

test report test report test report

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Test report no.:

190706-AU01+W01

for:

Continental Automotive GmbH
Immobilizer
A2C95937800



according to:

15.209

RSS-GEN

Accreditation:



FCC test firm accreditation expiration date: 2021-05-30
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FCC registration number: 97268
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Recognized on March 14th, 2019 by the
Department of Innovation, Science and Economic Development (ISED) Canada
as a wireless testing laboratory
CAB identifier: DE0011
ISED#: 3472A

Location of Testing:



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The technical accuracy is guaranteed through the quality management of the
EMV TESTHAUS GmbH.

The logo for EMV TESTHAUS, featuring a stylized 'E' icon and the text 'EMV TESTHAUS'.	EMV TESTHAUS GmbH Gustav-Hertz-Straße 35 94315 Straubing Germany	Continental Automotive GmbH Immobilizer A2C95937800
	190706-AU01+W01	Page 2 of 40

Table of contents

1	Summary of test results	6
2	Referenced publications	8
3	Equipment under test (EUT)	9
3.1	General information	9
3.2	Radio specifications	10
3.3	Photo documentation	10
4	Test configuration and mode of operation	11
4.1	Test configuration	11
4.2	Mode of operation	11
5	Test procedures	12
5.1	General specifications	12
5.2	Radiated emissions below 30 MHz	12
5.3	Radiated emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz	15
5.4	Radiated emissions above 1 GHz	16
5.5	Bandwidth measurements	19
5.6	Restricted bands of operation	20
6	Test results	21
6.1	20 dB bandwidth	22
6.2	Occupied bandwidth	25
6.3	Restricted band of operation from 0.090 MHz to 0.110 MHz	28
6.4	Emissions outside the operating frequency band(s) specified	31
7	Equipment calibration status	38
8	Measurement uncertainties	39
9	Revision history	40

List of figures

Figure 1: Setup for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz	14
Figure 2: Setup for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz	16
Figure 3: Setup for radiated emissions test above 1 GHz	19
Figure 4: Chart of 20 dB bandwidth with vehicle key	24
Figure 5: Chart of occupied bandwidth test with vehicle key.....	27
Figure 6: Restricted band of operation.....	30
Figure 7: Chart of emissions test below 30 MHz with key in position 1	33
Figure 8: Chart of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz without key in position 1.....	37

List of tables

Table 1: Devices used for testing	11
Table 2: Recalculation factors for extrapolation	13
Table 3: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz	13
Table 4: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz	15
Table 5: Bandwidth and trace settings for exploratory radiated emissions test above 1 GHz.....	17
Table 6: Bandwidth and detector type for final radiated emissions test above 1 GHz	17
Table 7: Results of 20 dB bandwidth tests with vehicle key	24
Table 8: Results of occupied bandwidth test with vehicle key	27
Table 9: General radiated emission limits up to 30 MHz according to §15.209	32
Table 10: General radiated emission limits \geq 30 MHz according to §15.209	36
Table 11: Final results of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz without key in position 1	37

1 Summary of test results

System type: RFID Reader

47 CFR part and section	Test	Equivalent to IC radio standard(s)	Page	Result	Note(s)
15.207	AC power line conducted emissions 150 kHz to 30 MHz	RSS-210, section 3.1 RSS-Gen, section 8.8	---	Not applicable	1
15.215(c)	20 dB bandwidth	---	22	For information only	
2.202(a) ANSI C63.10	Occupied bandwidth (99 %)	RSS-Gen, section 6.7	25	For information only	
15.205 (a) – (c)	Restricted bands of operation	RSS-Gen section 8.10	28	Passed	
15.209	Emissions outside the operating frequency band(s) specified 9 kHz to 10 th harmonic 9 kHz to 30 MHz 30 MHz to 1 GHz 1 GHz to 10 th harmonic	RSS-Gen, section 6.13 RSS-Gen, section 8.9	31 35 ---	Passed Passed Not applicable	--- --- 2

Notes (for information about EUT see clause 3):

- 1 Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.
- 2 EUT hasn't got a frequency > 108 MHz.

Straubing, December 20, 2019

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2 Referenced publications

Publication	Title
CFR 47 Part 2 November 2019	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47 (Telecommunication), Part 2 (Frequency allocation and radio treaty matters; General rules and regulations) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
CFR 47 Part 15 November 2019	Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47 (Telecommunication), Part 15 (Radio Frequency Devices) of the Federal Communication Commission (FCC)
ANSI C63.10 June 2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
KDB 174176 D01 June 3, 2015	AC power-line conducted emissions Frequently Asked Questions
RSS-Gen, Issue 5 April 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications - Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
RSS-210 Issue 9, August 2016	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification Licence-exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment

3 Equipment under test (EUT)

All Information in this clause is declared by customer.

3.1 General information

Product type: Immobilizer
Model name: A2C95937800
Serial number(s): ---
Applicant: Continental Automotive GmbH
Manufacturer: Continental Automotive GmbH
Version: Hardware: ---
Software: ---
Additional modifications: None
FCC ID: KR5A2C95937800
IC registration number: 7812-A2C95937800
Power supply: Battery supply
Nominal voltage: 12.00 V
Minimum voltage: 7.00 V
Maximum voltage: 24.00 V
Nominal frequency: ---
Device type: Portable Mobile Fixed

3.2 Radio specifications

System type: RFID Reader
Application frequency band: n/a
Operating frequencies: 125.kHz
Short description: The EUT is a RFID Reader operating on the frequency 125 kHz.
Number of RF channels 1
Modulation ASK
Antenna: Type: Loop antenna
Connector: external internal
 temporary none (integral antenna)

3.3 Photo documentation

For external photos of the EUT see annex B, for internal ones see annex C.
Photos taken during testing including EUT positions can be found in annex A.

4 Test configuration and mode of operation

4.1 Test configuration

Device	Type designation	Serial or inventory no.	Manufacturer
<i>EUT</i>			
Immobilizer	A2C95937800	---	Continental Automotive GmbH
<i>Support equipment</i>			
Trigger tool	Homologation box	---	Continental Automotive GmbH
Vehicle key	Ford	A2C53435329	Continental Automotive GmbH

Table 1: Devices used for testing

4.2 Mode of operation

4.2.1 Test modes applied

As soon as the EUT was powered via the homologation box, it was sending a permanent carrier at the operating frequency 125 kHz.

