

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Collage Investments LLC.

11437 NW 34 STREET, DORAL, FLORIDA 33178 U.S.A

FCC ID: GAO-LT5000MIST

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Tablet PC
Test Engineer: Wilson Chen	<i>Wilson Chen</i>
Report Number: RSZ141022003-20	
Report Date: 2014-11-15	
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Reviewed By: SAR Engineer	
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Attestation of Test Results		
EUT Information	Company Name	Collage Investments LLC.
	EUT Description	Tablet PC
	FCC ID	GAO-LT5000MIST
	Model Number	LT5000Mist
	Test Date	2014-11-02
Frequency	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported	Limit(W/Kg)
GSM 850	0.352 W/kg 1g Head SAR	1.6
	0.755 W/kg 1g Body SAR	
PCS 1900	0.265 W/kg 1g Head SAR	
	1.143 W/kg 1g Body SAR	
WCDMA850	0.120 W/kg 1g Head SAR	
	0.371 W/kg 1g Body SAR	
WCDMA1900	0.320 W/kg 1g Head SAR	
	1.192 W/kg 1g Body SAR	
Simultaneous	0.742 W/kg 1g Head SAR	
	1.582 W/kg 1g Body SAR	
Applicable Standards	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.	
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies. KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets KDB 865664 D01SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices-CDMA 2000/EV-Do WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA KDB 941225 D06 SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities.	
Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.		

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	5
EUT DESCRIPTION	6
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	6
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES	7
SAR LIMITS	8
FACILITIES.....	9
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	10
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	17
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	17
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	18
LIQUID VERIFICATION	18
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION.....	21
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	22
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	30
TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON’S EAR.....	30
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION	31
EAR/TILT POSITION	31
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS	32
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE.....	33
TEST METHODOLOGY	33
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	34
PROVISION APPLICABLE	34
TEST PROCEDURE	34
MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER AMONG PRODUCTION UNITS	34
TEST RESULTS:	35
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS.....	40
SAR TEST DATA.....	40
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	44
SAR PLOTS (SUMMARY OF THE HIGHEST SAR VALUES)	48
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	56
APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES.....	57
APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	67
APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	87
LIQUID DEPTH $\geq 15\text{CM}$	87
BODY-WORN BACK SETUP PHOTO (0MM)	87
BODY-WORN RIGHT SETUP PHOTO (0MM)	88
BODY-WORN BOTTOM SETUP PHOTO (0MM)	88
LEFT HEAD CHEEK SETUP PHOTO.....	89
HEAD CHEEK SETUP PHOTO	89
APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS.....	90
EUT – FRONT VIEW.....	90
EUT – BACK VIEW	90
EUT –LEFT SIDE VIEW	91
EUT – RIGHT SIDE VIEW	91
EUT – TOP VIEW	92

EUT – BOTTOM VIEW.....92

EUT – UNCOVER VIEW.....93

APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES.....94

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RSZ141022003-20	Original Report	2014-11-15

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Collage Investments LLC. and their product, FCC ID: GAO-LT5000MIST, Model: LT5000Mist or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, WCDMA, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WiFi: 2412MHz-2462MHz Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 31.83 dBm PCS 1900: 28.48 dBm WCDMA 850: 22.65 dBm WCDMA 1900: 21.83 dBm WiFi: 9.67 dBm Bluetooth: 5.09dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	188 mm (L) × 109 mm (W) × 10 mm (H) Overall diagonal dimension:210mm
Power Source:	3.7 V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

Note: the overall diagonal dimension of the EUT is 210mm > 200mm, so test procedures in KDB616217 should be applicable.

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits**FCC Limit (1g Tissue)**

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm³ in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.



ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

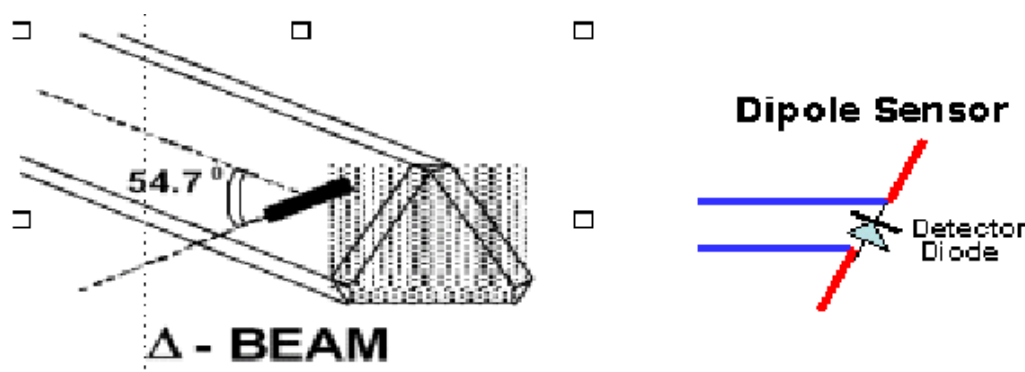
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a + 2z)^2} \right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide
Sensitivity	$0.70 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ to $0.85 \mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)
Probe Length	289 mm
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu\text{V}$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

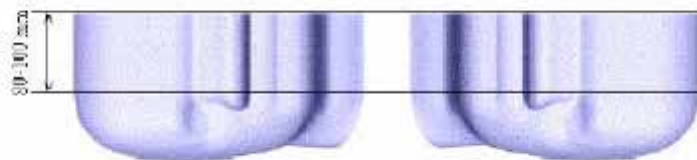


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2014-10-14	500-00283
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2014-10-08	180-00558
Dipole, 1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2014-10-09	210-00710
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	ALS-TS-835-H	Each Time	270-01002
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ALS-TS-835-B	Each Time	270-02101
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ALS-TS-1900-H	Each Time	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ALS-TS-1900-B	Each Time	295-02102
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2014-06-13	N/A
Attenuator	3dB	2014-05-08	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2014-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2014-06-03	2624A00116
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	2013-11-23	106891
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2014-06-13	101746

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
824.2	Head	41.02	0.90	41.50	0.90	-1.157	0.000	± 5
	Body	53.89	0.94	55.20	0.97	-2.373	-3.093	± 5
826.4	Head	41.05	0.91	41.50	0.90	-1.084	1.111	± 5
	Body	53.88	0.94	55.20	0.97	-2.391	-3.093	± 5
836.6	Head	41.06	0.91	41.50	0.90	-1.060	1.111	± 5
	Body	53.90	0.95	55.20	0.97	-2.355	-2.062	± 5
846.6	Head	41.03	0.92	41.50	0.90	-1.133	2.222	± 5
	Body	53.85	0.97	55.20	0.97	-2.446	0.000	± 5
848.8	Head	41.06	0.92	41.50	0.90	-1.060	2.222	± 5
	Body	53.83	0.97	55.20	0.97	-2.482	0.000	± 5
1850.2	Head	39.56	1.37	40.00	1.40	-1.100	-2.143	± 5
	Body	52.17	1.47	53.30	1.52	-2.120	-3.289	± 5
1852.4	Head	39.62	1.37	40.00	1.40	-0.950	-2.143	± 5
	Body	51.96	1.46	53.30	1.52	-2.514	-3.947	± 5
1880.0	Head	39.61	1.39	40.00	1.40	-0.975	-0.714	± 5
	Body	51.95	1.49	53.30	1.52	-2.533	-1.974	± 5
1907.6	Head	39.57	1.42	40.00	1.40	-1.075	1.429	± 5
	Body	51.84	1.50	53.30	1.52	-2.739	-1.316	± 5
1909.8	Head	39.57	1.41	40.00	1.40	-1.075	0.714	± 5
	Body	51.85	1.51	53.30	1.52	-2.720	-0.658	± 5

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2014-11-02.

Please refer to the following tables.

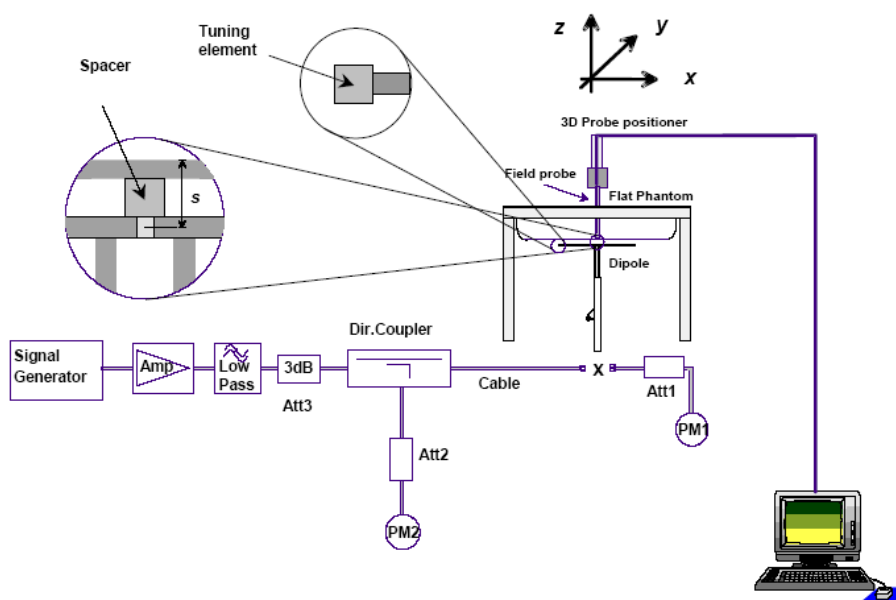
835 MHz Head				835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824.0	41.1477	19.7047		824.0	53.9153	20.4709
824.5	41.0889	19.6704		824.5	53.9422	20.3924
825.0	41.0967	19.7038		825.0	53.8975	20.4061
825.5	41.0873	19.7260		825.5	53.9902	20.4366
826.0	41.0688	19.6381		826.0	53.9071	20.4750
826.5	41.1087	19.6744		826.5	53.9174	20.4370
827.0	41.0742	19.6902		827.0	53.9735	20.3551
827.5	41.0535	19.6534		827.5	53.9525	20.4137
828.0	41.0880	19.7031		828.0	53.9088	20.4689
828.5	41.0268	19.7126		828.5	53.9746	20.3384
829.0	41.0756	19.6752		829.0	53.8982	20.4178
829.5	41.0591	19.7408		829.5	53.9088	20.4694
830.0	41.0856	19.7387		830.0	53.8876	20.4807
830.5	41.1190	19.7159		830.5	53.8701	20.4673
831.0	41.0848	19.6826		831.0	53.9161	20.4715
831.5	41.0863	19.6816		831.5	53.9848	20.4126
832.0	41.1239	19.7013		832.0	53.9837	20.4435
832.5	41.0664	19.7313		832.5	53.9418	20.3718
833.0	41.0893	19.7231		833.0	53.8778	20.4224
833.5	41.0657	19.7335		833.5	54.0155	20.4270
834.0	41.0828	19.6911		834.0	53.8986	20.4249
834.5	41.0778	19.6659		834.5	53.9677	20.3805
835.0	41.0422	19.6723		835.0	53.9743	20.3377
835.5	41.1494	19.6358		835.5	53.9644	20.4518
836.0	41.0527	19.6528		836.0	53.8564	20.3944
836.5	41.0936	19.6740		836.5	53.9380	20.3760
837.0	41.1060	19.6688		837.0	53.9555	20.4354
837.5	41.0721	19.6822		837.5	53.9240	20.4460
838.0	41.0910	19.7483		838.0	53.9095	20.4363
838.5	41.0257	19.7040		838.5	53.9462	20.4569
839.0	41.1119	19.6190		839.0	53.8978	20.4339
839.5	41.0173	19.7006		839.5	54.0011	20.4520
840.0	41.0627	19.4463		840.0	53.9422	20.4113
840.5	41.0447	19.4118		840.5	53.9275	20.4440
841.0	41.0507	19.4058		841.0	53.9510	20.3975
841.5	41.0340	19.3464		841.5	53.9222	20.5047
842.0	41.0240	19.4034		842.0	53.9803	20.3634
842.5	41.0313	19.3964		842.5	53.9063	20.4416
843.0	41.1010	19.3422		843.0	53.9060	20.4307
843.5	41.0291	19.3665		843.5	53.8756	20.4121
844.0	41.0895	19.4138		844.0	53.9600	20.4557
844.5	41.1274	19.4440		844.5	53.9866	20.4642
845.0	41.1501	19.4266		845.0	53.9611	20.3831
845.5	41.0302	19.3705		845.5	53.8650	20.4043
846.0	41.0540	19.3604		846.0	53.8779	20.4232
846.5	41.0648	19.3731		846.5	53.8891	20.5297
847.0	41.0950	19.3945		847.0	53.9012	20.4550
847.5	41.0768	19.3620		847.5	53.9302	20.4297
848.0	41.0991	19.3928		848.0	53.9868	20.4834
848.5	41.0788	19.4352		848.5	53.9324	20.4189
849.0	41.1504	19.3658		849.0	53.8738	20.5268

