

Application Submittal Test Report

FOR

FCC CFR47 Part 87 and Industry Canada RSS-141

Application for Grant of Certification

For

Models: GIA 63W and GIA 63H

GPN's: 011-01105-2(), 011-01105-3()
118-136.992 MHz

Aviation Communications Transceiver

FCC ID: IPH-0140000

IC: 1792A-0140000

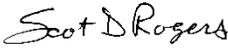
For

GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

1200 East 151st Street

OLATHE, KS 66062

Test Report Number 100929

Authorized Signatory: 
Scot D. Rogers



NVLAP Lab Code 200087-0



ROGERS LABS, INC.

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Test Report For Application of Certification

For

GARMIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

1200 East 151st Street
Olathe, KS 66062
Phone: (913) 397-8200

Mr. Van Ruggles
Director of Quality Assurance

Models: GIA 63W and GIA 63H
GPN's: 011-01105-2(), 011-01105-3()
Aviation Communications Transceiver

Frequency Range: 118-136.992 MHz

FCC ID: IPH-0140000
IC: 1792A-0140000

Test Date: September 29, 2010

Certifying Engineer: *Scot D. Rogers*
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Rogers Labs, Inc.
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Louisburg, KS 66053
Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214
Revision 3

Garmin International, Inc.
Models: GIA 63W, GIA 63H
Test #: 100929
Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15 and 87, RSS-141
File: GIA63w TstRpt 100929 r3

SN: 1HQ000011
FCC ID: IPH-0140000
IC: 1792A-0140000
Date: November 2, 2010
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Forward

In accordance with the Federal Communications, Code of Federal Regulations dated October 1, 2009, Part 2 Subpart J, Paragraphs 2.907, 2.911, 2.913, 2.915, 2.925, 2.926, 2.1031 through 2.1057, and Part 87, Subchapter D, Paragraphs 87.131 through 87.147, and Industry Canada RSS-141 Issue 2, June 2010 the following information is submitted for consideration on obtaining Grant of Certification.

Opinion / Interpretation of Results

Tests Performed	Results
Emissions Tests	
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 2.1031-2.1057 and RSS-141, Issue 2	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.131 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.133 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.135 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.139 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.2.2	Complies
Requirements per CFR47 paragraphs 87.141 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1	Complies

Applicable Standards & Test Procedures

In accordance with the Federal Communications Code of Federal Regulations, dated October 1, 2009, Part 2, Subpart J, Paragraphs 2.907, 2.911, 2.913, 2.925, 2.926, 2.1031 through 2.1057, and applicable paragraphs of Part 87, and RSS-141, Issue 2 the following is submitted for consideration in obtaining Grant of Certification. Test procedures used are the established Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions as described in ANSI 63.4-2003 and TIA/EIA 603.

Environmental Conditions

Ambient Temperature	22.3° C
Relative Humidity	49%
Atmospheric Pressure	1009.9 mb



Application for Certification

- 1) Manufacturer: Garmin International, Inc. 1200 East 151st Street Olathe, KS 66062
- 2) Identification: FCC I.D.: IPH-0140000 IC: 1792A-0140000
- 3) Instruction Book: Refer to exhibit for Draft Instruction Manual.
- 4) Emission Type: Emissions designator 6k00A3E (25 kHz) or 5k6A3E (8.33 kHz)
- 5) Frequency Range: 118-136.975 MHz (25 kHz channel operation) and 118—136.992 (8.33 kHz channel operation)
- 6) Operating Power Level: 18.2 W, 42.6 dBm (28 Volt) or 12 W, 40.8 dBm (14-volt) operation
- 7) Maximum P_o : 18 Watts delivered from this EUT. Maximum allowable power output of 55 Watts as defined per CFR 47 paragraph 87.131 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1.
- 8) Power into final amplifying circuitry: Power delivered into final amplifier 27.5 volts @ 2.5 amps (68.75 watts) for 28-volt operation and 13.75 volts @ 4.2 amps (57.75 watts) for 14-volt operation.
- 9) Tune Up Procedure for Output Power: Refer to Exhibit for Transceiver Alignment Procedure.
- 10) Circuit Diagrams; description of circuits, frequency stability, spurious suppression, and power and modulation limiting: Refer to Exhibit for Circuit information and theory of operation.
- 11) Photograph or drawing of the Identification Plate: Refer to Exhibit for Photograph or Drawing.
- 12) Drawings of Construction and Layout: Refer to Exhibit for Drawings of Components Layout and Chassis Drawings.
- 13) Detail Description of Digital Modulation: Not applicable
- 14) Data required by CFR47 paragraphs 2.1046 through 2.1057 are contained in this application.
- 15) External power amplifier requirements do not apply to this device or application.
- 16) AM broadcast requirements do not apply to this device or application.
- 17) Requirements of CFR47 paragraph 25.129 do not apply to this device or application.
- 18) The device is not a software-defined radio and requirements of 2.944 do not apply to this application.



Units of Measurements

AC Line Conducted EMI Data is in dBµV; dB referenced to one microvolt.

Radiated EMI Data is in dBµV/m; dB/m referenced to one microvolt per meter

Antenna Conducted Data is in dBm, dB referenced to one milliwatt

Test Site Locations

Conducted EMI The AC power line conducted emissions testing performed in a shielded screen room located at Rogers Labs, Inc., 4405 W. 259th Terrace, Louisburg, KS.

Radiated EMI The radiated emissions testing performed at the 3 meters, Open Area Test Site (OATS) located at Rogers Labs, Inc., 4405 W. 259th Terrace, Louisburg, KS.

Site Registration Refer to Annex for FCC Site Registration Letter, # 90910, and Industry Canada Site Registration Letter, IC3041A-1.

List of Test Equipment

A Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 and/or Hewlett Packard 8591EM Spectrum Analyzer was used as the measuring device for the emissions testing of frequencies below 1 GHz. A Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 and/or Hewlett Packard 8562A Spectrum Analyzer was used as the measuring device for testing the emissions at frequencies above 1 GHz. The analyzer settings used are described in the following table. Refer to the appendix for a complete list of test equipment.

Analyzer Settings		
AC Line Conducted Emissions:		
RBW	AVG. BW	Detector Function
9 kHz	30 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak
Radiated Emissions 30-1000 MHz		
RBW	AVG. BW	Detector Function
100 kHz	100 kHz	Peak
120 kHz	300 kHz	Peak/Quasi Peak
Radiated Emissions Above 1000 MHz		
RBW	Video BW	Detector Function
1 MHz	1 MHz	Peak / Average

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Calibration Date</u>	<u>Due</u>
LISN	Comp. Design	FCC-LISN-2-MOD.CD	10/09	10/10
Antenna	ARA	BCD-235-B	10/09	10/10
Antenna	EMCO	3147	10/09	10/10
Antenna	EMCO	3143	5/10	5/11
Analyzer	HP	8591EM	5/10	5/11
Analyzer	HP	8562A	5/10	5/11
Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU40	5/10	5/11

System Description

The GIA 63W is an aeronautical navigational/communications transceiver. The GIA 63H is a version of the GIA 63W which is mechanically modified to withstand higher vibration environments. Electrically, the GIA 63W and GIA 63H are identical. The transmitter's operational frequency band is either 118.000 to 136.975 MHz (25 kHz mode) or 118.000 to 136.992 MHz (8.33 kHz mode). The device is marketed as an Aircraft, Panel, or Remote Mounted Integrated Avionics Unit Including an Aviation-Band VHF Transceiver with 25 kHz and 8.33 kHz Channel Spacing, and VOR, Localizer, Glide slope, and WAAS GPS receivers.

