

## EXHIBITS

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**EXHIBIT 1: Letter Requesting Confidentiality under Sec. 0.457(d)**

**- refer to separate Word attachment**

## EXHIBIT 2: Product Description and Operation Overview

### General Overview

The N2-4XE1 is a point to point Wireless Extension operating in the 5.3/5.7 GHz UNII band as authorized in rule sections 15.401 through 15.407. The unit is enclosed in a weather proof outdoor enclosure and is intended to provide data links over distances up to 10 km. The radio in the unit operates full duplex, transmitting and receiving data at the rate of 8.448 Mbps. The radio is modulated using BPSK.

The product uses two separate 100 MHz bands within the U-NII frequency spectrum. Within these bands, the N2-4XE1 series operates in one of many independent channels providing for frequency reuse and network flexibility.

Synthesized RF channel selection is field configurable, as are the power output options for the selection of antenna sizes..

**Frequency Band:** Full-duplex operation in the UNII band

Frequency Range: 5,250 -5,350 MHz and 5,725 -5,825 MHz

### Digital Interface

Capacity Options: 4xE1

ITU-T/E1

Type: Based on 4 E-1 inputs

Line rate: 4 x 2.048 Mb/s

Line Code: HDB3

Interface: 75 unbalanced or optional 120 unbalanced

Connectors: BNC (75 ) or RJ-48C (120 )

#### 5.3 GHz TX (Low Band)

#### 5.7 GHz RX (High Band)

Frequency Range: 5,250 -5,350 MHz

5,725 -5,825 MHz

Output power: 0 dBm

0 dBm

+4 dBm

+4 dBm

+8 dBm

+8 dBm

+12 dBm

+12 dBm

A description of the theory of operation and product configuration is found in an attachment to this application and report.

## System Interconnection

- refer to attachment *fccbloc.pdf*

**EXHIBIT 3: Information for which Confidentiality is Requested**

**Schematics**

**EXHIBIT 4: Product Photographs**

**-refer to separate jpg attachments**

**EXHIBIT 5: User Manual and FCC ID Label**

**-refer to separate .pdf attachment**

## EXHIBIT 6: RF Hazard Information Per Sec. 1.1307

For transmitters operating in the 5250-5350 MHz frequency range, paragraph 1.1310 limits maximum permissible exposure (MPE) to 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> for uncontrolled environments.

The maximum distance from the antenna at which MPE is met or exceeded is calculated from the equation relating field strength in V/m, transmit power in watts, transmit antenna gain, and separation distance in meters:

$$E, \text{V/m} = (\sqrt{30 \cdot P \cdot G})/d$$

$$\text{Power density, mW/m}^2 = E^2/3770$$

$$E \text{ for MPE } 1\text{mW/m}^2 = 61.4 \text{ V/m}$$

Simplifying and rearranging terms:

$$d = (\sqrt{30 \cdot P \cdot G})/61.4 \quad \text{Converting to decibels:}$$

$$20 \log d = 10 \log 30 + 10 \log P \text{ watts} + G \text{ dBi} - 35.8 \text{ dB}$$

$$20 \log d = 14.77 + P_{\text{dBm}} - 30 \text{ dB} - 35.8 + G_{\text{dBi}}$$

$$\mathbf{20 \log d = P_{\text{dBm}} + G_{\text{dBi}} - 51 ; \quad d = 10^{(P_{\text{dBm}} + G_{\text{dBi}} - 51)/20}$$

EUT 26 dB bandwidth: 11.7 MHz

Maximum allowed EUT output power: 11 dBm + 10 log(11.7) = 21.7 dBm

Defacto EIRP limit: 21.7 dBm + 6 dBi = 27.7 dBm EIRP

$$\mathbf{MPE \text{ for } 27.7\text{dBm EIRP} = 10^{(27.7-51)/20} = 7 \text{ cm}}$$

Instructions will be placed in the user manual instructing installers and users to maintain 20 cm separation distance during operation of the EUT.



**EXHIBIT 7: Report of Measurements**

**FCC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION**

The following information is in accordance with FCC Rules, 47CFR Part 2.