1900 MHz Head				1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850.0	39.5833	13.2899		1850.0	52.2034	14.2432
1851.2	39.6997	13.3487		1851.2	52.0955	14.0558
1852.4	39.6282	13.2977		1852.4	51.9657	14.1884
1853.6	39.6363	13.3629		1853.6	51.9437	14.2183
1854.8	39.6941	13.2781		1854.8	51.9206	14.2123
1856.0	39.7369	13.3437		1856.0	52.1326	14.1191
1857.2	39.7647	13.3795		1857.2	51.9716	14.1937
1858.4	39.7654	13.3618		1858.4	52.0357	14.0870
1859.6	39.7103	13.2591		1859.6	51.9080	14.1723
1860.8	39.6250	13.2623		1860.8	51.9595	14.2557
1862.0	39.5891	13.3290		1862.0	52.1170	14.1887
1863.2	39.7788	13.3477		1863.2	52.1630	14.1817
1864.4	39.5663	13.3307		1864.4	51.9977	14.1311
1865.6	39.5965	13.2563		1865.6	52.1284	14.1347
1866.8	39.6899	13.4162		1866.8	52.2039	14.1214
1868.0	39.7122	13.3643		1868.0	51.9547	14.1313
1869.2	39.6210	13.3584		1869.2	51.8407	14.1474
1870.4	39.6536	13.3491		1870.4	51.8808	14.1645
1871.6	39.6310	13.3498		1871.6	52.0630	14.2226
1872.8	39.5911	13.2375		1872.8	52.1837	14.1902
1874.0	39.6159	13.2670		1874.0	52.1996	14.1109
1875.2	39.5932	13.3613		1875.2	52.0219	14.1559
1876.4	39.6202	13.3184		1876.4	52.1403	14.2184
1877.6	39.6397	13.3789		1877.6	52.1497	14.1935
1878.8	39.5980	13.2101		1878.8	52.1610	14.1068
1880.0	39.6191	13.2753		1880.0	51.9551	14.2053
1881.2	39.7231	13.3389		1881.2	51.9209	14.1770
1882.4	39.6581	13.2376		1882.4	52.0814	14.2275
1883.6	39.6886	13.3786		1883.6	51.9925	14.0802
1884.8	39.6698	13.3759		1884.8	52.1130	14.1735
1886.0	39.7106	13.2749		1886.0	52.0921	14.1337
1887.2	39.6073	13.3742		1887.2	52.0432	14.1792
1888.4	39.7536	13.2834		1888.4	51.9718	14.2236
1889.6	39.6460	13.4049		1889.6	52.0944	14.1286
1890.8	39.5957	13.3291		1890.8	51.9610	14.0975
1892.0	39.5800	13.2664		1892.0	51.8680	14.2650
1893.2	39.7647	13.3573		1893.2	51.9519	14.2410
1894.4	39.6720	13.3294		1894.4	52.0382	14.1533
1895.6	39.7797	13.3173		1895.6	52.0787	14.2265
1896.8	39.6362	13.2747		1896.8	52.0273	14.0958
1898.0	39.7445	13.2790		1898.0	52.1799	14.2001
1899.2	39.7220	13.3034		1899.2	52.2188	14.1399
1900.4	39.7271	13.2745		1900.4	52.2443	14.1632
1901.6	39.6061	13.2592		1901.6	52.1485	14.1460
1902.8	39.6997	13.2412		1902.8	52.1446	14.2549
1904.0	39.7028	13.2064		1904.0	52.0010	14.0653
1905.2	39.5888	13.2307		1905.2	52.1206	14.1279
1906.4	39.7156	13.3818		1906.4	52.1456	14.2558
1907.6	39.5788	13.3729		1907.6	51.8494	14.1135
1908.8	39.6555	13.3694		1908.8	52.1666	14.1728
1910.0	39.5877	13.2582		1910.0	51.8693	14.1803

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
APREL	Dipole antenna(850MHz)	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-07
APREL	Dipole antenna(1900MHz)	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2014-10-09	2017-10-08

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2014-11-02	835	Head	1g-SAR	9.915	9.773	1.453	± 10
		Body	1g-SAR	10.033	9.736	3.051	± 10
	1900	Head	1g-SAR	39.562	39.481	0.205	± 10
		Body	1g-SAR	41.003	39.715	3.243	± 10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)****System Performance Check 835 MHz Head Liquid****Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558****Product Data**

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No. : 180-00558
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency Band : 835
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 9.742 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 9.701 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -0.429

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data

Type : Head
Serial No. : 270-01002
Frequency : 835.0 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 02-Nov-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 41.08 F/m
Sigma : 0.92 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

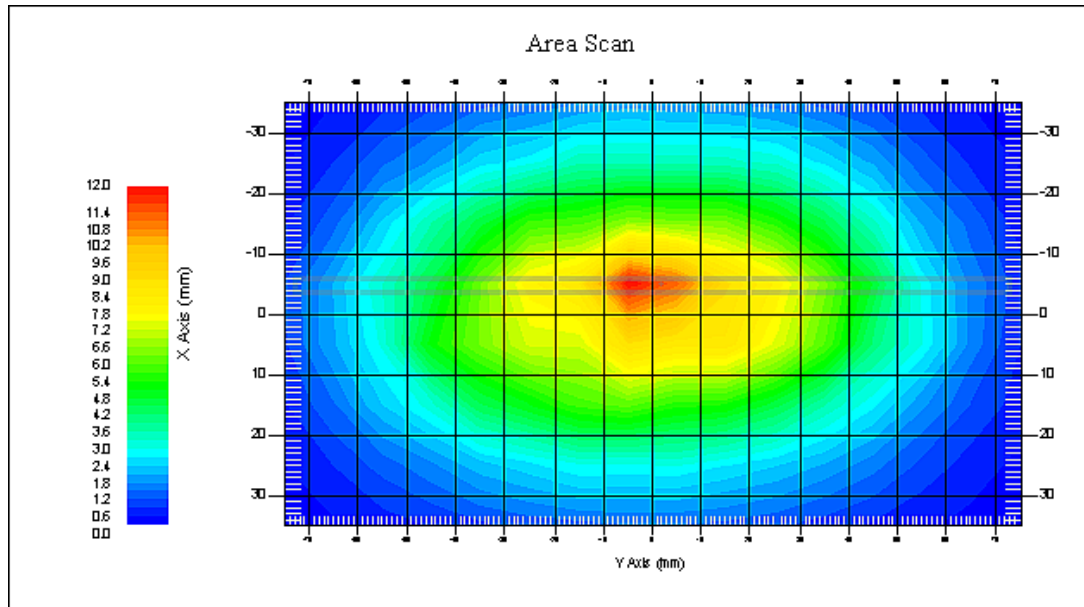
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 9.915 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 6.912 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 11.075 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 16.173 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**System Performance Check 835 MHz Body Liquid****Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558**

Product Data

Device Name : Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No. : 180-00558
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency Band : 835
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 10.557 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 10.422 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.279

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default
Phantom Data

Tissue Data

Type : Body
Serial No. : 270-02101
Frequency : 835.0 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 02-Nov-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 53.91 F/m
Sigma : 0.96 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

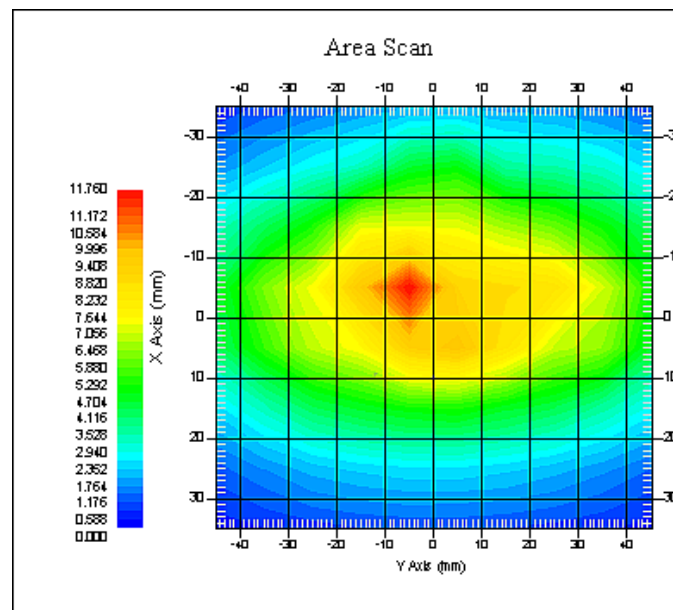
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 10.033 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 6.592 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 11.360 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 15.858 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head Liquid****Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710****Product Data**

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz
Serial No. : 210-00710
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency Band : 1900
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 39.422 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 39.485 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.612

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Head
Serial No. : 295-01103
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 02-Nov-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 39.68 F/m
Sigma : 1.42 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

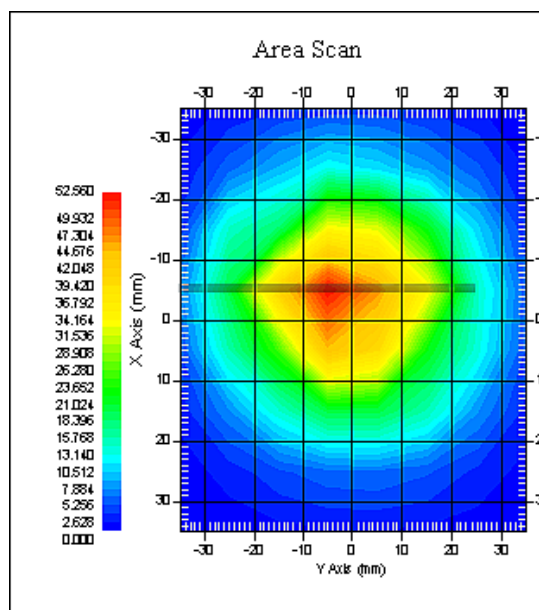
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 4.8
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 20.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 39.562 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 20.637 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 51.311 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 62.848 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body Liquid****Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710****Product Data**

Device Name : Dipole 1900MHz
Serial No. : 210-00710
Type : Dipole
Model : ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency Band : 1900
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start : 40.119 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 40.825 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.760

Phantom Data

Name : APREL-Uni
Type : Uni-Phantom
Serial No. : System Default
Location : Center
Description : Default

Tissue Data

Type : Body
Serial No. : 295-02102
Frequency : 1900.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 02-Nov-2014
Temperature : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Humidity : 56.00 RH%
Epsilon : 52.13 F/m
Sigma : 1.51 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

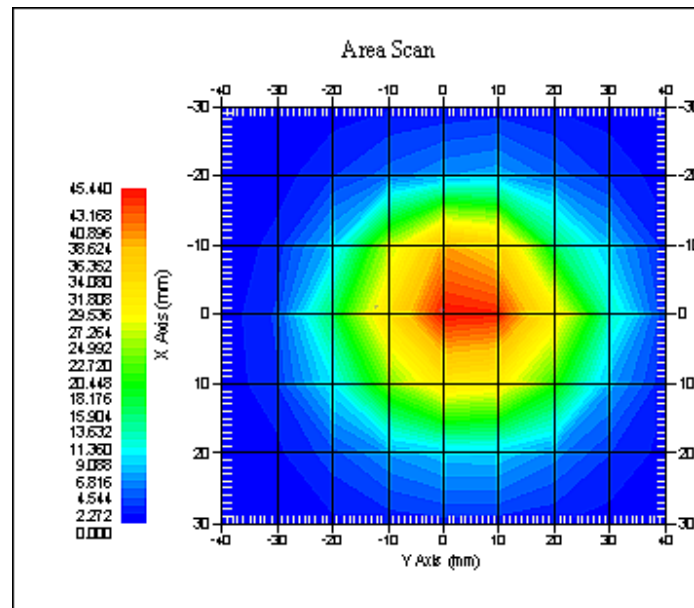
Probe Data

Name : E-Field
Model : E-020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 500-00283
Last Calib. Date : 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 4.5
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

Measurement Data

Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Tissue Temp. : 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.00 °C
Area Scan : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 41.003 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 21.315 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 42.857 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 79.852 W/kg



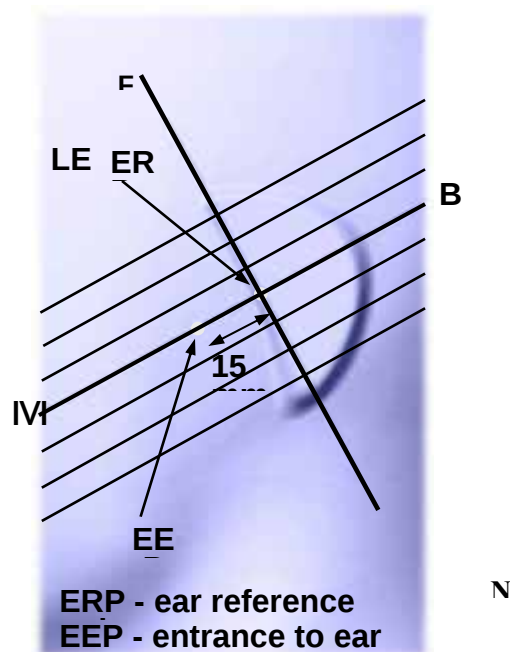
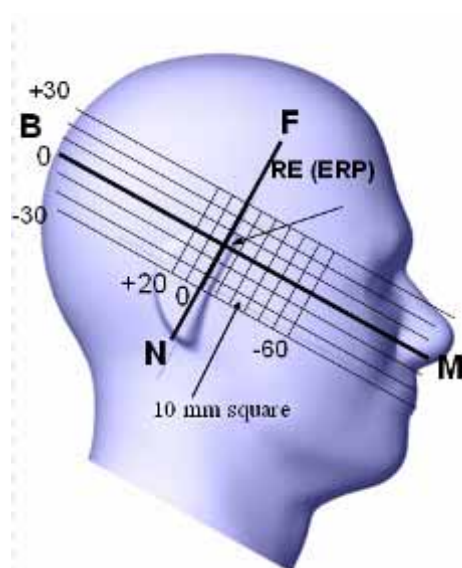
1900 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper $\frac{1}{4}$ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