The information if the vehicle key was used or not, is noted at the respective test.

5 Test procedures

5.1 General specifications

5.1.1 Test setups

Tabletop devices are placed on a non-conductive table with a height of 0.8 m. In case of AC power-line conducted emissions test, the rear of the EUT is located 40 cm to the vertical wall of the RF-shielded (screened) room which is used as vertical conducting plane. For radiated emission measurements above 1 GHz, tabletop devices are placed at a height of 1.5 m above the floor using a support made of styrene placed on top of the non-conductive table.

Floor-standing devices are placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material (see clause 6.3.3 of ANSI C63.4-2014 for more details).

All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs are at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface. This includes the case or cases of one or more LISNs when performing an AC power-line conducted emissions test.

Radiated emission measurements of equipment that can be used in multiple orientations (e.g. portable or handheld devices) are performed with the EUT in each of three orthogonal axis positions.

5.2 Radiated emissions below 30 MHz

Radiated emissions below 30 MHz are measured according to clause 6.4 of ANSI C63.10 using an inductive shielded loop antenna. As this antenna measures the magnetic field only, its antenna factors are converted to electric field strength values assuming a free space impedance of 377 Ω as described in clause 4.3.1 of ANSI C63.10. This results in an additional correction of 51.53 dB.

According to clause 6.4.3 of ANSI C63.10, at frequencies below 30 MHz, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the requirements. In this case, the results are extrapolated to the specified distance by using a recalculation factor determined according to one of the methods described in clause 6.4.4 of ANSI C63.10, provided that the maximum dimension of the device is equal to or less than 0.625 times the wavelength at the frequency being measured. As the minimum wavelength is 10 meters corresponding to the maximum frequency of 30 MHz, this requirement is fulfilled if the maximum dimension of the device is equal to or less than 6.25 meters.

Unless otherwise stated, the recalculation factor is determined according to clause 6.4.4.2 "Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point" of ANSI C63.10:

$$\begin{aligned}
 d_{\text{near field}} &= 47.77 / f_{\text{MHz}}, \text{ or} \\
 f_{\text{MHz}} &= 47.77 / d_{\text{near field}}
 \end{aligned}$$

The frequency f_{MHz} at which the near field distance is equal to the limit and/or test distance is important for selection of the right formula to determine the recalculation factor:

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_{\text{MHz}}(300 \text{ m}) &\approx 0.159 \text{ MHz} \\
 f_{\text{MHz}}(30 \text{ m}) &\approx 1.592 \text{ MHz} \\
 f_{\text{MHz}}(3 \text{ m}) &\approx 15.923 \text{ MHz}
 \end{aligned}$$

Based on the test distances for the general radiated emission limits as specified in §15.209 of 47 CFR Part 15, the following formulas are used to determine the recalculation factor:

Frequency (f)	d_{limit}	d_{measure}	Formula for recalculation factor
9 kHz \leq f \leq 159 kHz 490 kHz $<$ f \leq 1.592 MHz	300 m 30 m	3 m	$-40 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{measure}})$
159 kHz $<$ f \leq 490 kHz 1.592 MHz $<$ f \leq 15.923 MHz	300 m 30 m	3 m	$-40 \log(d_{\text{near field}} / d_{\text{measure}}) - 20 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{near field}})$
f $>$ 15.923 MHz	30 m	3 m	$-20 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{measure}})$

Table 2: Recalculation factors for extrapolation

Prescans for radiated measurements below 30 MHz are performed in a fully anechoic room (called "CDC"). The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 3.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
9 kHz \leq f $<$ 150 kHz	200 Hz	$\leq 100 \text{ Hz}$	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average
150 kHz \leq f $<$ 30 MHz	9 kHz	$\leq 4.5 \text{ kHz}$	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average	Peak Quasi-peak, Average

Table 3: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz

Prescans are performed with all detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans. If no limit is specified for certain detectors, final scan measurement with these detectors may be omitted.

The radiated emissions test below 30 MHz is performed in the following steps:

- The loop antenna is positioned with its plane perpendicular to the ground with the lowest height of the antenna 1 m above the ground.
- The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.

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	190706-AU01+W01	Page 13 of 40

- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the loop antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 3).
- d) The EUT is turned to a position likely to get the maximum and the test antenna is rotated to detect the maximum of the fundamental in this EUT position.
- e) Then the EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 45°. Starting at 0°, at each table position the spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the current table position is noted as the maximum position.
- f) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions and their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- g) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the EUT is rotated by $\pm 45^\circ$ around the table position found during prescans while measuring the emission level continuously. For final scan, the worst-case table position is set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- h) Step g) is repeated for all other frequencies in the list.
- i) Finally, for frequencies with critical emissions the loop antenna is rotated again to find the maximum of emission. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to i) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions. If the EUT may be used in one position only, steps a) to i) are repeated in one orthogonal position.

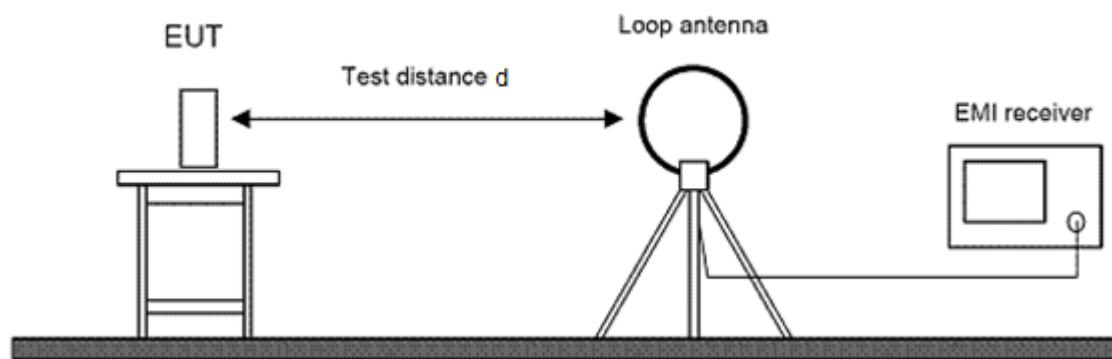


Figure 1: Setup for radiated emissions test below 30 MHz

5.3 Radiated emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Radiated emissions in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz are measured according to clause 6.5 of ANSI C63.10 using a semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with a ground plane on the floor. The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 4.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type		
			Prescan	Prescan with FFT	Final scan
30 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 GHz	120 kHz	≤ 60 kHz	Peak	Quasi-peak	Quasi-peak

Table 4: Bandwidth and detector type for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

The measurement antenna is a combination of a biconical antenna and a logarithmic-periodic dipole array antenna. It is mounted on a support capable of allowing the antenna to be used in either horizontal or vertical polarization and in a height between 1 m and 4 m above the ground plane.