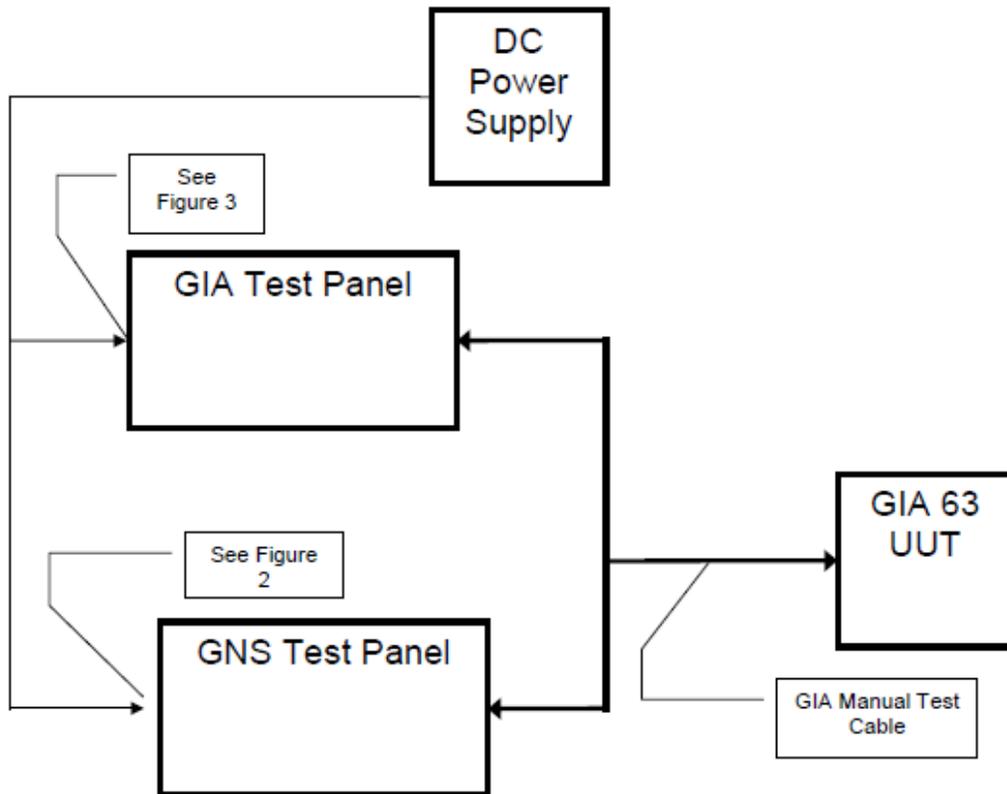


Figure 1: Test Setup Block Diagram

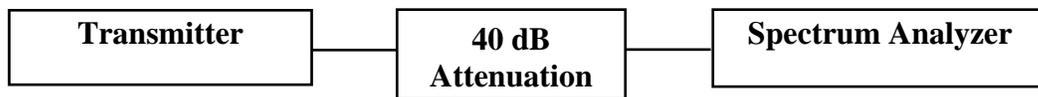
Transmitter Power Output

Measurements Required

Measurements shall be made to establish the radio frequency power delivered by the transmitter into the standard output termination. The power output shall be monitored and recorded and no adjustment shall be made to the transmitter after the test has begun, except as noted below:

If the power output is adjustable, measurements shall be made for the highest and lowest power levels. Output transmitter power is not user selectable but installation defined. The design offers 16 watts output power in 28-volt input and 10 watts output power in 14-volt installations.

Test Arrangement



The radio frequency power output was measured at the antenna terminal by placing 40-dB attenuation in the antenna line and observing the emission with the spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer offered an impedance of 50Ω to match the impedance of the standard antenna. A Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 Spectrum Analyzer was used to measure the radio frequency power at the antenna port. Data was taken in dBm and converted to watts as shown in the following Table. Refer to Figure 1 showing maximum output power of the transmitter (28 volt input) and Figure 2 displaying output power with 14-volt input. Data was taken per CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable paragraphs of Part 87 and RSS-141.

P_{dBm} = power in dB above 1 milliwatt

Milliwatts = $10^{(P_{dBm}/10)}$

Watts = (Milliwatts)(0.001)(W/mW)

Milliwatts = $10^{(42.57/10)}$

= 18,071 mW

= 18.1 Watts Peak power

Transmitter Power Results

Frequency	Input Power	P _{dBm}	P _{mw}	P _w
118.000	28 Vdc	42.57	18,071	18.1
127.000	28 Vdc	42.60	18,197	18.2
136.975	28 Vdc	42.60	18,197	18.2
118.000	14 Vdc	40.23	10,544	10.5
127.000	14 Vdc	40.50	11,220	11.2
136.975	14 Vdc	40.79	11,995	12.0

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 2 and 87.131 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1. There are no deviations to the specifications.

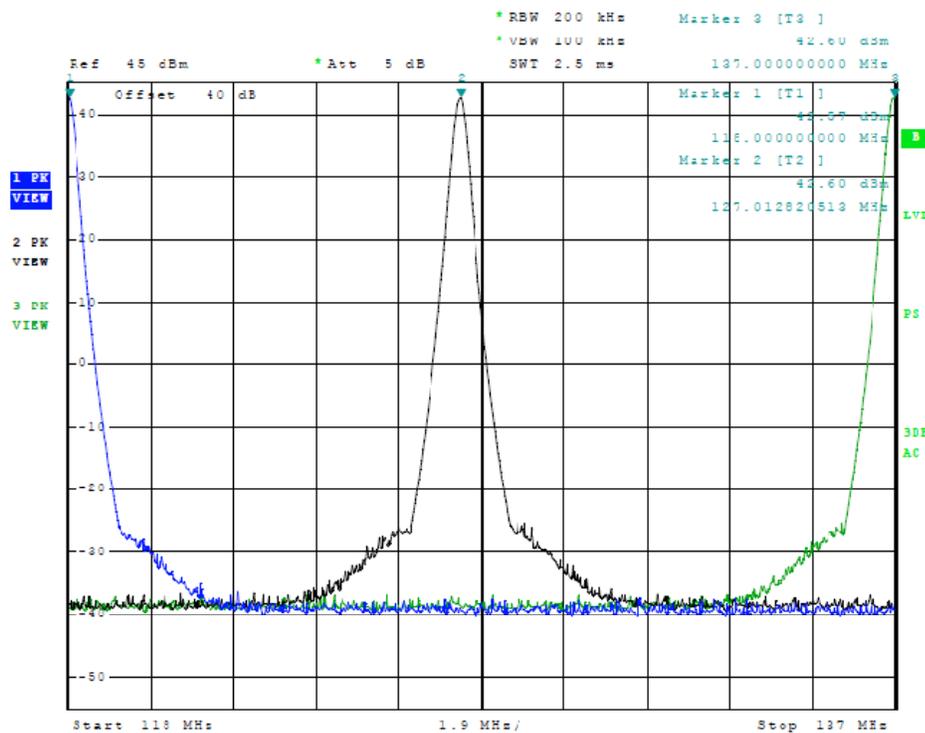


Figure 1 Maximum Power Output (28 Volt Input)