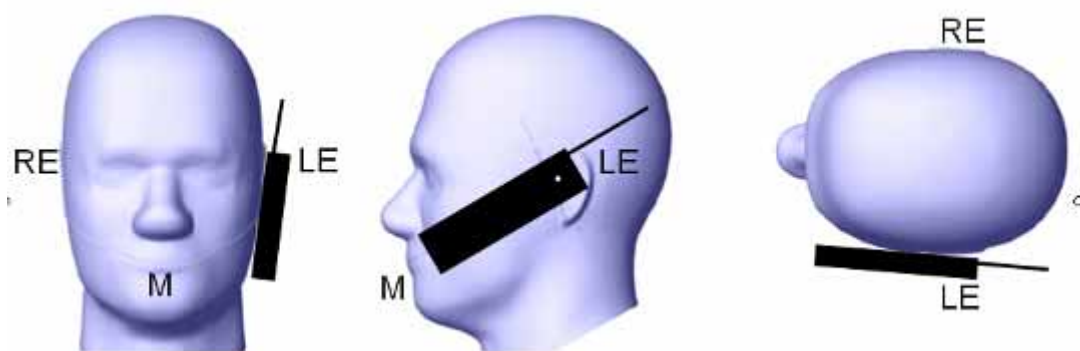
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- o When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

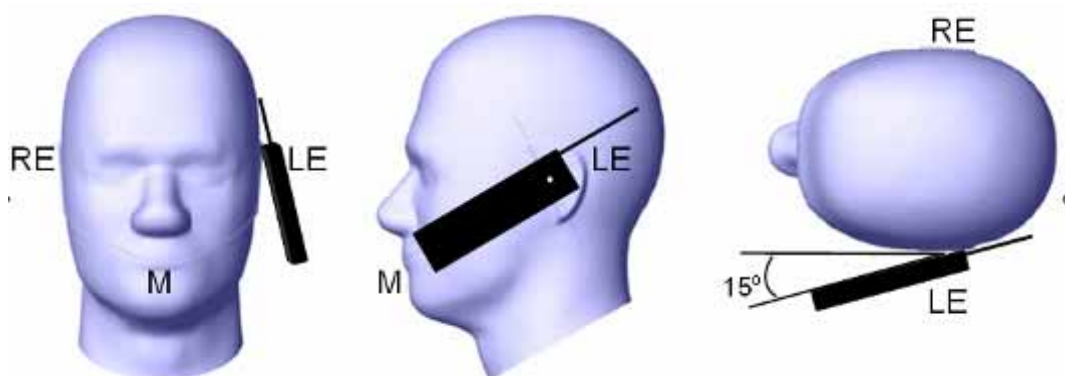
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15° to 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

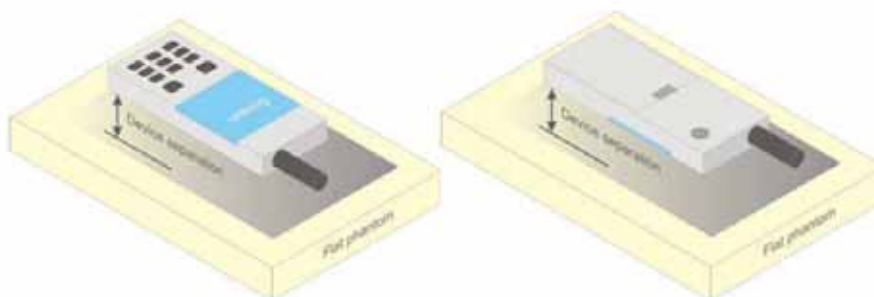


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01.
KDB 648474 D04
KDB 865664 D01
KDB 941225 D01
KDB 941225 D06

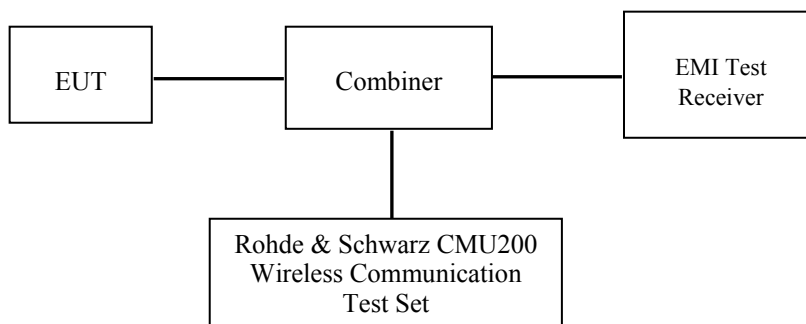
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



GSM&3G

Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)			
Mode/Band	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM 850	31.90	31.90	31.90
GPRS 1 slot	31.90	31.90	31.90
GPRS 2 slot	31.00	31.00	31.00
GPRS 3 slot	29.10	29.10	29.10
GPRS 4 slot	27.90	27.90	27.90
PCS 1900	28.50	28.50	28.50
GPRS 1 slot	28.50	28.50	28.50
GPRS 2 slot	27.60	27.60	27.60
GPRS 3 slot	25.60	25.60	25.60
GPRS 4 slot	24.40	24.40	24.40
WCDMA850	22.70	22.70	22.70
WCDMA1900	21.90	21.90	21.90
WiFi	9.70	9.70	9.70
Bluetooth	5.10	5.10	5.10

Test Results:**GSM:**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		Meas. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (W)
GSM 850	824.2	31.71	1.483
	836.6	31.82	1.521
	848.8	31.83	1.524
PCS 1900	1850.2	28.48	0.705
	1880.0	28.24	0.667
	1909.8	28.04	0.637

GPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.73	30.82	28.81	27.60
	190	836.6	31.85	30.93	28.93	27.72
	251	848.8	31.86	30.99	29.03	27.83
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	28.49	27.53	25.59	24.34
	661	1880.0	28.19	27.32	25.36	24.12
	810	1909.8	28.02	27.15	25.28	24.08

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	22.73	24.82	24.56	24.60
	190	836.6	22.85	24.93	24.68	24.72
	251	848.8	22.86	24.99	24.78	24.83
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	19.49	21.53	21.34	21.34
	661	1880.0	19.19	21.32	21.11	21.12
	810	1909.8	19.02	21.15	21.03	21.08

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

WCDMA-Release 99:

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c / β_d	8/15

WCDMA HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	β_d (SF)	64			
	β_c / β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	D_{ACK}	8			
	D_{NAK}	8			
	D_{CQI}	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15			

WCDMA HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	β_c/β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCI	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	

Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel NO.	Conducted Output Power	
			(dBm)	(Watt)
WCDMA 850	826.4	4132	22.15	0.164
	836.6	4183	22.65	0.184
	846.6	4233	22.62	0.183
WCDMA 1900	1852.4	9262	21.68	0.147
	1880.0	9400	21.55	0.143
	1907.6	9538	21.83	0.152

Results (HSDPA)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel NO.	Conducted Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA 850	826.4	4132	21.65	21.65	21.66	21.67
	836.6	4183	22.16	22.16	22.16	22.16
	846.6	4233	21.57	21.58	21.59	21.61
WCDMA 1900	1852.4	9262	20.57	20.59	20.60	20.61
	1880.0	9400	20.43	20.44	20.45	20.46
	1907.6	9538	20.69	20.70	20.72	20.74

Results (HSUPA)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Channel NO.	Conducted Output Power (dBm)				
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
WCDMA 850	826.4	4132	21.67	21.68	21.69	21.70	21.72
	836.6	4183	22.13	22.13	22.15	22.16	22.17
	846.6	4233	21.55	21.55	21.56	21.57	21.58
WCDMA 1900	1852.4	9262	20.49	20.49	20.50	20.50	20.56
	1880.0	9400	20.05	20.06	20.08	20.10	20.10
	1907.6	9538	20.34	20.34	20.36	20.37	20.37

Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
3. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than measured without HSUPA using 12.2kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		(dBm)	(mw)
BDR(GFSK)	(Low)2402	4.72	2.965
	(Middle)2441	5.09	3.228
	(High)2480	4.84	3.048
EDR(4-DQPSK)	(Low)2402	4.17	2.612
	(Middle)2441	4.60	2.884
	(High)2480	4.48	2.805
EDR-8DPSK	(Low)2402	4.49	2.812
	(Middle)2441	4.97	3.141
	(High)2480	4.72	2.965
BLE	(Low)2402	-2.84	0.520
	(Middle)2440	-2.28	0.592
	(High)2480	-2.28	0.592

Wi-Fi

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		(dBm)	(mw)
802.11b	2412	7.45	5.559
	2437	8.08	6.427
	2462	8.21	6.622
802.11g	2412	8.99	7.925
	2437	9.28	8.472
	2462	9.67	9.268
802.11n HT20	2412	8.96	7.870
	2437	9.23	8.375
	2462	9.59	9.099
802.11n HT40	2422	9.05	8.035
	2437	9.32	8.551
	2452	9.49	8.892

Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21-24
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2014-11-02

GSM 850:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head-Cheek	824.2	GSM	-1.016	31.71	31.90	1.045	0.301	0.314	
	836.6	GSM	2.336	31.82	31.90	1.019	0.310	0.316	
	848.8	GSM	3.721	31.83	31.90	1.016	0.346	0.352	1#
Body-Back-Headset (0mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-2.096	31.83	31.90	1.016	0.477	0.485	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Body-worn-Back (0mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/		/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	848.8	GPRS	0.830	30.99	31.00	1.002	0.753	0.755	2#
Body-worn-Right (0mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/		/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	848.8	GPRS	-2.577	30.99	31.00	1.002	0.375	0.376	/
Body-worn-Bottom (0mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	848.8	GPRS	-0.731	30.99	31.00	1.002	0.296	0.297	/

PCS Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head-Cheek	1850.2	GSM	1.250	28.48	28.50	1.005	0.264	0.265	3#
	1880.0	GSM	2.924	28.24	28.50	1.062	0.232	0.246	/
	1909.8	GSM	2.122	28.04	28.50	1.112	0.185	0.206	/
Body-Back-Headset (0mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	2.094	28.48	28.50	1.005	0.622	0.625	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-worn-Back (0mm)	1850.2	GPRS	-0.672	27.53	27.60	1.016	1.125	1.143	4#
	1880.0	GPRS	2.414	27.32	27.60	1.067	0.975	1.040	/
	1909.8	GPRS	4.115	27.15	27.60	1.109	0.932	1.034	/
Body-worn-Right (0mm)	1850.2	GPRS	1.877	27.53	27.60	1.016	0.587	0.597	/
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-worn-Bottom (0mm)	1850.2	GPRS	3.764	27.53	27.60	1.016	0.712	0.724	/
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case .
4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
5. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
6. KDB648474--Since the antenna located the bottom side edge, SAR probe access is not feasible with a horizontally configured SAM phantom and a flat phantom is replaced. When using a flat phantom, rectangular shaped phones should be positioned with its bottom edge positioned from the flat phantom with the same distance provided by the cheek touching position using SAM. The ear reference point (ERP, as defined for SAM) of the phone should be positioned $\frac{1}{2}$ cm from the flat phantom shell.

WCDMA 850

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head-Cheek	826.4	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA 850	-1.020	22.65	22.70	1.012	0.119	0.120	5#
	846.6	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-worn-Back (0mm)	826.4	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA 850	3.270	22.65	22.70	1.012	0.367	0.371	6#
	846.6	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-worn-Right (0mm)	826.4	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA 850	0.126	22.65	22.70	1.012	0.217	0.220	/
	846.6	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-worn-Bottom (0mm)	826.4	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA 850	-0.150	22.65	22.70	1.012	0.259	0.262	/
	846.6	WCDMA 850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

WCDMA1900

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head-Cheek	1852.4	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA1900	-1.023	21.83	21.90	1.016	0.315	0.320	7#
Body-worn-Back (0mm)	1852.4	WCDMA1900	-0.883	21.68	21.90	1.052	0.992	1.044	/
	1880.0	WCDMA1900	0.718	21.55	21.90	1.084	1.047	1.135	/
	1907.6	WCDMA1900	2.616	22.83	22.90	1.016	1.173	1.192	8#
Body-worn-Right (0mm)	1852.4	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA1900	-1.338	22.83	22.90	1.016	0.533	0.545	/
Body-worn-Bottom (0mm)	1852.4	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA1900	4.426	22.83	22.90	1.016	0.725	0.737	/

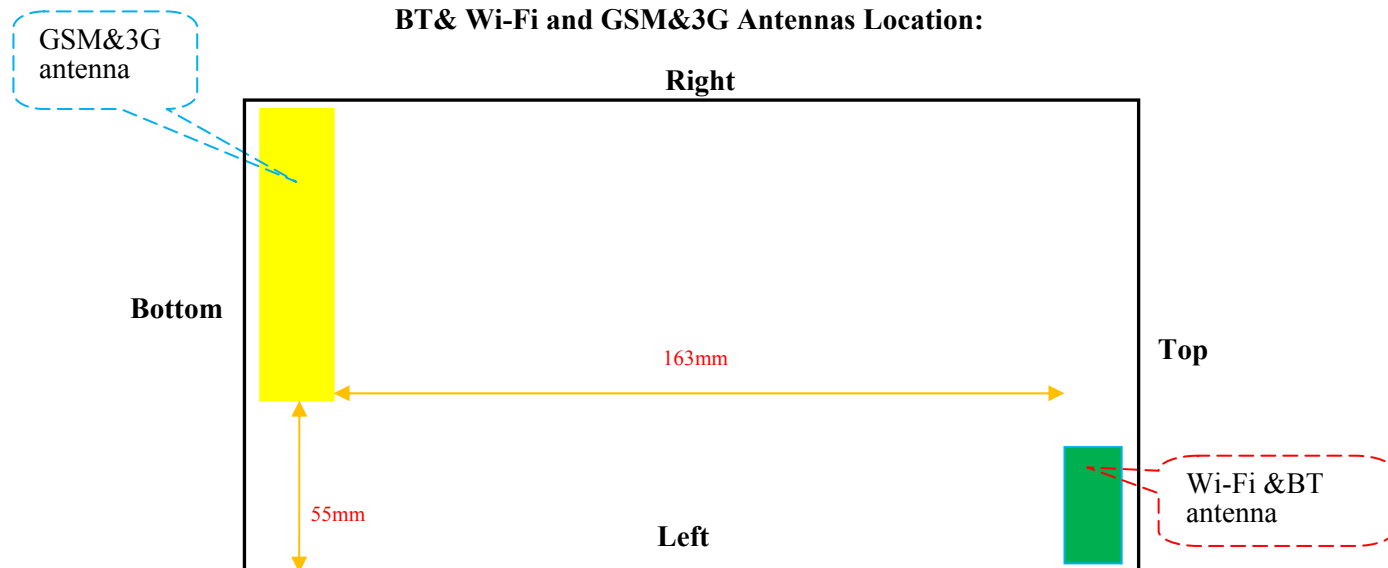
Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured without HSDPA using 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is $< 75\%$ of SAR limit.

5. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA active is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured without HSUPA using 12.2kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is $< 75\%$ of SAR limit.
6. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
7. KDB648474--Since the antenna located the bottom side edge, SAR probe access is not feasible with a horizontally configured SAM phantom and a flat phantom is replaced. When using a flat phantom, rectangular shaped phones should be positioned with its bottom edge positioned from the flat phantom with the same distance provided by the cheek touching position using SAM. The ear reference point (ERP, as defined for SAM) of the phone should be positioned $\frac{1}{2}$ cm from the flat phantom shell.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT& Wi-Fi and GSM&3G Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	√	×	163
GSM + WiFi	√	×	163
GPRS + WCDMA	×	×	0
GPRS + Bluetooth	√	×	0
GPRS + WiFi	√	√	163
WCDMA + Bluetooth	√	×	163
WCDMA + WiFi	√	√	163

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Head Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GSM850	850	22.90	194.984	0	36.0	3.0	No
GSM1900	1900	19.50	89.125	0	24.6	3.0	No
WCDMA850	850	22.70	186.209	0	34.3	3.0	No
WCDMA1900	1900	21.90	154.882	0	42.7	3.0	No
Wi-Fi	2450	9.70	9.333	0	2.9	3.0	Yes
Bluetooth	2450	5.10	3.236	0	1.0	3.0	Yes

Body Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GPRS850	850	25.00	316.228	0	58.3	3.0	No
GPRS1900	1900	21.60	144.544	0	39.8	3.0	No
WCDMA850	850	22.70	186.209	0	34.3	3.0	No
WCDMA1900	1900	21.90	154.882	0	42.7	3.0	No
WiFi	2450	9.70	9.333	0	2.9	3.0	Yes
Bluetooth	2450	5.10	3.236	0	1.0	3.0	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Distance (mm)	P _{avg} (dBm)	P _{avg} (mW)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
BT Head	2.45	0	5.10	3.236	0.135
BT Body	2.45	0	5.10	3.236	0.135
Wi-Fi Head	2.45	0	9.70	9.333	0.390
Wi-Fi Body	2.45	0	9.70	9.333	0.390

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including **tune-up tolerance**, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}/x]$
W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm;

where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

GSM with BT:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		GSM	BT	< 1.6W/kg
GSM850	Head Cheek	0.352	0.135	0.487
	Body-worn- Back	0.755	0.135	0.890
	Body-worn-Right	0.376	0.135	0.511
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.297	0.135	0.432
PCS1900	Head Cheek	0.265	0.135	0.400
	Body-worn-Back	1.143	0.135	1.278
	Body-worn-Right	0.597	0.135	0.732
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.724	0.135	0.859

GSM with WiFi:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		GSM	WiFi	< 1.6W/kg
GSM850	Head Cheek	0.352	0.390	0.742
	Body-worn- Back	0.755	0.390	1.145
	Body-worn-Right	0.376	0.390	0.766
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.297	0.390	0.687
PCS1900	Head Cheek	0.265	0.390	0.655
	Body-worn-Back	1.143	0.390	1.533
	Body-worn-Right	0.597	0.390	0.987
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.724	0.390	1.114

WCDMA with BT:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		WCDMA	BT	< 1.6W/kg
WCDMA 850	Head Cheek	0.120	0.135	0.255
	Body-worn- Back	0.371	0.135	0.506
	Body-worn-Right	0.220	0.135	0.355
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.262	0.135	0.397
WCDMA 1900	Head Cheek	0.320	0.135	0.455
	Body-worn- Back	1.192	0.135	1.327
	Body-worn-Right	0.545	0.135	0.680
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.737	0.135	0.872

WCDMA with Wi-Fi:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		WCDMA	WiFi	< 1.6W/kg
WCDMA 850	Head Cheek	0.120	0.390	0.510
	Body-worn- Back	0.371	0.390	0.761
	Body-worn-Right	0.220	0.390	0.610
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.262	0.390	0.652
WCDMA 1900	Head Cheek	0.320	0.390	0.710
	Body-worn- Back	1.192	0.390	1.582
	Body-worn-Right	0.545	0.390	0.935
	Body-worn-Bottom	0.737	0.390	1.127

Conclusion:

ΣSAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)**Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)****Head Cheek (848.8 MHz High Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 10x13x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.215 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.223 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 3.721

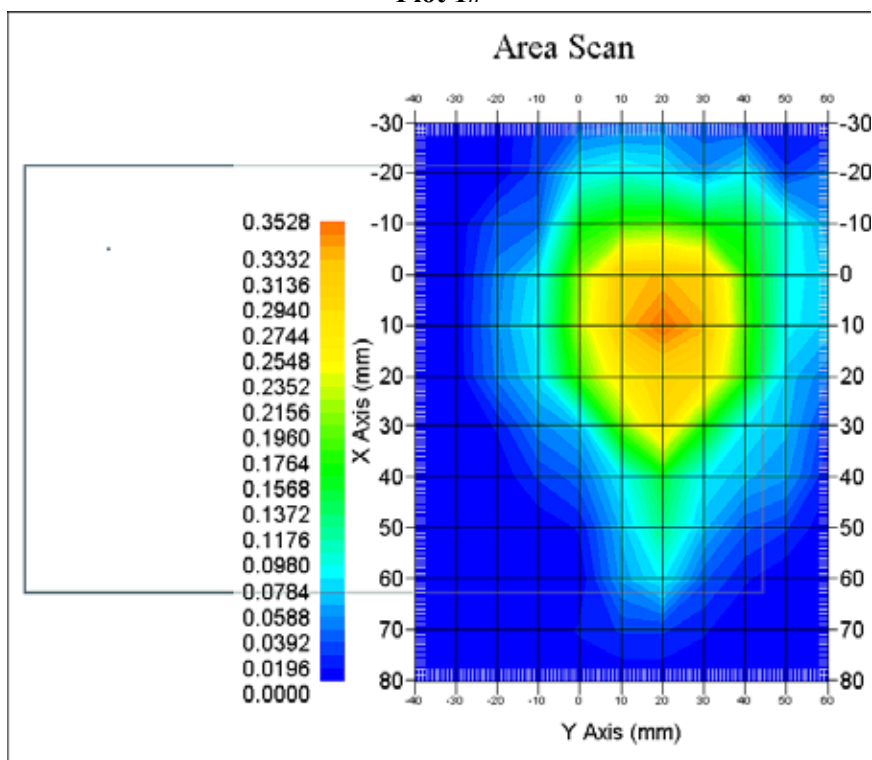
Tissue Data

Type : Head
Frequency : 848.8 MHz
Epsilon : 41.06 F/m
Sigma : 0.92 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 8
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.346 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.192 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.352 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.463 W/kg

Plot 1#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Body-worn-Back (848.8 MHz High Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 4
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.723 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.729W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 0.830

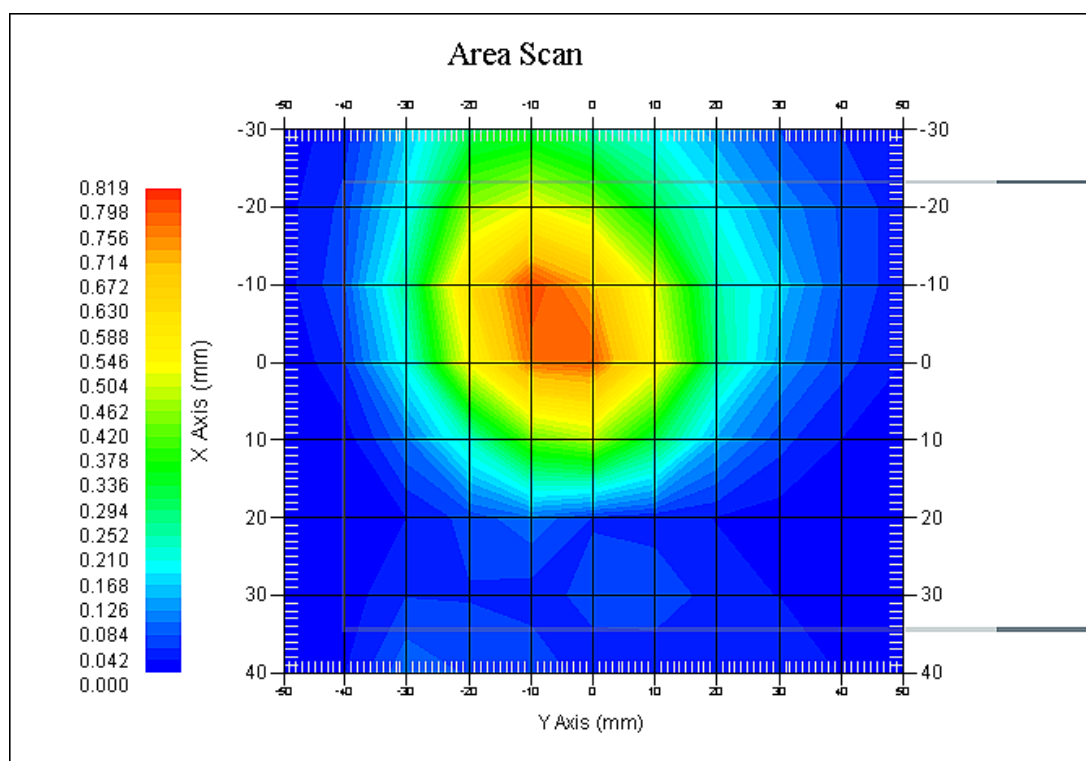
Tissue Data

Type : Body
Frequency : 848.8 MHz
Epsilon : 53.83 F/m
Sigma : 0.97 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 4
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.753 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.395 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.806 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.921 W/kg

Plot 2#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Head Cheek(1850.2MHz Low Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : GSM
Crest Factor : 8
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 10x13x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.080 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.081 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.250

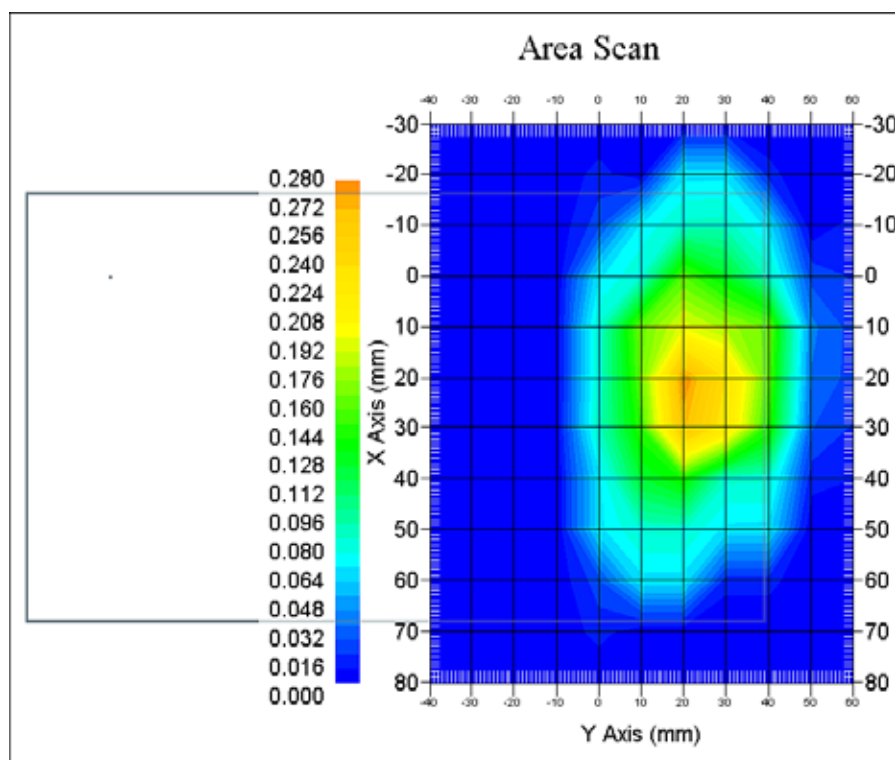
Tissue Data

Type : Head
Frequency : 1850.2 MHz
Epsilon : 39.56 F/m
Sigma : 1.37 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 8
Conversion Factor : 4.8
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.264 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.159 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.272 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.343 W/kg