**2.1033(b)1 Applicant:** Wireless Inc.  
5452 Betsy Ross Drive  
Santa Clara CA 95054-1101

**2.1033(b)2 FCC ID:** EV9N2-4XE1-5G3

**2.1033(b)3 Installation instructions** are found in attached document.

**2.1033(b)4 A brief description of the circuit functions** is found in attached document

**2.1033(b)5 Block diagram** is found in attached document

**2.1033(b)6 Report of measurements** is found below.

**2.1033(b)7 Product photographs** are attached in JPEG format.

**2.1033(b)8** The EUT is operated with **accessory devices** described below and in the attachments submitted.

**2.1033(b) 9** NOT APPLICABLE

**2.1033(b)10 - 12** NOT APPLICABLE

**15.203** The Wireless UNII radio will be professionally installed. At present, there is one antenna specified for use with the radio in the United States:

Gabriel DFPD.5-52 18 dBi flat panel array

The following antennas are supplied for use at this frequency in other countries:

Gabriel SSP2-52ARI 28.5 dBi dish  
MTI Technology MT 30102 23 dBi flat panel array  
Radiowaves SP1-5.2NL 26 dBi dish

**SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

**15.407 General Technical Requirements**

The UNII requirements for maximum power, peak power spectral density, minimum 26 dB emissions bandwidth, and maximum EIRP are interdependent variables. In addition, the level of transmitter spectral re-growth at the UNII band edges will limit the power output that may be transmitted into a particular antenna, since the emission limit is -17dBm/MHz and /or -27dBm/MHz EIRP, dependent on both antenna gain and power input.

The Wireless UNII radio has user programmable output power levels from 0 - 12 dBm.

The **26 dB channel bandwidth** is 11.45 MHz.

**15.407(a)3 Power limits**

$$11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log (11.45) = \mathbf{21.5 \text{ dBm max. for 5.25 - 5.35 GHz band}}$$

$$\mathbf{\text{Peak power spectral density:} = 11 \text{ dBm/MHz}}$$

$$\mathbf{\text{Defacto EIRP limit: } 21.5 \text{ dBm} + 6 \text{ dBi} = 27.5 \text{ dBm EIRP}}$$

$$\mathbf{\text{Defacto limit, power spectral density: } 11 \text{ dBm/MHz} + 6 \text{ dBi} = 17 \text{ dBm/MHz EIRP}}$$

**Maximum Power, dBm, into antenna**

<b>18 dBi Gabriel panel</b>	
fo MHz	Max P, dBm
5250-5350	0 + -1.7 dB cable loss = -1.7 dBm total



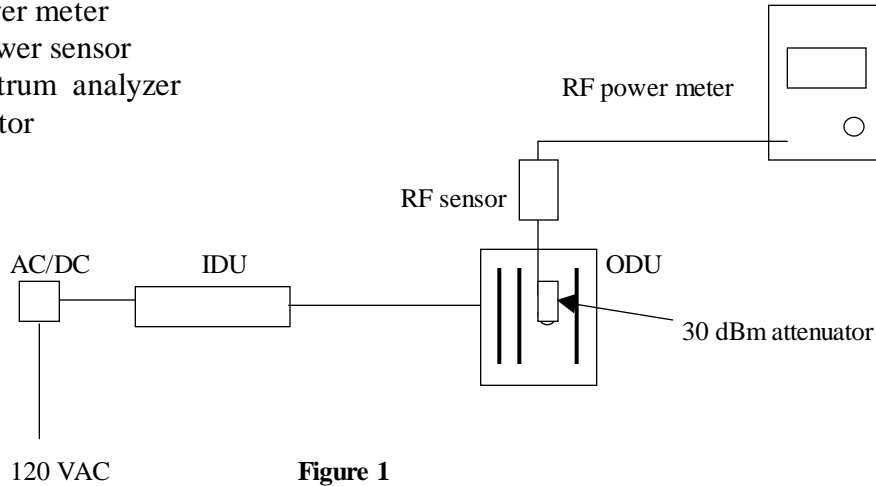
**RF Output Power Measurements**

**Ref: 15.407(a)2**

**Measurement equipment used:**

- HP 436B Power meter
- HP 8381A power sensor
- HP 8566 spectrum analyzer
- 30 dB attenuator