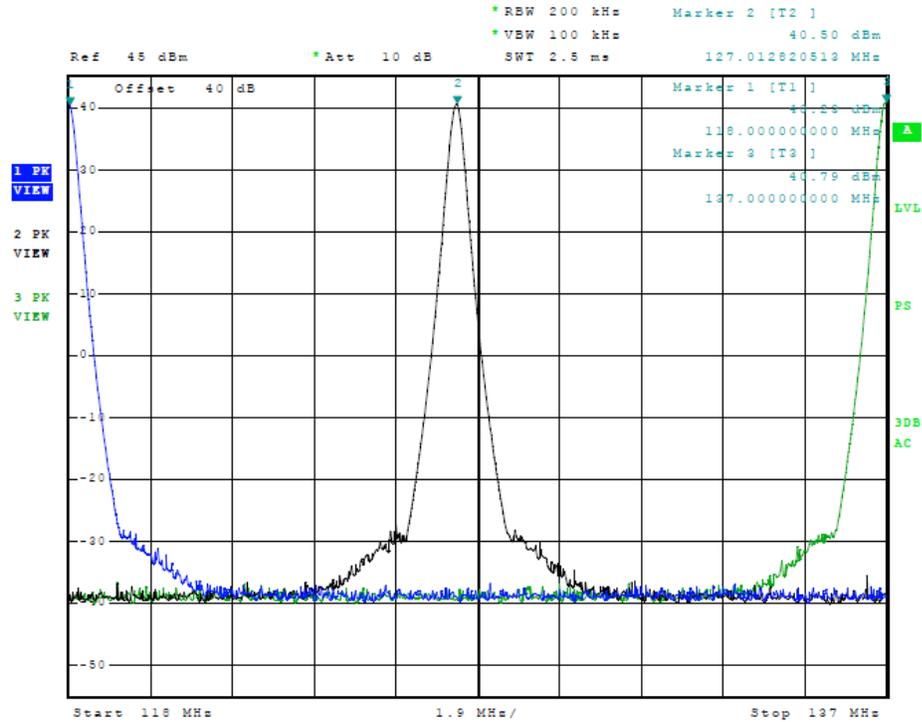


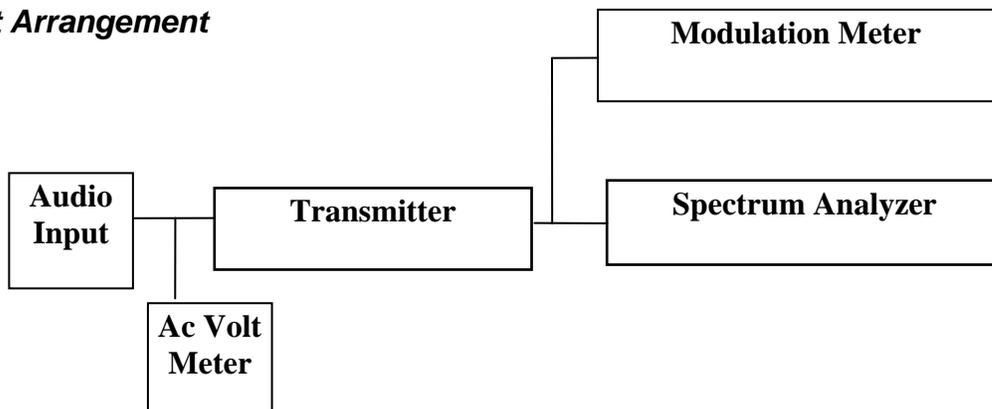
Figure 2 Maximum Power Output (14 Volt Input)

Modulation Characteristics

Measurements Required

A curve or equivalent data, which shows that the equipment will meet the modulation requirements of the rules, under which the equipment is licensed, shall be submitted. The radio frequency output was coupled to a Spectrum Analyzer and a modulation meter. The spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter operating in its various modes. The modulation meter was used to measure the percent modulation.

Test Arrangement



Modulation Characteristic Results

Figure 3 displays the graph made showing the audio frequency response of the modulator. The frequency generator was set to 1 kHz frequency and injected into the audio input port of the EUT. The input voltage amplitude was adjusted to obtain 50% modulation at 1000 Hz. This level was then taken as the 0-dB reference. The frequency of the generator was then varied and the output voltage level was adjusted to maintain the 50% modulation. The output level required for 50% modulation then recorded. This level was normalized to the level required for 50% modulation at 1000 Hz.

Figure 4 shows the modulation characteristics of six frequencies while the input voltage was varied. The frequency is held constant and the percent modulation is read from the modulation meter.

Figure 5 shows the frequency response of the audio low pass filter.