Plot 3#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Body-worn-Back (1850.2 MHz Low Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : GPRS
Crest Factor : 4
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.893 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.887 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -0.672

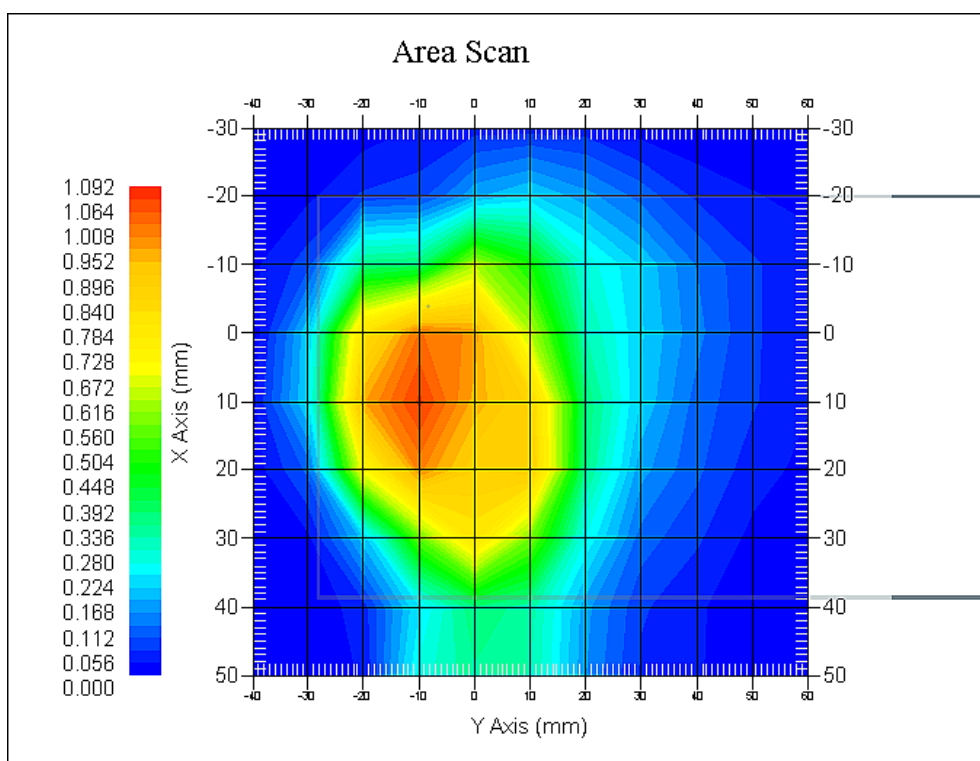
Tissue Data

Type : Body
Frequency : 1850.2 MHz
Epsilon : 52.17 F/m
Sigma : 1.47 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 4
Conversion Factor : 4.5
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.125 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.639 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.069 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.561 W/kg

Plot 4#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Head Cheek (836.6 MHz Middle Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : WCDMA850
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 10x13x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.098 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.097 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.020

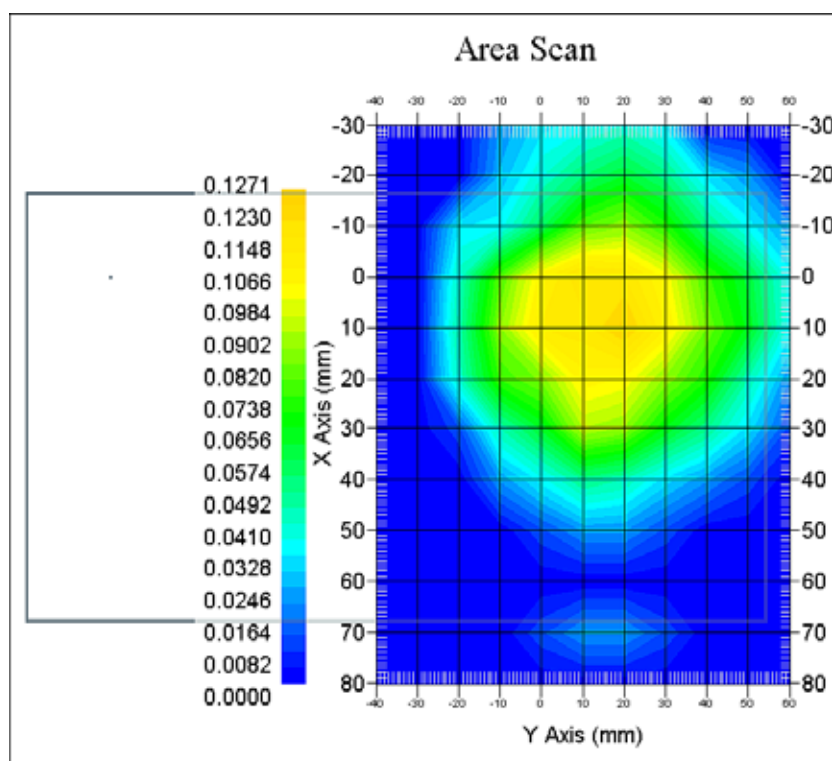
Tissue Data

Type : Head
Frequency : 836.6 MHz
Epsilon : 41.06 F/m
Sigma : 0.91 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.119 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.066 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.121 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.172 W/kg

Plot 5#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**WCDMA850; Body-Worn-Back (836.6 MHz Middle Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : WCDMA850
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.367 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.379 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 3.270

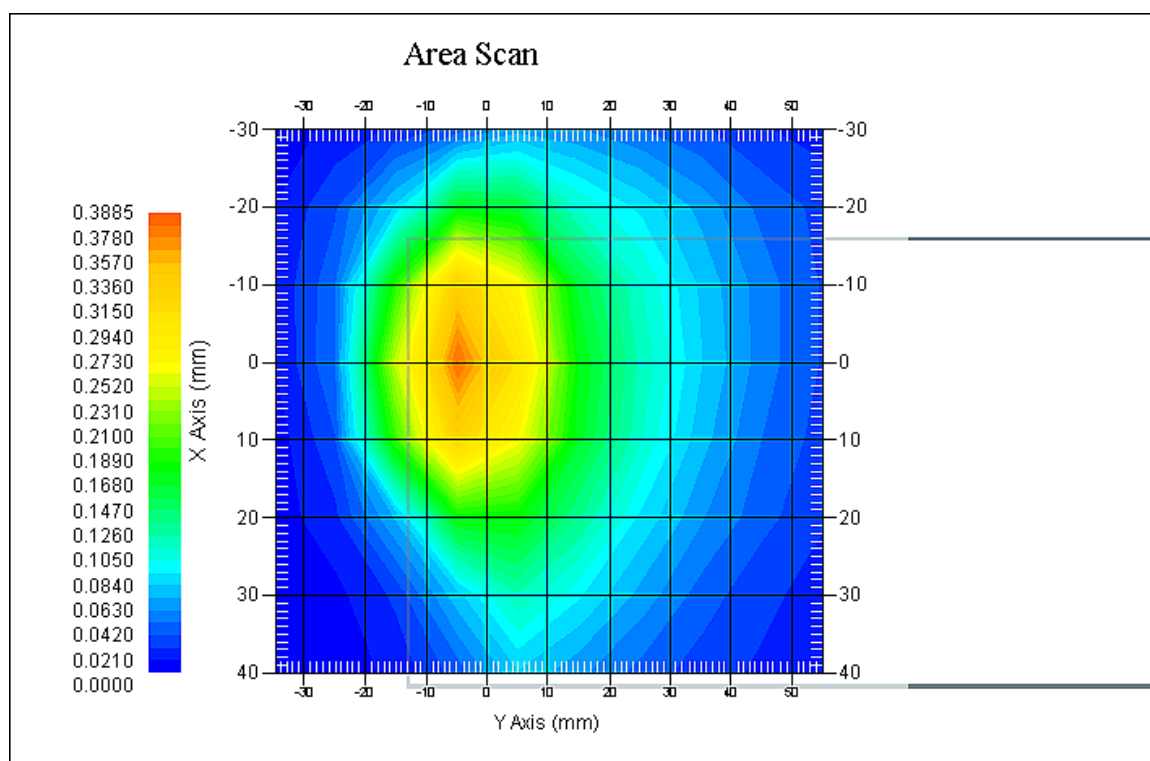
Tissue Data

Type : Body
Frequency : 836.6 MHz
Epsilon : 53.90 F/m
Sigma : 0.95 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 835
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 5.9
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.367 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.195 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.388 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.430 W/kg

Plot 6#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**Head Cheek(1907.6MHz High Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : WCDMA1900
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 10x13x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.090 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 0.089 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.023

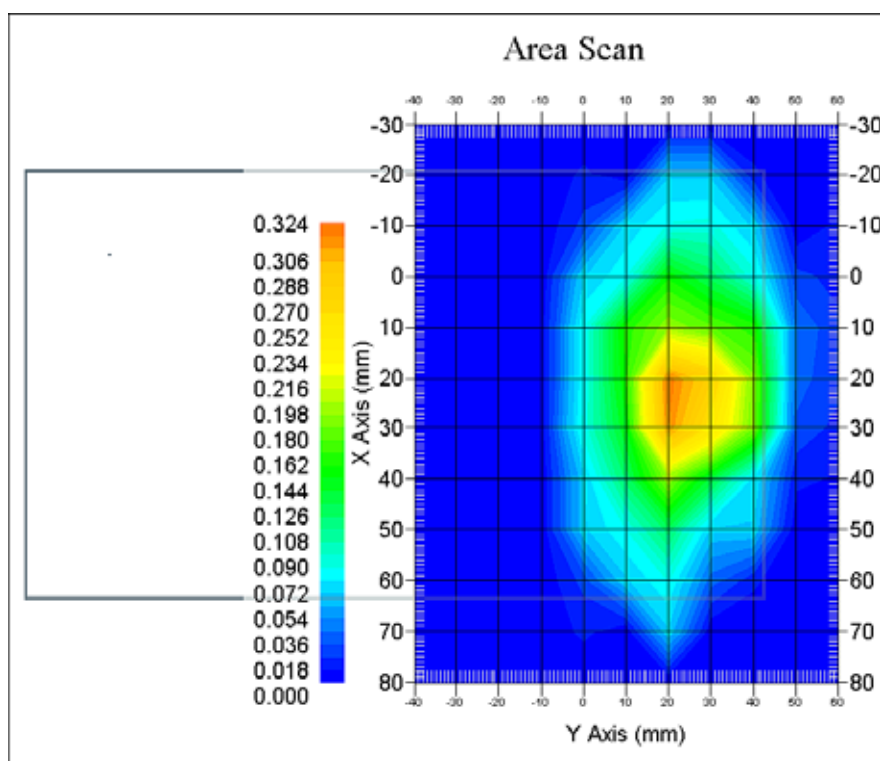
Tissue Data

Type : Head
Frequency : 1907.6 MHz
Epsilon : 39.57 F/m
Sigma : 1.42 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 4.8
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 0.315 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.175 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.321 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.424 W/kg

Plot 7#

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)**WCDMA1900; Body-Worn-Back (1907.6 MHz High Channel)**

Measurement Data

Test mode : WCDMA1900
Crest Factor : 1
Scan Type : Complete
Area Scan : 11x9x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 1.032 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish : 1.059 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 2.616

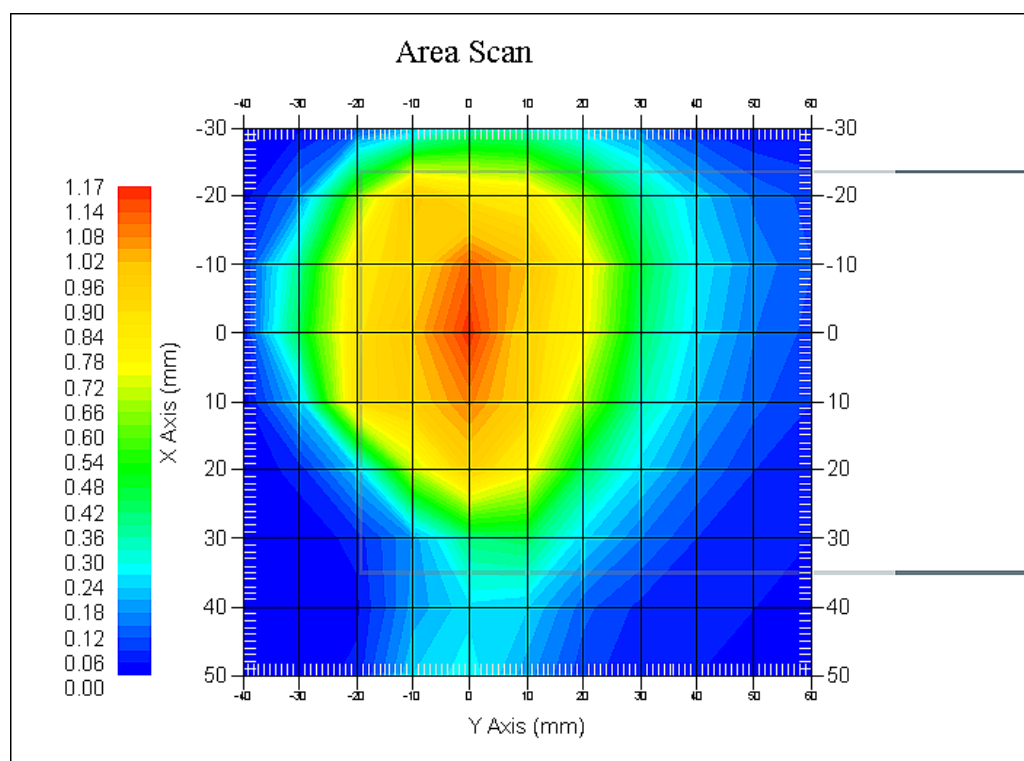
Tissue Data

Type : Body
Frequency : 1907.6 MHz
Epsilon : 51.84 F/m
Sigma : 1.50 S/m
Density : 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data