If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans.

The radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz is performed in the following steps:

- a) The measurement antenna is oriented initially for vertical polarization.
- b) The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the measurement antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 4).
- d) The table position is set to 0°.
- e) The antenna height is set to 1 m.
- f) The spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the polarization and height of the measurement antenna as well as the current table position are noted as the maximum position.
- g) The antenna height is increased to 4 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- h) The polarization of the measurement antenna is changed to horizontal.
- i) The antenna height is decreased from 4 m to 1 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- j) The EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 60°. At each table position, steps e) to i) are repeated.
- k) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions with their polarizations and heights of the measurement antenna as well as their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- l) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the measurement antenna is set to the polarization and height and the table is moved to the position as determined during prescans.
- m) The antenna is moved by ±50 cm around this height and the EUT is rotated by ±60° around this table position while measuring the emission level continuously.
- n) For final scan, the worst-case positions of antenna and table are set and the maximum emission level is recorded.

o) Steps l) to n) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to o) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions.

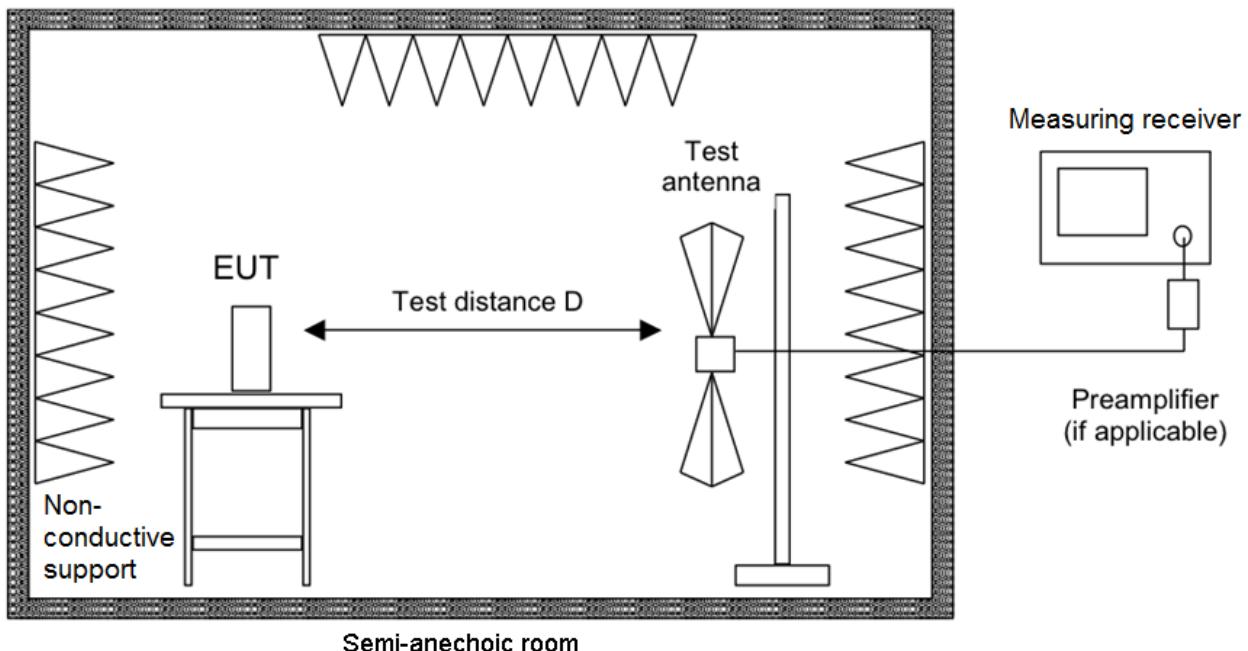


Figure 2: Setup for radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

5.4 Radiated emissions above 1 GHz

Radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured according to clause 6.6 of ANSI C63.10 by conducting exploratory and final radiated emission tests. According to clause 6.6.4.1 of ANSI C63.10, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the requirements. However, an attempt shall be made to avoid making final measurements in the near field of both the measurement antenna and the EUT.

For measurement of radiated emissions above 1 GHz, horn antennas are used.

5.4.1 Exploratory radiated emissions measurements

Exploratory radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in a semi-anechoic chamber with RF absorbing material on the floor or a fully anechoic room. They are performed by moving the receiving antenna over all sides of the EUT at a closer distance (e.g. 0.5 or 1 m) while observing the display of the test receiver to find the emissions to be re-tested during final radiated emission measurements.

According to clause 5.3.3 of ANSI C63.10, when performing measurements at a distance other than that specified, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance (inverse of linear distance for field-strength measurements). To simplify testing and documentation, the limits are increased accordingly instead of decreasing the results.

The emissions of the EUT are displayed and recorded with an EMI test receiver operating in the spectrum analyzer mode using the settings as described in table 5.

Frequency (f)	Resolution bandwidth	Video bandwidth	Sweep time	Trace detector(s)	Trace mode(s)	Test
f ≥ 1 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz	AUTO	Max Peak, Average	Clear Write	Searching
					Max Hold	Recording

Table 5: Bandwidth and trace settings for exploratory radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

If during exploratory radiated emissions measurements no levels to be re-tested are found, the final radiated emissions measurement may be omitted. In this case, the chart of the exploratory radiated emissions measurements has to be reported.

5.4.2 Final radiated emissions measurements

Final radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in a semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with RF absorbing material on the floor between measurement antenna and EUT. The measurement distance is 3 meters. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver configured as described in table 6.

Frequency (f)	Measurement receiver bandwidth	Step size	Detector type	
			Prescan	Final scan
f ≥ 1 GHz	1 MHz	≤ 500 kHz	Peak, Average	Peak, Average

Table 6: Bandwidth and detector type for final radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

Prescans are performed with both detectors activated at the same time. If the test receiver is capable of FFT analysis, it is used for prescans, but not for final scans.