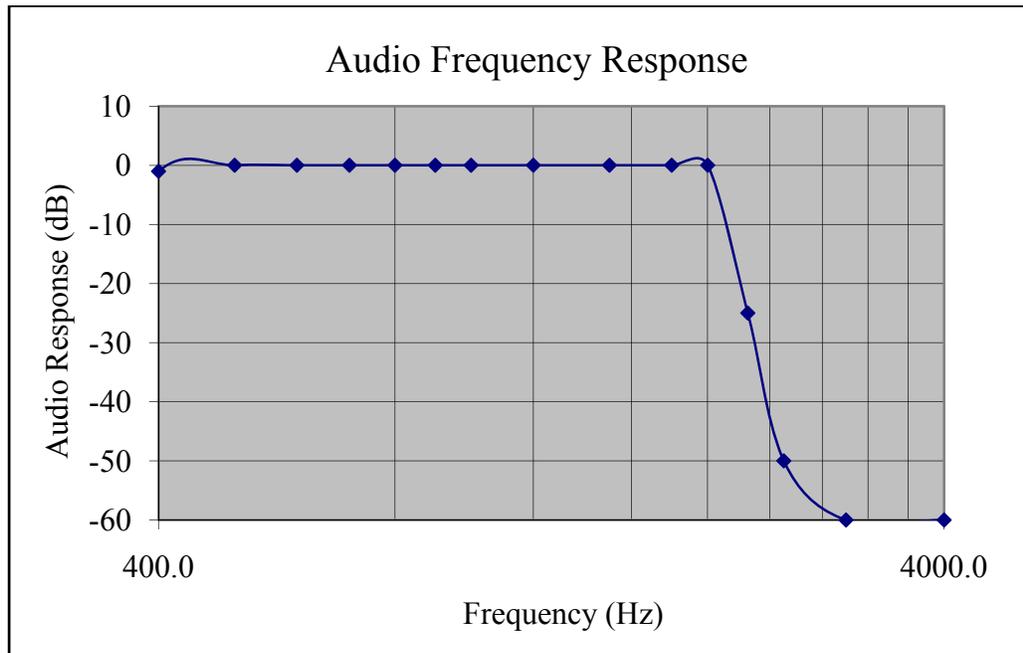


Figure 3 Audio Frequency Response / Modulation Characteristics

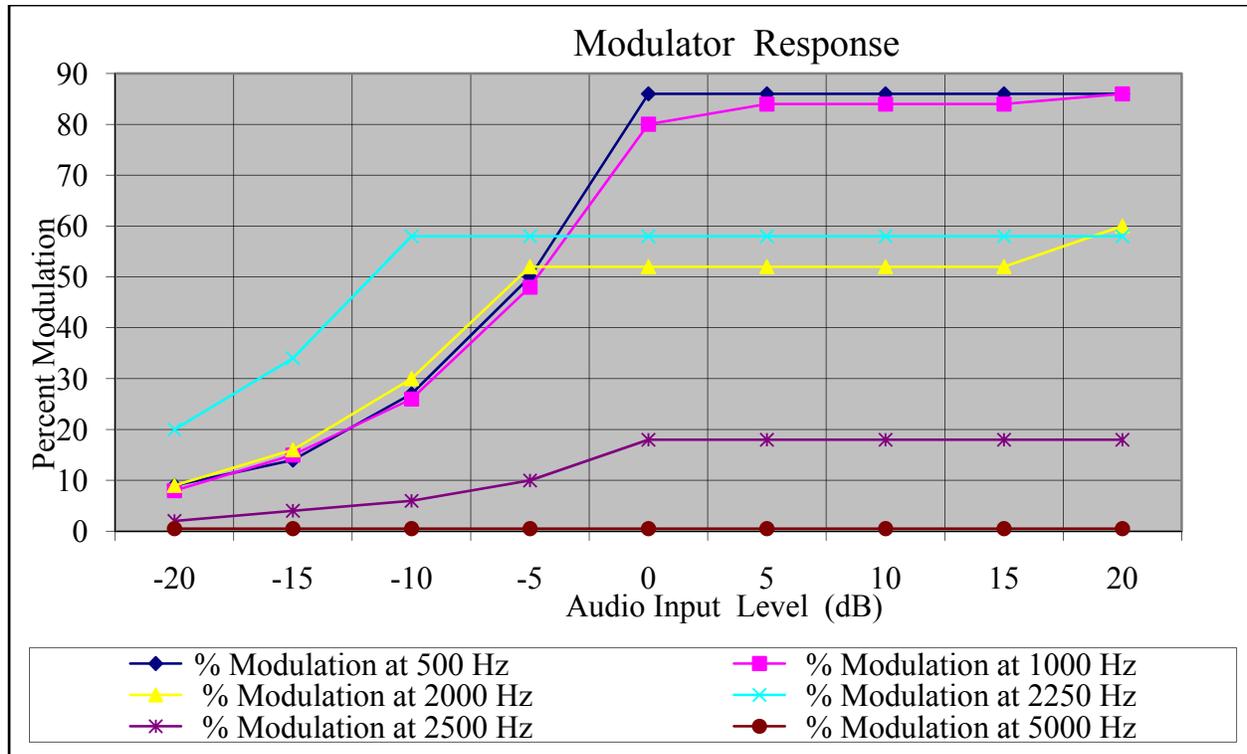


Figure 4 Modulation Characteristics

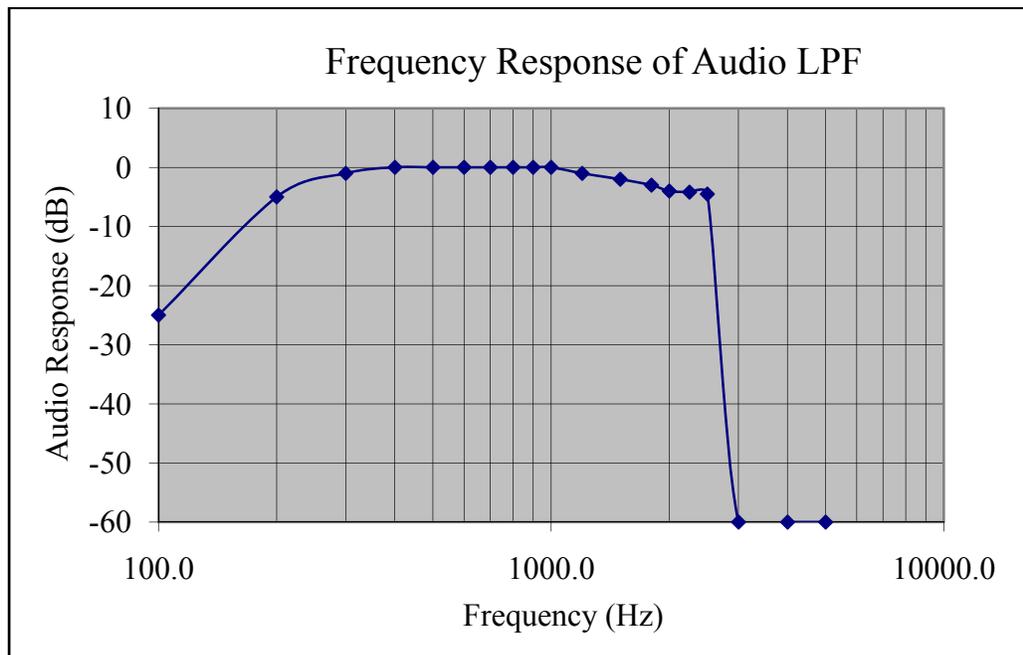


Figure 5 Frequency Response of Audio Low pass Filter

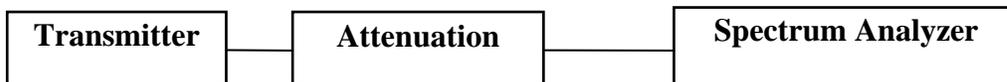
The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 2 and 87.141 and RSS-141. There are no deviations to the specifications.

Occupied Bandwidth

Measurements Required

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

Test Arrangement



A spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter operating in a normal mode, modulated by a frequency of 2500 Hz at a level 16 dB above 50% modulation. The power ratio in dB representing 99.5% of the total mean power was recorded from the spectrum analyzer. Refer to figures 6 through 8 for plots displaying the 99.5% power occupied bandwidth.

Occupied Bandwidth Results

Frequency (MHz)	Occupied bandwidth (kHz)
118.000	5.58
127.000	5.61
136.975	5.57
136.992	5.6

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 2 and 87.135 and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1. There are no deviations to the specifications.