Serial No. : 500-00283
Frequency Band : 1900
Duty Cycle Factor : 1
Conversion Factor : 4.8
Probe Sensitivity : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
Compression Point : 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value : 1.203 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 0.572 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 1.172 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 1.337 W/kg

Plot 8#

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement Uncertainty for 30MHz to 6GHz

SOURCE OF UNCERTAINTY	TOLERANCE VALUE	PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION	DIVISOR	C_1^1 (1-G)	C_1^1 (10-G)	STANDARD UNCERTAINTY (1-G) %	STANDARD UNCERTAINTY (10-G) %
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{cp}$	$\sqrt{cp}$	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	2.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.21	1.21
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Restriction							
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	1.63	normal	1	1	1	1.63	1.63
Drift of Output Power	4.312	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.61	3.61
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	0.369	normal	1	0.7	0.5	0.259	0.185
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	2.062	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.237	1.031
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.165	8.973
Combined Uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				18.33	17.95

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1598

Task No: BACL-5778

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe

Record of Calibration

Head and Body

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Model No.: E-020

Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole
Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 14th October 2014
Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr,
OTTAWA, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorological practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue

*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- o IEEE Standard 1528:2013
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o EN 62209-1:2006
Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2:2010
Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- o TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- o D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- o IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity: < 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Signal Generator HP 83640B	3844A00689	Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015
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Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.



Art Brennan, Quality Manager



Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E020
Serial Number:	500-00283
Frequency:	As presented on page 5
Sensor Offset:	1.56
Sensor Length:	2.5
Tip Enclosure:	Composite*
Tip Diameter:	< 2.9 mm
Tip Length:	55 mm
Total Length:	289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Channel X:	1.2 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Channel Y:	1.2 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Channel Z:	1.2 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
Diode Compression Point:	95 mV

Page 4 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.87	1.06	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.23	1.38	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	52.86	1.54	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	40.20	1.38	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.63	1.46	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2100 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	37.26	1.84	3.5	±75	4.9
2450 B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.49	3.16	3.5	±100	4.5
3600 B	Body	49.94	3.86	3.5	±100	4.0
5250 H	Head	35.51	4.78	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	5.11	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	5.15	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 B	Body	46.49	5.72	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	45.99	6.01	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

Page 5 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.
The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

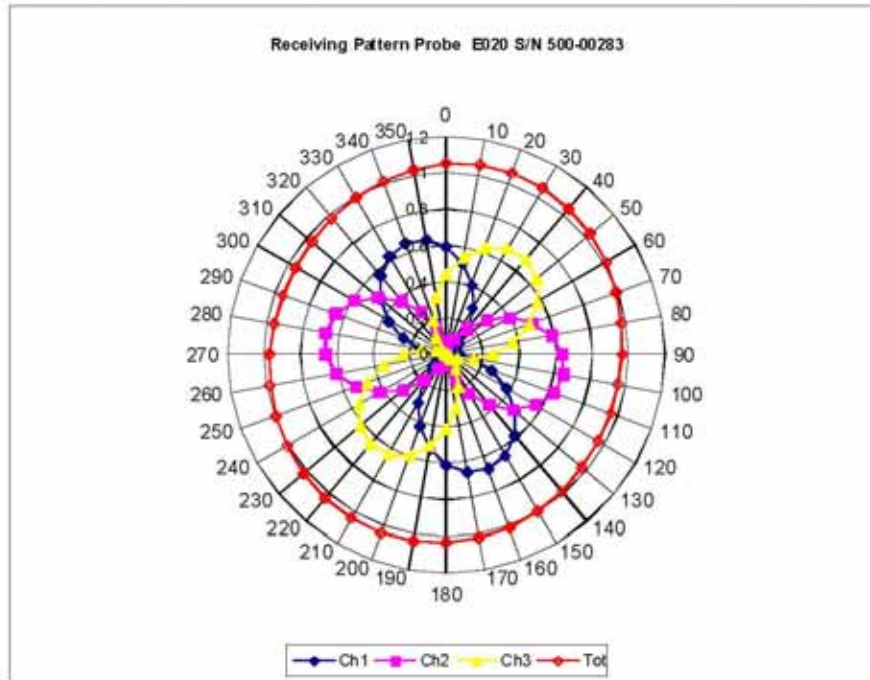
Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance ($\pm$ %)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty ($\pm$ %)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

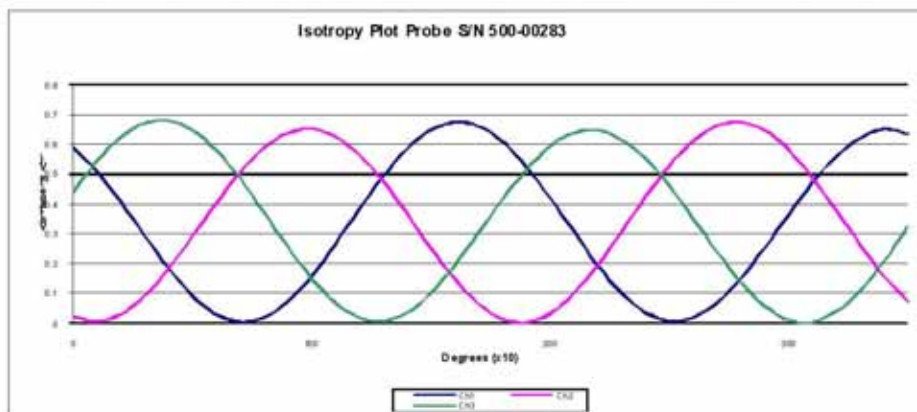
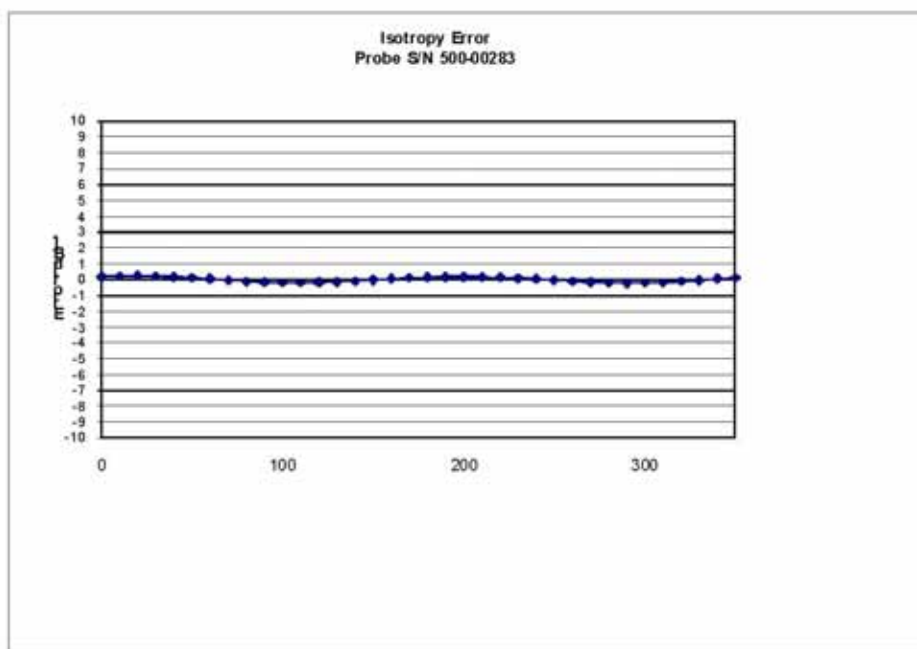
Receiving Pattern Air



NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL, Inc.

Isotropy Error Air



Isotropicity Tissue:

0.10 dB

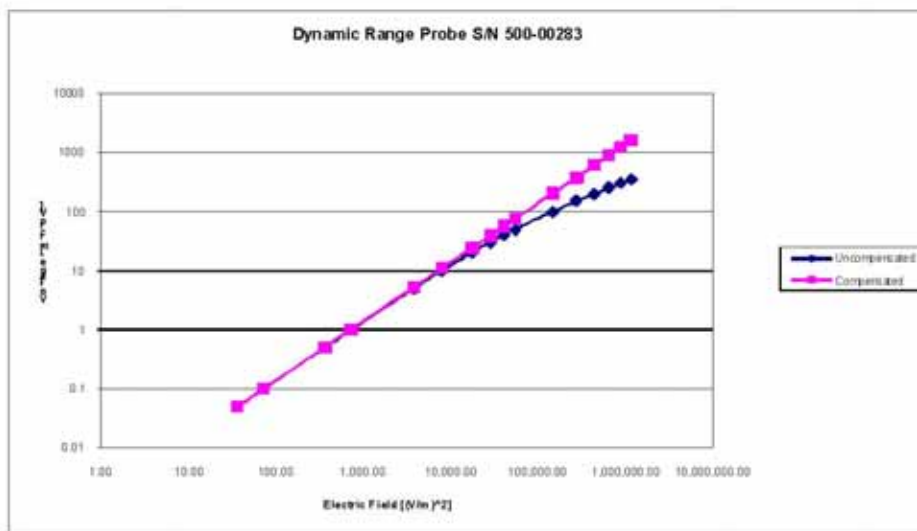
Page 8 of 10

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NCL Calibration Laboratories

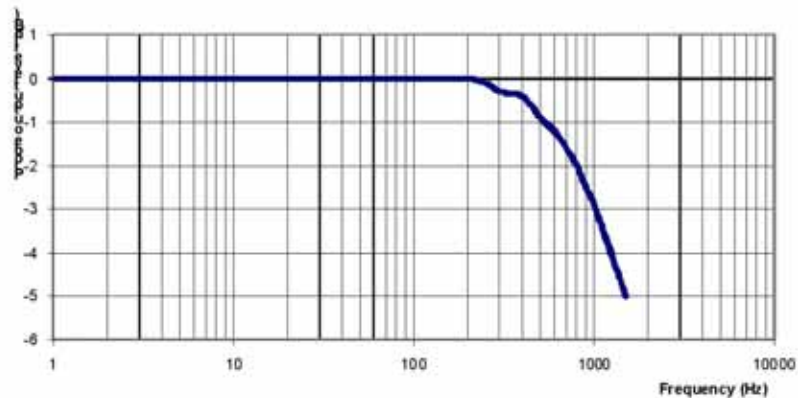
Division of APREL, Inc.

Dynamic Range



NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth**Probe Frequency Characteristics**

Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB
Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

Page 10 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1599
Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2

Frequency: 835 MHz

Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014
Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
Kamata, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

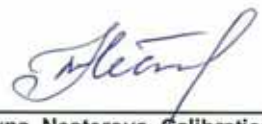
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer**Primary Measurement Standards**

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

Length: 162.2 mm

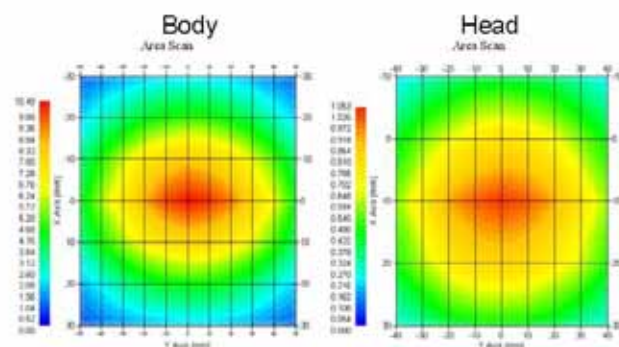
Height: 89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528:2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

4

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results**Mechanical Verification**

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001 Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω □

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ϵ_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

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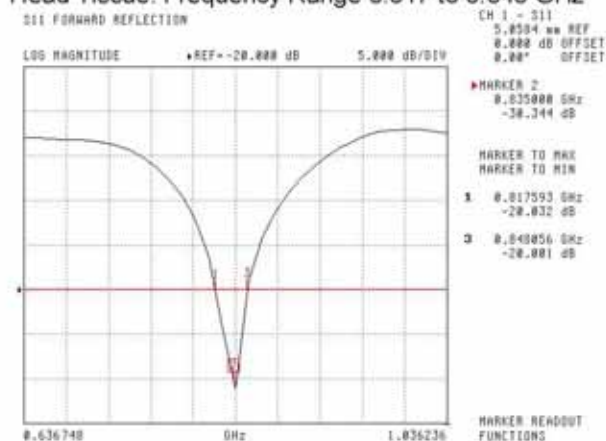
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