**Test set-up:**



**Figure 1**

**Test Procedures**

1. Set the IDU to the desired channel and to maximum output power setting
2. RF Output = Meter reading dBm + 30 dB

**Test Results: Power Output, Max**

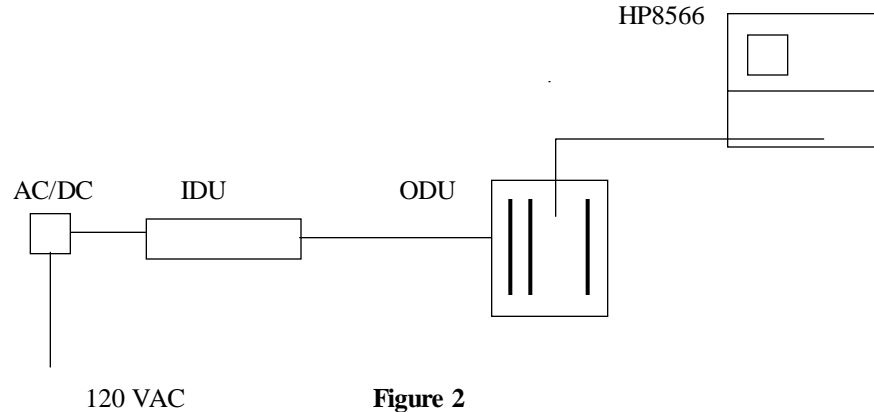
Chanel	Frequency, MHz	Pout, dBm
1	5260.80	12.2
5	5301.76	12.6
8	5332.48	13.0

**\*\*NOTE:** In actual use, maximum power levels chosen must meet the defacto EIRP limit and power spectral density requirements of 15.407, as well as band edge undesired emissions levels of -27 dBm/MHz EIRP.

**Antenna Conducted Output (For determining bandedge EIRP)****Ref: 15.407(b)2****Measurement equipment used:**

HP 8565E spectrum analyzer

30 dB attenuator

**Test set-up:****Figure 2****Test Procedures**

1. Set EUT to lowest operating channel.
1. Set spectrum analyzer to TX output center frequency, RES BW = 100 kHz, VID BW = 300 Hz - 3 kHz.
3. Use analyzer MKR function to measure output at bandedge and 10 MHz from bandedge
4. Normalize to 1 MHz: Reading, dBm + 10log(1MHz/meas BW)
5. Add antenna gain and compare to -17dBm/MHz and /or -27dBm/MHz EIRP
6. Plot spectrum analyzer data
7. Repeat steps 1-6 for highest channel

**Test Results**

Refer to attached spectrum analyzer graphs.

**Peak Power Spectral Density**

**Ref: 15.407(b)2**

**Measurement equipment used:**

HP 8565E spectrum analyzer  
30 dB attenuator

**Test set-up:** Refer to Figure 2

**Test Procedures**

1. Set EUT to lowest operating channel.
2. Set spectrum analyzer to TX output center frequency, RES BW = 1MHz, VID BW = 1MHz.
3. Using MKR PEAK to find the peak power spectral density
4. Repeat for middle channel and highest channel

**Test Results**

Measured peak power density at maximum power setting (12 dBm):

Channel	F, MHz	PSD, dBm/MHz
1	5260.8	9.5
5	5301.76	10.3
8	5332.48	10.9

### Field Strength of Spurious and Harmonic Radiation

Ref: 15.407(c)6

#### Measurement Equipment Used:

HP 8566 Spectrum Analyzer

HP 11975A Preamplifier, 2 - 8 GHz (used with HP11970 external mixers)