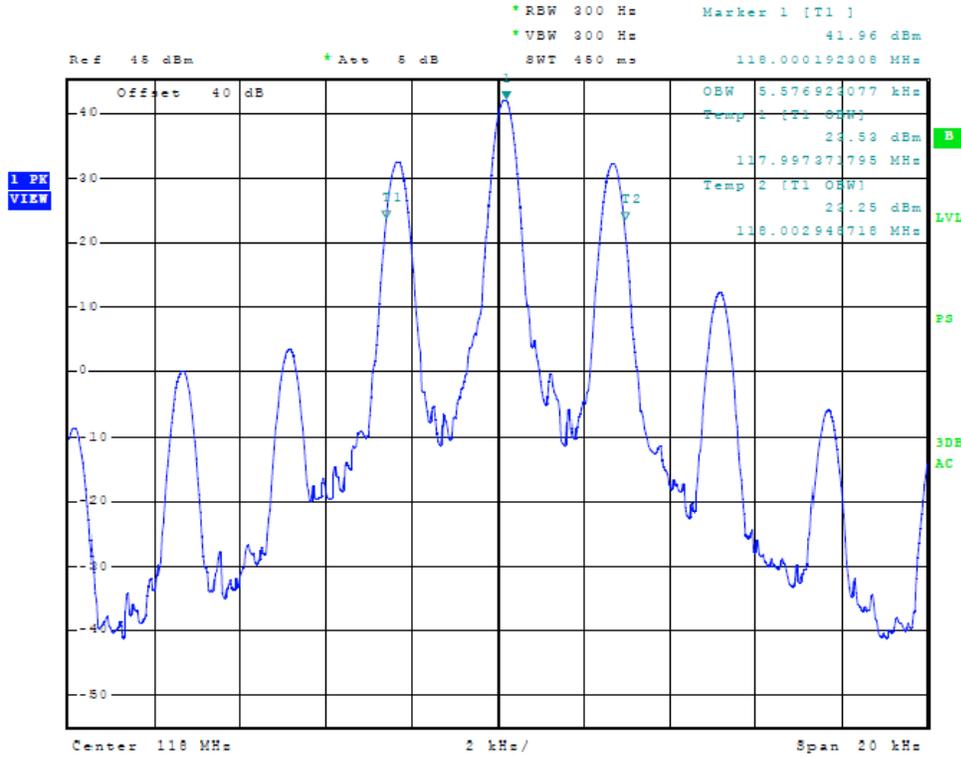


Figure 6 Occupied Band Width Carrier frequency 118.000 MHz

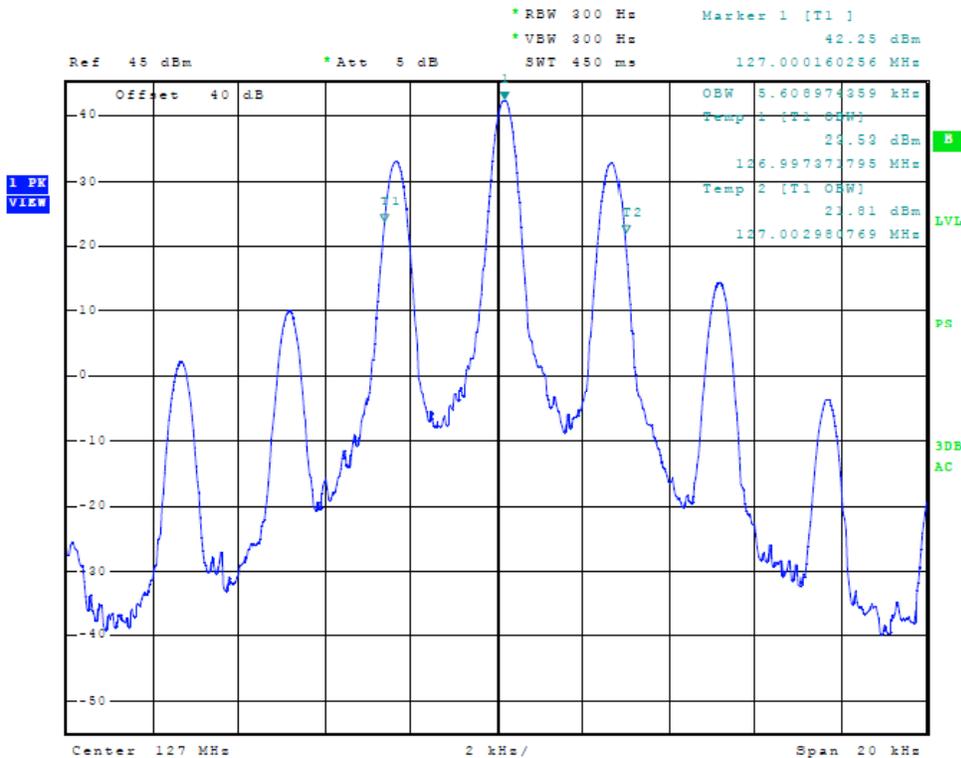


Figure 7 Occupied Band Width Carrier frequency 127.000 MHz

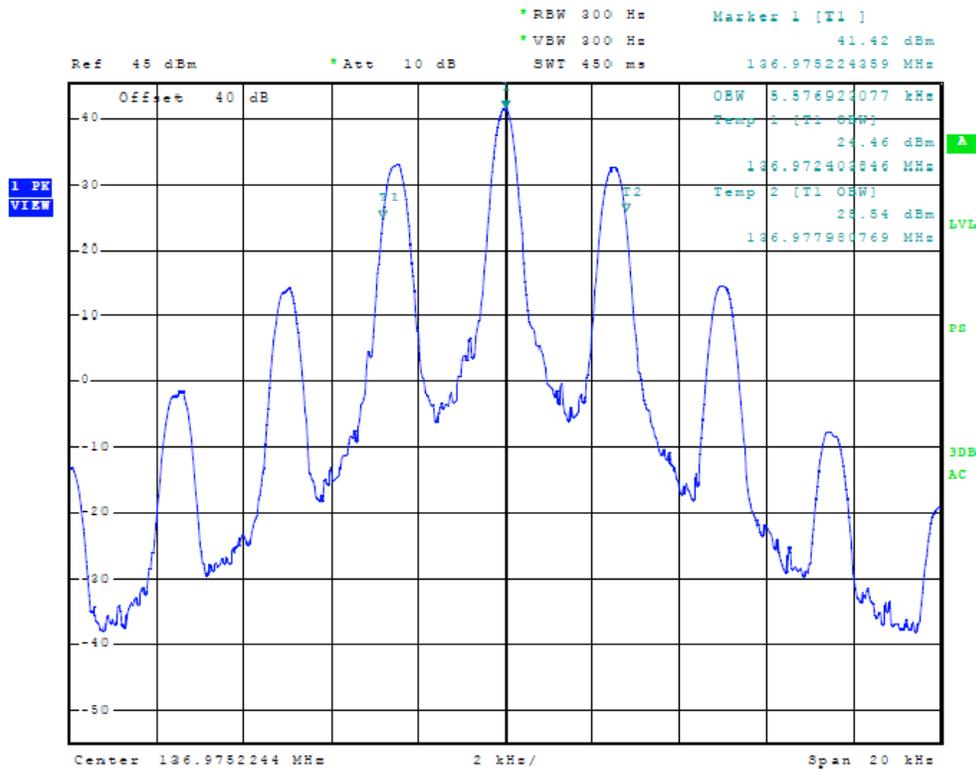


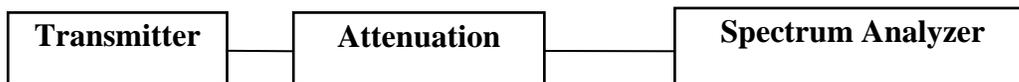
Figure 8 Occupied Band Width Carrier frequency 136.975 MHz

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Measurements Required

The radio frequency voltage or power generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna.

Test Arrangement



The radio frequency output was coupled to a Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 Spectrum Analyzer during antenna port conducted emissions measurements. The spectrum analyzer was used to observe the radio frequency spectrum with the transmitter modulated per section 2.1049 and operated in all normal modes. The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 1,500 MHz was observed and plot produced of the frequency spectrum displayed on the test equipment. Figure 9 represents data for the antenna spurious emissions of the GIA 63W. Data was taken per CFR47 2.1051, 2.1057, and applicable paragraphs of Part 87.139, and RSS-141.

Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal Results

The output of the unit was coupled to a Rohde & Schwarz ESU40 Spectrum Analyzer and the frequency emissions were measured. Data was taken as per CFR47 2.1051 and applicable paragraphs of Part 87 and RSS-141. The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 2 and 87.139, and RSS-141 paragraph 4.2. There are no deviations to the specifications.

All spurious emissions must be attenuated at least $43 + 10\log(P_o)$ below the fundamental emission power level. The following equations represent the calculated attenuation levels for the equipment.

$$\begin{aligned}
 18.2 \text{ Watts} &= 43 + 10 \text{ Log}(P_o) \\
 &= 43 + 10 \text{ Log}(18.2) \\
 &= 55.6
 \end{aligned}$$

Antenna Port Conducted Spurious Emissions Data

Channel MHz	Spurious Freq. (MHz)	Measured Level (dBm)	Level Below Carrier (dB)
118.000	236.0	-40.21	-82.2
	354.0	-44.28	-86.3
	472.0	-47.36	-89.3
	590.0	-47.72	-89.7
127.000	254.0	-39.57	-81.5
	381.0	-46.11	-88.1
	508.0	-47.06	-89.0
	635.0	-46.44	-88.4
136.975	274.0	-47.59	-89.6
	410.9	-47.81	-89.8
	547.9	-48.47	-90.4
	684.9	-47.29	-89.3

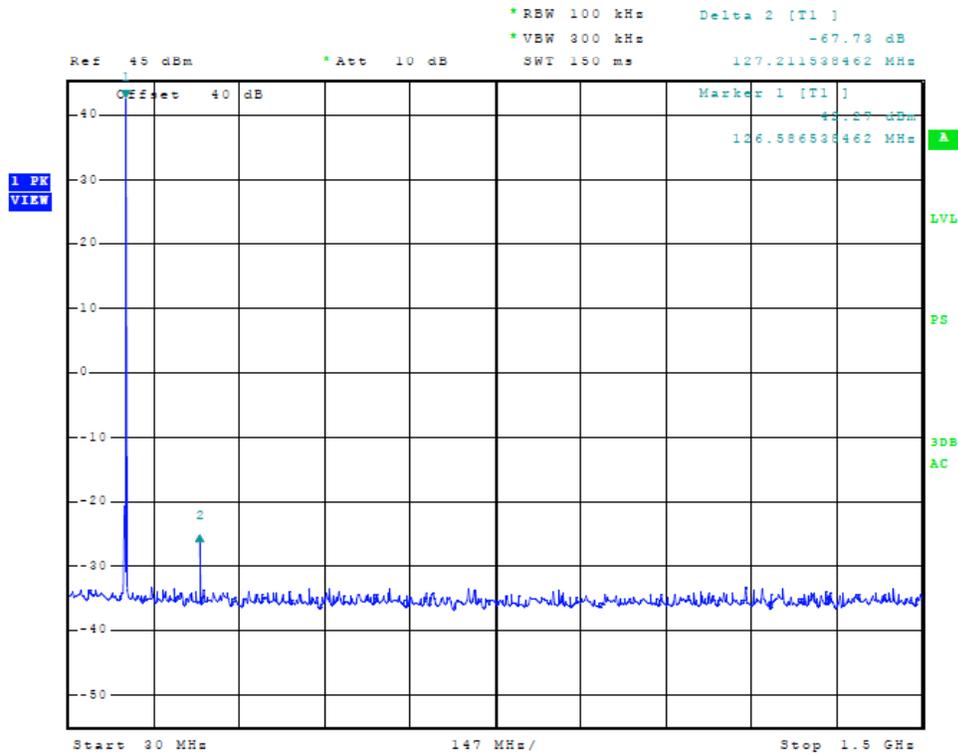


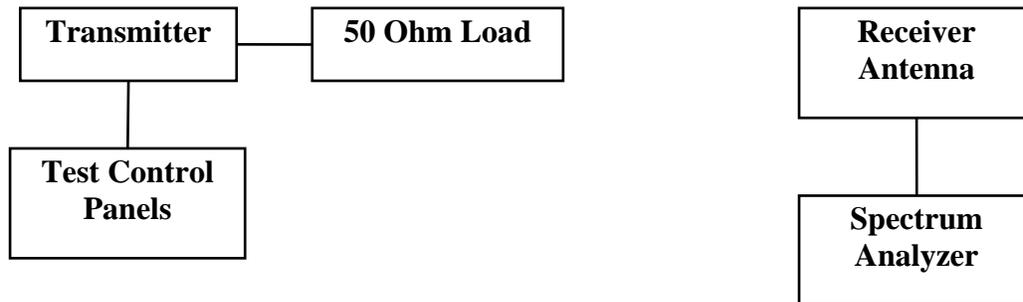
Figure 9 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

Field Strength of Spurious Radiation (Unwanted Emissions)

Measurements Required

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. This equipment is typically remote mounted with interface cabling connecting the display control unit to the cabinet. The test sample offered for testing required interfacing with additional test control panels offering operation and communications with all functions of transmitter.

Test Arrangement



The test setup was assembled in a screen room for preliminary screening. The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable 0.8 meters above the ground plane and at a distance of 1 meter from the receive antenna, plots were taken of the radiated emissions. Refer to figures 10 and 11 showing plots of the spectrum analyzer display of the radiated emissions frequency spectrum taken in the screen room.