	EMV TESTHAUS GmbH Gustav-Hertz-Straße 35 94315 Straubing Germany	Continental Automotive GmbH Immobilizer A2C95937800
190706-AU01+W01		Page 17 of 40

The horn antenna is mounted on a support capable of allowing the antenna to be used in either horizontal or vertical polarization and to be moved in a scan height range between 1 m and the scan height upper range defined in clause 6.6.3.3 of ANSI C63.10. When the EUT is manipulated through three different orientations, the scan height upper range for the measurement antenna is limited to 2.5 m above the ground plane or 0.5 m above the top of the EUT, whichever is higher. Otherwise, the scan height upper range is 4 m above the ground plane.

To keep the emission signal within the illumination area of the 3 dB beamwidth of the measurement antenna, the automatic tilt function of the antenna support device is used to point the antenna at an angle toward the source of the emission.

The final radiated emissions test above 1 GHz is performed in the following steps:

- a) The measurement antenna is oriented initially for vertical polarization.
- b) The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- c) The measurement equipment is connected to the measurement antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test (see table 6).
- d) The table position is set to 0°.
- e) The antenna height is set to 1 m.
- f) The spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the polarization and height of the measurement antenna as well as the current table position are noted as the maximum position.
 - g) The antenna height is increased to the scan height upper range in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- h) The polarization of the measurement antenna is changed to horizontal.
- i) The antenna height is decreased from the scan height upper range to 1 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- j) The EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 30°. At each table position, steps e) to i) are repeated.
- k) After the last prescan, the significant maximum emissions with their polarizations and heights of the measurement antenna as well as their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- l) With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the measurement antenna is set to the polarization and height and the table is moved to the position as determined during prescans.
- m) The antenna is moved by ± 50 cm around this height and the EUT is rotated by ± 30 ° around this table position while measuring the emission level continuously.
- n) For final scan, the worst-case positions of antenna and table are set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- o) Steps l) to n) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to o) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions.

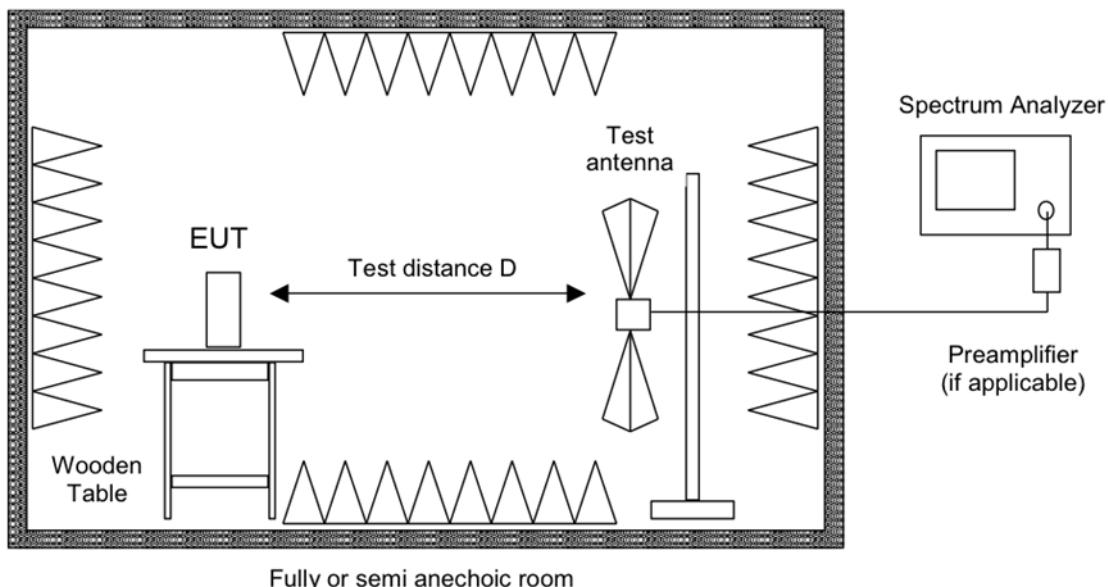


Figure 3: Setup for radiated emissions test above 1 GHz

5.5 Bandwidth measurements

5.5.1 20 dB bandwidth of the emission

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is measured according to clause 6.9.2 of ANSI C63.10 as the width of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, at an amplitude level reduced by a ratio of 20 dB down from the reference value.

The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer is between two times and five times the 20 dB bandwidth. The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the 20 dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW.

The reference level of the instrument is set as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (20 \text{ dB bandwidth}/\text{RBW})]$ below the reference level.

The 20 dB bandwidth of the emission is not required for digital transmission systems (DTS). For these systems, the 6 dB bandwidth applies.

for frequency hopping systems (FHSS). For these systems the 20 dB bandwidth applies.

5.5.2 99 % occupied bandwidth

According to section 6.7 of RSS-Gen, the occupied bandwidth (OBW) is defined as the 99 % emission bandwidth.

The span of the spectrum analyzer is set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.

The resolution bandwidth is in the range of 1 % to 5 % of the occupied bandwidth and the video bandwidth is not smaller than three times the resolution bandwidth. Video averaging is not permitted.

If possible, the detector of the spectrum analyzer is set to "Sample". However, if the device is not transmitting continuously, a peak, or peak hold is used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement).

To measure the 99 % emission bandwidth, the OBW function of the test receiver is used with the power bandwidth set to 99 %. This function indicates the lowest frequency (starting from the left side of the span) and the highest frequency (starting from the right side of the span) where 0.5% of the total sum is reached. The difference between the two frequencies is the 99 % occupied bandwidth.

5.6 Restricted bands of operation

The EUT was placed in a fully anechoic chamber and the testing was performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10 and 47 CFR Part 15, section 15.35. The measurement distance was 3 m. To find the closest margin of the spectrum to the limit mask adapted to the test distance the EUT was rotated by 360 degrees with detector of the test receiver set to peak. The loop antenna placed in a fixed height of 1 meter was rotated by 360 degrees to get the maximum of emission. In case of exceeding the limits the detector is switched to quasi peak for final testing in position of maximum emission.

6 Test results

This clause gives details about the test results as collected in the summary of test results on page 6.