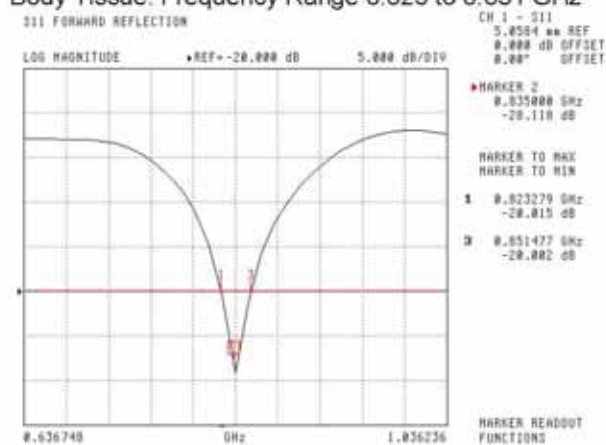
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz



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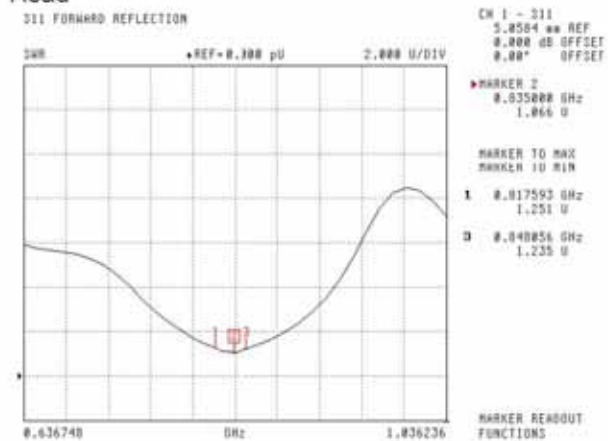
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NCL Calibration Laboratories

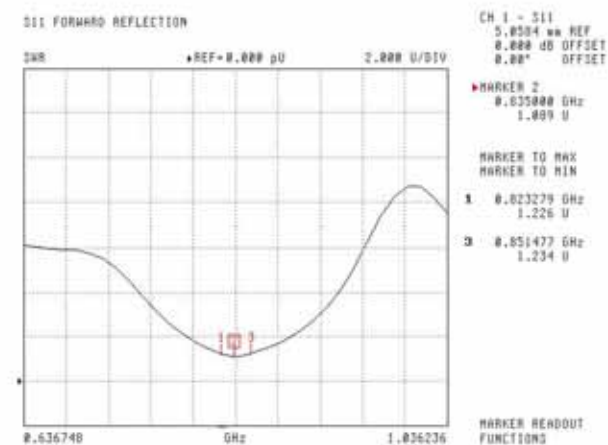
Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR

Head



Body

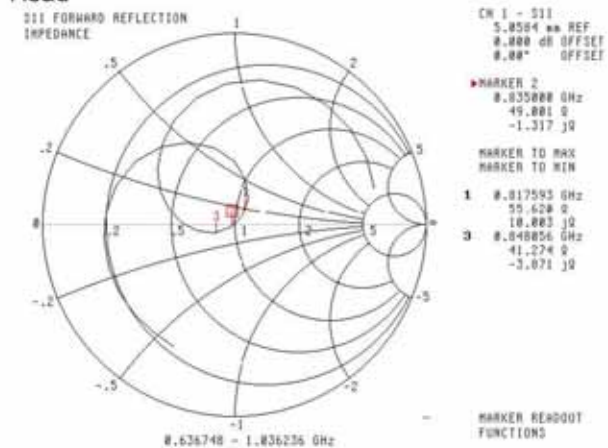
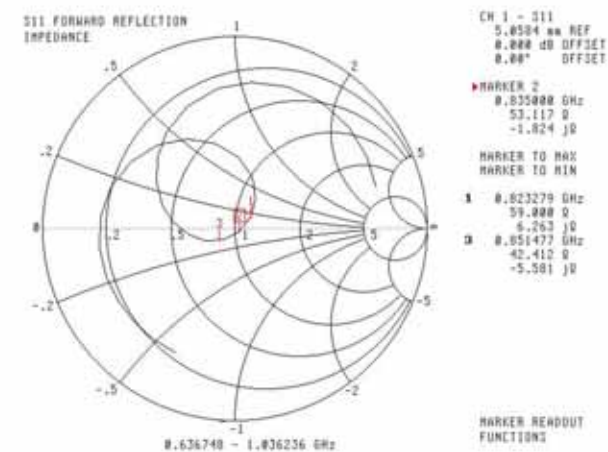


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NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**Head****Body**

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

8

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

9

835MHz Dipole Calibration By BACL at 2013-12-20

Mechanical Verification

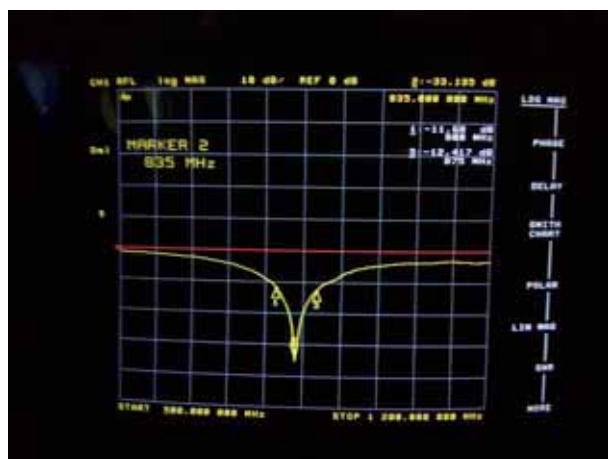
APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	161.1 mm	89.7 mm

Tissue Type	Measured Return Loss	Measured Impedance
Head	-33.135 dB	51.898 Ω
Body	-25.362 dB	50.604 Ω

Test Graphs :

Head Tissue

Return Loss :

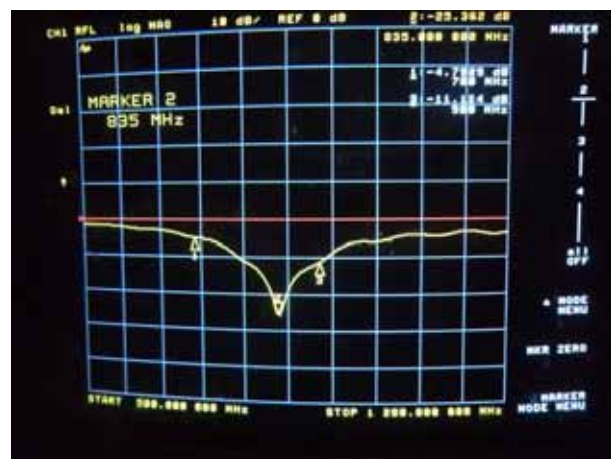


Impedance :

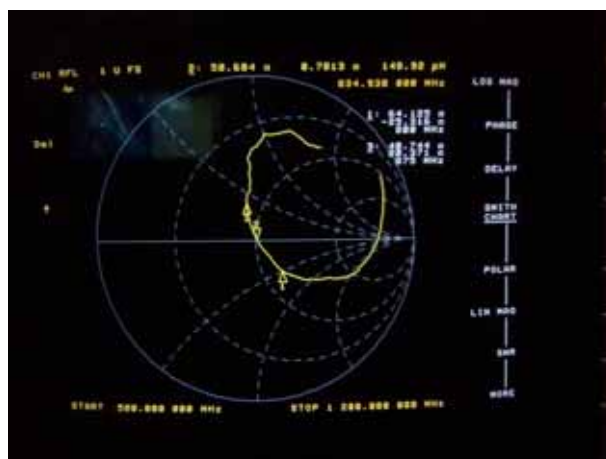


Body Tissue

Return Loss :



Impedance :



NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1601
Project Number: BAC-dipole -cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories

Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2

Frequency: 1900 MHz

Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014
Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
Kanata, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer**Primary Measurement Standards**

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

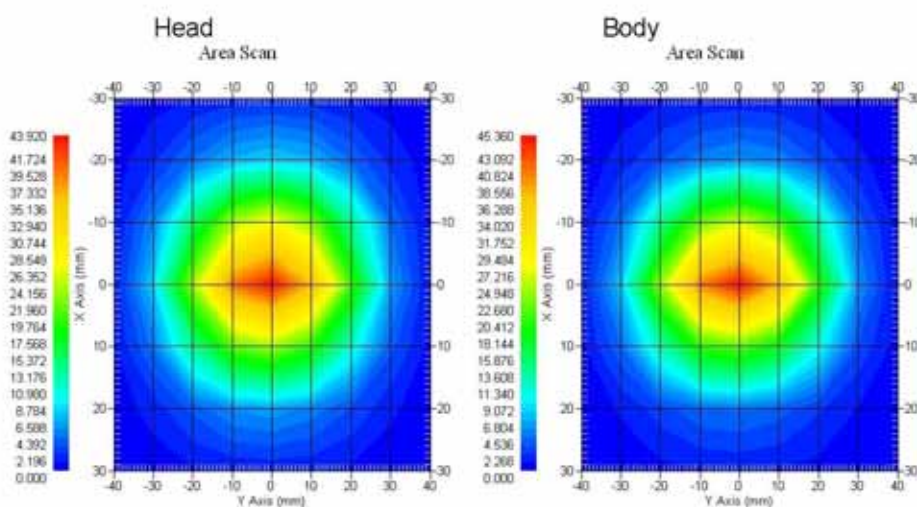
Length: 67.1 mm
Height: 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

3

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528:2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

4

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results**Mechanical Verification**

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1 mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ϵ_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

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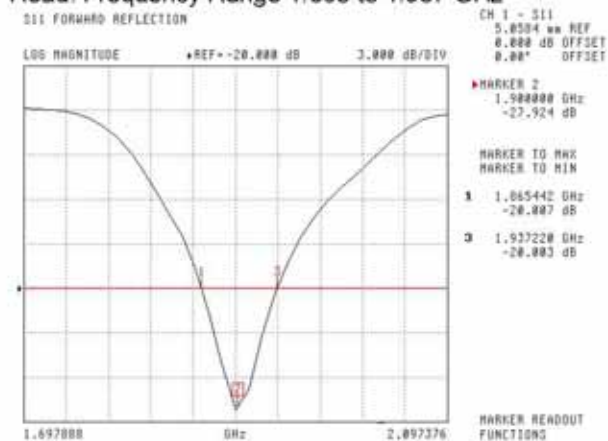
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

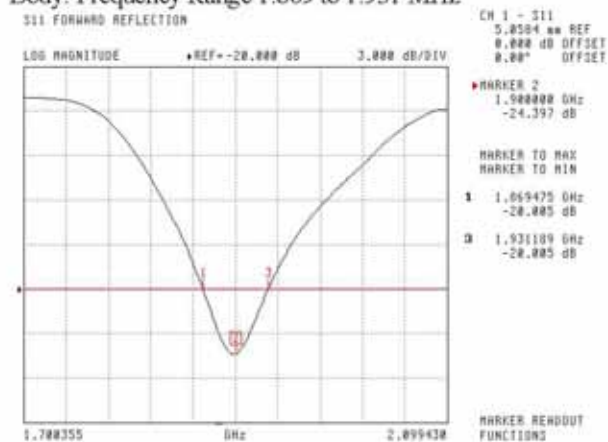
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head: Frequency Range 1.865 to 1.937 GHz



Body: Frequency Range 1.869 to 1.931 MHz



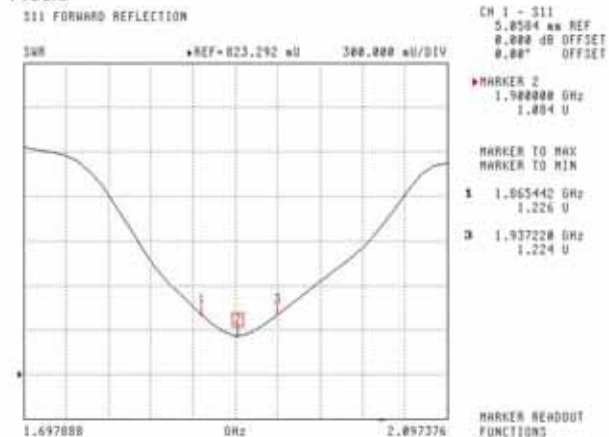
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NCL Calibration Laboratories

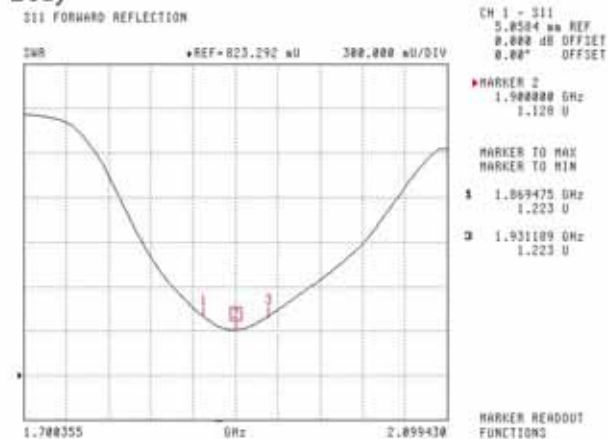
Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR

Head



Body

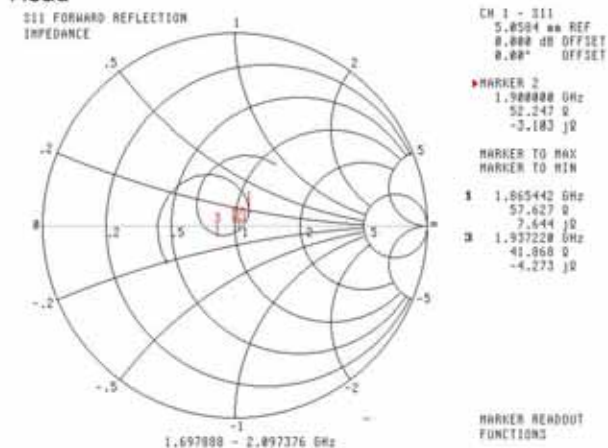
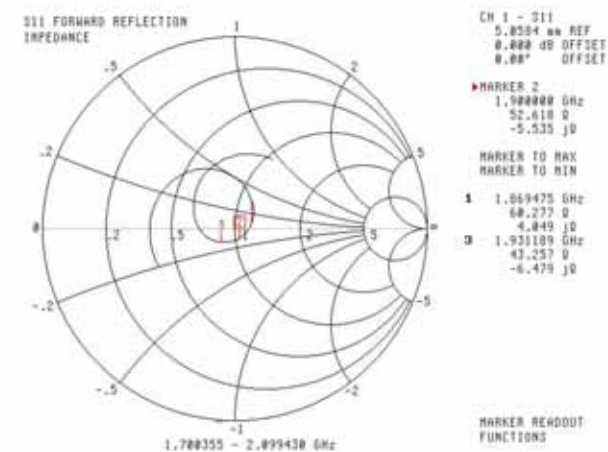


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NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**Head****Body**

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8

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

9

1900MHz Dipole Calibration By BACL at 2013-12-20

Mechanical Verification

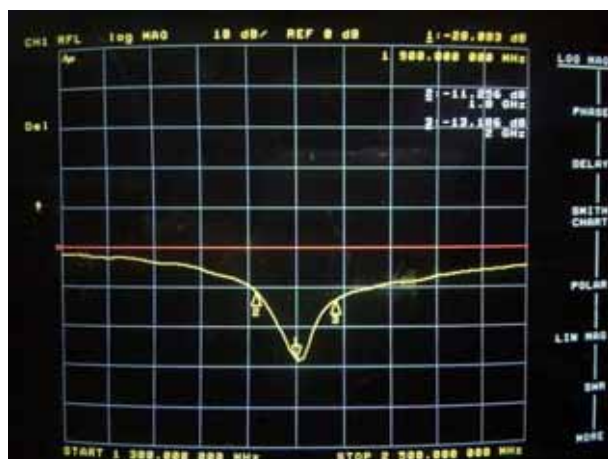
APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
68.0 mm	39.4 mm	68.3 mm	39.2 mm

Tissue Type	Measured Return Loss	Measured Impedance
Head	-28.083 dB	47.477 Ω
Body	-22.022 dB	48.076 Ω

Test Graphs :

Head Tissue

Return Loss :

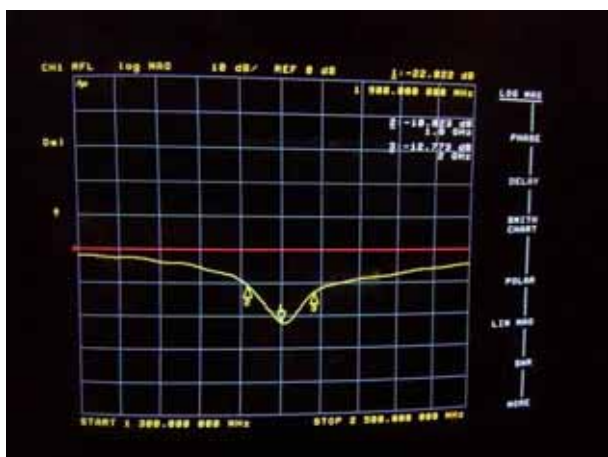


Impedance :

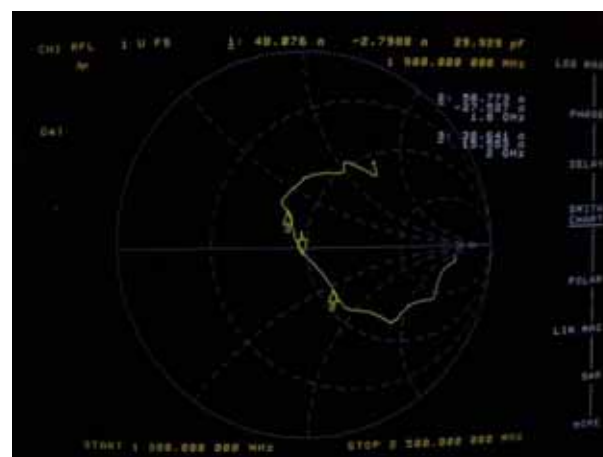


Body Tissue

Return Loss :



Impedance :

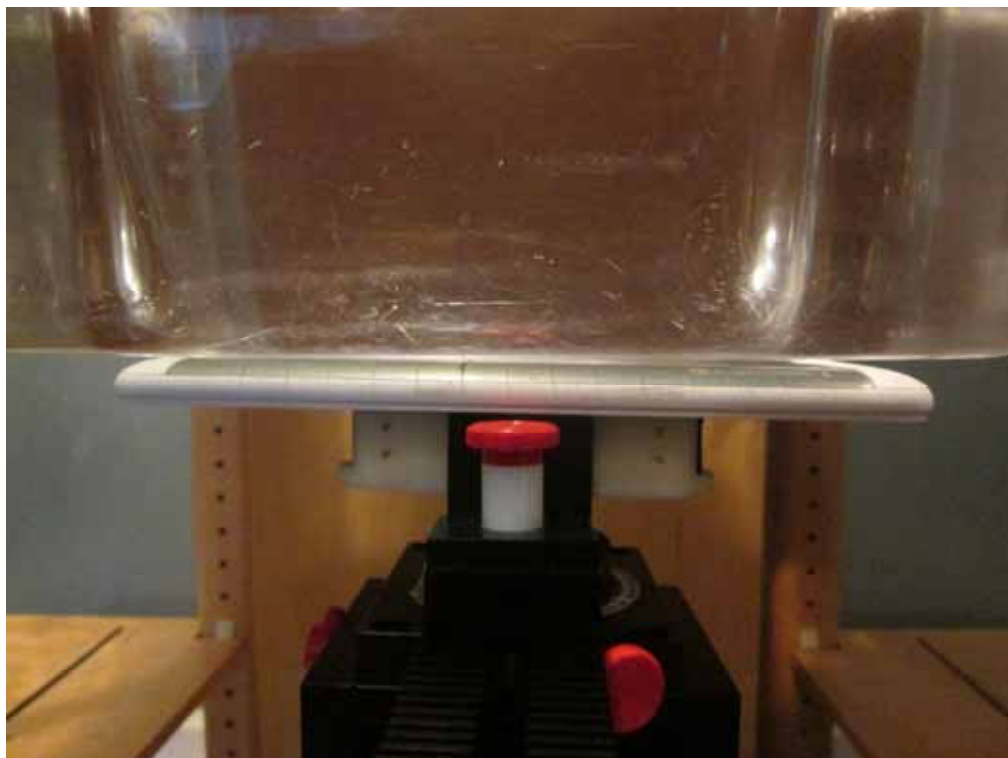


APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth $\geq 15\text{cm}$



Body-worn Back Setup Photo (0mm)



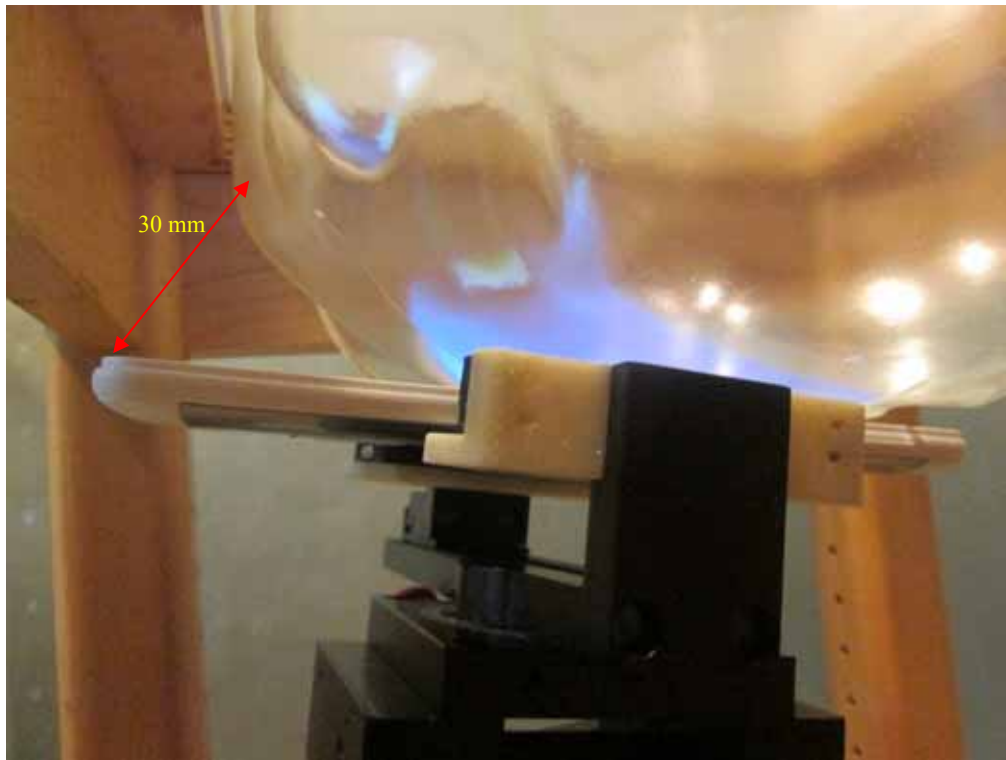
Body-worn Right Setup Photo (0mm)



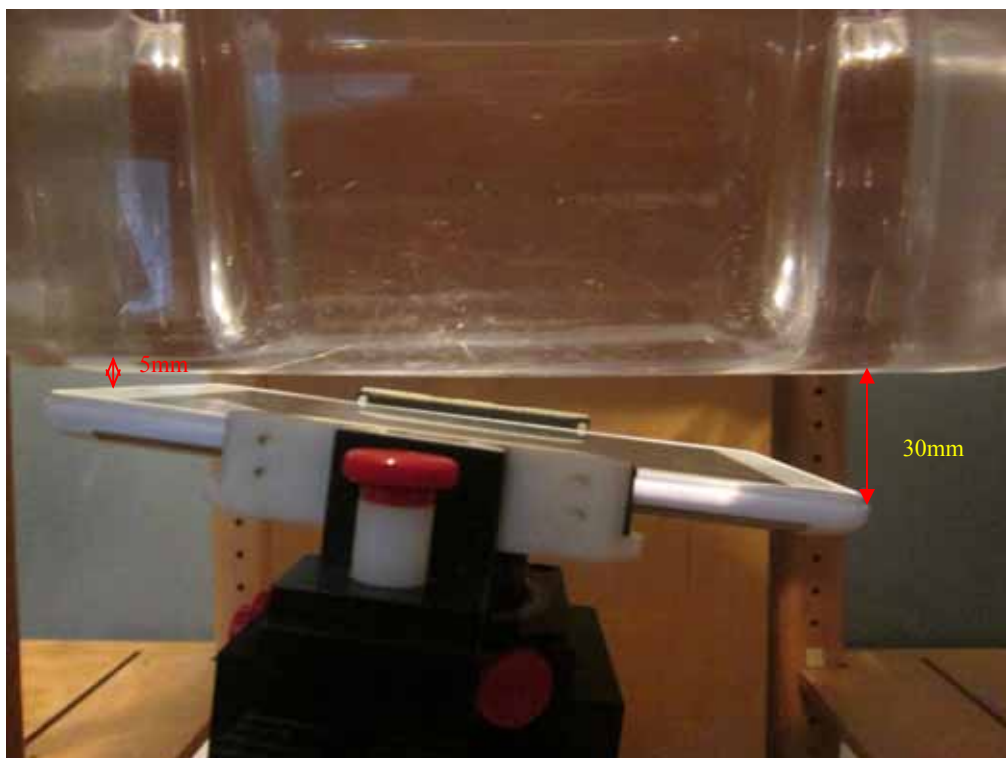
Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo (0mm)



Left Head Cheek Setup Photo



Head Cheek Setup Photo



APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



EUT –Left Side View



EUT – Right Side View



EUT – Top View



EUT – Bottom View



EUT – Uncover View



APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, "Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.
- [2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, "Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, Office of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.
- [3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, "Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105-113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] Niels Kuster, Ralph Kastele, and Thomas Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEEE Transactions on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645-652, May 1997.
- [5] CENELEC, "Considerations for evaluating of human exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMFs) from mobile telecommunication equipment (MTE) in the frequency range 30MHz - 6GHz", Tech. Rep., CENELEC, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization, Brussels, 1997.
- [6] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.
- [7] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, "Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies", in ICECOM '97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp. 120-24.
- [8] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, "E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [9] Volker Hombach, Klaus Meier, Michael Burkhardt, Eberhard Kuehn, and Niels Kuster, "The dependence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 900 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, no. 10, pp. 1865-1873, Oct. 1996.
- [10] Klaus Meier, Ralf Kastele, Volker Hombach, Roger Tay, and Niels Kuster, "The dependence of EM energy absorption upon human head modeling at 1800 MHz", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, Oct. 1997, in press.
- [11] W. Gander, Computermathematik, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [12] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 9
- [13] NIS81 NAMAS, "The treatment of uncertainty in EMC measurement", Tech. Rep., NAMAS Executive, National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, Middlesex, England, 1994.
- [14] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, "Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results", Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 10.

***** END OF REPORT *****