Final radiated emissions testing were performed with the transmitter placed on a wooden turntable 0.8 meters above the ground plane and at a distance of 3 meters from the Field Strength Measuring (FSM) antenna. The EUT was operational and radiating into a 50Ω load. The receiving antenna was raised and lowered from 1m to 4m in height to obtain the maximum reading of spurious radiation from the EUT, cabinet, and interface cabling. The turntable was rotated through 360 degrees to locate the position registering the highest amplitude of emission. The frequency spectrum was then searched for spurious emissions generated from the transmitter, interface cabling, and test setup. The amplitude of each spurious emission was maximized by raising and lowering the FSM antenna, and rotating the turntable before final data was recorded. The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 1,500 MHz was investigated during radiated emissions testing. A Biconilog antenna was used for frequency measurements of 30 to 1000 MHz. A log periodic antenna was used for frequencies of 1000 MHz to 5000 MHz. A double-ridge horn antenna was used for frequencies of 5000 MHz to 12,000 MHz. Emission levels were measured and recorded from the spectrum analyzer in dBμV. Data was taken at the Rogers Labs, Inc. 3 meters open area test site (OATS). The transmitter was then removed and replaced with a substitution antenna, amplification as required, and signal generator. The signal from the generator was then adjusted such that the amplitude received was the same as that previously recorded for each frequency. This step was repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The power in dBm required to produce the desired signal level was then recorded from the signal generator. The power in dBm was then calculated by reducing the previous readings by the gain in the substitution antenna. Data was taken at the Rogers Labs, Inc. 3 meters open area test site (OATS). A description of the test facility is on file with the FCC and Industry Canada (refer to annex for site registration letters). The testing procedures used conform to the procedures stated in the TIA/EIA-603 document.

Spurious Radiated Emission Results

The EUT was connected to the 50-ohm load and operated in all available normal modes while radiated emissions testing were performed. The amplitude of each spurious emission was maximized and amplitude levels recorded while operating at the open area test site at a distance of 3-meters.



Radiated Emissions Channel Frequency 118.000

Frequency MHz	Amplitude of Emission (dBμV)		Signal Level to dipole required to Reproduce(dBm)		Emission level below carrier (dBm)		Limit (dBc) (level below carrier)
	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	
236.00	44.3	47.9	-69.43	-65.83	-112.0	-108.4	55.6
354.00	30.7	35.2	-79.23	-74.73	-121.8	-117.3	55.6
472.00	51.1	41.1	-56.03	-66.03	-98.6	-108.6	55.6
590.00	38.1	31.3	-67.53	-74.33	-110.1	-116.9	55.6
708.00	29.6	29.9	-74.93	-74.63	-117.5	-117.2	55.6

Radiated Emissions Channel Frequency 127.000

Frequency MHz	Amplitude of Emission (dBμV)		Signal Level to dipole required to Reproduce(dBm)		Emission level below carrier (dBm)		Limit (dBc) (level below carrier)
	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	
254.00	51.7	55.6	-61.23	-57.33	-103.8	-99.9	55.6
381.00	30.7	36.1	-78.93	-73.53	-121.5	-116.1	55.6
508.00	36.1	32.6	-70.73	-74.23	-113.3	-116.8	55.6
762.00	28.4	29.2	-75.03	-74.23	-117.6	-116.8	55.6
889.00	37.2	45.0	-64.83	-57.03	-107.4	-99.6	55.6

Radiated Emissions Channel Frequency 118.000

Frequency MHz	Amplitude of Emission (dB μ V)		Signal Level to dipole required to Reproduce(dBm)		Emission level below carrier (dBm)		Limit (dBc) (level below carrier)
	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizontal	Vertical	
273.95	59.6	59.9	-52.93	-52.63	-95.5	-95.2	55.6
410.93	38.0	31.7	-70.73	-77.03	-113.3	-119.6	55.6
547.90	35.2	33.1	-70.23	-72.33	-112.8	-114.9	55.6
684.88	30.5	27.9	-73.93	-76.53	-116.5	-119.1	55.6
821.85	33.9	30.5	-69.33	-72.73	-111.9	-115.3	55.6

General Radiated Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	FSM Hor. (dB μ V) Quasi-Peak	FSM Vert. (dB μ V) Quasi-Peak	Ant. Fact. (dB/m)	Amp. Gain (dB)	Comp. Hor. (dB μ V/m) @ 3m	Comp. Vert. (dB μ V/m) @ 3 m	FCC Limit (dB μ V)
60.0	48.2	52.3	4.8	30	23.0	27.1	40.0
80.0	47.5	43.9	7.8	30	25.3	21.7	40.0
100.0	48.5	52.5	7.3	30	25.8	29.8	43.5
120.0	38.3	53.8	7.0	30	15.3	30.8	43.5
140.0	52.1	53.5	9.7	30	31.8	33.2	43.5
180.0	56.3	54.8	9.2	30	35.5	34.0	43.5
200.0	54.5	52.8	10.4	30	34.9	33.2	43.5
220.0	54.3	51.8	11.2	30	35.5	33.0	46.0
240.0	53.2	47.5	11.8	30	35.0	29.3	46.0
260.0	52.4	51.7	12.7	30	35.1	34.4	46.0
300.0	47.2	46.8	13.9	30	31.1	30.7	46.0

Other Emissions present with amplitudes at least 20 dB below limit.

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 2 and 87.139, and RSS-141 paragraph 4.2. There are no deviations to the specifications. There are no deviations or exceptions to the specifications.