The climatic conditions are recorded during the tests. It is ensured that the climatic conditions are within the following ranges:

Ambient temperature	Ambient humidity	Ambient pressure
15°C to 35°C	30 % to 75 %	86 kPa to 106 kPa

6.1 20 dB bandwidth

Performed by: Andreas Menacher Date(s) of test: November 8, 2019

Result¹: Test passed Test not passed

6.1.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002
Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270

¹ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 92.

6.1.1 Limits

According to §15.215(c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

The specific rule section under which the equipment operates is §15.247. According to §15.247(a)(2), for systems using digital modulation techniques (DTS), the 6 dB bandwidth (DTS bandwidth) is specified as the bandwidth of the emission. In this case, measuring the 20 dB bandwidth is not required.

6.1.2 Test procedure

The 20 dB bandwidth is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.5.1

6.1.3 Test results

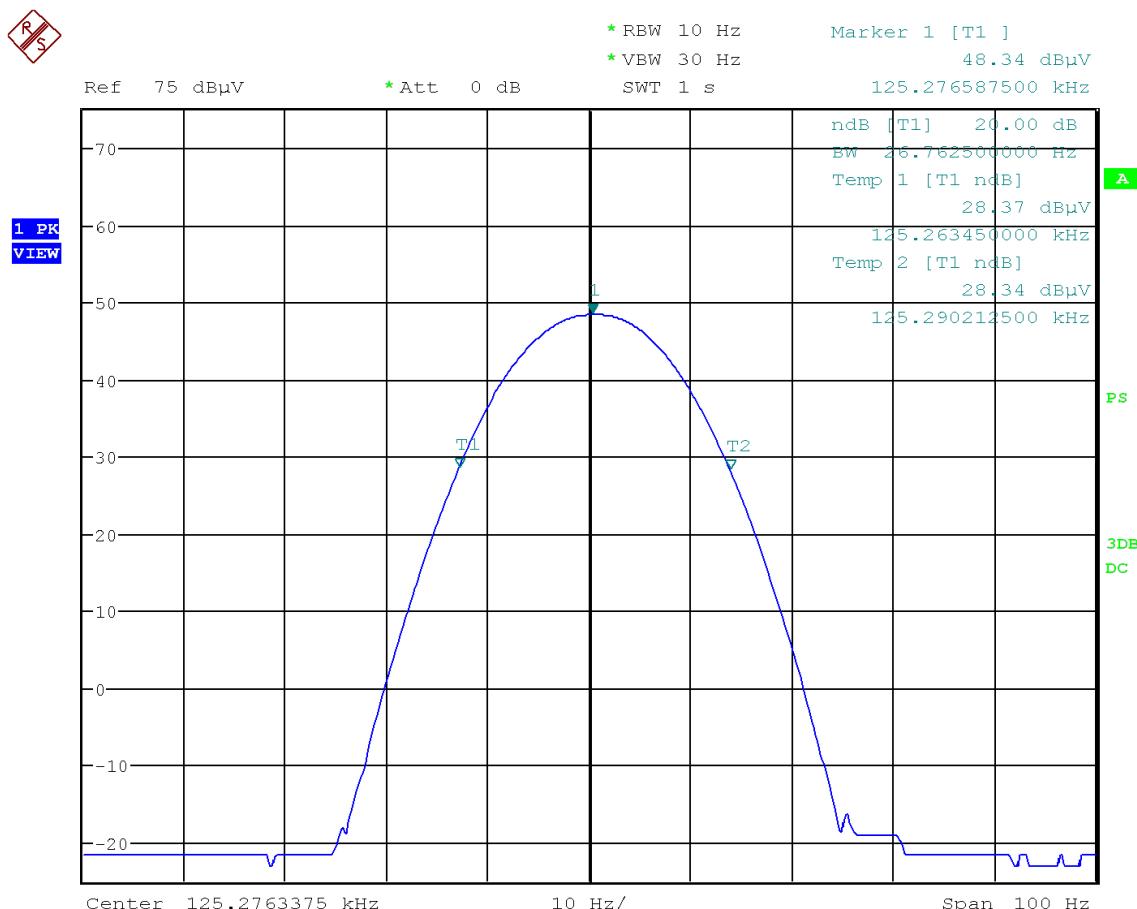


Figure 4: Chart of 20 dB bandwidth with vehicle key

20 dB bandwidth [kHz]	Lower band edge Frequency [MHz]		Upper band edge Frequency [MHz]		Result
	Limit	[MHz]	Limit	[MHz]	
0.026	0.125263	---	0.125290	---	Recorded

Table 7: Results of 20 dB bandwidth tests with vehicle key

6.2 Occupied bandwidth

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	2.202(a) ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	RSS-Gen, section 6.7 ANSI C63.10, clause 6.9

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	November 8, 2019
Result ² :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test passed	<input type="checkbox"/> Test not passed	

6.2.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
Field probe	RF-R 400-1	Langer EMV-Technik	E00270
EMI test receiver	ESU 26	Rohde & Schwarz	W00002

² For information about measurement uncertainties see page 76.

6.2.2 Limits

According to section 5.2 of KDB Publication 558074, document D01, the 99 % occupied bandwidth is necessary for setting the proper reference level and input attenuation.

According to RSS-Gen, section 6.7, the occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” has to be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in RSS-247.

Although there is no limit specified, the occupied bandwidth has to be recorded and reported.

6.2.3 Test procedure

The occupied bandwidth is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.5.2

