\diamond$ ; 5; 6; 8 V
Pulse Width	0.10; 0.20 ... 0.50 $\diamond$ ... 1.50 ms

**Table 26.** PES induction parameters

Parameter	Selectable values
#S1	1; 2 ... 8 $\diamond$ ... 15
S1S1	100; 110 ... 600 $\diamond$ ... 2000 ms

**Table 26.** PES induction parameters (continued)

Parameter	Selectable values
S1S2	Off; 100; 110 ... 400◊ ... 600 ms
S2S3	Off◊; 100; 110 ... 600 ms
S3S4	Off◊; 100; 110 ... 600 ms
Amplitude	1; 2; 3; 4◊; 5; 6; 8 V
Pulse Width	0.10; 0.20 ... 0.50◊ ... 1.50 ms

**Table 27.** Shared manual ATP therapy parameters

Parameter	Selectable values
Minimum Interval (ventricular ATP)	150; 160 ... 200◊ ... 400 ms
Amplitude	1; 2 ... 6◊; 8 V
Pulse Width	0.10; 0.20 ... 1.50◊ ms

**Table 28.** Manual Ramp therapy parameters

Parameter	Selectable values
Chamber	RV
RV Ramp therapy parameters	
# Pulses	1; 2 ... 6◊ ... 15
%RR Interval	50; 53; 56; 59; 63; 66 ... 84; 88; 91; 94; 97◊%
Dec/Pulse	0; 10◊; 20; 30; 40 ms

**Table 29.** Manual Burst therapy parameters

Parameter	Selectable values
# Pulses	1; 2 ... 8◊ ... 15
%RR Interval	50; 53; 56; 59; 63; 66 ... 84; 88◊; 91; 94; 97%

**Table 30.** Manual Ramp+ therapy parameters

Parameter	Selectable values
# Pulses	1; 2; 3◊ ... 15
R-S1 (%RR)	50; 53; 56; 59; 63; 66 ... 75◊ ... 84; 88; 91; 94; 97%
S1-S2 (%RR)	50; 53; 56; 59; 63; 66; 69◊ ... 84; 88; 91; 94; 97%
S2-SN (%RR)	50; 53; 56; 59; 63; 66◊ ... 84; 88; 91; 94; 97%

## 5.9 Nonprogrammable parameters

**Table 31.** Nonprogrammable parameters

Parameter	Value
Premature event threshold for counting PVCs and Runs of PVCs	95%
<b>Hardware parameters</b>	
Pacing rate limit (protective feature)	200 min <sup>-1</sup>
Input impedance	150 kΩ minimum
Effective pacing capacitance	4 μF (±10%)
<b>Recommended Replacement Time (RRT)</b>	
Battery Voltage Threshold	≤ 2.63 V

**Table 32.** Nonprogrammable parameters for the MRI SureScan mode

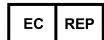
Parameter	Value
Pacing amplitude	Programmed pacing amplitude value when >5 V; 5 V when programmed pacing amplitude value is ≤5 V
Pulse width	Programmed pulse width value when >1 ms; 1 ms when programmed pulse width value is ≤1 ms
Sensitivity	Programmed value
Input impedance	150 kΩ
Pacing rate limit	200 min <sup>-1</sup>
Effective pacing capacitance	4 μF (±10%)
Blanking period	
OVO mode	Programmed blanking period value
VOO mode	—



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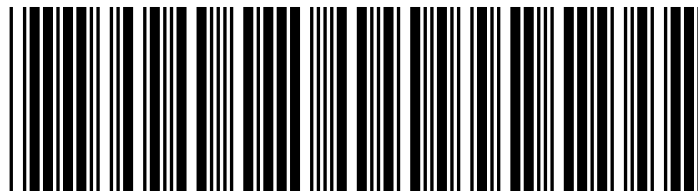
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