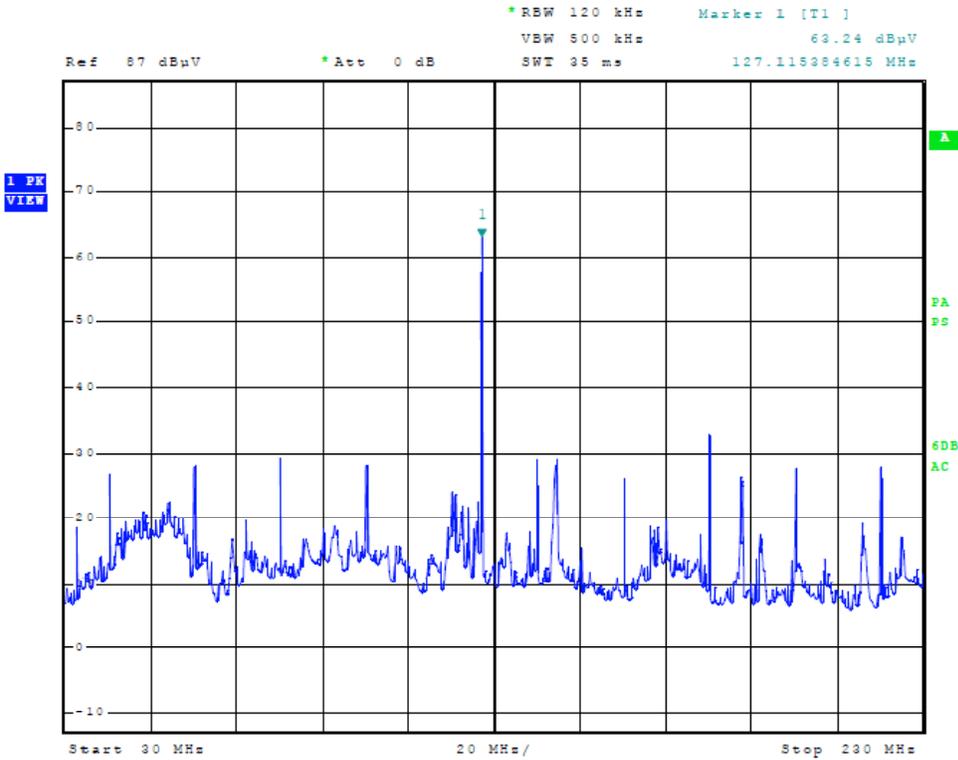


Figure 10 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room

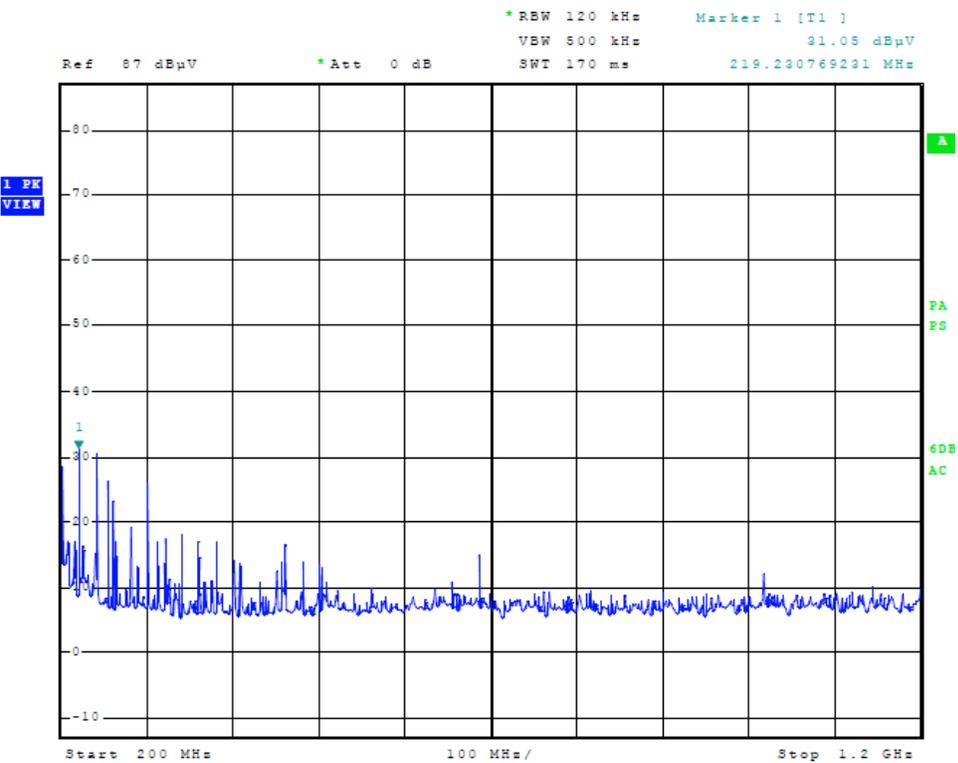


Figure 11 Radiated emissions taken at 1 meter in screen room

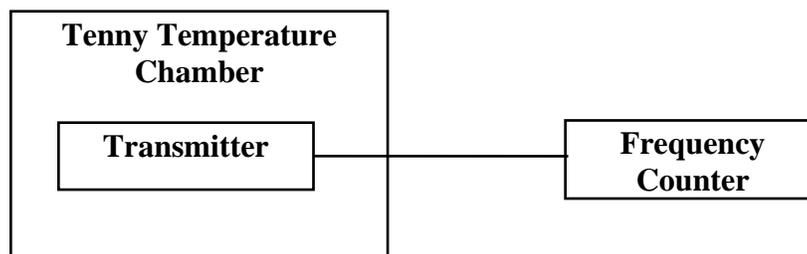
Frequency Stability

Measurements Required

The frequency stability shall be measured with variations of ambient temperature from -30° to +50° centigrade. Measurements shall be made at the extremes of the temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10° centigrade through the range. A period sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. In addition to temperature stability, the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

- (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value.
- (2) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided.

Test Arrangement



The measurement procedure outlined below shall be followed.

Step 1: The transmitter shall be installed in an environmental test chamber whose temperature is controllable. Provision shall be made to measure the frequency of the transmitter.

Step 2: With the transmitter inoperative (power switched “OFF”), the temperature of the test chamber shall be adjusted to +25°C. After a temperature stabilization period of one hour at +25°C, the transmitter shall be switched “ON” with standard test voltage applied.

Step 3: The carrier shall be keyed “ON”, and the transmitter shall be operated at full radio frequency power output at the duty cycle, for which it is rated, for duration of at least 5 minutes. The radio frequency carrier frequency shall be monitored and measurements shall be recorded.

Step 4: The test procedures outlined in Steps 2 and 3, shall be repeated after stabilizing the transmitter at the environmental temperatures specified, -30°C to +50°C in 10-degree increments.

The frequency stability was measured with variations in the power supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value. A Sorensen DC Power Supply was used to vary the dc voltage for the power input from 11.90 Vdc to 32.20 Vdc. The frequency was measured and the variation in parts per million calculated. Data was taken per CFR47 Paragraphs 2.1055 and applicable paragraphs of part 87.133 and RSS-141.

Frequency Stability Results

Frequency	Frequency Stability Vs Temperature								
127.000 MHz)									
Temperature °C	-30	-20	-10	0	+10	+20	+30	+40	+50
Change (Hz)	-130.0	-120.0	-90.0	-20.0	-10.0	0.0	40.0	30.0	40.0
PPM	-1.0	-0.9	-0.7	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.3
%	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Limit (PPM)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20

Frequency	Frequency Stability Vs Voltage Variation		
(127.000 MHz)	28.0 volts nominal; Results In Hz change		
Voltage V _{dc}	11.90	28.00	32.20
Change (Hz)	0.0	0.0	0.0

The EUT demonstrated compliance with specifications of CFR47 Paragraph 2.1046(a) and applicable Parts of 87.133(d) and RSS-141 paragraph 5.1. There are no deviations or exceptions to the specifications.



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Annex

- Annex A Measurement Uncertainty Calculations
- Annex B Rogers Labs Test Equipment List
- Annex C Rogers Qualifications
- Annex D FCC Test Site Registration Letter
- Annex E Industry Canada Test Site Registration Letter

Annex A Measurement Uncertainty Calculations

Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty Calculation

Measurement of vertically polarized radiated field strength over the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz on an open area test site at 3m and 10m includes following uncertainty:

Contribution	Probability Distribution	Uncertainty (dB)
Antenna factor calibration	normal (k = 2)	±0.58
Cable loss calibration	normal (k = 2)	±0.2
Receiver specification	rectangular	±1.0
Antenna directivity	rectangular	±0.1
Antenna factor variation with height	rectangular	±2.0
Antenna factor frequency interpolation	rectangular	±0.1
Measurement distance variation	rectangular	±0.2
Site Imperfections	rectangular	±1.5
Combined standard uncertainty $u_c(y)$ is		

$$U_c(y) = \pm \sqrt{\left[\frac{1.0}{2}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{0.2}{2}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{1.0^2 + 0.1^2 + 2.0^2 + 0.1^2 + 0.2^2 + 1.5^2}{3}\right]}$$

$$U_c(y) = \pm 1.6 \text{ dB}$$

It is probable that $u_c(y) / s(q_k) > 3$, where $s(q_k)$ is estimated standard deviation from a sample of n readings unless the repeatability of the EUT is particularly poor, and a coverage factor of $k = 2$ will ensure that the level of confidence will be approximately 95%, therefore:

$$s(q_k) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{(n-1)} \sum_{k=1}^n (q_k - \bar{q})^2}$$

$$U = 2 U_c(y) = 2 \times \pm 1.6 \text{ dB} = \pm 3.2 \text{ dB}$$

Notes:

- 1.1 Uncertainties for the antenna and cable were estimated, based on a normal probability distribution with $k = 2$.
- 1.2 The receiver uncertainty was obtained from the manufacturer's specification for which a rectangular distribution was assumed.
- 1.3 The antenna factor uncertainty does not take account of antenna directivity.
- 1.4 The antenna factor varies with height and since the height was not always the same in use as when the antenna was calibrated an additional uncertainty is added.
- 1.5 The uncertainty in the measurement distance is relatively small but has some effect on the received signal strength. The increase in measurement distance as the antenna height is increased is an inevitable consequence of the test method and is therefore not considered a contribution to uncertainty.
- 1.6 Site imperfections are difficult to quantify but may include the following contributions:
 - Unwanted reflections from adjacent objects.
 - Ground plane imperfections: reflection coefficient, flatness, and edge effects.
 - Losses or reflections from "transparent" cabins for the EUT or site coverings.
 - Earth currents in antenna cable (mainly effect Biconical antennas).



The specified limits for the difference between measured site attenuation and the theoretical value (± 4 dB) were not included in total since the measurement of site attenuation includes uncertainty contributions already allowed for in this budget, such as antenna factor.