6.2.4 Test results

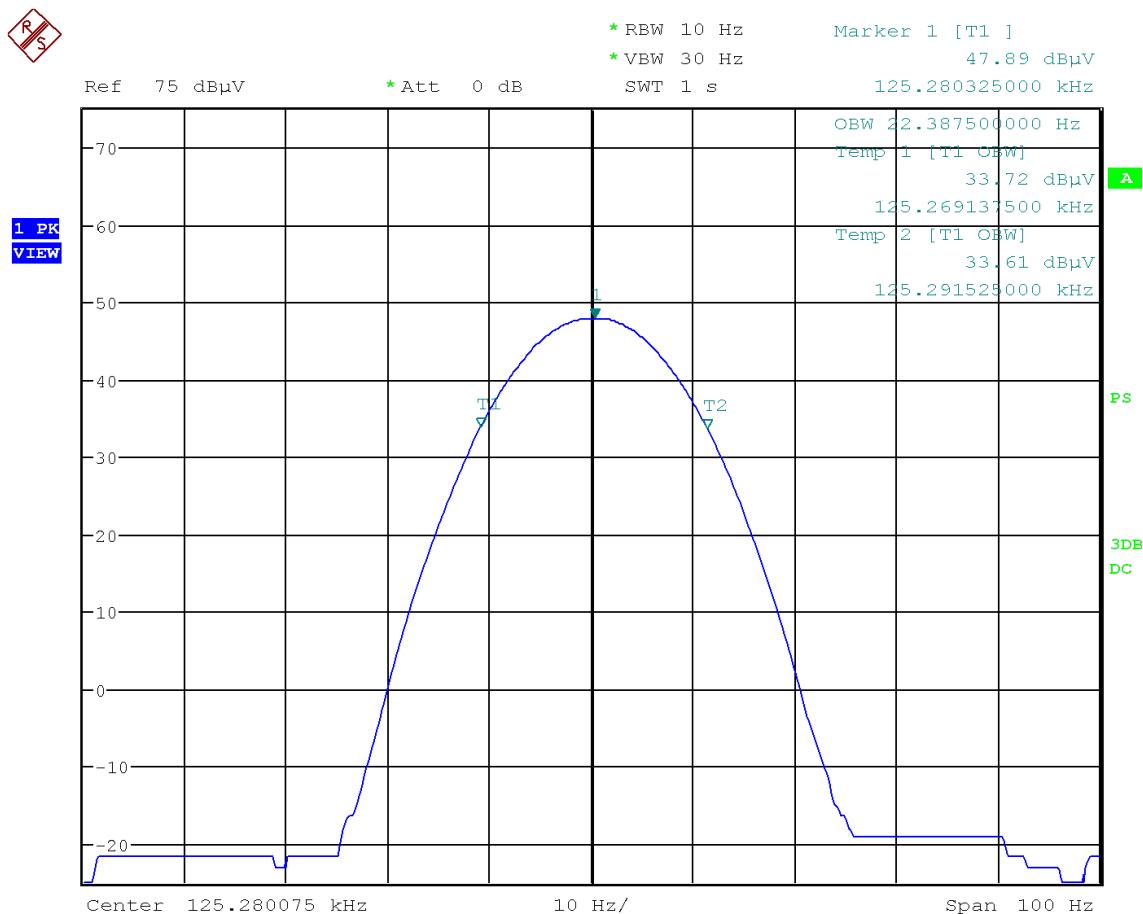


Figure 5: Chart of occupied bandwidth test with vehicle key

99% bandwidth [kHz]	Lower band edge Frequency [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Upper band edge Frequency [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Result
0.022	0.125269	---	0.125291	---	Recorded

Table 8: Results of occupied bandwidth test with vehicle key

6.3 Restricted band of operation from 0.090 MHz to 0.110 MHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	15.205(a)-(c) ANSI C63.10, section 12.7.2
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s): Reference(s):	RSS-Gen, section 8.10 ANSI C63.10, section 12.7.2

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	November 11, 2019
Result ³ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Test passed	<input type="checkbox"/> Test not passed	

6.3.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
Compact Diagnostic Chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	Albatross Projects	E00026
EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	E00060
Cable set CDC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner AME HF-Technik AME HF-Technik Stabo	E00446 E00920 E00921 E01215
Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778

³ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 76.

6.3.2 Limits

As specified in section 15.205(a)-(c) of 47 CFR Part 15:

Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

In case of measurements are performed at other distances than that specified in the requirements, the limits in the charts and tables reported with the test results are derived from the general radiated emission limits as listed above using the recalculation factor as described in clause 5.2.

6.3.3 Test procedure

The emission within the restricted band of operation from 0.090 MHz – 0.110 MHz is measured using the test procedure as described in clause 5.6.



EMV **TESTHAUS** GmbH
Gustav-Hertz-Straße 35
94315 Straubing
Germany

Continental Automotive GmbH
Immobilizer
A2C95937800

6.3.4 Test results

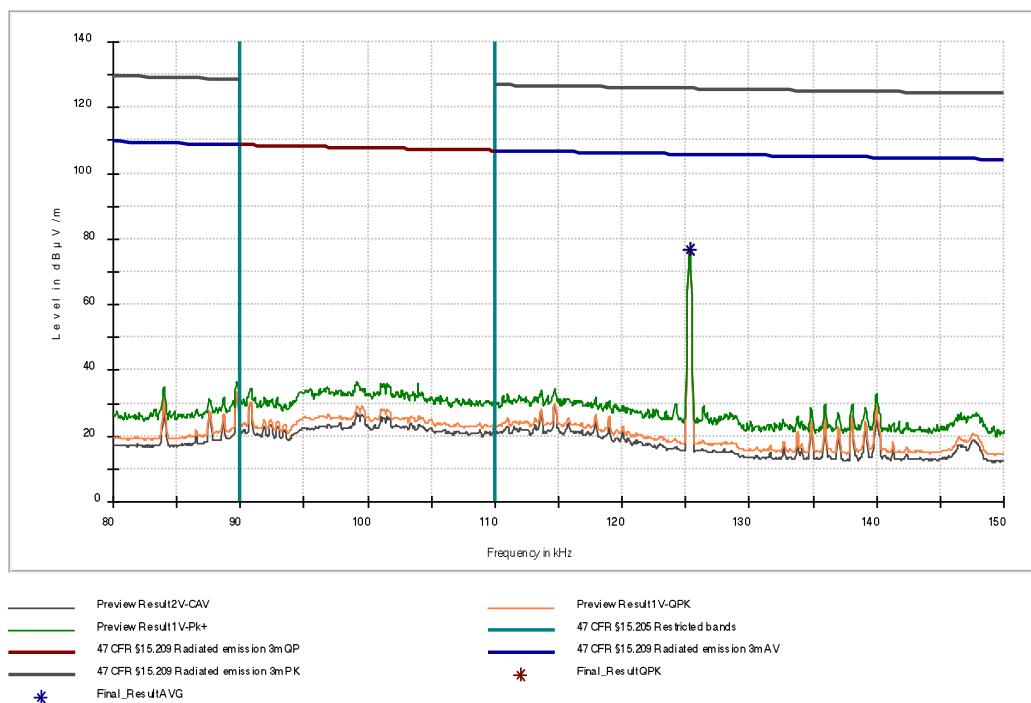


Figure 6: Restricted band of operation

6.4 Emissions outside the operating frequency band(s) specified

6.4.1 Emissions below 30 MHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s):	15.209
	Reference(s):	ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s):	RSS-Gen, section 6.13
	Reference(s):	ANSI C63.10, clause 6.4

Result⁴: Test passed Test not passed

6.4.1.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
Compact Diagnostic Chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	Albatross Projects	E00026
EMI test receiver	ESR 7	Rohde & Schwarz	E00739
Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	Rohde & Schwarz	E00060
Cable set CDC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner AME HF-Technik AME HF-Technik Stabo	E00446 E00920 E00921 E01215
Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E00778

⁴ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 92.