Antenna Research Associates MWH 1826/B, 18 - 26.5 GHz

HP 11970K Harmonic mixer, 18 - 26.5 GHz

HP 11970A Harmonic mixer, 26.5 - 40 GHz

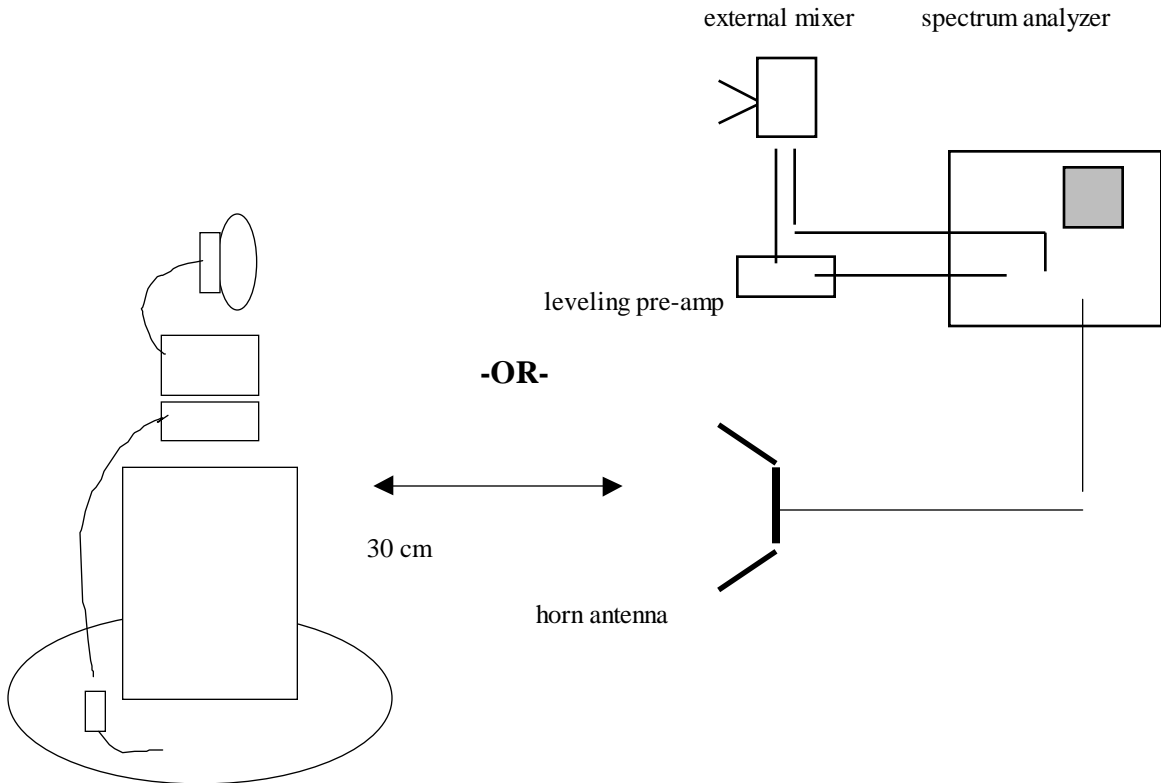
HP 11970Q Harmonic mixer, 33 - 50 GHz

HP 11970V Harmonic mixer, 50 - 75 GHz

HP 11970W Harmonic mixer, 75 - 110 GHz

Low loss antenna cable (0.7 dB/ft @ 24 GHz)

#### Test Set-Up





**Test Method**

With the transmitter operating at full power, the EUT was rotated 360° and the search antenna was raised and lowered in both polarities, all in an attempt to maximize the levels of the received emission for each harmonic and spurious emission up to 40 GHz.

**Test Results**

No emissions above instrumentation noise floor were detected. Tests were performed for each of the 4 antennas at a LOW, MID, and HIGH channel.

Antenna conducted measurements confirmed there are no harmonic emissions generated by this transmitter above the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer (-51 dBm or lower). Using the relationship between field strength, output power and distance

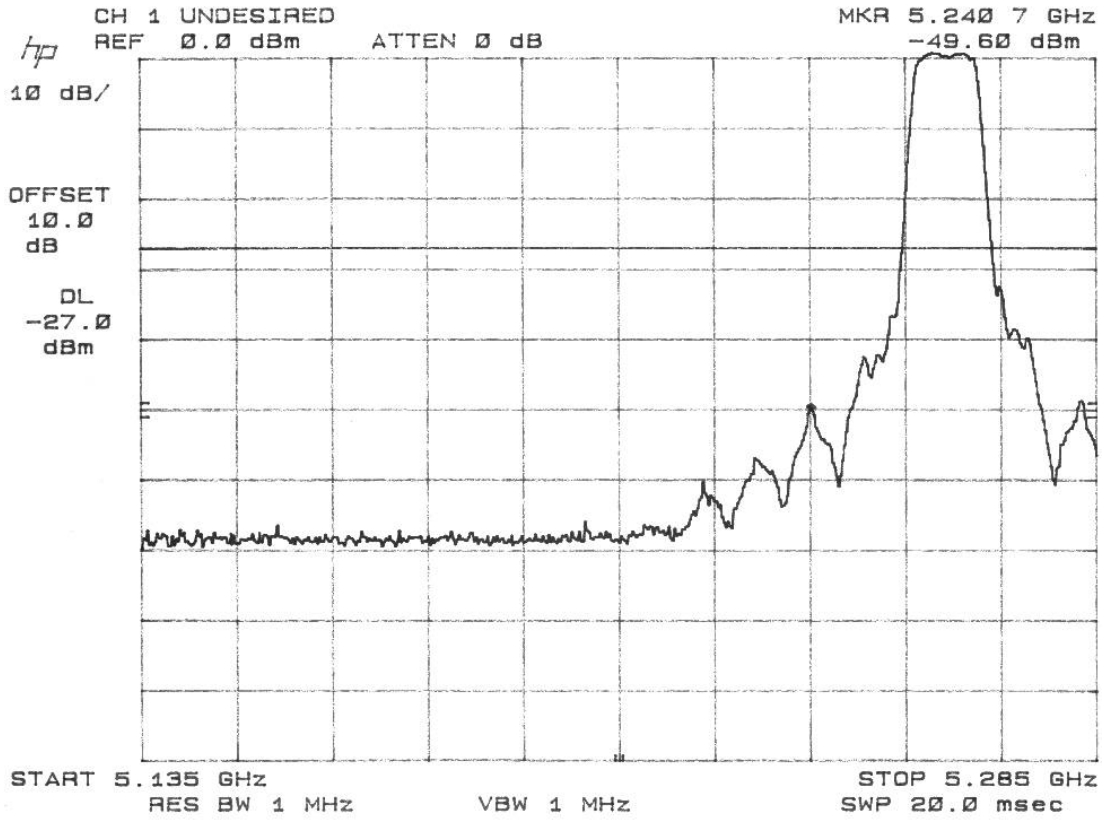
$$EV/m = (\sqrt{30 \cdot PW \cdot G}) / d \text{ meters} \quad (E \text{ volts/m, } P \text{ watts, } G \text{ numeric gain over isotropic})$$