Conducted Measurements Uncertainty Calculation

Measurement of conducted emissions over the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz includes following uncertainty:

Contribution	Probability Distribution	Uncertainty (dB)
Receiver specification	rectangular	± 1.5
LISN coupling specification	rectangular	± 1.5
Cable and input attenuator calibration	normal (k=2)	± 0.5

Combined standard uncertainty $u_c(y)$ is

$$U_c(y) = \pm \sqrt{\left[\frac{0.5}{2}\right]^2 + \frac{1.5^2 + 1.5^2}{3}}$$

$$U_c(y) = \pm 1.2 \text{ dB}$$

As with radiated field strength uncertainty, it is probable that $u_c(y) / s(q_k) > 3$ and a coverage factor of $k = 2$ will suffice, therefore:

$$U = 2 U_c(y) = 2 \times \pm 1.2 \text{ dB} = \pm 2.4 \text{ dB}$$



Annex B Rogers Labs Test Equipment List

The test equipment used is maintained in calibration and good operating condition. Use of this calibrated equipment ensures measurements are traceable to national standards.

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Date of last Calibration</u>
Oscilloscope Scope: Tektronix 2230	2/10
Wattmeter: Bird 43 with Load Bird 8085	2/10
Power Supplies: Sorensen SRL 20-25, SRL 40-25, DCR 150, DCR 140	2/10
H/V Power Supply: Fluke Model: 408B (SN: 573)	2/10
R.F. Generator: HP 606A	2/10
R.F. Generator: HP 8614A	2/10
R.F. Generator: HP 8640B	2/10
Spectrum Analyzer: Rohde & Schwarz ESU40	5/10
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8562A, Mixers: 11517A, 11970A, 11970K, 11970U, 11970V, 11970W HP Adapters: 11518, 11519, 11520	5/10
Spectrum Analyzer: HP 8591EM	5/10
Frequency Counter: Leader LDC825	2/10
Antenna: EMCO Biconilog Model: 3143	5/10
Antenna: EMCO Log Periodic Model: 3147	10/09
Antenna: Antenna Research Biconical Model: BCD 235	10/09
Antenna: EMCO Dipole Set 3121C	2/10
Antenna: C.D. B-101	2/10
Antenna: Solar 9229-1 & 9230-1	2/10
Antenna: EMCO 6509	2/10
Audio Oscillator: H.P. 201CD	2/10
R.F. Power Amp 65W Model: 470-A-1010	2/10
R.F. Power Amp 50W M185- 10-501	2/10
R.F. Preamp CPPA-102	2/10
LISN 50 µHy/50 ohm/0.1 µf	10/09
LISN Compliance Eng. 240/20	2/10
LISN Fischer Custom Communications FCC-LISN-50-16-2-08	2/10
Peavey Power Amp Model: IPS 801	2/10
Power Amp A.R. Model: 10W 1010M7	2/10
Power Amp EIN Model: A301	2/10
ELGAR Model: 1751	2/10
ELGAR Model: TG 704A-3D	2/10
ESD Test Set 2010i	2/10
Fast Transient Burst Generator Model: EFT/B-101	2/10
Current Probe: Singer CP-105	2/10
Current Probe: Solar 9108-1N	2/10
Field Intensity Meter: EFM-018	2/10
KEYTEK Ecat Surge Generator	2/10
Shielded Room 5 M x 3 M x 3.0 M	



Annex C Rogers Qualifications

Scot D. Rogers, Engineer

Rogers Labs, Inc.

Mr. Rogers has approximately 17 years experience in the field of electronics. Work experience includes six years working in the automated controls industry and remaining years working with the design, development and testing of radio communications and electronic equipment.

Positions Held:

Systems Engineer: A/C Controls Mfg. Co., Inc. 6 Years

Electrical Engineer: Rogers Consulting Labs, Inc. 5 Years

Electrical Engineer: Rogers Labs, Inc. Current

Educational Background:

- 1) Bachelor of Science Degree in Electrical Engineering from Kansas State University
- 2) Bachelor of Science Degree in Business Administration Kansas State University
- 3) Several Specialized Training courses and seminars pertaining to Microprocessors and Software programming.



NVLAP Lab Code 200087-0

Annex D FCC Test Site Registration Letter

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

**Laboratory Division
7435 Oakland Mills Road
Columbia, MD 21046**

May 18, 2010

Registration Number: 90910

Rogers Labs, Inc.
4405 West 259th Terrace,
Louisburg, KS 66053

Attention: Scot Rogers,

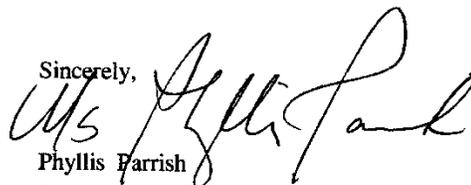
Re: Measurement facility located at Louisburg
~~3 & 10 meter site~~
Date of Renewal: May 18, 2010

Dear Sir or Madam:

Your request for renewal of the registration of the subject measurement facility has been received. The information submitted has been placed in your file and the registration has been renewed. The name of your organization will remain on the list of facilities whose measurement data will be accepted in conjunction with applications for Certification under Parts 15 or 18 of the Commission's Rules. Please note that the file must be updated for any changes made to the facility and the registration must be renewed at least every three years.

Measurement facilities that have indicated that they are available to the public to perform measurement services on a fee basis may be found on the FCC website www.fcc.gov under E-Filing, OET Equipment Authorization Electronic Filing, Test Firms.

Sincerely,



Phyllis Parrish
Industry Analyst

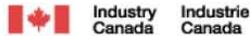
Rogers Labs, Inc.
4405 West 259th Terrace
Louisburg, KS 66053
Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214
Revision 3

Garmin International, Inc.
Models: GIA 63W, GIA 63H SN: 1HQ000011 FCC ID: IPH-0140000
Test #: 100929 IC: 1792A-0140000
Test to: FCC Parts 2, 15 and 87, RSS-141 Date: November 2, 2010
File: GIA63w TstRpt 100929 r3 Page 31 of 32



NVLAP Lab Code 200087-0

Annex E Industry Canada Test Site Registration Letter



May 26, 2010

OUR FILE: 46405-3041
Submission No: 140719

Rogers Labs Inc.
4405 West 259th Terrace
Louisburg, KY, 66053
USA

Attention: Mr. Scot D. Rogers

Dear Sir/Madame:

The Bureau has received your application for the renewal of a 3/10m OATS. Be advised that the information received was satisfactory to Industry Canada. The following number(s) is now associated to the site(s) for which registration / renewal was sought (**3041A-1**). Please reference the appropriate site number in the body of test reports containing measurements performed on the site. In addition, please keep for your records the following information;

- Your primary code is: **3041**
- The company number associated to the site(s) located at the above address is: **3041A**

Furthermore, to obtain or renew a unique site number, the applicant shall demonstrate that the site has been accredited to ANSI C63.4-2003 or later. A scope of accreditation indicating the accreditation by a recognized accreditation body to ANSI C63.4-2003 or later shall be accepted. Please indicate in a letter the previous assigned site number if applicable and the type of site (example: 3 metre OATS or 3 metre chamber). If the test facility is not accredited to ANSI C63.4-2003 or later, the test facility shall submit test data demonstrating full compliance with the ANSI standard. The Bureau will evaluate the filing to determine if recognition shall be granted.

The frequency for re-validation of the test site and the information that is required to be filed or retained by the testing party shall comply with the requirements established by the accrediting organization. However, in all cases, test site re-validation shall occur on an interval not to exceed two years. There is no fee or form associated with an OATS filing. OATS submissions are encouraged to be submitted electronically to the Bureau using the following URL;
http://strategis.ic.gc.ca/epic/internet/inceb-bhst.nsf/en/h_tt00052e.html.

If you have any questions, you may contact the Bureau by e-mail at certification.bureau@ic.gc.ca. Please reference our file and submission number above for all correspondence.

Yours sincerely,

Dalwinder Gill
For: Wireless Laboratory Manager
Certification and Engineering Bureau
3701 Carling Ave., Building 94
P.O. Box 11490, Station "H"
Ottawa, Ontario K2H 8S2
Email: dalwinder.gill@ic.gc.ca
Tel. No. (613) 998-8363
Fax. No. (613) 990-4752

Rogers Labs, Inc.
4405 West 259th Terrace
Louisburg, KS 66053
Phone/Fax: (913) 837-3214
Revision 3

Garmin International, Inc.
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