

## RF Exposure evaluation

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

况  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

况 Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

况 The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2402 MHz -8.75dBm ( 0.13 mW) output power]

$(0.13 \text{ mW} / 5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.402 \text{ (GHz)}}] = 0.04 < 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

Then SAR evaluation is not required