6.4.1.2 Limits

Frequency [MHz]	Field strength [μ V/m]	Field strength [dB μ V/m]	Measurement distance [m]
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz) (266.67 – 4.90)	48.52 – 13.80	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz) (48.98 – 14.08)	33.80 – 22.97	30
1.705 – 30	30	29.54	30

Table 9: General radiated emission limits up to 30 MHz according to §15.209

In case of measurements are performed at other distances than that specified in the requirements, the limits in the charts and tables reported with the test results are derived from the general radiated emission limits as listed in table 9 using the recalculation factor as described in clause 5.2.

6.4.1.3 Test procedure

The emissions below 30 MHz are measured using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 5.2.

6.4.1.4 Test results

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	November 5, 2019
Test distance:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 m	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 m	<input type="checkbox"/> m
Antenna alignment:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> in parallel	<input type="checkbox"/> in line	<input type="checkbox"/> angle °
EUT position ⁵ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 3

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
9 kHz – 150 kHz	50 Hz	200 Hz	QP, PK, CAV	QP, PK, AV	2 s	1 s	Off
150 kHz – 30 MHz	2.25 kHz	9 kHz	QP, PK, CAV	QP, PK, AV	2 s	1 s	Off

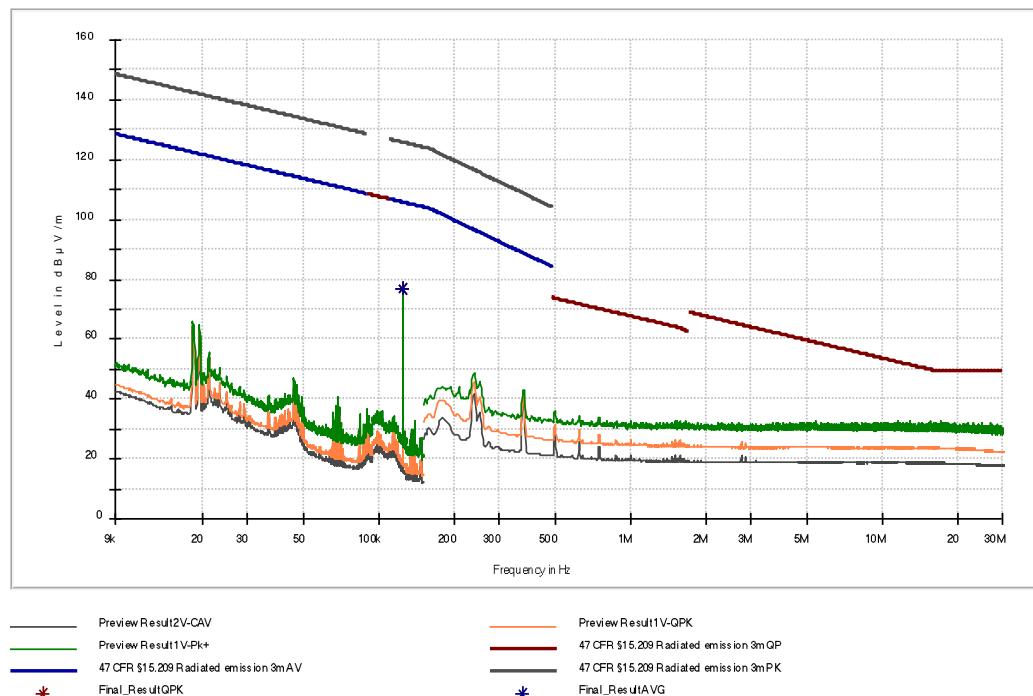


Figure 7: Chart of emissions test below 30 MHz with key in position 1

⁵ Exploratory measurements are performed in all positions as indicated. However, the figures and result tables within this test report show the worst case position, only.

Frequency [MHz]	Measured value [dB μ V/m] at 3m	Detector	Recalculation factor [dB]	Field strength [dB μ V/m] at 300 m	Limit [dB μ V/m] at 300 m	Margin	Result
0.125300	76.87	PK	-80.0	-3.13	45.67	49.80	Pass
0.125300	76.80	AV	-80.0	-3.20	25.67	28.87	Pass

Recalculation factor is determined according to ANSI C63.10, section 6.4.4.2 "Extrapolation from the measurement of a single point":

$$\text{Recalculation factor} = -40 \log(d_{\text{limit}} / d_{\text{measure}})$$

f_{MHz} [MHz]	d_{measure} [m]	d_{limit} [m]	Recalculation factor [dB]
0.125300	3.000	300.000	-80

6.4.2 Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Section(s) in 47 CFR Part 15:	Requirement(s):	15.209
	Reference(s):	ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5
Section(s) in RSS:	Requirement(s):	RSS-247, section 5.5
	Reference(s):	RSS-Gen, section 6.13
		ANSI C63.10, clause 6.5

Result⁶: Test passed Test not passed

6.4.2.1 Test equipment

Type	Designation	Manufacturer	Inventory no.
Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	Albatross Projects	E00716
EMI test receiver	ESW 44	Rohde & Schwarz	E00895
TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC)	VULB 9162	Schwarzbeck	E00643
Cable set SAC	RF cable(s)	Huber + Suhner	E00755 E01033 E01034
Test software	EMC32-MEB (V10.35)	Rohde & Schwarz	E01073

⁶ For information about measurement uncertainties see page 92.

6.4.2.2 Limits

Frequency [MHz]	[μ V/m]	Field strength [dB μ V/m]	Measurement distance [m]
30 – 88	100	40.00	3
88 – 216	150	43.52	3
216 - 960	200	46.02	3
Above 960	500	53.98	3

Table 10: General radiated emission limits \geq 30 MHz according to §15.209

6.4.2.3 Test procedure

The emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz are measured using the

- test procedure for radiated measurements as described in clause 5.3.