Assuming  $G=1$ , converting volts to microvolts and watts to milliwatts, simplifying and combining terms, and using a distance of  $d = 3m$

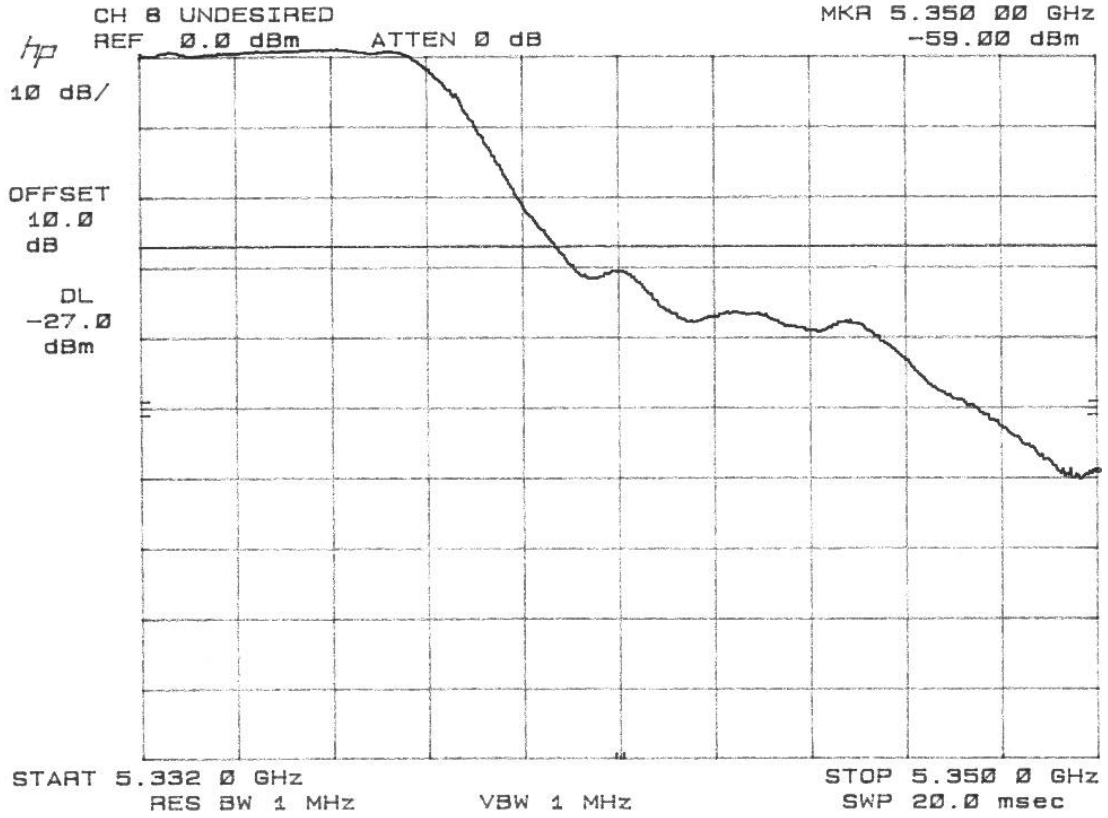
$$E@3m, \text{ dBuV/m} = (95.24 + PdBm) \text{ dBuV/m} = 95.24 - 51\text{dBm} = \mathbf{44.24 \text{ dBuV/m}}$$

15.205, 15.209 limit: 54 dBuV/m @ 3m

Spectrum Analyzer Graphs – Bandedge



Spectrum Analyzer Graphs – Bandedge



### Spectrum Analyzer Graphs – Bandedge

7/21/11