6.4.2.4 Test results

Performed by:	Andreas Menacher	Date(s) of test:	November 5, 2019
Test distance:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 m	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 m	<input type="checkbox"/> m
EUT position ⁷ :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position 3

Frequency range	Step size	IF Bandwidth	Detector		Measurement Time		Preamplifier
			Prescan	Final scan	Prescan	Final scan	
30 MHz – 1 GHz	30 kHz	120 kHz	QP	QP	1 s	1 s	20 dB

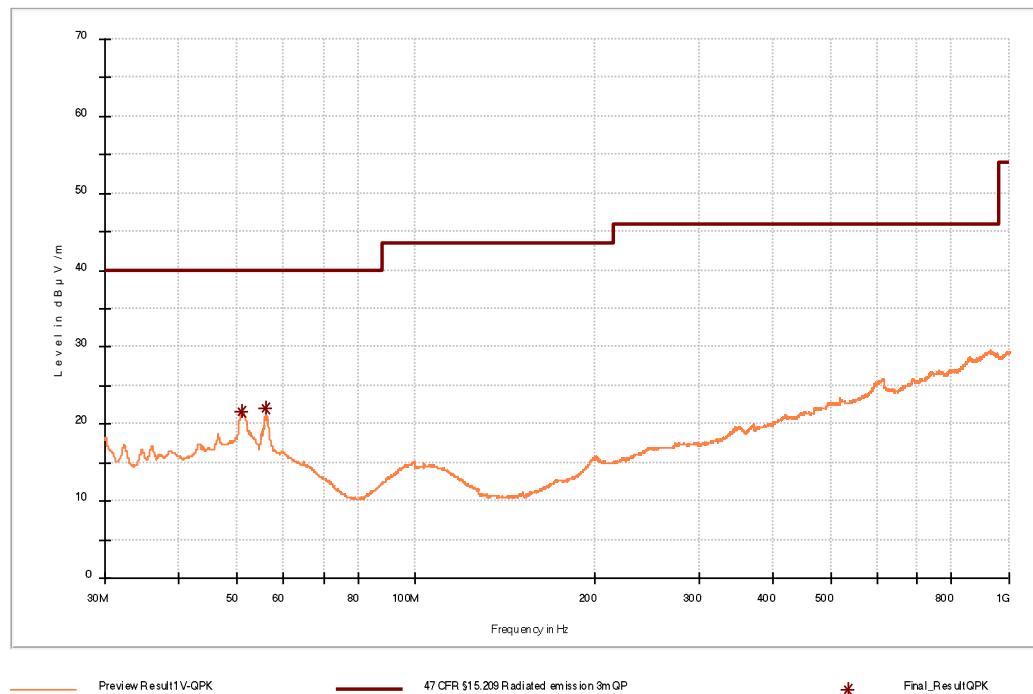


Figure 8: Chart of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz without key in position 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
51.150000	21.73	40.00	18.27	100.0	V	168.0	14.6
56.130000	21.97	40.00	18.03	100.0	V	60.0	14.2

Table 11: Final results of emissions test from 30 MHz to 1 GHz without key in position 1

⁷ Exploratory measurements are performed in all positions as indicated. However, the figures and result tables within this test report show the worst case position, only.

7 Equipment calibration status

Description	Modell number	Serial number	Inventory number(s)	Last calibration	Next calibration
EMI test receiver	ESW44	101538	E00895	2019-07	2020-07
EMI test receiver	ESU26	100026	W00002	2018-06	2020-06
EMI test receiver	ESR7	101059	E00739	2019-08	2020-08
Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	871398/0050	E00060	2018-10	2020-10
Field probe	RF-R 400-1	02-2030	E00270	see Note 1	
TRILOG broadband antenna (SAC3)	VULB 9162	9162-041	E00643	2018-03	2021-03
Horn antenna	BBHA 9120D	9120D-592	W00052	2017-04	2020-04
Horn antenna	BBHA 9170	9170-332	W00054	2017-04	2020-04
Compact diagnostic chamber (CDC)	VK041.0174	D62128-A502-A69-2-0006	E00026	N/A	
Semi-anechoic chamber (SAC)	SAC3	C62128-A520-A643-x-0006	E00716	2018-03	2021-03
Cable set CDC	RG214/U	---	E00446	2018-04	2020-04
	LCF12-50J	---	E01215	2018-04	2020-04
	LMR400	1718020006	E00920	2018-01	2020-01
	RG214 Hiflex	171802007	E00921	2018-01	2020-01
	SF104EA/2x11PC 35-42/5m	11144/4EA	E00307	2017-12	2018-12
	262-0942-1500	003	E00433	2017-10	2018-10
Cable set of semi-anechoic chamber SAC3	SF104EA/11PC35 /11PC35/10000MM	501347/4EA	E00755	2019-08	2020-08
	SF104E/11PC35/1 1PC35/2000MM	507410/4E	E01035	2019-08	2020-08
	SF104E/11PC35/1 1PC35/2000MM	507411/4E	E01034	2019-08	2020-08

Note 1: Only used for relative measurements (clause 6.1, 6.2).

8 Measurement uncertainties

Description	Uncertainty	k=
AC power line conducted emission	± 4.1 dB	2
Carrier frequency separation Number of hopping frequencies Time of occupancy (dwell time)	± 5.0 %	2
Bandwidth tests	± 2.0 %	
Maximum conducted output power (conducted)	± 1.5 dB	
Power spectral density (conducted)	± 2.9 dB	
Conducted spurious emissions	± 2.9 dB	
Radiated emissions in semi-anechoic chamber		
9 kHz to 30 MHz	± 4.8 dB	2
30 MHz to 300 MHz	± 5.4 dB	2
300MHz to 1 GHz	± 4.7 dB	2
Radiated emissions in semi-anechoic chamber with RF absorbing material on the floor or fully anechoic room		
1 GHz to 25 GHz	± 4.5 dB	2

Comment: The uncertainty stated is the expanded uncertainty obtained by multiplying the standard uncertainty by the coverage factor k. For a confidence level of 95 % the coverage factor k is 2.

Test related measurement uncertainties have to be taken into consideration when evaluating the test results. All used test instrument as well as the test accessories are calibrated at regular intervals.

9 Revision history

<i>Revision</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Issued by</i>	<i>Description of modifications</i>
0	2019-12-20	Andreas Menacher	First edition